

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.1-Binomial/1.1.4-Linear-quadratic-  
binomial/71-1.2.1.2

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May 19, 2024

Compiled on May 19, 2024 at 1:47am

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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ 477 ]. This is test number [ 71 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 ( 477 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Mathematica	98.95 ( 472 )	1.05 ( 5 )
Maple	77.15 ( 368 )	22.85 ( 109 )
Fricas	73.79 ( 352 )	26.21 ( 125 )
Mupad	56.81 ( 271 )	43.19 ( 206 )
Reduce	56.18 ( 268 )	43.82 ( 209 )
Giac	55.35 ( 264 )	44.65 ( 213 )
Maxima	48.43 ( 231 )	51.57 ( 246 )
Sympy	44.03 ( 210 )	55.97 ( 267 )

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.



grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol>
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

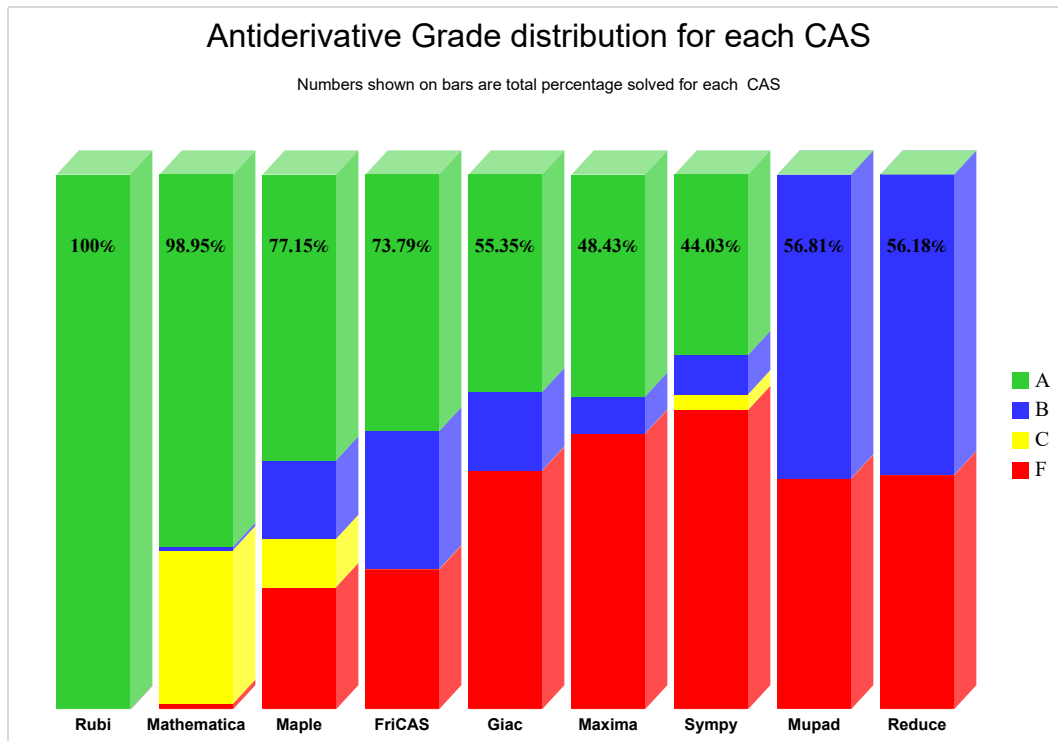
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

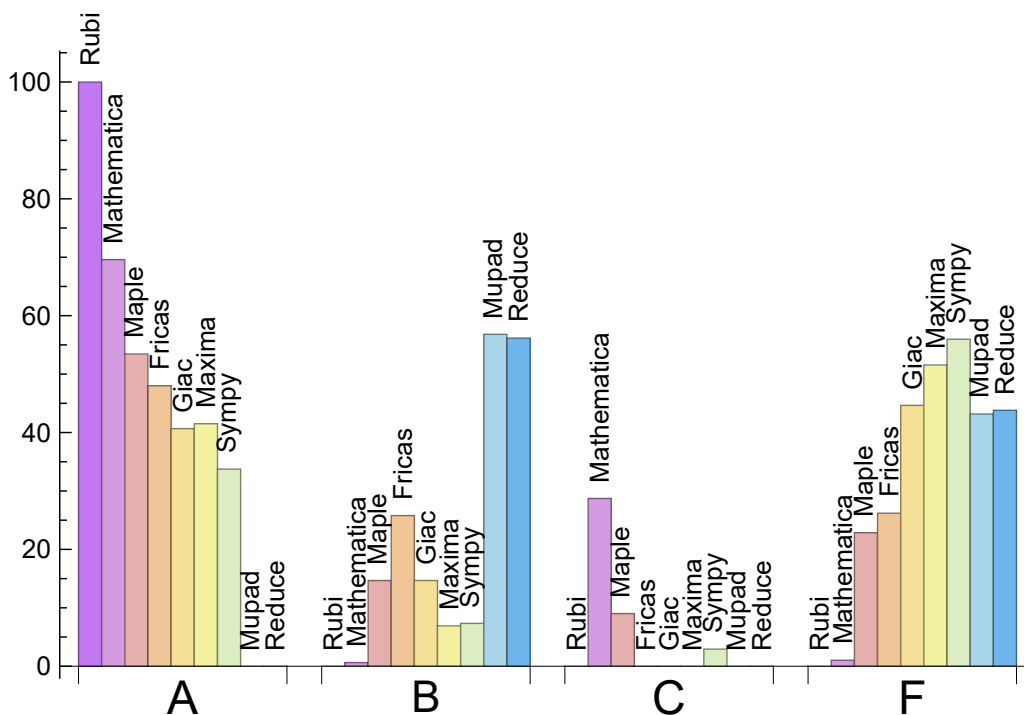
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	100.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Mathematica	69.602	0.629	28.721	1.048
Maple	53.459	14.675	9.015	22.851
Fricas	48.008	25.786	0.000	26.205
Maxima	41.509	6.918	0.000	51.572
Giac	40.671	14.675	0.000	44.654
Sympy	33.753	7.338	2.935	55.975
Mupad	0.000	56.813	0.000	43.187
Reduce	0.000	56.184	0.000	43.816

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	5	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	109	96.33	3.67	0.00
Fricas	125	89.60	9.60	0.80
Mupad	206	0.00	100.00	0.00
Reduce	209	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	213	88.73	8.45	2.82
Maxima	246	99.59	0.00	0.41
Sympy	267	73.41	26.59	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

## 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.06
Giac	0.15
Rubi	0.66
Maple	1.02
Sympy	1.09
Reduce	1.32
Fricas	2.05
Mathematica	3.04
Mupad	4.48

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mathematica	182.91	0.98	148.00	1.00
Rubi	226.10	1.06	161.00	1.00
Sympy	271.87	1.95	131.00	1.29
Maxima	320.10	1.77	140.00	1.13
Giac	336.10	1.75	178.50	1.15
Maple	540.14	2.38	148.00	1.05
Reduce	757.15	3.16	234.00	1.80
Fricas	1165.33	4.20	304.50	1.77
Mupad	1865.96	5.84	157.00	1.20

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

# 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

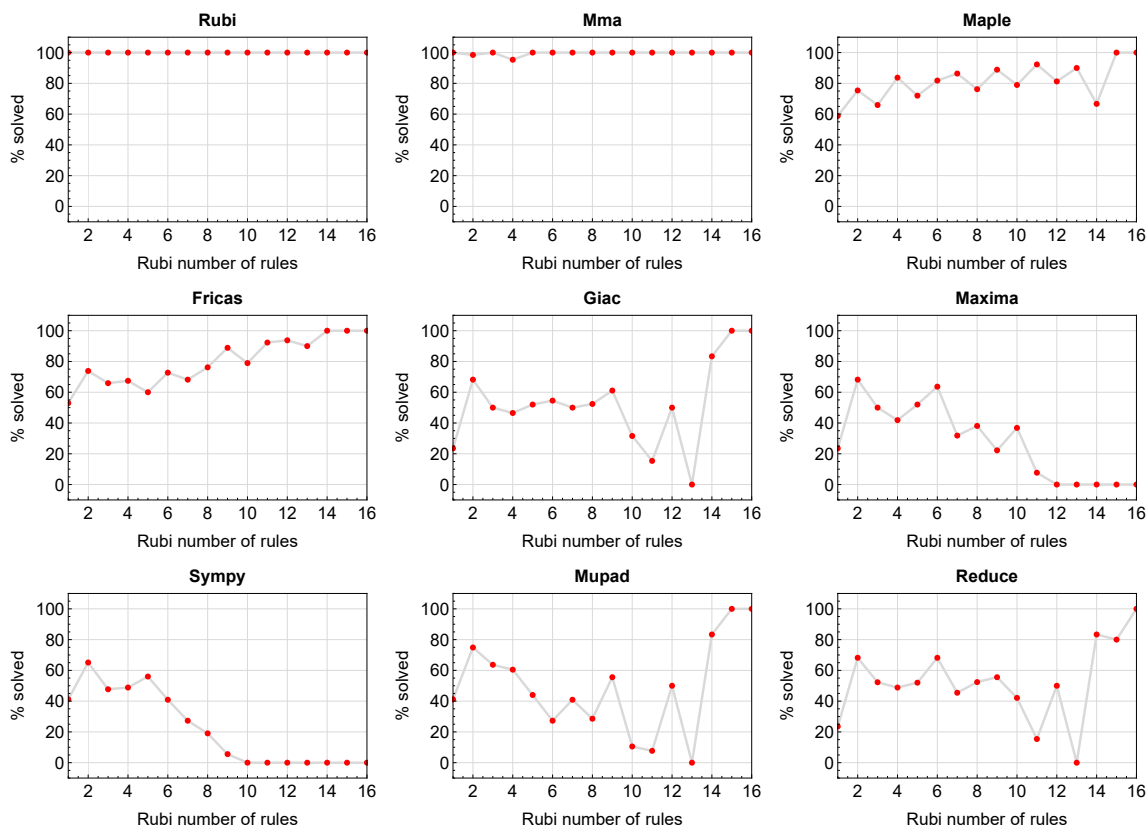


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

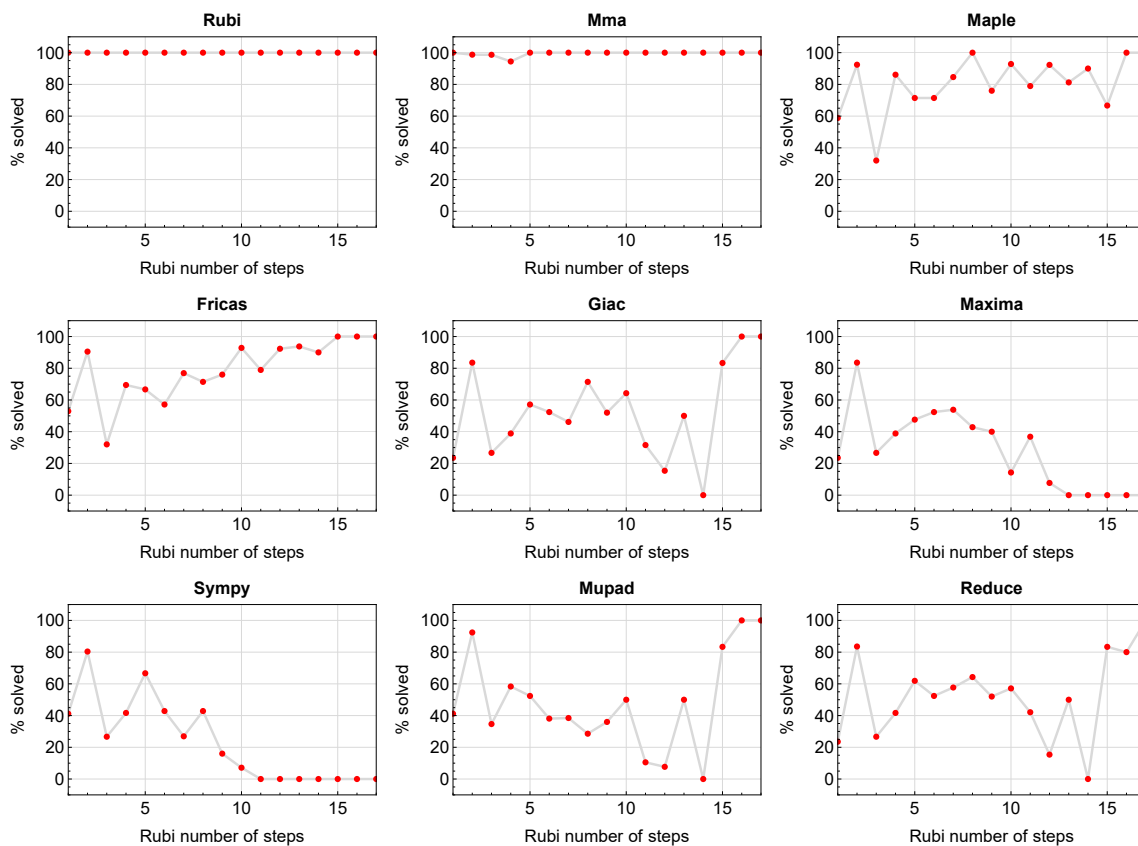


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

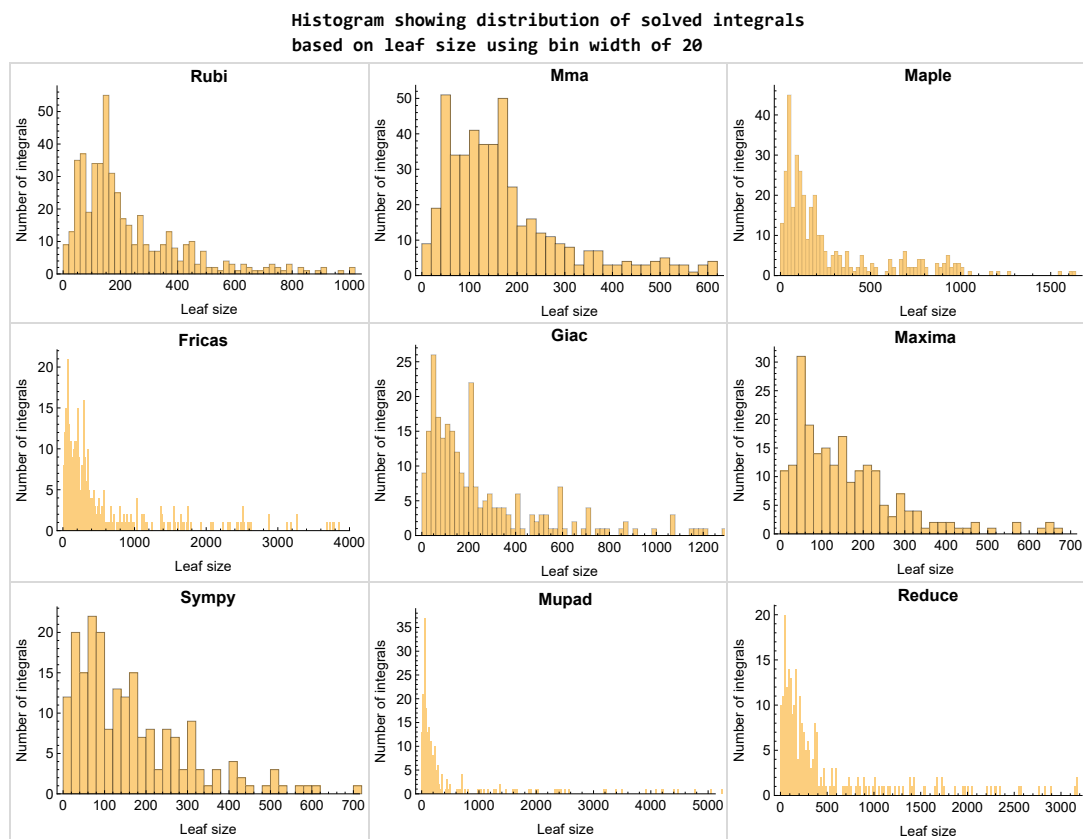


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution



## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

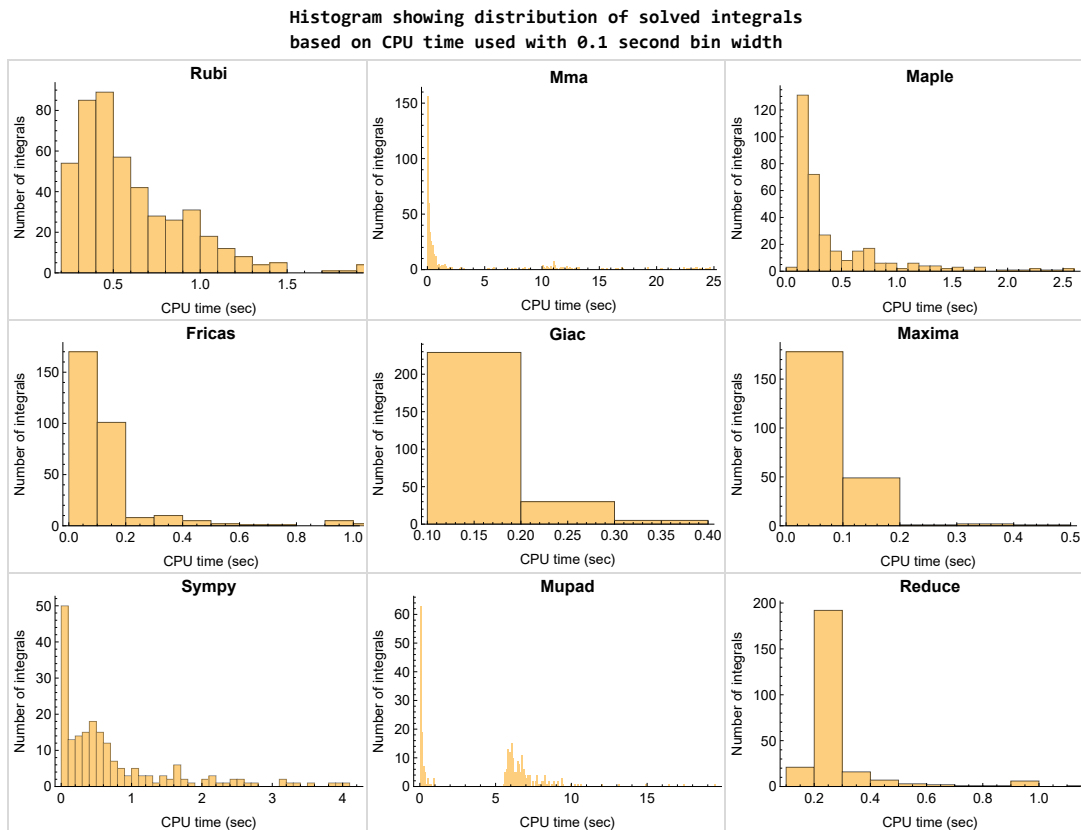


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

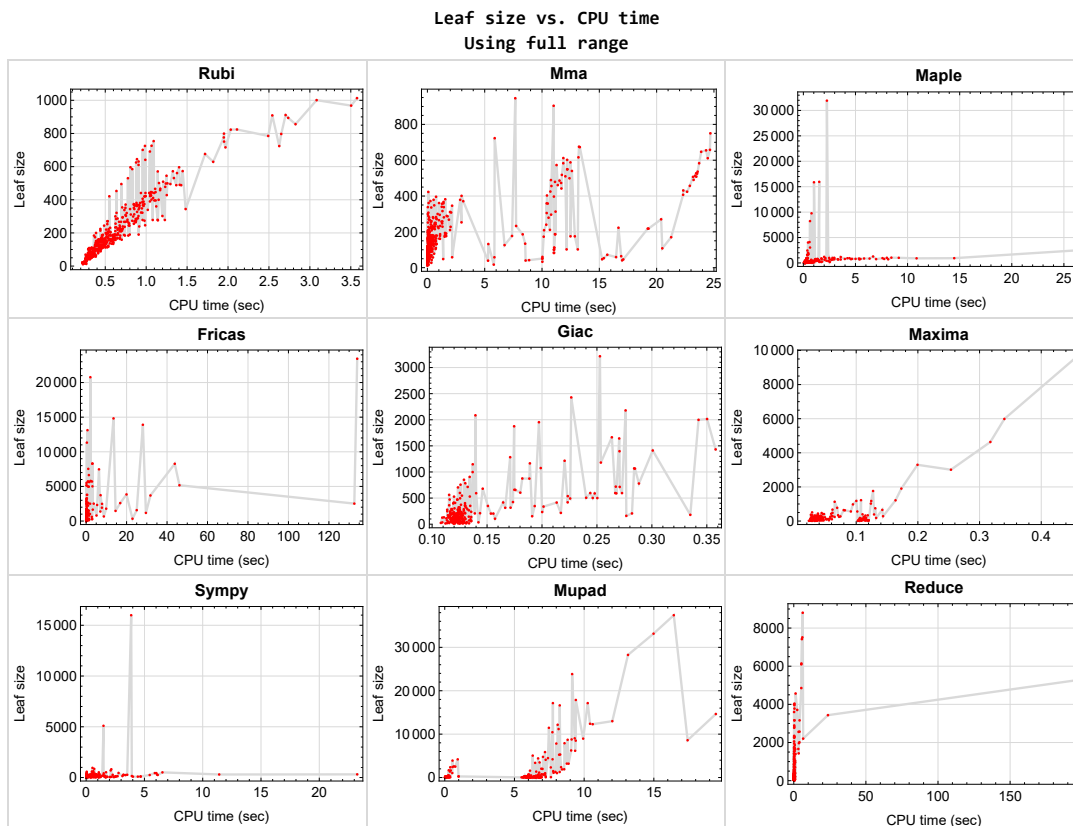


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

**Rubi** {343, 344, 345, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 353, 354, 359, 391, 423, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 471, 472, 476, 477}

**Mathematica** {347, 348, 353, 354, 365, 366, 379, 380, 399, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 458, 467, 475}

**Maple** {201, 355, 356, 374, 375, 376, 377}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Reduce** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

## Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

## Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

### Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand, the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$

# 1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

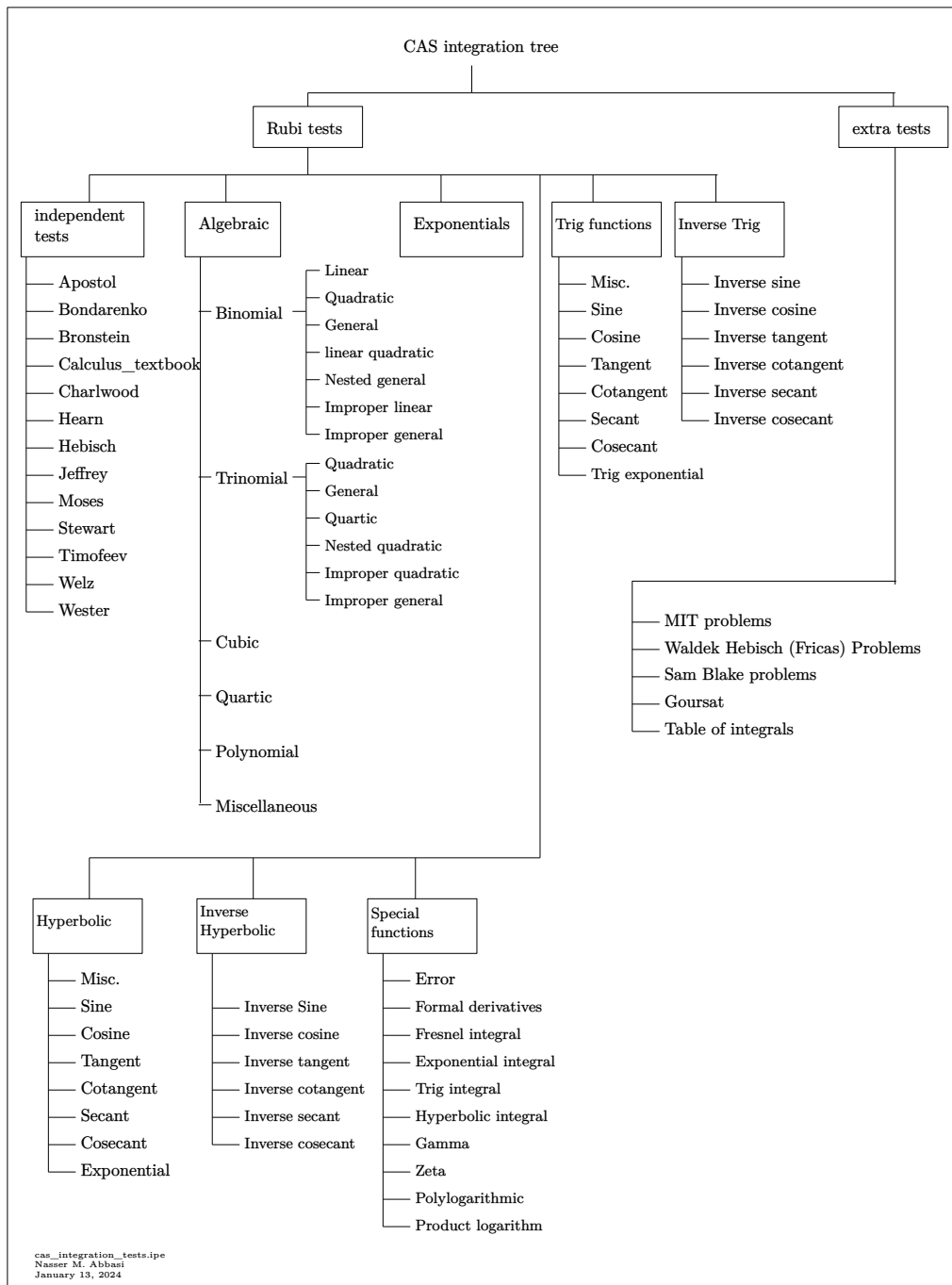
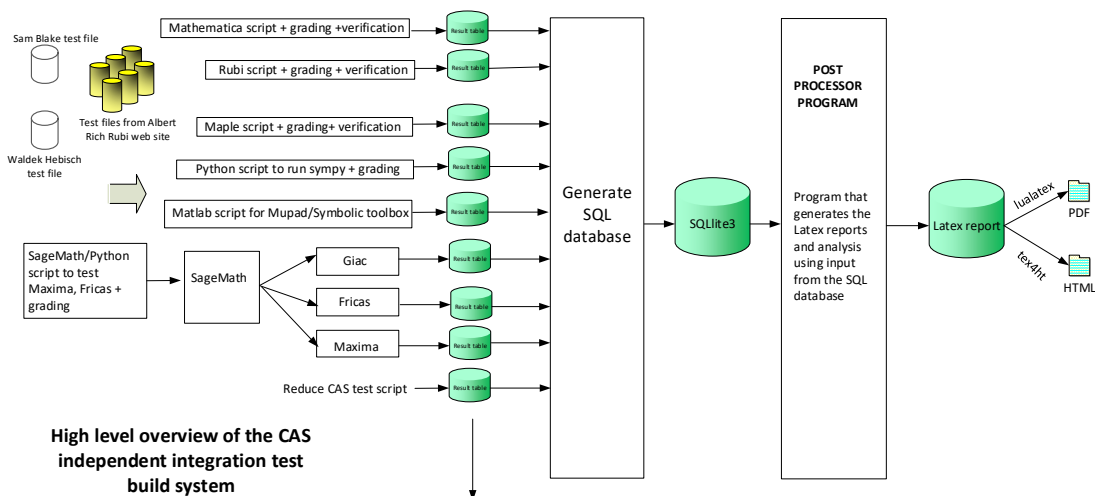


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree



# 1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



**High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system**

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer. the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi  
January 13, 2024  
Design note

# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS . . . . .	38
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems . . . . .	47
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## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi . . . . .	38
Mma . . . . .	39
Maple . . . . .	40
Fricas . . . . .	41
Maxima . . . . .	42
Giac . . . . .	43
Mupad . . . . .	44
Sympy . . . . .	45
Reduce . . . . .	46

### Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462,

463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477 }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

**Mma**

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 342, 346, 352, 355, 356, 357, 358, 389, 390, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475 }

**B grade** { 241, 250, 261 }

**C grade** { 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 343, 344, 345, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 353, 354, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 391, 421, 422, 423 }

**F normal fail** { 398, 468, 469, 476, 477 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maple

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 188, 189, 190, 192, 196, 197, 198, 199, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 233, 234, 235, 236, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 277, 278, 279, 280, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 301, 302, 303, 307, 319, 324, 331, 374, 375, 376, 377, 394, 417, 418, 419, 420, 431, 432, 433, 434 }

**B grade** { 191, 193, 200, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 273, 274, 275, 276, 281, 282, 283, 284, 290, 291, 292, 300, 304, 305, 306, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 320, 321, 322, 323, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 392, 393 }

**C grade** { 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 343, 344, 345, 349, 350, 351, 355, 356, 357, 358, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 378 }

**F normal fail** { 342, 346, 347, 348, 352, 353, 354, 359, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 186, 187, 194, 195 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Fricas

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 37, 38, 39, 40, 45, 47, 48, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 153, 154, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 179, 185, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 277, 278, 279, 280, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 357, 358, 378 }

**B grade** { 34, 35, 36, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 49, 50, 51, 81, 82, 83, 108, 115, 121, 122, 129, 130, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 155, 156, 163, 170, 177, 178, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 238, 239, 240, 241, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 273, 274, 275, 276, 281, 282, 283, 284, 290, 291, 292, 299, 319, 334, 341, 342, 346, 355, 356, 364, 392, 393, 394 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 343, 344, 345, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 360, 361, 362, 363, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 374, 375, 376, 377, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 390, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 352, 353, 354, 359, 371, 372, 373, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 391 }

## Maxima

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 153, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 393, 394 }

**B grade** { 32, 35, 42, 43, 50, 51, 115, 122, 129, 130, 239, 240, 241, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 276, 282, 283, 284, 290, 291, 292, 392 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 155, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 154 }

## Giac

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 153, 154, 159, 160, 161, 162, 166, 167, 168, 169, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 196, 198, 199, 200, 201, 210, 211, 212, 233, 234, 235, 236, 242, 243, 244, 245, 253, 254, 255, 256, 266, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 277, 278, 279, 280, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299 } }

**B grade** { 32, 34, 42, 43, 50, 51, 73, 89, 115, 122, 129, 130, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 155, 156, 157, 158, 163, 164, 165, 170, 171, 172, 182, 188, 189, 195, 208, 209, 239, 240, 248, 249, 251, 252, 259, 260, 262, 263, 264, 265, 267, 275, 276, 281, 283, 284, 290, 291, 292, 392, 393, 394 } }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 213, 214, 215, 217, 219, 220, 221, 232, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477 } }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 197, 216, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 241, 247, 250, 258, 261, 282 } }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 218, 237, 238, 246, 257, 274 } }



## Mupad

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 236, 245, 256, 266, 267, 268, 272, 279, 280, 287, 288, 289, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 345, 351, 362, 363, 369, 370, 376, 377, 383, 384, 392, 393, 394, 412, 413, 419, 420, 426, 427, 433, 434 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 233, 234, 235, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 269, 270, 271, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 290, 291, 292, 293, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Sympy

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 31, 39, 40, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 112, 113, 119, 120, 123, 124, 126, 127, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 153, 154, 157, 158, 159, 160, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 233, 234, 235, 236, 244, 245, 256, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 280, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 343, 344, 345, 349, 350, 351, 360, 368, 369, 374, 382, 383, 411, 412, 417, 418, 419, 425, 426, 431, 432, 433 }

**B grade** { 28, 29, 30, 32, 36, 37, 38, 73, 89, 102, 103, 104, 105, 109, 110, 111, 116, 117, 118, 125, 156, 161, 162, 169, 242, 243, 253, 254, 255, 289, 392, 393, 394, 410, 424 }

**C grade** { 361, 362, 363, 367, 370, 375, 376, 377, 381, 384, 413, 420, 427, 434 }

**F normal fail** { 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 155, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 188, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 266, 267, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 290, 291, 292, 293, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 346, 347, 348, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 364, 365, 366, 371, 372, 373, 378, 379, 380, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 395, 396, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 414, 415, 416, 421, 422, 423, 428, 429, 430, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 466, 474 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 33, 34, 35, 41, 42, 43, 49, 50, 51, 106, 107, 108, 114, 115, 121, 122, 129, 130, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 201, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 265, 335, 336, 397, 462, 463, 464, 465, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 475, 476, 477 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Reduce

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 254, 255, 256, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 392, 393, 394 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 189, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 242, 253, 257, 269, 277, 285, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	78	88	89	89	94	89	91	89
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.35	1.37	1.37	1.45	1.37	1.40	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.013	0.142	0.027	0.068	0.025	0.123	0.218	6.043

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	56	61	60	60	61	61	63	60
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.94	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.97	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.015	0.137	0.032	0.064	0.024	0.122	0.214	0.028

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	41	40	35	34	34	36	34	35	34
N.S.	1	1.02	1.00	0.88	0.85	0.85	0.90	0.85	0.88	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.003	0.092	0.041	0.062	0.019	0.109	0.202	0.047

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	15	14	14	12	14	17	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.94	0.88	0.88	0.75	0.88	1.06	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.000	0.032	0.035	0.075	0.018	0.112	0.209	0.020

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	49	46	45	49	48	42	50	53	47
N.S.	1	0.98	0.92	0.90	0.98	0.96	0.84	1.00	1.06	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.012	0.149	0.029	0.063	0.087	0.121	0.205	0.073

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	48	54	55	71	48	71	75	59
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.06	1.08	1.39	0.94	1.39	1.47	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.018	0.148	0.031	0.076	0.128	0.122	0.234	5.987

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	53	56	65	84	65	56	96	67
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.93	1.08	1.40	1.08	0.93	1.60	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.017	0.164	0.039	0.069	0.167	0.118	0.223	6.002

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	44	48	72	72	73	47	53	71
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.80	1.20	1.20	1.22	0.78	0.88	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.011	0.148	0.028	0.071	0.219	0.118	0.237	0.048

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	44	49	83	83	87	67	80	85
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	0.75	1.28	1.28	1.34	1.03	1.23	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.016	0.155	0.039	0.089	0.279	0.122	0.212	0.059

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	121	144	147	147	155	147	149	143
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.07	1.09	1.09	1.15	1.09	1.10	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.580	0.019	0.151	0.035	0.072	0.029	0.115	0.220	5.943

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	98	88	101	101	101	105	102	104	100
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.07	1.04	1.06	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.017	0.148	0.034	0.098	0.024	0.122	0.208	0.049

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	68	59	58	58	65	58	59	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	1.09	1.07	1.07	1.20	1.07	1.09	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.004	0.134	0.033	0.073	0.021	0.121	0.226	0.030

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	29	26	25	25	26	25	28	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.90	0.86	0.86	0.90	0.86	0.97	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.000	0.106	0.036	0.097	0.018	0.108	0.222	0.031

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	89	115	117	117	99	118	128	119
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	1.04	1.05	1.05	0.89	1.06	1.15	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.030	0.184	0.034	0.078	0.152	0.121	0.213	0.049

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	107	121	125	173	117	167	175	129
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.09	1.13	1.56	1.05	1.50	1.58	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.046	0.168	0.028	0.073	0.249	0.116	0.208	0.060

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	118	122	124	134	200	134	126	213	136
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	1.05	1.14	1.69	1.14	1.07	1.81	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.031	0.162	0.030	0.073	0.393	0.124	0.206	5.941

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	119	115	120	144	195	144	120	175	145
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.01	1.21	1.64	1.21	1.01	1.47	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	0.032	0.162	0.032	0.116	0.568	0.124	0.209	5.927

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	127	104	124	156	204	160	177	223	156
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.98	1.23	1.61	1.26	1.39	1.76	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.481	0.028	0.162	0.035	0.098	0.745	0.122	0.196	5.840

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	128	94	117	166	166	168	117	118	165
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.91	1.30	1.30	1.31	0.91	0.92	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.465	0.028	0.169	0.034	0.102	0.910	0.118	0.213	0.083



Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	135	94	117	174	174	178	116	171	176
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.87	1.29	1.29	1.32	0.86	1.27	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	0.025	0.168	0.040	0.095	1.136	0.124	0.210	0.094

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	160	200	202	202	216	205	207	202
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	1.07	1.08	1.08	1.16	1.10	1.11	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.636	0.046	0.155	0.036	0.105	0.032	0.116	0.210	0.082

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	126	120	140	140	140	150	142	145	140
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.19	1.13	1.15	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.479	0.018	0.154	0.027	0.062	0.027	0.121	0.212	5.917

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	65	94	83	82	82	92	82	83	82
N.S.	1	0.98	1.42	1.26	1.24	1.24	1.39	1.24	1.26	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.003	0.141	0.033	0.092	0.023	0.123	0.207	0.035

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	40	37	36	36	36	36	39	36
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.92	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.98	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.002	0.108	0.025	0.096	0.022	0.127	0.194	0.041

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	198	153	212	216	215	189	223	237	233
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	1.07	1.09	1.09	0.95	1.13	1.20	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.654	0.046	0.163	0.036	0.079	0.227	0.117	0.224	5.870

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	184	202	221	223	296	206	287	309	293
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.20	1.21	1.61	1.12	1.56	1.68	1.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.683	0.048	0.166	0.034	0.091	0.375	0.118	0.287	0.074

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	191	209	221	230	341	235	220	366	252
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.16	1.20	1.79	1.23	1.15	1.92	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.653	0.061	0.162	0.037	0.073	0.641	0.123	0.224	5.958

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	112	117	177	179	174	214	183	237	176
N.S.	1	1.09	1.14	1.72	1.74	1.69	2.08	1.78	2.30	1.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.060	0.197	0.028	0.115	0.666	0.126	0.210	5.983

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	82	86	123	122	119	163	130	167	122
N.S.	1	1.08	1.13	1.62	1.61	1.57	2.14	1.71	2.20	1.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.032	0.184	0.028	0.070	0.510	0.130	0.216	0.149

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	65	55	82	82	76	112	84	107	81
N.S.	1	1.05	0.89	1.32	1.32	1.23	1.81	1.35	1.73	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.024	0.177	0.034	0.094	0.300	0.121	0.208	6.083

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	37	37	46	46	41	71	48	56	45
N.S.	1	0.80	0.80	1.00	1.00	0.89	1.54	1.04	1.22	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.007	0.157	0.034	0.082	0.156	0.115	0.200	6.017

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	14	26	31	25	20	33	27	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.86	2.21	1.79	1.43	2.36	1.93	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.004	0.138	0.029	0.083	0.066	0.118	0.200	0.045

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	77	58	70	71	64	0	93	81	72
N.S.	1	1.04	0.78	0.95	0.96	0.86	0.00	1.26	1.09	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.412	0.030	0.224	0.035	0.211	0.000	0.118	0.232	6.706

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	113	118	107	157	244	0	285	350	147
N.S.	1	1.06	1.10	1.00	1.47	2.28	0.00	2.66	3.27	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.058	0.254	0.035	0.504	0.000	0.132	0.232	6.101

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	170	197	158	314	605	0	277	839	294
N.S.	1	1.06	1.22	0.98	1.95	3.76	0.00	1.72	5.21	1.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.680	0.096	0.296	0.042	2.812	0.000	0.114	0.221	6.605

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	134	159	203	195	298	264	198	426	193
N.S.	1	1.02	1.21	1.55	1.49	2.27	2.02	1.51	3.25	1.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.597	0.064	0.192	0.034	0.082	0.874	0.118	0.216	5.872

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	103	149	148	215	216	153	305	147
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.21	1.20	1.75	1.76	1.24	2.48	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.053	0.193	0.038	0.098	0.649	0.121	0.228	5.890

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	89	85	109	111	155	156	114	202	115
N.S.	1	1.09	1.04	1.33	1.35	1.89	1.90	1.39	2.46	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.030	0.178	0.027	0.087	0.325	0.121	0.210	0.111

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	58	62	68	87	56	70	97	46
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.13	1.24	1.58	1.02	1.27	1.76	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.012	0.156	0.032	0.079	0.150	0.125	0.218	5.840

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	36	51	52	70	39	54	84	36
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.28	1.30	1.75	0.98	1.35	2.10	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.015	0.148	0.026	0.069	0.103	0.125	0.226	0.090

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	142	128	134	195	298	0	231	398	201
N.S.	1	1.02	0.92	0.96	1.40	2.14	0.00	1.66	2.86	1.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.599	0.077	0.276	0.038	1.353	0.000	0.127	0.224	6.560

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	184	188	174	410	799	0	528	1153	346
N.S.	1	1.03	1.06	0.98	2.30	4.49	0.00	2.97	6.48	1.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.740	0.130	0.346	0.046	5.136	0.000	0.120	0.231	6.730

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	246	267	232	671	1464	0	496	2057	653
N.S.	1	1.04	1.13	0.98	2.83	6.18	0.00	2.09	8.68	2.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.987	0.195	0.386	0.062	14.541	0.000	0.125	0.209	7.108

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	164	158	221	234	383	318	231	524	178
N.S.	1	0.89	0.86	1.20	1.27	2.08	1.73	1.26	2.85	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.678	0.052	0.199	0.037	0.104	1.162	0.124	0.210	0.156

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	159	136	167	184	285	258	178	353	185
N.S.	1	1.03	0.88	1.08	1.19	1.85	1.68	1.16	2.29	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.701	0.044	0.182	0.038	0.121	0.697	0.120	0.217	0.122

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	158	110	135	152	252	144	146	327	114
N.S.	1	1.25	0.87	1.07	1.21	2.00	1.14	1.16	2.60	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.626	0.040	0.191	0.036	0.109	0.436	0.125	0.225	0.108

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	85	76	74	92	132	88	84	163	68
N.S.	1	1.09	0.97	0.95	1.18	1.69	1.13	1.08	2.09	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.020	0.164	0.033	0.086	0.221	0.128	0.218	5.929

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	70	64	64	75	110	70	68	145	59
N.S.	1	1.13	1.03	1.03	1.21	1.77	1.13	1.10	2.34	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.010	0.153	0.032	0.093	0.148	0.121	0.201	5.814

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	239	210	225	409	663	0	408	890	448
N.S.	1	1.01	0.89	0.95	1.73	2.81	0.00	1.73	3.77	1.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.915	0.133	0.336	0.048	8.758	0.000	0.121	0.212	6.866

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	273	279	281	265	776	1573	0	714	2287	697
N.S.	1	1.02	1.03	0.97	2.84	5.76	0.00	2.62	8.38	2.55
time (sec)	N/A	1.140	0.153	0.419	0.069	25.006	0.000	0.132	0.200	7.195

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	335	344	372	326	1132	2519	0	757	3600	1096
N.S.	1	1.03	1.11	0.97	3.38	7.52	0.00	2.26	10.75	3.27
time (sec)	N/A	1.482	0.265	0.507	0.065	132.566	0.000	0.126	0.212	7.806



Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	101	94	93	93	100	96	99	93
N.S.	1	1.00	1.77	1.65	1.63	1.63	1.75	1.68	1.74	1.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.019	0.140	0.026	0.073	0.029	0.128	0.222	0.051

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	74	72	72	72	80	73	75	71
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	1.26	1.26	1.26	1.40	1.28	1.32	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.015	0.138	0.026	0.097	0.027	0.118	0.234	5.760

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	53	48	47	47	51	49	51	48
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.84	0.82	0.82	0.89	0.86	0.89	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.009	0.135	0.033	0.073	0.022	0.120	0.246	0.026

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	32	32	27	26	26	29	26	27	26
N.S.	1	1.03	1.03	0.87	0.84	0.84	0.94	0.84	0.87	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.003	0.102	0.026	0.095	0.024	0.119	0.214	0.046

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	38	39	39	39	36	40	44	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.88	0.98	1.07	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.013	0.143	0.026	0.073	0.084	0.120	0.220	5.510

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	39	44	46	59	42	66	64	49
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	1.02	1.07	1.37	0.98	1.53	1.49	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.020	0.142	0.026	0.069	0.121	0.120	0.220	0.065

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	51	48	47	57	73	56	48	83	58
N.S.	1	0.96	0.91	0.89	1.08	1.38	1.06	0.91	1.57	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.017	0.143	0.034	0.088	0.161	0.120	0.225	5.722

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	52	39	39	63	63	66	38	48	63
N.S.	1	0.96	0.72	0.72	1.17	1.17	1.22	0.70	0.89	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.012	0.146	0.032	0.065	0.214	0.129	0.251	0.045

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	57	40	40	75	75	80	59	73	77
N.S.	1	0.97	0.68	0.68	1.27	1.27	1.36	1.00	1.24	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.325	0.013	0.149	0.037	0.067	0.269	0.126	0.259	5.611

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	167	165	163	163	182	172	174	160
N.S.	1	1.00	1.43	1.41	1.39	1.39	1.56	1.47	1.49	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.538	0.020	0.150	0.030	0.062	0.033	0.122	0.279	0.072

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	117	128	130	130	141	131	133	127
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.09	1.11	1.11	1.21	1.12	1.14	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.017	0.146	0.026	0.088	0.028	0.111	0.224	5.656

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	91	88	87	87	95	89	92	87
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.10	1.09	1.09	1.19	1.11	1.15	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.011	0.145	0.027	0.071	0.025	0.122	0.194	0.049

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	60	51	50	50	58	50	51	50
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	1.13	1.11	1.11	1.29	1.11	1.13	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.002	0.133	0.026	0.064	0.021	0.117	0.191	0.028

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	79	96	105	105	88	106	116	106
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.02	1.12	1.12	0.94	1.13	1.23	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.024	0.193	0.061	0.065	0.150	0.125	0.214	0.047

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	91	100	112	150	107	153	159	116
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	1.06	1.19	1.60	1.14	1.63	1.69	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.046	0.155	0.032	0.069	0.219	0.124	0.204	0.060

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	100	111	107	120	177	122	112	193	125
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.07	1.20	1.77	1.22	1.12	1.93	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	0.030	0.155	0.035	0.069	0.374	0.113	0.217	0.070

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	101	110	106	130	183	138	106	171	133
N.S.	1	1.00	1.09	1.05	1.29	1.81	1.37	1.05	1.69	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	0.045	0.158	0.033	0.093	0.533	0.124	0.203	6.944

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	109	100	109	146	194	150	165	211	144
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.00	1.34	1.78	1.38	1.51	1.94	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.031	0.161	0.029	0.072	0.692	0.128	0.195	5.843

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	110	90	105	151	151	162	104	107	148
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.95	1.37	1.37	1.47	0.95	0.97	1.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.444	0.032	0.160	0.034	0.065	0.914	0.127	0.187	6.125

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	117	89	102	159	159	172	103	160	157
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.87	1.36	1.36	1.47	0.88	1.37	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.026	0.160	0.037	0.090	1.109	0.121	0.200	5.750

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	90	105	173	173	185	104	171	171
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.92	1.52	1.52	1.62	0.91	1.50	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	0.031	0.165	0.036	0.072	1.385	0.123	0.211	0.075

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	190	338	336	336	336	371	362	365	329
N.S.	1	1.00	1.78	1.77	1.77	1.77	1.95	1.91	1.92	1.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.908	0.041	0.160	0.029	0.091	0.041	0.116	0.200	5.824

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	190	252	284	292	292	321	303	307	281
N.S.	1	1.00	1.33	1.49	1.54	1.54	1.69	1.59	1.62	1.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.799	0.046	0.158	0.028	0.074	0.039	0.120	0.197	5.744

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	188	206	234	232	232	255	246	249	224
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.24	1.23	1.23	1.36	1.31	1.32	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.729	0.042	0.156	0.032	0.069	0.038	0.117	0.197	6.731

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	161	155	183	181	181	202	188	191	174
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	1.14	1.12	1.12	1.25	1.17	1.19	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.575	0.040	0.149	0.027	0.077	0.030	0.123	0.202	5.666

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	116	127	126	126	139	129	133	121
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.22	1.21	1.21	1.34	1.24	1.28	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.021	0.148	0.028	0.073	0.026	0.127	0.210	0.053

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	55	85	74	73	73	85	73	75	73
N.S.	1	0.98	1.52	1.32	1.30	1.30	1.52	1.30	1.34	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.009	0.138	0.034	0.073	0.023	0.114	0.216	0.035

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	173	142	190	198	198	177	205	221	213
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	1.10	1.14	1.14	1.02	1.18	1.28	1.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.610	0.042	0.159	0.032	0.105	0.188	0.122	0.213	0.058

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	158	193	194	206	272	192	270	289	274
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	1.23	1.30	1.72	1.22	1.71	1.83	1.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.610	0.047	0.161	0.033	0.074	0.356	0.124	0.220	0.077

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	163	198	191	214	315	218	205	341	235
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	1.17	1.31	1.93	1.34	1.26	2.09	1.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.617	0.054	0.161	0.041	0.073	0.593	0.124	0.223	5.707

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	165	197	198	226	334	238	205	332	228
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	1.20	1.37	2.02	1.44	1.24	2.01	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.595	0.050	0.163	0.036	0.091	0.972	0.118	0.210	0.102

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	171	185	203	239	356	243	290	395	236
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.19	1.40	2.08	1.42	1.70	2.31	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.616	0.049	0.164	0.038	0.073	1.497	0.118	0.209	5.748



Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	172	182	198	246	326	264	200	301	247
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	1.15	1.43	1.90	1.53	1.16	1.75	1.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.619	0.062	0.165	0.037	0.070	2.278	0.124	0.208	5.954

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	184	172	201	263	339	272	208	372	262
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.09	1.43	1.84	1.48	1.13	2.02	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.608	0.049	0.165	0.037	0.071	3.524	0.124	0.223	7.246

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	178	161	191	263	263	286	202	203	254
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.07	1.48	1.48	1.61	1.13	1.14	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.591	0.042	0.168	0.040	0.077	6.088	0.120	0.217	5.866

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	188	163	199	282	282	301	204	281	275
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	1.06	1.50	1.50	1.60	1.09	1.49	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.591	0.045	0.171	0.039	0.099	11.416	0.128	0.213	0.109

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	190	163	199	293	293	313	204	292	287
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	1.05	1.54	1.54	1.65	1.07	1.54	1.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.609	0.042	0.174	0.044	0.076	23.252	0.125	0.203	5.875

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	278	278	423	500	510	510	571	547	549	495
N.S.	1	1.00	1.52	1.80	1.83	1.83	2.05	1.97	1.97	1.78
time (sec)	N/A	1.228	0.080	0.172	0.029	0.085	0.052	0.127	0.206	0.284

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	276	276	361	435	441	441	486	472	474	425
N.S.	1	1.00	1.31	1.58	1.60	1.60	1.76	1.71	1.72	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	1.143	0.106	0.167	0.038	0.091	0.049	0.116	0.198	0.233

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	278	278	307	370	374	374	418	397	399	357
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.33	1.35	1.35	1.50	1.43	1.44	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	1.080	0.085	0.165	0.027	0.065	0.043	0.119	0.218	6.033

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	270	300	305	306	306	340	322	324	288
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.26	1.19	1.20	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.857	0.038	0.157	0.036	0.062	0.038	0.125	0.218	0.154

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	209	197	240	244	244	270	247	249	225
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	1.15	1.17	1.17	1.29	1.18	1.19	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.694	0.062	0.159	0.029	0.064	0.035	0.114	0.218	0.124

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	132	148	168	169	169	187	171	174	161
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.27	1.28	1.28	1.42	1.30	1.32	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.025	0.153	0.028	0.062	0.030	0.114	0.204	6.002

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	71	110	97	96	96	112	96	99	96
N.S.	1	0.97	1.51	1.33	1.32	1.32	1.53	1.32	1.36	1.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.003	0.142	0.026	0.064	0.024	0.122	0.209	0.057

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	264	227	307	319	319	292	338	360	357
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	1.16	1.21	1.21	1.11	1.28	1.36	1.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.872	0.086	0.389	0.027	0.092	0.275	0.130	0.207	5.984

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	255	289	315	330	421	314	414	452	701
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	1.24	1.29	1.65	1.23	1.62	1.77	2.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.849	0.076	0.165	0.033	0.068	0.484	0.120	0.203	5.995

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	17	17	18	16	15	15	14	16	15	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.94	0.88	0.88	0.82	0.94	0.88	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.005	0.125	0.023	0.066	0.027	0.124	0.225	5.646

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	11	11	11	7	9	9	7	9	6	6
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.64	0.82	0.82	0.64	0.82	0.55	0.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.001	0.107	0.028	0.071	0.022	0.120	0.216	0.018

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	16	12	13	13	12	14	13	11
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	0.92	1.00	1.00	0.92	1.08	1.00	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.005	0.125	0.029	0.067	0.030	0.128	0.225	5.849

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	17	17	18	16	15	15	12	16	15	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.94	0.88	0.88	0.71	0.94	0.88	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.007	0.115	0.033	0.068	0.026	0.131	0.225	0.034

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	111	117	114	283	401	119	166	127
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.95	0.93	2.30	3.26	0.97	1.35	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.075	0.291	0.113	0.086	0.484	0.120	0.274	0.122

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	80	80	79	187	308	81	104	91
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.89	0.88	2.08	3.42	0.90	1.16	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.041	0.220	0.108	0.077	0.387	0.120	0.208	0.139

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	56	53	53	137	185	53	71	62
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.90	0.90	2.32	3.14	0.90	1.20	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.034	0.203	0.118	0.079	0.238	0.125	0.202	6.153

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	42	32	31	98	124	31	39	32
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.76	0.74	2.33	2.95	0.74	0.93	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.011	0.159	0.118	0.077	0.130	0.129	0.230	6.019

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	79	63	69	76	135	0	80	60	230
N.S.	1	0.92	0.73	0.80	0.88	1.57	0.00	0.93	0.70	2.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.028	0.221	0.116	0.088	0.000	0.121	0.227	6.640

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	137	113	104	167	350	0	193	241	452
N.S.	1	1.11	0.92	0.85	1.36	2.85	0.00	1.57	1.96	3.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	0.070	0.239	0.114	0.175	0.000	0.126	0.229	6.551

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	189	140	160	323	853	0	282	594	745
N.S.	1	1.07	0.80	0.91	1.84	4.85	0.00	1.60	3.38	4.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.614	0.220	0.312	0.115	0.762	0.000	0.123	0.211	6.938

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	183	164	183	181	561	515	184	367	191
N.S.	1	0.98	0.88	0.98	0.97	3.02	2.77	0.99	1.97	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.599	0.098	0.287	0.106	0.091	1.087	0.117	0.216	0.163

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	143	137	137	140	433	403	137	296	131
N.S.	1	0.99	0.95	0.95	0.97	3.01	2.80	0.95	2.06	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.514	0.073	0.259	0.109	0.111	0.719	0.121	0.221	6.284

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	107	107	107	108	311	298	107	197	143
N.S.	1	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	2.78	2.66	0.96	1.76	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.067	0.220	0.105	0.083	0.527	0.119	0.213	0.095

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	72	77	74	73	223	129	70	144	68
N.S.	1	0.91	0.97	0.94	0.92	2.82	1.63	0.89	1.82	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.081	0.184	0.105	0.098	0.269	0.120	0.222	6.089

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	57	49	48	140	90	47	71	44
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.84	2.46	1.58	0.82	1.25	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.036	0.162	0.120	0.088	0.139	0.124	0.219	0.053

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	161	138	138	189	441	0	201	284	609
N.S.	1	1.13	0.97	0.97	1.33	3.11	0.00	1.42	2.00	4.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.549	0.119	0.247	0.116	0.390	0.000	0.121	0.210	6.704

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	219	162	181	394	1111	0	402	837	819
N.S.	1	1.12	0.83	0.92	2.01	5.67	0.00	2.05	4.27	4.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.677	0.253	0.286	0.110	1.207	0.000	0.130	0.215	7.157



Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	210	199	215	236	707	520	217	479	467
N.S.	1	0.93	0.88	0.96	1.05	3.14	2.31	0.96	2.13	2.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.676	0.192	0.287	0.112	0.089	1.709	0.130	0.206	0.266

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	129	148	164	182	554	328	168	392	197
N.S.	1	0.78	0.90	0.99	1.10	3.36	1.99	1.02	2.38	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.197	0.199	0.132	0.094	1.059	0.124	0.217	6.194

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	105	127	119	144	406	272	128	266	125
N.S.	1	0.77	0.93	0.87	1.05	2.96	1.99	0.93	1.94	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.104	0.194	0.114	0.097	0.636	0.127	0.218	6.253

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	121	101	95	113	359	172	97	242	101
N.S.	1	1.08	0.90	0.85	1.01	3.21	1.54	0.87	2.16	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.060	0.191	0.107	0.083	0.398	0.124	0.214	5.980

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	82	71	70	74	212	124	60	124	64
N.S.	1	1.09	0.95	0.93	0.99	2.83	1.65	0.80	1.65	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.046	0.169	0.110	0.090	0.211	0.117	0.215	0.086

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	256	180	243	386	1020	0	361	679	987
N.S.	1	1.21	0.85	1.15	1.82	4.81	0.00	1.70	3.20	4.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.792	0.129	0.286	0.129	1.903	0.000	0.130	0.210	7.205

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	279	339	241	311	749	2322	0	598	1734	1296
N.S.	1	1.22	0.86	1.11	2.68	8.32	0.00	2.14	6.22	4.65
time (sec)	N/A	1.020	0.294	0.433	0.131	5.442	0.000	0.125	0.222	7.940

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	290	186	270	298	336	1026	508	322	750	342
N.S.	1	0.64	0.93	1.03	1.16	3.54	1.75	1.11	2.59	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.110	0.226	0.119	0.084	6.546	0.124	0.226	0.227

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	162	220	236	283	822	447	265	576	281
N.S.	1	0.68	0.92	0.98	1.18	3.42	1.86	1.10	2.40	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.183	0.203	0.144	0.132	2.783	0.118	0.225	6.461

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	162	197	198	235	746	413	214	551	263
N.S.	1	0.74	0.90	0.91	1.08	3.42	1.89	0.98	2.53	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.120	0.210	0.112	0.094	1.507	0.123	0.226	0.199

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	179	155	146	188	560	320	159	373	163
N.S.	1	1.03	0.89	0.84	1.08	3.22	1.84	0.91	2.14	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.516	0.132	0.201	0.115	0.119	0.851	0.122	0.221	6.050

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	146	127	116	151	490	214	126	344	132
N.S.	1	1.01	0.88	0.81	1.05	3.40	1.49	0.88	2.39	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.402	0.078	0.204	0.112	0.097	0.525	0.109	0.243	0.131

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	107	83	91	97	282	150	72	175	87
N.S.	1	1.15	0.89	0.98	1.04	3.03	1.61	0.77	1.88	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.039	0.174	0.111	0.104	0.280	0.129	0.267	6.246

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	295	360	265	390	655	1784	0	562	1226	1470
N.S.	1	1.22	0.90	1.32	2.22	6.05	0.00	1.91	4.16	4.98
time (sec)	N/A	1.123	0.197	0.434	0.142	9.914	0.000	0.115	0.223	7.781

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	377	490	336	473	1215	3843	0	906	2894	1876
N.S.	1	1.30	0.89	1.25	3.22	10.19	0.00	2.40	7.68	4.98
time (sec)	N/A	1.410	0.339	0.358	0.164	19.959	0.000	0.134	0.319	8.414

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	36	36	22	21	21	22	22	21	25
N.S.	1	1.16	1.16	0.71	0.68	0.68	0.71	0.71	0.68	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.007	0.164	0.115	0.104	0.064	0.116	0.229	0.062

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	28	25	20	19	19	20	20	19	25
N.S.	1	1.12	1.00	0.80	0.76	0.76	0.80	0.80	0.76	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.009	0.151	0.105	0.080	0.059	0.114	0.214	6.062

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	26	25	20	19	19	19	20	19	25
N.S.	1	1.04	1.00	0.80	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.80	0.76	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.006	0.151	0.108	0.089	0.058	0.127	0.205	0.054

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	27	19	18	17	17	17	17	18	17
N.S.	1	1.23	0.86	0.82	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.82	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.002	0.072	0.037	0.069	0.016	0.125	0.206	0.033

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	184	225	216	0	1617	0	416	425	3385
N.S.	1	1.10	1.35	1.29	0.00	9.68	0.00	2.49	2.54	20.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.782	0.553	0.953	0.000	0.145	0.000	0.165	0.209	6.486

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	167	208	168	0	974	0	314	268	1581
N.S.	1	1.12	1.40	1.13	0.00	6.54	0.00	2.11	1.80	10.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.648	0.367	0.451	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.167	0.202	6.118

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	167	156	127	0	343	0	203	123	302
N.S.	1	1.25	1.16	0.95	0.00	2.56	0.00	1.51	0.92	2.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.289	0.408	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.154	0.221	0.363

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	148	153	101	0	949	0	206	271	1366
N.S.	1	1.10	1.14	0.75	0.00	7.08	0.00	1.54	2.02	10.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.303	0.363	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.139	0.231	0.373

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	209	218	188	0	2861	0	656	499	4412
N.S.	1	1.31	1.36	1.18	0.00	17.88	0.00	4.10	3.12	27.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.535	0.477	0.452	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.176	0.215	6.697

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	270	241	224	0	5142	0	1165	1425	7831
N.S.	1	1.42	1.27	1.18	0.00	27.06	0.00	6.13	7.50	41.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.770	0.719	0.674	0.000	0.226	0.000	0.189	0.220	8.005

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	263	274	295	341	0	2073	0	589	1267	4090
N.S.	1	1.04	1.12	1.30	0.00	7.88	0.00	2.24	4.82	15.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.979	1.073	0.868	0.000	0.331	0.000	0.248	0.251	7.239

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	244	257	296	0	1370	0	506	897	1988
N.S.	1	1.06	1.11	1.28	0.00	5.93	0.00	2.19	3.88	8.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.796	1.231	0.701	0.000	0.137	0.000	0.240	0.329	7.013

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	239	233	250	0	679	0	414	580	704
N.S.	1	1.14	1.11	1.20	0.00	3.25	0.00	1.98	2.78	3.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.714	1.115	0.563	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.213	0.348	6.040

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	201	226	246	0	1385	0	347	908	2332
N.S.	1	1.04	1.16	1.27	0.00	7.14	0.00	1.79	4.68	12.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.585	0.675	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.193	0.313	7.608

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	262	274	305	0	3279	0	873	1305	5253
N.S.	1	1.18	1.23	1.37	0.00	14.77	0.00	3.93	5.88	23.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.784	0.790	0.701	0.000	0.363	0.000	0.189	0.439	8.208

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	265	342	311	347	0	5703	0	1411	1867	8700
N.S.	1	1.29	1.17	1.31	0.00	21.52	0.00	5.32	7.05	32.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.907	1.976	0.705	0.000	0.930	0.000	0.301	0.686	8.818

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	311	400	359	402	0	8308	0	1998	4569	12290
N.S.	1	1.29	1.15	1.29	0.00	26.71	0.00	6.42	14.69	39.52
time (sec)	N/A	1.152	1.402	1.178	0.000	3.168	0.000	0.342	1.255	10.614



Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	323	346	377	0	1730	0	714	1967	2518
N.S.	1	1.10	1.18	1.28	0.00	5.88	0.00	2.43	6.69	8.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.937	2.156	0.987	0.000	0.211	0.000	0.271	3.546	0.758

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	279	312	289	329	0	1029	0	596	1430	1015
N.S.	1	1.12	1.04	1.18	0.00	3.69	0.00	2.14	5.13	3.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.854	1.684	0.835	0.000	0.132	0.000	0.267	3.401	8.050

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	284	268	281	0	1753	0	500	2012	3191
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	1.05	0.00	6.54	0.00	1.87	7.51	11.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.871	1.876	0.684	0.000	0.143	0.000	0.250	3.905	8.883

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	281	344	340	369	0	3787	0	1064	2568	6163
N.S.	1	1.22	1.21	1.31	0.00	13.48	0.00	3.79	9.14	21.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.855	1.254	1.184	0.000	0.457	0.000	0.285	3.989	9.355

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	315	401	357	505	0	5776	0	1642	3161	8961
N.S.	1	1.27	1.13	1.60	0.00	18.34	0.00	5.21	10.03	28.45
time (sec)	N/A	1.065	1.274	1.532	0.000	2.306	0.000	0.270	4.009	9.931

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	42	35	29	45	40	48	48	40	28
N.S.	1	1.20	1.00	0.83	1.29	1.14	1.37	1.37	1.14	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.059	0.405	0.120	0.095	1.654	0.128	0.203	6.359

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	77	66	47	0	267	80	54	85	46
N.S.	1	1.33	1.14	0.81	0.00	4.60	1.38	0.93	1.47	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.080	0.497	0.000	0.124	1.813	0.124	0.209	0.177

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	157	150	114	0	299	0	216	121	255
N.S.	1	1.19	1.14	0.86	0.00	2.27	0.00	1.64	0.92	1.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.242	0.601	0.000	0.106	0.000	0.217	0.209	1.000

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	44	41	47	108	218	357	107	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.65	0.75	1.71	3.46	5.67	1.70	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.051	0.234	0.034	0.068	0.354	0.130	0.199	6.275

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	44	41	47	85	76	229	83	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.65	0.75	1.35	1.21	3.63	1.32	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.042	0.221	0.027	0.092	0.518	0.120	0.195	0.057

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	44	40	47	62	76	127	59	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.63	0.75	0.98	1.21	2.02	0.94	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.037	0.168	0.036	0.098	0.479	0.125	0.191	6.099

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	44	40	53	40	70	53	39	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.66	0.87	0.66	1.15	0.87	0.64	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.043	0.165	0.032	0.089	0.360	0.117	0.190	6.484

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	43	39	54	49	75	56	40	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.73	0.66	0.92	0.83	1.27	0.95	0.68	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.043	0.181	0.028	0.090	0.615	0.122	0.203	0.057

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	46	38	52	61	168	48	48	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.64	0.88	1.03	2.85	0.81	0.81	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.050	0.196	0.036	0.073	0.317	0.121	0.197	0.048

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	44	38	44	72	252	44	59	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.62	0.72	1.18	4.13	0.72	0.97	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.044	0.180	0.041	0.135	0.461	0.122	0.212	0.061

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	127	96	88	113	218	177	704	223	114
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.69	0.89	1.72	1.39	5.54	1.76	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	0.071	0.244	0.032	0.083	0.734	0.124	0.213	0.071

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	127	97	88	113	181	177	471	182	114
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.69	0.89	1.43	1.39	3.71	1.43	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.425	0.081	0.226	0.036	0.072	0.648	0.123	0.212	0.040

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	127	96	88	113	143	177	274	141	114
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.69	0.89	1.13	1.39	2.16	1.11	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.058	0.216	0.051	0.076	0.584	0.124	0.259	0.045

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	125	96	88	120	107	175	120	104	114
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.70	0.96	0.86	1.40	0.96	0.83	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.057	0.195	0.045	0.091	0.554	0.121	0.233	0.041

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	97	88	121	117	160	140	106	128
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.72	0.98	0.95	1.30	1.14	0.86	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.072	0.217	0.028	0.081	1.604	0.122	0.205	0.045

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	96	84	119	128	153	135	113	122
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.68	0.97	1.04	1.24	1.10	0.92	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.076	0.256	0.043	0.100	1.622	0.116	0.204	6.440

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	123	96	91	121	137	592	131	124	105
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.74	0.98	1.11	4.81	1.07	1.01	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.076	0.251	0.055	0.074	0.493	0.125	0.199	0.095

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	204	171	162	209	356	304	1147	373	187
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.79	1.02	1.75	1.49	5.62	1.83	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	0.133	0.325	0.028	0.089	0.890	0.137	0.202	6.420

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	204	170	163	209	303	304	784	315	187
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.80	1.02	1.49	1.49	3.84	1.54	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.564	0.134	0.273	0.034	0.084	0.772	0.130	0.196	6.399

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	204	170	162	209	252	304	469	257	187
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.79	1.02	1.24	1.49	2.30	1.26	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.538	0.099	0.279	0.046	0.076	0.704	0.123	0.196	0.054

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	200	171	162	212	202	303	212	203	187
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.81	1.06	1.01	1.52	1.06	1.02	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.104	0.237	0.031	0.105	0.672	0.127	0.191	0.054

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	198	171	163	217	211	272	265	205	215
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.82	1.10	1.07	1.37	1.34	1.04	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	0.129	0.265	0.049	0.075	3.193	0.134	0.210	6.205

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	200	171	163	215	223	252	258	212	225
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.82	1.08	1.12	1.26	1.29	1.06	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.524	0.106	0.279	0.039	0.104	3.228	0.129	0.209	6.402

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	196	170	163	215	234	241	253	223	222
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.83	1.10	1.19	1.23	1.29	1.14	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.107	0.286	0.045	0.074	3.384	0.125	0.206	6.405

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	497	724	250	739	0	1641	0	424	1536	3481
N.S.	1	1.46	0.50	1.49	0.00	3.30	0.00	0.85	3.09	7.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.626	0.648	3.298	0.000	0.131	0.000	0.174	0.223	6.804

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	447	751	233	686	0	998	0	316	1113	1625
N.S.	1	1.68	0.52	1.53	0.00	2.23	0.00	0.71	2.49	3.64
time (sec)	N/A	1.952	0.450	1.348	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.171	0.207	0.432

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	356	545	176	448	0	355	0	203	714	308
N.S.	1	1.53	0.49	1.26	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.57	2.01	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	1.248	0.351	1.415	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.156	0.209	6.583



Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	400	596	171	446	0	941	0	210	1091	1366
N.S.	1	1.49	0.43	1.12	0.00	2.35	0.00	0.52	2.73	3.42
time (sec)	N/A	1.402	0.375	0.891	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.144	0.216	6.562

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	501	716	242	678	0	2863	0	659	1650	4471
N.S.	1	1.43	0.48	1.35	0.00	5.71	0.00	1.32	3.29	8.92
time (sec)	N/A	1.969	0.617	1.130	0.000	0.166	0.000	0.175	0.977	7.404

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	562	823	265	761	0	5149	0	1215	3434	7908
N.S.	1	1.46	0.47	1.35	0.00	9.16	0.00	2.16	6.11	14.07
time (sec)	N/A	2.033	1.010	1.386	0.000	0.188	0.000	0.221	23.704	8.593

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	607	856	316	935	0	2091	0	596	4002	4192
N.S.	1	1.41	0.52	1.54	0.00	3.44	0.00	0.98	6.59	6.91
time (sec)	N/A	2.825	1.316	2.124	0.000	0.333	0.000	0.244	0.266	0.931

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	533	797	281	764	0	1383	0	492	3158	2031
N.S.	1	1.50	0.53	1.43	0.00	2.59	0.00	0.92	5.92	3.81
time (sec)	N/A	2.650	1.438	1.760	0.000	0.197	0.000	0.226	0.436	6.928

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	480	776	258	681	0	679	0	418	2303	717
N.S.	1	1.62	0.54	1.42	0.00	1.41	0.00	0.87	4.80	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	1.949	1.306	1.276	0.000	0.134	0.000	0.223	0.530	6.732

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	471	676	250	0	0	1371	0	337	3166	2380
N.S.	1	1.44	0.53	0.00	0.00	2.91	0.00	0.72	6.72	5.05
time (sec)	N/A	1.719	0.718	0.000	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.201	0.424	8.345

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	566	799	300	0	0	3267	0	875	4039	5300
N.S.	1	1.41	0.53	0.00	0.00	5.77	0.00	1.55	7.14	9.36
time (sec)	N/A	1.951	0.894	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000	0.182	0.465	8.283

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	638	911	338	976	0	5698	0	1397	5249	8777
N.S.	1	1.43	0.53	1.53	0.00	8.93	0.00	2.19	8.23	13.76
time (sec)	N/A	2.704	1.433	2.947	0.000	0.914	0.000	0.271	194.482	9.101

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	731	1013	379	1162	0	8281	0	2014	19	12390
N.S.	1	1.39	0.52	1.59	0.00	11.33	0.00	2.76	0.03	16.95
time (sec)	N/A	3.576	2.859	3.586	0.000	3.023	0.000	0.350	200.024	10.424

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	694	968	401	991	0	2454	0	779	7420	4769
N.S.	1	1.39	0.58	1.43	0.00	3.54	0.00	1.12	10.69	6.87
time (sec)	N/A	3.504	2.980	2.474	0.000	0.594	0.000	0.288	5.617	7.049

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	626	894	371	1201	0	1751	0	719	6099	2569
N.S.	1	1.43	0.59	1.92	0.00	2.80	0.00	1.15	9.74	4.10
time (sec)	N/A	2.736	3.128	1.996	0.000	0.182	0.000	0.267	5.230	0.656

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	562	785	308	902	0	1037	0	595	4855	1028
N.S.	1	1.40	0.55	1.60	0.00	1.85	0.00	1.06	8.64	1.83
time (sec)	N/A	2.491	2.074	1.726	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.273	5.218	0.542

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	596	824	287	975	0	1752	0	502	6142	3204
N.S.	1	1.38	0.48	1.64	0.00	2.94	0.00	0.84	10.31	5.38
time (sec)	N/A	2.109	1.760	2.791	0.000	0.154	0.000	0.246	5.294	8.759

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	642	909	367	0	0	3770	0	1068	7511	6238
N.S.	1	1.42	0.57	0.00	0.00	5.87	0.00	1.66	11.70	9.72
time (sec)	N/A	2.541	1.406	0.000	0.000	0.418	0.000	0.284	5.956	9.069

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	721	1001	382	0	0	5779	0	1664	8803	9035
N.S.	1	1.39	0.53	0.00	0.00	8.02	0.00	2.31	12.21	12.53
time (sec)	N/A	3.083	1.558	0.000	0.000	2.177	0.000	0.264	6.201	9.324

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	226	61	195	0	186	0	179	278	179
N.S.	1	1.40	0.38	1.20	0.00	1.15	0.00	1.10	1.72	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.715	0.099	2.539	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.335	0.243	0.143

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	239	363	82	256	0	199	0	0	468	133
N.S.	1	1.52	0.34	1.07	0.00	0.83	0.00	0.00	1.96	0.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.968	0.131	1.799	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.241	6.485

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	314	488	180	363	0	311	0	233	588	261
N.S.	1	1.55	0.57	1.16	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.74	1.87	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	1.368	0.306	2.391	0.000	0.077	0.000	0.200	0.224	0.986

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	214	57	182	0	168	0	160	250	109
N.S.	1	1.36	0.36	1.16	0.00	1.07	0.00	1.02	1.59	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.705	0.102	0.935	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.277	0.298	0.148

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	226	65	269	0	153	0	152	251	226
N.S.	1	1.47	0.42	1.75	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.99	1.63	1.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.654	0.100	0.924	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.191	0.295	0.135

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	218	302	92	443	0	288	0	206	845	440
N.S.	1	1.39	0.42	2.03	0.00	1.32	0.00	0.94	3.88	2.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.906	0.245	2.204	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.282	0.248	6.002

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	624	629	129	88	0	2309	0	0	128	1906
N.S.	1	1.01	0.21	0.14	0.00	3.70	0.00	0.00	0.21	3.05
time (sec)	N/A	1.819	0.111	1.010	0.000	0.229	0.000	0.000	0.377	8.569

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	441	441	66	59	0	1402	0	0	19	2369
N.S.	1	1.00	0.15	0.13	0.00	3.18	0.00	0.00	0.04	5.37
time (sec)	N/A	1.098	0.068	0.573	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.257	0.394

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	441	441	64	57	0	640	0	0	19	1676
N.S.	1	1.00	0.15	0.13	0.00	1.45	0.00	0.00	0.04	3.80
time (sec)	N/A	1.037	0.060	0.569	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.256	0.287

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	441	441	65	59	0	1694	0	0	26	1270
N.S.	1	1.00	0.15	0.13	0.00	3.84	0.00	0.00	0.06	2.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.936	0.066	0.573	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.250	8.245

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	441	441	67	59	0	3194	0	0	26	2435
N.S.	1	1.00	0.15	0.13	0.00	7.24	0.00	0.00	0.06	5.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.991	0.059	0.573	0.000	0.222	0.000	0.000	0.286	0.559

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	633	571	114	95	0	6636	0	0	52	5055
N.S.	1	0.90	0.18	0.15	0.00	10.48	0.00	0.00	0.08	7.99
time (sec)	N/A	1.141	0.139	0.631	0.000	1.360	0.000	0.000	0.281	6.311

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	44	41	48	62	76	129	60	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.64	0.75	0.97	1.19	2.02	0.94	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.056	0.185	0.047	0.071	0.593	0.119	0.289	0.073

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	44	41	48	62	76	127	60	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.64	0.75	0.97	1.19	1.98	0.94	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.047	0.178	0.033	0.067	0.541	0.115	0.241	6.549

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	44	41	48	40	76	54	40	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	0.64	0.75	0.62	1.19	0.84	0.62	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.041	0.177	0.056	0.070	0.491	0.117	0.248	0.056

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	44	41	54	40	70	54	40	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.66	0.87	0.65	1.13	0.87	0.65	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.051	0.178	0.047	0.088	0.450	0.123	0.233	0.054



Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	44	40	56	50	76	58	40	44
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.65	0.90	0.81	1.23	0.94	0.65	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	0.042	0.185	0.028	0.071	0.708	0.125	0.256	5.602

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	300	302	170	108	0	5625	0	0	20	12163
N.S.	1	1.01	0.57	0.36	0.00	18.75	0.00	0.00	0.07	40.54
time (sec)	N/A	1.198	0.155	0.900	0.000	1.480	0.000	0.000	200.041	8.100

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	284	289	131	92	0	5710	0	0	20	11459
N.S.	1	1.02	0.46	0.32	0.00	20.11	0.00	0.00	0.07	40.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.899	0.165	0.685	0.000	2.910	0.000	0.000	200.026	7.472

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	287	135	90	0	3132	0	0	20	5862
N.S.	1	1.02	0.48	0.32	0.00	11.11	0.00	0.00	0.07	20.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.891	0.109	0.747	0.000	0.185	0.000	0.000	200.046	7.193

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	267	67	60	0	2521	0	0	20	3910
N.S.	1	1.00	0.25	0.22	0.00	9.44	0.00	0.00	0.07	14.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.750	0.100	0.602	0.000	0.226	0.000	0.000	200.026	0.557

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	267	65	58	0	797	0	0	20	703
N.S.	1	1.00	0.24	0.22	0.00	2.99	0.00	0.00	0.07	2.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.731	0.074	0.616	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	200.025	7.014

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	267	66	60	0	2611	0	0	20	4203
N.S.	1	1.00	0.25	0.22	0.00	9.78	0.00	0.00	0.07	15.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.692	0.083	0.619	0.000	0.120	0.000	0.000	200.038	7.735

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	267	267	68	60	0	5497	0	0	20	8501
N.S.	1	1.00	0.25	0.22	0.00	20.59	0.00	0.00	0.07	31.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.669	0.069	0.619	0.000	0.187	0.000	0.000	200.027	9.397

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	293	372	114	96	0	11325	0	0	20	17873
N.S.	1	1.27	0.39	0.33	0.00	38.65	0.00	0.00	0.07	61.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.882	0.146	0.648	0.000	0.370	0.000	0.000	200.051	9.405

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	295	374	116	96	0	13123	0	0	20	12990
N.S.	1	1.27	0.39	0.33	0.00	44.48	0.00	0.00	0.07	44.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.848	0.122	0.639	0.000	0.672	0.000	0.000	200.043	12.020

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	323	425	167	125	0	20772	0	0	20	33153
N.S.	1	1.32	0.52	0.39	0.00	64.31	0.00	0.00	0.06	102.64
time (sec)	N/A	1.054	0.270	0.701	0.000	2.087	0.000	0.000	200.044	14.980

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	435	428	361	179	0	7469	0	0	20	23842
N.S.	1	0.98	0.83	0.41	0.00	17.17	0.00	0.00	0.05	54.81
time (sec)	N/A	1.252	1.015	0.959	0.000	6.359	0.000	0.000	200.029	9.140

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	403	396	277	142	0	8266	0	0	20	16629
N.S.	1	0.98	0.69	0.35	0.00	20.51	0.00	0.00	0.05	41.26
time (sec)	N/A	1.100	0.516	0.812	0.000	43.817	0.000	0.000	200.030	8.249

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	403	396	282	141	0	4964	0	0	20	17148
N.S.	1	0.98	0.70	0.35	0.00	12.32	0.00	0.00	0.05	42.55
time (sec)	N/A	1.116	0.483	0.790	0.000	1.312	0.000	0.000	200.038	7.759

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	382	383	216	121	0	5011	0	0	20	11171
N.S.	1	1.00	0.57	0.32	0.00	13.12	0.00	0.00	0.05	29.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.956	0.403	0.760	0.000	3.125	0.000	0.000	200.051	8.167

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	380	381	220	121	0	2425	0	0	20	10441
N.S.	1	1.00	0.58	0.32	0.00	6.38	0.00	0.00	0.05	27.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.926	0.354	0.753	0.000	0.196	0.000	0.000	200.030	7.724

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	360	368	129	102	0	4973	0	0	20	8593
N.S.	1	1.02	0.36	0.28	0.00	13.81	0.00	0.00	0.06	23.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.886	0.214	0.749	0.000	0.998	0.000	0.000	200.042	17.423

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	364	370	131	102	0	7535	0	0	20	14637
N.S.	1	1.02	0.36	0.28	0.00	20.70	0.00	0.00	0.05	40.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.850	0.174	0.740	0.000	1.066	0.000	0.000	200.041	19.448

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	394	444	176	135	0	13905	0	0	20	17149
N.S.	1	1.13	0.45	0.34	0.00	35.29	0.00	0.00	0.05	43.53
time (sec)	N/A	1.074	0.310	0.747	0.000	28.049	0.000	0.000	200.039	10.257

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	394	446	178	135	0	14823	0	0	20	28255
N.S.	1	1.13	0.45	0.34	0.00	37.62	0.00	0.00	0.05	71.71
time (sec)	N/A	1.060	0.261	0.755	0.000	13.542	0.000	0.000	200.061	13.147

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	437	531	348	183	0	23435	0	0	20	37402
N.S.	1	1.22	0.80	0.42	0.00	53.63	0.00	0.00	0.05	85.59
time (sec)	N/A	1.339	0.598	0.810	0.000	133.993	0.000	0.000	200.059	16.432

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	211	176	181	238	400	270	205	19	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.85	0.87	1.15	1.93	1.30	0.99	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.623	0.503	0.319	0.033	0.109	0.487	0.119	200.061	0.000

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	151	131	132	149	286	192	148	207	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.91	0.92	1.03	1.99	1.33	1.03	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.343	0.276	0.034	0.091	0.462	0.119	0.974	0.000

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	110	99	87	107	214	139	97	147	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.97	0.85	1.05	2.10	1.36	0.95	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.275	0.214	0.028	0.126	0.453	0.117	0.710	0.000

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	68	68	54	45	128	90	55	71	52
N.S.	1	1.01	1.01	0.81	0.67	1.91	1.34	0.82	1.06	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.160	0.190	0.028	0.102	0.322	0.118	0.961	6.472

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	108	110	181	84	574	0	0	1048	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.07	1.76	0.82	5.57	0.00	0.00	10.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.267	0.272	0.043	0.163	0.000	0.000	0.905	0.000

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	115	119	536	94	884	0	0	394	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.08	4.87	0.85	8.04	0.00	0.00	3.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.548	0.267	0.052	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.607	0.000

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	103	110	900	243	519	0	316	396	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	8.74	2.36	5.04	0.00	3.07	3.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.739	0.317	0.065	0.182	0.000	0.131	0.964	0.000

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	156	173	988	428	861	0	529	699	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.20	6.86	2.97	5.98	0.00	3.67	4.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	10.147	0.372	0.059	0.378	0.000	0.134	0.894	0.000

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	206	223	904	1991	977	1485	0	0	1557	0
N.S.	1	1.08	4.39	9.67	4.74	7.21	0.00	0.00	7.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.541	11.015	0.461	0.095	1.333	0.000	0.000	0.575	0.000

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	255	233	230	256	300	544	518	287	19	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.90	1.00	1.18	2.13	2.03	1.13	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.622	0.649	0.319	0.036	0.182	0.595	0.129	200.055	0.000

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	173	173	189	190	402	366	217	297	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.96	1.05	1.06	2.23	2.03	1.21	1.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	0.559	0.269	0.043	0.106	0.536	0.124	0.375	0.000



Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	132	131	128	146	296	236	143	212	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.96	0.93	1.07	2.16	1.72	1.04	1.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.425	0.217	0.036	0.159	0.495	0.125	0.490	0.000

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	90	87	70	61	176	119	76	111	54
N.S.	1	1.03	1.00	0.80	0.70	2.02	1.37	0.87	1.28	0.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.268	0.194	0.030	0.104	0.391	0.119	0.317	6.725

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	170	155	238	154	774	0	0	1948	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.97	1.50	0.97	4.87	0.00	0.00	12.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.602	0.491	0.292	0.046	1.388	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	164	161	446	148	888	0	0	411	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.92	2.55	0.85	5.07	0.00	0.00	2.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.554	1.097	0.334	0.058	0.319	0.000	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	168	162	883	341	1545	0	349	999	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.89	4.85	1.87	8.49	0.00	1.92	5.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.499	1.048	0.395	0.071	0.419	0.000	0.151	0.321	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	234	210	2446	642	2513	0	604	1734	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.95	11.12	2.92	11.42	0.00	2.75	7.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.634	1.972	0.385	0.080	3.753	0.000	0.180	0.352	0.000

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	167	723	4020	1223	1123	0	0	956	0
N.S.	1	1.09	4.73	26.27	7.99	7.34	0.00	0.00	6.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	5.872	0.450	0.108	1.189	0.000	0.000	0.951	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	220	253	4108	1762	1647	0	1283	1397	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.30	21.07	9.04	8.45	0.00	6.58	7.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	2.976	0.592	0.127	3.295	0.000	0.171	1.194	0.000

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	287	358	8231	3297	2485	0	1875	2558	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.33	30.60	12.26	9.24	0.00	6.97	9.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	10.501	0.638	0.199	7.863	0.000	0.175	3.316	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	307	256	283	332	364	692	858	372	19	0
N.S.	1	0.83	0.92	1.08	1.19	2.25	2.79	1.21	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.626	0.755	0.355	0.038	0.136	0.694	0.126	200.087	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	195	215	223	230	518	617	286	387	0
N.S.	1	0.90	1.00	1.03	1.06	2.40	2.86	1.32	1.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	0.649	0.294	0.035	0.117	0.623	0.125	0.313	0.000

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	154	161	169	185	380	371	191	277	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.94	0.98	1.08	2.21	2.16	1.11	1.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.518	0.233	0.034	0.121	0.584	0.126	0.529	0.000

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	112	107	86	77	224	150	101	151	54
N.S.	1	1.05	1.00	0.80	0.72	2.09	1.40	0.94	1.41	0.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.411	0.201	0.032	0.093	0.445	0.130	0.225	6.580

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	245	221	331	272	1176	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.98	1.46	1.20	5.20	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.787	0.971	0.296	0.074	29.546	0.000	0.000	200.032	0.000

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	260	237	229	529	246	1372	0	0	814	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.88	2.03	0.95	5.28	0.00	0.00	3.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.737	0.911	0.348	0.072	7.031	0.000	0.000	0.280	0.000

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	265	222	229	967	561	1553	0	537	1005	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.86	3.65	2.12	5.86	0.00	2.03	3.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.705	1.318	0.428	0.102	0.963	0.000	0.223	0.248	0.000

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	277	235	228	1726	1023	2501	0	590	1756	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.82	6.23	3.69	9.03	0.00	2.13	6.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.680	2.024	0.506	0.124	1.972	0.000	0.268	0.291	0.000

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	308	311	946	3030	1903	3733	0	0	2824	0
N.S.	1	1.01	3.07	9.84	6.18	12.12	0.00	0.00	9.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.812	7.668	0.641	0.173	7.138	0.000	0.000	0.387	0.000

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	357	369	359	9762	3009	5169	0	1432	3958	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.01	27.34	8.43	14.48	0.00	4.01	11.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.914	10.406	0.784	0.254	46.131	0.000	0.358	0.445	0.000

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	231	305	15868	4635	1929	0	1953	1662	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.50	78.17	22.83	9.50	0.00	9.62	8.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.560	10.409	1.018	0.318	7.809	0.000	0.197	3.165	0.000

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	284	403	15956	5985	2593	0	2428	2204	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.64	64.86	24.33	10.54	0.00	9.87	8.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.633	10.434	1.523	0.340	16.854	0.000	0.227	6.497	0.000

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	332	351	489	31927	9514	3693	0	3216	3709	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.47	96.17	28.66	11.12	0.00	9.69	11.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.746	10.779	2.259	0.454	31.794	0.000	0.253	2.393	0.000

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	61	60	50	53	62	0	71	100	49
N.S.	1	1.09	1.07	0.89	0.95	1.11	0.00	1.27	1.79	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.162	0.291	0.111	0.083	0.000	0.129	0.232	6.395

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	79	68	56	54	75	0	105	121	48
N.S.	1	1.18	1.01	0.84	0.81	1.12	0.00	1.57	1.81	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.199	0.298	0.108	0.121	0.000	0.157	0.228	0.174

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	63	61	44	47	50	66	43	56	44
N.S.	1	1.15	1.11	0.80	0.85	0.91	1.20	0.78	1.02	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.304	0.280	0.104	0.106	0.085	0.123	0.245	0.394

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	185	127	113	176	270	167	139	19	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.79	0.70	1.09	1.68	1.04	0.86	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.560	0.415	0.312	0.032	0.105	0.474	0.136	200.040	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	127	91	80	111	180	128	93	123	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.83	0.73	1.01	1.64	1.16	0.85	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.329	0.280	0.033	0.122	0.462	0.135	0.336	0.000

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	86	69	57	69	138	99	64	87	0
N.S.	1	1.26	1.01	0.84	1.01	2.03	1.46	0.94	1.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.220	0.224	0.030	0.112	0.416	0.129	0.252	0.000

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	46	37	29	92	71	39	38	36
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	0.86	0.67	2.14	1.65	0.91	0.88	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.140	0.189	0.044	0.112	0.317	0.132	0.256	6.773

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	64	127	52	211	0	60	1019	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	2.35	0.96	3.91	0.00	1.11	18.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.197	0.238	0.040	0.128	0.000	0.136	0.245	0.000

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	101	215	93	381	0	0	231	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	2.36	1.02	4.19	0.00	0.00	2.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.441	0.280	0.043	0.142	0.000	0.000	0.260	0.000

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	158	132	444	243	713	0	351	729	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.91	3.06	1.68	4.92	0.00	2.42	5.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.812	0.352	0.058	0.264	0.000	0.135	0.253	0.000



Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	227	209	762	479	1139	0	593	1162	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.06	3.85	2.42	5.75	0.00	2.99	5.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.671	10.180	0.365	0.062	0.438	0.000	0.140	0.273	0.000

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	179	126	147	174	368	0	144	19	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.83	0.97	1.14	2.42	0.00	0.95	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.530	0.355	0.030	0.115	0.000	0.133	200.036	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	123	90	110	110	246	0	103	205	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.88	1.08	1.08	2.41	0.00	1.01	2.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.425	0.287	0.028	0.114	0.000	0.120	0.215	0.000

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	84	69	75	68	201	0	70	163	75
N.S.	1	1.22	1.00	1.09	0.99	2.91	0.00	1.01	2.36	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.367	0.224	0.031	0.117	0.000	0.134	0.196	7.617

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	27	27	31	35	46	23	54	24
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.96	1.11	1.25	1.64	0.82	1.93	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.344	0.207	0.026	0.090	2.021	0.130	0.230	6.948

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	94	104	315	123	456	0	180	2247	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	3.35	1.31	4.85	0.00	1.91	23.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.716	0.266	0.044	0.141	0.000	0.127	0.320	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	165	149	515	284	900	0	0	720	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.04	3.60	1.99	6.29	0.00	0.00	5.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	0.725	0.292	0.060	0.193	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	245	240	933	630	1558	0	680	1666	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.12	4.34	2.93	7.25	0.00	3.16	7.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.676	10.372	0.351	0.082	0.455	0.000	0.146	0.232	0.000

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	283	327	279	1551	1179	2226	0	1075	2350	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.99	5.48	4.17	7.87	0.00	3.80	8.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.889	10.571	0.412	0.100	0.953	0.000	0.199	0.270	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	219	179	281	281	488	0	207	19	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.87	1.37	1.37	2.38	0.00	1.01	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	0.823	0.442	0.036	0.118	0.000	0.130	200.045	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	174	130	217	213	401	0	155	377	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.83	1.39	1.37	2.57	0.00	0.99	2.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.533	0.746	0.322	0.038	0.132	0.000	0.127	0.250	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	79	78	83	133	107	0	90	220	82
N.S.	1	0.76	0.75	0.80	1.28	1.03	0.00	0.87	2.12	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.587	0.309	0.026	0.141	0.000	0.123	0.249	6.758

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	58	57	55	92	75	0	55	175	68
N.S.	1	0.75	0.74	0.71	1.19	0.97	0.00	0.71	2.27	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.484	0.243	0.027	0.105	0.000	0.128	0.235	6.758

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	43	39	48	62	146	37	103	41
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.76	0.94	1.22	2.86	0.73	2.02	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.374	0.197	0.026	0.088	3.919	0.120	0.277	6.547

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	173	163	601	283	858	0	998	3779	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.06	3.90	1.84	5.57	0.00	6.48	24.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.768	0.266	0.062	0.167	0.000	0.137	0.480	0.000

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	280	247	899	563	1678	0	1180	1399	0
N.S.	1	1.29	1.14	4.14	2.59	7.73	0.00	5.44	6.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.771	1.286	0.291	0.091	0.355	0.000	0.254	0.329	0.000

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	300	374	296	1603	1176	2628	0	2179	2772	0
N.S.	1	1.25	0.99	5.34	3.92	8.76	0.00	7.26	9.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.978	10.795	0.365	0.124	1.030	0.000	0.276	0.302	0.000

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	92	106	90	70	98	0	60	141	0
N.S.	1	1.30	1.49	1.27	0.99	1.38	0.00	0.85	1.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.416	0.298	0.027	0.080	0.000	0.136	0.256	0.000

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	34	17	16	30	12	16	15	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.89	0.94	0.89	1.67	0.67	0.89	0.83	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.098	0.207	0.120	0.073	0.076	0.134	0.234	0.035

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	34	17	16	30	12	16	15	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.70	0.85	0.80	1.50	0.60	0.80	0.75	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.097	0.253	0.106	0.099	0.064	0.121	0.225	0.036

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	26	15	14	22	14	22	22	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.44	0.83	0.78	1.22	0.78	1.22	1.22	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	0.072	0.173	0.103	0.082	0.063	0.121	0.215	6.149

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	54	52	38	42	49	42	35	44	35
N.S.	1	1.38	1.33	0.97	1.08	1.26	1.08	0.90	1.13	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.199	0.250	0.108	0.097	0.085	0.142	0.225	0.038

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	52	49	31	38	45	42	45	50	32
N.S.	1	1.33	1.26	0.79	0.97	1.15	1.08	1.15	1.28	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.164	0.213	0.104	0.091	0.085	0.122	0.245	0.034

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	16	13	20	25	20	12	31	12
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.72	1.11	1.39	1.11	0.67	1.72	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.105	0.164	0.026	0.098	1.680	0.125	0.240	6.134

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	414	390	527	684	0	277	0	0	271	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.27	1.65	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.046	23.448	2.765	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	1.404	0.000

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	357	351	490	489	0	232	0	0	251	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.37	1.37	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.916	23.225	1.440	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.000	1.247	0.000

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	308	424	467	0	211	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.34	1.48	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.747	22.658	1.330	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	0.606	0.000

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	298	293	407	375	0	219	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.37	1.26	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.711	22.310	0.691	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	1.269	0.000

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	362	364	456	681	0	343	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.26	1.88	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.862	10.821	1.115	0.000	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.542	0.000

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	443	446	486	784	0	572	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.10	1.77	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.058	11.527	1.345	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	67.462	0.000

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	512	495	658	934	0	370	0	0	527	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.29	1.82	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.296	24.651	4.425	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	2.340	0.000

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	445	446	611	715	0	313	0	0	479	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.37	1.61	0.00	0.70	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.115	24.461	2.889	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	1.988	0.000



Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	390	388	525	679	0	276	0	0	271	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.35	1.74	0.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.955	23.531	3.582	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.000	1.866	0.000

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	386	362	507	751	0	297	0	0	682	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.31	1.95	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	1.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.889	23.175	6.982	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	3.818	0.000

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	374	351	457	719	0	321	0	0	997	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.22	1.92	0.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	2.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.849	22.897	8.138	0.000	0.129	0.000	0.000	49.299	0.000

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	417	420	518	781	0	528	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.24	1.87	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.978	11.733	3.981	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	71.934	0.000

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	501	499	540	876	0	814	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.75	0.00	1.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.259	12.607	5.825	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	5.319	0.000

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	563	573	750	981	0	422	0	0	769	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.33	1.74	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	1.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.446	24.689	2.960	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.000	2.670	0.000

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	492	498	655	927	0	372	0	0	524	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.33	1.88	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.240	24.317	4.231	0.000	0.134	0.000	0.000	10.348	0.000

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	477	458	647	1267	0	421	0	0	1148	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.36	2.66	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	2.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.170	23.885	6.690	0.000	0.139	0.000	0.000	7.340	0.000

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	451	433	583	1041	0	474	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.29	2.31	0.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.051	23.709	8.446	0.000	0.133	0.000	0.000	54.078	0.000

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	492	421	513	907	0	507	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.86	1.04	1.84	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.985	23.353	10.864	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	71.678	0.000

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	507	501	602	939	0	781	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.19	1.85	0.00	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.156	12.193	14.477	0.000	0.142	0.000	0.000	7.823	0.000

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	608	572	675	1008	0	1118	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.11	1.66	0.00	1.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.326	13.228	9.155	0.000	0.183	0.000	0.000	12.079	0.000

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	411	411	536	737	0	276	0	0	356	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.30	1.79	0.00	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.085	23.577	2.973	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	1.834	0.000

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	354	348	508	631	0	235	0	0	335	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.44	1.78	0.00	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.948	23.458	2.027	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	1.584	0.000

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	311	303	431	582	0	212	0	0	168	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.39	1.87	0.00	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.753	22.325	1.150	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	1.253	0.000

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	126	270	379	0	175	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.95	2.05	2.87	0.00	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	20.393	0.369	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.815	0.000

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	126	170	194	0	67	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.29	1.47	0.00	0.51	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	21.268	1.525	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.761	0.000

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	179	313	617	0	239	0	0	66	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.69	3.34	0.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	11.180	2.701	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	1.344	0.000

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	380	381	461	698	0	384	0	0	90	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	1.84	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.882	11.375	5.377	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.532	0.000

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	447	467	499	790	0	639	0	0	114	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.12	1.77	0.00	1.43	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.173	12.396	7.754	0.000	0.131	0.000	0.000	69.556	0.000

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	421	426	549	782	0	373	0	0	1513	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.30	1.86	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	3.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.060	12.199	5.481	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	2.610	0.000

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	355	363	510	678	0	306	0	0	1166	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.44	1.91	0.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	3.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.918	12.039	2.533	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	2.170	0.000

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	313	320	442	629	0	271	0	0	1165	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.41	2.01	0.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	3.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.762	11.693	0.750	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	1.372	0.000

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	291	295	425	380	0	229	0	0	531	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.46	1.31	0.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	1.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.713	10.731	0.707	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	1.581	0.000

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	328	344	397	668	0	300	0	0	64	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.21	2.04	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.803	11.037	3.339	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.000	1.744	0.000

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	405	422	479	803	0	557	0	0	380	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.18	1.98	0.00	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.995	11.133	5.007	0.000	0.135	0.000	0.000	1.184	0.000

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	484	509	612	943	0	925	0	0	146	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.26	1.95	0.00	1.91	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.207	11.860	7.593	0.000	0.167	0.000	0.000	71.091	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	472	478	673	871	0	565	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.43	1.85	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.233	13.298	5.340	0.000	0.123	0.000	0.000	4.183	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	414	422	588	806	0	498	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.42	1.95	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.048	12.480	4.667	0.000	0.129	0.000	0.000	4.194	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	385	389	549	746	0	423	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.43	1.94	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.968	12.213	4.569	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	3.140	0.000

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	362	367	473	691	0	352	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.31	1.91	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.959	11.668	1.236	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	2.726	0.000

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	389	406	573	772	0	467	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.47	1.98	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.957	11.267	1.177	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.000	1.550	0.000



Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	449	466	583	862	0	582	0	0	90	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.30	1.92	0.00	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.110	11.855	6.353	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	1.502	0.000

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	529	561	616	1008	0	1158	0	0	590	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.16	1.91	0.00	2.19	0.00	0.00	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.377	13.178	8.010	0.000	0.155	0.000	0.000	2.878	0.000

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	151	260	0	0	337	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.72	0.00	0.00	2.23	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.358	0.000	0.000	22.922	0.000	0.000	0.370	0.000

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	558	631	53	40	0	0	85	0	63	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.09	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.907	15.393	0.182	0.000	0.000	2.549	0.000	0.406	0.000

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	536	610	47	35	0	0	68	0	46	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.09	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.907	15.245	0.184	0.000	0.000	1.681	0.000	0.302	0.000

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	529	585	40	29	0	0	36	0	29	27
N.S.	1	1.11	0.08	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.05	0.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.830	8.570	0.142	0.000	0.000	1.098	0.000	0.247	0.273

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	97	152	0	0	194	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.52	0.00	0.00	1.94	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.241	0.000	0.000	1.577	0.000	0.000	0.260	0.000

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	637	701	211	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.958	10.692	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	659	726	223	0	0	0	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.066	16.670	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	564	645	60	49	0	0	148	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.11	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.888	10.037	0.229	0.000	0.000	3.113	0.000	0.276	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	540	625	51	43	0	0	73	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.09	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.877	10.031	0.187	0.000	0.000	2.171	0.000	0.289	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	531	596	42	37	0	0	39	0	30	28
N.S.	1	1.12	0.08	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.06	0.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.808	8.875	0.207	0.000	0.000	1.224	0.000	0.251	6.831

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	109	166	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.341	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.267	0.000

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	653	725	132	0	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.985	5.315	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	679	754	134	0	0	0	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.091	8.532	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.245	0.000

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	104	172	2447	0	282	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.62	23.08	0.00	2.66	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.287	26.010	0.000	2.925	0.000	0.000	0.309	0.000

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	101	168	1625	0	282	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.63	15.78	0.00	2.74	0.00	0.00	0.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.311	26.013	0.000	2.962	0.000	0.000	0.294	0.000

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	78	107	617	0	113	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.32	7.62	0.00	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.131	1.237	0.000	0.324	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	76	105	616	0	115	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.30	7.60	0.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.115	1.250	0.000	0.327	0.000	0.000	0.244	0.000

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	141	271	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.803	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.234	0.000

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	80	46	44	0	0	129	0	54	0
N.S.	1	1.25	0.72	0.69	0.00	0.00	2.02	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	17.092	0.190	0.000	0.000	2.542	0.000	0.276	0.000

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	60	41	39	0	0	56	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.36	0.93	0.89	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	16.990	0.174	0.000	0.000	1.675	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	33	31	0	0	31	0	23	24
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00	0.64	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	10.031	0.160	0.000	0.000	0.824	0.000	0.249	6.088

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	17	14	0	0	19	0	11	12
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.55	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	5.791	0.132	0.000	0.000	0.372	0.000	0.215	5.866

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	92	102	211	0	350	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.90	1.87	0.00	3.10	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	13.123	1.694	0.000	1.206	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	130	175	0	0	0	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	0.87	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	12.863	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	158	218	0	0	0	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	19.225	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.397	0.000

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	169	111	0	0	0	700	0	98	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.86	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	11.066	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.106	0.000	0.272	0.000

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	137	100	0	0	0	131	0	73	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	11.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.499	0.000	0.262	0.000

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	96	82	0	0	0	83	0	45	76
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00	0.47	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	11.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.235	0.000	0.241	6.344

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	C	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	58	0	0	0	36	0	20	50
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00	0.31	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	5.847	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.486	0.000	0.263	5.887

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	214	177	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	7.383	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.270	0.000



Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	354	321	186	0	0	0	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.638	8.314	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	392	371	186	0	0	0	0	0	92	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.749	11.157	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.574	0.000

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	244	64	59	0	0	129	0	239	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.31	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.486	16.906	0.190	0.000	0.000	2.695	0.000	0.248	0.000

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	224	59	54	0	0	56	0	149	0
N.S.	1	1.22	0.32	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	16.460	0.174	0.000	0.000	1.769	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	200	51	48	0	0	31	0	134	42
N.S.	1	1.16	0.30	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.78	0.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	10.017	0.167	0.000	0.000	0.858	0.000	0.226	0.321

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	184	39	36	0	0	19	0	11	30
N.S.	1	1.17	0.25	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.07	0.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	5.292	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.377	0.000	0.224	6.094

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	102	145	0	93	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.48	2.10	0.00	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	12.146	0.820	0.000	1.251	0.000	0.000	0.232	0.000

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	243	271	175	0	0	0	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	12.485	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.250	0.000

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	262	300	218	0	0	0	0	0	53	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	19.293	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.312	0.000

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	401	530	112	0	0	0	816	0	424	0
N.S.	1	1.32	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.03	0.00	1.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.777	11.068	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.161	0.000	0.312	0.000

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	363	495	101	0	0	0	131	0	269	0
N.S.	1	1.36	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.697	11.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.567	0.000	0.250	0.000

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	346	453	83	0	0	0	83	0	239	78
N.S.	1	1.31	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	0.69	0.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.637	11.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.233	0.000	0.235	6.606

Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	315	421	59	0	0	0	36	0	22	51
N.S.	1	1.34	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.07	0.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.550	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.471	0.000	0.235	6.198

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	174	174	178	0	0	0	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	1.105	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.270	0.000

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	529	641	187	0	0	0	0	0	73	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.990	1.110	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	569	691	187	0	0	0	0	0	100	0
N.S.	1	1.21	0.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.045	11.132	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	278	278	126	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.956	6.734	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.260	0.000

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	268	273	233	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.877	7.740	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.244	0.000

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	200	108	0	0	0	0	0	800	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	20.496	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	164.840	0.000

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	191	72	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.657	15.696	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.305	0.000

Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	223	379	954	472	1250	15990	2085	1411	1144
N.S.	1	1.00	1.70	4.28	2.12	5.61	71.70	9.35	6.33	5.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.692	0.543	0.302	0.044	0.102	3.865	0.139	0.241	6.773

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	176	420	235	520	5097	851	554	496
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	3.00	1.68	3.71	36.41	6.08	3.96	3.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.483	0.250	0.234	0.043	0.089	1.489	0.129	0.256	6.190

Problem 394	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	59	100	89	149	952	237	142	163
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	1.43	1.27	2.13	13.60	3.39	2.03	2.33
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.066	0.204	0.033	0.084	0.544	0.136	0.226	6.139

Problem 395	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	167	145	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.609	0.186	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 396	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	304	299	253	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.841	0.315	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 397	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	474	488	396	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.428	0.757	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 398	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	154	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.513	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.028	0.000

Problem 399	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	154	159	0	0	0	0	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.252	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 400	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	154	159	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.420	0.288	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.224	0.000

Problem 401	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	154	154	159	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.407	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	199.258	0.000

Problem 402	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	58	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	2.158	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 403	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	109	101	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.33	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.267	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000



Problem 404	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	48	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	1.379	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 405	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	104	94	0	0	0	0	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.27	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.123	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 406	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	102	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.238	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 407	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	119	117	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.32	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.303	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 408	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	108	149	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 409	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	136	160	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.490	0.269	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 410	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	185	223	0	0	0	437	0	1314	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.59	0.00	7.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	0.372	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.893	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 411	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	126	133	0	0	0	97	0	808	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.00	7.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.203	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.666	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 412	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	98	0	0	0	61	0	223	65
N.S.	1	1.00	1.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00	3.19	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.403	0.000	0.216	6.831

Problem 413	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	44	44	0	0	0	22	0	94	41
N.S.	1	1.26	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.00	2.69	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.069	0.000	0.212	6.796

Problem 414	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	125	131	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	0.212	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 415	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	191	141	0	0	0	0	0	996	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.621	0.232	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 416	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	322	142	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.49	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.953	0.286	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 417	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	154	182	99	0	0	248	0	1112	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.27	0.69	0.00	0.00	1.73	0.00	7.78	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.248	0.781	0.000	0.000	5.454	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 418	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	102	98	69	0	0	85	0	707	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.08	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00	7.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.391	0.166	0.451	0.000	0.000	4.017	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 419	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	72	44	0	0	51	0	203	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.60	0.98	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.00	4.51	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.084	0.234	0.000	0.000	2.070	0.000	0.224	0.289

Problem 420	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	19	0	0	22	0	88	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	4.00	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.220	0.023	0.152	0.000	0.000	0.625	0.000	0.202	6.856

Problem 421	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	103	139	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.223	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 422	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	146	149	0	0	0	0	0	924	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.315	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 423	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	186	273	150	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.47	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.830	0.301	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 424	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	186	228	0	0	0	434	0	1354	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.71	0.00	8.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.548	0.317	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.021	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 425	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	128	135	0	0	0	102	0	831	0
N.S.	1	1.17	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00	7.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.179	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.681	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 426	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	102	0	0	0	65	0	236	67
N.S.	1	1.00	1.42	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00	3.28	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.435	0.000	0.324	7.246

Problem 427	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	45	0	0	0	24	0	99	42
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	2.20	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.017	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.065	0.000	0.357	6.826

Problem 428	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	131	128	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.451	0.168	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.353	0.000

Problem 429	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	150	138	0	0	0	0	0	1021	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.213	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 430	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	152	139	0	0	0	0	0	42	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.260	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 431	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	153	182	99	0	0	253	0	1112	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.44	0.79	0.00	0.00	2.01	0.00	8.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.508	0.256	0.794	0.000	0.000	6.140	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 432	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	101	98	69	0	0	88	0	707	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.09	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	7.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.175	0.420	0.000	0.000	4.434	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 433	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	65	44	0	0	53	0	203	57
N.S.	1	1.00	1.44	0.98	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	4.51	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.099	0.274	0.000	0.000	2.357	0.000	0.197	6.650

Problem 434	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	19	0	0	24	0	88	34
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00	4.00	1.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.022	0.155	0.000	0.000	0.745	0.000	0.198	6.508

Problem 435	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	104	127	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.222	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000



Problem 436	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	147	137	0	0	0	0	0	924	0
N.S.	1	0.84	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	0.309	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 437	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	149	138	0	0	0	0	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.322	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 438	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	150	173	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.498	1.501	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.957	0.000

Problem 439	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	150	155	0	0	0	0	0	863	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.467	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.543	0.000

Problem 440	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	148	153	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.390	0.487	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.281	0.000

Problem 441	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	148	153	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.676	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.357	0.000

Problem 442	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	150	194	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.571	1.536	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.977	0.000

Problem 443	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	150	181	0	0	0	0	0	810	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.443	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.514	0.000

Problem 444	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	148	179	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	0.533	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.257	0.000

Problem 445	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	148	179	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.487	0.745	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.349	0.000

Problem 446	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	142	191	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	1.634	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.771	0.000

Problem 447	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	142	148	0	0	0	0	0	755	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.555	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.456	0.000

Problem 448	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	146	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.538	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 449	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	140	146	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.729	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.406	0.000

Problem 450	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	180	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	1.522	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.948	0.000

Problem 451	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	143	150	0	0	0	0	0	875	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.444	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.590	0.000

Problem 452	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	141	148	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.486	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.294	0.000

Problem 453	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	141	148	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.667	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.348	0.000

Problem 454	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	170	176	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.19	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.649	1.640	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.845	0.000

Problem 455	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	156	170	0	0	0	0	0	822	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.448	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.481	0.000

Problem 456	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	156	168	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.552	0.479	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.303	0.000

Problem 457	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	169	168	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.530	0.689	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.344	0.000

Problem 458	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	145	182	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.595	1.586	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.644	0.000

Problem 459	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	128	135	0	0	0	0	0	755	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.489	0.488	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.372	0.000

Problem 460	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	128	133	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.483	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 461	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	141	133	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.685	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 462	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	152	157	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	0.139	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.000

Problem 463	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	152	183	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.587	0.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 464	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	144	150	0	0	0	0	0	1581	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.467	0.355	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 465	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	160	166	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	0.161	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.181	0.000

Problem 466	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	155	160	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.151	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.183	0.000

Problem 467	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	209	200	0	0	0	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.552	0.194	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000



Problem 468	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	270	0	0	0	0	0	0	78	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.530	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000

Problem 469	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	347	354	0	0	0	0	0	0	98	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.708	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 470	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	145	152	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 471	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	159	172	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	0.154	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 472	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	137	137	0	0	0	0	0	1581	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.556	0.264	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 473	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	153	161	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.444	0.136	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 474	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	148	155	0	0	0	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.407	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 475	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	189	183	0	0	0	0	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.471	0.183	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.182	0.000

Problem 476	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	256	253	0	0	0	0	0	0	79	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.192	0.000

Problem 477	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	335	338	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.734	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.352	0.000

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [391] had the largest ratio of [.866666999999999965]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
2	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
3	A	2	2	1.02	18	0.111
4	A	1	1	1.00	12	0.083
5	A	2	2	0.98	20	0.100
6	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
7	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
8	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
9	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
10	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
11	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
12	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
13	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
14	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
15	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
16	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
17	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
18	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
19	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
20	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
21	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
23	A	3	3	0.98	20	0.150
24	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
25	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
26	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
27	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
28	A	2	2	1.09	22	0.091
29	A	2	2	1.08	22	0.091
30	A	2	2	1.05	22	0.091
31	A	3	3	0.80	20	0.150
32	A	1	1	1.00	14	0.071
33	A	2	2	1.04	22	0.091
34	A	2	2	1.06	22	0.091
35	A	2	2	1.06	22	0.091
36	A	2	2	1.02	22	0.091
37	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
38	A	2	2	1.09	22	0.091
39	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
40	A	2	2	1.00	14	0.143
41	A	2	2	1.02	22	0.091
42	A	2	2	1.03	22	0.091
43	A	2	2	1.04	22	0.091
44	A	2	2	0.89	22	0.091
45	A	2	2	1.03	22	0.091
46	A	2	2	1.25	22	0.091
47	A	3	3	1.09	20	0.150
48	A	3	3	1.13	14	0.214
49	A	2	2	1.01	22	0.091
50	A	2	2	1.02	22	0.091
51	A	2	2	1.03	22	0.091
52	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
53	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
55	A	2	2	1.03	13	0.154
56	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
57	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
58	A	2	2	0.96	15	0.133
59	A	2	2	0.96	15	0.133
60	A	2	2	0.97	15	0.133
61	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
62	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
63	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
64	A	3	3	1.00	15	0.200
65	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
66	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
67	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
68	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
69	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
70	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
71	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
72	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
73	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
74	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
75	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
76	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
77	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
78	A	3	3	0.98	15	0.200
79	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
80	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
81	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
82	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
83	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
84	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
85	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
87	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
88	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
89	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
90	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
91	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
92	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
93	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
94	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
95	A	3	3	0.97	15	0.200
96	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
97	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
98	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
99	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
100	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
101	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
102	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
103	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
104	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
105	A	3	3	1.00	15	0.200
106	A	4	4	0.92	17	0.235
107	A	3	3	1.11	17	0.176
108	A	3	3	1.07	17	0.176
109	A	3	3	0.98	17	0.176
110	A	3	3	0.99	17	0.176
111	A	3	3	0.96	17	0.176
112	A	2	2	0.91	17	0.118
113	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
114	A	4	4	1.13	17	0.235
115	A	4	4	1.12	17	0.235
116	A	4	4	0.93	17	0.235
117	A	3	3	0.78	17	0.176

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	3	3	0.77	17	0.176
119	A	3	3	1.08	17	0.176
120	A	3	3	1.09	15	0.200
121	A	7	7	1.21	17	0.412
122	A	6	6	1.22	17	0.353
123	A	4	4	0.64	17	0.235
124	A	4	4	0.68	17	0.235
125	A	5	5	0.74	17	0.294
126	A	5	5	1.03	17	0.294
127	A	4	4	1.01	17	0.235
128	A	4	4	1.15	15	0.267
129	A	9	9	1.22	17	0.529
130	A	9	9	1.30	17	0.529
131	A	5	5	1.16	13	0.385
132	A	4	4	1.12	13	0.308
133	A	4	4	1.04	13	0.308
134	A	2	2	1.23	11	0.182
135	A	10	9	1.10	20	0.450
136	A	7	6	1.12	20	0.300
137	A	5	4	1.25	20	0.200
138	A	4	3	1.10	20	0.150
139	A	7	6	1.31	20	0.300
140	A	9	8	1.42	20	0.400
141	A	13	12	1.04	20	0.600
142	A	11	10	1.06	20	0.500
143	A	8	7	1.14	20	0.350
144	A	8	7	1.04	20	0.350
145	A	8	7	1.18	20	0.350
146	A	11	10	1.29	20	0.500
147	A	13	12	1.29	20	0.600
148	A	10	9	1.10	20	0.450
149	A	10	9	1.12	20	0.450

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	10	9	1.06	20	0.450
151	A	10	9	1.22	20	0.450
152	A	10	9	1.27	20	0.450
153	A	5	4	1.20	19	0.211
154	A	5	4	1.33	19	0.211
155	A	5	4	1.19	20	0.200
156	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
157	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
158	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
159	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
160	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
161	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
162	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
163	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
164	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
165	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
166	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
167	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
168	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
169	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
170	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
171	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
172	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
173	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
174	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
175	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
176	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
177	A	16	15	1.46	19	0.789
178	A	13	12	1.68	19	0.632
179	A	9	8	1.53	19	0.421
180	A	10	9	1.49	19	0.474
181	A	13	12	1.43	19	0.632

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	13	12	1.46	19	0.632
183	A	16	15	1.41	19	0.789
184	A	16	15	1.50	19	0.789
185	A	13	12	1.62	19	0.632
186	A	13	12	1.44	19	0.632
187	A	13	12	1.41	19	0.632
188	A	15	14	1.43	19	0.737
189	A	16	15	1.39	19	0.789
190	A	17	16	1.39	19	0.842
191	A	15	14	1.43	19	0.737
192	A	16	15	1.40	19	0.789
193	A	15	14	1.38	19	0.737
194	A	15	14	1.42	19	0.737
195	A	15	14	1.39	19	0.737
196	A	9	8	1.40	17	0.471
197	A	9	8	1.52	17	0.471
198	A	9	8	1.55	19	0.421
199	A	9	8	1.36	15	0.533
200	A	8	7	1.47	15	0.467
201	A	12	11	1.39	15	0.733
202	A	3	3	1.01	19	0.158
203	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
204	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
205	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
206	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
207	A	3	3	0.90	19	0.158
208	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
209	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
210	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
211	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
212	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
213	A	7	7	1.01	20	0.350

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	4	4	1.02	20	0.200
215	A	4	4	1.02	20	0.200
216	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
217	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
218	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
219	A	2	2	1.00	20	0.100
220	A	3	3	1.27	20	0.150
221	A	3	3	1.27	20	0.150
222	A	5	5	1.32	20	0.250
223	A	9	9	0.98	20	0.450
224	A	7	7	0.98	20	0.350
225	A	7	7	0.98	20	0.350
226	A	4	4	1.00	20	0.200
227	A	4	4	1.00	20	0.200
228	A	4	4	1.02	20	0.200
229	A	4	4	1.02	20	0.200
230	A	4	4	1.13	20	0.200
231	A	4	4	1.13	20	0.200
232	A	7	7	1.22	20	0.350
233	A	9	8	1.02	19	0.421
234	A	6	5	1.05	19	0.263
235	A	6	5	1.08	19	0.263
236	A	5	4	1.01	17	0.235
237	A	7	6	1.05	19	0.316
238	A	7	6	1.05	19	0.316
239	A	4	3	1.00	19	0.158
240	A	5	4	1.08	19	0.211
241	A	7	6	1.08	19	0.316
242	A	9	8	0.91	19	0.421
243	A	7	6	0.96	19	0.316
244	A	7	6	0.96	19	0.316
245	A	6	5	1.03	17	0.294

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	9	8	1.07	19	0.421
247	A	9	8	0.94	19	0.421
248	A	9	8	0.92	19	0.421
249	A	9	8	1.06	19	0.421
250	A	5	4	1.09	19	0.211
251	A	6	5	1.13	19	0.263
252	A	8	7	1.07	19	0.368
253	A	10	9	0.83	19	0.474
254	A	8	7	0.90	19	0.368
255	A	8	7	0.90	19	0.368
256	A	7	6	1.05	17	0.353
257	A	11	10	1.08	19	0.526
258	A	11	10	0.91	19	0.526
259	A	11	10	0.84	19	0.526
260	A	11	10	0.85	19	0.526
261	A	11	10	1.01	19	0.526
262	A	11	10	1.03	19	0.526
263	A	6	5	1.14	19	0.263
264	A	7	6	1.15	19	0.316
265	A	9	8	1.06	19	0.421
266	A	6	5	1.09	17	0.294
267	A	7	6	1.18	19	0.316
268	A	5	4	1.15	17	0.235
269	A	7	6	1.15	19	0.316
270	A	5	4	1.15	19	0.211
271	A	5	4	1.26	19	0.211
272	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
273	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
274	A	4	3	1.00	19	0.158
275	A	6	5	1.09	19	0.263
276	A	8	7	1.15	19	0.368
277	A	8	7	1.18	19	0.368

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
278	A	6	5	1.21	19	0.263
279	A	6	5	1.22	19	0.263
280	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
281	A	6	5	1.00	19	0.263
282	A	7	6	1.15	19	0.316
283	A	10	9	1.14	19	0.474
284	A	12	11	1.16	19	0.579
285	A	9	8	1.07	19	0.421
286	A	7	6	1.12	19	0.316
287	A	2	2	0.76	19	0.105
288	A	2	2	0.75	19	0.105
289	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
290	A	7	6	1.12	19	0.316
291	A	8	7	1.29	19	0.368
292	A	11	10	1.25	19	0.526
293	A	7	6	1.30	23	0.261
294	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
295	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
296	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
297	A	4	4	1.38	19	0.211
298	A	3	3	1.33	17	0.176
299	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
300	A	12	11	0.94	22	0.500
301	A	11	10	0.98	22	0.455
302	A	9	8	0.97	22	0.364
303	A	9	8	0.98	22	0.364
304	A	11	10	1.01	22	0.455
305	A	13	12	1.01	22	0.545
306	A	14	13	0.97	22	0.591
307	A	13	12	1.00	22	0.545
308	A	11	10	0.99	22	0.455
309	A	11	10	0.94	22	0.455

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
310	A	11	10	0.94	22	0.455
311	A	11	10	1.01	22	0.455
312	A	13	12	1.00	22	0.545
313	A	15	14	1.02	22	0.636
314	A	13	12	1.01	22	0.545
315	A	13	12	0.96	22	0.545
316	A	13	12	0.96	22	0.545
317	A	14	13	0.86	22	0.591
318	A	13	12	0.99	22	0.545
319	A	14	13	0.94	22	0.591
320	A	14	13	1.00	22	0.591
321	A	12	11	0.98	22	0.500
322	A	10	9	0.97	22	0.409
323	A	4	3	0.95	22	0.136
324	A	4	3	0.95	22	0.136
325	A	6	5	0.97	22	0.227
326	A	12	11	1.00	22	0.500
327	A	14	13	1.04	22	0.591
328	A	14	13	1.01	22	0.591
329	A	12	11	1.02	22	0.500
330	A	10	9	1.02	22	0.409
331	A	10	9	1.01	22	0.409
332	A	10	9	1.05	22	0.409
333	A	12	11	1.04	22	0.500
334	A	14	13	1.05	22	0.591
335	A	14	13	1.01	22	0.591
336	A	12	11	1.02	22	0.500
337	A	12	11	1.01	22	0.500
338	A	12	11	1.01	22	0.500
339	A	12	11	1.04	22	0.500
340	A	12	11	1.04	22	0.500
341	A	14	13	1.06	22	0.591

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
342	A	1	1	1.00	24	0.042
343	A	8	7	1.13	19	0.368
344	A	8	7	1.14	19	0.368
345	A	6	5	1.11	17	0.294
346	A	1	1	0.97	19	0.053
347	A	9	8	1.10	19	0.421
348	A	11	10	1.10	19	0.526
349	A	8	7	1.14	21	0.333
350	A	8	7	1.16	21	0.333
351	A	6	5	1.12	19	0.263
352	A	1	1	0.97	21	0.048
353	A	9	8	1.11	21	0.381
354	A	11	10	1.11	21	0.476
355	A	1	1	0.98	19	0.053
356	A	1	1	0.98	21	0.048
357	A	2	2	0.96	19	0.105
358	A	2	2	0.94	17	0.118
359	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
360	A	4	4	1.25	17	0.235
361	A	4	4	1.36	17	0.235
362	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
363	A	1	1	1.00	11	0.091
364	A	2	2	0.81	17	0.118
365	A	6	6	0.87	17	0.353
366	A	7	7	0.93	17	0.412
367	A	6	6	1.17	27	0.222
368	A	6	6	1.28	27	0.222
369	A	3	3	1.00	25	0.120
370	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
371	A	2	2	0.85	27	0.074
372	A	7	7	0.91	27	0.259
373	A	9	9	0.95	27	0.333

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
374	A	7	6	1.20	17	0.353
375	A	7	6	1.22	17	0.353
376	A	6	5	1.16	15	0.333
377	A	5	4	1.17	11	0.364
378	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
379	A	9	8	1.12	17	0.471
380	A	11	10	1.15	17	0.588
381	A	9	8	1.32	28	0.286
382	A	9	8	1.36	28	0.286
383	A	7	6	1.31	26	0.231
384	A	6	5	1.34	20	0.250
385	A	1	1	1.00	28	0.036
386	A	10	9	1.21	28	0.321
387	A	13	12	1.21	28	0.429
388	A	11	10	1.00	19	0.526
389	A	12	11	1.02	19	0.579
390	A	1	1	0.98	21	0.048
391	A	14	13	1.16	15	0.867
392	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
393	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
394	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
395	A	2	2	1.08	17	0.118
396	A	4	4	0.98	17	0.235
397	A	7	7	1.03	17	0.412
398	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
399	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
400	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
401	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
402	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
403	A	3	2	1.33	19	0.105
404	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
405	A	3	2	1.27	17	0.118

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
406	A	4	4	1.00	19	0.211
407	A	3	2	1.32	19	0.105
408	A	4	4	1.00	20	0.200
409	A	3	2	1.04	19	0.105
410	A	5	5	1.09	17	0.294
411	A	5	5	1.18	17	0.294
412	A	3	3	1.00	15	0.200
413	A	2	2	1.26	9	0.222
414	A	6	5	1.00	17	0.294
415	A	2	2	1.27	17	0.118
416	A	2	2	1.49	17	0.118
417	A	4	4	1.08	17	0.235
418	A	4	4	1.12	17	0.235
419	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
420	A	1	1	1.00	9	0.111
421	A	5	4	1.00	17	0.235
422	A	2	2	1.20	17	0.118
423	A	2	2	1.47	17	0.118
424	A	5	5	1.16	18	0.278
425	A	5	5	1.17	18	0.278
426	A	3	3	1.00	16	0.188
427	A	2	2	1.00	10	0.200
428	A	6	5	1.00	18	0.278
429	A	3	2	1.00	18	0.111
430	A	3	2	1.04	18	0.111
431	A	4	4	1.21	17	0.235
432	A	4	4	1.12	17	0.235
433	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
434	A	1	1	1.00	9	0.111
435	A	5	4	1.00	17	0.235
436	A	3	2	0.84	17	0.118
437	A	3	2	0.85	17	0.118

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
438	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
439	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
440	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
441	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
442	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
443	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
444	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
445	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
446	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
447	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
448	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
449	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
450	A	3	2	1.00	20	0.100
451	A	3	2	1.00	20	0.100
452	A	3	2	1.00	20	0.100
453	A	3	2	1.00	20	0.100
454	A	3	3	1.19	20	0.150
455	A	3	3	1.09	20	0.150
456	A	3	3	1.11	20	0.150
457	A	3	3	1.20	20	0.150
458	A	3	3	1.10	19	0.158
459	A	3	3	0.97	19	0.158
460	A	3	3	0.98	19	0.158
461	A	3	3	1.08	19	0.158
462	A	3	2	1.00	17	0.118
463	A	3	2	1.00	17	0.118
464	A	3	2	1.00	17	0.118
465	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
466	A	3	2	1.00	21	0.095
467	A	1	1	1.00	21	0.048
468	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
469	A	4	4	1.02	21	0.190

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
470	A	3	2	1.00	18	0.111
471	A	3	3	1.10	18	0.167
472	A	3	3	1.02	17	0.176
473	A	3	2	1.00	20	0.100
474	A	3	2	1.00	22	0.091
475	A	1	1	1.00	22	0.045
476	A	2	2	0.99	22	0.091
477	A	4	4	1.01	22	0.182

# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

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3.5	$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2x^2}{c + dx} dx$ . . . . .	220
3.6	$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$ . . . . .	225
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3.13	$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx$ . . . . .	263
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3.16	$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$ . . . . .	280
3.17	$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$ . . . . .	286
3.18	$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx$ . . . . .	292
3.19	$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx$ . . . . .	298
3.20	$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx$ . . . . .	304
3.21	$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx$ . . . . .	310
3.22	$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx$ . . . . .	317
3.23	$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx$ . . . . .	323

3.24	$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx$	329
3.25	$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx$	334
3.26	$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx$	341
3.27	$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$	349
3.28	$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx$	356
3.29	$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx$	362
3.30	$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx$	368
3.31	$\int \frac{c + dx}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx$	374
3.32	$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx$	379
3.33	$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a^2 - b^2 x^2)} dx$	384
3.34	$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a^2 - b^2 x^2)} dx$	389
3.35	$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3(a^2 - b^2 x^2)} dx$	395
3.36	$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$	402
3.37	$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$	409
3.38	$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$	416
3.39	$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$	422
3.40	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$	427
3.41	$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$	432
3.42	$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$	439
3.43	$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$	447
3.44	$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$	456
3.45	$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$	463
3.46	$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$	470
3.47	$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$	476
3.48	$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$	482
3.49	$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$	488
3.50	$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$	496
3.51	$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$	505
3.52	$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx$	514
3.53	$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx$	520
3.54	$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx$	526
3.55	$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2) dx$	531
3.56	$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{d + ex} dx$	536
3.57	$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$	541

3.58	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	546
3.59	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	551
3.60	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	556
3.61	$\int (d+ex)^4 (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	561
3.62	$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	567
3.63	$\int (d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	573
3.64	$\int (d+ex) (a+cx^2)^2 dx$	579
3.65	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{d+ex} dx$	584
3.66	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	590
3.67	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	596
3.68	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	602
3.69	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	608
3.70	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	614
3.71	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	620
3.72	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	626
3.73	$\int (d+ex)^6 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	632
3.74	$\int (d+ex)^5 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	642
3.75	$\int (d+ex)^4 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	652
3.76	$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	660
3.77	$\int (d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	667
3.78	$\int (d+ex) (a+cx^2)^3 dx$	673
3.79	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{d+ex} dx$	679
3.80	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	686
3.81	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} dx$	693
3.82	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx$	700
3.83	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx$	707
3.84	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx$	714
3.85	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx$	721
3.86	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^8} dx$	728
3.87	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx$	735
3.88	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$	742
3.89	$\int (d+ex)^7 (a+cx^2)^4 dx$	749

3.90	$\int (d+ex)^6 (a+cx^2)^4 dx$	761
3.91	$\int (d+ex)^5 (a+cx^2)^4 dx$	771
3.92	$\int (d+ex)^4 (a+cx^2)^4 dx$	781
3.93	$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^4 dx$	791
3.94	$\int (d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^4 dx$	799
3.95	$\int (d+ex) (a+cx^2)^4 dx$	805
3.96	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^4}{d+ex} dx$	811
3.97	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^4}{(d+ex)^2} dx$	819
3.98	$\int \frac{2+x^2}{2+x} dx$	828
3.99	$\int \frac{-4+x^2}{2+x} dx$	833
3.100	$\int \frac{-7+4x^2}{3+2x} dx$	838
3.101	$\int \frac{1+x^2}{1+x} dx$	843
3.102	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx$	848
3.103	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx$	854
3.104	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx$	860
3.105	$\int \frac{d+ex}{a+cx^2} dx$	866
3.106	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx$	871
3.107	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx$	877
3.108	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx$	884
3.109	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	893
3.110	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	901
3.111	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	908
3.112	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	915
3.113	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	921
3.114	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	927
3.115	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	934
3.116	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	943
3.117	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	952
3.118	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	960
3.119	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	967
3.120	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	973
3.121	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	979
3.122	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	989
3.123	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$	999

3.124	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$	1008
3.125	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$	1016
3.126	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$	1025
3.127	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$	1033
3.128	$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$	1041
3.129	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^4} dx$	1047
3.130	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^4} dx$	1058
3.131	$\int \frac{1}{(-3+x)(4+x^2)} dx$	1069
3.132	$\int \frac{1}{(2+x)(1+x^2)} dx$	1074
3.133	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+x^2)} dx$	1079
3.134	$\int (-3+x)(-7+4x^2) dx$	1084
3.135	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx$	1089
3.136	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx$	1099
3.137	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx$	1108
3.138	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx$	1116
3.139	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx$	1123
3.140	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx$	1133
3.141	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1143
3.142	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1155
3.143	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1166
3.144	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1176
3.145	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1186
3.146	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1195
3.147	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$	1206
3.148	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1218
3.149	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1229
3.150	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1240
3.151	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1251
3.152	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx$	1261
3.153	$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1-x^2} dx$	1272
3.154	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1-x^2} dx$	1278
3.155	$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a-bx^2} dx$	1285
3.156	$\int (d+ex)^{5/2} (a+cx^2) dx$	1293



3.157	$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx$	1299
3.158	$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx$	1305
3.159	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	1311
3.160	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	1317
3.161	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	1322
3.162	$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	1327
3.163	$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx$	1332
3.164	$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx$	1339
3.165	$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx$	1346
3.166	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	1352
3.167	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	1358
3.168	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	1364
3.169	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	1370
3.170	$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx$	1377
3.171	$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx$	1385
3.172	$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^3 dx$	1393
3.173	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$	1401
3.174	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$	1409
3.175	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$	1417
3.176	$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$	1424
3.177	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a+cx^2} dx$	1431
3.178	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+cx^2} dx$	1445
3.179	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx$	1457
3.180	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx$	1469
3.181	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$	1480
3.182	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$	1494
3.183	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	1508
3.184	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	1522
3.185	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	1536
3.186	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	1549
3.187	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	1561
3.188	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	1573

3.189	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx$	1586
3.190	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	1601
3.191	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	1616
3.192	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	1630
3.193	$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	1646
3.194	$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	1660
3.195	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3} dx$	1673
3.196	$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1+x^2} dx$	1686
3.197	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1+x^2} dx$	1696
3.198	$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a+bx^2} dx$	1705
3.199	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx$	1717
3.200	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx$	1727
3.201	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}}{(1+x^2)^3} dx$	1737
3.202	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{4/3}}{a+bx^2} dx$	1748
3.203	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{2/3}}{a+bx^2} dx$	1757
3.204	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx$	1766
3.205	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(a+bx^2)} dx$	1774
3.206	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{2/3}(a+bx^2)} dx$	1782
3.207	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{4/3}(a+bx^2)} dx$	1789
3.208	$\int (c+dx)^{3/4} (a-bx^2) dx$	1798
3.209	$\int \sqrt[4]{c+dx} (a-bx^2) dx$	1804
3.210	$\int \frac{a-bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} dx$	1810
3.211	$\int \frac{a-bx^2}{(c+dx)^{3/4}} dx$	1816
3.212	$\int \frac{a-bx^2}{(c+dx)^{5/4}} dx$	1822
3.213	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{a-bx^2} dx$	1828
3.214	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}}{a-bx^2} dx$	1836
3.215	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}}{a-bx^2} dx$	1843
3.216	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}}{a-bx^2} dx$	1850
3.217	$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx$	1857
3.218	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx$	1864
3.219	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx$	1871
3.220	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)} dx$	1878

3.221	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(a-bx^2)} dx$	1885
3.222	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(a-bx^2)} dx$	1892
3.223	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{13/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$	1900
3.224	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{11/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$	1909
3.225	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$	1918
3.226	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$	1927
3.227	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$	1934
3.228	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$	1942
3.229	$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$	1949
3.230	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^2} dx$	1956
3.231	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)^2} dx$	1964
3.232	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)^2} dx$	1971
3.233	$\int (c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1981
3.234	$\int (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1990
3.235	$\int (c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	1997
3.236	$\int (c+dx) \sqrt{a+bx^2} dx$	2004
3.237	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+dx} dx$	2010
3.238	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	2017
3.239	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	2025
3.240	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx$	2033
3.241	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx$	2042
3.242	$\int (c+dx)^4 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	2052
3.243	$\int (c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	2062
3.244	$\int (c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	2071
3.245	$\int (c+dx) (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	2079
3.246	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{c+dx} dx$	2085
3.247	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	2094
3.248	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	2102
3.249	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx$	2112
3.250	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx$	2123
3.251	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^6} dx$	2132

3.252	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^7} dx$	2142
3.253	$\int (c+dx)^4 (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	2153
3.254	$\int (c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	2165
3.255	$\int (c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	2175
3.256	$\int (c+dx) (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	2184
3.257	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{c+dx} dx$	2191
3.258	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	2200
3.259	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	2211
3.260	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx$	2223
3.261	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx$	2236
3.262	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^6} dx$	2248
3.263	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^7} dx$	2260
3.264	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^8} dx$	2269
3.265	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^9} dx$	2279
3.266	$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{1+4x} dx$	2291
3.267	$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+4x^2}}{5+4x} dx$	2298
3.268	$\int (2+3x)\sqrt{-5+7x^2} dx$	2305
3.269	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	2311
3.270	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	2319
3.271	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	2326
3.272	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	2332
3.273	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	2337
3.274	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	2343
3.275	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	2349
3.276	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	2357
3.277	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2367
3.278	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2375
3.279	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2381
3.280	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2387
3.281	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2392
3.282	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2399

3.283	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2408
3.284	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2419
3.285	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2431
3.286	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2440
3.287	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2448
3.288	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2453
3.289	$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2458
3.290	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2463
3.291	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2472
3.292	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2483
3.293	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(c^2+d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2495
3.294	$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	2501
3.295	$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$	2506
3.296	$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx$	2511
3.297	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	2516
3.298	$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx$	2521
3.299	$\int \frac{2+3x}{(4+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2526
3.300	$\int (c+dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a-bx^2} dx$	2531
3.301	$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{a-bx^2} dx$	2542
3.302	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	2552
3.303	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	2562
3.304	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$	2571
3.305	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$	2581
3.306	$\int (c+dx)^{3/2} (a-bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	2593
3.307	$\int \sqrt{c+dx} (a-bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	2607
3.308	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	2620
3.309	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	2632
3.310	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$	2644
3.311	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$	2656
3.312	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx$	2668
3.313	$\int \sqrt{c+dx} (a-bx^2)^{5/2} dx$	2682
3.314	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	2698

3.315	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	2714
3.316	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$	2729
3.317	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$	2743
3.318	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx$	2758
3.319	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{11/2}} dx$	2773
3.320	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	2789
3.321	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	2800
3.322	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	2810
3.323	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	2819
3.324	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	2825
3.325	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	2831
3.326	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	2838
3.327	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	2848
3.328	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2860
3.329	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2872
3.330	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2883
3.331	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2893
3.332	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2902
3.333	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2911
3.334	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	2923
3.335	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2936
3.336	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2948
3.337	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2959
3.338	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2970
3.339	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2981
3.340	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	2991
3.341	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$	3002
3.342	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3 \sqrt{d^2+3e^2x^2}} dx$	3016
3.343	$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$	3021
3.344	$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$	3030

3.345	$\int \frac{2+3x}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$	3039
3.346	$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$	3046
3.347	$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^2\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$	3051
3.348	$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^3\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$	3060
3.349	$\int \frac{(2+3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$	3069
3.350	$\int \frac{(2+3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$	3078
3.351	$\int \frac{2+3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$	3087
3.352	$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$	3094
3.353	$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^2\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$	3099
3.354	$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^3\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$	3108
3.355	$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx$	3118
3.356	$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}-x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx$	3124
3.357	$\int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx$	3130
3.358	$\int \frac{1}{(3+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx$	3136
3.359	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}} dx$	3142
3.360	$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$	3148
3.361	$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$	3154
3.362	$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$	3159
3.363	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$	3164
3.364	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$	3169
3.365	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$	3175
3.366	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$	3182
3.367	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3189
3.368	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3196
3.369	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3202
3.370	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3208
3.371	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3213
3.372	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3218

3.373	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3225
3.374	$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}} dx$	3233
3.375	$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}} dx$	3241
3.376	$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}} dx$	3248
3.377	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}} dx$	3255
3.378	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x) \sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}} dx$	3261
3.379	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}} dx$	3266
3.380	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}} dx$	3273
3.381	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3281
3.382	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3290
3.383	$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3298
3.384	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3305
3.385	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3311
3.386	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3316
3.387	$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$	3325
3.388	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx) \sqrt[4]{c + dx^2}} dx$	3335
3.389	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(c+dx^2)^{3/4}} dx$	3343
3.390	$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a + cx^2}} dx$	3351
3.391	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x) \sqrt[6]{1 + x^2}} dx$	3357
3.392	$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^3 dx$	3366
3.393	$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx$	3376
3.394	$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2) dx$	3385
3.395	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+bx^2} dx$	3391
3.396	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx$	3396
3.397	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx$	3402
3.398	$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$	3410
3.399	$\int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$	3415
3.400	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$	3420
3.401	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$	3425
3.402	$\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx$	3430



3.403	$\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8+2x^2}} dx$	3435
3.404	$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$	3440
3.405	$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx$	3445
3.406	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx$	3450
3.407	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{8+2x^2}} dx$	3456
3.408	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{4-bx^2}} dx$	3461
3.409	$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{4+bx^2}} dx$	3467
3.410	$\int (c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^p dx$	3472
3.411	$\int (c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^p dx$	3480
3.412	$\int (c+dx) (a+bx^2)^p dx$	3487
3.413	$\int (a+bx^2)^p dx$	3493
3.414	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{c+dx} dx$	3498
3.415	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	3504
3.416	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	3510
3.417	$\int (c+dx)^3 (2+3x^2)^p dx$	3516
3.418	$\int (c+dx)^2 (2+3x^2)^p dx$	3523
3.419	$\int (c+dx) (2+3x^2)^p dx$	3529
3.420	$\int (2+3x^2)^p dx$	3534
3.421	$\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{c+dx} dx$	3539
3.422	$\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	3545
3.423	$\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	3551
3.424	$\int (c+dx)^3 (a-bx^2)^p dx$	3557
3.425	$\int (c+dx)^2 (a-bx^2)^p dx$	3564
3.426	$\int (c+dx) (a-bx^2)^p dx$	3571
3.427	$\int (a-bx^2)^p dx$	3577
3.428	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{c+dx} dx$	3582
3.429	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	3588
3.430	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	3594
3.431	$\int (c+dx)^3 (2-3x^2)^p dx$	3599
3.432	$\int (c+dx)^2 (2-3x^2)^p dx$	3606
3.433	$\int (c+dx) (2-3x^2)^p dx$	3612
3.434	$\int (2-3x^2)^p dx$	3617
3.435	$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{c+dx} dx$	3622
3.436	$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx$	3628
3.437	$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx$	3634

3.438	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx$	3639
3.439	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} (a + bx^2)^p dx$	3645
3.440	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	3651
3.441	$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	3656
3.442	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + bx^2)^p dx$	3661
3.443	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} (2 + bx^2)^p dx$	3667
3.444	$\int \frac{(2+bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	3673
3.445	$\int \frac{(2+bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	3678
3.446	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$	3683
3.447	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$	3689
3.448	$\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	3695
3.449	$\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	3700
3.450	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx$	3705
3.451	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} (a - bx^2)^p dx$	3711
3.452	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	3717
3.453	$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	3722
3.454	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - bx^2)^p dx$	3727
3.455	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} (2 - bx^2)^p dx$	3733
3.456	$\int \frac{(2-bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	3739
3.457	$\int \frac{(2-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	3744
3.458	$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$	3749
3.459	$\int \sqrt{c + dx} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$	3755
3.460	$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	3761
3.461	$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$	3766
3.462	$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx$	3771
3.463	$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + bx^2)^p dx$	3777
3.464	$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$	3783
3.465	$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$	3789
3.466	$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$	3794
3.467	$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$	3799
3.468	$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$	3804
3.469	$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$	3809
3.470	$\int (c + dx)^m (a - bx^2)^p dx$	3815
3.471	$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - bx^2)^p dx$	3821
3.472	$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$	3827

---

3.473	$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$	3833
3.474	$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$	3838
3.475	$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$	3843
3.476	$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$	3848
3.477	$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$	3853

### 3.1 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx$

Optimal result	199
Mathematica [A] (verified)	199
Rubi [A] (verified)	200
Maple [A] (verified)	201
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	201
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	202
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	202
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	203
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	203
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	204

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)(bc + ad)(c + dx)^4}{4d^3} + \frac{2b^2 c(c + dx)^5}{5d^3} - \frac{b^2(c + dx)^6}{6d^3}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^4/d^3+2/5*b^2*c*(d*x+c)^5/d^3-1/6*b^2*(d*x+c)^6/d^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = \frac{1}{4} a^2 x (4c^3 + 6c^2 dx + 4cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3) - \frac{1}{60} b^2 x^3 (20c^3 + 45c^2 dx + 36cd^2 x^2 + 10d^3 x^3)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(a^2*x*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3))/4 - (b^2*x^3*(20*c^3 + 45*c^2*d*x + 36*c*d^2*x^2 + 10*d^3*x^3))/60
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2) (c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(c + dx)^3 (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)}{d^2} - \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^5}{d^2} + \frac{2b^2 c (c + dx)^4}{d^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{(c + dx)^4 (bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{4d^3} - \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^6}{6d^3} + \frac{2b^2 c (c + dx)^5}{5d^3}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x]`

output `-1/4*((b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d)*(c + d*x)^4)/d^3 + (2*b^2*c*(c + d*x)^5)/(5*d^3) - (b^2*(c + d*x)^6)/(6*d^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
norman	$-\frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{6} - \frac{3b^2 c d^2 x^5}{5} + \left(\frac{1}{4} a^2 d^3 - \frac{3}{4} b^2 c^2 d\right) x^4 + \left(a^2 c d^2 - \frac{1}{3} c^3 b^2\right) x^3 + \frac{3a^2 c^2 d x^2}{2} + a^2 c^3 x$
default	$-\frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{6} - \frac{3b^2 c d^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{(a^2 d^3 - 3b^2 c^2 d) x^4}{4} + \frac{(3a^2 c d^2 - c^3 b^2) x^3}{3} + \frac{3a^2 c^2 d x^2}{2} + a^2 c^3 x$
risch	$-\frac{1}{6} b^2 d^3 x^6 - \frac{3}{5} b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^2 d^3 - \frac{3}{4} x^4 b^2 c^2 d + x^3 a^2 c d^2 - \frac{1}{3} x^3 c^3 b^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 d x^2 + a^2 c^3 x$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{6} b^2 d^3 x^6 - \frac{3}{5} b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^2 d^3 - \frac{3}{4} x^4 b^2 c^2 d + x^3 a^2 c d^2 - \frac{1}{3} x^3 c^3 b^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 d x^2 + a^2 c^3 x$
gosper	$\frac{x(-10b^2 d^3 x^5 - 36b^2 c d^2 x^4 + 15x^3 a^2 d^3 - 45x^3 b^2 c^2 d + 60x^2 a^2 c d^2 - 20x^2 c^3 b^2 + 90a^2 c^2 d x + 60a^2 c^3)}{60}$
orering	$\frac{x(-10b^2 d^3 x^5 - 36b^2 c d^2 x^4 + 15x^3 a^2 d^3 - 45x^3 b^2 c^2 d + 60x^2 a^2 c d^2 - 20x^2 c^3 b^2 + 90a^2 c^2 d x + 60a^2 c^3)(-b^2 x^2 + a^2)}{60(bx+a)(-bx+a)}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/6*b^2*d^3*x^6-3/5*b^2*c*d^2*x^5+(1/4*a^2*d^3-3/4*b^2*c^2*d)*x^4+(a^2*c*d^2-1/3*c^3*b^2)*x^3+3/2*a^2*c^2*d*x^2+a^2*c^3*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{6} b^2 d^3 x^6 - \frac{3}{5} b^2 c d^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 d x^2 + a^2 c^3 x - \frac{1}{4} (3b^2 c^2 d - a^2 d^3) x^4 - \frac{1}{3} (b^2 c^3 - 3a^2 c d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/6*b^2*d^3*x^6 - 3/5*b^2*c*d^2*x^5 + 3/2*a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c^3*x - 1/4*(3*b^2*c^2*d - a^2*d^3)*x^4 - 1/3*(b^2*c^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2)*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = a^2 c^3 x + \frac{3a^2 c^2 dx^2}{2} - \frac{3b^2 cd^2 x^5}{5} - \frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{6} \\ + x^4 \left( \frac{a^2 d^3}{4} - \frac{3b^2 c^2 d}{4} \right) + x^3 \left( a^2 cd^2 - \frac{b^2 c^3}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(-b**2*x**2+a**2),x)`output `a**2*c**3*x + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2/2 - 3*b**2*c*d**2*x**5/5 - b**2*d**3*x**6/6 + x**4*(a**2*d**3/4 - 3*b**2*c**2*d/4) + x**3*(a**2*c*d**2 - b**2*c**3/3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{6} b^2 d^3 x^6 - \frac{3}{5} b^2 cd^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 dx^2 + a^2 c^3 x \\ - \frac{1}{4} (3b^2 c^2 d - a^2 d^3) x^4 - \frac{1}{3} (b^2 c^3 - 3a^2 cd^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*b^2*d^3*x^6 - 3/5*b^2*c*d^2*x^5 + 3/2*a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c^3*x - 1/4*(3*b^2*c^2*d - a^2*d^3)*x^4 - 1/3*(b^2*c^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2)*x^3`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{6} b^2 d^3 x^6 - \frac{3}{5} b^2 c d^2 x^5 - \frac{3}{4} b^2 c^2 d x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^2 d^3 x^4 - \frac{1}{3} b^2 c^3 x^3 + a^2 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c^2 d x^2 + a^2 c^3 x$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*b^2*d^3*x^6 - 3/5*b^2*c*d^2*x^5 - 3/4*b^2*c^2*d*x^4 + 1/4*a^2*d^3*x^4 - 1/3*b^2*c^3*x^3 + a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c^3*x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = x^4 \left( \frac{a^2 d^3}{4} - \frac{3 b^2 c^2 d}{4} \right) - x^3 \left( \frac{b^2 c^3}{3} - a^2 c d^2 \right) + a^2 c^3 x - \frac{b^2 d^3 x^6}{6} + \frac{3 a^2 c^2 d x^2}{2} - \frac{3 b^2 c d^2 x^5}{5}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)*(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `x^4*((a^2*d^3)/4 - (3*b^2*c^2*d)/4) - x^3*((b^2*c^3)/3 - a^2*c*d^2) + a^2*c^3*x - (b^2*d^3*x^6)/6 + (3*a^2*c^2*d*x^2)/2 - (3*b^2*c*d^2*x^5)/5`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(-10b^2 d^3 x^5 - 36b^2 c d^2 x^4 + 15a^2 d^3 x^3 - 45b^2 c^2 d x^3 + 60a^2 c d^2 x^2 - 20b^2 c^3 x^2 + 90a^2 c^2 dx + 60a^2 c^3)}{60}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)`output `(x*(60*a**2*c**3 + 90*a**2*c**2*d*x + 60*a**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 15*a**2*d**3*x**3 - 20*b**2*c**3*x**2 - 45*b**2*c**2*d*x**3 - 36*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 - 10*b**2*d**3*x**5))/60`

### 3.2 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx$

Optimal result	205
Mathematica [A] (verified)	205
Rubi [A] (verified)	206
Maple [A] (verified)	207
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	207
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	208
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	208
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	208
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	209
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	209

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)(bc + ad)(c + dx)^3}{3d^3} + \frac{b^2 c (c + dx)^4}{2d^3} - \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^5}{5d^3}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^3/d^3+1/2*b^2*c*(d*x+c)^4/d^3-1/5*b^2*(d*x+c)^5/d^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{30} b^2 x^3 (10c^2 + 15cdx + 6d^2 x^2) + a^2 \left( c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x]
```

output

```
-1/30*(b^2*x^3*(10*c^2 + 15*c*d*x + 6*d^2*x^2)) + a^2*(c^2*x + c*d*x^2 + (d^2*x^3)/3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2) (c + dx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(c + dx)^2 (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)}{d^2} - \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^4}{d^2} + \frac{2b^2 c (c + dx)^3}{d^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{(c + dx)^3 (bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{3d^3} - \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^5}{5d^3} + \frac{b^2 c (c + dx)^4}{2d^3}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x]`

output `-1/3*((b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d)*(c + d*x)^3)/d^3 + (b^2*c*(c + d*x)^4)/(2*d^3) - (b^2*(c + d*x)^5)/(5*d^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{b^2 d^2 x^5}{5} - \frac{b^2 c d x^4}{2} + \frac{(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) x^3}{3} + a^2 c d x^2 + a^2 c^2 x$	61
norman	$-\frac{b^2 d^2 x^5}{5} - \frac{b^2 c d x^4}{2} + \left(\frac{a^2 d^2}{3} - \frac{b^2 c^2}{3}\right) x^3 + a^2 c d x^2 + a^2 c^2 x$	61
risch	$-\frac{1}{5} b^2 d^2 x^5 - \frac{1}{2} b^2 c d x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 a^2 d^2 - \frac{1}{3} x^3 b^2 c^2 + a^2 c d x^2 + a^2 c^2 x$	62
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{5} b^2 d^2 x^5 - \frac{1}{2} b^2 c d x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 a^2 d^2 - \frac{1}{3} x^3 b^2 c^2 + a^2 c d x^2 + a^2 c^2 x$	62
gospers	$\frac{x(-6b^2 d^2 x^4 - 15b^2 c d x^3 + 10x^2 a^2 d^2 - 10b^2 c^2 x^2 + 30a^2 c d x + 30a^2 c^2)}{30}$	64
orering	$\frac{x(-6b^2 d^2 x^4 - 15b^2 c d x^3 + 10x^2 a^2 d^2 - 10b^2 c^2 x^2 + 30a^2 c d x + 30a^2 c^2)(-b^2 x^2 + a^2)}{30(bx+a)(-bx+a)}$	91

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-1/5*b^2*d^2*x^5 - 1/2*b^2*c*d*x^4 + 1/3*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)*x^3 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + a^2*c^2*x$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (c+dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{5} b^2 d^2 x^5 - \frac{1}{2} b^2 c d x^4 + a^2 c d x^2 + a^2 c^2 x - \frac{1}{3} (b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/5*b^2*d^2*x^5 - 1/2*b^2*c*d*x^4 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + a^2*c^2*x - 1/3*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*x^3$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = a^2 c^2 x + a^2 c dx^2 - \frac{b^2 c dx^4}{2} - \frac{b^2 d^2 x^5}{5} + x^3 \left( \frac{a^2 d^2}{3} - \frac{b^2 c^2}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(-b**2*x**2+a**2),x)`output `a**2*c**2*x + a**2*c*d*x**2 - b**2*c*d*x**4/2 - b**2*d**2*x**5/5 + x**3*(a**2*d**2/3 - b**2*c**2/3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{5} b^2 d^2 x^5 - \frac{1}{2} b^2 c dx^4 + a^2 c dx^2 + a^2 c^2 x - \frac{1}{3} (b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/5*b^2*d^2*x^5 - 1/2*b^2*c*d*x^4 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + a^2*c^2*x - 1/3*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{5} b^2 d^2 x^5 - \frac{1}{2} b^2 c dx^4 - \frac{1}{3} b^2 c^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^2 x^3 + a^2 c dx^2 + a^2 c^2 x$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/5*b^2*d^2*x^5 - 1/2*b^2*c*d*x^4 - 1/3*b^2*c^2*x^3 + 1/3*a^2*d^2*x^3 + a^2*c*d*x^2 + a^2*c^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (c+dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2x^2) dx = x^3 \left( \frac{a^2 d^2}{3} - \frac{b^2 c^2}{3} \right) + a^2 c^2 x - \frac{b^2 d^2 x^5}{5} + a^2 c d x^2 - \frac{b^2 c d x^4}{2}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)*(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((a^2*d^2)/3 - (b^2*c^2)/3) + a^2*c^2*x - (b^2*d^2*x^5)/5 + a^2*c*d*x^2 - (b^2*c*d*x^4)/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (c+dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2x^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(-6b^2d^2x^4 - 15b^2cdx^3 + 10a^2d^2x^2 - 10b^2c^2x^2 + 30a^2cdx + 30a^2c^2)}{30}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)`output `(x*(30*a**2*c**2 + 30*a**2*c*d*x + 10*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 10*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 15*b**2*c*d*x**3 - 6*b**2*d**2*x**4))/30`

### 3.3 $\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	210
Mathematica [A] (verified)	210
Rubi [A] (verified)	211
Maple [A] (verified)	212
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	212
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	213
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	213
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	213
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	214
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	214

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2) dx = a^2cx - \frac{1}{3}b^2cx^3 - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{4b^2}$$

output

```
a^2*c*x-1/3*b^2*c*x^3-1/4*d*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/b^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2) dx = a^2cx + \frac{1}{2}a^2dx^2 - \frac{1}{3}b^2cx^3 - \frac{1}{4}b^2dx^4$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x]
```

output

```
a^2*c*x + (a^2*d*x^2)/2 - (b^2*c*x^3)/3 - (b^2*d*x^4)/4
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {455, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2) (c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$c \int (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{4b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$c \left( a^2 x - \frac{b^2 x^3}{3} \right) - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{4b^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x]`

output `-1/4*(d*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2)/b^2 + c*(a^2*x - (b^2*x^3)/3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{1}{4}b^2dx^4 - \frac{1}{3}b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2dx^2 + a^2cx$	35
norman	$-\frac{1}{4}b^2dx^4 - \frac{1}{3}b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2dx^2 + a^2cx$	35
risch	$-\frac{1}{4}b^2dx^4 - \frac{1}{3}b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2dx^2 + a^2cx$	35
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{4}b^2dx^4 - \frac{1}{3}b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2dx^2 + a^2cx$	35
gospers	$\frac{x(-3b^2dx^3 - 4b^2cx^2 + 6a^2dx + 12a^2c)}{12}$	36
orering	$\frac{x(-3b^2dx^3 - 4b^2cx^2 + 6a^2dx + 12a^2c)(-b^2x^2 + a^2)}{12(bx+a)(-bx+a)}$	63

input `int((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/4*b^2*d*x^4-1/3*b^2*c*x^3+1/2*a^2*d*x^2+a^2*c*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (c + dx)(a^2 - b^2x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{4}b^2dx^4 - \frac{1}{3}b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2dx^2 + a^2cx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/4*b^2*d*x^4 - 1/3*b^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = a^2 cx + \frac{a^2 dx^2}{2} - \frac{b^2 cx^3}{3} - \frac{b^2 dx^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-b**2*x**2+a**2),x)`output `a**2*c*x + a**2*d*x**2/2 - b**2*c*x**3/3 - b**2*d*x**4/4`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{4} b^2 dx^4 - \frac{1}{3} b^2 cx^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 dx^2 + a^2 cx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*b^2*d*x^4 - 1/3*b^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{4} b^2 dx^4 - \frac{1}{3} b^2 cx^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 dx^2 + a^2 cx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/4*b^2*d*x^4 - 1/3*b^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = \frac{d a^2 x^2}{2} + c a^2 x - \frac{d b^2 x^4}{4} - \frac{c b^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)*(c + d*x),x)`output `(a^2*d*x^2)/2 - (b^2*c*x^3)/3 - (b^2*d*x^4)/4 + a^2*c*x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = \frac{x(-3b^2 d x^3 - 4b^2 c x^2 + 6a^2 d x + 12a^2 c)}{12}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)`output `(x*(12*a**2*c + 6*a**2*d*x - 4*b**2*c*x**2 - 3*b**2*d*x**3))/12`

### 3.4 $\int (a^2 - b^2x^2) dx$

Optimal result	215
Mathematica [A] (verified)	215
Rubi [A] (verified)	216
Maple [A] (verified)	217
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	217
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	219
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	219

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2) dx = a^2x - \frac{b^2x^3}{3}$$

output

```
a^2*x-1/3*b^2*x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2) dx = a^2x - \frac{b^2x^3}{3}$$

input

```
Integrate[a^2 - b^2*x^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*x - (b^2*x^3)/3
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$a^2 x - \frac{b^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `Int[a^2 - b^2*x^2,x]`

output `a^2*x - (b^2*x^3)/3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$a^2x - \frac{1}{3}b^2x^3$	15
norman	$a^2x - \frac{1}{3}b^2x^3$	15
risch	$a^2x - \frac{1}{3}b^2x^3$	15
parallelrisc	$a^2x - \frac{1}{3}b^2x^3$	15
parts	$a^2x - \frac{1}{3}b^2x^3$	15
gospers	$\frac{x(-b^2x^2+3a^2)}{3}$	18
orering	$\frac{x(-b^2x^2+3a^2)(-b^2x^2+a^2)}{3(bx+a)(-bx+a)}$	45

input `int(-b^2*x^2+a^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^2*x-1/3*b^2*x^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{3}b^2x^3 + a^2x$$

input `integrate(-b^2*x^2+a^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*b^2*x^3 + a^2*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = a^2 x - \frac{b^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate(-b**2*x**2+a**2,x)`

output `a**2*x - b**2*x**3/3`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{3} b^2 x^3 + a^2 x$$

input `integrate(-b^2*x^2+a^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*b^2*x^3 + a^2*x`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = -\frac{1}{3} b^2 x^3 + a^2 x$$

input `integrate(-b^2*x^2+a^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*b^2*x^3 + a^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = a^2 x - \frac{b^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `int(a^2 - b^2*x^2,x)`

output `a^2*x - (b^2*x^3)/3`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2) dx = \frac{x(-b^2 x^2 + 3a^2)}{3}$$

input `int(-b^2*x^2+a^2,x)`

output `(x*(3*a**2 - b**2*x**2))/3`



### 3.5 $\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{c + dx} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	220
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	220
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	221
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	222
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	222
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	222
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	223
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	223
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	224
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	224

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{b^2 cx}{d^2} - \frac{b^2 x^2}{2d} - \frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) \log(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

output

```
b^2*c*x/d^2-1/2*b^2*x^2/d-(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*ln(d*x+c)/d^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{b^2 dx(2c - dx) + (-2b^2 c^2 + 2a^2 d^2) \log(c + dx)}{2d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x),x]
```

output

```
(b^2*d*x*(2*c - d*x) + (-2*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*d^2)*Log[c + d*x])/(2*d^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2}{d^2(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2 c}{d^2} - \frac{b^2 x}{d} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{(bc - ad)(ad + bc) \log(c + dx)}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 cx}{d^2} - \frac{b^2 x^2}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(b^2*c*x)/d^2 - (b^2*x^2)/(2*d) - ((b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d)*Log[c + d*x])/d^3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
default	$\frac{b^2(-\frac{1}{2}dx^2+cx)}{d^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)\ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	45
norman	$\frac{b^2cx}{d^2} - \frac{b^2x^2}{2d} + \frac{(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)\ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	48
risch	$\frac{b^2cx}{d^2} - \frac{b^2x^2}{2d} + \frac{\ln(dx+c)a^2}{d} - \frac{\ln(dx+c)b^2c^2}{d^3}$	52
parallelrisc	$\frac{-x^2b^2d^2+2\ln(dx+c)a^2d^2-2\ln(dx+c)b^2c^2+2b^2cxd}{2d^3}$	54

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2/d^2*(-1/2*d*x^2+c*x)+(a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)/d^3*ln(d*x+c)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2x^2}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{b^2d^2x^2 - 2b^2cdx + 2(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)\log(dx + c)}{2d^3}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*b^2*c*d*x + 2*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*log(d*x + c))/d^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2x^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{b^2cx}{d^2} - \frac{b^2x^2}{2d} + \frac{(ad - bc)(ad + bc)\log(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)/(d*x+c),x)`

output  $b^{**2}c*x/d^{**2} - b^{**2}*x^{**2}/(2*d) + (a*d - b*c)*(a*d + b*c)*\log(c + d*x)/d^{**3}$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{b^2 dx^2 - 2 b^2 cx}{2 d^2} - \frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) \log(dx + c)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-1/2*(b^2*d*x^2 - 2*b^2*c*x)/d^2 - (b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*\log(d*x + c)/d^3$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{b^2 dx^2 - 2 b^2 cx}{2 d^2} - \frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) \log(|dx + c|)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-1/2*(b^2*d*x^2 - 2*b^2*c*x)/d^2 - (b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*\log(\text{abs}(d*x + c))/d^3$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\ln(c + dx) (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 x^2}{2d} + \frac{b^2 c x}{d^2}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x),x)`output `(log(c + d*x)*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2))/d^3 - (b^2*x^2)/(2*d) + (b^2*c*x)/d^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{2 \log(dx + c) a^2 d^2 - 2 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^2 + 2 b^2 c dx - b^2 d^2 x^2}{2 d^3}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c),x)`output `(2*log(c + d*x)*a**2*d**2 - 2*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**2 + 2*b**2*c*d*x - b**2*d**2*x**2)/(2*d**3)`

### 3.6 $\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	225
Mathematica [A] (verified)	225
Rubi [A] (verified)	226
Maple [A] (verified)	227
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	227
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	228
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	228
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	228
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	229
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	229

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2 x}{d^2} + \frac{(bc - ad)(bc + ad)}{d^3(c + dx)} + \frac{2b^2 c \log(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

output `-b^2*x/d^2+(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)/d^3/(d*x+c)+2*b^2*c*ln(d*x+c)/d^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{-b^2 dx + \frac{b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2}{c + dx} + 2b^2 c \log(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `(-(b^2*d*x) + (b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)/(c + d*x) + 2*b^2*c*Log[c + d*x])/d^3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2}{d^2 (c + dx)^2} + \frac{2b^2 c}{d^2 (c + dx)} - \frac{b^2}{d^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{d^3 (c + dx)} + \frac{2b^2 c \log(c + dx)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 x}{d^2}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-((b^2*x)/d^2) + ((b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d))/(d^3*(c + d*x)) + (2*b^2*c*Log[c + d*x])/d^3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{b^2x}{d^2} - \frac{a^2d^2 - b^2c^2}{d^3(dx+c)} + \frac{2b^2c \ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	54
norman	$\frac{-\frac{a^2d^2 - 2b^2c^2}{d^3} - \frac{b^2x^2}{d}}{dx+c} + \frac{2b^2c \ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	58
risch	$-\frac{b^2x}{d^2} - \frac{a^2}{d(dx+c)} + \frac{b^2c^2}{d^3(dx+c)} + \frac{2b^2c \ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	58
parallelrisch	$\frac{2 \ln(dx+c)x b^2cd - x^2 b^2d^2 + 2 \ln(dx+c)b^2c^2 - a^2d^2 + 2b^2c^2}{d^3(dx+c)}$	68

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-b^2*x/d^2-(a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)/d^3/(d*x+c)+2*b^2*c*ln(d*x+c)/d^3`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2d^2x^2 + b^2cdx - b^2c^2 + a^2d^2 - 2(b^2cdx + b^2c^2) \log(dx + c)}{d^4x + cd^3}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b^2*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c*d*x - b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2 - 2*(b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*log(d*x + c))/(d^4*x + c*d^3)`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{2b^2 c \log(c + dx)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 x}{d^2} - \frac{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2}{cd^3 + d^4 x}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)/(d*x+c)**2,x)`output `2*b**2*c*log(c + d*x)/d**3 - b**2*x/d**2 - (a**2*d**2 - b**2*c**2)/(c*d**3 + d**4*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2 x}{d^2} + \frac{2b^2 c \log(dx + c)}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2}{d^4 x + cd^3}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b^2*x/d^2 + 2*b^2*c*log(d*x + c)/d^3 + (b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)/(d^4*x + c*d^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -b^2 \left( \frac{2c \log\left(\frac{|dx+c|}{(dx+c)^2|d|}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{dx + c}{d^3} - \frac{c^2}{(dx + c)d^3} \right) - \frac{a^2}{(dx + c)d}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-b^2*(2*c*\log(\text{abs}(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)^2*\text{abs}(d)))/d^3 + (d*x + c)/d^3 - c^2/((d*x + c)*d^3) - a^2/((d*x + c)*d)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{2b^2 c \ln(c + dx)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 x}{d^2} - \frac{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2}{d(xd^3 + cd^2)}$$

input 
$$\text{int}((a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^2, x)$$

output 
$$(2*b^2*c*\log(c + d*x))/d^3 - (b^2*x)/d^2 - (a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)/(d*(c*d^2 + d^3*x))$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^3 + 2 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^2 dx + a^2 d^3 x - 2 b^2 c^2 dx - b^2 c d^2 x^2}{c d^3 (dx + c)}$$

input 
$$\text{int}((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^2, x)$$

output 
$$(2*\log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**3 + 2*\log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**2*d*x + a**2*d**3*x - 2*b**2*c**2*d*x - b**2*c*d**2*x**2)/(c*d**3*(c + d*x))$$

### 3.7 $\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	230
Mathematica [A] (verified)	230
Rubi [A] (verified)	231
Maple [A] (verified)	232
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	232
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	233
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	233
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	233
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	234
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	234

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{(bc - ad)(bc + ad)}{2d^3(c + dx)^2} - \frac{2b^2 c}{d^3(c + dx)} - \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

output  $\frac{1}{2}*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)/d^3/(d*x+c)^2-2*b^2*c/d^3/(d*x+c)-b^2*\ln(d*x+c)/d^3$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{a^2 d^2 + b^2 c(3c + 4dx) + 2b^2(c + dx)^2 \log(c + dx)}{2d^3(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output  $-1/2*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c*(3*c + 4*d*x) + 2*b^2*(c + d*x)^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/(d^3*(c + d*x)^2)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2}{d^2 (c + dx)^3} - \frac{b^2}{d^2 (c + dx)} + \frac{2b^2 c}{d^2 (c + dx)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{2d^3 (c + dx)^2} - \frac{2b^2 c}{d^3 (c + dx)} - \frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d))/(2*d^3*(c + d*x)^2) - (2*b^2*c)/(d^3*(c + d*x)) - (b^2*Log[c + d*x])/d^3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{-\frac{a^2 d^2 + 3b^2 c^2}{2d^3} - \frac{2b^2 cx}{d^2}}{(dx+c)^2} - \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	56
risch	$\frac{-\frac{a^2 d^2 + 3b^2 c^2}{2d^3} - \frac{2b^2 cx}{d^2}}{(dx+c)^2} - \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	56
default	$-\frac{2b^2 c}{d^3(dx+c)} - \frac{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2}{2d^3(dx+c)^2} - \frac{b^2 \ln(dx+c)}{d^3}$	60
parallelrisc	$-\frac{2 \ln(dx+c)x^2 b^2 d^2 + 4 \ln(dx+c)x b^2 cd + 2 \ln(dx+c)b^2 c^2 + 4b^2 cxd + a^2 d^2 + 3b^2 c^2}{2d^3(dx+c)^2}$	82

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $(-1/2*(a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)/d^3-2*b^2*c*x/d^2)/(d*x+c)^2-b^2*\ln(d*x+c)/d^3$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{4b^2 cdx + 3b^2 c^2 + a^2 d^2 + 2(b^2 d^2 x^2 + 2b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2) \log(dx + c)}{2(d^5 x^2 + 2cd^4 x + c^2 d^3)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/2*(4*b^2*c*d*x + 3*b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + 2*(b^2*d^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2)*\log(d*x + c))/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3)$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{b^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^3} - \frac{a^2 d^2 + 3b^2 c^2 + 4b^2 c dx}{2c^2 d^3 + 4cd^4 x + 2d^5 x^2}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)/(d*x+c)**3,x)`output `-b**2*log(c + d*x)/d**3 - (a**2*d**2 + 3*b**2*c**2 + 4*b**2*c*d*x)/(2*c**2*d**3 + 4*c*d**4*x + 2*d**5*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{4b^2 c dx + 3b^2 c^2 + a^2 d^2}{2(d^5 x^2 + 2cd^4 x + c^2 d^3)} - \frac{b^2 \log(dx + c)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(4*b^2*c*d*x + 3*b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2)/(d^5*x^2 + 2*c*d^4*x + c^2*d^3) - b^2*log(d*x + c)/d^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{b^2 \log(|dx + c|)}{d^3} - \frac{4b^2 cx + \frac{3b^2 c^2 + a^2 d^2}{d}}{2(dx + c)^2 d^2}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-b^2*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^3 - 1/2*(4*b^2*c*x + (3*b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2)/d)/((d*x + c)^2*d^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^2 d^2 + 3b^2 c^2}{2d^3} + \frac{2b^2 cx}{d^2}}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2 x^2} - \frac{b^2 \ln(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `- ((a^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*c^2)/(2*d^3) + (2*b^2*c*x)/d^2)/(c^2 + d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x) - (b^2*log(c + d*x))/d^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{-2 \log(dx + c) b^2 c^2 - 4 \log(dx + c) b^2 c dx - 2 \log(dx + c) b^2 d^2 x^2 - a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2 + 2 b^2 d^2 x^2}{2 d^3 (d^2 x^2 + 2 c dx + c^2)}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^3,x)`output `( - 2*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**2 - 4*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c*d*x - 2*log(c + d*x)*b**2*d**2*x**2 - a**2*d**2 - b**2*c**2 + 2*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(2*d**3*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))`

### 3.8 $\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$

Optimal result	235
Mathematica [A] (verified)	235
Rubi [A] (verified)	236
Maple [A] (verified)	237
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	237
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	239
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	239

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{(bc - ad)(bc + ad)}{3d^3(c + dx)^3} - \frac{b^2 c}{d^3(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^2}{d^3(c + dx)}$$

output  $1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)/d^3/(d*x+c)^3-b^2*c/d^3/(d*x+c)^2+b^2/d^3/(d*x+c)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{-a^2 d^2 + b^2 (c^2 + 3cdx + 3d^2 x^2)}{3d^3 (c + dx)^3}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^4, x]$

output  $(-a^2*d^2 + b^2*(c^2 + 3*c*d*x + 3*d^2*x^2))/(3*d^3*(c + d*x)^3)$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2}{d^2 (c + dx)^4} - \frac{b^2}{d^2 (c + dx)^2} + \frac{2b^2 c}{d^2 (c + dx)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{3d^3 (c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{d^3 (c + dx)} - \frac{b^2 c}{d^3 (c + dx)^2}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^4,x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d))/(3*d^3*(c + d*x)^3) - (b^2*c)/(d^3*(c + d*x)^2) + b^2/(d^3*(c + d*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{-3x^2b^2d^2-3b^2cxd+a^2d^2-b^2c^2}{3d^3(dx+c)^3}$	48
parallelrisch	$\frac{3x^2b^2d^2+3b^2cxd-a^2d^2+b^2c^2}{3d^3(dx+c)^3}$	48
norman	$\frac{\frac{b^2x^2}{d} + \frac{b^2cx}{d^2} - \frac{a^2d^2-b^2c^2}{3d^3}}{(dx+c)^3}$	50
risch	$\frac{\frac{b^2x^2}{d} + \frac{b^2cx}{d^2} - \frac{a^2d^2-b^2c^2}{3d^3}}{(dx+c)^3}$	50
default	$\frac{b^2}{d^3(dx+c)} - \frac{b^2c}{d^3(dx+c)^2} - \frac{a^2d^2-b^2c^2}{3d^3(dx+c)^3}$	60
orering	$-\frac{(-3x^2b^2d^2-3b^2cxd+a^2d^2-b^2c^2)(-b^2x^2+a^2)}{3d^3(bx+a)(dx+c)^3(-bx+a)}$	75

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*(-3*b^2*d^2*x^2-3*b^2*c*d*x+a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^3`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2x^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{3b^2d^2x^2 + 3b^2cdx + b^2c^2 - a^2d^2}{3(d^6x^3 + 3cd^5x^2 + 3c^2d^4x + c^3d^3)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(3*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)/(d^6*x^3 + 3*c*d^5*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*x + c^3*d^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx = -\frac{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2 - 3b^2 cdx - 3b^2 d^2 x^2}{3c^3 d^3 + 9c^2 d^4 x + 9cd^5 x^2 + 3d^6 x^3}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)/(d*x+c)**4,x)`output `-(a**2*d**2 - b**2*c**2 - 3*b**2*c*d*x - 3*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(3*c**3*d**3 + 9*c**2*d**4*x + 9*c*d**5*x**2 + 3*d**6*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{3b^2 d^2 x^2 + 3b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2}{3(d^6 x^3 + 3cd^5 x^2 + 3c^2 d^4 x + c^3 d^3)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*(3*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)/(d^6*x^3 + 3*c*d^5*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^4*x + c^3*d^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{3b^2 d^2 x^2 + 3b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2}{3(dx + c)^3 d^3}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(3*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 3*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)/((d*x + c)^3*d^3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{\frac{b^2 x^2}{d} - \frac{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2}{3d^3} + \frac{b^2 c x}{d^2}}{c^3 + 3c^2 dx + 3cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `((b^2*x^2)/d - (a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)/(3*d^3) + (b^2*c*x)/d^2)/(c^3 + d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{-b^2 d x^3 - a^2 c}{3cd(d^3 x^3 + 3cd^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3)}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^4,x)`output `( - (a**2*c + b**2*d*x**3))/(3*c*d*(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3))`

### 3.9 $\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	240
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	240
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	241
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	242
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	242
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	243
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	243
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	243
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	244
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	244

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{(bc - ad)(bc + ad)}{4d^3(c + dx)^4} - \frac{2b^2c}{3d^3(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^2}{2d^3(c + dx)^2}$$

```
output 1/4*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)/d^3/(d*x+c)^4-2/3*b^2*c/d^3/(d*x+c)^3+1/2*b^2/d^3/(d*x+c)^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{-3a^2 d^2 + b^2(c^2 + 4cdx + 6d^2 x^2)}{12d^3(c + dx)^4}$$

```
input Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^5,x]
```

```
output (-3*a^2*d^2 + b^2*(c^2 + 4*c*d*x + 6*d^2*x^2))/(12*d^3*(c + d*x)^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2}{d^2 (c + dx)^5} - \frac{b^2}{d^2 (c + dx)^3} + \frac{2b^2 c}{d^2 (c + dx)^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{4d^3 (c + dx)^4} + \frac{b^2}{2d^3 (c + dx)^2} - \frac{2b^2 c}{3d^3 (c + dx)^3}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^5,x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d))/(4*d^3*(c + d*x)^4) - (2*b^2*c)/(3*d^3*(c + d*x)^3) + b^2/(2*d^3*(c + d*x)^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{-6x^2b^2d^2-4b^2cxd+3a^2d^2-b^2c^2}{12d^3(dx+c)^4}$	49
parallelrisc	$\frac{6b^2x^2d^3+4b^2cxd^2-3a^2d^3+b^2c^2d}{12d^4(dx+c)^4}$	51
risc	$\frac{\frac{b^2x^2}{2d} + \frac{b^2cx}{3d^2} - \frac{3a^2d^2-b^2c^2}{12d^3}}{(dx+c)^4}$	53
norman	$\frac{\frac{b^2x^2}{2d} + \frac{b^2cx}{3d^2} - \frac{3a^2d^3-b^2c^2d}{12d^4}}{(dx+c)^4}$	54
default	$-\frac{a^2d^2-b^2c^2}{4d^3(dx+c)^4} + \frac{b^2}{2d^3(dx+c)^2} - \frac{2b^2c}{3d^3(dx+c)^3}$	61
orering	$-\frac{(-6x^2b^2d^2-4b^2cxd+3a^2d^2-b^2c^2)(-b^2x^2+a^2)}{12d^3(bx+a)(dx+c)^4(-bx+a)}$	76

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12/d^3*(-6*b^2*d^2*x^2-4*b^2*c*d*x+3*a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)/(d*x+c)^4`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2x^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{6b^2d^2x^2 + 4b^2cdx + b^2c^2 - 3a^2d^2}{12(d^7x^4 + 4cd^6x^3 + 6c^2d^5x^2 + 4c^3d^4x + c^4d^3)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(6*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*d^2)/(d^7*x^4 + 4*c*d^6*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^5*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^4*x + c^4*d^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = -\frac{3a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2 - 4b^2 cdx - 6b^2 d^2 x^2}{12c^4 d^3 + 48c^3 d^4 x + 72c^2 d^5 x^2 + 48cd^6 x^3 + 12d^7 x^4}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)/(d*x+c)**5,x)`output `-(3*a**2*d**2 - b**2*c**2 - 4*b**2*c*d*x - 6*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(12*c**4*d**3 + 48*c**3*d**4*x + 72*c**2*d**5*x**2 + 48*c*d**6*x**3 + 12*d**7*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{6b^2 d^2 x^2 + 4b^2 cdx + b^2 c^2 - 3a^2 d^2}{12(d^7 x^4 + 4cd^6 x^3 + 6c^2 d^5 x^2 + 4c^3 d^4 x + c^4 d^3)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/12*(6*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^2*c*d*x + b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*d^2)/(d^7*x^4 + 4*c*d^6*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^5*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^4*x + c^4*d^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = -\frac{\frac{3a^2}{(dx+c)^4} - \frac{6b^2}{(dx+c)^2 d^2} + \frac{8b^2 c}{(dx+c)^3 d^2} - \frac{3b^2 c^2}{(dx+c)^4 d^2}}{12d}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/12*(3*a^2/(d*x + c)^4 - 6*b^2/((d*x + c)^2*d^2) + 8*b^2*c/((d*x + c)^3*d^2) - 3*b^2*c^2/((d*x + c)^4*d^2))/d`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{\frac{b^2 x^2}{2d} - \frac{3a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2}{12d^3} + \frac{b^2 cx}{3d^2}}{c^4 + 4c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^5,x)`output `((b^2*x^2)/(2*d) - (3*a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)/(12*d^3) + (b^2*c*x)/(3*d^2))/(c^4 + d^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{a^2 - b^2 x^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{6b^2 d^2 x^2 + 4b^2 cdx - 3a^2 d^2 + b^2 c^2}{12d^3 (d^4 x^4 + 4cd^3 x^3 + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4c^3 dx + c^4)}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)/(d*x+c)^5,x)`output `(- 3*a**2*d**2 + b**2*c**2 + 4*b**2*c*d*x + 6*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(12*d**3*(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4))`

### 3.10 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	245
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	245
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	246
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	247
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	248
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	248
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	249
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	249
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	250
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	250

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2 (c + dx)^4}{4d^5} - \frac{4b^2c(bc - ad)(bc + ad)(c + dx)^5}{5d^5} + \frac{b^2(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)(c + dx)^6}{3d^5} - \frac{4b^4c(c + dx)^7}{7d^5} + \frac{b^4(c + dx)^8}{8d^5}$$

output

```
1/4*(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2*(d*x+c)^4/d^5-4/5*b^2*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)*(d*x+c)^5/d^5+1/3*b^2*(-a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)*(d*x+c)^6/d^5-4/7*b^4*c*(d*x+c)^7/d^5+1/8*b^4*(d*x+c)^8/d^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}a^4x(4c^3 + 6c^2dx + 4cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3) - \frac{1}{30}a^2b^2x^3(20c^3 + 45c^2dx + 36cd^2x^2 + 10d^3x^3) + \frac{1}{280}b^4x^5(56c^3 + 140c^2dx + 120cd^2x^2 + 35d^3x^3)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a^4 x^4 (4c^3 + 6c^2 d x + 4c d^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3))}{4} - \frac{(a^2 b^2 x^3 (20c^3 + 45c^2 d x + 36c d^2 x^2 + 10d^3 x^3))}{30} + \frac{(b^4 x^5 (56c^3 + 140c^2 d x + 120c d^2 x^2 + 35d^3 x^3))}{280}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 (c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(c + dx)^3 (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)^2}{d^4} - \frac{4(c + dx)^4 (b^4 c^3 - a^2 b^2 c d^2)}{d^4} - \frac{2(c + dx)^5 (a^2 b^2 d^2 - 3b^4 c^2)}{d^4} + \frac{b^4 (c + dx)^7}{d^4} - \frac{4b^4 (c + dx)^8}{d^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{b^2 (c + dx)^6 (3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)}{3d^5} + \frac{(c + dx)^4 (b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{4d^5} - \frac{4b^2 c (c + dx)^5 (bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{5d^5} + \frac{b^4 (c + dx)^8}{8d^5} - \frac{4b^4 c (c + dx)^7}{7d^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2 (c + d*x)^4}{4d^5} - \frac{4b^2 c (b*c - a*d) (b*c + a*d) (c + d*x)^5}{5d^5} + \frac{b^2 (3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) (c + d*x)^6}{3d^5} - \frac{4b^4 c (c + d*x)^7}{7d^5} + \frac{b^4 (c + d*x)^8}{8d^5}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^4 d^3 x^8}{8} + \frac{3b^4 c d^2 x^7}{7} + \left(-\frac{1}{3}a^2 b^2 d^3 + \frac{1}{2}b^4 c^2 d\right)x^6 + \left(-\frac{6}{5}a^2 b^2 c d^2 + \frac{1}{5}b^4 c^3\right)x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{4}a^4 d^3 - \frac{3}{2}a^2 b^2 c^2\right)x^4 + \left(\frac{3}{4}a^4 c d^2 - \frac{3}{2}a^2 b^2 c^2\right)x^3 + \left(\frac{3}{4}a^4 d^3 - \frac{3}{2}a^2 b^2 c^2\right)x^2 + \frac{3}{4}a^4 c d^2 - \frac{3}{2}a^2 b^2 c^2$
default	$\frac{b^4 d^3 x^8}{8} + \frac{3b^4 c d^2 x^7}{7} + \frac{(-2a^2 b^2 d^3 + 3b^4 c^2 d)x^6}{6} + \frac{(-6a^2 b^2 c d^2 + b^4 c^3)x^5}{5} + \frac{(a^4 d^3 - 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d)x^4}{4} + \frac{(3a^4 c d^2 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2)x^3}{3} + \frac{3a^4 d^3 - 3a^2 b^2 c^2}{2}x^2 + \frac{3a^4 c d^2 - 3a^2 b^2 c^2}{2}$
risch	$\frac{1}{8}b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{7}b^4 c d^2 x^7 - \frac{1}{3}x^6 a^2 b^2 d^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^6 b^4 c^2 d - \frac{6}{5}x^5 a^2 b^2 c d^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 b^4 c^3 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 a^4 d^3 - \frac{3}{2}x^4 a^2 b^2 c^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4 a^4 c d^2 - \frac{3}{2}x^4 a^2 b^2 c^2$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{7}b^4 c d^2 x^7 - \frac{1}{3}x^6 a^2 b^2 d^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^6 b^4 c^2 d - \frac{6}{5}x^5 a^2 b^2 c d^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 b^4 c^3 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 a^4 d^3 - \frac{3}{2}x^4 a^2 b^2 c^2 + \frac{3}{4}x^4 a^4 c d^2 - \frac{3}{2}x^4 a^2 b^2 c^2$
gospers	$\frac{x(105b^4 d^3 x^7 + 360b^4 c d^2 x^6 - 280x^5 a^2 b^2 d^3 + 420x^5 b^4 c^2 d - 1008x^4 a^2 b^2 c d^2 + 168x^4 b^4 c^3 + 210x^3 a^4 d^3 - 1260x^3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d + 840x^2 a^4 c d^2 - 840x^2 a^2 b^2 c^2 + 840x a^4 c d^2 - 840x a^2 b^2 c^2 + 840a^4 c d^2 - 840a^2 b^2 c^2)}{840}$
orering	$\frac{x(105b^4 d^3 x^7 + 360b^4 c d^2 x^6 - 280x^5 a^2 b^2 d^3 + 420x^5 b^4 c^2 d - 1008x^4 a^2 b^2 c d^2 + 168x^4 b^4 c^3 + 210x^3 a^4 d^3 - 1260x^3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d + 840x^2 a^4 c d^2 - 840x^2 a^2 b^2 c^2 + 840x a^4 c d^2 - 840x a^2 b^2 c^2 + 840a^4 c d^2 - 840a^2 b^2 c^2)}{840(bx+a)^2(-bx+a)^2}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*b^4*d^3*x^8+3/7*b^4*c*d^2*x^7+(-1/3*a^2*b^2*d^3+1/2*b^4*c^2*d)*x^6+(-6/5*a^2*b^2*c*d^2+1/5*b^4*c^3)*x^5+(1/4*a^4*d^3-3/2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)*x^4+(a^4*c*d^2-2/3*a^2*b^2*c^3)*x^3+3/2*a^4*c^2*d*x^2+a^4*c^3*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} b^4 c d^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{2} a^4 c^2 d x^2 + a^4 c^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (3 b^4 c^2 d - 2 a^2 b^2 d^3) x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (b^4 c^3 - 6 a^2 b^2 c d^2) x^5$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} (6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d - a^4 d^3) x^4 - \frac{1}{3} (2 a^2 b^2 c^3 - 3 a^4 c d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/8*b^4*d^3*x^8 + 3/7*b^4*c*d^2*x^7 + 3/2*a^4*c^2*d*x^2 + a^4*c^3*x + 1/6*(3*b^4*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(b^4*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^2*c*d^2)*x^5 - 1/4*(6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d - a^4*d^3)*x^4 - 1/3*(2*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^4*c*d^2)*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = a^4 c^3 x + \frac{3 a^4 c^2 d x^2}{2} + \frac{3 b^4 c d^2 x^7}{7} + \frac{b^4 d^3 x^8}{8}$$

$$+ x^6 \left( -\frac{a^2 b^2 d^3}{3} + \frac{b^4 c^2 d}{2} \right) + x^5 \left( -\frac{6 a^2 b^2 c d^2}{5} + \frac{b^4 c^3}{5} \right)$$

$$+ x^4 \left( \frac{a^4 d^3}{4} - \frac{3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d}{2} \right) + x^3 \left( a^4 c d^2 - \frac{2 a^2 b^2 c^3}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)`output `a**4*c**3*x + 3*a**4*c**2*d*x**2/2 + 3*b**4*c*d**2*x**7/7 + b**4*d**3*x**8/8 + x**6*(-a**2*b**2*d**3/3 + b**4*c**2*d/2) + x**5*(-6*a**2*b**2*c*d**2/5 + b**4*c**3/5) + x**4*(a**4*d**3/4 - 3*a**2*b**2*c**2*d/2) + x**3*(a**4*c*d**2 - 2*a**2*b**2*c**3/3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} b^4 c d^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{2} a^4 c^2 d x^2 + a^4 c^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} (3 b^4 c^2 d - 2 a^2 b^2 d^3) x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (b^4 c^3 - 6 a^2 b^2 c d^2) x^5$$

$$- \frac{1}{4} (6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d - a^4 d^3) x^4 - \frac{1}{3} (2 a^2 b^2 c^3 - 3 a^4 c d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*b^4*d^3*x^8 + 3/7*b^4*c*d^2*x^7 + 3/2*a^4*c^2*d*x^2 + a^4*c^3*x + 1/6*(3*b^4*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(b^4*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^2*c*d^2)*x^5 - 1/4*(6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d - a^4*d^3)*x^4 - 1/3*(2*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^4*c*d^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} b^4 c d^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{2} b^4 c^2 d x^6 - \frac{1}{3} a^2 b^2 d^3 x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} b^4 c^3 x^5 - \frac{6}{5} a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^5 - \frac{3}{2} a^2 b^2 c^2 d x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^4 d^3 x^4$$

$$- \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^2 c^3 x^3 + a^4 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^4 c^2 d x^2 + a^4 c^3 x$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*b^4*d^3*x^8 + 3/7*b^4*c*d^2*x^7 + 1/2*b^4*c^2*d*x^6 - 1/3*a^2*b^2*d^3*x^6 + 1/5*b^4*c^3*x^5 - 6/5*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*x^5 - 3/2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d*x^4 + 1/4*a^4*d^3*x^4 - 2/3*a^2*b^2*c^3*x^3 + a^4*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^4*c^2*d*x^2 + a^4*c^3*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx &= x^3 \left( a^4 c d^2 - \frac{2 a^2 b^2 c^3}{3} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{a^4 d^3}{4} - \frac{3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d}{2} \right) \\ &+ x^5 \left( \frac{b^4 c^3}{5} - \frac{6 a^2 b^2 c d^2}{5} \right) + x^6 \left( \frac{b^4 c^2 d}{2} - \frac{a^2 b^2 d^3}{3} \right) \\ &+ a^4 c^3 x + \frac{b^4 d^3 x^8}{8} + \frac{3 a^4 c^2 d x^2}{2} + \frac{3 b^4 c d^2 x^7}{7} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2*(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `x^3*(a^4*c*d^2 - (2*a^2*b^2*c^3)/3) + x^4*((a^4*d^3)/4 - (3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)/2) + x^5*((b^4*c^3)/5 - (6*a^2*b^2*c*d^2)/5) + x^6*((b^4*c^2*d)/2 - (a^2*b^2*d^3)/3) + a^4*c^3*x + (b^4*d^3*x^8)/8 + (3*a^4*c^2*d*x^2)/2 + (3*b^4*c*d^2*x^7)/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx \\ = \frac{x(105b^4 d^3 x^7 + 360b^4 c d^2 x^6 - 280a^2 b^2 d^3 x^5 + 420b^4 c^2 d x^5 - 1008a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^4 + 168b^4 c^3 x^4 + 210a^4 d^3 x^3 - 1008a^2 b^2 c^2 d x^3 + 210a^4 c^3 x^2 - 1008a^2 b^2 c^2 d x^2 + 168b^4 c^3 x^2 + 210a^4 d^3 x - 1008a^2 b^2 c^2 d x + 168b^4 c^3 x - 1008a^2 b^2 c^2 d + 168b^4 c^3)}{840} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`output `(x*(840*a**4*c**3 + 1260*a**4*c**2*d*x + 840*a**4*c*d**2*x**2 + 210*a**4*d**3*x**3 - 560*a**2*b**2*c**3*x**2 - 1260*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x**3 - 1008*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 - 280*a**2*b**2*d**3*x**5 + 168*b**4*c**3*x**4 + 420*b**4*c**2*d*x**5 + 360*b**4*c*d**2*x**6 + 105*b**4*d**3*x**7))/840`

### 3.11 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx$

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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	254
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	254
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	256
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	256

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = a^4 c^2 x - \frac{1}{3} a^2 (2b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{5} b^2 (b^2 c^2 - 2a^2 d^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{7} b^4 d^2 x^7 - \frac{cd(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{3b^2}$$

output

```
a^4*c^2*x-1/3*a^2*(-a^2*d^2+2*b^2*c^2)*x^3+1/5*b^2*(-2*a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x^5+1/7*b^4*d^2*x^7-1/3*c*d*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/b^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = -\frac{1}{15} a^2 b^2 x^3 (10c^2 + 15cdx + 6d^2 x^2) + \frac{1}{105} b^4 x^5 (21c^2 + 35cdx + 15d^2 x^2) + a^4 \left( c^2 x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2 x^3}{3} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```



output

$$-1/15*(a^2*b^2*x^3*(10*c^2 + 15*c*d*x + 6*d^2*x^2)) + (b^4*x^5*(21*c^2 + 35*c*d*x + 15*d^2*x^2))/105 + a^4*(c^2*x + c*d*x^2 + (d^2*x^3)/3)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {475, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 (c + dx)^2 dx$$

↓ 475

$$\int (b^4 d^2 x^6 + b^2 (b^2 c^2 - 2a^2 d^2) x^4 + a^2 (a^2 d^2 - 2b^2 c^2) x^2 + a^4 c^2) dx - \frac{cd(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{3b^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$a^4 c^2 x + \frac{1}{5} b^2 x^5 (b^2 c^2 - 2a^2 d^2) - \frac{1}{3} a^2 x^3 (2b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) - \frac{cd(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{3b^2} + \frac{1}{7} b^4 d^2 x^7$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^4*c^2*x - (a^2*(2*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*x^3)/3 + (b^2*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2)*x^5)/5 + (b^4*d^2*x^7)/7 - (c*d*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3)/(3*b^2)
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 475 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp [d*n*c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n - d*n*c^(n - 1)*x*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LeQ[n, p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
default	$\frac{b^4 d^2 x^7}{7} + \frac{b^4 c d x^6}{3} + \frac{(-2b^2 d^2 a^2 + b^4 c^2)x^5}{5} - a^2 b^2 c d x^4 + \frac{(a^4 d^2 - 2a^2 c^2 b^2)x^3}{3} + a^4 c d x^2 + a^4 c^2 x$
norman	$\frac{b^4 d^2 x^7}{7} + \frac{b^4 c d x^6}{3} + \left(-\frac{2}{5}b^2 d^2 a^2 + \frac{1}{5}b^4 c^2\right)x^5 - a^2 b^2 c d x^4 + \left(\frac{1}{3}a^4 d^2 - \frac{2}{3}a^2 c^2 b^2\right)x^3 + a^4 c d x^2 + a^4 c^2 x$
risch	$\frac{1}{7}b^4 d^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3}b^4 c d x^6 - \frac{2}{5}x^5 b^2 d^2 a^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 b^4 c^2 - a^2 b^2 c d x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 a^4 d^2 - \frac{2}{3}x^3 a^2 c^2 b^2 + a^4 c d x^2 + a^4 c^2 x$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7}b^4 d^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3}b^4 c d x^6 - \frac{2}{5}x^5 b^2 d^2 a^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 b^4 c^2 - a^2 b^2 c d x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 a^4 d^2 - \frac{2}{3}x^3 a^2 c^2 b^2 + a^4 c d x^2 + a^4 c^2 x$
gosper	$\frac{x(15b^4 d^2 x^6 + 35b^4 c d x^5 - 42x^4 b^2 d^2 a^2 + 21x^4 b^4 c^2 - 105a^2 b^2 c d x^3 + 35x^2 a^4 d^2 - 70x^2 a^2 c^2 b^2 + 105a^4 c d x + 105a^4 c^2)}{105}$
orering	$\frac{x(15b^4 d^2 x^6 + 35b^4 c d x^5 - 42x^4 b^2 d^2 a^2 + 21x^4 b^4 c^2 - 105a^2 b^2 c d x^3 + 35x^2 a^4 d^2 - 70x^2 a^2 c^2 b^2 + 105a^4 c d x + 105a^4 c^2)(-b^2 x^2 + a^2)^2}{105(bx+a)^2(-bx+a)^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/7*b^4*d^2*x^7+1/3*b^4*c*d*x^6+1/5*(-2*a^2*b^2*d^2+b^4*c^2)*x^5-a^2*b^2*c*d*x^4+1/3*(a^4*d^2-2*a^2*b^2*c^2)*x^3+a^4*c*d*x^2+a^4*c^2*x`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} b^4 d^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} b^4 c d x^6 - a^2 b^2 c d x^4 + a^4 c d x^2 + a^4 c^2 x + \frac{1}{5} (b^4 c^2 - 2 a^2 b^2 d^2) x^5 - \frac{1}{3} (2 a^2 b^2 c^2 - a^4 d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/7*b^4*d^2*x^7 + 1/3*b^4*c*d*x^6 - a^2*b^2*c*d*x^4 + a^4*c*d*x^2 + a^4*c^2*x + 1/5*(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^5 - 1/3*(2*a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^4*d^2)*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = a^4 c^2 x + a^4 c d x^2 - a^2 b^2 c d x^4 + \frac{b^4 c d x^6}{3} + \frac{b^4 d^2 x^7}{7} + x^5 \left( -\frac{2 a^2 b^2 d^2}{5} + \frac{b^4 c^2}{5} \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{a^4 d^2}{3} - \frac{2 a^2 b^2 c^2}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)`

output `a**4*c**2*x + a**4*c*d*x**2 - a**2*b**2*c*d*x**4 + b**4*c*d*x**6/3 + b**4*d**2*x**7/7 + x**5*(-2*a**2*b**2*d**2/5 + b**4*c**2/5) + x**3*(a**4*d**2/3 - 2*a**2*b**2*c**2/3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} b^4 d^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} b^4 c d x^6 - a^2 b^2 c d x^4 + a^4 c d x^2 + a^4 c^2 x + \frac{1}{5} (b^4 c^2 - 2 a^2 b^2 d^2) x^5 - \frac{1}{3} (2 a^2 b^2 c^2 - a^4 d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*b^4*d^2*x^7 + 1/3*b^4*c*d*x^6 - a^2*b^2*c*d*x^4 + a^4*c*d*x^2 + a^4*c^2*x + 1/5*(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^5 - 1/3*(2*a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^4*d^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} b^4 d^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} b^4 c d x^6 + \frac{1}{5} b^4 c^2 x^5 - \frac{2}{5} a^2 b^2 d^2 x^5 - a^2 b^2 c d x^4 - \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^2 c^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^4 d^2 x^3 + a^4 c d x^2 + a^4 c^2 x$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/7*b^4*d^2*x^7 + 1/3*b^4*c*d*x^6 + 1/5*b^4*c^2*x^5 - 2/5*a^2*b^2*d^2*x^5 - a^2*b^2*c*d*x^4 - 2/3*a^2*b^2*c^2*x^3 + 1/3*a^4*d^2*x^3 + a^4*c*d*x^2 + a^4*c^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = x^3 \left( \frac{a^4 d^2}{3} - \frac{2a^2 b^2 c^2}{3} \right) + x^5 \left( \frac{b^4 c^2}{5} - \frac{2a^2 b^2 d^2}{5} \right) + a^4 c^2 x + \frac{b^4 d^2 x^7}{7} + a^4 c d x^2 + \frac{b^4 c d x^6}{3} - a^2 b^2 c d x^4$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2*(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((a^4*d^2)/3 - (2*a^2*b^2*c^2)/3) + x^5*((b^4*c^2)/5 - (2*a^2*b^2*d^2)/5) + a^4*c^2*x + (b^4*d^2*x^7)/7 + a^4*c*d*x^2 + (b^4*c*d*x^6)/3 - a^2*b^2*c*d*x^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = \frac{x(15b^4 d^2 x^6 + 35b^4 c d x^5 - 42a^2 b^2 d^2 x^4 + 21b^4 c^2 x^4 - 105a^2 b^2 c d x^3 + 35a^4 d^2 x^2 - 70a^2 b^2 c^2 x^2 + 105a^4 c d x - 15a^4 c^2 x)}{105}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`output `(x*(105*a**4*c**2 + 105*a**4*c*d*x + 35*a**4*d**2*x**2 - 70*a**2*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 105*a**2*b**2*c*d*x**3 - 42*a**2*b**2*d**2*x**4 + 21*b**4*c**2*x**4 + 35*b**4*c*d*x**5 + 15*b**4*d**2*x**6))/105`

### 3.12 $\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx$

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Maple [A] (verified)	259
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	259
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	260
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	260
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	261
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	261
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	261

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = a^4cx - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{5}b^4cx^5 - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3}{6b^2}$$

output

```
a^4*c*x-2/3*a^2*b^2*c*x^3+1/5*b^4*c*x^5-1/6*d*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/b^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = a^4cx + \frac{1}{2}a^4dx^2 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2cx^3 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2dx^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^4cx^5 + \frac{1}{6}b^4dx^6$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^4*c*x + (a^4*d*x^2)/2 - (2*a^2*b^2*c*x^3)/3 - (a^2*b^2*d*x^4)/2 + (b^4*c*x^5)/5 + (b^4*d*x^6)/6
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {455, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 (c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$c \int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{6b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 210$$

$$c \int (a^4 - 2b^2 x^2 a^2 + b^4 x^4) dx - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{6b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$c \left( a^4 x - \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^2 x^3 + \frac{b^4 x^5}{5} \right) - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{6b^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/6*(d*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3)/b^2 + c*(a^4*x - (2*a^2*b^2*x^3)/3 + (b^4*x^5)/5)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 210 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
default	$\frac{1}{6}b^4dx^6 + \frac{1}{5}b^4cx^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2dx^4 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4dx^2 + a^4cx$	59
norman	$\frac{1}{6}b^4dx^6 + \frac{1}{5}b^4cx^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2dx^4 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4dx^2 + a^4cx$	59
risch	$\frac{1}{6}b^4dx^6 + \frac{1}{5}b^4cx^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2dx^4 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4dx^2 + a^4cx$	59
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6}b^4dx^6 + \frac{1}{5}b^4cx^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2dx^4 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4dx^2 + a^4cx$	59
gosper	$\frac{x(5b^4dx^5+6x^4b^4c-15a^2b^2dx^3-20a^2b^2cx^2+15a^4dx+30ca^4)}{30}$	60
orering	$\frac{x(5b^4dx^5+6x^4b^4c-15a^2b^2dx^3-20a^2b^2cx^2+15a^4dx+30ca^4)(-b^2x^2+a^2)^2}{30(bx+a)^2(-bx+a)^2}$	89

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*b^4*d*x^6+1/5*b^4*c*x^5-1/2*a^2*b^2*d*x^4-2/3*a^2*b^2*c*x^3+1/2*a^4*d*
x^2+a^4*c*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6}b^4dx^6 + \frac{1}{5}b^4cx^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2dx^4 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4dx^2 + a^4cx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

$$\frac{1}{6}b^4dx^6 + \frac{1}{5}b^4c*x^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2d*x^4 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2c*x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4d*x^2 + a^4c*x$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = a^4cx + \frac{a^4dx^2}{2} - \frac{2a^2b^2cx^3}{3} - \frac{a^2b^2dx^4}{2} + \frac{b^4cx^5}{5} + \frac{b^4dx^6}{6}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)
```

output

$$a**4*c*x + a**4*d*x**2/2 - 2*a**2*b**2*c*x**3/3 - a**2*b**2*d*x**4/2 + b**4*c*x**5/5 + b**4*d*x**6/6$$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6}b^4dx^6 + \frac{1}{5}b^4cx^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2dx^4 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4dx^2 + a^4cx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{6}b^4d*x^6 + \frac{1}{5}b^4c*x^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^2b^2d*x^4 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2c*x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4d*x^2 + a^4c*x$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} b^4 dx^6 + \frac{1}{5} b^4 cx^5 - \frac{1}{2} a^2 b^2 dx^4 - \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^2 cx^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^4 dx^2 + a^4 cx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*b^4*d*x^6 + 1/5*b^4*c*x^5 - 1/2*a^2*b^2*d*x^4 - 2/3*a^2*b^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*a^4*d*x^2 + a^4*c*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = \frac{d a^4 x^2}{2} + c a^4 x - \frac{d a^2 b^2 x^4}{2} - \frac{2 c a^2 b^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{d b^4 x^6}{6} + \frac{c b^4 x^5}{5}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2*(c + d*x),x)`

output `(a^4*d*x^2)/2 + (b^4*c*x^5)/5 + (b^4*d*x^6)/6 + a^4*c*x - (2*a^2*b^2*c*x^3)/3 - (a^2*b^2*d*x^4)/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx \\ &= \frac{x(5b^4 d x^5 + 6b^4 c x^4 - 15a^2 b^2 d x^3 - 20a^2 b^2 c x^2 + 15a^4 dx + 30a^4 c)}{30} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`

output  $(x*(30*a**4*c + 15*a**4*d*x - 20*a**2*b**2*c*x**2 - 15*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 + 6*b**4*c*x**4 + 5*b**4*d*x**5))/30$

### 3.13 $\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	264
Maple [A] (verified)	265
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	265
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	266
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	266
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	266
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	267
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	267

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = a^4x - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2x^3 + \frac{b^4x^5}{5}$$

output

```
a^4*x-2/3*a^2*b^2*x^3+1/5*b^4*x^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = a^4x - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2x^3 + \frac{b^4x^5}{5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^4*x - (2*a^2*b^2*x^3)/3 + (b^4*x^5)/5
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{210}$$

$$\int (a^4 - 2a^2 b^2 x^2 + b^4 x^4) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$a^4 x - \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^2 x^3 + \frac{b^4 x^5}{5}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `a^4*x - (2*a^2*b^2*x^3)/3 + (b^4*x^5)/5`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 210 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^(p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
default	$a^4x - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2x^3 + \frac{1}{5}b^4x^5$	26
norman	$a^4x - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2x^3 + \frac{1}{5}b^4x^5$	26
risch	$a^4x - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2x^3 + \frac{1}{5}b^4x^5$	26
parallelrisch	$a^4x - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2x^3 + \frac{1}{5}b^4x^5$	26
gosper	$\frac{x(3b^4x^4 - 10a^2b^2x^2 + 15a^4)}{15}$	29
orering	$\frac{x(3b^4x^4 - 10a^2b^2x^2 + 15a^4)(-b^2x^2 + a^2)^2}{15(bx+a)^2(-bx+a)^2}$	58

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^4*x-2/3*a^2*b^2*x^3+1/5*b^4*x^5`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}b^4x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2x^3 + a^4x$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*b^4*x^5 - 2/3*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^4*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = a^4x - \frac{2a^2b^2x^3}{3} + \frac{b^4x^5}{5}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)`output `a**4*x - 2*a**2*b**2*x**3/3 + b**4*x**5/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}b^4x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2x^3 + a^4x$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*b^4*x^5 - 2/3*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^4*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{5}b^4x^5 - \frac{2}{3}a^2b^2x^3 + a^4x$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*b^4*x^5 - 2/3*a^2*b^2*x^3 + a^4*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = a^4 x - \frac{2 a^2 b^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^4 x^5}{5}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x)`

output `a^4*x + (b^4*x^5)/5 - (2*a^2*b^2*x^3)/3`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 dx = \frac{x(3b^4 x^4 - 10a^2 b^2 x^2 + 15a^4)}{15}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`

output `(x*(15*a**4 - 10*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 3*b**4*x**4))/15`



### 3.14 $\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{c + dx} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	269
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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	270
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	271
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	271
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	272
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	272
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	273

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{b^2 c (b^2 c^2 - 2a^2 d^2) x}{d^4} + \frac{b^2 (b^2 c^2 - 2a^2 d^2) x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{b^4 c x^3}{3d^2} + \frac{b^4 x^4}{4d} + \frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^5}$$

output

```
-b^2*c*(-2*a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x/d^4+1/2*b^2*(-2*a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x^2/d^3-1/3
*b^4*c*x^3/d^2+1/4*b^4*x^4/d+(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2*ln(d*x+c)/d^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{-12a^2 b^2 d^3 x(-2c + dx) + b^4 dx(-12c^3 + 6c^2 dx - 4cd^2 x^2 + 3d^3 x^3) + 12(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2 \log(c + dx)}{12d^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x), x]
```

output

$$(-12*a^2*b^2*d^3*x*(-2*c + d*x) + b^4*d*x*(-12*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x - 4*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*x^3) + 12*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/(12*d^5)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{c + dx} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)^2}{d^4(c + dx)} - \frac{b^2c(b^2c^2 - 2a^2d^2)}{d^4} + \frac{b^2x(b^2c^2 - 2a^2d^2)}{d^3} - \frac{b^4cx^2}{d^2} + \frac{b^4x^3}{d} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^5} - \frac{b^2cx(b^2c^2 - 2a^2d^2)}{d^4} + \frac{b^2x^2(b^2c^2 - 2a^2d^2)}{2d^3} - \frac{b^4cx^3}{3d^2} + \frac{b^4x^4}{4d}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x), x]$$

output

$$-((b^2*c*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2)*x)/d^4) + (b^2*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2)*x^2)/(2*d^3) - (b^4*c*x^3)/(3*d^2) + (b^4*x^4)/(4*d) + ((b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/d^5$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \left( \frac{b^2 x^4 d^3}{4} - \frac{b^2 c x^3 d^2}{3} - \frac{(2a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) x^2 d}{2} + c(2a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) x \right)}{d^4} + \frac{(a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4) \ln(dx+c)}{d^5}$
norman	$\frac{b^2 c(2a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) x}{d^4} + \frac{b^4 x^4}{4d} - \frac{b^2(2a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{b^4 c x^3}{3d^2} + \frac{(a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4) \ln(dx+c)}{d^5}$
risch	$\frac{b^4 x^4}{4d} - \frac{b^4 c x^3}{3d^2} - \frac{b^2 a^2 x^2}{d} + \frac{b^4 c^2 x^2}{2d^3} + \frac{2b^2 a^2 c x}{d^2} - \frac{b^4 c^3 x}{d^4} + \frac{\ln(dx+c) a^4}{d} - \frac{2 \ln(dx+c) a^2 b^2 c^2}{d^3} + \frac{\ln(dx+c) c^4 b^4}{d^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3b^4 x^4 d^4 - 4b^4 c x^3 d^3 - 12x^2 a^2 b^2 d^4 + 6x^2 b^4 c^2 d^2 + 12 \ln(dx+c) a^4 d^4 - 24 \ln(dx+c) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 12 \ln(dx+c) b^4 c^4 + 24x a^2 b^2 c d^3 - 12c^4 b^4}{12d^5}$

input

```
int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
b^2/d^4*(1/4*b^2*x^4*d^3-1/3*b^2*c*x^3*d^2-1/2*(2*a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)*x^2*d+c
*(2*a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)*x)+(a^4*d^4-2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)/d^5*ln(d*x+c)
```

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^4 d^4 x^4 - 4b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 6(b^4 c^2 d^2 - 2a^2 b^2 d^4) x^2 - 12(b^4 c^3 d - 2a^2 b^2 c d^3) x + 12(b^4 c^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + a^4 d^4)}{12d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*b^4*d^4*x^4 - 4*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*(b^4*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 - 12*(b^4*c^3*d - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x + 12*(b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4)*log(d*x + c))/d^5
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{b^4cx^3}{3d^2} + \frac{b^4x^4}{4d} + x^2 \left( -\frac{a^2b^2}{d} + \frac{b^4c^2}{2d^3} \right) + x \left( \frac{2a^2b^2c}{d^2} - \frac{b^4c^3}{d^4} \right) + \frac{(ad - bc)^2 (ad + bc)^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2/(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
-b**4*c*x**3/(3*d**2) + b**4*x**4/(4*d) + x**2*(-a**2*b**2/d + b**4*c**2/(2*d**3)) + x*(2*a**2*b**2*c/d**2 - b**4*c**3/d**4) + (a*d - b*c)**2*(a*d + b*c)**2*log(c + d*x)/d**5
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{3b^4d^3x^4 - 4b^4cd^2x^3 + 6(b^4c^2d - 2a^2b^2d^3)x^2 - 12(b^4c^3 - 2a^2b^2cd^2)x}{12d^4} + \frac{(b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4) \log(dx + c)}{d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*b^4*d^3*x^4 - 4*b^4*c*d^2*x^3 + 6*(b^4*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 12*(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d^2)*x)/d^4 + (b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4)*log(d*x + c)/d^5
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{3b^4 d^3 x^4 - 4b^4 c d^2 x^3 + 6b^4 c^2 d x^2 - 12a^2 b^2 d^3 x^2 - 12b^4 c^3 x + 24a^2 b^2 c d^2 x}{12d^4} + \frac{(b^4 c^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + a^4 d^4) \log(|dx + c|)}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/12*(3*b^4*d^3*x^4 - 4*b^4*c*d^2*x^3 + 6*b^4*c^2*d*x^2 - 12*a^2*b^2*d^3*x^2 - 12*b^4*c^3*x + 24*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*x)/d^4 + (b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4)*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{c + dx} dx = \frac{\ln(c + dx) (a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)}{d^5} - x^2 \left( \frac{a^2 b^2}{d} - \frac{b^4 c^2}{2d^3} \right) + \frac{b^4 x^4}{4d} - \frac{b^4 c x^3}{3d^2} + \frac{c x \left( \frac{2a^2 b^2}{d} - \frac{b^4 c^2}{d^3} \right)}{d}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x),x)`output `(log(c + d*x)*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2))/d^5 - x^2*((a^2*b^2)/d - (b^4*c^2)/(2*d^3)) + (b^4*x^4)/(4*d) - (b^4*c*x^3)/(3*d^2) + (c*x*((2*a^2*b^2)/d - (b^4*c^2)/d^3))/d`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(dx + c) a^4 d^4 - 24 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 12 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^4 + 24 a^2 b^2 c d^3 x - 12 a^2 b^2 d^4 x^2 - 12 b^4 c^3}{12 d^5}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c),x)`output `(12*log(c + d*x)*a**4*d**4 - 24*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**4 + 24*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x - 12*a**2*b**2*d**4*x**2 - 12*b**4*c**3*d*x + 6*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 4*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 + 3*b**4*d**4*x**4)/(12*d**5)`

### 3.15 $\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{b^2(3b^2c^2 - 2a^2d^2)x}{d^4} - \frac{b^4cx^2}{d^3} + \frac{b^4x^3}{3d^2} - \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2}{d^5(c + dx)} - \frac{4b^2c(bc - ad)(bc + ad)\log(c + dx)}{d^5}$$

output

```
b^2*(-2*a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)*x/d^4-b^4*c*x^2/d^3+1/3*b^4*x^3/d^2-(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2/d^5/(d*x+c)-4*b^2*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)*ln(d*x+c)/d^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{9b^4c^2dx - 6a^2b^2d^3x - 3b^4cd^2x^2 + b^4d^3x^3 - \frac{3(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2}{c + dx} - 12(b^4c^3 - a^2b^2cd^2)\log(c + dx)}{3d^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

$$(9*b^4*c^2*d*x - 6*a^2*b^2*d^3*x - 3*b^4*c*d^2*x^2 + b^4*d^3*x^3 - (3*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2)/(c + d*x) - 12*(b^4*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2)*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/ (3*d^5)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)^2}{d^4(c + dx)^2} + \frac{4(a^2b^2cd^2 - b^4c^3)}{d^4(c + dx)} + \frac{3b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2d^2}{d^4} - \frac{2b^4cx}{d^3} + \frac{b^4x^2}{d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2}{d^5(c + dx)} + \frac{b^2x(3b^2c^2 - 2a^2d^2)}{d^4} - \frac{4b^2c(bc - ad)(ad + bc) \log(c + dx)}{d^5} - \frac{b^4cx^2}{d^3} + \frac{b^4x^3}{3d^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^2, x]$$

output

$$(b^2*(3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2)*x)/d^4 - (b^4*c*x^2)/d^3 + (b^4*x^3)/(3*d^2) - (b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2/(d^5*(c + d*x)) - (4*b^2*c*(b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d)*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/d^5$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^2(-\frac{1}{3}x^3b^2d^2+b^2cx^2d+2a^2d^2x-3xb^2c^2)}{d^4} - \frac{a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4}{d^5(dx+c)} + \frac{4b^2c(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)\ln(dx+c)}{d^5}$
norman	$-\frac{a^4d^4-4a^2b^2c^2d^2+4c^4b^4}{d^5} + \frac{b^4x^4}{3d} - \frac{2b^2(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)x^2}{d^3} - \frac{2b^4cx^3}{3d^2} + \frac{4b^2c(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)\ln(dx+c)}{d^5}$
risch	$\frac{b^4x^3}{3d^2} - \frac{b^4cx^2}{d^3} - \frac{2b^2a^2x}{d^2} + \frac{3b^4x^2}{d^4} - \frac{a^4}{d(dx+c)} + \frac{2a^2b^2c^2}{d^3(dx+c)} - \frac{c^4b^4}{d^5(dx+c)} + \frac{4b^2c\ln(dx+c)a^2}{d^3} - \frac{4b^4c^3\ln(dx+c)}{d^5}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{b^4x^4d^4-2b^4cx^3d^3+12\ln(dx+c)xa^2b^2cd^3-12\ln(dx+c)xb^4c^3d-6x^2a^2b^2d^4+6x^2b^4c^2d^2+12\ln(dx+c)a^2b^2c^2d^2-12\ln(dx+c)}{3d^5(dx+c)}$

input

```
int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-b^2/d^4*(-1/3*x^3*b^2*d^2+b^2*c*x^2*d+2*a^2*d^2*x-3*x*b^2*c^2)-(a^4*d^4-2
*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)/d^5/(d*x+c)+4*b^2*c/d^5*(a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)*ln(d*x
+c)
```

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^4d^4x^4 - 2b^4cd^3x^3 - 3b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 3a^4d^4 + 6(b^4c^2d^2 - a^2b^2d^4)x^2 + 3(3b^4c^3d - 2a^2b^2cd^3)x - 12a^2b^2c^2d^2}{3(d^6x + cd^5)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3}(b^4d^4x^4 - 2b^4cd^3x^3 - 3b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 3a^4d^4 + 6(b^4c^2d^2 - a^2b^2d^4)x^2 + 3(3b^4c^3d - 2a^2b^2cd^3)x - 12(b^4c^4 - a^2b^2c^2d^2 + (b^4c^3d - a^2b^2cd^3)x)\log(dx + c))/(d^6x + cd^5)$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{b^4cx^2}{d^3} + \frac{b^4x^3}{3d^2} + \frac{4b^2c(ad - bc)(ad + bc)\log(c + dx)}{d^5} + x\left(-\frac{2a^2b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3b^4c^2}{d^4}\right) + \frac{-a^4d^4 + 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 - b^4c^4}{cd^5 + d^6x}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output 
$$-\frac{b^4c^2x^2}{d^3} + \frac{b^4x^3}{3d^2} + \frac{4b^2c^2(a^2d - b^2c)(a^2d + b^2c)\log(c + dx)}{d^5} + x\left(-\frac{2a^2b^2}{d^2} + \frac{3b^4c^2}{d^4}\right) + \frac{-a^4d^4 + 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 - b^4c^4}{cd^5 + d^6x}$$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4}{d^6x + cd^5} + \frac{b^4d^2x^3 - 3b^4cdx^2 + 3(3b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2d^2)x}{3d^4} - \frac{4(b^4c^3 - a^2b^2cd^2)\log(dx + c)}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-(b^4 c^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + a^4 d^4)/(d^6 x + c d^5) + 1/3(b^4 d^2 x^3 - 3b^4 c d x^2 + 3(3b^4 c^2 - 2a^2 b^2 d^2)x)/d^4 - 4(b^4 c^3 - a^2 b^2 c d^2) \log(dx + c)/d^5$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{\left(b^4 - \frac{6b^4 c}{dx+c} + \frac{6(3b^4 c^2 d^2 - a^2 b^2 d^4)}{(dx+c)^2 d^2}\right)(dx+c)^3}{3d^5} + \frac{4(b^4 c^3 - a^2 b^2 c d^2) \log\left(\frac{|dx+c|}{(dx+c)^2 |d|}\right)}{d^5} - \frac{b^4 c^4 d^3}{dx+c} - \frac{2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^5}{dx+c} + \frac{a^4 d^7}{dx+c}$$

input

```
integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$1/3(b^4 - 6b^4 c/(dx + c) + 6(3b^4 c^2 d^2 - a^2 b^2 d^4)/((dx + c)^2 d^2))(dx + c)^3/d^5 + 4(b^4 c^3 - a^2 b^2 c d^2) \log(\text{abs}(dx + c)/((dx + c)^2 \text{abs}(d)))/d^5 - (b^4 c^4 d^3/(dx + c) - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^5/(dx + c) + a^4 d^7/(dx + c))/d^8$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{b^4 x^3}{3d^2} - \frac{a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4}{d(xd^5 + cd^4)} - x \left( \frac{2a^2 b^2}{d^2} - \frac{3b^4 c^2}{d^4} \right) - \frac{\ln(c + dx)(4b^4 c^3 - 4a^2 b^2 c d^2)}{d^5} - \frac{b^4 c x^2}{d^3}$$

input

```
int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^2,x)
```

output

$$(b^4 x^3)/(3d^2) - (a^4 d^4 + b^4 c^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2)/(d(c d^4 + d^5 x)) - x((2a^2 b^2)/d^2 - (3b^4 c^2)/d^4) - (\log(c + d*x)(4b^4 c^3 - 4a^2 b^2 c d^2))/d^5 - (b^4 c x^2)/d^3$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^2 c^3 d^2 + 12 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^3 x - 12 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^5 - 12 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^4 dx + 3 a^4 d^5}{3 c d^5 (dx + c)}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2,x)`output `(12*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**2 + 12*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3*x - 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**5 - 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**4*d*x + 3*a**4*d**5*x - 12*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3*x - 6*a**2*b**2*c*d**4*x**2 + 12*b**4*c**4*d*x + 6*b**4*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 2*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**3 + b**4*c*d**4*x**4)/(3*c*d**5*(c + d*x))`

### 3.16 $\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{3b^4 cx}{d^4} + \frac{b^4 x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{2d^5 (c + dx)^2} + \frac{4b^2 c(bc - ad)(bc + ad)}{d^5 (c + dx)} + \frac{2b^2(3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) \log(c + dx)}{d^5}$$

output

```
-3*b^4*c*x/d^4+1/2*b^4*x^2/d^3-1/2*(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2/d^5/(d*x+c)^2+4*b^2*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)/d^5/(d*x+c)+2*b^2*(-a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)*ln(d*x+c)/d^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{-a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c d^2 (3c + 4dx) + b^4 (7c^4 + 2c^3 dx - 11c^2 d^2 x^2 - 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4) + 4b^2 (3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) (c + dx)}{2d^5 (c + dx)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-(a^4 d^4) - 2a^2 b^2 c d^2 (3c + 4dx) + b^4 (7c^4 + 2c^3 dx - 11c^2 d^2 x^2 - 4c d^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4) + 4b^2 (3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) (c + dx)^2 \operatorname{Log}[c + dx]}{(2d^5 (c + dx)^2)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)^2}{d^4 (c + dx)^3} + \frac{4(a^2 b^2 c d^2 - b^4 c^3)}{d^4 (c + dx)^2} - \frac{2(a^2 b^2 d^2 - 3b^4 c^2)}{d^4 (c + dx)} - \frac{3b^4 c}{d^4} + \frac{b^4 x}{d^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{2d^5 (c + dx)^2} + \frac{2b^2 (3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) \log(c + dx)}{d^5} + \frac{4b^2 c (bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{d^5 (c + dx)} - \frac{3b^4 c x}{d^4} + \frac{b^4 x^2}{2d^3}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 / (c + dx)^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-3b^4 c x)}{d^4} + \frac{(b^4 x^2)}{(2d^3)} - \frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{(2d^5 (c + dx)^2)} + \frac{(4b^2 c (bc - ad)(ad + bc))}{(d^5 (c + dx))} + \frac{(2b^2 (3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) \operatorname{Log}[c + dx])}{d^5}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^4(-\frac{1}{2}dx^2+3cx)}{d^4} - \frac{4b^2c(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)}{d^5(dx+c)} - \frac{a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4}{2d^5(dx+c)^2} - \frac{2b^2(a^2d^2-3b^2c^2)\ln(dx+c)}{d^5}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{a^4d^4+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-18c^4b^4}{2d^5} + \frac{b^4x^4}{2d} - \frac{2b^4cx^3}{d^2} - \frac{2c(2b^2d^2a^2-6b^4c^2)x}{d^4}}{(dx+c)^2} - \frac{2b^2(a^2d^2-3b^2c^2)\ln(dx+c)}{d^5}$
risch	$\frac{b^4x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{3b^4cx}{d^4} + \frac{(-4a^2b^2cd^2+4b^4c^3)x - \frac{a^4d^4+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-7c^4b^4}{2d}}{d^4(dx+c)^2} - \frac{2b^2\ln(dx+c)a^2}{d^3} + \frac{6b^4\ln(dx+c)c^2}{d^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-b^4x^4d^4+4\ln(dx+c)x^2a^2b^2d^4-12\ln(dx+c)x^2b^4c^2d^2+4b^4cx^3d^3+8\ln(dx+c)xa^2b^2cd^3-24\ln(dx+c)xb^4c^3d+4\ln(dx+c)c^4d^5}{2d^5(dx+c)^2}$

```
input int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -b^4/d^4*(-1/2*d*x^2+3*c*x)-4*b^2*c/d^5*(a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)/(d*x+c)-1/2*(a^4
*d^4-2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)/d^5/(d*x+c)^2-2*b^2/d^5*(a^2*d^2-3*b^2*c^2
)*ln(d*x+c)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^4d^4x^4 - 4b^4cd^3x^3 - 11b^4c^2d^2x^2 + 7b^4c^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - a^4d^4 + 2(b^4c^3d - 4a^2b^2cd^3)x + 4(3b^4c^4 - a^2b^2c^2)}{2(d^7x^2 + 2cd^6x + c^2d^5)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(b^4 d^4 x^4 - 4 b^4 c d^3 x^3 - 11 b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 7 b^4 c^3 - 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - a^4 d^4 + 2(b^4 c^3 d - 4 a^2 b^2 c d^3) x + 4(3 b^4 c^4 - a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + (3 b^4 c^2 d^2 - a^2 b^2 d^4) x^2 + 2(3 b^4 c^3 d - a^2 b^2 c d^3) x) \log(dx + c)}{(d^7 x^2 + 2 c d^6 x + c^2 d^5)}$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = -\frac{3b^4 cx}{d^4} + \frac{b^4 x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{2b^2(a^2 d^2 - 3b^2 c^2) \log(c + dx)}{d^5} + \frac{-a^4 d^4 - 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 7b^4 c^4 + x(-8a^2 b^2 c d^3 + 8b^4 c^3 d)}{2c^2 d^5 + 4cd^6 x + 2d^7 x^2}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output 
$$-3b**4*c*x/d**4 + b**4*x**2/(2*d**3) - 2*b**2*(a**2*d**2 - 3*b**2*c**2)*\log(c + d*x)/d**5 + (-a**4*d**4 - 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*b**4*c**4 + x*(-8*a**2*b**2*c*d**3 + 8*b**4*c**3*d))/(2*c**2*d**5 + 4*c*d**6*x + 2*d**7*x**2)$$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{7b^4 c^4 - 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - a^4 d^4 + 8(b^4 c^3 d - a^2 b^2 c d^3) x}{2(d^7 x^2 + 2cd^6 x + c^2 d^5)} + \frac{b^4 dx^2 - 6b^4 cx}{2d^4} + \frac{2(3b^4 c^2 - a^2 b^2 d^2) \log(dx + c)}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(7b^4c^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - a^4d^4 + 8(b^4c^3d - a^2b^2cd^3)x)}{(d^7x^2 + 2cd^6x + c^2d^5)} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(b^4d^3x^2 - 6b^4cx)}{d^4} + \frac{2(3b^4c^2 - a^2b^2d^2) \log(dx + c)}{d^5}$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{2(3b^4c^2 - a^2b^2d^2) \log(|dx + c|)}{d^5} + \frac{b^4d^3x^2 - 6b^4cd^2x}{2d^6} + \frac{7b^4c^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - a^4d^4 + 8(b^4c^3d - a^2b^2cd^3)x}{2(dx + c)^2d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{2(3b^4c^2 - a^2b^2d^2) \log(\text{abs}(dx + c))}{d^5} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(b^4d^3x^2 - 6b^4cd^2x)}{d^6} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(7b^4c^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - a^4d^4 + 8(b^4c^3d - a^2b^2cd^3)x)}{(dx + c)^2d^5}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{x(4b^4c^3 - 4a^2b^2cd^2) - \frac{a^4d^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 7b^4c^4}{2d}}{c^2d^4 + 2cd^5x + d^6x^2} + \frac{\ln(c + dx)(6b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2d^2)}{d^5} + \frac{b^4x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{3b^4cx}{d^4}$$

input

```
int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(x(4b^4c^3 - 4a^2b^2cd^2) - (a^4d^4 - 7b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2)/(2d))}{(c^2d^4 + d^6x^2 + 2cd^5x)} + \frac{(\log(c + d*x)(6b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2d^2))}{d^5} + \frac{(b^4x^2)}{(2d^3)} - \frac{(3b^4cx)}{d^4}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 8 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^2 c d^3 x - 4 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^2 d^4 x^2 + 12 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^4 + 24 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^3 d x + 12 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 - a^4 d^4 x^2 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 x + 4 a^2 b^2 c d^4 x^2 + 6 b^4 c^4 x - 12 b^4 c^3 d x^2 - 4 b^4 c^2 d^3 x^3 + b^4 d^4 x^4}{2 d^5 (c + d x + d^2 x^2)}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^3,x)`output `( - 4*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 8*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x - 4*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*d**4*x**2 + 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**4 + 24*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**3*d*x + 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - a**4*d**4 - 2*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 4*a**2*b**2*d**4*x**2 + 6*b**4*c**4 - 12*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 4*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 + b**4*d**4*x**4)/(2*d**5*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))`

**3.17**  $\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{b^4 x}{d^4} - \frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{3d^5 (c + dx)^3} + \frac{2b^2 c(bc - ad)(bc + ad)}{d^5 (c + dx)^2} - \frac{2b^2(3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)}{d^5 (c + dx)} - \frac{4b^4 c \log(c + dx)}{d^5}$$

output

```
b^4*x/d^4-1/3*(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2/d^5/(d*x+c)^3+2*b^2*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)/d^5/(d*x+c)^2-2*b^2*(-a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)/d^5/(d*x+c)-4*b^4*c*ln(d*x+c)/d^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{-a^4 d^4 + 2a^2 b^2 d^2 (c^2 + 3cdx + 3d^2 x^2) + b^4 (-13c^4 - 27c^3 dx - 9c^2 d^2 x^2 + 9cd^3 x^3 + 3d^4 x^4) - 12b^4 c (c + dx)}{3d^5 (c + dx)^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-a^4d^4) + 2a^2b^2d^2(c^2 + 3cdx + 3d^2x^2) + b^4(-13c^4 - 27c^3dx - 9c^2d^2x^2 + 9cd^3x^3 + 3d^4x^4) - 12b^4c(c + dx)^3 \text{Log}[c + dx]}{(3d^5(c + dx)^3)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)^2}{d^4(c + dx)^4} + \frac{4(a^2b^2cd^2 - b^4c^3)}{d^4(c + dx)^3} - \frac{2(a^2b^2d^2 - 3b^4c^2)}{d^4(c + dx)^2} - \frac{4b^4c}{d^4(c + dx)} + \frac{b^4}{d^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2b^2(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)}{d^5(c + dx)} - \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2}{3d^5(c + dx)^3} + \frac{2b^2c(bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{d^5(c + dx)^2} - \frac{4b^4c \log(c + dx)}{d^5} + \frac{b^4x}{d^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2/(c + dx)^4, x]$$

output

$$\frac{b^4x}{d^4} - \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2}{3d^5(c + dx)^3} + \frac{(2b^2c*(b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d))}{(d^5*(c + dx)^2)} - \frac{(2*b^2*(3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2))}{(d^5*(c + dx))} - \frac{(4*b^4*c*\text{Log}[c + dx])}{d^5}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^4 x}{d^4} + \frac{(2a^2 b^2 d^3 - 6b^4 c^2 d)x^2 + 2b^2 c(a^2 d^2 - 5b^2 c^2)x - \frac{a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 13c^4 b^4}{3d}}{d^4(dx+c)^3} - \frac{4b^4 c \ln(dx+c)}{d^5}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{b^4 x^4}{d} + \frac{(2b^2 d^2 a^2 - 12b^4 c^2)x^2}{d^3} + \frac{c(2b^2 d^2 a^2 - 18b^4 c^2)x}{d^4} - \frac{a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 22c^4 b^4}{3d^5}}{(dx+c)^3} - \frac{4b^4 c \ln(dx+c)}{d^5}$
default	$\frac{b^4 x}{d^4} + \frac{2b^2(a^2 d^2 - 3b^2 c^2)}{d^5(dx+c)} - \frac{2b^2 c(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)}{d^5(dx+c)^2} - \frac{a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4}{3d^5(dx+c)^3} - \frac{4b^4 c \ln(dx+c)}{d^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{12 \ln(dx+c)x^3 b^4 c d^3 - 3b^4 x^4 d^4 + 36 \ln(dx+c)x^2 b^4 c^2 d^2 + 36 \ln(dx+c)x b^4 c^3 d - 6x^2 a^2 b^2 d^4 + 36x^2 b^4 c^2 d^2 + 12 \ln(dx+c)b^4 c^4 - 6}{3d^5(dx+c)^3}$

```
input int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output b^4*x/d^4+((2*a^2*b^2*d^3-6*b^4*c^2*d)*x^2+2*b^2*c*(a^2*d^2-5*b^2*c^2)*x-1
/3*(a^4*d^4-2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+13*b^4*c^4)/d)/d^4/(d*x+c)^3-4*b^4*c*ln(d*x+
c)/d^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^4 d^4 x^4 + 9b^4 c d^3 x^3 - 13b^4 c^4 + 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - a^4 d^4 - 3(3b^4 c^2 d^2 - 2a^2 b^2 d^4)x^2 - 3(9b^4 c^3 d - 2a^2 b^2 c d^3)x}{3(d^8 x^3 + 3cd^7 x^2 + 3c^2 d^6 x + c^3 d^5)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{(3b^4d^4x^4 + 9b^4cd^3x^3 - 13b^4c^2d^2 + 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 - a^4d^4 - 3(3b^4c^2d^2 - 2a^2b^2d^4)x^2 - 3(9b^4c^3d - 2a^2b^2cd^3)x - 12(b^4cd^3x^3 + 3b^4c^2d^2x^2 + 3b^4c^3d^2x + b^4c^4) \log(dx + c))}{(d^8x^3 + 3cd^7x^2 + 3c^2d^6x + c^3d^5)}$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx \\ &= -\frac{4b^4c \log(c + dx)}{d^5} + \frac{b^4x}{d^4} \\ &+ \frac{-a^4d^4 + 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 13b^4c^4 + x^2 \cdot (6a^2b^2d^4 - 18b^4c^2d^2) + x(6a^2b^2cd^3 - 30b^4c^3d)}{3c^3d^5 + 9c^2d^6x + 9cd^7x^2 + 3d^8x^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2/(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output 
$$\frac{-4b^{**4}c \cdot \log(c + d \cdot x)/d^{**5} + b^{**4}x/d^{**4} + (-a^{**4}d^{**4} + 2a^{**2}b^{**2}c^{**2}d^{**2} - 13b^{**4}c^{**4} + x^{**2} \cdot (6a^{**2}b^{**2}d^{**4} - 18b^{**4}c^{**2}d^{**2}) + x \cdot (6a^{**2}b^{**2}c \cdot d^{**3} - 30b^{**4}c^{**3}d))}{(3c^{**3}d^{**5} + 9c^{**2}d^{**6}x + 9c \cdot d^{**7}x^2 + 3d^{**8}x^3)}$$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx \\ &= \frac{b^4x}{d^4} - \frac{4b^4c \log(dx + c)}{d^5} \\ &- \frac{13b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4 + 6(3b^4c^2d^2 - a^2b^2d^4)x^2 + 6(5b^4c^3d - a^2b^2cd^3)x}{3(d^8x^3 + 3cd^7x^2 + 3c^2d^6x + c^3d^5)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^4*x/d^4 - 4*b^4*c*log(d*x + c)/d^5 - 1/3*(13*b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4 + 6*(3*b^4*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 6*(5*b^4*c^3*d - a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)/(d^8*x^3 + 3*c*d^7*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^6*x + c^3*d^5)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^4 x}{d^4} - \frac{4 b^4 c \log(|dx + c|)}{d^5} - \frac{13 b^4 c^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + a^4 d^4 + 6 (3 b^4 c^2 d^2 - a^2 b^2 d^4) x^2 + 6 (5 b^4 c^3 d - a^2 b^2 c d^3) x}{3 (dx + c)^3 d^5}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b^4*x/d^4 - 4*b^4*c*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^5 - 1/3*(13*b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4 + 6*(3*b^4*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 6*(5*b^4*c^3*d - a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)/((d*x + c)^3*d^5)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^4 x}{d^4} - \frac{x (10 b^4 c^3 - 2 a^2 b^2 c d^2) + x^2 (6 b^4 c^2 d - 2 a^2 b^2 d^3) + \frac{a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 13 b^4 c^4}{3 d}}{c^3 d^4 + 3 c^2 d^5 x + 3 c d^6 x^2 + d^7 x^3} - \frac{4 b^4 c \ln(c + dx)}{d^5}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output

$$\frac{(b^4 x)/d^4 - (x(10b^4 c^3 - 2a^2 b^2 c d^2) + x^2(6b^4 c^2 d - 2a^2 b^2 d^3) + (a^4 d^4 + 13b^4 c^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2)/(3d))/(c^3 d^4 + d^7 x^3 + 3c^2 d^5 x + 3c d^6 x^2) - (4b^4 c \log(c + dx))/d^5}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^5 - 36 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^4 dx - 36 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^3 d^2 x^2 - 12 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^2 d^3 x^3 - a^4 c d^4 x^4}{3c d^5 (d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3)}$$

input

```
int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**5 - 36*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**4*d*x - 36*log(c +
d*x)*b**4*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**3 - a**4*c*d
**4 - 2*a**2*b**2*d**5*x**3 - 10*b**4*c**5 - 18*b**4*c**4*d*x + 12*b**4*c*
**2*d**3*x**3 + 3*b**4*c*d**4*x**4)/(3*c*d**5*(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2
*x**2 + d**3*x**3))
```



**3.18**  $\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	292
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	292
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	293
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	294
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	297
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	297

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = -\frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{4d^5(c + dx)^4} + \frac{4b^2 c(bc - ad)(bc + ad)}{3d^5(c + dx)^3} - \frac{b^2(3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)}{d^5(c + dx)^2} + \frac{4b^4 c}{d^5(c + dx)} + \frac{b^4 \log(c + dx)}{d^5}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2/d^5/(d*x+c)^4+4/3*b^2*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)/d^5/(d*x+c)^3-b^2*(-a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^2+4*b^4*c/d^5/(d*x+c)+b^4*ln(d*x+c)/d^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{-3a^4 d^4 + 2a^2 b^2 d^2 (c^2 + 4cdx + 6d^2 x^2) + b^4 c (25c^3 + 88c^2 dx + 108cd^2 x^2 + 48d^3 x^3) + 12b^4 (c + dx)^4 \log(c + dx)}{12d^5 (c + dx)^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^5,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-3a^4d^4 + 2a^2b^2d^2(c^2 + 4cdx + 6d^2x^2) + b^4c(25c^3 + 88c^2dx + 108cd^2x^2 + 48d^3x^3) + 12b^4(c + dx)^4 \text{Log}[c + dx])}{(12d^5(c + dx)^4)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)^2}{d^4(c + dx)^5} + \frac{4(a^2b^2cd^2 - b^4c^3)}{d^4(c + dx)^4} - \frac{2(a^2b^2d^2 - 3b^4c^2)}{d^4(c + dx)^3} + \frac{b^4}{d^4(c + dx)} - \frac{4b^4c}{d^4(c + dx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b^2(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)}{d^5(c + dx)^2} - \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2}{4d^5(c + dx)^4} + \frac{4b^2c(bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{3d^5(c + dx)^3} + \frac{4b^4c}{d^5(c + dx)} + \frac{b^4 \log(c + dx)}{d^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^5, x]$$

output

$$-1/4*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2/(d^5*(c + d*x)^4) + (4*b^2*c*(b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d))/(3*d^5*(c + d*x)^3) - (b^2*(3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2))/(d^5*(c + d*x)^2) + (4*b^4*c)/(d^5*(c + d*x)) + (b^4*Log[c + d*x])/d^5$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{\frac{(b^2 d^2 a^2 + 9 b^4 c^2) x^2}{d^3} - \frac{3 a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 25 c^4 b^4}{12 d^5} + \frac{4 b^4 c x^3}{d^2} + \frac{2 c (b^2 d^2 a^2 + 11 b^4 c^2) x}{3 d^4}}{(d x + c)^4} + \frac{b^4 \ln(d x + c)}{d^5}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{4 b^4 c x^3}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 (a^2 d^2 + 9 b^2 c^2) x^2}{d^3} + \frac{2 b^2 c (a^2 d^2 + 11 b^2 c^2) x}{3 d^4} - \frac{3 a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 25 c^4 b^4}{12 d^5}}{(d x + c)^4} + \frac{b^4 \ln(d x + c)}{d^5}$
default	$\frac{4 b^4 c}{d^5 (d x + c)} - \frac{a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4}{4 d^5 (d x + c)^4} + \frac{b^2 (a^2 d^2 - 3 b^2 c^2)}{d^5 (d x + c)^2} - \frac{4 b^2 c (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)}{3 d^5 (d x + c)^3} + \frac{b^4 \ln(d x + c)}{d^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12 \ln(d x + c) x^4 b^4 d^4 + 48 \ln(d x + c) x^3 b^4 c d^3 + 72 \ln(d x + c) x^2 b^4 c^2 d^2 + 48 b^4 c x^3 d^3 + 48 \ln(d x + c) x b^4 c^3 d + 12 x^2 a^2 b^2 d^4 + 108 x^2 b^4 c^2}{12 d^5 (d x + c)^4}$

input

```
int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((a^2*b^2*d^2+9*b^4*c^2)/d^3*x^2-1/12*(3*a^4*d^4-2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-25*b^4*c^4)/d^5+4*b^4*c*x^3/d^2+2/3*c*(a^2*b^2*d^2+11*b^4*c^2)/d^4*x)/(d*x+c)^4+b^4*ln(d*x+c)/d^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{48 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 25 b^4 c^4 + 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 3 a^4 d^4 + 12 (9 b^4 c^2 d^2 + a^2 b^2 d^4) x^2 + 8 (11 b^4 c^3 d + a^2 b^2 c d^3) x + 12 (b^4 c^4 d^3 + a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 3 a^4 d^4)}{12 (d^9 x^4 + 4 c d^8 x^3 + 6 c^2 d^7 x^2 + 4 c^3 d^6 x + c^4 d^5)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(48*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 25*b^4*c^4 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^4*d^4 + 12*(9*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 8*(11*b^4*c^3*d + a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x + 12*(b^4*d^4*x^4 + 4*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*b^4*c^3*d*x + b^4*c^4)*log(d*x + c))/(d^9*x^4 + 4*c*d^8*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^7*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*x + c^4*d^5)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{b^4 \log(c + dx)}{d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{-3a^4 d^4 + 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 25b^4 c^4 + 48b^4 c d^3 x^3 + x^2 \cdot (12a^2 b^2 d^4 + 108b^4 c^2 d^2) + x(8a^2 b^2 c d^3 + 88b^4 c^3 d)}{12c^4 d^5 + 48c^3 d^6 x + 72c^2 d^7 x^2 + 48c d^8 x^3 + 12d^9 x^4}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2/(d*x+c)**5,x)`output `b**4*log(c + d*x)/d**5 + (-3*a**4*d**4 + 2*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 25*b**4*c**4 + 48*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 + x**2*(12*a**2*b**2*d**4 + 108*b**4*c**2*d**2) + x*(8*a**2*b**2*c*d**3 + 88*b**4*c**3*d))/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{48 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 25 b^4 c^4 + 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 3 a^4 d^4 + 12 (9 b^4 c^2 d^2 + a^2 b^2 d^4) x^2 + 8 (11 b^4 c^3 d + a^2 b^2 c d^3) x}{12 (d^9 x^4 + 4 c d^8 x^3 + 6 c^2 d^7 x^2 + 4 c^3 d^6 x + c^4 d^5)} + \frac{b^4 \log(dx + c)}{d^5}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/12*(48*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 25*b^4*c^4 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^4*d^4 + 12*(
9*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 8*(11*b^4*c^3*d + a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)/(d^
9*x^4 + 4*c*d^8*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^7*x^2 + 4*c^3*d^6*x + c^4*d^5) + b^4*log(d*x
+ c)/d^5
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx = -\frac{b^4 \log\left(\frac{|dx+c|}{(dx+c)^2|d|}\right)}{d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{48 b^4 c d^{15}}{dx+c} - \frac{36 b^4 c^2 d^{15}}{(dx+c)^2} + \frac{16 b^4 c^3 d^{15}}{(dx+c)^3} - \frac{3 b^4 c^4 d^{15}}{(dx+c)^4} + \frac{12 a^2 b^2 d^{17}}{(dx+c)^2} - \frac{16 a^2 b^2 c d^{17}}{(dx+c)^3} + \frac{6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^{17}}{(dx+c)^4} - \frac{3 a^4 d^{19}}{(dx+c)^4}}{12 d^{20}}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-b^4*log(abs(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)^2*abs(d)))/d^5 + 1/12*(48*b^4*c*d^15/(d*x
+ c) - 36*b^4*c^2*d^15/(d*x + c)^2 + 16*b^4*c^3*d^15/(d*x + c)^3 - 3*b^4*
c^4*d^15/(d*x + c)^4 + 12*a^2*b^2*d^17/(d*x + c)^2 - 16*a^2*b^2*c*d^17/(d*
x + c)^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^17/(d*x + c)^4 - 3*a^4*d^19/(d*x + c)^4)/d^20
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3a^4 d^4 + 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 25b^4 c^4}{12d^5} + \frac{2x(a^2 b^2 c d^2 + 11b^4 c^3)}{3d^4} + \frac{4b^4 c x^3}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 x^2 (a^2 d^2 + 9b^2 c^2)}{d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{b^4 \ln(c + dx)}{d^5}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^5,x)`output `((25*b^4*c^4 - 3*a^4*d^4 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)/(12*d^5) + (2*x*(11*b^4*c^3 + a^2*b^2*c*d^2))/(3*d^4) + (4*b^4*c*x^3)/d^2 + (b^2*x^2*(a^2*d^2 + 9*b^2*c^2))/d^3)/(c^4 + d^4*x^4 + 4*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*c^3*d*x) + (b^4*log(c + d*x))/d^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^4 + 48 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^3 dx + 72 \log(dx + c) b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 48 \log(dx + c) b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 12 \log(dx + c) b^4 d^4 x^4}{12d^5 (d^4 x^4 + 4c d^3 x^3 + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4c^3 d x^2 + c^4)}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^5,x)`output `(12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**4 + 48*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**3*d*x + 72*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 48*log(c + d*x)*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 + 12*log(c + d*x)*b**4*d**4*x**4 - 3*a**4*d**4 + 2*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 8*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x + 12*a**2*b**2*d**4*x**2 + 13*b**4*c**4 + 40*b**4*c**3*d*x + 36*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 12*b**4*d**4*x**4)/(12*d**5*(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4))`

**3.19**  $\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx$

Optimal result	298
Mathematica [A] (verified)	298
Rubi [A] (verified)	299
Maple [A] (verified)	300
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	301
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	301
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	302
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	302
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	303
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	303

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx = -\frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{5d^5(c + dx)^5} + \frac{b^2 c(bc - ad)(bc + ad)}{d^5(c + dx)^4} - \frac{2b^2(3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)}{3d^5(c + dx)^3} + \frac{2b^4 c}{d^5(c + dx)^2} - \frac{b^4}{d^5(c + dx)}$$

output

```
-1/5*(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2/d^5/(d*x+c)^5+b^2*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)/d^5/(d*x+c)^4-2/3*b^2*(-a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^3+2*b^4*c/d^5/(d*x+c)^2-b^4/d^5/(d*x+c)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \frac{-3a^4 d^4 + a^2 b^2 d^2 (c^2 + 5cdx + 10d^2 x^2) - 3b^4 (c^4 + 5c^3 dx + 10c^2 d^2 x^2 + 10cd^3 x^3 + 5d^4 x^4)}{15d^5(c + dx)^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^6,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-3a^4d^4 + a^2b^2d^2(c^2 + 5cdx + 10d^2x^2) - 3b^4(c^4 + 5c^3dx + 10c^2d^2x^2 + 10cd^3x^3 + 5d^4x^4))/(15d^5(c + dx)^5)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)^2}{d^4(c + dx)^6} + \frac{4(a^2b^2cd^2 - b^4c^3)}{d^4(c + dx)^5} - \frac{2(a^2b^2d^2 - 3b^4c^2)}{d^4(c + dx)^4} + \frac{b^4}{d^4(c + dx)^2} - \frac{4b^4c}{d^4(c + dx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2b^2(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)}{3d^5(c + dx)^3} - \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2}{5d^5(c + dx)^5} + \frac{b^2c(bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{d^5(c + dx)^4} - \frac{b^4}{d^5(c + dx)} + \frac{2b^4c}{d^5(c + dx)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^6, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2/(d^5*(c + d*x)^5) + (b^2*c*(b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a \\ & *d))/(d^5*(c + d*x)^4) - (2*b^2*(3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2))/(3*d^5*(c + d*x)^3) \\ & + (2*b^4*c)/(d^5*(c + d*x)^2) - b^4/(d^5*(c + d*x)) \end{aligned}$$



Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	S
parallelrisch	$\frac{-15b^4x^4d^4 - 30b^4cx^3d^3 + 10x^2a^2b^2d^4 - 30x^2b^4c^2d^2 + 5xa^2b^2cd^3 - 15xb^4c^3d - 3a^4d^4 + a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 3c^4b^4}{15d^5(dx+c)^5}$	1
gospers	$\frac{-15b^4x^4d^4 + 30b^4cx^3d^3 - 10x^2a^2b^2d^4 + 30x^2b^4c^2d^2 - 5xa^2b^2cd^3 + 15xb^4c^3d + 3a^4d^4 - a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 3c^4b^4}{15d^5(dx+c)^5}$	1
norman	$\frac{-\frac{b^4x^4}{d} - \frac{2b^4cx^3}{d^2} + \frac{2(b^2d^2a^2 - 3b^4c^2)x^2}{3d^3} + \frac{c(b^2d^2a^2 - 3b^4c^2)x}{3d^4} - \frac{3a^4d^4 - a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 3c^4b^4}{15d^5}}{(dx+c)^5}$	1
risch	$\frac{-\frac{b^4x^4}{d} - \frac{2b^4cx^3}{d^2} + \frac{2b^2(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)x^2}{3d^3} + \frac{cb^2(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)x}{3d^4} - \frac{3a^4d^4 - a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 3c^4b^4}{15d^5}}{(dx+c)^5}$	1
default	$-\frac{b^4}{d^5(dx+c)} - \frac{b^2c(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)}{d^5(dx+c)^4} + \frac{2b^4c}{d^5(dx+c)^2} + \frac{2b^2(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)}{3d^5(dx+c)^3} - \frac{a^4d^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + c^4b^4}{5d^5(dx+c)^5}$	1
orering	$-\frac{(15b^4x^4d^4 + 30b^4cx^3d^3 - 10x^2a^2b^2d^4 + 30x^2b^4c^2d^2 - 5xa^2b^2cd^3 + 15xb^4c^3d + 3a^4d^4 - a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 3c^4b^4)(-b^2x^2 + a^2)^2}{15d^5(bx+a)^2(dx+c)^5(-bx+a)^2}$	1

```
input int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/15*(-15*b^4*d^4*x^4-30*b^4*c*d^3*x^3+10*a^2*b^2*d^4*x^2-30*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2+5*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*x-15*b^4*c^3*d*x-3*a^4*d^4+a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-3*b^4*c^4)/d^5/(d*x+c)^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \frac{15 b^4 d^4 x^4 + 30 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 3 b^4 c^4 - a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3 a^4 d^4 + 10 (3 b^4 c^2 d^2 - a^2 b^2 d^4) x^2 + 5 (3 b^4 c^3 d - a^2 b^2 c d^3)}{15 (d^{10} x^5 + 5 c d^9 x^4 + 10 c^2 d^8 x^3 + 10 c^3 d^7 x^2 + 5 c^4 d^6 x + c^5 d^5)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*(15*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 30*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^4*c^4 - a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*d^4 + 10*(3*b^4*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 5*(3*b^4*c^3*d - a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)/(d^10*x^5 + 5*c*d^9*x^4 + 10*c^2*d^8*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^7*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^6*x + c^5*d^5)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \frac{-3a^4 d^4 + a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 3b^4 c^4 - 30b^4 c d^3 x^3 - 15b^4 d^4 x^4 + x^2 \cdot (10a^2 b^2 d^4 - 30b^4 c^2 d^2) + x(5a^2 b^2 c d^3 - 15b^4 c^3 d)}{15c^5 d^5 + 75c^4 d^6 x + 150c^3 d^7 x^2 + 150c^2 d^8 x^3 + 75c d^9 x^4 + 15d^{10} x^5}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2/(d*x+c)**6,x)`

output `(-3*a**4*d**4 + a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 3*b**4*c**4 - 30*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 - 15*b**4*d**4*x**4 + x**2*(10*a**2*b**2*d**4 - 30*b**4*c**2*d**2) + x*(5*a**2*b**2*c*d**3 - 15*b**4*c**3*d))/(15*c**5*d**5 + 75*c**4*d**6*x + 150*c**3*d**7*x**2 + 150*c**2*d**8*x**3 + 75*c*d**9*x**4 + 15*d**10*x**5)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \frac{15 b^4 d^4 x^4 + 30 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 3 b^4 c^4 - a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3 a^4 d^4 + 10 (3 b^4 c^2 d^2 - a^2 b^2 d^4) x^2 + 5 (3 b^4 c^3 d - a^2 b^2 c d^3)}{15 (d^{10} x^5 + 5 c d^9 x^4 + 10 c^2 d^8 x^3 + 10 c^3 d^7 x^2 + 5 c^4 d^6 x + c^5 d^5)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*(15*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 30*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 3*b^4*c^4 - a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*d^4 + 10*(3*b^4*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 5*(3*b^4*c^3*d - a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)/(d^10*x^5 + 5*c*d^9*x^4 + 10*c^2*d^8*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^7*x^2 + 5*c^4*d^6*x + c^5*d^5)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \frac{15 b^4 d^4 x^4 + 30 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 30 b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 10 a^2 b^2 d^4 x^2 + 15 b^4 c^3 d x - 5 a^2 b^2 c d^3 x + 3 b^4 c^4 - a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3 a^4 d^4}{15 (dx + c)^5 d^5}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/15*(15*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 30*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 30*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 10*a^2*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 15*b^4*c^3*d*x - 5*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*x + 3*b^4*c^4 - a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*d^4)/((d*x + c)^5*d^5)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{3a^4 d^4 - a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3b^4 c^4}{15d^5} + \frac{b^4 x^4}{d} + \frac{2b^4 c x^3}{d^2} - \frac{2b^2 x^2 (a^2 d^2 - 3b^2 c^2)}{3d^3} - \frac{b^2 c x (a^2 d^2 - 3b^2 c^2)}{3d^4}}{c^5 + 5c^4 dx + 10c^3 d^2 x^2 + 10c^2 d^3 x^3 + 5cd^4 x^4 + d^5 x^5}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^6,x)`

output

$$-\left(\frac{3a^4 d^4 + 3b^4 c^4 - a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2}{15d^5} + \frac{b^4 x^4}{d} + \frac{2b^4 c x^3}{d^2} - \frac{2b^2 x^2 (a^2 d^2 - 3b^2 c^2)}{3d^3} - \frac{b^2 c x (a^2 d^2 - 3b^2 c^2)}{3d^4}\right) / (c^5 + d^5 x^5 + 5c d^4 x^4 + 10c^2 d^3 x^3 + 5c^4 d x^2 + 10c^2 d^3 x^3 + 5c^4 d x)$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \frac{3b^4 d^3 x^5 + 10a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + 5a^2 b^2 c^2 dx - 3a^4 c d^2 + a^2 b^2 c^3}{15c d^3 (d^5 x^5 + 5c d^4 x^4 + 10c^2 d^3 x^3 + 10c^3 d^2 x^2 + 5c^4 dx + c^5)}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^6,x)`

output

$$\left( -3a^4 c d^2 + a^2 b^2 c^3 + 5a^2 b^2 c^2 d x + 10a^2 b^2 c d^2 x^2 + 3b^4 d^3 x^5 \right) / (15c d^3 (c^5 + 5c^4 d x + 10c^3 d^2 x^2 + 10c^2 d^3 x^3 + 5c d^4 x^4 + d^5 x^5))$$

### 3.20 $\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx = -\frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{6d^5(c + dx)^6} + \frac{4b^2 c(bc - ad)(bc + ad)}{5d^5(c + dx)^5} - \frac{b^2(3b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)}{2d^5(c + dx)^4} + \frac{4b^4 c}{3d^5(c + dx)^3} - \frac{b^4}{2d^5(c + dx)^2}$$

output

```
-1/6*(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2/d^5/(d*x+c)^6+4/5*b^2*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)/d^5/(d*x+c)^5-1/2*b^2*(-a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^4+4/3*b^4*c/d^5/(d*x+c)^3-1/2*b^4/d^5/(d*x+c)^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \frac{-5a^4 d^4 + a^2 b^2 d^2 (c^2 + 6cdx + 15d^2 x^2) - b^4 (c^4 + 6c^3 dx + 15c^2 d^2 x^2 + 20cd^3 x^3 + 15d^4 x^4)}{30d^5 (c + dx)^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^7,x]
```

output

$$(-5*a^4*d^4 + a^2*b^2*d^2*(c^2 + 6*c*d*x + 15*d^2*x^2) - b^4*(c^4 + 6*c^3*d*x + 15*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 20*c*d^3*x^3 + 15*d^4*x^4))/(30*d^5*(c + d*x)^6)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)^2}{d^4(c + dx)^7} + \frac{4(a^2b^2cd^2 - b^4c^3)}{d^4(c + dx)^6} - \frac{2(a^2b^2d^2 - 3b^4c^2)}{d^4(c + dx)^5} + \frac{b^4}{d^4(c + dx)^3} - \frac{4b^4c}{d^4(c + dx)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{b^2(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)}{2d^5(c + dx)^4} - \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2}{6d^5(c + dx)^6} + \frac{4b^2c(bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{5d^5(c + dx)^5} - \frac{b^4}{2d^5(c + dx)^2} + \frac{4b^4c}{3d^5(c + dx)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^7, x]$$

output

$$-1/6*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2/(d^5*(c + d*x)^6) + (4*b^2*c*(b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d))/(5*d^5*(c + d*x)^5) - (b^2*(3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2))/(2*d^5*(c + d*x)^4) + (4*b^4*c)/(3*d^5*(c + d*x)^3) - b^4/(2*d^5*(c + d*x)^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{-15b^4x^4d^4+20b^4cx^3d^3-15x^2a^2b^2d^4+15x^2b^4c^2d^2-6xa^2b^2cd^3+6xb^4c^3d+5a^4d^4-a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4}{30d^5(dx+c)^6}$	117
parallelrisch	$\frac{-15b^4x^4d^5-20b^4cx^3d^4+15a^2b^2d^5x^2-15b^4c^2d^3x^2+6a^2b^2cd^4x-6b^4c^3d^2x-5a^4d^5+a^2b^2c^2d^3-b^4c^4d}{30d^6(dx+c)^6}$	120
risch	$\frac{-\frac{b^4x^4}{2d}-\frac{2b^4cx^3}{3d^2}+\frac{b^2(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)x^2}{2d^3}+\frac{cb^2(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)x}{5d^4}-\frac{5a^4d^4-a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4}{30d^5}}{(dx+c)^6}$	120
norman	$\frac{-\frac{b^4x^4}{2d}-\frac{2b^4cx^3}{3d^2}+\frac{(a^2b^2d^3-b^4c^2d)x^2}{2d^4}+\frac{c(a^2b^2d^3-b^4c^2d)x}{5d^5}-\frac{5a^4d^5-a^2b^2c^2d^3+b^4c^4d}{30d^6}}{(dx+c)^6}$	120
default	$\frac{b^2(a^2d^2-3b^2c^2)}{2d^5(dx+c)^4}-\frac{b^4}{2d^5(dx+c)^2}+\frac{4b^4c}{3d^5(dx+c)^3}-\frac{a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4}{6d^5(dx+c)^6}-\frac{4b^2c(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)}{5d^5(dx+c)^5}$	130
orering	$-\frac{(15b^4x^4d^4+20b^4cx^3d^3-15x^2a^2b^2d^4+15x^2b^4c^2d^2-6xa^2b^2cd^3+6xb^4c^3d+5a^4d^4-a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)(-b^2x^2+a^2)^2}{30d^5(bx+a)^2(dx+c)^6(-bx+a)^2}$	140

```
input int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/30/d^5*(15*b^4*d^4*x^4+20*b^4*c*d^3*x^3-15*a^2*b^2*d^4*x^2+15*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2-6*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*x+6*b^4*c^3*d*x+5*a^4*d^4-a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)/(d*x+c)^6
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \frac{15 b^4 d^4 x^4 + 20 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + b^4 c^4 - a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 5 a^4 d^4 + 15 (b^4 c^2 d^2 - a^2 b^2 d^4) x^2 + 6 (b^4 c^3 d - a^2 b^2 c d^3) x}{30 (d^{11} x^6 + 6 c d^{10} x^5 + 15 c^2 d^9 x^4 + 20 c^3 d^8 x^3 + 15 c^4 d^7 x^2 + 6 c^5 d^6 x + c^6 d^5)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/30*(15*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 20*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + b^4*c^4 - a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 5*a^4*d^4 + 15*(b^4*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 6*(b^4*c^3*d - a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)/(d^11*x^6 + 6*c*d^10*x^5 + 15*c^2*d^9*x^4 + 20*c^3*d^8*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^7*x^2 + 6*c^5*d^6*x + c^6*d^5)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \frac{-5a^4 d^4 + a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - b^4 c^4 - 20b^4 c d^3 x^3 - 15b^4 d^4 x^4 + x^2 \cdot (15a^2 b^2 d^4 - 15b^4 c^2 d^2) + x(6a^2 b^2 c d^3 - 6b^4 c^3 d)}{30c^6 d^5 + 180c^5 d^6 x + 450c^4 d^7 x^2 + 600c^3 d^8 x^3 + 450c^2 d^9 x^4 + 180c d^{10} x^5 + 30d^{11} x^6}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2/(d*x+c)**7,x)`

output `(-5*a**4*d**4 + a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - b**4*c**4 - 20*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 - 15*b**4*d**4*x**4 + x**2*(15*a**2*b**2*d**4 - 15*b**4*c**2*d**2) + x*(6*a**2*b**2*c*d**3 - 6*b**4*c**3*d))/(30*c**6*d**5 + 180*c**5*d**6*x + 450*c**4*d**7*x**2 + 600*c**3*d**8*x**3 + 450*c**2*d**9*x**4 + 180*c*d**10*x**5 + 30*d**11*x**6)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \frac{15 b^4 d^4 x^4 + 20 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + b^4 c^4 - a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 5 a^4 d^4 + 15 (b^4 c^2 d^2 - a^2 b^2 d^4) x^2 + 6 (b^4 c^3 d - a^2 b^2 c d^3) x}{30 (d^{11} x^6 + 6 c d^{10} x^5 + 15 c^2 d^9 x^4 + 20 c^3 d^8 x^3 + 15 c^4 d^7 x^2 + 6 c^5 d^6 x + c^6 d^5)}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/30*(15*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 20*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + b^4*c^4 - a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 5*a^4*d^4 + 15*(b^4*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 6*(b^4*c^3*d - a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x)/(d^11*x^6 + 6*c*d^10*x^5 + 15*c^2*d^9*x^4 + 20*c^3*d^8*x^3 + 15*c^4*d^7*x^2 + 6*c^5*d^6*x + c^6*d^5)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \frac{15 b^4 d^4 x^4 + 20 b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 15 b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 15 a^2 b^2 d^4 x^2 + 6 b^4 c^3 d x - 6 a^2 b^2 c d^3 x + b^4 c^4 - a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 5 a^4 d^4}{30 (dx + c)^6 d^5}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/30*(15*b^4*d^4*x^4 + 20*b^4*c*d^3*x^3 + 15*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 15*a^2*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 6*b^4*c^3*d*x - 6*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*x + b^4*c^4 - a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 5*a^4*d^4)/((d*x + c)^6*d^5)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{5a^4 d^4 - a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4}{30d^5} + \frac{b^4 x^4}{2d} + \frac{2b^4 c x^3}{3d^2} - \frac{b^2 x^2 (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)}{2d^3} - \frac{b^2 c x (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)}{5d^4}}{c^6 + 6c^5 dx + 15c^4 d^2 x^2 + 20c^3 d^3 x^3 + 15c^2 d^4 x^4 + 6cd^5 x^5 + d^6 x^6}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2/(c + d*x)^7,x)`

output

```

-((5*a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)/(30*d^5) + (b^4*x^4)/(2*d) + (2*
b^4*c*x^3)/(3*d^2) - (b^2*x^2*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2))/(2*d^3) - (b^2*c*x*(a^2
*d^2 - b^2*c^2))/(5*d^4))/(c^6 + d^6*x^6 + 6*c*d^5*x^5 + 15*c^4*d^2*x^2 +
20*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 15*c^2*d^4*x^4 + 6*c^5*d*x)

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15b^4 d^4 x^4 - 20b^4 c d^3 x^3 + 15a^2 b^2 d^4 x^2 - 15b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 6a^2 b^2 c d^3 x - 6b^4 c^3 dx - 5a^4 d^4 + a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - b^4 c^4}{30d^5 (d^6 x^6 + 6cd^5 x^5 + 15c^2 d^4 x^4 + 20c^3 d^3 x^3 + 15c^4 d^2 x^2 + 6c^5 dx + c^6)}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2/(d*x+c)^7,x)`

output

```

( - 5*a**4*d**4 + a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 6*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x + 15*a**2*b**
2*d**4*x**2 - b**4*c**4 - 6*b**4*c**3*d*x - 15*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 20*b*
**4*c*d**3*x**3 - 15*b**4*d**4*x**4)/(30*d**5*(c**6 + 6*c**5*d*x + 15*c**4*
d**2*x**2 + 20*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 15*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 6*c*d**5*x**5 + d**6*x
**6))

```

### 3.21 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = a^6c^3x - a^4c(bc - ad)(bc + ad)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}a^6d^3x^4 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^2c(b^2c^2 - 3a^2d^2)x^5 - \frac{1}{2}a^4b^2d^3x^6 - \frac{1}{7}b^4c(b^2c^2 - 9a^2d^2)x^7 + \frac{3}{8}a^2b^4d^3x^8 - \frac{1}{3}b^6cd^2x^9 - \frac{1}{10}b^6d^3x^{10} - \frac{3c^2d(a^2 - b^2x^2)^4}{8b^2}$$

output

```
a^6*c^3*x-a^4*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)*x^3+1/4*a^6*d^3*x^4+3/5*a^2*b^2*c*(-3*a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x^5-1/2*a^4*b^2*d^3*x^6-1/7*b^4*c*(-9*a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x^7+3/8*a^2*b^4*d^3*x^8-1/3*b^6*c*d^2*x^9-1/10*b^6*d^3*x^10-3/8*c^2*d*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^4/b^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{840} x (210a^6(4c^3 + 6c^2 dx + 4cd^2 x^2 + d^3 x^3) - 42a^4 b^2 x^2 (20c^3 + 45c^2 dx + 36cd^2 x^2 + 10d^3 x^3) + 9a^2 b^4 x^4 (56c^3 + 140c^2 dx + 120cd^2 x^2 + 35d^3 x^3) - b^6 x^6 (120c^3 + 315c^2 dx + 280cd^2 x^2 + 84d^3 x^3))$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(x*(210*a^6*(4*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x + 4*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3) - 42*a^4*b^2*x^2*(20*c^3 + 45*c^2*d*x + 36*c*d^2*x^2 + 10*d^3*x^3) + 9*a^2*b^4*x^4*(56*c^3 + 140*c^2*d*x + 120*c*d^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*x^3) - b^6*x^6*(120*c^3 + 315*c^2*d*x + 280*c*d^2*x^2 + 84*d^3*x^3)))/840`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {475, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 (c + dx)^3 dx$$

↓ 475

$$\int (-b^6 d^3 x^9 - 3b^6 cd^2 x^8 + 3a^2 b^4 d^3 x^7 - b^4 c(b^2 c^2 - 9a^2 d^2) x^6 - 3a^4 b^2 d^3 x^5 - 3a^2 b^2 c(3a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) x^4 + a^6 d^3 x^3 + \frac{3c^2 d(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^4}{8b^2}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a^6 c^3 x + \frac{1}{4} a^6 d^3 x^4 - \frac{1}{2} a^4 b^2 d^3 x^6 - a^4 c x^3 (bc - ad)(ad + bc) + \frac{3}{8} a^2 b^4 d^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b^2 c x^5 (b^2 c^2 - 3a^2 d^2) - \frac{3c^2 d (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^4}{8b^2} - \frac{1}{7} b^4 c x^7 (b^2 c^2 - 9a^2 d^2) - \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 - \frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `a^6*c^3*x - a^4*c*(b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d)*x^3 + (a^6*d^3*x^4)/4 + (3*a^2*b^2*c*(b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*d^2)*x^5)/5 - (a^4*b^2*d^3*x^6)/2 - (b^4*c*(b^2*c^2 - 9*a^2*d^2)*x^7)/7 + (3*a^2*b^4*d^3*x^8)/8 - (b^6*c*d^2*x^9)/3 - (b^6*d^3*x^10)/10 - (3*c^2*d*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^4)/(8*b^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 475 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp [d*n*c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n - d*n*c^(n - 1)*x*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LeQ[n, p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
norman	$-\frac{b^6 d^3 x^{10}}{10} - \frac{b^6 c d^2 x^9}{3} + \left(\frac{3}{8} b^4 d^3 a^2 - \frac{3}{8} b^6 c^2 d\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{9}{7} a^2 b^4 c d^2 - \frac{1}{7} b^6 c^3\right) x^7 + \left(-\frac{1}{2} a^4 b^2 d^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b^4\right) x^6 + \left(-\frac{1}{2} a^4 b^2 d^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b^4\right) x^5 - \frac{3c^2 d (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^4}{8b^2} - \frac{1}{7} b^4 c x^7 (b^2 c^2 - 9a^2 d^2) - \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 - \frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10}$
default	$-\frac{b^6 d^3 x^{10}}{10} - \frac{b^6 c d^2 x^9}{3} + \frac{(3b^4 d^3 a^2 - 3b^6 c^2 d)x^8}{8} + \frac{(9a^2 b^4 c d^2 - b^6 c^3)x^7}{7} + \frac{(-3a^4 b^2 d^3 + 9a^2 b^4 c d^2)x^6}{6} + \frac{(-9a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 9a^2 b^4 d^3)x^5}{5}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10} - \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} a^2 b^4 d^3 x^8 - \frac{3}{8} x^8 b^6 c^2 d + \frac{9}{7} x^7 a^2 b^4 c d^2 - \frac{1}{7} x^7 b^6 c^3 - \frac{1}{2} a^4 b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b^4 x^5 - \frac{3c^2 d (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^4}{8b^2} - \frac{1}{7} b^4 c x^7 (b^2 c^2 - 9a^2 d^2) - \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 - \frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10}$
paralelrisch	$-\frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10} - \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} a^2 b^4 d^3 x^8 - \frac{3}{8} x^8 b^6 c^2 d + \frac{9}{7} x^7 a^2 b^4 c d^2 - \frac{1}{7} x^7 b^6 c^3 - \frac{1}{2} a^4 b^2 d^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b^4 x^5 - \frac{3c^2 d (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^4}{8b^2} - \frac{1}{7} b^4 c x^7 (b^2 c^2 - 9a^2 d^2) - \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 - \frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10}$
gospers	$\frac{x(-84b^6 d^3 x^9 - 280b^6 c d^2 x^8 + 315x^7 b^4 d^3 a^2 - 315x^7 b^6 c^2 d + 1080x^6 a^2 b^4 c d^2 - 120x^6 b^6 c^3 - 420x^5 a^4 b^2 d^3 + 1260x^5 a^2 b^4 c^2 d - 1512x^4 a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 1512x^4 a^2 b^4 d^3 - 840x^3 a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 840x^3 a^2 b^4 c^2 d - 840x^2 a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 840x^2 a^2 b^4 c^2 d - 840x a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 840x a^2 b^4 c^2 d - 840a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 840a^2 b^4 c^2 d - 840)}{840}$
orering	$\frac{x(-84b^6 d^3 x^9 - 280b^6 c d^2 x^8 + 315x^7 b^4 d^3 a^2 - 315x^7 b^6 c^2 d + 1080x^6 a^2 b^4 c d^2 - 120x^6 b^6 c^3 - 420x^5 a^4 b^2 d^3 + 1260x^5 a^2 b^4 c^2 d - 1512x^4 a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 1512x^4 a^2 b^4 d^3 - 840x^3 a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 840x^3 a^2 b^4 c^2 d - 840x^2 a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 840x^2 a^2 b^4 c^2 d - 840x a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 840x a^2 b^4 c^2 d - 840a^4 b^2 c d^2 + 840a^2 b^4 c^2 d - 840)}{840(bx+a)^3}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/10*b^6*d^3*x^10-1/3*b^6*c*d^2*x^9+(3/8*b^4*d^3*a^2-3/8*b^6*c^2*d)*x^8+(9/7*a^2*b^4*c*d^2-1/7*b^6*c^3)*x^7+(-1/2*a^4*b^2*d^3+3/2*a^2*b^4*c^2*d)*x^6+(-9/5*a^4*b^2*c*d^2+3/5*a^2*b^4*c^3)*x^5+(1/4*a^6*d^3-9/4*a^4*b^2*c^2*d)*x^4+(a^6*c*d^2-a^4*b^2*c^3)*x^3+3/2*a^6*c^2*d*x^2+a^6*c^3*x`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10} - \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{2} a^6 c^2 d x^2 + a^6 c^3 x - \frac{3}{8} (b^6 c^2 d - a^2 b^4 d^3) x^8 - \frac{1}{7} (b^6 c^3 - 9 a^2 b^4 c d^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 b^4 c^2 d - a^4 b^2 d^3) x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (a^2 b^4 c^3 - 3 a^4 b^2 c d^2) x^5 - \frac{1}{4} (9 a^4 b^2 c^2 d - a^6 d^3) x^4 - (a^4 b^2 c^3 - a^6 c d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/10*b^6*d^3*x^10 - 1/3*b^6*c*d^2*x^9 + 3/2*a^6*c^2*d*x^2 + a^6*c^3*x - 3/8*(b^6*c^2*d - a^2*b^4*d^3)*x^8 - 1/7*(b^6*c^3 - 9*a^2*b^4*c*d^2)*x^7 + 1/2*(3*a^2*b^4*c^2*d - a^4*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(a^2*b^4*c^3 - 3*a^4*b^2*c*d^2)*x^5 - 1/4*(9*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - a^6*d^3)*x^4 - (a^4*b^2*c^3 - a^6*c*d^2)*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = a^6c^3x + \frac{3a^6c^2dx^2}{2} - \frac{b^6cd^2x^9}{3} - \frac{b^6d^3x^{10}}{10} + x^8 \cdot \left( \frac{3a^2b^4d^3}{8} - \frac{3b^6c^2d}{8} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{9a^2b^4cd^2}{7} - \frac{b^6c^3}{7} \right) + x^6 \left( -\frac{a^4b^2d^3}{2} + \frac{3a^2b^4c^2d}{2} \right) + x^5 \left( -\frac{9a^4b^2cd^2}{5} + \frac{3a^2b^4c^3}{5} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{a^6d^3}{4} - \frac{9a^4b^2c^2d}{4} \right) + x^3 (a^6cd^2 - a^4b^2c^3)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)`output `a**6*c**3*x + 3*a**6*c**2*d*x**2/2 - b**6*c*d**2*x**9/3 - b**6*d**3*x**10/10 + x**8*(3*a**2*b**4*d**3/8 - 3*b**6*c**2*d/8) + x**7*(9*a**2*b**4*c*d**2/7 - b**6*c**3/7) + x**6*(-a**4*b**2*d**3/2 + 3*a**2*b**4*c**2*d/2) + x**5*(-9*a**4*b**2*c*d**2/5 + 3*a**2*b**4*c**3/5) + x**4*(a**6*d**3/4 - 9*a**4*b**2*c**2*d/4) + x**3*(a**6*c*d**2 - a**4*b**2*c**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10} - \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{2} a^6 c^2 d x^2 + a^6 c^3 x - \frac{3}{8} (b^6 c^2 d - a^2 b^4 d^3) x^8 - \frac{1}{7} (b^6 c^3 - 9 a^2 b^4 c d^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{2} (3 a^2 b^4 c^2 d - a^4 b^2 d^3) x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (a^2 b^4 c^3 - 3 a^4 b^2 c d^2) x^5 - \frac{1}{4} (9 a^4 b^2 c^2 d - a^6 d^3) x^4 - (a^4 b^2 c^3 - a^6 c d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/10*b^6*d^3*x^10 - 1/3*b^6*c*d^2*x^9 + 3/2*a^6*c^2*d*x^2 + a^6*c^3*x - 3 \\
& /8*(b^6*c^2*d - a^2*b^4*d^3)*x^8 - 1/7*(b^6*c^3 - 9*a^2*b^4*c*d^2)*x^7 + 1 \\
& /2*(3*a^2*b^4*c^2*d - a^4*b^2*d^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(a^2*b^4*c^3 - 3*a^4*b^2*c*d^2)*x^5 \\
& - 1/4*(9*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - a^6*d^3)*x^4 - (a^4*b^2*c^3 - a^6*c*d^2)*x^3
\end{aligned}$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = & -\frac{1}{10} b^6 d^3 x^{10} - \frac{1}{3} b^6 c d^2 x^9 - \frac{3}{8} b^6 c^2 d x^8 + \frac{3}{8} a^2 b^4 d^3 x^8 \\
& - \frac{1}{7} b^6 c^3 x^7 + \frac{9}{7} a^2 b^4 c d^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b^4 c^2 d x^6 - \frac{1}{2} a^4 b^2 d^3 x^6 \\
& + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b^4 c^3 x^5 - \frac{9}{5} a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^5 - \frac{9}{4} a^4 b^2 c^2 d x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^6 d^3 x^4 \\
& - a^4 b^2 c^3 x^3 + a^6 c d^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^6 c^2 d x^2 + a^6 c^3 x
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/10*b^6*d^3*x^10 - 1/3*b^6*c*d^2*x^9 - 3/8*b^6*c^2*d*x^8 + 3/8*a^2*b^4*d \\
& ^3*x^8 - 1/7*b^6*c^3*x^7 + 9/7*a^2*b^4*c*d^2*x^7 + 3/2*a^2*b^4*c^2*d*x^6 - \\
& 1/2*a^4*b^2*d^3*x^6 + 3/5*a^2*b^4*c^3*x^5 - 9/5*a^4*b^2*c*d^2*x^5 - 9/4*a \\
& ^4*b^2*c^2*d*x^4 + 1/4*a^6*d^3*x^4 - a^4*b^2*c^3*x^3 + a^6*c*d^2*x^3 + 3/2 \\
& *a^6*c^2*d*x^2 + a^6*c^3*x
\end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = & x^5 \left( \frac{3 a^2 b^4 c^3}{5} - \frac{9 a^4 b^2 c d^2}{5} \right) - x^6 \left( \frac{a^4 b^2 d^3}{2} - \frac{3 a^2 b^4 c^2 d}{2} \right) \\
& + x^3 (a^6 c d^2 - a^4 b^2 c^3) + x^4 \left( \frac{a^6 d^3}{4} - \frac{9 a^4 b^2 c^2 d}{4} \right) \\
& - x^7 \left( \frac{b^6 c^3}{7} - \frac{9 a^2 b^4 c d^2}{7} \right) - x^8 \left( \frac{3 b^6 c^2 d}{8} - \frac{3 a^2 b^4 d^3}{8} \right) \\
& + a^6 c^3 x - \frac{b^6 d^3 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{3 a^6 c^2 d x^2}{2} - \frac{b^6 c d^2 x^9}{3}
\end{aligned}$$



input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output  $x^5 \left( \frac{3a^2b^4c^3}{5} - \frac{9a^4b^2cd^2}{5} \right) - x^6 \left( \frac{a^4b^2d^3}{2} - \frac{3a^2b^4c^2d}{2} \right) + x^3 \left( a^6cd^2 - a^4b^2c^3 \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{a^6d^3}{4} - \frac{9a^4b^2c^2d}{4} \right) - x^7 \left( \frac{b^6c^3}{7} - \frac{9a^2b^4cd^2}{7} \right) - x^8 \left( \frac{3b^6c^2d}{8} - \frac{3a^2b^4d^3}{8} \right) + a^6c^3x - \frac{b^6d^3x^{10}}{10} + \frac{3a^6c^2dx^2}{2} - \frac{b^6cd^2x^9}{3}$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(-84b^6d^3x^9 - 280b^6cd^2x^8 + 315a^2b^4d^3x^7 - 315b^6c^2dx^7 + 1080a^2b^4cd^2x^6 - 120b^6c^3x^6 - 420a^4b^2d^3x^5 - 84a^6cd^3x^4 + 1080a^4b^2cd^2x^3 - 315a^2b^4d^3x^2 - 315b^6c^2dx^2 - 315a^6cd^2x - 315b^6c^2d)}{84}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`

output  $(x(840a^6c^3 + 1260a^6c^2dx + 840a^6cd^2x^2 + 210a^6d^3x^3 - 840a^4b^2c^3x^2 - 1890a^4b^2c^2dx^3 - 1512a^4b^2cd^2x^4 - 420a^4b^2d^3x^5 + 504a^2b^4c^3x^4 + 1260a^2b^4c^2dx^5 + 1080a^2b^4cd^2x^6 + 315a^2b^4d^3x^7 - 120b^6c^3x^6 - 315b^6c^2dx^7 - 280b^6cd^2x^8 - 84b^6d^3x^9))/84$

### 3.22 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	318
Maple [A] (verified)	319
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	320
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	320
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	321
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	321
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	322

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = a^6c^2x - \frac{1}{3}a^4(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)x^3 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^2(bc - ad)(bc + ad)x^5 - \frac{1}{7}b^4(b^2c^2 - 3a^2d^2)x^7 - \frac{1}{9}b^6d^2x^9 - \frac{cd(a^2 - b^2x^2)^4}{4b^2}$$

output

```
a^6*c^2*x-1/3*a^4*(-a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)*x^3+3/5*a^2*b^2*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)
)*x^5-1/7*b^4*(-3*a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x^7-1/9*b^6*d^2*x^9-1/4*c*d*(-b^2*x^2+a
^2)^4/b^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{10}a^4b^2x^3(10c^2 + 15cdx + 6d^2x^2) + \frac{1}{35}a^2b^4x^5(21c^2 + 35cdx + 15d^2x^2) - \frac{1}{252}b^6x^7(36c^2 + 63cdx + 28d^2x^2) + a^6\left(c^2x + cdx^2 + \frac{d^2x^3}{3}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output 
$$-1/10*(a^4*b^2*x^3*(10*c^2 + 15*c*d*x + 6*d^2*x^2)) + (a^2*b^4*x^5*(21*c^2 + 35*c*d*x + 15*d^2*x^2))/35 - (b^6*x^7*(36*c^2 + 63*c*d*x + 28*d^2*x^2))/252 + a^6*(c^2*x + c*d*x^2 + (d^2*x^3)/3)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {475, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 (c + dx)^2 dx$$

↓ 475

$$\int (-b^6d^2x^8 - b^4(b^2c^2 - 3a^2d^2)x^6 - 3a^2b^2(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)x^4 + a^4(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)x^2 + a^6c^2) dx - \frac{cd(a^2 - b^2x^2)^4}{4b^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$a^6c^2x + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^2x^5(bc - ad)(ad + bc) - \frac{cd(a^2 - b^2x^2)^4}{4b^2} - \frac{1}{7}b^4x^7(b^2c^2 - 3a^2d^2) - \frac{1}{3}a^4x^3(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2) - \frac{1}{9}b^6d^2x^9$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output 
$$a^6*c^2*x - (a^4*(3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*x^3)/3 + (3*a^2*b^2*(b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d)*x^5)/5 - (b^4*(b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*d^2)*x^7)/7 - (b^6*d^2*x^9)/9 - (c*d*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^4)/(4*b^2)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 475 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp
[d*n*c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Int[ExpandIntegran
d[((c + d*x)^n - d*n*c^(n - 1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LeQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
norman	$-\frac{b^6 d^2 x^9}{9} - \frac{b^6 c d x^8}{4} + \left(\frac{3}{7} d^2 b^4 a^2 - \frac{1}{7} b^6 c^2\right) x^7 + a^2 b^4 c d x^6 + \left(-\frac{3}{5} a^4 b^2 d^2 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b^4 c^2\right) x^5 - \frac{3 a^4 b^2 c d x^4}{2}$
default	$-\frac{b^6 d^2 x^9}{9} - \frac{b^6 c d x^8}{4} + \frac{(3 d^2 b^4 a^2 - b^6 c^2) x^7}{7} + a^2 b^4 c d x^6 + \frac{(-3 a^4 b^2 d^2 + 3 a^2 b^4 c^2) x^5}{5} - \frac{3 a^4 b^2 c d x^4}{2} + \frac{(a^6 d^2 - 3 c^2 a^4) x^3}{3}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{9} b^6 d^2 x^9 - \frac{1}{4} b^6 c d x^8 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 d^2 b^4 a^2 - \frac{1}{7} x^7 b^6 c^2 + a^2 b^4 c d x^6 - \frac{3}{5} x^5 a^4 b^2 d^2 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a^2 b^4 c^2 - \frac{3}{2} a^4 b^2 c d x^4$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{1}{9} b^6 d^2 x^9 - \frac{1}{4} b^6 c d x^8 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 d^2 b^4 a^2 - \frac{1}{7} x^7 b^6 c^2 + a^2 b^4 c d x^6 - \frac{3}{5} x^5 a^4 b^2 d^2 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a^2 b^4 c^2 - \frac{3}{2} a^4 b^2 c d x^4$
gospers	$\frac{x(-140 b^6 d^2 x^8 - 315 b^6 c d x^7 + 540 x^6 d^2 b^4 a^2 - 180 x^6 b^6 c^2 + 1260 a^2 b^4 c d x^5 - 756 x^4 a^4 b^2 d^2 + 756 x^4 a^2 b^4 c^2 - 1890 a^4 b^2 c d x^3 + 420 x^2 a^6 d^2 - c^2 a^4 b^2) x^2 + 1260 a^2 b^4 c d x^5 - 756 x^4 a^4 b^2 d^2 + 756 x^4 a^2 b^4 c^2 - 1890 a^4 b^2 c d x^3 + 420 x^2 a^6 d^2 - c^2 a^4 b^2}{1260}$
orering	$\frac{x(-140 b^6 d^2 x^8 - 315 b^6 c d x^7 + 540 x^6 d^2 b^4 a^2 - 180 x^6 b^6 c^2 + 1260 a^2 b^4 c d x^5 - 756 x^4 a^4 b^2 d^2 + 756 x^4 a^2 b^4 c^2 - 1890 a^4 b^2 c d x^3 + 420 x^2 a^6 d^2 - c^2 a^4 b^2) x^2 + 1260 a^2 b^4 c d x^5 - 756 x^4 a^4 b^2 d^2 + 756 x^4 a^2 b^4 c^2 - 1890 a^4 b^2 c d x^3 + 420 x^2 a^6 d^2 - c^2 a^4 b^2}{1260(bx+a)^3(-bx+a)^3}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/9*b^6*d^2*x^9-1/4*b^6*c*d*x^8+(3/7*d^2*b^4*a^2-1/7*b^6*c^2)*x^7+a^2*b^4
*c*d*x^6+(-3/5*a^4*b^2*d^2+3/5*a^2*b^4*c^2)*x^5-3/2*a^4*b^2*c*d*x^4+(1/3*a
^6*d^2-c^2*a^4*b^2)*x^3+a^6*c*d*x^2+a^6*c^2*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{9} b^6 d^2 x^9 - \frac{1}{4} b^6 c d x^8 + a^2 b^4 c d x^6 - \frac{3}{2} a^4 b^2 c d x^4 + a^6 c d x^2 + a^6 c^2 x - \frac{1}{7} (b^6 c^2 - 3 a^2 b^4 d^2) x^7 + \frac{3}{5} (a^2 b^4 c^2 - a^4 b^2 d^2) x^5 - \frac{1}{3} (3 a^4 b^2 c^2 - a^6 d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/9*b^6*d^2*x^9 - 1/4*b^6*c*d*x^8 + a^2*b^4*c*d*x^6 - 3/2*a^4*b^2*c*d*x^4 + a^6*c*d*x^2 + a^6*c^2*x - 1/7*(b^6*c^2 - 3*a^2*b^4*d^2)*x^7 + 3/5*(a^2*b^4*c^2 - a^4*b^2*d^2)*x^5 - 1/3*(3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*d^2)*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = a^6 c^2 x + a^6 c d x^2 - \frac{3 a^4 b^2 c d x^4}{2} + a^2 b^4 c d x^6 - \frac{b^6 c d x^8}{4} - \frac{b^6 d^2 x^9}{9} + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{3 a^2 b^4 d^2}{7} - \frac{b^6 c^2}{7} \right) + x^5 \left( -\frac{3 a^4 b^2 d^2}{5} + \frac{3 a^2 b^4 c^2}{5} \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{a^6 d^2}{3} - a^4 b^2 c^2 \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)`output `a**6*c**2*x + a**6*c*d*x**2 - 3*a**4*b**2*c*d*x**4/2 + a**2*b**4*c*d*x**6 - b**6*c*d*x**8/4 - b**6*d**2*x**9/9 + x**7*(3*a**2*b**4*d**2/7 - b**6*c**2/7) + x**5*(-3*a**4*b**2*d**2/5 + 3*a**2*b**4*c**2/5) + x**3*(a**6*d**2/3 - a**4*b**2*c**2)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{9} b^6 d^2 x^9 - \frac{1}{4} b^6 c d x^8 + a^2 b^4 c d x^6 - \frac{3}{2} a^4 b^2 c d x^4$$

$$+ a^6 c d x^2 + a^6 c^2 x - \frac{1}{7} (b^6 c^2 - 3 a^2 b^4 d^2) x^7$$

$$+ \frac{3}{5} (a^2 b^4 c^2 - a^4 b^2 d^2) x^5 - \frac{1}{3} (3 a^4 b^2 c^2 - a^6 d^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9*b^6*d^2*x^9 - 1/4*b^6*c*d*x^8 + a^2*b^4*c*d*x^6 - 3/2*a^4*b^2*c*d*x^4  
+ a^6*c*d*x^2 + a^6*c^2*x - 1/7*(b^6*c^2 - 3*a^2*b^4*d^2)*x^7 + 3/5*(a^2*b^4*c^2 - a^4*b^2*d^2)*x^5 - 1/3*(3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*d^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{9} b^6 d^2 x^9 - \frac{1}{4} b^6 c d x^8 - \frac{1}{7} b^6 c^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} a^2 b^4 d^2 x^7$$

$$+ a^2 b^4 c d x^6 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b^4 c^2 x^5 - \frac{3}{5} a^4 b^2 d^2 x^5 - \frac{3}{2} a^4 b^2 c d x^4$$

$$- a^4 b^2 c^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^6 d^2 x^3 + a^6 c d x^2 + a^6 c^2 x$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/9*b^6*d^2*x^9 - 1/4*b^6*c*d*x^8 - 1/7*b^6*c^2*x^7 + 3/7*a^2*b^4*d^2*x^7  
+ a^2*b^4*c*d*x^6 + 3/5*a^2*b^4*c^2*x^5 - 3/5*a^4*b^2*d^2*x^5 - 3/2*a^4*b^2*c*d*x^4 - a^4*b^2*c^2*x^3 + 1/3*a^6*d^2*x^3 + a^6*c*d*x^2 + a^6*c^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = x^3 \left( \frac{a^6 d^2}{3} - a^4 b^2 c^2 \right) - x^7 \left( \frac{b^6 c^2}{7} - \frac{3 a^2 b^4 d^2}{7} \right) \\ + x^5 \left( \frac{3 a^2 b^4 c^2}{5} - \frac{3 a^4 b^2 d^2}{5} \right) + a^6 c^2 x - \frac{b^6 d^2 x^9}{9} \\ + a^6 c d x^2 - \frac{b^6 c d x^8}{4} - \frac{3 a^4 b^2 c d x^4}{2} + a^2 b^4 c d x^6$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3*(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((a^6*d^2)/3 - a^4*b^2*c^2) - x^7*((b^6*c^2)/7 - (3*a^2*b^4*d^2)/7) + x^5*((3*a^2*b^4*c^2)/5 - (3*a^4*b^2*d^2)/5) + a^6*c^2*x - (b^6*d^2*x^9)/9 + a^6*c*d*x^2 - (b^6*c*d*x^8)/4 - (3*a^4*b^2*c*d*x^4)/2 + a^2*b^4*c*d*x^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx \\ = \frac{x(-140b^6d^2x^8 - 315b^6cdx^7 + 540a^2b^4d^2x^6 - 180b^6c^2x^6 + 1260a^2b^4cdx^5 - 756a^4b^2d^2x^4 + 756a^2b^4c^2x^4 - 1260a^6c^2x^4 + 1260a^6cdx^3 + 420a^6d^2x^2 - 1260a^4b^2c^2x^2 - 1890a^4b^2cdx^3 - 756a^4b^2d^2x^4 + 756a^2b^4c^2x^4 + 1260a^2b^4cdx^5 + 540a^2b^4d^2x^6 - 180b^6c^2x^6 - 315b^6cdx^7 - 140b^6d^2x^8))/1260$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`output `(x*(1260*a**6*c**2 + 1260*a**6*c*d*x + 420*a**6*d**2*x**2 - 1260*a**4*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 1890*a**4*b**2*c*d*x**3 - 756*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**4 + 756*a**2*b**4*c**2*x**4 + 1260*a**2*b**4*c*d*x**5 + 540*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**6 - 180*b**6*c**2*x**6 - 315*b**6*c*d*x**7 - 140*b**6*d**2*x**8))/1260`

### 3.23 $\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	323
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Rubi [A] (verified)	324
Maple [A] (verified)	325
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	325
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	326
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	326
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	327
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	327
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	328

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = a^6cx - a^4b^2cx^3 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4cx^5 - \frac{1}{7}b^6cx^7 - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2x^2)^4}{8b^2}$$

output  $a^6*c*x - a^4*b^2*c*x^3 + 3/5*a^2*b^4*c*x^5 - 1/7*b^6*c*x^7 - 1/8*d*(-b^2*x^2 + a^2)^4/b^2$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx &= a^6cx + \frac{1}{2}a^6dx^2 - a^4b^2cx^3 - \frac{3}{4}a^4b^2dx^4 \\ &\quad + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4cx^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^4dx^6 - \frac{1}{7}b^6cx^7 - \frac{1}{8}b^6dx^8 \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output  $a^6*c*x + (a^6*d*x^2)/2 - a^4*b^2*c*x^3 - (3*a^4*b^2*d*x^4)/4 + (3*a^2*b^4*c*x^5)/5 + (a^2*b^4*d*x^6)/2 - (b^6*c*x^7)/7 - (b^6*d*x^8)/8$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {455, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 (c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$c \int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^4}{8b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 210$$

$$c \int (a^6 - 3b^2 x^2 a^4 + 3b^4 x^4 a^2 - b^6 x^6) dx - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^4}{8b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$c \left( a^6 x - a^4 b^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b^4 x^5 - \frac{1}{7} b^6 x^7 \right) - \frac{d(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^4}{8b^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/8*(d*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^4)/b^2 + c*(a^6*x - a^4*b^2*x^3 + (3*a^2*b^4*x^5)/5 - (b^6*x^7)/7)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 210 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{1}{8}b^6dx^8 - \frac{1}{7}b^6cx^7 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^4dx^6 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4cx^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4b^2dx^4 - a^4b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6dx^2 + a^6cx$	83
norman	$-\frac{1}{8}b^6dx^8 - \frac{1}{7}b^6cx^7 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^4dx^6 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4cx^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4b^2dx^4 - a^4b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6dx^2 + a^6cx$	83
risch	$-\frac{1}{8}b^6dx^8 - \frac{1}{7}b^6cx^7 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^4dx^6 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4cx^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4b^2dx^4 - a^4b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6dx^2 + a^6cx$	83
parallelrisch	$-\frac{1}{8}b^6dx^8 - \frac{1}{7}b^6cx^7 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^4dx^6 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4cx^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4b^2dx^4 - a^4b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6dx^2 + a^6cx$	83
gospers	$\frac{x(-35b^6dx^7 - 40b^6cx^6 + 140a^2b^4dx^5 + 168a^2b^4cx^4 - 210a^4b^2dx^3 - 280a^4b^2cx^2 + 140a^6dx + 280ca^6)}{280}$	84
orering	$\frac{x(-35b^6dx^7 - 40b^6cx^6 + 140a^2b^4dx^5 + 168a^2b^4cx^4 - 210a^4b^2dx^3 - 280a^4b^2cx^2 + 140a^6dx + 280ca^6)(-b^2x^2 + a^2)^3}{280(bx+a)^3(-bx+a)^3}$	113

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*b^6*d*x^8-1/7*b^6*c*x^7+1/2*a^2*b^4*d*x^6+3/5*a^2*b^4*c*x^5-3/4*a^4*b^2*d*x^4-a^4*b^2*c*x^3+1/2*a^6*d*x^2+a^6*c*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (c + dx)(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{8}b^6dx^8 - \frac{1}{7}b^6cx^7 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^4dx^6 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4cx^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4b^2dx^4 - a^4b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6dx^2 + a^6cx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/8*b^6*d*x^8 - 1/7*b^6*c*x^7 + 1/2*a^2*b^4*d*x^6 + 3/5*a^2*b^4*c*x^5 - 3
/4*a^4*b^2*d*x^4 - a^4*b^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*a^6*d*x^2 + a^6*c*x
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = a^6cx + \frac{a^6dx^2}{2} - a^4b^2cx^3 - \frac{3a^4b^2dx^4}{4} + \frac{3a^2b^4cx^5}{5} + \frac{a^2b^4dx^6}{2} - \frac{b^6cx^7}{7} - \frac{b^6dx^8}{8}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```
a**6*c*x + a**6*d*x**2/2 - a**4*b**2*c*x**3 - 3*a**4*b**2*d*x**4/4 + 3*a**
2*b**4*c*x**5/5 + a**2*b**4*d*x**6/2 - b**6*c*x**7/7 - b**6*d*x**8/8
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{8}b^6dx^8 - \frac{1}{7}b^6cx^7 + \frac{1}{2}a^2b^4dx^6 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4cx^5 - \frac{3}{4}a^4b^2dx^4 - a^4b^2cx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^6dx^2 + a^6cx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/8*b^6*d*x^8 - 1/7*b^6*c*x^7 + 1/2*a^2*b^4*d*x^6 + 3/5*a^2*b^4*c*x^5 - 3
/4*a^4*b^2*d*x^4 - a^4*b^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*a^6*d*x^2 + a^6*c*x
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{8} b^6 dx^8 - \frac{1}{7} b^6 cx^7 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 b^4 dx^6 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b^4 cx^5 - \frac{3}{4} a^4 b^2 dx^4 - a^4 b^2 cx^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^6 dx^2 + a^6 cx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*b^6*d*x^8 - 1/7*b^6*c*x^7 + 1/2*a^2*b^4*d*x^6 + 3/5*a^2*b^4*c*x^5 - 3/4*a^4*b^2*d*x^4 - a^4*b^2*c*x^3 + 1/2*a^6*d*x^2 + a^6*c*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = \frac{da^6 x^2}{2} + ca^6 x - \frac{3da^4 b^2 x^4}{4} - ca^4 b^2 x^3 + \frac{da^2 b^4 x^6}{2} + \frac{3ca^2 b^4 x^5}{5} - \frac{db^6 x^8}{8} - \frac{cb^6 x^7}{7}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3*(c + d*x),x)`

output `(a^6*d*x^2)/2 - (b^6*c*x^7)/7 - (b^6*d*x^8)/8 + a^6*c*x - a^4*b^2*c*x^3 + (3*a^2*b^4*c*x^5)/5 - (3*a^4*b^2*d*x^4)/4 + (a^2*b^4*d*x^6)/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (c + dx) (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(-35b^6 d x^7 - 40b^6 c x^6 + 140a^2 b^4 d x^5 + 168a^2 b^4 c x^4 - 210a^4 b^2 d x^3 - 280a^4 b^2 c x^2 + 140a^6 d x + 280a^6 c)}{280}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`output `(x*(280*a**6*c + 140*a**6*d*x - 280*a**4*b**2*c*x**2 - 210*a**4*b**2*d*x**3 + 168*a**2*b**4*c*x**4 + 140*a**2*b**4*d*x**5 - 40*b**6*c*x**6 - 35*b**6*d*x**7))/280`

## 3.24 $\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = a^6x - a^4b^2x^3 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4x^5 - \frac{b^6x^7}{7}$$

output

```
a^6*x - a^4*b^2*x^3 + 3/5*a^2*b^4*x^5 - 1/7*b^6*x^7
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = a^6x - a^4b^2x^3 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4x^5 - \frac{b^6x^7}{7}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3, x]
```

output

```
a^6*x - a^4*b^2*x^3 + (3*a^2*b^4*x^5)/5 - (b^6*x^7)/7
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{210}$$

$$\int (a^6 - 3a^4 b^2 x^2 + 3a^2 b^4 x^4 - b^6 x^6) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$a^6 x - a^4 b^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b^4 x^5 - \frac{1}{7} b^6 x^7$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `a^6*x - a^4*b^2*x^3 + (3*a^2*b^4*x^5)/5 - (b^6*x^7)/7`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 210 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^(p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
default	$a^6x - a^4b^2x^3 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4x^5 - \frac{1}{7}b^6x^7$	37
norman	$a^6x - a^4b^2x^3 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4x^5 - \frac{1}{7}b^6x^7$	37
risch	$a^6x - a^4b^2x^3 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4x^5 - \frac{1}{7}b^6x^7$	37
parallelrisch	$a^6x - a^4b^2x^3 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4x^5 - \frac{1}{7}b^6x^7$	37
gosper	$\frac{x(-5b^6x^6+21a^2b^4x^4-35a^4b^2x^2+35a^6)}{35}$	40
orering	$\frac{x(-5b^6x^6+21a^2b^4x^4-35a^4b^2x^2+35a^6)(-b^2x^2+a^2)^3}{35(bx+a)^3(-bx+a)^3}$	69

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^6*x-a^4*b^2*x^3+3/5*a^2*b^4*x^5-1/7*b^6*x^7`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{7}b^6x^7 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4x^5 - a^4b^2x^3 + a^6x$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/7*b^6*x^7 + 3/5*a^2*b^4*x^5 - a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^6*x`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = a^6x - a^4b^2x^3 + \frac{3a^2b^4x^5}{5} - \frac{b^6x^7}{7}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)`output `a**6*x - a**4*b**2*x**3 + 3*a**2*b**4*x**5/5 - b**6*x**7/7`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{7}b^6x^7 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4x^5 - a^4b^2x^3 + a^6x$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/7*b^6*x^7 + 3/5*a^2*b^4*x^5 - a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^6*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 dx = -\frac{1}{7}b^6x^7 + \frac{3}{5}a^2b^4x^5 - a^4b^2x^3 + a^6x$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/7*b^6*x^7 + 3/5*a^2*b^4*x^5 - a^4*b^2*x^3 + a^6*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = a^6 x - a^4 b^2 x^3 + \frac{3 a^2 b^4 x^5}{5} - \frac{b^6 x^7}{7}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x)`

output `a^6*x - (b^6*x^7)/7 - a^4*b^2*x^3 + (3*a^2*b^4*x^5)/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 dx = \frac{x(-5b^6 x^6 + 21a^2 b^4 x^4 - 35a^4 b^2 x^2 + 35a^6)}{35}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`

output `(x*(35*a**6 - 35*a**4*b**2*x**2 + 21*a**2*b**4*x**4 - 5*b**6*x**6))/35`

**3.25**  $\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx$

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Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	338
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	339
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	339

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx = \frac{b^2 c (b^4 c^4 - 3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3 a^4 d^4) x}{d^6} - \frac{b^2 (b^4 c^4 - 3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3 a^4 d^4) x^2}{2 d^5} + \frac{b^4 c (b^2 c^2 - 3 a^2 d^2) x^3}{3 d^4} - \frac{b^4 (b^2 c^2 - 3 a^2 d^2) x^4}{4 d^3} + \frac{b^6 c x^5}{5 d^2} - \frac{b^6 x^6}{6 d} - \frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^3 \log(c + dx)}{d^7}$$

output

```
b^2*c*(3*a^4*d^4-3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)*x/d^6-1/2*b^2*(3*a^4*d^4-3*a^2
*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)*x^2/d^5+1/3*b^4*c*(-3*a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x^3/d^4-1/4*b
^4*(-3*a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x^4/d^3+1/5*b^6*c*x^5/d^2-1/6*b^6*x^6/d-(-a^2*d^2+
b^2*c^2)^3*ln(d*x+c)/d^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^2 dx(-90a^4 d^4(-2c + dx) + 15a^2 b^2 d^2(-12c^3 + 6c^2 dx - 4cd^2 x^2 + 3d^3 x^3) + b^4(60c^5 - 30c^4 dx + 20c^3 d^2 x^2 - 15c^2 d^3 x^3 + 12c d^4 x^4 - 10d^5 x^5)) - 60(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^3 \text{Log}[c + dx]}{60d^7}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3/(c + d*x),x]`

output  $(b^2 d x (-90 a^4 d^4 (-2 c + d x) + 15 a^2 b^2 d^2 (-12 c^3 + 6 c^2 d x - 4 c d^2 x^2 + 3 d^3 x^3) + b^4 (60 c^5 - 30 c^4 d x + 20 c^3 d^2 x^2 - 15 c^2 d^3 x^3 + 12 c d^4 x^4 - 10 d^5 x^5)) - 60 (b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^3 \text{Log}[c + d x]) / (60 d^7)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)^3}{d^6 (c + dx)} + \frac{b^4 c x^2 (b^2 c^2 - 3a^2 d^2)}{d^4} - \frac{b^4 x^3 (b^2 c^2 - 3a^2 d^2)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 x (3a^4 d^4 - 3a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)}{d^5} + \frac{3a^4 b^2 c d^4}{d^5} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^3 \log(c + dx)}{d^7} + \frac{b^4 c x^3 (b^2 c^2 - 3a^2 d^2)}{2d^5} - \frac{b^4 x^4 (b^2 c^2 - 3a^2 d^2)}{4d^3} + \frac{b^2 c x (3a^4 d^4 - 3a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)}{d^6} - \frac{b^2 x^2 (3a^4 d^4 - 3a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)}{2d^5} + \frac{b^6 c x^5}{5d^2} - \frac{b^6 x^6}{6d}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3/(c + d*x),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(b^2*c*(b^4*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*d^4)*x)/d^6 - (b^2*(b^4*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*d^4)*x^2)/(2*d^5) + (b^4*c*(b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*d^2)*x^3)/(3*d^4) - (b^4*(b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*d^2)*x^4)/(4*d^3) + (b^6*c*x^5)/(5*d^2) - (b^6*x^6)/(6*d) - ((b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^3*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/d^7}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \left( -\frac{b^4 x^6 d^5}{6} + \frac{b^4 c x^5 d^4}{5} - \frac{d(-3a^2 b^2 d^4 + b^4 c^2 d^2)}{4} x^4 + \frac{c(-3a^2 b^2 d^4 + b^4 c^2 d^2)}{3} x^3 - \frac{(3a^4 d^4 - 3a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4) x^2 d}{2} + c(3a^4 d^4 - 3a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2) \right)}{d^6}$
norman	$\frac{b^2 c(3a^4 d^4 - 3a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4) x}{d^6} - \frac{b^6 x^6}{6d} - \frac{b^2(3a^4 d^4 - 3a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4) x^2}{2d^5} + \frac{b^4(3a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) x^4}{4d^3} + \frac{b^6 c x^5}{5d^2} - \frac{b^4 c(3a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) x^3}{3d^4}$
risch	$-\frac{b^6 x^6}{6d} + \frac{b^6 c x^5}{5d^2} + \frac{3b^4 a^2 x^4}{4d} - \frac{b^6 c^2 x^4}{4d^3} - \frac{b^4 a^2 c x^3}{d^2} + \frac{b^6 c^3 x^3}{3d^4} - \frac{3b^2 a^4 x^2}{2d} + \frac{3b^4 a^2 c^2 x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{b^6 c^4 x^2}{2d^5} + \frac{3b^2 a^4 c x}{d^2} - \frac{b^6 c^5 x}{5d^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-10x^6 b^6 d^6 + 12b^6 c x^5 d^5 + 45x^4 a^2 b^4 d^6 - 15x^4 b^6 c^2 d^4 - 60x^3 a^2 b^4 c d^5 + 20x^3 b^6 c^3 d^3 - 90x^2 a^4 b^2 d^6 + 90x^2 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^4 - 30x^2 b^6 c^4 d^2 + 60x b^6 c^5 d - 6b^6 c^6}{d^6}$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{b^2/d^6*(-1/6*b^4*x^6*d^5+1/5*b^4*c*x^5*d^4-1/4*d*(-3*a^2*b^2*d^4+b^4*c^2*d^2)*x^4+1/3*c*(-3*a^2*b^2*d^4+b^4*c^2*d^2)*x^3-1/2*(3*a^4*d^4-3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)*x^2*d+c*(3*a^4*d^4-3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)*x+(a^6*d^6-3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4+3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2-b^6*c^6)/d^7*\ln(d*x+c)}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx = \frac{10 b^6 d^6 x^6 - 12 b^6 c d^5 x^5 + 15 (b^6 c^2 d^4 - 3 a^2 b^4 d^6) x^4 - 20 (b^6 c^3 d^3 - 3 a^2 b^4 c d^5) x^3 + 30 (b^6 c^4 d^2 - 3 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^4) x^2 - 60 (b^6 c^5 d - 3 a^2 b^4 c^3 d^3 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^5) x + 60 (b^6 c^6 - 3 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 - a^6 c^2 d^6) \log(dx + c)}{d^7}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/60*(10*b^6*d^6*x^6 - 12*b^6*c*d^5*x^5 + 15*(b^6*c^2*d^4 - 3*a^2*b^4*d^6)*x^4 - 20*(b^6*c^3*d^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c*d^5)*x^3 + 30*(b^6*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^4 + 3*a^4*b^2*d^6)*x^2 - 60*(b^6*c^5*d - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^5)*x + 60*(b^6*c^6 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^6*c^2*d^6)*log(d*x + c))/d^7`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx = \frac{b^6 c x^5}{5d^2} - \frac{b^6 x^6}{6d} - x^4 \left( -\frac{3a^2 b^4}{4d} + \frac{b^6 c^2}{4d^3} \right) - x^3 \left( \frac{a^2 b^4 c}{d^2} - \frac{b^6 c^3}{3d^4} \right) - x^2 \cdot \left( \frac{3a^4 b^2}{2d} - \frac{3a^2 b^4 c^2}{2d^3} + \frac{b^6 c^4}{2d^5} \right) - x \left( -\frac{3a^4 b^2 c}{d^2} + \frac{3a^2 b^4 c^3}{d^4} - \frac{b^6 c^5}{d^6} \right) + \frac{(ad - bc)^3 (ad + bc)^3 \log(c + dx)}{d^7}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3/(d*x+c),x)`output `b**6*c*x**5/(5*d**2) - b**6*x**6/(6*d) - x**4*(-3*a**2*b**4/(4*d) + b**6*c**2/(4*d**3)) - x**3*(a**2*b**4*c/d**2 - b**6*c**3/(3*d**4)) - x**2*(3*a**4*b**2/(2*d) - 3*a**2*b**4*c**2/(2*d**3) + b**6*c**4/(2*d**5)) - x*(-3*a**4*b**2*c/d**2 + 3*a**2*b**4*c**3/d**4 - b**6*c**5/d**6) + (a*d - b*c)**3*(a*d + b*c)**3*log(c + d*x)/d**7`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx = \frac{10 b^6 d^5 x^6 - 12 b^6 c d^4 x^5 + 15 (b^6 c^2 d^3 - 3 a^2 b^4 d^5) x^4 - 20 (b^6 c^3 d^2 - 3 a^2 b^4 c d^4) x^3 + 30 (b^6 c^4 d - 3 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^2) x^2 - 60 (b^6 c^5 - 3 a^2 b^4 c^3 d^2 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4) x - 60 d^6 (b^6 c^6 - 3 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 - a^6 d^6) \log(dx + c)}{d^7}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/60*(10*b^6*d^5*x^6 - 12*b^6*c*d^4*x^5 + 15*(b^6*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*d^5)*x^4 - 20*(b^6*c^3*d^2 - 3*a^2*b^4*c*d^4)*x^3 + 30*(b^6*c^4*d - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*d^5)*x^2 - 60*(b^6*c^5 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c*d^4)*x)/d^6 - (b^6*c^6 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^6*d^6)*log(d*x + c)/d^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx = \frac{10 b^6 d^5 x^6 - 12 b^6 c d^4 x^5 + 15 b^6 c^2 d^3 x^4 - 45 a^2 b^4 d^5 x^4 - 20 b^6 c^3 d^2 x^3 + 60 a^2 b^4 c d^4 x^3 + 30 b^6 c^4 d x^2 - 90 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^3 x^2 - 60 (b^6 c^5 - 3 a^2 b^4 c^3 d^2 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4) x - 60 d^6 (b^6 c^6 - 3 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 - a^6 d^6) \log(|dx + c|)}{d^7}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(10*b^6*d^5*x^6 - 12*b^6*c*d^4*x^5 + 15*b^6*c^2*d^3*x^4 - 45*a^2*b^4*d^5*x^4 - 20*b^6*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 60*a^2*b^4*c*d^4*x^3 + 30*b^6*c^4*d*x^2 - 90*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^3*x^2 + 90*a^4*b^2*d^5*x^2 - 60*b^6*c^5*x + 180*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2*x - 180*a^4*b^2*c*d^4*x)/d^6 - (b^6*c^6 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^6*d^6)*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^7`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx = x^2 \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{3a^2 b^4}{d} - \frac{b^6 c^2}{d^3} \right) - 3a^4 b^2}{2d^2} + x^4 \left( \frac{3a^2 b^4}{4d} - \frac{b^6 c^2}{4d^3} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\ln(c + dx) (a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6)}{d^7} - \frac{b^6 x^6}{6d} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{c x^3 \left( \frac{3a^2 b^4}{d} - \frac{b^6 c^2}{d^3} \right)}{3d} + \frac{b^6 c x^5}{5d^2} - \frac{c x \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{3a^2 b^4}{d} - \frac{b^6 c^2}{d^3} \right) - 3a^4 b^2}{d} \right)}{d} \right)$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3/(c + d*x),x)`output `x^2*((c^2*((3*a^2*b^4)/d - (b^6*c^2)/d^3))/(2*d^2) - (3*a^4*b^2)/(2*d)) + x^4*((3*a^2*b^4)/(4*d) - (b^6*c^2)/(4*d^3)) + (log(c + d*x)*(a^6*d^6 - b^6*c^6 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4))/d^7 - (b^6*x^6)/(6*d) - (c*x^3*((3*a^2*b^4)/d - (b^6*c^2)/d^3))/(3*d) + (b^6*c*x^5)/(5*d^2) - (c*x*((c^2*((3*a^2*b^4)/d - (b^6*c^2)/d^3))/d^2 - (3*a^4*b^2)/d))/d`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{c + dx} dx \\ = \frac{60 \log(dx + c) a^6 d^6 - 180 \log(dx + c) a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 180 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - 60 \log(dx + c) b^6 c^6 + 180 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4}{d^7}$$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c),x)`



output

```
(60*log(c + d*x)*a**6*d**6 - 180*log(c + d*x)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**4 + 180*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**2 - 60*log(c + d*x)*b**6*c**6 + 180*a**4*b**2*c*d**5*x - 90*a**4*b**2*d**6*x**2 - 180*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**3*x + 90*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 60*a**2*b**4*c*d**5*x**3 + 45*a**2*b**4*d**6*x**4 + 60*b**6*c**5*d*x - 30*b**6*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 20*b**6*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 15*b**6*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 12*b**6*c*d**5*x**5 - 10*b**6*d**6*x**6)/(60*d**7)
```

### 3.26 $\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2(5b^4 c^4 - 9a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3a^4 d^4) x}{d^6} + \frac{b^4 c(2b^2 c^2 - 3a^2 d^2) x^2}{d^5} - \frac{b^4(bc - ad)(bc + ad)x^3}{d^4} + \frac{b^6 c x^4}{2d^3} - \frac{b^6 x^5}{5d^2} + \frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^3}{d^7(c + dx)} + \frac{6b^2 c(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^7}$$

output

```
-b^2*(3*a^4*d^4-9*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+5*b^4*c^4)*x/d^6+b^4*c*(-3*a^2*d^2+2*b^2*c^2)*x^2/d^5-b^4*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)*x^3/d^4+1/2*b^6*c*x^4/d^3-1/5*b^6*x^5/d^2+(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^3/d^7/(d*x+c)+6*b^2*c*(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2*ln(d*x+c)/d^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10a^6 d^6 - 30a^4 b^2 d^4 (-c^2 + cdx + d^2 x^2) + 10a^2 b^4 d^2 (-3c^4 + 9c^3 dx + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 - 2cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4) + b^6 (10c^6 - 30c^5 dx + 30c^4 d^2 x^2 + 10c^3 d^3 x^3 - 5c^2 d^4 x^4 + 3cd^5 x^5 - 2d^6 x^6) + 60c(b^3 c^2 - a^2 b d^2)^2 (c + dx) \operatorname{Log}[c + dx]}{10d^7 (c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-10*a^6*d^6 - 30*a^4*b^2*d^4*(-c^2 + c*d*x + d^2*x^2) + 10*a^2*b^4*d^2*(-3*c^4 + 9*c^3*d*x + 6*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d^3*x^3 + d^4*x^4) + b^6*(10*c^6 - 50*c^5*d*x - 30*c^4*d^2*x^2 + 10*c^3*d^3*x^3 - 5*c^2*d^4*x^4 + 3*c*d^5*x^5 - 2*d^6*x^6) + 60*c*(b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)*Log[c + d*x])/(10*d^7*(c + d*x))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{6c(b^3 c^2 - a^2 b d^2)^2}{d^6 (c + dx)} + \frac{(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)^3}{d^6 (c + dx)^2} + \frac{2b^4 c x (2b^2 c^2 - 3a^2 d^2)}{d^5} - \frac{3b^4 x^2 (b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)}{d^4} + \frac{-3a^4 b^2 d^4 + 9a^2 b^4 c^2}{d^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^3}{d^7(c + dx)} + \frac{6b^2c(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^7} + \frac{b^4cx^2(2b^2c^2 - 3a^2d^2)}{d^5} - \frac{b^2x(3a^4d^4 - 9a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 5b^4c^4)}{d^6} - \frac{b^4x^3(bc - ad)(ad + bc)}{d^4} + \frac{b^6cx^4}{2d^3} - \frac{b^6x^5}{5d^2}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-((b^2*(5*b^4*c^4 - 9*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*d^4)*x)/d^6) + (b^4*c*(2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*d^2)*x^2)/d^5 - (b^4*(b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d)*x^3)/d^4 + (b^6*c*x^4)/(2*d^3) - (b^6*x^5)/(5*d^2) + (b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^3/(d^7*(c + d*x)) + (6*b^2*c*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*Log[c + d*x])/d^7`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^2(\frac{1}{5}b^4x^5d^4 - \frac{1}{2}b^4cx^4d^3 - x^3a^2b^2d^4 + x^3b^4c^2d^2 + 3x^2a^2b^2cd^3 - 2x^2b^4c^3d + 3a^4d^4x - 9a^2b^2c^2d^2x + 5c^4b^4x)}{d^6} - \frac{a^6d^6 - 3a^4b^2c^2d^4 + 3a^2b^4c^4d^2 - b^6c^6}{d^6}$
norman	$\frac{(a^6d^6 - 6a^4b^2c^2d^4 + 12a^2b^4c^4d^2 - 6b^6c^6)x}{cd^6} - \frac{b^6x^6}{5d} - \frac{3b^2(a^4d^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + c^4b^4)x^2}{d^5} + \frac{b^4(2a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)x^4}{2d^3} + \frac{3b^6cx^5}{10d^2} - \frac{cb^4(2a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)x^3}{d^4}$
risch	$-\frac{b^6x^5}{5d^2} + \frac{b^6cx^4}{2d^3} + \frac{b^4x^3a^2}{d^2} - \frac{b^6x^3c^2}{d^4} - \frac{3b^4x^2a^2c}{d^3} + \frac{2b^6x^2c^3}{d^5} - \frac{3b^2a^4x}{d^2} + \frac{9b^4a^2c^2x}{d^4} - \frac{5b^6c^4x}{d^6} - \frac{a^6}{d(dx+c)} + \frac{b^6c^2}{d^2}$
parallelrisch	$-2x^6b^6d^6 + 3b^6cx^5d^5 + 10x^4a^2b^4d^6 - 5x^4b^6c^2d^4 - 20x^3a^2b^4cd^5 + 10x^3b^6c^3d^3 + 60 \ln(dx+c)x a^4b^2cd^5 - 120 \ln(dx+c)x a^2b^4c^3d^3$

input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-b^2/d^6*(1/5*b^4*x^5*d^4-1/2*b^4*c*x^4*d^3-x^3*a^2*b^2*d^4+x^3*b^4*c^2*d^2+3*x^2*a^2*b^2*c*d^3-2*x^2*b^4*c^3*d+3*a^4*d^4*x-9*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*x+5*c^4*b^4*x)-(a^6*d^6-3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4+3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2-b^6*c^6)/d^7/(d*x+c)+6*b^2*c/d^7*(a^4*d^4-2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)*ln(d*x+c)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{2b^6 d^6 x^6 - 3b^6 c d^5 x^5 - 10b^6 c^2 d^4 x^4 + 30a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - 30a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 10a^6 d^6 + 5(b^6 c^2 d^4 - 2a^2 b^4 d^6)x^4 - 10(b^6 c^3 d^3 - 2a^2 b^4 c^2 d^5)x^3 + 30(b^6 c^4 d^2 - 2a^2 b^4 c^2 d^4 + a^4 b^2 d^6)x^2 + 10(5b^6 c^5 d - 9a^2 b^4 c^3 d^3 + 3a^4 b^2 c^5 d^5)x - 60(b^6 c^6 - 2a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + (b^6 c^5 d - 2a^2 b^4 c^3 d^3 + a^4 b^2 c^5 d^5)x) \log(dx + c)}{d^8 x + c d^7}$$

input

```
integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/10*(2*b^6*d^6*x^6 - 3*b^6*c*d^5*x^5 - 10*b^6*c^2*d^4 + 30*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 30*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 + 10*a^6*d^6 + 5*(b^6*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^2*b^4*d^6)*x^4 - 10*(b^6*c^3*d^3 - 2*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^5)*x^3 + 30*(b^6*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^4 + a^4*b^2*d^6)*x^2 + 10*(5*b^6*c^5*d - 9*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^5*d^5)*x - 60*(b^6*c^6 - 2*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 + (b^6*c^5*d - 2*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^3 + a^4*b^2*c^5*d^5)*x)*log(d*x + c))/(d^8*x + c*d^7)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{b^6 c x^4}{2d^3} - \frac{b^6 x^5}{5d^2} + \frac{6b^2 c (ad - bc)^2 (ad + bc)^2 \log(c + dx)}{d^7} - x^3 \left( -\frac{a^2 b^4}{d^2} + \frac{b^6 c^2}{d^4} \right) - x^2 \cdot \left( \frac{3a^2 b^4 c}{d^3} - \frac{2b^6 c^3}{d^5} \right) - x \left( \frac{3a^4 b^2}{d^2} - \frac{9a^2 b^4 c^2}{d^4} + \frac{5b^6 c^4}{d^6} \right) - \frac{a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6}{cd^7 + d^8 x}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `b**6*c*x**4/(2*d**3) - b**6*x**5/(5*d**2) + 6*b**2*c*(a*d - b*c)**2*(a*d + b*c)**2*log(c + d*x)/d**7 - x**3*(-a**2*b**4/d**2 + b**6*c**2/d**4) - x**2*(3*a**2*b**4*c/d**3 - 2*b**6*c**3/d**5) - x*(3*a**4*b**2/d**2 - 9*a**2*b**4*c**2/d**4 + 5*b**6*c**4/d**6) - (a**6*d**6 - 3*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**4 + 3*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**2 - b**6*c**6)/(c*d**7 + d**8*x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{b^6 c^6 - 3 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 - a^6 d^6}{d^8 x + c d^7} - \frac{2 b^6 d^4 x^5 - 5 b^6 c d^3 x^4 + 10 (b^6 c^2 d^2 - a^2 b^4 d^4) x^3 - 10 (2 b^6 c^3 d - 3 a^2 b^4 c d^3) x^2 + 10 (5 b^6 c^4 - 9 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^2 + 6 (b^6 c^5 - 2 a^2 b^4 c^3 d^2 + a^4 b^2 c d^4) \log(dx + c))}{10 d^6}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b^6*c^6 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^6*d^6)/(d^8*x + c*d^7) - 1/10*(2*b^6*d^4*x^5 - 5*b^6*c*d^3*x^4 + 10*(b^6*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b^4*d^4)*x^3 - 10*(2*b^6*c^3*d - 3*a^2*b^4*c*d^3)*x^2 + 10*(5*b^6*c^4 - 9*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*d^4)*x)/d^6 + 6*(b^6*c^5 - 2*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2 + a^4*b^2*c*d^4)*log(d*x + c)/d^7`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(2b^6 - \frac{15b^6c}{dx+c} + \frac{10(5b^6c^2d^2 - a^2b^4d^4)}{(dx+c)^2d^2} - \frac{20(5b^6c^3d^3 - 3a^2b^4cd^5)}{(dx+c)^3d^3} + \frac{30(5b^6c^4d^4 - 6a^2b^4c^2d^6 + a^4b^2d^8)}{(dx+c)^4d^4}\right)(dx+c)^5}{10d^7}$$

$$- \frac{6(b^6c^5 - 2a^2b^4c^3d^2 + a^4b^2cd^4) \log\left(\frac{|dx+c|}{(dx+c)^2|d|}\right)}{d^7} + \frac{b^6c^6d^5}{dx+c} - \frac{3a^2b^4c^4d^7}{dx+c} + \frac{3a^4b^2c^2d^9}{dx+c} - \frac{a^6d^{11}}{dx+c}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/10*(2*b^6 - 15*b^6*c/(d*x + c) + 10*(5*b^6*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b^4*d^4)/((d*x + c)^2*d^2) - 20*(5*b^6*c^3*d^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c*d^5)/((d*x + c)^3*d^3) + 30*(5*b^6*c^4*d^4 - 6*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^6 + a^4*b^2*d^8)/((d*x + c)^4*d^4))*(d*x + c)^5/d^7 - 6*(b^6*c^5 - 2*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2 + a^4*b^2*c*d^4)*log(abs(d*x + c)/((d*x + c)^2*abs(d)))/d^7 + (b^6*c^6*d^5/(d*x + c) - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^7/(d*x + c) + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^9/(d*x + c) - a^6*d^11/(d*x + c))/d^12`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx = x^3 \left( \frac{a^2 b^4}{d^2} - \frac{b^6 c^2}{d^4} \right) - x^2 \left( \frac{c \left( \frac{3a^2 b^4}{d^2} - \frac{3b^6 c^2}{d^4} \right)}{d} + \frac{b^6 c^3}{d^5} \right) - x \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{3a^2 b^4}{d^2} - \frac{3b^6 c^2}{d^4} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{3a^4 b^2}{d^2} - \frac{2c \left( \frac{2c \left( \frac{3a^2 b^4}{d^2} - \frac{3b^6 c^2}{d^4} \right)}{d} + \frac{2b^6 c^3}{d^5} \right)}{d} \right) + \frac{\ln(c + dx) (6a^4 b^2 c d^4 - 12a^2 b^4 c^3 d^2 + 6b^6 c^5)}{d^7} - \frac{b^6 x^5}{5d^2} - \frac{a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6}{d(xd^7 + cd^6)} + \frac{b^6 c x^4}{2d^3}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3/(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((a^2*b^4)/d^2 - (b^6*c^2)/d^4) - x^2*((c*((3*a^2*b^4)/d^2 - (3*b^6*c^2)/d^4))/d + (b^6*c^3)/d^5) - x*((c^2*((3*a^2*b^4)/d^2 - (3*b^6*c^2)/d^4))/d^2 + (3*a^4*b^2)/d^2 - (2*c*((2*c*((3*a^2*b^4)/d^2 - (3*b^6*c^2)/d^4))/d + (2*b^6*c^3)/d^5))/d) + (log(c + d*x)*(6*b^6*c^5 + 6*a^4*b^2*c*d^4 - 12*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2))/d^7 - (b^6*x^5)/(5*d^2) - (a^6*d^6 - b^6*c^6 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4)/(d*(c*d^6 + d^7*x)) + (b^6*c*x^4)/(2*d^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{60 \log(dx + c) a^4 b^2 c^3 d^4 + 60 \log(dx + c) a^4 b^2 c^2 d^5 x - 120 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^4 c^5 d^2 - 120 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^4 c^4 d^3}{\dots}$$



input `int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `(60*log(c + d*x)*a**4*b**2*c**3*d**4 + 60*log(c + d*x)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**5*x - 120*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**4*c**5*d**2 - 120*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**3*x + 60*log(c + d*x)*b**6*c**7 + 60*log(c + d*x)*b**6*c**6*d*x + 10*a**6*d**7*x - 60*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**5*x - 30*a**4*b**2*c*d**6*x**2 + 120*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**3*x + 60*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**4*x**2 - 20*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**5*x**3 + 10*a**2*b**4*c*d**6*x**4 - 60*b**6*c**6*d*x - 30*b**6*c**5*d**2*x**2 + 10*b**6*c**4*d**3*x**3 - 5*b**6*c**3*d**4*x**4 + 3*b**6*c**2*d**5*x**5 - 2*b**6*c*d**6*x**6)/(10*c*d**7*(c + d*x))`

**3.27**  $\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{b^4 c (10b^2 c^2 - 9a^2 d^2) x}{d^6} - \frac{3b^4 (2b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2) x^2}{2d^5} + \frac{b^6 c x^3}{d^4} - \frac{b^6 x^4}{4d^3} + \frac{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^3}{2d^7 (c + dx)^2} - \frac{6b^2 c (b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{d^7 (c + dx)} - \frac{3b^2 (5b^4 c^4 - 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + a^4 d^4) \log(c + dx)}{d^7}$$

output

```
b^4*c*(-9*a^2*d^2+10*b^2*c^2)*x/d^6-3/2*b^4*(-a^2*d^2+2*b^2*c^2)*x^2/d^5+b^6*c*x^3/d^4-1/4*b^6*x^4/d^3+1/2*(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^3/d^7/(d*x+c)^2-6*b^2*c*(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2/d^7/(d*x+c)-3*b^2*(a^4*d^4-6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+5*b^4*c^4)*ln(d*x+c)/d^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2a^6 d^6 - 6a^4 b^2 c d^4 (3c + 4dx) + 6a^2 b^4 d^2 (7c^4 + 2c^3 dx - 11c^2 d^2 x^2 - 4cd^3 x^3 + d^4 x^4) + b^6 (-22c^6 + 16c^5 dx + 68c^4 d^2 x^2 + 20c^3 d^3 x^3 - 5c^2 d^4 x^4 + 2c d^5 x^5 - d^6 x^6) - 12b^2 (5b^4 c^4 - 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + a^4 d^4) (c + dx)^2 \text{Log}[c + dx]}{4d^7 (c + dx)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-2*a^6*d^6 - 6*a^4*b^2*c*d^4*(3*c + 4*d*x) + 6*a^2*b^4*d^2*(7*c^4 + 2*c^3*d*x - 11*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 4*c*d^3*x^3 + d^4*x^4) + b^6*(-22*c^6 + 16*c^5*d*x + 68*c^4*d^2*x^2 + 20*c^3*d^3*x^3 - 5*c^2*d^4*x^4 + 2*c*d^5*x^5 - d^6*x^6) - 12*b^2*(5*b^4*c^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4)*(c + d*x)^2*Log[c + d*x])/(4*d^7*(c + d*x)^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{6c(b^3 c^2 - a^2 b d^2)^2}{d^6 (c + dx)^2} + \frac{(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)^3}{d^6 (c + dx)^3} + \frac{10b^6 c^3 - 9a^2 b^4 c d^2}{d^6} - \frac{3b^4 x (2b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)}{d^5} - \frac{3(a^4 b^2 d^4 - 6a^2 b^4 c^2 d^2 + b^6 c^4)}{d^6 (c + dx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{6b^2c(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2}{d^7(c + dx)} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^3}{2d^7(c + dx)^2} + \frac{b^4cx(10b^2c^2 - 9a^2d^2)}{d^6} - \frac{3b^4x^2(2b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)}{2d^5} - \frac{3b^2(a^4d^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 5b^4c^4) \log(c + dx)}{d^7} + \frac{b^6cx^3}{d^4} - \frac{b^6x^4}{4d^3}$$

```
input Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

```
output (b^4*c*(10*b^2*c^2 - 9*a^2*d^2)*x)/d^6 - (3*b^4*(2*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*x^2)/(2*d^5) + (b^6*c*x^3)/d^4 - (b^6*x^4)/(4*d^3) + (b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^3/(2*d^7*(c + d*x)^2) - (6*b^2*c*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2)/(d^7*(c + d*x)) - (3*b^2*(5*b^4*c^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4)*Log[c + d*x])/d^7
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^4(\frac{1}{4}b^2x^4d^3 - b^2cx^3d^2 - \frac{3}{2}a^2d^3x^2 + 3b^2c^2dx^2 + 9a^2cd^2x - 10c^3b^2x)}{d^6} - \frac{6b^2c(a^4d^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + c^4b^4)}{d^7(dx+c)} - \frac{a^6d^6 - 3a^4b^2c^2d^4}{2d^7(dx+c)^2}$
norman	$-\frac{a^6d^6 + 9a^4b^2c^2d^4 - 54a^2b^4c^4d^2 + 45b^6c^6}{2d^7} - \frac{b^6x^6}{4d} + \frac{b^4(6a^2d^2 - 5b^2c^2)x^4}{4d^3} + \frac{b^6cx^5}{2d^2} - \frac{2c(3d^4a^4b^2 - 18a^2b^4c^2d^2 + 15b^6c^4)x}{d^6} - \frac{b^4c(6a^2d^2 - 5b^2c^2)}{d^4(dx+c)^2}$
risch	$-\frac{b^6x^4}{4d^3} + \frac{b^6cx^3}{d^4} + \frac{3b^4a^2x^2}{2d^3} - \frac{3b^6c^2x^2}{d^5} - \frac{9b^4a^2cx}{d^4} + \frac{10b^6c^3x}{d^6} + \frac{(-6a^4b^2cd^4 + 12a^2b^4c^3d^2 - 6b^6c^5)x - a^6d^6 + 9a^4b^2c^2d^4}{d^6(dx+c)^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{12 \ln(dx+c)x^2a^4b^2d^6 + 60 \ln(dx+c)x^2b^6c^4d^2 + 90b^6c^6 + 120 \ln(dx+c)xb^6c^5d - 72 \ln(dx+c)x^2a^2b^4c^2d^4 + 24 \ln(dx+c)xa^4b^2c^2d^2}{d^6(dx+c)^2}$

```
input int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-b^4/d^6*(1/4*b^2*x^4*d^3-b^2*c*x^3*d^2-3/2*a^2*d^3*x^2+3*b^2*c^2*d*x^2+9*
a^2*c*d^2*x-10*c^3*b^2*x)-6*b^2*c/d^7*(a^4*d^4-2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)/
(d*x+c)-1/2*(a^6*d^6-3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4+3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2-b^6*c^6)/d^7/(d*x
+c)^2-3*b^2*(a^4*d^4-6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+5*b^4*c^4)*ln(d*x+c)/d^7
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{b^6 d^6 x^6 - 2 b^6 c d^5 x^5 + 22 b^6 c^6 - 42 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + 18 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 2 a^6 d^6 + (5 b^6 c^2 d^4 - 6 a^2 b^4 d^6) x^4 - 4 (5 b^6 c^3 d^3 - 6 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^5) x^3 - 2 (34 b^6 c^4 d^2 - 33 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^4) x^2 - 4 (4 b^6 c^5 d + 3 a^2 b^4 c^3 d^3 - 6 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^5) x + 12 (5 b^6 c^6 - 6 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + (5 b^6 c^4 d^2 - 6 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^4 + a^4 b^2 c^2 d^6) x^2 + 2 (5 b^6 c^5 d - 6 a^2 b^4 c^3 d^3 + a^4 b^2 c^2 d^5) x) \log(dx + c)}{(d^9 x^2 + 2 c d^8 x + c^2 d^7)}$$

input

```
integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*(b^6*d^6*x^6 - 2*b^6*c*d^5*x^5 + 22*b^6*c^6 - 42*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 18
*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^6*d^6 + (5*b^6*c^2*d^4 - 6*a^2*b^4*d^6)*x^4 - 4*(5*
b^6*c^3*d^3 - 6*a^2*b^4*c*d^5)*x^3 - 2*(34*b^6*c^4*d^2 - 33*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^
4)*x^2 - 4*(4*b^6*c^5*d + 3*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^3 - 6*a^4*b^2*c*d^5)*x + 12*(5*b
^6*c^6 - 6*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 + (5*b^6*c^4*d^2 - 6*a^2*b^4*
c^2*d^4 + a^4*b^2*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(5*b^6*c^5*d - 6*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^3 + a^4*b^2*
c*d^5)*x)*log(d*x + c))/(d^9*x^2 + 2*c*d^8*x + c^2*d^7)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{b^6 c x^3}{d^4} - \frac{b^6 x^4}{4 d^3} - \frac{3 b^2 (a d - b c) (a d + b c) (a^2 d^2 - 5 b^2 c^2) \log(c + dx)}{d^7} - x^2 \left( -\frac{3 a^2 b^4}{2 d^3} + \frac{3 b^6 c^2}{d^5} \right) - x \left( \frac{9 a^2 b^4 c}{d^4} - \frac{10 b^6 c^3}{d^6} \right) - \frac{a^6 d^6 + 9 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 - 21 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + 11 b^6 c^6 + x (12 a^4 b^2 c d^5 - 24 a^2 b^4 c^3 d^3 + 12 b^6 c^5 d)}{2 c^2 d^7 + 4 c d^8 x + 2 d^9 x^2}$$

input `integrate((-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `b**6*c*x**3/d**4 - b**6*x**4/(4*d**3) - 3*b**2*(a*d - b*c)*(a*d + b*c)*(a*  
*2*d**2 - 5*b**2*c**2)*log(c + d*x)/d**7 - x**2*(-3*a**2*b**4/(2*d**3) + 3  
*b**6*c**2/d**5) - x*(9*a**2*b**4*c/d**4 - 10*b**6*c**3/d**6) - (a**6*d**6  
+ 9*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**4 - 21*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**2 + 11*b**6*c**6 + x*(12*a  
**4*b**2*c*d**5 - 24*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**3 + 12*b**6*c**5*d))/(2*c**2*d**7 +  
4*c*d**8*x + 2*d**9*x**2)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{11 b^6 c^6 - 21 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + 9 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + a^6 d^6 + 12 (b^6 c^5 d - 2 a^2 b^4 c^3 d^3 + a^4 b^2 c d^5) x}{2 (d^9 x^2 + 2 c d^8 x + c^2 d^7)}$$

$$- \frac{b^6 d^3 x^4 - 4 b^6 c d^2 x^3 + 6 (2 b^6 c^2 d - a^2 b^4 d^3) x^2 - 4 (10 b^6 c^3 - 9 a^2 b^4 c d^2) x}{4 d^6}$$

$$- \frac{3 (5 b^6 c^4 - 6 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^2 + a^4 b^2 d^4) \log(dx + c)}{d^7}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(11*b^6*c^6 - 21*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 9*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 + a^6*d^6 + 12*(  
b^6*c^5*d - 2*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^3 + a^4*b^2*c*d^5)*x)/(d^9*x^2 + 2*c*d^8*x + c  
^2*d^7) - 1/4*(b^6*d^3*x^4 - 4*b^6*c*d^2*x^3 + 6*(2*b^6*c^2*d - a^2*b^4*d^3  
)*x^2 - 4*(10*b^6*c^3 - 9*a^2*b^4*c*d^2)*x)/d^6 - 3*(5*b^6*c^4 - 6*a^2*b^4  
*c^2*d^2 + a^4*b^2*d^4)*log(d*x + c)/d^7`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3(5b^6 c^4 - 6a^2 b^4 c^2 d^2 + a^4 b^2 d^4) \log(|dx + c|)}{d^7}$$

$$- \frac{11b^6 c^6 - 21a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + 9a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + a^6 d^6 + 12(b^6 c^5 d - 2a^2 b^4 c^3 d^3 + a^4 b^2 c d^5)x}{2(dx + c)^2 d^7}$$

$$- \frac{b^6 d^9 x^4 - 4b^6 c d^8 x^3 + 12b^6 c^2 d^7 x^2 - 6a^2 b^4 d^9 x^2 - 40b^6 c^3 d^6 x + 36a^2 b^4 c d^8 x}{4d^{12}}$$

input `integrate((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3*(5*b^6*c^4 - 6*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^4*b^2*d^4)*log(abs(d*x + c))/d^7 - 1/2*(11*b^6*c^6 - 21*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 9*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 + a^6*d^6 + 12*(b^6*c^5*d - 2*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^3 + a^4*b^2*c*d^5)*x)/((d*x + c)^2*d^7) - 1/4*(b^6*d^9*x^4 - 4*b^6*c*d^8*x^3 + 12*b^6*c^2*d^7*x^2 - 6*a^2*b^4*d^9*x^2 - 40*b^6*c^3*d^6*x + 36*a^2*b^4*c*d^8*x)/d^12`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left( \frac{3a^2 b^4}{2d^3} - \frac{3b^6 c^2}{d^5} \right) - x \left( \frac{3c \left( \frac{3a^2 b^4}{d^3} - \frac{6b^6 c^2}{d^5} \right)}{d} + \frac{8b^6 c^3}{d^6} \right)$$

$$- \frac{a^6 d^6 + 9a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 - 21a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + 11b^6 c^6}{2d} + x(6a^4 b^2 c d^4 - 12a^2 b^4 c^3 d^2 + 6b^6 c^5)$$

$$- \frac{b^6 x^4}{4d^3} - \frac{\ln(c + dx) (3a^4 b^2 d^4 - 18a^2 b^4 c^2 d^2 + 15b^6 c^4)}{d^7} + \frac{b^6 c x^3}{d^4}$$

input `int((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output

```
x^2*((3*a^2*b^4)/(2*d^3) - (3*b^6*c^2)/d^5) - x*((3*c*((3*a^2*b^4)/d^3 - (6*b^6*c^2)/d^5))/d + (8*b^6*c^3)/d^6) - ((a^6*d^6 + 11*b^6*c^6 - 21*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 9*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4)/(2*d) + x*(6*b^6*c^5 + 6*a^4*b^2*c*d^4 - 12*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2))/(c^2*d^6 + d^8*x^2 + 2*c*d^7*x) - (b^6*x^4)/(4*d^3) - (log(c + d*x)*(15*b^6*c^4 + 3*a^4*b^2*d^4 - 18*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^2))/d^7 + (b^6*c*x^3)/d^4
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \log(dx + c) a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 - 24 \log(dx + c) a^4 b^2 c d^5 x - 12 \log(dx + c) a^4 b^2 d^6 x^2 + 72 \log(dx + c) a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2}{(c + dx)^3}$$

input

```
int((-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3/(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 12*log(c + d*x)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**4 - 24*log(c + d*x)*a**4*b**2*c*d**5*x - 12*log(c + d*x)*a**4*b**2*d**6*x**2 + 72*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**2 + 144*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**3*x + 72*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 60*log(c + d*x)*b**6*c**6 - 120*log(c + d*x)*b**6*c**5*d*x - 60*log(c + d*x)*b**6*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 2*a**6*d**6 - 6*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**4 + 12*a**4*b**2*d**6*x**2 + 36*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**2 - 72*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 24*a**2*b**4*c*d**5*x**3 + 6*a**2*b**4*d**6*x**4 - 30*b**6*c**6 + 60*b**6*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 20*b**6*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 5*b**6*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 2*b**6*c*d**5*x**5 - b**6*d**6*x**6)/(4*d**7*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))
```



### 3.28 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	356
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Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	357
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{d^2(6b^2c^2+a^2d^2)x}{b^4} - \frac{2cd^3x^2}{b^2} - \frac{d^4x^3}{3b^2} - \frac{(bc+ad)^4 \log(a-bx)}{2ab^5} + \frac{(bc-ad)^4 \log(a+bx)}{2ab^5}$$

output

```
-d^2*(a^2*d^2+6*b^2*c^2)*x/b^4-2*c*d^3*x^2/b^2-1/3*d^4*x^3/b^2-1/2*(a*d+b*c)^4*ln(-b*x+a)/a/b^5+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^4*ln(b*x+a)/a/b^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(b^4c^4+6a^2b^2c^2d^2+a^4d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab^5} - \frac{d(3a^2d^3x+b^2dx(18c^2+6cdx+d^2x^2))+6(b^2c^3+a^2cd^2) \log(a^2-b^2x^2)}{3b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^4/(a^2 - b^2*x^2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{((b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(bx)/a]) / (ab^5) - (d(3a^2d^3x + b^2d^2x(18c^2 + 6cdx + d^2x^2) + 6(b^2c^3 + a^2cd^2)) \operatorname{Log}[a^2 - b^2x^2])}{(3b^4)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 477$$

$$\frac{\int \left( -\frac{a^2x^2d^4}{b^2} - \frac{4a^2cxd^3}{b^2} - \frac{a^2(6b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)d^2}{b^4} + \frac{a(bc+ad)^4}{2b^4(a-bx)} + \frac{a(bc-ad)^4}{2b^4(a+bx)} \right) dx}{a^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{2a^2cd^3x^2}{b^2} - \frac{a^2d^4x^3}{3b^2} - \frac{a^2d^2x(a^2d^2 + 6b^2c^2)}{b^4} - \frac{a(ad+bc)^4 \log(a-bx)}{2b^5} + \frac{a(bc-ad)^4 \log(a+bx)}{2b^5}}{a^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^4/(a^2 - b^2*x^2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-((a^2d^2(6b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)x)/b^4) - (2a^2cd^3x^2)/b^2 - (a^2d^4x^3)/(3b^2) - (a*(b*c + a*d)^4*\operatorname{Log}[a - b*x])/(2*b^5) + (a*(b*c - a*d)^4*\operatorname{Log}[a + b*x])/(2*b^5))/a^2}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 477 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2
]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

method	result
norman	$-\frac{d^4 x^3}{3b^2} - \frac{2cd^3 x^2}{b^2} - \frac{d^2(a^2 d^2 + 6b^2 c^2)x}{b^4} + \frac{(a^4 d^4 - 4ca^3 b d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4ab^3 c^3 d + c^4 b^4) \ln(bx+a)}{2b^5 a} - \frac{(a^4 d^4 + 4ca^3 b d^3 - 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4ab^3 c^3 d + c^4 b^4) \ln(-bx+a)}{2ab^5}$
default	$-\frac{d^2(\frac{1}{3}x^3 b^2 d^2 + 2b^2 c x^2 d + a^2 d^2 x + 6x b^2 c^2)}{b^4} + \frac{(-a^4 d^4 - 4ca^3 b d^3 - 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4ab^3 c^3 d - c^4 b^4) \ln(-bx+a)}{2ab^5} + \frac{(a^4 d^4 - 4ca^3 b d^3 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4ab^3 c^3 d + c^4 b^4) \ln(bx+a)}{2ab^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2d^4 x^3 a b^3 + 12c d^3 x^2 a b^3 + 3 \ln(bx-a) a^4 d^4 + 12 \ln(bx-a) a^3 b c d^3 + 18 \ln(bx-a) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 12 \ln(bx-a) a b^3 c^3 d + 3 \ln(bx-a) b^4 c^4}{2ab^5}$
risch	$-\frac{d^4 x^3}{3b^2} - \frac{2cd^3 x^2}{b^2} - \frac{d^4 a^2 x}{b^4} - \frac{6d^2 x c^2}{b^2} + \frac{a^3 \ln(-bx-a) d^4}{2b^5} - \frac{2a^2 \ln(-bx-a) c d^3}{b^4} + \frac{3a \ln(-bx-a) c^2 d^2}{b^3} - \frac{2 \ln(-bx-a) c^3 d}{b^2} - \frac{c^4}{b}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*d^4*x^3/b^2-2*c*d^3*x^2/b^2-d^2*(a^2*d^2+6*b^2*c^2)*x/b^4+1/2/b^5*(a^
4*d^4-4*a^3*b*c*d^3+6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-4*a*b^3*c^3*d+b^4*c^4)/a*ln(b*x+a)-1
/2*(a^4*d^4+4*a^3*b*c*d^3+6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+4*a*b^3*c^3*d+b^4*c^4)/a/b^5*ln
(-b*x+a)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2ab^3d^4x^3 + 12ab^3cd^3x^2 + 6(6ab^3c^2d^2 + a^3bd^4)x - 3(b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4)}{6ab^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/6*(2*a*b^3*d^4*x^3 + 12*a*b^3*c*d^3*x^2 + 6*(6*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + a^3*b*d^4)*x - 3*(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*log(b*x + a) + 3*(b^4*c^4 + 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*log(b*x - a))/(a*b^5)`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 214 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = -x \left( \frac{a^2d^4}{b^4} + \frac{6c^2d^2}{b^2} \right) - \frac{2cd^3x^2}{b^2} - \frac{d^4x^3}{3b^2} + \frac{(ad - bc)^4 \log \left( x + \frac{4a^4cd^3 + 4a^2b^2c^3d + \frac{a(ad-bc)^4}{b}}{a^4d^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + b^4c^4} \right)}{2ab^5} - \frac{(ad + bc)^4 \log \left( x + \frac{4a^4cd^3 + 4a^2b^2c^3d - \frac{a(ad+bc)^4}{b}}{a^4d^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + b^4c^4} \right)}{2ab^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4/(-b**2*x**2+a**2),x)`output `-x*(a**2*d**4/b**4 + 6*c**2*d**2/b**2) - 2*c*d**3*x**2/b**2 - d**4*x**3/(3*b**2) + (a*d - b*c)**4*log(x + (4*a**4*c*d**3 + 4*a**2*b**2*c**3*d + a*(a*d - b*c)**4/b)/(a**4*d**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + b**4*c**4))/(2*a*b**5) - (a*d + b*c)**4*log(x + (4*a**4*c*d**3 + 4*a**2*b**2*c**3*d - a*(a*d + b*c)**4/b)/(a**4*d**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + b**4*c**4))/(2*a*b**5)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{b^2d^4x^3 + 6b^2cd^3x^2 + 3(6b^2c^2d^2 + a^2d^4)x}{3b^4} + \frac{(b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4) \log(bx+a)}{2ab^5} - \frac{(b^4c^4 + 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4) \log(bx-a)}{2ab^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*(b^2*d^4*x^3 + 6*b^2*c*d^3*x^2 + 3*(6*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*x)/b^4 + 1/2*(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*log(b*x + a)/(a*b^5) - 1/2*(b^4*c^4 + 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*log(b*x - a)/(a*b^5)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(b^4c^4 - 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4) \log(|bx+a|)}{2ab^5} - \frac{(b^4c^4 + 4ab^3c^3d + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 4a^3bcd^3 + a^4d^4) \log(|bx-a|)}{2ab^5} - \frac{b^4d^4x^3 + 6b^4cd^3x^2 + 18b^4c^2d^2x + 3a^2b^2d^4x}{3b^6}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a*b^5) - 1/2*(b^4*c^4 + 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a*b^5) - 1/3*(b^4*d^4*x^3 + 6*b^4*c*d^3*x^2 + 18*b^4*c^2*d^2*x + 3*a^2*b^2*d^4*x)/b^6`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\ln(a + bx) (a^4 d^4 - 4 a^3 b c d^3 + 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4 a b^3 c^3 d + b^4 c^4)}{2 a b^5} - \frac{d^4 x^3}{3 b^2} - \frac{2 c d^3 x^2}{b^2} - x \left( \frac{a^2 d^4}{b^4} + \frac{6 c^2 d^2}{b^2} \right) - \frac{\ln(a - bx) (a^4 d^4 + 4 a^3 b c d^3 + 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 4 a b^3 c^3 d + b^4 c^4)}{2 a b^5}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^4/(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x)`output `(log(a + b*x)*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3))/(2*a*b^5) - (d^4*x^3)/(3*b^2) - (2*c*d^3*x^2)/b^2 - x*((a^2*d^4)/b^4 + (6*c^2*d^2)/b^2) - (log(a - b*x)*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 4*a^3*b*c*d^3))/(2*a*b^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx = \frac{3 \log(-bx - a) a^4 d^4 - 12 \log(-bx - a) a^3 b c d^3 + 18 \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 12 \log(-bx - a) a b^3 c^3 d + 3 \log(-bx - a) b^4 c^4}{6 a b^5}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)`output `(3*log(-a - b*x)*a**4*d**4 - 12*log(-a - b*x)*a**3*b*c*d**3 + 18*log(-a - b*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 12*log(-a - b*x)*a*b**3*c**3*d + 3*log(-a - b*x)*b**4*c**4 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a**4*d**4 - 12*log(a - b*x)*a**3*b*c*d**3 - 18*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 12*log(a - b*x)*a*b**3*c**3*d - 3*log(a - b*x)*b**4*c**4 - 6*a**3*b*d**4*x - 36*a*b**3*c**2*d**2*x - 12*a*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 - 2*a*b**3*d**4*x**3)/(6*a*b**5)`

### 3.29 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{3cd^2x}{b^2} - \frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{(bc + ad)^3 \log(a - bx)}{2ab^4} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3 \log(a + bx)}{2ab^4}$$

output

```
-3*c*d^2*x/b^2-1/2*d^3*x^2/b^2-1/2*(a*d+b*c)^3*ln(-b*x+a)/a/b^4+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^3*ln(b*x+a)/a/b^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = \frac{2(b^3c^3 + 3a^2bcd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right) - ad(b^2dx(6c + dx) + (3b^2c^2 + a^2d^2) \log(a^2 - b^2x^2))}{2ab^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a^2 - b^2*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(b^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a] - a*d*(b^2*d*x*(6*c + d*x) + (3*b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2)*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2]))/(2*a*b^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( -\frac{a^2 x d^3}{b^2} - \frac{3a^2 c d^2}{b^2} + \frac{a(bc+ad)^3}{2b^3(a-bx)} + \frac{a(bc-ad)^3}{2b^3(a+bx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{3a^2 c d^2 x}{b^2} - \frac{a^2 d^3 x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{a(ad+bc)^3 \log(a-bx)}{2b^4} + \frac{a(bc-ad)^3 \log(a+bx)}{2b^4}}{a^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a^2 - b^2*x^2), x]`

output `((-3*a^2*c*d^2*x)/b^2 - (a^2*d^3*x^2)/(2*b^2) - (a*(b*c + a*d)^3*Log[a - b*x])/(2*b^4) + (a*(b*c - a*d)^3*Log[a + b*x])/(2*b^4))/a^2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result
default	$-\frac{d^2(\frac{1}{2}dx^2+3cx)}{b^2} + \frac{(-a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2-3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)\ln(-bx+a)}{2ab^4} + \frac{(-a^3d^3+3a^2bcd^2-3ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3)\ln(bx+a)}{2ab^4}$
norman	$-\frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{3cd^2x}{b^2} - \frac{(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)\ln(bx+a)}{2ab^4} - \frac{(a^3d^3+3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3)\ln(-bx+a)}{2ab^4}$
risch	$-\frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{3cd^2x}{b^2} - \frac{a^2\ln(bx+a)d^3}{2b^4} + \frac{3a\ln(bx+a)cd^2}{2b^3} - \frac{3\ln(bx+a)c^2d}{2b^2} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)c^3}{2ab} - \frac{a^2\ln(-bx+a)d^3}{2b^4} - \frac{3a\ln(-bx+a)d^2}{2b^3} - \frac{3cd^2\ln(-bx+a)}{b^2} - \frac{3cd^2\ln(bx+a)}{b^2} - \frac{3cd^2\ln(-bx+a)}{b^2} - \frac{3cd^2\ln(bx+a)}{b^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{d^3x^2ab^2+\ln(bx-a)a^3d^3+3\ln(bx-a)a^2bcd^2+3\ln(bx-a)ab^2c^2d+\ln(bx-a)b^3c^3+\ln(bx+a)a^3d^3-3\ln(bx+a)a^2bcd^2+3\ln(bx+a)ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3}{2ab^4}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-d^2/b^2*(1/2*d*x^2+3*c*x)+1/2*(-a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2-3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)/a/b^4*\ln(-b*x+a)+1/2*(-a^3*d^3+3*a^2*b*c*d^2-3*a*b^2*c^2*d+b^3*c^3)/a/b^4*\ln(b*x+a)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx = \frac{ab^2d^3x^2 + 6ab^2cd^2x - (b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3)\log(bx+a) + (b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3)\log(bx-a)}{2ab^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$-1/2*(a*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 6*a*b^2*c*d^2*x - (b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*\log(b*x + a) + (b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*\log(b*x - a))/(a*b^4)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs.  $2(66) = 132$ .

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{3cd^2x}{b^2} - \frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{(ad - bc)^3 \log\left(x + \frac{a^4d^3 + 3a^2b^2c^2d - a(ad-bc)^3}{3a^2b^2cd^2 + b^4c^3}\right)}{2ab^4} - \frac{(ad + bc)^3 \log\left(x + \frac{a^4d^3 + 3a^2b^2c^2d - a(ad+bc)^3}{3a^2b^2cd^2 + b^4c^3}\right)}{2ab^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(-b**2*x**2+a**2), x)`

output `-3*c*d**2*x/b**2 - d**3*x**2/(2*b**2) - (a*d - b*c)**3*log(x + (a**4*d**3 + 3*a**2*b**2*c**2*d - a*(a*d - b*c)**3)/(3*a**2*b**2*c*d**2 + b**4*c**3)) / (2*a*b**4) - (a*d + b*c)**3*log(x + (a**4*d**3 + 3*a**2*b**2*c**2*d - a*(a*d + b*c)**3)/(3*a**2*b**2*c*d**2 + b**4*c**3)) / (2*a*b**4)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{d^3x^2 + 6cd^2x}{2b^2} + \frac{(b^3c^3 - 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 - a^3d^3) \log(bx + a)}{2ab^4} - \frac{(b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^2d + 3a^2bcd^2 + a^3d^3) \log(bx - a)}{2ab^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(d^3*x^2 + 6*c*d^2*x)/b^2 + 1/2*(b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*log(b*x + a)/(a*b^4) - 1/2*(b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + a^3*d^3)*log(b*x - a)/(a*b^4)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{b^2d^3x^2+6b^2cd^2x}{2b^4} + \frac{(b^3c^3-3ab^2c^2d+3a^2bcd^2-a^3d^3)\log(|bx+a|)}{2ab^4} - \frac{(b^3c^3+3ab^2c^2d+3a^2bcd^2+a^3d^3)\log(|bx-a|)}{2ab^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(b^2*d^3*x^2+6*b^2*c*d^2*x)/b^4+1/2*(b^3*c^3-3*a*b^2*c^2*d+3*a^2*b*c*d^2-a^3*d^3)*log(abs(b*x+a))/(a*b^4)-1/2*(b^3*c^3+3*a*b^2*c^2*d+3*a^2*b*c*d^2+a^3*d^3)*log(abs(b*x-a))/(a*b^4)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{\ln(a+bx)(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)}{2ab^4} - \frac{\ln(a-bx)(a^3d^3+3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d+b^3c^3)}{2ab^4} - \frac{3cd^2x}{b^2}$$

input `int((c+d*x)^3/(a^2-b^2*x^2),x)`output `-(d^3*x^2)/(2*b^2)-(log(a+b*x)*(a^3*d^3-b^3*c^3+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(2*a*b^4)-(log(a-b*x)*(a^3*d^3+b^3*c^3+3*a*b^2*c^2*d+3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(2*a*b^4)-(3*c*d^2*x)/b^2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log(-bx - a) a^3 d^3 + 3 \log(-bx - a) a^2 b c d^2 - 3 \log(-bx - a) a b^2 c^2 d + \log(-bx - a) b^3 c^3 - \log(-bx + a) a^3 d^3 + 3 \log(-bx + a) a^2 b c d^2 - 3 \log(-bx + a) a b^2 c^2 d + \log(-bx + a) b^3 c^3}{2a^2 b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)`output `( - log( - a - b*x)*a**3*d**3 + 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d + log( - a - b*x)*b**3*c**3 - log(a - b*x)*a**3*d**3 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d - log(a - b*x)*b**3*c**3 - 6*a*b**2*c*d**2*x - a*b**2*d**3*x**2)/(2*a*b**4)`

### 3.30 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{d^2x}{b^2} - \frac{(bc + ad)^2 \log(a - bx)}{2ab^3} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2 \log(a + bx)}{2ab^3}$$

output

```
-d^2*x/b^2-1/2*(a*d+b*c)^2*ln(-b*x+a)/a/b^3+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)^2*ln(b*x+a)/a/b^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(b^2c^2 + a^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right) - abd(dx + c \log(a^2 - b^2x^2))}{ab^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a^2 - b^2*x^2), x]
```

output

```
((b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a] - a*b*d*(d*x + c*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2]))/(a*b^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\frac{\int \left( -\frac{a^2 d^2}{b^2} + \frac{a(bc+ad)^2}{2b^2(a-bx)} + \frac{a(bc-ad)^2}{2b^2(a+bx)} \right) dx}{a^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{a^2 d^2 x}{b^2} - \frac{a(ad+bc)^2 \log(a-bx)}{2b^3} + \frac{a(bc-ad)^2 \log(a+bx)}{2b^3}}{a^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a^2 - b^2*x^2), x]`

output `((-(a^2*d^2*x)/b^2) - (a*(b*c + a*d)^2*Log[a - b*x])/(2*b^3) + (a*(b*c - a*d)^2*Log[a + b*x])/(2*b^3))/a^2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 477

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]
)*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
norman	$-\frac{d^2x}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2) \ln(bx+a)}{2b^3a} - \frac{(a^2d^2 + 2abcd + b^2c^2) \ln(-bx+a)}{2ab^3}$	82
default	$-\frac{d^2x}{b^2} + \frac{(-a^2d^2 - 2abcd - b^2c^2) \ln(-bx+a)}{2ab^3} + \frac{(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2) \ln(bx+a)}{2b^3a}$	84
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(bx-a)a^2d^2 + 2\ln(bx-a)abcd + \ln(bx-a)b^2c^2 - \ln(bx+a)a^2d^2 + 2\ln(bx+a)abcd - \ln(bx+a)b^2c^2 + 2d^2xab}{2ab^3}$	102
risch	$-\frac{d^2x}{b^2} - \frac{a \ln(bx-a)d^2}{2b^3} - \frac{\ln(bx-a)cd}{b^2} - \frac{\ln(bx-a)c^2}{2ba} + \frac{a \ln(-bx-a)d^2}{2b^3} - \frac{\ln(-bx-a)cd}{b^2} + \frac{\ln(-bx-a)c^2}{2ba}$	116

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-d^2x/b^2 + 1/2/b^3*(a^2d^2 - 2a*b*c*d + b^2*c^2)/a*\ln(b*x+a) - 1/2*(a^2d^2 + 2a*b*c*d + b^2*c^2)/a/b^3*\ln(-b*x+a)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2abd^2x - (b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2) \log(bx + a) + (b^2c^2 + 2abcd + a^2d^2) \log(bx - a)}{2ab^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$-1/2*(2*a*b*d^2*x - (b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*\log(b*x + a) + (b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*\log(b*x - a))/(a*b^3)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{d^2x}{b^2} + \frac{(ad - bc)^2 \log\left(x + \frac{2a^2cd + \frac{a(ad-bc)^2}{b}}{a^2d^2 + b^2c^2}\right)}{2ab^3} - \frac{(ad + bc)^2 \log\left(x + \frac{2a^2cd - \frac{a(ad+bc)^2}{b}}{a^2d^2 + b^2c^2}\right)}{2ab^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(-b**2*x**2+a**2),x)`

output `-d**2*x/b**2 + (a*d - b*c)**2*log(x + (2*a**2*c*d + a*(a*d - b*c)**2/b)/(a**2*d**2 + b**2*c**2))/(2*a*b**3) - (a*d + b*c)**2*log(x + (2*a**2*c*d - a*(a*d + b*c)**2/b)/(a**2*d**2 + b**2*c**2))/(2*a*b**3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{d^2x}{b^2} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2) \log(bx + a)}{2ab^3} - \frac{(b^2c^2 + 2abcd + a^2d^2) \log(bx - a)}{2ab^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-d^2*x/b^2 + 1/2*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*log(b*x + a)/(a*b^3) - 1/2*(b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*log(b*x - a)/(a*b^3)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{d^2x}{b^2} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - 2abcd + a^2d^2) \log(|bx + a|)}{2ab^3} - \frac{(b^2c^2 + 2abcd + a^2d^2) \log(|bx - a|)}{2ab^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-d^2*x/b^2 + 1/2*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a*b^3) - 1/2*(b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a*b^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = \frac{\ln(a + bx) (a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{2ab^3} - \frac{d^2 x}{b^2} - \frac{\ln(a - bx) (a^2 d^2 + 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{2ab^3}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x)`output `(log(a + b*x)*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/(2*a*b^3) - (d^2*x)/b^2 - (log(a - b*x)*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c*d))/(2*a*b^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(-bx - a) a^2 d^2 - 2 \log(-bx - a) abcd + \log(-bx - a) b^2 c^2 - \log(-bx + a) a^2 d^2 - 2 \log(-bx + a) abcd + \log(-bx + a) b^2 c^2}{2ab^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)`output `(log(-a-b*x)*a**2*d**2 - 2*log(-a-b*x)*a*b*c*d + log(-a-b*x)*b**2*c**2 - log(a-b*x)*a**2*d**2 - 2*log(a-b*x)*a*b*c*d - log(a-b*x)*b**2*c**2 - 2*a*b*d**2*x)/(2*a*b**3)`

### 3.31 $\int \frac{c+dx}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx$

Optimal result	374
Mathematica [A] (verified)	374
Rubi [A] (verified)	375
Maple [A] (verified)	376
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	376
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	377
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	377
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	377
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	378
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	378

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{\left(\frac{bc}{a}+d\right)\log(a-bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{\left(\frac{bc}{a}-d\right)\log(a+bx)}{2b^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*(b*c/a+d)*ln(-b*x+a)/b^2+1/2*(b*c/a-d)*ln(b*x+a)/b^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{a^2-b^2x^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab} - \frac{d \log(a^2-b^2x^2)}{2b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a^2 - b^2*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(c*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(a*b) - (d*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2])/(2*b^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {452, 221, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 452$$

$$c \int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx + d \int \frac{x}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$d \int \frac{x}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx + \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab}$$

$$\downarrow 240$$

$$\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab} - \frac{d \log(a^2 - b^2x^2)}{2b^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x]`

output `(c*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(a*b) - (d*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2])/(2*b^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 452 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + Simp[d Int[x/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
norman	$-\frac{(ad-bc)\ln(bx+a)}{2ab^2} - \frac{(ad+bc)\ln(-bx+a)}{2ab^2}$	46
default	$\frac{(-ad-bc)\ln(-bx+a)}{2ab^2} + \frac{(-ad+bc)\ln(bx+a)}{2ab^2}$	48
paralelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(bx-a)ad+\ln(bx-a)bc+\ln(bx+a)ad-\ln(bx+a)bc}{2ab^2}$	51
risch	$-\frac{\ln(bx+a)d}{2b^2} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)c}{2ab} - \frac{\ln(-bx+a)d}{2b^2} - \frac{\ln(-bx+a)c}{2ab}$	58

input `int((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(a*d-b*c)/a/b^2*ln(b*x+a)-1/2*(a*d+b*c)/a/b^2*ln(-b*x+a)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(bc - ad) \log(bx + a) - (bc + ad) \log(bx - a)}{2ab^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*((b*c - a*d)*log(b*x + a) - (b*c + a*d)*log(b*x - a))/(a*b^2)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{(ad - bc) \log\left(x + \frac{a^2d - a(ad - bc)}{b^2c}\right)}{2ab^2} - \frac{(ad + bc) \log\left(x + \frac{a^2d - a(ad + bc)}{b^2c}\right)}{2ab^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b**2*x**2+a**2),x)`output `-(a*d - b*c)*log(x + (a**2*d - a*(a*d - b*c))/(b**2*c))/(2*a*b**2) - (a*d + b*c)*log(x + (a**2*d - a*(a*d + b*c))/(b**2*c))/(2*a*b**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(bc - ad) \log(bx + a)}{2ab^2} - \frac{(bc + ad) \log(bx - a)}{2ab^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(b*c - a*d)*log(b*x + a)/(a*b^2) - 1/2*(b*c + a*d)*log(b*x - a)/(a*b^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = \frac{(bc - ad) \log(|bx + a|)}{2ab^2} - \frac{(bc + ad) \log(|bx - a|)}{2ab^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(b*c - a*d)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a*b^2) - 1/2*(b*c + a*d)*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a*b^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx = -\frac{\ln(a + bx)(ad - bc)}{2ab^2} - \frac{\ln(a - bx)(ad + bc)}{2ab^2}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x)`output `-(log(a + b*x)*(a*d - b*c))/(2*a*b^2) - (log(a - b*x)*(a*d + b*c))/(2*a*b^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log(-bx - a)ad + \log(-bx - a)bc - \log(-bx + a)ad - \log(-bx + a)bc}{2ab^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)`output `(-log(-a - b*x)*a*d + log(-a - b*x)*b*c - log(a - b*x)*a*d - log(a - b*x)*b*c)/(2*a*b**2)`

### 3.32 $\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx$

Optimal result	379
Mathematica [A] (verified)	379
Rubi [A] (verified)	380
Maple [A] (verified)	380
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	381
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	381
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	382
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	382
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	382
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	383

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab}$$

output

```
arctanh(b*x/a)/a/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^(-1),x]
```

output

```
ArcTanh[(b*x)/a]/(a*b)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^(-1),x]`

output `ArcTanh[(b*x)/a]/(a*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(bx-a)-\ln(bx+a)}{2ab}$	26
default	$-\frac{\ln(-bx+a)}{2ba} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)}{2ba}$	31
norman	$-\frac{\ln(-bx+a)}{2ba} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)}{2ba}$	31
risch	$-\frac{\ln(-bx+a)}{2ba} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)}{2ba}$	31

input `int(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(ln(b*x-a)-ln(b*x+a))/a/b`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\log (bx + a) - \log (bx - a)}{2 ab}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(log(b*x + a) - log(b*x - a))/(a*b)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 20 vs. 2(8) = 16.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{\log(-\frac{a}{b}+x)}{2} - \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b}+x)}{2}}{ab}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b**2*x**2+a**2),x)`

output `-(log(-a/b + x)/2 - log(a/b + x)/2)/(a*b)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\log(bx + a)}{2ab} - \frac{\log(bx - a)}{2ab}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*log(b*x + a)/(a*b) - 1/2*log(b*x - a)/(a*b)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 33 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\log(|bx + a|)}{2ab} - \frac{\log(|bx - a|)}{2ab}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a*b) - 1/2*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a*b)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{ab}$$

input `int(1/(a^2 - b^2*x^2),x)`

output `atanh((b*x)/a)/(a*b)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\log(-bx - a) - \log(-bx + a)}{2ab}$$

input `int(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)`

output `(log(-a-b*x) - log(a-b*x))/(2*a*b)`

### 3.33 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	384
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	384
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	385
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	386
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	386
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	387
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	387
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	387
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	388
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	388

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{\log(a-bx)}{2a(bc+ad)} + \frac{\log(a+bx)}{2a(bc-ad)} - \frac{d \log(c+dx)}{b^2c^2-a^2d^2}$$

output `-1/2*ln(-b*x+a)/a/(a*d+b*c)+1/2*ln(b*x+a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)-d*ln(d*x+c)/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{2b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right) + ad(-2 \log(c+dx) + \log(a^2-b^2x^2))}{2ab^2c^2-2a^3d^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c+d*x)*(a^2-b^2*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*b*c*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a] + a*d*(-2*Log[c+d*x] + Log[a^2-b^2*x^2]))/(2*a*b^2*c^2-2*a^3*d^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( -\frac{a^2 d^2}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)(c + dx)} + \frac{ab}{2(bc + ad)(a - bx)} + \frac{ab}{2(bc - ad)(a + bx)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{a^2 d \log(c + dx)}{b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2} - \frac{a \log(a - bx)}{2(ad + bc)} + \frac{a \log(a + bx)}{2(bc - ad)}}{a^2}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)),x]`

output `(-1/2*(a*Log[a - b*x])/(b*c + a*d) + (a*Log[a + b*x])/(2*(b*c - a*d)) - (a^2*d*Log[c + d*x])/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2))/a^2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{d \ln(dx+c)}{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2} - \frac{\ln(bx+a)}{2a(ad-bc)} - \frac{\ln(-bx+a)}{2a(ad+bc)}$	70
default	$-\frac{\ln(-bx+a)}{2a(ad+bc)} - \frac{\ln(bx+a)}{2a(ad-bc)} + \frac{d \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)(ad+bc)}$	71
risch	$\frac{d \ln(dx+c)}{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2} - \frac{\ln(bx-a)}{2a(ad+bc)} - \frac{\ln(-bx-a)}{2a(ad-bc)}$	74
parallelrisc	$-\frac{\ln(bx-a)ad - \ln(bx-a)bc + \ln(bx+a)ad + \ln(bx+a)bc - 2d \ln(dx+c)a}{2a(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)}$	76

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `d/(a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)*ln(d*x+c)-1/2/a/(a*d-b*c)*ln(b*x+a)-1/2*ln(-b*x+a)/a/(a*d+b*c)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2ad \log(dx+c) - (bc+ad) \log(bx+a) + (bc-ad) \log(bx-a)}{2(ab^2c^2 - a^3d^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*a*d*log(d*x + c) - (b*c + a*d)*log(b*x + a) + (b*c - a*d)*log(b*x - a))/(a*b^2*c^2 - a^3*d^2)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b**2*x**2+a**2),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{d \log(dx+c)}{b^2c^2-a^2d^2} + \frac{\log(bx+a)}{2(abc-a^2d)} - \frac{\log(bx-a)}{2(abc+a^2d)}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-d*log(d*x + c)/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2) + 1/2*log(b*x + a)/(a*b*c - a^2*d) - 1/2*log(b*x - a)/(a*b*c + a^2*d)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{b^2 \log(|bx+a|)}{2(ab^3c-a^2b^2d)} - \frac{b^2 \log(|bx-a|)}{2(ab^3c+a^2b^2d)} - \frac{d^2 \log(|dx+c|)}{b^2c^2d-a^2d^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*b^2*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a*b^3*c - a^2*b^2*d) - 1/2*b^2*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a*b^3*c + a^2*b^2*d) - d^2*log(abs(d*x + c))/(b^2*c^2*d - a^2*d^3)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{d \ln(c+dx)}{a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2} - \frac{\ln(a-bx)}{2da^2 + 2bca} - \frac{\ln(a+bx)}{2a^2 d - 2abc}$$

input `int(1/((a^2 - b^2*x^2)*(c + d*x)),x)`output `(d*log(c + d*x))/(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2) - log(a - b*x)/(2*a^2*d + 2*a*b*c) - log(a + b*x)/(2*a^2*d - 2*a*b*c)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{-\log(-bx-a)ad - \log(-bx-a)bc - \log(-bx+a)ad + \log(-bx+a)bc + 2\log(dx+c)ad}{2a(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)`output `( - log( - a - b*x)*a*d - log( - a - b*x)*b*c - log(a - b*x)*a*d + log(a - b*x)*b*c + 2*log(c + d*x)*a*d)/(2*a*(a**2*d**2 - b**2*c**2))`

### 3.34 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{d}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)(c+dx)} - \frac{b \log(a-bx)}{2a(bc+ad)^2} + \frac{b \log(a+bx)}{2a(bc-ad)^2} - \frac{2b^2cd \log(c+dx)}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2}$$

```
output d/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)/(d*x+c)-1/2*b*ln(-b*x+a)/a/(a*d+b*c)^2+1/2*b*ln(b*x+a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)^2-2*b^2*c*d*ln(d*x+c)/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{b(b^2c^2+a^2d^2)(c+dx)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right) + ad(b^2c^2-a^2d^2-2b^2c(c+dx))\log(c+dx) + b^2c(c+dx)\log(a^2-b^2x^2)}{a(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2(c+dx)}$$

```
input Integrate[1/((c+d*x)^2*(a^2-b^2*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
(b*(b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2)*(c + d*x)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a] + a*d*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2
- 2*b^2*c*(c + d*x)*Log[c + d*x] + b^2*c*(c + d*x)*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2]))/(
a*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*(c + d*x))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( \frac{ab^2}{2(bc+ad)^2(a-bx)} + \frac{ab^2}{2(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)} - \frac{2a^2cd^2b^2}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2(c+dx)} - \frac{a^2d^2}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)(c+dx)^2} \right) dx$$

$a^2$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{a^2d}{(c+dx)(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)} - \frac{2a^2b^2cd \log(c+dx)}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2} - \frac{ab \log(a-bx)}{2(ad+bc)^2} + \frac{ab \log(a+bx)}{2(bc-ad)^2}}{a^2}$$

input

```
Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
((a^2*d)/((b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*(c + d*x)) - (a*b*Log[a - b*x])/(2*(b*c + a*
d)^2) + (a*b*Log[a + b*x])/(2*(b*c - a*d)^2) - (2*a^2*b^2*c*d*Log[c + d*x]
)/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2)/a^2
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 477 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2
]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$\frac{b \ln(bx+a)}{2(ad-bc)^2 a} - \frac{d}{(ad-bc)(ad+bc)(dx+c)} - \frac{2b^2 cd \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^2(ad+bc)^2} - \frac{b \ln(-bx+a)}{2a(ad+bc)^2}$
risch	$-\frac{d}{(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)(dx+c)} + \frac{b \ln(bx+a)}{2(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)a} - \frac{2b^2 cd \ln(-dx-c)}{a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4} - \frac{b \ln(bx-a)}{2(a^2 d^2 + 2abcd + b^2 c^2)a}$
norman	$\frac{d^2 x}{c(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)(dx+c)} + \frac{b \ln(bx+a)}{2(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)a} - \frac{b \ln(-bx+a)}{2(a^2 d^2 + 2abcd + b^2 c^2)a} - \frac{2b^2 cd \ln(dx+c)}{a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{\ln(bx-a)x a^2 bc d^3 - 2 \ln(bx-a)xa b^2 c^2 d^2 + \ln(bx-a)x b^3 c^3 d - \ln(bx+a)x a^2 bc d^3 - 2 \ln(bx+a)xa b^2 c^2 d^2 - \ln(bx+a)x b^3 c^3 d + \dots}{2(ab^4 c^5 - 2a^3 b^2 c^3 d^2 + a^5 cd^4 + (ab^4 c$

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*b/(a*d-b*c)^2/a*ln(b*x+a)-d/(a*d-b*c)/(a*d+b*c)/(d*x+c)-2*b^2*c*d/(a*d
-b*c)^2/(a*d+b*c)^2*ln(d*x+c)-1/2*b*ln(-b*x+a)/a/(a*d+b*c)^2
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 ab^2 c^2 d - 2 a^3 d^3 + (b^3 c^3 + 2 ab^2 c^2 d + a^2 bcd^2 + (b^3 c^2 d + 2 ab^2 cd^2 + a^2 bd^3)x) \log(bx + a) - (b^3 c^3 - 2 ab^2 c^2 d + a^2 bcd^2)}{2(ab^4 c^5 - 2a^3 b^2 c^3 d^2 + a^5 cd^4 + (ab^4 c$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*a*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a^3*d^3 + (b^3*c^3 + 2*a*b^2*c^2*d + a^2*b*c*d^2 + (b^3*c^2*d + 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)*log(b*x + a) - (b^3*c^3 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*d + a^2*b*c*d^2 + (b^3*c^2*d - 2*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)*log(b*x - a) - 4*(a*b^2*c*d^2*x + a*b^2*c^2*d)*log(d*x + c))/(a*b^4*c^5 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^2 + a^5*c*d^4 + (a*b^4*c^4*d - 2*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^5*d^5)*x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(-b**2*x**2+a**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = -\frac{2b^2cd \log(dx+c)}{b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4} + \frac{b \log(bx+a)}{2(ab^2c^2 - 2a^2bcd + a^3d^2)} - \frac{b \log(bx-a)}{2(ab^2c^2 + 2a^2bcd + a^3d^2)} + \frac{d}{b^2c^3 - a^2cd^2 + (b^2c^2d - a^2d^3)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-2*b^2*c*d*log(d*x + c)/(b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4) + 1/2*b*log(b*x + a)/(a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d + a^3*d^2) - 1/2*b*log(b*x - a)/(a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*c*d + a^3*d^2) + d/(b^2*c^3 - a^2*c*d^2 + (b^2*c^2*d - a^2*d^3)*x)
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 285 vs.  $2(103) = 206$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{b^2cd \log\left(\left|b^2 - \frac{2b^2c}{dx+c} + \frac{b^2c^2}{(dx+c)^2} - \frac{a^2d^2}{(dx+c)^2}\right|\right)}{b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4} + \frac{d^3}{(b^2c^2d^2 - a^2d^4)(dx+c)} - \frac{(b^4c^2d^2 + a^2b^2d^4) \log\left(\frac{2b^2cd - \frac{2b^2c^2d}{dx+c} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{dx+c} - 2d^2|a||b|}{2b^2cd - \frac{2b^2c^2d}{dx+c} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{dx+c} + 2d^2|a||b|}\right)}{2(b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4)d^2|a||b|}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
b^2*c*d*log(abs(b^2 - 2*b^2*c/(d*x + c) + b^2*c^2/(d*x + c)^2 - a^2*d^2/(d*x + c)^2))/(b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4) + d^3/((b^2*c^2*d^2 - a^2*d^4)*(d*x + c)) - 1/2*(b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^2*b^2*d^4)*log(abs(2*b^2*c*d - 2*b^2*c^2*d/(d*x + c) + 2*a^2*d^3/(d*x + c) - 2*d^2*abs(a)*abs(b))/abs(2*b^2*c*d - 2*b^2*c^2*d/(d*x + c) + 2*a^2*d^3/(d*x + c) + 2*d^2*abs(a)*abs(b)))/((b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4)*d^2*abs(a)*abs(b))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{b \ln(a+bx)}{2(a^3d^2-2a^2bcd+ab^2c^2)} - \frac{b \ln(a-bx)}{2(a^3d^2+2a^2bcd+ab^2c^2)} - \frac{d}{(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)(c+dx)} - \frac{2b^2cd \ln(c+dx)}{a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+b^4c^4}$$

input `int(1/((a^2 - b^2*x^2)*(c + d*x)^2),x)`output `(b*log(a + b*x))/(2*(a^3*d^2 + a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d)) - (b*log(a - b*x))/(2*(a^3*d^2 + a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*c*d)) - d/((a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)*(c + d*x)) - (2*b^2*c*d*log(c + d*x))/(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{\log(-bx-a)a^2bc^2d^2 + \log(-bx-a)a^2bcd^3x + 2\log(-bx-a)ab^2c^3d + 2\log(-bx-a)ab^2c^2d^2x + \log(-a-bx)a^2b^2c^2d^2 + \log(-a-bx)a^2b^2c^2d^3x + 2\log(-a-bx)a^2b^2c^2d^2x + \log(-a-bx)b^2c^2d^2x + \log(-a-bx)b^2c^2d^3x - \log(a-bx)a^2b^2c^2d^2 - \log(a-bx)a^2b^2c^2d^3x + 2\log(a-bx)a^2b^2c^2d^2x + 2\log(a-bx)a^2b^2c^2d^3x - \log(a-bx)b^2c^2d^2 - \log(a-bx)b^2c^2d^3x - 4\log(c+dx)a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 4\log(c+dx)a^2b^2c^2d^3x + 2a^2b^2c^2d^2x - 2a^2b^2c^2d^3x}{(2a^2c(a^4cd^2 + a^4d^2d^2 + 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^3x - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2x + b^4c^2d^2 + b^4c^2d^3x))}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)`output `(log(-a - b*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 + log(-a - b*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x + 2*log(-a - b*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d + 2*log(-a - b*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + log(-a - b*x)*b**3*c**4 + log(-a - b*x)*b**3*c**3*d*x - log(a - b*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 - log(a - b*x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x + 2*log(a - b*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d + 2*log(a - b*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x - log(a - b*x)*b**3*c**4 - log(a - b*x)*b**3*c**3*d*x - 4*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d - 4*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 2*a**3*d**4*x - 2*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x)/(2*a*c*(a**4*c*d**4 + a**4*d**5*x - 2*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**2 - 2*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3*x + b**4*c**5 + b**4*c**4*d*x))`

### 3.35 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{d}{2(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)(c+dx)^2} + \frac{2b^2cd}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2(c+dx)} - \frac{b^2 \log(a-bx)}{2a(bc+ad)^3} + \frac{b^2 \log(a+bx)}{2a(bc-ad)^3} - \frac{b^2d(3b^2c^2+a^2d^2) \log(c+dx)}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^3}$$

output

```
1/2*d/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2+2*b^2*c*d/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)-
1/2*b^2*ln(-b*x+a)/a/(a*d+b*c)^3+1/2*b^2*ln(b*x+a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)^3-b^2*d*(a
^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)*ln(d*x+c)/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{ad(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2+4ab^2cd(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)(c+dx)+2b^3(b^2c^3+3a^2cd^2)(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)-2a(3b^4c^2d^2-b^2d^4)}{2a(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^3(c+dx)^2}$$



input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)),x]`

output  $(a*d*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2 + 4*a*b^2*c*d*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*(c + d*x) + 2*b^3*(b^2*c^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a] - 2*a*(3*b^4*c^2*d + a^2*b^2*d^3)*(c + d*x)^2*Log[c + d*x] + a*b^2*(3*b^2*c^2*d + a^2*d^3)*(c + d*x)^2*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2])/(2*a*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^3*(c + d*x)^2)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)(c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( \frac{ab^3}{2(bc+ad)^3(a-bx)} + \frac{ab^3}{2(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)} - \frac{a^2d^2(3b^2c^2+a^2d^2)b^2}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^3(c+dx)} - \frac{2a^2cd^2b^2}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{a^2d^2}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)(c+dx)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2a^2b^2cd}{(c+dx)(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2} + \frac{a^2d}{2(c+dx)^2(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)} - \frac{a^2b^2d(a^2d^2+3b^2c^2)\log(c+dx)}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^3} - \frac{ab^2\log(a-bx)}{2(ad+bc)^3} + \frac{ab^2\log(a+bx)}{2(bc-ad)^3}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)),x]`

output  $((a^2*d)/(2*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (2*a^2*b^2*c*d)/((b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)) - (a*b^2*Log[a - b*x])/(2*(b*c + a*d)^3) + (a*b^2*Log[a + b*x])/(2*(b*c - a*d)^3) - (a^2*b^2*d*(3*b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2)*Log[c + d*x])/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^3)/a^2$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 477 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2
]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^2 \ln(bx+a)}{2(ad-bc)^3 a} - \frac{d}{2(ad-bc)(ad+bc)(dx+c)^2} + \frac{b^2 d(a^2 d^2 + 3b^2 c^2) \ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^3 (ad+bc)^3} + \frac{2b^2 cd}{(ad-bc)^2 (ad+bc)^2 (dx+c)} - \frac{b^2 \ln(-bx+a)}{2a(ad+bc)}$
norman	$\frac{-a^2 d^5 + 5b^2 c^2 d^3}{2d^2(a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4)} + \frac{2c b^2 d^2 x}{a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4} + \frac{b^2 d(a^2 d^2 + 3b^2 c^2) \ln(dx+c)}{a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6} - \frac{b^2 \ln(bx+a)}{2(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bc d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d)}$
risch	$\frac{2c b^2 d^2 x}{a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4} - \frac{(a^2 d^2 - 5b^2 c^2) d}{2(a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4)} + \frac{b^2 d^3 \ln(dx+c) a^2}{a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6} + \frac{3b^4 d \ln(dx+c) c^2}{a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{a^5 d^7 + 3 \ln(bx+a) x^2 a^2 b^3 c d^6 + 3 \ln(bx+a) x^2 a b^4 c^2 d^5 - 4 \ln(dx+c) x a^3 b^2 c d^6 + 6 \ln(bx-a) x a b^4 c^3 d^4 + 6 \ln(bx+a) x a^2 b^3 c^2 d^5}{(dx+c)^2}$

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^3/a*ln(b*x+a)-1/2*d/(a*d-b*c)/(a*d+b*c)/(d*x+c)^2+b^2*d
*(a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)/(a*d-b*c)^3/(a*d+b*c)^3*ln(d*x+c)+2*b^2*c*d/(a*d-b*c)
^2/(a*d+b*c)^2/(d*x+c)-1/2*b^2*ln(-b*x+a)/a/(a*d+b*c)^3
```



**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 314 vs.  $2(155) = 310$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{b^2 \log(bx+a)}{2(ab^3c^3 - 3a^2b^2c^2d + 3a^3bcd^2 - a^4d^3)} - \frac{b^2 \log(bx-a)}{2(ab^3c^3 + 3a^2b^2c^2d + 3a^3bcd^2 + a^4d^3)} - \frac{(3b^4c^2d + a^2b^2d^3) \log(dx+c)}{b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^4d^2 + 3a^4b^2c^2d^4 - a^6d^6} + \frac{4b^2cd^2x + 5b^2c^2d - a^2d^3}{2(b^4c^6 - 2a^2b^2c^4d^2 + a^4c^2d^4 + (b^4c^4d^2 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^4 + a^4d^6)x^2 + 2(b^4c^5d - 2a^2b^2c^3d^3 + a^4cd^5)x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*b^2*log(b*x + a)/(a*b^3*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^3*b*c*d^2 - a^4*d^3) - 1/2*b^2*log(b*x - a)/(a*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^3*b*c*d^2 + a^4*d^3) - (3*b^4*c^2*d + a^2*b^2*d^3)*log(d*x + c)/(b^6*c^6 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^6*d^6) + 1/2*(4*b^2*c*d^2*x + 5*b^2*c^2*d - a^2*d^3)/(b^4*c^6 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 + a^4*c^2*d^4 + (b^4*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 + a^4*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(b^4*c^5*d - 2*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 + a^4*c*d^5)*x)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \frac{b^3 \log(|bx+a|)}{2(ab^4c^3 - 3a^2b^3c^2d + 3a^3b^2cd^2 - a^4bd^3)} - \frac{b^3 \log(|bx-a|)}{2(ab^4c^3 + 3a^2b^3c^2d + 3a^3b^2cd^2 + a^4bd^3)} - \frac{(3b^4c^2d^2 + a^2b^2d^4) \log(|dx+c|)}{b^6c^6d - 3a^2b^4c^4d^3 + 3a^4b^2c^2d^5 - a^6d^7} + \frac{5b^4c^4d - 6a^2b^2c^2d^3 + a^4d^5 + 4(b^4c^3d^2 - a^2b^2cd^4)x}{2(bc+ad)^3(bc-ad)^3(dx+c)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*b^3*\log(\text{abs}(b*x + a))/(a*b^4*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^3*b^2*c*d^2 - \\ & a^4*b*d^3) - 1/2*b^3*\log(\text{abs}(b*x - a))/(a*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a \\ & ^3*b^2*c*d^2 + a^4*b*d^3) - (3*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^2*b^2*d^4)*\log(\text{abs}(d*x + c) \\ & )/(b^6*c^6*d - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^5 - a^6*d^7) + 1/2*(5*b \\ & ^4*c^4*d - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^4*d^5 + 4*(b^4*c^3*d^2 - a^2*b^2*c*d^4)*x \\ & )/((b*c + a*d)^3*(b*c - a*d)^3*(d*x + c)^2) \end{aligned}$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)} dx &= \frac{\ln(c + dx) (a^2 b^2 d^3 + 3 b^4 c^2 d)}{a^6 d^6 - 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6} \\ &- \frac{b^2 \ln(a + bx)}{2 (a^4 d^3 - 3 a^3 b c d^2 + 3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d - a b^3 c^3)} \\ &- \frac{b^2 \ln(a - bx)}{2 (a^4 d^3 + 3 a^3 b c d^2 + 3 a^2 b^2 c^2 d + a b^3 c^3)} \\ &- \frac{\frac{a^2 d^3 - 5 b^2 c^2 d}{2 (a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)} - \frac{2 b^2 c d^2 x}{a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4}}{c^2 + 2 c d x + d^2 x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{int}(1/((a^2 - b^2*x^2)*(c + d*x)^3), x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\log(c + d*x)*(3*b^4*c^2*d + a^2*b^2*d^3))/(a^6*d^6 - b^6*c^6 + 3*a^2*b^4* \\ & c^4*d^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4) - (b^2*\log(a + b*x))/(2*(a^4*d^3 - a*b^3*c^3 \\ & + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^3*b*c*d^2)) - (b^2*\log(a - b*x))/(2*(a^4*d^3 + a*b^3*c^3 \\ & + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^3*b*c*d^2)) - ((a^2*d^3 - 5*b^2*c^2*d)/(2*( \\ & a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)) - (2*b^2*c*d^2*x)/(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 \\ & - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2))/(c^2 + d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x) \end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 839, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2),x)
```

output

```
( - log( - a - b*x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3 - 2*log( - a - b*x)*a**3*b**2*c*d*
*4*x - log( - a - b*x)*a**3*b**2*d**5*x**2 - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c
**3*d**2 - 6*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**3*x - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**
2*b**3*c*d**4*x**2 - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a*b**4*c**4*d - 6*log( - a - b*x)*a
*b**4*c**3*d**2*x - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**2 - log( - a - b
*x)*b**5*c**5 - 2*log( - a - b*x)*b**5*c**4*d*x - log( - a - b*x)*b**5*c**
3*d**2*x**2 - log(a - b*x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3 - 2*log(a - b*x)*a**3*b**2*
c*d**4*x - log(a - b*x)*a**3*b**2*d**5*x**2 + 3*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c**
3*d**2 + 6*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**3*x + 3*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c
*d**4*x**2 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a*b**4*c**4*d - 6*log(a - b*x)*a*b**4*c**3*d**
2*x - 3*log(a - b*x)*a*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**2 + log(a - b*x)*b**5*c**5 + 2*lo
g(a - b*x)*b**5*c**4*d*x + log(a - b*x)*b**5*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 2*log(c + d*
x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3 + 4*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**2*c*d**4*x + 2*log(c + d*x
)*a**3*b**2*d**5*x**2 + 6*log(c + d*x)*a*b**4*c**4*d + 12*log(c + d*x)*a*b
**4*c**3*d**2*x + 6*log(c + d*x)*a*b**4*c**2*d**3*x**2 - a**5*d**5 + 4*a**
3*b**2*c**2*d**3 - 2*a**3*b**2*d**5*x**2 - 3*a*b**4*c**4*d + 2*a*b**4*c**2
*d**3*x**2)/(2*a*(a**6*c**2*d**6 + 2*a**6*c*d**7*x + a**6*d**8*x**2 - 3*a*
**4*b**2*c**4*d**4 - 6*a**4*b**2*c**3*d**5*x - 3*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**6*x**2 +
3*a**2*b**4*c**6*d**2 + 6*a**2*b**4*c**5*d**3*x + 3*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**4*x
**2 - b**6*c**8 - 2*b**6*c**7*d*x - b**6*c**6*d**2*x**2))
```

### 3.36 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	403
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^4x}{b^4} + \frac{(bc+ad)^4}{4a^2b^5(a-bx)} - \frac{(bc-ad)^4}{4a^2b^5(a+bx)} - \frac{(bc-3ad)(bc+ad)^3 \log(a-bx)}{4a^3b^5} + \frac{(bc-ad)^3(bc+3ad) \log(a+bx)}{4a^3b^5}$$

output

```
d^4*x/b^4+1/4*(a*d+b*c)^4/a^2/b^5/(-b*x+a)-1/4*(-a*d+b*c)^4/a^2/b^5/(b*x+a)
)-1/4*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)^3*ln(-b*x+a)/a^3/b^5+1/4*(-a*d+b*c)^3*(3*a*d+
b*c)*ln(b*x+a)/a^3/b^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^4x}{b^4} + \frac{-4a^2b^2c^3d - 4a^4cd^3 - b^4c^4x - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2x - a^4d^4x}{2a^2b^4(-a^2+b^2x^2)} - \frac{(-b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 3a^4d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3b^5} + \frac{2cd^3 \log(a^2-b^2x^2)}{b^4}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^4/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output  $(d^4*x)/b^4 + (-4*a^2*b^2*c^3*d - 4*a^4*c*d^3 - b^4*c^4*x - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*x - a^4*d^4*x)/(2*a^2*b^4*(-a^2 + b^2*x^2)) - ((-(b^4*c^4) + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*d^4)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(2*a^3*b^5) + (2*c*d^3*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2])/b^4$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( \frac{a^4d^4}{b^4} + \frac{a(bc-3ad)(bc+ad)^3}{4b^4(a-bx)} + \frac{a(bc-ad)^3(bc+3ad)}{4b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{a^2(bc+ad)^4}{4b^4(a-bx)^2} + \frac{a^2(bc-ad)^4}{4b^4(a+bx)^2} \right) dx$$

$a^4$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{a^4d^4x}{b^4} + \frac{a^2(ad+bc)^4}{4b^5(a-bx)} - \frac{a^2(bc-ad)^4}{4b^5(a+bx)} - \frac{a(bc-3ad)(ad+bc)^3 \log(a-bx)}{4b^5} + \frac{a(bc-ad)^3(3ad+bc) \log(a+bx)}{4b^5}}{a^4}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output  $((a^4*d^4*x)/b^4 + (a^2*(b*c + a*d)^4)/(4*b^5*(a - b*x)) - (a^2*(b*c - a*d)^4)/(4*b^5*(a + b*x)) - (a*(b*c - 3*a*d)*(b*c + a*d)^3*Log[a - b*x])/(4*b^5) + (a*(b*c - a*d)^3*(b*c + 3*a*d)*Log[a + b*x])/(4*b^5))/a^4$



Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 477 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2
]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
norman	$\frac{-2d^3ca^2-2b^2c^3d-\frac{d^4x^3}{b^2}+\frac{(3a^4d^4+6a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)x}{2a^2b^4}}{-b^2x^2+a^2} + \frac{(3a^4d^4+8ca^3bd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-c^4b^4)\ln(-bx+a)}{4b^5a^3} - \frac{(3a^4d^4-8ca^3bd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)\ln(bx+a)}{4b^5a^3}$
risch	$\frac{d^4x}{b^4} + \frac{(a^4d^4+6a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)x}{2a^2b^4(-b^2x^2+a^2)} + 2cd(a^2d^2+b^2c^2) - \frac{3a\ln(-bx-a)d^4}{4b^5} + \frac{2\ln(-bx-a)cd^3}{b^4} - \frac{3\ln(-bx-a)c^2d^2}{2b^3a} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)}{b^4}$
default	$\frac{d^4x}{b^4} + \frac{(-3a^4d^4+8ca^3bd^3-6a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)\ln(bx+a)}{4a^3b^5} - \frac{a^4d^4-4ca^3bd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2-4ab^3c^3d+c^4b^4}{4b^5a^2(bx+a)} + \frac{(3a^4d^4+8ca^3bd^3+6a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)\ln(bx+a)}{4b^5a^3}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3\ln(bx-a)x^2a^4b^2d^4+8\ln(bx-a)x^2a^3b^3cd^3+6\ln(bx-a)x^2a^2b^4c^2d^2-\ln(bx-a)x^2b^6c^4-3\ln(bx+a)x^2a^4b^2d^4+8\ln(bx+a)x^2a^3b^3cd^3}{4b^5a^3}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-(-2*a^2*c*d^3-2*b^2*c^3*d)/b^4-d^4*x^3/b^2+1/2*(3*a^4*d^4+6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)/a^2/b^4*x)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)+1/4/b^5*(3*a^4*d^4+8*a^3*b*c*d^3+6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-b^4*c^4)/a^3*ln(-b*x+a)-1/4*(3*a^4*d^4-8*a^3*b*c*d^3+6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-b^4*c^4)/a^3/b^5*ln(b*x+a)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs.  $2(124) = 248$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^3b^3d^4x^3 - 8a^3b^3c^3d - 8a^5bcd^3 - 2(ab^5c^4 + 6a^3b^3c^2d^2 + 3a^5bd^4)x - (a^2b^4c^4 - 6a^4b^2c^2d^2 + 8a^5bcd^3 - 3a^4b^2d^4)x^2 \log(bx + a) + (a^2b^4c^4 - 6a^4b^2c^2d^2 - 8a^5b^3cd^3 - 3a^6d^4 - (b^6c^4 - 6a^2b^4c^2d^2 + 8a^3b^3c^2d^3 - 3a^4b^2d^4)x^2) \log(bx - a)}{(a^3b^7x^2 - a^5b^5)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot (4a^3b^3d^4x^3 - 8a^3b^3c^3d - 8a^5b^3cd^3 - 2(a^2b^4c^4 + 6a^4b^2c^2d^2 + 3a^5bd^4)x - (a^2b^4c^4 - 6a^4b^2c^2d^2 + 8a^5b^3cd^3 - 3a^6d^4 - (b^6c^4 - 6a^2b^4c^2d^2 + 8a^3b^3c^2d^3 - 3a^4b^2d^4)x^2) \log(bx + a) + (a^2b^4c^4 - 6a^4b^2c^2d^2 - 8a^5b^3cd^3 - 3a^6d^4 - (b^6c^4 - 6a^2b^4c^2d^2 - 8a^3b^3c^2d^3 - 3a^4b^2d^4)x^2) \log(bx - a)) / (a^3b^7x^2 - a^5b^5)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 264 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-4a^4cd^3 - 4a^2b^2c^3d + x(-a^4d^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - b^4c^4)}{-2a^4b^4 + 2a^2b^6x^2} + \frac{d^4x}{b^4}$$

$$- \frac{(ad - bc)^3 \cdot (3ad + bc) \log\left(x + \frac{8a^4cd^3 + \frac{a(ad-bc)^3 \cdot (3ad+bc)}{b}}{3a^4d^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - b^4c^4}\right)}{4a^3b^5}$$

$$+ \frac{(ad + bc)^3 \cdot (3ad - bc) \log\left(x + \frac{8a^4cd^3 - \frac{a(ad+bc)^3 \cdot (3ad-bc)}{b}}{3a^4d^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - b^4c^4}\right)}{4a^3b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)`

output

```
(-4*a**4*c*d**3 - 4*a**2*b**2*c**3*d + x*(-a**4*d**4 - 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*
*2 - b**4*c**4))/(-2*a**4*b**4 + 2*a**2*b**6*x**2) + d**4*x/b**4 - (a*d -
b*c)**3*(3*a*d + b*c)*log(x + (8*a**4*c*d**3 + a*(a*d - b*c)**3*(3*a*d + b
*c)/b)/(3*a**4*d**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - b**4*c**4))/(4*a**3*b**5) +
(a*d + b*c)**3*(3*a*d - b*c)*log(x + (8*a**4*c*d**3 - a*(a*d + b*c)**3*(3*
a*d - b*c)/b)/(3*a**4*d**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - b**4*c**4))/(4*a**3*b
**5)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^4x}{b^4} - \frac{4a^2b^2c^3d + 4a^4cd^3 + (b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4)x}{2(a^2b^6x^2 - a^4b^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^4c^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 8a^3bcd^3 - 3a^4d^4) \log(bx+a)}{4a^3b^5}$$

$$- \frac{(b^4c^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 8a^3bcd^3 - 3a^4d^4) \log(bx-a)}{4a^3b^5}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
d^4*x/b^4 - 1/2*(4*a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 4*a^4*c*d^3 + (b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d
d^2 + a^4*d^4)*x)/(a^2*b^6*x^2 - a^4*b^4) + 1/4*(b^4*c^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d
^2 + 8*a^3*b*c*d^3 - 3*a^4*d^4)*log(b*x + a)/(a^3*b^5) - 1/4*(b^4*c^4 - 6*
a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 8*a^3*b*c*d^3 - 3*a^4*d^4)*log(b*x - a)/(a^3*b^5)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^4x}{b^4} + \frac{(b^4c^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 8a^3bcd^3 - 3a^4d^4) \log(|bx+a|)}{4a^3b^5}$$

$$- \frac{(b^4c^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 8a^3bcd^3 - 3a^4d^4) \log(|bx-a|)}{4a^3b^5}$$

$$- \frac{4a^2b^2c^3d + 4a^4cd^3 + (b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4)x}{2(bx+a)(bx-a)a^2b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d^4*x/b^4 + 1/4*(b^4*c^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 8*a^3*b*c*d^3 - 3*a^4*d^4)*  
log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^3*b^5) - 1/4*(b^4*c^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 8*a^3*b*c  
*d^3 - 3*a^4*d^4)*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^3*b^5) - 1/2*(4*a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 4*a  
^4*c*d^3 + (b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4)*x)/((b*x + a)*(b*x - a)  
*a^2*b^4)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{x(a^4d^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + b^4c^4)}{2a^2(a^2b^4 - b^6x^2)} + 2a^2cd^3 + 2b^2c^3d + \frac{d^4x}{b^4}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(a + bx)(3a^4d^4 - 8a^3bcd^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - b^4c^4)}{4a^3b^5}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(a - bx)(3a^4d^4 + 8a^3bcd^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - b^4c^4)}{4a^3b^5}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^4/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x)`

output `((x*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2))/(2*a^2) + 2*a^2*c*d^3 + 2*b^2  
*c^3*d)/(a^2*b^4 - b^6*x^2) + (d^4*x)/b^4 - (log(a + b*x)*(3*a^4*d^4 - b^4  
*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 8*a^3*b*c*d^3))/(4*a^3*b^5) + (log(a - b*x)*(3*  
a^4*d^4 - b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 8*a^3*b*c*d^3))/(4*a^3*b^5)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3 \log(-bx - a) a^6 d^4 + 8 \log(-bx - a) a^5 b c d^3 - 6 \log(-bx - a) a^4 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3 \log(-bx - a) a^4 b^2 d^4 x^2 - 8 \log(-bx - a) a^3 b^3 c d^3 + 6 \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^4 c^2 d^2 - 3 \log(-bx - a) a b^5 c^3 d + 3 \log(-bx - a) b^6 c^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*d**4 + 8*log( - a - b*x)*a**5*b*c*d**3 - 6*log(
- a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*d**4*x**2 -
8*log( - a - b*x)*a**3*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 + log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*c**4 +
6*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - log( - a - b*x)*b**6*c**4*x*
*2 + 3*log(a - b*x)*a**6*d**4 + 8*log(a - b*x)*a**5*b*c*d**3 + 6*log(a - b
*x)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*d**4*x**2 - 8*log(a - b
*x)*a**3*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 - log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*c**4 - 6*log(a - b*x)*a
**2*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 + log(a - b*x)*b**6*c**4*x**2 + 6*a**5*b*d**4*x +
12*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**2*x + 8*a**3*b**3*c*d**3*x**2 - 4*a**3*b**3*d**4*x**3
+ 2*a*b**5*c**4*x + 8*a*b**5*c**3*d*x**2)/(4*a**3*b**5*(a**2 - b**2*x**2)
)
```

### 3.37 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(bc+ad)^3}{4a^2b^4(a-bx)} - \frac{(bc-ad)^3}{4a^2b^4(a+bx)} - \frac{(bc-2ad)(bc+ad)^2 \log(a-bx)}{4a^3b^4} + \frac{(bc-ad)^2(bc+2ad) \log(a+bx)}{4a^3b^4}$$

output

```
1/4*(a*d+b*c)^3/a^2/b^4/(-b*x+a)-1/4*(-a*d+b*c)^3/a^2/b^4/(b*x+a)-1/4*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)^2*ln(-b*x+a)/a^3/b^4+1/4*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(2*a*d+b*c)*ln(b*x+a)/a^3/b^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{a^4d^3+b^4c^3x+3a^2b^2cd(c+dx)}{a^4-a^2b^2x^2} + \frac{b(b^2c^3-3a^2cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^3} + d^3 \log(a^2-b^2x^2)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a^4 d^3 + b^4 c^3 x + 3 a^2 b^2 c d (c + d x)) / (a^4 - a^2 b^2 x^2) + (b^2 c^3 - 3 a^2 c d^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[b x / a] / a^3 + d^3 \operatorname{Log}[a^2 - b^2 x^2] / (2 b^4)}{a^4}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \frac{\left( \frac{a^2 (bc - ad)^3}{4b^3 (a + bx)^2} + \frac{a(bc + 2ad)(bc - ad)^2}{4b^3 (a + bx)} + \frac{a(bc - 2ad)(bc + ad)^2}{4b^3 (a - bx)} + \frac{a^2 (bc + ad)^3}{4b^3 (a - bx)^2} \right) dx}{a^4}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{a^2 (bc - ad)^3}{4b^4 (a + bx)} + \frac{a^2 (ad + bc)^3}{4b^4 (a - bx)} + \frac{a(2ad + bc)(bc - ad)^2 \log(a + bx)}{4b^4} - \frac{a(bc - 2ad)(ad + bc)^2 \log(a - bx)}{4b^4}}{a^4}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(c + d x)^3 / (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((a^2 (b c + a d)^3) / (4 b^4 (a - b x)) - (a^2 (b c - a d)^3) / (4 b^4 (a + b x))) - (a (b c - 2 a d) (b c + a d)^2 \operatorname{Log}[a - b x]) / (4 b^4) + (a (b c - a d)^2 (b c + 2 a d) \operatorname{Log}[a + b x]) / (4 b^4)}{a^4}$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 477

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2
]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{a^2 d^3 - 3b^2 c^2 d}{2b^4} + \frac{c(3a^2 d^2 + b^2 c^2)x}{2a^2 b^2}}{-b^2 x^2 + a^2} + \frac{(2a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 + b^3 c^3) \ln(bx+a)}{4b^4 a^3} + \frac{(2a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 b c d^2 - b^3 c^3) \ln(-bx+a)}{4b^4 a^3}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{c(3a^2 d^2 + b^2 c^2)x}{2a^2 b^2} + \frac{d(a^2 d^2 + 3b^2 c^2)}{2b^4}}{-b^2 x^2 + a^2} + \frac{\ln(bx-a)d^3}{2b^4} + \frac{3 \ln(bx-a)c d^2}{4b^3 a} - \frac{\ln(bx-a)c^3}{4b a^3} + \frac{\ln(-bx-a)d^3}{2b^4} - \frac{3 \ln(-bx-a)c d^2}{4b^3 a}$
default	$\frac{(2a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 + b^3 c^3) \ln(bx+a)}{4b^4 a^3} - \frac{-a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 b c d^2 - 3a b^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{4a^2 b^4 (bx+a)} + \frac{(2a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 b c d^2 - b^3 c^3) \ln(-bx+a)}{4b^4 a^3} + \frac{a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 b c d^2 - b^3 c^3}{4a^2 b^4 (bx+a)}$
parallelrisch	$2 \ln(bx-a)x^2 a^3 b^2 d^3 + 3 \ln(bx-a)x^2 a^2 b^3 c d^2 - \ln(bx-a)x^2 b^5 c^3 + 2 \ln(bx+a)x^2 a^3 b^2 d^3 - 3 \ln(bx+a)x^2 a^2 b^3 c d^2 + \ln(bx+a)x^2 b^5 c^3$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/2*(-a^2*d^3-3*b^2*c^2*d)/b^4+1/2*c*(3*a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)/a^2/b^2*x)/(-b^
2*x^2+a^2)+1/4/b^4*(2*a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+b^3*c^3)/a^3*ln(b*x+a)+1/4/b^4
*(2*a^3*d^3+3*a^2*b*c*d^2-b^3*c^3)/a^3*ln(-b*x+a)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{6a^3b^2c^2d + 2a^5d^3 + 2(ab^4c^3 + 3a^3b^2cd^2)x + (a^2b^3c^3 - 3a^4bcd^2 + 2a^5d^3 - (b^5c^3 - 3a^2b^3cd^2 + 2a^3b^2c^2d - a^4b^4c^3)) \log(bx + a) - (a^2b^3c^3 - 3a^4bcd^2 + 2a^5d^3 - (b^5c^3 - 3a^2b^3cd^2 + 2a^3b^2c^2d - a^4b^4c^3)) \log(bx - a)}{4(a^3b^6x^2 - a^5b^4)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(6*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a^5*d^3 + 2*(a*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c*d^2)*x + (a^2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*d^3 - (b^5*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + 2*a^3*b^2*d^3)*x^2)*log(b*x + a) - (a^2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^5*d^3 - (b^5*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*d^3)*x^2)*log(b*x - a))/(a^3*b^6*x^2 - a^5*b^4)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 216 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-a^4d^3 - 3a^2b^2c^2d + x(-3a^2b^2cd^2 - b^4c^3)}{-2a^4b^4 + 2a^2b^6x^2} + \frac{(ad - bc)^2 \cdot (2ad + bc) \log\left(x + \frac{2a^4d^3 - a(ad-bc)^2 \cdot (2ad+bc)}{3a^2b^2cd^2 - b^4c^3}\right)}{4a^3b^4} + \frac{(ad + bc)^2 \cdot (2ad - bc) \log\left(x + \frac{2a^4d^3 - a(ad+bc)^2 \cdot (2ad-bc)}{3a^2b^2cd^2 - b^4c^3}\right)}{4a^3b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)`

output

```
(-a**4*d**3 - 3*a**2*b**2*c**2*d + x*(-3*a**2*b**2*c*d**2 - b**4*c**3))/(-
2*a**4*b**4 + 2*a**2*b**6*x**2) + (a*d - b*c)**2*(2*a*d + b*c)*log(x + (2*
a**4*d**3 - a*(a*d - b*c)**2*(2*a*d + b*c))/(3*a**2*b**2*c*d**2 - b**4*c**
3))/(4*a**3*b**4) + (a*d + b*c)**2*(2*a*d - b*c)*log(x + (2*a**4*d**3 - a*
(a*d + b*c)**2*(2*a*d - b*c))/(3*a**2*b**2*c*d**2 - b**4*c**3))/(4*a**3*b*
*4)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{3a^2b^2c^2d + a^4d^3 + (b^4c^3 + 3a^2b^2cd^2)x}{2(a^2b^6x^2 - a^4b^4)} + \frac{(b^3c^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 2a^3d^3) \log(bx + a)}{4a^3b^4} - \frac{(b^3c^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 - 2a^3d^3) \log(bx - a)}{4a^3b^4}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*d^3 + (b^4*c^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^2)*x)/(a^2*b^6*
x^2 - a^4*b^4) + 1/4*(b^3*c^3 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^3*d^3)*log(b*x + a)/(a
^3*b^4) - 1/4*(b^3*c^3 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*d^3)*log(b*x - a)/(a^3*b^4)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(b^2c^3 + 3a^2cd^2)x + \frac{3a^2b^2c^2d + a^4d^3}{b^2}}{2(bx + a)(bx - a)a^2b^2} + \frac{(b^3c^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 2a^3d^3) \log(|bx + a|)}{4a^3b^4} - \frac{(b^3c^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 - 2a^3d^3) \log(|bx - a|)}{4a^3b^4}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2*((b^2*c^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2)*x + (3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*d^3)/b^2)/((b*x +
a)*(b*x - a)*a^2*b^2) + 1/4*(b^3*c^3 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^3*d^3)*log(abs
(b*x + a))/(a^3*b^4) - 1/4*(b^3*c^3 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*d^3)*log(abs(b
*x - a))/(a^3*b^4)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{d(a^2d^2 + 3b^2c^2)}{2b^4} + \frac{cx(3a^2d^2 + b^2c^2)}{2a^2b^2}}{a^2 - b^2x^2} + \frac{\ln(a + bx)(2a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + b^3c^3)}{4a^3b^4} + \frac{\ln(a - bx)(2a^3d^3 + 3a^2bcd^2 - b^3c^3)}{4a^3b^4}$$

input

```
int((c + d*x)^3/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
((d*(a^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*c^2))/(2*b^4) + (c*x*(3*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2))/(2*a^2*b^
2))/(a^2 - b^2*x^2) + (log(a + b*x)*(2*a^3*d^3 + b^3*c^3 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))
/(4*a^3*b^4) + (log(a - b*x)*(2*a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(4*a^3
*b^4)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(-bx - a) a^5 d^3 - 3 \log(-bx - a) a^4 bc d^2 - 2 \log(-bx - a) a^3 b^2 d^3 x^2 + \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^3 c^3 + 3 \log(-bx - a) a b^4 c^2 d - 3 \log(-bx - a) b^5 c^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*log(- a - b*x)*a**5*d**3 - 3*log(- a - b*x)*a**4*b*c*d**2 - 2*log(-
a - b*x)*a**3*b**2*d**3*x**2 + log(- a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3 + 3*log(- a
- b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - log(- a - b*x)*b**5*c**3*x**2 + 2*log(a -
b*x)*a**5*d**3 + 3*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b*c*d**2 - 2*log(a - b*x)*a**3*b**2*
d**3*x**2 - log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**2*
x**2 + log(a - b*x)*b**5*c**3*x**2 + 6*a**3*b**2*c*d**2*x + 2*a**3*b**2*d*
*3*x**2 + 2*a*b**4*c**3*x + 6*a*b**4*c**2*d*x**2)/(4*a**3*b**4*(a**2 - b**
2*x**2))
```

### 3.38 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	416
Mathematica [A] (verified)	416
Rubi [A] (verified)	417
Maple [A] (verified)	418
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	418
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	419
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	419
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	420
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	420
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	421

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2a^2cd + (b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)x}{2a^2b^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} + \frac{(bc-ad)(bc+ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3b^3}$$

output

```
1/2*(2*a^2*c*d+(a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x)/a^2/b^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)+1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*
(a*d+b*c)*arctanh(b*x/a)/a^3/b^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2a^2cd - b^2c^2x - a^2d^2x}{2a^2b^2(-a^2+b^2x^2)} - \frac{(-b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-2*a^2*c*d - b^2*c^2*x - a^2*d^2*x)/(2*a^2*b^2*(-a^2 + b^2*x^2)) - ((-b^
2*c^2) + a^2*d^2)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a]/(2*a^3*b^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( \frac{(c^2 - \frac{a^2d^2}{b^2})a^2}{2(a^2 - b^2x^2)} + \frac{(bc+ad)^2a^2}{4b^2(a-bx)^2} + \frac{(bc-ad)^2a^2}{4b^2(a+bx)^2} \right) dx$$

$a^4$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right) \left(c^2 - \frac{a^2d^2}{b^2}\right)}{2b} - \frac{a^2(bc-ad)^2}{4b^3(a+bx)} + \frac{a^2(ad+bc)^2}{4b^3(a-bx)}$$

$a^4$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a^2*(b*c + a*d)^2)/(4*b^3*(a - b*x)) - (a^2*(b*c - a*d)^2)/(4*b^3*(a + b*x)) + (a*(c^2 - (a^2*d^2)/b^2)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(2*b))/a^4`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
norman	$\frac{\frac{cd}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2 + b^2c^2)x}{-b^2x^2 + a^2}}{-b^2x^2 + a^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2) \ln(-bx+a)}{4b^3a^3} - \frac{(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2) \ln(bx+a)}{4b^3a^3}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{cd}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2 + b^2c^2)x}{-b^2x^2 + a^2}}{-b^2x^2 + a^2} + \frac{\ln(bx-a)d^2}{4b^3a} - \frac{\ln(bx-a)c^2}{4ba^3} - \frac{\ln(-bx-a)d^2}{4b^3a} + \frac{\ln(-bx-a)c^2}{4ba^3}$
default	$\frac{(-a^2d^2 + b^2c^2) \ln(bx+a)}{4b^3a^3} - \frac{a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2}{4a^2b^3(bx+a)} + \frac{(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2) \ln(-bx+a)}{4b^3a^3} + \frac{a^2d^2 + 2abcd + b^2c^2}{4a^2b^3(-bx+a)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(bx-a)x^2a^2b^2d^2 - \ln(bx-a)x^2b^4c^2 - \ln(bx+a)x^2a^2b^2d^2 + \ln(bx+a)x^2b^4c^2 - \ln(bx-a)a^4d^2 + \ln(bx-a)a^2b^2c^2 + \ln(bx+a)a^4d^2}{4a^3b^3(b^2x^2 - a^2)}$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{(c*d/b^2 + 1/2*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2)/a^2/b^2*x)/(-b^2*x^2 + a^2) + 1/4/b^3*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)/a^3*\ln(-b*x+a) - 1/4/b^3*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)/a^3*\ln(b*x+a)}$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{4a^3bcd + 2(ab^3c^2 + a^3bd^2)x + (a^2b^2c^2 - a^4d^2 - (b^4c^2 - a^2b^2d^2)x^2) \log(bx + a) - (a^2b^2c^2 - a^4d^2 - (b^4c^2 - a^2b^2d^2)x^2) \log(bx - a)}{4(a^3b^5x^2 - a^5b^3)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$-1/4*(4*a^3*b*c*d + 2*(a*b^3*c^2 + a^3*b*d^2)*x + (a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^4*d^2 - (b^4*c^2 - a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^2)*\log(b*x + a) - (a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^4*d^2 - (b^4*c^2 - a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^2)*\log(b*x - a)/(a^3*b^5*x^2 - a^5*b^3)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2a^2cd + x(-a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)}{-2a^4b^2 + 2a^2b^4x^2} + \frac{(ad - bc)(ad + bc) \log\left(-\frac{a(ad-bc)(ad+bc)}{b(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)} + x\right)}{4a^3b^3} - \frac{(ad - bc)(ad + bc) \log\left(\frac{a(ad-bc)(ad+bc)}{b(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)} + x\right)}{4a^3b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)`

output `(-2*a**2*c*d + x*(-a**2*d**2 - b**2*c**2))/(-2*a**4*b**2 + 2*a**2*b**4*x**2) + (a*d - b*c)*(a*d + b*c)*log(-a*(a*d - b*c)*(a*d + b*c)/(b*(a**2*d**2 - b**2*c**2)) + x)/(4*a**3*b**3) - (a*d - b*c)*(a*d + b*c)*log(a*(a*d - b*c)*(a*d + b*c)/(b*(a**2*d**2 - b**2*c**2)) + x)/(4*a**3*b**3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2a^2cd + (b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)x}{2(a^2b^4x^2 - a^4b^2)} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2) \log(bx + a)}{4a^3b^3} - \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2) \log(bx - a)}{4a^3b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(2*a^2*c*d + (b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2)*x)/(a^2*b^4*x^2 - a^4*b^2) + 1/4*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*log(b*x + a)/(a^3*b^3) - 1/4*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*log(b*x - a)/(a^3*b^3)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2c^2x + a^2d^2x + 2a^2cd}{2(b^2x^2 - a^2)a^2b^2} + \frac{(b^3c^2 - a^2bd^2) \log(|bx + a|)}{4a^3b^4} - \frac{(b^3c^2 - a^2bd^2) \log(|bx - a|)}{4a^3b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(b^2*c^2*x + a^2*d^2*x + 2*a^2*c*d)/((b^2*x^2 - a^2)*a^2*b^2) + 1/4*(b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*d^2)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^3*b^4) - 1/4*(b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*d^2)*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^3*b^4)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{cd}{b^2} + \frac{x(a^2d^2 + b^2c^2)}{2a^2b^2}}{a^2 - b^2x^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{4bx\left(\frac{a^2d^2}{4} - \frac{b^2c^2}{4}\right)}{a(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)}\right) \left(\frac{a^2d^2}{4} - \frac{b^2c^2}{4}\right)}{a^3b^3}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x)`output `((c*d)/b^2 + (x*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2))/(2*a^2*b^2))/(a^2 - b^2*x^2) - (2*atanh((4*b*x*((a^2*d^2)/4 - (b^2*c^2)/4))/(a*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)))*((a^2*d^2)/4 - (b^2*c^2)/4))/(a^3*b^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log(-bx - a) a^4 d^2 + \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^2 c^2 + \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^2 d^2 x^2 - \log(-bx - a) b^4 c^2 x^2 + \log(-bx - a) b^4 c^2 d x + \log(-bx - a) b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2}{4a^3 b^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`output `( - log( - a - b*x)*a**4*d**2 + log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2 + log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**2*d**2*x**2 - log( - a - b*x)*b**4*c**2*x**2 + log(a - b*x)*a**4*d**2 - log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2 - log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**2*d**2*x**2 + log(a - b*x)*b**4*c**2*x**2 + 2*a**3*b*d**2*x + 2*a*b**3*c**2*x + 4*a*b**3*c*d*x**2)/(4*a**3*b**3*(a**2 - b**2*x**2))`

### 3.39 $\int \frac{c+dx}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	422
Mathematica [A] (verified)	422
Rubi [A] (verified)	423
Maple [A] (verified)	424
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	424
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	425
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	425
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	425
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	426
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	426

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{a^2d+b^2cx}{2a^2b^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} + \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3b}$$

output `1/2*(b^2*c*x+a^2*d)/a^2/b^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)+1/2*c*arctanh(b*x/a)/a^3/b`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-a^2d-b^2cx}{2a^2b^2(-a^2+b^2x^2)} + \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3b}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(-(a^2*d) - b^2*c*x)/(2*a^2*b^2*(-a^2 + b^2*x^2)) + (c*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(2*a^3*b)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {454, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 454

$$\frac{c \int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{a^2d + b^2cx}{2a^2b^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3b} + \frac{a^2d + b^2cx}{2a^2b^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*d + b^2*c*x)/(2*a^2*b^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)) + (c*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(2*a^3*b)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 454

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{\frac{d}{2b^2} + \frac{cx}{2a^2}}{-b^2x^2+a^2} - \frac{c \ln(-bx+a)}{4b a^3} + \frac{c \ln(bx+a)}{4b a^3}$	62
risch	$\frac{\frac{d}{2b^2} + \frac{cx}{2a^2}}{-b^2x^2+a^2} - \frac{c \ln(-bx+a)}{4b a^3} + \frac{c \ln(bx+a)}{4b a^3}$	62
default	$\frac{c \ln(bx+a)}{4b a^3} - \frac{-ad+bc}{4a^2b^2(bx+a)} - \frac{c \ln(-bx+a)}{4b a^3} + \frac{ad+bc}{4b^2a^2(-bx+a)}$	79
parallelrisch	$-\frac{\ln(bx-a)x^2b^3c - \ln(bx+a)x^2b^3c - \ln(bx-a)a^2bc + \ln(bx+a)a^2bc + 2ab^2cx + 2a^3d}{4a^3b^2(b^2x^2-a^2)}$	97

input `int((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $(1/2*d/b^2+1/2*c/a^2*x)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)-1/4/b/a^3*c*\ln(-b*x+a)+1/4/b/a^3*c*\ln(b*x+a)$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2ab^2cx + 2a^3d - (b^3cx^2 - a^2bc) \log(bx + a) + (b^3cx^2 - a^2bc) \log(bx - a)}{4(a^3b^4x^2 - a^5b^2)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/4*(2*a*b^2*c*x + 2*a^3*d - (b^3*c*x^2 - a^2*b*c)*\log(b*x + a) + (b^3*c*x^2 - a^2*b*c)*\log(b*x - a))/(a^3*b^4*x^2 - a^5*b^2)$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{-a^2d - b^2cx}{-2a^4b^2 + 2a^2b^4x^2} + \frac{c\left(-\frac{\log(-\frac{a}{b}+x)}{4} + \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b}+x)}{4}\right)}{a^3b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)`output `(-a**2*d - b**2*c*x)/(-2*a**4*b**2 + 2*a**2*b**4*x**2) + c*(-log(-a/b + x)/4 + log(a/b + x)/4)/(a**3*b)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{b^2cx + a^2d}{2(a^2b^4x^2 - a^4b^2)} + \frac{c \log(bx + a)}{4a^3b} - \frac{c \log(bx - a)}{4a^3b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(b^2*c*x + a^2*d)/(a^2*b^4*x^2 - a^4*b^2) + 1/4*c*log(b*x + a)/(a^3*b) - 1/4*c*log(b*x - a)/(a^3*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{c \log(|bx + a|)}{4a^3b} - \frac{c \log(|bx - a|)}{4a^3b} - \frac{b^2cx + a^2d}{2(b^2x^2 - a^2)a^2b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*c*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^3*b) - 1/4*c*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^3*b) - 1/2*(b^2*c*x + a^2*d)/((b^2*x^2 - a^2)*a^2*b^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{d}{2b^2} + \frac{cx}{2a^2}}{a^2 - b^2x^2} + \frac{c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3b}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x)`output `(d/(2*b^2) + (c*x)/(2*a^2))/(a^2 - b^2*x^2) + (c*atanh((b*x)/a))/(2*a^3*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(-bx - a) a^2c - \log(-bx - a) b^2c x^2 - \log(-bx + a) a^2c + \log(-bx + a) b^2c x^2 + 2abcx + 2abd x^2}{4a^3b(-b^2x^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`output `(log(-a - b*x)*a**2*c - log(-a - b*x)*b**2*c*x**2 - log(a - b*x)*a**2*c + log(a - b*x)*b**2*c*x**2 + 2*a*b*c*x + 2*a*b*d*x**2)/(4*a**3*b*(a**2 - b**2*x**2))`

$$3.40 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	427
Mathematica [A] (verified)	427
Rubi [A] (verified)	428
Maple [A] (verified)	429
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	429
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	430
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	430
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	430
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	431
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	431

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx = \frac{x}{2a^2(a^2 - b^2 x^2)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3 b}$$

output  $1/2*x/a^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)+1/2*\operatorname{arctanh}(b*x/a)/a^3/b$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{ax}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{b}}{2a^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^(-2), x]`

output  $((a*x)/(a^2 - b^2*x^2) + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b*x)/a])/b/(2*a^3)$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {215, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 215

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x}{2a^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3 b} + \frac{x}{2a^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^(-2),x]`

output `x/(2*a^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)) + ArcTanh[(b*x)/a]/(2*a^3*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{x}{2a^2(-b^2x^2+a^2)} - \frac{\ln(-bx+a)}{4ba^3} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)}{4ba^3}$	51
risch	$\frac{x}{2a^2(-b^2x^2+a^2)} - \frac{\ln(-bx+a)}{4ba^3} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)}{4ba^3}$	51
default	$\frac{\ln(bx+a)}{4ba^3} - \frac{1}{4a^2b(bx+a)} - \frac{\ln(-bx+a)}{4ba^3} + \frac{1}{4a^2b(-bx+a)}$	62
parallelrisc	$-\frac{\ln(bx-a)x^2b^3 - \ln(bx+a)x^2b^3 - \ln(bx-a)a^2b + \ln(bx+a)a^2b + 2xab^2}{4a^3b^2(b^2x^2-a^2)}$	86

input `int(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*x/a^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)-1/4/b/a^3*ln(-b*x+a)+1/4/b/a^3*ln(b*x+a)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2abx - (b^2x^2 - a^2)\log(bx + a) + (b^2x^2 - a^2)\log(bx - a)}{4(a^3b^3x^2 - a^5b)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/4*(2*a*b*x - (b^2*x^2 - a^2)*log(b*x + a) + (b^2*x^2 - a^2)*log(b*x - a))/ (a^3*b^3*x^2 - a^5*b)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{x}{-2a^4 + 2a^2b^2x^2} + \frac{-\frac{\log(-\frac{a}{b}+x)}{4} + \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b}+x)}{4}}{a^3b}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)`output `-x/(-2*a**4 + 2*a**2*b**2*x**2) + (-log(-a/b + x)/4 + log(a/b + x)/4)/(a**3*b)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{x}{2(a^2b^2x^2 - a^4)} + \frac{\log(bx + a)}{4a^3b} - \frac{\log(bx - a)}{4a^3b}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*x/(a^2*b^2*x^2 - a^4) + 1/4*log(b*x + a)/(a^3*b) - 1/4*log(b*x - a)/(a^3*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{x}{2(b^2x^2 - a^2)a^2} + \frac{\log(|bx + a|)}{4a^3b} - \frac{\log(|bx - a|)}{4a^3b}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*x/((b^2*x^2 - a^2)*a^2) + 1/4*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^3*b) - 1/4*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^3*b)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx = \frac{x}{2a^2(a^2 - b^2 x^2)} + \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3 b}$$

input `int(1/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2,x)`output `x/(2*a^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)) + atanh((b*x)/a)/(2*a^3*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\log(-bx - a) a^2 - \log(-bx - a) b^2 x^2 - \log(-bx + a) a^2 + \log(-bx + a) b^2 x^2 + 2abx}{4a^3 b (-b^2 x^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`output `(log(-a - b*x)*a**2 - log(-a - b*x)*b**2*x**2 - log(a - b*x)*a**2 + log(a - b*x)*b**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*x)/(4*a**3*b*(a**2 - b**2*x**2))`

**3.41**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	432
Mathematica [A] (verified)	432
Rubi [A] (verified)	433
Maple [A] (verified)	434
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	435
Sympy [F(-1)]	435
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	436
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	436
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	437
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	437

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{1}{4a^2(bc+ad)(a-bx)} - \frac{1}{4a^2(bc-ad)(a+bx)} - \frac{(bc+2ad)\log(a-bx)}{4a^3(bc+ad)^2} + \frac{(bc-2ad)\log(a+bx)}{4a^3(bc-ad)^2} + \frac{d^3\log(c+dx)}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2}$$

output

```
1/4/a^2/(a*d+b*c)/(-b*x+a)-1/4/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x+a)-1/4*(2*a*d+b*c)*ln(-b*x+a)/a^3/(a*d+b*c)^2+1/4*(-2*a*d+b*c)*ln(b*x+a)/a^3/(-a*d+b*c)^2+d^3*ln(d*x+c)/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)(-a^2d+b^2cx)}{a^4-a^2b^2x^2} + \frac{b(b^2c^3-3a^2cd^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{a^3} + \frac{2d^3\log(c+dx) - d^3\log(a^2-b^2x^2)}{2(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2), x]`

output 
$$\frac{((b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)*(-a^2*d) + b^2*c*x)/(a^4 - a^2*b^2*x^2) + (b*(b^2*c^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/a^3 + 2*d^3*Log[c + d*x] - d^3*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2]}{(2*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 (c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( \frac{a^4 d^4}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2 (c + dx)} + \frac{ab(bc + 2ad)}{4(bc + ad)^2 (a - bx)} + \frac{ab(bc - 2ad)}{4(bc - ad)^2 (a + bx)} + \frac{a^2 b}{4(bc + ad)(a - bx)^2} + \frac{a^2 b}{4(bc - ad)(a + bx)^2} \right) dx$$

$a^4$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{a^2}{4(a - bx)(ad + bc)} - \frac{a^2}{4(a + bx)(bc - ad)} + \frac{a^4 d^3 \log(c + dx)}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2} - \frac{a(2ad + bc) \log(a - bx)}{4(ad + bc)^2} + \frac{a(bc - 2ad) \log(a + bx)}{4(bc - ad)^2}}{a^4}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2), x]`

output 
$$\frac{a^2}{4*(b*c + a*d)*(a - b*x)} - \frac{a^2}{4*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)} - \frac{a*(b*c + 2*a*d)*Log[a - b*x]}{4*(b*c + a*d)^2} + \frac{a*(b*c - 2*a*d)*Log[a + b*x]}{4*(b*c - a*d)^2} + \frac{a^4*d^3*Log[c + d*x]}{(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2}/a^4$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]  
]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &&  
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{4a^2(ad-bc)(bx+a)} - \frac{(2ad-bc)\ln(bx+a)}{4a^3(ad-bc)^2} + \frac{d^3\ln(dx+c)}{(ad+bc)^2(ad-bc)^2} + \frac{1}{4a^2(ad+bc)(-bx+a)} - \frac{(2ad+bc)\ln(-bx+a)}{4a^3(ad+bc)^2}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{d}{2a^2d^2-2b^2c^2} - \frac{b^2cx}{2(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)a^2}}{-b^2x^2+a^2} + \frac{d^3\ln(dx+c)}{a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4} - \frac{(2ad-bc)\ln(bx+a)}{4(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)a^3} - \frac{(2ad+bc)\ln(-bx+a)}{4(a^2d^2+2abcd+b^2c^2)a^3}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{d}{2a^2d^2-2b^2c^2} - \frac{b^2cx}{2(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)a^2}}{-b^2x^2+a^2} + \frac{d^3\ln(dx+c)}{a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4} - \frac{\ln(bx+a)d}{2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)a^2} + \frac{\ln(bx+a)bc}{4(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)a^3} - \frac{2d}{2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)a^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2\ln(bx-a)x^2a^3b^4d^3-3\ln(bx-a)x^2a^2b^5cd^2+\ln(bx-a)x^2b^7c^3+2\ln(bx+a)x^2a^3b^4d^3+3\ln(bx+a)x^2a^2b^5cd^2-\ln(bx+a)x^2b^7c^3}{2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)a^3}$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/a^2/(a*d-b*c)/(b*x+a)-1/4*(2*a*d-b*c)/a^3/(a*d-b*c)^2*ln(b*x+a)+d^3/(a  
*d+b*c)^2/(a*d-b*c)^2*ln(d*x+c)+1/4/a^2/(a*d+b*c)/(-b*x+a)-1/4*(2*a*d+b*c)  
*ln(-b*x+a)/a^3/(a*d+b*c)^2`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs.  $2(132) = 264$ .

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{2a^3b^2c^2d - 2a^5d^3 - 2(ab^4c^3 - a^3b^2cd^2)x - (a^2b^3c^3 - 3a^4bcd^2 - 2a^5d^3 - (b^5c^3 - 3a^2b^3cd^2 - 2a^3b^2d^3))}{4(a^5b^4c^4 - 2a^7b^2c^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(2*a^3*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a^5*d^3 - 2*(a*b^4*c^3 - a^3*b^2*c*d^2)*x - (a^2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^5*d^3 - (b^5*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*d^3)*x^2)*log(b*x + a) + (a^2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a^4*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*d^3 - (b^5*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + 2*a^3*b^2*d^3)*x^2)*log(b*x - a) + 4*(a^3*b^2*d^3*x^2 - a^5*d^3)*log(d*x + c))/(a^5*b^4*c^4 - 2*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^9*d^4 - (a^3*b^6*c^4 - 2*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^7*b^2*d^4)*x^2)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^3 \log(dx+c)}{b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4} + \frac{(bc-2ad) \log(bx+a)}{4(a^3b^2c^2 - 2a^4bcd + a^5d^2)} - \frac{(bc+2ad) \log(bx-a)}{4(a^3b^2c^2 + 2a^4bcd + a^5d^2)} + \frac{b^2cx - a^2d}{2(a^4b^2c^2 - a^6d^2 - (a^2b^4c^2 - a^4b^2d^2)x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^3*log(d*x + c)/(b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4) + 1/4*(b*c - 2*a*d)*log(b*x + a)/(a^3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^4*b*c*d + a^5*d^2) - 1/4*(b*c + 2*a*d)*log(b*x - a)/(a^3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^4*b*c*d + a^5*d^2) + 1/2*(b^2*c*x - a^2*d)/(a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*d^2 - (a^2*b^4*c^2 - a^4*b^2*d^2)*x^2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^4 \log(|dx+c|)}{b^4c^4d - 2a^2b^2c^2d^3 + a^4d^5} + \frac{(b^2c-2abd) \log(|bx+a|)}{4(a^3b^3c^2 - 2a^4b^2cd + a^5bd^2)} - \frac{(b^2c+2abd) \log(|bx-a|)}{4(a^3b^3c^2 + 2a^4b^2cd + a^5bd^2)} + \frac{a^2b^2c^2d - a^4d^3 - (b^4c^3 - a^2b^2cd^2)x}{2(bc+ad)^2(bc-ad)^2(bx+a)(bx-a)a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d^4*log(abs(d*x + c))/(b^4*c^4*d - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^4*d^5) + 1/4*(b^2*c - 2*a*b*d)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^3*b^3*c^2 - 2*a^4*b^2*c*d + a^5*b*d^2) - 1/4*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^3*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^4*b^2*c*d + a^5*b*d^2) + 1/2*(a^2*b^2*c^2*d - a^4*d^3 - (b^4*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2)*x)/((b*c + a*d)^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(b*x + a)*(b*x - a)*a^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{d}{2(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)} - \frac{b^2cx}{2a^2(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)}}{a^2-b^2x^2} + \frac{d^3 \ln(c+dx)}{a^4d^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + b^4c^4}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(a+bx)(2ad-bc)}{4a^5d^2 - 8a^4bcd + 4a^3b^2c^2}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(a-bx)(2ad+bc)}{4a^5d^2 + 8a^4bcd + 4a^3b^2c^2}$$

input `int(1/((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2*(c + d*x)),x)`output `(d/(2*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)) - (b^2*c*x)/(2*a^2*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)))/(a^2 - b^2*x^2) + (d^3*log(c + d*x))/(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2) - (log(a + b*x)*(2*a*d - b*c))/(4*a^5*d^2 + 4*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^4*b*c*d) - (log(a - b*x)*(2*a*d + b*c))/(4*a^5*d^2 + 4*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 8*a^4*b*c*d)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2 \log(-bx-a) a^5 d^3 - 3 \log(-bx-a) a^4 b c d^2 + 2 \log(-bx-a) a^3 b^2 d^3 x^2 + \log(-bx-a) a^2 b^3 c^3 + 3 \log(-bx-a) a b^4 c^2 d x + \log(-bx-a) b^5 c^2 x^2}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^2}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*log( - a - b*x)*a**5*d**3 - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b*c*d**2 + 2*log(
- a - b*x)*a**3*b**2*d**3*x**2 + log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3 + 3*log(
- a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - log( - a - b*x)*b**5*c**3*x**2 - 2*log(
a - b*x)*a**5*d**3 + 3*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b*c*d**2 + 2*log(a - b*x)*a**3*b*
*2*d**3*x**2 - log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d*
*2*x**2 + log(a - b*x)*b**5*c**3*x**2 + 4*log(c + d*x)*a**5*d**3 - 4*log(c
+ d*x)*a**3*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 2*a**3*b**2*c*d**2*x + 2*a**3*b**2*d**3*x**2
+ 2*a*b**4*c**3*x - 2*a*b**4*c**2*d*x**2)/(4*a**3*(a**6*d**4 - 2*a**4*b**
2*c**2*d**2 - a**4*b**2*d**4*x**2 + a**2*b**4*c**4 + 2*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**2
*x**2 - b**6*c**4*x**2))
```

**3.42**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{b}{4a^2(bc+ad)^2(a-bx)} - \frac{b}{4a^2(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)} - \frac{d^3}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2(c+dx)} - \frac{b(bc+3ad)\log(a-bx)}{4a^3(bc+ad)^3} + \frac{b(bc-3ad)\log(a+bx)}{4a^3(bc-ad)^3} + \frac{4b^2cd^3\log(c+dx)}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^3}$$

output

```
1/4*b/a^2/(a*d+b*c)^2/(-b*x+a)-1/4*b/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(b*x+a)-d^3/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)-1/4*b*(3*a*d+b*c)*ln(-b*x+a)/a^3/(a*d+b*c)^3+1/4*b*(-3*a*d+b*c)*ln(b*x+a)/a^3/(-a*d+b*c)^3+4*b^2*c*d^3*ln(d*x+c)/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2b^2 c^2 d^3 - 2a^2 d^5}{c+dx} + \frac{2a^2 b^4 c^3 d - b^6 c^4 x + a^4 b^2 d^3 (-2c+dx)}{a^4 - a^2 b^2 x^2} + \frac{b(-b^4 c^4 + 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3a^4 d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right) - 8b^2 cd^3 \log(c+dx) + 4b^2 c^2 d^3 \log(c-dx)}{2(-b^2 c^2 + a^2 d^2)^3}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2),x]`output `((2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^2*d^5)/(c + d*x) + (2*a^2*b^4*c^3*d - b^6*c^4*x + a^4*b^2*d^3*(-2*c + d*x))/(a^4 - a^2*b^2*x^2) + (b*(-(b^4*c^4) + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*d^4)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/a^3 - 8*b^2*c*d^3*Log[c + d*x] + 4*b^2*c*d^3*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2])/(2*(-(b^2*c^2) + a^2*d^2)^3)`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2 (c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 477$$

$$\int \left( \frac{4a^4 b^2 c d^4}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^3 (c + dx)} + \frac{a^4 d^4}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2 (c + dx)^2} + \frac{ab^2 (bc + 3ad)}{4(bc + ad)^3 (a - bx)} + \frac{ab^2 (bc - 3ad)}{4(bc - ad)^3 (a + bx)} + \frac{a^2 b^2}{4(bc + ad)^2 (a - bx)^2} + \frac{a^2 b^2}{4(bc - ad)^2 (a + bx)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^2 b}{4(a - bx)(ad + bc)^2} - \frac{a^2 b}{4(a + bx)(bc - ad)^2} - \frac{a^4 d^3}{(c + dx)(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2} + \frac{4a^4 b^2 c d^3 \log(c + dx)}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^3} - \frac{ab(3ad + bc) \log(a - bx)}{4(ad + bc)^3} + \frac{ab(bc - 3ad) \log(a + bx)}{4(bc - ad)^3}}{a^4}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a^2*b)/(4*(b*c + a*d)^2*(a - b*x)) - (a^2*b)/(4*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)) \\ & - (a^4*d^3)/((b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)) - (a*b*(b*c + 3*a*d)*\text{Log}[a \\ & - b*x])/(4*(b*c + a*d)^3) + (a*b*(b*c - 3*a*d)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(4*(b*c - a*d \\ & )^3) + (4*a^4*b^2*c*d^3*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^3/a^4 \end{aligned}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]  
]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &  
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$-\frac{b}{4a^2(ad-bc)^2(bx+a)} + \frac{b(3ad-bc)\ln(bx+a)}{4a^3(ad-bc)^3} - \frac{d^3}{(ad+bc)^2(ad-bc)^2(dx+c)} - \frac{4d^3b^2c\ln(dx+c)}{(ad+bc)^3(ad-bc)^3} + \frac{b}{4a^2(ad+bc)^2(-bx)}$
norman	$\frac{d}{2a^2d^2-2b^2c^2} + \frac{d(-3a^2b^2d^3-b^4c^2d)x^3}{2c(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)a^2} - \frac{(-3d^4a^4b^2-b^6c^4)x}{2ca^2(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)b^2} + \frac{b(3ad-bc)\ln(bx+a)}{4a^3(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} - \frac{4d^3b^2c\ln(dx+c)}{(ad+bc)^3(ad-bc)^3}$
risch	$\frac{(3a^2d^2+b^2c^2)b^2dx^2}{2(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)a^2} - \frac{b^2cx}{2(a^2d^2-b^2c^2)a^2} - \frac{d(a^2d^2+b^2c^2)}{a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4} + \frac{3b\ln(bx+a)d}{4a^2(a^3d^3-3a^2bcd^2+3ab^2c^2d-b^3c^3)} - \frac{4d^3b^2c\ln(dx+c)}{(ad+bc)^3(ad-bc)^3}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{8\ln(bx-a)x^2a^3b^6c^3d^3+6\ln(bx-a)x^2a^2b^7c^4d^2-6x^3a^5b^4d^6+6xa^7b^2d^6-2xa^8b^8c^6-\ln(bx-a)x^2b^9c^6+\ln(bx+a)x^2b^9c^6+1}{4a^2(ad-bc)^2(bx+a)}$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/4/a^2*b/(a*d-b*c)^2/(b*x+a)+1/4*b*(3*a*d-b*c)/a^3/(a*d-b*c)^3*ln(b*x+a)
-d^3/(a*d+b*c)^2/(a*d-b*c)^2/(d*x+c)-4*d^3*b^2*c/(a*d+b*c)^3/(a*d-b*c)^3*ln
n(d*x+c)+1/4*b/a^2/(a*d+b*c)^2/(-b*x+a)-1/4*b*(3*a*d+b*c)*ln(-b*x+a)/a^3/(
a*d+b*c)^3
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 799 vs.  $2(171) = 342$ .

Time = 5.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 799, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{4a^3b^4c^4d - 4a^7d^5 - 2(ab^6c^4d + 2a^3b^4c^2d^3 - 3a^5b^2d^5)x^2 - 2(ab^6c^5 - 2a^3b^4c^3d^2 + a^5b^2cd^4)x - (a^2b^5c^5d - 6a^4b^3c^3d^2 + 8a^5b^2c^2d^3 - 3a^6b^2cd^4 - (b^7c^4d - 6a^2b^5c^2d^3 - 8a^3b^4cd^4 - 3a^4b^3d^5)x^3 - (b^7c^5 - 6a^2b^5c^3d^2 - 8a^3b^4c^2d^3 - 3a^4b^3cd^4)x^2 + (a^2b^5c^4d - 6a^4b^3c^2d^3 - 8a^5b^2cd^4 - 3a^6b^2d^5)x}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} \log(bx+a) + (a^2b^5c^5d - 6a^4b^3c^3d^2 + 8a^5b^2c^2d^3 - 3a^6b^2cd^4 - (b^7c^4d - 6a^2b^5c^2d^3 + 8a^3b^4cd^4 - 3a^4b^3d^5)x^3 - (b^7c^5 - 6a^2b^5c^3d^2 + 8a^3b^4c^2d^3 - 3a^4b^3cd^4)x^2 + (a^2b^5c^4d - 6a^4b^3c^2d^3 + 8a^5b^2cd^4 - 3a^6b^2d^5)x}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} \log(bx-a) + 16(a^3b^4cd^4x^3 + a^3b^4c^2d^3x^2 - a^5b^2cd^4x - a^5b^2c^2d^3) \log(dx+c) / (a^5b^6c^7 - 3a^7b^4c^5d^2 + 3a^9b^2c^3d^4 - a^11cd^6 - (a^3b^8c^6d - 3a^5b^6c^4d^3 + 3a^7b^4c^2d^5 - a^9b^2d^7)x^3 - (a^3b^8c^7 - 3a^5b^6c^5d^2 + 3a^7b^4c^3d^4 - a^9b^2cd^6)x^2 + (a^5b^6c^6d - 3a^7b^4c^4d^3 + 3a^9b^2c^2d^5 - a^11d^7)x)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*(4*a^3*b^4*c^4*d - 4*a^7*d^5 - 2*(a*b^6*c^4*d + 2*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 3
*a^5*b^2*d^5)*x^2 - 2*(a*b^6*c^5 - 2*a^3*b^4*c^3*d^2 + a^5*b^2*c*d^4)*x -
(a^2*b^5*c^5 - 6*a^4*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 8*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^6*b*c*d^4 - (b^
7*c^4*d - 6*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^3 - 8*a^3*b^4*c*d^4 - 3*a^4*b^3*d^5)*x^3 - (b^7*
c^5 - 6*a^2*b^5*c^3*d^2 - 8*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^4*b^3*c*d^4)*x^2 + (a^2*
b^5*c^4*d - 6*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 8*a^5*b^2*c*d^4 - 3*a^6*b*d^5)*x)*log(b*x
+ a) + (a^2*b^5*c^5 - 6*a^4*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 8*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^6*b*c*d^
4 - (b^7*c^4*d - 6*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^3 + 8*a^3*b^4*c*d^4 - 3*a^4*b^3*d^5)*x^3
- (b^7*c^5 - 6*a^2*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 8*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^4*b^3*c*d^4)*x^2
+ (a^2*b^5*c^4*d - 6*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 8*a^5*b^2*c*d^4 - 3*a^6*b*d^5)*x)*l
og(b*x - a) + 16*(a^3*b^4*c*d^4*x^3 + a^3*b^4*c^2*d^3*x^2 - a^5*b^2*c*d^4*
x - a^5*b^2*c^2*d^3)*log(d*x + c)/(a^5*b^6*c^7 - 3*a^7*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^
9*b^2*c^3*d^4 - a^11*c*d^6 - (a^3*b^8*c^6*d - 3*a^5*b^6*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^7*b^
4*c^2*d^5 - a^9*b^2*d^7)*x^3 - (a^3*b^8*c^7 - 3*a^5*b^6*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^7*b^
4*c^3*d^4 - a^9*b^2*c*d^6)*x^2 + (a^5*b^6*c^6*d - 3*a^7*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^
9*b^2*c^2*d^5 - a^11*d^7)*x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 410 vs.  $2(171) = 342$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx = \frac{4 b^2 c d^3 \log(dx + c)}{b^6 c^6 - 3 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 - a^6 d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2 c - 3 a b d) \log(bx + a)}{4 (a^3 b^3 c^3 - 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d + 3 a^5 b c d^2 - a^6 d^3)} - \frac{(b^2 c + 3 a b d) \log(bx - a)}{4 (a^3 b^3 c^3 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d + 3 a^5 b c d^2 + a^6 d^3)}$$

$$- \frac{2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d + 2 a^4 d^3 - (b^4 c^2 d + 3 a^2 b^2 d^3) x^2 - (b^4 c^3 - a^2 b^2 c d^2) x}{2 (a^4 b^4 c^5 - 2 a^6 b^2 c^3 d^2 + a^8 c d^4 - (a^2 b^6 c^4 d - 2 a^4 b^4 c^2 d^3 + a^6 b^2 d^5) x^3 - (a^2 b^6 c^5 - 2 a^4 b^4 c^3 d^2 + a^6 b^2 c d^4) x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `4*b^2*c*d^3*log(d*x + c)/(b^6*c^6 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^6*d^6) + 1/4*(b^2*c - 3*a*b*d)*log(b*x + a)/(a^3*b^3*c^3 - 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^5*b*c*d^2 - a^6*d^3) - 1/4*(b^2*c + 3*a*b*d)*log(b*x - a)/(a^3*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^5*b*c*d^2 + a^6*d^3) - 1/2*(2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 2*a^4*d^3 - (b^4*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - (b^4*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2)*x)/(a^4*b^4*c^5 - 2*a^6*b^2*c^3*d^2 + a^8*c*d^4 - (a^2*b^6*c^4*d - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^3 + a^6*b^2*c*d^4)*x^3 - (a^2*b^6*c^5 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^2 + a^6*b^2*c*d^4)*x^2 + (a^4*b^4*c^4*d - 2*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^8*d^5)*x)`



**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 528 vs.  $2(171) = 342$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2b^2cd^3 \log\left(\left|b^2 - \frac{2b^2c}{dx+c} + \frac{b^2c^2}{(dx+c)^2} - \frac{a^2d^2}{(dx+c)^2}\right|\right)}{b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^4d^2 + 3a^4b^2c^2d^4 - a^6d^6} - \frac{d^7}{(b^4c^4d^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^6 + a^4d^8)(dx+c)}$$

$$- \frac{(b^6c^4d^2 - 6a^2b^4c^2d^4 - 3a^4b^2d^6) \log\left(\frac{2b^2cd - \frac{2b^2c^2d}{dx+c} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{dx+c} - 2d^2|a||b|}{2b^2cd - \frac{2b^2c^2d}{dx+c} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{dx+c} + 2d^2|a||b|}\right)}{4(a^2b^6c^6 - 3a^4b^4c^4d^2 + 3a^6b^2c^2d^4 - a^8d^6)d^2|a||b|}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{b^6c^3d + 3a^2b^4cd^3}{b^2c^2 - a^2d^2} - \frac{b^6c^4d^2 + 6a^2b^4c^2d^4 + a^4b^2d^6}{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)(dx+c)d}}{2\left(b^2 - \frac{2b^2c}{dx+c} + \frac{b^2c^2}{(dx+c)^2} - \frac{a^2d^2}{(dx+c)^2}\right)(bc+ad)^2(bc-ad)^2a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -2*b^2*c*d^3*\log(\text{abs}(b^2 - 2*b^2*c/(d*x + c) + b^2*c^2/(d*x + c)^2 - a^2*d^2/(d*x + c)^2))/ (b^6*c^6 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^6*d^6) \\ & - d^7/((b^4*c^4*d^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)*(d*x + c)) - 1/4*(b^6*c^4*d^2 - 6*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^4 - 3*a^4*b^2*d^6)*\log(\text{abs}(2*b^2*c*d - 2*b^2*c^2*d/(d*x + c) + 2*a^2*d^3/(d*x + c) - 2*d^2*\text{abs}(a)*\text{abs}(b))/\text{abs}(2*b^2*c*d - 2*b^2*c^2*d/(d*x + c) + 2*a^2*d^3/(d*x + c) + 2*d^2*\text{abs}(a)*\text{abs}(b))))/((a^2*b^6*c^6 - 3*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^8*d^6)*d^2*\text{abs}(a)*\text{abs}(b)) \\ & - 1/2*((b^6*c^3*d + 3*a^2*b^4*c*d^3)/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2) - (b^6*c^4*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^4 + a^4*b^2*d^6)/((b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*(d*x + c)*d))/((b^2 - 2*b^2*c/(d*x + c) + b^2*c^2/(d*x + c)^2 - a^2*d^2/(d*x + c)^2)*(b*c + a*d)^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*a^2) \end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^2 d^3 + b^2 c^2 d}{(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)^2} - \frac{b^2 x^2 (3a^2 d^3 + b^2 c^2 d)}{2a^2 (a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)} + \frac{b^2 c x}{2a^2 (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)}}{d a^2 x + c a^2 - d b^2 x^3 - c b^2 x^2}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(a+bx)(b^2 c - 3abd)}{4a^6 d^3 - 12a^5 b c d^2 + 12a^4 b^2 c^2 d - 4a^3 b^3 c^3}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(a-bx)(c b^2 + 3adb)}{4a^6 d^3 + 12a^5 b c d^2 + 12a^4 b^2 c^2 d + 4a^3 b^3 c^3}$$

$$- \frac{4b^2 c d^3 \ln(c+dx)}{a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6}$$

input `int(1/((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2*(c + d*x)^2),x)`output `- ((a^2*d^3 + b^2*c^2*d)/(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)^2 - (b^2*x^2*(3*a^2*d^3 + b^2*c^2*d))/(2*a^2*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)) + (b^2*c*x)/(2*a^2*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)))/(a^2*c - b^2*c*x^2 - b^2*d*x^3 + a^2*d*x) - (log(a + b*x)*(b^2*c - 3*a*b*d))/(4*a^6*d^3 - 4*a^3*b^3*c^3 + 12*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - 12*a^5*b*c*d^2) - (log(a - b*x)*(b^2*c + 3*a*b*d))/(4*a^6*d^3 + 4*a^3*b^3*c^3 + 12*a^4*b^2*c^2*d + 12*a^5*b*c*d^2) - (4*b^2*c*d^3*log(c + d*x))/(a^6*d^6 - b^6*c^6 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1153, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(3*log(- a - b*x)*a**6*b*c**2*d**4 + 3*log(- a - b*x)*a**6*b*c*d**5*x +
8*log(- a - b*x)*a**5*b**2*c**3*d**3 + 8*log(- a - b*x)*a**5*b**2*c**2*d
**4*x + 6*log(- a - b*x)*a**4*b**3*c**4*d**2 + 6*log(- a - b*x)*a**4*b**
3*c**3*d**3*x - 3*log(- a - b*x)*a**4*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 3*log(- a -
b*x)*a**4*b**3*c*d**5*x**3 - 8*log(- a - b*x)*a**3*b**4*c**3*d**3*x**2 -
8*log(- a - b*x)*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**4*x**3 - log(- a - b*x)*a**2*b**5*c**
6 - log(- a - b*x)*a**2*b**5*c**5*d*x - 6*log(- a - b*x)*a**2*b**5*c**4*
d**2*x**2 - 6*log(- a - b*x)*a**2*b**5*c**3*d**3*x**3 + log(- a - b*x)*b
**7*c**6*x**2 + log(- a - b*x)*b**7*c**5*d*x**3 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a**6*b*c
**2*d**4 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a**6*b*c*d**5*x + 8*log(a - b*x)*a**5*b**2*c**3*
d**3 + 8*log(a - b*x)*a**5*b**2*c**2*d**4*x - 6*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**3*c**
4*d**2 - 6*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**3*c**3*d**3*x + 3*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**3*c
**2*d**4*x**2 + 3*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**3*c*d**5*x**3 - 8*log(a - b*x)*a**3
*b**4*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 8*log(a - b*x)*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**4*x**3 + log(a - b
*x)*a**2*b**5*c**6 + log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**5*c**5*d*x + 6*log(a - b*x)*a**2
*b**5*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 6*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**5*c**3*d**3*x**3 - log(a - b
*x)*b**7*c**6*x**2 - log(a - b*x)*b**7*c**5*d*x**3 - 16*log(c + d*x)*a**5*
b**2*c**3*d**3 - 16*log(c + d*x)*a**5*b**2*c**2*d**4*x + 16*log(c + d*x)*a
**3*b**4*c**3*d**3*x**2 + 16*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**4*x**3 + 2*a**
7*c*d**5 + 6*a**7*d**6*x - 4*a**5*b**2*c**3*d**3 - 6*a**5*b**2*c**2*d**...
```

### 3.43 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	447
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Rubi [A] (verified)	448
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \frac{b^2}{4a^2(bc+ad)^3(a-bx)} - \frac{b^2}{4a^2(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)}$$

$$- \frac{d^3}{4b^2cd^3} - \frac{2(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2(c+dx)^2}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^3(c+dx)}$$

$$- \frac{b^2(bc+4ad)\log(a-bx)}{4a^3(bc+ad)^4} + \frac{b^2(bc-4ad)\log(a+bx)}{4a^3(bc-ad)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2d^3(5b^2c^2+a^2d^2)\log(c+dx)}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^4}$$

output

```
1/4*b^2/a^2/(a*d+b*c)^3/(-b*x+a)-1/4*b^2/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(b*x+a)-1/2*d^3/
(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2-4*b^2*c*d^3/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)-1/
4*b^2*(4*a*d+b*c)*ln(-b*x+a)/a^3/(a*d+b*c)^4+1/4*b^2*(-4*a*d+b*c)*ln(b*x+a
)/a^3/(-a*d+b*c)^4+2*b^2*d^3*(a^2*d^2+5*b^2*c^2)*ln(d*x+c)/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c
^2)^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d^3(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{8b^2cd^3(-b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)}{c+dx} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)(-a^4b^2d^3 + b^6c^3x - 3a^2b^4cd(c-dx))}{a^4 - a^2b^2x^2} + \frac{b^3(b^4c^5 - 10a^2b^2c^3d^2 - 15a^4cd^4)\arctan\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^4}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2), x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \left( -\frac{(d^3(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2)}{(c + dx)^2} + \frac{8b^2cd^3(-b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)}{c + dx} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)(-a^4b^2d^3 + b^6c^3x - 3a^2b^4cd(c - dx))}{(a^4 - a^2b^2x^2)} + \frac{b^3(b^4c^5 - 10a^2b^2c^3d^2 - 15a^4cd^4)\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{bx}{a}\right]}{a^3} \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{4(5b^4c^2d^3 + a^2b^2d^5)\text{Log}[c + dx] - 2b^2(5b^2c^2d^3 + a^2d^5)\text{Log}[a^2 - b^2x^2]}{2(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^4} \right) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 (c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 477$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2a^4b^2(5b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)d^4}{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^4(c+dx)} + \frac{4a^4b^2cd^4}{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^3(c+dx)^2} + \frac{a^4d^4}{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2(c+dx)^3} + \frac{ab^3(bc+4ad)}{4(bc+ad)^4(a-bx)} + \frac{ab^3(bc-4ad)}{4(bc-ad)^4(a+bx)} + \frac{a^2b^3}{4(bc+ad)^3(a-bx)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 b^2}{4(a-bx)(ad+bc)^3} - \frac{a^2 b^2}{4(a+bx)(bc-ad)^3} - \frac{4a^4 b^2 c d^3}{(c+dx)(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^3} - \frac{a^4 d^3}{2(c+dx)^2 (b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2} + \frac{2a^4 b^2 d^3 (a^2 d^2 + 5b^2 c^2) \log(c+dx)}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^4} - \frac{ab^2(4ad-b^2)}{4(a-bx)(ad+bc)^3}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2), x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((a^2*b^2)/(4*(b*c + a*d)^3*(a - b*x)) - (a^2*b^2)/(4*(b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)) - (a^4*d^3)/(2*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)^2) - (4*a^4*b^2*c*d^3)/((b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^3*(c + d*x)) - (a*b^2*(b*c + 4*a*d)*\text{Log}[a - b*x])/(4*(b*c + a*d)^4) + (a*b^2*(b*c - 4*a*d)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(4*(b*c - a*d)^4) + (2*a^4*b^2*d^3*(5*b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2)*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^4)/a^4 \end{aligned}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2}{4(ad-bc)^3 a^2 (bx+a)} - \frac{b^2(4ad-bc) \ln(bx+a)}{4(ad-bc)^4 a^3} - \frac{d^3}{2(ad-bc)^2 (ad+bc)^2 (dx+c)^2} + \frac{4d^3 b^2 c}{(ad-bc)^3 (ad+bc)^3 (dx+c)} + \frac{2d^3 b^2 (a^2 d^2 + 5b^2 c^2) \log(c+dx)}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^4} - \frac{ab^2(4ad-b^2)}{4(a-bx)(ad+bc)^3}$
norman	$\frac{(2a^6 d^6 - 10a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 - 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6) x}{2c a^2 (a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6)} + \frac{(a^6 d^7 - 9a^4 b^2 c^2 d^5 - 5a^2 b^4 c^4 d^3 + b^6 c^6 d) x^2}{2a^2 c^2 (a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6)} - \frac{b^2 d^2 (a^4 d^5 - 10a^2 b^2 c^2 d^3 - 3b^4 c^4 d) x^4}{2a^2 c^2 (a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6)} - \frac{(dx+c)^2 (-b^2 x^2 + a^2)}{(dx+c)^2 (-b^2 x^2 + a^2)}$
risch	$-\frac{b^4 c d^2 (11a^2 d^2 + b^2 c^2) x^3}{2a^2 (a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6)} + \frac{d b^2 (a^4 d^4 - 6a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - c^4 b^4) x^2}{a^2 (a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6)} + \frac{b^2 c (10a^4 d^4 + 3a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - c^4 b^4) x}{2a^2 (a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6)} - \frac{(dx+c)^2 (-b^2 x^2 + a^2)}{(dx+c)^2 (-b^2 x^2 + a^2)}$
parallelrisc	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^3/a^2/(b*x+a)-1/4*b^2*(4*a*d-b*c)/(a*d-b*c)^4/a^3*ln(b*x+a)-1/2*d^3/(a*d-b*c)^2/(a*d+b*c)^2/(d*x+c)^2+4*d^3*b^2*c/(a*d-b*c)^3/(a*d+b*c)^3/(d*x+c)+2*d^3*b^2*(a^2*d^2+5*b^2*c^2)/(a*d-b*c)^4/(a*d+b*c)^4*ln(d*x+c)+1/4*b^2/a^2/(a*d+b*c)^3/(-b*x+a)-1/4*b^2*(4*a*d+b*c)*ln(-b*x+a)/a^3/(a*d+b*c)^4`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1464 vs.  $2(228) = 456$ .

Time = 14.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1464, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.18

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/4*(6*a^3*b^6*c^6*d + 14*a^5*b^4*c^4*d^3 - 22*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^9*d^
7 - 2*(a*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^4 - 11*a^5*b^4*c*d^6)*x^3 - 4*(a*b
^8*c^6*d + 5*a^3*b^6*c^4*d^3 - 7*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^5 + a^7*b^2*d^7)*x^2 - 2*(a
*b^8*c^7 - 4*a^3*b^6*c^5*d^2 - 7*a^5*b^4*c^3*d^4 + 10*a^7*b^2*c*d^6)*x - (
a^2*b^7*c^7 - 10*a^4*b^5*c^5*d^2 - 20*a^5*b^4*c^4*d^3 - 15*a^6*b^3*c^3*d^4
- 4*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^5 - (b^9*c^5*d^2 - 10*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^4 - 20*a^3*b^6*c^2*
d^5 - 15*a^4*b^5*c*d^6 - 4*a^5*b^4*d^7)*x^4 - 2*(b^9*c^6*d - 10*a^2*b^7*c^
4*d^3 - 20*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^4 - 15*a^4*b^5*c^2*d^5 - 4*a^5*b^4*c*d^6)*x^3 - (
b^9*c^7 - 11*a^2*b^7*c^5*d^2 - 20*a^3*b^6*c^4*d^3 - 5*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^4 + 16
*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^5 + 15*a^6*b^3*c*d^6 + 4*a^7*b^2*d^7)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b^7*c^6*
d - 10*a^4*b^5*c^4*d^3 - 20*a^5*b^4*c^3*d^4 - 15*a^6*b^3*c^2*d^5 - 4*a^7*b
^2*c*d^6)*x)*log(b*x + a) + (a^2*b^7*c^7 - 10*a^4*b^5*c^5*d^2 + 20*a^5*b^4
*c^4*d^3 - 15*a^6*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 4*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^5 - (b^9*c^5*d^2 - 10*a^2*
b^7*c^3*d^4 + 20*a^3*b^6*c^2*d^5 - 15*a^4*b^5*c*d^6 + 4*a^5*b^4*d^7)*x^4 -
2*(b^9*c^6*d - 10*a^2*b^7*c^4*d^3 + 20*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^4 - 15*a^4*b^5*c^2*d
^5 + 4*a^5*b^4*c*d^6)*x^3 - (b^9*c^7 - 11*a^2*b^7*c^5*d^2 + 20*a^3*b^6*c^4
*d^3 - 5*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^4 - 16*a^5*b^4*c^2*d^5 + 15*a^6*b^3*c*d^6 - 4*a^7*b
^2*d^7)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b^7*c^6*d - 10*a^4*b^5*c^4*d^3 + 20*a^5*b^4*c^3*d^4 -
15*a^6*b^3*c^2*d^5 + 4*a^7*b^2*c*d^6)*x)*log(b*x - a) - 8*(5*a^5*b^4*c^4*
d^3 + a^7*b^2*c^2*d^5 - (5*a^3*b^6*c^2*d^5 + a^5*b^4*d^7)*x^4 - 2*(5*a^...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**3/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out



**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 671 vs.  $2(228) = 456$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 671, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(b^3 c - 4 ab^2 d) \log (bx + a)}{4 (a^3 b^4 c^4 - 4 a^4 b^3 c^3 d + 6 a^5 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4 a^6 b c d^3 + a^7 d^4)} - \frac{(b^3 c + 4 ab^2 d) \log (bx - a)}{4 (a^3 b^4 c^4 + 4 a^4 b^3 c^3 d + 6 a^5 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 4 a^6 b c d^3 + a^7 d^4)} + \frac{2 (5 b^4 c^2 d^3 + a^2 b^2 d^5) \log (dx + c)}{b^8 c^8 - 4 a^2 b^6 c^6 d^2 + 6 a^4 b^4 c^4 d^4 - 4 a^6 b^2 c^2 d^6 + a^8 d^8} - \frac{3 a^2 b^4 c^4 d + 10 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^3 - a^6 d^5 - (b^6 c^3 d^2 + 11 a^2 b^4 c d^4) x^3 - 2 (b^6 c^4 d + 6 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^3 - a^4 b^2 d^5) x^2 - (b^6 c^5 - 3 a^2 b^4 c^3 d^2 - 10 a^4 b^2 c d^4) x}{2 (a^4 b^6 c^8 - 3 a^6 b^4 c^6 d^2 + 3 a^8 b^2 c^4 d^4 - a^{10} c^2 d^6 - (a^2 b^8 c^6 d^2 - 3 a^4 b^6 c^4 d^4 + 3 a^6 b^4 c^2 d^6 - a^8 b^2 d^8) x^4 - 2 (a^2 b^8 c^7 d - 3 a^4 b^6 c^5 d^3 + 3 a^6 b^4 c^3 d^5 - a^8 b^2 c d^7) x^3 - (a^2 b^8 c^8 - 4 a^4 b^6 c^6 d^2 + 6 a^6 b^4 c^4 d^4 - 4 a^8 b^2 c^2 d^6 + a^{10} d^8) x^2 + 2 (a^4 b^6 c^7 d - 3 a^6 b^4 c^5 d^3 + 3 a^8 b^2 c^3 d^5 - a^{10} c d^7) x}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*(b^3*c - 4*a*b^2*d)*log(b*x + a)/(a^3*b^4*c^4 - 4*a^4*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^6*b*c*d^3 + a^7*d^4) - 1/4*(b^3*c + 4*a*b^2*d)*log(b*x - a)/(a^3*b^4*c^4 + 4*a^4*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a^6*b*c*d^3 + a^7*d^4) + 2*(5*b^4*c^2*d^3 + a^2*b^2*d^5)*log(d*x + c)/(b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6 + a^8*d^8) - 1/2*(3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^3 - a^6*d^5 - (b^6*c^3*d^2 + 11*a^2*b^4*c*d^4)*x^3 - 2*(b^6*c^4*d + 6*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^3 - a^4*b^2*d^5)*x^2 - (b^6*c^5 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^4*b^2*c*d^4)*x)/(a^4*b^6*c^8 - 3*a^6*b^4*c^6*d^2 + 3*a^8*b^2*c^4*d^4 - a^10*c^2*d^6 - (a^2*b^8*c^6*d^2 - 3*a^4*b^6*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^6*b^4*c^2*d^6 - a^8*b^2*d^8)*x^4 - 2*(a^2*b^8*c^7*d - 3*a^4*b^6*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^6*b^4*c^3*d^5 - a^8*b^2*c*d^7)*x^3 - (a^2*b^8*c^8 - 4*a^4*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^6*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^6 + a^10*d^8)*x^2 + 2*(a^4*b^6*c^7*d - 3*a^6*b^4*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^8*b^2*c^3*d^5 - a^10*c*d^7)*x)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 496 vs.  $2(228) = 456$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 496, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx = \frac{(b^4 c - 4 a b^3 d) \log(|bx + a|)}{4 (a^3 b^5 c^4 - 4 a^4 b^4 c^3 d + 6 a^5 b^3 c^2 d^2 - 4 a^6 b^2 c d^3 + a^7 b d^4)} - \frac{(b^4 c + 4 a b^3 d) \log(|bx - a|)}{4 (a^3 b^5 c^4 + 4 a^4 b^4 c^3 d + 6 a^5 b^3 c^2 d^2 + 4 a^6 b^2 c d^3 + a^7 b d^4)} + \frac{2 (5 b^4 c^2 d^4 + a^2 b^2 d^6) \log(|dx + c|)}{b^8 c^8 d - 4 a^2 b^6 c^6 d^3 + 6 a^4 b^4 c^4 d^5 - 4 a^6 b^2 c^2 d^7 + a^8 d^9} + \frac{3 a^2 b^6 c^6 d + 7 a^4 b^4 c^4 d^3 - 11 a^6 b^2 c^2 d^5 + a^8 d^7 - (b^8 c^5 d^2 + 10 a^2 b^6 c^3 d^4 - 11 a^4 b^4 c d^6) x^3 - 2 (b^8 c^6 d + 5 a^2 b^6 c^4 d^3 - 7 a^4 b^4 c^2 d^5 + a^6 b^2 d^7) x^2 - (b^8 c^7 - 4 a^2 b^6 c^5 d^2 - 7 a^4 b^4 c^3 d^4 + 10 a^6 b^2 c d^6) x}{2 (bc + ad)^4 (bc - ad)^4 (bx + a)(bx - a)(dx + c)^2 a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*(b^4*c - 4*a*b^3*d)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 4*a^4*b^4*c^3*d +
6*a^5*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^6*b^2*c*d^3 + a^7*b*d^4) - 1/4*(b^4*c + 4*a*b^3*d
)*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^3*b^5*c^4 + 4*a^4*b^4*c^3*d + 6*a^5*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 4
*a^6*b^2*c*d^3 + a^7*b*d^4) + 2*(5*b^4*c^2*d^4 + a^2*b^2*d^6)*log(abs(d*x
+ c))/(b^8*c^8*d - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^3 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^5 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d
^7 + a^8*d^9) + 1/2*(3*a^2*b^6*c^6*d + 7*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^3 - 11*a^6*b^2*c^2*
d^5 + a^8*d^7 - (b^8*c^5*d^2 + 10*a^2*b^6*c^3*d^4 - 11*a^4*b^4*c*d^6)*x^3
- 2*(b^8*c^6*d + 5*a^2*b^6*c^4*d^3 - 7*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^5 + a^6*b^2*d^7)*x^2
- (b^8*c^7 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^5*d^2 - 7*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^4 + 10*a^6*b^2*c*d^6)*x)/
((b*c + a*d)^4*(b*c - a*d)^4*(b*x + a)*(b*x - a)*(d*x + c)^2*a^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 653, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^4 d^5 + 10 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^3 + 3 b^4 c^4 d}{2(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)(a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)} - \frac{b^2 x^3 (11 a^2 b^2 c d^4 + b^4 c^3 d^2)}{2 a^2 (a^6 d^6 - 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3 a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6)} - \frac{x^2 (-a^4 b^2 d^5 + 6 a^2 b^4 c^2 d^3 + b^6 c^4 d)}{a^2 (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)(a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(c+dx) (2 a^2 b^2 d^5 + 10 b^4 c^2 d^3)}{a^8 d^8 - 4 a^6 b^2 c^2 d^6 + 6 a^4 b^4 c^4 d^4 - 4 a^2 b^6 c^6 d^2 + b^8 c^8}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(a+bx) (b^3 c - 4 a b^2 d)}{4 (a^7 d^4 - 4 a^6 b c d^3 + 6 a^5 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4 a^4 b^3 c^3 d + a^3 b^4 c^4)}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(a-bx) (c b^3 + 4 a d b^2)}{4 (a^7 d^4 + 4 a^6 b c d^3 + 6 a^5 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 4 a^4 b^3 c^3 d + a^3 b^4 c^4)}$$

input `int(1/((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2*(c + d*x)^3),x)`

output

```
((3*b^4*c^4*d - a^4*d^5 + 10*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3)/(2*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)) - (b^2*x^3*(b^4*c^3*d^2 + 11*a^2*b^2*c*d^4))/(2*a^2*(a^6*d^6 - b^6*c^6 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4)) - (x^2*(b^6*c^4*d - a^4*b^2*d^5 + 6*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^3))/(a^2*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)) + (c*x*(10*a^4*b^2*d^4 - b^6*c^4 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^2))/(2*a^2*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)))/(x^2*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2) + a^2*c^2 - b^2*d^2*x^4 + 2*a^2*c*d*x - 2*b^2*c*d*x^3) + (log(c + d*x)*(2*a^2*b^2*d^5 + 10*b^4*c^2*d^3))/(a^8*d^8 + b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6) + (log(a + b*x)*(b^3*c - 4*a*b^2*d))/(4*(a^7*d^4 + a^3*b^4*c^4 - 4*a^4*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^6*b*c*d^3)) - (log(a - b*x)*(b^3*c + 4*a*b^2*d))/(4*(a^7*d^4 + a^3*b^4*c^4 + 4*a^4*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a^6*b*c*d^3))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2057, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a^2-b^2x^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 4*log( - a - b*x)*a**7*b**2*c**2*d**5 - 8*log( - a - b*x)*a**7*b**2*c*
d**6*x - 4*log( - a - b*x)*a**7*b**2*d**7*x**2 - 15*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*b
**3*c**3*d**4 - 30*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*b**3*c**2*d**5*x - 15*log( - a - b
*x)*a**6*b**3*c*d**6*x**2 - 20*log( - a - b*x)*a**5*b**4*c**4*d**3 - 40*lo
g( - a - b*x)*a**5*b**4*c**3*d**4*x - 16*log( - a - b*x)*a**5*b**4*c**2*d*
*5*x**2 + 8*log( - a - b*x)*a**5*b**4*c*d**6*x**3 + 4*log( - a - b*x)*a**5
*b**4*d**7*x**4 - 10*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**5*c**5*d**2 - 20*log( - a - b
*x)*a**4*b**5*c**4*d**3*x + 5*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**5*c**3*d**4*x**2 + 3
0*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**5*c**2*d**5*x**3 + 15*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**5*
c*d**6*x**4 + 20*log( - a - b*x)*a**3*b**6*c**4*d**3*x**2 + 40*log( - a -
b*x)*a**3*b**6*c**3*d**4*x**3 + 20*log( - a - b*x)*a**3*b**6*c**2*d**5*x**
4 + log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**7*c**7 + 2*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**7*c**6*d*x
+ 11*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**7*c**5*d**2*x**2 + 20*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b*
*7*c**4*d**3*x**3 + 10*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**7*c**3*d**4*x**4 - log( - a
- b*x)*b**9*c**7*x**2 - 2*log( - a - b*x)*b**9*c**6*d*x**3 - log( - a - b
*x)*b**9*c**5*d**2*x**4 - 4*log(a - b*x)*a**7*b**2*c**2*d**5 - 8*log(a - b
*x)*a**7*b**2*c*d**6*x - 4*log(a - b*x)*a**7*b**2*d**7*x**2 + 15*log(a - b
*x)*a**6*b**3*c**3*d**4 + 30*log(a - b*x)*a**6*b**3*c**2*d**5*x + 15*log(a
- b*x)*a**6*b**3*c*d**6*x**2 - 20*log(a - b*x)*a**5*b**4*c**4*d**3 - 40*l
og(a - b*x)*a**5*b**4*c**3*d**4*x - 16*log(a - b*x)*a**5*b**4*c**2*d**5...
```

### 3.44 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	456
Mathematica [A] (verified)	457
Rubi [A] (verified)	457
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{4a^2b^2cd\left(c^2 + \frac{a^2d^2}{b^2}\right) + (b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4)x}{4a^2b^4(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} - \frac{16a^4cd^3 - (3b^4c^4 - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 5a^4d^4)x}{8a^4b^4(a^2-b^2x^2)} + \frac{3(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{8a^5b^5}$$

output

```
1/4*(4*a^2*b^2*c*d*(c^2+a^2*d^2/b^2)+(a^4*d^4+6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+b^4*c^4)*x)/a^2/b^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2-1/8*(16*a^4*c*d^3-(-5*a^4*d^4-6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2+3*b^4*c^4)*x)/a^4/b^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)+3/8*(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^2*arctanh(b*x/a)/a^5/b^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3ab^7c^4x^3 - a^7bd^3(8c + 3dx) + a^3b^5c^2x(5c^2 + 6d^2x^2) + a^5b^3d(8c^3 + 6c^2dx + 16cd^2x^2 + 5d^3x^3) + 3(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{bx}{a}\right]}{8a^5b^5(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}$$

input

Integrate[(c + d\*x)^4/(a^2 - b^2\*x^2)^3,x]

output

$$\frac{(-3a^7b^7c^4x^3 - a^7b^7d^3(8c + 3dx) + a^3b^5c^2x(5c^2 + 6d^2x^2) + a^5b^3d(8c^3 + 6c^2dx + 16cd^2x^2 + 5d^3x^3) + 3(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{bx}{a}\right])}{8a^5b^5(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 477$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a^3(bc-ad)^4}{8b^4(a+bx)^3} + \frac{a^2(3bc+5ad)(bc-ad)^3}{16b^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{3a^2(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2}{8b^4(a^2-b^2x^2)} + \frac{a^2(3bc-5ad)(bc+ad)^3}{16b^4(a-bx)^2} + \frac{a^3(bc+ad)^4}{8b^4(a-bx)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{a^3(bc-ad)^4}{16b^5(a+bx)^2} + \frac{a^3(ad+bc)^4}{16b^5(a-bx)^2} + \frac{3a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^2}{8b^5} - \frac{a^2(5ad+3bc)(bc-ad)^3}{16b^5(a+bx)} + \frac{a^2(3bc-5ad)(ad+bc)^3}{16b^5(a-bx)}}{a^6}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a^3(b*c + a*d)^4)/(16*b^5*(a - b*x)^2) + (a^2*(3*b*c - 5*a*d)*(b*c + a*d)^3)/(16*b^5*(a - b*x)) - (a^3*(b*c - a*d)^4)/(16*b^5*(a + b*x)^2) - (a^2*(b*c - a*d)^3*(3*b*c + 5*a*d))/(16*b^5*(a + b*x)) + (3*a*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(8*b^5))/a^6}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{d^3 c a^2 + b^2 c^3 d + 2 c d^3 x^2}{b^4} - \frac{(3 a^4 d^4 - 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 5 c^4 b^4) x}{8 a^2 b^4} + \frac{(5 a^4 d^4 + 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 3 c^4 b^4) x^3}{8 a^4 b^2}}{(-b^2 x^2 + a^2)^2} - \frac{3(a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4) \ln(-bx + a)}{16 b^5 a^5}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{(5 a^4 d^4 + 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 3 c^4 b^4) x^3}{8 a^4 b^2} + \frac{2 c d^3 x^2}{b^2} - \frac{(3 a^4 d^4 - 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 5 c^4 b^4) x}{8 a^2 b^4} - \frac{c d (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)}{b^4}}{(-b^2 x^2 + a^2)^2} - \frac{3 \ln(-bx + a) d^4}{16 b^5 a} + \frac{3 \ln(-bx + a) c^2}{8 b^3 a^3}$
default	$\frac{(3 a^4 d^4 - 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 3 c^4 b^4) \ln(bx + a)}{16 b^5 a^5} - \frac{-5 a^4 d^4 + 12 c a^3 b d^3 - 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4 a b^3 c^3 d + 3 c^4 b^4}{16 a^4 b^5 (bx + a)} - \frac{a^4 d^4 - 4 c a^3 b d^3 + 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2}{16 a^3 b^5 (bx + a)}$
parallelrisch	$- \frac{6 x^3 a b^7 c^4 + 6 x a^7 b d^4 - 10 x a^3 b^5 c^4 + 3 \ln(bx - a) x^4 b^8 c^4 - 3 \ln(bx + a) x^4 b^8 c^4 + 3 \ln(bx - a) a^4 b^4 c^4 - 3 \ln(bx + a) a^4 b^4 c^4 - 6 \ln(bx - a) a^4 b^4 c^4}{16 b^5 a^5}$

input `int((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`





**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{8a^6cd^3 - 8a^4b^2c^3d - 16a^4b^2cd^3x^2 + x^3(-5a^4b^2d^4 - 6a^2b^4c^2d^2 + 3b^6c^4) + x(3a^6d^4 - 6a^4b^2c^2d^2 - 5a^2b^4d^4)}{8a^8b^4 - 16a^6b^6x^2 + 8a^4b^8x^4}$$

$$-\frac{3(ad-bc)^2(ad+bc)^2 \log\left(-\frac{3a(ad-bc)^2(ad+bc)^2}{b(3a^4d^4-6a^2b^2c^2d^2+3b^4c^4)} + x\right)}{16a^5b^5}$$

$$+\frac{3(ad-bc)^2(ad+bc)^2 \log\left(\frac{3a(ad-bc)^2(ad+bc)^2}{b(3a^4d^4-6a^2b^2c^2d^2+3b^4c^4)} + x\right)}{16a^5b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)`output `-(8*a**6*c*d**3 - 8*a**4*b**2*c**3*d - 16*a**4*b**2*c*d**3*x**2 + x**3*(-5*a**4*b**2*d**4 - 6*a**2*b**4*c**2*d**2 + 3*b**6*c**4) + x*(3*a**6*d**4 - 6*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 5*a**2*b**4*c**4))/(8*a**8*b**4 - 16*a**6*b**6*x**2 + 8*a**4*b**8*x**4) - 3*(a*d - b*c)**2*(a*d + b*c)**2*log(-3*a*(a*d - b*c)**2*(a*d + b*c)**2/(b*(3*a**4*d**4 - 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 3*b**4*c**4))) + x)/(16*a**5*b**5) + 3*(a*d - b*c)**2*(a*d + b*c)**2*log(3*a*(a*d - b*c)**2*(a*d + b*c)**2/(b*(3*a**4*d**4 - 6*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 3*b**4*c**4))) + x)/(16*a**5*b**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{16a^4b^2cd^3x^2 + 8a^4b^2c^3d - 8a^6cd^3 - (3b^6c^4 - 6a^2b^4c^2d^2 - 5a^4b^2d^4)x^3 + (5a^2b^4c^4 + 6a^4b^2c^2d^2 - 3a^6d^4)}{8(a^4b^8x^4 - 2a^6b^6x^2 + a^8b^4)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4) \log(bx+a)}{16a^5b^5} - \frac{3(b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4) \log(bx-a)}{16a^5b^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\frac{1}{8} \frac{(16a^4b^2cd^3x^2 + 8a^4b^2c^3d - 8a^6cd^3 - (3b^6c^4 - 6a^2b^4c^2d^2 - 5a^4b^2d^4))x^3 + (5a^2b^4c^4 + 6a^4b^2c^2d^2 - 3a^6d^4)x}{(a^4b^8x^4 - 2a^6b^6x^2 + a^8b^4) + 3/16(b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4)} \log(bx + a) / (a^5b^5) - 3/16(b^4c^4 - 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^4d^4) \log(bx - a) / (a^5b^5)$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{3b^6c^4x^3 - 6a^2b^4c^2d^2x^3 - 5a^4b^2d^4x^3 - 16a^4b^2cd^3x^2 - 5a^2b^4c^4x - 6a^4b^2c^2d^2x + 3a^6d^4x - 8a^4b^2c^3d}{8(b^2x^2 - a^2)^2a^4b^4} + \frac{3(b^5c^4 - 2a^2b^3c^2d^2 + a^4bd^4) \log(|bx + a|)}{16a^5b^6} - \frac{3(b^5c^4 - 2a^2b^3c^2d^2 + a^4bd^4) \log(|bx - a|)}{16a^5b^6}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/8 \frac{(3b^6c^4x^3 - 6a^2b^4c^2d^2x^3 - 5a^4b^2d^4x^3 - 16a^4b^2cd^3x^2 - 5a^2b^4c^4x - 6a^4b^2c^2d^2x + 3a^6d^4x - 8a^4b^2c^3d + 8a^6cd^3) / ((b^2x^2 - a^2)^2a^4b^4) + 3/16(b^5c^4 - 2a^2b^3c^2d^2 + a^4bd^4) \log(\text{abs}(bx + a)) / (a^5b^6) - 3/16(b^5c^4 - 2a^2b^3c^2d^2 + a^4bd^4) \log(\text{abs}(bx - a)) / (a^5b^6)}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{2cd^3x^2}{b^2} - \frac{cd(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)}{b^4} + \frac{x^3(5a^4d^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 3b^4c^4)}{8a^4b^2} + \frac{x(-3a^4d^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 5b^4c^4)}{8a^2b^4}}{a^4 - 2a^2b^2x^2 + b^4x^4} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right) (ad + bc)^2 (ad - bc)^2}{8a^5b^5}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^4/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x)`

output 
$$\left(\frac{2cd^3x^2}{b^2} - \frac{c^2d(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)}{b^4} + \frac{x^3(5a^4d^4 - 3b^4c^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2)}{(8a^4b^2)} + \frac{x(5b^4c^4 - 3a^4d^4 + 6a^2b^2c^2d^2)}{(8a^2b^4)}\right) / (a^4 + b^4x^4 - 2a^2b^2x^2) + \frac{3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)(ad + bc)^2(ad - bc)^2}{(8a^5b^5)}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 524, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \log(-bx - a) a^4 b^4 c^4 + 3 \log(-bx - a) b^8 c^4 x^4 - 3 \log(-bx + a) a^4 b^4 c^4 - 3 \log(-bx + a) b^8 c^4 x^4 - 6 a^7 b d}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(3 \log(-a - bx) a^8 d^4 - 6 \log(-a - bx) a^6 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 6 \log(-a - bx) a^6 b^2 d^4 x^2 + 3 \log(-a - bx) a^4 b^4 c^4 + 12 \log(-a - bx) a^4 b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 3 \log(-a - bx) a^4 b^4 d^4 x^4 - 6 \log(-a - bx) a^2 b^6 c^4 x^2 - 6 \log(-a - bx) a^2 b^6 c^2 d^2 x^4 + 3 \log(-a - bx) b^8 c^4 x^4 - 3 \log(a - bx) a^8 d^4 + 6 \log(a - bx) a^6 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 6 \log(a - bx) a^6 b^2 d^4 x^2 - 3 \log(a - bx) a^4 b^4 c^4 - 12 \log(a - bx) a^4 b^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 - 3 \log(a - bx) a^4 b^4 d^4 x^4 + 6 \log(a - bx) a^2 b^6 c^4 x^2 + 6 \log(a - bx) a^2 b^6 c^2 d^2 x^4 - 3 \log(a - bx) b^8 c^4 x^4 - 6 a^7 b d x + 16 a^5 b^3 c^3 d + 12 a^5 b^3 c^2 d^2 x + 10 a^5 b^3 d^4 x^3 + 10 a^3 b^5 c^4 x + 12 a^3 b^5 c^2 d^2 x^3 + 16 a^3 b^5 c d^3 x^4 - 6 a b^7 c^4 x^3) / (16 a^5 b^5 (a^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 x^2 + b^4 x^4))}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3}$$

### 3.45 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{a^2d\left(3c^2 + \frac{a^2d^2}{b^2}\right) + c(b^2c^2 + 3a^2d^2)x}{4a^2b^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} - \frac{4a^4d^3 - 3b^2c(bc-ad)(bc+ad)x}{8a^4b^4(a^2-b^2x^2)} + \frac{3c\left(c^2 - \frac{a^2d^2}{b^2}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{8a^5b}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{4}*(a^2*d*(3*c^2+a^2*d^2/b^2)+c*(3*a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x)/a^2/b^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2-1/8*(4*a^4*d^3-3*b^2*c*(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d+b*c)*x)/a^4/b^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)+3/8*c*(c^2-a^2*d^2/b^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b*x/a)/a^5/b$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-2a^7d^3 - 3ab^6c^3x^3 + a^3b^4cx(5c^2 + 3d^2x^2) + a^5b^2d(6c^2 + 3cdx + 4d^2x^2) + 3bc(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}{8a^5b^4(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(-2*a^7*d^3 - 3*a*b^6*c^3*x^3 + a^3*b^4*c*x*(5*c^2 + 3*d^2*x^2) + a^5*b^2*d*(6*c^2 + 3*c*d*x + 4*d^2*x^2) + 3*b*c*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(8*a^5*b^4*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( \frac{a^3(bc-ad)^3}{8b^3(a+bx)^3} + \frac{3a^2(bc+ad)(bc-ad)^2}{16b^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{3a^2(bc+ad)^2(bc-ad)}{16b^3(a-bx)^2} + \frac{3a^2c(c^2 - \frac{a^2d^2}{b^2})}{8(a^2-b^2x^2)} + \frac{a^3(bc+ad)^3}{8b^3(a-bx)^3} \right) dx$$

$a^6$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{a^3(bc-ad)^3}{16b^4(a+bx)^2} + \frac{a^3(ad+bc)^3}{16b^4(a-bx)^2} + \frac{3ac \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)\left(c^2 - \frac{a^2d^2}{b^2}\right)}{8b} - \frac{3a^2(ad+bc)(bc-ad)^2}{16b^4(a+bx)} + \frac{3a^2(ad+bc)^2(bc-ad)}{16b^4(a-bx)}}{a^6}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((a^3*(b*c + a*d)^3)/(16*b^4*(a - b*x)^2) + (3*a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d)^2)/(16*b^4*(a - b*x)) - (a^3*(b*c - a*d)^3)/(16*b^4*(a + b*x)^2) - (3*a^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(b*c + a*d))/(16*b^4*(a + b*x)) + (3*a*c*(c^2 - (a^2*d^2)/b^2)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(8*b))/a^6`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 477

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]
)*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
norman	$\frac{-a^2 d^3 + 3b^2 c^2 d + \frac{d^3 x^2}{2b^2} + \frac{3c(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)x^3}{8a^4} + \frac{c(3a^2 d^2 + 5b^2 c^2)x}{8a^2 b^2}}{(-b^2 x^2 + a^2)^2} + \frac{3c(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) \ln(-bx+a)}{16a^5 b^3} - \frac{3c(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) \ln(bx+a)}{16a^5 b^3}$
risch	$\frac{3c(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)x^3}{8a^4} + \frac{d^3 x^2}{2b^2} + \frac{c(3a^2 d^2 + 5b^2 c^2)x}{8a^2 b^2} - \frac{d(a^2 d^2 - 3b^2 c^2)}{4b^4} + \frac{3c \ln(bx-a)d^2}{16a^3 b^3} - \frac{3c^3 \ln(bx-a)}{16a^5 b} - \frac{3c \ln(-bx-a)d^2}{16a^3 b^3} + 3$
default	$- \frac{-a^3 d^3 + 3a^2 bc d^2 - 3a b^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{16a^3 b^4 (bx+a)^2} - \frac{3a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bc d^2 - 3a b^2 c^2 d + 3b^3 c^3}{16a^4 b^4 (bx+a)} - \frac{3c(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) \ln(bx+a)}{16a^5 b^3} + \frac{-3a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bc d^2 - 3a b^2 c^2 d + b^3 c^3}{16a^4 b^4}$
parallelrisch	$3 \ln(bx-a)x^4 a^2 b^5 c d^2 - 3 \ln(bx-a)x^4 b^7 c^3 - 3 \ln(bx+a)x^4 a^2 b^5 c d^2 + 3 \ln(bx+a)x^4 b^7 c^3 - 6 \ln(bx-a)x^2 a^4 b^3 c d^2 + 6 \ln(bx-a)x^2 a^4 b^3 c^3$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(1/4*(-a^2*d^3+3*b^2*c^2*d)/b^4+1/2*d^3*x^2/b^2+3/8/a^4*c*(a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)
)*x^3+1/8*c*(3*a^2*d^2+5*b^2*c^2)/a^2/b^2*x)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2+3/16*c*(a^2*
d^2-b^2*c^2)/a^5/b^3*ln(-b*x+a)-3/16*c*(a^2*d^2-b^2*c^2)/a^5/b^3*ln(b*x+a)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{8a^5b^2d^3x^2 + 12a^5b^2c^2d - 4a^7d^3 - 6(ab^6c^3 - a^3b^4cd^2)x^3 + 2(5a^3b^4c^3 + 3a^5b^2cd^2)x + 3(a^4b^3c^3 - a^6bcd^2)}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/16*(8*a^5*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 12*a^5*b^2*c^2*d - 4*a^7*d^3 - 6*(a*b^6*c^3 - a^3*b^4*c*d^2)*x^3 + 2*(5*a^3*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^5*b^2*c*d^2)*x + 3*(a^4*b^3*c^3 - a^6*b*c*d^2 + (b^7*c^3 - a^2*b^5*c*d^2)*x^4 - 2*(a^2*b^5*c^3 - a^4*b^3*c*d^2)*x^2)*log(b*x + a) - 3*(a^4*b^3*c^3 - a^6*b*c*d^2 + (b^7*c^3 - a^2*b^5*c*d^2)*x^4 - 2*(a^2*b^5*c^3 - a^4*b^3*c*d^2)*x^2)*log(b*x - a))/(a^5*b^8*x^4 - 2*a^7*b^6*x^2 + a^9*b^4)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2a^6d^3 - 6a^4b^2c^2d - 4a^4b^2d^3x^2 + x^3(-3a^2b^4cd^2 + 3b^6c^3) + x(-3a^4b^2cd^2 - 5a^2b^4c^3)}{8a^8b^4 - 16a^6b^6x^2 + 8a^4b^8x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3c(ad - bc)(ad + bc) \log\left(-\frac{3ac(ad - bc)(ad + bc)}{b(3a^2cd^2 - 3b^2c^3)} + x\right)}{16a^5b^3}$$

$$- \frac{3c(ad - bc)(ad + bc) \log\left(\frac{3ac(ad - bc)(ad + bc)}{b(3a^2cd^2 - 3b^2c^3)} + x\right)}{16a^5b^3}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**3/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

```

-(2*a**6*d**3 - 6*a**4*b**2*c**2*d - 4*a**4*b**2*d**3*x**2 + x**3*(-3*a**2
*b**4*c*d**2 + 3*b**6*c**3) + x*(-3*a**4*b**2*c*d**2 - 5*a**2*b**4*c**3))/
(8*a**8*b**4 - 16*a**6*b**6*x**2 + 8*a**4*b**8*x**4) + 3*c*(a*d - b*c)*(a*
d + b*c)*log(-3*a*c*(a*d - b*c)*(a*d + b*c)/(b*(3*a**2*c*d**2 - 3*b**2*c**
3)) + x)/(16*a**5*b**3) - 3*c*(a*d - b*c)*(a*d + b*c)*log(3*a*c*(a*d - b*c
)*(a*d + b*c)/(b*(3*a**2*c*d**2 - 3*b**2*c**3)) + x)/(16*a**5*b**3)

```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx \\
&= \frac{4a^4b^2d^3x^2 + 6a^4b^2c^2d - 2a^6d^3 - 3(b^6c^3 - a^2b^4cd^2)x^3 + (5a^2b^4c^3 + 3a^4b^2cd^2)x}{8(a^4b^8x^4 - 2a^6b^6x^2 + a^8b^4)} \\
&+ \frac{3(b^2c^3 - a^2cd^2)\log(bx + a)}{16a^5b^3} - \frac{3(b^2c^3 - a^2cd^2)\log(bx - a)}{16a^5b^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/8*(4*a^4*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 6*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a^6*d^3 - 3*(b^6*c^3 - a^2*b^
4*c*d^2)*x^3 + (5*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c*d^2)*x)/(a^4*b^8*x^4 - 2*a^6*b
^6*x^2 + a^8*b^4) + 3/16*(b^2*c^3 - a^2*c*d^2)*log(b*x + a)/(a^5*b^3) - 3/
16*(b^2*c^3 - a^2*c*d^2)*log(b*x - a)/(a^5*b^3)

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx \\
&= \frac{3(b^3c^3 - a^2bcd^2)\log(|bx + a|)}{16a^5b^4} - \frac{3(b^3c^3 - a^2bcd^2)\log(|bx - a|)}{16a^5b^4} \\
&- \frac{3b^6c^3x^3 - 3a^2b^4cd^2x^3 - 4a^4b^2d^3x^2 - 5a^2b^4c^3x - 3a^4b^2cd^2x - 6a^4b^2c^2d + 2a^6d^3}{8(b^2x^2 - a^2)^2a^4b^4}
\end{aligned}$$



input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{3}{16}(b^3c^3 - a^2b^2cd^2)\log(\text{abs}(bx + a))/(a^5b^4) - \frac{3}{16}(b^3c^3 - a^2b^2cd^2)\log(\text{abs}(bx - a))/(a^5b^4) - \frac{1}{8}(3b^6c^3x^3 - 3a^2b^4cd^2x^3 - 4a^4b^2d^3x^2 - 5a^2b^4c^3x - 3a^4b^2cd^2x - 6a^4b^2c^2d + 2a^6d^3)/((b^2x^2 - a^2)^2a^4b^4)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{d^3x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{d(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)}{4b^4} + \frac{3cx^3(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)}{8a^4} + \frac{cx(3a^2d^2 + 5b^2c^2)}{8a^2b^2}}{a^4 - 2a^2b^2x^2 + b^4x^4} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{16bx\left(\frac{3b^2c^3}{16} - \frac{3a^2cd^2}{16}\right)}{3ac(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)}\right) \left(\frac{3b^2c^3}{16} - \frac{3a^2cd^2}{16}\right)}{a^5b^3}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(d^3x^2)/(2b^2) - (d(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2))/(4b^4) + (3cx^3(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2))/(8a^4) + (cx(3a^2d^2 + 5b^2c^2))/(8a^2b^2)}{a^4 - 2a^2b^2x^2 + b^4x^4} - \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{16bx\left(\frac{3b^2c^3}{16} - \frac{3a^2cd^2}{16}\right)}{3ac(a^2d^2 - b^2c^2)}\right) \left(\frac{3b^2c^3}{16} - \frac{3a^2cd^2}{16}\right)}{a^5b^3}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 353, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-3 \log(-bx - a) a^6 c d^2 + 3 \log(-bx - a) a^4 b^2 c^3 + 6 \log(-bx - a) a^4 b^2 c d^2 x^2 - 6 \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^4 c^3 x^2 - \dots}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*c*d**2 + 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*c**3 + 6*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - 6*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*c**3*x**2 - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*c*d**2*x**4 + 3*log( - a - b*x)*b**6*c**3*x**4 + 3*log(a - b*x)*a**6*c*d**2 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*c**3 - 6*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 6*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*c**3*x**2 + 3*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*c*d**2*x**4 - 3*log(a - b*x)*b**6*c**3*x**4 + 12*a**5*b*c**2*d + 6*a**5*b*c*d**2*x + 10*a**3*b**3*c**3*x + 6*a**3*b**3*c*d**2*x**3 + 4*a**3*b**3*d**3*x**4 - 6*a*b**5*c**3*x**3)/(16*a**5*b**3*(a**4 - 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 + b**4*x**4))
```

### 3.46 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2a^2cd + (b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)x}{4a^2b^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^2} + \frac{(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)x}{8a^4b^2(a^2-b^2x^2)} + \frac{(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{8a^5b^3}$$

output

```
1/4*(2*a^2*c*d+(a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)*x)/a^2/b^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2+1/8*(-a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)*x/a^4/b^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)+1/8*(-a^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^2)*arctanh(b*x/a)/a^5/b^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-3ab^5c^2x^3 + a^5bd(4c+dx) + a^3b^3x(5c^2+d^2x^2) + (3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)(a^2-b^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{8a^5b^3(a^2-b^2x^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$(-3*a*b^5*c^2*x^3 + a^5*b*d*(4*c + d*x) + a^3*b^3*x*(5*c^2 + d^2*x^2) + (3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(8*a^5*b^3*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( \frac{(bc+ad)^2 a^3}{8b^2(a-bx)^3} + \frac{(bc-ad)^2 a^3}{8b^2(a+bx)^3} + \frac{(3c^2 - \frac{a^2 d^2}{b^2}) a^2}{8(a^2 - b^2 x^2)} + \frac{(3bc-ad)(bc+ad)a^2}{16b^2(a-bx)^2} + \frac{(bc-ad)(3bc+ad)a^2}{16b^2(a+bx)^2} \right) dx$$

$a^6$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{a^3(ad+bc)^2}{16b^3(a-bx)^2} - \frac{a^3(bc-ad)^2}{16b^3(a+bx)^2} + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)}{8b^3} + \frac{a^2(3bc-ad)(ad+bc)}{16b^3(a-bx)} - \frac{a^2(bc-ad)(ad+3bc)}{16b^3(a+bx)}}{a^6}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^2/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$\left( \frac{a^3(b*c + a*d)^2}{16*b^3*(a - b*x)^2} + \frac{a^2*(3*b*c - a*d)*(b*c + a*d)}{16*b^3*(a - b*x)} - \frac{a^3*(b*c - a*d)^2}{16*b^3*(a + b*x)^2} - \frac{a^2*(b*c - a*d)*(3*b*c + a*d)}{16*b^3*(a + b*x)} + \frac{a*(3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a]}{8*b^3} \right) / a^6$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 477

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]
)*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] &
& NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
norman	$\frac{cd}{2b^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)x^3}{8a^4} + \frac{(a^2d^2 + 5b^2c^2)x}{8a^2b^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)\ln(-bx+a)}{16a^5b^3} - \frac{(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)\ln(bx+a)}{16a^5b^3}$
risch	$\frac{cd}{2b^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)x^3}{8a^4} + \frac{(a^2d^2 + 5b^2c^2)x}{8a^2b^2} - \frac{\ln(-bx-a)d^2}{16a^3b^3} + \frac{3\ln(-bx-a)c^2}{16a^5b} + \frac{\ln(bx-a)d^2}{16a^3b^3} - \frac{3\ln(bx-a)c^2}{16a^5b}$
default	$\frac{(-a^2d^2 + 3b^2c^2)\ln(bx+a)}{16a^5b^3} - \frac{-a^2d^2 - 2abcd + 3b^2c^2}{16a^4b^3(bx+a)} - \frac{a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2}{16a^3b^3(bx+a)^2} + \frac{(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)\ln(-bx+a)}{16a^5b^3} - \frac{-a^2d^2 - 2abcd}{16a^3b^3(-bx+a)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(bx-a)x^4a^2b^5d^2 - 3\ln(bx-a)x^4b^7c^2 - \ln(bx+a)x^4a^2b^5d^2 + 3\ln(bx+a)x^4b^7c^2 - 2\ln(bx-a)x^2a^4b^3d^2 + 6\ln(bx-a)x^2a^2b^5c^2 + \dots}{16a^5b^3}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(1/2*c*d/b^2+1/8/a^4*(a^2*d^2-3*b^2*c^2)*x^3+1/8*(a^2*d^2+5*b^2*c^2)/a^2/b
^2*x)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2+1/16*(a^2*d^2-3*b^2*c^2)/a^5/b^3*ln(-b*x+a)-1/16*(a
^2*d^2-3*b^2*c^2)/a^5/b^3*ln(b*x+a)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 252 vs.  $2(122) = 244$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{8a^5bcd - 2(3ab^5c^2 - a^3b^3d^2)x^3 + 2(5a^3b^3c^2 + a^5bd^2)x + (3a^4b^2c^2 - a^6d^2 + (3b^6c^2 - a^2b^4d^2)x^4 - 2(3b^6c^2 - a^2b^4d^2)x^4 - 2(3b^6c^2 - a^2b^4d^2)x^4)}{16(a^5b^7x^4 - 2a^7b^5x^2 + a^9b^3)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*(8*a^5*b*c*d - 2*(3*a*b^5*c^2 - a^3*b^3*d^2)*x^3 + 2*(5*a^3*b^3*c^2 + a^5*b*d^2)*x + (3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*d^2 + (3*b^6*c^2 - a^2*b^4*d^2)*x^4 - 2*(3*a^2*b^4*c^2 - a^4*b^2*d^2)*x^2)*log(b*x + a) - (3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*d^2 + (3*b^6*c^2 - a^2*b^4*d^2)*x^4 - 2*(3*a^2*b^4*c^2 - a^4*b^2*d^2)*x^2)*log(b*x - a))/(a^5*b^7*x^4 - 2*a^7*b^5*x^2 + a^9*b^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{-4a^4cd + x^3(-a^2b^2d^2 + 3b^4c^2) + x(-a^4d^2 - 5a^2b^2c^2)}{8a^8b^2 - 16a^6b^4x^2 + 8a^4b^6x^4} + \frac{(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)\log(-\frac{a}{b} + x)}{16a^5b^3} - \frac{(a^2d^2 - 3b^2c^2)\log(\frac{a}{b} + x)}{16a^5b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)`

output `-(-4*a**4*c*d + x**3*(-a**2*b**2*d**2 + 3*b**4*c**2) + x*(-a**4*d**2 - 5*a**2*b**2*c**2))/(8*a**8*b**2 - 16*a**6*b**4*x**2 + 8*a**4*b**6*x**4) + (a**2*d**2 - 3*b**2*c**2)*log(-a/b + x)/(16*a**5*b**3) - (a**2*d**2 - 3*b**2*c**2)*log(a/b + x)/(16*a**5*b**3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{4a^4cd - (3b^4c^2 - a^2b^2d^2)x^3 + (5a^2b^2c^2 + a^4d^2)x}{8(a^4b^6x^4 - 2a^6b^4x^2 + a^8b^2)} + \frac{(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2) \log(bx+a)}{16a^5b^3} - \frac{(3b^2c^2 - a^2d^2) \log(bx-a)}{16a^5b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(4*a^4*c*d - (3*b^4*c^2 - a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^3 + (5*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*d^2)*x)/(a^4*b^6*x^4 - 2*a^6*b^4*x^2 + a^8*b^2) + 1/16*(3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*log(b*x + a)/(a^5*b^3) - 1/16*(3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*log(b*x - a)/(a^5*b^3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3b^4c^2x^3 - a^2b^2d^2x^3 - 5a^2b^2c^2x - a^4d^2x - 4a^4cd}{8(b^2x^2 - a^2)^2a^4b^2} + \frac{(3b^3c^2 - a^2bd^2) \log(|bx+a|)}{16a^5b^4} - \frac{(3b^3c^2 - a^2bd^2) \log(|bx-a|)}{16a^5b^4}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*(3*b^4*c^2*x^3 - a^2*b^2*d^2*x^3 - 5*a^2*b^2*c^2*x - a^4*d^2*x - 4*a^4*c*d)/((b^2*x^2 - a^2)^2*a^4*b^2) + 1/16*(3*b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*d^2)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^5*b^4) - 1/16*(3*b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*d^2)*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^5*b^4)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{x^3 (a^2 d^2 - 3b^2 c^2)}{8a^4} + \frac{cd}{2b^2} + \frac{x(a^2 d^2 + 5b^2 c^2)}{8a^2 b^2} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right) (a^2 d^2 - 3b^2 c^2)}{8a^5 b^3}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x)`output `((x^3*(a^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*c^2))/(8*a^4) + (c*d)/(2*b^2) + (x*(a^2*d^2 + 5*b^2*c^2))/(8*a^2*b^2))/(a^4 + b^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*x^2) - (atanh((b*x)/a)*(a^2*d^2 - 3*b^2*c^2))/(8*a^5*b^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{-\log(-bx - a) a^6 d^2 + 3 \log(-bx - a) a^4 b^2 c^2 + 2 \log(-bx - a) a^4 b^2 d^2 x^2 - 6 \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^4 c^2 x^2 - \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^4 d^2 x^4 + 3 \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^4 c^2 x^2 + 3 \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^4 d^2 x^2 - 6 \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^4 c^2 x^2 - \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^4 d^2 x^4}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`output `( - log( - a - b*x)*a**6*d**2 + 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*c**2 + 2*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*c**2*x**2 - log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**4 + 3*log( - a - b*x)*b**6*c**2*x**4 + log(a - b*x)*a**6*d**2 - 3*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*c**2 - 2*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 6*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*c**2*x**2 + log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**4 - 3*log(a - b*x)*b**6*c**2*x**4 + 8*a**5*b*c*d + 2*a**5*b*d**2*x + 10*a**3*b**3*c**2*x + 2*a**3*b**3*d**2*x**3 - 6*a*b**5*c**2*x**3)/(16*a**5*b**3*(a**4 - 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 + b**4*x**4))`



**3.47**       $\int \frac{c+dx}{(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	476
Mathematica [A] (verified)	476
Rubi [A] (verified)	477
Maple [A] (verified)	478
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	479
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	479
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	480
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	480
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	481

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{a^2d + b^2cx}{4a^2b^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} + \frac{3cx}{8a^4(a^2 - b^2x^2)} + \frac{3c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{8a^5b}$$

output `1/4*(b^2*c*x+a^2*d)/a^2/b^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2+3/8*c*x/a^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)+3/8*c*arctanh(b*x/a)/a^5/b`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{2a^5d + 5a^3b^2cx - 3ab^4cx^3 + 3bc(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{8a^5b^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(2*a^5*d + 5*a^3*b^2*c*x - 3*a*b^4*c*x^3 + 3*b*c*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(8*a^5*b^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {454, 215, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 454$$

$$\frac{3c \int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{a^2d + b^2cx}{4a^2b^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 215$$

$$\frac{3c \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2x^2} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x}{2a^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{a^2d + b^2cx}{4a^2b^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$\frac{a^2d + b^2cx}{4a^2b^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)^2} + \frac{3c \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3b} + \frac{x}{2a^2(a^2 - b^2x^2)} \right)}{4a^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(a^2*d + b^2*c*x)/(4*a^2*b^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2) + (3*c*(x/(2*a^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)) + ArcTanh[(b*x)/a]/(2*a^3*b)))/(4*a^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

- rule 215  $\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)((a + b*x^2)^{p + 1} / (2*a*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}\{p, -1\} \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}\{4*p\} \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}\{6*p\})$
  
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}\{a/b\}$
  
- rule 454  $\text{Int}[(c_+ + (d_+)(x_+))((a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}, x] + \text{Simp}[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}\{p, -1\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}\{p, -3/2\}$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
norman	$\frac{\frac{d}{4b^2} + \frac{5cx}{8a^2} - \frac{3b^2cx^3}{8a^4}}{(-b^2x^2+a^2)^2} - \frac{3c \ln(-bx+a)}{16a^5b} + \frac{3c \ln(bx+a)}{16a^5b}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{d}{4b^2} + \frac{5cx}{8a^2} - \frac{3b^2cx^3}{8a^4}}{(-b^2x^2+a^2)^2} - \frac{3c \ln(-bx+a)}{16a^5b} + \frac{3c \ln(bx+a)}{16a^5b}$
default	$\frac{3c \ln(bx+a)}{16a^5b} - \frac{-ad+bc}{16a^3b^2(bx+a)^2} - \frac{-ad+3bc}{16a^4b^2(bx+a)} - \frac{3c \ln(-bx+a)}{16a^5b} - \frac{-ad-bc}{16a^3b^2(-bx+a)^2} + \frac{ad+3bc}{16a^4b^2(-bx+a)}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3 \ln(bx-a)x^4b^7c - 3 \ln(bx+a)x^4b^7c - 6 \ln(bx-a)x^2a^2b^5c + 6 \ln(bx+a)x^2a^2b^5c + 6x^3ab^6c + 3 \ln(bx-a)a^4b^3c - 3 \ln(bx+a)a^4b^3c}{16a^5b^4(b^2x^2-a^2)^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $(1/4*d/b^2+5/8*c/a^2*x-3/8/a^4*b^2*c*x^3)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2-3/16*c/a^5/b*\ln(-b*x+a)+3/16*c/a^5/b*\ln(b*x+a)$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{6ab^4cx^3 - 10a^3b^2cx - 4a^5d - 3(b^5cx^4 - 2a^2b^3cx^2 + a^4bc) \log(bx + a) + 3(b^5cx^4 - 2a^2b^3cx^2 + a^4bc) \log(bx - a)}{16(a^5b^6x^4 - 2a^7b^4x^2 + a^9b^2)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/16*(6*a*b^4*c*x^3 - 10*a^3*b^2*c*x - 4*a^5*d - 3*(b^5*c*x^4 - 2*a^2*b^3*c*x^2 + a^4*b*c)*log(b*x + a) + 3*(b^5*c*x^4 - 2*a^2*b^3*c*x^2 + a^4*b*c)*log(b*x - a))/(a^5*b^6*x^4 - 2*a^7*b^4*x^2 + a^9*b^2)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{-2a^4d - 5a^2b^2cx + 3b^4cx^3}{8a^8b^2 - 16a^6b^4x^2 + 8a^4b^6x^4} - \frac{c \left( \frac{3 \log(-\frac{a}{b} + x)}{16} - \frac{3 \log(\frac{a}{b} + x)}{16} \right)}{a^5b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)`

output `-(-2*a**4*d - 5*a**2*b**2*c*x + 3*b**4*c*x**3)/(8*a**8*b**2 - 16*a**6*b**4*x**2 + 8*a**4*b**6*x**4) - c*(3*log(-a/b + x)/16 - 3*log(a/b + x)/16)/(a**5*b)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3b^4cx^3 - 5a^2b^2cx - 2a^4d}{8(a^4b^6x^4 - 2a^6b^4x^2 + a^8b^2)} + \frac{3c \log(bx + a)}{16a^5b} - \frac{3c \log(bx - a)}{16a^5b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*(3*b^4*c*x^3 - 5*a^2*b^2*c*x - 2*a^4*d)/(a^4*b^6*x^4 - 2*a^6*b^4*x^2 + a^8*b^2) + 3/16*c*log(b*x + a)/(a^5*b) - 3/16*c*log(b*x - a)/(a^5*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{3c \log(|bx + a|)}{16a^5b} - \frac{3c \log(|bx - a|)}{16a^5b} - \frac{3b^4cx^3 - 5a^2b^2cx - 2a^4d}{8(b^2x^2 - a^2)^2a^4b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/16*c*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^5*b) - 3/16*c*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^5*b) - 1/8*(3*b^4*c*x^3 - 5*a^2*b^2*c*x - 2*a^4*d)/((b^2*x^2 - a^2)^2*a^4*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{d}{4b^2} + \frac{5cx}{8a^2} - \frac{3b^2cx^3}{8a^4}}{a^4 - 2a^2b^2x^2 + b^4x^4} + \frac{3c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{8a^5b}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x)`output `(d/(4*b^2) + (5*c*x)/(8*a^2) - (3*b^2*c*x^3)/(8*a^4))/(a^4 + b^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*x^2) + (3*c*atanh((b*x)/a))/(8*a^5*b)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \log(-bx - a) a^4bc - 6 \log(-bx - a) a^2b^3cx^2 + 3 \log(-bx - a) b^5cx^4 - 3 \log(-bx + a) a^4bc + 6 \log(-bx + a) a^2b^3cx^2 - 3 \log(-bx + a) b^5cx^4}{16a^5b^2(b^4x^4 - 2a^2b^2x^2 + a^4)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`output `(3*log(-a-b*x)*a**4*b*c - 6*log(-a-b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**2 + 3*log(-a-b*x)*b**5*c*x**4 - 3*log(a-b*x)*a**4*b*c + 6*log(a-b*x)*a**2*b**3*c*x**2 - 3*log(a-b*x)*b**5*c*x**4 + 4*a**5*d + 10*a**3*b**2*c*x - 6*a*b**4*c*x**3)/(16*a**5*b**2*(a**4 - 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 + b**4*x**4))`

**3.48**  $\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	482
Mathematica [A] (verified)	482
Rubi [A] (verified)	483
Maple [A] (verified)	484
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	485
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	485
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	486
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	486
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	486
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	487

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = \frac{x}{4a^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} + \frac{3x}{8a^4 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{8a^5 b}$$

output `1/4*x/a^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2+3/8*x/a^4/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)+3/8*arctanh(b*x/a)/a^5/b`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = \frac{x}{4a^2 (-a^2 + b^2 x^2)^2} - \frac{3x}{8a^4 (-a^2 + b^2 x^2)} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{8a^5 b}$$

input `Integrate[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^(-3), x]`

output `x/(4*a^2*(-a^2 + b^2*x^2)^2) - (3*x)/(8*a^4*(-a^2 + b^2*x^2)) + (3*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/(8*a^5*b)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.214$ , Rules used = {215, 215, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{x}{4a^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^2} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{x}{2a^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{x}{4a^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{x}{4a^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^2} + \frac{3 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{2a^3 b} + \frac{x}{2a^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)} \right)}{4a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^(-3),x]`

output `x/(4*a^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^2) + (3*(x/(2*a^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)) + ArcTanh[(b*x)/a]/(2*a^3*b)))/(4*a^2)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 215  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot p + 3) / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4\*p] || IntegerQ[6\*p])

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
norman	$\frac{\frac{5x}{8a^2} - \frac{3b^2x^3}{8a^4}}{(-b^2x^2+a^2)^2} - \frac{3 \ln(-bx+a)}{16a^5b} + \frac{3 \ln(bx+a)}{16a^5b}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{5x}{8a^2} - \frac{3b^2x^3}{8a^4}}{(-b^2x^2+a^2)^2} - \frac{3 \ln(-bx+a)}{16a^5b} + \frac{3 \ln(bx+a)}{16a^5b}$
default	$\frac{3 \ln(bx+a)}{16a^5b} - \frac{3}{16a^4b(bx+a)} - \frac{1}{16a^3b(bx+a)^2} - \frac{3 \ln(-bx+a)}{16a^5b} + \frac{3}{16a^4b(-bx+a)} + \frac{1}{16ba^3(-bx+a)^2}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3 \ln(bx-a)x^4b^7 - 3 \ln(bx+a)x^4b^7 - 6 \ln(bx-a)x^2a^2b^5 + 6 \ln(bx+a)x^2a^2b^5 + 6x^3ab^6 + 3 \ln(bx-a)a^4b^3 - 3 \ln(bx+a)a^4b^3 - 10a^5b^4(b^2x^2-a^2)^2}{16a^5b^4(b^2x^2-a^2)^2}$

input `int(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $(5/8/a^2*x-3/8*b^2/a^4*x^3)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^2-3/16/a^5/b*\ln(-b*x+a)+3/16/a^5/b*\ln(b*x+a)$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = \frac{6ab^3x^3 - 10a^3bx - 3(b^4x^4 - 2a^2b^2x^2 + a^4)\log(bx + a) + 3(b^4x^4 - 2a^2b^2x^2 + a^4)\log(bx - a)}{16(a^5b^5x^4 - 2a^7b^3x^2 + a^9b)}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/16*(6*a*b^3*x^3 - 10*a^3*b*x - 3*(b^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*x^2 + a^4)*log(b*x + a) + 3*(b^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*x^2 + a^4)*log(b*x - a))/(a^5*b^5*x^4 - 2*a^7*b^3*x^2 + a^9*b)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{-5a^2x + 3b^2x^3}{8a^8 - 16a^6b^2x^2 + 8a^4b^4x^4} - \frac{\frac{3\log(-\frac{a}{b}+x)}{16} - \frac{3\log(\frac{a}{b}+x)}{16}}{a^5b}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)`output `-(-5*a**2*x + 3*b**2*x**3)/(8*a**8 - 16*a**6*b**2*x**2 + 8*a**4*b**4*x**4) - (3*log(-a/b + x)/16 - 3*log(a/b + x)/16)/(a**5*b)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3b^2 x^3 - 5a^2 x}{8(a^4 b^4 x^4 - 2a^6 b^2 x^2 + a^8)} + \frac{3 \log(bx + a)}{16 a^5 b} - \frac{3 \log(bx - a)}{16 a^5 b}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*(3*b^2*x^3 - 5*a^2*x)/(a^4*b^4*x^4 - 2*a^6*b^2*x^2 + a^8) + 3/16*log(b*x + a)/(a^5*b) - 3/16*log(b*x - a)/(a^5*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3b^2 x^3 - 5a^2 x}{8(b^2 x^2 - a^2)^2 a^4} + \frac{3 \log(|bx + a|)}{16 a^5 b} - \frac{3 \log(|bx - a|)}{16 a^5 b}$$

input `integrate(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/8*(3*b^2*x^3 - 5*a^2*x)/((b^2*x^2 - a^2)^2*a^4) + 3/16*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^5*b) - 3/16*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^5*b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{5x}{8a^2} - \frac{3b^2 x^3}{8a^4}}{a^4 - 2a^2 b^2 x^2 + b^4 x^4} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right)}{8 a^5 b}$$

input `int(1/(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3,x)`output `((5*x)/(8*a^2) - (3*b^2*x^3)/(8*a^4))/(a^4 + b^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*x^2) + (3*atanh((b*x)/a))/(8*a^5*b)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \log(-bx - a) a^4 - 6 \log(-bx - a) a^2 b^2 x^2 + 3 \log(-bx - a) b^4 x^4 - 3 \log(-bx + a) a^4 + 6 \log(-bx + a) a^2 b^2 x^2 - 3 \log(-bx + a) b^4 x^4}{16 a^5 b (b^4 x^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 x^2 + a^4)}$$

input `int(1/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`output `(3*log(-a-b*x)*a**4 - 6*log(-a-b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 3*log(-a-b*x)*b**4*x**4 - 3*log(a-b*x)*a**4 + 6*log(a-b*x)*a**2*b**2*x**2 - 3*log(a-b*x)*b**4*x**4 + 10*a**3*b*x - 6*a*b**3*x**3)/(16*a**5*b*(a**4 - 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 + b**4*x**4))`

**3.49**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 236

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{16a^3(bc+ad)(a-bx)^2} + \frac{3bc+5ad}{16a^4(bc+ad)^2(a-bx)} - \frac{1}{16a^3(bc-ad)(a+bx)^2} - \frac{3bc-5ad}{16a^4(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)} - \frac{(3b^2c^2+9abcd+8a^2d^2)\log(a-bx)}{16a^5(bc+ad)^3} + \frac{(3b^2c^2-9abcd+8a^2d^2)\log(a+bx)}{16a^5(bc-ad)^3} - \frac{d^5\log(c+dx)}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^3}$$

output

```
1/16/a^3/(a*d+b*c)/(-b*x+a)^2+1/16*(5*a*d+3*b*c)/a^4/(a*d+b*c)^2/(-b*x+a)-
1/16/a^3/(-a*d+b*c)/(b*x+a)^2-1/16*(-5*a*d+3*b*c)/a^4/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(b*x+a)
-1/16*(8*a^2*d^2+9*a*b*c*d+3*b^2*c^2)*ln(-b*x+a)/a^5/(a*d+b*c)^3+1/16*(8*a
^2*d^2-9*a*b*c*d+3*b^2*c^2)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5/(-a*d+b*c)^3-d^5*ln(d*x+c)/(-a^2
*d^2+b^2*c^2)^3
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2(a^2d - b^2cx)}{(a^3 - ab^2x^2)^2} + \frac{(-b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)(4a^4d^3 + 3b^4c^3x - 7a^2b^2cd^2x)}{a^6 - a^4b^2x^2} - \frac{b(3b^4c^5 - 10a^2b^2c^3d^2 + 15a^4cd^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{a}\right) + 8d^5 \log}{8(-b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)^3}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3), x]`

output `((2*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*(a^2*d - b^2*c*x))/(a^3 - a*b^2*x^2)^2 + ((-(b^2*c^2) + a^2*d^2)*(4*a^4*d^3 + 3*b^4*c^3*x - 7*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*x))/(a^6 - a^4*b^2*x^2) - (b*(3*b^4*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^4*c*d^4)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/a^5 + 8*d^5*Log[c + d*x] - 4*d^5*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2])/(8*(-b^2*c^2) + a^2*d^2)^3`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( -\frac{a^6d^6}{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^3(c + dx)} + \frac{ab(3b^2c^2 + 9abdc + 8a^2d^2)}{16(bc + ad)^3(a - bx)} + \frac{ab(3b^2c^2 - 9abdc + 8a^2d^2)}{16(bc - ad)^3(a + bx)} + \frac{a^2b(3bc + 5ad)}{16(bc + ad)^2(a - bx)^2} + \frac{a^2b(3bc - 5ad)}{16(bc - ad)^2(a + bx)^2} + \frac{8d^5 \log}{8(bc^2 - a^2d^2)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^3}{16(a-bx)^2(ad+bc)} - \frac{a^3}{16(a+bx)^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{a(8a^2d^2+9abcd+3b^2c^2)\log(a-bx)}{16(ad+bc)^3} + \frac{a(8a^2d^2-9abcd+3b^2c^2)\log(a+bx)}{16(bc-ad)^3} + \frac{a^2(5ad+3bc)}{16(a-bx)(ad+bc)^2}$$

$$a^6$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3),x]`

output  $(a^3/(16*(b*c + a*d)*(a - b*x)^2) + (a^2*(3*b*c + 5*a*d))/(16*(b*c + a*d)^2*(a - b*x)) - a^3/(16*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^2) - (a^2*(3*b*c - 5*a*d))/(16*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)) - (a*(3*b^2*c^2 + 9*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*\text{Log}[a - b*x])/(16*(b*c + a*d)^3) + (a*(3*b^2*c^2 - 9*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*\text{Log}[a + b*x])/(16*(b*c - a*d)^3) - (a^6*d^5*\text{Log}[c + d*x])/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^3)/a^6$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{1}{16(ad-bc)a^3(bx+a)^2} + \frac{5ad-3bc}{16(ad-bc)^2a^4(bx+a)} - \frac{(8a^2d^2-9abcd+3b^2c^2)\ln(bx+a)}{16(ad-bc)^3a^5} + \frac{d^5\ln(dx+c)}{(ad-bc)^3(ad+bc)^3} + \frac{a^2(5ad+3bc)}{16a^3(ad+bc)^2}$
norman	$\frac{3b^4d^3a^2-b^6c^2d}{4b^4(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)} - \frac{b^2d^3x^2}{2(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)} - \frac{cb^2(9a^2d^2-5b^2c^2)x}{8a^2(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)} + \frac{cb^4(7a^2d^2-3b^2c^2)x^3}{8(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)a^4} + \frac{a^6d^6}{(-b^2x^2+a^2)^2}$
risch	$\frac{cb^4(7a^2d^2-3b^2c^2)x^3}{8(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)a^4} - \frac{b^2d^3x^2}{2(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)} - \frac{cb^2(9a^2d^2-5b^2c^2)x}{8a^2(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+c^4b^4)} + \frac{d(3a^2d^2-b^2c^2)}{4a^4d^4-8a^2b^2c^2d^2+4c^4b^4} + \frac{a^6d^6-3a^6}{(-b^2x^2+a^2)^2}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{10\ln(bx-a)x^4a^2b^{11}c^3d^2+15\ln(bx+a)x^4a^4b^9cd^4-10\ln(bx+a)x^4a^2b^{11}c^3d^2+30\ln(bx-a)x^2a^6b^7cd^4-20\ln(bx-a)x^2a^4b^9}{(-b^2x^2+a^2)^2}$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{16} \frac{1}{(a*d-b*c)} \frac{1}{a^3} \frac{1}{(b*x+a)^2} + \frac{1}{16} \frac{(5*a*d-3*b*c)}{(a*d-b*c)^2} \frac{1}{a^4} \frac{1}{(b*x+a)} - \frac{1}{16} \frac{(8*a^2*d^2-9*a*b*c*d+3*b^2*c^2)}{(a*d-b*c)^3} \frac{1}{a^5} \ln(b*x+a) + \frac{d^5}{(a*d-b*c)^3} \frac{1}{(a*d+b*c)^3} \ln(d*x+c) + \frac{1}{16} \frac{1}{a^3} \frac{1}{(a*d+b*c)} \frac{1}{(-b*x+a)^2} + \frac{1}{16} \frac{(5*a*d+3*b*c)}{a^4} \frac{1}{(a*d+b*c)^2} \frac{1}{(-b*x+a)} - \frac{1}{16} \frac{(8*a^2*d^2+9*a*b*c*d+3*b^2*c^2)}{a^5} \ln(-b*x+a) \frac{1}{(a*d+b*c)^3}$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 663 vs.  $2(226) = 452$ .

Time = 8.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{4a^5b^4c^4d - 16a^7b^2c^2d^3 + 12a^9d^5 + 2(3ab^8c^5 - 10a^3b^6c^3d^2 + 7a^5b^4cd^4)x^3 + 8(a^5b^4c^2d^3 - a^7b^2d^5)x^2}{4a^5b^4c^4d - 16a^7b^2c^2d^3 + 12a^9d^5 + 2(3ab^8c^5 - 10a^3b^6c^3d^2 + 7a^5b^4cd^4)x^3 + 8(a^5b^4c^2d^3 - a^7b^2d^5)x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{16} \frac{(4*a^5*b^4*c^4*d - 16*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 12*a^9*d^5 + 2*(3*a*b^8*c^5 - 10*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 7*a^5*b^4*c^4*d^4)*x^3 + 8*(a^5*b^4*c^2*d^3 - a^7*b^2*d^5)*x^2 - 2*(5*a^3*b^6*c^5 - 14*a^5*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 9*a^7*b^2*c*d^4)*x - (3*a^4*b^5*c^5 - 10*a^6*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^8*b*c*d^4 + 8*a^9*d^5 + (3*b^9*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^4*b^5*c*d^4 + 8*a^5*b^4*d^5)*x^4 - 2*(3*a^2*b^7*c^5 - 10*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^6*b^3*c*d^4 + 8*a^7*b^2*d^5)*x^2)*\log(b*x + a) + (3*a^4*b^5*c^5 - 10*a^6*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^8*b*c*d^4 - 8*a^9*d^5 + (3*b^9*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^4*b^5*c*d^4 - 8*a^5*b^4*d^5)*x^4 - 2*(3*a^2*b^7*c^5 - 10*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^6*b^3*c*d^4 - 8*a^7*b^2*d^5)*x^2)*\log(b*x - a) + 16*(a^5*b^4*d^5*x^4 - 2*a^7*b^2*d^5*x^2 + a^9*d^5)*\log(d*x + c)}{(a^9*b^6*c^6 - 3*a^11*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^13*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^15*d^6 + (a^5*b^10*c^6 - 3*a^7*b^8*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^9*b^6*c^2*d^4 - a^11*b^4*d^6)*x^4 - 2*(a^7*b^8*c^6 - 3*a^9*b^6*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^11*b^4*c^2*d^4 - a^13*b^2*d^6)*x^2)} \end{aligned}$$



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{d^5 \log(dx + c)}{b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^4d^2 + 3a^4b^2c^2d^4 - a^6d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{(3b^2c^2 - 9abcd + 8a^2d^2) \log(bx + a)}{16(a^5b^3c^3 - 3a^6b^2c^2d + 3a^7bcd^2 - a^8d^3)}$$

$$- \frac{(3b^2c^2 + 9abcd + 8a^2d^2) \log(bx - a)}{16(a^5b^3c^3 + 3a^6b^2c^2d + 3a^7bcd^2 + a^8d^3)}$$

$$- \frac{4a^4b^2d^3x^2 + 2a^4b^2c^2d - 6a^6d^3 + (3b^6c^3 - 7a^2b^4cd^2)x^3 - (5a^2b^4c^3 - 9a^4b^2cd^2)x}{8(a^8b^4c^4 - 2a^{10}b^2c^2d^2 + a^{12}d^4 + (a^4b^8c^4 - 2a^6b^6c^2d^2 + a^8b^4d^4)x^4 - 2(a^6b^6c^4 - 2a^8b^4c^2d^2 + a^{10}b^2d^4)}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-d^5*log(d*x + c)/(b^6*c^6 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^6*d^6) + 1/16*(3*b^2*c^2 - 9*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*log(b*x + a)/(a^5*b^3*c^3 - 3*a^6*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^7*b*c*d^2 - a^8*d^3) - 1/16*(3*b^2*c^2 + 9*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*log(b*x - a)/(a^5*b^3*c^3 + 3*a^6*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^7*b*c*d^2 + a^8*d^3) - 1/8*(4*a^4*b^2*d^3*x^2 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d - 6*a^6*d^3 + (3*b^6*c^3 - 7*a^2*b^4*c*d^2)*x^3 - (5*a^2*b^4*c^3 - 9*a^4*b^2*c*d^2)*x)/(a^8*b^4*c^4 - 2*a^10*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^12*d^4 + (a^4*b^8*c^4 - 2*a^6*b^6*c^2*d^2 + a^8*b^4*d^4)*x^4 - 2*(a^6*b^6*c^4 - 2*a^8*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^10*b^2*d^4)*x^2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d^6 \log(|dx+c|)}{b^6c^6d - 3a^2b^4c^4d^3 + 3a^4b^2c^2d^5 - a^6d^7} + \frac{(3b^3c^2 - 9ab^2cd + 8a^2bd^2) \log(|bx+a|)}{16(a^5b^4c^3 - 3a^6b^3c^2d + 3a^7b^2cd^2 - a^8bd^3)}$$

$$- \frac{(3b^3c^2 + 9ab^2cd + 8a^2bd^2) \log(|bx-a|)}{16(a^5b^4c^3 + 3a^6b^3c^2d + 3a^7b^2cd^2 + a^8bd^3)}$$

$$- \frac{2a^4b^4c^4d - 8a^6b^2c^2d^3 + 6a^8d^5 + (3b^8c^5 - 10a^2b^6c^3d^2 + 7a^4b^4cd^4)x^3 + 4(a^4b^4c^2d^3 - a^6b^2d^5)x^2 - (5a^4b^4c^3d^2 + 9a^6b^2c^2d^4)x}{8(bc+ad)^3(bc-ad)^3(bx+a)^2(bx-a)^2a^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output

```
-d^6*log(abs(d*x + c))/(b^6*c^6*d - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^5
- a^6*d^7) + 1/16*(3*b^3*c^2 - 9*a*b^2*c*d + 8*a^2*b*d^2)*log(abs(b*x + a
))/(a^5*b^4*c^3 - 3*a^6*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^7*b^2*c*d^2 - a^8*b*d^3) - 1/16*(3*
b^3*c^2 + 9*a*b^2*c*d + 8*a^2*b*d^2)*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^5*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^
6*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^7*b^2*c*d^2 + a^8*b*d^3) - 1/8*(2*a^4*b^4*c^4*d - 8*a^6*
b^2*c^2*d^3 + 6*a^8*d^5 + (3*b^8*c^5 - 10*a^2*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 7*a^4*b^4*c*d^
4)*x^3 + 4*(a^4*b^4*c^2*d^3 - a^6*b^2*d^5)*x^2 - (5*a^2*b^6*c^5 - 14*a^4*b
^4*c^3*d^2 + 9*a^6*b^2*c*d^4)*x)/((b*c + a*d)^3*(b*c - a*d)^3*(b*x + a)^2*
(b*x - a)^2*a^4)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2d^3-b^2c^2d}{4(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+b^4c^4)} - \frac{x^3(3b^6c^3-7a^2b^4cd^2)}{8a^4(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+b^4c^4)} - \frac{b^2d^3x^2}{2(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+b^4c^4)} + \frac{x(5b^4c^3-9a^2b^2cd^2)}{8a^2(a^4d^4-2a^2b^2c^2d^2+b^4c^4)}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(a+bx)(8a^2d^2-9abcd+3b^2c^2)}{16a^8d^3-48a^7bcd^2+48a^6b^2c^2d-16a^5b^3c^3}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(a-bx)(8a^2d^2+9abcd+3b^2c^2)}{16a^8d^3+48a^7bcd^2+48a^6b^2c^2d+16a^5b^3c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{d^5 \ln(c+dx)}{a^6d^6-3a^4b^2c^2d^4+3a^2b^4c^4d^2-b^6c^6}$$

input `int(1/((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3*(c + d*x)),x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((3*a^2*d^3 - b^2*c^2*d)/(4*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)) - (x^3*(3*b^6*c^3 - 7*a^2*b^4*c*d^2))/(8*a^4*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)) - (b^2*d^3*x^2)/(2*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)) + (x*(5*b^4*c^3 - 9*a^2*b^2*c*d^2))/(8*a^2*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2))) / (a^4 + b^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*x^2) - (\log(a + b*x)*(8*a^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*c^2 - 9*a*b*c*d))/(16*a^8*d^3 - 16*a^5*b^3*c^3 + 48*a^6*b^2*c^2*d - 48*a^7*b*c*d^2) - (\log(a - b*x)*(8*a^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*c^2 + 9*a*b*c*d))/(16*a^8*d^3 + 16*a^5*b^3*c^3 + 48*a^6*b^2*c^2*d + 48*a^7*b*c*d^2) + (d^5*\log(c + d*x))/(a^6*d^6 - b^6*c^6 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4) \end{aligned}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 890, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 8*log( - a - b*x)*a**9*d**5 - 15*log( - a - b*x)*a**8*b*c*d**4 + 16*log( - a - b*x)*a**7*b**2*d**5*x**2 + 10*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*b**3*c**3*d**2 + 30*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*b**3*c*d**4*x**2 - 8*log( - a - b*x)*a**5*b**4*d**5*x**4 - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**5*c**5 - 20*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**5*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 15*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**5*c*d**4*x**4 + 6*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**7*c**5*x**2 + 10*log( - a - b*x)*a**2*b**7*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 3*log( - a - b*x)*b**9*c**5*x**4 - 8*log(a - b*x)*a**9*d**5 + 15*log(a - b*x)*a**8*b*c*d**4 + 16*log(a - b*x)*a**7*b**2*d**5*x**2 - 10*log(a - b*x)*a**6*b**3*c**3*d**2 - 30*log(a - b*x)*a**6*b**3*c*d**4*x**2 - 8*log(a - b*x)*a**5*b**4*d**5*x**4 + 3*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**5*c**5 + 20*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**5*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 15*log(a - b*x)*a**4*b**5*c*d**4*x**4 - 6*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**7*c**5*x**2 - 10*log(a - b*x)*a**2*b**7*c**3*d**2*x**4 + 3*log(a - b*x)*b**9*c**5*x**4 + 16*log(c + d*x)*a**9*d**5 - 32*log(c + d*x)*a**7*b**2*d**5*x**2 + 16*log(c + d*x)*a**5*b**4*d**5*x**4 + 8*a**9*d**5 - 12*a**7*b**2*c**2*d**3 - 18*a**7*b**2*c*d**4*x + 4*a**5*b**4*c**4*d + 28*a**5*b**4*c**3*d**2*x + 14*a**5*b**4*c*d**4*x**3 - 4*a**5*b**4*d**5*x**4 - 10*a**3*b**6*c**5*x - 20*a**3*b**6*c**3*d**2*x**3 + 4*a**3*b**6*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 6*a*b**8*c**5*x**3)/(16*a**5*(a**10*d**6 - 3*a**8*b**2*c**2*d**4 - 2*a**8*b**2*d**6*x**2 + 3*a**6*b**4*c**4*d**2 + 6*a**6*b**4*c**2*d**4*x**2 + a**6*b**4*d**6*x**4 - a**4*b**6*c**6 - 6*a**4*b**6*c**4*d**2*x**2 - ...
```

### 3.50 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	496
Mathematica [A] (verified)	497
Rubi [A] (verified)	497
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	504

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 273

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{b}{16a^3(bc+ad)^2(a-bx)^2} + \frac{b(3bc+7ad)}{16a^4(bc+ad)^3(a-bx)}$$

$$- \frac{b}{16a^3(bc-ad)^2(a+bx)^2}$$

$$- \frac{b(3bc-7ad)}{16a^4(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)} + \frac{d^5}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^3(c+dx)}$$

$$- \frac{3b(b^2c^2+4abcd+5a^2d^2)\log(a-bx)}{16a^5(bc+ad)^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3b(b^2c^2-4abcd+5a^2d^2)\log(a+bx)}{16a^5(bc-ad)^4}$$

$$- \frac{6b^2cd^5\log(c+dx)}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^4}$$

output

```
1/16*b/a^3/(a*d+b*c)^2/(-b*x+a)^2+1/16*b*(7*a*d+3*b*c)/a^4/(a*d+b*c)^3/(-b
*x+a)-1/16*b/a^3/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(b*x+a)^2-1/16*b*(-7*a*d+3*b*c)/a^4/(-a*d+b*
c)^3/(b*x+a)+d^5/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)-3/16*b*(5*a^2*d^2+4*a*b*c*d+
b^2*c^2)*ln(-b*x+a)/a^5/(a*d+b*c)^4+3/16*b*(5*a^2*d^2-4*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*l
n(b*x+a)/a^5/(-a*d+b*c)^4-6*b^2*c*d^5*ln(d*x+c)/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^4
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{8b^2c^2d^5 - 8a^2d^7}{c+dx} + \frac{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)(3b^6c^4x - 12a^2b^4c^2d^2x + a^4b^2d^3(16c - 7dx))}{a^6 - a^4b^2x^2} + \frac{2(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^2(b^4c^2x + a^2b^2d(-2c + dx))}{(a^3 - ab^2x^2)^2} + \frac{3b(b^6c^6 - 5a^2b^4d^6)}{8(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^4}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3), x]
```

output

```
((8*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 8*a^2*d^7)/(c + d*x) + ((b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*(3*b^6*c^4*x - 12*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^2*x + a^4*b^2*d^3*(16*c - 7*d*x)))/(a^6 - a^4*b^2*x^2) + (2*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*(b^4*c^2*x + a^2*b^2*d*(-2*c + d*x)))/(a^3 - a*b^2*x^2)^2 + (3*b*(b^6*c^6 - 5*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 15*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a^6*d^6)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/a^5 - 48*b^2*c*d^5*Log[c + d*x] + 24*b^2*c*d^5*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2])/(8*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^4)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)^3 (c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( -\frac{6a^6b^2cd^6}{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^4(c+dx)} - \frac{a^6d^6}{(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)^3(c+dx)^2} + \frac{3ab^2(b^2c^2 + 4abdc + 5a^2d^2)}{16(bc+ad)^4(a-bx)} + \frac{3ab^2(b^2c^2 - 4abdc + 5a^2d^2)}{16(bc-ad)^4(a+bx)} + \frac{a^2b^2(3bc+7ad)}{16(bc+ad)^3(a-bx)^2} + \frac{a^2b^2(3bc-7ad)}{16(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{a^3b}{16(a-bx)^2(ad+bc)^2} - \frac{a^3b}{16(a+bx)^2(bc-ad)^2} - \frac{3ab(5a^2d^2+4abcd+b^2c^2)\log(a-bx)}{16(ad+bc)^4} + \frac{3ab(5a^2d^2-4abcd+b^2c^2)\log(a+bx)}{16(bc-ad)^4} + \frac{a^2b(7ad+3b)}{16(a-bx)(ad+bc)}}{a^6}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3),x]`

output `((a^3*b)/(16*(b*c + a*d)^2*(a - b*x)^2) + (a^2*b*(3*b*c + 7*a*d))/(16*(b*c + a*d)^3*(a - b*x)) - (a^3*b)/(16*(b*c - a*d)^2*(a + b*x)^2) - (a^2*b*(3*b*c - 7*a*d))/(16*(b*c - a*d)^3*(a + b*x)) + (a^6*d^5)/((b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^3*(c + d*x)) - (3*a*b*(b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + 5*a^2*d^2)*Log[a - b*x])/(16*(b*c + a*d)^4) + (3*a*b*(b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d + 5*a^2*d^2)*Log[a + b*x])/(16*(b*c - a*d)^4) - (6*a^6*b^2*c*d^5*Log[c + d*x])/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^4)/a^6`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 477 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && NiceSqrtQ[-b/a] && !FractionalPowerFactorQ[Rt[-b/a, 2]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{b}{16(ad-bc)^2 a^3 (bx+a)^2} - \frac{b(7ad-3bc)}{16(ad-bc)^3 a^4 (bx+a)} + \frac{3b(5a^2 d^2 - 4abcd + b^2 c^2) \ln(bx+a)}{16(ad-bc)^4 a^5} - \frac{d^5}{(ad-bc)^3 (ad+bc)^3 (dx+c)}$
norman	$\frac{7b^4 d^3 a^2 - b^6 c^2 d}{8(a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4) b^4} - \frac{(5b^4 d^3 a^2 + b^6 c^2 d)x^2}{8a^2 b^2 (a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4)} - \frac{(30a^6 b^4 d^6 + 15a^4 b^6 c^2 d^4 + 6a^2 b^8 c^4 d^2 - 3b^{10} c^6)x^3}{8c b^2 a^4 (a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6)} + \frac{d(15a^4 b^4 d^5 + (dx+c)(-b^2 x^2 + a^2)^2)}{8c a^4 (a^6 d^6 - 3a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3a^2 b^4 c^4 d^2 - b^6 c^6)}$
risch	$-\frac{3b^4 d(5a^4 d^4 + 4a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - c^4 b^4)x^4}{8(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)(a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4)a^4} + \frac{3(3a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)b^4 c x^3}{8(a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4)a^4} + \frac{d b^2 (25a^4 d^4 + 28a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 5c^4 b^4)x^2}{8(a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2)(a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4)a^2} - \frac{b^2 c}{8a^2 (a^4 d^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + c^4 b^4)}$
parallelrisc	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/16*b/(a*d-b*c)^2/a^3/(b*x+a)^2-1/16*b*(7*a*d-3*b*c)/(a*d-b*c)^3/a^4/(b*x+a)+3/16*b*(5*a^2*d^2-4*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/(a*d-b*c)^4/a^5*ln(b*x+a)-d^5/(a*d-b*c)^3/(a*d+b*c)^3/(d*x+c)-6*d^5*b^2*c/(a*d-b*c)^4/(a*d+b*c)^4*ln(d*x+c)+1/16*b/a^3/(a*d+b*c)^2/(-b*x+a)^2+1/16*b*(7*a*d+3*b*c)/a^4/(a*d+b*c)^3/(-b*x+a)-3/16*b*(5*a^2*d^2+4*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*ln(-b*x+a)/a^5/(a*d+b*c)^4
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1573 vs. 2(263) = 526.

Time = 25.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1573, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```

-1/16*(8*a^5*b^6*c^6*d - 48*a^7*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 24*a^9*b^2*c^2*d^5 + 16*a^11
*d^7 + 6*(a*b^10*c^6*d - 5*a^3*b^8*c^4*d^3 - a^5*b^6*c^2*d^5 + 5*a^7*b^4*d
^7)*x^4 + 6*(a*b^10*c^7 - 5*a^3*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 7*a^5*b^6*c^3*d^4 - 3*a^7*b^
4*c*d^6)*x^3 - 2*(5*a^3*b^8*c^6*d - 33*a^5*b^6*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^7*b^4*c^2*d^5
+ 25*a^9*b^2*d^7)*x^2 - 2*(5*a^3*b^8*c^7 - 21*a^5*b^6*c^5*d^2 + 27*a^7*b^
4*c^3*d^4 - 11*a^9*b^2*c*d^6)*x - 3*(a^4*b^7*c^7 - 5*a^6*b^5*c^5*d^2 + 15*
a^8*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 16*a^9*b^2*c^2*d^5 + 5*a^10*b*c*d^6 + (b^11*c^6*d - 5*a^
2*b^9*c^4*d^3 + 15*a^4*b^7*c^2*d^5 + 16*a^5*b^6*c*d^6 + 5*a^6*b^5*d^7)*x^5
+ (b^11*c^7 - 5*a^2*b^9*c^5*d^2 + 15*a^4*b^7*c^3*d^4 + 16*a^5*b^6*c^2*d^5
+ 5*a^6*b^5*c*d^6)*x^4 - 2*(a^2*b^9*c^6*d - 5*a^4*b^7*c^4*d^3 + 15*a^6*b^
5*c^2*d^5 + 16*a^7*b^4*c*d^6 + 5*a^8*b^3*d^7)*x^3 - 2*(a^2*b^9*c^7 - 5*a^4
*b^7*c^5*d^2 + 15*a^6*b^5*c^3*d^4 + 16*a^7*b^4*c^2*d^5 + 5*a^8*b^3*c*d^6)*
x^2 + (a^4*b^7*c^6*d - 5*a^6*b^5*c^4*d^3 + 15*a^8*b^3*c^2*d^5 + 16*a^9*b^2
*c*d^6 + 5*a^10*b*d^7)*x)*log(b*x + a) + 3*(a^4*b^7*c^7 - 5*a^6*b^5*c^5*d^
2 + 15*a^8*b^3*c^3*d^4 - 16*a^9*b^2*c^2*d^5 + 5*a^10*b*c*d^6 + (b^11*c^6*d
- 5*a^2*b^9*c^4*d^3 + 15*a^4*b^7*c^2*d^5 - 16*a^5*b^6*c*d^6 + 5*a^6*b^5*d
^7)*x^5 + (b^11*c^7 - 5*a^2*b^9*c^5*d^2 + 15*a^4*b^7*c^3*d^4 - 16*a^5*b^6*
c^2*d^5 + 5*a^6*b^5*c*d^6)*x^4 - 2*(a^2*b^9*c^6*d - 5*a^4*b^7*c^4*d^3 + 15
*a^6*b^5*c^2*d^5 - 16*a^7*b^4*c*d^6 + 5*a^8*b^3*d^7)*x^3 - 2*(a^2*b^9*c^7
- 5*a^4*b^7*c^5*d^2 + 15*a^6*b^5*c^3*d^4 - 16*a^7*b^4*c^2*d^5 + 5*a^8*b...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 776 vs.  $2(263) = 526$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 776, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = -\frac{6 b^2 c d^5 \log(dx+c)}{b^8 c^8 - 4 a^2 b^6 c^6 d^2 + 6 a^4 b^4 c^4 d^4 - 4 a^6 b^2 c^2 d^6 + a^8 d^8}$$

$$+ \frac{3 (b^3 c^2 - 4 a b^2 c d + 5 a^2 b d^2) \log(bx+a)}{16 (a^5 b^4 c^4 - 4 a^6 b^3 c^3 d + 6 a^7 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4 a^8 b c d^3 + a^9 d^4)}$$

$$- \frac{3 (b^3 c^2 + 4 a b^2 c d + 5 a^2 b d^2) \log(bx-a)}{16 (a^5 b^4 c^4 + 4 a^6 b^3 c^3 d + 6 a^7 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 4 a^8 b c d^3 + a^9 d^4)}$$

$$- \frac{4 a^4 b^4 c^4 d - 20 a^6 b^2 c^2 d^3 - 8 a^8 d^5 + 3 (b^8 c^4 d - 4 a^2 b^6 c^2 d^3 - 5 a^4 b^4 c^2 d^5) x^4 + 3 (b^8 c^5 - 4 a^2 b^6 c^3 d^2 + 3 a^4 b^4 c^3 d^4) x^3 - (5 a^2 b^6 c^4 d - 28 a^4 b^4 c^2 d^3 - 25 a^6 b^2 d^5) x^2 - (5 a^2 b^6 c^5 - 16 a^4 b^4 c^3 d^2 + 11 a^6 b^2 c^3 d^4) x}{8 (a^8 b^6 c^7 - 3 a^{10} b^4 c^5 d^2 + 3 a^{12} b^2 c^3 d^4 - a^{14} c d^6 + (a^4 b^{10} c^6 d - 3 a^6 b^8 c^4 d^3 + 3 a^8 b^6 c^2 d^5 - a^{10} b^4 d^7) x^5 + (a^4 b^{10} c^7 - 3 a^6 b^8 c^5 d^2 + 3 a^8 b^6 c^3 d^4 - a^{10} b^4 c^3 d^6) x^4 - 2 (a^6 b^8 c^6 d - 3 a^8 b^6 c^4 d^3 + 3 a^{10} b^4 c^2 d^5 - a^{12} b^2 d^7) x^3 - 2 (a^6 b^8 c^7 - 3 a^8 b^6 c^5 d^2 + 3 a^{10} b^4 c^3 d^4 - a^{12} b^2 c^3 d^6) x^2 + (a^8 b^6 c^6 d - 3 a^{10} b^4 c^4 d^3 + 3 a^{12} b^2 c^2 d^5 - a^{14} d^7) x}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-6*b^2*c*d^5*log(d*x + c)/(b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4
- 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6 + a^8*d^8) + 3/16*(b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c*d + 5*a^2*b*d^
2)*log(b*x + a)/(a^5*b^4*c^4 - 4*a^6*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^8
*b*c*d^3 + a^9*d^4) - 3/16*(b^3*c^2 + 4*a*b^2*c*d + 5*a^2*b*d^2)*log(b*x -
a)/(a^5*b^4*c^4 + 4*a^6*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a^8*b*c*d^3 + a
^9*d^4) - 1/8*(4*a^4*b^4*c^4*d - 20*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 8*a^8*d^5 + 3*(b^8*c
^4*d - 4*a^2*b^6*c^2*d^3 - 5*a^4*b^4*d^5)*x^4 + 3*(b^8*c^5 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^3
*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^4)*x^3 - (5*a^2*b^6*c^4*d - 28*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 25*a
^6*b^2*d^5)*x^2 - (5*a^2*b^6*c^5 - 16*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 11*a^6*b^2*c^3*d^4)*
x)/(a^8*b^6*c^7 - 3*a^10*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^12*b^2*c^3*d^4 - a^14*c*d^6 + (
a^4*b^10*c^6*d - 3*a^6*b^8*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^8*b^6*c^2*d^5 - a^10*b^4*d^7)*x^5
+ (a^4*b^10*c^7 - 3*a^6*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^8*b^6*c^3*d^4 - a^10*b^4*c^3*d^6)
*x^4 - 2*(a^6*b^8*c^6*d - 3*a^8*b^6*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^10*b^4*c^2*d^5 - a^12*b^
2*d^7)*x^3 - 2*(a^6*b^8*c^7 - 3*a^8*b^6*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^10*b^4*c^3*d^4 - a^1
2*b^2*c^3*d^6)*x^2 + (a^8*b^6*c^6*d - 3*a^10*b^4*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^12*b^2*c^2*d
^5 - a^14*d^7)*x)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 714 vs.  $2(263) = 526$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 714, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{d^{11}}{(b^6c^6d^6 - 3a^2b^4c^4d^8 + 3a^4b^2c^2d^{10} - a^6d^{12})(dx+c)} + \frac{3b^2cd^5 \log\left(\left|b^2 - \frac{2b^2c}{dx+c} + \frac{b^2c^2}{(dx+c)^2} - \frac{a^2d^2}{(dx+c)^2}\right|\right)}{b^8c^8 - 4a^2b^6c^6d^2 + 6a^4b^4c^4d^4 - 4a^6b^2c^2d^6 + a^8d^8} - \frac{3(b^8c^6d^2 - 5a^2b^6c^4d^4 + 15a^4b^4c^2d^6 + 5a^6b^2d^8) \log\left(\frac{\left|\frac{2b^2cd - \frac{2b^2c^2d}{dx+c} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{dx+c} - 2d^2|a||b|\right|}{\frac{2b^2cd - \frac{2b^2c^2d}{dx+c} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{dx+c} + 2d^2|a||b|\right|}}{16(a^4b^8c^8 - 4a^6b^6c^6d^2 + 6a^8b^4c^4d^4 - 4a^{10}b^2c^2d^6 + a^{12}d^8)d^2|a||b|}\right)}{3b^{10}c^5d - 14a^2b^8c^3d^3 - 29a^4b^6cd^5 - \frac{9b^{10}c^6d^2 - 41a^2b^8c^4d^4 - 121a^4b^6c^2d^6 - 7a^6b^4d^8}{(dx+c)d} + \frac{9b^{10}c^7d^3 - 45a^2b^8c^5d^5 - 145a^4b^6c^3d^7 + 21a^6b^4c^3d^9}{(dx+c)^2d^2} - 3\left(b^2 - \frac{2b^2c}{dx+c} + \frac{b^2c^2}{(dx+c)^2} - \frac{a^2d^2}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^2(bc+ad)^4(bc-a^2d)^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `d^11/((b^6*c^6*d^6 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^8 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^10 - a^6*d^12)*(d*x + c)) + 3*b^2*c*d^5*log(abs(b^2 - 2*b^2*c/(d*x + c) + b^2*c^2/(d*x + c)^2 - a^2*d^2/(d*x + c)^2))/(b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6 + a^8*d^8) - 3/16*(b^8*c^6*d^2 - 5*a^2*b^6*c^4*d^4 + 15*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^6 + 5*a^6*b^2*d^8)*log(abs(2*b^2*c*d - 2*b^2*c^2*d/(d*x + c) + 2*a^2*d^3/(d*x + c) - 2*d^2*abs(a)*abs(b))/abs(2*b^2*c*d - 2*b^2*c^2*d/(d*x + c) + 2*a^2*d^3/(d*x + c) + 2*d^2*abs(a)*abs(b)))/((a^4*b^8*c^8 - 4*a^6*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^8*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^10*b^2*c^2*d^6 + a^12*d^8)*d^2*abs(a)*abs(b)) - 1/8*(3*b^10*c^5*d - 14*a^2*b^8*c^3*d^3 - 29*a^4*b^6*c*d^5 - (9*b^10*c^6*d^2 - 41*a^2*b^8*c^4*d^4 - 121*a^4*b^6*c^2*d^6 - 7*a^6*b^4*d^8)/((d*x + c)*d) + (9*b^10*c^7*d^3 - 45*a^2*b^8*c^5*d^5 - 145*a^4*b^6*c^3*d^7 + 21*a^6*b^4*c^3*d^9)/((d*x + c)^2*d^2) - 3*(b^10*c^8*d^4 - 6*a^2*b^8*c^6*d^6 - 20*a^4*b^6*c^4*d^8 + 22*a^6*b^4*c^2*d^10 + 3*a^8*b^2*d^12)/(((d*x + c)^3*d^3))/((b^2 - 2*b^2*c/(d*x + c) + b^2*c^2/(d*x + c)^2 - a^2*d^2/(d*x + c)^2)^2*(b*c + a*d)^4*(b*c - a*d)^4*a^4)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 697, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln(a + bx) (15 a^2 b d^2 - 12 a b^2 c d + 3 b^3 c^2)}{16 (a^9 d^4 - 4 a^8 b c d^3 + 6 a^7 b^2 c^2 d^2 - 4 a^6 b^3 c^3 d + a^5 b^4 c^4)}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{2 a^4 d^5 + 5 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^3 - b^4 c^4 d}{2 (a^2 d^2 - b^2 c^2) (a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)} + \frac{3 x^3 (b^6 c^3 - 3 a^2 b^4 c d^2)}{8 a^4 (a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)} - \frac{x (5 b^4 c^3 - 11 a^2 b^2 c d^2)}{8 a^2 (a^4 d^4 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + b^4 c^4)} + \frac{3 x^4 (5 a^4 b^4 d^5 - b^8 c^4 d + 4 a^2 b^6 c^2 d^3)}{8 a^4 (a^6 d^6 - 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 d^4 + b^8 c^6)}}{d a^4 x + c a^4 - 2 d a^2 b^2 x^3 - 2 c a^2 b^2 x^2 + d b^4 x^5 + c b^4 x^4}$$

$$- \frac{\ln(a - bx) (15 a^2 b d^2 + 12 a b^2 c d + 3 b^3 c^2)}{16 a^9 d^4 + 64 a^8 b c d^3 + 96 a^7 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 64 a^6 b^3 c^3 d + 16 a^5 b^4 c^4}$$

$$- \frac{6 b^2 c d^5 \ln(c + dx)}{a^8 d^8 - 4 a^6 b^2 c^2 d^6 + 6 a^4 b^4 c^4 d^4 - 4 a^2 b^6 c^6 d^2 + b^8 c^8}$$

input `int(1/((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3*(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output

```
(log(a + b*x)*(3*b^3*c^2 + 15*a^2*b*d^2 - 12*a*b^2*c*d))/(16*(a^9*d^4 + a^5*b^4*c^4 - 4*a^6*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^8*b*c*d^3)) - ((2*a^4*d^5 - b^4*c^4*d + 5*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3)/(2*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)) + (3*x^3*(b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c*d^2))/(8*a^4*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)) - (x*(5*b^4*c^3 - 11*a^2*b^2*c*d^2))/(8*a^2*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)) + (3*x^4*(5*a^4*b^4*d^5 - b^8*c^4*d + 4*a^2*b^6*c^2*d^3))/(8*a^4*(a^6*d^6 - b^6*c^6 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^4)) - (x^2*(25*a^4*b^2*d^5 - 5*b^6*c^4*d + 28*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^3))/(8*a^2*(a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2)*(a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2)))/(a^4*c + b^4*c*x^4 + b^4*d*x^5 + a^4*d*x - 2*a^2*b^2*c*x^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*d*x^3) - (log(a - b*x)*(3*b^3*c^2 + 15*a^2*b*d^2 + 12*a*b^2*c*d))/(16*a^9*d^4 + 16*a^5*b^4*c^4 + 64*a^6*b^3*c^3*d + 96*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 64*a^8*b*c*d^3) - (6*b^2*c*d^5*log(c + d*x))/(a^8*d^8 + b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2287, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`

output

```
(15*log(- a - b*x)*a**10*b*c**2*d**6 + 15*log(- a - b*x)*a**10*b*c*d**7*x
+ 48*log(- a - b*x)*a**9*b**2*c**3*d**5 + 48*log(- a - b*x)*a**9*b**2*c
**2*d**6*x + 45*log(- a - b*x)*a**8*b**3*c**4*d**4 + 45*log(- a - b*x)*
a**8*b**3*c**3*d**5*x - 30*log(- a - b*x)*a**8*b**3*c**2*d**6*x**2 - 30*log
(- a - b*x)*a**8*b**3*c*d**7*x**3 - 96*log(- a - b*x)*a**7*b**4*c**3*d
**5*x**2 - 96*log(- a - b*x)*a**7*b**4*c**2*d**6*x**3 - 15*log(- a - b*x)
)*a**6*b**5*c**6*d**2 - 15*log(- a - b*x)*a**6*b**5*c**5*d**3*x - 90*log(
- a - b*x)*a**6*b**5*c**4*d**4*x**2 - 90*log(- a - b*x)*a**6*b**5*c**3*d
**5*x**3 + 15*log(- a - b*x)*a**6*b**5*c**2*d**6*x**4 + 15*log(- a - b*x)
)*a**6*b**5*c*d**7*x**5 + 48*log(- a - b*x)*a**5*b**6*c**3*d**5*x**4 + 48
*log(- a - b*x)*a**5*b**6*c**2*d**6*x**5 + 3*log(- a - b*x)*a**4*b**7*c
**8 + 3*log(- a - b*x)*a**4*b**7*c**7*d*x + 30*log(- a - b*x)*a**4*b**7*c
**6*d**2*x**2 + 30*log(- a - b*x)*a**4*b**7*c**5*d**3*x**3 + 45*log(- a
- b*x)*a**4*b**7*c**4*d**4*x**4 + 45*log(- a - b*x)*a**4*b**7*c**3*d**5*x
**5 - 6*log(- a - b*x)*a**2*b**9*c**8*x**2 - 6*log(- a - b*x)*a**2*b**9*c
**7*d*x**3 - 15*log(- a - b*x)*a**2*b**9*c**6*d**2*x**4 - 15*log(- a -
b*x)*a**2*b**9*c**5*d**3*x**5 + 3*log(- a - b*x)*b**11*c**8*x**4 + 3*log(
- a - b*x)*b**11*c**7*d*x**5 - 15*log(a - b*x)*a**10*b*c**2*d**6 - 15*log
(a - b*x)*a**10*b*c*d**7*x + 48*log(a - b*x)*a**9*b**2*c**3*d**5 + 48*log(
a - b*x)*a**9*b**2*c**2*d**6*x - 45*log(a - b*x)*a**8*b**3*c**4*d**4 - ...
```

### 3.51 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	505
Mathematica [A] (verified)	506
Rubi [A] (verified)	506
Maple [A] (verified)	507
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	508
Sympy [F(-1)]	509
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	510
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	511
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	512
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	512

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 335

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \frac{b^2}{16a^3(bc+ad)^3(a-bx)^2} + \frac{3b^2(bc+3ad)}{16a^4(bc+ad)^4(a-bx)}$$

$$- \frac{b^2}{16a^3(bc-ad)^3(a+bx)^2} - \frac{3b^2(bc-3ad)}{16a^4(bc-ad)^4(a+bx)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^3(c+dx)^2}{d^5} + \frac{6b^2cd^5}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^4(c+dx)}$$

$$- \frac{3b^2(b^2c^2+5abcd+8a^2d^2)\log(a-bx)}{16a^5(bc+ad)^5}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^2(b^2c^2-5abcd+8a^2d^2)\log(a+bx)}{16a^5(bc-ad)^5}$$

$$- \frac{3b^2d^5(7b^2c^2+a^2d^2)\log(c+dx)}{(b^2c^2-a^2d^2)^5}$$

output

```
1/16*b^2/a^3/(a*d+b*c)^3/(-b*x+a)^2+3/16*b^2*(3*a*d+b*c)/a^4/(a*d+b*c)^4/(-
-b*x+a)-1/16*b^2/a^3/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(b*x+a)^2-3/16*b^2*(-3*a*d+b*c)/a^4/(-a*
d+b*c)^4/(b*x+a)+1/2*d^5/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)^2+6*b^2*c*d^5/(-a^2*
d^2+b^2*c^2)^4/(d*x+c)-3/16*b^2*(8*a^2*d^2+5*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*ln(-b*x+a)/a
^5/(a*d+b*c)^5+3/16*b^2*(8*a^2*d^2-5*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*ln(b*x+a)/a^5/(-a*d+
b*c)^5-3*b^2*d^5*(a^2*d^2+7*b^2*c^2)*ln(d*x+c)/(-a^2*d^2+b^2*c^2)^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{4d^5 (b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{48b^2 cd^5 (-b^2 c^2 + a^2 d^2)}{c+dx} + \frac{(-b^2 c^2 + a^2 d^2)(8a^6 b^2 d^5 + 3b^8 c^5 x - 18a^2 b^6 c^3 d^2 x + a^4 b^4 cd^3 (40c - 33dx))}{a^6 - a^4 b^2 x^2} + \frac{2(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^2}{a^6 - a^4 b^2 x^2}}$$

input

Integrate[1/((c + d\*x)^3\*(a^2 - b^2\*x^2)^3), x]

output

```
((-4*d^5*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2)/(c + d*x)^2 + (48*b^2*c*d^5*(-(b^2*c^2) + a^2*d^2))/(c + d*x) + ((-(b^2*c^2) + a^2*d^2)*(8*a^6*b^2*d^5 + 3*b^8*c^5*x - 18*a^2*b^6*c^3*d^2*x + a^4*b^4*c*d^3*(40*c - 33*d*x)))/(a^6 - a^4*b^2*x^2) + (2*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*d^2)^2*(a^4*b^2*d^3 - b^6*c^3*x + 3*a^2*b^4*c*d*(c - d*x)))/(a^3 - a*b^2*x^2)^2 - (3*b^3*(b^6*c^7 - 7*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 35*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 35*a^6*c*d^6)*ArcTanh[(b*x)/a])/a^5 + 24*(7*b^4*c^2*d^5 + a^2*b^2*d^7)*Log[c + d*x] - 12*b^2*(7*b^2*c^2*d^5 + a^2*d^7)*Log[a^2 - b^2*x^2])/(8*(-(b^2*c^2) + a^2*d^2)^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {477, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3 (c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 477

$$\int \left( -\frac{3a^6 b^2 (7b^2 c^2 + a^2 d^2) d^6}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^5 (c + dx)} - \frac{6a^6 b^2 c d^6}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^4 (c + dx)^2} - \frac{a^6 d^6}{(b^2 c^2 - a^2 d^2)^3 (c + dx)^3} + \frac{3ab^3 (b^2 c^2 + 5abdc + 8a^2 d^2)}{16(bc + ad)^5 (a - bx)} + \frac{3ab^3 (b^2 c^2 - 5abdc + 8a^2 d^2)}{16(bc - ad)^5 (a + bx)} \right) dx$$

$a^6$





input `int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*b^2/(a*d-b*c)^3/a^3/(b*x+a)^2+3/16*b^2*(3*a*d-b*c)/(a*d-b*c)^4/a^4/(b*x+a)-3/16*b^2*(8*a^2*d^2-5*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/(a*d-b*c)^5/a^5*ln(b*x+a)-1/2*d^5/(a*d-b*c)^3/(a*d+b*c)^3/(d*x+c)^2+6*d^5*b^2*c/(a*d-b*c)^4/(a*d+b*c)^4/(d*x+c)+3*d^5*b^2*(a^2*d^2+7*b^2*c^2)/(a*d-b*c)^5/(a*d+b*c)^5*ln(d*x+c)+1/16*b^2/a^3/(a*d+b*c)^3/(-b*x+a)^2+3/16*b^2*(3*a*d+b*c)/a^4/(a*d+b*c)^4/(-b*x+a)-3/16*b^2*(8*a^2*d^2+5*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*ln(-b*x+a)/a^5/(a*d+b*c)^5`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2519 vs.  $2(323) = 646$ .

Time = 132.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2519, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/16*(12*a^5*b^8*c^8*d - 100*a^7*b^6*c^6*d^3 - 36*a^9*b^4*c^4*d^5 + 132*a
^11*b^2*c^2*d^7 - 8*a^13*d^9 + 6*(a*b^12*c^7*d^2 - 7*a^3*b^10*c^5*d^4 - 21
*a^5*b^8*c^3*d^6 + 27*a^7*b^6*c*d^8)*x^5 + 12*(a*b^12*c^8*d - 7*a^3*b^10*c
^6*d^3 - 7*a^5*b^8*c^4*d^5 + 15*a^7*b^6*c^2*d^7 - 2*a^9*b^4*d^9)*x^4 + 2*(
3*a*b^12*c^9 - 26*a^3*b^10*c^7*d^2 + 84*a^5*b^8*c^5*d^4 + 90*a^7*b^6*c^3*d
^6 - 151*a^9*b^4*c*d^8)*x^3 - 4*(5*a^3*b^10*c^8*d - 42*a^5*b^8*c^6*d^3 - 3
6*a^7*b^6*c^4*d^5 + 82*a^9*b^4*c^2*d^7 - 9*a^11*b^2*d^9)*x^2 - 2*(5*a^3*b
^10*c^9 - 31*a^5*b^8*c^7*d^2 + 75*a^7*b^6*c^5*d^4 + 19*a^9*b^4*c^3*d^6 - 68
*a^11*b^2*c*d^8)*x - 3*(a^4*b^9*c^9 - 7*a^6*b^7*c^7*d^2 + 35*a^8*b^5*c^5*d
^4 + 56*a^9*b^4*c^4*d^5 + 35*a^10*b^3*c^3*d^6 + 8*a^11*b^2*c^2*d^7 + (b^13
*c^7*d^2 - 7*a^2*b^11*c^5*d^4 + 35*a^4*b^9*c^3*d^6 + 56*a^5*b^8*c^2*d^7 +
35*a^6*b^7*c*d^8 + 8*a^7*b^6*d^9)*x^6 + 2*(b^13*c^8*d - 7*a^2*b^11*c^6*d^3
+ 35*a^4*b^9*c^4*d^5 + 56*a^5*b^8*c^3*d^6 + 35*a^6*b^7*c^2*d^7 + 8*a^7*b
^6*c*d^8)*x^5 + (b^13*c^9 - 9*a^2*b^11*c^7*d^2 + 49*a^4*b^9*c^5*d^4 + 56*a
^5*b^8*c^4*d^5 - 35*a^6*b^7*c^3*d^6 - 104*a^7*b^6*c^2*d^7 - 70*a^8*b^5*c*d
^8 - 16*a^9*b^4*d^9)*x^4 - 4*(a^2*b^11*c^8*d - 7*a^4*b^9*c^6*d^3 + 35*a^6*b
^7*c^4*d^5 + 56*a^7*b^6*c^3*d^6 + 35*a^8*b^5*c^2*d^7 + 8*a^9*b^4*c*d^8)*x
^3 - (2*a^2*b^11*c^9 - 15*a^4*b^9*c^7*d^2 + 77*a^6*b^7*c^5*d^4 + 112*a^7*b
^6*c^4*d^5 + 35*a^8*b^5*c^3*d^6 - 40*a^9*b^4*c^2*d^7 - 35*a^10*b^3*c*d^8 -
8*a^11*b^2*d^9)*x^2 + 2*(a^4*b^9*c^8*d - 7*a^6*b^7*c^6*d^3 + 35*a^8*b^5...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a^2-b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**3/(-b**2*x**2+a**2)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1132 vs.  $2(323) = 646$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1132, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
3/16*(b^4*c^2 - 5*a*b^3*c*d + 8*a^2*b^2*d^2)*log(b*x + a)/(a^5*b^5*c^5 - 5
*a^6*b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^7*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^9*b*c*d^4 -
a^10*d^5) - 3/16*(b^4*c^2 + 5*a*b^3*c*d + 8*a^2*b^2*d^2)*log(b*x - a)/(a^
5*b^5*c^5 + 5*a^6*b^4*c^4*d + 10*a^7*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 5*
a^9*b*c*d^4 + a^10*d^5) - 3*(7*b^4*c^2*d^5 + a^2*b^2*d^7)*log(d*x + c)/(b^
10*c^10 - 5*a^2*b^8*c^8*d^2 + 10*a^4*b^6*c^6*d^4 - 10*a^6*b^4*c^4*d^6 + 5*
a^8*b^2*c^2*d^8 - a^10*d^10) - 1/8*(6*a^4*b^6*c^6*d - 44*a^6*b^4*c^4*d^3 -
62*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^5 + 4*a^10*d^7 + 3*(b^10*c^5*d^2 - 6*a^2*b^8*c^3*d^4 - 2
7*a^4*b^6*c*d^6)*x^5 + 6*(b^10*c^6*d - 6*a^2*b^8*c^4*d^3 - 13*a^4*b^6*c^2*
d^5 + 2*a^6*b^4*d^7)*x^4 + (3*b^10*c^7 - 23*a^2*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 61*a^4*b^6*c
^3*d^4 + 151*a^6*b^4*c*d^6)*x^3 - 2*(5*a^2*b^8*c^6*d - 37*a^4*b^6*c^4*d^3
- 73*a^6*b^4*c^2*d^5 + 9*a^8*b^2*d^7)*x^2 - (5*a^2*b^8*c^7 - 26*a^4*b^6*c^
5*d^2 + 49*a^6*b^4*c^3*d^4 + 68*a^8*b^2*c*d^6)*x)/(a^8*b^8*c^10 - 4*a^10*b
^6*c^8*d^2 + 6*a^12*b^4*c^6*d^4 - 4*a^14*b^2*c^4*d^6 + a^16*c^2*d^8 + (a^4
*b^12*c^8*d^2 - 4*a^6*b^10*c^6*d^4 + 6*a^8*b^8*c^4*d^6 - 4*a^10*b^6*c^2*d^
8 + a^12*b^4*d^10)*x^6 + 2*(a^4*b^12*c^9*d - 4*a^6*b^10*c^7*d^3 + 6*a^8*b^
8*c^5*d^5 - 4*a^10*b^6*c^3*d^7 + a^12*b^4*c*d^9)*x^5 + (a^4*b^12*c^10 - 6*
a^6*b^10*c^8*d^2 + 14*a^8*b^8*c^6*d^4 - 16*a^10*b^6*c^4*d^6 + 9*a^12*b^4*c
^2*d^8 - 2*a^14*b^2*d^10)*x^4 - 4*(a^6*b^10*c^9*d - 4*a^8*b^8*c^7*d^3 + 6*
a^10*b^6*c^5*d^5 - 4*a^12*b^4*c^3*d^7 + a^14*b^2*c*d^9)*x^3 - (2*a^6*b^...
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 757 vs.  $2(323) = 646$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 757, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(b^5 c^2 - 5ab^4 cd + 8a^2 b^3 d^2) \log(|bx + a|)}{16(a^5 b^6 c^5 - 5a^6 b^5 c^4 d + 10a^7 b^4 c^3 d^2 - 10a^8 b^3 c^2 d^3 + 5a^9 b^2 c d^4 - a^{10} b d^5)}$$

$$- \frac{3(b^5 c^2 + 5ab^4 cd + 8a^2 b^3 d^2) \log(|bx - a|)}{16(a^5 b^6 c^5 + 5a^6 b^5 c^4 d + 10a^7 b^4 c^3 d^2 + 10a^8 b^3 c^2 d^3 + 5a^9 b^2 c d^4 + a^{10} b d^5)}$$

$$- \frac{3(7b^4 c^2 d^6 + a^2 b^2 d^8) \log(|dx + c|)}{b^{10} c^{10} d - 5a^2 b^8 c^8 d^3 + 10a^4 b^6 c^6 d^5 - 10a^6 b^4 c^4 d^7 + 5a^8 b^2 c^2 d^9 - a^{10} d^{11}}$$

$$- \frac{3b^{10} c^5 d^2 x^5 - 18a^2 b^8 c^3 d^4 x^5 - 81a^4 b^6 c d^6 x^5 + 6b^{10} c^6 d x^4 - 36a^2 b^8 c^4 d^3 x^4 - 78a^4 b^6 c^2 d^5 x^4 + 12a^6 b^4 d^7 x^4}{3b^{10} c^5 d^2 x^5 - 18a^2 b^8 c^3 d^4 x^5 - 81a^4 b^6 c d^6 x^5 + 6b^{10} c^6 d x^4 - 36a^2 b^8 c^4 d^3 x^4 - 78a^4 b^6 c^2 d^5 x^4 + 12a^6 b^4 d^7 x^4 + 3b^{10} c^7 x^3 - 23a^2 b^8 c^5 d^2 x^3 + 61a^4 b^6 c^3 d^4 x^3 + 151a^6 b^4 c^2 d^5 x^3 - 18a^8 b^2 d^7 x^3 - 5a^2 b^8 c^7 x^2 + 26a^4 b^6 c^5 d^2 x^2 - 49a^6 b^4 c^3 d^4 x^2 - 68a^8 b^2 c d^6 x^2 + 6a^4 b^6 c^6 d - 44a^6 b^4 c^4 d^3 - 62a^8 b^2 c^2 d^5 + 4a^{10} d^7} / ((a^4 b^8 c^8 - 4a^6 b^6 c^6 d^2 + 6a^8 b^4 c^4 d^4 - 4a^{10} b^2 c^2 d^6 + a^{12} d^8) * (b^2 d x^3 + b^2 c x^2 - a^2 d x - a^2 c)^2)$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
3/16*(b^5*c^2 - 5*a*b^4*c*d + 8*a^2*b^3*d^2)*log(abs(b*x + a))/(a^5*b^6*c^5 - 5*a^6*b^5*c^4*d + 10*a^7*b^4*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^8*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^9*b^2*c*d^4 - a^10*b*d^5) - 3/16*(b^5*c^2 + 5*a*b^4*c*d + 8*a^2*b^3*d^2)*log(abs(b*x - a))/(a^5*b^6*c^5 + 5*a^6*b^5*c^4*d + 10*a^7*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^8*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 5*a^9*b^2*c*d^4 + a^10*b*d^5) - 3*(7*b^4*c^2*d^6 + a^2*b^2*d^8)*log(abs(dx + c))/(b^10*c^10*d - 5*a^2*b^8*c^8*d^3 + 10*a^4*b^6*c^6*d^5 - 10*a^6*b^4*c^4*d^7 + 5*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^9 - a^10*d^11) - 1/8*(3*b^10*c^5*d^2*x^5 - 18*a^2*b^8*c^3*d^4*x^5 - 81*a^4*b^6*c*d^6*x^5 + 6*b^10*c^6*d*x^4 - 36*a^2*b^8*c^4*d^3*x^4 - 78*a^4*b^6*c^2*d^5*x^4 + 12*a^6*b^4*d^7*x^4 + 3*b^10*c^7*x^3 - 23*a^2*b^8*c^5*d^2*x^3 + 61*a^4*b^6*c^3*d^4*x^3 + 151*a^6*b^4*c^2*d^5*x^3 - 18*a^8*b^2*d^7*x^3 - 5*a^2*b^8*c^7*x^2 + 26*a^4*b^6*c^5*d^2*x^2 - 49*a^6*b^4*c^3*d^4*x^2 - 68*a^8*b^2*c*d^6*x^2 + 6*a^4*b^6*c^6*d - 44*a^6*b^4*c^4*d^3 - 62*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^5 + 4*a^10*d^7)/((a^4*b^8*c^8 - 4*a^6*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^8*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^10*b^2*c^2*d^6 + a^12*d^8)*(b^2*d*x^3 + b^2*c*x^2 - a^2*d*x - a^2*c)^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1096, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a^2 - b^2*x^2)^3*(c + d*x)^3),x)`

output `(log(c + d*x)*(3*a^2*b^2*d^7 + 21*b^4*c^2*d^5))/(a^10*d^10 - b^10*c^10 + 5*a^2*b^8*c^8*d^2 - 10*a^4*b^6*c^6*d^4 + 10*a^6*b^4*c^4*d^6 - 5*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^8) - ((2*a^6*d^7 + 3*b^6*c^6*d - 22*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^3 - 31*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^5)/(4*(a^8*d^8 + b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6)) - (3*x^5*(27*a^4*b^6*c*d^6 - b^10*c^5*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^8*c^3*d^4))/(8*a^4*(a^8*d^8 + b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6)) - (x*(5*b^8*c^7 + 68*a^6*b^2*c*d^6 - 26*a^2*b^6*c^5*d^2 + 49*a^4*b^4*c^3*d^4))/(8*a^2*(a^8*d^8 + b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6)) + (x^3*(3*b^10*c^7 + 151*a^6*b^4*c*d^6 - 23*a^2*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 61*a^4*b^6*c^3*d^4))/(8*a^4*(a^8*d^8 + b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6)) + (3*x^4*(b^10*c^6*d + 2*a^6*b^4*d^7 - 6*a^2*b^8*c^4*d^3 - 13*a^4*b^6*c^2*d^5))/(4*a^4*(a^8*d^8 + b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6)) - (x^2*(5*b^8*c^6*d + 9*a^6*b^2*d^7 - 37*a^2*b^6*c^4*d^3 - 73*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^5))/(4*a^2*(a^8*d^8 + b^8*c^8 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^6)))/(x^2*(a^4*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2) + x^4*(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*d^2) + a^4*c^2 + b^4*d^2*x^6 + 2*a^4*c*d*x + 2*b^4*c*d*x^5 - 4*a^2*b^2*c*d*x^3) - (log(a + b*x)*(3*b^4*c^2 + 24*a^2*b^2*d^2 - 15*a*b^3*c*d))/(16*(a^10*d^5 - a^5*b^5*c^5 + 5*a^6*b^4*c^4*d - 10*a^7*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 10*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 5*a^9*b*c*d^4)) - (log(a - b*x)*(3*b^4*c^2 + 24*a^2*...`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3600, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 (a^2 - b^2 x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-b^2*x^2+a^2)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 24*log( - a - b*x)*a**11*b**2*c**2*d**7 - 48*log( - a - b*x)*a**11*b**
2*c*d**8*x - 24*log( - a - b*x)*a**11*b**2*d**9*x**2 - 105*log( - a - b*x)
*a**10*b**3*c**3*d**6 - 210*log( - a - b*x)*a**10*b**3*c**2*d**7*x - 105*log(
- a - b*x)*a**10*b**3*c*d**8*x**2 - 168*log( - a - b*x)*a**9*b**4*c**4
*d**5 - 336*log( - a - b*x)*a**9*b**4*c**3*d**6*x - 120*log( - a - b*x)*a**
9*b**4*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 96*log( - a - b*x)*a**9*b**4*c*d**8*x**3 + 48*log
( - a - b*x)*a**9*b**4*d**9*x**4 - 105*log( - a - b*x)*a**8*b**5*c**5*d**4
- 210*log( - a - b*x)*a**8*b**5*c**4*d**5*x + 105*log( - a - b*x)*a**8*b**
5*c**3*d**6*x**2 + 420*log( - a - b*x)*a**8*b**5*c**2*d**7*x**3 + 210*log
( - a - b*x)*a**8*b**5*c*d**8*x**4 + 336*log( - a - b*x)*a**7*b**6*c**4*d**
5*x**2 + 672*log( - a - b*x)*a**7*b**6*c**3*d**6*x**3 + 312*log( - a - b*
x)*a**7*b**6*c**2*d**7*x**4 - 48*log( - a - b*x)*a**7*b**6*c*d**8*x**5 - 2
4*log( - a - b*x)*a**7*b**6*d**9*x**6 + 21*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*b**7*c**7*
d**2 + 42*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*b**7*c**6*d**3*x + 231*log( - a - b*x)*a**6
*b**7*c**5*d**4*x**2 + 420*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*b**7*c**4*d**5*x**3 + 105*
log( - a - b*x)*a**6*b**7*c**3*d**6*x**4 - 210*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*b**7*c
**2*d**7*x**5 - 105*log( - a - b*x)*a**6*b**7*c*d**8*x**6 - 168*log( - a -
b*x)*a**5*b**8*c**4*d**5*x**4 - 336*log( - a - b*x)*a**5*b**8*c**3*d**6*x
**5 - 168*log( - a - b*x)*a**5*b**8*c**2*d**7*x**6 - 3*log( - a - b*x)*a**
4*b**9*c**9 - 6*log( - a - b*x)*a**4*b**9*c**8*d*x - 45*log( - a - b*x)...
```

### 3.52 $\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^5}{5e^3} - \frac{cd(d + ex)^6}{3e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^7}{7e^3}$$

output `1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^5/e^3-1/3*c*d*(e*x+d)^6/e^3+1/7*c*(e*x+d)^7/e^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = ad^4x + 2ad^3ex^2 + \frac{1}{3}d^2(cd^2 + 6ae^2)x^3 + de(cd^2 + ae^2)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}e^2(6cd^2 + ae^2)x^5 + \frac{2}{3}cde^3x^6 + \frac{1}{7}ce^4x^7$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `a*d^4*x + 2*a*d^3*e*x^2 + (d^2*(c*d^2 + 6*a*e^2)*x^3)/3 + d*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^4 + (e^2*(6*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (2*c*d*e^3*x^6)/3 + (c*e^4*x^7)/7`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)(d + ex)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^6}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(d + ex)^5}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{5e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^7}{7e^3} - \frac{cd(d + ex)^6}{3e^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^3) - (c*d*(d + e*x)^6)/(3*e^3) + (c*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
norman	$\frac{e^4 c x^7}{7} + \frac{2 d e^3 c x^6}{3} + \left(\frac{1}{5} e^4 a + \frac{6}{5} d^2 e^2 c\right) x^5 + (d e^3 a + d^3 e c) x^4 + (2 d^2 e^2 a + \frac{1}{3} d^4 c) x^3 + 2 d^3 e a x^2$
gosper	$\frac{1}{7} e^4 c x^7 + \frac{2}{3} d e^3 c x^6 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 e^4 a + \frac{6}{5} x^5 d^2 e^2 c + a d e^3 x^4 + c d^3 e x^4 + 2 x^3 d^2 e^2 a + \frac{1}{3} x^3 d^4 c + 2 d^3 e a x^2$
default	$\frac{e^4 c x^7}{7} + \frac{2 d e^3 c x^6}{3} + \frac{(e^4 a + 6 d^2 e^2 c) x^5}{5} + \frac{(4 d e^3 a + 4 d^3 e c) x^4}{4} + \frac{(6 d^2 e^2 a + d^4 c) x^3}{3} + 2 d^3 e a x^2 + x a d^4$
risch	$\frac{1}{7} e^4 c x^7 + \frac{2}{3} d e^3 c x^6 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 e^4 a + \frac{6}{5} x^5 d^2 e^2 c + a d e^3 x^4 + c d^3 e x^4 + 2 x^3 d^2 e^2 a + \frac{1}{3} x^3 d^4 c + 2 d^3 e a x^2$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7} e^4 c x^7 + \frac{2}{3} d e^3 c x^6 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 e^4 a + \frac{6}{5} x^5 d^2 e^2 c + a d e^3 x^4 + c d^3 e x^4 + 2 x^3 d^2 e^2 a + \frac{1}{3} x^3 d^4 c + 2 d^3 e a x^2$
orering	$\frac{x(15 e^4 c x^6 + 70 d e^3 c x^5 + 21 a e^4 x^4 + 126 c d^2 e^2 x^4 + 105 a d e^3 x^3 + 105 c d^3 e x^3 + 210 a d^2 e^2 x^2 + 35 c d^4 x^2 + 210 d^3 e a x + 105 a d^4)}{105}$

input `int((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/7*e^4*c*x^7+2/3*d*e^3*c*x^6+(1/5*e^4*a+6/5*d^2*e^2*c)*x^5+(a*d*e^3+c*d^3*e)*x^4+(2*d^2*e^2*a+1/3*d^4*c)*x^3+2*d^3*e*a*x^2+x*a*d^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{7} ce^4 x^7 + \frac{2}{3} cde^3 x^6 + 2 ad^3 ex^2 + ad^4 x + \frac{1}{5} (6 cd^2 e^2 + ae^4) x^5 + (cd^3 e + ade^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (cd^4 + 6 ad^2 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/7*c*e^4*x^7 + 2/3*c*d*e^3*x^6 + 2*a*d^3*e*x^2 + a*d^4*x + 1/5*(6*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^5 + (c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(c*d^4 + 6*a*d^2*e^2)*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = ad^4x + 2ad^3ex^2 + \frac{2cde^3x^6}{3} + \frac{ce^4x^7}{7} + x^5 \left( \frac{ae^4}{5} + \frac{6cd^2e^2}{5} \right) + x^4 (ade^3 + cd^3e) + x^3 \cdot \left( 2ad^2e^2 + \frac{cd^4}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4*(c*x**2+a),x)`output `a*d**4*x + 2*a*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*c*d*e**3*x**6/3 + c*e**4*x**7/7 + x**5*(a*e**4/5 + 6*c*d**2*e**2/5) + x**4*(a*d*e**3 + c*d**3*e) + x**3*(2*a*d**2*e**2 + c*d**4/3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{7} ce^4x^7 + \frac{2}{3} cde^3x^6 + 2ad^3ex^2 + ad^4x + \frac{1}{5} (6cd^2e^2 + ae^4)x^5 + (cd^3e + ade^3)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (cd^4 + 6ad^2e^2)x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*c*e^4*x^7 + 2/3*c*d*e^3*x^6 + 2*a*d^3*e*x^2 + a*d^4*x + 1/5*(6*c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*x^5 + (c*d^3*e + a*d*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(c*d^4 + 6*a*d^2*e^2)*x^3`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{7} ce^4 x^7 + \frac{2}{3} cde^3 x^6 + \frac{6}{5} cd^2 e^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} ae^4 x^5 + cd^3 ex^4 + ade^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} cd^4 x^3 + 2ad^2 e^2 x^3 + 2ad^3 ex^2 + ad^4 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7*c*e^4*x^7 + 2/3*c*d*e^3*x^6 + 6/5*c*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 1/5*a*e^4*x^5 + c*d^3*e*x^4 + a*d*e^3*x^4 + 1/3*c*d^4*x^3 + 2*a*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 2*a*d^3*e*x^2 + a*d^4*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx = x^3 \left( \frac{cd^4}{3} + 2ad^2 e^2 \right) + x^5 \left( \frac{6cd^2 e^2}{5} + \frac{ae^4}{5} \right) + x^4 (cd^3 e + ade^3) + \frac{ce^4 x^7}{7} + ad^4 x + 2ad^3 ex^2 + \frac{2cde^3 x^6}{3}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output `x^3*((c*d^4)/3 + 2*a*d^2*e^2) + x^5*((a*e^4)/5 + (6*c*d^2*e^2)/5) + x^4*(a*d*e^3 + c*d^3*e) + (c*e^4*x^7)/7 + a*d^4*x + 2*a*d^3*e*x^2 + (2*c*d*e^3*x^6)/3`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(15ce^4x^6 + 70cde^3x^5 + 21ae^4x^4 + 126cd^2e^2x^4 + 105ade^3x^3 + 105cd^3ex^3 + 210ad^2e^2x^2 + 35cd^4x^2 + 15d^5)}{105}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(x*(105*a*d**4 + 210*a*d**3*e*x + 210*a*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 105*a*d*e**3*x**3 + 21*a*e**4*x**4 + 35*c*d**4*x**2 + 105*c*d**3*e*x**3 + 126*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 70*c*d*e**3*x**5 + 15*c*e**4*x**6))/105`

### 3.53 $\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx$

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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	523
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	524
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	524
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	525

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^4}{4e^3} - \frac{2cd(d + ex)^5}{5e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^6}{6e^3}$$

output `1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^4/e^3-2/5*c*d*(e*x+d)^5/e^3+1/6*c*(e*x+d)^6/e^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}ax(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + \frac{1}{60}cx^3(20d^3 + 45d^2ex + 36de^2x^2 + 10e^3x^3)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(a*x*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3))/4 + (c*x^3*(20*d^3 + 45*d^2*e*x + 36*d*e^2*x^2 + 10*e^3*x^3))/60`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)(d + ex)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^5}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(d + ex)^4}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{4e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^6}{6e^3} - \frac{2cd(d + ex)^5}{5e^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4)/(4*e^3) - (2*c*d*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^3) + (c*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{ce^3x^6}{6} + \frac{3de^2cx^5}{5} + \left(\frac{1}{4}ae^3 + \frac{3}{4}d^2ec\right)x^4 + (de^2a + \frac{1}{3}d^3c)x^3 + \frac{3d^2eax^2}{2} + axd^3$	72
default	$\frac{ce^3x^6}{6} + \frac{3de^2cx^5}{5} + \frac{(ae^3+3d^2ec)x^4}{4} + \frac{(3de^2a+d^3c)x^3}{3} + \frac{3d^2eax^2}{2} + axd^3$	73
gosper	$\frac{1}{6}ce^3x^6 + \frac{3}{5}de^2cx^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4ae^3 + \frac{3}{4}x^4d^2ec + x^3de^2a + \frac{1}{3}d^3cx^3 + \frac{3}{2}d^2eax^2 + axd^3$	74
risch	$\frac{1}{6}ce^3x^6 + \frac{3}{5}de^2cx^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4ae^3 + \frac{3}{4}x^4d^2ec + x^3de^2a + \frac{1}{3}d^3cx^3 + \frac{3}{2}d^2eax^2 + axd^3$	74
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{6}ce^3x^6 + \frac{3}{5}de^2cx^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4ae^3 + \frac{3}{4}x^4d^2ec + x^3de^2a + \frac{1}{3}d^3cx^3 + \frac{3}{2}d^2eax^2 + axd^3$	74
orering	$\frac{x(10ce^3x^5+36de^2cx^4+15ae^3x^3+45cd^2ex^3+60ade^2x^2+20cd^3x^2+90d^2eax+60ad^3)}{60}$	76

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $\frac{1}{6}c e^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5}d e^2 c x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{4}a e^3 + \frac{3}{4}d^2 e c\right) x^4 + (d e^2 a + \frac{1}{3}d^3 c) x^3 + \frac{3}{2}d^2 e a x^2 + a x d^3$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6}ce^3x^6 + \frac{3}{5}cde^2x^5 + \frac{3}{2}ad^2ex^2 + ad^3x + \frac{1}{4}(3cd^2e+ae^3)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(cd^3+3ade^2)x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $\frac{1}{6}c e^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5}c d e^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{2}a d^2 e x^2 + a d^3 x + \frac{1}{4}(3 c d^2 e + a e^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(c d^3 + 3 a d e^2) x^3$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = ad^3x + \frac{3ad^2ex^2}{2} + \frac{3cde^2x^5}{5} + \frac{ce^3x^6}{6} \\ + x^4 \left( \frac{ae^3}{4} + \frac{3cd^2e}{4} \right) + x^3 \left( ade^2 + \frac{cd^3}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a),x)`output `a*d**3*x + 3*a*d**2*e*x**2/2 + 3*c*d*e**2*x**5/5 + c*e**3*x**6/6 + x**4*(a  
*e**3/4 + 3*c*d**2*e/4) + x**3*(a*d*e**2 + c*d**3/3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} ce^3x^6 + \frac{3}{5} cde^2x^5 + \frac{3}{2} ad^2ex^2 + ad^3x \\ + \frac{1}{4} (3cd^2e + ae^3)x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (cd^3 + 3ade^2)x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*c*e^3*x^6 + 3/5*c*d*e^2*x^5 + 3/2*a*d^2*e*x^2 + a*d^3*x + 1/4*(3*c*d^2  
*e + a*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*x^3`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{6} ce^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} cde^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} cd^2 ex^4 + \frac{1}{4} ae^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} cd^3 x^3 + ade^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} ad^2 ex^2 + ad^3 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*c*e^3*x^6 + 3/5*c*d*e^2*x^5 + 3/4*c*d^2*e*x^4 + 1/4*a*e^3*x^4 + 1/3*c*d^3*x^3 + a*d*e^2*x^3 + 3/2*a*d^2*e*x^2 + a*d^3*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx = x^3 \left( \frac{cd^3}{3} + ade^2 \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{3cd^2e}{4} + \frac{ae^3}{4} \right) + \frac{ce^3x^6}{6} + ad^3x + \frac{3ad^2ex^2}{2} + \frac{3cde^2x^5}{5}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `x^3*((c*d^3)/3 + a*d*e^2) + x^4*((a*e^3)/4 + (3*c*d^2*e)/4) + (c*e^3*x^6)/6 + a*d^3*x + (3*a*d^2*e*x^2)/2 + (3*c*d*e^2*x^5)/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(10c e^3 x^5 + 36cd e^2 x^4 + 15a e^3 x^3 + 45c d^2 e x^3 + 60ad e^2 x^2 + 20c d^3 x^2 + 90a d^2 ex + 60a d^3)}{60}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(x*(60*a*d**3 + 90*a*d**2*e*x + 60*a*d*e**2*x**2 + 15*a*e**3*x**3 + 20*c*d**3*x**2 + 45*c*d**2*e*x**3 + 36*c*d*e**2*x**4 + 10*c*e**3*x**5))/60`

### 3.54 $\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	526
Mathematica [A] (verified)	526
Rubi [A] (verified)	527
Maple [A] (verified)	528
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	528
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	529
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	529
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	529
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	530
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	530

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^3}{3e^3} - \frac{cd(d + ex)^4}{2e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^5}{5e^3}$$

output `1/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^3/e^3-1/2*c*d*(e*x+d)^4/e^3+1/5*c*(e*x+d)^5/e^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = ad^2x + adex^2 + \frac{1}{3}(cd^2 + ae^2)x^3 + \frac{1}{2}cdex^4 + \frac{1}{5}ce^2x^5$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `a*d^2*x + a*d*e*x^2 + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (c*d*e*x^4)/2 + (c*e^2*x^5)/5`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)(d + ex)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^4}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(d + ex)^3}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{3e^3} + \frac{c(d + ex)^5}{5e^3} - \frac{cd(d + ex)^4}{2e^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(3*e^3) - (c*d*(d + e*x)^4)/(2*e^3) + (c*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ce^2x^5}{5} + \frac{decx^4}{2} + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)x^3}{3} + adex^2 + ad^2x$	48
norman	$\frac{ce^2x^5}{5} + \frac{decx^4}{2} + \left(\frac{ae^2}{3} + \frac{cd^2}{3}\right)x^3 + adex^2 + ad^2x$	49
gosper	$\frac{1}{5}ce^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}decx^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3ae^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3cd^2 + adex^2 + ad^2x$	50
risch	$\frac{1}{5}ce^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}decx^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3ae^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3cd^2 + adex^2 + ad^2x$	50
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{5}ce^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}decx^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3ae^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3cd^2 + adex^2 + ad^2x$	50
orering	$\frac{x(6ce^2x^4+15decx^3+10ae^2x^2+10cd^2x^2+30adex+30ad^2)}{30}$	52

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/5*c*e^2*x^5+1/2*d*e*c*x^4+1/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^3+a*d*e*x^2+a*d^2*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (d+ex)^2(a+cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5}ce^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2}cdex^4 + adex^2 + ad^2x + \frac{1}{3}(cd^2+ae^2)x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*c*e^2*x^5 + 1/2*c*d*e*x^4 + a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2*x + 1/3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = ad^2x + adex^2 + \frac{cdex^4}{2} + \frac{ce^2x^5}{5} + x^3 \left( \frac{ae^2}{3} + \frac{cd^2}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a),x)`output `a*d**2*x + a*d*e*x**2 + c*d*e*x**4/2 + c*e**2*x**5/5 + x**3*(a*e**2/3 + c*d**2/3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} ce^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} cdex^4 + adex^2 + ad^2x + \frac{1}{3} (cd^2 + ae^2)x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*c*e^2*x^5 + 1/2*c*d*e*x^4 + a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2*x + 1/3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{5} ce^2x^5 + \frac{1}{2} cdex^4 + \frac{1}{3} cd^2x^3 + \frac{1}{3} ae^2x^3 + adex^2 + ad^2x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*c*e^2*x^5 + 1/2*c*d*e*x^4 + 1/3*c*d^2*x^3 + 1/3*a*e^2*x^3 + a*d*e*x^2 + a*d^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx = x^3 \left( \frac{cd^2}{3} + \frac{ae^2}{3} \right) + \frac{ce^2x^5}{5} + ad^2x + adex^2 + \frac{cdex^4}{2}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((a*e^2)/3 + (c*d^2)/3) + (c*e^2*x^5)/5 + a*d^2*x + a*d*e*x^2 + (c*d*e*x^4)/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2) dx \\ = \frac{x(6ce^2x^4 + 15cde x^3 + 10ae^2x^2 + 10cd^2x^2 + 30adex + 30ad^2)}{30} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(x*(30*a*d**2 + 30*a*d*e*x + 10*a*e**2*x**2 + 10*c*d**2*x**2 + 15*c*d*e*x**3 + 6*c*e**2*x**4))/30`

### 3.55 $\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	531
Mathematica [A] (verified)	531
Rubi [A] (verified)	532
Maple [A] (verified)	533
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	533
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	534
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	534
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	534
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	535
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	535

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2) dx = adx + \frac{1}{3}cdx^3 + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^2}{4c}$$

output

```
a*d*x+1/3*c*d*x^3+1/4*e*(c*x^2+a)^2/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2) dx = adx + \frac{1}{2}aex^2 + \frac{1}{3}cdx^3 + \frac{1}{4}cex^4$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
a*d*x + (a*e*x^2)/2 + (c*d*x^3)/3 + (c*e*x^4)/4
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {455, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2) (d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$d \int (cx^2 + a) dx + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^2}{4c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$d \left( ax + \frac{cx^3}{3} \right) + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^2}{4c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(e*(a + c*x^2)^2)/(4*c) + d*(a*x + (c*x^3)/3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{1}{4}ce x^4 + \frac{1}{3}cd x^3 + \frac{1}{2}ae x^2 + adx$	27
default	$\frac{1}{4}ce x^4 + \frac{1}{3}cd x^3 + \frac{1}{2}ae x^2 + adx$	27
norman	$\frac{1}{4}ce x^4 + \frac{1}{3}cd x^3 + \frac{1}{2}ae x^2 + adx$	27
risch	$\frac{1}{4}ce x^4 + \frac{1}{3}cd x^3 + \frac{1}{2}ae x^2 + adx$	27
parallelrisc	$\frac{1}{4}ce x^4 + \frac{1}{3}cd x^3 + \frac{1}{2}ae x^2 + adx$	27
orering	$\frac{x(3ce x^3 + 4cd x^2 + 6aex + 12ad)}{12}$	28

input `int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4*c*e*x^4+1/3*c*d*x^3+1/2*a*e*x^2+a*d*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}ce x^4 + \frac{1}{3}cd x^3 + \frac{1}{2}aex^2 + adx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*c*e*x^4 + 1/3*c*d*x^3 + 1/2*a*e*x^2 + a*d*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = adx + \frac{aex^2}{2} + \frac{cdx^3}{3} + \frac{cex^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a),x)`output `a*d*x + a*e*x**2/2 + c*d*x**3/3 + c*e*x**4/4`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}cex^4 + \frac{1}{3}cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}aex^2 + adx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*c*e*x^4 + 1/3*c*d*x^3 + 1/2*a*e*x^2 + a*d*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{1}{4}cex^4 + \frac{1}{3}cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}aex^2 + adx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*c*e*x^4 + 1/3*c*d*x^3 + 1/2*a*e*x^2 + a*d*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{ce x^4}{4} + \frac{cd x^3}{3} + \frac{ae x^2}{2} + a dx$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x),x)`output `a*d*x + (a*e*x^2)/2 + (c*d*x^3)/3 + (c*e*x^4)/4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{x(3ce x^3 + 4cd x^2 + 6aex + 12ad)}{12}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(x*(12*a*d + 6*a*e*x + 4*c*d*x**2 + 3*c*e*x**3))/12`

### 3.56 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	536
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	536
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	537
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	538
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	538
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	538
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	539
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	539
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	539
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	540

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

output

```
-c*d*x/e^2+1/2*c*x^2/e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cex(-2d + ex) + 2(cd^2 + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{2e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(c*e*x*(-2*d + e*x) + 2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(2*e^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{cd}{e^2} + \frac{cx}{e} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^3} - \frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{2e}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x),x]`

output `-((c*d*x)/e^2) + (c*x^2)/(2*e) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{c(-\frac{1}{2}ex^2+dx)}{e^2} + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	39
norman	$-\frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	40
risch	$\frac{cx^2}{2e} - \frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)a}{e} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)cd^2}{e^3}$	44
parallelrisc	$\frac{x^2ce^2+2\ln(ex+d)ae^2+2\ln(ex+d)cd^2-2cdxe}{2e^3}$	45

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-c/e^2*(-1/2*e*x^2+d*x)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{ce^2x^2 - 2cdex + 2(cd^2 + ae^2)\log(ex + d)}{2e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(c*e^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*e*x + 2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*log(e*x + d))/e^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{cdx}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)\log(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d),x)`

output  $-c*d*x/e^{**2} + c*x^{**2}/(2*e) + (a*e^{**2} + c*d^{**2})*\log(d + e*x)/e^{**3}$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cex^2 - 2cdx}{2e^2} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/2*(c*e*x^2 - 2*c*d*x)/e^2 + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\log(e*x + d)/e^3$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cex^2 - 2cdx}{2e^2} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/2*(c*e*x^2 - 2*c*d*x)/e^2 + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x + d))/e^3$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{\ln(d + ex)(cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^3} - \frac{cdx}{e^2}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x),x)`

output  $(c*x^2)/(2*e) + (\log(d + e*x)*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/e^3 - (c*d*x)/e^2$



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{2 \log(ex + d) a e^2 + 2 \log(ex + d) c d^2 - 2cdex + c e^2 x^2}{2e^3}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d),x)`

output `(2*log(d + e*x)*a*e**2 + 2*log(d + e*x)*c*d**2 - 2*c*d*e*x + c*e**2*x**2)/  
(2*e**3)`

### 3.57 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	541
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	541
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	542
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	543
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	543
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	544
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	544
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	544
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	545
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	545

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{cx}{e^2} - \frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{e^3(d + ex)} - \frac{2cd \log(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

output `c*x/e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)-2*c*d*ln(e*x+d)/e^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{cex - \frac{cd^2+ae^2}{d+ex} - 2cd \log(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(c*e*x - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(d + e*x) - 2*c*d*Log[d + e*x])/e^3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2(d + ex)^2} - \frac{2cd}{e^2(d + ex)} + \frac{c}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^3(d + ex)} - \frac{2cd \log(d + ex)}{e^3} + \frac{cx}{e^2}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output `(c*x)/e^2 - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(e^3*(d + e*x)) - (2*c*d*Log[d + e*x])/e^3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$\frac{cx}{e^2} - \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^3(ex+d)} - \frac{2cd \ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	44
norman	$\frac{\frac{cx^2}{e} - \frac{ae^2 + 2cd^2}{e^3}}{ex+d} - \frac{2cd \ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	49
risch	$\frac{cx}{e^2} - \frac{a}{e(ex+d)} - \frac{cd^2}{e^3(ex+d)} - \frac{2cd \ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	50
parallelrisch	$-\frac{2 \ln(ex+d)xcde - x^2ce^2 + 2 \ln(ex+d)cd^2 + ae^2 + 2cd^2}{e^3(ex+d)}$	58

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `c*x/e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)-2*c*d*ln(e*x+d)/e^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{ce^2x^2 + cdex - cd^2 - ae^2 - 2(cdex + cd^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^4x + de^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(c*e^2*x^2 + c*d*e*x - c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*(c*d*e*x + c*d^2)*log(e*x + d))/(e^4*x + d*e^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{2cd \log(d + ex)}{e^3} + \frac{cx}{e^2} + \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2}{de^3 + e^4x}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**2,x)`output `-2*c*d*log(d + e*x)/e**3 + c*x/e**2 + (-a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(d*e**3 + e**4*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{e^4x + de^3} + \frac{cx}{e^2} - \frac{2cd \log(ex + d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(e^4*x + d*e^3) + c*x/e^2 - 2*c*d*log(e*x + d)/e^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = c \left( \frac{2d \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{e^3} + \frac{ex + d}{e^3} - \frac{d^2}{(ex + d)e^3} \right) - \frac{a}{(ex + d)e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `c*(2*d*log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^3 + (e*x + d)/e^3 - d^2/((e*x + d)*e^3)) - a/((e*x + d)*e)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{cx}{e^2} - \frac{cd^2 + ae^2}{e(xe^3 + de^2)} - \frac{2cd \ln(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `(c*x)/e^2 - (a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(e*(d*e^2 + e^3*x)) - (2*c*d*log(d + e*x))/e^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{-2 \log(ex + d) c d^3 - 2 \log(ex + d) c d^2 ex + a e^3 x + 2 c d^2 ex + c d e^2 x^2}{d e^3 (ex + d)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^2,x)`output `( - 2*log(d + e*x)*c*d**3 - 2*log(d + e*x)*c*d**2*e*x + a*e**3*x + 2*c*d**2*e*x + c*d*e**2*x**2)/(d*e**3*(d + e*x))`

### 3.58 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	546
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	546
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	547
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	548
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	548
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	549
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	549
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	549
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	550
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	550

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{-cd^2 - ae^2}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{2cd}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{c \log(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

output `1/2*(-a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^2+2*c*d/e^3/(e*x+d)+c*ln(e*x+d)/e^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{-ae^2 + cd(3d + 4ex) + 2c(d + ex)^2 \log(d + ex)}{2e^3(d + ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `(-(a*e^2) + c*d*(3*d + 4*e*x) + 2*c*(d + e*x)^2*Log[d + e*x])/(2*e^3*(d + e*x)^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2(d + ex)^3} + \frac{c}{e^2(d + ex)} - \frac{2cd}{e^2(d + ex)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{2cd}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{c \log(d + ex)}{e^3}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(e^3*(d + e*x)^2) + (2*c*d)/(e^3*(d + e*x)) + (c*Log[d + e*x])/e^3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{-\frac{a e^2 - 3c d^2}{2e^3} + \frac{2cdx}{e^2}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{c \ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	47
risch	$\frac{-\frac{a e^2 - 3c d^2}{2e^3} + \frac{2cdx}{e^2}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{c \ln(ex+d)}{e^3}$	47
default	$\frac{c \ln(ex+d)}{e^3} + \frac{2cd}{e^3(ex+d)} - \frac{a e^2 + c d^2}{2e^3(ex+d)^2}$	50
parallelrisc	$\frac{2 \ln(ex+d)x^2 c e^2 + 4 \ln(ex+d)xcde + 2 \ln(ex+d)c d^2 + 4cdxe - a e^2 + 3c d^2}{2e^3(ex+d)^2}$	71

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(-1/2*(a*e^2-3*c*d^2)/e^3+2*c*d*x/e^2)/(e*x+d)^2+c*ln(e*x+d)/e^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{4cdex + 3cd^2 - ae^2 + 2(ce^2x^2 + 2cdex + cd^2) \log(ex + d)}{2(e^5x^2 + 2de^4x + d^2e^3)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(4*c*d*e*x + 3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*(c*e^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*e*x + c*d^2)*log(e*x + d))/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{c \log(d + ex)}{e^3} + \frac{-ae^2 + 3cd^2 + 4cdex}{2d^2e^3 + 4de^4x + 2e^5x^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**3,x)`output `c*log(d + e*x)/e**3 + (-a*e**2 + 3*c*d**2 + 4*c*d*e*x)/(2*d**2*e**3 + 4*d*e**4*x + 2*e**5*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{4cdex + 3cd^2 - ae^2}{2(e^5x^2 + 2de^4x + d^2e^3)} + \frac{c \log(ex + d)}{e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(4*c*d*e*x + 3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3) + c*log(e*x + d)/e^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{c \log(|ex + d|)}{e^3} + \frac{4cdx + \frac{3cd^2 - ae^2}{e}}{2(ex + d)^2e^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `c*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^3 + 1/2*(4*c*d*x + (3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)/e)/((e*x + d)^2*e^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{c \ln(d + ex)}{e^3} - \frac{\frac{ae^2 - 3cd^2}{2e^3} - \frac{2c dx}{e^2}}{d^2 + 2dex + e^2x^2}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `(c*log(d + e*x))/e^3 - ((a*e^2 - 3*c*d^2)/(2*e^3) - (2*c*d*x)/e^2)/(d^2 + e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{2 \log(ex + d) c d^2 + 4 \log(ex + d) c d e x + 2 \log(ex + d) c e^2 x^2 - a e^2 + c d^2 - 2 c e^2 x^2}{2 e^3 (e^2 x^2 + 2 d e x + d^2)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^3,x)`output `(2*log(d + e*x)*c*d**2 + 4*log(d + e*x)*c*d*e*x + 2*log(d + e*x)*c*e**2*x**2 - a*e**2 + c*d**2 - 2*c*e**2*x**2)/(2*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

### 3.59 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	551
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	551
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	552
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	553
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	553
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	554
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	554
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	554
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	555
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	555

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{-cd^2 - ae^2}{3e^3(d+ex)^3} + \frac{cd}{e^3(d+ex)^2} - \frac{c}{e^3(d+ex)}$$

output `1/3*(-a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^3+c*d/e^3/(e*x+d)^2-c/e^3/(e*x+d)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx = -\frac{ae^2 + c(d^2 + 3dex + 3e^2x^2)}{3e^3(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a*e^2 + c*(d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2))/(e^3*(d + e*x)^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2(d + ex)^4} + \frac{c}{e^2(d + ex)^2} - \frac{2cd}{e^2(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{c}{e^3(d + ex)} + \frac{cd}{e^3(d + ex)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(e^3*(d + e*x)^3) + (c*d)/(e^3*(d + e*x)^2) - c/(e^3*(d + e*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{3x^2ce^2+3cdxe+ae^2+cd^2}{3(ex+d)^3e^3}$	39
orering	$-\frac{3x^2ce^2+3cdxe+ae^2+cd^2}{3(ex+d)^3e^3}$	39
parallelrisc	$-\frac{3x^2ce^2-3cdxe-ae^2-cd^2}{3e^3(ex+d)^3}$	41
norman	$\frac{-\frac{cx^2}{e}-\frac{cdx}{e^2}-\frac{ae^2+cd^2}{3e^3}}{(ex+d)^3}$	43
risc	$\frac{-\frac{cx^2}{e}-\frac{cdx}{e^2}-\frac{ae^2+cd^2}{3e^3}}{(ex+d)^3}$	43
default	$-\frac{ae^2+cd^2}{3e^3(ex+d)^3}-\frac{c}{e^3(ex+d)}+\frac{cd}{e^3(ex+d)^2}$	51

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/3*(3*c*e^2*x^2+3*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^3/e^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx = -\frac{3ce^2x^2+3cdex+cd^2+ae^2}{3(e^6x^3+3de^5x^2+3d^2e^4x+d^3e^3)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*(3*c*e^2*x^2+3*c*d*e*x+c*d^2+a*e^2)/(e^6*x^3+3*d*e^5*x^2+3*d^2*e^4*x+d^3*e^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{-ae^2 - cd^2 - 3cdex - 3ce^2x^2}{3d^3e^3 + 9d^2e^4x + 9de^5x^2 + 3e^6x^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**4,x)`output `(-a*e**2 - c*d**2 - 3*c*d*e*x - 3*c*e**2*x**2)/(3*d**3*e**3 + 9*d**2*e**4*x + 9*d*e**5*x**2 + 3*e**6*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{3ce^2x^2 + 3cdex + cd^2 + ae^2}{3(e^6x^3 + 3de^5x^2 + 3d^2e^4x + d^3e^3)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*(3*c*e^2*x^2 + 3*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{3ce^2x^2 + 3cdex + cd^2 + ae^2}{3(ex + d)^3e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*(3*c*e^2*x^2 + 3*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^3*e^3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{\frac{cd^2+ae^2}{3e^3} + \frac{cx^2}{e} + \frac{cdx}{e^2}}{d^3 + 3d^2ex + 3de^2x^2 + e^3x^3}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `-((a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(3*e^3) + (c*x^2)/e + (c*d*x)/e^2)/(d^3 + e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{ce x^3 - ad}{3de (e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 ex + d^3)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^4,x)`output `( - a*d + c*e*x**3)/(3*d*e*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2 + e**3*x**3)`



### 3.60 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	556
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	556
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	557
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	558
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	558
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	559
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	559
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	559
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	560
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	560

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{-cd^2 - ae^2}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} + \frac{2cd}{3e^3(d + ex)^3} - \frac{c}{2e^3(d + ex)^2}$$

output

```
1/4*(-a*e^2-c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^4+2/3*c*d/e^3/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*c/e^3/(e*x+d)^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{3ae^2 + c(d^2 + 4dex + 6e^2x^2)}{12e^3(d + ex)^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
-1/12*(3*a*e^2 + c*(d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2))/(e^3*(d + e*x)^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c}{e^2(d + ex)^3} - \frac{2cd}{e^2(d + ex)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{4e^3(d + ex)^4} - \frac{c}{2e^3(d + ex)^2} + \frac{2cd}{3e^3(d + ex)^3}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(e^3*(d + e*x)^4) + (2*c*d)/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^3) - c/(2*e^3*(d + e*x)^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{6x^2ce^2+4cdxe+3ae^2+cd^2}{12e^3(ex+d)^4}$	40
orering	$-\frac{6x^2ce^2+4cdxe+3ae^2+cd^2}{12e^3(ex+d)^4}$	40
risch	$\frac{-\frac{cx^2}{2e}-\frac{cdx}{3e^2}-\frac{3ae^2+cd^2}{12e^3}}{(ex+d)^4}$	44
parallelrisc	$-\frac{6cx^2e^3-4cdxe^2-3ae^3-d^2ec}{12e^4(ex+d)^4}$	44
norman	$\frac{-\frac{cx^2}{2e}-\frac{cdx}{3e^2}-\frac{3ae^3+d^2ec}{12e^4}}{(ex+d)^4}$	45
default	$\frac{2cd}{3e^3(ex+d)^3} - \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{4e^3(ex+d)^4} - \frac{c}{2e^3(ex+d)^2}$	52

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/12/e^3*(6*c*e^2*x^2+4*c*d*e*x+3*a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{6ce^2x^2 + 4cdex + cd^2 + 3ae^2}{12(e^7x^4 + 4de^6x^3 + 6d^2e^5x^2 + 4d^3e^4x + d^4e^3)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/12*(6*c*e^2*x^2 + 4*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(e^7*x^4 + 4*d*e^6*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{-3ae^2 - cd^2 - 4cdex - 6ce^2x^2}{12d^4e^3 + 48d^3e^4x + 72d^2e^5x^2 + 48de^6x^3 + 12e^7x^4}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**5,x)`output `(-3*a*e**2 - c*d**2 - 4*c*d*e*x - 6*c*e**2*x**2)/(12*d**4*e**3 + 48*d**3*e**4*x + 72*d**2*e**5*x**2 + 48*d*e**6*x**3 + 12*e**7*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{6ce^2x^2 + 4cdex + cd^2 + 3ae^2}{12(e^7x^4 + 4de^6x^3 + 6d^2e^5x^2 + 4d^3e^4x + d^4e^3)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/12*(6*c*e^2*x^2 + 4*c*d*e*x + c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/(e^7*x^4 + 4*d*e^6*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^4*x + d^4*e^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{\frac{3a}{(ex+d)^4} + \frac{6c}{(ex+d)^2e^2} - \frac{8cd}{(ex+d)^3e^2} + \frac{3cd^2}{(ex+d)^4e^2}}{12e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/12*(3*a/(e*x + d)^4 + 6*c/((e*x + d)^2*e^2) - 8*c*d/((e*x + d)^3*e^2) + 3*c*d^2/((e*x + d)^4*e^2))/e`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{\frac{cd^2+3ae^2}{12e^3} + \frac{cx^2}{2e} + \frac{cdx}{3e^2}}{d^4 + 4d^3ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 + 4de^3x^3 + e^4x^4}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^5,x)`output `-((3*a*e^2 + c*d^2)/(12*e^3) + (c*x^2)/(2*e) + (c*d*x)/(3*e^2))/(d^4 + e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{-6ce^2x^2 - 4cdex - 3ae^2 - cd^2}{12e^3(e^4x^4 + 4de^3x^3 + 6d^2e^2x^2 + 4d^3ex + d^4)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^5,x)`output `( - 3*a*e**2 - c*d**2 - 4*c*d*e*x - 6*c*e**2*x**2)/(12*e**3*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x + 6*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*d*e**3*x**3 + e**4*x**4))`

### 3.61 $\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	566

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^5}{5e^5} - \frac{2cd(cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^6}{3e^5} + \frac{2c(3cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^7}{7e^5} - \frac{c^2d(d + ex)^8}{2e^5} + \frac{c^2(d + ex)^9}{9e^5}$$

output

```
1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^5/e^5-2/3*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^6/e^5+2/7*
c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^7/e^5-1/2*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^8/e^5+1/9*c^2*(e*x+d)^9/
e^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 d^4 x + 2a^2 d^3 e x^2 + \frac{2}{3} a d^2 (cd^2 + 3ae^2) x^3 + a d e (2cd^2 + ae^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{5} (c^2 d^4 + 12acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) x^5 + \frac{2}{3} c d e (cd^2 + 2ae^2) x^6 + \frac{2}{7} c e^2 (3cd^2 + ae^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d e^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{9} c^2 e^4 x^9$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$a^2 d^4 x + 2 a^2 d^3 e x^2 + (2 a d^2 (c d^2 + 3 a e^2) x^3) / 3 + a d e (2 c d^2 + a e^2) x^4 + ((c^2 d^4 + 12 a c d^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) x^5) / 5 + (2 c d e (c d^2 + 2 a e^2) x^6) / 3 + (2 c e^2 (3 c d^2 + a e^2) x^7) / 7 + (c^2 d e^3 x^8) / 2 + (c^2 e^4 x^9) / 9$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)^4 dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(d + ex)^6 (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4} + \frac{c^2(d + ex)^8}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2d(d + ex)^7}{e^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2c(d + ex)^7 (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{7e^5} - \frac{2cd(d + ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{3e^5} + \frac{(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{5e^5} + \frac{c^2(d + ex)^9}{9e^5} - \frac{c^2d(d + ex)^8}{2e^5}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$((c d^2 + a e^2)^2 (d + e x)^5) / (5 e^5) - (2 c d (c d^2 + a e^2) (d + e x)^6) / (3 e^5) + (2 c (3 c d^2 + a e^2) (d + e x)^7) / (7 e^5) - (c^2 d (d + e x)^8) / (2 e^5) + (c^2 (d + e x)^9) / (9 e^5)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
norman	$\frac{e^4 c^2 x^9}{9} + \frac{d e^3 c^2 x^8}{2} + \left(\frac{2}{7} e^4 a c + \frac{6}{7} d^2 e^2 c^2\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{4}{3} d e^3 a c + \frac{2}{3} d^3 e c^2\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{1}{5} a^2 e^4 + \frac{12}{5} a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{5} d^3 e^3\right) x^5 + \frac{(2 e^4 a c + 6 d^2 e^2 c^2) x^7}{7} + \frac{(8 d e^3 a c + 4 d^3 e c^2) x^6}{6} + \frac{(a^2 e^4 + 12 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) x^5}{5} + \frac{(4 a^2 d e^3 + 8 d^3 e a c) x^4}{4}$
default	$\frac{e^4 c^2 x^9}{9} + \frac{d e^3 c^2 x^8}{2} + \frac{(2 e^4 a c + 6 d^2 e^2 c^2) x^7}{7} + \frac{(8 d e^3 a c + 4 d^3 e c^2) x^6}{6} + \frac{(a^2 e^4 + 12 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) x^5}{5} + \frac{(4 a^2 d e^3 + 8 d^3 e a c) x^4}{4}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{9} e^4 c^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{2} d e^3 c^2 x^8 + \frac{2}{7} x^7 e^4 a c + \frac{6}{7} x^7 d^2 e^2 c^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^6 d e^3 a c + \frac{2}{3} x^6 d^3 e c^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a^2 e^4 + \frac{12}{5} x^5 a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 d^3 e^3$
risch	$\frac{1}{9} e^4 c^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{2} d e^3 c^2 x^8 + \frac{2}{7} x^7 e^4 a c + \frac{6}{7} x^7 d^2 e^2 c^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^6 d e^3 a c + \frac{2}{3} x^6 d^3 e c^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a^2 e^4 + \frac{12}{5} x^5 a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 d^3 e^3$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{9} e^4 c^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{2} d e^3 c^2 x^8 + \frac{2}{7} x^7 e^4 a c + \frac{6}{7} x^7 d^2 e^2 c^2 + \frac{4}{3} x^6 d e^3 a c + \frac{2}{3} x^6 d^3 e c^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 a^2 e^4 + \frac{12}{5} x^5 a c d^2 e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 d^3 e^3$
orering	$\frac{x(70 e^4 c^2 x^8 + 315 d e^3 c^2 x^7 + 180 a c e^4 x^6 + 540 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^6 + 840 a c d e^3 x^5 + 420 c^2 d^3 e x^5 + 126 a^2 e^4 x^4 + 1512 a c d^2 e^2 x^4 + 126 c^2 d^4 x^4 + 630 a^2 d^3 e^3)}{630}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/9*e^4*c^2*x^9+1/2*d*e^3*c^2*x^8+(2/7*e^4*a*c+6/7*d^2*e^2*c^2)*x^7+(4/3*d
*e^3*a*c+2/3*d^3*e*c^2)*x^6+(1/5*a^2*e^4+12/5*a*c*d^2*e^2+1/5*c^2*d^4)*x^5
+(a^2*d*e^3+2*a*c*d^3*e)*x^4+(2*d^2*e^2*a^2+2/3*a*c*d^4)*x^3+2*d^3*e*a^2*x
^2+a^2*d^4*x
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (d+ex)^4 (a+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9}c^2e^4x^9 + \frac{1}{2}c^2de^3x^8 + 2a^2d^3ex^2 + \frac{2}{7}(3c^2d^2e^2 + ace^4)x^7 + a^2d^4x + \frac{2}{3}(c^2d^3e + 2acde^3)x^6 + \frac{1}{5}(c^2d^4 + 12acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x^5 + (2acd^3e + a^2de^3)x^4 + \frac{2}{3}(acd^4 + 3a^2d^2e^2)x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/9*c^2*e^4*x^9 + 1/2*c^2*d*e^3*x^8 + 2*a^2*d^3*e*x^2 + 2/7*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x^7 + a^2*d^4*x + 2/3*(c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(c^2*d^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^5 + (2*a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x^4 + 2/3*(a*c*d^4 + 3*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (d+ex)^4 (a+cx^2)^2 dx = a^2d^4x + 2a^2d^3ex^2 + \frac{c^2de^3x^8}{2} + \frac{c^2e^4x^9}{9} + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{2ace^4}{7} + \frac{6c^2d^2e^2}{7} \right) + x^6 \cdot \left( \frac{4acde^3}{3} + \frac{2c^2d^3e}{3} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left( \frac{a^2e^4}{5} + \frac{12acd^2e^2}{5} + \frac{c^2d^4}{5} \right) + x^4 (a^2de^3 + 2acd^3e) + x^3 \cdot \left( 2a^2d^2e^2 + \frac{2acd^4}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `a**2*d**4*x + 2*a**2*d**3*e*x**2 + c**2*d*e**3*x**8/2 + c**2*e**4*x**9/9 + x**7*(2*a*c*e**4/7 + 6*c**2*d**2*e**2/7) + x**6*(4*a*c*d*e**3/3 + 2*c**2*d**3*e/3) + x**5*(a**2*e**4/5 + 12*a*c*d**2*e**2/5 + c**2*d**4/5) + x**4*(a**2*d*e**3 + 2*a*c*d**3*e) + x**3*(2*a**2*d**2*e**2 + 2*a*c*d**4/3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9} c^2 e^4 x^9 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d e^3 x^8 + 2 a^2 d^3 e x^2$$

$$+ \frac{2}{7} (3 c^2 d^2 e^2 + a c e^4) x^7 + a^2 d^4 x$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} (c^2 d^3 e + 2 a c d e^3) x^6 + \frac{1}{5} (c^2 d^4 + 12 a c d^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) x^5$$

$$+ (2 a c d^3 e + a^2 d e^3) x^4 + \frac{2}{3} (a c d^4 + 3 a^2 d^2 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*c^2*e^4*x^9 + 1/2*c^2*d*e^3*x^8 + 2*a^2*d^3*e*x^2 + 2/7*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x^7 + a^2*d^4*x + 2/3*(c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(c^2*d^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^5 + (2*a*c*d^3*e + a^2*d*e^3)*x^4 + 2/3*(a*c*d^4 + 3*a^2*d^2*e^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{9} c^2 e^4 x^9 + \frac{1}{2} c^2 d e^3 x^8 + \frac{6}{7} c^2 d^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{2}{7} a c e^4 x^7 + \frac{2}{3} c^2 d^3 e x^6$$

$$+ \frac{4}{3} a c d e^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} c^2 d^4 x^5 + \frac{12}{5} a c d^2 e^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} a^2 e^4 x^5 + 2 a c d^3 e x^4$$

$$+ a^2 d e^3 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a c d^4 x^3 + 2 a^2 d^2 e^2 x^3 + 2 a^2 d^3 e x^2 + a^2 d^4 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*c^2*e^4*x^9 + 1/2*c^2*d*e^3*x^8 + 6/7*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^7 + 2/7*a*c*e^4*x^7 + 2/3*c^2*d^3*e*x^6 + 4/3*a*c*d*e^3*x^6 + 1/5*c^2*d^4*x^5 + 12/5*a*c*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 1/5*a^2*e^4*x^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e*x^4 + a^2*d*e^3*x^4 + 2/3*a*c*d^4*x^3 + 2*a^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 2*a^2*d^3*e*x^2 + a^2*d^4*x`



### 3.62 $\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

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Maple [A] (verified)	569
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Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	570
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	571
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	571
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	572
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	572

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^4}{4e^5} - \frac{4cd(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^5}{5e^5} + \frac{c(3cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^6}{3e^5} - \frac{4c^2d(d + ex)^7}{7e^5} + \frac{c^2(d + ex)^8}{8e^5}$$

output

```
1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^4/e^5-4/5*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^5/e^5+1/3*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^6/e^5-4/7*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^7/e^5+1/8*c^2*(e*x+d)^8/e^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}a^2x(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + \frac{1}{30}acx^3(20d^3 + 45d^2ex + 36de^2x^2 + 10e^3x^3) + \frac{1}{280}c^2x^5(56d^3 + 140d^2ex + 120de^2x^2 + 35e^3x^3)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(a^2 x (4d^3 + 6d^2 e x + 4d e^2 x^2 + e^3 x^3))}{4} + \frac{(a c x^3 (20d^3 + 45d^2 e x + 36d e^2 x^2 + 10e^3 x^3))}{30} + \frac{(c^2 x^5 (56d^3 + 140d^2 e x + 120d e^2 x^2 + 35e^3 x^3))}{280}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)^3 dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^4 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{(d + ex)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4} + \frac{c^2(d + ex)^7}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2 d(d + ex)^6}{e^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c(d + ex)^6 (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{3e^5} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{5e^5} + \frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4e^5} + \frac{c^2(d + ex)^8}{8e^5} - \frac{4c^2 d(d + ex)^7}{7e^5}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^4)/(4*e^5) - (4*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^5) + (c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6)/(3*e^5) - (4*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^5) + (c^2*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^5)}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
norman	$\frac{e^3 c^2 x^8}{8} + \frac{3 d e^2 c^2 x^7}{7} + \left(\frac{1}{3} e^3 a c + \frac{1}{2} d^2 e c^2\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{6}{5} d e^2 a c + \frac{1}{5} d^3 c^2\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{4} a^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{2} d^2 e a c\right) x^4 + \dots$
default	$\frac{e^3 c^2 x^8}{8} + \frac{3 d e^2 c^2 x^7}{7} + \frac{(2 e^3 a c + 3 d^2 e c^2) x^6}{6} + \frac{(6 d e^2 a c + d^3 c^2) x^5}{5} + \frac{(a^2 e^3 + 6 d^2 e a c) x^4}{4} + \frac{(3 a^2 d e^2 + 2 a c d^3) x^3}{3} + 3 d^2 e a c x^2 + \dots$
gosper	$\frac{1}{8} e^3 c^2 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} d e^2 c^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} x^6 e^3 a c + \frac{1}{2} x^6 d^2 e c^2 + \frac{6}{5} x^5 d e^2 a c + \frac{1}{5} x^5 d^3 c^2 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{2} x^4 d^2 e a c + \dots$
risch	$\frac{1}{8} e^3 c^2 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} d e^2 c^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} x^6 e^3 a c + \frac{1}{2} x^6 d^2 e c^2 + \frac{6}{5} x^5 d e^2 a c + \frac{1}{5} x^5 d^3 c^2 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{2} x^4 d^2 e a c + \dots$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8} e^3 c^2 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} d e^2 c^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} x^6 e^3 a c + \frac{1}{2} x^6 d^2 e c^2 + \frac{6}{5} x^5 d e^2 a c + \frac{1}{5} x^5 d^3 c^2 + \frac{1}{4} x^4 a^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{2} x^4 d^2 e a c + \dots$
orering	$\frac{x(105 e^3 c^2 x^7 + 360 d e^2 c^2 x^6 + 280 a c e^3 x^5 + 420 c^2 d^2 e x^5 + 1008 a c d e^2 x^4 + 168 c^2 d^3 x^4 + 210 a^2 e^3 x^3 + 1260 a c d^2 e x^3 + 840 a^2 d e^2 x^2 + 168 a^2 d^2 e x^2 + 168 a^2 d^3 x^2 + 168 a^2 d^4 x^2 + 168 a^2 d^5 x^2 + 168 a^2 d^6 x^2 + 168 a^2 d^7 x^2 + 168 a^2 d^8 x^2)}{840}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8*e^3*c^2*x^8+3/7*d*e^2*c^2*x^7+(1/3*e^3*a*c+1/2*d^2*e*c^2)*x^6+(6/5*d*e^2*a*c+1/5*d^3*c^2)*x^5+(1/4*a^2*e^3+3/2*d^2*e*a*c)*x^4+(a^2*d*e^2+2/3*a*c*d^3)*x^3+3/2*d^2*e*a^2*x^2+a^2*d^3*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}c^2e^3x^8 + \frac{3}{7}c^2de^2x^7 + \frac{3}{2}a^2d^2ex^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6}(3c^2d^2e + 2ace^3)x^6 + a^2d^3x + \frac{1}{5}(c^2d^3 + 6acde^2)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}(6acd^2e + a^2e^3)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(2acd^3 + 3a^2de^2)x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/8*c^2*e^3*x^8 + 3/7*c^2*d*e^2*x^7 + 3/2*a^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 1/6*(3*c^2*d^2*e + 2*a*c*e^3)*x^6 + a^2*d^3*x + 1/5*(c^2*d^3 + 6*a*c*d*e^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(6*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(2*a*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^2)*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^2 dx = a^2d^3x + \frac{3a^2d^2ex^2}{2} + \frac{3c^2de^2x^7}{7} + \frac{c^2e^3x^8}{8}$$

$$+ x^6 \left( \frac{ace^3}{3} + \frac{c^2d^2e}{2} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left( \frac{6acde^2}{5} + \frac{c^2d^3}{5} \right)$$

$$+ x^4 \left( \frac{a^2e^3}{4} + \frac{3acd^2e}{2} \right) + x^3 \left( a^2de^2 + \frac{2acd^3}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `a**2*d**3*x + 3*a**2*d**2*e*x**2/2 + 3*c**2*d*e**2*x**7/7 + c**2*e**3*x**8/8 + x**6*(a*c*e**3/3 + c**2*d**2*e/2) + x**5*(6*a*c*d*e**2/5 + c**2*d**3/5) + x**4*(a**2*e**3/4 + 3*a*c*d**2*e/2) + x**3*(a**2*d*e**2 + 2*a*c*d**3/3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}c^2e^3x^8 + \frac{3}{7}c^2de^2x^7 + \frac{3}{2}a^2d^2ex^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6}(3c^2d^2e + 2ace^3)x^6 + a^2d^3x + \frac{1}{5}(c^2d^3 + 6acde^2)x^5$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}(6acd^2e + a^2e^3)x^4 + \frac{1}{3}(2acd^3 + 3a^2de^2)x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*c^2*e^3*x^8 + 3/7*c^2*d*e^2*x^7 + 3/2*a^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 1/6*(3*c^2*d^2*e + 2*a*c*e^3)*x^6 + a^2*d^3*x + 1/5*(c^2*d^3 + 6*a*c*d*e^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(6*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(2*a*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{8}c^2e^3x^8 + \frac{3}{7}c^2de^2x^7 + \frac{1}{2}c^2d^2ex^6 + \frac{1}{3}ace^3x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5}c^2d^3x^5 + \frac{6}{5}acde^2x^5 + \frac{3}{2}acd^2ex^4 + \frac{1}{4}a^2e^3x^4$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3}acd^3x^3 + a^2de^2x^3 + \frac{3}{2}a^2d^2ex^2 + a^2d^3x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/8*c^2*e^3*x^8 + 3/7*c^2*d*e^2*x^7 + 1/2*c^2*d^2*e*x^6 + 1/3*a*c*e^3*x^6 + 1/5*c^2*d^3*x^5 + 6/5*a*c*d*e^2*x^5 + 3/2*a*c*d^2*e*x^4 + 1/4*a^2*e^3*x^4 + 2/3*a*c*d^3*x^3 + a^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^2*d^2*e*x^2 + a^2*d^3*x`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = x^3 \left( a^2 d e^2 + \frac{2 c a d^3}{3} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{a^2 e^3}{4} + \frac{3 c a d^2 e}{2} \right) \\ + x^5 \left( \frac{c^2 d^3}{5} + \frac{6 a c d e^2}{5} \right) + x^6 \left( \frac{c^2 d^2 e}{2} + \frac{a c e^3}{3} \right) \\ + a^2 d^3 x + \frac{c^2 e^3 x^8}{8} + \frac{3 a^2 d^2 e x^2}{2} + \frac{3 c^2 d e^2 x^7}{7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^3,x)`output `x^3*(a^2*d*e^2 + (2*a*c*d^3)/3) + x^4*((a^2*e^3)/4 + (3*a*c*d^2*e)/2) + x^5*((c^2*d^3)/5 + (6*a*c*d*e^2)/5) + x^6*((c^2*d^2*e)/2 + (a*c*e^3)/3) + a^2*d^3*x + (c^2*e^3*x^8)/8 + (3*a^2*d^2*e*x^2)/2 + (3*c^2*d*e^2*x^7)/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^2 dx \\ = \frac{x(105c^2e^3x^7 + 360c^2de^2x^6 + 280ace^3x^5 + 420c^2d^2ex^5 + 1008acd^2e^2x^4 + 168c^2d^3x^4 + 210a^2e^3x^3 + 1260a^2d^3x^2 + 105c^2e^3x^7)}{840}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`output `(x*(840*a**2*d**3 + 1260*a**2*d**2*e*x + 840*a**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 210*a**2*e**3*x**3 + 560*a*c*d**3*x**2 + 1260*a*c*d**2*e*x**3 + 1008*a*c*d*e**2*x**4 + 280*a*c*e**3*x**5 + 168*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 420*c**2*d**2*e*x**5 + 360*c**2*d*e**2*x**6 + 105*c**2*e**3*x**7))/840`

### 3.63 $\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 d^2 x + \frac{1}{3} a (2cd^2 + ae^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{5} c (cd^2 + 2ae^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{7} c^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{de(a + cx^2)^3}{3c}$$

output

```
a^2*d^2*x+1/3*a*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^3+1/5*c*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^5+1/7*c^2*e^2*x^7+1/3*d*e*(c*x^2+a)^3/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 d^2 x + a^2 dex^2 + \frac{1}{3} a (2cd^2 + ae^2) x^3 + acdex^4 + \frac{1}{5} c (cd^2 + 2ae^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{3} c^2 dex^6 + \frac{1}{7} c^2 e^2 x^7$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$a^2 d^2 x + a^2 d e x^2 + (a(2cd^2 + ae^2)x^3)/3 + acd e x^4 + (c(c d^2 + 2ae^2)x^5)/5 + (c^2 d e x^6)/3 + (c^2 e^2 x^7)/7$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {475, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 475$$

$$\int (c^2 e^2 x^6 + c(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^4 + a(2cd^2 + ae^2)x^2 + a^2 d^2) dx + \frac{de(a + cx^2)^3}{3c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^2 d^2 x + \frac{1}{5} c x^5 (2ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{1}{3} a x^3 (ae^2 + 2cd^2) + \frac{de(a + cx^2)^3}{3c} + \frac{1}{7} c^2 e^2 x^7$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$a^2 d^2 x + (a(2cd^2 + ae^2)x^3)/3 + (c(c d^2 + 2ae^2)x^5)/5 + (c^2 e^2 x^7)/7 + (d*e*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(3*c)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 475

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp
[d*n*c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Int[ExpandIntegran
d[((c + d*x)^n - d*n*c^(n - 1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LeQ[n, p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2 e^2 x^7}{7} + \frac{de c^2 x^6}{3} + \frac{(2ac e^2 + d^2 c^2) x^5}{5} + acde x^4 + \frac{(e^2 a^2 + 2a d^2 c) x^3}{3} + de a^2 x^2 + a^2 d^2 x$
norman	$\frac{c^2 e^2 x^7}{7} + \frac{de c^2 x^6}{3} + \left(\frac{2}{5} ac e^2 + \frac{1}{5} d^2 c^2\right) x^5 + acde x^4 + \left(\frac{1}{3} e^2 a^2 + \frac{2}{3} a d^2 c\right) x^3 + de a^2 x^2 + a^2 d^2 x$
gospers	$\frac{1}{7} c^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} de c^2 x^6 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 ac e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 d^2 c^2 + acde x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 e^2 a^2 + \frac{2}{3} ac d^2 x^3 + de a^2 x^2 + a^2 d^2 x$
risch	$\frac{1}{7} c^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} de c^2 x^6 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 ac e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 d^2 c^2 + acde x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 e^2 a^2 + \frac{2}{3} ac d^2 x^3 + de a^2 x^2 + a^2 d^2 x$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{7} c^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} de c^2 x^6 + \frac{2}{5} x^5 ac e^2 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 d^2 c^2 + acde x^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 e^2 a^2 + \frac{2}{3} ac d^2 x^3 + de a^2 x^2 + a^2 d^2 x$
orering	$\frac{x(15e^2c^2x^6 + 35de c^2x^5 + 42ac e^2x^4 + 21c^2d^2x^4 + 105acde x^3 + 35a^2e^2x^2 + 70a d^2x^2c + 105de a^2x + 105a^2d^2)}{105}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/7*c^2*e^2*x^7+1/3*d*e*c^2*x^6+1/5*(2*a*c*e^2+c^2*d^2)*x^5+a*c*d*e*x^4+1/
3*(a^2*e^2+2*a*c*d^2)*x^3+d*e*a^2*x^2+a^2*d^2*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} c^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} c^2 dex^6 + acdex^4 + a^2 dex^2 + \frac{1}{5} (c^2 d^2 + 2ace^2) x^5 + a^2 d^2 x + \frac{1}{3} (2acd^2 + a^2 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/7*c^2*e^2*x^7 + 1/3*c^2*d*e*x^6 + a*c*d*e*x^4 + a^2*d*e*x^2 + 1/5*(c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*e^2)*x^5 + a^2*d^2*x + 1/3*(2*a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 d^2 x + a^2 dex^2 + acdex^4 + \frac{c^2 dex^6}{3} + \frac{c^2 e^2 x^7}{7} + x^5 \cdot \left( \frac{2ace^2}{5} + \frac{c^2 d^2}{5} \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{a^2 e^2}{3} + \frac{2acd^2}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `a**2*d**2*x + a**2*d*e*x**2 + a*c*d*e*x**4 + c**2*d*e*x**6/3 + c**2*e**2*x**7/7 + x**5*(2*a*c*e**2/5 + c**2*d**2/5) + x**3*(a**2*e**2/3 + 2*a*c*d**2/3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} c^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} c^2 dex^6 + acdex^4 + a^2 dex^2 + \frac{1}{5} (c^2 d^2 + 2ace^2) x^5 + a^2 d^2 x + \frac{1}{3} (2acd^2 + a^2 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*c^2*e^2*x^7 + 1/3*c^2*d*e*x^6 + a*c*d*e*x^4 + a^2*d*e*x^2 + 1/5*(c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*e^2)*x^5 + a^2*d^2*x + 1/3*(2*a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{7} c^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} c^2 dex^6 + \frac{1}{5} c^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{2}{5} ace^2 x^5 + acdex^4 + \frac{2}{3} acd^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^2 e^2 x^3 + a^2 dex^2 + a^2 d^2 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/7*c^2*e^2*x^7 + 1/3*c^2*d*e*x^6 + 1/5*c^2*d^2*x^5 + 2/5*a*c*e^2*x^5 + a*c*d*e*x^4 + 2/3*a*c*d^2*x^3 + 1/3*a^2*e^2*x^3 + a^2*d*e*x^2 + a^2*d^2*x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx = x^3 \left( \frac{a^2 e^2}{3} + \frac{2ca d^2}{3} \right) + x^5 \left( \frac{c^2 d^2}{5} + \frac{2ace^2}{5} \right) + a^2 d^2 x + \frac{c^2 e^2 x^7}{7} + a^2 dex^2 + \frac{c^2 dex^6}{3} + acdex^4$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output `x^3*((a^2*e^2)/3 + (2*a*c*d^2)/3) + x^5*((c^2*d^2)/5 + (2*a*c*e^2)/5) + a^2*d^2*x + (c^2*e^2*x^7)/7 + a^2*d*e*x^2 + (c^2*d*e*x^6)/3 + a*c*d*e*x^4`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(15c^2e^2x^6 + 35c^2dex^5 + 42ace^2x^4 + 21c^2d^2x^4 + 105acdex^3 + 35a^2e^2x^2 + 70acd^2x^2 + 105a^2dex + 105a^2d^2)}{105}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `(x*(105*a**2*d**2 + 105*a**2*d*e*x + 35*a**2*e**2*x**2 + 70*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 105*a*c*d*e*x**3 + 42*a*c*e**2*x**4 + 21*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 35*c**2*d*e*x**5 + 15*c**2*e**2*x**6))/105`

### 3.64 $\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	579
Mathematica [A] (verified)	579
Rubi [A] (verified)	580
Maple [A] (verified)	581
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	581
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	583
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	583

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 dx + \frac{2}{3} acdx^3 + \frac{1}{5} c^2 dx^5 + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^3}{6c}$$

output

```
a^2*d*x+2/3*a*c*d*x^3+1/5*c^2*d*x^5+1/6*e*(c*x^2+a)^3/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 dx + \frac{1}{2} a^2 ex^2 + \frac{2}{3} acdx^3 + \frac{1}{2} acex^4 + \frac{1}{5} c^2 dx^5 + \frac{1}{6} c^2 ex^6$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*d*x + (a^2*e*x^2)/2 + (2*a*c*d*x^3)/3 + (a*c*e*x^4)/2 + (c^2*d*x^5)/5 + (c^2*e*x^6)/6
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {455, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$d \int (cx^2 + a)^2 dx + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^3}{6c}$$

$$\downarrow 210$$

$$d \int (c^2x^4 + 2acx^2 + a^2) dx + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^3}{6c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$d \left( a^2x + \frac{2}{3}acx^3 + \frac{c^2x^5}{5} \right) + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^3}{6c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(e*(a + c*x^2)^3)/(6*c) + d*(a^2*x + (2*a*c*x^3)/3 + (c^2*x^5)/5)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 210 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{1}{6}c^2ex^6 + \frac{1}{5}c^2dx^5 + \frac{1}{2}acex^4 + \frac{2}{3}acdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2ex^2 + a^2dx$	51
default	$\frac{1}{6}c^2ex^6 + \frac{1}{5}c^2dx^5 + \frac{1}{2}acex^4 + \frac{2}{3}acdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2ex^2 + a^2dx$	51
norman	$\frac{1}{6}c^2ex^6 + \frac{1}{5}c^2dx^5 + \frac{1}{2}acex^4 + \frac{2}{3}acdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2ex^2 + a^2dx$	51
risch	$\frac{1}{6}c^2ex^6 + \frac{1}{5}c^2dx^5 + \frac{1}{2}acex^4 + \frac{2}{3}acdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2ex^2 + a^2dx$	51
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{6}c^2ex^6 + \frac{1}{5}c^2dx^5 + \frac{1}{2}acex^4 + \frac{2}{3}acdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2ex^2 + a^2dx$	51
orering	$\frac{x(5ec^2x^5+6c^2dx^4+15acex^3+20adx^2c+15a^2ex+30a^2d)}{30}$	52

input `int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*c^2*e*x^6+1/5*c^2*d*x^5+1/2*a*c*e*x^4+2/3*a*c*d*x^3+1/2*a^2*e*x^2+a^2*d*x`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6}c^2ex^6 + \frac{1}{5}c^2dx^5 + \frac{1}{2}acex^4 + \frac{2}{3}acdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2ex^2 + a^2dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*c^2*e*x^6 + 1/5*c^2*d*x^5 + 1/2*a*c*e*x^4 + 2/3*a*c*d*x^3 + 1/2*a^2*e*x^2 + a^2*d*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = a^2 dx + \frac{a^2 ex^2}{2} + \frac{2acdx^3}{3} + \frac{acex^4}{2} + \frac{c^2 dx^5}{5} + \frac{c^2 ex^6}{6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `a**2*d*x + a**2*e*x**2/2 + 2*a*c*d*x**3/3 + a*c*e*x**4/2 + c**2*d*x**5/5 + c**2*e*x**6/6`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} c^2 ex^6 + \frac{1}{5} c^2 dx^5 + \frac{1}{2} acex^4 + \frac{2}{3} acdx^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 ex^2 + a^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*c^2*e*x^6 + 1/5*c^2*d*x^5 + 1/2*a*c*e*x^4 + 2/3*a*c*d*x^3 + 1/2*a^2*e*x^2 + a^2*d*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} c^2 ex^6 + \frac{1}{5} c^2 dx^5 + \frac{1}{2} acex^4 + \frac{2}{3} acdx^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 ex^2 + a^2 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*c^2*e*x^6 + 1/5*c^2*d*x^5 + 1/2*a*c*e*x^4 + 2/3*a*c*d*x^3 + 1/2*a^2*e*x^2 + a^2*d*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{ea^2x^2}{2} + da^2x + \frac{eacx^4}{2} + \frac{2dacx^3}{3} + \frac{ec^2x^6}{6} + \frac{dc^2x^5}{5}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x),x)`

output `(a^2*e*x^2)/2 + (c^2*d*x^5)/5 + (c^2*e*x^6)/6 + a^2*d*x + (2*a*c*d*x^3)/3 + (a*c*e*x^4)/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{x(5c^2ex^5 + 6c^2dx^4 + 15acex^3 + 20acd x^2 + 15a^2ex + 30a^2d)}{30}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `(x*(30*a**2*d + 15*a**2*e*x + 20*a*c*d*x**2 + 15*a*c*e*x**3 + 6*c**2*d*x**4 + 5*c**2*e*x**5))/30`

### 3.65 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	584
Mathematica [A] (verified)	584
Rubi [A] (verified)	585
Maple [A] (verified)	586
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	586
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	587
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	587
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	588
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	588
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	589

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{cd(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x}{e^4} + \frac{c(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{c^2dx^3}{3e^2} + \frac{c^2x^4}{4e} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^5}$$

output

```
-c*d*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x/e^4+1/2*c*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2/e^3-1/3*c^2*d*x^3/e^2+1/4*c^2*x^4/e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{cex(12ae^2(-2d + ex) + c(-12d^3 + 6d^2ex - 4de^2x^2 + 3e^3x^3)) + 12(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{12e^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

$$(c*e*x*(12*a*e^2*(-2*d + e*x) + c*(-12*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x - 4*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*e^3*x^3)) + 12*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*Log[d + e*x])/(12*e^5)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)} - \frac{cd(2ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{cx(2ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^3} - \frac{c^2dx^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^2x^3}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^5} - \frac{cdx(2ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{cx^2(2ae^2 + cd^2)}{2e^3} - \frac{c^2dx^3}{3e^2} + \frac{c^2x^4}{4e}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x), x]$$

output

$$-((c*d*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x)/e^4) + (c*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x^2)/(2*e^3) - (c^2*d*x^3)/(3*e^2) + (c^2*x^4)/(4*e) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*Log[d + e*x])/e^5$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
default	$-\frac{c\left(-\frac{cx^4e^3}{4} + \frac{cdx^3e^2}{3} - \frac{(2ae^2+cd^2)x^2e}{2} + d(2ae^2+cd^2)x\right)}{e^4} + \frac{(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\ln(ex+d)}{e^5}$
norman	$\frac{c^2x^4}{4e} + \frac{c(2ae^2+cd^2)x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{c^2dx^3}{3e^2} - \frac{cd(2ae^2+cd^2)x}{e^4} + \frac{(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\ln(ex+d)}{e^5}$
risch	$\frac{c^2x^4}{4e} - \frac{c^2dx^3}{3e^2} + \frac{cax^2}{e} + \frac{c^2d^2x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{2cadx}{e^2} - \frac{c^2d^3x}{e^4} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)a^2}{e} + \frac{2\ln(ex+d)acd^2}{e^3} + \frac{\ln(ex+d)c^2d^4}{e^5}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3c^2x^4e^4 - 4dc^2x^3e^3 + 12x^2ace^4 + 6x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 12\ln(ex+d)a^2e^4 + 24\ln(ex+d)acd^2e^2 + 12\ln(ex+d)c^2d^4 - 24xacde^3 - 12xc^2d^3}{12e^5}$

input

```
int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-c/e^4*(-1/4*c*x^4*e^3+1/3*c*d*x^3*e^2-1/2*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2*e+d*(2*a*e^
2+c*d^2)*x)+(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/e^5*ln(e*x+d)
```

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^2e^4x^4 - 4c^2de^3x^3 + 6(c^2d^2e^2 + 2ace^4)x^2 - 12(c^2d^3e + 2acde^3)x + 12(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\log(e}{12e^5}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*c^2*e^4*x^4 - 4*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*(c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c*e^4)*x^2 -
12*(c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x + 12*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*lo
g(e*x + d))/e^5
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{c^2 dx^3}{3e^2} + \frac{c^2 x^4}{4e} + x^2 \left( \frac{ac}{e} + \frac{c^2 d^2}{2e^3} \right) + x \left( -\frac{2acd}{e^2} - \frac{c^2 d^3}{e^4} \right) + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^5}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
-c**2*d*x**3/(3*e**2) + c**2*x**4/(4*e) + x**2*(a*c/e + c**2*d**2/(2*e**3)
) + x*(-2*a*c*d/e**2 - c**2*d**3/e**4) + (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2*log(d + e*x)
/e**5
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{3c^2e^3x^4 - 4c^2de^2x^3 + 6(c^2d^2e + 2ace^3)x^2 - 12(c^2d^3 + 2acde^2)x}{12e^4} + \frac{(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \log(ex + d)}{e^5}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*(3*c^2*e^3*x^4 - 4*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 6*(c^2*d^2*e + 2*a*c*e^3)*x^2 - 12
*(c^2*d^3 + 2*a*c*d*e^2)*x)/e^4 + (c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*log(
e*x + d)/e^5
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = \frac{3c^2e^3x^4 - 4c^2de^2x^3 + 6c^2d^2ex^2 + 12ace^3x^2 - 12c^2d^3x - 24acde^2x}{12e^4} + \frac{(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(3*c^2*e^3*x^4 - 4*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 + 6*c^2*d^2*e*x^2 + 12*a*c*e^3*x^2 - 12*c^2*d^3*x - 24*a*c*d*e^2*x)/e^4 + (c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^5`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx = x^2 \left( \frac{c^2 d^2}{2e^3} + \frac{ac}{e} \right) + \frac{\ln(d + ex) (a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{e^5} + \frac{c^2 x^4}{4e} - \frac{c^2 dx^3}{3e^2} - \frac{dx \left( \frac{c^2 d^2}{e^3} + \frac{2ac}{e} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x),x)`

output `x^2*((c^2*d^2)/(2*e^3) + (a*c)/e) + (log(d + e*x)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/e^5 + (c^2*x^4)/(4*e) - (c^2*d*x^3)/(3*e^2) - (d*x*((c^2*d^2)/e^3 + (2*a*c)/e))/e`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(ex + d) a^2 e^4 + 24 \log(ex + d) ac d^2 e^2 + 12 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^4 - 24acd e^3 x + 12ac e^4 x^2 - 12c^2 d^3 ex + 6c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 - 4c^2 d e^3 x^3 + 3c^2 e^4 x^4}{12e^5}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d),x)`output `(12*log(d + e*x)*a**2*e**4 + 24*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 12*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**4 - 24*a*c*d*e**3*x + 12*a*c*e**4*x**2 - 12*c**2*d**3*e*x + 6*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 4*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 + 3*c**2*e**4*x**4)/(12*e**5)`

### 3.66 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	590
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	590
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	591
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	592
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	592
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	593
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	593
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	594
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	594
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	595

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{c(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x}{e^4} - \frac{c^2dx^2}{e^3} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3e^2} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{e^5(d + ex)} - \frac{4cd(cd^2 + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^5}$$

output

```
c*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x/e^4-c^2*d*x^2/e^3+1/3*c^2*x^3/e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^5/(e*x+d)-4*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{3ce(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x - 3c^2de^2x^2 + c^2e^3x^3 - \frac{3(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{d+ex} - 12cd(cd^2 + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{3e^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

$$(3*c*e*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x - 3*c^2*d*e^2*x^2 + c^2*e^3*x^3 - (3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(d + e*x) - 12*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(3*e^5)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( -\frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)^2} + \frac{c(2ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{2c^2 dx}{e^3} + \frac{c^2 x^2}{e^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^5(d + ex)} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^5} + \frac{cx(2ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{c^2 dx^2}{e^3} + \frac{c^2 x^3}{3e^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^2, x]$$

output

$$(c*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x)/e^4 - (c^2*d*x^2)/e^3 + (c^2*x^3)/(3*e^2) - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2/(e^5*(d + e*x)) - (4*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^5$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
default	$\frac{c(\frac{1}{3}ce^2x^3 - cdx^2e + 2ae^2x + 3cd^2x)}{e^4} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^5} - \frac{a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{e^5(ex+d)}$
norman	$-\frac{a^2e^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 4c^2d^4}{e^5} + \frac{c^2x^4}{3e} - \frac{2c^2dx^3}{3e^2} + \frac{2c(ae^2 + cd^2)x^2}{e^3} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^5}$
risch	$\frac{c^2x^3}{3e^2} - \frac{c^2dx^2}{e^3} + \frac{2cax}{e^2} + \frac{3c^2d^2x}{e^4} - \frac{4cd\ln(ex+d)a}{e^3} - \frac{4c^2d^3\ln(ex+d)}{e^5} - \frac{a^2}{e(ex+d)} - \frac{2acd^2}{e^3(ex+d)} - \frac{c^2d^4}{e^5(ex+d)}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{-c^2x^4e^4 + 2dc^2x^3e^3 + 12\ln(ex+d)xacd e^3 + 12\ln(ex+d)x c^2d^3e - 6x^2ac e^4 - 6x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 12\ln(ex+d)acd^2e^2 + 12\ln(ex+d)}{3e^5(ex+d)}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c/e^4*(1/3*c*e^2*x^3-c*d*x^2*e+2*a*e^2*x+3*c*d^2*x)-4*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*ln
(e*x+d)/e^5-(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/e^5/(e*x+d)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2e^4x^4 - 2c^2de^3x^3 - 3c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4 + 6(c^2d^2e^2 + ace^4)x^2 + 3(3c^2d^3e + 2acde^3)x - 12(c^2d^3e^2 + 2acde^3)}{3(e^6x + de^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3}(c^2e^4x^4 - 2c^2de^3x^3 - 3c^2d^4 - 6acde^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4 + 6(c^2d^2e^2 + ac^2e^4)x^2 + 3(3c^2d^3e + 2acde^3)x - 12(c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + (c^2d^3e + acd^2e^3)x)\log(ex + d))/(e^6x + de^5)$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{c^2dx^2}{e^3} + \frac{c^2x^3}{3e^2} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)\log(d + ex)}{e^5} + x\left(\frac{2ac}{e^2} + \frac{3c^2d^2}{e^4}\right) + \frac{-a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{de^5 + e^6x}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output 
$$-c**2*d*x**2/e**3 + c**2*x**3/(3*e**2) - 4*c*d*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*\log(d + e*x)/e**5 + x*(2*a*c/e**2 + 3*c**2*d**2/e**4) + (-a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/(d*e**5 + e**6*x)$$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4}{e^6x + de^5} + \frac{c^2e^2x^3 - 3c^2dex^2 + 3(3c^2d^2 + 2ace^2)x}{3e^4} - \frac{4(c^2d^3 + acde^2)\log(ex + d)}{e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-(c^2 d^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4)/(e^6 x + d e^5) + 1/3(c^2 e^2 x^3 - 3c^2 d e x^2 + 3(3c^2 d^2 + 2ac e^2)x)/e^4 - 4(c^2 d^3 + ac d e^2) \log(e x + d)/e^5$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\left(c^2 - \frac{6c^2 d}{ex+d} + \frac{6(3c^2 d^2 e^2 + ace^4)}{(ex+d)^2 e^2}\right)(ex + d)^3}{3e^5} + \frac{4(c^2 d^3 + acde^2) \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2 |e|}\right)}{e^5} - \frac{c^2 d^4 e^3}{ex+d} + \frac{2acd^2 e^5}{ex+d} + \frac{a^2 e^7}{ex+d}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$1/3(c^2 - 6c^2 d/(e x + d) + 6(3c^2 d^2 e^2 + ac e^4)/((e x + d)^2 e^2)) * (e x + d)^3 / e^5 + 4(c^2 d^3 + ac d e^2) * \log(\text{abs}(e x + d) / ((e x + d)^2 \text{abs}(e))) / e^5 - (c^2 d^4 e^3 / (e x + d) + 2ac d^2 e^5 / (e x + d) + a^2 e^7 / (e x + d)) / e^8$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx = x \left( \frac{3c^2 d^2}{e^4} + \frac{2ac}{e^2} \right) - \frac{\ln(d + ex) (4c^2 d^3 + 4acde^2)}{e^5} + \frac{c^2 x^3}{3e^2} - \frac{a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{e(xe^5 + de^4)} - \frac{c^2 dx^2}{e^3}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^2,x)
```

output

$$x * ((3c^2 d^2)/e^4 + (2ac)/e^2) - (\log(d + e*x) * (4c^2 d^3 + 4ac d e^2)) / e^5 + (c^2 x^3) / (3e^2) - (a^2 e^4 + c^2 d^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2) / (e * (d e^4 + e^5 x)) - (c^2 d x^2) / e^3$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \log(ex + d) acd^3e^2 - 12 \log(ex + d) acd^2e^3x - 12 \log(ex + d) c^2d^5 - 12 \log(ex + d) c^2d^4ex + 3a^2e^5}{3de^5(ex + d)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^2,x)`output `( - 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**2*e**3*x - 12*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**5 - 12*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**4*e*x + 3*a**2*e**5*x + 12*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + 6*a*c*d*e**4*x**2 + 12*c**2*d**4*e*x + 6*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 2*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 + c**2*d*e**4*x**4)/(3*d*e**5*(d + e*x))`



**3.67**      $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

Optimal result	596
Mathematica [A] (verified)	596
Rubi [A] (verified)	597
Maple [A] (verified)	598
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	598
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	599
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	599
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	600
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	600
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	601

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{3c^2 dx}{e^4} + \frac{c^2 x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{2e^5(d + ex)^2} + \frac{4cd(cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^5(d + ex)} + \frac{2c(3cd^2 + ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^5}$$

output -3\*c^2\*d\*x/e^4+1/2\*c^2\*x^2/e^3-1/2\*(a\*e^2+c\*d^2)^2/e^5/(e\*x+d)^2+4\*c\*d\*(a\*e^2+c\*d^2)/e^5/(e\*x+d)+2\*c\*(a\*e^2+3\*c\*d^2)\*ln(e\*x+d)/e^5

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{-a^2 e^4 + 2acde^2(3d + 4ex) + c^2(7d^4 + 2d^3ex - 11d^2e^2x^2 - 4de^3x^3 + e^4x^4) + 4c(3cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^2 \log(d + ex)}{2e^5(d + ex)^2}$$

input Integrate[(a + c\*x^2)^2/(d + e\*x)^3,x]

output

$$\frac{-(a^2e^4) + 2acde^2(3d + 4ex) + c^2(7d^4 + 2d^3ex - 11d^2e^2x^2 - 4d^2e^3x^3 + e^4x^4) + 4c(3cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^2 \text{Log}[d + ex]}{(2e^5(d + ex)^2)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)^3} - \frac{3c^2d}{e^4} + \frac{c^2x}{e^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{2e^5(d + ex)^2} + \frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^5} - \frac{3c^2dx}{e^4} + \frac{c^2x^2}{2e^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-3c^2dx)/e^4 + (c^2x^2)/(2e^3) - (cd^2 + ae^2)^2/(2e^5(d + ex)^2) + (4cd(c*d^2 + ae^2))/(e^5(d + ex)) + (2c(3cd^2 + ae^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^5}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
default	$-\frac{c^2(-\frac{1}{2}ex^2+3dx)}{e^4} + \frac{2c(ae^2+3cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^5} + \frac{4cd(ae^2+cd^2)}{e^5(ex+d)} - \frac{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{2e^5(ex+d)^2}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-18c^2d^4}{2e^5} + \frac{c^2x^4}{2e} - \frac{2c^2dx^3}{e^2} + \frac{2d(2ace^2+6d^2c^2)x}{e^4}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{2c(ae^2+3cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^5}$
risch	$\frac{c^2x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{3c^2dx}{e^4} + \frac{(4de^2ac+4d^3c^2)x - \frac{a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-7c^2d^4}{2e}}{e^4(ex+d)^2} + \frac{2c\ln(ex+d)a}{e^3} + \frac{6c^2\ln(ex+d)d^2}{e^5}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{c^2x^4e^4+4\ln(ex+d)x^2ace^4+12\ln(ex+d)x^2c^2d^2e^2-4dc^2x^3e^3+8\ln(ex+d)xacd^2e^3+24\ln(ex+d)x^2c^2d^3e+4\ln(ex+d)acd^2e^2}{2e^5(ex+d)^2}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -c^2/e^4*(-1/2*e*x^2+3*d*x)+2*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^5+4*c*d*(a*e^2
+c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)-1/2*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/e^5/(e*x+d)^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2e^4x^4 - 4c^2de^3x^3 - 11c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 7c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4 + 2(c^2d^3e + 4acde^3)x + 4(3c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2)}{2(e^7x^2 + 2de^6x + d^2e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{2}(c^2e^4x^4 - 4c^2de^3x^3 - 11c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 7c^2d^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2 - a^2e^4 + 2(c^2d^3e + 4ac^2d^2e^3)x + 4(3c^2d^4 + ac^2d^2e^2 + (3c^2d^2e^2 + ac^2e^4)x^2 + 2(3c^2d^3e + ac^2d^2e^3)x) \log(e^2x + d)) / (e^7x^2 + 2de^6x + d^2e^5)$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = -\frac{3c^2dx}{e^4} + \frac{c^2x^2}{2e^3} + \frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^5} + \frac{-a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4 + x(8acde^3 + 8c^2d^3e)}{2d^2e^5 + 4de^6x + 2e^7x^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output 
$$-3c^2dx/e^4 + c^2x^2/(2e^3) + 2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \log(d + ex)/e^5 + (-a^2e^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4 + x(8ac^2de^3 + 8c^2d^3e)) / (2d^2e^5 + 4de^6x + 2e^7x^2)$$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{7c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4 + 8(c^2d^3e + acde^3)x}{2(e^7x^2 + 2de^6x + d^2e^5)} + \frac{c^2ex^2 - 6c^2dx}{2e^4} + \frac{2(3c^2d^2 + ace^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(7*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e
^7*x^2 + 2*d*e^6*x + d^2*e^5) + 1/2*(c^2*e*x^2 - 6*c^2*d*x)/e^4 + 2*(3*c^2
*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/e^5
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{2(3c^2d^2 + ace^2) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^5} + \frac{c^2e^3x^2 - 6c^2de^2x}{2e^6} + \frac{7c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4 + 8(c^2d^3e + acde^3)x}{2(ex + d)^2e^5}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*(3*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^5 + 1/2*(c^2*e^3*x^2 - 6*c^2*d
*e^2*x)/e^6 + 1/2*(7*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4 + 8*(c^2*d^3*e + a*
c*d*e^3)*x)/((e*x + d)^2*e^5)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx = \frac{x(4c^2d^3 + 4acde^2) + \frac{-a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 7c^2d^4}{2e}}{d^2e^4 + 2de^5x + e^6x^2} + \frac{\ln(d + ex)(6c^2d^2 + 2ace^2)}{e^5} + \frac{c^2x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{3c^2dx}{e^4}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(x*(4*c^2*d^3 + 4*a*c*d*e^2) + (7*c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(2*e)
)/(d^2*e^4 + e^6*x^2 + 2*d*e^5*x) + (log(d + e*x)*(6*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*e^2))
/e^5 + (c^2*x^2)/(2*e^3) - (3*c^2*d*x)/e^4
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \log(ex + d) ac d^2 e^2 + 8 \log(ex + d) acd e^3 x + 4 \log(ex + d) ac e^4 x^2 + 12 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^4 + 24 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^3 e x + 12 \log(d + e x) c^2 d^4 + 24 \log(d + e x) c^2 d^3 e x + 12 \log(d + e x) c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 - a^2 e^4 + 2 a c d^2 e^2 - 4 a c e^4 x^2 + 6 c^2 d^4 - 12 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 - 4 c^2 d e^3 x^3 + c^2 e^4 x^4}{2 e^5 (e^2 x^2 + d^2 + 2 d e x)}$$

input

```
int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^3,x)
```

output

```
(4*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 8*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e**3*x + 4*log(d + e*x)*a*c*e**4*x**2 + 12*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**4 + 24*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3*e*x + 12*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 4*a*c*e**4*x**2 + 6*c**2*d**4 - 12*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 4*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 + c**2*e**4*x**4)/(2*e**5*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))
```

### 3.68 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{c^2x}{e^4} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{3e^5(d + ex)^3} + \frac{2cd(cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^2} - \frac{2c(3cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^5(d + ex)} - \frac{4c^2d \log(d + ex)}{e^5}$$

output `c^2*x/e^4-1/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^5/(e*x+d)^3+2*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^2-2*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)-4*c^2*d*ln(e*x+d)/e^5`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{a^2e^4 + 2ace^2(d^2 + 3dex + 3e^2x^2) + c^2(13d^4 + 27d^3ex + 9d^2e^2x^2 - 9de^3x^3 - 3e^4x^4) + 12c^2d(d + ex)^3}{3e^5(d + ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^4,x]`

output

$$-1/3*(a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(13*d^4 + 27*d^3*e*x + 9*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 9*d*e^3*x^3 - 3*e^4*x^4) + 12*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^3*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(e^5*(d + e*x)^3)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^2} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)^4} - \frac{4c^2d}{e^4(d + ex)} + \frac{c^2}{e^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)} + \frac{2cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3e^5(d + ex)^3} - \frac{4c^2d \log(d + ex)}{e^5} + \frac{c^2x}{e^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^4, x]$$

output

$$(c^2*x)/e^4 - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2/(3*e^5*(d + e*x)^3) + (2*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^5*(d + e*x)^2) - (2*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^5*(d + e*x)) - (4*c^2*d*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^5$$



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
risch	$\frac{c^2x}{e^4} + \frac{(-2e^3ac-6d^2e^2c^2)x^2 - 2dc(ae^2+5cd^2)x - \frac{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+13c^2d^4}{3e}}{e^4(ex+d)^3} - \frac{4c^2d \ln(ex+d)}{e^5}$
default	$\frac{c^2x}{e^4} - \frac{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{3e^5(ex+d)^3} - \frac{4c^2d \ln(ex+d)}{e^5} - \frac{2c(ae^2+3cd^2)}{e^5(ex+d)} + \frac{2cd(ae^2+cd^2)}{e^5(ex+d)^2}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{c^2x^4}{e} - \frac{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+22c^2d^4}{3e^5} - \frac{(2ace^2+12d^2c^2)x^2}{e^3} - \frac{d(2ace^2+18d^2c^2)x}{e^4}}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{4c^2d \ln(ex+d)}{e^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{12 \ln(ex+d)x^3c^2de^3 - 3c^2x^4e^4 + 36 \ln(ex+d)x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 36 \ln(ex+d)xc^2d^3e + 6x^2ace^4 + 36x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 12 \ln(ex+d)c^2d^4 + 6x^2c^2d^4}{3e^5(ex+d)^3}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c^2*x/e^4+((-2*a*c*e^3-6*c^2*d^2*e)*x^2-2*d*c*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x-1/3*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+13*c^2*d^4)/e)/e^4/(e*x+d)^3-4*c^2*d*ln(e*x+d)/e^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{3c^2e^4x^4 + 9c^2de^3x^3 - 13c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4 - 3(3c^2d^2e^2 + 2ace^4)x^2 - 3(9c^2d^3e + 2acde^3)x - 12}{3(e^8x^3 + 3de^7x^2 + 3d^2e^6x + d^3e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{(3c^2e^4x^4 + 9c^2de^3x^3 - 13c^2d^4 - 2ac^2de^2 - a^2e^4 - 3(3c^2d^2e^2 + 2ac^2e^4)x^2 - 3(9c^2d^3e + 2ac^2de^3)x - 12(c^2de^3x^3 + 3c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 3c^2d^3e^2x + c^2d^4) \log(ex + d))}{(e^8x^3 + 3d^2e^7x^2 + 3d^2e^6x + d^3e^5)}$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4c^2d \log(d + ex)}{e^5} + \frac{c^2x}{e^4}$$

$$+ \frac{-a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - 13c^2d^4 + x^2(-6ace^4 - 18c^2d^2e^2) + x(-6acde^3 - 30c^2d^3e)}{3d^3e^5 + 9d^2e^6x + 9de^7x^2 + 3e^8x^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output 
$$\frac{-4c^2d \log(d + ex)/e^5 + c^2x/e^4 + (-a^2e^4 - 2ac^2de^2 - 13c^2d^4 + x^2(-6ac^2e^4 - 18c^2d^2e^2) + x(-6ac^2de^3 - 30c^2d^3e))}{(3d^3e^5 + 9d^2e^6x + 9de^7x^2 + 3e^8x^3)}$$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{13c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 + 6(3c^2d^2e^2 + ace^4)x^2 + 6(5c^2d^3e + acde^3)x}{3(e^8x^3 + 3de^7x^2 + 3d^2e^6x + d^3e^5)}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2x}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2d \log(ex + d)}{e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/3*(13*c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 6*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(5*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^8*x^3 + 3*d*e^7*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^6*x + d^3*e^5) + c^2*x/e^4 - 4*c^2*d*log(e*x + d)/e^5$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 x}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2 d \log(|ex + d|)}{e^5}$$

$$- \frac{13c^2 d^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4 + 6(3c^2 d^2 e^2 + ace^4)x^2 + 6(5c^2 d^3 e + acde^3)x}{3(ex + d)^3 e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$c^2*x/e^4 - 4*c^2*d*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^5 - 1/3*(13*c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 + 6*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(5*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/((e*x + d)^3*e^5)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 x}{e^4} - \frac{x(10c^2 d^3 + 2acde^2) + x^2(6c^2 d^2 e + 2ace^3) + \frac{a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + 13c^2 d^4}{3e}}{d^3 e^4 + 3d^2 e^5 x + 3de^6 x^2 + e^7 x^3}$$

$$- \frac{4c^2 d \ln(d + ex)}{e^5}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^4,x)`

output

$$\frac{(c^2 x)/e^4 - (x(10c^2 d^3 + 2ac d e^2) + x^2(6c^2 d^2 e + 2ac e^3) + (a^2 e^4 + 13c^2 d^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2)/(3e))/(d^3 e^4 + e^7 x^3 + 3d^2 e^5 x + 3d e^6 x^2) - (4c^2 d \log(d + ex))/e^5}{3d e^5 (e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 e x + d^3)}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^5 - 36 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^4 ex - 36 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^3 e^2 x^2 - 12 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^2 e^3 x^3 - a^2 d}{3d e^5 (e^3 x^3 + 3d e^2 x^2 + 3d^2 e x + d^3)}$$

input

```
int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 12*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**5 - 36*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**4*e*x - 36*log(d +
e*x)*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 12*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - a**2*d*e
**4 + 2*a*c*e**5*x**3 - 10*c**2*d**5 - 18*c**2*d**4*e*x + 12*c**2*d**2*e**
3*x**3 + 3*c**2*d*e**4*x**4)/(3*d*e**5*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2*x**2
+ e**3*x**3))
```

**3.69**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	609
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	610
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	610
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	611
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	611
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	612
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	612
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	613

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{4e^5(d + ex)^4} + \frac{4cd(cd^2 + ae^2)}{3e^5(d + ex)^3} - \frac{c(3cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^2} + \frac{4c^2d}{e^5(d + ex)} + \frac{c^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^5}$$

output `-1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^5/(e*x+d)^4+4/3*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^3-c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^2+4*c^2*d/e^5/(e*x+d)+c^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^5`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{-3a^2e^4 - 2ace^2(d^2 + 4dex + 6e^2x^2) + c^2d(25d^3 + 88d^2ex + 108de^2x^2 + 48e^3x^3) + 12c^2(d + ex)^4 \log(d + ex)}{12e^5(d + ex)^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^5,x]`

output

$$(-3a^2e^4 - 2ac^2e^2(d^2 + 4dex + 6e^2x^2) + c^2d(25d^3 + 88d^2ex + 108d^2e^2x^2 + 48e^3x^3) + 12c^2(d + ex)^4 \text{Log}[d + ex]) / (12e^5(d + ex)^4)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^3} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^4} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c^2}{e^4(d + ex)} - \frac{4c^2d}{e^4(d + ex)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^2} + \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3e^5(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4e^5(d + ex)^4} + \frac{4c^2d}{e^5(d + ex)} + \frac{c^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^5, x]$$

output

$$-1/4*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2/(e^5*(d + e*x)^4) + (4*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(3*e^5*(d + e*x)^3) - (c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^5*(d + e*x)^2) + (4*c^2*d)/(e^5*(d + e*x)) + (c^2*Log[d + e*x])/e^5$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
risch	$\frac{\frac{4c^2 d x^3}{e^2} - \frac{c(a e^2 - 9c d^2)x^2}{e^3} - \frac{2cd(a e^2 - 11c d^2)x}{3e^4} - \frac{3a^2 e^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2 - 25c^2 d^4}{12e^5}}{(ex+d)^4} + \frac{c^2 \ln(ex+d)}{e^5}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{3a^2 e^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2 - 25c^2 d^4}{12e^5} - \frac{(ac e^2 - 9d^2 c^2)x^2}{e^3} + \frac{4c^2 d x^3}{e^2} - \frac{2d(ac e^2 - 11d^2 c^2)x}{3e^4}}{(ex+d)^4} + \frac{c^2 \ln(ex+d)}{e^5}$
default	$\frac{4cd(a e^2 + c d^2)}{3e^5(ex+d)^3} - \frac{a^2 e^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{4e^5(ex+d)^4} + \frac{c^2 \ln(ex+d)}{e^5} + \frac{4c^2 d}{e^5(ex+d)} - \frac{c(a e^2 + 3c d^2)}{e^5(ex+d)^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12 \ln(ex+d)x^4 c^2 e^4 + 48 \ln(ex+d)x^3 c^2 d e^3 + 72 \ln(ex+d)x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 48 d c^2 x^3 e^3 + 48 \ln(ex+d)x c^2 d^3 e - 12x^2 ac e^4 + 108x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2}{12e^5(ex+d)^4}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (4*c^2*d*x^3/e^2-c*(a*e^2-9*c*d^2)/e^3*x^2-2/3*c*d*(a*e^2-11*c*d^2)/e^4*x-
1/12*(3*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2-25*c^2*d^4)/e^5)/(e*x+d)^4+c^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{48 c^2 d e^3 x^3 + 25 c^2 d^4 - 2 a c d^2 e^2 - 3 a^2 e^4 + 12 (9 c^2 d^2 e^2 - a c e^4) x^2 + 8 (11 c^2 d^3 e - a c d e^3) x + 12 (c^2 e^4 x^4 + 12 c^2 d e^3 x^3 + 25 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 - 2 a c d^2 e^2 x - 3 a^2 e^4)}{12 (e^9 x^4 + 4 d e^8 x^3 + 6 d^2 e^7 x^2 + 4 d^3 e^6 x + d^4 e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{12} \frac{(48c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 25c^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4 + 12(9c^2d^2e^2 - ac^2e^4)x^2 + 8(11c^2d^3e - ac^2d^2e^3)x + 12(c^2e^4x^4 + 4c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 6c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 4c^2d^3e^2x + c^2d^4) \log(ex + d))}{(e^9x^4 + 4d^8e^8x^3 + 6d^2e^7x^2 + 4d^3e^6x + d^4e^5)}$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{c^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^5} + \frac{-3a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 + 25c^2d^4 + 48c^2de^3x^3 + x^2(-12ace^4 + 108c^2d^2e^2) + x(-8acde^3 + 88c^2d^3e)}{12d^4e^5 + 48d^3e^6x + 72d^2e^7x^2 + 48de^8x^3 + 12e^9x^4}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**5,x)`

output 
$$c**2*\log(d + e*x)/e**5 + (-3*a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 25*c**2*d**4 + 48*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 + x**2*(-12*a*c*e**4 + 108*c**2*d**2*e**2) + x*(-8*a*c*d*e**3 + 88*c**2*d**3*e))/(12*d**4*e**5 + 48*d**3*e**6*x + 72*d**2*e**7*x**2 + 48*d*e**8*x**3 + 12*e**9*x**4)$$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{48c^2de^3x^3 + 25c^2d^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4 + 12(9c^2d^2e^2 - ace^4)x^2 + 8(11c^2d^3e - acde^3)x}{12(e^9x^4 + 4de^8x^3 + 6d^2e^7x^2 + 4d^3e^6x + d^4e^5)} + \frac{c^2 \log(ex + d)}{e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
1/12*(48*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 25*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4 + 12*(9*c^
2*d^2*e^2 - a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 8*(11*c^2*d^3*e - a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^9*x^4 + 4*d*
e^8*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^7*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^6*x + d^4*e^5) + c^2*log(e*x + d)/e^5
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c^2 \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{48c^2de^{15}}{ex+d} - \frac{36c^2d^2e^{15}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{16c^2d^3e^{15}}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{3c^2d^4e^{15}}{(ex+d)^4} - \frac{12ace^{17}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{16acde^{17}}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{6acd^2e^{17}}{(ex+d)^4} - \frac{3a^2e^{19}}{(ex+d)^4}}{12e^{20}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-c^2*log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^5 + 1/12*(48*c^2*d*e^15/(e*x
+ d) - 36*c^2*d^2*e^15/(e*x + d)^2 + 16*c^2*d^3*e^15/(e*x + d)^3 - 3*c^2*
d^4*e^15/(e*x + d)^4 - 12*a*c*e^17/(e*x + d)^2 + 16*a*c*d*e^17/(e*x + d)^3
- 6*a*c*d^2*e^17/(e*x + d)^4 - 3*a^2*e^19/(e*x + d)^4)/e^20
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{c^2 \ln(d + ex)}{e^5}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{3a^2e^4 + 2ac d^2e^2 - 25c^2d^4}{12e^5} - \frac{2x(11c^2d^3 - acde^2)}{3e^4} - \frac{4c^2dx^3}{e^2} + \frac{cx^2(ae^2 - 9cd^2)}{e^3}}{d^4 + 4d^3ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 + 4de^3x^3 + e^4x^4}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^5,x)
```

output

```
(c^2*log(d + e*x))/e^5 - ((3*a^2*e^4 - 25*c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(12*e^5)
) - (2*x*(11*c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2))/(3*e^4) - (4*c^2*d*x^3)/e^2 + (c*x^2*(a
*e^2 - 9*c*d^2))/e^3)/(d^4 + e^4*x^4 + 4*d*e^3*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 4*d^3
*e*x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^4 + 48 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^3 ex + 72 \log(ex + d) c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 48 \log(ex + d) c^2 d e^3 x^3 + 12 \log(ex + d) c^2 e^4 x^4}{12e^5 (e^4 x^4 + 4d e^3 x^3 + 6d^2 e^2 x^2 + 4d^3 e x + d^4)}$$

input

```
int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^5,x)
```

output

```
(12*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**4 + 48*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d**3*e*x + 72*log(d + e*
x)*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 48*log(d + e*x)*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 + 12*log(d + e*x
)*c**2*e**4*x**4 - 3*a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 8*a*c*d*e**3*x - 12*a*c
*e**4*x**2 + 13*c**2*d**4 + 40*c**2*d**3*e*x + 36*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 12
*c**2*e**4*x**4)/(12*e**5*(d**4 + 4*d**3*e*x + 6*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*d*e**3
*x**3 + e**4*x**4))
```

### 3.70 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = -\frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{5e^5(d + ex)^5} + \frac{cd(cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^4} - \frac{2c(3cd^2 + ae^2)}{3e^5(d + ex)^3} + \frac{2c^2d}{e^5(d + ex)^2} - \frac{c^2}{e^5(d + ex)}$$

output `-1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^5/(e*x+d)^5+c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^4-2/3*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^3+2*c^2*d/e^5/(e*x+d)^2-c^2/e^5/(e*x+d)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = -\frac{3a^2e^4 + ace^2(d^2 + 5dex + 10e^2x^2) + 3c^2(d^4 + 5d^3ex + 10d^2e^2x^2 + 10de^3x^3 + 5e^4x^4)}{15e^5(d + ex)^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output

$$-1/15*(3*a^2*e^4 + a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 5*d*e*x + 10*e^2*x^2) + 3*c^2*(d^4 + 5*d^3*e*x + 10*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 10*d*e^3*x^3 + 5*e^4*x^4))/(e^5*(d + e*x)^5)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^4} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)^6} + \frac{c^2}{e^4(d + ex)^2} - \frac{4c^2d}{e^4(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{3e^5(d + ex)^3} + \frac{cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^5(d + ex)^4} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{5e^5(d + ex)^5} - \frac{c^2}{e^5(d + ex)} + \frac{2c^2d}{e^5(d + ex)^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^6,x]$$

output

$$-1/5*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2/(e^5*(d + e*x)^5) + (c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^5*(d + e*x)^4) - (2*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(3*e^5*(d + e*x)^3) + (2*c^2*d)/(e^5*(d + e*x)^2) - c^2/(e^5*(d + e*x))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{15c^2x^4e^4+30dc^2x^3e^3+10x^2ace^4+30x^2c^2d^2e^2+5xacde^3+15xc^2d^3e+3a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4}{15(ex+d)^5e^5}$	105
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^2x^4}{e}-\frac{2c^2dx^3}{e^2}-\frac{2c(ae^2+3cd^2)x^2}{3e^3}-\frac{dc(ae^2+3cd^2)x}{3e^4}-\frac{3a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4}{15e^5}}{(ex+d)^5}$	105
orering	$-\frac{15c^2x^4e^4+30dc^2x^3e^3+10x^2ace^4+30x^2c^2d^2e^2+5xacde^3+15xc^2d^3e+3a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4}{15(ex+d)^5e^5}$	105
parallelrisc	$\frac{-15c^2x^4e^4-30dc^2x^3e^3-10x^2ace^4-30x^2c^2d^2e^2-5xacde^3-15xc^2d^3e-3a^2e^4-acd^2e^2-3c^2d^4}{15e^5(ex+d)^5}$	106
norman	$\frac{-\frac{c^2x^4}{e}-\frac{2c^2dx^3}{e^2}-\frac{2(ac e^2+3d^2c^2)x^2}{3e^3}-\frac{d(ac e^2+3d^2c^2)x}{3e^4}-\frac{3a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4}{15e^5}}{(ex+d)^5}$	109
default	$-\frac{2c(ae^2+3cd^2)}{3e^5(ex+d)^3} + \frac{cd(ae^2+cd^2)}{e^5(ex+d)^4} - \frac{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{5e^5(ex+d)^5} - \frac{c^2}{e^5(ex+d)} + \frac{2c^2d}{e^5(ex+d)^2}$	119

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(15*c^2*e^4*x^4+30*c^2*d*e^3*x^3+10*a*c*e^4*x^2+30*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2+5
*a*c*d*e^3*x+15*c^2*d^3*e*x+3*a^2*e^4+a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)^5/e^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{15c^2e^4x^4 + 30c^2de^3x^3 + 3c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4 + 10(3c^2d^2e^2 + ace^4)x^2 + 5(3c^2d^3e + acde^3)x}{15(e^{10}x^5 + 5de^9x^4 + 10d^2e^8x^3 + 10d^3e^7x^2 + 5d^4e^6x + d^5e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/15*(15*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 30*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + 10*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 5*(3*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^10*x^5 + 5*d*e^9*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^8*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^7*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^6*x + d^5*e^5)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{-3a^2e^4 - acd^2e^2 - 3c^2d^4 - 30c^2de^3x^3 - 15c^2e^4x^4 + x^2(-10ace^4 - 30c^2d^2e^2) + x(-5acde^3 - 15c^2d^3e)}{15d^5e^5 + 75d^4e^6x + 150d^3e^7x^2 + 150d^2e^8x^3 + 75de^9x^4 + 15e^{10}x^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**6,x)`output `(-3*a**2*e**4 - a*c*d**2*e**2 - 3*c**2*d**4 - 30*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 - 15*c**2*e**4*x**4 + x**2*(-10*a*c*e**4 - 30*c**2*d**2*e**2) + x*(-5*a*c*d*e**3 - 15*c**2*d**3*e))/(15*d**5*e**5 + 75*d**4*e**6*x + 150*d**3*e**7*x**2 + 150*d**2*e**8*x**3 + 75*d*e**9*x**4 + 15*e**10*x**5)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{15c^2e^4x^4 + 30c^2de^3x^3 + 3c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4 + 10(3c^2d^2e^2 + ace^4)x^2 + 5(3c^2d^3e + acde^3)x}{15(e^{10}x^5 + 5de^9x^4 + 10d^2e^8x^3 + 10d^3e^7x^2 + 5d^4e^6x + d^5e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/15*(15*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 30*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + 10*(3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 5*(3*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^10*x^5 + 5*d*e^9*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^8*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^7*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^6*x + d^5*e^5)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{15c^2e^4x^4 + 30c^2de^3x^3 + 30c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 10ace^4x^2 + 15c^2d^3ex + 5acde^3x + 3c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4}{15(ex + d)^5e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/15*(15*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 30*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 30*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 10*a*c*e^4*x^2 + 15*c^2*d^3*e*x + 5*a*c*d*e^3*x + 3*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^5*e^5)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{3a^2e^4 + acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4}{15e^5} + \frac{c^2x^4}{e} + \frac{2c^2dx^3}{e^2} + \frac{2cx^2(3cd^2 + ae^2)}{3e^3} + \frac{cdx(3cd^2 + ae^2)}{3e^4}}{d^5 + 5d^4ex + 10d^3e^2x^2 + 10d^2e^3x^3 + 5de^4x^4 + e^5x^5}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^6,x)`

output

```

-((3*a^2*e^4 + 3*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2)/(15*e^5) + (c^2*x^4)/e + (2*c^2*d*
x^3)/e^2 + (2*c*x^2*(a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))/(3*e^3) + (c*d*x*(a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))
/(3*e^4))/(d^5 + e^5*x^5 + 5*d*e^4*x^4 + 10*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 10*d^2*e^3*x^3 +
5*d^4*e*x)

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{3c^2e^3x^5 - 10acd^2e^2x^2 - 5acd^2ex - 3a^2de^2 - acd^3}{15de^3(e^5x^5 + 5de^4x^4 + 10d^2e^3x^3 + 10d^3e^2x^2 + 5d^4ex + d^5)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^6,x)`

output

```

( - 3*a**2*d*e**2 - a*c*d**3 - 5*a*c*d**2*e*x - 10*a*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 3*c**
2*e**3*x**5)/(15*d*e**3*(d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x + 10*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*d**2*
e**3*x**3 + 5*d*e**4*x**4 + e**5*x**5))

```



### 3.71 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^7} dx$

Optimal result	620
Mathematica [A] (verified)	620
Rubi [A] (verified)	621
Maple [A] (verified)	622
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	623
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	623
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	624
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	624
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	625
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	625

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^7} dx = -\frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{6e^5(d+ex)^6} + \frac{4cd(cd^2+ae^2)}{5e^5(d+ex)^5} - \frac{c(3cd^2+ae^2)}{2e^5(d+ex)^4} + \frac{4c^2d}{3e^5(d+ex)^3} - \frac{c^2}{2e^5(d+ex)^2}$$

output

```
-1/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^5/(e*x+d)^6+4/5*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^5-1/2*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^4+4/3*c^2*d/e^5/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*c^2/e^5/(e*x+d)^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^7} dx = -\frac{5a^2e^4+ace^2(d^2+6dex+15e^2x^2)+c^2(d^4+6d^3ex+15d^2e^2x^2+20de^3x^3+15e^4x^4)}{30e^5(d+ex)^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^7,x]
```

output

$$-1/30*(5*a^2*e^4 + a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(d^4 + 6*d^3*e*x + 15*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*e^4*x^4))/(e^5*(d + e*x)^6)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^5} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^6} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)^7} + \frac{c^2}{e^4(d + ex)^3} - \frac{4c^2d}{e^4(d + ex)^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{2e^5(d + ex)^4} + \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{5e^5(d + ex)^5} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{6e^5(d + ex)^6} - \frac{c^2}{2e^5(d + ex)^2} + \frac{4c^2d}{3e^5(d + ex)^3}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^7,x]$$

output

$$-1/6*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2/(e^5*(d + e*x)^6) + (4*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(5*e^5*(d + e*x)^5) - (c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(2*e^5*(d + e*x)^4) + (4*c^2*d)/(3*e^5*(d + e*x)^3) - c^2/(2*e^5*(d + e*x)^2)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^2 x^4}{2e} - \frac{2c^2 d x^3}{3e^2} - \frac{c(ae^2 + cd^2)x^2}{2e^3} - \frac{dc(ae^2 + cd^2)x}{5e^4} - \frac{5a^2 e^4 + acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{30e^5}}{(ex+d)^6}$	102
gospers	$-\frac{15c^2 x^4 e^4 + 20d c^2 x^3 e^3 + 15x^2 ac e^4 + 15x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 6x acd e^3 + 6x c^2 d^3 e + 5a^2 e^4 + ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{30e^5 (ex+d)^6}$	104
orering	$-\frac{15c^2 x^4 e^4 + 20d c^2 x^3 e^3 + 15x^2 ac e^4 + 15x^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 6x acd e^3 + 6x c^2 d^3 e + 5a^2 e^4 + ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{30e^5 (ex+d)^6}$	104
norman	$\frac{-\frac{c^2 x^4}{2e} - \frac{2c^2 d x^3}{3e^2} - \frac{(e^3 ac + d^2 e c^2)x^2}{2e^4} - \frac{d(e^3 ac + d^2 e c^2)x}{5e^5} - \frac{5a^2 e^5 + acd^2 e^3 + c^2 d^4 e}{30e^6}}{(ex+d)^6}$	109
parallelrisch	$\frac{-15c^2 x^4 e^5 - 20c^2 d x^3 e^4 - 15ac e^5 x^2 - 15c^2 d^2 e^3 x^2 - 6acd e^4 x - 6c^2 d^3 e^2 x - 5a^2 e^5 - ac d^2 e^3 - c^2 d^4 e}{30e^6 (ex+d)^6}$	109
default	$\frac{4c^2 d}{3e^5 (ex+d)^3} - \frac{c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{2e^5 (ex+d)^4} + \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{5e^5 (ex+d)^5} - \frac{c^2}{2e^5 (ex+d)^2} - \frac{a^2 e^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{6e^5 (ex+d)^6}$	120

input

```
int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/2*c^2*x^4/e-2/3*c^2*d*x^3/e^2-1/2/e^3*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^2-1/5*d*c/e^4*
(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x-1/30/e^5*(5*a^2*e^4+a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4))/(e*x+d)^6
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{15c^2e^4x^4 + 20c^2de^3x^3 + c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + 5a^2e^4 + 15(c^2d^2e^2 + ace^4)x^2 + 6(c^2d^3e + acde^3)x}{30(e^{11}x^6 + 6de^{10}x^5 + 15d^2e^9x^4 + 20d^3e^8x^3 + 15d^4e^7x^2 + 6d^5e^6x + d^6e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/30*(15*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 20*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4 + 15*(c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^11*x^6 + 6*d*e^10*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^9*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^8*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^7*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^6*x + d^6*e^5)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{-5a^2e^4 - acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4 - 20c^2de^3x^3 - 15c^2e^4x^4 + x^2(-15ace^4 - 15c^2d^2e^2) + x(-6acde^3 - 6c^2d^3e)}{30d^6e^5 + 180d^5e^6x + 450d^4e^7x^2 + 600d^3e^8x^3 + 450d^2e^9x^4 + 180de^{10}x^5 + 30e^{11}x^6}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**7,x)`output `(-5*a**2*e**4 - a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4 - 20*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 - 15*c**2*e**4*x**4 + x**2*(-15*a*c*e**4 - 15*c**2*d**2*e**2) + x*(-6*a*c*d*e**3 - 6*c**2*d**3*e))/(30*d**6*e**5 + 180*d**5*e**6*x + 450*d**4*e**7*x**2 + 600*d**3*e**8*x**3 + 450*d**2*e**9*x**4 + 180*d*e**10*x**5 + 30*e**11*x**6)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{15c^2e^4x^4 + 20c^2de^3x^3 + c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + 5a^2e^4 + 15(c^2d^2e^2 + ace^4)x^2 + 6(c^2d^3e + acde^3)x}{30(e^{11}x^6 + 6de^{10}x^5 + 15d^2e^9x^4 + 20d^3e^8x^3 + 15d^4e^7x^2 + 6d^5e^6x + d^6e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/30*(15*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 20*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4 + 15*(c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 6*(c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^11*x^6 + 6*d*e^10*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^9*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^8*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^7*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^6*x + d^6*e^5)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{15c^2e^4x^4 + 20c^2de^3x^3 + 15c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 15ace^4x^2 + 6c^2d^3ex + 6acde^3x + c^2d^4 + acd^2e^2 + 5a^2e^4}{30(ex + d)^6e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/30*(15*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 20*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*a*c*e^4*x^2 + 6*c^2*d^3*e*x + 6*a*c*d*e^3*x + c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^6*e^5)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\frac{5a^2e^4 + acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{30e^5} + \frac{c^2x^4}{2e} + \frac{2c^2dx^3}{3e^2} + \frac{cx^2(cd^2 + ae^2)}{2e^3} + \frac{cdx(cd^2 + ae^2)}{5e^4}}{d^6 + 6d^5ex + 15d^4e^2x^2 + 20d^3e^3x^3 + 15d^2e^4x^4 + 6de^5x^5 + e^6x^6}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^7,x)`

output

```

-((5*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2)/(30*e^5) + (c^2*x^4)/(2*e) + (2*c^2*
d*x^3)/(3*e^2) + (c*x^2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(2*e^3) + (c*d*x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))
/(5*e^4))/(d^6 + e^6*x^6 + 6*d*e^5*x^5 + 15*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*e^3*x^3 +
15*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 6*d^5*e*x)

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15c^2e^4x^4 - 20c^2de^3x^3 - 15ace^4x^2 - 15c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 6acd^3e^3x - 6c^2d^3ex - 5a^2e^4 - acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{30e^5(e^6x^6 + 6de^5x^5 + 15d^2e^4x^4 + 20d^3e^3x^3 + 15d^4e^2x^2 + 6d^5ex + d^6)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^7,x)`

output

```

( - 5*a**2*e**4 - a*c*d**2*e**2 - 6*a*c*d*e**3*x - 15*a*c*e**4*x**2 - c**2
*d**4 - 6*c**2*d**3*e*x - 15*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 20*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 - 1
5*c**2*e**4*x**4)/(30*e**5*(d**6 + 6*d**5*e*x + 15*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 20*d**
3*e**3*x**3 + 15*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 6*d*e**5*x**5 + e**6*x**6))

```

### 3.72 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^8} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	626
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	626
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	627
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	628
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	629
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	629
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	630
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	630
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	631
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	631

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = -\frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{7e^5(d + ex)^7} + \frac{2cd(cd^2 + ae^2)}{3e^5(d + ex)^6} - \frac{2c(3cd^2 + ae^2)}{5e^5(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c^2d}{e^5(d + ex)^4} - \frac{c^2}{3e^5(d + ex)^3}$$

output `-1/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^5/(e*x+d)^7+2/3*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^6-2/5*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^5+c^2*d/e^5/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*c^2/e^5/(e*x+d)^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{15a^2e^4 + 2ace^2(d^2 + 7dex + 21e^2x^2) + c^2(d^4 + 7d^3ex + 21d^2e^2x^2 + 35de^3x^3 + 35e^4x^4)}{105e^5(d + ex)^7}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^8,x]`

output

$$-1/105*(15*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*e^2*(d^2 + 7*d*e*x + 21*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(d^4 + 7*d^3*e*x + 21*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 35*d*e^3*x^3 + 35*e^4*x^4))/(e^5*(d + e*x)^7)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^6} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^7} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)^8} + \frac{c^2}{e^4(d + ex)^4} - \frac{4c^2d}{e^4(d + ex)^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{5e^5(d + ex)^5} + \frac{2cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3e^5(d + ex)^6} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7e^5(d + ex)^7} - \frac{c^2}{3e^5(d + ex)^3} + \frac{c^2d}{e^5(d + ex)^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^8,x]$$

output

$$-1/7*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2/(e^5*(d + e*x)^7) + (2*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(3*e^5*(d + e*x)^6) - (2*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(5*e^5*(d + e*x)^5) + (c^2*d)/(e^5*(d + e*x)^4) - c^2/(3*e^5*(d + e*x)^3)$$



Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{35c^2x^4e^4+35dc^2x^3e^3+42x^2ace^4+21x^2c^2d^2e^2+14xacde^3+7xc^2d^3e+15a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{105e^5(ex+d)^7}$	105
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^2x^4}{3e}-\frac{c^2dx^3}{3e^2}-\frac{c(2ae^2+cd^2)x^2}{5e^3}-\frac{cd(2ae^2+cd^2)x}{15e^4}-\frac{15a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{105e^5}}{(ex+d)^7}$	105
orering	$\frac{35c^2x^4e^4+35dc^2x^3e^3+42x^2ace^4+21x^2c^2d^2e^2+14xacde^3+7xc^2d^3e+15a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{105e^5(ex+d)^7}$	105
parallelrisc	$\frac{-35c^2x^4e^6-35c^2dx^3e^5-42ace^6x^2-21c^2d^2e^4x^2-14acd^2e^5x-7c^2d^3e^3x-15a^2e^6-2acd^2e^4-c^2d^4e^2}{105e^7(ex+d)^7}$	111
norman	$\frac{-\frac{c^2x^4}{3e}-\frac{c^2dx^3}{3e^2}-\frac{(2e^4ac+d^2e^2c^2)x^2}{5e^5}-\frac{d(2e^4ac+d^2e^2c^2)x}{15e^6}-\frac{15a^2e^6+2acd^2e^4+c^2d^4e^2}{105e^7}}{(ex+d)^7}$	118
default	$-\frac{c^2}{3e^5(ex+d)^3} + \frac{c^2d}{e^5(ex+d)^4} - \frac{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}{7e^5(ex+d)^7} - \frac{2c(ae^2+3cd^2)}{5e^5(ex+d)^5} + \frac{2cd(ae^2+cd^2)}{3e^5(ex+d)^6}$	119

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/105/e^5*(35*c^2*e^4*x^4+35*c^2*d*e^3*x^3+42*a*c*e^4*x^2+21*c^2*d^2*e^2*
x^2+14*a*c*d*e^3*x+7*c^2*d^3*e*x+15*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)
^7
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{35c^2e^4x^4 + 35c^2de^3x^3 + c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 15a^2e^4 + 21(c^2d^2e^2 + 2ace^4)x^2 + 7(c^2d^3e + 2acde^3)x}{105(e^{12}x^7 + 7de^{11}x^6 + 21d^2e^{10}x^5 + 35d^3e^9x^4 + 35d^4e^8x^3 + 21d^5e^7x^2 + 7d^6e^6x + d^7e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/105*(35*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 35*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4 + 21*(c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 7*(c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^12*x^7 + 7*d*e^11*x^6 + 21*d^2*e^10*x^5 + 35*d^3*e^9*x^4 + 35*d^4*e^8*x^3 + 21*d^5*e^7*x^2 + 7*d^6*e^6*x + d^7*e^5)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{-15a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4 - 35c^2de^3x^3 - 35c^2e^4x^4 + x^2(-42ace^4 - 21c^2d^2e^2) + x(-14acde^3 - 7c^2d^3e)}{105d^7e^5 + 735d^6e^6x + 2205d^5e^7x^2 + 3675d^4e^8x^3 + 3675d^3e^9x^4 + 2205d^2e^{10}x^5 + 735de^{11}x^6 + 105e^{12}x^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**8,x)`output `(-15*a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4 - 35*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 - 35*c**2*e**4*x**4 + x**2*(-42*a*c*e**4 - 21*c**2*d**2*e**2) + x*(-14*a*c*d*e**3 - 7*c**2*d**3*e))/(105*d**7*e**5 + 735*d**6*e**6*x + 2205*d**5*e**7*x**2 + 3675*d**4*e**8*x**3 + 3675*d**3*e**9*x**4 + 2205*d**2*e**10*x**5 + 735*d**e**11*x**6 + 105*e**12*x**7)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{35c^2e^4x^4 + 35c^2de^3x^3 + c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 15a^2e^4 + 21(c^2d^2e^2 + 2ace^4)x^2 + 7(c^2d^3e + 2acde^3)x}{105(e^{12}x^7 + 7de^{11}x^6 + 21d^2e^{10}x^5 + 35d^3e^9x^4 + 35d^4e^8x^3 + 21d^5e^7x^2 + 7d^6e^6x + d^7e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/105*(35*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 35*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4 + 21*(c^2*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 7*(c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*x)/(e^12*x^7 + 7*d*e^11*x^6 + 21*d^2*e^10*x^5 + 35*d^3*e^9*x^4 + 35*d^4*e^8*x^3 + 21*d^5*e^7*x^2 + 7*d^6*e^6*x + d^7*e^5)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{35c^2e^4x^4 + 35c^2de^3x^3 + 21c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 42ace^4x^2 + 7c^2d^3ex + 14acde^3x + c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + 15a^2e^4}{105(ex + d)^7e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/105*(35*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 35*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 21*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 42*a*c*e^4*x^2 + 7*c^2*d^3*e*x + 14*a*c*d*e^3*x + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^7*e^5)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{15a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4}{105e^5} + \frac{c^2x^4}{3e} + \frac{c^2dx^3}{3e^2} + \frac{cx^2(cd^2 + 2ae^2)}{5e^3} + \frac{cdx(cd^2 + 2ae^2)}{15e^4}}{d^7 + 7d^6ex + 21d^5e^2x^2 + 35d^4e^3x^3 + 35d^3e^4x^4 + 21d^2e^5x^5 + 7de^6x^6 + e^7x^7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^8,x)`output `-((15*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(105*e^5) + (c^2*x^4)/(3*e) + (c^2*d*x^3)/(3*e^2) + (c*x^2*(2*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(5*e^3) + (c*d*x*(2*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(15*e^4))/(d^7 + e^7*x^7 + 7*d*e^6*x^6 + 21*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 35*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 35*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 21*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 7*d^6*e*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-35c^2e^4x^4 - 35c^2de^3x^3 - 42ace^4x^2 - 21c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 14acd^3ex - 7c^2d^3ex - 15a^2e^4 - 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4}{105e^5(e^7x^7 + 7de^6x^6 + 21d^2e^5x^5 + 35d^3e^4x^4 + 35d^4e^3x^3 + 21d^5e^2x^2 + 7d^6ex + d^7)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^8,x)`output `( - 15*a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 14*a*c*d*e**3*x - 42*a*c*e**4*x**2 - c**2*d**4 - 7*c**2*d**3*e*x - 21*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 35*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 - 35*c**2*e**4*x**4)/(105*e**5*(d**7 + 7*d**6*e*x + 21*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 35*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 35*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 21*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 7*d*e**6*x**6 + e**7*x**7))`

### 3.73 $\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	632
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	633
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	634
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	635
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	636
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	636
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	638
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	638
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	640
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	641

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^7}{7e^7} - \frac{3cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^8}{4e^7} + \frac{c(cd^2 + ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^9}{3e^7} - \frac{2c^2d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)(d + ex)^{10}}{5e^7} + \frac{3c^2(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{11}}{11e^7} - \frac{c^3d(d + ex)^{12}}{2e^7} + \frac{c^3(d + ex)^{13}}{13e^7}$$

output

```
1/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^7/e^7-3/4*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^8/e^7+1/3*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^9/e^7-2/5*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^10/e^7+3/11*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^11/e^7-1/2*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^12/e^7+1/13*c^3*(e*x+d)^13/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & a^3 d^6 x + 3a^3 d^5 e x^2 + a^2 d^4 (cd^2 + 5ae^2) x^3 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} a^2 d^3 e (9cd^2 + 10ae^2) x^4 \\
& + \frac{3}{5} a d^2 (c^2 d^4 + 15acd^2 e^2 + 5a^2 e^4) x^5 \\
& + a d e (3c^2 d^4 + 10acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} (c^3 d^6 + 45ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 45a^2 c d^2 e^4 + a^3 e^6) x^7 \\
& + \frac{3}{4} c d e (c^2 d^4 + 10acd^2 e^2 + 3a^2 e^4) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{3} c e^2 (5c^2 d^4 + 15acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} c^2 d e^3 (10cd^2 + 9ae^2) x^{10} \\
& + \frac{3}{11} c^2 e^4 (5cd^2 + ae^2) x^{11} + \frac{1}{2} c^3 d e^5 x^{12} + \frac{1}{13} c^3 e^6 x^{13}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^6*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`output `a^3*d^6*x + 3*a^3*d^5*e*x^2 + a^2*d^4*(c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*x^3 + (a^2*d^3*e*(9*c*d^2 + 10*a*e^2)*x^4)/2 + (3*a*d^2*(c^2*d^4 + 15*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 5*a^2*e^4)*x^5)/5 + a*d*e*(3*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^6 + ((c^3*d^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 45*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*x^7)/7 + (3*c*d*e*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*x^8)/4 + (c*e^2*(5*c^2*d^4 + 15*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^9)/3 + (c^2*d*e^3*(10*c*d^2 + 9*a*e^2)*x^10)/5 + (3*c^2*e^4*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^11)/11 + (c^3*d*e^5*x^12)/2 + (c^3*e^6*x^13)/13`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (d + ex)^6 dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{10} (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{4c^2d(d + ex)^9 (3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c(d + ex)^8 (ae^2 + cd^2) (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{6cd(d + ex)^7 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6} + \frac{c^3(d + ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{11} (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{11e^7} - \frac{2c^2d(d + ex)^{10} (3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{5e^7} + \frac{c(d + ex)^9 (ae^2 + cd^2) (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{3e^7} - \frac{3cd(d + ex)^8 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^7} + \frac{(d + ex)^7 (ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{7e^7} + \frac{c^3(d + ex)^{13}}{13e^7} - \frac{c^3d(d + ex)^{12}}{2e^7}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^6*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^7) - (3*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^8)/(4*e^7) + (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^9)/(3*e^7) - (2*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^10)/(5*e^7) + (3*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^11)/(11*e^7) - (c^3*d*(d + e*x)^12)/(2*e^7) + (c^3*(d + e*x)^13)/(13*e^7)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
norman	$\frac{e^6 c^3 x^{13}}{13} + \frac{d e^5 c^3 x^{12}}{2} + \left(\frac{3}{11} e^6 a c^2 + \frac{15}{11} d^2 e^4 c^3\right) x^{11} + \left(\frac{9}{5} d e^5 a c^2 + 2 d^3 e^3 c^3\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{1}{3} e^6 a^2 c + 5 d^2 e^4 a c^2\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^2 e^5 a c + \frac{3}{2} d^4 e^3 a c^2\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^3 e^5 a c^2 + \frac{3}{2} d^5 e^3 a c^3\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^4 e^5 a c^3 + \frac{3}{2} d^6 e^3 a c^4\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^5 e^5 a c^4 + \frac{3}{2} d^7 e^3 a c^5\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^6 e^5 a c^5 + \frac{3}{2} d^8 e^3 a c^6\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^7 e^5 a c^6 + \frac{3}{2} d^9 e^3 a c^7\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^8 e^5 a c^7 + \frac{3}{2} d^{10} e^3 a c^8\right) x^2 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^9 e^5 a c^8 + \frac{3}{2} d^{11} e^3 a c^9\right) x + \frac{9}{5} d^{10} e^5 a c^9 + \frac{3}{2} d^{12} e^3 a c^{10}$
default	$\frac{e^6 c^3 x^{13}}{13} + \frac{d e^5 c^3 x^{12}}{2} + \frac{(3 e^6 a c^2 + 15 d^2 e^4 c^3) x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(18 d e^5 a c^2 + 20 d^3 e^3 c^3) x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(3 e^6 a^2 c + 45 d^2 e^4 a c^2 + 15 d^4 e^2 c^3) x^9}{9} + \frac{(9 d^2 e^5 a c + 3 d^4 e^3 a c^2) x^8}{8} + \frac{(9 d^3 e^5 a c^2 + 3 d^5 e^3 a c^3) x^7}{7} + \frac{(9 d^4 e^5 a c^3 + 3 d^6 e^3 a c^4) x^6}{6} + \frac{(9 d^5 e^5 a c^4 + 3 d^7 e^3 a c^5) x^5}{5} + \frac{(9 d^6 e^5 a c^5 + 3 d^8 e^3 a c^6) x^4}{4} + \frac{(9 d^7 e^5 a c^6 + 3 d^9 e^3 a c^7) x^3}{3} + \frac{(9 d^8 e^5 a c^7 + 3 d^{10} e^3 a c^8) x^2}{2} + \frac{9 d^9 e^5 a c^8 + 3 d^{11} e^3 a c^9}{2}$
gosper	$\frac{9}{5} x^{10} d e^5 a c^2 + 5 x^9 d^2 e^4 a c^2 + \frac{9}{4} x^8 d e^5 a^2 c + \frac{15}{2} x^8 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + \frac{45}{7} x^7 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + \frac{45}{7} x^7 d^4 e^2 a c^2 + 9 x^6 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 x^6 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^5 d^2 e^5 a c^2 + 9 x^5 d^4 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^4 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 x^4 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^3 d^2 e^5 a c^2 + 9 x^3 d^4 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^2 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 x^2 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x d^2 e^5 a c^2 + 9 x d^4 e^3 a c^2 + 9 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 d^3 e^3 a c^2$
risch	$\frac{9}{5} x^{10} d e^5 a c^2 + 5 x^9 d^2 e^4 a c^2 + \frac{9}{4} x^8 d e^5 a^2 c + \frac{15}{2} x^8 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + \frac{45}{7} x^7 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + \frac{45}{7} x^7 d^4 e^2 a c^2 + 9 x^6 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 x^6 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^5 d^2 e^5 a c^2 + 9 x^5 d^4 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^4 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 x^4 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^3 d^2 e^5 a c^2 + 9 x^3 d^4 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^2 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 x^2 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x d^2 e^5 a c^2 + 9 x d^4 e^3 a c^2 + 9 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 d^3 e^3 a c^2$
parallelrisch	$\frac{9}{5} x^{10} d e^5 a c^2 + 5 x^9 d^2 e^4 a c^2 + \frac{9}{4} x^8 d e^5 a^2 c + \frac{15}{2} x^8 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + \frac{45}{7} x^7 d^2 e^4 a^2 c + \frac{45}{7} x^7 d^4 e^2 a c^2 + 9 x^6 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 x^6 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^5 d^2 e^5 a c^2 + 9 x^5 d^4 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^4 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 x^4 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^3 d^2 e^5 a c^2 + 9 x^3 d^4 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x^2 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 x^2 d^3 e^3 a c^2 + 9 x d^2 e^5 a c^2 + 9 x d^4 e^3 a c^2 + 9 d e^5 a^2 c + 9 d^3 e^3 a c^2$
orering	$\frac{x(4620 e^6 c^3 x^{12} + 30030 d e^5 c^3 x^{11} + 16380 a c^2 e^6 x^{10} + 81900 c^3 d^2 e^4 x^{10} + 108108 a c^2 d e^5 x^9 + 120120 c^3 d^3 e^3 x^9 + 20020 a^2 c e^6 x^8 + 108108 a c^2 d^2 e^4 x^8 + 108108 a c^2 d e^5 x^7 + 108108 a c^2 d^3 e^3 x^7 + 108108 a^2 c d e^5 x^6 + 108108 a^2 c d^3 e^3 x^6 + 108108 a^3 d e^5 x^5 + 108108 a^3 d^3 e^3 x^5 + 108108 a^4 d^2 e^5 x^4 + 108108 a^4 d^4 e^3 x^4 + 108108 a^5 d^2 e^5 x^3 + 108108 a^5 d^4 e^3 x^3 + 108108 a^6 d^2 e^5 x^2 + 108108 a^6 d^4 e^3 x^2 + 108108 a^7 d^2 e^5 x + 108108 a^7 d^4 e^3 x + 108108 a^8 d^2 e^5 + 108108 a^8 d^4 e^3)}{x^2}$

input `int((e*x+d)^6*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{13} e^6 c^3 x^{13} + \frac{1}{2} d e^5 c^3 x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} e^6 a c^2 + \frac{15}{11} d^2 e^4 c^3 x^{11} + \frac{9}{5} d e^5 a c^2 + 2 d^3 e^3 c^3 x^{10} + \left(\frac{1}{3} e^6 a^2 c + 5 d^2 e^4 a c^2\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^2 e^5 a c + \frac{3}{2} d^4 e^3 a c^2\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^3 e^5 a c^2 + \frac{3}{2} d^5 e^3 a c^3\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^4 e^5 a c^3 + \frac{3}{2} d^6 e^3 a c^4\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^5 e^5 a c^4 + \frac{3}{2} d^7 e^3 a c^5\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^6 e^5 a c^5 + \frac{3}{2} d^8 e^3 a c^6\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^7 e^5 a c^6 + \frac{3}{2} d^9 e^3 a c^7\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{9}{5} d^8 e^5 a c^7 + \frac{3}{2} d^{10} e^3 a c^8\right) x^2 + \frac{9 d^9 e^5 a c^8 + 3 d^{11} e^3 a c^9}{2}$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{13} c^3 e^6 x^{13} + \frac{1}{2} c^3 d e^5 x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} (5 c^3 d^2 e^4 + a c^2 e^6) x^{11} \\ + 3 a^3 d^5 e x^2 + \frac{1}{5} (10 c^3 d^3 e^3 + 9 a c^2 d e^5) x^{10} \\ + a^3 d^6 x + \frac{1}{3} (5 c^3 d^4 e^2 + 15 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + a^2 c e^6) x^9 \\ + \frac{3}{4} (c^3 d^5 e + 10 a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 3 a^2 c d e^5) x^8 \\ + \frac{1}{7} (c^3 d^6 + 45 a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 45 a^2 c d^2 e^4 + a^3 e^6) x^7 \\ + (3 a c^2 d^5 e + 10 a^2 c d^3 e^3 + a^3 d e^5) x^6 \\ + \frac{3}{5} (a c^2 d^6 + 15 a^2 c d^4 e^2 + 5 a^3 d^2 e^4) x^5 \\ + \frac{1}{2} (9 a^2 c d^5 e + 10 a^3 d^3 e^3) x^4 + (a^2 c d^6 + 5 a^3 d^4 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/13*c^3*e^6*x^13 + 1/2*c^3*d*e^5*x^12 + 3/11*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a*c^2*e^6)*x^11 + 3*a^3*d^5*e*x^2 + 1/5*(10*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 9*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^10 + a^3*d^6*x + 1/3*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 15*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)*x^9 + 3/4*(c^3*d^5*e + 10*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x^8 + 1/7*(c^3*d^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 45*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*x^7 + (3*a*c^2*d^5*e + 10*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + a^3*d*e^5)*x^6 + 3/5*(a*c^2*d^6 + 15*a^2*c*d^4*e^2 + 5*a^3*d^2*e^4)*x^5 + 1/2*(9*a^2*c*d^5*e + 10*a^3*d^3*e^3)*x^4 + (a^2*c*d^6 + 5*a^3*d^4*e^2)*x^3`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 371 vs. 2(180) = 360.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = a^3 d^6 x + 3a^3 d^5 ex^2 + \frac{c^3 de^5 x^{12}}{2} + \frac{c^3 e^6 x^{13}}{13} + x^{11} \cdot \left( \frac{3ac^2 e^6}{11} + \frac{15c^3 d^2 e^4}{11} \right) + x^{10} \cdot \left( \frac{9ac^2 de^5}{5} + 2c^3 d^3 e^3 \right) + x^9 \left( \frac{a^2 ce^6}{3} + 5ac^2 d^2 e^4 + \frac{5c^3 d^4 e^2}{3} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left( \frac{9a^2 cde^5}{4} + \frac{15ac^2 d^3 e^3}{2} + \frac{3c^3 d^5 e}{4} \right) + x^7 \left( \frac{a^3 e^6}{7} + \frac{45a^2 cd^2 e^4}{7} + \frac{45ac^2 d^4 e^2}{7} + \frac{c^3 d^6}{7} \right) + x^6 (a^3 de^5 + 10a^2 cd^3 e^3 + 3ac^2 d^5 e) + x^5 \cdot \left( 3a^3 d^2 e^4 + 9a^2 cd^4 e^2 + \frac{3ac^2 d^6}{5} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left( 5a^3 d^3 e^3 + \frac{9a^2 cd^5 e}{2} \right) + x^3 \cdot (5a^3 d^4 e^2 + a^2 cd^6)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**6*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output `a**3*d**6*x + 3*a**3*d**5*e*x**2 + c**3*d*e**5*x**12/2 + c**3*e**6*x**13/13 + x**11*(3*a*c**2*e**6/11 + 15*c**3*d**2*e**4/11) + x**10*(9*a*c**2*d*e**5/5 + 2*c**3*d**3*e**3) + x**9*(a**2*c*e**6/3 + 5*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 + 5*c**3*d**4*e**2/3) + x**8*(9*a**2*c*d*e**5/4 + 15*a*c**2*d**3*e**3/2 + 3*c**3*d**5*e/4) + x**7*(a**3*e**6/7 + 45*a**2*c*d**2*e**4/7 + 45*a*c**2*d**4*e**2/7 + c**3*d**6/7) + x**6*(a**3*d*e**5 + 10*a**2*c*d**3*e**3 + 3*a*c**2*d**5*e) + x**5*(3*a**3*d**2*e**4 + 9*a**2*c*d**4*e**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**6/5) + x**4*(5*a**3*d**3*e**3 + 9*a**2*c*d**5*e/2) + x**3*(5*a**3*d**4*e**2 + a**2*c*d**6)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{13} c^3 e^6 x^{13} + \frac{1}{2} c^3 d e^5 x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} (5 c^3 d^2 e^4 + a c^2 e^6) x^{11} + 3 a^3 d^5 e x^2 + \frac{1}{5} (10 c^3 d^3 e^3 + 9 a c^2 d e^5) x^{10} + a^3 d^6 x + \frac{1}{3} (5 c^3 d^4 e^2 + 15 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + a^2 c e^6) x^9 + \frac{3}{4} (c^3 d^5 e + 10 a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 3 a^2 c d e^5) x^8 + \frac{1}{7} (c^3 d^6 + 45 a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 45 a^2 c d^2 e^4 + a^3 e^6) x^7 + (3 a c^2 d^5 e + 10 a^2 c d^3 e^3 + a^3 d e^5) x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (a c^2 d^6 + 15 a^2 c d^4 e^2 + 5 a^3 d^2 e^4) x^5 + \frac{1}{2} (9 a^2 c d^5 e + 10 a^3 d^3 e^3) x^4 + (a^2 c d^6 + 5 a^3 d^4 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*c^3*e^6*x^13 + 1/2*c^3*d*e^5*x^12 + 3/11*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a*c^2*e^6)*x^11 + 3*a^3*d^5*e*x^2 + 1/5*(10*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 9*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^10 + a^3*d^6*x + 1/3*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 15*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)*x^9 + 3/4*(c^3*d^5*e + 10*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x^8 + 1/7*(c^3*d^6 + 45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 45*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*x^7 + (3*a*c^2*d^5*e + 10*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + a^3*d*e^5)*x^6 + 3/5*(a*c^2*d^6 + 15*a^2*c*d^4*e^2 + 5*a^3*d^2*e^4)*x^5 + 1/2*(9*a^2*c*d^5*e + 10*a^3*d^3*e^3)*x^4 + (a^2*c*d^6 + 5*a^3*d^4*e^2)*x^3`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 362 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{13} c^3 e^6 x^{13} + \frac{1}{2} c^3 d e^5 x^{12} + \frac{15}{11} c^3 d^2 e^4 x^{11} + \frac{3}{11} a c^2 e^6 x^{11} \\ + 2 c^3 d^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{9}{5} a c^2 d e^5 x^{10} + \frac{5}{3} c^3 d^4 e^2 x^9 + 5 a c^2 d^2 e^4 x^9 \\ + \frac{1}{3} a^2 c e^6 x^9 + \frac{3}{4} c^3 d^5 e x^8 + \frac{15}{2} a c^2 d^3 e^3 x^8 + \frac{9}{4} a^2 c d e^5 x^8 \\ + \frac{1}{7} c^3 d^6 x^7 + \frac{45}{7} a c^2 d^4 e^2 x^7 + \frac{45}{7} a^2 c d^2 e^4 x^7 + \frac{1}{7} a^3 e^6 x^7 \\ + 3 a c^2 d^5 e x^6 + 10 a^2 c d^3 e^3 x^6 + a^3 d e^5 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} a c^2 d^6 x^5 \\ + 9 a^2 c d^4 e^2 x^5 + 3 a^3 d^2 e^4 x^5 + \frac{9}{2} a^2 c d^5 e x^4 + 5 a^3 d^3 e^3 x^4 \\ + a^2 c d^6 x^3 + 5 a^3 d^4 e^2 x^3 + 3 a^3 d^5 e x^2 + a^3 d^6 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/13*c^3*e^6*x^13 + 1/2*c^3*d*e^5*x^12 + 15/11*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^11 + 3/11*a*c^2*e^6*x^11 + 2*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^10 + 9/5*a*c^2*d*e^5*x^10 + 5/3*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^9 + 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^9 + 1/3*a^2*c*e^6*x^9 + 3/4*c^3*d^5*e*x^8 + 15/2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^8 + 9/4*a^2*c*d*e^5*x^8 + 1/7*c^3*d^6*x^7 + 45/7*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*x^7 + 45/7*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*x^7 + 1/7*a^3*e^6*x^7 + 3*a*c^2*d^5*e*x^6 + 10*a^2*c*d^3*e^3*x^6 + a^3*d*e^5*x^6 + 3/5*a*c^2*d^6*x^5 + 9*a^2*c*d^4*e^2*x^5 + 3*a^3*d^2*e^4*x^5 + 9/2*a^2*c*d^5*e*x^4 + 5*a^3*d^3*e^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^6*x^3 + 5*a^3*d^4*e^2*x^3 + 3*a^3*d^5*e*x^2 + a^3*d^6*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & x^7 \left( \frac{a^3 e^6}{7} + \frac{45 a^2 c d^2 e^4}{7} + \frac{45 a c^2 d^4 e^2}{7} + \frac{c^3 d^6}{7} \right) \\
& + x^3 (5 a^3 d^4 e^2 + c a^2 d^6) + x^{11} \left( \frac{15 c^3 d^2 e^4}{11} + \frac{3 a c^2 e^6}{11} \right) \\
& + x^5 \left( 3 a^3 d^2 e^4 + 9 a^2 c d^4 e^2 + \frac{3 a c^2 d^6}{5} \right) \\
& + x^9 \left( \frac{a^2 c e^6}{3} + 5 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + \frac{5 c^3 d^4 e^2}{3} \right) \\
& + a^3 d^6 x + \frac{c^3 e^6 x^{13}}{13} + 3 a^3 d^5 e x^2 + \frac{c^3 d e^5 x^{12}}{2} \\
& + a d e x^6 (a^2 e^4 + 10 a c d^2 e^2 + 3 c^2 d^4) \\
& + \frac{3 c d e x^8 (3 a^2 e^4 + 10 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{4} \\
& + \frac{a^2 d^3 e x^4 (9 c d^2 + 10 a e^2)}{2} + \frac{c^2 d e^3 x^{10} (10 c d^2 + 9 a e^2)}{5}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^6,x)`output `x^7*((a^3*e^6)/7 + (c^3*d^6)/7 + (45*a*c^2*d^4*e^2)/7 + (45*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/7) + x^3*(a^2*c*d^6 + 5*a^3*d^4*e^2) + x^11*((3*a*c^2*e^6)/11 + (15*c^3*d^2*e^4)/11) + x^5*((3*a*c^2*d^6)/5 + 3*a^3*d^2*e^4 + 9*a^2*c*d^4*e^2) + x^9*((a^2*c*e^6)/3 + (5*c^3*d^4*e^2)/3 + 5*a*c^2*d^2*e^4) + a^3*d^6*x + (c^3*e^6*x^13)/13 + 3*a^3*d^5*e*x^2 + (c^3*d*e^5*x^12)/2 + a*d*e*x^6*(a^2*e^4 + 3*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2) + (3*c*d*e*x^8*(3*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2))/4 + (a^2*d^3*e*x^4*(10*a*e^2 + 9*c*d^2))/2 + (c^2*d*e^3*x^10*(9*a*e^2 + 10*c*d^2))/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 365, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(4620c^3e^6x^{12} + 30030c^3de^5x^{11} + 16380a^2c^2e^6x^{10} + 81900c^3d^2e^4x^{10} + 108108ac^2de^5x^9 + 120120c^3d^3e^3x^8 + 81900c^3d^2e^4x^7 + 30030c^3de^5x^6 + 60060a^2c^2e^6x^5 + 180180ac^2de^5x^4 + 60060a^2c^2d^2e^4x^3 + 180180ac^2de^5x^2 + 60060a^2c^2d^2e^4x + 120120c^3d^3e^3x)}{60060}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^6*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `(x*(60060*a**3*d**6 + 180180*a**3*d**5*e*x + 300300*a**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 300300*a**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 180180*a**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 60060*a**3*d*e**5*x**5 + 8580*a**3*e**6*x**6 + 60060*a**2*c*d**6*x**2 + 270270*a**2*c*d**5*e*x**3 + 540540*a**2*c*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 600600*a**2*c*d**3*e**3*x**5 + 386100*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x**6 + 135135*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**7 + 20020*a**2*c*e**6*x**8 + 36036*a*c**2*d**6*x**4 + 180180*a*c**2*d**5*e*x**5 + 386100*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**6 + 450450*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**7 + 300300*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**8 + 108108*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**9 + 16380*a*c**2*e**6*x**10 + 8580*c**3*d**6*x**6 + 45045*c**3*d**5*e*x**7 + 100100*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**8 + 120120*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**9 + 81900*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**10 + 30030*c**3*d*e**5*x**11 + 4620*c**3*e**6*x**12))/60060`

### 3.74 $\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	642
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	643
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	643
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	645
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	646
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	647
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	648
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	649
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	650
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	650

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^6}{6e^7} - \frac{6cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^7}{7e^7} + \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^8}{8e^7} - \frac{4c^2d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)(d + ex)^9}{9e^7} + \frac{3c^2(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{10}}{10e^7} - \frac{6c^3d(d + ex)^{11}}{11e^7} + \frac{c^3(d + ex)^{12}}{12e^7}$$

```
output 1/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^6/e^7-6/7*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^7/e^7+3/8*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^8/e^7-4/9*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^9/e^7+3/10*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^10/e^7-6/11*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^11/e^7+1/12*c^3*(e*x+d)^12/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6}a^3x(6d^5 + 15d^4ex + 20d^3e^2x^2 + 15d^2e^3x^3 + 6de^4x^4 + e^5x^5)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{420}ac^2x^5(252d^5 + 1050d^4ex + 1800d^3e^2x^2 + 1575d^2e^3x^3 + 700de^4x^4 + 126e^5x^5)$$

$$+ \frac{c^3x^7(792d^5 + 3465d^4ex + 6160d^3e^2x^2 + 5544d^2e^3x^3 + 2520de^4x^4 + 462e^5x^5)}{5544}$$

$$+ a^2c\left(d^5x^3 + \frac{15}{4}d^4ex^4 + 6d^3e^2x^5 + 5d^2e^3x^6 + \frac{15}{7}de^4x^7 + \frac{3e^5x^8}{8}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^5*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output  $(a^3x(6d^5 + 15d^4ex + 20d^3e^2x^2 + 15d^2e^3x^3 + 6de^4x^4 + e^5x^5))/6 + (ac^2x^5(252d^5 + 1050d^4ex + 1800d^3e^2x^2 + 1575d^2e^3x^3 + 700de^4x^4 + 126e^5x^5))/420 + (c^3x^7(792d^5 + 3465d^4ex + 6160d^3e^2x^2 + 5544d^2e^3x^3 + 2520de^4x^4 + 462e^5x^5))/5544 + a^2c(d^5x^3 + (15d^4ex^4)/4 + 6d^3e^2x^5 + 5d^2e^3x^6 + (15de^4x^7)/7 + (3e^5x^8)/8)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (d + ex)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$



$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(d+ex)^9 (ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^8 (3ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c(d+ex)^7 (ae^2+cd^2) (ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{6cd(d+ex)^6 (ae^2+cd^2)^2}{e^6} + \frac{c^3(d+ex)^5 (ae^2+cd^2)^3}{e^6} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3c^2(d+ex)^{10} (ae^2+5cd^2)}{10e^7} - \frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^9 (3ae^2+5cd^2)}{9e^7} + \frac{3c(d+ex)^8 (ae^2+cd^2) (ae^2+5cd^2)}{8e^7} - \frac{6cd(d+ex)^7 (ae^2+cd^2)^2}{7e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^6 (ae^2+cd^2)^3}{6e^7} + \frac{c^3(d+ex)^{12}}{12e^7} - \frac{6c^3d(d+ex)^{11}}{11e^7}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^5*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^7) - (6*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^7) + (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^7) - (4*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^7) + (3*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^10)/(10*e^7) - (6*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^11)/(11*e^7) + (c^3*(d + e*x)^12)/(12*e^7)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{12} c^3 e^5 x^{12} + \frac{5}{11} c^3 d e^4 x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (10 c^3 d^2 e^3 + 3 a c^2 e^5) x^{10} \\
& + \frac{5}{2} a^3 d^4 e x^2 + \frac{5}{9} (2 c^3 d^3 e^2 + 3 a c^2 d e^4) x^9 \\
& + a^3 d^5 x + \frac{1}{8} (5 c^3 d^4 e + 30 a c^2 d^2 e^3 + 3 a^2 c e^5) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} (c^3 d^5 + 30 a c^2 d^3 e^2 + 15 a^2 c d e^4) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} (15 a c^2 d^4 e + 30 a^2 c d^2 e^3 + a^3 e^5) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (3 a c^2 d^5 + 30 a^2 c d^3 e^2 + 5 a^3 d e^4) x^5 \\
& + \frac{5}{4} (3 a^2 c d^4 e + 2 a^3 d^2 e^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (3 a^2 c d^5 + 10 a^3 d^3 e^2) x^3
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*c^3*e^5*x^12 + 5/11*c^3*d*e^4*x^11 + 1/10*(10*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*e^5)*x^10 + 5/2*a^3*d^4*e*x^2 + 5/9*(2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^4)*x^9 + a^3*d^5*x + 1/8*(5*c^3*d^4*e + 30*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*e^5)*x^8 + 1/7*(c^3*d^5 + 30*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^7 + 1/6*(15*a*c^2*d^4*e + 30*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)*x^6 + 1/5*(3*a*c^2*d^5 + 30*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^3*d*e^4)*x^5 + 5/4*(3*a^2*c*d^4*e + 2*a^3*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*a^2*c*d^5 + 10*a^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d+ex)^5 (a+cx^2)^3 dx = & a^3 d^5 x + \frac{5a^3 d^4 e x^2}{2} + \frac{5c^3 d e^4 x^{11}}{11} + \frac{c^3 e^5 x^{12}}{12} + x^{10} \\
& \cdot \left( \frac{3ac^2 e^5}{10} + c^3 d^2 e^3 \right) + x^9 \cdot \left( \frac{5ac^2 d e^4}{3} + \frac{10c^3 d^3 e^2}{9} \right) \\
& + x^8 \cdot \left( \frac{3a^2 c e^5}{8} + \frac{15ac^2 d^2 e^3}{4} + \frac{5c^3 d^4 e}{8} \right) \\
& + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{15a^2 c d e^4}{7} + \frac{30ac^2 d^3 e^2}{7} + \frac{c^3 d^5}{7} \right) \\
& + x^6 \left( \frac{a^3 e^5}{6} + 5a^2 c d^2 e^3 + \frac{5ac^2 d^4 e}{2} \right) \\
& + x^5 \left( a^3 d e^4 + 6a^2 c d^3 e^2 + \frac{3ac^2 d^5}{5} \right) + x^4 \\
& \cdot \left( \frac{5a^3 d^2 e^3}{2} + \frac{15a^2 c d^4 e}{4} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left( \frac{10a^3 d^3 e^2}{3} + a^2 c d^5 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**5*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `a**3*d**5*x + 5*a**3*d**4*e*x**2/2 + 5*c**3*d*e**4*x**11/11 + c**3*e**5*x**12/12 + x**10*(3*a*c**2*e**5/10 + c**3*d**2*e**3) + x**9*(5*a*c**2*d*e**4/3 + 10*c**3*d**3*e**2/9) + x**8*(3*a**2*c*e**5/8 + 15*a*c**2*d**2*e**3/4 + 5*c**3*d**4*e/8) + x**7*(15*a**2*c*d*e**4/7 + 30*a*c**2*d**3*e**2/7 + c**3*d**5/7) + x**6*(a**3*e**5/6 + 5*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 5*a*c**2*d**4*e/2) + x**5*(a**3*d*e**4 + 6*a**2*c*d**3*e**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**5/5) + x**4*(5*a**3*d**2*e**3/2 + 15*a**2*c*d**4*e/4) + x**3*(10*a**3*d**3*e**2/3 + a**2*c*d**5)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{12} c^3 e^5 x^{12} + \frac{5}{11} c^3 d e^4 x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (10 c^3 d^2 e^3 + 3 a c^2 e^5) x^{10} \\
& + \frac{5}{2} a^3 d^4 e x^2 + \frac{5}{9} (2 c^3 d^3 e^2 + 3 a c^2 d e^4) x^9 \\
& + a^3 d^5 x + \frac{1}{8} (5 c^3 d^4 e + 30 a c^2 d^2 e^3 + 3 a^2 c e^5) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} (c^3 d^5 + 30 a c^2 d^3 e^2 + 15 a^2 c d e^4) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} (15 a c^2 d^4 e + 30 a^2 c d^2 e^3 + a^3 e^5) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (3 a c^2 d^5 + 30 a^2 c d^3 e^2 + 5 a^3 d e^4) x^5 \\
& + \frac{5}{4} (3 a^2 c d^4 e + 2 a^3 d^2 e^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (3 a^2 c d^5 + 10 a^3 d^3 e^2) x^3
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*c^3*e^5*x^12 + 5/11*c^3*d*e^4*x^11 + 1/10*(10*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*e^5)*x^10 + 5/2*a^3*d^4*e*x^2 + 5/9*(2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^4)*x^9 + a^3*d^5*x + 1/8*(5*c^3*d^4*e + 30*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*e^5)*x^8 + 1/7*(c^3*d^5 + 30*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^7 + 1/6*(15*a*c^2*d^4*e + 30*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)*x^6 + 1/5*(3*a*c^2*d^5 + 30*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^3*d*e^4)*x^5 + 5/4*(3*a^2*c*d^4*e + 2*a^3*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(3*a^2*c*d^5 + 10*a^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{12} c^3 e^5 x^{12} + \frac{5}{11} c^3 d e^4 x^{11} + c^3 d^2 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{3}{10} a c^2 e^5 x^{10} \\
& + \frac{10}{9} c^3 d^3 e^2 x^9 + \frac{5}{3} a c^2 d e^4 x^9 + \frac{5}{8} c^3 d^4 e x^8 + \frac{15}{4} a c^2 d^2 e^3 x^8 \\
& + \frac{3}{8} a^2 c e^5 x^8 + \frac{1}{7} c^3 d^5 x^7 + \frac{30}{7} a c^2 d^3 e^2 x^7 + \frac{15}{7} a^2 c d e^4 x^7 \\
& + \frac{5}{2} a c^2 d^4 e x^6 + 5 a^2 c d^2 e^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{6} a^3 e^5 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} a c^2 d^5 x^5 \\
& + 6 a^2 c d^3 e^2 x^5 + a^3 d e^4 x^5 + \frac{15}{4} a^2 c d^4 e x^4 + \frac{5}{2} a^3 d^2 e^3 x^4 \\
& + a^2 c d^5 x^3 + \frac{10}{3} a^3 d^3 e^2 x^3 + \frac{5}{2} a^3 d^4 e x^2 + a^3 d^5 x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/12*c^3*e^5*x^12 + 5/11*c^3*d*e^4*x^11 + c^3*d^2*e^3*x^10 + 3/10*a*c^2*e^
5*x^10 + 10/9*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^9 + 5/3*a*c^2*d*e^4*x^9 + 5/8*c^3*d^4*e*x^8 +
15/4*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^8 + 3/8*a^2*c*e^5*x^8 + 1/7*c^3*d^5*x^7 + 30/7*a*c^2*
d^3*e^2*x^7 + 15/7*a^2*c*d*e^4*x^7 + 5/2*a*c^2*d^4*e*x^6 + 5*a^2*c*d^2*e^3
*x^6 + 1/6*a^3*e^5*x^6 + 3/5*a*c^2*d^5*x^5 + 6*a^2*c*d^3*e^2*x^5 + a^3*d*e
^4*x^5 + 15/4*a^2*c*d^4*e*x^4 + 5/2*a^3*d^2*e^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^5*x^3 + 10/3
*a^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 5/2*a^3*d^4*e*x^2 + a^3*d^5*x

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & x^5 \left( a^3 d e^4 + 6 a^2 c d^3 e^2 + \frac{3 a c^2 d^5}{5} \right) \\
& + x^6 \left( \frac{a^3 e^5}{6} + 5 a^2 c d^2 e^3 + \frac{5 a c^2 d^4 e}{2} \right) \\
& + x^7 \left( \frac{15 a^2 c d e^4}{7} + \frac{30 a c^2 d^3 e^2}{7} + \frac{c^3 d^5}{7} \right) \\
& + x^8 \left( \frac{3 a^2 c e^5}{8} + \frac{15 a c^2 d^2 e^3}{4} + \frac{5 c^3 d^4 e}{8} \right) \\
& + x^3 \left( \frac{10 a^3 d^3 e^2}{3} + c a^2 d^5 \right) + x^{10} \left( c^3 d^2 e^3 + \frac{3 a c^2 e^5}{10} \right) \\
& + a^3 d^5 x + \frac{c^3 e^5 x^{12}}{12} + \frac{5 a^3 d^4 e x^2}{2} + \frac{5 c^3 d e^4 x^{11}}{11} \\
& + \frac{5 a^2 d^2 e x^4 (3 c d^2 + 2 a e^2)}{4} + \frac{5 c^2 d e^2 x^9 (2 c d^2 + 3 a e^2)}{9}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& x^5 * ((3*a*c^2*d^5)/5 + a^3*d*e^4 + 6*a^2*c*d^3*e^2) + x^6 * ((a^3*e^5)/6 + 5 \\
& *a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + (5*a*c^2*d^4*e)/2) + x^7 * ((c^3*d^5)/7 + (30*a*c^2*d^3*e^2) \\
& )/7 + (15*a^2*c*d*e^4)/7) + x^8 * ((3*a^2*c*e^5)/8 + (5*c^3*d^4*e)/8 + (15*a \\
& *c^2*d^2*e^3)/4) + x^3 * (a^2*c*d^5 + (10*a^3*d^3*e^2)/3) + x^{10} * ((3*a*c^2*e \\
& ^5)/10 + c^3*d^2*e^3) + a^3*d^5*x + (c^3*e^5*x^{12})/12 + (5*a^3*d^4*e*x^2)/ \\
& 2 + (5*c^3*d*e^4*x^{11})/11 + (5*a^2*d^2*e*x^4*(2*a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))/4 + (5*c \\
& ^2*d*e^2*x^9*(3*a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/9
\end{aligned}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\
& = \frac{x(2310c^3e^5x^{11} + 12600c^3de^4x^{10} + 8316a^2c^2e^5x^9 + 27720c^3d^2e^3x^9 + 46200a^2c^2de^4x^8 + 30800c^3d^3e^2x^8 + \dots)}{1}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output `(x*(27720*a**3*d**5 + 69300*a**3*d**4*e*x + 92400*a**3*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 69300*a**3*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 27720*a**3*d*e**4*x**4 + 4620*a**3*e**5*x**5 + 27720*a**2*c*d**5*x**2 + 103950*a**2*c*d**4*e*x**3 + 166320*a**2*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 138600*a**2*c*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 59400*a**2*c*d*e**4*x**6 + 10395*a**2*c*e**5*x**7 + 16632*a*c**2*d**5*x**4 + 69300*a*c**2*d**4*e*x**5 + 118800*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**6 + 103950*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**7 + 46200*a*c**2*d*e**4*x**8 + 8316*a*c**2*e**5*x**9 + 3960*c**3*d**5*x**6 + 17325*c**3*d**4*e*x**7 + 30800*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**8 + 27720*c**3*d**2*e**3*x**9 + 12600*c**3*d*e**4*x**10 + 2310*c**3*e**5*x**11))/27720`



### 3.75 $\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^5}{5e^7} - \frac{cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^6}{e^7} + \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^7}{7e^7} - \frac{c^2d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)(d + ex)^8}{2e^7} + \frac{c^2(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^9}{3e^7} - \frac{3c^3d(d + ex)^{10}}{5e^7} + \frac{c^3(d + ex)^{11}}{11e^7}$$

output

```
1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^5/e^7-c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^6/e^7+3/7*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^7/e^7-1/2*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^8/e^7+1/3*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^9/e^7-3/5*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^10/e^7+1/11*c^3*(e*x+d)^11/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{210} ac^2 x^5 (126d^4 + 420d^3 ex + 540d^2 e^2 x^2 + 315de^3 x^3 + 70e^4 x^4) \\ & \quad + \frac{c^3 x^7 (330d^4 + 1155d^3 ex + 1540d^2 e^2 x^2 + 924de^3 x^3 + 210e^4 x^4)}{2310} \\ & \quad + a^3 \left( d^4 x + 2d^3 ex^2 + 2d^2 e^2 x^3 + de^3 x^4 + \frac{e^4 x^5}{5} \right) \\ & \quad + a^2 c \left( d^4 x^3 + 3d^3 ex^4 + \frac{18}{5} d^2 e^2 x^5 + 2de^3 x^6 + \frac{3e^4 x^7}{7} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(a*c^2*x^5*(126*d^4 + 420*d^3*e*x + 540*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 315*d*e^3*x^3 + 70*e^4*x^4))/210 + (c^3*x^7*(330*d^4 + 1155*d^3*e*x + 1540*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 924*d*e^3*x^3 + 210*e^4*x^4))/2310 + a^3*(d^4*x + 2*d^3*e*x^2 + 2*d^2*e^2*x^3 + d*e^3*x^4 + (e^4*x^5)/5) + a^2*c*(d^4*x^3 + 3*d^3*e*x^4 + (18*d^2*e^2*x^5)/5 + 2*d*e^3*x^6 + (3*e^4*x^7)/7)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (d + ex)^4 dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(d+ex)^8 (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^7 (3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c(d+ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2) (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{6cd(d+ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6} + \frac{3cd^2(d+ex)^4 (ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6} - \frac{3cd^3(d+ex)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2)^4}{e^6} + \frac{3cd^4(d+ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)^5}{e^6} - \frac{3cd^5(d+ex) (ae^2 + cd^2)^6}{e^6} + \frac{3cd^6 (ae^2 + cd^2)^7}{e^6} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c^2(d+ex)^9 (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{3e^7} - \frac{c^2d(d+ex)^8 (3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{2e^7} + \frac{3c(d+ex)^7 (ae^2 + cd^2) (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{7e^7} - \frac{cd(d+ex)^6 (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^7} + \frac{(d+ex)^5 (ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{5e^7} + \frac{c^3(d+ex)^{11}}{11e^7} - \frac{3c^3d(d+ex)^{10}}{5e^7}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^7) - (c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^6)/e^7 + (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^7) - (c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^8)/(2*e^7) + (c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^9)/(3*e^7) - (3*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^10)/(5*e^7) + (c^3*(d + e*x)^11)/(11*e^7)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



output

```
1/11*c^3*e^4*x^11 + 2/5*c^3*d*e^3*x^10 + 1/3*(2*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a*c^2*e^4)*x^9 + 2*a^3*d^3*e*x^2 + 1/2*(c^3*d^3*e + 3*a*c^2*d*e^3)*x^8 + a^3*d^4*x + 1/7*(c^3*d^4 + 18*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*e^4)*x^7 + 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(3*a*c^2*d^4 + 18*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*x^5 + (3*a^2*c*d^3*e + a^3*d*e^3)*x^4 + (a^2*c*d^4 + 2*a^3*d^2*e^2)*x^3
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & a^3 d^4 x + 2a^3 d^3 ex^2 + \frac{2c^3 de^3 x^{10}}{5} + \frac{c^3 e^4 x^{11}}{11} \\ & + x^9 \left( \frac{ac^2 e^4}{3} + \frac{2c^3 d^2 e^2}{3} \right) + x^8 \cdot \left( \frac{3ac^2 de^3}{2} + \frac{c^3 d^3 e}{2} \right) \\ & + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{3a^2 ce^4}{7} + \frac{18ac^2 d^2 e^2}{7} + \frac{c^3 d^4}{7} \right) + x^6 \\ & \cdot (2a^2 cde^3 + 2ac^2 d^3 e) + x^5 \left( \frac{a^3 e^4}{5} + \frac{18a^2 cd^2 e^2}{5} + \frac{3ac^2 d^4}{5} \right) \\ & + x^4 (a^3 de^3 + 3a^2 cd^3 e) + x^3 \cdot (2a^3 d^2 e^2 + a^2 cd^4) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**4*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
a**3*d**4*x + 2*a**3*d**3*e*x**2 + 2*c**3*d*e**3*x**10/5 + c**3*e**4*x**11/11 + x**9*(a*c**2*e**4/3 + 2*c**3*d**2*e**2/3) + x**8*(3*a*c**2*d*e**3/2 + c**3*d**3*e/2) + x**7*(3*a**2*c*e**4/7 + 18*a*c**2*d**2*e**2/7 + c**3*d**4/7) + x**6*(2*a**2*c*d*e**3 + 2*a*c**2*d**3*e) + x**5*(a**3*e**4/5 + 18*a**2*c*d**2*e**2/5 + 3*a*c**2*d**4/5) + x**4*(a**3*d*e**3 + 3*a**2*c*d**3*e) + x**3*(2*a**3*d**2*e**2 + a**2*c*d**4)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{11} c^3 e^4 x^{11} + \frac{2}{5} c^3 d e^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} (2 c^3 d^2 e^2 + a c^2 e^4) x^9$$

$$+ 2 a^3 d^3 e x^2 + \frac{1}{2} (c^3 d^3 e + 3 a c^2 d e^3) x^8$$

$$+ a^3 d^4 x + \frac{1}{7} (c^3 d^4 + 18 a c^2 d^2 e^2 + 3 a^2 c e^4) x^7$$

$$+ 2 (a c^2 d^3 e + a^2 c d e^3) x^6$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5} (3 a c^2 d^4 + 18 a^2 c d^2 e^2 + a^3 e^4) x^5$$

$$+ (3 a^2 c d^3 e + a^3 d e^3) x^4 + (a^2 c d^4 + 2 a^3 d^2 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/11*c^3*e^4*x^11 + 2/5*c^3*d*e^3*x^10 + 1/3*(2*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a*c^2*e^4)*x^9 + 2*a^3*d^3*e*x^2 + 1/2*(c^3*d^3*e + 3*a*c^2*d*e^3)*x^8 + a^3*d^4*x + 1/7*(c^3*d^4 + 18*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*e^4)*x^7 + 2*(a*c^2*d^3*e + a^2*c*d*e^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(3*a*c^2*d^4 + 18*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*x^5 + (3*a^2*c*d^3*e + a^3*d*e^3)*x^4 + (a^2*c*d^4 + 2*a^3*d^2*e^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{11} c^3 e^4 x^{11} + \frac{2}{5} c^3 d e^3 x^{10} + \frac{2}{3} c^3 d^2 e^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{3} a c^2 e^4 x^9$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} c^3 d^3 e x^8 + \frac{3}{2} a c^2 d e^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{7} c^3 d^4 x^7 + \frac{18}{7} a c^2 d^2 e^2 x^7$$

$$+ \frac{3}{7} a^2 c e^4 x^7 + 2 a c^2 d^3 e x^6 + 2 a^2 c d e^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} a c^2 d^4 x^5$$

$$+ \frac{18}{5} a^2 c d^2 e^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} a^3 e^4 x^5 + 3 a^2 c d^3 e x^4 + a^3 d e^3 x^4$$

$$+ a^2 c d^4 x^3 + 2 a^3 d^2 e^2 x^3 + 2 a^3 d^3 e x^2 + a^3 d^4 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/11*c^3*e^4*x^11 + 2/5*c^3*d*e^3*x^10 + 2/3*c^3*d^2*e^2*x^9 + 1/3*a*c^2*e^4*x^9 + 1/2*c^3*d^3*e*x^8 + 3/2*a*c^2*d*e^3*x^8 + 1/7*c^3*d^4*x^7 + 18/7*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^7 + 3/7*a^2*c*e^4*x^7 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e*x^6 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^3*x^6 + 3/5*a*c^2*d^4*x^5 + 18/5*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 1/5*a^3*e^4*x^5 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e*x^4 + a^3*d*e^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^4*x^3 + 2*a^3*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 2*a^3*d^3*e*x^2 + a^3*d^4*x
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = x^3 (2a^3 d^2 e^2 + ca^2 d^4) + x^9 \left( \frac{2c^3 d^2 e^2}{3} + \frac{ac^2 e^4}{3} \right) + x^5 \left( \frac{a^3 e^4}{5} + \frac{18a^2 cd^2 e^2}{5} + \frac{3ac^2 d^4}{5} \right) + x^7 \left( \frac{3a^2 ce^4}{7} + \frac{18ac^2 d^2 e^2}{7} + \frac{c^3 d^4}{7} \right) + a^3 d^4 x + \frac{c^3 e^4 x^{11}}{11} + 2a^3 d^3 e x^2 + \frac{2c^3 d e^3 x^{10}}{5} + a^2 d e x^4 (3cd^2 + ae^2) + \frac{c^2 d e x^8 (cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{2} + 2ac d e x^6 (cd^2 + ae^2)$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^4,x)
```

output

```
x^3*(a^2*c*d^4 + 2*a^3*d^2*e^2) + x^9*((a*c^2*e^4)/3 + (2*c^3*d^2*e^2)/3) + x^5*((a^3*e^4)/5 + (3*a*c^2*d^4)/5 + (18*a^2*c*d^2*e^2)/5) + x^7*((c^3*d^4)/7 + (3*a^2*c*e^4)/7 + (18*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)/7) + a^3*d^4*x + (c^3*e^4*x^11)/11 + 2*a^3*d^3*e*x^2 + (2*c^3*d*e^3*x^10)/5 + a^2*d*e*x^4*(a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2) + (c^2*d*e*x^8*(3*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/2 + 2*a*c*d*e*x^6*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(210c^3e^4x^{10} + 924c^3de^3x^9 + 770ac^2e^4x^8 + 1540c^3d^2e^2x^8 + 3465a^2c^2de^3x^7 + 1155c^3d^3ex^7 + 990a^2ce^4x^6 + 462a^3d^2e^2x^6 + 462a^3de^3x^5 + 2310a^2c^2d^2e^2x^5 + 6930a^2c^2de^3x^4 + 8316a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 4620a^2c^2de^3x^5 + 990a^2c^2e^4x^6 + 1386ac^2d^2e^2x^4 + 4620ac^2d^3e^2x^5 + 5940ac^2d^2e^2x^6 + 3465ac^2d^3e^3x^7 + 770ac^2e^4x^8 + 330c^3d^2e^2x^6 + 1155c^3d^3e^3x^7 + 1540c^3d^2e^2x^8 + 924c^3d^2e^3x^9 + 210c^3e^4x^{10})}{2310}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `(x*(2310*a**3*d**4 + 4620*a**3*d**3*e*x + 4620*a**3*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 2310*a**3*d*e**3*x**3 + 462*a**3*e**4*x**4 + 2310*a**2*c*d**4*x**2 + 6930*a**2*c*d**3*e*x**3 + 8316*a**2*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 4620*a**2*c*d*e**3*x**5 + 990*a**2*c*e**4*x**6 + 1386*a*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 4620*a*c**2*d**3*e*x**5 + 5940*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**6 + 3465*a*c**2*d*e**3*x**7 + 770*a*c**2*e**4*x**8 + 330*c**3*d**4*x**6 + 1155*c**3*d**3*e*x**7 + 1540*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**8 + 924*c**3*d**2*e**3*x**9 + 210*c**3*e**4*x**10))/2310`



### 3.76 $\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 161

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & a^3 d^3 x + a^2 d (cd^2 + ae^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{4} a^3 e^3 x^4 + \frac{3}{5} acd (cd^2 + 3ae^2) x^5 \\ & + \frac{1}{2} a^2 ce^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{7} c^2 d (cd^2 + 9ae^2) x^7 + \frac{3}{8} ac^2 e^3 x^8 \\ & + \frac{1}{3} c^3 de^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{10} c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{3d^2 e (a + cx^2)^4}{8c} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
a^3*d^3*x+a^2*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^3+1/4*a^3*e^3*x^4+3/5*a*c*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^5+1/2*a^2*c*e^3*x^6+1/7*c^2*d*(9*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^7+3/8*a*c^2*e^3*x^8+1/3*c^3*d*e^2*x^9+1/10*c^3*e^3*x^10+3/8*d^2*e*(c*x^2+a)^4/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{1}{840} x (210a^3 (4d^3 + 6d^2 ex + 4de^2 x^2 + e^3 x^3) \\ & + 42a^2 cx^2 (20d^3 + 45d^2 ex + 36de^2 x^2 + 10e^3 x^3) \\ & + 9ac^2 x^4 (56d^3 + 140d^2 ex + 120de^2 x^2 + 35e^3 x^3) \\ & + c^3 x^6 (120d^3 + 315d^2 ex + 280de^2 x^2 + 84e^3 x^3)) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(x*(210*a^3*(4*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 4*d*e^2*x^2 + e^3*x^3) + 42*a^2*c*x^2*(20*d^3 + 45*d^2*e*x + 36*d*e^2*x^2 + 10*e^3*x^3) + 9*a*c^2*x^4*(56*d^3 + 140*d^2*e*x + 120*d*e^2*x^2 + 35*e^3*x^3) + c^3*x^6*(120*d^3 + 315*d^2*e*x + 280*d*e^2*x^2 + 84*e^3*x^3)))/840`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {475, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (d + ex)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 475$$

$$\int (c^3 e^3 x^9 + 3c^3 d e^2 x^8 + 3ac^2 e^3 x^7 + c^2 d (cd^2 + 9ae^2) x^6 + 3a^2 c e^3 x^5 + 3acd (cd^2 + 3ae^2) x^4 + a^3 e^3 x^3 + 3a^2 d (cd^2 + 3ae^2) x + a^3 d^3) dx$$

$$\frac{3d^2 e (a + cx^2)^4}{8c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^3 d^3 x + \frac{1}{4} a^3 e^3 x^4 + a^2 d x^3 (ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c e^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{7} c^2 d x^7 (9ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{3}{8} ac^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{5} acd x^5 (3ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{3d^2 e (a + cx^2)^4}{8c} + \frac{1}{3} c^3 d e^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{10} c^3 e^3 x^{10}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$a^3 d^3 x + a^2 d (c d^2 + a e^2) x^3 + (a^3 e^3 x^4)/4 + (3 a^2 c d (c d^2 + 3 a e^2) x^5)/5 + (a^2 c e^3 x^6)/2 + (c^2 d (c d^2 + 9 a e^2) x^7)/7 + (3 a^2 c^2 e^3 x^8)/8 + (c^3 d e^2 x^9)/3 + (c^3 e^3 x^{10})/10 + (3 d^2 e (a + c x^2)^4)/(8 c)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 475

$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)\}^{(n\_)}*\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^n * c^{(n-1)} * \{(a + b*x^2)\}^{(p+1)} / (2*b*(p+1)), x] + \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[\{(c + d*x)^n - d^n * c^{(n-1)} * x\} * \{(a + b*x^2)\}^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[n, p]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
norman	$\frac{c^3 e^3 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{c^3 d e^2 x^9}{3} + \left(\frac{3}{8} e^3 a c^2 + \frac{3}{8} d^2 e c^3\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{9}{7} d e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{7} d^3 c^3\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 c e^3 + \frac{3}{2} c^2 d^2 a e\right) x^6$
gospers	$\frac{1}{10} c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} c^3 d e^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} a c^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{8} x^8 d^2 e c^3 + \frac{9}{7} x^7 d e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 d^3 c^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c e^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{2} x^6 c^2 d^2 a e$
default	$\frac{c^3 e^3 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{c^3 d e^2 x^9}{3} + \frac{(3 e^3 a c^2 + 3 d^2 e c^3) x^8}{8} + \frac{(9 d e^2 a c^2 + d^3 c^3) x^7}{7} + \frac{(3 a^2 c e^3 + 9 c^2 d^2 a e) x^6}{6} + \frac{(9 d e^2 a^2 c + 3 d^3 a c^2) x^5}{5}$
risch	$\frac{1}{10} c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} c^3 d e^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} a c^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{8} x^8 d^2 e c^3 + \frac{9}{7} x^7 d e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 d^3 c^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c e^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{2} x^6 c^2 d^2 a e$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{10} c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} c^3 d e^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} a c^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{8} x^8 d^2 e c^3 + \frac{9}{7} x^7 d e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 d^3 c^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c e^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{2} x^6 c^2 d^2 a e$
orering	$\frac{x(84 e^3 c^3 x^9 + 280 d e^2 c^3 x^8 + 315 a c^2 e^3 x^7 + 315 c^3 d^2 e x^7 + 1080 a c^2 d e^2 x^6 + 120 c^3 d^3 x^6 + 420 a^2 c e^3 x^5 + 1260 a c^2 d^2 e x^5 + 1512 a^2 c^2 d^2 e x^4 + 420 a^2 c^2 d^2 e x^4 + 1512 a^2 c^2 d^2 e x^4)}{840}$

input

$$\text{int}((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

$$1/10*c^3*e^3*x^10+1/3*c^3*d*e^2*x^9+(3/8*e^3*a*c^2+3/8*d^2*e*c^3)*x^8+(9/7*d*e^2*a*c^2+1/7*d^3*c^3)*x^7+(1/2*a^2*c*e^3+3/2*c^2*d^2*a*e)*x^6+(9/5*d*e^2*a^2*c+3/5*d^3*a*c^2)*x^5+(1/4*e^3*a^3+9/4*d^2*e*a^2*c)*x^4+(a^3*d*e^2+a^2*c*d^3)*x^3+3/2*d^2*e*a^3*x^2+a^3*d^3*x$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{10} c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} c^3 d e^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} (c^3 d^2 e + a c^2 e^3) x^8 + \frac{3}{2} a^3 d^2 e x^2 + \frac{1}{7} (c^3 d^3 + 9 a c^2 d e^2) x^7 + a^3 d^3 x + \frac{1}{2} (3 a c^2 d^2 e + a^2 c e^3) x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (a c^2 d^3 + 3 a^2 c d e^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (9 a^2 c d^2 e + a^3 e^3) x^4 + (a^2 c d^3 + a^3 d e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/10*c^3*e^3*x^10 + 1/3*c^3*d*e^2*x^9 + 3/8*(c^3*d^2*e + a*c^2*e^3)*x^8 + 3/2*a^3*d^2*e*x^2 + 1/7*(c^3*d^3 + 9*a*c^2*d*e^2)*x^7 + a^3*d^3*x + 1/2*(3*a*c^2*d^2*e + a^2*c*e^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(a*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(9*a^2*c*d^2*e + a^3*e^3)*x^4 + (a^2*c*d^3 + a^3*d*e^2)*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^3 dx = a^3 d^3 x + \frac{3a^3 d^2 e x^2}{2} + \frac{c^3 d e^2 x^9}{3} + \frac{c^3 e^3 x^{10}}{10} + x^8 \cdot \left( \frac{3ac^2 e^3}{8} + \frac{3c^3 d^2 e}{8} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{9ac^2 d e^2}{7} + \frac{c^3 d^3}{7} \right) + x^6 \left( \frac{a^2 c e^3}{2} + \frac{3ac^2 d^2 e}{2} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left( \frac{9a^2 c d e^2}{5} + \frac{3ac^2 d^3}{5} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{a^3 e^3}{4} + \frac{9a^2 c d^2 e}{4} \right) + x^3 (a^3 d e^2 + a^2 c d^3)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output

```
a**3*d**3*x + 3*a**3*d**2*e*x**2/2 + c**3*d*e**2*x**9/3 + c**3*e**3*x**10/
10 + x**8*(3*a*c**2*e**3/8 + 3*c**3*d**2*e/8) + x**7*(9*a*c**2*d*e**2/7 +
c**3*d**3/7) + x**6*(a**2*c*e**3/2 + 3*a*c**2*d**2*e/2) + x**5*(9*a**2*c*d
*e**2/5 + 3*a*c**2*d**3/5) + x**4*(a**3*e**3/4 + 9*a**2*c*d**2*e/4) + x**3
*(a**3*d*e**2 + a**2*c*d**3)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^3 dx &= \frac{1}{10} c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} c^3 d e^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} (c^3 d^2 e + a c^2 e^3) x^8 \\ &+ \frac{3}{2} a^3 d^2 e x^2 + \frac{1}{7} (c^3 d^3 + 9 a c^2 d e^2) x^7 + a^3 d^3 x \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} (3 a c^2 d^2 e + a^2 c e^3) x^6 + \frac{3}{5} (a c^2 d^3 + 3 a^2 c d e^2) x^5 \\ &+ \frac{1}{4} (9 a^2 c d^2 e + a^3 e^3) x^4 + (a^2 c d^3 + a^3 d e^2) x^3 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/10*c^3*e^3*x^10 + 1/3*c^3*d*e^2*x^9 + 3/8*(c^3*d^2*e + a*c^2*e^3)*x^8 +
3/2*a^3*d^2*e*x^2 + 1/7*(c^3*d^3 + 9*a*c^2*d*e^2)*x^7 + a^3*d^3*x + 1/2*(3
*a*c^2*d^2*e + a^2*c*e^3)*x^6 + 3/5*(a*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2)*x^5 + 1/4*
(9*a^2*c*d^2*e + a^3*e^3)*x^4 + (a^2*c*d^3 + a^3*d*e^2)*x^3
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^3 dx &= \frac{1}{10} c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{3} c^3 d e^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{8} c^3 d^2 e x^8 + \frac{3}{8} a c^2 e^3 x^8 \\ &+ \frac{1}{7} c^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{9}{7} a c^2 d e^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{2} a c^2 d^2 e x^6 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c e^3 x^6 \\ &+ \frac{3}{5} a c^2 d^3 x^5 + \frac{9}{5} a^2 c d e^2 x^5 + \frac{9}{4} a^2 c d^2 e x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^3 e^3 x^4 \\ &+ a^2 c d^3 x^3 + a^3 d e^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^3 d^2 e x^2 + a^3 d^3 x \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/10*c^3*e^3*x^{10} + 1/3*c^3*d*e^2*x^9 + 3/8*c^3*d^2*e*x^8 + 3/8*a*c^2*e^3*x^8 + 1/7*c^3*d^3*x^7 + 9/7*a*c^2*d*e^2*x^7 + 3/2*a*c^2*d^2*e*x^6 + 1/2*a^2*c*e^3*x^6 + 3/5*a*c^2*d^3*x^5 + 9/5*a^2*c*d*e^2*x^5 + 9/4*a^2*c*d^2*e*x^4 + 1/4*a^3*e^3*x^4 + a^2*c*d^3*x^3 + a^3*d*e^2*x^3 + 3/2*a^3*d^2*e*x^2 + a^3*d^3*x$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^3 dx = x^3 (a^3 de^2 + ca^2 d^3) + x^4 \left( \frac{a^3 e^3}{4} + \frac{9ca^2 d^2 e}{4} \right) + x^7 \left( \frac{c^3 d^3}{7} + \frac{9ac^2 de^2}{7} \right) + x^8 \left( \frac{3c^3 d^2 e}{8} + \frac{3ac^2 e^3}{8} \right) + a^3 d^3 x + \frac{c^3 e^3 x^{10}}{10} + \frac{3a^3 d^2 ex^2}{2} + \frac{c^3 de^2 x^9}{3} + \frac{3acd x^5 (cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{5} + \frac{acex^6 (3cd^2 + ae^2)}{2}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output  $x^3*(a^2*c*d^3 + a^3*d*e^2) + x^4*((a^3*e^3)/4 + (9*a^2*c*d^2*e)/4) + x^7*((c^3*d^3)/7 + (9*a*c^2*d*e^2)/7) + x^8*((3*a*c^2*e^3)/8 + (3*c^3*d^2*e)/8) + a^3*d^3*x + (c^3*e^3*x^{10})/10 + (3*a^3*d^2*e*x^2)/2 + (c^3*d*e^2*x^9)/3 + (3*a*c*d*x^5*(3*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/5 + (a*c*e*x^6*(a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))/2$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(84c^3e^3x^9 + 280c^3de^2x^8 + 315ac^2e^3x^7 + 315c^3d^2ex^7 + 1080ac^2de^2x^6 + 120c^3d^3x^6 + 420a^2ce^3x^5 + 120a^2c^2de^2x^5 + 315a^2c^2d^2ex^5 + 1260a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 840a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 1890a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 1512a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 420a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 504a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 1260a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 1080a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 315a^2c^2d^2e^2x^4 + 120c^3d^3x^4 + 315c^3d^3e^2x^4 + 280c^3d^3e^2x^4 + 84c^3d^3e^2x^4)}{84}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `(x*(840*a**3*d**3 + 1260*a**3*d**2*e*x + 840*a**3*d**e**2*x**2 + 210*a**3*e**3*x**3 + 840*a**2*c*d**3*x**2 + 1890*a**2*c*d**2*e*x**3 + 1512*a**2*c*d**e**2*x**4 + 420*a**2*c*e**3*x**5 + 504*a*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 1260*a*c**2*d**2*e*x**5 + 1080*a*c**2*d**e**2*x**6 + 315*a*c**2*e**3*x**7 + 120*c**3*d**3*x**6 + 315*c**3*d**2*e*x**7 + 280*c**3*d**e**2*x**8 + 84*c**3*e**3*x**9))/840`

### 3.77 $\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	667
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	668
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	669
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Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	670
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	672
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	672

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = a^3 d^2 x + \frac{1}{3} a^2 (3cd^2 + ae^2) x^3 + \frac{3}{5} ac (cd^2 + ae^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{7} c^2 (cd^2 + 3ae^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{9} c^3 e^2 x^9 + \frac{de(a + cx^2)^4}{4c}$$

output

```
a^3*d^2*x+1/3*a^2*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x^3+3/5*a*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^5+1/7*c^2*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^7+1/9*c^3*e^2*x^9+1/4*d*e*(c*x^2+a)^4/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{10} a^2 cx^3 (10d^2 + 15dex + 6e^2x^2) + \frac{1}{35} ac^2 x^5 (21d^2 + 35dex + 15e^2x^2) + \frac{1}{252} c^3 x^7 (36d^2 + 63dex + 28e^2x^2) + a^3 \left( d^2x + dex^2 + \frac{e^2x^3}{3} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```



output

$$(a^2*c*x^3*(10*d^2 + 15*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2))/10 + (a*c^2*x^5*(21*d^2 + 35*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2))/35 + (c^3*x^7*(36*d^2 + 63*d*e*x + 28*e^2*x^2))/252 + a^3*(d^2*x + d*e*x^2 + (e^2*x^3)/3)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {475, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (d + ex)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 475$$

$$\int (c^3 e^2 x^8 + c^2 (cd^2 + 3ae^2) x^6 + 3ac(cd^2 + ae^2) x^4 + a^2(3cd^2 + ae^2) x^2 + a^3 d^2) dx + \frac{de(a + cx^2)^4}{4c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^3 d^2 x + \frac{1}{3} a^2 x^3 (ae^2 + 3cd^2) + \frac{1}{7} c^2 x^7 (3ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{3}{5} acx^5 (ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{de(a + cx^2)^4}{4c} + \frac{1}{9} c^3 e^2 x^9$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]$$

output

$$a^3*d^2*x + (a^2*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (3*a*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (c^2*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^7)/7 + (c^3*e^2*x^9)/9 + (d*e*(a + c*x^2)^4)/(4*c)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 475 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp
[d*n*c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Int[ExpandIntegran
d[((c + d*x)^n - d*n*c^(n - 1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LeQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
norman	$\frac{c^3 e^2 x^9}{9} + \frac{d e c^3 x^8}{4} + \left(\frac{3}{7} e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{7} c^3 d^2\right) x^7 + d e a c^2 x^6 + \left(\frac{3}{5} e^2 a^2 c + \frac{3}{5} a c^2 d^2\right) x^5 + \frac{3 d e a^2 c x^4}{2} + \left(\frac{1}{3} c^3 e^2 + \frac{1}{3} a^2 d^2\right) x^3 + \frac{d e a^2 c x^2}{2} + \frac{d e a^2 c x}{2} + \frac{d e a^2 c}{2}$
default	$\frac{c^3 e^2 x^9}{9} + \frac{d e c^3 x^8}{4} + \frac{(3 e^2 a c^2 + c^3 d^2) x^7}{7} + d e a c^2 x^6 + \frac{(3 e^2 a^2 c + 3 a c^2 d^2) x^5}{5} + \frac{3 d e a^2 c x^4}{2} + \frac{(a^3 e^2 + 3 a^2 c d^2) x^3}{3} + \frac{d e a^2 c x^2}{2} + \frac{d e a^2 c x}{2} + \frac{d e a^2 c}{2}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{9} c^3 e^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{4} d e c^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 c^3 d^2 + d e a c^2 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 e^2 a^2 c + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a c^2 d^2 + \frac{3}{2} d e a^2 c x^4 + \frac{d e a^2 c x^2}{2} + \frac{d e a^2 c x}{2} + \frac{d e a^2 c}{2}$
risch	$\frac{1}{9} c^3 e^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{4} d e c^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 c^3 d^2 + d e a c^2 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 e^2 a^2 c + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a c^2 d^2 + \frac{3}{2} d e a^2 c x^4 + \frac{d e a^2 c x^2}{2} + \frac{d e a^2 c x}{2} + \frac{d e a^2 c}{2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{9} c^3 e^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{4} d e c^3 x^8 + \frac{3}{7} x^7 e^2 a c^2 + \frac{1}{7} x^7 c^3 d^2 + d e a c^2 x^6 + \frac{3}{5} x^5 e^2 a^2 c + \frac{3}{5} x^5 a c^2 d^2 + \frac{3}{2} d e a^2 c x^4 + \frac{d e a^2 c x^2}{2} + \frac{d e a^2 c x}{2} + \frac{d e a^2 c}{2}$
orering	$\frac{x(140 e^2 c^3 x^8 + 315 d e c^3 x^7 + 540 a c^2 e^2 x^6 + 180 c^3 d^2 x^6 + 1260 d e a c^2 x^5 + 756 a^2 c e^2 x^4 + 756 a c^2 d^2 x^4 + 1890 d e a^2 c x^3 + 420 a^3 e^2 x^2 + 420 a^2 c d^2 x + 420 a^2 c d^2)}{1260}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/9*c^3*e^2*x^9+1/4*d*e*c^3*x^8+(3/7*e^2*a*c^2+1/7*c^3*d^2)*x^7+d*e*a*c^2*
x^6+(3/5*e^2*a^2*c+3/5*a*c^2*d^2)*x^5+3/2*d*e*a^2*c*x^4+(1/3*a^3*e^2+a^2*c
*d^2)*x^3+d*e*a^3*x^2+a^3*d^2*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} c^3 e^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{4} c^3 dex^8 + ac^2 dex^6 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 c dex^4 + \frac{1}{7} (c^3 d^2 + 3ac^2 e^2) x^7 + a^3 dex^2 + a^3 d^2 x + \frac{3}{5} (ac^2 d^2 + a^2 ce^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{3} (3a^2 cd^2 + a^3 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/9*c^3*e^2*x^9 + 1/4*c^3*d*e*x^8 + a*c^2*d*e*x^6 + 3/2*a^2*c*d*e*x^4 + 1/7*(c^3*d^2 + 3*a*c^2*e^2)*x^7 + a^3*d*e*x^2 + a^3*d^2*x + 3/5*(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*x^5 + 1/3*(3*a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2)*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = a^3 d^2 x + a^3 dex^2 + \frac{3a^2 c dex^4}{2} + ac^2 dex^6 + \frac{c^3 dex^8}{4} + \frac{c^3 e^2 x^9}{9} + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{3ac^2 e^2}{7} + \frac{c^3 d^2}{7} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left( \frac{3a^2 ce^2}{5} + \frac{3ac^2 d^2}{5} \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{a^3 e^2}{3} + a^2 cd^2 \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `a**3*d**2*x + a**3*d*e*x**2 + 3*a**2*c*d*e*x**4/2 + a*c**2*d*e*x**6 + c**3*d*e*x**8/4 + c**3*e**2*x**9/9 + x**7*(3*a*c**2*e**2/7 + c**3*d**2/7) + x**5*(3*a**2*c*e**2/5 + 3*a*c**2*d**2/5) + x**3*(a**3*e**2/3 + a**2*c*d**2)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} c^3 e^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{4} c^3 dex^8 + ac^2 dex^6 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 cdex^4 + \frac{1}{7} (c^3 d^2 + 3ac^2 e^2) x^7 + a^3 dex^2 + a^3 d^2 x + \frac{3}{5} (ac^2 d^2 + a^2 ce^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{3} (3a^2 cd^2 + a^3 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*c^3*e^2*x^9 + 1/4*c^3*d*e*x^8 + a*c^2*d*e*x^6 + 3/2*a^2*c*d*e*x^4 + 1/7*(c^3*d^2 + 3*a*c^2*e^2)*x^7 + a^3*d*e*x^2 + a^3*d^2*x + 3/5*(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*x^5 + 1/3*(3*a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} c^3 e^2 x^9 + \frac{1}{4} c^3 dex^8 + \frac{1}{7} c^3 d^2 x^7 + \frac{3}{7} ac^2 e^2 x^7 + ac^2 dex^6 + \frac{3}{5} ac^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{5} a^2 ce^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 cdex^4 + a^2 cd^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^3 e^2 x^3 + a^3 dex^2 + a^3 d^2 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*c^3*e^2*x^9 + 1/4*c^3*d*e*x^8 + 1/7*c^3*d^2*x^7 + 3/7*a*c^2*e^2*x^7 + a*c^2*d*e*x^6 + 3/5*a*c^2*d^2*x^5 + 3/5*a^2*c*e^2*x^5 + 3/2*a^2*c*d*e*x^4 + a^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 1/3*a^3*e^2*x^3 + a^3*d*e*x^2 + a^3*d^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx = x^3 \left( \frac{a^3 e^2}{3} + ca^2 d^2 \right) + x^7 \left( \frac{c^3 d^2}{7} + \frac{3ac^2 e^2}{7} \right) \\ + a^3 d^2 x + \frac{c^3 e^2 x^9}{9} + \frac{3acx^5 (cd^2 + ae^2)}{5} \\ + a^3 dex^2 + \frac{c^3 dex^8}{4} + \frac{3a^2 c dex^4}{2} + ac^2 dex^6$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((a^3*e^2)/3 + a^2*c*d^2) + x^7*((c^3*d^2)/7 + (3*a*c^2*e^2)/7) + a^3*d^2*x + (c^3*e^2*x^9)/9 + (3*a*c*x^5*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/5 + a^3*d*e*x^2 + (c^3*d*e*x^8)/4 + (3*a^2*c*d*e*x^4)/2 + a*c^2*d*e*x^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3 dx \\ = \frac{x(140c^3e^2x^8 + 315c^3dex^7 + 540ac^2e^2x^6 + 180c^3d^2x^6 + 1260ac^2dex^5 + 756a^2ce^2x^4 + 756ac^2d^2x^4 + 1890a^2c^2dex^3 + 756a^2c^2e^2x^4 + 756a^2c^2d^2x^4 + 1260a^2c^2dex^5 + 540a^2c^2e^2x^6 + 180c^3d^2x^6 + 315c^3dex^7 + 140c^3e^2x^8)}{1260}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `(x*(1260*a**3*d**2 + 1260*a**3*d*e*x + 420*a**3*e**2*x**2 + 1260*a**2*c*d*  
*2*x**2 + 1890*a**2*c*d*e*x**3 + 756*a**2*c*e**2*x**4 + 756*a*c**2*d**2*x*  
*4 + 1260*a*c**2*d*e*x**5 + 540*a*c**2*e**2*x**6 + 180*c**3*d**2*x**6 + 31  
5*c**3*d*e*x**7 + 140*c**3*e**2*x**8))/1260`

### 3.78 $\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	673
Mathematica [A] (verified)	673
Rubi [A] (verified)	674
Maple [A] (verified)	675
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	675
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	676
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	676
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^3 dx = a^3 dx + a^2 c dx^3 + \frac{3}{5} a c^2 dx^5 + \frac{1}{7} c^3 dx^7 + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^4}{8c}$$

output `a^3*d*x+a^2*c*d*x^3+3/5*a*c^2*d*x^5+1/7*c^3*d*x^7+1/8*e*(c*x^2+a)^4/c`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^3 dx = & a^3 dx + \frac{1}{2} a^3 ex^2 + a^2 c dx^3 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 c ex^4 \\ & + \frac{3}{5} a c^2 dx^5 + \frac{1}{2} a c^2 ex^6 + \frac{1}{7} c^3 dx^7 + \frac{1}{8} c^3 ex^8 \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `a^3*d*x + (a^3*e*x^2)/2 + a^2*c*d*x^3 + (3*a^2*c*e*x^4)/4 + (3*a*c^2*d*x^5)/5 + (a*c^2*e*x^6)/2 + (c^3*d*x^7)/7 + (c^3*e*x^8)/8`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {455, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$d \int (cx^2 + a)^3 dx + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^4}{8c}$$

$$\downarrow 210$$

$$d \int (c^3x^6 + 3ac^2x^4 + 3a^2cx^2 + a^3) dx + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^4}{8c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$d \left( a^3x + a^2cx^3 + \frac{3}{5}ac^2x^5 + \frac{c^3x^7}{7} \right) + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^4}{8c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(e*(a + c*x^2)^4)/(8*c) + d*(a^3*x + a^2*c*x^3 + (3*a*c^2*x^5)/5 + (c^3*x^7)/7)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 210 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{1}{8}c^3ex^8 + \frac{1}{7}c^3dx^7 + \frac{1}{2}ac^2ex^6 + \frac{3}{5}ac^2dx^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2cex^4 + a^2cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3ex^2 + a^3dx$	74
default	$\frac{1}{8}c^3ex^8 + \frac{1}{7}c^3dx^7 + \frac{1}{2}ac^2ex^6 + \frac{3}{5}ac^2dx^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2cex^4 + a^2cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3ex^2 + a^3dx$	74
norman	$\frac{1}{8}c^3ex^8 + \frac{1}{7}c^3dx^7 + \frac{1}{2}ac^2ex^6 + \frac{3}{5}ac^2dx^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2cex^4 + a^2cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3ex^2 + a^3dx$	74
risch	$\frac{1}{8}c^3ex^8 + \frac{1}{7}c^3dx^7 + \frac{1}{2}ac^2ex^6 + \frac{3}{5}ac^2dx^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2cex^4 + a^2cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3ex^2 + a^3dx$	74
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{8}c^3ex^8 + \frac{1}{7}c^3dx^7 + \frac{1}{2}ac^2ex^6 + \frac{3}{5}ac^2dx^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2cex^4 + a^2cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3ex^2 + a^3dx$	74
orering	$\frac{x(35ec^3x^7 + 40dc^3x^6 + 140eac^2x^5 + 168ac^2dx^4 + 210ea^2cx^3 + 280a^2cdx^2 + 140a^3ex + 280a^3d)}{280}$	76

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*c^3*e*x^8+1/7*c^3*d*x^7+1/2*a*c^2*e*x^6+3/5*a*c^2*d*x^5+3/4*a^2*c*e*x^
4+a^2*c*d*x^3+1/2*a^3*e*x^2+a^3*d*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{8}c^3ex^8 + \frac{1}{7}c^3dx^7 + \frac{1}{2}ac^2ex^6 + \frac{3}{5}ac^2dx^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2cex^4 + a^2cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3ex^2 + a^3dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

$$\frac{1}{8}c^3ex^8 + \frac{1}{7}c^3d*x^7 + \frac{1}{2}a*c^2*ex^6 + \frac{3}{5}a*c^2*d*x^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2*c*ex^4 + a^2*c*d*x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3*ex^2 + a^3*d*x$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = a^3dx + \frac{a^3ex^2}{2} + a^2cdx^3 + \frac{3a^2cex^4}{4} + \frac{3ac^2dx^5}{5} + \frac{ac^2ex^6}{2} + \frac{c^3dx^7}{7} + \frac{c^3ex^8}{8}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

$$a**3*d*x + a**3*e*x**2/2 + a**2*c*d*x**3 + 3*a**2*c*e*x**4/4 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**5/5 + a*c**2*e*x**6/2 + c**3*d*x**7/7 + c**3*e*x**8/8$$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{8}c^3ex^8 + \frac{1}{7}c^3dx^7 + \frac{1}{2}ac^2ex^6 + \frac{3}{5}ac^2dx^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2cex^4 + a^2cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3ex^2 + a^3dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{8}c^3*ex^8 + \frac{1}{7}c^3*d*x^7 + \frac{1}{2}a*c^2*ex^6 + \frac{3}{5}a*c^2*d*x^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2*c*ex^4 + a^2*c*d*x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^3*ex^2 + a^3*d*x$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{1}{8} c^3 ex^8 + \frac{1}{7} c^3 dx^7 + \frac{1}{2} ac^2 ex^6 + \frac{3}{5} ac^2 dx^5 \\ + \frac{3}{4} a^2 cex^4 + a^2 cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^3 ex^2 + a^3 dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*c^3*e*x^8 + 1/7*c^3*d*x^7 + 1/2*a*c^2*e*x^6 + 3/5*a*c^2*d*x^5 + 3/4*a^2*c*e*x^4 + a^2*c*d*x^3 + 1/2*a^3*e*x^2 + a^3*d*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{ea^3 x^2}{2} + da^3 x + \frac{3ea^2 cx^4}{4} + da^2 cx^3 \\ + \frac{ea^2 cx^6}{2} + \frac{3da^2 cx^5}{5} + \frac{ec^3 x^8}{8} + \frac{dc^3 x^7}{7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x),x)`

output `(a^3*e*x^2)/2 + (c^3*d*x^7)/7 + (c^3*e*x^8)/8 + a^3*d*x + a^2*c*d*x^3 + (3*a*c^2*d*x^5)/5 + (3*a^2*c*e*x^4)/4 + (a*c^2*e*x^6)/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(35c^3e x^7 + 40c^3d x^6 + 140a c^2e x^5 + 168a c^2d x^4 + 210a^2ce x^3 + 280a^2cd x^2 + 140a^3ex + 280a^3d)}{280}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `(x*(280*a**3*d + 140*a**3*e*x + 280*a**2*c*d*x**2 + 210*a**2*c*e*x**3 + 168*a*c**2*d*x**4 + 140*a*c**2*e*x**5 + 40*c**3*d*x**6 + 35*c**3*e*x**7))/280`

**3.79**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{d+ex} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{d+ex} dx = -\frac{cd(c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4)x}{e^6} + \frac{c(c^2d^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4)x^2}{2e^5} - \frac{c^2d(cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^3}{3e^4} + \frac{c^2(cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^4}{4e^3} - \frac{c^3dx^5}{5e^2} + \frac{c^3x^6}{6e} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 \log(d+ex)}{e^7}$$

output

```
-c*d*(3*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x/e^6+1/2*c*(3*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x^2/e^5-1/3*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^3/e^4+1/4*c^2*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^4/e^3-1/5*c^3*d*x^5/e^2+1/6*c^3*x^6/e+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(e*x+d)/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{d+ex} dx = \frac{cex(90a^2e^4(-2d+ex) + 15ace^2(-12d^3 + 6d^2ex - 4de^2x^2 + 3e^3x^3) + c^2(-60d^5 + 30d^4ex - 20d^3e^2x^2 + 60e^7))}{60e^7}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x),x]`

output  $(c*e*x*(90*a^2*e^4*(-2*d + e*x) + 15*a*c*e^2*(-12*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x - 4*d*e^2*x^2 + 3*e^3*x^3) + c^2*(-60*d^5 + 30*d^4*e*x - 20*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 12*d*e^4*x^4 + 10*e^5*x^5)) + 60*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/ (60*e^7)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( -\frac{cd(3a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{e^6} + \frac{cx(3a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{e^5} - \frac{c^2dx^2(3ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{c^2x^3(3ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^3} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{cdx(3a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{e^6} + \frac{cx^2(3a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2e^5} - \frac{c^2dx^3(3ae^2 + cd^2)}{3e^4} + \frac{c^2x^4(3ae^2 + cd^2)}{4e^3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^7} - \frac{c^3dx^5}{5e^2} + \frac{c^3x^6}{6e}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x),x]`

output  $-((c*d*(c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*x)/e^6) + (c*(c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*x^2)/(2*e^5) - (c^2*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^3)/(3*e^4) + (c^2*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^4)/(4*e^3) - (c^3*d*x^5)/(5*e^2) + (c^3*x^6)/(6*e) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^7$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
default	$\frac{c \left( -\frac{c^2 x^6 e^5}{6} + \frac{d c^2 x^5 e^4}{5} - \frac{e(3e^4 ac + d^2 e^2 c^2) x^4}{4} + \frac{d(3e^4 ac + d^2 e^2 c^2) x^3}{3} - \frac{(3a^2 e^4 + 3ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) x^2 e}{2} + d(3a^2 e^4 + 3ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) \right)}{e^6}$
norman	$\frac{c^3 x^6}{6e} + \frac{c(3a^2 e^4 + 3ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) x^2}{2e^5} + \frac{c^2(3a e^2 + c d^2) x^4}{4e^3} - \frac{c^3 d x^5}{5e^2} - \frac{cd(3a^2 e^4 + 3ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) x}{e^6} - \frac{c^2 d(3a e^2 + c d^2)}{3e^4}$
risch	$\frac{c^3 x^6}{6e} - \frac{c^3 d x^5}{5e^2} + \frac{3c^2 a x^4}{4e} + \frac{c^3 d^2 x^4}{4e^3} - \frac{c^2 a d x^3}{e^2} - \frac{c^3 d^3 x^3}{3e^4} + \frac{3c a^2 x^2}{2e} + \frac{3e^2 a d^2 x^2}{2e^3} + \frac{c^3 d^4 x^2}{2e^5} - \frac{3c a^2 d x}{e^2} - \frac{3c^2 a}{e}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{10x^6 c^3 e^6 - 12d c^3 x^5 e^5 + 45x^4 a c^2 e^6 + 15x^4 c^3 d^2 e^4 - 60x^3 a c^2 d e^5 - 20x^3 c^3 d^3 e^3 + 90x^2 a^2 c e^6 + 90x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 30x^2 c^3 d^4 e^2 + 60 \ln}{60e^7}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -c/e^6*(-1/6*c^2*x^6*e^5+1/5*d*c^2*x^5*e^4-1/4*e*(3*a*c*e^4+c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^4+1/3*d*(3*a*c*e^4+c^2*d^2*e^2)*x^3-1/2*(3*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x^2*e+d*(3*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x)+(a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)/e^7*ln(e*x+d)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{10c^3e^6x^6 - 12c^3de^5x^5 + 15(c^3d^2e^4 + 3ac^2e^6)x^4 - 20(c^3d^3e^3 + 3ac^2de^5)x^3 + 30(c^3d^4e^2 + 3ac^2d^2e^4 + 3ac^2de^6)x^2 - 60(c^3d^5e + 3ac^2d^3e^3 + 3a^2cd^2e^5)x + 60(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)\log(ex + d)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/60*(10*c^3*e^6*x^6 - 12*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 15*(c^3*d^2*e^4 + 3*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 - 20*(c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 30*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 - 60*(c^3*d^5*e + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x + 60*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*log(e*x + d))/e^7`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{c^3dx^5}{5e^2} + \frac{c^3x^6}{6e} + x^4 \cdot \left( \frac{3ac^2}{4e} + \frac{c^3d^2}{4e^3} \right) + x^3 \left( -\frac{ac^2d}{e^2} - \frac{c^3d^3}{3e^4} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left( \frac{3a^2c}{2e} + \frac{3ac^2d^2}{2e^3} + \frac{c^3d^4}{2e^5} \right) + x \left( -\frac{3a^2cd}{e^2} - \frac{3ac^2d^3}{e^4} - \frac{c^3d^5}{e^6} \right) + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d),x)`output `-c**3*d*x**5/(5*e**2) + c**3*x**6/(6*e) + x**4*(3*a*c**2/(4*e) + c**3*d**2/(4*e**3)) + x**3*(-a*c**2*d/e**2 - c**3*d**3/(3*e**4)) + x**2*(3*a**2*c/(2*e) + 3*a*c**2*d**2/(2*e**3) + c**3*d**4/(2*e**5)) + x*(-3*a**2*c*d/e**2 - 3*a*c**2*d**3/e**4 - c**3*d**5/e**6) + (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3*log(d + e*x)/e**7`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{10c^3e^5x^6 - 12c^3de^4x^5 + 15(c^3d^2e^3 + 3ac^2e^5)x^4 - 20(c^3d^3e^2 + 3ac^2de^4)x^3 + 30(c^3d^4e + 3ac^2d^2e^3 + 3a^2cde^5)x^2 - 60(c^3d^5 + 3a^2c^2d^3e^2 + 3a^2c^2de^4)x - 60e^6}{60e^6} + \frac{(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6) \log(ex + d)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/60*(10*c^3*e^5*x^6 - 12*c^3*d*e^4*x^5 + 15*(c^3*d^2*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*e^5)*x^4 - 20*(c^3*d^3*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^4)*x^3 + 30*(c^3*d^4*e + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*e^5)*x^2 - 60*(c^3*d^5 + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)/e^6 + (c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*log(e*x + d)/e^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{10c^3e^5x^6 - 12c^3de^4x^5 + 15c^3d^2e^3x^4 + 45ac^2e^5x^4 - 20c^3d^3e^2x^3 - 60ac^2de^4x^3 + 30c^3d^4ex^2 + 90ac^2d^2e^3x^2 - 60(c^3d^5 + 3a^2c^2d^3e^2 + 3a^2c^2de^4)x - 60e^6}{60e^6} + \frac{(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/60*(10*c^3*e^5*x^6 - 12*c^3*d*e^4*x^5 + 15*c^3*d^2*e^3*x^4 + 45*a*c^2*e^5*x^4 - 20*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 - 60*a*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + 30*c^3*d^4*e*x^2 + 90*a*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + 90*a^2*c*e^5*x^2 - 60*c^3*d^5*x - 180*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*x - 180*a^2*c*d*e^4*x)/e^6 + (c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^7`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = x^2 \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{3ac^2}{e} + \frac{c^3 d^2}{e^3} \right) + 3a^2 c}{2e^2} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{3ac^2}{4e} + \frac{c^3 d^2}{4e^3} \right) + \frac{c^3 x^6}{6e} + \frac{\ln(d + ex) (a^3 e^6 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 + c^3 d^6)}{e^7} - \frac{c^3 d x^5}{5e^2} - \frac{d x^3 \left( \frac{3ac^2}{e} + \frac{c^3 d^2}{e^3} \right)}{3e} - \frac{d x \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{3ac^2}{e} + \frac{c^3 d^2}{e^3} \right) + \frac{3a^2 c}{e} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x),x)`output `x^2*((d^2*((3*a*c^2)/e + (c^3*d^2)/e^3))/(2*e^2) + (3*a^2*c)/(2*e)) + x^4*((3*a*c^2)/(4*e) + (c^3*d^2)/(4*e^3)) + (c^3*x^6)/(6*e) + (log(d + e*x)*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/e^7 - (c^3*d*x^5)/(5*e^2) - (d*x^3*((3*a*c^2)/e + (c^3*d^2)/e^3))/(3*e) - (d*x*((d^2*((3*a*c^2)/e + (c^3*d^2)/e^3))/e^2 + (3*a^2*c)/e))/e`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{d + ex} dx = \frac{60 \log(ex + d) a^3 e^6 + 180 \log(ex + d) a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 180 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 60 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^6 - 180 a^2 c d^2 e^4}{e^7}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d),x)`

output

```
(60*log(d + e*x)*a**3*e**6 + 180*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 180*log(d
+ e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6 - 180*a**2*c*d*e**5*x
+ 90*a**2*c*e**6*x**2 - 180*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 90*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2
- 60*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 + 45*a*c**2*e**6*x**4 - 60*c**3*d**5*e*x + 30*c**
3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 20*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 15*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 12*c*
*3*d*e**5*x**5 + 10*c**3*e**6*x**6)/(60*e**7)
```

**3.80**       $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{c(5c^2d^4 + 9acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4)x}{e^6} - \frac{c^2d(2cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^2}{e^5} + \frac{c^2(cd^2 + ae^2)x^3}{e^4} - \frac{c^3dx^4}{2e^3} + \frac{c^3x^5}{5e^2} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{e^7(d+ex)} - \frac{6cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \log(d+ex)}{e^7}$$

output

```
c*(3*a^2*e^4+9*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*x/e^6-c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^2/e^5+c^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^3/e^4-1/2*c^3*d*x^4/e^3+1/5*c^3*x^5/e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)-6*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{-10a^3e^6 + 30a^2ce^4(-d^2 + dex + e^2x^2) + 10ac^2e^2(-3d^4 + 9d^3ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 - 2de^3x^3 + e^4x^4) + c^3(-10ad^5 + 15c^2d^4e^2 + 5c^3d^3e^2x + 5c^3d^2e^2x^2 + 5c^3de^2x^3 + 5c^3e^2x^4) + c^3(-10ad^5 + 15c^2d^4e^2 + 5c^3d^3e^2x + 5c^3d^2e^2x^2 + 5c^3de^2x^3 + 5c^3e^2x^4)}{10e^7(d+ex)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output  $(-10*a^3*e^6 + 30*a^2*c*e^4*(-d^2 + d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + 10*a*c^2*e^2*(-3*d^4 + 9*d^3*e*x + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) + c^3*(-10*d^6 + 50*d^5*e*x + 30*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 10*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 5*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 3*d*e^5*x^5 + 2*e^6*x^6) - 60*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(10*e^7*(d + e*x))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{c(3a^2e^4 + 9acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{e^6} - \frac{2c^2dx(3ae^2 + 2cd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{3c^2x^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6(d + ex)} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6(d + ex)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{cx(3a^2e^4 + 9acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{e^6} - \frac{c^2dx^2(3ae^2 + 2cd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{c^2x^3(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^7(d + ex)} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^7} - \frac{c^3dx^4}{2e^3} + \frac{c^3x^5}{5e^2}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

```
output (c*(5*c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*x)/e^6 - (c^2*d*(2*c*d^2 + 3*a*
e^2)*x^2)/e^5 + (c^2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^3)/e^4 - (c^3*d*x^4)/(2*e^3) + (c^3
*x^5)/(5*e^2) - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3/(e^7*(d + e*x)) - (6*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
^2*Log[d + e*x])/e^7
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
default	$\frac{c(\frac{1}{5}c^2x^5e^4 - \frac{1}{2}dc^2x^4e^3 + x^3ace^4 + x^3c^2d^2e^2 - 3x^2acd e^3 - 2x^2c^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4x + 9acd^2e^2x + 5c^2d^4x)}{e^6} - \frac{6dc(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{e^7}$
norman	$\frac{(\frac{e^6a^3 + 6d^2e^4a^2c + 12d^4e^2ac^2 + 6d^6c^3}{de^6}x + \frac{c^3x^6}{5e} + \frac{c^2(2ae^2 + cd^2)x^4}{2e^3} - \frac{3c^3dx^5}{10e^2} + \frac{3c(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)x^2}{e^5} - \frac{dc^2(2ae^2 + cd^2)x^3}{e^4})}{ex+d}$
risch	$\frac{c^3x^5}{5e^2} - \frac{c^3dx^4}{2e^3} + \frac{c^2x^3a}{e^2} + \frac{c^3x^3d^2}{e^4} - \frac{3c^2x^2ad}{e^3} - \frac{2c^3x^2d^3}{e^5} + \frac{3ca^2x}{e^2} + \frac{9c^2ad^2x}{e^4} + \frac{5c^3d^4x}{e^6} - \frac{6dc \ln(ex+d)a^2}{e^3}$
parallelrisch	$- \frac{-2x^6c^3e^6 + 3d^3c^3x^5e^5 - 10x^4ac^2e^6 - 5x^4c^3d^2e^4 + 20x^3ac^2de^5 + 10x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 60 \ln(ex+d)xa^2cd e^5 + 120 \ln(ex+d)xa^2d^3e^3}{e^7}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c/e^6*(1/5*c^2*x^5*e^4-1/2*d*c^2*x^4*e^3+x^3*a*c*e^4+x^3*c^2*d^2*e^2-3*x^2
*a*c*d*e^3-2*x^2*c^2*d^3*e+3*a^2*e^4*x+9*a*c*d^2*e^2*x+5*c^2*d^4*x)-6*d/e^
7*c*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*ln(e*x+d)-(a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a
*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)/e^7/(e*x+d)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3e^6x^6 - 3c^3de^5x^5 - 10c^3d^6 - 30ac^2d^4e^2 - 30a^2cd^2e^4 - 10a^3e^6 + 5(c^3d^2e^4 + 2ac^2e^6)x^4 - 10(c^3d^3e^3}{$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/10*(2*c^3*e^6*x^6 - 3*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 - 10*c^3*d^6 - 30*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 30
*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 10*a^3*e^6 + 5*(c^3*d^2*e^4 + 2*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 - 10*(c^3*
d^3*e^3 + 2*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 30*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e
^6)*x^2 + 10*(5*c^3*d^5*e + 9*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x - 60*(c^3*d
^6 + 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + (c^3*d^5*e + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*
c*d*e^5)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(e^8*x + d*e^7)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{c^3dx^4}{2e^3} + \frac{c^3x^5}{5e^2} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2 \log(d + ex)}{e^7} + x^3 \left( \frac{ac^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^3d^2}{e^4} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left( -\frac{3ac^2d}{e^3} - \frac{2c^3d^3}{e^5} \right) + x \left( \frac{3a^2c}{e^2} + \frac{9ac^2d^2}{e^4} + \frac{5c^3d^4}{e^6} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 - c^3d^6}{de^7 + e^8x}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**2,x)`

output

```
-c**3*d*x**4/(2*e**3) + c**3*x**5/(5*e**2) - 6*c*d*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2*lo
g(d + e*x)/e**7 + x**3*(a*c**2/e**2 + c**3*d**2/e**4) + x**2*(-3*a*c**2*d/
e**3 - 2*c**3*d**3/e**5) + x*(3*a**2*c/e**2 + 9*a*c**2*d**2/e**4 + 5*c**3*
d**4/e**6) + (-a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - c**3*
d**6)/(d*e**7 + e**8*x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{c^3 d^6 + 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + a^3 e^6}{e^8 x + d e^7} + \frac{2c^3 e^4 x^5 - 5c^3 d e^3 x^4 + 10(c^3 d^2 e^2 + ac^2 e^4)x^3 - 10(2c^3 d^3 e + 3ac^2 d e^3)x^2 + 10(5c^3 d^4 + 9ac^2 d^2 e^2 + 3a^2 c d e^4)x - 6(c^3 d^5 + 2ac^2 d^3 e^2 + a^2 c d e^4) \log(ex + d)}{10e^6 e^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output 
$$-(c^3 d^6 + 3a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 + a^3 e^6)/(e^8 x + d e^7) + 1/10*(2c^3 e^4 x^5 - 5c^3 d e^3 x^4 + 10*(c^3 d^2 e^2 + a^2 c^2 e^4)x^3 - 10*(2c^3 d^3 e + 3a^2 c^2 d e^3)x^2 + 10*(5c^3 d^4 + 9a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 3a^2 c^2 d e^4)x)/e^6 - 6*(c^3 d^5 + 2a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 + a^2 c^2 d e^4)*\log(e*x + d)/e^7$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{\left(2c^3 - \frac{15c^3 d}{ex+d} + \frac{10(5c^3 d^2 e^2 + ac^2 e^4)}{(ex+d)^2 e^2} - \frac{20(5c^3 d^3 e^3 + 3ac^2 d e^5)}{(ex+d)^3 e^3} + \frac{30(5c^3 d^4 e^4 + 6ac^2 d^2 e^6 + a^2 c e^8)}{(ex+d)^4 e^4}\right)(ex+d)^5}{10e^7} + \frac{6(c^3 d^5 + 2ac^2 d^3 e^2 + a^2 c d e^4) \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2 |e|}\right)}{e^7} - \frac{\frac{c^3 d^6 e^5}{ex+d} + \frac{3ac^2 d^4 e^7}{ex+d} + \frac{3a^2 c d^2 e^9}{ex+d} + \frac{a^3 e^{11}}{ex+d}}{e^{12}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/10*(2*c^3 - 15*c^3*d/(e*x + d) + 10*(5*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a*c^2*e^4)/((e*x +
d)^2*e^2) - 20*(5*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^5)/((e*x + d)^3*e^3) + 30*(5*c
^3*d^4*e^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + a^2*c*e^8)/((e*x + d)^4*e^4))*(e*x + d)^5/e
^7 + 6*(c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x +
d)^2*abs(e)))/e^7 - (c^3*d^6*e^5/(e*x + d) + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^7/(e*x + d) + 3
*a^2*c*d^2*e^9/(e*x + d) + a^3*e^11/(e*x + d))/e^12
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx = x^2 \left( \frac{c^3 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{d \left( \frac{3ac^2}{e^2} + \frac{3c^3 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right) - x \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{3ac^2}{e^2} + \frac{3c^3 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e^2} - \frac{3a^2 c}{e^2} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{2c^3 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{3ac^2}{e^2} + \frac{3c^3 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} \right) + x^3 \left( \frac{ac^2}{e^2} + \frac{c^3 d^2}{e^4} \right) - \frac{a^3 e^6 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + c^3 d^6}{e (x e^7 + d e^6)} - \frac{\ln(d + ex) (6a^2 c d e^4 + 12a c^2 d^3 e^2 + 6c^3 d^5)}{e^7} + \frac{c^3 x^5}{5e^2} - \frac{c^3 d x^4}{2e^3}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^2,x)
```

output

```
x^2*((c^3*d^3)/e^5 - (d*((3*a*c^2)/e^2 + (3*c^3*d^2)/e^4))/e) - x*((d^2*((
3*a*c^2)/e^2 + (3*c^3*d^2)/e^4))/e^2 - (3*a^2*c)/e^2 + (2*d*((2*c^3*d^3)/e
^5 - (2*d*((3*a*c^2)/e^2 + (3*c^3*d^2)/e^4))/e))/e) + x^3*((a*c^2)/e^2 + (
c^3*d^2)/e^4) - (a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(e
*(d*e^6 + e^7*x)) - (log(d + e*x)*(6*c^3*d^5 + 12*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*a^2*c*
d*e^4))/e^7 + (c^3*x^5)/(5*e^2) - (c^3*d*x^4)/(2*e^3)
```



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60 \log(ex + d) a^2 c d^3 e^4 - 60 \log(ex + d) a^2 c d^2 e^5 x - 120 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^5 e^2 - 120 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^4 e^3 x^2}{(d + ex)^7}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^2,x)`output `( - 60*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 - 60*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x - 120*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 120*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x - 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**7 - 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6*e*x + 10*a**3*e**7*x + 60*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x + 30*a**2*c*d*e**6*x**2 + 120*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x + 60*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 - 20*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 + 10*a*c**2*d*e**6*x**4 + 60*c**3*d**6*e*x + 30*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 10*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 5*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 - 3*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 2*c**3*d*e**6*x**6)/(10*d*e**7*(d + e*x))`

### 3.81 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} dx$

Optimal result	693
Mathematica [A] (verified)	693
Rubi [A] (verified)	694
Maple [A] (verified)	695
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	696
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	696
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	697
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	698
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	698
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	699

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} dx = -\frac{c^2d(10cd^2+9ae^2)x}{e^6} + \frac{3c^2(2cd^2+ae^2)x^2}{2e^5} - \frac{c^3dx^3}{e^4} + \frac{c^3x^4}{4e^3} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{2e^7(d+ex)^2} + \frac{6cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{e^7(d+ex)} + \frac{3c(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)\log(d+ex)}{e^7}$$

output `-c^2*d*(9*a*e^2+10*c*d^2)*x/e^6+3/2*c^2*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^2/e^5-c^3*d*x^3/e^4+1/4*c^3*x^4/e^3-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^2+6*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^7/(e*x+d)+3*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^7`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^3} dx = \frac{-2a^3e^6 + 6a^2cde^4(3d+4ex) + 6ac^2e^2(7d^4 + 2d^3ex - 11d^2e^2x^2 - 4de^3x^3 + e^4x^4) + c^3(22d^6 - 16d^5ex - 4e^7(d+ex)^2)}{4e^7(d+ex)^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output  $(-2*a^3*e^6 + 6*a^2*c*d*e^4*(3*d + 4*e*x) + 6*a*c^2*e^2*(7*d^4 + 2*d^3*e*x - 11*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 4*d*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) + c^3*(22*d^6 - 16*d^5*e*x - 68*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 20*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 5*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 2*d*e^5*x^5 + e^6*x^6) + 12*c*(5*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(d + e*x)^2*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(4*e^7*(d + e*x)^2)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( -\frac{c^2d(9ae^2 + 10cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c^2x(ae^2 + 2cd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6(d + ex)^2} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6(d + ex)^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{c^2dx(9ae^2 + 10cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c^2x^2(ae^2 + 2cd^2)}{2e^5} + \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^7(d + ex)} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{2e^7(d + ex)^2} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)\log(d + ex)}{e^7} - \frac{c^3dx^3}{e^4} + \frac{c^3x^4}{4e^3}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^3,x]`

output

```

-((c^2*d*(10*c*d^2 + 9*a*e^2)*x)/e^6) + (3*c^2*(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2)/(2*e
^5) - (c^3*d*x^3)/e^4 + (c^3*x^4)/(4*e^3) - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3/(2*e^7*(d +
e*x)^2) + (6*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(e^7*(d + e*x)) + (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^7
    
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476

```

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
    
```

rule 2009

```

Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
    
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result
default	$-\frac{c^2(-\frac{1}{4}cx^4e^3+cdx^3e^2-\frac{3}{2}ae^3x^2-3cd^2ex^2+9de^2ax+10d^3cx)}{e^6} + \frac{3c(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)\ln(ex+d)}{e^7} + \frac{6dc(a^2e^4+2a^2e^2d^2+2cd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{e^7(e^2+dx)}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{e^6a^3-9d^2e^4a^2c-54d^4e^2ac^2-45d^6c^3}{2e^7} + \frac{c^3x^6}{4e} + \frac{c^2(6ae^2+5cd^2)x^4}{4e^3} - \frac{c^3dx^5}{2e^2} + \frac{2d(3e^4a^2c+18d^2e^2ac^2+15d^4c^3)x - c^2d(6ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^6}}{(ex+d)^2}$
risch	$\frac{c^3x^4}{4e^3} - \frac{c^3dx^3}{e^4} + \frac{3c^2ax^2}{2e^3} + \frac{3c^3d^2x^2}{e^5} - \frac{9c^2dax}{e^4} - \frac{10c^3d^3x}{e^6} + \frac{(6de^4a^2c+12d^3e^2ac^2+6d^5c^3)x - \frac{e^6a^3-9d^2e^4a^2c-21d^4e^2ac^2-15d^6c^3}{2e}}{e^6(ex+d)^2}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{120\ln(ex+d)xc^3d^5e+x^6c^3e^6+24\ln(ex+d)xa^2cde^5+144\ln(ex+d)xc^2d^3e^3+108d^4e^2ac^2+72\ln(ex+d)ac^2d^4e^2+24xa^2cd^4e^2}{e^6}$

input

```

int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
    
```

output

```

-c^2/e^6*(-1/4*c*x^4*e^3+c*d*x^3*e^2-3/2*a*e^3*x^2-3*c*d^2*e*x^2+9*d*e^2*a
*x+10*d^3*c*x)+3*c/e^7*(a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*ln(e*x+d)+6*d/e^7
*c*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)-1/2*(a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*
a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)/e^7/(e*x+d)^2
    
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 315 vs.  $2(157) = 314$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c^3 e^6 x^6 - 2c^3 d e^5 x^5 + 22c^3 d^6 + 42ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 18a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 2a^3 e^6 + (5c^3 d^2 e^4 + 6ac^2 e^6)x^4 - 4(5c^3 d^3 e^3 +$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(c^3*e^6*x^6 - 2*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 22*c^3*d^6 + 42*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 2*a^3*e^6 + (5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 6*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 - 4*(5*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 6*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 - 2*(34*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 33*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 - 4*(4*c^3*d^5*e - 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 6*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x + 12*(5*c^3*d^6 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + (5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(5*c^3*d^5*e + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(e^9*x^2 + 2*d*e^8*x + d^2*e^7)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c^3 dx^3}{e^4} + \frac{c^3 x^4}{4e^3} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^7}$$

$$+ x^2 \cdot \left( \frac{3ac^2}{2e^3} + \frac{3c^3 d^2}{e^5} \right) + x \left( -\frac{9ac^2 d}{e^4} - \frac{10c^3 d^3}{e^6} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-a^3 e^6 + 9a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 21ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 11c^3 d^6 + x(12a^2 c d e^5 + 24ac^2 d^3 e^3 + 12c^3 d^5 e)}{2d^2 e^7 + 4d e^8 x + 2e^9 x^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**3,x)`

output

```
-c**3*d*x**3/e**4 + c**3*x**4/(4*e**3) + 3*c*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(a*e**2 + 5
*c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**7 + x**2*(3*a*c**2/(2*e**3) + 3*c**3*d**2/e**5) +
x*(-9*a*c**2*d/e**4 - 10*c**3*d**3/e**6) + (-a**3*e**6 + 9*a**2*c*d**2*e*
*4 + 21*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 11*c**3*d**6 + x*(12*a**2*c*d*e**5 + 24*a*c**2*
d**3*e**3 + 12*c**3*d**5*e))/(2*d**2*e**7 + 4*d*e**8*x + 2*e**9*x**2)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{11c^3d^6 + 21ac^2d^4e^2 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6 + 12(c^3d^5e + 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)x}{2(e^9x^2 + 2de^8x + d^2e^7)}$$

$$+ \frac{c^3e^3x^4 - 4c^3de^2x^3 + 6(2c^3d^2e + ac^2e^3)x^2 - 4(10c^3d^3 + 9ac^2de^2)x}{4e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{3(5c^3d^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2 + a^2ce^4) \log(ex + d)}{e^7}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(11*c^3*d^6 + 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + 12*(c^3*d
^5*e + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^9*x^2 + 2*d*e^8*x + d^2*e^7) +
1/4*(c^3*e^3*x^4 - 4*c^3*d*e^2*x^3 + 6*(2*c^3*d^2*e + a*c^2*e^3)*x^2 - 4*
(10*c^3*d^3 + 9*a*c^2*d*e^2)*x)/e^6 + 3*(5*c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2
*c*e^4)*log(e*x + d)/e^7
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5c^3d^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2 + a^2ce^4) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^7}$$

$$+ \frac{11c^3d^6 + 21ac^2d^4e^2 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6 + 12(c^3d^5e + 2ac^2d^3e^3 + a^2cde^5)x}{2(ex + d)^2e^7}$$

$$+ \frac{c^3e^9x^4 - 4c^3de^8x^3 + 12c^3d^2e^7x^2 + 6ac^2e^9x^2 - 40c^3d^3e^6x - 36ac^2de^8x}{4e^{12}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
3*(5*c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^7 + 1/2*(1
1*c^3*d^6 + 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + 12*(c^3*d^5*e +
2*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/((e*x + d)^2*e^7) + 1/4*(c^3*e^9*x^4 -
4*c^3*d*e^8*x^3 + 12*c^3*d^2*e^7*x^2 + 6*a*c^2*e^9*x^2 - 40*c^3*d^3*e^6*x
- 36*a*c^2*d*e^8*x)/e^12
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= x^2 \left( \frac{3ac^2}{2e^3} + \frac{3c^3d^2}{e^5} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-a^3e^6 + 9a^2cd^2e^4 + 21a^2c^2d^4e^2 + 11c^3d^6}{2e} + x(6a^2cde^4 + 12a^2c^2d^3e^2 + 6c^3d^5)$$

$$+ \frac{d^2e^6 + 2de^7x + e^8x^2}{d^2e^6 + 2de^7x + e^8x^2}$$

$$+ x \left( \frac{8c^3d^3}{e^6} - \frac{3d \left( \frac{3ac^2}{e^3} + \frac{6c^3d^2}{e^5} \right)}{e} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(d + ex)(3a^2ce^4 + 18a^2c^2d^2e^2 + 15c^3d^4)}{e^7} + \frac{c^3x^4}{4e^3} - \frac{c^3dx^3}{e^4}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output `x^2*((3*a*c^2)/(2*e^3) + (3*c^3*d^2)/e^5) + ((11*c^3*d^6 - a^3*e^6 + 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 9*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(2*e) + x*(6*c^3*d^5 + 12*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 6*a^2*c*d*e^4))/(d^2*e^6 + e^8*x^2 + 2*d*e^7*x) + x*((8*c^3*d^3)/e^6 - (3*d*((3*a*c^2)/e^3 + (6*c^3*d^2)/e^5))/e) + (log(d + e*x)*(15*c^3*d^4 + 3*a^2*c*e^4 + 18*a*c^2*d^2*e^2))/e^7 + (c^3*x^4)/(4*e^3) - (c^3*d*x^3)/e^4`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(ex + d) a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 24 \log(ex + d) a^2 c d e^5 x + 12 \log(ex + d) a^2 c e^6 x^2 + 72 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 144 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^3 e^2 x + 72 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^2 e^4 x^2 + 60 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d e^4 x^3 + 60 \log(ex + d) a c^3 d^5 e^2 x + 60 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 2 a^3 e^6 + 6 a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 12 a^2 c e^6 x^2 + 36 a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 72 a c^2 d^2 e^4 x^2 - 24 a c^2 d e^5 x^3 + 6 a c^2 e^6 x^4 + 30 c^3 d^6 - 60 c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 - 20 c^3 d^3 e^4 x^3 + 5 c^3 d^2 e^4 x^4 - 2 c^3 d e^5 x^5 + c^3 e^6 x^6}{(4 e^7 (d^2 + 2 d e x + e^2 x^2))}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^3,x)`

output `(12*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 24*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**5*x + 12*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*e**6*x**2 + 72*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 144*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 72*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6 + 120*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5*e*x + 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 2*a**3*e**6 + 6*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 12*a**2*c*e**6*x**2 + 36*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 72*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 24*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 + 6*a*c**2*e**6*x**4 + 30*c**3*d**6 - 60*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 20*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**3 + 5*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 2*c**3*d*e**5*x**5 + c**3*e**6*x**6)/(4*e**7*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`



### 3.82 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx$

Optimal result	700
Mathematica [A] (verified)	700
Rubi [A] (verified)	701
Maple [A] (verified)	702
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	703
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	703
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	704
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	704
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	705
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	705

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{c^2(10cd^2+3ae^2)x}{e^6} - \frac{2c^3dx^2}{e^5} + \frac{c^3x^3}{3e^4} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{3e^7(d+ex)^3} + \frac{3cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{e^7(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3c(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)}{e^7(d+ex)} - \frac{4c^2d(5cd^2+3ae^2)\log(d+ex)}{e^7}$$

output

```
c^2*(3*a*e^2+10*c*d^2)*x/e^6-2*c^3*d*x^2/e^5+1/3*c^3*x^3/e^4-1/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^3+3*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^7/(e*x+d)^2-3*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)-4*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^7
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^4} dx = \frac{-a^3e^6 - 3a^2ce^4(d^2 + 3dex + 3e^2x^2) + 3ac^2e^2(-13d^4 - 27d^3ex - 9d^2e^2x^2 + 9de^3x^3 + 3e^4x^4) + c^3(-37d^4 - 37d^3ex - 13d^2e^2x^2 + 9de^3x^3 + 3e^4x^4)}{3e^7(d+ex)^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^4,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-a^3e^6) - 3a^2c^2e^4(d^2 + 3d^2ex + 3e^2x^2) + 3a^2c^2e^2(-13d^4 \\ & - 27d^3ex - 9d^2e^2x^2 + 9d^2e^3x^3 + 3e^4x^4) + c^3(-37d^6 \\ & - 51d^5ex + 39d^4e^2x^2 + 73d^3e^3x^3 + 15d^2e^4x^4 - 3d^2e^5x^5 \\ & + e^6x^6) - 12c^2d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)(d + ex)^3 \text{Log}[d + ex] / (3 \\ & * e^7 * (d + ex)^3) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 476 \\ & \int \left( -\frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)} + \frac{c^2(3ae^2 + 10cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^2} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6(d + ex)^3} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6(d + ex)^4} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & -\frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^7} + \frac{c^2x(3ae^2 + 10cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)} + \\ & \quad \frac{3cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^7(d + ex)^2} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{3e^7(d + ex)^3} - \frac{2c^3dx^2}{e^5} + \frac{c^3x^3}{3e^4} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^4, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (c^2(10c^2d^2 + 3ae^2)x)/e^6 - (2c^3d^2x^2)/e^5 + (c^3x^3)/(3e^4) - \\ & (c^2d^2 + ae^2)^3/(3e^7(d + e*x)^3) + (3c^2d(c^2d^2 + ae^2)^2)/(e^7(d + e*x)^2) - \\ & (3c^2(c^2d^2 + ae^2)(5c^2d^2 + ae^2))/(e^7(d + e*x)) - (4c^2d^2(5c^2d^2 + 3ae^2)*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/e^7 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
default	$\frac{c^2(\frac{1}{3}ce^{2x^3}-2cdx^2e+3ae^2x+10cd^2x)}{e^6} - \frac{e^6a^3+3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2+d^6c^3}{3e^7(ex+d)^3} - \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2+5cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{e^7} - \frac{3c(a^2e^4-2cd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{e^6}$
norman	$\frac{c^2(3ae^2+5cd^2)x^4}{e^3} - \frac{e^6a^3+3d^2e^4a^2c+66d^4e^2ac^2+110d^6e^3}{3e^7} + \frac{c^3x^6}{3e} - \frac{3(e^4a^2c+12d^2e^2ac^2+20d^4c^3)x^2}{e^5} - \frac{c^3dx^5}{e^2} - \frac{3d(e^4a^2c+18d^2e^2ac^2+10cd^4c^3)}{e^6(ex+d)^3}$
risch	$\frac{c^3x^3}{3e^4} - \frac{2c^3dx^2}{e^5} + \frac{3c^2ax}{e^4} + \frac{10c^3d^2x}{e^6} + \frac{(-3e^5a^2c-18d^2e^3ac^2-15d^4ec^3)x^2-3dc(a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2+9c^2d^4)x-e^6a^3+3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2+d^6c^3}{e^6(ex+d)^3}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{108x^2ac^2d^2e^4+180\ln(ex+d)xc^3d^5e-x^6c^3e^6+108\ln(ex+d)xa^2d^3e^3+66d^4e^2ac^2+36\ln(ex+d)x^3ac^2de^5+36\ln(ex+d)c^3d^2e^2}{e^6}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c^2/e^6*(1/3*c*e^2*x^3-2*c*d*x^2*e+3*a*e^2*x+10*c*d^2*x)-1/3*(a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)/e^7/(e*x+d)^3-4*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e^7-3*c/e^7*(a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)+3*d/e^7*c*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)^2
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 334 vs.  $2(161) = 322$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{c^3 e^6 x^6 - 3c^3 d e^5 x^5 - 37c^3 d^2 e^4 - 39ac^2 d^4 e^2 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6 + 3(5c^3 d^2 e^4 + 3ac^2 e^6)x^4 + (73c^3 d^3 e^3 + 2$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(c^3*e^6*x^6 - 3*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 - 37*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 39*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + 3*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 3*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + (73*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 27*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(13*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 9*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 - 3*(17*c^3*d^5*e + 27*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x - 12*(5*c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + (5*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 3*(5*c^3*d^5*e + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(e^10*x^3 + 3*d*e^9*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^8*x + d^3*e^7)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{2c^3 dx^2}{e^5} + \frac{c^3 x^3}{3e^4} - \frac{4c^2 d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^7} + x \left( \frac{3ac^2}{e^4} + \frac{10c^3 d^2}{e^6} \right) + \frac{-a^3 e^6 - 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 39ac^2 d^4 e^2 - 37c^3 d^6 + x^2(-9a^2 c e^6 - 54ac^2 d^2 e^4 - 45c^3 d^4 e^2) + x(-9a^2 c d e^5 - 90a^2 a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 81c^3 d^5 e)}{3d^3 e^7 + 9d^2 e^8 x + 9d e^9 x^2 + 3e^{10} x^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**4,x)`

output `-2*c**3*d*x**2/e**5 + c**3*x**3/(3*e**4) - 4*c**2*d*(3*a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**7 + x*(3*a*c**2/e**4 + 10*c**3*d**2/e**6) + (-a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 39*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 37*c**3*d**6 + x**2*(-9*a**2*c*e**6 - 54*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 45*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-9*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 90*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 81*c**3*d**5*e))/(3*d**3*e**7 + 9*d**2*e**8*x + 9*d*e**9*x**2 + 3*e**10*x**3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{37c^3d^6 + 39ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6 + 9(5c^3d^4e^2 + 6ac^2d^2e^4 + a^2ce^6)x^2 + 9(9c^3d^5e + 10ac^2d^3e^3 - 3(e^{10}x^3 + 3de^9x^2 + 3d^2e^8x + d^3e^7))}{3e^6} + \frac{c^3e^2x^3 - 6c^3dex^2 + 3(10c^3d^2 + 3ac^2e^2)x - 4(5c^3d^3 + 3ac^2de^2)\log(ex + d)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output 
$$-1/3*(37*c^3*d^6 + 39*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + 9*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 9*(9*c^3*d^5*e + 10*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^{10}*x^3 + 3*d*e^9*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^8*x + d^3*e^7) + 1/3*(c^3*e^2*x^3 - 6*c^3*d*e*x^2 + 3*(10*c^3*d^2 + 3*a*c^2*e^2)*x)/e^6 - 4*(5*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^2)*\log(e*x + d)/e^7$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx = -\frac{4(5c^3d^3 + 3ac^2de^2)\log(|ex + d|)}{e^7} - \frac{37c^3d^6 + 39ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6 + 9(5c^3d^4e^2 + 6ac^2d^2e^4 + a^2ce^6)x^2 + 9(9c^3d^5e + 10ac^2d^3e^3 - 3(ex + d)^3e^7)}{3(ex + d)^3e^7} + \frac{c^3e^8x^3 - 6c^3de^7x^2 + 30c^3d^2e^6x + 9ac^2e^8x}{3e^{12}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output 
$$-4*(5*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^2)*\log(\text{abs}(e*x + d))/e^7 - 1/3*(37*c^3*d^6 + 39*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + 9*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 9*(9*c^3*d^5*e + 10*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/((e*x + d)^3*e^7) + 1/3*(c^3*e^8*x^3 - 6*c^3*d*e^7*x^2 + 30*c^3*d^2*e^6*x + 9*a*c^2*e^8*x)/e^{12}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx = x \left( \frac{3ac^2}{e^4} + \frac{10c^3d^2}{e^6} \right) - \frac{x^2(3a^2ce^5 + 18ac^2d^2e^3 + 15c^3d^4e) + \frac{a^3e^6 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 39ac^2d^4e^2 + 37c^3d^6}{3e} + x(3a^2cde^4 + 30ac^2d^3e^2) - \frac{\ln(d + ex)(20c^3d^3 + 12ac^2de^2)}{e^7} + \frac{d^3e^6 + 3d^2e^7x + 3de^8x^2 + e^9x^3}{3e^4} - \frac{2c^3dx^2}{e^5}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `x*((3*a*c^2)/e^4 + (10*c^3*d^2)/e^6) - (x^2*(3*a^2*c*e^5 + 15*c^3*d^4*e + 18*a*c^2*d^2*e^3) + (a^3*e^6 + 37*c^3*d^6 + 39*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(3*e) + x*(27*c^3*d^5 + 30*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d*e^4))/(d^3*e^6 + e^9*x^3 + 3*d^2*e^7*x + 3*d*e^8*x^2) - (log(d + e*x)*(20*c^3*d^3 + 12*a*c^2*d*e^2))/e^7 + (c^3*x^3)/(3*e^4) - (2*c^3*d*x^2)/e^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^4} dx = \frac{-36 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^5 e^2 - 108 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^4 e^3 x - 108 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^3 e^4 x^2 - 36 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^2 e^5 x^3}{(d + ex)^4}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^4,x)`

output

```
( - 36*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 108*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x
- 108*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 - 36*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e*
*5*x**3 - 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**7 - 180*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6*e*x - 180
*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 -
a**3*d*e**6 + 3*a**2*c*e**7*x**3 - 30*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 54*a*c**2*d**4*e*
*3*x + 36*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 + 9*a*c**2*d*e**6*x**4 - 50*c**3*d**7 - 90
*c**3*d**6*e*x + 60*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 15*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 - 3*c**3*
d**2*e**5*x**5 + c**3*d*e**6*x**6)/(3*d*e**7*(d**3 + 3*d**2*e*x + 3*d*e**2
*x**2 + e**3*x**3))
```

### 3.83 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx$

Optimal result	707
Mathematica [A] (verified)	708
Rubi [A] (verified)	708
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	711
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	712
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	712
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	713

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^5} dx = -\frac{5c^3 dx}{e^6} + \frac{c^3 x^2}{2e^5} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{4e^7(d+ex)^4} + \frac{2cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{e^7(d+ex)^3} - \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2)}{2e^7(d+ex)^2} + \frac{4c^2 d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{e^7(d+ex)} + \frac{3c^2(5cd^2 + ae^2) \log(d+ex)}{e^7}$$

output

```
-5*c^3*d*x/e^6+1/2*c^3*x^2/e^5-1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^4+2*c*d*(a*
e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^7/(e*x+d)^3-3/2*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)
^2+4*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)+3*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/e
^7
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-a^3e^6 - a^2ce^4(d^2 + 4dex + 6e^2x^2) + ac^2de^2(25d^3 + 88d^2ex + 108de^2x^2 + 48e^3x^3) + c^3(57d^6 + 168d^5ex + 132d^4e^2x^2 - 32d^3e^3x^3 - 68d^2e^4x^4 - 12d^2e^5x^5 + 2e^6x^6) + 12c^2(5c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4*\text{Log}[d + e*x]}{4e^7(d + e*x)^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
(-(a^3*e^6) - a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 6*e^2*x^2) + a*c^2*d*e^2*(25*d^3 + 88*d^2*e*x + 108*d*e^2*x^2 + 48*e^3*x^3) + c^3*(57*d^6 + 168*d^5*e*x + 132*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 32*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 68*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 12*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 2*e^6*x^6) + 12*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^4*Log[d + e*x])/(4*e^7*(d + e*x)^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)} - \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^2} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^3} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6(d + ex)^4} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6(d + ex)^5} - \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)} + \frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^7} - \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{2e^7(d + ex)^2} + \frac{2cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^7(d + ex)^3} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{4e^7(d + ex)^4} - \frac{5c^3dx}{e^6} + \frac{c^3x^2}{2e^5}$$

input

```
Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^5,x]
```

output

```
(-5*c^3*d*x)/e^6 + (c^3*x^2)/(2*e^5) - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3/(4*e^7*(d + e*x)^4) + (2*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(e^7*(d + e*x)^3) - (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(2*e^7*(d + e*x)^2) + (4*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))/(e^7*(d + e*x)) + (3*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/e^7
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
risch	$\frac{c^3x^2}{2e^5} - \frac{5c^3dx}{e^6} + \frac{(12de^4ac^2 + 20d^3e^2c^3)x^3 - \frac{3ce(a^2e^4 - 18acd^2e^2 - 35c^2d^4)x^2}{2} + (-de^4a^2c + 22d^3e^2ac^2 + 47d^5c^3)x - e^6a^3 + d^6c^3}{e^6(ex+d)^4}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{e^6a^3 + d^6c^3 + d^4e^4a^2c - 25d^4e^2ac^2 - 125d^6c^3}{4e^7} + \frac{c^3x^6}{2e} - \frac{3(e^4a^2c - 18d^2e^2ac^2 - 90d^4c^3)x^2}{2e^5} - \frac{3e^3dx^5}{e^2} + \frac{4d(3e^2ac^2 + 15c^3d^2)x^3}{e^4} - \frac{d(e^4a^2c - 22d^3e^2ac^2 + 47d^5c^3)x}{e^6}}{(ex+d)^4}$
default	$-\frac{c^3(-\frac{1}{2}ex^2 + 5dx)}{e^6} + \frac{2dc(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{e^7(ex+d)^3} - \frac{e^6a^3 + 3d^2e^4a^2c + 3d^4e^2ac^2 + d^6c^3}{4e^7(ex+d)^4} + \frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2) \ln(ex+d)}{e^7} +$
parallelrisch	$60 \ln(ex+d)x^4c^3d^2e^4 + 108x^2a^2c^2d^2e^4 + 240 \ln(ex+d)x^3c^3d^5e + 2x^6c^3e^6 + 48 \ln(ex+d)xa^2c^2d^3e^3 + 25d^4e^2ac^2 + 48 \ln(ex+d)x^3a^3$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{2}c^3x^2/e^5 - 5c^3d*x/e^6 + ((12a*c^2*d*e^4 + 20c^3*d^3*e^2)*x^3 - 3/2*c*e*(a^2*e^4 - 18a*c*d^2*e^2 - 35c^2*d^4)*x^2 + (-a^2*c*d*e^4 + 22a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 47*c^3*d^5)*x - 1/4*(a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 25a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 57c^3*d^6)/e)/e^6 / (e*x+d)^4 + 3c^2*ln(e*x+d)/e^5*a + 15c^3*ln(e*x+d)/e^7*d^2$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 356 vs.  $2(165) = 330$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^3e^6x^6 - 12c^3de^5x^5 - 68c^3d^2e^4x^4 + 57c^3d^6 + 25ac^2d^4e^2 - a^2cd^2e^4 - a^3e^6 - 16(2c^3d^3e^3 - 3ac^2de^5)x}{(e^11x^4 + 4d^2e^10x^3 + 6d^2e^9x^2 + 4d^3e^8x + d^4e^7)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{4}*(2c^3e^6x^6 - 12c^3d^2e^5x^5 - 68c^3d^2e^4x^4 + 57c^3d^6 + 25a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 - 16*(2c^3*d^3*e^3 - 3a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(22c^3*d^4*e^2 + 18a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 4*(42c^3*d^5*e + 22a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x + 12*(5c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + (5c^3*d^2*e^4 + a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 4*(5c^3*d^3*e^3 + a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(5c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x^2 + 4*(5c^3*d^5*e + a*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(e^11*x^4 + 4*d^2*e^10*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^9*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^8*x + d^4*e^7)$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx = -\frac{5c^3 dx}{e^6} + \frac{c^3 x^2}{2e^5} + \frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2) \log(d + ex)}{e^7} + \frac{-a^3 e^6 - a^2 cd^2 e^4 + 25ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 57c^3 d^6 + x^3 \cdot (48ac^2 de^5 + 80c^3 d^3 e^3) + x^2(-6a^2 ce^6 + 108ac^2 d^2 e^4 + 210ac^3 d^4 e^2) + x(-4a^2 c^2 d e^5 + 88a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 + 188c^3 d^5 e) + 4d^4 e^7 + 16d^3 e^8 x + 24d^2 e^9 x^2 + 16de^{10} x^3 + 4e^{11} x^4}{4d^4 e^7 + 16d^3 e^8 x + 24d^2 e^9 x^2 + 16de^{10} x^3 + 4e^{11} x^4}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**5,x)`output `-5*c**3*d*x/e**6 + c**3*x**2/(2*e**5) + 3*c**2*(a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)*log(d + e*x)/e**7 + (-a**3*e**6 - a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 25*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 57*c**3*d**6 + x**3*(48*a*c**2*d*e**5 + 80*c**3*d**3*e**3) + x**2*(-6*a**2*c*e**6 + 108*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 + 210*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-4*a**2*c*d*e**5 + 88*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 + 188*c**3*d**5*e))/(4*d**4*e**7 + 16*d**3*e**8*x + 24*d**2*e**9*x**2 + 16*d*e**10*x**3 + 4*e**11*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{57c^3 d^6 + 25ac^2 d^4 e^2 - a^2 cd^2 e^4 - a^3 e^6 + 16(5c^3 d^3 e^3 + 3ac^2 de^5)x^3 + 6(35c^3 d^4 e^2 + 18ac^2 d^2 e^4 - a^2 ce^6)x^2 + 4(47c^3 d^5 e + 22a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 - a^2 c^2 d e^5)x + 1/2(c^3 e^2 x^2 - 10c^3 dx) + 3(5c^3 d^2 + ac^2 e^2) \log(ex + d)}{4(e^{11} x^4 + 4de^{10} x^3 + 6d^2 e^9 x^2 + 4d^3 e^8 x + d^4 e^7)} + \frac{c^3 ex^2 - 10c^3 dx}{2e^6} + \frac{3(5c^3 d^2 + ac^2 e^2) \log(ex + d)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*(57*c^3*d^6 + 25*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6 + 16*(5*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(35*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 18*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 4*(47*c^3*d^5*e + 22*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^11*x^4 + 4*d*e^10*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^9*x^2 + 4*d^3*e^8*x + d^4*e^7) + 1/2*(c^3*e*x^2 - 10*c^3*d*x)/e^6 + 3*(5*c^3*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2)*log(e*x + d)/e^7`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx = \frac{\left(c^3 - \frac{12c^3d}{ex+d}\right)(ex+d)^2}{2e^7} - \frac{3(5c^3d^2 + ac^2e^2) \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{e^7}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{80c^3d^3e^{29}}{ex+d} - \frac{30c^3d^4e^{29}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{8c^3d^5e^{29}}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{c^3d^6e^{29}}{(ex+d)^4} + \frac{48ac^2de^{31}}{ex+d} - \frac{36ac^2d^2e^{31}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{16ac^2d^3e^{31}}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{3ac^2d^4e^{31}}{(ex+d)^4} - \frac{6a^2ce^{33}}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{8a^2c^2e^{33}}{(ex+d)^3} - \frac{a^3e^{35}}{(ex+d)^4}}{4e^{36}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*(c^3 - 12*c^3*d/(e*x + d))*(e*x + d)^2/e^7 - 3*(5*c^3*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2)
*log(abs(e*x + d)/((e*x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^7 + 1/4*(80*c^3*d^3*e^29/(e*x +
d) - 30*c^3*d^4*e^29/(e*x + d)^2 + 8*c^3*d^5*e^29/(e*x + d)^3 - c^3*d^6*e^
29/(e*x + d)^4 + 48*a*c^2*d*e^31/(e*x + d) - 36*a*c^2*d^2*e^31/(e*x + d)^2
+ 16*a*c^2*d^3*e^31/(e*x + d)^3 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^31/(e*x + d)^4 - 6*a^2*c*
e^33/(e*x + d)^2 + 8*a^2*c*d*e^33/(e*x + d)^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^33/(e*x + d)
^4 - a^3*e^35/(e*x + d)^4)/e^36
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2 \left( -\frac{3a^2ce^5}{2} + 27a^2c^2d^2e^3 + \frac{105c^3d^4e}{2} \right) - \frac{a^3e^6 + a^2cd^2e^4 - 25a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 57c^3d^6}{4e} + x(-a^2cde^4 + 22a^2c^2d^3e^2 + \frac{d^4e^6 + 4d^3e^7x + 6d^2e^8x^2 + 4de^9x^3 + e^{10}x^4}{4e})}{e^7} + \frac{\ln(d + ex)(15c^3d^2 + 3ac^2e^2)}{e^7} + \frac{c^3x^2}{2e^5} - \frac{5c^3dx}{e^6}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output

```
(x^2*((105*c^3*d^4*e)/2 - (3*a^2*c*e^5)/2 + 27*a*c^2*d^2*e^3) - (a^3*e^6 -
57*c^3*d^6 - 25*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(4*e) + x*(47*c^3*d^5 + 22
*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a^2*c*d*e^4) + x^3*(20*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 12*a*c^2*d*e^4))/(d^
4*e^6 + e^10*x^4 + 4*d^3*e^7*x + 4*d*e^9*x^3 + 6*d^2*e^8*x^2) + (log(d + e
*x))*(15*c^3*d^2 + 3*a*c^2*e^2))/e^7 + (c^3*x^2)/(2*e^5) - (5*c^3*d*x)/e^6
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{12 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 48 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^3 e^3 x + 72 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d^2 e^4 x^2 + 48 \log(ex + d) a c^2 d e^5 x^3}{(d + ex)^5}$$

input

```
int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^5,x)
```

output

```
(12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 48*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 7
2*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 48*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3
+ 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*e**6*x**4 + 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6 + 240*log(d
+ e*x)*c**3*d**5*e*x + 360*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 240*log(d +
e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 - a**3*e**
6 - a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 4*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 6*a**2*c*e**6*x**2 + 13*a*c**2*
d**4*e**2 + 40*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 36*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 12*a*c**2*
e**6*x**4 + 65*c**3*d**6 + 200*c**3*d**5*e*x + 180*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 60
*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 12*c**3*d*e**5*x**5 + 2*c**3*e**6*x**6)/(4*e**7*(d*
**4 + 4*d**3*e*x + 6*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 4*d*e**3*x**3 + e**4*x**4))
```

### 3.84 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	714
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	714
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	715
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	716
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	717
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	717
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	718
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	718
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	719
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	719

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{c^3x}{e^6} - \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{5e^7(d+ex)^5} + \frac{3cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{2e^7(d+ex)^4} - \frac{c(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)}{e^7(d+ex)^3} + \frac{2c^2d(5cd^2+3ae^2)}{e^7(d+ex)^2} - \frac{3c^2(5cd^2+ae^2)}{e^7(d+ex)} - \frac{6c^3d \log(d+ex)}{e^7}$$

output

```
c^3*x/e^6-1/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^5+3/2*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^7/(e*x+d)^4-c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^3+2*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^2-3*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)-6*c^3*d*ln(e*x+d)/e^7
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^6} dx = \frac{2a^3e^6 + a^2ce^4(d^2 + 5dex + 10e^2x^2) + 6ac^2e^2(d^4 + 5d^3ex + 10d^2e^2x^2 + 10de^3x^3 + 5e^4x^4) + c^3(87d^6 + 10e^7(d +$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^6,x]`

output 
$$-1/10*(2*a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 5*d*e*x + 10*e^2*x^2) + 6*a*c^2*e^2*(d^4 + 5*d^3*e*x + 10*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 10*d*e^3*x^3 + 5*e^4*x^4) + c^3*(87*d^6 + 375*d^5*e*x + 600*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 400*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 50*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 50*d*e^5*x^5 - 10*e^6*x^6) + 60*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^5*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(e^7*(d + e*x)^5)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^2} - \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^3} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^4} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6(d + ex)^5} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6(d + ex)^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)} + \frac{2c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^2} - \frac{c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^3} + \frac{3cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{2e^7(d + ex)^4} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{5e^7(d + ex)^5} - \frac{6c^3d \log(d + ex)}{e^7} + \frac{c^3x}{e^6}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^6,x]`



```
output (c^3*x)/e^6 - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3/(5*e^7*(d + e*x)^5) + (3*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(2*e^7*(d + e*x)^4) - (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^7*(d + e*x)^3) + (2*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))/(e^7*(d + e*x)^2) - (3*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^7*(d + e*x)) - (6*c^3*d*Log[d + e*x])/e^7
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
risch	$\frac{c^3 x}{e^6} + \frac{(-3e^5 a c^2 - 15d^2 e^3 c^3)x^4 - 2d e^2 c^2 (3a e^2 + 25c d^2)x^3 + (-e^5 a^2 c - 6d^2 e^3 a c^2 - 65d^4 e c^3)x^2 - \frac{dc(a^2 e^4 + 6ac d^2 e^2 + 77c^2 d^4)}{2}}{e^6 (ex+d)^5}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{c^3 x^6}{e} - \frac{2e^6 a^3 + d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 6d^4 e^2 a c^2 + 137d^6 c^3}{10e^7} - \frac{(3e^2 a c^2 + 30c^3 d^2)x^4}{e^3} - \frac{(e^4 a^2 c + 6d^2 e^2 a c^2 + 110d^4 c^3)x^2}{e^5} - \frac{2d(3e^2 a c^2 + 45c^3 d^2)x^3}{e^4} - \frac{d(a^2 e^4 + 6ac d^2 e^2 + 77c^2 d^4)}{e^6}}{(ex+d)^5}$
default	$\frac{c^3 x}{e^6} - \frac{c(a^2 e^4 + 6ac d^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)}{e^7 (ex+d)^3} + \frac{3dc(a^2 e^4 + 2ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{2e^7 (ex+d)^4} - \frac{6c^3 d \ln(ex+d)}{e^7} - \frac{e^6 a^3 + 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{5e^7 (ex+d)^5}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{300 \ln(ex+d)x^4 c^3 d^2 e^4 + 60 \ln(ex+d)x^5 c^3 d e^5 + 60x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 300 \ln(ex+d)x c^3 d^5 e - 10x^6 c^3 e^6 + 6d^4 e^2 a c^2 + 5x a^2 c d e^5 + d^2}{e^6 (ex+d)^5}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output c^3*x/e^6+((-3*a*c^2*e^5-15*c^3*d^2*e^3)*x^4-2*d*e^2*c^2*(3*a*e^2+25*c*d^2)*x^3+(-a^2*c*e^5-6*a*c^2*d^2*e^3-65*c^3*d^4*e)*x^2-1/2*d*c*(a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+77*c^2*d^4)*x-1/10/e*(2*a^3*e^6+a^2*c*d^2*e^4+6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+87*c^3*d^6))/e^6/(e*x+d)^5-6*c^3*d*ln(e*x+d)/e^7
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{10c^3e^6x^6 + 50c^3de^5x^5 - 87c^3d^6 - 6ac^2d^4e^2 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 2a^3e^6 - 10(5c^3d^2e^4 + 3ac^2e^6)x^4 - 20(20c^3d^3e^3 + 3a^2c^2de^5)x^3 - 10(60c^3d^4e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^4 + a^2c^2e^6)x^2 - 5(75c^3d^5e + 6a^2c^2d^3e^3 + a^2c^2de^5)x - 60(c^3d^5e^5x^5 + 5c^3d^2e^4x^4 + 10c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 10c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 5c^3d^5e^6x + c^3d^6)\log(ex + d)}{(e^{12}x^5 + 5d^2e^{11}x^4 + 10d^2e^{10}x^3 + 10d^3e^9x^2 + 5d^4e^8x + d^5e^7)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/10*(10*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 50*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 - 87*c^3*d^6 - 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 2*a^3*e^6 - 10*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 3*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 - 20*(20*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 - 10*(60*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 - 5*(75*c^3*d^5*e + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x - 60*(c^3*d^5*x^5 + 5*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 10*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 10*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 5*c^3*d^5*e*x + c^3*d^6)*log(e*x + d))/(e^12*x^5 + 5*d^2*e^11*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^10*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^9*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^8*x + d^5*e^7)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx = -\frac{6c^3d \log(d + ex)}{e^7} + \frac{c^3x}{e^6} + \frac{-2a^3e^6 - a^2cd^2e^4 - 6ac^2d^4e^2 - 87c^3d^6 + x^4(-30ac^2e^6 - 150c^3d^2e^4) + x^3(-60ac^2de^5 - 500c^3d^3e^3) + 10d^5e^7 + 50d^4e^8x + 100d^3e^9x^2 + 100d^2e^{10}x^3}{10d^5e^7 + 50d^4e^8x + 100d^3e^9x^2 + 100d^2e^{10}x^3 + 50d^4e^8x + 10e^{12}x^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**6,x)`

output

```
-6*c**3*d*log(d + e*x)/e**7 + c**3*x/e**6 + (-2*a**3*e**6 - a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 6*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 87*c**3*d**6 + x**4*(-30*a*c**2*e**6 - 150*c**3*d**2*e**4) + x**3*(-60*a*c**2*d*e**5 - 500*c**3*d**3*e**3) + x**2*(-10*a**2*c*e**6 - 60*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 650*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-5*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 30*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 385*c**3*d**5*e)) / (10*d**5*e**7 + 50*d**4*e**8*x + 100*d**3*e**9*x**2 + 100*d**2*e**10*x**3 + 50*d**4*e**8*x + 10*e**12*x**5)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{87c^3d^6 + 6ac^2d^4e^2 + a^2cd^2e^4 + 2a^3e^6 + 30(5c^3d^2e^4 + ac^2e^6)x^4 + 20(25c^3d^3e^3 + 3ac^2de^5)x^3 + 10(65c^3d^4e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^4 + a^2c^2e^6)x^2 + 5(77c^3d^5e + 6a^2c^2d^3e^3 + a^2c^2de^5)x}{10(e^{12}x^5 + 5de^{11}x^4 + 10d^2e^{10}x^3 + 10d^3e^9x^2 + 5d^4e^8x + d^5e^7)} + \frac{c^3x}{e^6} - \frac{6c^3d \log(ex + d)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/10*(87*c^3*d^6 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 2*a^3*e^6 + 30*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 20*(25*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 10*(65*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 5*(77*c^3*d^5*e + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^12*x^5 + 5*d*e^11*x^4 + 10*d^2*e^10*x^3 + 10*d^3*e^9*x^2 + 5*d^4*e^8*x + d^5*e^7) + c^3*x/e^6 - 6*c^3*d*log(e*x + d)/e^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{c^3x}{e^6} - \frac{6c^3d \log(|ex + d|)}{e^7} - \frac{87c^3d^6 + 6ac^2d^4e^2 + a^2cd^2e^4 + 2a^3e^6 + 30(5c^3d^2e^4 + ac^2e^6)x^4 + 20(25c^3d^3e^3 + 3ac^2de^5)x^3 + 10(65c^3d^4e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^4 + a^2c^2e^6)x^2 + 5(77c^3d^5e + 6a^2c^2d^3e^3 + a^2c^2de^5)x}{10(ex + d)^5e^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `c^3*x/e^6 - 6*c^3*d*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^7 - 1/10*(87*c^3*d^6 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 2*a^3*e^6 + 30*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 20*(25*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 10*(65*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 5*(77*c^3*d^5*e + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/((e*x + d)^5*e^7)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{c^3 x}{e^6} - \frac{x^2 (a^2 c e^5 + 6 a c^2 d^2 e^3 + 65 c^3 d^4 e) + \frac{2a^3 e^6 + a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 6 a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 87 c^3 d^6}{10e} + x^4 (15 c^3 d^2 e^3 + 3 a c^2 e^5) + x^6 (3 a^2 c^2 e^3 + 15 c^3 d^2 e^3 + 3 a c^2 e^5) + x^8 (15 c^3 d^2 e^3 + 3 a c^2 e^5) + x^{10} (3 a^2 c^2 e^3 + 15 c^3 d^2 e^3 + 3 a c^2 e^5)}{d^5 e^6 + 5 d^4 e^7 x + 10 d^3 e^8 x^2 + 10 d^2 e^9 x^3 + 5 d e^{10} x^4} - \frac{6 c^3 d \ln(d + ex)}{e^7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^6,x)`output 
$$\frac{(c^3 x)/e^6 - (x^2(a^2 c e^5 + 65 c^3 d^4 e + 6 a c^2 d^2 e^3) + (2 a^3 e^6 + 87 c^3 d^6 + 6 a c^2 d^4 e^2 + a^2 c d^2 e^4)/(10 e) + x^4(3 a c^2 e^3 + 15 c^3 d^2 e^3) + x^6(3 a^2 c^2 e^3 + 15 c^3 d^2 e^3) + x^8(15 c^3 d^2 e^3 + 3 a c^2 e^5) + x^{10}(3 a^2 c^2 e^3 + 15 c^3 d^2 e^3 + 3 a c^2 e^5))}{d^5 e^6 + e^{11} x^5 + 5 d^4 e^7 x + 5 d e^{10} x^4 + 10 d^3 e^8 x^2 + 10 d^2 e^9 x^3} - (6 c^3 d \log(d + e x))/e^7$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^6} dx = \frac{-60 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^7 - 300 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^6 ex - 600 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^5 e^2 x^2 - 600 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^4 e^3 x^3 - \dots}{(d + ex)^6}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^6,x)`

output

```
( - 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**7 - 300*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6*e*x - 600*log(d
+ e*x)*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 600*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 - 300*log(d
+ e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 - 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**5 - 2*
a**3*d*e**6 - a**2*c*d**3*e**4 - 5*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x - 10*a**2*c*d*e**6*x
**2 + 6*a*c**2*e**7*x**5 - 77*c**3*d**7 - 325*c**3*d**6*e*x - 500*c**3*d**
5*e**2*x**2 - 300*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 60*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 10*c**3*d
*e**6*x**6)/(10*d*e**7*(d**5 + 5*d**4*e*x + 10*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 10*d**2*e
**3*x**3 + 5*d*e**4*x**4 + e**5*x**5))
```

**3.85**       $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	721
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx = -\frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{6e^7(d+ex)^6} + \frac{6cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{5e^7(d+ex)^5} - \frac{3c(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)}{4e^7(d+ex)^4} + \frac{4c^2d(5cd^2+3ae^2)}{3e^7(d+ex)^3} - \frac{3c^2(5cd^2+ae^2)}{2e^7(d+ex)^2} + \frac{6c^3d}{e^7(d+ex)} + \frac{c^3 \log(d+ex)}{e^7}$$

output

```
-1/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^6+6/5*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^7/(e*x+d)^5-3/4*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^4+4/3*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^3-3/2*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^2+6*c^3*d/e^7/(e*x+d)+c^3*ln(e*x+d)/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^7} dx = \frac{-10a^3e^6 - 3a^2ce^4(d^2 + 6dex + 15e^2x^2) - 6ac^2e^2(d^4 + 6d^3ex + 15d^2e^2x^2 + 20de^3x^3 + 15e^4x^4) + c^3d(14d^3 + 6d^2ex + 6de^2x^2 + 6e^3x^3)}{60e^7(d+ex)^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^7,x]`

output  $(-10*a^3*e^6 - 3*a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 6*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) - 6*a*c^2*e^2*(d^4 + 6*d^3*e*x + 15*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e^3*x^3 + 15*e^4*x^4) + c^3*d*(147*d^5 + 822*d^4*e*x + 1875*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 2200*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 1350*d*e^4*x^4 + 360*e^5*x^5) + 60*c^3*(d + e*x)^6*\text{Log}[d + e*x])/(60*e^7*(d + e*x)^6)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^3} - \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^4} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^5} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6(d + ex)^6} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6(d + ex)^7} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{2e^7(d + ex)^2} + \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{3e^7(d + ex)^3} - \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{4e^7(d + ex)^4} + \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{5e^7(d + ex)^5} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{6e^7(d + ex)^6} + \frac{6c^3d}{e^7(d + ex)} + \frac{c^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^7}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^7,x]`

output

$$-1/6*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3/(e^7*(d + e*x)^6) + (6*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(5*e^7*(d + e*x)^5) - (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(4*e^7*(d + e*x)^4) + (4*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))/(3*e^7*(d + e*x)^3) - (3*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(2*e^7*(d + e*x)^2) + (6*c^3*d)/(e^7*(d + e*x)) + (c^3*Log[d + e*x])/e^7$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result
risch	$\frac{\frac{6c^3 d x^5}{e^2} - \frac{3c^2(ae^2 - 15cd^2)x^4}{2e^3} - \frac{2c^2d(3ae^2 - 55cd^2)x^3}{3e^4} - \frac{c(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 125c^2d^4)x^2}{4e^5} - \frac{cd(3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 137c^2d^4)x}{10e^6} - \frac{10e^6 a^3}{10e^6}}{(ex+d)^6}$
norman	$-\frac{10e^6 a^3 + 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 6d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 147d^6 c^3}{60e^7} - \frac{3(e^2 a c^2 - 15c^3 d^2)x^4}{2e^3} - \frac{(3e^4 a^2 c + 6d^2 e^2 a c^2 - 125d^4 c^3)x^2}{4e^5} + \frac{6c^3 d x^5}{e^2} - \frac{2d(3e^2 a c^2 - 55c^3 d^2)}{3e^4}$
default	$\frac{4c^2 d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{3e^7(ex+d)^3} - \frac{3c(a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{4e^7(ex+d)^4} + \frac{c^3 \ln(ex+d)}{e^7} + \frac{6dc(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{5e^7(ex+d)^5} + \frac{6c^3 d}{e^7(ex+d)} - \frac{3c^2(a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{2e^7}$
parallelrisch	$900 \ln(ex+d)x^4 c^3 d^2 e^4 + 60 \ln(ex+d)x^6 c^3 e^6 + 360 \ln(ex+d)x^5 c^3 d e^5 - 90x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 360 \ln(ex+d)x c^3 d^5 e - 6d^4 e^2 a c^2 - 18x a^2$

input

```
int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$(6*c^3*d*x^5/e^2-3/2*c^2*(a*e^2-15*c*d^2)/e^3*x^4-2/3*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2-55*c*d^2)/e^4*x^3-1/4*c*(3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2-125*c^2*d^4)/e^5*x^2-1/10*c*d*(3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2-137*c^2*d^4)/e^6*x-1/60*(10*a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-147*c^3*d^6)/e^7)/(e*x+d)^6+c^3*ln(e*x+d)/e^7$$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{360 c^3 d e^5 x^5 + 147 c^3 d^6 - 6 a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 3 a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 10 a^3 e^6 + 90 (15 c^3 d^2 e^4 - a c^2 e^6) x^4 + 40 (55 c^3 d^3 e^3 - 3 a^2 c^2 d e^5) x^3 + 15 (125 c^3 d^4 e^2 - 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 - 3 a^2 c^2 e^6) x^2 + 6 (137 c^3 d^5 e - 6 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 - 3 a^2 c^2 d e^5) x + 60 (c^3 e^6 x^6 + 6 c^3 d e^5 x^5 + 15 c^3 d^2 e^4 x^4 + 20 c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 15 c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 6 c^3 d^5 e x + c^3 d^6) \log(e x + d)}{(e^{13} x^6 + 6 d e^{12} x^5 + 15 d^2 e^{11} x^4 + 20 d^3 e^{10} x^3 + 15 d^4 e^9 x^2 + 6 d^5 e^8 x + d^6 e^7)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 

```
1/60*(360*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 147*c^3*d^6 - 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4
- 10*a^3*e^6 + 90*(15*c^3*d^2*e^4 - a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 40*(55*c^3*d^3*e^3 -
3*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 15*(125*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^2*c*e^6)*
x^2 + 6*(137*c^3*d^5*e - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x + 60*(c^3*e^6*
x^6 + 6*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 15*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 20*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 15*c^3*d
^4*e^2*x^2 + 6*c^3*d^5*e*x + c^3*d^6)*log(e*x + d))/(e^13*x^6 + 6*d*e^12*x
^5 + 15*d^2*e^11*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^10*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^9*x^2 + 6*d^5*e^8*x + d
^6*e^7)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{c^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^7}$$

$$+ \frac{-10a^3e^6 - 3a^2cd^2e^4 - 6ac^2d^4e^2 + 147c^3d^6 + 360c^3de^5x^5 + x^4(-90ac^2e^6 + 1350c^3d^2e^4) + x^3(-120ac^2d^3e^5 + 60d^6e^7 + 360d^5e^8x + 900d^4e^9x^2 + 1200d^3e^8x^3 + 600d^2e^7x^4 + 120d^3e^6x^5 + 60d^4e^5x^6 + 60d^5e^4x^7 + 60d^6e^3x^8 + 60d^7e^2x^9 + 60d^8e^1x^{10} + 60d^9e^0x^{11})}{60d^6e^7 + 360d^5e^8x + 900d^4e^9x^2 + 1200d^3e^8x^3 + 600d^2e^7x^4 + 120d^3e^6x^5 + 60d^4e^5x^6 + 60d^5e^4x^7 + 60d^6e^3x^8 + 60d^7e^2x^9 + 60d^8e^1x^{10} + 60d^9e^0x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**7,x)`

output

```
c**3*log(d + e*x)/e**7 + (-10*a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 6*a*c**2*d*
*4*e**2 + 147*c**3*d**6 + 360*c**3*d*e**5*x**5 + x**4*(-90*a*c**2*e**6 + 1
350*c**3*d**2*e**4) + x**3*(-120*a*c**2*d*e**5 + 2200*c**3*d**3*e**3) + x*
*2*(-45*a**2*c*e**6 - 90*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 + 1875*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-18*
a**2*c*d*e**5 - 36*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 + 822*c**3*d**5*e))/(60*d**6*e**7 + 36
0*d**5*e**8*x + 900*d**4*e**9*x**2 + 1200*d**3*e**10*x**3 + 900*d**2*e**11
*x**4 + 360*d*e**12*x**5 + 60*e**13*x**6)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{360 c^3 d e^5 x^5 + 147 c^3 d^6 - 6 a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 3 a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 10 a^3 e^6 + 90 (15 c^3 d^2 e^4 - a c^2 e^6) x^4 + 40 (55 c^3 d^3 e^3 - 3 a c^2 d e^5) x^3 + 15 (125 c^3 d^4 e^2 - 6 a c^2 d^2 e^4 - 3 a^2 c e^6) x^2 + 6 (137 c^3 d^5 e - 6 a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 3 a^2 c d e^5) x}{60 (e^{13} x^6 + 6 d e^{12} x^5 + 15 d^2 e^{11} x^4 + 20 d^3 e^{10} x^3 + 15 d^4 e^9 x^2 + 6 d^5 e^8 x + d^6 e^7)} + \frac{c^3 \log(ex + d)}{e^7}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/60*(360*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 147*c^3*d^6 - 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4
- 10*a^3*e^6 + 90*(15*c^3*d^2*e^4 - a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 40*(55*c^3*d^3*e^3 -
3*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 15*(125*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^2*c*e^6)*
x^2 + 6*(137*c^3*d^5*e - 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^13*x^6 + 6
*d*e^12*x^5 + 15*d^2*e^11*x^4 + 20*d^3*e^10*x^3 + 15*d^4*e^9*x^2 + 6*d^5*e
^8*x + d^6*e^7) + c^3*log(e*x + d)/e^7
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{c^3 \log(|ex + d|)}{e^7} + \frac{360 c^3 d e^4 x^5 + 90 (15 c^3 d^2 e^3 - a c^2 e^5) x^4 + 40 (55 c^3 d^3 e^2 - 3 a c^2 d e^4) x^3 + 15 (125 c^3 d^4 e - 6 a c^2 d^2 e^3 - 3 a^2 c e^6) x^2 + 6 (137 c^3 d^5 - 6 a c^2 d^3 e^3 - 3 a^2 c d e^5) x}{60 (ex + d)^6 e^6}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{c^3 \log(\text{abs}(e x + d)) / e^7 + 1/60 * (360 * c^3 * d * e^4 * x^5 + 90 * (15 * c^3 * d^2 * e^3 - a * c^2 * e^5) * x^4 + 40 * (55 * c^3 * d^3 * e^2 - 3 * a * c^2 * d * e^4) * x^3 + 15 * (125 * c^3 * d^4 * e - 6 * a * c^2 * d^2 * e^3 - 3 * a^2 * c * e^5) * x^2 + 6 * (137 * c^3 * d^5 - 6 * a * c^2 * d^3 * e^2 - 3 * a^2 * c * d * e^4) * x + (147 * c^3 * d^6 - 6 * a * c^2 * d^4 * e^2 - 3 * a^2 * c * d^2 * e^4 - 10 * a^3 * e^6) / e)}{(e * x + d)^6 * e^6}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{c^3 \ln(d + ex)}{e^7} - \frac{10a^3e^6 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 147c^3d^6}{60e^7} + \frac{x^2(3a^2ce^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2 - 125c^3d^4)}{4e^5} + \frac{x(3acd^4e^4 + 6ac^2d^3e^2 - 137c^3d^5)}{10e^6} - \frac{2x^3(55c^3d^3e^2 - 3a^2cd^2e^4)}{3e^4} - \frac{6c^3d^5x^5}{e^2} + \frac{3c^2x^4(ae^2 - 15cd^2)}{(2e^3)(d^6 + e^6x^6 + 6d^5ex^5 + 15d^4e^2x^2 + 20d^3e^3x^3 + 15d^2e^4x^4 + 6d^5e^6x)}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^7,x)`

output 
$$\frac{c^3 \log(d + e * x)}{e^7} - \frac{(10 * a^3 * e^6 - 147 * c^3 * d^6 + 6 * a * c^2 * d^4 * e^2 + 3 * a^2 * c * d^2 * e^4)}{60 * e^7} + \frac{x^2 * (3 * a^2 * c * e^4 - 125 * c^3 * d^4 + 6 * a * c^2 * d^2 * e^2)}{4 * e^5} + \frac{x * (6 * a * c^2 * d^3 * e^2 - 137 * c^3 * d^5 + 3 * a^2 * c * d * e^4)}{10 * e^6} - \frac{(2 * x^3 * (55 * c^3 * d^3 - 3 * a * c^2 * d * e^2))}{3 * e^4} - \frac{6 * c^3 * d^5 * x^5}{e^2} + \frac{3 * c^2 * x^4 * (a * e^2 - 15 * c * d^2)}{(2 * e^3) * (d^6 + e^6 * x^6 + 6 * d^5 * e * x^5 + 15 * d^4 * e^2 * x^2 + 20 * d^3 * e^3 * x^3 + 15 * d^2 * e^4 * x^4 + 6 * d^5 * e^6 * x)}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^7} dx = \frac{60 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^6 + 360 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^5 ex + 900 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 1200 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 900 \log(ex + d) c^3 d^2 e^4 x^4 + 360 \log(ex + d) c^3 d e^5 x^5 + 60 \log(ex + d) c^3 e^6 x^6}{(d + ex)^6 e^6}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^7,x)`

output `(60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**6 + 360*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**5*e*x + 900*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 1200*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 900*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 360*log(d + e*x)*c**3*d*e**5*x**5 + 60*log(d + e*x)*c**3*e**6*x**6 - 10*a**3*e**6 - 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 18*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 45*a**2*c*e**6*x**2 - 6*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 36*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 90*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 120*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 - 90*a*c**2*e**6*x**4 + 87*c**3*d**6 + 462*c**3*d**5*e*x + 975*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 1000*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 450*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 60*c**3*e**6*x**6)/(60*e**7*(d**6 + 6*d**5*e*x + 15*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 20*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 15*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 6*d*e**5*x**5 + e**6*x**6))`

### 3.86 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^8} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	728
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	728
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	729
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	730
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	731
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	731
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	732
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	732
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	733
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	733

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx = -\frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{7e^7(d + ex)^7} + \frac{cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{e^7(d + ex)^6} - \frac{3c(cd^2 + ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2)}{5e^7(d + ex)^5} + \frac{c^2d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^4} - \frac{c^2(5cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^3} + \frac{3c^3d}{e^7(d + ex)^2} - \frac{c^3}{e^7(d + ex)}$$

output

```
-1/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^7+c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^7/(e*x+d)^6-3/5*c
*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^5+c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(
e*x+d)^4-c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^3+3*c^3*d/e^7/(e*x+d)^2-c^3/e^7/(
e*x+d)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{5a^3e^6 + a^2ce^4(d^2 + 7dex + 21e^2x^2) + ac^2e^2(d^4 + 7d^3ex + 21d^2e^2x^2 + 35de^3x^3 + 35e^4x^4) + 5c^3(d^6 + 7d^5ex + 21d^4e^2x^2 + 35d^3e^3x^3 + 35d^2e^4x^4 + 7de^5x^5 + e^6x^6)}{35e^7(d + ex)^7}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^8,x]`

output 
$$\frac{-1/35*(5*a^3*e^6 + a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 7*d*e*x + 21*e^2*x^2) + a*c^2*e^2*(d^4 + 7*d^3*e*x + 21*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 35*d*e^3*x^3 + 35*e^4*x^4) + 5*c^3*(d^6 + 7*d^5*e*x + 21*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 35*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 21*d*e^5*x^5 + 7*e^6*x^6))/(e^7*(d + e*x)^7)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^4} - \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^5} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^6} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6(d + ex)^7} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6(d + ex)^8} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^3} + \frac{c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^7(d + ex)^4} - \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{5e^7(d + ex)^5} + \frac{cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^7(d + ex)^6} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{7e^7(d + ex)^7} - \frac{c^3}{e^7(d + ex)} + \frac{3c^3d}{e^7(d + ex)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^8,x]`

output

$$-1/7*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3/(e^7*(d + e*x)^7) + (c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(e^7*(d + e*x)^6) - (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(5*e^7*(d + e*x)^5) + (c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))/(e^7*(d + e*x)^4) - (c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^7*(d + e*x)^3) + (3*c^3*d)/(e^7*(d + e*x)^2) - c^3/(e^7*(d + e*x))$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^3 x^6}{e} - \frac{3c^3 d x^5}{e^2} - \frac{c^2(a e^2 + 5c d^2)x^4}{e^3} - \frac{d c^2(a e^2 + 5c d^2)x^3}{e^4} - \frac{3c(a^2 e^4 + a c d^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)x^2}{5e^5} - \frac{d c(a^2 e^4 + a c d^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)x}{5e^6} - \frac{5e^6 a^3 + d^2 e^6}{5e^6}}{(e x + d)^7}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{c^3 x^6}{e} - \frac{3c^3 d x^5}{e^2} - \frac{(e^2 a c^2 + 5c^3 d^2)x^4}{e^3} - \frac{d(e^2 a c^2 + 5c^3 d^2)x^3}{e^4} - \frac{3(e^4 a^2 c + d^2 e^2 a c^2 + 5d^4 c^3)x^2}{5e^5} - \frac{d(e^4 a^2 c + d^2 e^2 a c^2 + 5d^4 c^3)x}{5e^6} - \frac{5e^6 a^3}{5e^6}}{(e x + d)^7}$
gospers	$\frac{-35x^6 c^3 e^6 + 105d c^3 x^5 e^5 + 35x^4 a c^2 e^6 + 175x^4 c^3 d^2 e^4 + 35x^3 a c^2 d e^5 + 175x^3 c^3 d^3 e^3 + 21x^2 a^2 c e^6 + 21x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 105x^2 c^3 d^4 e^2}{35(e x + d)^7 e^7}$
orering	$\frac{-35x^6 c^3 e^6 + 105d c^3 x^5 e^5 + 35x^4 a c^2 e^6 + 175x^4 c^3 d^2 e^4 + 35x^3 a c^2 d e^5 + 175x^3 c^3 d^3 e^3 + 21x^2 a^2 c e^6 + 21x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 105x^2 c^3 d^4 e^2}{35(e x + d)^7 e^7}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-35x^6 c^3 e^6 - 105d c^3 x^5 e^5 - 35x^4 a c^2 e^6 - 175x^4 c^3 d^2 e^4 - 35x^3 a c^2 d e^5 - 175x^3 c^3 d^3 e^3 - 21x^2 a^2 c e^6 - 21x^2 a c^2 d^2 e^4 - 105x^2 c^3 d^4 e^2}{35e^7 (e x + d)^7}$
default	$-\frac{c^2(a e^2 + 5c d^2)}{e^7 (e x + d)^3} + \frac{c^2 d(3a e^2 + 5c d^2)}{e^7 (e x + d)^4} - \frac{e^6 a^3 + 3d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 3d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3}{7e^7 (e x + d)^7} - \frac{3c(a^2 e^4 + 6a c d^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)}{5e^7 (e x + d)^5} - \frac{c^3}{e^7 (e x + d)}$

input

```
int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$\frac{(-c^3 x^6 / e - 3c^3 d x^5 / e^2 - c^2 (a e^2 + 5c d^2) / e^3 x^4 - d c^2 (a e^2 + 5c d^2) / e^4 x^3 - 3/5 c (a^2 e^4 + a c d^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4) / e^5 x^2 - 1/5 d c (a^2 e^4 + a c d^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4) / e^6 x - 1/35 (5a^3 e^6 + a^2 c d^2 e^4 + a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 5c^3 d^6) / e^7) / (e x + d)^7}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{35c^3 e^6 x^6 + 105c^3 d e^5 x^5 + 5c^3 d^6 + ac^2 d^4 e^2 + a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 5a^3 e^6 + 35(5c^3 d^2 e^4 + ac^2 e^6)x^4 + 35(5c^3 d^3 e^5 + ac^2 d e^5)x^3 + 21(5c^3 d^4 e^2 + ac^2 d^2 e^4 + a^2 c e^6)x^2 + 7(5c^3 d^5 e + ac^2 d^3 e^3 + a^2 c d e^5)x}{35(e^{14} x^7 + 7d e^{13} x^6 + 21d^2 e^{12} x^5 + 35d^3 e^{11} x^4 + 35d^4 e^{10} x^3 + 21d^5 e^9 x^2 + 7d^6 e^8 x + d^7 e^7)}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/35*(35*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 105*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 5*c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 5*a^3*e^6 + 35*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 35*(5*c^3*d^3*e^5 + a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 21*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 7*(5*c^3*d^5*e + a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x}{(e^{14}*x^7 + 7*d*e^{13}*x^6 + 21*d^2*e^{12}*x^5 + 35*d^3*e^{11}*x^4 + 35*d^4*e^{10}*x^3 + 21*d^5*e^9*x^2 + 7*d^6*e^8*x + d^7*e^7)}$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{-5a^3 e^6 - a^2 c d^2 e^4 - ac^2 d^4 e^2 - 5c^3 d^6 - 105c^3 d e^5 x^5 - 35c^3 e^6 x^6 + x^4(-35ac^2 e^6 - 175c^3 d^2 e^4) + x^3(-35ac^2 d e^5 - 175c^3 d^2 e^3) + x^2(-35ac^2 d^2 e^2 - 175c^3 d^3 e) + x(-35ac^2 d^3 e - 175c^3 d^4) - 35c^3 d^5}{35d^7 e^7 + 245d^6 e^8 x + 735d^5 e^9 x^2 + 1225d^4 e^{10} x^3 + 1225d^3 e^{11} x^4 + 735d^2 e^{12} x^5 + 245d e^{13} x^6 + d^7 e^{14}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**8,x)
```



output

```
(-5*a**3*e**6 - a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 5*c**3*d**6 - 105*c*
*3*d*e**5*x**5 - 35*c**3*e**6*x**6 + x**4*(-35*a*c**2*e**6 - 175*c**3*d**2
*e**4) + x**3*(-35*a*c**2*d*e**5 - 175*c**3*d**3*e**3) + x**2*(-21*a**2*c*
e**6 - 21*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 105*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-7*a**2*c*d*e**5 - 7
*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 35*c**3*d**5*e) / (35*d**7*e**7 + 245*d**6*e**8*x + 735
*d**5*e**9*x**2 + 1225*d**4*e**10*x**3 + 1225*d**3*e**11*x**4 + 735*d**2*e
**12*x**5 + 245*d*e**13*x**6 + 35*e**14*x**7)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{35c^3e^6x^6 + 105c^3de^5x^5 + 5c^3d^6 + ac^2d^4e^2 + a^2cd^2e^4 + 5a^3e^6 + 35(5c^3d^2e^4 + ac^2e^6)x^4 + 35(5c^3d^3e^5 + 5c^3d^2e^4 + ac^2e^6)x^3 + 21(5c^3d^4e^2 + a^2c^2e^6)x^2 + 7(5c^3d^5e + a^2c^2d^3e^3 + a^2c^2d^2e^4 + a^2c^2d^2e^4)x + 7(5c^3d^5e + a^2c^2d^3e^3 + a^2c^2d^2e^4 + a^2c^2d^2e^4)}{35(e^{14}x^7 + 7de^{13}x^6 + 21d^2e^{12}x^5 + 35d^3e^{11}x^4 + 35d^4e^{10}x^3 + 21d^5e^9x^2 + 7d^6e^8x + d^7e^7)}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/35*(35*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 105*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 5*c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^
2*c*d^2*e^4 + 5*a^3*e^6 + 35*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 35*(5*c^3*d
^3*e^5 + a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 21*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)
*x^2 + 7*(5*c^3*d^5*e + a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^14*x^7 + 7*d*e^
13*x^6 + 21*d^2*e^12*x^5 + 35*d^3*e^11*x^4 + 35*d^4*e^10*x^3 + 21*d^5*e^9*
x^2 + 7*d^6*e^8*x + d^7*e^7)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx = \frac{35c^3e^6x^6 + 105c^3de^5x^5 + 175c^3d^2e^4x^4 + 35ac^2e^6x^4 + 175c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 35ac^2de^5x^3 + 105c^3d^4e^2x^2 + 21(5c^3d^4e^2 + a^2c^2e^6)x^2 + 7(5c^3d^5e + a^2c^2d^3e^3 + a^2c^2d^2e^4 + a^2c^2d^2e^4)x + 7(5c^3d^5e + a^2c^2d^3e^3 + a^2c^2d^2e^4 + a^2c^2d^2e^4)}{35(e^{14}x^7 + 7de^{13}x^6 + 21d^2e^{12}x^5 + 35d^3e^{11}x^4 + 35d^4e^{10}x^3 + 21d^5e^9x^2 + 7d^6e^8x + d^7e^7)}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/35*(35*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 105*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 175*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 35*a*c^2*e^6*x^4 + 175*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 35*a*c^2*d*e^5*x^3 + 105*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 21*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 21*a^2*c*e^6*x^2 + 35*c^3*d^5*e*x + 7*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x + 7*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + 5*c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 5*a^3*e^6)/(e*x + d)^7*e^7}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{5a^3e^6+a^2cd^2e^4+ac^2d^4e^2+5c^3d^6}{35e^7} + \frac{c^3x^6}{e} + \frac{3c^3dx^5}{e^2} + \frac{c^2x^4(5cd^2+ae^2)}{e^3} + \frac{3cx^2(a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{5e^5} + \frac{cdx(a^2e^4+acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{5e^5} + \frac{5a^3e^6+a^2cd^2e^4+ac^2d^4e^2+5c^3d^6}{d^7 + 7d^6ex + 21d^5e^2x^2 + 35d^4e^3x^3 + 35d^3e^4x^4 + 21d^2e^5x^5 + 7d^6e^6x^6 + 5a^3e^6}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^8,x)$$

output

$$-\frac{(5*a^3*e^6 + 5*c^3*d^6 + a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(35*e^7) + (c^3*x^6)/e + (3*c^3*d*x^5)/e^2 + (c^2*x^4*(a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/e^3 + (3*c*x^2*(a^2*e^4 + 5*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2))/(5*e^5) + (c*d*x*(a^2*e^4 + 5*c^2*d^4 + a*c*d^2*e^2))/(5*e^6) + (c^2*d*x^3*(a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/e^4}{(d^7 + e^7*x^7 + 7*d*e^6*x^6 + 21*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 35*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 35*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 21*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 7*d^6*e*x)}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{5c^3e^5x^7 - 35ac^2de^4x^4 - 35a^2c^2d^2e^3x^3 - 21a^2cde^4x^2 - 21a^2c^2d^3e^2x^2 - 7a^2cd^2e^3x - 7ac^2d^4ex - 5a^3de^4}{35de^5(e^7x^7 + 7de^6x^6 + 21d^2e^5x^5 + 35d^3e^4x^4 + 35d^4e^3x^3 + 21d^5e^2x^2 + 7d^6ex + d^7)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^8,x)$$

output

```
( - 5*a**3*d*e**4 - a**2*c*d**3*e**2 - 7*a**2*c*d**2*e**3*x - 21*a**2*c*d*  
e**4*x**2 - a*c**2*d**5 - 7*a*c**2*d**4*e*x - 21*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 3  
5*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 - 35*a*c**2*d*e**4*x**4 + 5*c**3*e**5*x**7)/(35*d*  
e**5*(d**7 + 7*d**6*e*x + 21*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 35*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 35*d**3*  
e**4*x**4 + 21*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 7*d*e**6*x**6 + e**7*x**7))
```

**3.87**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	735
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	735
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	736
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	737
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	738
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	738
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	739
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	740
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	740

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx = -\frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{8e^7(d+ex)^8} + \frac{6cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{7e^7(d+ex)^7} - \frac{c(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)}{2e^7(d+ex)^6} + \frac{4c^2d(5cd^2+3ae^2)}{5e^7(d+ex)^5} - \frac{3c^2(5cd^2+ae^2)}{4e^7(d+ex)^4} + \frac{2c^3d}{e^7(d+ex)^3} - \frac{c^3}{2e^7(d+ex)^2}$$

```
output -1/8*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^8+6/7*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^7/(e*x+d)^7-1/2*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^6+4/5*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^5-3/4*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^4+2*c^3*d/e^7/(e*x+d)^3-1/2*c^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^9} dx = \frac{35a^3e^6 + 5a^2ce^4(d^2 + 8dex + 28e^2x^2) + 3ac^2e^2(d^4 + 8d^3ex + 28d^2e^2x^2 + 56de^3x^3 + 70e^4x^4) + 5c^3(d^6 - 280e^7(d+ex)^8)}{280e^7(d+ex)^8}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^9,x]`

output 
$$-1/280*(35*a^3*e^6 + 5*a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 8*d*e*x + 28*e^2*x^2) + 3*a*c^2*e^2*(d^4 + 8*d^3*e*x + 28*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 56*d*e^3*x^3 + 70*e^4*x^4) + 5*c^3*(d^6 + 8*d^5*e*x + 28*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 56*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 70*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 56*d*e^5*x^5 + 28*e^6*x^6))/(e^7*(d + e*x)^8)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^5} - \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^6} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^7} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6(d + ex)^8} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6(d + ex)^9} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{4e^7(d + ex)^4} + \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{5e^7(d + ex)^5} - \frac{c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{2e^7(d + ex)^6} + \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7e^7(d + ex)^7} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{8e^7(d + ex)^8} - \frac{c^3}{2e^7(d + ex)^2} + \frac{2c^3d}{e^7(d + ex)^3}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^9,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/8*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3/(e^7*(d + e*x)^8) + (6*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(7*e^7*(d + e*x)^7) - (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(2*e^7*(d + e*x)^6) \\
 & + (4*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))/(5*e^7*(d + e*x)^5) - (3*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(4*e^7*(d + e*x)^4) + (2*c^3*d)/(e^7*(d + e*x)^3) - c^3/(2*e^7*(d + e*x)^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^3 x^6}{2e} - \frac{c^3 d x^5}{e^2} - \frac{c^2(3a e^2 + 5c d^2)x^4}{4e^3} - \frac{d c^2(3a e^2 + 5c d^2)x^3}{5e^4} - \frac{c(5a^2 e^4 + 3ac d^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)x^2}{10e^5} - \frac{dc(5a^2 e^4 + 3ac d^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)x}{35e^6} - \frac{c^3}{35e^6}}{(ex+d)^8}$
gosper	$\frac{-140x^6c^3e^6 + 280dc^3x^5e^5 + 210x^4ac^2e^6 + 350x^4c^3d^2e^4 + 168x^3ac^2de^5 + 280x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 140x^2a^2ce^6 + 84x^2ac^2d^2e^4 + 140x^2c^3d^3e^3}{280e^7(ex+d)^8}$
orering	$\frac{-140x^6c^3e^6 + 280dc^3x^5e^5 + 210x^4ac^2e^6 + 350x^4c^3d^2e^4 + 168x^3ac^2de^5 + 280x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 140x^2a^2ce^6 + 84x^2ac^2d^2e^4 + 140x^2c^3d^3e^3}{280e^7(ex+d)^8}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-140c^3x^6e^7 - 280c^3dx^5e^6 - 210ac^2e^7x^4 - 350c^3d^2e^5x^4 - 168ac^2de^6x^3 - 280c^3d^3e^4x^3 - 140a^2ce^7x^2 - 84ac^2d^2e^5x^2 - 140c^3d^4e^3}{280e^8(ex+d)^8}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{c^3 x^6}{2e} - \frac{c^3 d x^5}{e^2} - \frac{(3e^3 a c^2 + 5d^2 e c^3)x^4}{4e^4} - \frac{d(3e^3 a c^2 + 5d^2 e c^3)x^3}{5e^5} - \frac{(5e^5 a^2 c + 3d^2 e^3 a c^2 + 5d^4 e c^3)x^2}{10e^6} - \frac{d(5e^5 a^2 c + 3d^2 e^3 a c^2 + 5d^4 e c^3)}{35e^7}}{(ex+d)^8}$
default	$\frac{2c^3d}{e^7(ex+d)^3} - \frac{3c^2(ae^2+5cd^2)}{4e^7(ex+d)^4} + \frac{6dc(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{7e^7(ex+d)^7} + \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2+5cd^2)}{5e^7(ex+d)^5} - \frac{e^6a^3+3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2+d^6c^3}{8e^7(ex+d)^8}$

input

```
int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/2*c^3*x^6/e-c^3*d*x^5/e^2-1/4/e^3*c^2*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x^4-1/5*d/e^4*
c^2*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x^3-1/10*c/e^5*(5*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*x
^2-1/35*d*c/e^6*(5*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*x-1/280/e^7*(35*a^3*e^
6+5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6))/(e*x+d)^8
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{140c^3e^6x^6 + 280c^3de^5x^5 + 5c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 5a^2cd^2e^4 + 35a^3e^6 + 70(5c^3d^2e^4 + 3ac^2e^6)x^4 + 56(5c^3d^3e^3 + 3a^2c^2d^2e^5)x^3 + 28(5c^3d^4e^2 + 3a^2c^2d^2e^4 + 5a^2c^2e^6)x^2 + 8(5c^3d^5e + 3a^2c^2d^3e^3 + 5a^2c^2de^5)x}{280(e^{15}x^8 + 8de^{14}x^7 + 28d^2e^{13}x^6 + 56d^3e^{12}x^5 + 70d^4e^{11}x^4 + 56d^5e^{10}x^3 + 28d^6e^9x^2 + 8d^7e^8x + d^8e^7)}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/280*(140*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 280*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 5*c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2
+ 5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 35*a^3*e^6 + 70*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 3*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 56
*(5*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 28*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4
+ 5*a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 8*(5*c^3*d^5*e + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)
/(e^15*x^8 + 8*d*e^14*x^7 + 28*d^2*e^13*x^6 + 56*d^3*e^12*x^5 + 70*d^4*e^1
1*x^4 + 56*d^5*e^10*x^3 + 28*d^6*e^9*x^2 + 8*d^7*e^8*x + d^8*e^7)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{-35a^3e^6 - 5a^2cd^2e^4 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 - 5c^3d^6 - 280c^3de^5x^5 - 140c^3e^6x^6 + x^4(-210ac^2e^6 - 350c^3d^2e^4) + x^3(-210c^3d^3e^3 - 350c^3d^2e^5) + x^2(-210c^3d^4e^2 - 350c^3d^2e^4 - 5a^2c^2e^6) + x(-210c^3d^5e - 350c^3d^3e^3 - 5a^2c^2de^5)}{280d^8e^7 + 2240d^7e^8x + 7840d^6e^9x^2 + 15680d^5e^{10}x^3 + 19600d^4e^{11}x^4 + 15680d^3e^{12}x^5 + 7840d^2e^{13}x^6 + 2240d^1e^{14}x^7 + 280d^0e^{15}x^8}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**9,x)
```

output

```
(-35*a**3*e**6 - 5*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 5*c**3*d**6 - 2
80*c**3*d**5*x**5 - 140*c**3*e**6*x**6 + x**4*(-210*a*c**2*e**6 - 350*c*
**3*d**2*e**4) + x**3*(-168*a*c**2*d*e**5 - 280*c**3*d**3*e**3) + x**2*(-14
0*a**2*c*e**6 - 84*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 140*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-40*a**2*c*
d*e**5 - 24*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 40*c**3*d**5*e))/(280*d**8*e**7 + 2240*d**7
*e**8*x + 7840*d**6*e**9*x**2 + 15680*d**5*e**10*x**3 + 19600*d**4*e**11*x
**4 + 15680*d**3*e**12*x**5 + 7840*d**2*e**13*x**6 + 2240*d*e**14*x**7 + 2
80*e**15*x**8)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{140 c^3 e^6 x^6 + 280 c^3 d e^5 x^5 + 5 c^3 d^6 + 3 a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 5 a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 35 a^3 e^6 + 70 (5 c^3 d^2 e^4 + 3 a c^2 e^6) x^4 + 56 (5 c^3 d^3 e^3 + 3 a c^2 d e^5) x^3 + 28 (5 c^3 d^4 e^2 + 3 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + 5 a^2 c e^6) x^2 + 8 (5 c^3 d^5 e + 3 a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 5 a^2 c d e^5) x}{280 (e^{15} x^8 + 8 d e^{14} x^7 + 28 d^2 e^{13} x^6 + 56 d^3 e^{12} x^5 + 70 d^4 e^{11} x^4 + 56 d^5 e^{10} x^3 + 28 d^6 e^9 x^2 + 8 d^7 e^8 x + d^8 e^7)}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/280*(140*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 280*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 5*c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2
+ 5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 35*a^3*e^6 + 70*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 3*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 56
*(5*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 28*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^2*e^4
+ 5*a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 8*(5*c^3*d^5*e + 3*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)
/(e^15*x^8 + 8*d*e^14*x^7 + 28*d^2*e^13*x^6 + 56*d^3*e^12*x^5 + 70*d^4*e^1
1*x^4 + 56*d^5*e^10*x^3 + 28*d^6*e^9*x^2 + 8*d^7*e^8*x + d^8*e^7)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{140 c^3 e^6 x^6 + 280 c^3 d e^5 x^5 + 350 c^3 d^2 e^4 x^4 + 210 a c^2 e^6 x^4 + 280 c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 168 a c^2 d e^5 x^3 + 140 c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2 + 80 a^2 c d^2 e^4 x^2 + 80 a^2 c d e^6 x^2 + 8 (5 c^3 d^5 e + 3 a c^2 d^3 e^3 + 5 a^2 c d e^5) x}{280 (e^{15} x^8 + 8 d e^{14} x^7 + 28 d^2 e^{13} x^6 + 56 d^3 e^{12} x^5 + 70 d^4 e^{11} x^4 + 56 d^5 e^{10} x^3 + 28 d^6 e^9 x^2 + 8 d^7 e^8 x + d^8 e^7)}$$



input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/280*(140*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 280*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 350*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 210*a*c^2*e^6*x^4 + 280*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 168*a*c^2*d*e^5*x^3 + 140*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 84*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 140*a^2*c*e^6*x^2 + 40*c^3*d^5*e*x + 24*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x + 40*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + 5*c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 35*a^3*e^6)/((e*x + d)^8*e^7)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = -\frac{\frac{35a^3e^6 + 5a^2cd^2e^4 + 3a^2d^4e^2 + 5c^3d^6}{280e^7} + \frac{c^3x^6}{2e} + \frac{c^3dx^5}{e^2} + \frac{c^2x^4(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{4e^3} + \frac{cx^2(5a^2e^4 + 3acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{10e^5} + \frac{cdx(5a^2e^4 + 5c^2d^4 + 3a^2cd^2e^2)}{35e^6} + \frac{c^2d^3x^3(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{4e^3} + \frac{c^3d^5x^5 + 28d^6e^2x^2 + 56d^5e^3x^3 + 70d^4e^4x^4 + 56d^3e^5x^5 + 28d^2e^6x^6 + 8d^7ex + d^8}{d^8 + 8d^7ex + 28d^6e^2x^2 + 56d^5e^3x^3 + 70d^4e^4x^4 + 56d^3e^5x^5 + 28d^2e^6x^6 + 8d^7ex + d^8}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^9,x)`

output 
$$-((35*a^3*e^6 + 5*c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/(280*e^7) + (c^3*x^6)/(2*e) + (c^3*d*x^5)/e^2 + (c^2*x^4*(3*a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(4*e^3) + (c*x^2*(5*a^2*e^4 + 5*c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(10*e^5) + (c*d*x*(5*a^2*e^4 + 5*c^2*d^4 + 3*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(35*e^6) + (c^2*d*x^3*(3*a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(5*e^4))/(d^8 + e^8*x^8 + 8*d*e^7*x^7 + 28*d^6*e^2*x^2 + 56*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 70*d^4*e^4*x^4 + 56*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 28*d^2*e^6*x^6 + 8*d^7*e*x)$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^9} dx = \frac{-140c^3e^6x^6 - 280c^3de^5x^5 - 210a^2c^2e^6x^4 - 350c^3d^2e^4x^4 - 168a^2c^2de^5x^3 - 280c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 140a^2ce^6x^2 - 40c^3d^5ex - 24a^2c^2d^3e^3x - 40a^2cde^5x - 5c^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 + 5a^2cd^2e^4 + 35a^3e^6}{280e^7(e^8x^8 + 8de^7x^7 + 28d^2e^6x^6 + 56d^3e^5x^5 + 70d^4e^4x^4 + 56d^3e^5x^5 + 28d^2e^6x^6 + 8d^7ex + d^8)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^9,x)`

output `( - 35*a**3*e**6 - 5*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 40*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 140*a**2*c*e*  
*6*x**2 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 24*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 84*a*c**2*d**2*e**4  
*x**2 - 168*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 - 210*a*c**2*e**6*x**4 - 5*c**3*d**6 - 40*c  
**3*d**5*e*x - 140*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 280*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 - 350*c**  
3*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 280*c**3*d*e**5*x**5 - 140*c**3*e**6*x**6)/(280*e**7*(d  
**8 + 8*d**7*e*x + 28*d**6*e**2*x**2 + 56*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 70*d**4*e**4*x*  
*4 + 56*d**3*e**5*x**5 + 28*d**2*e**6*x**6 + 8*d*e**7*x**7 + e**8*x**8))`

**3.88**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	742
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{10}} dx = -\frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{9e^7(d+ex)^9} + \frac{3cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{4e^7(d+ex)^8} - \frac{3c(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)}{7e^7(d+ex)^7} + \frac{2c^2d(5cd^2+3ae^2)}{3e^7(d+ex)^6} - \frac{3c^2(5cd^2+ae^2)}{5e^7(d+ex)^5} + \frac{3c^3d}{2e^7(d+ex)^4} - \frac{c^3}{3e^7(d+ex)^3}$$

output

```
-1/9*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^9+3/4*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^7/(e*x+d)^8-3/7*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^7+2/3*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^6-3/5*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^5+3/2*c^3*d/e^7/(e*x+d)^4-1/3*c^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{140a^3e^6 + 15a^2ce^4(d^2 + 9dex + 36e^2x^2) + 6ac^2e^2(d^4 + 9d^3ex + 36d^2e^2x^2 + 84de^3x^3 + 126e^4x^4) + 5c^3}{1260e^7(d + ex)^9}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^10,x]`output 
$$-1/1260*(140*a^3*e^6 + 15*a^2*c*e^4*(d^2 + 9*d*e*x + 36*e^2*x^2) + 6*a*c^2*e^2*(d^4 + 9*d^3*e*x + 36*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 84*d*e^3*x^3 + 126*e^4*x^4) + 5*c^3*(d^6 + 9*d^5*e*x + 36*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 84*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 126*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 126*d*e^5*x^5 + 84*e^6*x^6))/(e^7*(d + e*x)^9)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^6} - \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^7} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^8} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6(d + ex)^9} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6(d + ex)^{10}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{3c^2(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{5e^7(d + ex)^5} + \frac{2c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{3e^7(d + ex)^6} - \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{7e^7(d + ex)^7} + \frac{3cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{4e^7(d + ex)^8} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{9e^7(d + ex)^9} - \frac{c^3}{3e^7(d + ex)^3} + \frac{3c^3d}{2e^7(d + ex)^4}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^10,x]`

output `-1/9*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3/(e^7*(d + e*x)^9) + (3*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(4*e^7*(d + e*x)^8) - (3*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(7*e^7*(d + e*x)^7) + (2*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))/(3*e^7*(d + e*x)^6) - (3*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(5*e^7*(d + e*x)^5) + (3*c^3*d)/(2*e^7*(d + e*x)^4) - c^3/(3*e^7*(d + e*x)^3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{c^3 x^6}{3e} - \frac{c^3 d x^5}{2e^2} - \frac{c^2(6ae^2+5cd^2)x^4}{10e^3} - \frac{c^2 d(6ae^2+5cd^2)x^3}{15e^4} - \frac{c(15a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)x^2}{35e^5} - \frac{dc(15a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)x}{140e^6} - \frac{140e^7}{(ex+d)^9}$
gospers	$\frac{420x^6c^3e^6+630dc^3x^5e^5+756x^4ac^2e^6+630x^4c^3d^2e^4+504x^3ac^2de^5+420x^3c^3d^3e^3+540x^2a^2ce^6+216x^2ac^2d^2e^4+180x^2}{1260e^7(ex+d)^9}$
orering	$\frac{420x^6c^3e^6+630dc^3x^5e^5+756x^4ac^2e^6+630x^4c^3d^2e^4+504x^3ac^2de^5+420x^3c^3d^3e^3+540x^2a^2ce^6+216x^2ac^2d^2e^4+180x^2}{1260e^7(ex+d)^9}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-420c^3x^6e^8-630c^3dx^5e^7-756ac^2e^8x^4-630c^3d^2e^6x^4-504ac^2de^7x^3-420c^3d^3e^5x^3-540a^2ce^8x^2-216ac^2d^2e^6x^2-180c^3d^3e^4}{1260e^9(ex+d)^9}$
default	$-\frac{c^3}{3e^7(ex+d)^3} + \frac{3c^3d}{2e^7(ex+d)^4} - \frac{e^6a^3+3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2+d^6c^3}{9e^7(ex+d)^9} - \frac{3c(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{7e^7(ex+d)^7} - \frac{3c^2(ae^2+5cd^2)}{5e^7(ex+d)^5}$
norman	$\frac{-\frac{c^3 x^6}{3e} - \frac{c^3 d x^5}{2e^2} - \frac{(6e^4ac^2+5d^2e^2c^3)x^4}{10e^5} - \frac{d(6e^4ac^2+5d^2e^2c^3)x^3}{15e^6} - \frac{(15e^6a^2c+6d^2e^4ac^2+5d^4e^2c^3)x^2}{35e^7} - \frac{d(15e^6a^2c+6d^2e^4ac^2+5d^4e^2c^3)x}{140e^8}}{(ex+d)^9}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/3*c^3*x^6/e-1/2*c^3*d*x^5/e^2-1/10*c^2*(6*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^3*x^4-1/15*c^2*d*(6*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^4*x^3-1/35*c/e^5*(15*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*x^2-1/140*d*c/e^6*(15*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*x-1/1260/e^7*(140*a^3*e^6+15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6))/(e*x+d)^9
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{420c^3e^6x^6 + 630c^3de^5x^5 + 5c^3d^6 + 6ac^2d^4e^2 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 + 140a^3e^6 + 126(5c^3d^2e^4 + 6ac^2e^6)x^4 + \dots}{1260(e^{16}x^9 + 9de^{15}x^8 + 36d^2e^{14}x^7 + 84d^3e^{13}x^6 + 126d^4e^{12}x^5 + \dots)}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/1260*(420*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 630*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 5*c^3*d^6 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2
+ 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 140*a^3*e^6 + 126*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 6*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4
+ 84*(5*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 6*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 36*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2
*e^4 + 15*a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 9*(5*c^3*d^5*e + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 15*a^2*c*d*e
^5)*x)/(e^16*x^9 + 9*d*e^15*x^8 + 36*d^2*e^14*x^7 + 84*d^3*e^13*x^6 + 126*
d^4*e^12*x^5 + 126*d^5*e^11*x^4 + 84*d^6*e^10*x^3 + 36*d^7*e^9*x^2 + 9*d^8
*e^8*x + d^9*e^7)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 23.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{-140a^3e^6 - 15a^2cd^2e^4 - 6ac^2d^4e^2 - 5c^3d^6 - 630c^3de^5x^5 - 420c^3e^6x^6 + x^4(-756ac^2e^6 - 630c^3d^2e^4) + x^3(-504aac^2d^2e^5 - 420c^3d^3e^3) + x^2(-540a^2c^2e^6 - 216aac^2d^2e^4 - 180c^3d^4e^2) + x(-135a^2c^2d^2e^5 - 54aac^2d^3e^3 - 45c^3d^5e)}{1260d^9e^7 + 11340d^8e^8x + 45360d^7e^9x^2 + 105840d^6e^{10}x^3 + 158760d^5e^{11}x^4 + 158760d^4e^{12}x^5 + 105840d^3e^{13}x^6 + 45360d^2e^{14}x^7 + 11340d^1e^{15}x^8 + 1260e^{16}x^9}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**10,x)
```

output

```
(-140*a**3*e**6 - 15*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 6*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 5*c**3*d**6 -
630*c**3*d*e**5*x**5 - 420*c**3*e**6*x**6 + x**4*(-756*a*c**2*e**6 - 630*
c**3*d**2*e**4) + x**3*(-504*a*c**2*d*e**5 - 420*c**3*d**3*e**3) + x**2*(-
540*a**2*c*e**6 - 216*a*c**2*d**2*e**4 - 180*c**3*d**4*e**2) + x*(-135*a**
2*c*d**2*e**5 - 54*a*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 45*c**3*d**5*e))/(1260*d**9*e**7 + 1134
0*d**8*e**8*x + 45360*d**7*e**9*x**2 + 105840*d**6*e**10*x**3 + 158760*d**
5*e**11*x**4 + 158760*d**4*e**12*x**5 + 105840*d**3*e**13*x**6 + 45360*d**
2*e**14*x**7 + 11340*d**15*x**8 + 1260*e**16*x**9)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{420c^3e^6x^6 + 630c^3de^5x^5 + 5c^3d^6 + 6ac^2d^4e^2 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 + 140a^3e^6 + 126(5c^3d^2e^4 + 6ac^2e^6)x^4 + x^3(-504aac^2d^2e^5 - 420c^3d^3e^3) + x^2(-540a^2c^2e^6 - 216aac^2d^2e^4 - 180c^3d^4e^2) + x(-135a^2c^2d^2e^5 - 54aac^2d^3e^3 - 45c^3d^5e)}{1260(e^{16}x^9 + 9de^{15}x^8 + 36d^2e^{14}x^7 + 84d^3e^{13}x^6 + 126d^4e^{12}x^5 + 105840d^3e^{13}x^6 + 45360d^2e^{14}x^7 + 11340d^1e^{15}x^8 + 1260e^{16}x^9)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/1260*(420*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 630*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 5*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 140*a^3*e^6 + 126*(5*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 6*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 84*(5*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 6*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 36*(5*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 15*a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 + 9*(5*c^3*d^5*e + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)/(e^16*x^9 + 9*d*e^15*x^8 + 36*d^2*e^14*x^7 + 84*d^3*e^13*x^6 + 126*d^4*e^12*x^5 + 126*d^5*e^11*x^4 + 84*d^6*e^10*x^3 + 36*d^7*e^9*x^2 + 9*d^8*e^8*x + d^9*e^7)}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{420 c^3 e^6 x^6 + 630 c^3 d e^5 x^5 + 630 c^3 d^2 e^4 x^4 + 756 a c^2 e^6 x^4 + 420 c^3 d^3 e^3 x^3 + 504 a c^2 d e^5 x^3 + 180 c^3 d^4 e^2 x^2}{(d + ex)^{10}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/1260*(420*c^3*e^6*x^6 + 630*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 630*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 756*a*c^2*e^6*x^4 + 420*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 504*a*c^2*d*e^5*x^3 + 180*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 216*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^2 + 540*a^2*c*e^6*x^2 + 45*c^3*d^5*e*x + 54*a*c^2*d^3*e^3*x + 135*a^2*c*d*e^5*x + 5*c^3*d^6 + 6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 140*a^3*e^6)/((e*x + d)^9*e^7)}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{\frac{140 a^3 e^6 + 15 a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 6 a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 5 c^3 d^6}{1260 e^7} + \frac{c^3 x^6}{3 e} + \frac{c^3 d x^5}{2 e^2} + \frac{c^2 x^4 (5 c d^2 + 6 a e^2)}{10 e^3} + \frac{c x^2 (15 a^2 e^4 + 6 a c d^2 e^2 + 5 c^2 d^4)}{35 e^5} + \frac{c d x}{(d + e x)^9}}{d^9 + 9 d^8 e x + 36 d^7 e^2 x^2 + 84 d^6 e^3 x^3 + 126 d^5 e^4 x^4 + 126 d^4 e^5 x^5 + 84 d^3 e^6 x^6 + 36 d^2 e^7 x^7 + d e^8 x^8 + e^9 x^9}$$



input `int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^10,x)`

output 
$$-\frac{(140a^3e^6 + 5c^3d^6 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^2 + 15a^2c^2d^2e^4)/(1260e^7) + (c^3x^6)/(3e) + (c^3d^5x^5)/(2e^2) + (c^2x^4(6ae^2 + 5c^2d^2))/(10e^3) + (c^2x^2(15a^2e^4 + 5c^2d^4 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^2))/(35e^5) + (cd^2x(15a^2e^4 + 5c^2d^4 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^2))/(140e^6) + (c^2d^3x^3(6ae^2 + 5c^2d^2))/(15e^4)}{(d^9 + e^9x^9 + 9d^8e^8x^8 + 36d^7e^7x^7 + 84d^6e^6x^6 + 126d^5e^5x^5 + 126d^4e^4x^4 + 84d^3e^3x^3 + 36d^2e^2x^2 + 9d^2e^2x^2 + 9d^8e^8x^8 + e^9x^9)}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{10}} dx = \frac{-420c^3e^6x^6 - 630c^3de^5x^5 - 756a^2c^2e^6x^4 - 630c^3d^2e^4x^4 - 504a^2c^2de^5x^3 - 420c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 540a^2ce^6x^2 - 1260e^7(e^9x^9 + 9de^8x^8 + 36d^2e^7x^7 + 84d^3e^6x^6 + 126d^4e^5x^5 + 126d^5e^4x^4 + 84d^6e^3x^3 + 36d^7e^2x^2 + 9d^8e^2x^2 + e^9x^9)}{1260e^7(e^9x^9 + 9de^8x^8 + 36d^2e^7x^7 + 84d^3e^6x^6 + 126d^4e^5x^5 + 126d^5e^4x^4 + 84d^6e^3x^3 + 36d^7e^2x^2 + 9d^8e^2x^2 + e^9x^9)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^10,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(-140a^3e^6 - 15a^2c^2d^2e^4 - 135a^2c^2d^2e^4x - 540a^2c^2e^6x^2 - 6a^2c^2d^4e^2 - 54a^2c^2d^3e^3x - 216a^2c^2d^2e^4x^2 - 504a^2c^2d^2e^5x^3 - 756a^2c^2e^6x^4 - 5c^3d^6 - 45c^3d^5ex - 180c^3d^4e^2x^2 - 420c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 630c^3d^2e^4x^4 - 630c^3d^2e^5x^5 - 420c^3e^6x^6)/(1260e^7(d^9 + 9d^8ex + 36d^7e^2x^2 + 84d^6e^3x^3 + 126d^5e^4x^4 + 126d^4e^5x^5 + 84d^3e^6x^6 + 36d^2e^7x^7 + 9d^2e^2x^2 + e^9x^9))$$

### 3.89 $\int (d + ex)^7 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$

Optimal result	749
Mathematica [A] (verified)	750
Rubi [A] (verified)	751
Maple [A] (verified)	752
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	753
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	754
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	755
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	756
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	758
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	759

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 278

$$\int (d + ex)^7 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^4 (d + ex)^8}{8e^9} - \frac{8cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^9}{9e^9} + \frac{2c(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (7cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{10}}{5e^9} - \frac{8c^2d(cd^2 + ae^2) (7cd^2 + 3ae^2) (d + ex)^{11}}{11e^9} + \frac{c^2(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4) (d + ex)^{12}}{6e^9} - \frac{8c^3d(7cd^2 + 3ae^2) (d + ex)^{13}}{13e^9} + \frac{2c^3(7cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{14}}{7e^9} - \frac{8c^4d(d + ex)^{15}}{15e^9} + \frac{c^4(d + ex)^{16}}{16e^9}$$

output

```
1/8*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(e*x+d)^8/e^9-8/9*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^9/e^9+2/5*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^10/e^9-8/11*c^2*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^11/e^9+1/6*c^2*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*(e*x+d)^12/e^9-8/13*c^3*d*(3*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^13/e^9+2/7*c^3*(a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^14/e^9-8/15*c^4*d*(e*x+d)^15/e^9+1/16*c^4*(e*x+d)^16/e^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 423, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (d + ex)^7 (a + cx^2)^4 dx \\
&= \frac{1}{8} a^4 x (8d^7 + 28d^6 ex + 56d^5 e^2 x^2 + 70d^4 e^3 x^3 + 56d^3 e^4 x^4 + 28d^2 e^5 x^5 + 8de^6 x^6 + e^7 x^7) \\
&+ \frac{1}{90} a^3 cx^3 (120d^7 + 630d^6 ex + 1512d^5 e^2 x^2 + 2100d^4 e^3 x^3 + 1800d^3 e^4 x^4 + 945d^2 e^5 x^5 \\
&+ 280de^6 x^6 + 36e^7 x^7) + \frac{1}{660} a^2 c^2 x^5 (792d^7 + 4620d^6 ex + 11880d^5 e^2 x^2 + 17325d^4 e^3 x^3 \\
&\quad + 15400d^3 e^4 x^4 + 8316d^2 e^5 x^5 + 2520de^6 x^6 + 330e^7 x^7) \\
&+ \frac{ac^3 x^7 (3432d^7 + 21021d^6 ex + 56056d^5 e^2 x^2 + 84084d^4 e^3 x^3 + 76440d^3 e^4 x^4 + 42042d^2 e^5 x^5 + 12936de^6 x^6 \\
&\quad + 1716e^7 x^7)}{6006} \\
&+ \frac{c^4 x^9 (11440d^7 + 72072d^6 ex + 196560d^5 e^2 x^2 + 300300d^4 e^3 x^3 + 277200d^3 e^4 x^4 + 154440d^2 e^5 x^5 + 48048d e^6 x^6 + 6435e^7 x^7)}{102960}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^7*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`output `(a^4*x*(8*d^7 + 28*d^6*e*x + 56*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 70*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 56*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 28*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 8*d*e^6*x^6 + e^7*x^7))/8 + (a^3*c*x^3*(120*d^7 + 630*d^6*e*x + 1512*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 2100*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 1800*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 945*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 280*d*e^6*x^6 + 36*e^7*x^7))/90 + (a^2*c^2*x^5*(792*d^7 + 4620*d^6*e*x + 11880*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 17325*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 15400*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 8316*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 2520*d*e^6*x^6 + 330*e^7*x^7))/660 + (a*c^3*x^7*(3432*d^7 + 21021*d^6*e*x + 56056*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 84084*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 76440*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 42042*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 12936*d*e^6*x^6 + 1716*e^7*x^7))/6006 + (c^4*x^9*(11440*d^7 + 72072*d^6*e*x + 196560*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 300300*d^4*e^3*x^3 + 277200*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 154440*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 48048*d*e^6*x^6 + 6435*e^7*x^7))/102960`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^4 (d + ex)^7 dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{11} (3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{e^8} + \frac{4c^3(d + ex)^{13} (ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{e^8} - \frac{8c^3d(d + ex)^{12} (3ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{e^8} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c^2(d + ex)^{12} (3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{6e^9} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{14} (ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{7e^9} - \frac{8c^3d(d + ex)^{13} (3ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{8e^9} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{11} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (3ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{11e^9} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{10} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2 (ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{5e^9} - \frac{8cd(d + ex)^9 (ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{9e^9} + \frac{(d + ex)^8 (ae^2 + cd^2)^4}{8e^9} + \frac{c^4(d + ex)^{16}}{16e^9} - \frac{8c^4d(d + ex)^{15}}{15e^9}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^7*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^9) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^9) + (2*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^10)/(5*e^9) - (8*c^2*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^11)/(11*e^9) + (c^2*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*(d + e*x)^12)/(6*e^9) - (8*c^3*d*(7*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^13)/(13*e^9) + (2*c^3*(7*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^14)/(7*e^9) - (8*c^4*d*(d + e*x)^15)/(15*e^9) + (c^4*(d + e*x)^16)/(16*e^9)`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d+ex)^7 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{16} c^4 e^7 x^{16} + \frac{7}{15} c^4 d e^6 x^{15} + \frac{1}{14} (21 c^4 d^2 e^5 + 4 a c^3 e^7) x^{14} \\
& + \frac{7}{13} (5 c^4 d^3 e^4 + 4 a c^3 d e^6) x^{13} + \frac{7}{2} a^4 d^6 e x^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{12} (35 c^4 d^4 e^3 + 84 a c^3 d^2 e^5 + 6 a^2 c^2 e^7) x^{12} \\
& + a^4 d^7 x + \frac{7}{11} (3 c^4 d^5 e^2 + 20 a c^3 d^3 e^4 + 6 a^2 c^2 d e^6) x^{11} \\
& + \frac{1}{10} (7 c^4 d^6 e + 140 a c^3 d^4 e^3 + 126 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^5 + 4 a^3 c e^7) x^{10} \\
& + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^7 + 84 a c^3 d^5 e^2 + 210 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 + 28 a^3 c d e^6) x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{8} (28 a c^3 d^6 e + 210 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^3 + 84 a^3 c d^2 e^5 + a^4 e^7) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} (4 a c^3 d^7 + 126 a^2 c^2 d^5 e^2 + 140 a^3 c d^3 e^4 + 7 a^4 d e^6) x^7 \\
& + \frac{7}{6} (6 a^2 c^2 d^6 e + 20 a^3 c d^4 e^3 + 3 a^4 d^2 e^5) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (6 a^2 c^2 d^7 + 84 a^3 c d^5 e^2 + 35 a^4 d^3 e^4) x^5 \\
& + \frac{7}{4} (4 a^3 c d^6 e + 5 a^4 d^4 e^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (4 a^3 c d^7 + 21 a^4 d^5 e^2) x^3
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*c^4*e^7*x^16 + 7/15*c^4*d*e^6*x^15 + 1/14*(21*c^4*d^2*e^5 + 4*a*c^3*e^7)*x^14 + 7/13*(5*c^4*d^3*e^4 + 4*a*c^3*d*e^6)*x^13 + 7/2*a^4*d^6*e*x^2 + 1/12*(35*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 84*a*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*e^7)*x^12 + a^4*d^7*x + 7/11*(3*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 20*a*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d*e^6)*x^11 + 1/10*(7*c^4*d^6*e + 140*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 126*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 4*a^3*c*e^7)*x^10 + 1/9*(c^4*d^7 + 84*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 210*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 28*a^3*c*d*e^6)*x^9 + 1/8*(28*a*c^3*d^6*e + 210*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 84*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 + a^4*e^7)*x^8 + 1/7*(4*a*c^3*d^7 + 126*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 140*a^3*c*d^3*e^4 + 7*a^4*d*e^6)*x^7 + 7/6*(6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e + 20*a^3*c*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^4*d^2*e^5)*x^6 + 1/5*(6*a^2*c^2*d^7 + 84*a^3*c*d^5*e^2 + 35*a^4*d^3*e^4)*x^5 + 7/4*(4*a^3*c*d^6*e + 5*a^4*d^4*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(4*a^3*c*d^7 + 21*a^4*d^5*e^2)*x^3`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 571 vs.  $2(272) = 544$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 571, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex)^7 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & a^4 d^7 x + \frac{7a^4 d^6 ex^2}{2} + \frac{7c^4 de^6 x^{15}}{15} + \frac{c^4 e^7 x^{16}}{16} + x^{14} \\
 & \cdot \left( \frac{2ac^3 e^7}{7} + \frac{3c^4 d^2 e^5}{2} \right) + x^{13} \cdot \left( \frac{28ac^3 de^6}{13} + \frac{35c^4 d^3 e^4}{13} \right) \\
 & + x^{12} \left( \frac{a^2 c^2 e^7}{2} + 7ac^3 d^2 e^5 + \frac{35c^4 d^4 e^3}{12} \right) + x^{11} \\
 & \cdot \left( \frac{42a^2 c^2 de^6}{11} + \frac{140ac^3 d^3 e^4}{11} + \frac{21c^4 d^5 e^2}{11} \right) + x^{10} \\
 & \cdot \left( \frac{2a^3 ce^7}{5} + \frac{63a^2 c^2 d^2 e^5}{5} + 14ac^3 d^4 e^3 + \frac{7c^4 d^6 e}{10} \right) + x^9 \\
 & \cdot \left( \frac{28a^3 cde^6}{9} + \frac{70a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4}{3} + \frac{28ac^3 d^5 e^2}{3} + \frac{c^4 d^7}{9} \right) \\
 & + x^8 \left( \frac{a^4 e^7}{8} + \frac{21a^3 cd^2 e^5}{2} + \frac{105a^2 c^2 d^4 e^3}{4} + \frac{7ac^3 d^6 e}{2} \right) \\
 & + x^7 \left( a^4 de^6 + 20a^3 cd^3 e^4 + 18a^2 c^2 d^5 e^2 + \frac{4ac^3 d^7}{7} \right) \\
 & + x^6 \cdot \left( \frac{7a^4 d^2 e^5}{2} + \frac{70a^3 cd^4 e^3}{3} + 7a^2 c^2 d^6 e \right) \\
 & + x^5 \cdot \left( 7a^4 d^3 e^4 + \frac{84a^3 cd^5 e^2}{5} + \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^7}{5} \right) + x^4 \\
 & \cdot \left( \frac{35a^4 d^4 e^3}{4} + 7a^3 cd^6 e \right) + x^3 \cdot \left( 7a^4 d^5 e^2 + \frac{4a^3 cd^7}{3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**7*(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`

output

```

a**4*d**7*x + 7*a**4*d**6*e*x**2/2 + 7*c**4*d**6*x**15/15 + c**4*e**7*x*
*16/16 + x**14*(2*a*c**3*e**7/7 + 3*c**4*d**2*e**5/2) + x**13*(28*a*c**3*d
**e**6/13 + 35*c**4*d**3*e**4/13) + x**12*(a**2*c**2*e**7/2 + 7*a*c**3*d**2
**e**5 + 35*c**4*d**4*e**3/12) + x**11*(42*a**2*c**2*d**6/11 + 140*a*c**3
*d**3*e**4/11 + 21*c**4*d**5*e**2/11) + x**10*(2*a**3*c*e**7/5 + 63*a**2*c
**2*d**2*e**5/5 + 14*a*c**3*d**4*e**3 + 7*c**4*d**6*e/10) + x**9*(28*a**3*
c*d**6/9 + 70*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4/3 + 28*a*c**3*d**5*e**2/3 + c**4*d**7/
9) + x**8*(a**4*e**7/8 + 21*a**3*c*d**2*e**5/2 + 105*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3/4
+ 7*a*c**3*d**6*e/2) + x**7*(a**4*d**6 + 20*a**3*c*d**3*e**4 + 18*a**2*
c**2*d**5*e**2 + 4*a*c**3*d**7/7) + x**6*(7*a**4*d**2*e**5/2 + 70*a**3*c*d
**4*e**3/3 + 7*a**2*c**2*d**6*e) + x**5*(7*a**4*d**3*e**4 + 84*a**3*c*d**5
**e**2/5 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**7/5) + x**4*(35*a**4*d**4*e**3/4 + 7*a**3*c*d**6*
e) + x**3*(7*a**4*d**5*e**2 + 4*a**3*c*d**7/3)

```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d+ex)^7 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{16} c^4 e^7 x^{16} + \frac{7}{15} c^4 d e^6 x^{15} + \frac{1}{14} (21 c^4 d^2 e^5 + 4 a c^3 e^7) x^{14} \\
& + \frac{7}{13} (5 c^4 d^3 e^4 + 4 a c^3 d e^6) x^{13} + \frac{7}{2} a^4 d^6 e x^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{12} (35 c^4 d^4 e^3 + 84 a c^3 d^2 e^5 + 6 a^2 c^2 e^7) x^{12} \\
& + a^4 d^7 x + \frac{7}{11} (3 c^4 d^5 e^2 + 20 a c^3 d^3 e^4 + 6 a^2 c^2 d e^6) x^{11} \\
& + \frac{1}{10} (7 c^4 d^6 e + 140 a c^3 d^4 e^3 + 126 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^5 + 4 a^3 c e^7) x^{10} \\
& + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^7 + 84 a c^3 d^5 e^2 + 210 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 + 28 a^3 c d e^6) x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{8} (28 a c^3 d^6 e + 210 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^3 + 84 a^3 c d^2 e^5 + a^4 e^7) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} (4 a c^3 d^7 + 126 a^2 c^2 d^5 e^2 + 140 a^3 c d^3 e^4 + 7 a^4 d e^6) x^7 \\
& + \frac{7}{6} (6 a^2 c^2 d^6 e + 20 a^3 c d^4 e^3 + 3 a^4 d^2 e^5) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (6 a^2 c^2 d^7 + 84 a^3 c d^5 e^2 + 35 a^4 d^3 e^4) x^5 \\
& + \frac{7}{4} (4 a^3 c d^6 e + 5 a^4 d^4 e^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (4 a^3 c d^7 + 21 a^4 d^5 e^2) x^3
\end{aligned}$$



input `integrate((e*x+d)^7*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/16*c^4*e^7*x^{16} + 7/15*c^4*d*e^6*x^{15} + 1/14*(21*c^4*d^2*e^5 + 4*a*c^3*e \\ & ^7)*x^{14} + 7/13*(5*c^4*d^3*e^4 + 4*a*c^3*d*e^6)*x^{13} + 7/2*a^4*d^6*e*x^2 + \\ & 1/12*(35*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 84*a*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*e^7)*x^{12} + a^4*d^7*x \\ & + 7/11*(3*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 20*a*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d*e^6)*x^{11} + 1/10*( \\ & 7*c^4*d^6*e + 140*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 126*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 4*a^3*c*e^7)*x^{10} \\ & + 1/9*(c^4*d^7 + 84*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 210*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 28*a^3*c*d*e^6)* \\ & x^9 + 1/8*(28*a*c^3*d^6*e + 210*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 84*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 + a^4*e \\ & ^7)*x^8 + 1/7*(4*a*c^3*d^7 + 126*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 140*a^3*c*d^3*e^4 + 7*a \\ & ^4*d*e^6)*x^7 + 7/6*(6*a^2*c^2*d^6*e + 20*a^3*c*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^4*d^2*e^5)*x \\ & ^6 + 1/5*(6*a^2*c^2*d^7 + 84*a^3*c*d^5*e^2 + 35*a^4*d^3*e^4)*x^5 + 7/4*(4* \\ & a^3*c*d^6*e + 5*a^4*d^4*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(4*a^3*c*d^7 + 21*a^4*d^5*e^2)*x^3 \end{aligned}$$

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 547 vs.  $2(260) = 520$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 547, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d+ex)^7 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{16} c^4 e^7 x^{16} + \frac{7}{15} c^4 d e^6 x^{15} + \frac{3}{2} c^4 d^2 e^5 x^{14} + \frac{2}{7} a c^3 e^7 x^{14} \\ & + \frac{35}{13} c^4 d^3 e^4 x^{13} + \frac{28}{13} a c^3 d e^6 x^{13} + \frac{35}{12} c^4 d^4 e^3 x^{12} \\ & + 7 a c^3 d^2 e^5 x^{12} + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^7 x^{12} + \frac{21}{11} c^4 d^5 e^2 x^{11} \\ & + \frac{140}{11} a c^3 d^3 e^4 x^{11} + \frac{42}{11} a^2 c^2 d e^6 x^{11} + \frac{7}{10} c^4 d^6 e x^{10} \\ & + 14 a c^3 d^4 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{63}{5} a^2 c^2 d^2 e^5 x^{10} + \frac{2}{5} a^3 c e^7 x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} c^4 d^7 x^9 \\ & + \frac{28}{3} a c^3 d^5 e^2 x^9 + \frac{70}{3} a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 x^9 + \frac{28}{9} a^3 c d e^6 x^9 \\ & + \frac{7}{2} a c^3 d^6 e x^8 + \frac{105}{4} a^2 c^2 d^4 e^3 x^8 + \frac{21}{2} a^3 c d^2 e^5 x^8 + \frac{1}{8} a^4 e^7 x^8 \\ & + \frac{4}{7} a c^3 d^7 x^7 + 18 a^2 c^2 d^5 e^2 x^7 + 20 a^3 c d^3 e^4 x^7 + a^4 d e^6 x^7 \\ & + 7 a^2 c^2 d^6 e x^6 + \frac{70}{3} a^3 c d^4 e^3 x^6 + \frac{7}{2} a^4 d^2 e^5 x^6 + \frac{6}{5} a^2 c^2 d^7 x^5 \\ & + \frac{84}{5} a^3 c d^5 e^2 x^5 + 7 a^4 d^3 e^4 x^5 + 7 a^3 c d^6 e x^4 + \frac{35}{4} a^4 d^4 e^3 x^4 \\ & + \frac{4}{3} a^3 c d^7 x^3 + 7 a^4 d^5 e^2 x^3 + \frac{7}{2} a^4 d^6 e x^2 + a^4 d^7 x \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^7*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/16*c^4*e^7*x^16 + 7/15*c^4*d*e^6*x^15 + 3/2*c^4*d^2*e^5*x^14 + 2/7*a*c^3 \\ & *e^7*x^14 + 35/13*c^4*d^3*e^4*x^13 + 28/13*a*c^3*d*e^6*x^13 + 35/12*c^4*d^4 \\ & *e^3*x^12 + 7*a*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^12 + 1/2*a^2*c^2*e^7*x^12 + 21/11*c^4*d^5*e \\ & ^2*x^11 + 140/11*a*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^11 + 42/11*a^2*c^2*d*e^6*x^11 + 7/10*c^4*d^6 \\ & *e*x^10 + 14*a*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^10 + 63/5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^10 + 2/5*a^3*c \\ & *e^7*x^10 + 1/9*c^4*d^7*x^9 + 28/3*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*x^9 + 70/3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 \\ & *x^9 + 28/9*a^3*c*d*e^6*x^9 + 7/2*a*c^3*d^6*e*x^8 + 105/4*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 \\ & *x^8 + 21/2*a^3*c*d^2*e^5*x^8 + 1/8*a^4*e^7*x^8 + 4/7*a*c^3*d^7*x^7 + 18*a \\ & ^2*c^2*d^5*e^2*x^7 + 20*a^3*c*d^3*e^4*x^7 + a^4*d*e^6*x^7 + 7*a^2*c^2*d^6* \\ & e*x^6 + 70/3*a^3*c*d^4*e^3*x^6 + 7/2*a^4*d^2*e^5*x^6 + 6/5*a^2*c^2*d^7*x^5 \\ & + 84/5*a^3*c*d^5*e^2*x^5 + 7*a^4*d^3*e^4*x^5 + 7*a^3*c*d^6*e*x^4 + 35/4*a \\ & ^4*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 4/3*a^3*c*d^7*x^3 + 7*a^4*d^5*e^2*x^3 + 7/2*a^4*d^6*e*x^2 \\ & + a^4*d^7*x \end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^7 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & x^3 \left( 7a^4 d^5 e^2 + \frac{4ca^3 d^7}{3} \right) + x^{14} \left( \frac{3c^4 d^2 e^5}{2} + \frac{2ac^3 e^7}{7} \right) \\
& + x^7 \left( a^4 d e^6 + 20a^3 c d^3 e^4 + 18a^2 c^2 d^5 e^2 + \frac{4ac^3 d^7}{7} \right) \\
& + x^8 \left( \frac{a^4 e^7}{8} + \frac{21a^3 c d^2 e^5}{2} + \frac{105a^2 c^2 d^4 e^3}{4} + \frac{7ac^3 d^6 e}{2} \right) \\
& + x^9 \left( \frac{28a^3 c d e^6}{9} + \frac{70a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4}{3} + \frac{28ac^3 d^5 e^2}{3} + \frac{c^4 d^7}{9} \right) \\
& + x^{10} \left( \frac{2a^3 c e^7}{5} + \frac{63a^2 c^2 d^2 e^5}{5} + 14ac^3 d^4 e^3 + \frac{7c^4 d^6 e}{10} \right) \\
& + x^5 \left( 7a^4 d^3 e^4 + \frac{84a^3 c d^5 e^2}{5} + \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^7}{5} \right) \\
& + x^{12} \left( \frac{a^2 c^2 e^7}{2} + 7ac^3 d^2 e^5 + \frac{35c^4 d^4 e^3}{12} \right) \\
& + a^4 d^7 x + \frac{c^4 e^7 x^{16}}{16} + \frac{7a^4 d^6 e x^2}{2} + \frac{7c^4 d e^6 x^{15}}{15} \\
& + \frac{7a^3 d^4 e x^4 (4c d^2 + 5a e^2)}{4} + \frac{7c^3 d e^4 x^{13} (5c d^2 + 4a e^2)}{13} \\
& + \frac{7a^2 d^2 e x^6 (3a^2 e^4 + 20ac d^2 e^2 + 6c^2 d^4)}{6} \\
& + \frac{7c^2 d e^2 x^{11} (6a^2 e^4 + 20ac d^2 e^2 + 3c^2 d^4)}{11}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^4*(d + e*x)^7,x)`

output

```
x^3*((4*a^3*c*d^7)/3 + 7*a^4*d^5*e^2) + x^14*((2*a*c^3*e^7)/7 + (3*c^4*d^2
*e^5)/2) + x^7*((4*a*c^3*d^7)/7 + a^4*d*e^6 + 20*a^3*c*d^3*e^4 + 18*a^2*c^
2*d^5*e^2) + x^8*((a^4*e^7)/8 + (21*a^3*c*d^2*e^5)/2 + (105*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^
3)/4 + (7*a*c^3*d^6*e)/2) + x^9*((c^4*d^7)/9 + (28*a*c^3*d^5*e^2)/3 + (70*
a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4)/3 + (28*a^3*c*d*e^6)/9) + x^10*((2*a^3*c*e^7)/5 + (7*c^4*
d^6*e)/10 + 14*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + (63*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5)/5) + x^5*((6*a^2*c^2*d
^7)/5 + 7*a^4*d^3*e^4 + (84*a^3*c*d^5*e^2)/5) + x^12*((a^2*c^2*e^7)/2 + (3
5*c^4*d^4*e^3)/12 + 7*a*c^3*d^2*e^5) + a^4*d^7*x + (c^4*e^7*x^16)/16 + (7*
a^4*d^6*e*x^2)/2 + (7*c^4*d*e^6*x^15)/15 + (7*a^3*d^4*e*x^4*(5*a*e^2 + 4*c
*d^2))/4 + (7*c^3*d*e^4*x^13*(4*a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/13 + (7*a^2*d^2*e*x^6*(3
*a^2*e^4 + 6*c^2*d^4 + 20*a*c*d^2*e^2))/6 + (7*c^2*d*e^2*x^11*(6*a^2*e^4 +
3*c^2*d^4 + 20*a*c*d^2*e^2))/11
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 549, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int (d + ex)^7 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(45045c^4e^7x^{15} + 336336c^4de^6x^{14} + 205920ac^3e^7x^{13} + 1081080c^4d^2e^5x^{13} + 1552320ac^3de^6x^{12} + 194040c^4d^2e^5x^{11} + 1552320ac^3de^6x^{10} + 1081080c^4d^2e^5x^9 + 45045c^4e^7x^7 + 336336c^4de^6x^6 + 205920ac^3e^7x^5 + 1081080c^4d^2e^5x^4 + 1552320ac^3de^6x^3 + 194040c^4d^2e^5x^2 + 1552320ac^3de^6x + 194040c^4d^2e^5)}{11}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^7*(c*x^2+a)^4,x)
```

output

```
(x*(720720*a**4*d**7 + 2522520*a**4*d**6*e*x + 5045040*a**4*d**5*e**2*x**2
+ 6306300*a**4*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 5045040*a**4*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 2522520*a**
4*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 720720*a**4*d*e**6*x**6 + 90090*a**4*e**7*x**7 + 960960
*a**3*c*d**7*x**2 + 5045040*a**3*c*d**6*e*x**3 + 12108096*a**3*c*d**5*e**2
*x**4 + 16816800*a**3*c*d**4*e**3*x**5 + 14414400*a**3*c*d**3*e**4*x**6 +
7567560*a**3*c*d**2*e**5*x**7 + 2242240*a**3*c*d*e**6*x**8 + 288288*a**3*c
*e**7*x**9 + 864864*a**2*c**2*d**7*x**4 + 5045040*a**2*c**2*d**6*e*x**5 +
12972960*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**6 + 18918900*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**7 + 16
816800*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**8 + 9081072*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**9 + 27518
40*a**2*c**2*d*e**6*x**10 + 360360*a**2*c**2*e**7*x**11 + 411840*a*c**3*d*
*7*x**6 + 2522520*a*c**3*d**6*e*x**7 + 6726720*a*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**8 + 100
90080*a*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**9 + 9172800*a*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**10 + 5045040*a*c
**3*d**2*e**5*x**11 + 1552320*a*c**3*d*e**6*x**12 + 205920*a*c**3*e**7*x**
13 + 80080*c**4*d**7*x**8 + 504504*c**4*d**6*e*x**9 + 1375920*c**4*d**5*e
**2*x**10 + 2102100*c**4*d**4*e**3*x**11 + 1940400*c**4*d**3*e**4*x**12 + 1
081080*c**4*d**2*e**5*x**13 + 336336*c**4*d*e**6*x**14 + 45045*c**4*e**7*x
**15))/720720
```

### 3.90 $\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$

Optimal result	761
Mathematica [A] (verified)	762
Rubi [A] (verified)	762
Maple [A] (verified)	764
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	765
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	766
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	767
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	768
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	769
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	770

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 276

$$\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^4 (d + ex)^7}{7e^9} - \frac{cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^8}{e^9} + \frac{4c(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (7cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^9}{9e^9} - \frac{4c^2d(cd^2 + ae^2) (7cd^2 + 3ae^2) (d + ex)^{10}}{5e^9} + \frac{2c^2(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4) (d + ex)^{11}}{11e^9} - \frac{2c^3d(7cd^2 + 3ae^2) (d + ex)^{12}}{3e^9} + \frac{4c^3(7cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{13}}{13e^9} - \frac{4c^4d(d + ex)^{14}}{7e^9} + \frac{c^4(d + ex)^{15}}{15e^9}$$

output

```
1/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(e*x+d)^7/e^9-c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^8/e^9+4/9*c*
(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^9/e^9-4/5*c^2*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(3*a
*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^10/e^9+2/11*c^2*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4
)*(e*x+d)^11/e^9-2/3*c^3*d*(3*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^12/e^9+4/13*c^3*(a*e^
2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^13/e^9-4/7*c^4*d*(e*x+d)^14/e^9+1/15*c^4*(e*x+d)^15/e^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{6435a^4x(7d^6 + 21d^5ex + 35d^4e^2x^2 + 35d^3e^3x^3 + 21d^2e^4x^4 + 7de^5x^5 + e^6x^6) + 715a^3cx^3(84d^6 + 378d^5ex + 756d^4e^2x^2 + 840d^3e^3x^3 + 540d^2e^4x^4 + 189de^5x^5 + 28e^6x^6) + 117a^2c^2x^5(462d^6 + 2310d^5ex + 4950d^4e^2x^2 + 5775d^3e^3x^3 + 3850d^2e^4x^4 + 1386de^5x^5 + 210e^6x^6) + 15ac^3x^7(1716d^6 + 9009d^5ex + 20020d^4e^2x^2 + 24024d^3e^3x^3 + 16380d^2e^4x^4 + 6006de^5x^5 + 924e^6x^6) + c^4x^9(5005d^6 + 27027d^5ex + 61425d^4e^2x^2 + 75075d^3e^3x^3 + 51975d^2e^4x^4 + 19305de^5x^5 + 3003e^6x^6)}{45045}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^6*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output  $(6435*a^4*x*(7*d^6 + 21*d^5*e*x + 35*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 21*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 7*d*e^5*x^5 + e^6*x^6) + 715*a^3*c*x^3*(84*d^6 + 378*d^5*e*x + 756*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 840*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 540*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 189*d*e^5*x^5 + 28*e^6*x^6) + 117*a^2*c^2*x^5*(462*d^6 + 2310*d^5*e*x + 4950*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 5775*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 3850*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 1386*d*e^5*x^5 + 210*e^6*x^6) + 15*a*c^3*x^7*(1716*d^6 + 9009*d^5*e*x + 20020*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 24024*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 16380*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 6006*d*e^5*x^5 + 924*e^6*x^6) + c^4*x^9*(5005*d^6 + 27027*d^5*e*x + 61425*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 75075*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 51975*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 19305*d*e^5*x^5 + 3003*e^6*x^6))/45045$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^4 (d + ex)^6 dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{10} (3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{e^8} + \frac{4c^3(d + ex)^{12} (ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{e^8} - \frac{8c^3d(d + ex)^{11} (3ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{e^8} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{11}(3a^2e^4+30acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)}{11e^9} + \frac{4c^3(d+ex)^{13}(ae^2+7cd^2)}{13e^9} - \\
 & \frac{2c^3d(d+ex)^{12}(3ae^2+7cd^2)}{3e^9} - \frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^{10}(ae^2+cd^2)(3ae^2+7cd^2)}{5e^9} + \\
 & \frac{4c(d+ex)^9(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ae^2+7cd^2)}{9e^9} - \frac{cd(d+ex)^8(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{e^9} + \frac{(d+ex)^7(ae^2+cd^2)^4}{7e^9} + \\
 & \frac{c^4(d+ex)^{15}}{15e^9} - \frac{4c^4d(d+ex)^{14}}{7e^9}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^6*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^9) - (c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^8)/e^9 + (4*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^9) - (4*c^2*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^10)/(5*e^9) + (2*c^2*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*(d + e*x)^11)/(11*e^9) - (2*c^3*d*(7*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^12)/(3*e^9) + (4*c^3*(7*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^13)/(13*e^9) - (4*c^4*d*(d + e*x)^14)/(7*e^9) + (c^4*(d + e*x)^15)/(15*e^9)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
norman	$d^6 a^4 x + 3d^5 e a^4 x^2 + (5d^4 e^2 a^4 + \frac{4}{3}d^6 c a^3) x^3 + (5d^3 e^3 a^4 + 6d^5 e c a^3) x^4 + (3d^2 e^4 a^4 + 12d^4 e^2 c a^3) x^5 + (d e^5 a^4 + 40/3 d^3 e^3 c a^3 + 6d^5 e a^2 c^2) x^6 + (1/7 e^6 a^4 + 60/7 d^2 e^4 c a^3 + 90/7 d^4 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 4/7 d^6 a c^3) x^7 + (3a^3 c d e^5 + 15a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 + 3a c^3 d^5 e) x^8 + (4/9 e^6 c a^3 + 10d^2 e^4 a^2 c^2 + 20/3 d^4 e^2 a c^3 + 1/9 d^6 c^4) x^9 + (18/5 d e^5 a^2 c^2 + 8d^3 e^3 a c^3 + 3/5 d^5 e c^4) x^{10} + (6/11 e^6 a^2 c^2 + 60/11 d^2 e^4 a c^3 + 15/11 d^4 e^2 c^4) x^{11} + (2d e^5 a c^3 + 5/3 d^3 e^3 c^4) x^{12} + (4/13 e^6 a c^3 + 15/13 d^2 e^4 c^4) x^{13} + 3/7 d e^5 c^4 x^{14} + 1/15 e^6 c^4 x^{15}$
default	$\frac{e^6 c^4 x^{15}}{15} + \frac{3d e^5 c^4 x^{14}}{7} + \frac{(4e^6 a c^3 + 15d^2 e^4 c^4) x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(24d e^5 a c^3 + 20d^3 e^3 c^4) x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(6e^6 a^2 c^2 + 60d^2 e^4 a c^3 + 15d^4 e^2 c^4) x^{11}}{11}$
gosper	$\frac{6}{11} x^{11} e^6 a^2 c^2 + \frac{15}{11} x^{11} d^4 e^2 c^4 + 3x^5 d^2 e^4 a^4 + \frac{6}{5} x^5 d^6 a^2 c^2 + x^6 d e^5 a^4 + \frac{4}{7} x^7 d^6 a c^3 + 12x^5 d^4 e^2 c a^3$
risch	$\frac{6}{11} x^{11} e^6 a^2 c^2 + \frac{15}{11} x^{11} d^4 e^2 c^4 + 3x^5 d^2 e^4 a^4 + \frac{6}{5} x^5 d^6 a^2 c^2 + x^6 d e^5 a^4 + \frac{4}{7} x^7 d^6 a c^3 + 12x^5 d^4 e^2 c a^3$
paralelrisch	$\frac{6}{11} x^{11} e^6 a^2 c^2 + \frac{15}{11} x^{11} d^4 e^2 c^4 + 3x^5 d^2 e^4 a^4 + \frac{6}{5} x^5 d^6 a^2 c^2 + x^6 d e^5 a^4 + \frac{4}{7} x^7 d^6 a c^3 + 12x^5 d^4 e^2 c a^3$
orering	$\frac{x(3003e^6 c^4 x^{14} + 19305d e^5 c^4 x^{13} + 13860a c^3 e^6 x^{12} + 51975c^4 d^2 e^4 x^{12} + 90090a c^3 d e^5 x^{11} + 75075c^4 d^3 e^3 x^{11} + 24570a^2 c^2 e^6 x^{10} + 10507a^3 c d e^5 x^9 + 18180a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 x^9 + 3510a^3 c^2 d^5 e) x^8 + (4/9 e^6 c a^3 + 10d^2 e^4 a^2 c^2 + 20/3 d^4 e^2 a c^3 + 1/9 d^6 c^4) x^9 + (18/5 d e^5 a^2 c^2 + 8d^3 e^3 a c^3 + 3/5 d^5 e c^4) x^{10} + (6/11 e^6 a^2 c^2 + 60/11 d^2 e^4 a c^3 + 15/11 d^4 e^2 c^4) x^{11} + (2d e^5 a c^3 + 5/3 d^3 e^3 c^4) x^{12} + (4/13 e^6 a c^3 + 15/13 d^2 e^4 c^4) x^{13} + 3/7 d e^5 c^4 x^{14} + 1/15 e^6 c^4 x^{15}}$

input `int((e*x+d)^6*(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $d^6 a^4 x + 3d^5 e a^4 x^2 + (5d^4 e^2 a^4 + 4/3 d^6 c a^3) x^3 + (5a^4 d^3 e^3 + 6a^3 c d^5 e) x^4 + (3d^2 e^4 a^4 + 12d^4 e^2 c a^3 + 6/5 d^6 a^2 c^2) x^5 + (d e^5 a^4 + 40/3 d^3 e^3 c a^3 + 6d^5 e a^2 c^2) x^6 + (1/7 e^6 a^4 + 60/7 d^2 e^4 c a^3 + 90/7 d^4 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 4/7 d^6 a c^3) x^7 + (3a^3 c d e^5 + 15a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 + 3a c^3 d^5 e) x^8 + (4/9 e^6 c a^3 + 10d^2 e^4 a^2 c^2 + 20/3 d^4 e^2 a c^3 + 1/9 d^6 c^4) x^9 + (18/5 d e^5 a^2 c^2 + 8d^3 e^3 a c^3 + 3/5 d^5 e c^4) x^{10} + (6/11 e^6 a^2 c^2 + 60/11 d^2 e^4 a c^3 + 15/11 d^4 e^2 c^4) x^{11} + (2d e^5 a c^3 + 5/3 d^3 e^3 c^4) x^{12} + (4/13 e^6 a c^3 + 15/13 d^2 e^4 c^4) x^{13} + 3/7 d e^5 c^4 x^{14} + 1/15 e^6 c^4 x^{15}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{15} c^4 e^6 x^{15} + \frac{3}{7} c^4 d e^5 x^{14} + \frac{1}{13} (15 c^4 d^2 e^4 + 4 a c^3 e^6) x^{13} \\
& + \frac{1}{3} (5 c^4 d^3 e^3 + 6 a c^3 d e^5) x^{12} + 3 a^4 d^5 e x^2 \\
& + \frac{3}{11} (5 c^4 d^4 e^2 + 20 a c^3 d^2 e^4 + 2 a^2 c^2 e^6) x^{11} + a^4 d^6 x \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (3 c^4 d^5 e + 40 a c^3 d^3 e^3 + 18 a^2 c^2 d e^5) x^{10} \\
& + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^6 + 60 a c^3 d^4 e^2 + 90 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 + 4 a^3 c e^6) x^9 \\
& + 3 (a c^3 d^5 e + 5 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 + a^3 c d e^5) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} (4 a c^3 d^6 + 90 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 + 60 a^3 c d^2 e^4 + a^4 e^6) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{3} (18 a^2 c^2 d^5 e + 40 a^3 c d^3 e^3 + 3 a^4 d e^5) x^6 \\
& + \frac{3}{5} (2 a^2 c^2 d^6 + 20 a^3 c d^4 e^2 + 5 a^4 d^2 e^4) x^5 \\
& + (6 a^3 c d^5 e + 5 a^4 d^3 e^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (4 a^3 c d^6 + 15 a^4 d^4 e^2) x^3
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^6*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/15*c^4*e^6*x^15 + 3/7*c^4*d*e^5*x^14 + 1/13*(15*c^4*d^2*e^4 + 4*a*c^3*e^
6)*x^13 + 1/3*(5*c^4*d^3*e^3 + 6*a*c^3*d*e^5)*x^12 + 3*a^4*d^5*e*x^2 + 3/1
1*(5*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 20*a*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*e^6)*x^11 + a^4*d^6*x + 1/
5*(3*c^4*d^5*e + 40*a*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 18*a^2*c^2*d*e^5)*x^10 + 1/9*(c^4*d^6
+ 60*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 90*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*e^6)*x^9 + 3*(a*c^3*d^5*
e + 5*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^3*c*d*e^5)*x^8 + 1/7*(4*a*c^3*d^6 + 90*a^2*c^2*d
^4*e^2 + 60*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6)*x^7 + 1/3*(18*a^2*c^2*d^5*e + 40*a^3*
c*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^4*d*e^5)*x^6 + 3/5*(2*a^2*c^2*d^6 + 20*a^3*c*d^4*e^2 + 5*a
^4*d^2*e^4)*x^5 + (6*a^3*c*d^5*e + 5*a^4*d^3*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(4*a^3*c*d^6 +
15*a^4*d^4*e^2)*x^3

```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 486, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d+ex)^6 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = & a^4 d^6 x + 3a^4 d^5 ex^2 + \frac{3c^4 de^5 x^{14}}{7} + \frac{c^4 e^6 x^{15}}{15} + x^{13} \\
& \cdot \left( \frac{4ac^3 e^6}{13} + \frac{15c^4 d^2 e^4}{13} \right) + x^{12} \cdot \left( 2ac^3 de^5 + \frac{5c^4 d^3 e^3}{3} \right) \\
& + x^{11} \cdot \left( \frac{6a^2 c^2 e^6}{11} + \frac{60ac^3 d^2 e^4}{11} + \frac{15c^4 d^4 e^2}{11} \right) \\
& + x^{10} \cdot \left( \frac{18a^2 c^2 de^5}{5} + 8ac^3 d^3 e^3 + \frac{3c^4 d^5 e}{5} \right) + x^9 \\
& \cdot \left( \frac{4a^3 ce^6}{9} + 10a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 + \frac{20ac^3 d^4 e^2}{3} + \frac{c^4 d^6}{9} \right) \\
& + x^8 \cdot (3a^3 cde^5 + 15a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 + 3ac^3 d^5 e) \\
& + x^7 \left( \frac{a^4 e^6}{7} + \frac{60a^3 cd^2 e^4}{7} + \frac{90a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2}{7} + \frac{4ac^3 d^6}{7} \right) \\
& + x^6 \left( a^4 de^5 + \frac{40a^3 cd^3 e^3}{3} + 6a^2 c^2 d^5 e \right) + x^5 \\
& \cdot \left( 3a^4 d^2 e^4 + 12a^3 cd^4 e^2 + \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^6}{5} \right) + x^4 \\
& \cdot (5a^4 d^3 e^3 + 6a^3 cd^5 e) + x^3 \cdot \left( 5a^4 d^4 e^2 + \frac{4a^3 cd^6}{3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**6*(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`output

```

a**4*d**6*x + 3*a**4*d**5*e*x**2 + 3*c**4*d*e**5*x**14/7 + c**4*e**6*x**15
/15 + x**13*(4*a*c**3*e**6/13 + 15*c**4*d**2*e**4/13) + x**12*(2*a*c**3*d*
e**5 + 5*c**4*d**3*e**3/3) + x**11*(6*a**2*c**2*e**6/11 + 60*a*c**3*d**2*e
**4/11 + 15*c**4*d**4*e**2/11) + x**10*(18*a**2*c**2*d*e**5/5 + 8*a*c**3*d
**3*e**3 + 3*c**4*d**5*e/5) + x**9*(4*a**3*c*e**6/9 + 10*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*
*4 + 20*a*c**3*d**4*e**2/3 + c**4*d**6/9) + x**8*(3*a**3*c*d*e**5 + 15*a**
2*c**2*d**3*e**3 + 3*a*c**3*d**5*e) + x**7*(a**4*e**6/7 + 60*a**3*c*d**2*e
**4/7 + 90*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**2/7 + 4*a*c**3*d**6/7) + x**6*(a**4*d*e**5 +
40*a**3*c*d**3*e**3/3 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**5*e) + x**5*(3*a**4*d**2*e**4 + 12*
a**3*c*d**4*e**2 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**6/5) + x**4*(5*a**4*d**3*e**3 + 6*a**3*c
*d**5*e) + x**3*(5*a**4*d**4*e**2 + 4*a**3*c*d**6/3)

```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^6 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{15} c^4 e^6 x^{15} + \frac{3}{7} c^4 d e^5 x^{14} + \frac{1}{13} (15 c^4 d^2 e^4 + 4 a c^3 e^6) x^{13} \\
& + \frac{1}{3} (5 c^4 d^3 e^3 + 6 a c^3 d e^5) x^{12} + 3 a^4 d^5 e x^2 \\
& + \frac{3}{11} (5 c^4 d^4 e^2 + 20 a c^3 d^2 e^4 + 2 a^2 c^2 e^6) x^{11} + a^4 d^6 x \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (3 c^4 d^5 e + 40 a c^3 d^3 e^3 + 18 a^2 c^2 d e^5) x^{10} \\
& + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^6 + 60 a c^3 d^4 e^2 + 90 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 + 4 a^3 c e^6) x^9 \\
& + 3 (a c^3 d^5 e + 5 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 + a^3 c d e^5) x^8 \\
& + \frac{1}{7} (4 a c^3 d^6 + 90 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 + 60 a^3 c d^2 e^4 + a^4 e^6) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{3} (18 a^2 c^2 d^5 e + 40 a^3 c d^3 e^3 + 3 a^4 d e^5) x^6 \\
& + \frac{3}{5} (2 a^2 c^2 d^6 + 20 a^3 c d^4 e^2 + 5 a^4 d^2 e^4) x^5 \\
& + (6 a^3 c d^5 e + 5 a^4 d^3 e^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (4 a^3 c d^6 + 15 a^4 d^4 e^2) x^3
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/15*c^4*e^6*x^15 + 3/7*c^4*d*e^5*x^14 + 1/13*(15*c^4*d^2*e^4 + 4*a*c^3*e^
6)*x^13 + 1/3*(5*c^4*d^3*e^3 + 6*a*c^3*d*e^5)*x^12 + 3*a^4*d^5*e*x^2 + 3/1
1*(5*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 20*a*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*e^6)*x^11 + a^4*d^6*x + 1/
5*(3*c^4*d^5*e + 40*a*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 18*a^2*c^2*d*e^5)*x^10 + 1/9*(c^4*d^6
+ 60*a*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 90*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*e^6)*x^9 + 3*(a*c^3*d^5*
e + 5*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 + a^3*c*d*e^5)*x^8 + 1/7*(4*a*c^3*d^6 + 90*a^2*c^2*d
^4*e^2 + 60*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6)*x^7 + 1/3*(18*a^2*c^2*d^5*e + 40*a^3*
c*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^4*d*e^5)*x^6 + 3/5*(2*a^2*c^2*d^6 + 20*a^3*c*d^4*e^2 + 5*a
^4*d^2*e^4)*x^5 + (6*a^3*c*d^5*e + 5*a^4*d^3*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(4*a^3*c*d^6 +
15*a^4*d^4*e^2)*x^3

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d+ex)^6 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{15} c^4 e^6 x^{15} + \frac{3}{7} c^4 d e^5 x^{14} + \frac{15}{13} c^4 d^2 e^4 x^{13} + \frac{4}{13} a c^3 e^6 x^{13} \\
& + \frac{5}{3} c^4 d^3 e^3 x^{12} + 2 a c^3 d e^5 x^{12} + \frac{15}{11} c^4 d^4 e^2 x^{11} + \frac{60}{11} a c^3 d^2 e^4 x^{11} \\
& + \frac{6}{11} a^2 c^2 e^6 x^{11} + \frac{3}{5} c^4 d^5 e x^{10} + 8 a c^3 d^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{18}{5} a^2 c^2 d e^5 x^{10} \\
& + \frac{1}{9} c^4 d^6 x^9 + \frac{20}{3} a c^3 d^4 e^2 x^9 + 10 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 x^9 + \frac{4}{9} a^3 c e^6 x^9 \\
& + 3 a c^3 d^5 e x^8 + 15 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3 x^8 + 3 a^3 c d e^5 x^8 + \frac{4}{7} a c^3 d^6 x^7 \\
& + \frac{90}{7} a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 x^7 + \frac{60}{7} a^3 c d^2 e^4 x^7 + \frac{1}{7} a^4 e^6 x^7 \\
& + 6 a^2 c^2 d^5 e x^6 + \frac{40}{3} a^3 c d^3 e^3 x^6 + a^4 d e^5 x^6 + \frac{6}{5} a^2 c^2 d^6 x^5 \\
& + 12 a^3 c d^4 e^2 x^5 + 3 a^4 d^2 e^4 x^5 + 6 a^3 c d^5 e x^4 + 5 a^4 d^3 e^3 x^4 \\
& + \frac{4}{3} a^3 c d^6 x^3 + 5 a^4 d^4 e^2 x^3 + 3 a^4 d^5 e x^2 + a^4 d^6 x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/15*c^4*e^6*x^15 + 3/7*c^4*d*e^5*x^14 + 15/13*c^4*d^2*e^4*x^13 + 4/13*a*c
^3*e^6*x^13 + 5/3*c^4*d^3*e^3*x^12 + 2*a*c^3*d*e^5*x^12 + 15/11*c^4*d^4*e
^2*x^11 + 60/11*a*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^11 + 6/11*a^2*c^2*e^6*x^11 + 3/5*c^4*d^5*e
*x^10 + 8*a*c^3*d^3*e^3*x^10 + 18/5*a^2*c^2*d*e^5*x^10 + 1/9*c^4*d^6*x^9 +
20/3*a*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^9 + 10*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^9 + 4/9*a^3*c*e^6*x^9 + 3*a
c^3*d^5*e*x^8 + 15*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^8 + 3*a^3*c*d*e^5*x^8 + 4/7*a*c^3*d^6
*x^7 + 90/7*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2*x^7 + 60/7*a^3*c*d^2*e^4*x^7 + 1/7*a^4*e^6*x^7
+ 6*a^2*c^2*d^5*e*x^6 + 40/3*a^3*c*d^3*e^3*x^6 + a^4*d*e^5*x^6 + 6/5*a^2*
c^2*d^6*x^5 + 12*a^3*c*d^4*e^2*x^5 + 3*a^4*d^2*e^4*x^5 + 6*a^3*c*d^5*e*x^4
+ 5*a^4*d^3*e^3*x^4 + 4/3*a^3*c*d^6*x^3 + 5*a^4*d^4*e^2*x^3 + 3*a^4*d^5*
e*x^2 + a^4*d^6*x

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d+ex)^6 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = & x^7 \left( \frac{a^4 e^6}{7} + \frac{60 a^3 c d^2 e^4}{7} + \frac{90 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2}{7} + \frac{4 a c^3 d^6}{7} \right) \\
& + x^9 \left( \frac{4 a^3 c e^6}{9} + 10 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 + \frac{20 a c^3 d^4 e^2}{3} + \frac{c^4 d^6}{9} \right) \\
& + x^3 \left( 5 a^4 d^4 e^2 + \frac{4 c a^3 d^6}{3} \right) + x^{13} \left( \frac{15 c^4 d^2 e^4}{13} + \frac{4 a c^3 e^6}{13} \right) \\
& + x^5 \left( 3 a^4 d^2 e^4 + 12 a^3 c d^4 e^2 + \frac{6 a^2 c^2 d^6}{5} \right) \\
& + x^{11} \left( \frac{6 a^2 c^2 e^6}{11} + \frac{60 a c^3 d^2 e^4}{11} + \frac{15 c^4 d^4 e^2}{11} \right) \\
& + a^4 d^6 x + \frac{c^4 e^6 x^{15}}{15} + 3 a^4 d^5 e x^2 + \frac{3 c^4 d e^5 x^{14}}{7} \\
& + a^3 d^3 e x^4 (6 c d^2 + 5 a e^2) + \frac{c^3 d e^3 x^{12} (5 c d^2 + 6 a e^2)}{3} \\
& + \frac{a^2 d e x^6 (3 a^2 e^4 + 40 a c d^2 e^2 + 18 c^2 d^4)}{3} \\
& + \frac{c^2 d e x^{10} (18 a^2 e^4 + 40 a c d^2 e^2 + 3 c^2 d^4)}{5} \\
& + 3 a c d e x^8 (a^2 e^4 + 5 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^4*(d + e*x)^6,x)`output

```

x^7*((a^4*e^6)/7 + (4*a*c^3*d^6)/7 + (60*a^3*c*d^2*e^4)/7 + (90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2)/7) + x^9*((c^4*d^6)/9 + (4*a^3*c*e^6)/9 + (20*a*c^3*d^4*e^2)/3 + 10*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^4) + x^3*((4*a^3*c*d^6)/3 + 5*a^4*d^4*e^2) + x^13*((4*a*c^3*e^6)/13 + (15*c^4*d^2*e^4)/13) + x^5*((6*a^2*c^2*d^6)/5 + 3*a^4*d^2*e^4 + 12*a^3*c*d^4*e^2) + x^11*((6*a^2*c^2*e^6)/11 + (15*c^4*d^4*e^2)/11 + (60*a*c^3*d^2*e^4)/11) + a^4*d^6*x + (c^4*e^6*x^15)/15 + 3*a^4*d^5*e*x^2 + (3*c^4*d*e^5*x^14)/7 + a^3*d^3*e*x^4*(5*a*e^2 + 6*c*d^2) + (c^3*d*e^3*x^12*(6*a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/3 + (a^2*d*e*x^6*(3*a^2*e^4 + 18*c^2*d^4 + 40*a*c*d^2*e^2))/3 + (c^2*d*e*x^10*(18*a^2*e^4 + 3*c^2*d^4 + 40*a*c*d^2*e^2))/5 + 3*a*c*d*e*x^8*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2)

```



### 3.91 $\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 278

$$\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^4 (d + ex)^6}{6e^9} - \frac{8cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^7}{7e^9} + \frac{c(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (7cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^8}{2e^9} - \frac{8c^2d(cd^2 + ae^2) (7cd^2 + 3ae^2) (d + ex)^9}{9e^9} + \frac{c^2(35c^2d^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4) (d + ex)^{10}}{5e^9} - \frac{8c^3d(7cd^2 + 3ae^2) (d + ex)^{11}}{11e^9} + \frac{c^3(7cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{12}}{3e^9} - \frac{8c^4d(d + ex)^{13}}{13e^9} + \frac{c^4(d + ex)^{14}}{14e^9}$$

output

```
1/6*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*(e*x+d)^6/e^9-8/7*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^7/e^9+1/2*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^8/e^9-8/9*c^2*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^9/e^9+1/5*c^2*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*(e*x+d)^10/e^9-8/11*c^3*d*(3*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^11/e^9+1/3*c^3*(a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^12/e^9-8/13*c^4*d*(e*x+d)^13/e^9+1/14*c^4*(e*x+d)^14/e^9
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(15015a^4(6d^5 + 15d^4ex + 20d^3e^2x^2 + 15d^2e^3x^3 + 6de^4x^4 + e^5x^5) + 2145a^3cx^2(56d^5 + 210d^4ex + 336d^3e^2x^2 + 280d^2e^3x^3 + 120d^2e^4x^4 + 21e^5x^5) + 429a^2c^2x^4(252d^5 + 1050d^4ex + 1800d^3e^2x^2 + 1575d^2e^3x^3 + 700d^2e^4x^4 + 126e^5x^5) + 65a^2c^3x^6(792d^5 + 3465d^4ex + 6160d^3e^2x^2 + 5544d^2e^3x^3 + 2520d^2e^4x^4 + 462e^5x^5) + 5c^4x^8(2002d^5 + 9009d^4ex + 16380d^3e^2x^2 + 15015d^2e^3x^3 + 6930d^2e^4x^4 + 1287e^5x^5))}{90090}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^5*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(x*(15015*a^4*(6*d^5 + 15*d^4*e*x + 20*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 15*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 6*d*e^4*x^4 + e^5*x^5) + 2145*a^3*c*x^2*(56*d^5 + 210*d^4*e*x + 336*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 280*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 120*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 21*e^5*x^5) + 429*a^2*c^2*x^4*(252*d^5 + 1050*d^4*e*x + 1800*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 1575*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 700*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 126*e^5*x^5) + 65*a^2*c^3*x^6*(792*d^5 + 3465*d^4*e*x + 6160*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 5544*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 2520*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 462*e^5*x^5) + 5*c^4*x^8*(2002*d^5 + 9009*d^4*e*x + 16380*d^3*e^2*x^2 + 15015*d^2*e^3*x^3 + 6930*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 1287*e^5*x^5)))/90090`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^4 (d + ex)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^9 (3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{e^8} + \frac{4c^3(d + ex)^{11} (ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{e^8} - \frac{8c^3d(d + ex)^{10} (3ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{e^8} + \dots \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c^2(d+ex)^{10}(3a^2e^4+30acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)}{5e^9} + \frac{c^3(d+ex)^{12}(ae^2+7cd^2)}{3e^9} - \frac{8c^3d(d+ex)^{11}(3ae^2+7cd^2)}{11e^9} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^9(ae^2+cd^2)(3ae^2+7cd^2)}{9e^9} + \frac{c(d+ex)^8(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ae^2+7cd^2)}{2e^9} - \frac{8cd(d+ex)^7(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{14e^9} + \frac{(d+ex)^6(ae^2+cd^2)^4}{6e^9} + \frac{c^4(d+ex)^{14}}{13e^9} - \frac{8c^4d(d+ex)^{13}}{13e^9}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^5*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output `((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4*(d + e*x)^6)/(6*e^9) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^9) + (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^8)/(2*e^9) - (8*c^2*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^9)/(9*e^9) + (c^2*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*(d + e*x)^10)/(5*e^9) - (8*c^3*d*(7*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^11)/(11*e^9) + (c^3*(7*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^12)/(3*e^9) - (8*c^4*d*(d + e*x)^13)/(13*e^9) + (c^4*(d + e*x)^14)/(14*e^9)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
norman	$d^5 a^4 x + \frac{5d^4 e a^4 x^2}{2} + \left(\frac{10}{3}d^3 e^2 a^4 + \frac{4}{3}d^5 c a^3\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{5}{2}d^2 e^3 a^4 + 5d^4 e c a^3\right) x^4 + (d e^4 a^4 + 8d^3 e^2 c a^3) x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{6}e^5 a^4 + \frac{20}{3}d^2 e^3 c a^3 + 6d^4 e^2 c^2\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{1}{7}d^3 e^2 a^2 c^2 + \frac{4}{7}d^5 a^4 c^3\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{2}e^5 c a^3 + \frac{15}{2}d^2 e^3 a^2 c^2 + \frac{5}{2}d^4 e^2 a^4 c^3\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{10}{3}d^4 e^4 a^2 c^2 + \frac{40}{9}d^3 e^2 a^4 c^3 + \frac{1}{9}d^5 c^4\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{3}{5}e^5 a^2 c^2 + 4d^2 e^3 a^4 c^3 + \frac{1}{2}d^4 e^2 c^4\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{20}{11}d^4 e^4 a^3 c^3 + \frac{10}{11}d^3 e^2 c^4\right) x^{11} + \left(\frac{1}{3}e^5 a^4 c^3 + \frac{5}{6}d^2 e^3 c^4\right) x^{12} + \frac{5}{13}d^4 e^4 c^4 x^{13} + \frac{1}{14}e^5 c^4 x^{14}$
default	$\frac{e^5 c^4 x^{14}}{14} + \frac{5d e^4 c^4 x^{13}}{13} + \frac{(4e^5 a^4 c^3 + 10d^2 e^3 c^4) x^{12}}{12} + \frac{(20d e^4 a^4 c^3 + 10d^3 e^2 c^4) x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(6e^5 a^2 c^2 + 40d^2 e^3 a^4 c^3 + 5d^4 e^2 c^4) x^{10}}{10}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{2}x^{10}d^4 e c^4 + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}d^3 e^2 c^4 + 5x^4 d^4 e c a^3 + 8x^5 d^3 e^2 c a^3 + \frac{20}{3}x^6 d^2 e^3 c a^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^{12}e^5 a^4 c^3 + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}d^2 e^3 c^2$
risch	$\frac{1}{2}x^{10}d^4 e c^4 + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}d^3 e^2 c^4 + 5x^4 d^4 e c a^3 + 8x^5 d^3 e^2 c a^3 + \frac{20}{3}x^6 d^2 e^3 c a^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^{12}e^5 a^4 c^3 + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}d^2 e^3 c^2$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{2}x^{10}d^4 e c^4 + \frac{10}{11}x^{11}d^3 e^2 c^4 + 5x^4 d^4 e c a^3 + 8x^5 d^3 e^2 c a^3 + \frac{20}{3}x^6 d^2 e^3 c a^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^{12}e^5 a^4 c^3 + \frac{5}{6}x^{12}d^2 e^3 c^2$
orering	$x(6435e^5 c^4 x^{13} + 34650d e^4 c^4 x^{12} + 30030a^4 c^3 e^5 x^{11} + 75075c^4 d^2 e^3 x^{11} + 163800a^4 c^3 d e^4 x^{10} + 81900c^4 d^3 e^2 x^{10} + 54054a^2 c^2 e^5 x^9 + \dots)$

input `int((e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $d^5 a^4 x + 5/2 d^4 e a^4 x^2 + (10/3 d^3 e^2 a^4 + 4/3 d^5 c a^3) x^3 + (5/2 d^2 e^3 a^4 + 5 d^4 e c a^3) x^4 + (d e^4 a^4 + 8 d^3 e^2 c a^3) x^5 + (1/6 e^5 a^4 + 20/3 d^2 e^3 c a^3 + 6 d^4 e^2 c^2) x^6 + (1/7 d^3 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 4/7 d^5 a^4 c^3) x^7 + (1/2 e^5 c a^3 + 15/2 d^2 e^3 a^2 c^2 + 5/2 d^4 e^2 a^4 c^3) x^8 + (10/3 d^4 e^4 a^2 c^2 + 40/9 d^3 e^2 a^4 c^3 + 1/9 d^5 c^4) x^9 + (3/5 e^5 a^2 c^2 + 4 d^2 e^3 a^4 c^3 + 1/2 d^4 e^2 c^4) x^{10} + (20/11 d^4 e^4 a^3 c^3 + 10/11 d^3 e^2 c^4) x^{11} + (1/3 e^5 a^4 c^3 + 5/6 d^2 e^3 c^4) x^{12} + 5/13 d^4 e^4 c^4 x^{13} + 1/14 e^5 c^4 x^{14}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{14} c^4 e^5 x^{14} + \frac{5}{13} c^4 d e^4 x^{13} + \frac{1}{6} (5 c^4 d^2 e^3 + 2 a c^3 e^5) x^{12} \\
& + \frac{10}{11} (c^4 d^3 e^2 + 2 a c^3 d e^4) x^{11} + \frac{5}{2} a^4 d^4 e x^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{10} (5 c^4 d^4 e + 40 a c^3 d^2 e^3 + 6 a^2 c^2 e^5) x^{10} \\
& + a^4 d^5 x + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^5 + 40 a c^3 d^3 e^2 + 30 a^2 c^2 d e^4) x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} (5 a c^3 d^4 e + 15 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3 + a^3 c e^5) x^8 \\
& + \frac{4}{7} (a c^3 d^5 + 15 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 + 5 a^3 c d e^4) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} (30 a^2 c^2 d^4 e + 40 a^3 c d^2 e^3 + a^4 e^5) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (6 a^2 c^2 d^5 + 40 a^3 c d^3 e^2 + 5 a^4 d e^4) x^5 \\
& + \frac{5}{2} (2 a^3 c d^4 e + a^4 d^2 e^3) x^4 + \frac{2}{3} (2 a^3 c d^5 + 5 a^4 d^3 e^2) x^3
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/14*c^4*e^5*x^14 + 5/13*c^4*d*e^4*x^13 + 1/6*(5*c^4*d^2*e^3 + 2*a*c^3*e^5)
*x^12 + 10/11*(c^4*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c^3*d*e^4)*x^11 + 5/2*a^4*d^4*e*x^2 + 1/
10*(5*c^4*d^4*e + 40*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*e^5)*x^10 + a^4*d^5*x + 1/9
*(c^4*d^5 + 40*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 30*a^2*c^2*d*e^4)*x^9 + 1/2*(5*a*c^3*d^4*e
+ 15*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^3*c*e^5)*x^8 + 4/7*(a*c^3*d^5 + 15*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^
2 + 5*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x^7 + 1/6*(30*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 40*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^
5)*x^6 + 1/5*(6*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 40*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^4*d*e^4)*x^5 + 5/2*(2
*a^3*c*d^4*e + a^4*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 2/3*(2*a^3*c*d^5 + 5*a^4*d^3*e^2)*x^3
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & a^4 d^5 x + \frac{5a^4 d^4 ex^2}{2} + \frac{5c^4 d^4 x^{13}}{13} + \frac{c^4 e^5 x^{14}}{14} \\
& + x^{12} \left( \frac{ac^3 e^5}{3} + \frac{5c^4 d^2 e^3}{6} \right) + x^{11} \cdot \left( \frac{20ac^3 de^4}{11} + \frac{10c^4 d^3 e^2}{11} \right) \\
& + x^{10} \cdot \left( \frac{3a^2 c^2 e^5}{5} + 4ac^3 d^2 e^3 + \frac{c^4 d^4 e}{2} \right) \\
& + x^9 \cdot \left( \frac{10a^2 c^2 de^4}{3} + \frac{40ac^3 d^3 e^2}{9} + \frac{c^4 d^5}{9} \right) \\
& + x^8 \left( \frac{a^3 ce^5}{2} + \frac{15a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3}{2} + \frac{5ac^3 d^4 e}{2} \right) \\
& + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{20a^3 cde^4}{7} + \frac{60a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2}{7} + \frac{4ac^3 d^5}{7} \right) \\
& + x^6 \left( \frac{a^4 e^5}{6} + \frac{20a^3 cd^2 e^3}{3} + 5a^2 c^2 d^4 e \right) \\
& + x^5 \left( a^4 de^4 + 8a^3 cd^3 e^2 + \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^5}{5} \right) + x^4 \\
& \cdot \left( \frac{5a^4 d^2 e^3}{2} + 5a^3 cd^4 e \right) + x^3 \cdot \left( \frac{10a^4 d^3 e^2}{3} + \frac{4a^3 cd^5}{3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**5*(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`output

```

a**4*d**5*x + 5*a**4*d**4*e*x**2/2 + 5*c**4*d**4*x**13/13 + c**4*e**5*x**14/14 + x**12*(a*c**3*e**5/3 + 5*c**4*d**2*e**3/6) + x**11*(20*a*c**3*d**e**4/11 + 10*c**4*d**3*e**2/11) + x**10*(3*a**2*c**2*e**5/5 + 4*a*c**3*d**2*e**3 + c**4*d**4*e/2) + x**9*(10*a**2*c**2*d**e**4/3 + 40*a*c**3*d**3*e**2/9 + c**4*d**5/9) + x**8*(a**3*c*e**5/2 + 15*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**3/2 + 5*a*c**3*d**4*e/2) + x**7*(20*a**3*c*d**e**4/7 + 60*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**2/7 + 4*a*c**3*d**5/7) + x**6*(a**4*e**5/6 + 20*a**3*c*d**2*e**3/3 + 5*a**2*c**2*d**4*e) + x**5*(a**4*d**e**4 + 8*a**3*c*d**3*e**2 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**5/5) + x**4*(5*a**4*d**2*e**3/2 + 5*a**3*c*d**4*e) + x**3*(10*a**4*d**3*e**2/3 + 4*a**3*c*d**5/3)

```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{14} c^4 e^5 x^{14} + \frac{5}{13} c^4 d e^4 x^{13} + \frac{1}{6} (5 c^4 d^2 e^3 + 2 a c^3 e^5) x^{12} \\
& + \frac{10}{11} (c^4 d^3 e^2 + 2 a c^3 d e^4) x^{11} + \frac{5}{2} a^4 d^4 e x^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{10} (5 c^4 d^4 e + 40 a c^3 d^2 e^3 + 6 a^2 c^2 e^5) x^{10} \\
& + a^4 d^5 x + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^5 + 40 a c^3 d^3 e^2 + 30 a^2 c^2 d e^4) x^9 \\
& + \frac{1}{2} (5 a c^3 d^4 e + 15 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3 + a^3 c e^5) x^8 \\
& + \frac{4}{7} (a c^3 d^5 + 15 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 + 5 a^3 c d e^4) x^7 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} (30 a^2 c^2 d^4 e + 40 a^3 c d^2 e^3 + a^4 e^5) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (6 a^2 c^2 d^5 + 40 a^3 c d^3 e^2 + 5 a^4 d e^4) x^5 \\
& + \frac{5}{2} (2 a^3 c d^4 e + a^4 d^2 e^3) x^4 + \frac{2}{3} (2 a^3 c d^5 + 5 a^4 d^3 e^2) x^3
\end{aligned}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/14*c^4*e^5*x^14 + 5/13*c^4*d*e^4*x^13 + 1/6*(5*c^4*d^2*e^3 + 2*a*c^3*e^5)
*x^12 + 10/11*(c^4*d^3*e^2 + 2*a*c^3*d*e^4)*x^11 + 5/2*a^4*d^4*e*x^2 + 1/
10*(5*c^4*d^4*e + 40*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*e^5)*x^10 + a^4*d^5*x + 1/9
*(c^4*d^5 + 40*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 30*a^2*c^2*d*e^4)*x^9 + 1/2*(5*a*c^3*d^4*e
+ 15*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^3*c*e^5)*x^8 + 4/7*(a*c^3*d^5 + 15*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^
2 + 5*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x^7 + 1/6*(30*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 40*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^
5)*x^6 + 1/5*(6*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 40*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^4*d*e^4)*x^5 + 5/2*(2
*a^3*c*d^4*e + a^4*d^2*e^3)*x^4 + 2/3*(2*a^3*c*d^5 + 5*a^4*d^3*e^2)*x^3
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d+ex)^5 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{14} c^4 e^5 x^{14} + \frac{5}{13} c^4 d e^4 x^{13} + \frac{5}{6} c^4 d^2 e^3 x^{12} + \frac{1}{3} a c^3 e^5 x^{12} \\
& + \frac{10}{11} c^4 d^3 e^2 x^{11} + \frac{20}{11} a c^3 d e^4 x^{11} + \frac{1}{2} c^4 d^4 e x^{10} + 4 a c^3 d^2 e^3 x^{10} \\
& + \frac{3}{5} a^2 c^2 e^5 x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} c^4 d^5 x^9 + \frac{40}{9} a c^3 d^3 e^2 x^9 + \frac{10}{3} a^2 c^2 d e^4 x^9 \\
& + \frac{5}{2} a c^3 d^4 e x^8 + \frac{15}{2} a^2 c^2 d^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{2} a^3 c e^5 x^8 + \frac{4}{7} a c^3 d^5 x^7 \\
& + \frac{60}{7} a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 x^7 + \frac{20}{7} a^3 c d e^4 x^7 + 5 a^2 c^2 d^4 e x^6 + \frac{20}{3} a^3 c d^2 e^3 x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} a^4 e^5 x^6 + \frac{6}{5} a^2 c^2 d^5 x^5 + 8 a^3 c d^3 e^2 x^5 + a^4 d e^4 x^5 + 5 a^3 c d^4 e x^4 \\
& + \frac{5}{2} a^4 d^2 e^3 x^4 + \frac{4}{3} a^3 c d^5 x^3 + \frac{10}{3} a^4 d^3 e^2 x^3 + \frac{5}{2} a^4 d^4 e x^2 + a^4 d^5 x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/14*c^4*e^5*x^14 + 5/13*c^4*d*e^4*x^13 + 5/6*c^4*d^2*e^3*x^12 + 1/3*a*c^3*e^5*x^12 + 10/11*c^4*d^3*e^2*x^11 + 20/11*a*c^3*d*e^4*x^11 + 1/2*c^4*d^4*e*x^10 + 4*a*c^3*d^2*e^3*x^10 + 3/5*a^2*c^2*e^5*x^10 + 1/9*c^4*d^5*x^9 + 40/9*a*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^9 + 10/3*a^2*c^2*d*e^4*x^9 + 5/2*a*c^3*d^4*e*x^8 + 15/2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^8 + 1/2*a^3*c*e^5*x^8 + 4/7*a*c^3*d^5*x^7 + 60/7*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2*x^7 + 20/7*a^3*c*d*e^4*x^7 + 5*a^2*c^2*d^4*e*x^6 + 20/3*a^3*c*d^2*e^3*x^6 + 1/6*a^4*e^5*x^6 + 6/5*a^2*c^2*d^5*x^5 + 8*a^3*c*d^3*e^2*x^5 + a^4*d*e^4*x^5 + 5*a^3*c*d^4*e*x^4 + 5/2*a^4*d^2*e^3*x^4 + 4/3*a^3*c*d^5*x^3 + 10/3*a^4*d^3*e^2*x^3 + 5/2*a^4*d^4*e*x^2 + a^4*d^5*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & x^3 \left( \frac{10a^4 d^3 e^2}{3} + \frac{4ca^3 d^5}{3} \right) + x^{12} \left( \frac{5c^4 d^2 e^3}{6} + \frac{ac^3 e^5}{3} \right) \\
& + x^5 \left( a^4 d e^4 + 8a^3 c d^3 e^2 + \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^5}{5} \right) \\
& + x^6 \left( \frac{a^4 e^5}{6} + \frac{20a^3 c d^2 e^3}{3} + 5a^2 c^2 d^4 e \right) \\
& + x^9 \left( \frac{10a^2 c^2 d e^4}{3} + \frac{40ac^3 d^3 e^2}{9} + \frac{c^4 d^5}{9} \right) \\
& + x^{10} \left( \frac{3a^2 c^2 e^5}{5} + 4ac^3 d^2 e^3 + \frac{c^4 d^4 e}{2} \right) \\
& + a^4 d^5 x + \frac{c^4 e^5 x^{14}}{14} + \frac{5a^4 d^4 e x^2}{2} + \frac{5c^4 d e^4 x^{13}}{13} \\
& + \frac{4acd x^7 (5a^2 e^4 + 15acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{7} \\
& + \frac{ace x^8 (a^2 e^4 + 15acd^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)}{2} \\
& + \frac{5a^3 d^2 e x^4 (2cd^2 + ae^2)}{2} + \frac{10c^3 d e^2 x^{11} (cd^2 + 2ae^2)}{11}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^4*(d + e*x)^5,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& x^3 * ((4*a^3*c*d^5)/3 + (10*a^4*d^3*e^2)/3) + x^{12} * ((a*c^3*e^5)/3 + (5*c^4*d^2*e^3)/6) \\
& + x^5 * (a^4*d*e^4 + (6*a^2*c^2*d^5)/5 + 8*a^3*c*d^3*e^2) + x^6 * ((a^4*e^5)/6 + 5*a^2*c^2*d^4*e \\
& + (20*a^3*c*d^2*e^3)/3) + x^9 * ((c^4*d^5)/9 + (40*a*c^3*d^3*e^2)/9 + (10*a^2*c^2*d*e^4)/3) \\
& + x^{10} * ((c^4*d^4*e)/2 + (3*a^2*c^2*e^5)/5 + 4*a*c^3*d^2*e^3) + a^4*d^5*x + (c^4*e^5*x^{14})/14 + (5*a^4*d^4*e*x^2)/2 \\
& + (5*c^4*d*e^4*x^{13})/13 + (4*a*c*d*x^7*(5*a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 15*a*c*d^2*e^2))/7 \\
& + (a*c*e*x^8*(a^2*e^4 + 5*c^2*d^4 + 15*a*c*d^2*e^2))/2 + (5*a^3*d^2*e*x^4*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/2 \\
& + (10*c^3*d*e^2*x^{11}*(2*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/11
\end{aligned}$$



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (d + ex)^5 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(6435c^4e^5x^{13} + 34650c^4de^4x^{12} + 30030ac^3e^5x^{11} + 75075c^4d^2e^3x^{11} + 163800ac^3de^4x^{10} + 81900c^4d^3e^2x^9 + 30030ac^3d^2e^3x^9 + 15015c^4d^2e^4x^8 + 120120a^2c^3d^2e^5x^7 + 450450a^2c^3d^2e^3x^7 + 720720a^2c^3d^2e^4x^6 + 600600a^2c^3d^2e^5x^5 + 257400a^2c^3d^2e^3x^5 + 450450a^2c^3d^2e^4x^4 + 108108a^2c^3d^2e^5x^3 + 450450a^2c^3d^2e^3x^3 + 772200a^2c^3d^2e^4x^2 + 675675a^2c^3d^2e^5x^1 + 300300a^2c^3d^2e^3x^1 + 54054a^2c^3d^2e^4x^0 + 51480a^2c^3d^2e^5x^0 + 225225a^2c^3d^2e^3x^0 + 400400a^2c^3d^2e^4x^0 + 360360a^2c^3d^2e^5x^0 + 163800a^2c^3d^2e^3x^0 + 30030a^2c^3d^2e^4x^0 + 10010a^2c^3d^2e^5x^0 + 45045c^4d^2e^3x^0 + 81900c^4d^2e^4x^0 + 75075c^4d^2e^5x^0 + 34650c^4d^2e^3x^0 + 6435c^4d^2e^4x^0 + 6435c^4d^2e^5x^0)}{90090}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^5*(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`output `(x*(90090*a**4*d**5 + 225225*a**4*d**4*e*x + 300300*a**4*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 225225*a**4*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 90090*a**4*d*e**4*x**4 + 15015*a**4*e**5*x**5 + 120120*a**3*c*d**5*x**2 + 450450*a**3*c*d**4*e*x**3 + 720720*a**3*c*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 600600*a**3*c*d**2*e**3*x**5 + 257400*a**3*c*d*e**4*x**6 + 45045*a**3*c*e**5*x**7 + 108108*a**2*c**2*d**5*x**4 + 450450*a**2*c**2*d**4*e*x**5 + 772200*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**6 + 675675*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**7 + 300300*a**2*c**2*d*e**4*x**8 + 54054*a**2*c**2*e**5*x**9 + 51480*a*c**3*d**5*x**6 + 225225*a*c**3*d**4*e*x**7 + 400400*a*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**8 + 360360*a*c**3*d**2*e**3*x**9 + 163800*a*c**3*d*e**4*x**10 + 30030*a*c**3*e**5*x**11 + 10010*c**4*d**5*x**8 + 45045*c**4*d**4*e*x**9 + 81900*c**4*d**3*e**2*x**10 + 75075*c**4*d**2*e**3*x**11 + 34650*c**4*d*e**4*x**12 + 6435*c**4*e**5*x**13))/90090`

### 3.92 $\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$

Optimal result	781
Mathematica [A] (verified)	782
Rubi [A] (verified)	782
Maple [A] (verified)	784
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	785
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	786
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	787
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	788
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	789
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	789

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 270

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & a^4 d^4 x + \frac{2}{3} a^3 d^2 (2cd^2 + 3ae^2) x^3 + a^4 d e^3 x^4 \\
 & + \frac{1}{5} a^2 (6c^2 d^4 + 24acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) x^5 \\
 & + \frac{8}{3} a^3 c d e^3 x^6 + \frac{4}{7} ac (c^2 d^4 + 9acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) x^7 \\
 & + 3a^2 c^2 d e^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{9} c^2 (c^2 d^4 + 24acd^2 e^2 + 6a^2 e^4) x^9 \\
 & + \frac{8}{5} ac^3 d e^3 x^{10} + \frac{2}{11} c^3 e^2 (3cd^2 + 2ae^2) x^{11} \\
 & + \frac{1}{3} c^4 d e^3 x^{12} + \frac{1}{13} c^4 e^4 x^{13} + \frac{2d^3 e (a + cx^2)^5}{5c}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```

a^4*d^4*x+2/3*a^3*d^2*(3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^3+a^4*d*e^3*x^4+1/5*a^2*(a^2*e^4
+24*a*c*d^2*e^2+6*c^2*d^4)*x^5+8/3*a^3*c*d*e^3*x^6+4/7*a*c*(a^2*e^4+9*a*c*
d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x^7+3*a^2*c^2*d*e^3*x^8+1/9*c^2*(6*a^2*e^4+24*a*c*d^2*e^2
+c^2*d^4)*x^9+8/5*a*c^3*d*e^3*x^10+2/11*c^3*e^2*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x^11+1/3
*c^4*d*e^3*x^12+1/13*c^4*e^4*x^13+2/5*d^3*e*(c*x^2+a)^5/c

```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = a^4 d^4 x + 2a^4 d^3 ex^2 + \frac{2}{3} a^3 d^2 (2cd^2 + 3ae^2) x^3 + a^3 de (4cd^2 + ae^2) x^4 + \frac{1}{5} a^2 (6c^2 d^4 + 24acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) x^5 + \frac{4}{3} a^2 cde (3cd^2 + 2ae^2) x^6 + \frac{4}{7} ac (c^2 d^4 + 9acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) x^7 + ac^2 de (2cd^2 + 3ae^2) x^8 + \frac{1}{9} c^2 (c^2 d^4 + 24acd^2 e^2 + 6a^2 e^4) x^9 + \frac{2}{5} c^3 de (cd^2 + 4ae^2) x^{10} + \frac{2}{11} c^3 e^2 (3cd^2 + 2ae^2) x^{11} + \frac{1}{3} c^4 de^3 x^{12} + \frac{1}{13} c^4 e^4 x^{13}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
a^4*d^4*x + 2*a^4*d^3*e*x^2 + (2*a^3*d^2*(2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^3)/3 + a^3*d*e*(4*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^4 + (a^2*(6*c^2*d^4 + 24*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^5)/5 + (4*a^2*c*d*e*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x^6)/3 + (4*a*c*(c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^7)/7 + a*c^2*d*e*(2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^8 + (c^2*(c^2*d^4 + 24*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 6*a^2*e^4)*x^9)/9 + (2*c^3*d*e*(c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2)*x^10)/5 + (2*c^3*e^2*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x^11)/11 + (c^4*d*e^3*x^12)/3 + (c^4*e^4*x^13)/13
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {475, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^4 (d + ex)^4 dx$$

↓ 475

$$\int (c^4 e^4 x^{12} + 4c^4 d e^3 x^{11} + 2c^3 e^2 (3cd^2 + 2ae^2) x^{10} + 16ac^3 d e^3 x^9 + c^2 (c^2 d^4 + 24ace^2 d^2 + 6a^2 e^4) x^8 + 24a^2 c^2 d e^3 x^7 + 12a^2 c d^2 e^2 x^6 + 2a^2 c^2 d^2 e x^5 + 2a^2 c^2 d^2 x^4 + 2a^2 c^2 d^2 x^3 + 2a^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 2a^2 c^2 d^2 x + 2a^2 c^2 d^2) \frac{2d^3 e (a + cx^2)^5}{5c}$$

↓ 2009

$$a^4 d^4 x + a^4 d e^3 x^4 + \frac{2}{3} a^3 d^2 x^3 (3ae^2 + 2cd^2) + \frac{8}{3} a^3 c d e^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{9} c^2 x^9 (6a^2 e^4 + 24acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) + \frac{4}{7} a c x^7 (a^2 e^4 + 9acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) + \frac{1}{5} a^2 x^5 (a^2 e^4 + 24acd^2 e^2 + 6c^2 d^4) + 3a^2 c^2 d e^3 x^8 + \frac{2}{11} c^3 e^2 x^{11} (2ae^2 + 3cd^2) + \frac{8}{5} ac^3 d e^3 x^{10} + \frac{2d^3 e (a + cx^2)^5}{5c} + \frac{1}{3} c^4 d e^3 x^{12} + \frac{1}{13} c^4 e^4 x^{13}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^4*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
a^4*d^4*x + (2*a^3*d^2*(2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^3)/3 + a^4*d*e^3*x^4 + (a^2*(6*c^2*d^4 + 24*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^5)/5 + (8*a^3*c*d*e^3*x^6)/3 + (4*a*c*(c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x^7)/7 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*e^3*x^8 + (c^2*(c^2*d^4 + 24*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 6*a^2*e^4)*x^9)/9 + (8*a*c^3*d*e^3*x^10)/5 + (2*c^3*e^2*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x^11)/11 + (c^4*d*e^3*x^12)/3 + (c^4*e^4*x^13)/13 + (2*d^3*e*(a + c*x^2)^5)/(5*c)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 475

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*n*c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Int[ExpandIntegrand[((c + d*x)^n - d*n*c^(n - 1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LeQ[n, p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
norman	$\frac{c^4 e^4 x^{13}}{13} + \frac{c^4 d e^3 x^{12}}{3} + \left(\frac{4}{11} e^4 a c^3 + \frac{6}{11} d^2 e^2 c^4\right) x^{11} + \left(\frac{8}{5} d e^3 a c^3 + \frac{2}{5} d^3 e c^4\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{2}{3} e^4 a^2 c^2 + \frac{8}{3} d^2 e^2 a c^3\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{2}{3} a^2 c^2 d e^3 + \frac{8}{3} d^3 e^2 a c^3\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{2}{5} e^4 a^3 c + \frac{8}{5} d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + \frac{8}{5} d^4 e c^3\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{2}{5} e^4 a^2 c^2 d + \frac{8}{5} d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + \frac{8}{5} d^4 e^2 a c^3\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{2}{5} e^4 a^2 c^2 d + \frac{8}{5} d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + \frac{8}{5} d^4 e^2 a c^3\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{2}{5} e^4 a^2 c^2 d + \frac{8}{5} d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + \frac{8}{5} d^4 e^2 a c^3\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{2}{5} e^4 a^2 c^2 d + \frac{8}{5} d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + \frac{8}{5} d^4 e^2 a c^3\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{2}{5} e^4 a^2 c^2 d + \frac{8}{5} d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + \frac{8}{5} d^4 e^2 a c^3\right) x^2 + \left(\frac{2}{5} e^4 a^2 c^2 d + \frac{8}{5} d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + \frac{8}{5} d^4 e^2 a c^3\right) x + \frac{2}{5} e^4 a^2 c^2 d + \frac{8}{5} d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + \frac{8}{5} d^4 e^2 a c^3$
default	$\frac{c^4 e^4 x^{13}}{13} + \frac{c^4 d e^3 x^{12}}{3} + \frac{(4e^4 a c^3 + 6d^2 e^2 c^4)x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(16de^3 a c^3 + 4d^3 e c^4)x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(6e^4 a^2 c^2 + 24d^2 e^2 a c^3 + d^4 c^4)x^9}{9} + \frac{(2e^4 a^2 c^2 d + 8d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 8d^4 e^2 a c^3)x^8}{8} + \frac{(2e^4 a^2 c^2 d + 8d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 8d^4 e^2 a c^3)x^7}{7} + \frac{(2e^4 a^2 c^2 d + 8d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 8d^4 e^2 a c^3)x^6}{6} + \frac{(2e^4 a^2 c^2 d + 8d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 8d^4 e^2 a c^3)x^5}{5} + \frac{(2e^4 a^2 c^2 d + 8d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 8d^4 e^2 a c^3)x^4}{4} + \frac{(2e^4 a^2 c^2 d + 8d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 8d^4 e^2 a c^3)x^3}{3} + \frac{(2e^4 a^2 c^2 d + 8d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 8d^4 e^2 a c^3)x^2}{2} + \frac{(2e^4 a^2 c^2 d + 8d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 8d^4 e^2 a c^3)x}{1} + \frac{2e^4 a^2 c^2 d + 8d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 8d^4 e^2 a c^3}{1}$
gosper	$\frac{24}{5} x^5 d^2 e^2 c a^3 + 2a c^3 d^3 e x^8 + 4a^3 c d^3 e x^4 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 e^4 a^4 + \frac{8}{3} x^9 d^2 e^2 a c^3 + \frac{36}{7} x^7 d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 4x^6 d^3 e^2 a c^3$
risch	$\frac{24}{5} x^5 d^2 e^2 c a^3 + 2a c^3 d^3 e x^8 + 4a^3 c d^3 e x^4 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 e^4 a^4 + \frac{8}{3} x^9 d^2 e^2 a c^3 + \frac{36}{7} x^7 d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 4x^6 d^3 e^2 a c^3$
parallelrisch	$\frac{24}{5} x^5 d^2 e^2 c a^3 + 2a c^3 d^3 e x^8 + 4a^3 c d^3 e x^4 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 e^4 a^4 + \frac{8}{3} x^9 d^2 e^2 a c^3 + \frac{36}{7} x^7 d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 + 4x^6 d^3 e^2 a c^3$
orering	$\frac{x(3465e^4 c^4 x^{12} + 15015d e^3 c^4 x^{11} + 16380a c^3 e^4 x^{10} + 24570c^4 d^2 e^2 x^{10} + 72072a c^3 d e^3 x^9 + 18018c^4 d^3 e x^9 + 30030a^2 c^2 e^4 x^8 + 12006d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 x^8 + 18006a^2 d e^3 x^8 + 12006a^3 c d^3 e x^7 + 24012e^4 a^4 x^7 + 48024d^2 e^2 a^2 c^2 x^7 + 24012a^3 d^3 e^2 a c^3 x^7 + 24012a^4 d^3 e^2 a c^3 x^7 + 24012a^5 d^3 e^2 a c^3 x^7 + 24012a^6 d^3 e^2 a c^3 x^7 + 24012a^7 d^3 e^2 a c^3 x^7 + 24012a^8 d^3 e^2 a c^3 x^7 + 24012a^9 d^3 e^2 a c^3 x^7 + 24012a^{10} d^3 e^2 a c^3 x^7 + 24012a^{11} d^3 e^2 a c^3 x^7 + 24012a^{12} d^3 e^2 a c^3 x^7)}{12006}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/13*c^4*e^4*x^13+1/3*c^4*d*e^3*x^12+(4/11*e^4*a*c^3+6/11*d^2*e^2*c^4)*x^11+
1+(8/5*d*e^3*a*c^3+2/5*d^3*e*c^4)*x^10+(2/3*e^4*a^2*c^2+8/3*d^2*e^2*a*c^3+
1/9*d^4*c^4)*x^9+(3*a^2*c^2*d*e^3+2*a*c^3*d^3*e)*x^8+(4/7*e^4*c*a^3+36/7*d^2*e^2*a^2*c^2+4/7*d^4*a*c^3)*x^7+(8/3*d*e^3*c*a^3+4*d^3*e*a^2*c^2)*x^6+(1/5*e^4*a^4+24/5*d^2*e^2*c*a^3+6/5*d^4*a^2*c^2)*x^5+(a^4*d*e^3+4*a^3*c*d^3*e)*x^4+(2*d^2*e^2*a^4+4/3*d^4*c*a^3)*x^3+2*d^3*e*a^4*x^2+a^4*d^4*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d+ex)^4 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{13} c^4 e^4 x^{13} + \frac{1}{3} c^4 d e^3 x^{12} + \frac{2}{11} (3 c^4 d^2 e^2 + 2 a c^3 e^4) x^{11} \\
& + \frac{2}{5} (c^4 d^3 e + 4 a c^3 d e^3) x^{10} + 2 a^4 d^3 e x^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^4 + 24 a c^3 d^2 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 e^4) x^9 \\
& + a^4 d^4 x + (2 a c^3 d^3 e + 3 a^2 c^2 d e^3) x^8 \\
& + \frac{4}{7} (a c^3 d^4 + 9 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + a^3 c e^4) x^7 \\
& + \frac{4}{3} (3 a^2 c^2 d^3 e + 2 a^3 c d e^3) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (6 a^2 c^2 d^4 + 24 a^3 c d^2 e^2 + a^4 e^4) x^5 \\
& + (4 a^3 c d^3 e + a^4 d e^3) x^4 + \frac{2}{3} (2 a^3 c d^4 + 3 a^4 d^2 e^2) x^3
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/13*c^4*e^4*x^13 + 1/3*c^4*d*e^3*x^12 + 2/11*(3*c^4*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c^3*e^4)*x^11 + 2/5*(c^4*d^3*e + 4*a*c^3*d*e^3)*x^10 + 2*a^4*d^3*e*x^2 + 1/9*(c^4*d^4 + 24*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^9 + a^4*d^4*x + (2*a*c^3*d^3*e + 3*a^2*c^2*d*e^3)*x^8 + 4/7*(a*c^3*d^4 + 9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)*x^7 + 4/3*(3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a^3*c*d*e^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(6*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 24*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + a^4*e^4)*x^5 + (4*a^3*c*d^3*e + a^4*d*e^3)*x^4 + 2/3*(2*a^3*c*d^4 + 3*a^4*d^2*e^2)*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & a^4 d^4 x + 2a^4 d^3 ex^2 + \frac{c^4 de^3 x^{12}}{3} + \frac{c^4 e^4 x^{13}}{13} + x^{11} \\
& \cdot \left( \frac{4ac^3 e^4}{11} + \frac{6c^4 d^2 e^2}{11} \right) + x^{10} \cdot \left( \frac{8ac^3 de^3}{5} + \frac{2c^4 d^3 e}{5} \right) + x^9 \\
& \cdot \left( \frac{2a^2 c^2 e^4}{3} + \frac{8ac^3 d^2 e^2}{3} + \frac{c^4 d^4}{9} \right) + x^8 \cdot (3a^2 c^2 de^3 + 2ac^3 d^3 e) \\
& + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{4a^3 ce^4}{7} + \frac{36a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2}{7} + \frac{4ac^3 d^4}{7} \right) + x^6 \\
& \cdot \left( \frac{8a^3 cde^3}{3} + 4a^2 c^2 d^3 e \right) + x^5 \left( \frac{a^4 e^4}{5} + \frac{24a^3 cd^2 e^2}{5} + \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^4}{5} \right) \\
& + x^4 (a^4 de^3 + 4a^3 cd^3 e) + x^3 \cdot \left( 2a^4 d^2 e^2 + \frac{4a^3 cd^4}{3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4*(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`output `a**4*d**4*x + 2*a**4*d**3*e*x**2 + c**4*d*e**3*x**12/3 + c**4*e**4*x**13/13 + x**11*(4*a*c**3*e**4/11 + 6*c**4*d**2*e**2/11) + x**10*(8*a*c**3*d*e**3/5 + 2*c**4*d**3*e/5) + x**9*(2*a**2*c**2*e**4/3 + 8*a*c**3*d**2*e**2/3 + c**4*d**4/9) + x**8*(3*a**2*c**2*d*e**3 + 2*a*c**3*d**3*e) + x**7*(4*a**3*c*e**4/7 + 36*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2/7 + 4*a*c**3*d**4/7) + x**6*(8*a**3*c*d*e**3/3 + 4*a**2*c**2*d**3*e) + x**5*(a**4*e**4/5 + 24*a**3*c*d**2*e**2/5 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**4/5) + x**4*(a**4*d*e**3 + 4*a**3*c*d**3*e) + x**3*(2*a**4*d**2*e**2 + 4*a**3*c*d**4/3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{13} c^4 e^4 x^{13} + \frac{1}{3} c^4 d e^3 x^{12} + \frac{2}{11} (3 c^4 d^2 e^2 + 2 a c^3 e^4) x^{11} \\
& + \frac{2}{5} (c^4 d^3 e + 4 a c^3 d e^3) x^{10} + 2 a^4 d^3 e x^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^4 + 24 a c^3 d^2 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 e^4) x^9 \\
& + a^4 d^4 x + (2 a c^3 d^3 e + 3 a^2 c^2 d e^3) x^8 \\
& + \frac{4}{7} (a c^3 d^4 + 9 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + a^3 c e^4) x^7 \\
& + \frac{4}{3} (3 a^2 c^2 d^3 e + 2 a^3 c d e^3) x^6 \\
& + \frac{1}{5} (6 a^2 c^2 d^4 + 24 a^3 c d^2 e^2 + a^4 e^4) x^5 \\
& + (4 a^3 c d^3 e + a^4 d e^3) x^4 + \frac{2}{3} (2 a^3 c d^4 + 3 a^4 d^2 e^2) x^3
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*c^4*e^4*x^13 + 1/3*c^4*d*e^3*x^12 + 2/11*(3*c^4*d^2*e^2 + 2*a*c^3*e^4)*x^11 + 2/5*(c^4*d^3*e + 4*a*c^3*d*e^3)*x^10 + 2*a^4*d^3*e*x^2 + 1/9*(c^4*d^4 + 24*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^9 + a^4*d^4*x + (2*a*c^3*d^3*e + 3*a^2*c^2*d*e^3)*x^8 + 4/7*(a*c^3*d^4 + 9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)*x^7 + 4/3*(3*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + 2*a^3*c*d*e^3)*x^6 + 1/5*(6*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 24*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + a^4*e^4)*x^5 + (4*a^3*c*d^3*e + a^4*d*e^3)*x^4 + 2/3*(2*a^3*c*d^4 + 3*a^4*d^2*e^2)*x^3`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d+ex)^4 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = & \frac{1}{13} c^4 e^4 x^{13} + \frac{1}{3} c^4 d e^3 x^{12} + \frac{6}{11} c^4 d^2 e^2 x^{11} + \frac{4}{11} a c^3 e^4 x^{11} \\
& + \frac{2}{5} c^4 d^3 e x^{10} + \frac{8}{5} a c^3 d e^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} c^4 d^4 x^9 + \frac{8}{3} a c^3 d^2 e^2 x^9 \\
& + \frac{2}{3} a^2 c^2 e^4 x^9 + 2 a c^3 d^3 e x^8 + 3 a^2 c^2 d e^3 x^8 + \frac{4}{7} a c^3 d^4 x^7 \\
& + \frac{36}{7} a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 x^7 + \frac{4}{7} a^3 c e^4 x^7 + 4 a^2 c^2 d^3 e x^6 + \frac{8}{3} a^3 c d e^3 x^6 \\
& + \frac{6}{5} a^2 c^2 d^4 x^5 + \frac{24}{5} a^3 c d^2 e^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} a^4 e^4 x^5 + 4 a^3 c d^3 e x^4 \\
& + a^4 d e^3 x^4 + \frac{4}{3} a^3 c d^4 x^3 + 2 a^4 d^2 e^2 x^3 + 2 a^4 d^3 e x^2 + a^4 d^4 x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/13*c^4*e^4*x^13 + 1/3*c^4*d*e^3*x^12 + 6/11*c^4*d^2*e^2*x^11 + 4/11*a*c^3*e^4*x^11 + 2/5*c^4*d^3*e*x^10 + 8/5*a*c^3*d*e^3*x^10 + 1/9*c^4*d^4*x^9 + 8/3*a*c^3*d^2*e^2*x^9 + 2/3*a^2*c^2*e^4*x^9 + 2*a*c^3*d^3*e*x^8 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*e^3*x^8 + 4/7*a*c^3*d^4*x^7 + 36/7*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^7 + 4/7*a^3*c*e^4*x^7 + 4*a^2*c^2*d^3*e*x^6 + 8/3*a^3*c*d*e^3*x^6 + 6/5*a^2*c^2*d^4*x^5 + 24/5*a^3*c*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 1/5*a^4*e^4*x^5 + 4*a^3*c*d^3*e*x^4 + a^4*d*e^3*x^4 + 4/3*a^3*c*d^4*x^3 + 2*a^4*d^2*e^2*x^3 + 2*a^4*d^3*e*x^2 + a^4*d^4*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = x^5 \left( \frac{a^4 e^4}{5} + \frac{24 a^3 c d^2 e^2}{5} + \frac{6 a^2 c^2 d^4}{5} \right) + x^9 \left( \frac{2 a^2 c^2 e^4}{3} + \frac{8 a c^3 d^2 e^2}{3} + \frac{c^4 d^4}{9} \right) + x^3 \left( 2 a^4 d^2 e^2 + \frac{4 c a^3 d^4}{3} \right) + x^{11} \left( \frac{6 c^4 d^2 e^2}{11} + \frac{4 a c^3 e^4}{11} \right) + a^4 d^4 x + \frac{c^4 e^4 x^{13}}{13} + 2 a^4 d^3 e x^2 + \frac{c^4 d e^3 x^{12}}{3} + \frac{4 a c x^7 (a^2 e^4 + 9 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{7} + a^3 d e x^4 (4 c d^2 + a e^2) + \frac{2 c^3 d e x^{10} (c d^2 + 4 a e^2)}{5} + \frac{4 a^2 c d e x^6 (3 c d^2 + 2 a e^2)}{3} + a c^2 d e x^8 (2 c d^2 + 3 a e^2)$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^4*(d + e*x)^4,x)`output `x^5*((a^4*e^4)/5 + (6*a^2*c^2*d^4)/5 + (24*a^3*c*d^2*e^2)/5) + x^9*((c^4*d^4)/9 + (2*a^2*c^2*e^4)/3 + (8*a*c^3*d^2*e^2)/3) + x^3*((4*a^3*c*d^4)/3 + 2*a^4*d^2*e^2) + x^11*((4*a*c^3*e^4)/11 + (6*c^4*d^2*e^2)/11) + a^4*d^4*x + (c^4*e^4*x^13)/13 + 2*a^4*d^3*e*x^2 + (c^4*d*e^3*x^12)/3 + (4*a*c*x^7*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c*d^2*e^2))/7 + a^3*d*e*x^4*(a*e^2 + 4*c*d^2) + (2*c^3*d*e*x^10*(4*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/5 + (4*a^2*c*d*e*x^6*(2*a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))/3 + a*c^2*d*e*x^8*(3*a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (d + ex)^4 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{x(3465c^4e^4x^{12} + 15015c^4de^3x^{11} + 16380ac^3e^4x^{10} + 24570c^4d^2e^2x^{10} + 72072ac^3de^3x^9 + 18018c^4d^3ex^9 + \dots)}{1}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4*(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`

output `(x*(45045*a**4*d**4 + 90090*a**4*d**3*e*x + 90090*a**4*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 45045*a**4*d*e**3*x**3 + 9009*a**4*e**4*x**4 + 60060*a**3*c*d**4*x**2 + 180180*a**3*c*d**3*e*x**3 + 216216*a**3*c*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 120120*a**3*c*d*e**3*x**5 + 25740*a**3*c*e**4*x**6 + 54054*a**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 180180*a**2*c**2*d**3*e*x**5 + 231660*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**6 + 135135*a**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**7 + 30030*a**2*c**2*e**4*x**8 + 25740*a*c**3*d**4*x**6 + 90090*a*c**3*d**3*e*x**7 + 120120*a*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**8 + 72072*a*c**3*d*e**3*x**9 + 16380*a*c**3*e**4*x**10 + 5005*c**4*d**4*x**8 + 18018*c**4*d**3*e*x**9 + 24570*c**4*d**2*e**2*x**10 + 15015*c**4*d*e**3*x**11 + 3465*c**4*e**4*x**12))/45045`

### 3.93 $\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = a^4 d^3 x + \frac{1}{3} a^3 d (4cd^2 + 3ae^2) x^3 + \frac{1}{4} a^4 e^3 x^4 + \frac{6}{5} a^2 cd (cd^2 + 2ae^2) x^5 + \frac{2}{3} a^3 ce^3 x^6 + \frac{2}{7} ac^2 d (2cd^2 + 9ae^2) x^7 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{9} c^3 d (cd^2 + 12ae^2) x^9 + \frac{2}{5} ac^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{3}{11} c^4 de^2 x^{11} + \frac{1}{12} c^4 e^3 x^{12} + \frac{3d^2 e (a + cx^2)^5}{10c}$$

output

```
a^4*d^3*x+1/3*a^3*d*(3*a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*x^3+1/4*a^4*e^3*x^4+6/5*a^2*c*d*(2*a
*e^2+c*d^2)*x^5+2/3*a^3*c*e^3*x^6+2/7*a*c^2*d*(9*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^7+3/4*a^
2*c^2*e^3*x^8+1/9*c^3*d*(12*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^9+2/5*a*c^3*e^3*x^10+3/11*c^4*d
*e^2*x^11+1/12*c^4*e^3*x^12+3/10*d^2*e*(c*x^2+a)^5/c
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(3465a^4(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4de^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + 924a^3cx^2(20d^3 + 45d^2ex + 36de^2x^2 + 10e^3x^3) + 297a^2c^2x^4(56d^3 + 140d^2ex + 120d^2e^2x^2 + 35e^3x^3) + 66a^2c^3x^6(120d^3 + 315d^2ex + 280d^2e^2x^2 + 84e^3x^3) + 7c^4x^8(220d^3 + 594d^2ex + 540d^2e^2x^2 + 165e^3x^3))}{13860}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output  $(x(3465a^4(4d^3 + 6d^2ex + 4d^2e^2x^2 + e^3x^3) + 924a^3cx^2(20d^3 + 45d^2ex + 36d^2e^2x^2 + 10e^3x^3) + 297a^2c^2x^4(56d^3 + 140d^2ex + 120d^2e^2x^2 + 35e^3x^3) + 66a^2c^3x^6(120d^3 + 315d^2ex + 280d^2e^2x^2 + 84e^3x^3) + 7c^4x^8(220d^3 + 594d^2ex + 540d^2e^2x^2 + 165e^3x^3)))/13860$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {475, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^4 (d + ex)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 475$$

$$\int (c^4e^3x^{11} + 3c^4de^2x^{10} + 4ac^3e^3x^9 + c^3d(cd^2 + 12ae^2)x^8 + 6a^2c^2e^3x^7 + 2ac^2d(2cd^2 + 9ae^2)x^6 + 4a^3ce^3x^5 + \frac{3d^2e(a + cx^2)^5}{10c}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^4 d^3 x + \frac{1}{4} a^4 e^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} a^3 d x^3 (3ae^2 + 4cd^2) + \frac{2}{3} a^3 c e^3 x^6 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{6}{5} a^2 c d x^5 (2ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{1}{9} c^3 d x^9 (12ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{2}{5} a c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{2}{7} a c^2 d x^7 (9ae^2 + 2cd^2) + \frac{3d^2 e (a + cx^2)^5}{10c} + \frac{3}{11} c^4 d e^2 x^{11} + \frac{1}{12} c^4 e^3 x^{12}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output

```
a^4*d^3*x + (a^3*d*(4*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (a^4*e^3*x^4)/4 + (6*a^2*c*d*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (2*a^3*c*e^3*x^6)/3 + (2*a*c^2*d*(2*c*d^2 + 9*a*e^2)*x^7)/7 + (3*a^2*c^2*e^3*x^8)/4 + (c^3*d*(c*d^2 + 12*a*e^2)*x^9)/9 + (2*a*c^3*e^3*x^10)/5 + (3*c^4*d*e^2*x^11)/11 + (c^4*e^3*x^12)/12 + (3*d^2*e*(a + c*x^2)^5)/(10*c)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 475

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[d*n*c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Int[ExpandIntegran
d[((c + d*x)^n - d*n*c^(n - 1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LeQ[n, p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
norman	$\frac{c^4 e^3 x^{12}}{12} + \frac{3c^4 d e^2 x^{11}}{11} + \left(\frac{2}{5} e^3 a c^3 + \frac{3}{10} d^2 e c^4\right) x^{10} + \left(\frac{4}{3} d e^2 a c^3 + \frac{1}{9} d^3 c^4\right) x^9 + \left(\frac{3}{4} e^3 a^2 c^2 + \frac{3}{2} d^2 e a c\right) x^8 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c\right) x^7 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c\right) x^6 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c\right) x^5 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c\right) x^4 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c\right) x^3 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c\right) x^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c\right) x + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3$
default	$\frac{c^4 e^3 x^{12}}{12} + \frac{3c^4 d e^2 x^{11}}{11} + \frac{(4e^3 a c^3 + 3d^2 e c^4)x^{10}}{10} + \frac{(12d e^2 a c^3 + d^3 c^4)x^9}{9} + \frac{(6e^3 a^2 c^2 + 12d^2 e a c^3)x^8}{8} + \frac{(18a^2 c^2 d e^2 + 4a^2 c^2 e^3)x^7}{7}$
gosper	$\frac{1}{12} c^4 e^3 x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} c^4 d e^2 x^{11} + \frac{2}{5} a c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{3}{10} x^{10} d^2 e c^4 + \frac{4}{3} x^9 d e^2 a c^3 + \frac{1}{9} x^9 d^3 c^4 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^7 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c x^6 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c x^4 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^3 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c x^2 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3$
risch	$\frac{1}{12} c^4 e^3 x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} c^4 d e^2 x^{11} + \frac{2}{5} a c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{3}{10} x^{10} d^2 e c^4 + \frac{4}{3} x^9 d e^2 a c^3 + \frac{1}{9} x^9 d^3 c^4 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^7 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c x^6 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c x^4 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^3 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c x^2 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{12} c^4 e^3 x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} c^4 d e^2 x^{11} + \frac{2}{5} a c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{3}{10} x^{10} d^2 e c^4 + \frac{4}{3} x^9 d e^2 a c^3 + \frac{1}{9} x^9 d^3 c^4 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^7 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c x^6 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^5 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c x^4 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^3 + \frac{3}{4} d^2 e^2 a c x^2 + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3 x + \frac{1}{2} a^2 c^2 e^3$
orering	$x(1155e^3c^4x^{11} + 3780de^2c^4x^{10} + 5544ac^3e^3x^9 + 4158c^4d^2ex^9 + 18480ac^3de^2x^8 + 1540c^4d^3x^8 + 10395a^2c^2e^3x^7 + 20790ac^3d^2ex^7 + 1155e^3c^4x^6 + 3780de^2c^4x^6 + 5544ac^3e^3x^5 + 4158c^4d^2ex^5 + 18480ac^3de^2x^4 + 1540c^4d^3x^4 + 10395a^2c^2e^3x^3 + 20790ac^3d^2ex^3 + 1155e^3c^4x^2 + 3780de^2c^4x^2 + 5544ac^3e^3x + 4158c^4d^2ex + 18480ac^3de^2 + 1540c^4d^3 + 10395a^2c^2e^3 + 20790ac^3d^2e + 1155e^3c^4)$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $\frac{1}{12}c^4e^3x^{12} + \frac{3}{11}c^4de^2x^{11} + \frac{2}{5}e^3ac^3x^{10} + \frac{3}{10}d^2e^2c^4x^{10} + \frac{4}{3}de^2ac^3x^9 + \frac{1}{9}d^3c^4x^9 + \frac{3}{4}e^3a^2c^2x^8 + \frac{3}{2}d^2e^2ac^3x^8 + \frac{1}{2}a^2c^2e^3x^7 + \frac{3}{4}d^2e^2ac^3x^7 + \frac{1}{2}a^2c^2e^3x^6 + \frac{3}{4}d^2e^2ac^3x^6 + \frac{1}{2}a^2c^2e^3x^5 + \frac{3}{4}d^2e^2ac^3x^5 + \frac{1}{2}a^2c^2e^3x^4 + \frac{3}{4}d^2e^2ac^3x^4 + \frac{1}{2}a^2c^2e^3x^3 + \frac{3}{4}d^2e^2ac^3x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2c^2e^3x^2 + \frac{3}{4}d^2e^2ac^3x^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^2c^2e^3x + \frac{3}{4}d^2e^2ac^3x + \frac{1}{2}a^2c^2e^3$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{1}{12} c^4 e^3 x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} c^4 d e^2 x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (3 c^4 d^2 e + 4 a c^3 e^3) x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^3 + 12 a c^3 d e^2) x^9 + \frac{3}{2} a^4 d^2 e x^2 + \frac{3}{4} (2 a c^3 d^2 e + a^2 c^2 e^3) x^8 + a^4 d^3 x + \frac{2}{7} (2 a c^3 d^3 + 9 a^2 c^2 d e^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{3} (9 a^2 c^2 d^2 e + 2 a^3 c e^3) x^6 + \frac{6}{5} (a^2 c^2 d^3 + 2 a^3 c d e^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (12 a^3 c d^2 e + a^4 e^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (4 a^3 c d^3 + 3 a^4 d e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/12*c^4*e^3*x^{12} + 3/11*c^4*d*e^2*x^{11} + 1/10*(3*c^4*d^2*e + 4*a*c^3*e^3) \\ & *x^{10} + 1/9*(c^4*d^3 + 12*a*c^3*d*e^2)*x^9 + 3/2*a^4*d^2*e*x^2 + 3/4*(2*a \\ & c^3*d^2*e + a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^8 + a^4*d^3*x + 2/7*(2*a*c^3*d^3 + 9*a^2*c^2*d* \\ & e^2)*x^7 + 1/3*(9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + 2*a^3*c*e^3)*x^6 + 6/5*(a^2*c^2*d^3 + 2* \\ & a^3*c*d*e^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(12*a^3*c*d^2*e + a^4*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(4*a^3*c*d^3 + \\ & 3*a^4*d*e^2)*x^3 \end{aligned}$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = & a^4 d^3 x + \frac{3a^4 d^2 e x^2}{2} + \frac{3c^4 d e^2 x^{11}}{11} + \frac{c^4 e^3 x^{12}}{12} + x^{10} \\ & \cdot \left( \frac{2ac^3 e^3}{5} + \frac{3c^4 d^2 e}{10} \right) + x^9 \cdot \left( \frac{4ac^3 d e^2}{3} + \frac{c^4 d^3}{9} \right) + x^8 \\ & \cdot \left( \frac{3a^2 c^2 e^3}{4} + \frac{3ac^3 d^2 e}{2} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{18a^2 c^2 d e^2}{7} + \frac{4ac^3 d^3}{7} \right) \\ & + x^6 \cdot \left( \frac{2a^3 c e^3}{3} + 3a^2 c^2 d^2 e \right) + x^5 \cdot \left( \frac{12a^3 c d e^2}{5} + \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^3}{5} \right) \\ & + x^4 \left( \frac{a^4 e^3}{4} + 3a^3 c d^2 e \right) + x^3 \left( a^4 d e^2 + \frac{4a^3 c d^3}{3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3*(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & a**4*d**3*x + 3*a**4*d**2*e*x**2/2 + 3*c**4*d*e**2*x**11/11 + c**4*e**3*x* \\ & *12/12 + x**10*(2*a*c**3*e**3/5 + 3*c**4*d**2*e/10) + x**9*(4*a*c**3*d*e** \\ & 2/3 + c**4*d**3/9) + x**8*(3*a**2*c**2*e**3/4 + 3*a*c**3*d**2*e/2) + x**7* \\ & (18*a**2*c**2*d*e**2/7 + 4*a*c**3*d**3/7) + x**6*(2*a**3*c*e**3/3 + 3*a**2 \\ & *c**2*d**2*e) + x**5*(12*a**3*c*d*e**2/5 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**3/5) + x**4*(a** \\ & 4*e**3/4 + 3*a**3*c*d**2*e) + x**3*(a**4*d*e**2 + 4*a**3*c*d**3/3) \end{aligned}$$



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{1}{12} c^4 e^3 x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} c^4 d e^2 x^{11} + \frac{1}{10} (3 c^4 d^2 e + 4 a c^3 e^3) x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^3 + 12 a c^3 d e^2) x^9 + \frac{3}{2} a^4 d^2 e x^2 + \frac{3}{4} (2 a c^3 d^2 e + a^2 c^2 e^3) x^8 + a^4 d^3 x + \frac{2}{7} (2 a c^3 d^3 + 9 a^2 c^2 d e^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{3} (9 a^2 c^2 d^2 e + 2 a^3 c e^3) x^6 + \frac{6}{5} (a^2 c^2 d^3 + 2 a^3 c d e^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{4} (12 a^3 c d^2 e + a^4 e^3) x^4 + \frac{1}{3} (4 a^3 c d^3 + 3 a^4 d e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/12*c^4*e^3*x^12 + 3/11*c^4*d*e^2*x^11 + 1/10*(3*c^4*d^2*e + 4*a*c^3*e^3)
*x^10 + 1/9*(c^4*d^3 + 12*a*c^3*d*e^2)*x^9 + 3/2*a^4*d^2*e*x^2 + 3/4*(2*a*
c^3*d^2*e + a^2*c^2*e^3)*x^8 + a^4*d^3*x + 2/7*(2*a*c^3*d^3 + 9*a^2*c^2*d*
e^2)*x^7 + 1/3*(9*a^2*c^2*d^2*e + 2*a^3*c*e^3)*x^6 + 6/5*(a^2*c^2*d^3 + 2*
a^3*c*d*e^2)*x^5 + 1/4*(12*a^3*c*d^2*e + a^4*e^3)*x^4 + 1/3*(4*a^3*c*d^3 +
3*a^4*d*e^2)*x^3
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{1}{12} c^4 e^3 x^{12} + \frac{3}{11} c^4 d e^2 x^{11} + \frac{3}{10} c^4 d^2 e x^{10} + \frac{2}{5} a c^3 e^3 x^{10} + \frac{1}{9} c^4 d^3 x^9 + \frac{4}{3} a c^3 d e^2 x^9 + \frac{3}{2} a c^3 d^2 e x^8 + \frac{3}{4} a^2 c^2 e^3 x^8 + \frac{4}{7} a c^3 d^3 x^7 + \frac{18}{7} a^2 c^2 d e^2 x^7 + 3 a^2 c^2 d^2 e x^6 + \frac{2}{3} a^3 c e^3 x^6 + \frac{6}{5} a^2 c^2 d^3 x^5 + \frac{12}{5} a^3 c d e^2 x^5 + 3 a^3 c d^2 e x^4 + \frac{1}{4} a^4 e^3 x^4 + \frac{4}{3} a^3 c d^3 x^3 + a^4 d e^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a^4 d^2 e x^2 + a^4 d^3 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/12*c^4*e^3*x^{12} + 3/11*c^4*d*e^2*x^{11} + 3/10*c^4*d^2*e*x^{10} + 2/5*a*c^3* \\ & e^3*x^{10} + 1/9*c^4*d^3*x^9 + 4/3*a*c^3*d*e^2*x^9 + 3/2*a*c^3*d^2*e*x^8 + 3 \\ & /4*a^2*c^2*e^3*x^8 + 4/7*a*c^3*d^3*x^7 + 18/7*a^2*c^2*d*e^2*x^7 + 3*a^2*c^ \\ & 2*d^2*e*x^6 + 2/3*a^3*c*e^3*x^6 + 6/5*a^2*c^2*d^3*x^5 + 12/5*a^3*c*d*e^2*x \\ & ^5 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e*x^4 + 1/4*a^4*e^3*x^4 + 4/3*a^3*c*d^3*x^3 + a^4*d*e^2*x \\ & ^3 + 3/2*a^4*d^2*e*x^2 + a^4*d^3*x \end{aligned}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\begin{aligned} \int (d+ex)^3 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = & x^3 \left( a^4 d e^2 + \frac{4ca^3 d^3}{3} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{a^4 e^3}{4} + 3ca^3 d^2 e \right) \\ & + x^9 \left( \frac{c^4 d^3}{9} + \frac{4ac^3 d e^2}{3} \right) + x^{10} \left( \frac{3c^4 d^2 e}{10} + \frac{2ac^3 e^3}{5} \right) \\ & + a^4 d^3 x + \frac{c^4 e^3 x^{12}}{12} + \frac{3a^4 d^2 e x^2}{2} + \frac{3c^4 d e^2 x^{11}}{11} \\ & + \frac{6a^2 c d x^5 (c d^2 + 2a e^2)}{5} + \frac{2a c^2 d x^7 (2c d^2 + 9a e^2)}{7} \\ & + \frac{3a c^2 e x^8 (2c d^2 + a e^2)}{4} + \frac{a^2 c e x^6 (9c d^2 + 2a e^2)}{3} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^4*(d + e*x)^3,x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & x^3*((4*a^3*c*d^3)/3 + a^4*d*e^2) + x^4*((a^4*e^3)/4 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e) + x^ \\ & 9*((c^4*d^3)/9 + (4*a*c^3*d*e^2)/3) + x^{10}*((2*a*c^3*e^3)/5 + (3*c^4*d^2*e \\ & )/10) + a^4*d^3*x + (c^4*e^3*x^{12})/12 + (3*a^4*d^2*e*x^2)/2 + (3*c^4*d*e^2 \\ & *x^{11})/11 + (6*a^2*c*d*x^5*(2*a*e^2 + c*d^2))/5 + (2*a*c^2*d*x^7*(9*a*e^2 \\ & + 2*c*d^2))/7 + (3*a*c^2*e*x^8*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/4 + (a^2*c*e*x^6*(2*a*e^ \\ & 2 + 9*c*d^2))/3 \end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (d + ex)^3 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(1155c^4e^3x^{11} + 3780c^4de^2x^{10} + 5544ac^3e^3x^9 + 4158c^4d^2ex^9 + 18480ac^3de^2x^8 + 1540c^4d^3x^8 + 10395c^4d^2ex^7 + 7920ac^3d^3x^6 + 20790ac^3d^2ex^7 + 18480ac^3de^2x^8 + 5544ac^3e^3x^9 + 1540c^4d^3x^8 + 4158c^4d^2ex^9 + 3780c^4de^2x^{10} + 1155c^4e^3x^{11})}{13860}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3*(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`output `(x*(13860*a**4*d**3 + 20790*a**4*d**2*e*x + 13860*a**4*d*e**2*x**2 + 3465*a**4*e**3*x**3 + 18480*a**3*c*d**3*x**2 + 41580*a**3*c*d**2*e*x**3 + 33264*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**4 + 9240*a**3*c*e**3*x**5 + 16632*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 41580*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**5 + 35640*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**6 + 10395*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**7 + 7920*a*c**3*d**3*x**6 + 20790*a*c**3*d**2*e*x**7 + 18480*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**8 + 5544*a*c**3*e**3*x**9 + 1540*c**4*d**3*x**8 + 4158*c**4*d**2*e*x**9 + 3780*c**4*d*e**2*x**10 + 1155*c**4*e**3*x**11))/13860`

### 3.94 $\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^4 dx$

Optimal result	799
Mathematica [A] (verified)	799
Rubi [A] (verified)	800
Maple [A] (verified)	801
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	802
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	802
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	803
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	803
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	804
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	804

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = a^4 d^2 x + \frac{1}{3} a^3 (4cd^2 + ae^2) x^3 + \frac{2}{5} a^2 c (3cd^2 + 2ae^2) x^5 + \frac{2}{7} ac^2 (2cd^2 + 3ae^2) x^7 + \frac{1}{9} c^3 (cd^2 + 4ae^2) x^9 + \frac{1}{11} c^4 e^2 x^{11} + \frac{de(a + cx^2)^5}{5c}$$

output

```
a^4*d^2*x+1/3*a^3*(a*e^2+4*c*d^2)*x^3+2/5*a^2*c*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x^5+2/7*
a*c^2*(3*a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x^7+1/9*c^3*(4*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^9+1/11*c^4*e^2*x^11+
1/5*d*e*(c*x^2+a)^5/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{2}{15} a^3 cx^3 (10d^2 + 15dex + 6e^2x^2) + \frac{2}{35} a^2 c^2 x^5 (21d^2 + 35dex + 15e^2x^2) + \frac{1}{63} ac^3 x^7 (36d^2 + 63dex + 28e^2x^2) + \frac{1}{495} c^4 x^9 (55d^2 + 99dex + 45e^2x^2) + a^4 \left( d^2 x + dex^2 + \frac{e^2 x^3}{3} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output  $(2a^3cx^3(10d^2 + 15dex + 6e^2x^2))/15 + (2a^2c^2x^5(21d^2 + 35dex + 15e^2x^2))/35 + (ac^3x^7(36d^2 + 63dex + 28e^2x^2))/63 + (c^4x^9(55d^2 + 99dex + 45e^2x^2))/495 + a^4(d^2x + dex^2 + (e^2x^3)/3)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {475, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^4 (d + ex)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 475$$

$$\int (c^4e^2x^{10} + c^3(cd^2 + 4ae^2)x^8 + 2ac^2(2cd^2 + 3ae^2)x^6 + 2a^2c(3cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^4 + a^3(4cd^2 + ae^2)x^2 + a^4d^2) dx$$

$$\frac{de(a + cx^2)^5}{5c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^4d^2x + \frac{1}{3}a^3x^3(ae^2 + 4cd^2) + \frac{2}{5}a^2cx^5(2ae^2 + 3cd^2) + \frac{1}{9}c^3x^9(4ae^2 + cd^2) + \frac{2}{7}ac^2x^7(3ae^2 + 2cd^2) + \frac{de(a + cx^2)^5}{5c} + \frac{1}{11}c^4e^2x^{11}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output  $a^4d^2x + (a^3(4c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^3)/3 + (2*a^2*c*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x^5)/5 + (2*a*c^2*(2*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x^7)/7 + (c^3*(c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2)*x^9)/9 + (c^4*e^2*x^11)/11 + (d*e*(a + c*x^2)^5)/(5*c)$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 475 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[d*n*c^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Int[ExpandIntegran
d[((c + d*x)^n - d*n*c^(n - 1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LeQ[n, p]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
norman	$\frac{c^4 e^2 x^{11}}{11} + \frac{de c^4 x^{10}}{5} + \left(\frac{4}{9} e^2 a c^3 + \frac{1}{9} c^4 d^2\right) x^9 + dea c^3 x^8 + \left(\frac{6}{7} a^2 c^2 e^2 + \frac{4}{7} a c^3 d^2\right) x^7 + 2a^2 c^2 de x^6 -$
default	$\frac{c^4 e^2 x^{11}}{11} + \frac{de c^4 x^{10}}{5} + \frac{(4e^2 a c^3 + c^4 d^2) x^9}{9} + dea c^3 x^8 + \frac{(6a^2 c^2 e^2 + 4a c^3 d^2) x^7}{7} + 2a^2 c^2 de x^6 + \frac{(4e^2 c a^3 + 6d^2 a^2 c^2) x^5}{5} +$
gosper	$\frac{1}{11} c^4 e^2 x^{11} + \frac{1}{5} de c^4 x^{10} + \frac{4}{9} x^9 e^2 a c^3 + \frac{1}{9} x^9 c^4 d^2 + dea c^3 x^8 + \frac{6}{7} x^7 a^2 c^2 e^2 + \frac{4}{7} x^7 a c^3 d^2 + 2a^2 c^2 de x^6 +$
risch	$\frac{1}{11} c^4 e^2 x^{11} + \frac{1}{5} de c^4 x^{10} + \frac{4}{9} x^9 e^2 a c^3 + \frac{1}{9} x^9 c^4 d^2 + dea c^3 x^8 + \frac{6}{7} x^7 a^2 c^2 e^2 + \frac{4}{7} x^7 a c^3 d^2 + 2a^2 c^2 de x^6 +$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{11} c^4 e^2 x^{11} + \frac{1}{5} de c^4 x^{10} + \frac{4}{9} x^9 e^2 a c^3 + \frac{1}{9} x^9 c^4 d^2 + dea c^3 x^8 + \frac{6}{7} x^7 a^2 c^2 e^2 + \frac{4}{7} x^7 a c^3 d^2 + 2a^2 c^2 de x^6 +$
orering	$\frac{x(315e^2c^4x^{10} + 693de c^4x^9 + 1540a c^3e^2x^8 + 385c^4d^2x^8 + 3465dea c^3x^7 + 2970a^2c^2e^2x^6 + 1980a c^3d^2x^6 + 6930a^2c^2de x^5 + 2772a^3c^2e^2x^5 + 1540a^2c^3d^2x^5 + 3465a^3c^2de x^4 + 1980a^2c^3d^2x^4 + 6930a^3c^2de x^3 + 2772a^4c^2e^2x^3 + 1540a^3c^3d^2x^3 + 3465a^4c^2de x^2 + 1980a^4c^3d^2x^2 + 6930a^5c^2de x + 2772a^6c^2e^2)}{3465}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/11*c^4*e^2*x^11+1/5*d*e*c^4*x^10+(4/9*e^2*a*c^3+1/9*c^4*d^2)*x^9+d*e*a*c
^3*x^8+(6/7*a^2*c^2*e^2+4/7*a*c^3*d^2)*x^7+2*a^2*c^2*d*e*x^6+(4/5*e^2*c*a^
3+6/5*d^2*a^2*c^2)*x^5+2*d*e*c*a^3*x^4+(1/3*a^4*e^2+4/3*a^3*c*d^2)*x^3+d*e
*a^4*x^2+a^4*d^2*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{1}{11} c^4 e^2 x^{11} + \frac{1}{5} c^4 dex^{10} + ac^3 dex^8 + 2a^2 c^2 dex^6 + 2a^3 c dex^4 + \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^2 + 4ac^3 e^2) x^9 + a^4 dex^2 + \frac{2}{7} (2ac^3 d^2 + 3a^2 c^2 e^2) x^7 + a^4 d^2 x + \frac{2}{5} (3a^2 c^2 d^2 + 2a^3 ce^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{3} (4a^3 cd^2 + a^4 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/11*c^4*e^2*x^11 + 1/5*c^4*d*e*x^10 + a*c^3*d*e*x^8 + 2*a^2*c^2*d*e*x^6 + 2*a^3*c*d*e*x^4 + 1/9*(c^4*d^2 + 4*a*c^3*e^2)*x^9 + a^4*d*e*x^2 + 2/7*(2*a*c^3*d^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^7 + a^4*d^2*x + 2/5*(3*a^2*c^2*d^2 + 2*a^3*c*e^2)*x^5 + 1/3*(4*a^3*c*d^2 + a^4*e^2)*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = a^4 d^2 x + a^4 dex^2 + 2a^3 c dex^4 + 2a^2 c^2 dex^6 + ac^3 dex^8 + \frac{c^4 dex^{10}}{5} + \frac{c^4 e^2 x^{11}}{11} + x^9 \cdot \left( \frac{4ac^3 e^2}{9} + \frac{c^4 d^2}{9} \right) + x^7 \cdot \left( \frac{6a^2 c^2 e^2}{7} + \frac{4ac^3 d^2}{7} \right) + x^5 \cdot \left( \frac{4a^3 ce^2}{5} + \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^2}{5} \right) + x^3 \cdot \left( \frac{a^4 e^2}{3} + \frac{4a^3 cd^2}{3} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2*(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`output `a**4*d**2*x + a**4*d*e*x**2 + 2*a**3*c*d*e*x**4 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*e*x**6 + a*c**3*d*e*x**8 + c**4*d*e*x**10/5 + c**4*e**2*x**11/11 + x**9*(4*a*c**3*e**2/9 + c**4*d**2/9) + x**7*(6*a**2*c**2*e**2/7 + 4*a*c**3*d**2/7) + x**5*(4*a**3*c*e**2/5 + 6*a**2*c**2*d**2/5) + x**3*(a**4*e**2/3 + 4*a**3*c*d**2/3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{1}{11} c^4 e^2 x^{11} + \frac{1}{5} c^4 dex^{10} + ac^3 dex^8 + 2a^2 c^2 dex^6 + 2a^3 c dex^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{9} (c^4 d^2 + 4ac^3 e^2) x^9 + a^4 dex^2 + \frac{2}{7} (2ac^3 d^2 + 3a^2 c^2 e^2) x^7$$

$$+ a^4 d^2 x + \frac{2}{5} (3a^2 c^2 d^2 + 2a^3 ce^2) x^5 + \frac{1}{3} (4a^3 cd^2 + a^4 e^2) x^3$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/11*c^4*e^2*x^11 + 1/5*c^4*d*e*x^10 + a*c^3*d*e*x^8 + 2*a^2*c^2*d*e*x^6 + 2*a^3*c*d*e*x^4 + 1/9*(c^4*d^2 + 4*a*c^3*e^2)*x^9 + a^4*d*e*x^2 + 2/7*(2*a*c^3*d^2 + 3*a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^7 + a^4*d^2*x + 2/5*(3*a^2*c^2*d^2 + 2*a^3*c*e^2)*x^5 + 1/3*(4*a^3*c*d^2 + a^4*e^2)*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{1}{11} c^4 e^2 x^{11} + \frac{1}{5} c^4 dex^{10} + \frac{1}{9} c^4 d^2 x^9 + \frac{4}{9} ac^3 e^2 x^9$$

$$+ ac^3 dex^8 + \frac{4}{7} ac^3 d^2 x^7 + \frac{6}{7} a^2 c^2 e^2 x^7 + 2a^2 c^2 dex^6$$

$$+ \frac{6}{5} a^2 c^2 d^2 x^5 + \frac{4}{5} a^3 ce^2 x^5 + 2a^3 c dex^4$$

$$+ \frac{4}{3} a^3 cd^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{3} a^4 e^2 x^3 + a^4 dex^2 + a^4 d^2 x$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/11*c^4*e^2*x^11 + 1/5*c^4*d*e*x^10 + 1/9*c^4*d^2*x^9 + 4/9*a*c^3*e^2*x^9 + a*c^3*d*e*x^8 + 4/7*a*c^3*d^2*x^7 + 6/7*a^2*c^2*e^2*x^7 + 2*a^2*c^2*d*e*x^6 + 6/5*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^5 + 4/5*a^3*c*e^2*x^5 + 2*a^3*c*d*e*x^4 + 4/3*a^3*c*d^2*x^3 + 1/3*a^4*e^2*x^3 + a^4*d*e*x^2 + a^4*d^2*x`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^4 dx = x^3 \left( \frac{a^4 e^2}{3} + \frac{4ca^3 d^2}{3} \right) + x^9 \left( \frac{c^4 d^2}{9} + \frac{4ac^3 e^2}{9} \right) \\ + a^4 d^2 x + \frac{c^4 e^2 x^{11}}{11} + a^4 d e x^2 + \frac{c^4 d e x^{10}}{5} \\ + \frac{2a^2 c x^5 (3c d^2 + 2a e^2)}{5} + \frac{2a c^2 x^7 (2c d^2 + 3a e^2)}{7} \\ + 2a^3 c d e x^4 + a c^3 d e x^8 + 2a^2 c^2 d e x^6$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^4*(d + e*x)^2,x)`output `x^3*((a^4*e^2)/3 + (4*a^3*c*d^2)/3) + x^9*((c^4*d^2)/9 + (4*a*c^3*e^2)/9) \\ + a^4*d^2*x + (c^4*e^2*x^11)/11 + a^4*d*e*x^2 + (c^4*d*e*x^10)/5 + (2*a^2*c*x^5*(2*a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))/5 + (2*a*c^2*x^7*(3*a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/7 + 2*a^3*c*d*e*x^4 + a*c^3*d*e*x^8 + 2*a^2*c^2*d*e*x^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^4 dx \\ = \frac{x(315c^4e^2x^{10} + 693c^4dex^9 + 1540ac^3e^2x^8 + 385c^4d^2x^8 + 3465ac^3dex^7 + 2970a^2c^2e^2x^6 + 1980ac^3d^2x^6$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2*(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`output `(x*(3465*a**4*d**2 + 3465*a**4*d*e*x + 1155*a**4*e**2*x**2 + 4620*a**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 6930*a**3*c*d*e*x**3 + 2772*a**3*c*e**2*x**4 + 4158*a**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 6930*a**2*c**2*d*e*x**5 + 2970*a**2*c**2*e**2*x**6 + 1980*a*c**3*d**2*x**6 + 3465*a*c**3*d*e*x**7 + 1540*a*c**3*e**2*x**8 + 385*c**4*d**2*x**8 + 693*c**4*d*e*x**9 + 315*c**4*e**2*x**10))/3465`

### 3.95 $\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^4 dx$

Optimal result	805
Mathematica [A] (verified)	805
Rubi [A] (verified)	806
Maple [A] (verified)	807
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	807
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	808
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	808
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	809
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	809
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	810

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^4 dx = a^4 dx + \frac{4}{3}a^3 c dx^3 + \frac{6}{5}a^2 c^2 dx^5 + \frac{4}{7}ac^3 dx^7 + \frac{1}{9}c^4 dx^9 + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^5}{10c}$$

output  $a^4*d*x+4/3*a^3*c*d*x^3+6/5*a^2*c^2*d*x^5+4/7*a*c^3*d*x^7+1/9*c^4*d*x^9+1/10*e*(c*x^2+a)^5/c$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^4 dx = a^4 dx + \frac{1}{2}a^4 ex^2 + \frac{4}{3}a^3 c dx^3 + a^3 c ex^4 + \frac{6}{5}a^2 c^2 dx^5 + a^2 c^2 ex^6 + \frac{4}{7}ac^3 dx^7 + \frac{1}{2}ac^3 ex^8 + \frac{1}{9}c^4 dx^9 + \frac{1}{10}c^4 ex^{10}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output  $a^4*d*x + (a^4*e*x^2)/2 + (4*a^3*c*d*x^3)/3 + a^3*c*e*x^4 + (6*a^2*c^2*d*x^5)/5 + a^2*c^2*e*x^6 + (4*a*c^3*d*x^7)/7 + (a*c^3*e*x^8)/2 + (c^4*d*x^9)/9 + (c^4*e*x^10)/10$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {455, 210, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^4 (d + ex) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$d \int (cx^2 + a)^4 dx + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^5}{10c}$$

$$\downarrow 210$$

$$d \int (c^4x^8 + 4ac^3x^6 + 6a^2c^2x^4 + 4a^3cx^2 + a^4) dx + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^5}{10c}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$d \left( a^4x + \frac{4}{3}a^3cx^3 + \frac{6}{5}a^2c^2x^5 + \frac{4}{7}ac^3x^7 + \frac{c^4x^9}{9} \right) + \frac{e(a + cx^2)^5}{10c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(e*(a + c*x^2)^5)/(10*c) + d*(a^4*x + (4*a^3*c*x^3)/3 + (6*a^2*c^2*x^5)/5 + (4*a*c^3*x^7)/7 + (c^4*x^9)/9)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 210 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
gospers	$\frac{1}{10}c^4ex^{10} + \frac{1}{9}c^4dx^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^3ex^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^3dx^7 + a^2c^2ex^6 + \frac{6}{5}a^2c^2dx^5 + a^3cex^4 + \frac{4}{3}a^3cdx^3 +$
default	$\frac{1}{10}c^4ex^{10} + \frac{1}{9}c^4dx^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^3ex^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^3dx^7 + a^2c^2ex^6 + \frac{6}{5}a^2c^2dx^5 + a^3cex^4 + \frac{4}{3}a^3cdx^3 +$
norman	$\frac{1}{10}c^4ex^{10} + \frac{1}{9}c^4dx^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^3ex^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^3dx^7 + a^2c^2ex^6 + \frac{6}{5}a^2c^2dx^5 + a^3cex^4 + \frac{4}{3}a^3cdx^3 +$
risch	$\frac{1}{10}c^4ex^{10} + \frac{1}{9}c^4dx^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^3ex^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^3dx^7 + a^2c^2ex^6 + \frac{6}{5}a^2c^2dx^5 + a^3cex^4 + \frac{4}{3}a^3cdx^3 +$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1}{10}c^4ex^{10} + \frac{1}{9}c^4dx^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^3ex^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^3dx^7 + a^2c^2ex^6 + \frac{6}{5}a^2c^2dx^5 + a^3cex^4 + \frac{4}{3}a^3cdx^3 +$
orering	$\frac{x(63ec^4x^9 + 70dc^4x^8 + 315ea^3c^3x^7 + 360c^3adx^6 + 630ea^2c^2x^5 + 756da^2c^2x^4 + 630ec^3a^3x^3 + 840dc^3a^3x^2 + 315a^4ex + 630a^4d)}{630}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/10*c^4*e*x^10+1/9*c^4*d*x^9+1/2*a*c^3*e*x^8+4/7*a*c^3*d*x^7+a^2*c^2*e*x^
6+6/5*a^2*c^2*d*x^5+a^3*c*e*x^4+4/3*a^3*c*d*x^3+1/2*a^4*e*x^2+a^4*d*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{1}{10}c^4ex^{10} + \frac{1}{9}c^4dx^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^3ex^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^3dx^7 + a^2c^2ex^6 + \frac{6}{5}a^2c^2dx^5 + a^3cex^4 + \frac{4}{3}a^3cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4ex^2 + a^4dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/10*c^4*e*x^10 + 1/9*c^4*d*x^9 + 1/2*a*c^3*e*x^8 + 4/7*a*c^3*d*x^7 + a^2*
c^2*e*x^6 + 6/5*a^2*c^2*d*x^5 + a^3*c*e*x^4 + 4/3*a^3*c*d*x^3 + 1/2*a^4*e*
x^2 + a^4*d*x
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^4 dx = a^4 dx + \frac{a^4 ex^2}{2} + \frac{4a^3 cd x^3}{3} + a^3 cex^4 + \frac{6a^2 c^2 dx^5}{5} \\ + a^2 c^2 ex^6 + \frac{4ac^3 dx^7}{7} + \frac{ac^3 ex^8}{2} + \frac{c^4 dx^9}{9} + \frac{c^4 ex^{10}}{10}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x**2+a)**4,x)
```

output

```
a**4*d*x + a**4*e*x**2/2 + 4*a**3*c*d*x**3/3 + a**3*c*e*x**4 + 6*a**2*c**2
*d*x**5/5 + a**2*c**2*e*x**6 + 4*a*c**3*d*x**7/7 + a*c**3*e*x**8/2 + c**4*
d*x**9/9 + c**4*e*x**10/10
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{1}{10} c^4 ex^{10} + \frac{1}{9} c^4 dx^9 + \frac{1}{2} ac^3 ex^8 + \frac{4}{7} ac^3 dx^7 + a^2 c^2 ex^6 \\ + \frac{6}{5} a^2 c^2 dx^5 + a^3 cex^4 + \frac{4}{3} a^3 cd x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^4 ex^2 + a^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/10*c^4*e*x^10 + 1/9*c^4*d*x^9 + 1/2*a*c^3*e*x^8 + 4/7*a*c^3*d*x^7 + a^2*
c^2*e*x^6 + 6/5*a^2*c^2*d*x^5 + a^3*c*e*x^4 + 4/3*a^3*c*d*x^3 + 1/2*a^4*e*
x^2 + a^4*d*x
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{1}{10}c^4ex^{10} + \frac{1}{9}c^4dx^9 + \frac{1}{2}ac^3ex^8 + \frac{4}{7}ac^3dx^7 + a^2c^2ex^6 + \frac{6}{5}a^2c^2dx^5 + a^3cex^4 + \frac{4}{3}a^3cdx^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^4ex^2 + a^4dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/10*c^4*e*x^10 + 1/9*c^4*d*x^9 + 1/2*a*c^3*e*x^8 + 4/7*a*c^3*d*x^7 + a^2*c^2*e*x^6 + 6/5*a^2*c^2*d*x^5 + a^3*c*e*x^4 + 4/3*a^3*c*d*x^3 + 1/2*a^4*e*x^2 + a^4*d*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (d + ex)(a + cx^2)^4 dx = \frac{ea^4x^2}{2} + da^4x + ea^3cx^4 + \frac{4da^3cx^3}{3} + ea^2c^2x^6 + \frac{6da^2c^2x^5}{5} + \frac{eac^3x^8}{2} + \frac{4dac^3x^7}{7} + \frac{ec^4x^{10}}{10} + \frac{dc^4x^9}{9}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^4*(d + e*x),x)`

output `(a^4*e*x^2)/2 + (c^4*d*x^9)/9 + (c^4*e*x^10)/10 + a^4*d*x + (6*a^2*c^2*d*x^5)/5 + a^2*c^2*e*x^6 + (4*a^3*c*d*x^3)/3 + (4*a*c^3*d*x^7)/7 + a^3*c*e*x^4 + (a*c^3*e*x^8)/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (d + ex) (a + cx^2)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(63c^4ex^9 + 70c^4dx^8 + 315ac^3ex^7 + 360ac^3dx^6 + 630a^2c^2ex^5 + 756a^2c^2dx^4 + 630a^3cex^3 + 840a^3cdx^2 + 63a^4ex + 63a^4d)}{630}$$

input `int((e*x+d)*(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`output `(x*(630*a**4*d + 315*a**4*e*x + 840*a**3*c*d*x**2 + 630*a**3*c*e*x**3 + 756*a**2*c**2*d*x**4 + 630*a**2*c**2*e*x**5 + 360*a*c**3*d*x**6 + 315*a*c**3*e*x**7 + 70*c**4*d*x**8 + 63*c**4*e*x**9))/630`

### 3.96 $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^4}{d+ex} dx$

Optimal result	811
Mathematica [A] (verified)	812
Rubi [A] (verified)	812
Maple [A] (verified)	814
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	814
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	815
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	816
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	816
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	817
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	818

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^4}{d+ex} dx = -\frac{8cd(cd^2+ae^2)^3x}{e^8} + \frac{2c(cd^2+ae^2)^2(7cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2}{e^9} - \frac{8c^2d(cd^2+ae^2)(7cd^2+3ae^2)(d+ex)^3}{3e^9} + \frac{c^2(35c^2d^4+30acd^2e^2+3a^2e^4)(d+ex)^4}{2e^9} - \frac{8c^3d(7cd^2+3ae^2)(d+ex)^5}{5e^9} + \frac{2c^3(7cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^6}{3e^9} - \frac{8c^4d(d+ex)^7}{7e^9} + \frac{c^4(d+ex)^8}{8e^9} + \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)^4 \log(d+ex)}{e^9}$$

output

```
-8*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*x/e^8+2*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^2/e^9-8/3*c^2*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(3*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^3/e^9+1/2*c^2*(3*a^2*e^4+30*a*c*d^2*e^2+35*c^2*d^4)*(e*x+d)^4/e^9-8/5*c^3*d*(3*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^5/e^9+2/3*c^3*(a*e^2+7*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^6/e^9-8/7*c^4*d*(e*x+d)^7/e^9+1/8*c^4*(e*x+d)^8/e^9+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4*ln(e*x+d)/e^9
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{cx(1680a^3e^6(-2d + ex) + 420a^2ce^4(-12d^3 + 6d^2ex - 4de^2x^2 + 3e^3x^3) + 56ac^2e^2(-60d^5 + 30d^4ex - 20d^3e^2x^2 + 15d^2e^3x^3 - 12de^4x^4 + 10e^5x^5) + c^3(-840d^7 + 420d^6ex - 280d^5e^2x^2 + 210d^4e^3x^3 - 168d^3e^4x^4 + 140d^2e^5x^5 - 120de^6x^6 + 105e^7x^7))}{840e^8} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^4 \log(d + ex)}{e^9}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^4/(d + e*x),x]
```

output

```
(c*x*(1680*a^3*e^6*(-2*d + e*x) + 420*a^2*c*e^4*(-12*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x - 4*d
*e^2*x^2 + 3*e^3*x^3) + 56*a*c^2*e^2*(-60*d^5 + 30*d^4*e*x - 20*d^3*e^2*x^
2 + 15*d^2*e^3*x^3 - 12*d*e^4*x^4 + 10*e^5*x^5) + c^3*(-840*d^7 + 420*d^6*
e*x - 280*d^5*e^2*x^2 + 210*d^4*e^3*x^3 - 168*d^3*e^4*x^4 + 140*d^2*e^5*x^
5 - 120*d*e^6*x^6 + 105*e^7*x^7)))/(840*e^8) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4*Log[d +
e*x])/e^9
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^3(3a^2e^4 + 30acd^2e^2 + 35c^2d^4)}{e^8} + \frac{4c^3(d + ex)^5(ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{e^8} - \frac{8c^3d(d + ex)^4(3ae^2 + 7cd^2)}{e^8} + \dots \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c^2(d+ex)^4(3a^2e^4+30acd^2e^2+35c^2d^4)}{2e^9} + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^6(ae^2+7cd^2)}{3e^9} - \frac{8c^3d(d+ex)^5(3ae^2+7cd^2)}{5e^9} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^3(ae^2+cd^2)(3ae^2+7cd^2)}{3e^9} + \frac{2c(d+ex)^2(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ae^2+7cd^2)}{e^9} + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)^4 \log(d+ex)}{e^9} - \frac{8cdx(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{e^8} + \frac{c^4(d+ex)^8}{8e^9} - \frac{8c^4d(d+ex)^7}{7e^9}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^4/(d + e*x),x]`

output `(-8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*x)/e^8 + (2*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(7*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2)/e^9 - (8*c^2*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(7*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(3*e^9) + (c^2*(35*c^2*d^4 + 30*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)*(d + e*x)^4)/(2*e^9) - (8*c^3*d*(7*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^5)/(5*e^9) + (2*c^3*(7*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^6)/(3*e^9) - (8*c^4*d*(d + e*x)^7)/(7*e^9) + (c^4*(d + e*x)^8)/(8*e^9) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4*Log[d + e*x])/e^9`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
norman	$\frac{c^4 x^8}{8e} + \frac{c(4e^6 a^3 + 6d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 4d^4 e^2 a c^2 + d^6 c^3) x^2}{2e^7} - \frac{d c^4 x^7}{7e^2} + \frac{c^2(6a^2 e^4 + 4ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4) x^4}{4e^5} + \frac{c^3(4a e^2 + c d^2) x^6}{6e^3} - \frac{c d^4 x^8}{8e^8}$
risch	$\frac{\ln(ex+d)a^4}{e} + \frac{c^4 x^8}{8e} + \frac{c^4 x^6 d^2}{6e^3} - \frac{c^4 x^5 d^3}{5e^4} + \frac{3c^2 x^4 a^2}{2e} + \frac{c^4 x^4 d^4}{4e^5} - \frac{c^4 x^3 d^5}{3e^6} + \frac{2c a^3 x^2}{e} + \frac{c^4 d^6 x^2}{2e^7} - \frac{c^4 d^7 x}{e^8} + \frac{\ln(e^8 x^8 + 8d e^7 x^7 + 7c d^2 e^6 x^6 + 6c^2 d^3 e^5 x^5 + 5c^3 d^4 e^4 x^4 + 4c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 3c^5 d^6 e^2 x^2 + 2c^6 d^7 e x + c^7 d^8)}{e^8}$
parallelrisch	$840 \ln(ex+d)c^4 d^8 + 105x^8 c^4 e^8 + 840 \ln(ex+d)a^4 e^8 - 120d c^4 x^7 e^7 + 560x^6 a c^3 e^8 + 140x^6 c^4 d^2 e^6 - 168x^5 c^4 d^3 e^5 + 1260x^4 a^2 c^2 e^8 + 1260x^4 c^4 d^4 e^4 - 1260x^3 c^4 d^5 e^3 + 1260x^2 a^3 c e^8 - 1260x^2 c^4 d^6 e^2 + 1260x c^4 d^7 e - 1260c^4 d^8$
default	$c \left( -\frac{c^3 x^8 e^7}{8} + \frac{d e^3 x^7 e^6}{7} + \frac{(-e^5(2a e^2 + c d^2)c^2 - 2c^2 e^7 a)x^6}{6} + \frac{(d(2a e^2 + c d^2)e^4 c^2 + 2d e^6 c^2 a)x^5}{5} + \frac{(-2e^5(2a e^2 + c d^2)ac - c e^3(2a^2 + c^2 d^2))x^4}{4} \right)$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^4/(e*x+d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8/e*c^4*x^8+1/2*c/e^7*(4*a^3*e^6+6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+4*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)*x^2-1/7*d/e^2*c^4*x^7+1/4/e^5*c^2*(6*a^2*e^4+4*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x^4+1/6/e^3*c^3*(4*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^6-c*d*(4*a^3*e^6+6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+4*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)/e^8*x-1/3*d/e^6*c^2*(6*a^2*e^4+4*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x^3-1/5*d/e^4*c^3*(4*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^5+(a^4*e^8+4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4+4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+c^4*d^8)/e^9*ln(e*x+d)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{d + ex} dx = \frac{105 c^4 e^8 x^8 - 120 c^4 d e^7 x^7 + 140 (c^4 d^2 e^6 + 4 a c^3 e^8) x^6 - 168 (c^4 d^3 e^5 + 4 a c^3 d e^7) x^5 + 210 (c^4 d^4 e^4 + 4 a c^3 d^2 e^6) x^4 - 1260 c^4 d^5 e^3 x^3 + 1260 c^4 d^6 e^2 x^2 - 1260 c^4 d^7 e x + 1260 c^4 d^8}{e^9}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/840*(105*c^4*e^8*x^8 - 120*c^4*d*e^7*x^7 + 140*(c^4*d^2*e^6 + 4*a*c^3*e^8)*x^6 - 168*(c^4*d^3*e^5 + 4*a*c^3*d*e^7)*x^5 + 210*(c^4*d^4*e^4 + 4*a*c^3*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*e^8)*x^4 - 280*(c^4*d^5*e^3 + 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*d*e^7)*x^3 + 420*(c^4*d^6*e^2 + 4*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^3*c*e^8)*x^2 - 840*(c^4*d^7*e + 4*a*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^5 + 4*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x + 840*(c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*log(e*x + d))/e^9
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{d + ex} dx = -\frac{c^4 dx^7}{7e^2} + \frac{c^4 x^8}{8e} + x^6 \cdot \left( \frac{2ac^3}{3e} + \frac{c^4 d^2}{6e^3} \right) + x^5 \left( -\frac{4ac^3 d}{5e^2} - \frac{c^4 d^3}{5e^4} \right) + x^4 \cdot \left( \frac{3a^2 c^2}{2e} + \frac{ac^3 d^2}{e^3} + \frac{c^4 d^4}{4e^5} \right) + x^3 \left( -\frac{2a^2 c^2 d}{e^2} - \frac{4ac^3 d^3}{3e^4} - \frac{c^4 d^5}{3e^6} \right) + x^2 \cdot \left( \frac{2a^3 c}{e} + \frac{3a^2 c^2 d^2}{e^3} + \frac{2ac^3 d^4}{e^5} + \frac{c^4 d^6}{2e^7} \right) + x \left( -\frac{4a^3 cd}{e^2} - \frac{6a^2 c^2 d^3}{e^4} - \frac{4ac^3 d^5}{e^6} - \frac{c^4 d^7}{e^8} \right) + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^4 \log(d + ex)}{e^9}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+a)**4/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
-c**4*d*x**7/(7*e**2) + c**4*x**8/(8*e) + x**6*(2*a*c**3/(3*e) + c**4*d**2/(6*e**3)) + x**5*(-4*a*c**3*d/(5*e**2) - c**4*d**3/(5*e**4)) + x**4*(3*a**2*c**2/(2*e) + a*c**3*d**2/e**3 + c**4*d**4/(4*e**5)) + x**3*(-2*a**2*c**2*d/e**2 - 4*a*c**3*d**3/(3*e**4) - c**4*d**5/(3*e**6)) + x**2*(2*a**3*c/e + 3*a**2*c**2*d**2/e**3 + 2*a*c**3*d**4/e**5 + c**4*d**6/(2*e**7)) + x*(-4*a**3*c*d/e**2 - 6*a**2*c**2*d**3/e**4 - 4*a*c**3*d**5/e**6 - c**4*d**7/e**8) + (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**4*log(d + e*x)/e**9
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{105 c^4 e^7 x^8 - 120 c^4 d e^6 x^7 + 140 (c^4 d^2 e^5 + 4 a c^3 e^7) x^6 - 168 (c^4 d^3 e^4 + 4 a c^3 d e^6) x^5 + 210 (c^4 d^4 e^3 + 4 a c^3 d^2 e^5 + 6 a^2 c^2 d e^7) x^4 - 280 (c^4 d^5 e^2 + 4 a^2 c^3 d^3 e^4 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6) x^3 + 420 (c^4 d^6 e + 4 a^3 c^3 d^4 e^3 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^5 + 4 a^3 c d e^7) x^2 - 840 (c^4 d^7 + 4 a^3 c^3 d^5 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 + 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6) x}{e^8} + \frac{(c^4 d^8 + 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8) \log(ex + d)}{e^9}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="maxima")`output

```
1/840*(105*c^4*e^7*x^8 - 120*c^4*d*e^6*x^7 + 140*(c^4*d^2*e^5 + 4*a*c^3*e^7)*x^6 - 168*(c^4*d^3*e^4 + 4*a*c^3*d*e^6)*x^5 + 210*(c^4*d^4*e^3 + 4*a*c^3*d^2*e^5 + 6*a^2*c^2*e^7)*x^4 - 280*(c^4*d^5*e^2 + 4*a*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d*e^6)*x^3 + 420*(c^4*d^6*e + 4*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 4*a^3*c*d*e^7)*x^2 - 840*(c^4*d^7 + 4*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6)*x)/e^8 + (c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*log(e*x + d)/e^9
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{105 c^4 e^7 x^8 - 120 c^4 d e^6 x^7 + 140 c^4 d^2 e^5 x^6 + 560 a c^3 e^7 x^6 - 168 c^4 d^3 e^4 x^5 - 672 a c^3 d e^6 x^5 + 210 c^4 d^4 e^3 x^4 + 420 (c^4 d^5 e^2 + 4 a^2 c^3 d^3 e^4 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^6) x^3 + 420 (c^4 d^6 e + 4 a^3 c^3 d^4 e^3 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^2 e^5 + 4 a^3 c d e^7) x^2 - 840 (c^4 d^7 + 4 a^3 c^3 d^5 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 + 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6) x}{e^8} + \frac{(c^4 d^8 + 4 a c^3 d^6 e^2 + 6 a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 4 a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8) \log(|ex + d|)}{e^9}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^4/(e*x+d),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/840*(105*c^4*e^7*x^8 - 120*c^4*d*e^6*x^7 + 140*c^4*d^2*e^5*x^6 + 560*a*c^3*e^7*x^6 - 168*c^4*d^3*e^4*x^5 - 672*a*c^3*d*e^6*x^5 + 210*c^4*d^4*e^3*x^4 + 840*a*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^4 + 1260*a^2*c^2*e^7*x^4 - 280*c^4*d^5*e^2*x^3 - 1120*a*c^3*d^3*e^4*x^3 - 1680*a^2*c^2*d*e^6*x^3 + 420*c^4*d^6*e*x^2 + 1680*a*c^3*d^4*e^3*x^2 + 2520*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^2 + 1680*a^3*c*e^7*x^2 - 840*c^4*d^7*x - 3360*a*c^3*d^5*e^2*x - 5040*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4*x - 3360*a^3*c*d*e^6*x)/e^8 + (c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8)*log(abs(e*x + d))/e^9
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{d + ex} dx = x^2 \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e} + \frac{e^4 d^2}{e^3} \right) + \frac{6a^2 c^2}{e}}{2e^2} + \frac{2a^3 c}{e} \right) + x^4 \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e} + \frac{e^4 d^2}{e^3} \right) + \frac{3a^2 c^2}{2e}}{4e^2} \right) + x^6 \left( \frac{2ac^3}{3e} + \frac{e^4 d^2}{6e^3} \right) + \frac{\ln(d + ex) (a^4 e^8 + 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + c^4 d^8)}{e^9} + \frac{c^4 x^8}{8e} - \frac{c^4 d x^7}{7e^2} - \frac{d x^3 \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e} + \frac{e^4 d^2}{e^3} \right) + \frac{6a^2 c^2}{e}}{e^2} \right)}{3e} - \frac{d x^5 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e} + \frac{e^4 d^2}{e^3} \right)}{5e} - \frac{d x \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e} + \frac{e^4 d^2}{e^3} \right) + \frac{6a^2 c^2}{e}}{e^2} \right) + \frac{4a^3 c}{e}}{e}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^4/(d + e*x),x)
```

output

```
x^2*((d^2*((d^2*((4*a*c^3)/e + (c^4*d^2)/e^3))/e^2 + (6*a^2*c^2)/e))/(2*e^2) + (2*a^3*c)/e + x^4*((d^2*((4*a*c^3)/e + (c^4*d^2)/e^3))/(4*e^2) + (3*a^2*c^2)/(2*e)) + x^6*((2*a*c^3)/(3*e) + (c^4*d^2)/(6*e^3)) + (log(d + e*x))*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4))/e^9 + (c^4*x^8)/(8*e) - (c^4*d*x^7)/(7*e^2) - (d*x^3*((d^2*((4*a*c^3)/e + (c^4*d^2)/e^3))/e^2 + (6*a^2*c^2)/e))/(3*e) - (d*x^5*((4*a*c^3)/e + (c^4*d^2)/e^3))/(5*e) - (d*x*((d^2*((d^2*((4*a*c^3)/e + (c^4*d^2)/e^3))/e^2 + (6*a^2*c^2)/e))/e^2 + (4*a^3*c)/e)/e
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{d + ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{840 \log(ex + d) a^4 e^8 + 840 \log(ex + d) c^4 d^8 + 105 c^4 e^8 x^8 + 3360 \log(ex + d) a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 5040 \log(ex + d) a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 3360 \log(ex + d) a c^3 d^6 e^2 + 840 \log(ex + d) c^4 d^8}{840 e^9}$$

input

```
int((c*x^2+a)^4/(e*x+d),x)
```

output

```
(840*log(d + e*x)*a**4*e**8 + 3360*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 + 5040*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 + 3360*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 + 840*log(d + e*x)*c**4*d**8 - 3360*a**3*c*d*e**7*x + 1680*a**3*c*e**8*x**2 - 5040*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**5*x + 2520*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**2 - 1680*a**2*c**2*d*e**7*x**3 + 1260*a**2*c**2*e**8*x**4 - 3360*a*c**3*d**5*e**3*x + 1680*a*c**3*d**4*e**4*x**2 - 1120*a*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 840*a*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**4 - 672*a*c**3*d*e**7*x**5 + 560*a*c**3*e**8*x**6 - 840*c**4*d**7*e*x + 420*c**4*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 280*c**4*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 210*c**4*d**4*e**4*x**4 - 168*c**4*d**3*e**5*x**5 + 140*c**4*d**2*e**6*x**6 - 120*c**4*d*e**7*x**7 + 105*c**4*e**8*x**8)/(840*e**9)
```

**3.97**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^4}{(d+ex)^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	819
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	820
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	820
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	821
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	822
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	823
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	823
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	824
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	825
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	826

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 255

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^4}{(d+ex)^2} dx = \frac{c(7c^3d^6 + 20ac^2d^4e^2 + 18a^2cd^2e^4 + 4a^3e^6)x}{e^8} - \frac{c^2d(3c^2d^4 + 8acd^2e^2 + 6a^2e^4)x^2}{e^7} + \frac{c^2(5c^2d^4 + 12acd^2e^2 + 6a^2e^4)x^3}{3e^6} - \frac{c^3d(cd^2 + 2ae^2)x^4}{e^5} + \frac{c^3(3cd^2 + 4ae^2)x^5}{5e^4} - \frac{c^4dx^6}{3e^3} + \frac{c^4x^7}{7e^2} - \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)^4}{e^9(d+ex)} - \frac{8cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 \log(d+ex)}{e^9}$$

output

```
c*(4*a^3*e^6+18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+20*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+7*c^3*d^6)*x/e^8-c^2*d*(6*a^2*e^4+8*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*x^2/e^7+1/3*c^2*(6*a^2*e^4+12*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*x^3/e^6-c^3*d*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x^4/e^5+1/5*c^3*(4*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x^5/e^4-1/3*c^4*d*x^6/e^3+1/7*c^4*x^7/e^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/e^9/(e*x+d)-8*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(e*x+d)/e^9
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-105a^4e^8 + 420a^3ce^6(-d^2 + dex + e^2x^2) + 210a^2c^2e^4(-3d^4 + 9d^3ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 - 2de^3x^3 + e^4x^4) + 42a^2c^3e^2(-3d^4 + 9d^3ex + 6d^2e^2x^2 - 2de^3x^3 + e^4x^4) + 42a^2c^3e^2(-10d^6 + 50d^5ex + 30d^4e^2x^2 - 10d^3e^3x^3 + 5d^2e^4x^4 - 3de^5x^5 + 2e^6x^6) + c^4(-105d^8 + 735d^7ex + 420d^6e^2x^2 - 140d^5e^3x^3 + 70d^4e^4x^4 - 42d^3e^5x^5 + 28d^2e^6x^6 - 20de^7x^7 + 15e^8x^8) - 840c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)*\text{Log}[d + e*x]}{(105e^9*(d + e*x))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^4/(d + e*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-105*a^4*e^8 + 420*a^3*c*e^6*(-d^2 + d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + 210*a^2*c^2*e^4*(-3*d^4 + 9*d^3*e*x + 6*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e^3*x^3 + e^4*x^4) + 42*a*c^3*e^2*(-10*d^6 + 50*d^5*e*x + 30*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 10*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 5*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 3*d*e^5*x^5 + 2*e^6*x^6) + c^4*(-105*d^8 + 735*d^7*e*x + 420*d^6*e^2*x^2 - 140*d^5*e^3*x^3 + 70*d^4*e^4*x^4 - 42*d^3*e^5*x^5 + 28*d^2*e^6*x^6 - 20*d*e^7*x^7 + 15*e^8*x^8) - 840*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)*Log[d + e*x])/(105*e^9*(d + e*x))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( -\frac{2c^2 dx(6a^2e^4 + 8acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)}{e^7} + \frac{c^2x^2(6a^2e^4 + 12acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{e^6} + \frac{c(4a^3e^6 + 18a^2cd^2e^4 + 20ac^2d^4e^2)}{e^8} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{c^2 dx^2 (6a^2 e^4 + 8acd^2 e^2 + 3c^2 d^4)}{e^7} + \frac{c^2 x^3 (6a^2 e^4 + 12acd^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)}{e^5} + \\
 & \frac{cx(4a^3 e^6 + 18a^2 cd^2 e^4 + 20ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 7c^3 d^6)}{e^8} - \frac{c^3 dx^4 (2ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{c^3 x^5 (4ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{5e^4} - \\
 & \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^4}{e^9(d+ex)} - \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 \log(d+ex)}{e^9} - \frac{c^4 dx^6}{3e^3} + \frac{c^4 x^7}{7e^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^4/(d + e*x)^2,x]`

output  $(c*(7*c^3*d^6 + 20*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 4*a^3*e^6)*x)/e^8 - (c^2*d*(3*c^2*d^4 + 8*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 6*a^2*e^4)*x^2)/e^7 + (c^2*(5*c^2*d^4 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 6*a^2*e^4)*x^3)/(3*e^6) - (c^3*d*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x^4)/e^5 + (c^3*(3*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2)*x^5)/(5*e^4) - (c^4*d*x^6)/(3*e^3) + (c^4*x^7)/(7*e^2) - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4/(e^9*(d + e*x)) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*Log[d + e*x])/e^9$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
norman	$-\frac{a^4 e^8 + 8a^3 c d^2 e^6 + 24a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 24a c^3 d^6 e^2 + 8c^4 d^8}{e^9} + \frac{c^4 x^8}{7e} + \frac{2c^2(3a^2 e^4 + 3acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)x^4}{3e^5} + \frac{4c^3(3ae^2 + cd^2)x^6}{15e^3} - \frac{4dc^4 x^7}{21e^2} + \frac{4c(e^6 a^4 + 8a^3 cd^2 e^4 + 20a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 + 7c^3 d^6)}{e^8} - \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 \log(d+ex)}{e^9} - \frac{c^4 dx^6}{3e^3} + \frac{c^4 x^7}{7e^2}$
default	$c(\frac{1}{7}x^7 c^3 e^6 - \frac{1}{3}d c^3 x^6 e^5 + \frac{4}{5}x^5 a c^2 e^6 + \frac{3}{5}x^5 c^3 d^2 e^4 - 2x^4 a c^2 d e^5 - x^4 c^3 d^3 e^3 + 2x^3 a^2 c e^6 + 4x^3 a c^2 d^2 e^4 + \frac{5}{3}x^3 c^3 d^4 e^2 - 6x^2 a^2 cd e^5 - \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 \log(d+ex)}{e^9} - \frac{c^4 dx^6}{3e^3} + \frac{c^4 x^7}{7e^2})$
risch	$-\frac{6c^2 x^2 a^2 d}{e^3} - \frac{8c^3 x^2 a d^3}{e^5} + \frac{18c^2 d^2 a^2 x}{e^4} + \frac{20c^3 d^4 a x}{e^6} - \frac{8dc \ln(ex+d)a^3}{e^3} - \frac{2c^3 x^4 ad}{e^3} + \frac{4c^3 x^3 a d^2}{e^4} - \frac{c^4 dx^6}{3e^3} - \frac{24d^5 c^4}{e^8}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{840 \ln(ex+d)c^4 d^8 - 15x^8 c^4 e^8 + 105a^4 e^8 + 840 \ln(ex+d)x a^3 cd e^7 + 2520 \ln(ex+d)x a^2 c^2 d^3 e^5 + 2520 \ln(ex+d)xa c^3 d^5 e^3 + 840 \ln(ex+d)c^4 d^8}{e^9}$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^4/(e*x+d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-(a^4e^8+8a^3cd^2e^6+24a^2c^2d^4e^4+24a^3cd^6e^2+8c^4d^8)/e^9+1/7/e^c^4x^8+2/3c^2(3a^2e^4+3a^2cd^2e^2+c^2d^4)/e^5x^4+4/15c^3(3a^2e^2+c^2d^2)/e^3x^6-4/21d/e^2c^4x^7+4/e^7c^*(a^3e^6+3a^2cd^2e^4+3a^2cd^4e^2+c^3d^6)*x^2-4/3d*c^2(3a^2e^4+3a^2cd^2e^2+c^2d^4)/e^6x^3-2/5d*c^3(3a^2e^2+c^2d^2)/e^4x^5}{(e*x+d)-8*d/e^9*c*(a^3e^6+3a^2cd^2e^4+3a^2cd^4e^2+c^3d^6)*\ln(e*x+d)}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15c^4e^8x^8 - 20c^4de^7x^7 - 105c^4d^8 - 420ac^3d^6e^2 - 630a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 420a^3cd^2e^6 - 105a^4e^8 + 28(c^4d^2e^6 +$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^4/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1/105*(15c^4e^8x^8 - 20c^4d^7e^7x^7 - 105c^4d^8 - 420a^3cd^6e^2 - 630a^2c^2d^4e^4 - 420a^3cd^2e^6 - 105a^4e^8 + 28*(c^4d^2e^6 + 3a^2cd^2e^6 + 3a^2cd^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^6e^2)*x^6 - 42*(c^4d^3e^5 + 3a^2cd^3e^7)*x^5 + 70*(c^4d^4e^4 + 3a^2cd^2e^6 + 3a^2cd^4e^2)*x^4 - 140*(c^4d^5e^3 + 3a^2cd^3e^5 + 3a^2cd^5e^7)*x^3 + 420*(c^4d^6e^2 + 3a^2cd^4e^4 + 3a^2cd^6e^6 + a^3cd^2e^8)*x^2 + 105*(7c^4d^7e + 20a^3cd^5e^3 + 18a^2cd^3e^5 + 4a^3cd^5e^7)*x - 840*(c^4d^8 + 3a^2cd^6e^2 + 3a^2cd^8e^4 + a^3cd^4e^6 + (c^4d^7e + 3a^2cd^5e^3 + 3a^2cd^7e^5 + a^3cd^3e^7)*x)*\log(e*x + d)}{(e^10*x + d^9e^9)}$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{c^4 dx^6}{3e^3} + \frac{c^4 x^7}{7e^2} - \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^3 \log(d + ex)}{e^9} + x^5$$

$$\cdot \left( \frac{4ac^3}{5e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{5e^4} \right) + x^4 \left( -\frac{2ac^3 d}{e^3} - \frac{c^4 d^3}{e^5} \right) + x^3$$

$$\cdot \left( \frac{2a^2 c^2}{e^2} + \frac{4ac^3 d^2}{e^4} + \frac{5c^4 d^4}{3e^6} \right) + x^2 \left( -\frac{6a^2 c^2 d}{e^3} - \frac{8ac^3 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{3c^4 d^5}{e^7} \right)$$

$$+ x \left( \frac{4a^3 c}{e^2} + \frac{18a^2 c^2 d^2}{e^4} + \frac{20ac^3 d^4}{e^6} + \frac{7c^4 d^6}{e^8} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{-a^4 e^8 - 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 - 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 - 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 - c^4 d^8}{de^9 + e^{10}x}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**4/(e*x+d)**2,x)`output `-c**4*d*x**6/(3*e**3) + c**4*x**7/(7*e**2) - 8*c*d*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3*log(d + e*x)/e**9 + x**5*(4*a*c**3/(5*e**2) + 3*c**4*d**2/(5*e**4)) + x**4*(-2*a*c**3*d/e**3 - c**4*d**3/e**5) + x**3*(2*a**2*c**2/e**2 + 4*a*c**3*d**2/e**4 + 5*c**4*d**4/(3*e**6)) + x**2*(-6*a**2*c**2*d/e**3 - 8*a*c**3*d**3/e**5 - 3*c**4*d**5/e**7) + x*(4*a**3*c/e**2 + 18*a**2*c**2*d**2/e**4 + 20*a*c**3*d**4/e**6 + 7*c**4*d**6/e**8) + (-a**4*e**8 - 4*a**3*c*d**2*e**6 - 6*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**4 - 4*a*c**3*d**6*e**2 - c**4*d**8)/(d*e**9 + e**10*x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{(d + ex)^2} dx = -\frac{c^4 d^8 + 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8}{e^{10}x + de^9}$$

$$+ \frac{15c^4 e^6 x^7 - 35c^4 d e^5 x^6 + 21(3c^4 d^2 e^4 + 4ac^3 e^6)x^5 - 105(c^4 d^3 e^3 + 2ac^3 d e^5)x^4 + 35(5c^4 d^4 e^2 + 12ac^3 d^2 e^4)x^3 - 105(3c^4 d^5 e^2 + 4ac^3 d^3 e^4)x^2 + 35(5c^4 d^6 e^2 + 12ac^3 d^4 e^4)x - 8(c^4 d^7 + 3ac^3 d^5 e^2 + 3a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 + a^3 c d e^6) \log(ex + d)}{e^9}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^4/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -(c^4d^8 + 4a^3c^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 4a^3c^3d^2e^6 + a^4e^8)/e^{10}x + d^9 + 1/105*(15c^4e^6x^7 - 35c^4d^6e^5x^6 + 21*(3c^4d^2e^4 + 4a^3c^3e^6)x^5 - 105*(c^4d^3e^3 + 2a^3c^3d^5e^5)x^4 + 35*(5c^4d^4e^2 + 12a^3c^3d^2e^4 + 6a^2c^2e^6)x^3 - 105*(3c^4d^5e + 8a^3c^3d^3e^3 + 6a^2c^2d^5e^5)x^2 + 105*(7c^4d^6 + 20a^3c^3d^4e^2 + 18a^2c^2d^2e^4 + 4a^3c^3e^6)x)/e^8 - 8*(c^4d^7 + 3a^3c^3d^5e^2 + 3a^2c^2d^3e^4 + a^3c^3d^5e^6)*\log(e^9x + d)/e^9
\end{aligned}$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{(d + ex)^2} dx \\
& = \frac{\left(15c^4 - \frac{140c^4d}{ex+d} + \frac{84(7c^4d^2e^2 + ac^3e^4)}{(ex+d)^2e^2} - \frac{210(7c^4d^3e^3 + 3ac^3de^5)}{(ex+d)^3e^3} + \frac{70(35c^4d^4e^4 + 30ac^3d^2e^6 + 3a^2c^2e^8)}{(ex+d)^4e^4} - \frac{420(7c^4d^5e^5 + 10ac^3d^3e^7 + 3a^2c^2d^5e^9)}{(ex+d)^5e^5} + \frac{420(7c^4d^6e^6 + 15a^3c^3d^4e^8 + 9a^2c^2d^2e^{10} + a^3c^3e^{12})}{(ex+d)^6e^6}\right) * (ex+d)^7/e^9 + 8*(c^4d^7 + 3a^3c^3d^5e^2 + 3a^2c^2d^3e^4 + a^3c^3d^5e^6) \log\left(\frac{|ex+d|}{(ex+d)^2|e|}\right)}{105e^9} \\
& \quad + \frac{e^9}{e^{16}} \left(\frac{c^4d^8e^7}{ex+d} + \frac{4ac^3d^6e^9}{ex+d} + \frac{6a^2c^2d^4e^{11}}{ex+d} + \frac{4a^3cd^2e^{13}}{ex+d} + \frac{a^4e^{15}}{ex+d}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^4/(e*x+d)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1/105*(15c^4 - 140c^4d/(e^9x + d) + 84*(7c^4d^2e^2 + a^3c^3e^4)/((e^9x + d)^2e^2) - 210*(7c^4d^3e^3 + 3a^3c^3d^5e^5)/((e^9x + d)^3e^3) + 70*(35c^4d^4e^4 + 30a^3c^3d^2e^6 + 3a^2c^2e^8)/((e^9x + d)^4e^4) - 420*(7c^4d^5e^5 + 10a^3c^3d^3e^7 + 3a^2c^2d^5e^9)/((e^9x + d)^5e^5) + 420*(7c^4d^6e^6 + 15a^3c^3d^4e^8 + 9a^2c^2d^2e^{10} + a^3c^3e^{12})/((e^9x + d)^6e^6))*(e^9x + d)^7/e^9 + 8*(c^4d^7 + 3a^3c^3d^5e^2 + 3a^2c^2d^3e^4 + a^3c^3d^5e^6)*\log(abs(e^9x + d)/((e^9x + d)^2*abs(e)))/e^9 - (c^4d^8e^7/(e^9x + d) + 4a^3c^3d^6e^9/(e^9x + d) + 6a^2c^2d^4e^{11}/(e^9x + d) + 4a^3c^3d^2e^{13}/(e^9x + d) + a^4e^{15}/(e^9x + d))/e^{16}
\end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 701, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{(d + ex)^2} dx = x^4 \left( \frac{c^4 d^3}{2 e^5} - \frac{d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{2e} \right) + x^5 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{5e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{5e^4} \right)$$

$$+ x^2 \left( \frac{d \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{6a^2 c^2}{e^2} \right)}{e} \right)$$

$$- \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{2e^2}$$

$$- x^3 \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{3e^2} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2a^2 c^2}{e^2} \right)$$

$$+ x \left( \frac{4a^3 c}{e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{6a^2 c^2}{e^2} \right)}{e^2} \right)$$

$$\left( 2d \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{6a^2 c^2}{e^2} \right) \right)$$

$$d^2 \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^4/(d + e*x)^2,x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & x^4 \left( \frac{c^4 d^3}{2e^5} - \frac{d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{2e} \right) + x^5 \left( \frac{4a^2 c^3}{5e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{5e^4} \right) + x^2 \left( \frac{d \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{6a^2 c^2}{e^2} \right)}{e} - \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{2e^2} \right) - x^3 \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{3e^2} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{3e} - \frac{2a^2 c^2}{e^2} \right) + x \left( \frac{4a^3 c}{e^2} + \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{6a^2 c^2}{e^2} \right)}{e^2} - \left( \frac{2d \left( \frac{2d \left( \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e^2} + \frac{2d \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} \right)}{e} - \frac{6a^2 c^2}{e^2} \right)}{e} - \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{2c^4 d^3}{e^5} - \frac{2d \left( \frac{4ac^3}{e^2} + \frac{3c^4 d^2}{e^4} \right)}{e} \right)}{e^2} \right) \right) / e - \frac{a^4 e^8 + c^4 d^8 + 4a^2 c^3 d^6 e^2 + 4a^3 c^2 d^2 e^6 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4}{e(d^8 e + e^9 x)} + \frac{c^4 x^7}{7e^2} - \frac{\log(d + ex) \left( 8c^4 d^7 + 24a^2 c^3 d^5 e^2 + 24a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 + 8a^3 c^2 d e^6 \right)}{e^9} - \frac{c^4 d^3 x^6}{3e^3} \end{aligned}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^4}{(d + ex)^2} dx = \frac{-840 \log(ex + d) a^3 c d^2 e^7 x - 2520 \log(ex + d) a^2 c^2 d^4 e^5 x - 2520 \log(ex + d) a c^3 d^6 e^3 x + 840 c^4 d^8 ex + 42 \dots}{e^9}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^4/(e*x+d)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 840*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**3*e**6 - 840*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**7*
x - 2520*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**4 - 2520*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d*
**4*e**5*x - 2520*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*d**7*e**2 - 2520*log(d + e*x)*a*c**3*
d**6*e**3*x - 840*log(d + e*x)*c**4*d**9 - 840*log(d + e*x)*c**4*d**8*e*x
+ 105*a**4*e**9*x + 840*a**3*c*d**2*e**7*x + 420*a**3*c*d*e**8*x**2 + 2520
*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**5*x + 1260*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**6*x**2 - 420*a**2*c**2*d**
2*e**7*x**3 + 210*a**2*c**2*d*e**8*x**4 + 2520*a*c**3*d**6*e**3*x + 1260*a
*c**3*d**5*e**4*x**2 - 420*a*c**3*d**4*e**5*x**3 + 210*a*c**3*d**3*e**6*x*
**4 - 126*a*c**3*d**2*e**7*x**5 + 84*a*c**3*d*e**8*x**6 + 840*c**4*d**8*e*x
+ 420*c**4*d**7*e**2*x**2 - 140*c**4*d**6*e**3*x**3 + 70*c**4*d**5*e**4*x
**4 - 42*c**4*d**4*e**5*x**5 + 28*c**4*d**3*e**6*x**6 - 20*c**4*d**2*e**7*
x**7 + 15*c**4*d*e**8*x**8)/(105*d*e**9*(d + e*x))
```



### 3.98 $\int \frac{2+x^2}{2+x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	828
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	828
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	829
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	830
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	830
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	831
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	831
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	831
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	832
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	832

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 17

$$\int \frac{2+x^2}{2+x} dx = -2x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 6 \log(2+x)$$

output

```
-2*x+1/2*x^2+6*ln(2+x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{2+x^2}{2+x} dx = -6 - 2x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 6 \log(2+x)$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + x^2)/(2 + x),x]
```

output

```
-6 - 2*x + x^2/2 + 6*Log[2 + x]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 2}{x + 2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( x + \frac{6}{x + 2} - 2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^2}{2} - 2x + 6 \log(x + 2)$$

input `Int[(2 + x^2)/(2 + x), x]`

output `-2*x + x^2/2 + 6*Log[2 + x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$-2x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 6 \ln(2 + x)$	16
norman	$-2x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 6 \ln(2 + x)$	16
risch	$-2x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 6 \ln(2 + x)$	16
parallelrisch	$-2x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 6 \ln(2 + x)$	16
meijerg	$6 \ln\left(1 + \frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{x(-\frac{3x}{2}+6)}{3}$	18

input `int((x^2+2)/(2+x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2*x+1/2*x^2+6*ln(2+x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{2 + x^2}{2 + x} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 - 2x + 6 \log(x + 2)$$

input `integrate((x^2+2)/(2+x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*x^2 - 2*x + 6*log(x + 2)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{2+x^2}{2+x} dx = \frac{x^2}{2} - 2x + 6 \log(x+2)$$

input `integrate((x**2+2)/(2+x),x)`output `x**2/2 - 2*x + 6*log(x + 2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{2+x^2}{2+x} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 - 2x + 6 \log(x+2)$$

input `integrate((x^2+2)/(2+x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*x^2 - 2*x + 6*log(x + 2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{2+x^2}{2+x} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 - 2x + 6 \log(|x+2|)$$

input `integrate((x^2+2)/(2+x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*x^2 - 2*x + 6*log(abs(x + 2))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{2+x^2}{2+x} dx = 6 \ln(x+2) - 2x + \frac{x^2}{2}$$

input `int((x^2 + 2)/(x + 2),x)`

output `6*log(x + 2) - 2*x + x^2/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{2+x^2}{2+x} dx = 6 \log(x+2) + \frac{x^2}{2} - 2x$$

input `int((x^2+2)/(2+x),x)`

output `(12*log(x + 2) + x**2 - 4*x)/2`

### 3.99 $\int \frac{-4+x^2}{2+x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	833
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	833
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	834
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	835
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	835
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	836
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	836
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	836
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	837
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	837

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 11

$$\int \frac{-4+x^2}{2+x} dx = \frac{1}{2}(2-x)^2$$

output `1/2*(2-x)^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-4+x^2}{2+x} dx = -2x + \frac{x^2}{2}$$

input `Integrate[(-4 + x^2)/(2 + x),x]`

output `-2*x + x^2/2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {456, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 - 4}{x + 2} dx$$

↓ 456

$$\int (x - 2) dx$$

↓ 17

$$\frac{1}{2}(2 - x)^2$$

input `Int[(-4 + x^2)/(2 + x), x]`

output `(2 - x)^2/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 456 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c + d*x)^(n + p)*(a/c + (b/d)*x)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[c, 0] && !IntegerQ[n]))`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x(x-4)}{2}$	7
meijerg	$-\frac{x(-\frac{3x}{2}+6)}{3}$	9
default	$-2x + \frac{1}{2}x^2$	10
norman	$-2x + \frac{1}{2}x^2$	10
risch	$-2x + \frac{1}{2}x^2$	10
parallelrisch	$-2x + \frac{1}{2}x^2$	10
parts	$-2x + \frac{1}{2}x^2$	10
orering	$\frac{x(x-4)(x^2-4)}{2(x-2)(2+x)}$	22

input `int((x^2-4)/(2+x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*x*(x-4)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{-4 + x^2}{2 + x} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 - 2x$$

input `integrate((x^2-4)/(2+x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*x^2 - 2*x`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{-4 + x^2}{2 + x} dx = \frac{x^2}{2} - 2x$$

input `integrate((x**2-4)/(2+x),x)`

output `x**2/2 - 2*x`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{-4 + x^2}{2 + x} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 - 2x$$

input `integrate((x^2-4)/(2+x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x^2 - 2*x`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{-4 + x^2}{2 + x} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 - 2x$$

input `integrate((x^2-4)/(2+x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*x^2 - 2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{-4 + x^2}{2 + x} dx = \frac{x(x - 4)}{2}$$

input `int((x^2 - 4)/(x + 2), x)`

output `(x*(x - 4))/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{-4 + x^2}{2 + x} dx = \frac{x(x - 4)}{2}$$

input `int((x^2-4)/(2+x), x)`

output `(x*(x - 4))/2`

### 3.100 $\int \frac{-7+4x^2}{3+2x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	838
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	838
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	839
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	840
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	840
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	840
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	841
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	841
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	841
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	842

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{-7 + 4x^2}{3 + 2x} dx = -3x + x^2 + \log(3 + 2x)$$

output `-3*x+x^2+ln(3+2*x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{-7 + 4x^2}{3 + 2x} dx = -\frac{27}{4} - 3x + x^2 + \log(3 + 2x)$$

input `Integrate[(-7 + 4*x^2)/(3 + 2*x),x]`

output `-27/4 - 3*x + x^2 + Log[3 + 2*x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{4x^2 - 7}{2x + 3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( 2x + \frac{2}{2x + 3} - 3 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$x^2 - 3x + \log(2x + 3)$$

input `Int[(-7 + 4*x^2)/(3 + 2*x), x]`

output `-3*x + x^2 + Log[3 + 2*x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
parallelsch	$x^2 - 3x + \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right)$	12
default	$-3x + x^2 + \ln(2x + 3)$	14
norman	$-3x + x^2 + \ln(2x + 3)$	14
risch	$-3x + x^2 + \ln(2x + 3)$	14
meijerg	$\ln\left(1 + \frac{2x}{3}\right) - \frac{x(-2x+6)}{2}$	16

input `int((4*x^2-7)/(2*x+3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x^2-3*x+ln(x+3/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-7 + 4x^2}{3 + 2x} dx = x^2 - 3x + \log(2x + 3)$$

input `integrate((4*x^2-7)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `x^2 - 3*x + log(2*x + 3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{-7 + 4x^2}{3 + 2x} dx = x^2 - 3x + \log(2x + 3)$$

input `integrate((4*x**2-7)/(3+2*x),x)`

output `x**2 - 3*x + log(2*x + 3)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-7 + 4x^2}{3 + 2x} dx = x^2 - 3x + \log(2x + 3)$$

input `integrate((4*x^2-7)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^2 - 3*x + log(2*x + 3)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{-7 + 4x^2}{3 + 2x} dx = x^2 - 3x + \log(|2x + 3|)$$

input `integrate((4*x^2-7)/(3+2*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x^2 - 3*x + log(abs(2*x + 3))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{-7 + 4x^2}{3 + 2x} dx = \ln\left(x + \frac{3}{2}\right) - 3x + x^2$$

input `int((4*x^2 - 7)/(2*x + 3),x)`

output `log(x + 3/2) - 3*x + x^2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-7 + 4x^2}{3 + 2x} dx = \log(2x + 3) + x^2 - 3x$$

input `int((4*x^2-7)/(3+2*x),x)`

output `log(2*x + 3) + x**2 - 3*x`

### 3.101 $\int \frac{1+x^2}{1+x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	843
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	843
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	844
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	845
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	845
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	846
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	846
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	846
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	847
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	847

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 17

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{1+x} dx = -x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 2\log(1+x)$$

output

```
-x+1/2*x^2+2*ln(1+x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{1+x} dx = \frac{1}{2}(-3 - 2x + x^2 + 4\log(1+x))$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 + x^2)/(1 + x),x]
```

output

```
(-3 - 2*x + x^2 + 4*Log[1 + x])/2
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x + 1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( x + \frac{2}{x + 1} - 1 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^2}{2} - x + 2 \log(x + 1)$$

input `Int[(1 + x^2)/(1 + x), x]`

output `-x + x^2/2 + 2*Log[1 + x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$-x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 2 \ln(x + 1)$	16
norman	$-x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 2 \ln(x + 1)$	16
meijerg	$-\frac{x(-3x+6)}{6} + 2 \ln(x + 1)$	16
risch	$-x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 2 \ln(x + 1)$	16
parallelrisch	$-x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 2 \ln(x + 1)$	16

input `int((x^2+1)/(x+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-x+1/2*x^2+2*ln(x+1)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{1+x} dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x + 2 \log(x+1)$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(1+x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*x^2 - x + 2*log(x + 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{1+x} dx = \frac{x^2}{2} - x + 2 \log(x+1)$$

input `integrate((x**2+1)/(1+x),x)`output `x**2/2 - x + 2*log(x + 1)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{1+x} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 - x + 2 \log(x+1)$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(1+x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*x^2 - x + 2*log(x + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{1+x} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 - x + 2 \log(|x+1|)$$

input `integrate((x^2+1)/(1+x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*x^2 - x + 2*log(abs(x + 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{1+x} dx = 2 \ln(x+1) - x + \frac{x^2}{2}$$

input `int((x^2 + 1)/(x + 1),x)`

output `2*log(x + 1) - x + x^2/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1+x^2}{1+x} dx = 2 \log(x+1) + \frac{x^2}{2} - x$$

input `int((x^2+1)/(1+x),x)`

output `(4*log(x + 1) + x**2 - 2*x)/2`

### 3.102 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	848
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	848
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	849
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	850
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	850
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	851
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	852
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	852
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	853
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	853

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{e^2(6cd^2 - ae^2)x}{c^2} + \frac{2de^3x^2}{c} + \frac{e^4x^3}{3c} + \frac{(c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{5/2}} + \frac{2de(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(a+cx^2)}{c^2}$$

output

```
e^2*(-a*e^2+6*c*d^2)*x/c^2+2*d*e^3*x^2/c+1/3*e^4*x^3/c+(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*
e^2+c^2*d^4)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(5/2)+2*d*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2
)*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{5/2}} + \frac{e(-3ae^3x + cex(18d^2 + 6dex + e^2x^2) + 6(cd^3 - ade^2) \log(a+cx^2))}{3c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `((c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(5/2)) + (e*(-3*a*e^3*x + c*e*x*(18*d^2 + 6*d*e*x + e^2*x^2) + 6*(c*d^3 - a*d*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2]))/(3*c^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {478, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 478$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2 e^4 + 4cdex(cd^2 - ae^2) - 6acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4}{c^2 (a + cx^2)} + \frac{e^2(6cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^2} + \frac{4de^3 x}{c} + \frac{e^4 x^2}{c} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (a^2 e^4 - 6acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{\sqrt{ac}^{5/2}} + \frac{2de(cd^2 - ae^2) \log(a + cx^2)}{c^2} + \frac{e^2 x(6cd^2 - ae^2)}{c^2} + \frac{2de^3 x^2}{c} + \frac{e^4 x^3}{3c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(e^2*(6*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x)/c^2 + (2*d*e^3*x^2)/c + (e^4*x^3)/(3*c) + ((c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(5/2)) + (2*d*e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2])/c^2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 478

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand
Integrand[(c + d*x)^n/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ
[n, 1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^2(-\frac{1}{3}ce^2x^3-2cdx^2e+ae^2x-6cd^2x)}{c^2} + \frac{(-4de^3ac+4d^3ec^2)\ln(cx^2+a)}{2c} + \frac{(a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{c^2}$
risch	$\frac{e^4x^3}{3c} + \frac{2de^3x^2}{c} - \frac{e^4ax}{c^2} + \frac{6e^2d^2x}{c} - \frac{2a\ln\left(e^4a^3-6d^2e^2a^2c+d^4ac^2-\sqrt{-ac(a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}x\right)de^3}{c^2} + \frac{2\ln\left(e^4a^3-\right)}{c^2}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-e^2/c^2*(-1/3*c*e^2*x^3-2*c*d*x^2*e+a*e^2*x-6*c*d^2*x)+1/c^2*(1/2*(-4*a*c
*d*e^3+4*c^2*d^3*e)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/(a*c)^(1
/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ 2ac^2e^4x^3 + 12ac^2de^3x^2 - 3(c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2-2\sqrt{-ac}x-a}{cx^2+a}\right) + 6(6ac^2d^2e^2 - a^2ce^4) \right]}{6ac^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(2*a*c^2*e^4*x^3 + 12*a*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 - 3*(c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 +
a^2*e^4)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 6*(6*a
*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a^2*c*e^4)*x + 12*(a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a
))/ (a*c^3), 1/3*(a*c^2*e^4*x^3 + 6*a*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + 3*(c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^
2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) + 3*(6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a^
2*c*e^4)*x + 6*(a*c^2*d^3*e - a^2*c*d*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^3)]
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 401 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx = x \left( -\frac{ae^4}{c^2} + \frac{6d^2e^2}{c} \right) + \left( -\frac{2de(ae^2 - cd^2)}{c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^5}(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2ac^5} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{4a^2de^3 + 2ac^2 \left( -\frac{2de(ae^2 - cd^2)}{c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^5}(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2ac^5} \right)}{a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} \right) + \left( -\frac{2de(ae^2 - cd^2)}{c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac^5}(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2ac^5} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{4a^2de^3 + 2ac^2 \left( -\frac{2de(ae^2 - cd^2)}{c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac^5}(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2ac^5} \right)}{a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4} \right) + \frac{2de^3x^2}{c} + \frac{e^4x^3}{3c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**4/(c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
x*(-a**4/c**2 + 6*d**2*e**2/c) + (-2*d*e*(a**2 - c*d**2)/c**2 - sqrt(-
a*c**5)*(a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/(2*a*c**5))*log(x + (4*a
**2*d*e**3 + 2*a*c**2*(-2*d*e*(a**2 - c*d**2)/c**2 - sqrt(-a*c**5)*(a**2
*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/(2*a*c**5)) - 4*a*c*d**3*e)/(a**2*e**
4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)) + (-2*d*e*(a**2 - c*d**2)/c**2 + sqrt(-
a*c**5)*(a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/(2*a*c**5))*log(x + (4*
a**2*d*e**3 + 2*a*c**2*(-2*d*e*(a**2 - c*d**2)/c**2 + sqrt(-a*c**5)*(a**
2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/(2*a*c**5)) - 4*a*c*d**3*e)/(a**2*e
**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)) + 2*d*e**3*x**2/c + e**4*x**3/(3*c)
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(cd^3e - ade^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{c^2} + \frac{(c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc^2}} + \frac{ce^4x^3 + 6cde^3x^2 + 3(6cd^2e^2 - ae^4)x}{3c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2*(c*d^3*e - a*d*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 + (c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*
e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c^2) + 1/3*(c*e^4*x^3 + 6*c*d*e^3*x^
2 + 3*(6*c*d^2*e^2 - a*e^4)*x)/c^2
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{2(cd^3e - ade^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{c^2} + \frac{(c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc^2}} + \frac{c^2e^4x^3 + 6c^2de^3x^2 + 18c^2d^2e^2x - 3ace^4x}{3c^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*(c*d^3*e - a*d*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 + (c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*
e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c^2) + 1/3*(c^2*e^4*x^3 + 6*c^2*d*e^
3*x^2 + 18*c^2*d^2*e^2*x - 3*a*c*e^4*x)/c^3
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{e^4 x^3}{3c} - x \left( \frac{ae^4}{c^2} - \frac{6d^2 e^2}{c} \right) + \frac{2de^3 x^2}{c} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (a^2 e^4 - 6acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{\sqrt{a} c^{5/2}} - \frac{\ln(cx^2 + a) (16a^2 c^3 d e^3 - 16ac^4 d^3 e)}{8ac^5}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2),x)`output  $(e^4 x^3)/(3c) - x((ae^4)/c^2 - (6d^2 e^2)/c) + (2d e^3 x^2)/c + (\operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2} x)/a^{1/2})*(a^2 e^4 + c^2 d^4 - 6a c d^2 e^2))/(a^{1/2} c^{5/2}) - (\log(a + c x^2)*(16 a^2 c^3 d e^3 - 16 a c^4 d^3 e))/(8 a c^5)$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^4}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2 e^4 - 18\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)acd^2 e^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)c^2 d^4 - 6\log(cx^2 + a)}{3ac^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a),x)`output  $(3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}((cx)/(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}))*a^{**2}e^{**4} - 18\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}((cx)/(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}))*a*c*d^{**2}e^{**2} + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}((cx)/(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}))*c^{**2}d^{**4} - 6*\log(a + c*x^{**2})*a^{**2}*c*d*e^{**3} + 6*\log(a + c*x^{**2})*a*c^{**2}*d^{**3}*e - 3*a^{**2}*c*e^{**4}*x + 18*a*c^{**2}*d^{**2}*e^{**2}*x + 6*a*c^{**2}*d*e^{**3}*x^{**2} + a*c^{**2}*e^{**4}*x^{**3})/(3*a*c^{**3})$

### 3.103 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	854
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	854
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{3de^2x}{c} + \frac{e^3x^2}{2c} + \frac{d(cd^2 - 3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac^3/2}} + \frac{e(3cd^2 - ae^2) \log(a+cx^2)}{2c^2}$$

output

```
3*d*e^2*x/c+1/2*e^3*x^2/c+d*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(3/2)+1/2*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{d(cd^2 - 3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac^3/2}} + \frac{e(cex(6d+ex) + (3cd^2 - ae^2) \log(a+cx^2))}{2c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2),x]
```

output

$$(d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + (e*(c*e*x*(6*d + e*x) + (3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2]))/(2*c^2)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {478, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{a + cx^2} dx$$

↓ 478

$$\int \left( \frac{ex(3cd^2 - ae^2) - 3ade^2 + cd^3}{c(a + cx^2)} + \frac{3de^2}{c} + \frac{e^3x}{c} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{e(3cd^2 - ae^2) \log(a + cx^2)}{2c^2} + \frac{3de^2x}{c} + \frac{e^3x^2}{2c}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2), x]$$

output

$$(3*d*e^2*x)/c + (e^3*x^2)/(2*c) + (d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + (e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c^2)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 478

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[Expand
Integrand[(c + d*x)^n/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ
[n, 1]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2(\frac{1}{2}ex^2+3dx)}{c} + \frac{(-ae^3+3cd^2e)\ln(cx^2+a)}{2c} + \frac{(-3ade^2+cd^3)\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{c}$
risch	$\frac{e^3x^2}{2c} + \frac{3de^2x}{c} - \frac{a\ln\left(-3a^2de^2+acd^3-\sqrt{-ad^2c(3ae^2-cd^2)^2}x\right)e^3}{2c^2} + \frac{3\ln\left(-3a^2de^2+acd^3-\sqrt{-ad^2c(3ae^2-cd^2)^2}x\right)d^2e}{2c}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
e^2/c*(1/2*e*x^2+3*d*x)+1/c*(1/2*(-a*e^3+3*c*d^2*e)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(-3*a*d*
e^2+c*d^3)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))
```

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{ace^3x^2 + 6acde^2x + (cd^3 - 3ade^2)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2+2\sqrt{-ac}x-a}{cx^2+a}\right) + (3acd^2e - a^2e^3) \log(cx^2+a)}{2ac^2}, \frac{ace^3x^2}{c} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(a*c*e^3*x^2 + 6*a*c*d*e^2*x + (c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + (3*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^2), 1/2*(a*c*e^3*x^2 + 6*a*c*d*e^2*x + 2*(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) + (3*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a*c^2)]
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 308 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx = \left( -\frac{e(ae^2-3cd^2)}{2c^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{-ac^5} \cdot (3ae^2-cd^2)}{2ac^4} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{-a^2e^3 - 2ac^2 \left( -\frac{e(ae^2-3cd^2)}{2c^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{-ac^5} \cdot (3ae^2-cd^2)}{2ac^4} \right) + 3acd^2e}{3acde^2 - c^2d^3} \right) + \left( -\frac{e(ae^2-3cd^2)}{2c^2} + \frac{d\sqrt{-ac^5} \cdot (3ae^2-cd^2)}{2ac^4} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{-a^2e^3 - 2ac^2 \left( -\frac{e(ae^2-3cd^2)}{2c^2} + \frac{d\sqrt{-ac^5} \cdot (3ae^2-cd^2)}{2ac^4} \right) + 3acd^2e}{3acde^2 - c^2d^3} \right) + \frac{3de^2x}{c} + \frac{e^3x^2}{2c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
(-e*(a**2 - 3*c*d**2)/(2*c**2) - d*sqrt(-a*c**5)*(3*a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*a*c**4))*log(x + (-a**2*e**3 - 2*a*c**2*(-e*(a*e**2 - 3*c*d**2)/(2*c**2) - d*sqrt(-a*c**5)*(3*a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*a*c**4)) + 3*a*c*d**2*e)/(3*a*c*d*e**2 - c**2*d**3)) + (-e*(a*e**2 - 3*c*d**2)/(2*c**2) + d*sqrt(-a*c**5)*(3*a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*a*c**4))*log(x + (-a**2*e**3 - 2*a*c**2*(-e*(a*e**2 - 3*c*d**2)/(2*c**2) + d*sqrt(-a*c**5)*(3*a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*a*c**4)) + 3*a*c*d**2*e)/(3*a*c*d*e**2 - c**2*d**3)) + 3*d*e**2*x/c + e**3*x**2/(2*c)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(cd^3 - 3ade^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc}} + \frac{e^3x^2 + 6de^2x}{2c} + \frac{(3cd^2e - ae^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c) + 1/2*(e^3*x^2 + 6*d*e^2*x)/c + 1/2*(3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(cd^3 - 3ade^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc}} + \frac{(3cd^2e - ae^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2} + \frac{ce^3x^2 + 6cde^2x}{2c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*c) + 1/2*(3*c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 + 1/2*(c*e^3*x^2 + 6*c*d*e^2*x)/c^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{e^3 x^2}{2c} - \frac{\ln(cx^2+a)(4a^2 c^2 e^3 - 12ac^3 d^2 e)}{8ac^4} + \frac{3de^2 x}{c} - \frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3ae^2 - cd^2)}{\sqrt{a}c^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2),x)`output  $(e^3 x^2)/(2c) - (\log(a + cx^2) * (4a^2 c^2 e^3 - 12ac^3 d^2 e))/(8ac^4) + (3de^2 x)/c - (d \operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2} * x)/a^{1/2})) * (3ae^2 - cd^2)/(a^{1/2} * c^{3/2})$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) ad e^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) c d^3 - \log(cx^2+a) a^2 e^3 + 3 \log(cx^2+a) ac d^2 e + \dots}{2ac^2}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x)`output  $(-6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}((cx)/(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a})) * a * d * e^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}((cx)/(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a})) * c * d^3 - \log(a + cx^2) * a^2 * e^3 + 3 \log(a + cx^2) * a * c * d^2 * e + 6 * a * c * d * e^2 * x + a * c * e^3 * x^2)/(2 * a * c^2)$



### 3.104 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	860
Mathematica [A] (verified)	860
Rubi [A] (verified)	861
Maple [A] (verified)	862
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	862
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	863
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	863
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	864
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	864
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	865

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{e^2x}{c} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{de \log(a+cx^2)}{c}$$

output

```
e^2*x/c+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(3/2)+d*e*ln(c*x^2+a)/c
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{e(ex + d \log(a+cx^2))}{c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + (e*(e*x + d*Log[a + c*x^2]))/c
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {478, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx$$

↓ 478

$$\int \left( \frac{-ae^2 + cd^2 + 2cdex}{c(a + cx^2)} + \frac{e^2}{c} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{de \log(a + cx^2)}{c} + \frac{e^2x}{c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(e^2*x)/c + ((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + (d*e*Log[a + c*x^2])/c`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 478 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[Expand Integrand[(c + d*x)^n/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
default	$\frac{e^2 x}{c} + \frac{de \ln(cx^2+a) + \frac{(-ae^2+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}}}{c}$
risch	$\frac{e^2 x}{c} + \frac{\ln\left(-e^2 a^2 + a d^2 c - \sqrt{-ac(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} x\right) de}{c} + \frac{\ln\left(-e^2 a^2 + a d^2 c - \sqrt{-ac(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} x\right) \sqrt{-ac(ae^2 - cd^2)^2}}{2c^2 a} + \frac{\ln(-e^2 a^2 + a d^2 c - \sqrt{-ac(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} x)}{2c^2 a}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `e^2*x/c+1/c*(d*e*ln(c*x^2+a)+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2ace^2x + 2acde \log(cx^2+a) + (cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2+2\sqrt{-ac}x-a}{cx^2+a}\right)}{2ac^2}, \frac{ace^2x + acde \log(cx^2+a) + (cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{-ac} \arctan\left(\frac{cx^2+2\sqrt{-ac}x-a}{cx^2+a}\right)}{ac^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(2*a*c*e^2*x + 2*a*c*d*e*log(c*x^2 + a) + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)))/(a*c^2), (a*c*e^2*x + a*c*d*e*log(c*x^2 + a) + (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a))/(a*c^2)]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs.  $2(53) = 106$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx = \left( \frac{de}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^3}(ae^2 - cd^2)}{2ac^3} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{-2ac \left( \frac{de}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^3}(ae^2 - cd^2)}{2ac^3} \right) + 2ade}{ae^2 - cd^2} \right) + \left( \frac{de}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac^3}(ae^2 - cd^2)}{2ac^3} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{-2ac \left( \frac{de}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac^3}(ae^2 - cd^2)}{2ac^3} \right) + 2ade}{ae^2 - cd^2} \right) + \frac{e^2x}{c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
(d*e/c - sqrt(-a*c**3)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*a*c**3))*log(x + (-2*a*c*(d*e/c - sqrt(-a*c**3)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*a*c**3)) + 2*a*d*e)/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)) + (d*e/c + sqrt(-a*c**3)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*a*c**3))*log(x + (-2*a*c*(d*e/c + sqrt(-a*c**3)*(a*e**2 - c*d**2)/(2*a*c**3)) + 2*a*d*e)/(a*e**2 - c*d**2)) + e**2*x/c
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{e^2x}{c} + \frac{de \log(cx^2 + a)}{c} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output  $e^{2x}/c + d \cdot e \cdot \log(cx^2 + a)/c + (cd^2 - ae^2) \cdot \arctan(cx/\sqrt{ac})/(\sqrt{ac})$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{e^2 x}{c} + \frac{de \log(cx^2 + a)}{c} + \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{acc}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $e^{2x}/c + d \cdot e \cdot \log(cx^2 + a)/c + (cd^2 - ae^2) \cdot \arctan(cx/\sqrt{ac})/(\sqrt{ac})$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{e^2 x}{c} + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} + \frac{de \ln(cx^2 + a)}{c}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output  $(e^{2x})/c + (d^2 \cdot \operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2})x/a^{1/2}))/((a^{1/2}) \cdot c^{1/2}) - (a^{1/2}) \cdot e^{2x} \cdot \operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2})x/a^{1/2})/c^{3/2} + (d \cdot e \cdot \log(a + c \cdot x^2))/c$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a e^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) c d^2 + \log(cx^2 + a) acde + ac e^2 x}{a c^2}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*e**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c*d**2 + log(a + c*x**2)*a*c*d*e + a*c*e**2
*x)/(a*c**2)
```

### 3.105 $\int \frac{d+ex}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	866
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	866
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	867
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	868
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	868
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	869
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	869
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	870
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	870
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	870

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{e \log(a+cx^2)}{2c}$$

output `d*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(1/2)+1/2*e*ln(c*x^2+a)/c`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{e \log(a+cx^2)}{2c}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]) + (e*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {452, 218, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 452$$

$$d \int \frac{1}{cx^2 + a} dx + e \int \frac{x}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$e \int \frac{x}{cx^2 + a} dx + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\downarrow 240$$

$$\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{e \log(a + cx^2)}{2c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c])) + (e*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`



rule 452 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + Simp[d Int[x/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$\frac{e \ln(cx^2+a)}{2c} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}}$	32
risch	$\frac{\ln(-\sqrt{-ac}x+a)d\sqrt{-ac}}{2ac} + \frac{\ln(-\sqrt{-ac}x+a)e}{2c} - \frac{\ln(\sqrt{-ac}x+a)d\sqrt{-ac}}{2ac} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{-ac}x+a)e}{2c}$	90

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*e*ln(c*x^2+a)/c+d/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + cx^2} dx = \left[ \frac{ae \log(cx^2 + a) - \sqrt{-acd} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right)}{2ac}, \frac{ae \log(cx^2 + a) + 2\sqrt{acd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ac}x}{a}\right)}{2ac} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(a*e*log(c*x^2 + a) - sqrt(-a*c)*d*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)))/(a*c), 1/2*(a*e*log(c*x^2 + a) + 2*sqrt(a*c)*d*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a))/(a*c)]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + cx^2} dx = \left( \frac{e}{2c} - \frac{d\sqrt{-ac^3}}{2ac^2} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{2ac \left( \frac{e}{2c} - \frac{d\sqrt{-ac^3}}{2ac^2} \right) - ae}{cd} \right) \\ + \left( \frac{e}{2c} + \frac{d\sqrt{-ac^3}}{2ac^2} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{2ac \left( \frac{e}{2c} + \frac{d\sqrt{-ac^3}}{2ac^2} \right) - ae}{cd} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `(e/(2*c) - d*sqrt(-a*c**3)/(2*a*c**2))*log(x + (2*a*c*(e/(2*c) - d*sqrt(-a*c**3)/(2*a*c**2)) - a*e)/(c*d)) + (e/(2*c) + d*sqrt(-a*c**3)/(2*a*c**2))*log(x + (2*a*c*(e/(2*c) + d*sqrt(-a*c**3)/(2*a*c**2)) - a*e)/(c*d))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{d \arctan \left( \frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{e \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/sqrt(a*c) + 1/2*e*log(c*x^2 + a)/c`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{e \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `d*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/sqrt(a*c) + 1/2*e*log(c*x^2 + a)/c`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{e \ln(cx^2 + a)}{2c} + \frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2),x)`output `(e*log(a + c*x^2))/(2*c) + (d*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(a^(1/2)*c^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{a + cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) d + \log(cx^2 + a) ae}{2ac}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*d + log(a + c*x**2)*a*e)/(2*a*c)`

### 3.106 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	871
Mathematica [A] (verified)	871
Rubi [A] (verified)	872
Maple [A] (verified)	873
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	874
Sympy [F(-1)]	874
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	875
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	875
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	876
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	876

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(cd^2+ae^2)} + \frac{e \log(d+ex)}{cd^2+ae^2} - \frac{e \log(a+cx^2)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)}$$

output  $c^{(1/2)}*d*\arctan(c^{(1/2)}*x/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/(a*e^{2+c*d^2})+e*\ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^{2+c*d^2})-e*\ln(c*x^2+a)/(2*a*e^{2+2*c*d^2})$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + 2e \log(d+ex) - e \log(a+cx^2)}{2cd^2+2ae^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output  $((2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/\text{Sqrt}[a] + 2*e*\text{Log}[d + e*x] - e*\text{Log}[a + c*x^2])/(2*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {479, 452, 218, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^2)(d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 479 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex}{cx^2+a} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{e \log(d + ex)}{ae^2 + cd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 452 \\
 & \frac{c \left( d \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx - e \int \frac{x}{cx^2+a} dx \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{e \log(d + ex)}{ae^2 + cd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} - e \int \frac{x}{cx^2+a} dx \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{e \log(d + ex)}{ae^2 + cd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 240 \\
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{e \log(a+cx^2)}{2c} \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{e \log(d + ex)}{ae^2 + cd^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(e*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + (c*((d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]) - (e*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c)))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 240  $\text{Int}[x_ / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x^2, x]] / (2 \cdot b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 452  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ ) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \ \text{Int}[1 / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \ \text{Int}[x / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2, 0]$

rule 479  $\text{Int}[1 / (((c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[c + d \cdot x, x]] / (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b / (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2) \ \text{Int}[(c - d \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$\frac{e \ln(ex+d)}{a e^2 + c d^2} + \frac{c \left( -\frac{e \ln(cx^2+a)}{2c} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}} \right)}{a e^2 + c d^2}$	69
risch	$\frac{e \ln(ex+d)}{a e^2 + c d^2} + \frac{\left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(1+(e^2 a^2 + a d^2) Z^2 + 2 a e Z)} \frac{-R \ln\left(\left(3 a e^2 - c d^2\right) R + 3 e\right) x + 4 a d e R + d}{2} \right)}{2}$	86

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)+c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-1/2*e*ln(c*x^2+a)/c+d/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{d\sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}} \log\left(\frac{cx^2+2ax\sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}}-a}{cx^2+a}\right) - e \log(cx^2+a) + 2e \log(ex+d)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)}, \frac{2d\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \arctan\left(x\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}\right) - e \log(cx^2+a)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(d*sqrt(-c/a)*log((c*x^2 + 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a) - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - e*log(c*x^2 + a) + 2*e*log(e*x + d))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2), 1/2*(2*d*sqrt(c/a)*arctan(x*sqrt(c/a)) - e*log(c*x^2 + a) + 2*e*log(e*x + d))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)]`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a),x)`output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{ac}} - \frac{e \log(cx^2+a)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)} + \frac{e \log(ex+d)}{cd^2+ae^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c*d*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(a*c)) - 1/2*e*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + e*log(e*x + d)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{e^2 \log(|ex+d|)}{cd^2e+ae^3} + \frac{cd \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{ac}} - \frac{e \log(cx^2+a)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^2*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c*d^2*e + a*e^3) + c*d*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(a*c)) - 1/2*e*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{e \ln(d+ex)}{cd^2+ae^2}$$

$$- \frac{\ln\left(3c^2e^2x+c^2de - \frac{c^2e(ae-d\sqrt{-ac})(-cx^2+4ade+3axe^2)}{a^2e^2+cad^2}\right)(ae-d\sqrt{-ac})}{2(a^2e^2+cad^2)}$$

$$- \frac{\ln\left(3c^2e^2x+c^2de - \frac{c^2e(ae+d\sqrt{-ac})(-cx^2+4ade+3axe^2)}{a^2e^2+cad^2}\right)(ae+d\sqrt{-ac})}{2(a^2e^2+cad^2)}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)),x)`output `(e*log(d + e*x))/(a*e^2 + c*d^2) - (log(3*c^2*e^2*x + c^2*d*e - (c^2*e*(a*e - d*(-a*c)^(1/2))*(4*a*d*e + 3*a*e^2*x - c*d^2*x))/(a^2*e^2 + a*c*d^2))* (a*e - d*(-a*c)^(1/2)))/(2*(a^2*e^2 + a*c*d^2)) - (log(3*c^2*e^2*x + c^2*d*e - (c^2*e*(a*e + d*(-a*c)^(1/2))*(4*a*d*e + 3*a*e^2*x - c*d^2*x))/(a^2*e^2 + a*c*d^2))*(a*e + d*(-a*c)^(1/2)))/(2*(a^2*e^2 + a*c*d^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) d - \log(cx^2+a)ae + 2\log(ex+d)ae}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a),x)`output `(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*d - log(a + c*x**2)*a*e + 2*log(d + e*x)*a*e)/(2*a*(a*e**2 + c*d**2))`

### 3.107 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{e}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(cd^2-ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(cd^2+ae^2)^2} + \frac{2cde \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2} - \frac{cde \log(a+cx^2)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

output

```
-e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)+c^(1/2)*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2+2*c*d*e*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2-c*d*e*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \sqrt{ae}(cd^2+ae^2-2cd(d+ex)) \log(d+ex) + cd(d+ex) \log(a+cx^2)}{\sqrt{a}(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c]*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]] - Sqrt[a]*e*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*(d + e*x)*Log[d + e*x] + c*d*(d + e*x)*Log[a + c*x^2]))/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {480, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + cx^2)(d + ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 480$$

$$\frac{c \int \frac{d - ex}{(d + ex)(cx^2 + a)} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{e}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\frac{c \int \left( \frac{2de^2}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)} + \frac{cd^2 - 2cexd - ae^2}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(cx^2 + a)} \right) dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{e}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(cd^2 - ae^2)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{de \log(a + cx^2)}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{2de \log(d + ex)}{ae^2 + cd^2} \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{e}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output 
$$-\frac{e}{(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)} + \frac{c*((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{Sqrt}[c]*x}{\text{Sqrt}[a]}])}{\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)} + \frac{(2*d*e*\text{Log}[d + e*x])}{(c*d^2 + a*e^2)} - \frac{(d*e*\text{Log}[a + c*x^2])}{(c*d^2 + a*e^2)}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 480 
$$\text{Int}[\frac{(c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}}{(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)})/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \&\& \text{ILtQ}\{n, -1\}$$

rule 657 
$$\text{Int}[\frac{((d_ + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_ + (g_)*(x_))^{(n_)}))}{(a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x\} \&\& \text{IntegersQ}\{n\}$$

rule 2009 
$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
default	$-\frac{e}{(a e^2 + c d^2)(e x + d)} + \frac{2 c d e \ln(e x + d)}{(a e^2 + c d^2)^2} - \frac{c \left( d e \ln(c x^2 + a) + \frac{(a e^2 - c d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{c x}{\sqrt{a c}}\right)}{\sqrt{a c}} \right)}{(a e^2 + c d^2)^2}$
risch	$-\frac{e}{(a e^2 + c d^2)(e x + d)} + \frac{2 d e c \ln(e x + d)}{a^2 e^4 + 2 a c d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4} + \frac{\left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}\left(\left(e^4 a^3 + 2 d^2 e^2 a^2 c + d^4 a c^2\right) Z^2 + 4 a c d e Z + c\right)} - R \ln\left(\left(3 e^6 a^3 + 5\right)\right)}{\right)}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-\frac{e}{(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)} + \frac{2*c*d*e*\ln(e*x+d)}{(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2} - \frac{c}{(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2} + \frac{2*(d*e*\ln(c*x^2+a)+(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(a*c)^{(1/2)*\arctan(c*x/(a*c)^{(1/2))}}{(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2cd^2e + 2ae^3 + (cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x)\sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2ax\sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}} - a}{cx^2 + a}\right) + 2(cde^2x + cd^2e) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^2d^5 + 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4 + (c^2d^4e + 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x)} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{cd^2e + ae^3 - (cd^3 - ade^2 + (cd^2e - ae^3)x)\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}} \arctan\left(x\sqrt{\frac{c}{a}}\right) + (cde^2x + cd^2e) \log(cx^2 + a) - 2(cde^2x + cd^2e) \log(e*x + d)}{c^2d^5 + 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4 + (c^2d^4e + 2acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5)x} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[-1/2*(2*c*d^2*e + 2*a*e^3 + (c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c/a)*log((c*x^2 - 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a) - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e)*log(c*x^2 + a) - 4*(c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e)*log(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x), -(c*d^2*e + a*e^3 - (c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c/a)*arctan(x*sqrt(c/a)) + (c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e)*log(c*x^2 + a) - 2*(c*d*e^2*x + c*d^2*e)*log(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*x]`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a),x)`output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{cde \log(cx^2+a)}{c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4} + \frac{2cde \log(ex+d)}{c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4} + \frac{(c^2d^2-ace^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{(c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{ac}} - \frac{e}{cd^3+ade^2+(cd^2e+ae^3)x}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-c*d*e*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + 2*c*d*e*log(e*x + d)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + (c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a*c)) - e/(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{cde \log\left(c - \frac{2cd}{ex+d} + \frac{cd^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{ae^2}{(ex+d)^2}\right)}{c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4} - \frac{e^3}{(cd^2e^2+ae^4)(ex+d)} + \frac{(c^2d^2e^2-ace^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cd-\frac{cd^2}{ex+d}-\frac{ae^2}{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ace}}\right)}{(c^2d^4+2acd^2e^2+a^2e^4)\sqrt{ace^2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-c*d*e*log(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2/(e*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) - e^3/((c*d^2*e^2 + a*e^4)*(e*x + d)) + (c^2*d^2*e^2 - a*c*e^4)*arctan((c*d - c*d^2/(e*x + d) - a*e^2/(e*x + d))/(sqrt(a*c)*e))/((c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*sqrt(a*c)*e^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 452, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln\left(a^5 e^8 \sqrt{-ac} - c^3 d^8 (-ac)^{3/2} - 36 a^3 d^2 e^6 (-ac)^{3/2} + a c^5 d^8 x + a^5 c e^8 x + 70 a d^4 e^4 (-ac)^{5/2} + 36 a^3 e^4 + 2 a^2 c d\right)}{\ln\left(c^3 d^8 (-ac)^{3/2} - a^5 e^8 \sqrt{-ac} + 36 a^3 d^2 e^6 (-ac)^{3/2} + a c^5 d^8 x + a^5 c e^8 x - 70 a d^4 e^4 (-ac)^{5/2} - 36 a^3 e^4 + 2 a^2 c d\right)} - \frac{e}{(c d^2 + a e^2)(d + e x)} + \frac{2 c d e \ln(d + e x)}{(c d^2 + a e^2)^2}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\log(a^5 e^8 (-ac)^{1/2} - c^3 d^8 (-ac)^{3/2} - 36 a^3 d^2 e^6 (-ac)^{3/2} + a c^5 d^8 x + a^5 c e^8 x + 70 a d^4 e^4 (-ac)^{5/2} + 36 c d^6 e^2 (-ac)^{5/2} + 36 a^2 c^4 d^6 e^2 x + 70 a^3 c^3 d^4 e^4 x + 36 a^4 c^2 d^2 e^6 x) * (c * ((d^2 (-ac)^{1/2}) / 2 - a d e) - (a e^2 (-ac)^{1/2}) / 2)) / (a^3 e^4 + a c^2 d^4 + 2 a^2 c d^2 e^2) + (\log(c^3 d^8 (-ac)^{3/2} - a^5 e^8 (-ac)^{1/2} + 36 a^3 d^2 e^6 (-ac)^{3/2} + a c^5 d^8 x + a^5 c e^8 x - 70 a d^4 e^4 (-ac)^{5/2} - 36 c d^6 e^2 (-ac)^{5/2} + 36 a^2 c^4 d^6 e^2 x + 70 a^3 c^3 d^4 e^4 x + 36 a^4 c^2 d^2 e^6 x) * (a * ((e^2 (-ac)^{1/2}) / 2 - c d e) - (c d^2 (-ac)^{1/2}) / 2)) / (a^3 e^4 + a c^2 d^4 + 2 a^2 c d^2 e^2) - e / ((a e^2 + c d^2) * (d + e x)) + (2 * c * d * e * \log(d + e x)) / (a e^2 + c d^2)^2 \end{aligned}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a}}\right) a d^2 e^2 - \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a}}\right) a d e^3 x + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a}}\right) c d^4 + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a}}\right) a d^2 e^2}{ad(a^2 e^5 x + 2ac d^2 e^5)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*d**2*e**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*d*e**3*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c*d**4 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c*d**3*e*x - log(a + c*x**2)*a*c*d**3*e - log(a + c*x**2)*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 2*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**3*e + 2*log(d + e*x)*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + a**2*e**4*x + a*c*d**2*e**2*x)/(a*d*(a**2*d*e**4 + a**2*e**5*x + 2*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + c**2*d**5 + c**2*d**4*e*x))
```



### 3.108 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	884
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	885
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	885
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	887
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	887
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	888
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	889
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	889
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	890
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	891

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{e}{2(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} - \frac{2cde}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)} + \frac{c^{3/2}d(cd^2-3ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(cd^2+ae^2)^3} + \frac{ce(3cd^2-ae^2)\log(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^3} - \frac{ce(3cd^2-ae^2)\log(a+cx^2)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)^3}$$

```
output -1/2*e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2-2*c*d*e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)+c^(3/2)*d*(
-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3+c*e*(-a*
e^2+3*c*d^2)*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-1/2*c*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*ln(c*x^2+a
)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2c^{3/2}d(cd^2-3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + e\left(-\frac{(cd^2+ae^2)(ae^2+cd(5d+4ex))}{(d+ex)^2} + 2c(3cd^2-ae^2) \log(d+ex) + c(-3cd^2+ae^2) \log(a+cx^2)\right)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)),x]`output `((2*c^(3/2)*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + e*(-(((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a*e^2 + c*d*(5*d + 4*e*x)))/(d + e*x)^2) + 2*c*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x] + c*(-3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2]))/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {480, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 480$$

$$\frac{c \int \frac{d-ex}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{e}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\frac{c \int \left( \frac{2de^2}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{3cd^2e^2-ae^4}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)} + \frac{c(d(cd^2-3ae^2)-e(3cd^2-ae^2)x)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(cx^2+a)} \right) dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{e}{2(d+ex)^2(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 c \left( \frac{\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (cd^2 - 3ae^2)}{\sqrt{a}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} - \frac{e(3cd^2 - ae^2) \log(a + cx^2)}{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} - \frac{2de}{(d + ex)(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{e(3cd^2 - ae^2) \log(d + ex)}{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{2(d + ex)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^3*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `-1/2*e/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2) + (c*((-2*d*e)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) + (e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 - (e*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 480 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))], x] + Simp[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
default	$-\frac{e}{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^2} - \frac{ce(ae^2-3cd^2)\ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^3} - \frac{2cde}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ex+d)} - \frac{c^2\left(\frac{(-ae^3+3cd^2e)\ln(cx^2+a)}{2c} + \frac{(3ade^2-cd^3)\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^3}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^2-c*e*(a*e^2-3*c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*ln(e*x+d)-2*c*d*e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)-c^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(1/2*(-a*e^3+3*c*d^2*e)/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(3*a*d*e^2-c*d^3)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 415 vs. 2(164) = 328.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 853, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/2*(5*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5 + (c^2*d^5 - 3*a*c*d^3*e^2 +
(c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e - 3*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-c
/a)*log((c*x^2 - 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a) - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 4*(c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c
*d*e^4)*x + (3*c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3 + (3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 2
*(3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*log(c*x^2 + a) - 2*(3*c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*
e^3 + (3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*log
(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^8 + 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^4*e^4 + a^3*d^2*e^6 + (c
^3*d^6*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 + a^3*e^8)*x^2 + 2*(c^3*d^7
*e + 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 + a^3*d*e^7)*x), -1/2*(5*c^2*d^4*e
+ 6*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5 - 2*(c^2*d^5 - 3*a*c*d^3*e^2 + (c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*
a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + 2*(c^2*d^4*e - 3*a*c*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(c/a)*arctan(x*sqrt(
c/a)) + 4*(c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)*x + (3*c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3 + (3*c^
2*d^2*e^3 - a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*log(c*x^2 + a)
- 2*(3*c^2*d^4*e - a*c*d^2*e^3 + (3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - a*c*e^5)*x^2 + 2*(3*c^
2*d^3*e^2 - a*c*d*e^4)*x)*log(e*x + d))/(c^3*d^8 + 3*a*c^2*d^6*e^2 + 3*a^2*
c*d^4*e^4 + a^3*d^2*e^6 + (c^3*d^6*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^6
+ a^3*e^8)*x^2 + 2*(c^3*d^7*e + 3*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 + a^3*d
*e^7)*x)]

```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+a), x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{(3c^2d^2e - ace^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)}$$

$$+ \frac{(3c^2d^2e - ace^3) \log(ex + d)}{c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6} + \frac{(c^3d^3 - 3ac^2de^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)\sqrt{ac}}$$

$$- \frac{4cde^2x + 5cd^2e + ae^3}{2(c^2d^6 + 2acd^4e^2 + a^2d^2e^4 + (c^2d^4e^2 + 2acd^2e^4 + a^2e^6)x^2 + 2(c^2d^5e + 2acd^3e^3 + a^2de^5)x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*(3*c^2*d^2*e - a*c*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3
*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) + (3*c^2*d^2*e - a*c*e^3)*log(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^6
+ 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) + (c^3*d^3 - 3*a*c^2*d*e^2)
*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3
*e^6)*sqrt(a*c)) - 1/2*(4*c*d*e^2*x + 5*c*d^2*e + a*e^3)/(c^2*d^6 + 2*a*c*
d^4*e^2 + a^2*d^2*e^4 + (c^2*d^4*e^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)*x^2 + 2*(c
^2*d^5*e + 2*a*c*d^3*e^3 + a^2*d*e^5)*x)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{(3c^2d^2e - ace^3) \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)}$$

$$+ \frac{(3c^2d^2e^2 - ace^4) \log(|ex + d|)}{c^3d^6e + 3ac^2d^4e^3 + 3a^2cd^2e^5 + a^3e^7}$$

$$+ \frac{(c^3d^3 - 3ac^2de^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)\sqrt{ac}}$$

$$- \frac{5c^2d^4e + 6acd^2e^3 + a^2e^5 + 4(c^2d^3e^2 + acde^4)x}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3(ex + d)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2*(3*c^2*d^2*e - a*c*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3
*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) + (3*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a*c*e^4)*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c
^3*d^6*e + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + a^3*e^7) + (c^3*d^3 - 3*a*c
^2*d*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*
e^4 + a^3*e^6)*sqrt(a*c)) - 1/2*(5*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5 + 4
*(c^2*d^3*e^2 + a*c*d*e^4)*x)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(e*x + d)^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 745, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.23

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^3(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{\ln(d+ex)(3c^2d^2e - ace^3)}{a^3e^6 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + 3a^2d^4e^2 + c^3d^6}$$

$$\frac{\ln\left(c^2d^{10}(-ac^3)^{3/2} - 9a^6e^{10}\sqrt{-ac^3} + 9a^6c^2e^{10}x + 106a^2d^6e^4(-ac^3)^{3/2} + ac^7d^{10}x + 6a^4c^2d^4e\right)}{\ln\left(c^2d^{10}(-ac^3)^{3/2} - 9a^6e^{10}\sqrt{-ac^3} - 9a^6c^2e^{10}x + 106a^2d^6e^4(-ac^3)^{3/2} - ac^7d^{10}x + 6a^4c^2d^4e\right)}$$

$$\frac{\frac{5cd^2e+ae^3}{2(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)} + \frac{2cde^2x}{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4}}{d^2 + 2dex + e^2x^2}$$

input

```
int(1/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^3),x)
```





output

```
( - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d**2*e**3*x - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d*e**4*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**2*d**5 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**2*d**4*e*x + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 2*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c*d*e**4*x + log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c*e**5*x**2 - 3*log(a + c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**4*e - 6*log(a + c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x - 3*log(a + c*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 - 2*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 4*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*d*e**4*x - 2*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c*e**5*x**2 + 6*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**4*e + 12*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 6*log(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2 - a**3*e**5 - 4*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 + 2*a**2*c*e**5*x**2 - 3*a*c**2*d**4*e + 2*a*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**2)/(2*a*(a**3*d**2*e**6 + 2*a**3*d*e**7*x + a**3*e**8*x**2 + 3*a**2*c*d**4*e**4 + 6*a**2*c*d**3*e**5*x + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*d**6*e**2 + 6*a*c**2*d**5*e**3*x + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 + c**3*d**8 + 2*c**3*d**7*e*x + c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2))
```

### 3.109 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	893
Mathematica [A] (verified)	894
Rubi [A] (verified)	894
Maple [A] (verified)	896
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	896
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	897
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	898
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	899
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	899
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	900

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{5de^4x}{c^2} + \frac{e^5x^2}{2c^2} - \frac{ae(5c^2d^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) - cd(c^2d^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + 5a^2e^4)x}{2ac^3(a+cx^2)} + \frac{d(c^2d^4 + 10acd^2e^2 - 15a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{5/2}} + \frac{e^3(5cd^2 - ae^2) \log(a+cx^2)}{c^3}$$

output

```
5*d*e^4*x/c^2+1/2*e^5*x^2/c^2-1/2*(a*e*(a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)-
c*d*(5*a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x)/a/c^3/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*d*(-15*a^2*e
^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/2)+e^3*(
-a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{10cde^4x + ce^5x^2 + \frac{-a^3e^5 + c^3d^5x + 5a^2cde^3(2d+ex) - 5ac^2d^3e(d+2ex)}{a(a+cx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{cd}(c^2d^4 + 10acd^2e^2 - 15a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + 2(5cd^2e^5)}{2c^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^5/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(10*c*d*e^4*x + c*e^5*x^2 + (-a^3*e^5) + c^3*d^5*x + 5*a^2*c*d*e^3*(2*d + e*x) - 5*a*c^2*d^3*e*(d + 2*e*x))/(a*(a + c*x^2)) + (Sqrt[c]*d*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2) + 2*(5*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*Log[a + c*x^2])/(2*c^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {495, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 495$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3 (cd^2 - 3cexd + 4ae^2)}{2ac} dx - \frac{(d+ex)^4 (ae - cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left( -3dx^2e^4 - \frac{4(2cd^2 - ae^2)xe^3}{c} - 3d \left( 2d^2 - \frac{5ae^2}{c} \right) e^2 + \frac{c^2d^5 + 10ace^2d^3 - 15a^2e^4d + 4ae^3(5cd^2 - ae^2)x}{c(cx^2 + a)} \right) dx$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae - cdx)}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (-15a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{ac^3/2}} + \frac{2ae^3(5cd^2 - ae^2) \log(a + cx^2)}{c^2} - 3de^2x \left( 2d^2 - \frac{5ae^2}{c} \right) - \frac{2e^3x^2(2cd^2 - ae^2)}{c} - de^4x^3$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^4 (ae - cdx)}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^5/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (-3*d*e^2*(2*d^2 - (5*a*e^2)/c)*x - (2*e^3*(2*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x^2)/c - d*e^4*x^3 + (d*(c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 15*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + (2*a*e^3*(5*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Log[a + c*x^2])/c^2)/(2*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^n)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{e^4 \left(\frac{1}{2}ex^2 + 5dx\right)}{c^2} - \frac{\frac{d(5a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)x}{2a} + \frac{e(a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{2c}}{cx^2 + a} + \frac{\frac{(4a^2e^5 - 20acd^2e^3)\ln(cx^2 + a)}{2c}}{c^2} + \frac{\frac{(15a^2de^4 - 10acd^3e^2)}{2a}}{\sqrt{\dots}}$
risch	$\frac{e^5x^2}{2c^2} + \frac{5de^4x}{c^2} + \frac{\frac{d(5a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)x}{2a} - \frac{e(a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + 5c^2d^4)}{2c}}{c^2(cx^2 + a)} - \frac{a \ln\left(-15de^4a^3 + 10d^3e^2a^2c + d^5ac^2 - \sqrt{-ad^2c(15\dots)}\right)}{c^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$e^4/c^2*(1/2*e*x^2+5*d*x)-1/c^2*((-1/2*d*(5*a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/a*x+1/2*e*(a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)/c)/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a*(1/2*(4*a^2*e^5-20*a*c*d^2*e^3)/c*\ln(c*x^2+a)+(15*a^2*d*e^4-10*a*c*d^3*e^2-c^2*d^5)/(a*c)^(1/2)*\arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2a^2c^2e^5x^4 + 20a^2c^2de^4x^3 + 2a^3ce^5x^2 - 10a^2c^2d^4e + 20a^3cd^2e^3 - 2a^4e^5 + (ac^2d^5 + 10a^2cd^3e^2 - 15a^3d^4e)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(2*a^2*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 20*a^2*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + 2*a^3*c*e^5*x^2 - 10*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - 2*a^4*e^5 + (a*c^2*d^5 + 10*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 - 15*a^3*d*e^4 + (c^3*d^5 + 10*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 15*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(a*c^3*d^5 - 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x + 4*(5*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - a^4*e^5 + (5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 - a^3*c*e^5)*x^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^4*x^2 + a^3*c^3), 1/2*(a^2*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 10*a^2*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + a^3*c*e^5*x^2 - 5*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 10*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - a^4*e^5 + (a*c^2*d^5 + 10*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 - 15*a^3*d*e^4 + (c^3*d^5 + 10*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 15*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) + (a*c^3*d^5 - 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x + 2*(5*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - a^4*e^5 + (5*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 - a^3*c*e^5)*x^2)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^4*x^2 + a^3*c^3)]
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 515 vs.  $2(182) = 364$ .

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 515, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \left( -\frac{e^3(ae^2-5cd^2)}{c^3} - \frac{d\sqrt{-a^3c^7} \cdot (15a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)}{4a^3c^6} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{-4a^3e^5 - 4a^2c^3 \left( -\frac{e^3(ae^2-5cd^2)}{c^3} - \frac{d\sqrt{-a^3c^7} \cdot (15a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)}{4a^3c^6} \right)}{15a^2cde^4 - 10ac^2d^3e^2 - c^3d^5} \right) + \left( -\frac{e^3(ae^2-5cd^2)}{c^3} + \frac{d\sqrt{-a^3c^7} \cdot (15a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)}{4a^3c^6} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{-4a^3e^5 - 4a^2c^3 \left( -\frac{e^3(ae^2-5cd^2)}{c^3} + \frac{d\sqrt{-a^3c^7} \cdot (15a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)}{4a^3c^6} \right)}{15a^2cde^4 - 10ac^2d^3e^2 - c^3d^5} \right) + \frac{-a^3e^5 + 10a^2cd^2e^3 - 5ac^2d^4e + x(5a^2cde^4 - 10ac^2d^3e^2 + c^3d^5)}{2a^2c^3 + 2ac^4x^2} + \frac{5de^4x}{c^2} + \frac{e^5x^2}{2c^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**5/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
(-e**3*(a**e**2 - 5*c*d**2)/c**3 - d*sqrt(-a**3*c**7)*(15*a**2*e**4 - 10*a*
c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/(4*a**3*c**6))*log(x + (-4*a**3*e**5 - 4*a**2*c**
3*(-e**3*(a**e**2 - 5*c*d**2)/c**3 - d*sqrt(-a**3*c**7)*(15*a**2*e**4 - 10*
a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/(4*a**3*c**6)) + 20*a**2*c*d**2*e**3)/(15*a**2*
c*d*e**4 - 10*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - c**3*d**5)) + (-e**3*(a**e**2 - 5*c*d**2)/
c**3 + d*sqrt(-a**3*c**7)*(15*a**2*e**4 - 10*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/(4
*a**3*c**6))*log(x + (-4*a**3*e**5 - 4*a**2*c**3*(-e**3*(a**e**2 - 5*c*d**2
)/c**3 + d*sqrt(-a**3*c**7)*(15*a**2*e**4 - 10*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/
(4*a**3*c**6)) + 20*a**2*c*d**2*e**3)/(15*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 10*a*c**2*d**3*e
**2 - c**3*d**5)) + (-a**3*e**5 + 10*a**2*c*d**2*e**3 - 5*a*c**2*d**4*e +
x*(5*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 10*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + c**3*d**5))/(2*a**2*c**3 + 2*a*
c**4*x**2) + 5*d*e**4*x/c**2 + e**5*x**2/(2*c**2)
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{5ac^2d^4e - 10a^2cd^2e^3 + a^3e^5 - (c^3d^5 - 10ac^2d^3e^2 + 5a^2cde^4)x}{2(ac^4x^2 + a^2c^3)} + \frac{e^5x^2 + 10de^4x}{2c^2} + \frac{(5cd^2e^3 - ae^5)\log(cx^2 + a)}{c^3} + \frac{(c^2d^5 + 10acd^3e^2 - 15a^2de^4)\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}c^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(5*a*c^2*d^4*e - 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5 - (c^3*d^5 - 10*a*c^2*d^3*
e^2 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)/(a*c^4*x^2 + a^2*c^3) + 1/2*(e^5*x^2 + 10*d*e^4*x
)/c^2 + (5*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^3 + 1/2*(c^2*d^5 + 10*a*c*d
^3*e^2 - 15*a^2*d*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(5cd^2e^3 - ae^5) \log(cx^2 + a)}{c^3} + \frac{(c^2d^5 + 10acd^3e^2 - 15a^2de^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right) + \frac{c^2e^5x^2 + 10c^2de^4x}{2c^4} - \frac{5ac^2d^4e - 10a^2cd^2e^3 + a^3e^5 - (c^3d^5 - 10ac^2d^3e^2 + 5a^2cde^4)x}{2(cx^2 + a)ac^3}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(5*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^3 + 1/2*(c^2*d^5 + 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 15*a^2*d*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2) + 1/2*(c^2*e^5*x^2 + 10*c^2*d*e^4*x)/c^4 - 1/2*(5*a*c^2*d^4*e - 10*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5 - (c^3*d^5 - 10*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x)/((c*x^2 + a)*a*c^3)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^5 x^2}{2c^2} - \frac{\frac{a^2 e^5 - 10acd^2e^3 + 5c^2d^4e}{2c} - \frac{x(5a^2de^4 - 10acd^3e^2 + c^2d^5)}{2a}}{c^3 x^2 + ac^2} - \frac{\ln(cx^2 + a) (32a^4c^3e^5 - 160a^3c^4d^2e^3)}{32a^3c^6} + \frac{5de^4x}{c^2} + \frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (-15a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2a^{3/2}c^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^5/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(e^5*x^2)/(2*c^2) - ((a^2*e^5 + 5*c^2*d^4*e - 10*a*c*d^2*e^3)/(2*c) - (x*(c^2*d^5 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 - 10*a*c*d^3*e^2))/(2*a))/(a*c^2 + c^3*x^2) - (log(a + c*x^2)*(32*a^4*c^3*e^5 - 160*a^3*c^4*d^2*e^3))/(32*a^3*c^6) + (5*d*e^4*x)/c^2 + (d*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2))*(c^2*d^4 - 15*a^2*e^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^3))/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(5/2))
```





### 3.110 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	901
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	901
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	902
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	903
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	904
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	906
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	907
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	907

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^4x}{c^2} - \frac{4ade(cd^2 - ae^2) - (c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x}{2ac^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{5/2}} + \frac{2de^3 \log(a+cx^2)}{c^2}$$

output

```
e^4*x/c^2-1/2*(4*a*d*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)-(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x)/a
/c^2/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*(-3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(
1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/2)+2*d*e^3*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^4x}{c^2} + \frac{c^2d^4x + a^2e^3(4d+ex) - 2acd^2e(2d+3ex)}{2ac^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{5/2}} + \frac{2de^3 \log(a+cx^2)}{c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output  $(e^4 x)/c^2 + (c^2 d^4 x + a^2 e^3 (4d + e x) - 2 a c d^2 e (2d + 3 e x)) / (2 a c^2 (a + c x^2)) + ((c^2 d^4 + 6 a c d^2 e^2 - 3 a^2 e^4) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[c] x] / \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]) / (2 a^{3/2} c^{5/2}) + (2 d e^3 \operatorname{Log}[a + c x^2]) / c^2$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {495, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 495$$

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2 (cd^2 - 2cexd + 3ae^2)}{cx^2 + a} dx - \frac{(d+ex)^3 (ae - cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\int \left( -2dxe^3 - 3 \left( d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) e^2 + \frac{c^2 d^4 + 6ace^2 d^2 + 8ace^3 xd - 3a^2 e^4}{c(cx^2 + a)} \right) dx - \frac{(d+ex)^3 (ae - cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (-3a^2 e^4 + 6acd^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} - 3e^2 x \left( d^2 - \frac{ae^2}{c} \right) + \frac{4ade^3 \log(a+cx^2)}{c} - de^3 x^2 - \frac{(d+ex)^3 (ae - cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```
-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (-3*e^2*(d^2 - (a*e^2)/c)*x - d*e^3*x^2 + ((c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/2)) + (4*a*d*e^3*Log[a + c*x^2])/c/(2*a*c)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 495

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 657

```
Int((((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{e^4 x}{c^2} - \frac{\frac{(a^2 e^4 - 6ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)x}{2a} - 2de(ae^2 - cd^2)}{cx^2 + a} + \frac{-4de^3 a \ln(cx^2 + a) + \frac{(3a^2 e^4 - 6ac d^2 e^2 - c^2 d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2a}}{c^2}$
risch	$\frac{e^4 x}{c^2} + \frac{\frac{(a^2 e^4 - 6ac d^2 e^2 + c^2 d^4)x}{2a} + 2de(ae^2 - cd^2)}{c^2(cx^2 + a)} + \frac{2 \ln\left(-3e^4 a^3 + 6d^2 e^2 a^2 c + d^4 a c^2 - \sqrt{-ac(3a^2 e^4 - 6ac d^2 e^2 - c^2 d^4)^2} x\right) d e^3}{c^2} +$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
e^4*x/c^2-1/c^2*((-1/2*(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/a*x-2*d*e*(a*e^2-c*d^2))/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a*(-4*d*e^3*a*ln(c*x^2+a)+(3*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2-c^2*d^4)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^2c^2e^4x^3 - 8a^2c^2d^3e + 8a^3cde^3 + (ac^2d^4 + 6a^2cd^2e^2 - 3a^3e^4 + (c^3d^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2 - 3a^2ce^4)x^2)\sqrt{-a}}{4(a^2c^4x^2 + \dots)}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(4*a^2*c^2*e^4*x^3 - 8*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + 8*a^3*c*d*e^3 + (a*c^2*d^4 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(a*c^3*d^4 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*e^4)*x + 8*(a^2*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + a^3*c*d*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^4*x^2 + a^3*c^3), 1/2*(2*a^2*c^2*e^4*x^3 - 4*a^2*c^2*d^3*e + 4*a^3*c*d*e^3 + (a*c^2*d^4 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^3*e^4 + (c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) + (a*c^3*d^4 - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*e^4)*x + 4*(a^2*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + a^3*c*d*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^2*c^4*x^2 + a^3*c^3)]
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 403 vs.  $2(138) = 276$ .

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \left( \frac{2de^3}{c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^5} \cdot (3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)}{4a^3c^5} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{-4a^2c^2 \cdot \left( \frac{2de^3}{c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^5} \cdot (3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)}{4a^3c^5} \right) + 8a^2de^3}{3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4} \right) + \left( \frac{2de^3}{c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^5} \cdot (3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)}{4a^3c^5} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{-4a^2c^2 \cdot \left( \frac{2de^3}{c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^3c^5} \cdot (3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)}{4a^3c^5} \right) + 8a^2de^3}{3a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4} \right) + \frac{4a^2de^3 - 4acd^3e + x(a^2e^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2a^2c^2 + 2ac^3x^2} + \frac{e^4x}{c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `(2*d*e**3/c**2 - sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(3*a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/(4*a**3*c**5))*log(x + (-4*a**2*c**2*(2*d*e**3/c**2 - sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(3*a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/(4*a**3*c**5)) + 8*a**2*d*e**3)/(3*a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)) + (2*d*e**3/c**2 + sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(3*a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/(4*a**3*c**5))*log(x + (-4*a**2*c**2*(2*d*e**3/c**2 + sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(3*a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)/(4*a**3*c**5)) + 8*a**2*d*e**3)/(3*a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 - c**2*d**4)) + (4*a**2*d*e**3 - 4*a*c*d**3*e + x*(a**2*e**4 - 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4))/(2*a**2*c**2 + 2*a*c**3*x**2) + e**4*x/c**2`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^4 x}{c^2} + \frac{2de^3 \log(cx^2+a)}{c^2} - \frac{4acd^3e - 4a^2de^3 - (c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x}{2(ac^3x^2 + a^2c^2)} + \frac{(c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}ac^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `e^4*x/c^2 + 2*d*e^3*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 - 1/2*(4*a*c*d^3*e - 4*a^2*d*e^3 - (c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x)/(a*c^3*x^2 + a^2*c^2) + 1/2*(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^4 x}{c^2} + \frac{2de^3 \log(cx^2+a)}{c^2} + \frac{(c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}ac^2} - \frac{4acd^3e - 4a^2de^3 - (c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x}{2(cx^2+a)ac^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `e^4*x/c^2 + 2*d*e^3*log(c*x^2 + a)/c^2 + 1/2*(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2) - 1/2*(4*a*c*d^3*e - 4*a^2*d*e^3 - (c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*x)/((c*x^2 + a)*a*c^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{x(a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{2a} + 2ade^3 - 2cd^3e}{c^3x^2+ac^2} + \frac{e^4x}{c^2} + \frac{2de^3 \ln(cx^2+a)}{c^2} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (-3a^2e^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{2a^{3/2}c^{5/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`output `((x*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(2*a) + 2*a*d*e^3 - 2*c*d^3*e)/(a*c^2 + c^3*x^2) + (e^4*x)/c^2 + (2*d*e^3*log(a + c*x^2))/c^2 + (atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))*(c^2*d^4 - 3*a^2*e^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3e^4 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2cd^2e^2 - 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2ce^4x^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} a^2e^4x^2 + 4cd^3e^2x + 4cd^3ex^2 + 4cd^3e^2x^3 + 4cd^3e^2x^4 + 4cd^3e^2x^5 + 4cd^3e^2x^6 + 4cd^3e^2x^7 + 4cd^3e^2x^8 + 4cd^3e^2x^9 + 4cd^3e^2x^{10} + 4cd^3e^2x^{11} + 4cd^3e^2x^{12} + 4cd^3e^2x^{13} + 4cd^3e^2x^{14} + 4cd^3e^2x^{15} + 4cd^3e^2x^{16} + 4cd^3e^2x^{17} + 4cd^3e^2x^{18} + 4cd^3e^2x^{19} + 4cd^3e^2x^{20}}{(2a^2c^3(a+cx^2))}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`output `( - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*e**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*e**4*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d**4*x**2 + 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c*d*e**3 + 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**2 + 3*a**3*c*e**4*x - 6*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x - 4*a**2*c**2*d*e**3*x**2 + 2*a**2*c**2*e**4*x**3 + a*c**3*d**4*x + 4*a*c**3*d**3*e*x**2)/(2*a**2*c**3*(a + c*x**2))`



$$3.111 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{ae(3cd^2 - ae^2) - cd(cd^2 - 3ae^2)x}{2ac^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{d(cd^2 + 3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} + \frac{e^3 \log(a+cx^2)}{2c^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)-c*d*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a/c^2/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(3/2)+1/2*e^3*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^2
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 + 3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{a}(a^2e^3 + c^2d^3x - 3acde(d+ex) + ae^3(a+cx^2) \log(a+cx^2))}{a+cx^2}}{2a^{3/2}c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]] + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*(a^2*e^3 + c^2*d^3*x - 3*a*c*d*e*(d + e*x) + a*e^3*(a + c*x^2)*\text{Log}[a + c*x^2]))/(a + c*x^2))/(2*a^{(3/2)}*c^2)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {495, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 495$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)(cd^2 - cexd + 2ae^2)}{cx^2 + a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d + ex)^2 (ae - cdx)}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\frac{\int \left( \frac{cd^3 + 3ae^2d + 2ae^3x}{cx^2 + a} - de^2 \right) dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d + ex)^2 (ae - cdx)}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3ae^2 + cd^2)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{ae^3 \log(a + cx^2)}{c} - de^2 x}{2ac} - \frac{(d + ex)^2 (ae - cdx)}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```
-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (-d*e^2*x) + (d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]) + (a*e^3*Log[a + c*x^2])/c)/(2*a*c)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 495

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 657

```
Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^n)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{-\frac{d(3ae^2 - cd^2)x}{2ac} + \frac{e(ae^2 - 3cd^2)}{2c^2}}{cx^2 + a} + \frac{ae^3 \ln(cx^2 + a)}{c} + \frac{(3ade^2 + cd^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2ac\sqrt{ac}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{d(3ae^2 - cd^2)x}{2ac} + \frac{e(ae^2 - 3cd^2)}{2c^2}}{cx^2 + a} + \frac{\ln\left(3a^2de^2 + acd^3 - \sqrt{-ad^2c(3ae^2 + cd^2)^2}x\right)e^3}{2c^2} + \frac{\ln\left(3a^2de^2 + acd^3 - \sqrt{-ad^2c(3ae^2 + cd^2)^2}\right)}{4a^2c^2}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/2*d*(3*a*e^2-c*d^2)/a/c*x+1/2*e*(a*e^2-3*c*d^2)/c^2)/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a/c
*(a*e^3/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(3*a*d*e^2+c*d^3)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)
))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{6a^2cd^2e - 2a^3e^3 + (acd^3 + 3a^2de^2 + (c^2d^3 + 3acde^2)x^2)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right) - 2(ac^2d^3 - 3a^2cde^2)x - (acd^3 + 3a^2de^2 + (c^2d^3 + 3acde^2)x^2)\sqrt{ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ac}x}{a}\right) - (ac^2d^3 - 3a^2cde^2)x - (acd^3 + 3a^2de^2 + (c^2d^3 + 3acde^2)x^2)\sqrt{ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ac}x}{a}\right) - (ac^2d^3 - 3a^2cde^2)x - (acd^3 + 3a^2de^2 + (c^2d^3 + 3acde^2)x^2)\sqrt{ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ac}x}{a}\right)}{4(a^2c^3x^2 + a^3c^2)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/4*(6*a^2*c*d^2*e - 2*a^3*e^3 + (a*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^2 + (c^2*d^3 + 3*a
*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) -
2*(a*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2)*x - 2*(a^2*c*e^3*x^2 + a^3*e^3)*log(c*x^2 +
a))/(a^2*c^3*x^2 + a^3*c^2), -1/2*(3*a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3 - (a*c*d^3 + 3*
a^2*d*e^2 + (c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) -
(a*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2)*x - (a^2*c*e^3*x^2 + a^3*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a)
/(a^2*c^3*x^2 + a^3*c^2)]
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 298 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left( \frac{e^3}{2c^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{-a^3c^5} \cdot (3ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a^3c^4} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{4a^2c^2 \left( \frac{e^3}{2c^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{-a^3c^5} \cdot (3ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a^3c^4} \right) - 2a^2e^3}{3acde^2 + c^2d^3} \right)$$

$$+ \left( \frac{e^3}{2c^2} + \frac{d\sqrt{-a^3c^5} \cdot (3ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a^3c^4} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{4a^2c^2 \left( \frac{e^3}{2c^2} + \frac{d\sqrt{-a^3c^5} \cdot (3ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a^3c^4} \right) - 2a^2e^3}{3acde^2 + c^2d^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{a^2e^3 - 3acd^2e + x(-3acde^2 + c^2d^3)}{2a^2c^2 + 2ac^3x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

```
(e**3/(2*c**2) - d*sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(3*a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(4*a**3*c**4))*log(x + (4*a**2*c**2*(e**3/(2*c**2) - d*sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(3*a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(4*a**3*c**4)) - 2*a**2*e**3)/(3*a*c*d*e**2 + c**2*d**3)) + (e**3/(2*c**2) + d*sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(3*a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(4*a**3*c**4))*log(x + (4*a**2*c**2*(e**3/(2*c**2) + d*sqrt(-a**3*c**5)*(3*a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(4*a**3*c**4)) - 2*a**2*e**3)/(3*a*c*d*e**2 + c**2*d**3)) + (a**2*e**3 - 3*a*c*d**2*e + x*(-3*a*c*d*e**2 + c**2*d**3))/(2*a**2*c**2 + 2*a*c**3*x**2)
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^3 \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2} - \frac{3acd^2e - a^2e^3 - (c^2d^3 - 3acde^2)x}{2(ac^3x^2 + a^2c^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(cd^3 + 3ade^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1/2e^3\log(cx^2 + a)/c^2 - 1/2*(3ac*d^2e - a^2e^3 - (c^2*d^3 - 3ac*d*e^2)*x)/(ac^3*x^2 + a^2*c^2) + 1/2*(c*d^3 + 3a*d*e^2)*\arctan(cx/\sqrt{ac})(ac))/(\sqrt{ac})}{(a+c^2x^2)^2}$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^3 \log(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2} + \frac{(cd^3 + 3ade^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}ac} + \frac{(cd^3 - 3ade^2)x - \frac{3acd^2e - a^2e^3}{c}}{2(cx^2 + a)ac}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1/2e^3\log(cx^2 + a)/c^2 + 1/2*(c*d^3 + 3a*d*e^2)*\arctan(cx/\sqrt{ac})/(\sqrt{ac})}{(a+c^2x^2)^2} + \frac{1/2*((c*d^3 - 3a*d*e^2)*x - (3ac*d^2e - a^2e^3)/c)}{(a+c^2x^2)^2}$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{d^3 x}{2(a^2 + cax^2)} - \frac{3d^2 e}{2(c^2 x^2 + ac)} + \frac{e^3 \ln(cx^2 + a)}{2c^2} + \frac{ae^3}{2(c^3 x^2 + ac^2)} + \frac{d^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{3de^2 x}{2(c^2 x^2 + ac)} + \frac{3de^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}c^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (d^3x)/(2*(a^2 + a*c*x^2)) - (3*d^2*e)/(2*(a*c + c^2*x^2)) + (e^3*\log(a + \\ & c*x^2))/(2*c^2) + (a*e^3)/(2*(a*c^2 + c^3*x^2)) + (d^3*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a \\ & ^{(1/2)}))/(2*a^{(3/2)*c^{(1/2)}}) - (3*d*e^2*x)/(2*(a*c + c^2*x^2)) + (3*d*e^2* \\ & atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^{(1/2)}))/(2*a^{(1/2)*c^{(3/2)}}) \end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 d e^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a c d^3 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a c d e^2 x^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a c d e^2 x^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a c d e^2 x^2}{2a^2 c^2}$$

input

int((e\*x+d)^3/(c\*x^2+a)^2,x)

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (3*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*d*e**2 + \sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a} \\ & *atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d**3 + 3*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}*atan((c*x) \\ & /(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d*e**2*x**2 + \sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)* \\ & sqrt(a))*c**2*d**3*x**2 + \log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*e**3 + \log(a + c*x**2)*a** \\ & 2*c*e**3*x**2 - 3*a**2*c*d*e**2*x - a**2*c*e**3*x**2 + a*c**2*d**3*x + 3*a \\ & *c**2*d**2*e*x**2)/(2*a**2*c**2*(a + c*x**2)) \end{aligned}$$

$$3.112 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	915
Mathematica [A] (verified)	915
Rubi [A] (verified)	916
Maple [A] (verified)	917
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	917
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	918
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	918
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	919
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	919
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	919

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2ade - (cd^2 - ae^2)x}{2ac(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(2*a*d*e - (a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(3/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2ade + cd^2x - ae^2x}{2ac(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-2*a*d*e + c*d^2*x - a*e^2*x)/(2*a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {487, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 487$$

$$\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d + ex)(ae - cdx)}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (ae^2 + cd^2)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{(d + ex)(ae - cdx)}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 487 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)*((b*c^2 + a*d^2)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-\frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)x - de}{2ac}}{cx^2 + a} - \frac{de}{c} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2ac\sqrt{ac}}$	74
risch	$\frac{-\frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)x - de}{2ac}}{cx^2 + a} - \frac{de}{c} - \frac{\ln(cx + \sqrt{-ac})e^2}{4\sqrt{-ac}c} - \frac{\ln(cx + \sqrt{-ac})d^2}{4\sqrt{-ac}a} + \frac{\ln(-cx + \sqrt{-ac})e^2}{4\sqrt{-ac}c} + \frac{\ln(-cx + \sqrt{-ac})d^2}{4\sqrt{-ac}a}$	143

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)/a/cx - d*e/c}{(cx^2 + a)} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)/a/c}{(ac)^{1/2}} \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{(ac)^{1/2}}\right)\right)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{4a^2cde + (acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right) - 2(ac^2d^2 - a^2ce^2)x}{4(a^2c^3x^2 + a^3c^2)}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2a^2cde - (acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2)\sqrt{ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ac}x}{a}\right) - (ac^2d^2 - a^2ce^2)x}{2(a^2c^3x^2 + a^3c^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$\left[-\frac{1}{4} \frac{(4a^2cd^2e + (acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2)\sqrt{-ac})\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right) - 2(ac^2d^2 - a^2ce^2)x}{(a^2c^3x^2 + a^3c^2)}, -\frac{1}{2} \frac{(2a^2cd^2e - (acd^2 + a^2e^2 + (c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^2)\sqrt{ac})\sqrt{ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ac}x}{a}\right) - (ac^2d^2 - a^2ce^2)x}{(a^2c^3x^2 + a^3c^2)}\right]$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c^3}}(ae^2+cd^2)\log\left(-a^2c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c^3}}+x\right)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c^3}}(ae^2+cd^2)\log\left(a^2c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c^3}}+x\right)}{4} + \frac{-2ade+x(-ae^2+cd^2)}{2a^2c+2ac^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `-sqrt(-1/(a**3*c**3))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(-a**2*c*sqrt(-1/(a**3*c**3)) + x)/4 + sqrt(-1/(a**3*c**3))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(a**2*c*sqrt(-1/(a**3*c**3)) + x)/4 + (-2*a*d*e + x*(-a*e**2 + c*d**2))/(2*a**2*c + 2*a*c**2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2ade - (cd^2 - ae^2)x}{2(ac^2x^2 + a^2c)} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(2*a*d*e - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x)/(a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c) + 1/2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(cd^2+ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{cd^2x - ae^2x - 2ade}{2(cx^2+a)ac}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a*c) + 1/2*(c*d^2*x - a*e^2*x - 2*a*d*e)/((c*x^2 + a)*a*c)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (cd^2+ae^2)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{de}{c} + \frac{x(ae^2-cd^2)}{2ac}}{cx^2+a}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output `(atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2)) - ((d*e)/c + (x*(a*e^2 - c*d^2))/(2*a*c))/(a + c*x^2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2e^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) acd^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) ace^2x^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^2c^2(cx^2+a)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*e**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*d**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c*e**2*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**2*d**2*x**2 - a**2*c*e**2*x + a*c**2*d**2*x + 2*a*c**2*d*e*x**2)/(2*a**2*c**2*(a + c*x**2))`

### 3.113 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	921
Mathematica [A] (verified)	921
Rubi [A] (verified)	922
Maple [A] (verified)	923
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	923
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	924
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	924
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	925
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	925
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	925

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-ae+cdx}{2ac(a+cx^2)} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
1/2*(c*d*x-a*e)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*d*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-ae+cdx}{2ac(a+cx^2)} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(- (a*e) + c*d*x)/(2*a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {454, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 454

$$\frac{d \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2a} - \frac{ae - cdx}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{ae - cdx}{2ac(a + cx^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*e - c*d*x)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 454 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2cdx-2ae}{4ac(cx^2+a)} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{ac}}$	49
risch	$\frac{\frac{dx}{c} - \frac{e}{2c}}{cx^2+a} - \frac{d \ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})}{4\sqrt{-ac}a} + \frac{d \ln(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})}{4\sqrt{-ac}a}$	73

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(2*c*d*x-2*a*e)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*d/a/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2acdx - 2a^2e - (cdx^2 + ad)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right)}{4(a^2c^2x^2 + a^3c)}, \frac{acdx - a^2e + (cdx^2 + ad)\sqrt{ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ac}x}{a}\right)}{2(a^2c^2x^2 + a^3c)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*a*c*d*x - 2*a^2*e - (c*d*x^2 + a*d)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)))/(a^2*c^2*x^2 + a^3*c), 1/2*(a*c*d*x - a^2*e + (c*d*x^2 + a*d)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a))/(a^2*c^2*x^2 + a^3*c)]`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = d \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c}} \log\left(-a^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c}} + x\right)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c}} \log\left(a^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^3c}} + x\right)}{4} \right) + \frac{-ae + cdx}{2a^2c + 2ac^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `d*(-sqrt(-1/(a**3*c))*log(-a**2*sqrt(-1/(a**3*c)) + x)/4 + sqrt(-1/(a**3*c))*log(a**2*sqrt(-1/(a**3*c)) + x)/4) + (-a*e + c*d*x)/(2*a**2*c + 2*a*c**2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{aca}} + \frac{cdx - ae}{2(ac^2x^2 + a^2c)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*d*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a) + 1/2*(c*d*x - a*e)/(a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{aca}} + \frac{cdx - ae}{2(cx^2 + a)ac}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*d*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a) + 1/2*(c*d*x - a*e)/((c*x^2 + a)*a*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\frac{e}{2c} - \frac{dx}{2a}}{cx^2 + a}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`output `(d*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(1/2)) - (e/(2*c) - (d*x)/(2*a))/(a + c*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) ad + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) cd x^2 + acdx + ace x^2}{2a^2c(cx^2 + a)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*d + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan(
(c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*c*d*x**2 + a*c*d*x + a*c*e*x**2)/(2*a**2*c*(a + c
*x**2))
```

### 3.114 $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	927
Mathematica [A] (verified)	927
Rubi [A] (verified)	928
Maple [A] (verified)	930
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	930
Sympy [F(-1)]	931
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	931
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	932
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	932
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	933

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+3ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^2} + \frac{e^3\log(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2} - \frac{e^3\log(a+cx^2)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

```
output 1/2*(c*d*x+a*e)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*c^(1/2)*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2+e^3*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2-1/2*e^3*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+3ae^2)(a+cx^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \sqrt{a}((cd^2+ae^2)(ae+cdx) + 2ae^3(a+cx^2)\log(d+ex) - ae^3\log(a+cx^2))}{2a^{3/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^2)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]] + Sqrt[a]*((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a*e + c*d*x) + 2*a*e^3*(a + c*x^2)*Log[d + e*x] - a*e^3*(a + c*x^2)*Log[a + c*x^2]))/(2*a^(3/2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(a + c*x^2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{ae + cd x}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{cd^2 + cexd + 2ae^2}{(d + ex)(cx^2 + a)} dx}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cd^2 + cexd + 2ae^2}{(d + ex)(cx^2 + a)} dx}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{ae + cd x}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657 \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{2ae^4}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)} + \frac{c(cd^3 + 3ae^2d - 2ae^3x)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(cx^2 + a)} \right) dx}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{ae + cd x}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3ae^2 + cd^2)}{\sqrt{a}(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{ae^3 \log(a + cx^2)}{ae^2 + cd^2} + \frac{2ae^3 \log(d + ex)}{ae^2 + cd^2}}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{ae + cd x}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + ((Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + (2*a*e^3*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - (a*e^3*Log[a + c*x^2])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(a*d + b*c*x))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{e^3 \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{c \left( \frac{d(ae^2+cd^2)x}{2a} + \frac{e(ae^2+cd^2)}{2c} - \frac{ae^3 \ln(cx^2+a)}{c} + \frac{(3ade^2+cd^3) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{ac}} \right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{cdx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{e}{2ae^2+2cd^2}}{cx^2+a} + \frac{e^3 \ln(ex+d)}{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4} + \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((a^5e^4+2a^4cd^2e^2+a^3c^2d^4)Z^2+4a^3e^3Z+4ae^2+cd^2)} -R \right)$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output e^3*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2+c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*((1/2*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a*x+1/2*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c)/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a*(-a*e^3/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(3*a*d*e^2+c*d^3)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2acd^2e + 2a^2e^3 + (acd^3 + 3a^2de^2 + (c^2d^3 + 3acde^2)x^2) \sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}} \log\left(\frac{cx^2+2ax\sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}}-a}{cx^2+a}\right) + 2(c^2d^3 + acde^2)}{4(a^2c^2d^4 + 2a^3cd^2e^2 + a^4e^4 + (ac^3d^4 + 2a^2c^2d^2e^2))}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(2*a*c*d^2*e + 2*a^2*e^3 + (a*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^2 + (c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-c/a)*log((c*x^2 + 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a) - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x - 2*(a*c*e^3*x^2 + a^2*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 4*(a*c*e^3*x^2 + a^2*e^3)*log(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + a^4*e^4 + (a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)*x^2), 1/2*(a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3 + (a*c*d^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^2 + (c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(c/a)*arctan(x*sqrt(c/a)) + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x - (a*c*e^3*x^2 + a^2*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 2*(a*c*e^3*x^2 + a^2*e^3)*log(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + a^4*e^4 + (a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)*x^2)]
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e^3 \log(cx^2 + a)}{2(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)} + \frac{e^3 \log(ex + d)}{c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4} + \frac{(c^2d^3 + 3acde^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2(ac^2d^4 + 2a^2cd^2e^2 + a^3e^4)\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{cdx + ae}{2(a^2cd^2 + a^3e^2 + (ac^2d^2 + a^2ce^2)x^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```



output

```
-1/2*e^3*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + e^3*log(e*x
+ d)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + 1/2*(c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2)*arc
tan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*sqrt(a*c)) + 1
/2*(c*d*x + a*e)/(a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2 + (a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*x^2)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e^4 \log(|ex+d|)}{c^2 d^4 e + 2acd^2 e^3 + a^2 e^5} - \frac{e^3 \log(cx^2+a)}{2(c^2 d^4 + 2acd^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4)} + \frac{(c^2 d^3 + 3acde^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2(ac^2 d^4 + 2a^2 cd^2 e^2 + a^3 e^4) \sqrt{ac}} + \frac{acd^2 e + a^2 e^3 + (c^2 d^3 + acde^2)x}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (cx^2 + a)a}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
e^4*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5) - 1/2*e^3*log(
c*x^2 + a)/(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4) + 1/2*(c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^
2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*sqrt(a*c
)) + 1/2*(a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^
2*(c*x^2 + a)*a)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{e}{2(cd^2+ae^2)} + \frac{cdx}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)}}{cx^2+a} + \frac{e^3 \ln(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2} + \frac{\ln\left(36a^7e^{10}\sqrt{-a^3c} + a^3c^6d^{10}x + a^2c^5d^{10}\sqrt{-a^3c} - 81a^3d^2e^8(-a^3c)^{3/2} - 8c^3d^8e^2(-a^3c)^{3/2} + 36a^7e^{10}\sqrt{-a^3c}\right)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2} + \frac{\ln\left(a^3c^6d^{10}x - 36a^7e^{10}\sqrt{-a^3c} - a^2c^5d^{10}\sqrt{-a^3c} + 81a^3d^2e^8(-a^3c)^{3/2} + 8c^3d^8e^2(-a^3c)^{3/2} + 36a^7e^{10}\sqrt{-a^3c}\right)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)),x)`

output 
$$\frac{(e/(2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)) + (c*d*x)/(2*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)))/(a + c*x^2) + (e^3 * \log(d + e*x))/(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2 + (\log(36*a^7*e^{10*(-a^3*c)^{1/2}} + a^3*c^6*d^{10*x} + a^2*c^5*d^{10*(-a^3*c)^{1/2}} - 81*a^3*d^2*e^8*(-a^3*c)^{3/2} - 8*c^3*d^8*e^2*(-a^3*c)^{3/2} + 36*a^8*c*e^{10*x} + 8*a^4*c^5*d^8*e^2*x + 22*a^5*c^4*d^6*e^4*x + 60*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^6*x + 81*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^8*x - 22*a*c^2*d^6*e^4*(-a^3*c)^{3/2} - 60*a^2*c*d^4*e^6*(-a^3*c)^{3/2})*(c*d^3*(-a^3*c)^{1/2} - 2*a^3*e^3 + 3*a*d*e^2*(-a^3*c)^{1/2}))/4*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)) - (\log(a^3*c^6*d^{10*x} - 36*a^7*e^{10*(-a^3*c)^{1/2}} - a^2*c^5*d^{10*(-a^3*c)^{1/2}} + 81*a^3*d^2*e^8*(-a^3*c)^{3/2} + 8*c^3*d^8*e^2*(-a^3*c)^{3/2} + 36*a^8*c*e^{10*x} + 8*a^4*c^5*d^8*e^2*x + 22*a^5*c^4*d^6*e^4*x + 60*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^6*x + 81*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^8*x + 22*a*c^2*d^6*e^4*(-a^3*c)^{3/2} + 60*a^2*c*d^4*e^6*(-a^3*c)^{3/2})*(2*a^3*e^3 + c*d^3*(-a^3*c)^{1/2} + 3*a*d*e^2*(-a^3*c)^{1/2}))/4*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2))$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 d e^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a c d^3 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a c d e^2 x^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 d e^2 x^2}{2a^2 (a^2 c e^4)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output 
$$(3*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}*\operatorname{atan}((c*x)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}))*a^{**2}*d*e^{**2} + \sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}*\operatorname{atan}((c*x)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}))*a*c*d^{**3} + 3*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}*\operatorname{atan}((c*x)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}))*a*c*d*e^{**2}*x^{**2} + \sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}*\operatorname{atan}((c*x)/(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{a}))*c^{**2}*d^{**3}*x^{**2} - \log(a + c*x^{**2})*a^{**3}*e^{**3} - \log(a + c*x^{**2})*a^{**2}*c*e^{**3}*x^{**2} + 2*\log(d + e*x)*a^{**3}*e^{**3} + 2*\log(d + e*x)*a^{**2}*c*e^{**3}*x^{**2} + a^{**2}*c*d*e^{**2}*x - a^{**2}*c*e^{**3}*x^{**2} + a*c^{**2}*d^{**3}*x - a*c^{**2}*d^{**2}*e*x^{**2}))/2*a^{**2}*(a^{**3}*e^{**4} + 2*a^{**2}*c*d^{**2}*e^{**2} + a^{**2}*c*e^{**4}*x^{**2} + a*c^{**2}*d^{**4} + 2*a*c^{**2}*d^{**2}*e^{**2}*x^{**2} + c^{**3}*d^{**4}*x^{**2}))$$

**3.115**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	934
Mathematica [A] (verified)	935
Rubi [A] (verified)	935
Maple [A] (verified)	937
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	937
Sympy [F(-1)]	938
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	939
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	940
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	941
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	942

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e^3}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)} + \frac{c(2ade+(cd^2-ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2-3a^2e^4)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{4cde^3\log(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^3} - \frac{2cde^3\log(a+cx^2)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^3}$$

output

```
-e^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)+1/2*c*(2*a*d*e+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+a)+1/2*c^(1/2)*(-3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3+4*c*d*e^3*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-2*c*d*e^3*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2e^3(cd^2+ae^2)}{d+ex} + \frac{c(cd^2+ae^2)(cd^2x+ae(2d-ex))}{a(a+cx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2-3a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + 8cde^3 \log(d+ex) - 4cde^3 \log\left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2}{a+cx^2}\right)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]`output `((-2*e^3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(d + e*x) + (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(c*d^2*x + a*e*(2*d - e*x)))/(a*(a + c*x^2)) + (Sqrt[c]*(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2) + 8*c*d*e^3*Log[d + e*x] - 4*c*d*e^3*Log[a + c*x^2))/(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^2 (d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 496$$

$$\frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{cd^2+2cexd+3ae^2}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{cd^2+2cexd+3ae^2}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\frac{\int \left( \frac{8acde^4}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)} + \frac{(3ae^2-cd^2)e^2}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c(c^2d^4+6ace^2d^2-8ace^3xd-3a^2e^4)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(cx^2+a)} \right) dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} +$$

$$\frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(-3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{a}(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{e(cd^2-3ae^2)}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{4acde^3 \log(a+cx^2)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{8acde^3 \log(d+ex)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2}}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} +$$

$$\frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)) + ((e*(c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*(c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) + (8*a*c*d*e^3*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 - (4*a*c*d*e^3*Log[a + c*x^2])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(a*d + b*c*x))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^n))/(a_ + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^3}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ex+d)} + \frac{4cd e^3 \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^3} - \frac{c \left( \frac{(a^2e^4-c^2d^4)x - de(ae^2+cd^2)}{2a} + \frac{4de^3 a \ln(cx^2+a)}{cx^2+a} + \frac{(3a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2a} \right)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^3}$
risch	$-\frac{ec(3ae^2-cd^2)x^2}{2(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)a} + \frac{cdx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{e(ae^2-cd^2)}{a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4} + \frac{4de^3c \ln(ex+d)}{e^6a^3+3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2+d^6c^3} + \left( \frac{R=\text{RootOf}((a^6e^6+3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2ac^2+d^6c^3))}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -e^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)+4*c*d*e^3*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*((1/2*(a^2*e^4-c^2*d^4)/a*x-d*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2))/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a*(4*d*e^3*a*ln(c*x^2+a)+(3*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2-c^2*d^4)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 542 vs. 2(184) = 368.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1111, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(4*a*c^2*d^4*e - 4*a^3*e^5 + 2*(c^3*d^4*e - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*c
*e^5)*x^2 - (a*c^2*d^5 + 6*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^3*d*e^4 + (c^3*d^4*e + 6*a*
c^2*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*e^5)*x^3 + (c^3*d^5 + 6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^
4)*x^2 + (a*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^3*e^5)*x)*sqrt(-c/a)*log((c*
x^2 - 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a) - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 +
a^2*c*d*e^4)*x - 8*(a*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + a*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4*x +
a^2*c*d^2*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 16*(a*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + a*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 +
a^2*c*d*e^4*x + a^2*c*d^2*e^3)*log(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^3*d^7 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^5*
e^2 + 3*a^4*c*d^3*e^4 + a^5*d*e^6 + (a*c^4*d^6*e + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*a
^3*c^2*d^2*e^5 + a^4*c*e^7)*x^3 + (a*c^4*d^7 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^3*c
^2*d^3*e^4 + a^4*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + (a^2*c^3*d^6*e + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^4
*c*d^2*e^5 + a^5*e^7)*x), 1/2*(2*a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*e^5 + (c^3*d^4*e - 2*
a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*e^5)*x^2 + (a*c^2*d^5 + 6*a^2*c*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^3*d*
e^4 + (c^3*d^4*e + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^2*c*e^5)*x^3 + (c^3*d^5 + 6*a*c^2
*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (a*c^2*d^4*e + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*a^3*e^5
)*x)*sqrt(c/a)*arctan(x*sqrt(c/a)) + (c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*
e^4)*x - 4*(a*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + a*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4*x + a^2*c*d^
2*e^3)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 8*(a*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 + a*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 + a^2*c*d*e
^4*x + a^2*c*d^2*e^3)*log(e*x + d))/(a^2*c^3*d^7 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 3*a
^4*c*d^3*e^4 + a^5*d*e^6 + (a*c^4*d^6*e + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^3*c^2...
```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 394 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{2cde^3 \log(cx^2+a)}{c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2+3a^2cd^2e^4+a^3e^6}$$

$$+ \frac{4cde^3 \log(ex+d)}{c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2+3a^2cd^2e^4+a^3e^6} + \frac{(c^3d^4+6ac^2d^2e^2-3a^2ce^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2(ac^3d^6+3a^2c^2d^4e^2+3a^3cd^2e^4+a^4e^6)\sqrt{ac}}$$

$$+ \frac{2acd^2e-2a^2e^3+(c^2d^2e-3ace^3)x^2+(c^2d^3+acde^2)x}{2(a^2c^2d^5+2a^3cd^3e^2+a^4de^4+(ac^3d^4e+2a^2c^2d^2e^3+a^3ce^5)x^3+(ac^3d^5+2a^2c^2d^3e^2+a^3cde^4)x^2+}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*c*d*e^3*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) + 4*c*d*e^3*log(e*x + d)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) + 1/2*(c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*c*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6)*sqrt(a*c)) + 1/2*(2*a*c*d^2*e - 2*a^2*e^3 + (c^2*d^2*e - 3*a*c*e^3)*x^2 + (c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*x)/(a^2*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 + a^4*d*e^4 + (a*c^3*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^3*c*e^5)*x^3 + (a*c^3*d^5 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)*x^2 + (a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*x)`



**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 402 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e^7}{(c^2d^4e^4 + 2acd^2e^6 + a^2e^8)(ex+d)} - \frac{2cde^3 \log\left(c - \frac{2cd}{ex+d} + \frac{cd^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{ae^2}{(ex+d)^2}\right)}{c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6} + \frac{(c^3d^4e^2 + 6ac^2d^2e^4 - 3a^2ce^6) \arctan\left(\frac{cd - \frac{cd^2}{ex+d} - \frac{ae^2}{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ace}}\right)}{2(ac^3d^6 + 3a^2c^2d^4e^2 + 3a^3cd^2e^4 + a^4e^6)\sqrt{ace^2}} + \frac{\frac{c^3d^3e - 3ac^2de^3}{cd^2 + ae^2} - \frac{c^3d^4e^2 - 6ac^2d^2e^4 + a^2ce^6}{(cd^2 + ae^2)(ex+d)e}}{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 a \left(c - \frac{2cd}{ex+d} + \frac{cd^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{ae^2}{(ex+d)^2}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-e^7/((c^2*d^4*e^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^6 + a^2*e^8)*(e*x + d)) - 2*c*d*e^3*log(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2/(e*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2)/(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) + 1/2*(c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 3*a^2*c*e^6)*arctan((c*d - c*d^2/(e*x + d) - a*e^2/(e*x + d))/(sqrt(a*c)*e))/((a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6)*sqrt(a*c)*e^2) + 1/2*((c^3*d^3*e - 3*a*c^2*d*e^3)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - (c^3*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(e*x + d)*e))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*a*(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2/(e*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 819, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.18

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{4cde^3 \ln(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^3}$$

$$\frac{\ln\left(c^5 d^{12} (-a^3 c)^{3/2} - 9a^9 e^{12} \sqrt{-a^3 c} + a^4 c^7 d^{12} x - 1119 a d^4 e^8 (-a^3 c)^{5/2} - 612 c d^6 e^6 (-a^3 c)^{5/2} + \dots\right)}{\ln\left(9a^9 e^{12} \sqrt{-a^3 c} - c^5 d^{12} (-a^3 c)^{3/2} + a^4 c^7 d^{12} x + 1119 a d^4 e^8 (-a^3 c)^{5/2} + 612 c d^6 e^6 (-a^3 c)^{5/2} - \dots\right)}$$

$$-\frac{\frac{ae^3-cd^2e}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2} - \frac{cdx}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)} + \frac{cx^2(3ae^3-cd^2e)}{2a(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}}{cex^3+cdx^2+ae^3x+ad}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output

```
(4*c*d*e^3*log(d + e*x))/(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^3 - (log(c^5*d^12*(-a^3*c)^(3/2)
- 9*a^9*e^12*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + a^4*c^7*d^12*x - 1119*a*d^4*e^8*(-a^3*c)^(5/2)
- 612*c*d^6*e^6*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) + 558*a^5*d^2*e^10*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) + 9*a^
10*c*e^12*x + 55*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) + 14*a^5*c^6*d^10*e^2*x +
55*a^6*c^5*d^8*e^4*x + 612*a^7*c^4*d^6*e^6*x + 1119*a^8*c^3*d^4*e^8*x + 55
8*a^9*c^2*d^2*e^10*x + 14*a*c^4*d^10*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(3/2))*(c*(2*a^3*d*e^3 +
(3*a*d^2*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/2) - (3*a^2*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/4 + (c^2*d^4
*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/4)/(a^6*e^6 + a^3*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^5*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^4*c^2*
d^4*e^2) - (log(9*a^9*e^12*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - c^5*d^12*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) + a^4*
c^7*d^12*x + 1119*a*d^4*e^8*(-a^3*c)^(5/2) + 612*c*d^6*e^6*(-a^3*c)^(5/2)
- 558*a^5*d^2*e^10*(-a^3*c)^(3/2) + 9*a^10*c*e^12*x - 55*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^4*(-
a^3*c)^(3/2) + 14*a^5*c^6*d^10*e^2*x + 55*a^6*c^5*d^8*e^4*x + 612*a^7*c^4
*d^6*e^6*x + 1119*a^8*c^3*d^4*e^8*x + 558*a^9*c^2*d^2*e^10*x - 14*a*c^4*d^
10*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(3/2))*(c*(2*a^3*d*e^3 - (3*a*d^2*e^2*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/2) +
(3*a^2*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/4 - (c^2*d^4*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/4)/(a^6*e^6 + a^
3*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^5*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^2) - ((a*e^3 - c*d^2*e)/(a*
e^2 + c*d^2)^2 - (c*d*x)/(2*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)) + (c*x^2*(3*a*e^3 - c*d^2*e)
)/(2*a*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)))/(a*d + a*e*x + c*d*x^2 + c*e*
x^3)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 837, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*d**2*e**4 - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*d*e**5*x + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d**4*e**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d**3*e**3*x - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d*e**5*x**3 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**6 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**5*e*x + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d**6*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d**5*e*x**3 - 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c*d**3*e**3 - 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c*d**2*e**4*x - 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + 8*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**3*e**3 + 8*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c*d**2*e**4*x + 8*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**2 + 8*log(d + e*x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + a**4*d*e**5 + 3*a**4*e**6*x + 2*a**3*c*d**3*e**3 + 3*a**3*c*d**2*e**4*x + 3*a**3*c*e**6*x**3 + a**2*c**2*d**5*e + a**2*c**2*d**4*e**2*x + 2*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**3 + a*c**3*d**6*x - a*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**3)/(2*a**2*d*(a**4*d*e**6 + a**4*e**7*x + 3*a**3*c*d**3*e**4 + 3*a**3*c*d**2*e**5*x + a**3*c*d*e**6*x**2 + a**3*c*e**7*x**3 + 3*a**2*c**2*d**5*e**2 ...
```

### 3.116 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	943
Mathematica [A] (verified)	944
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{ae(5c^2d^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) - cd(c^2d^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + 5a^2e^4)x}{4ac^3(a+cx^2)^2} - \frac{8a^2e^3(5cd^2 - ae^2) - cd(3cd^2 - 5ae^2)(cd^2 + 5ae^2)x}{8a^2c^3(a+cx^2)} + \frac{d(3c^2d^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 15a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{5/2}} + \frac{e^5 \log(a+cx^2)}{2c^3}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a*e*(a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)-c*d*(5*a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x)/a/c^3/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/8*(8*a^2*e^3*(-a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-c*d*(-5*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(5*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^2/c^3/(c*x^2+a)+1/8*d*(15*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(5/2)+1/2*e^5*ln(c*x^2+a)/c^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2(a^3e^5 - c^3d^5x - 5a^2cde^3(2d+ex) + 5ac^2d^3e(d+2ex))}{a(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{8a^3e^5 + 3c^3d^5x + 10ac^2d^3e^2x - 5a^2cde^3(8d+5ex)}{a^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{cd}(3c^2d^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 15a^2e^4)}{a^{5/2}}}{8c^3}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^5/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((-2*(a^3*e^5 - c^3*d^5*x - 5*a^2*c*d*e^3*(2*d + e*x) + 5*a*c^2*d^3*e*(d + 2*e*x)))/(a*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (8*a^3*e^5 + 3*c^3*d^5*x + 10*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*x - 5*a^2*c*d*e^3*(8*d + 5*e*x))/(a^2*(a + c*x^2)) + (Sqrt[c]*d*(3*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2) + 4*e^5*Log[a + c*x^2])/(8*c^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {495, 684, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 495$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(3cd^2 - cexd + 4ae^2)}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^4(ae - cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 684$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)(3c^2d^4+7ace^2d^2-ce(3cd^2+7ae^2)xd+8a^2e^4)}{cx^2+a} dx - \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ae(2ae^2+cd^2)-cdx(5ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}}{\frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^4(ae-cdx)} \frac{4ac}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}} \xrightarrow{657}$$

$$\frac{\int \left( -7ade^4 - 3cd^3e^2 + \frac{3c^2d^5+10ace^2d^3+15a^2e^4d+8a^2e^5x}{cx^2+a} \right) dx - \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ae(2ae^2+cd^2)-cdx(5ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}}{\frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^4(ae-cdx)} \frac{4ac}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}} \xrightarrow{2009}$$

$$\frac{\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(15a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{4a^2e^5 \log(a+cx^2)}{c} - de^2x(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ae(2ae^2+cd^2)-cdx(5ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}}{\frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^4(ae-cdx)} \frac{4ac}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^5/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^4)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*((d + e*x)^2*(2*a*e*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2) - c*d*(3*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (-d*e^2*(3*c*d^2 + 7*a*e^2)*x) + (d*(3*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]) + (4*a^2*e^5*Log[a + c*x^2])/c)/(2*a*c)/(4*a*c)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

```
rule 657 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

```
rule 684 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{-\frac{d(25a^2e^4 - 10ac d^2 e^2 - 3c^2 d^4)x^3}{8a^2c} + \frac{e^3(ae^2 - 5cd^2)x^2}{c^2} - \frac{5d(3a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)x}{8ac^2} + \frac{e(3a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 - 5c^2d^4)}{4c^3}}{(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{4a^2e^5 \ln(cx^2+a)}{c}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{d(25a^2e^4 - 10ac d^2 e^2 - 3c^2 d^4)x^3}{8a^2c} + \frac{e^3(ae^2 - 5cd^2)x^2}{c^2} - \frac{5d(3a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - c^2d^4)x}{8ac^2} + \frac{e(3a^2e^4 - 10acd^2e^2 - 5c^2d^4)}{4c^3}}{(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{\ln(15de^4a^3 + 10...)}{c}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (-1/8*d*(25*a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2-3*c^2*d^4)/a^2/c*x^3+e^3*(a*e^2-5*c*d^2)/c^2*x^2-5/8*d*(3*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2-c^2*d^4)/a/c^2*x+1/4*e*(3*a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2-5*c^2*d^4)/c^3)/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/8/a^2/c^2*(4*a^2*e^5/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(15*a^2*d*e^4+10*a*c*d^3*e^2+3*c^2*d^5)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 707, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{20a^3c^2d^4e + 40a^4cd^2e^3 - 12a^5e^5 - 2(3ac^4d^5 + 10a^2c^3d^3e^2 - 25a^3c^2de^4)x^3 + 16(5a^3c^2d^2e^3 - a^4ce^5)x^2}{10a^3c^2d^4e + 20a^4cd^2e^3 - 6a^5e^5 - (3ac^4d^5 + 10a^2c^3d^3e^2 - 25a^3c^2de^4)x^3 + 8(5a^3c^2d^2e^3 - a^4ce^5)x^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/16*(20*a^3*c^2*d^4*e + 40*a^4*c*d^2*e^3 - 12*a^5*e^5 - 2*(3*a*c^4*d^5 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 25*a^3*c^2*d*e^4)*x^3 + 16*(5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - a^4*c*e^5)*x^2 + (3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 10*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^4*d*e^4 + (3*c^4*d^5 + 10*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^2*d*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(3*a*c^3*d^5 + 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 10*(a^2*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^4*c*d*e^4)*x - 8*(a^3*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 2*a^4*c*e^5*x^2 + a^5*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^3*c^5*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*x^2 + a^5*c^3), -1/8*(10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e + 20*a^4*c*d^2*e^3 - 6*a^5*e^5 - (3*a*c^4*d^5 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 - 25*a^3*c^2*d*e^4)*x^3 + 8*(5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 - a^4*c*e^5)*x^2 - (3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 10*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^4*d*e^4 + (3*c^4*d^5 + 10*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^2*d*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(3*a*c^3*d^5 + 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - 5*(a^2*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*a^4*c*d*e^4)*x - 4*(a^3*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 2*a^4*c*e^5*x^2 + a^5*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a))/(a^3*c^5*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*x^2 + a^5*c^3)]`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 520 vs.  $2(216) = 432$ .

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 520, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \left( \frac{e^5}{2c^3} - \frac{d\sqrt{-a^5c^7} \cdot (15a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)}{16a^5c^6} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{16a^3c^3 \left( \frac{e^5}{2c^3} - \frac{d\sqrt{-a^5c^7} \cdot (15a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)}{16a^5c^6} \right) - 8a^4e^5}{15a^2cde^4 + 10ac^2d^3e^2 + 3c^3d^5} \right) - 8a^4e^5$$

$$+ \left( \frac{e^5}{2c^3} + \frac{d\sqrt{-a^5c^7} \cdot (15a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)}{16a^5c^6} \right) \log \left( x + \frac{16a^3c^3 \left( \frac{e^5}{2c^3} + \frac{d\sqrt{-a^5c^7} \cdot (15a^2e^4 + 10acd^2e^2 + 3c^2d^4)}{16a^5c^6} \right) - 8a^4e^5}{15a^2cde^4 + 10ac^2d^3e^2 + 3c^3d^5} \right) - 8a^4e^5$$

$$+ \frac{6a^4e^5 - 20a^3cd^2e^3 - 10a^2c^2d^4e + x^3(-25a^2c^2de^4 + 10ac^3d^3e^2 + 3c^4d^5) + x^2 \cdot (8a^3ce^5 - 40a^2c^2d^2e^3) + x(-15a^3c^2de^4 - 10a^2c^2d^3e^2 + 5ac^3d^5)}{8a^4c^3 + 16a^3c^4x^2 + 8a^2c^5x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**5/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output `(e**5/(2*c**3) - d*sqrt(-a**5*c**7)*(15*a**2*e**4 + 10*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 3*c**2*d**4)/(16*a**5*c**6))*log(x + (16*a**3*c**3*(e**5/(2*c**3) - d*sqrt(-a**5*c**7)*(15*a**2*e**4 + 10*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 3*c**2*d**4)/(16*a**5*c**6)) - 8*a**3*e**5)/(15*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 3*c**3*d**5)) + (e**5/(2*c**3) + d*sqrt(-a**5*c**7)*(15*a**2*e**4 + 10*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 3*c**2*d**4)/(16*a**5*c**6))*log(x + (16*a**3*c**3*(e**5/(2*c**3) + d*sqrt(-a**5*c**7)*(15*a**2*e**4 + 10*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 3*c**2*d**4)/(16*a**5*c**6)) - 8*a**3*e**5)/(15*a**2*c*d*e**4 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 3*c**3*d**5)) + (6*a**4*e**5 - 20*a**3*c*d**2*e**3 - 10*a**2*c**2*d**4*e + x**3*(-25*a**2*c**2*d*e**4 + 10*a*c**3*d**3*e**2 + 3*c**4*d**5) + x**2*(8*a**3*c*e**5 - 40*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**3) + x*(-15*a**3*c*d*e**4 - 10*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 5*a*c**3*d**5))/(8*a**4*c**3 + 16*a**3*c**4*x**2 + 8*a**2*c**5*x**4)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{e^5 \log(cx^2+a)}{2c^3} - \frac{10a^2c^2d^4e + 20a^3cd^2e^3 - 6a^4e^5 - (3c^4d^5 + 10ac^3d^3e^2 - 25a^2c^2de^4)x^3 + 8(5a^2c^2d^2e^3 - a^3ce^5)x^2 - (3c^2d^5 + 10acd^3e^2 + 15a^2de^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8(a^2c^5x^4 + 2a^3c^4x^2 + a^4c^3)} + \frac{(3c^2d^5 + 10acd^3e^2 + 15a^2de^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output 
$$\frac{1}{2}e^5 \log(cx^2+a)/c^3 - \frac{1}{8} \frac{(10a^2c^2d^4e + 20a^3cd^2e^3 - 6a^4e^5 - (3c^4d^5 + 10a^2c^3d^3e^2 - 25a^2c^2d^2e^4)x^3 + 8(5a^2c^2d^2e^3 - a^3ce^5)x^2 - 5(a^3c^3d^5 - 2a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 3a^3cd^2e^4)x)/(a^2c^5x^4 + 2a^3c^4x^2 + a^4c^3) + 1}{8} \frac{(3c^2d^5 + 10acd^3e^2 + 15a^2de^4) \arctan(cx/\sqrt{ac})}{\sqrt{ac}a^2c^2}$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{e^5 \log(cx^2+a)}{2c^3} + \frac{(3c^2d^5 + 10acd^3e^2 + 15a^2de^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^2}} + \frac{(3c^3d^5 + 10ac^2d^3e^2 - 25a^2cde^4)x^3 - 8(5a^2cd^2e^3 - a^3e^5)x^2 + 5(ac^2d^5 - 2a^2cd^3e^2 - 3a^3de^4)x - \frac{2}{5}(5a^2c^2d^2e^3 - a^3ce^5)x^2}{8(cx^2+a)^2a^2c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output 
$$\frac{1}{2}e^5 \log(cx^2+a)/c^3 + \frac{1}{8} \frac{(3c^2d^5 + 10a^2cd^3e^2 + 15a^2d^2e^4) \arctan(cx/\sqrt{ac})}{\sqrt{ac}a^2c^2} + \frac{1}{8} \frac{((3c^3d^5 + 10a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 25a^2c^2d^2e^4)x^3 - 8(5a^2c^2d^2e^3 - a^3e^5)x^2 + 5(a^2c^2d^5 - 2a^2cd^3e^2 - 3a^3de^4)x - 2(5a^2c^2d^4e + 10a^3cd^2e^3 - 3a^4e^5)/c)/(c^2(cx^2+a)^2a^2c^2)}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx &= \frac{e^5 \ln(cx^2+a)}{2c^3} - \frac{5d^4 e}{4(a^2c+2ac^2x^2+c^3x^4)} \\
&+ \frac{5d^5 x}{8(a^3+2a^2cx^2+ac^2x^4)} + \frac{3a^2 e^5}{4(a^2c^3+2ac^4x^2+c^5x^4)} \\
&- \frac{5ad^2 e^3}{2(a^2c^2+2ac^3x^2+c^4x^4)} + \frac{ae^5 x^2}{a^2c^2+2ac^3x^2+c^4x^4} \\
&- \frac{5d^2 e^3 x^2}{a^2c+2ac^2x^2+c^3x^4} + \frac{3d^5 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}\sqrt{c}} \\
&+ \frac{3cd^5 x^3}{8(a^4+2a^3cx^2+a^2c^2x^4)} \\
&+ \frac{5d^3 e^2 x^3}{4(a^3+2a^2cx^2+ac^2x^4)} - \frac{5d^3 e^2 x}{4(a^2c+2ac^2x^2+c^3x^4)} \\
&- \frac{25de^4 x^3}{8(a^2c+2ac^2x^2+c^3x^4)} + \frac{5d^3 e^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} \\
&- \frac{15ade^4 x}{8(a^2c^2+2ac^3x^2+c^4x^4)} + \frac{15de^4 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}c^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^5/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`output 
$$\begin{aligned}
&(e^5 \log(a + cx^2))/(2c^3) - (5d^4 e)/(4(a^2c + c^3x^4 + 2a^2cx^2)) \\
&+ (5d^5 x)/(8(a^3 + 2a^2cx^2 + ac^2x^4)) + (3a^2 e^5)/(4(a^2c^3 + c^5x^4 + 2a^2c^4x^2)) - (5ad^2 e^3)/(2(a^2c^2 + c^4x^4 + 2a^2c^3x^2)) \\
&+ (ae^5 x^2)/(a^2c^2 + c^4x^4 + 2a^2c^3x^2) - (5d^2 e^3 x^2)/(a^2c + c^3x^4 + 2a^2c^2x^2) + (3d^5 \operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2})x/a^{1/2}))/ (8a^{5/2}c^{1/2}) \\
&+ (3cd^5 x^3)/(8(a^4 + 2a^3cx^2 + a^2c^2x^4)) + (5d^3 e^2 x^3)/(4(a^3 + 2a^2cx^2 + ac^2x^4)) - (5d^3 e^2 x)/(4(a^2c + c^3x^4 + 2a^2c^2x^2)) \\
&- (25de^4 x^3)/(8(a^2c + c^3x^4 + 2a^2c^2x^2)) + (5d^3 e^2 \operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2})x/a^{1/2}))/ (4a^{3/2}c^{3/2}) - (15ade^4 x)/(8(a^2c^2 + c^4x^4 + 2a^2c^3x^2)) \\
&+ (15de^4 \operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2})x/a^{1/2}))/ (8a^{1/2}c^{5/2})
\end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4 d e^4 + 10\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 c d^3 e^2 + 30\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 c d e^4 x^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d e^4 x^4 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 x^4 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^3 d e^4 x^4 + 4\log(a + cx^2) a^5 e^5 + 8\log(a + cx^2) a^4 c e^5 x^2 + 4\log(a + cx^2) a^3 c^2 e^5 x^4 + 2a^5 e^5 - 15a^4 c d e^4 x - 10a^3 c^2 d^3 e^2 x - 10a^3 c^2 d^3 e^2 x - 25a^3 c^2 d e^4 x^3 - 4a^3 c^2 e^5 x^4 + 5a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 x + 10a^2 c^3 d^3 e^2 x^3 + 20a^2 c^3 d^2 e^3 x^4 + 3a^2 c^4 d^5 x^3}{(8a^3 c^3 (a^2 + 2acx^2 + c^2 x^4))}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*d*e**4 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d**3*e**2 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d*e**4*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**5 + 20*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d*e**4*x**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**5*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**4*d**5*x**4 + 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**5*e**5 + 8*log(a + c*x**2)*a**4*c*e**5*x**2 + 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c**2*e**5*x**4 + 2*a**5*e**5 - 15*a**4*c*d*e**4*x - 10*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**2*x - 10*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**2*x - 25*a**3*c**2*d*e**4*x**3 - 4*a**3*c**2*e**5*x**4 + 5*a**2*c**3*d**5*x + 10*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**3 + 20*a**2*c**3*d**2*e**3*x**4 + 3*a*c**4*d**5*x**3)/(8*a**3*c**3*(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**2 + c**2*x**4))
```

### 3.117 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{4ade(cd^2 - ae^2) - (c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x}{4ac^2(a+cx^2)^2} - \frac{16a^2de^3 - (3c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 5a^2e^4)x}{8a^2c^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{3(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(4*a*d*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)-(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x)/a/c^2/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/8*(16*a^2*d*e^3-(-5*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*x)/a^2/c^2/(c*x^2+a)+3/8*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3c^3d^4x^3 - a^3e^3(8d+3ex) + ac^2d^2x(5d^2+6e^2x^2) - a^2ce(8d^3+6d^2ex+16de^2x^2+5e^3x^3)}{8a^2c^2(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{3(cd^2+ae^2)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(3*c^3*d^4*x^3 - a^3*e^3*(8*d + 3*e*x) + a*c^2*d^2*x*(5*d^2 + 6*e^2*x^2) -
a^2*c*e*(8*d^3 + 6*d^2*e*x + 16*d*e^2*x^2 + 5*e^3*x^3))/(8*a^2*c^2*(a + c
*x^2)^2) + (3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(5/2)*c^(
5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {487, 487, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 487$$

$$\frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 487$$

$$\frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2) \left( \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cx^2 + a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{3(ae^2 + cd^2) \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(ae^2 + cd^2)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))))/(4*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 487 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)*((b*c^2 + a*d^2)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
default	$\frac{-\frac{(5a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-3c^2d^4)x^3}{8a^2c} - \frac{2de^3x^2}{c} - \frac{(3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2-5c^2d^4)x}{8ac^2} - \frac{de(ae^2+cd^2)}{c^2}}{(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{3(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8a^2c^2\sqrt{ac}}$
risch	$\frac{-\frac{(5a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-3c^2d^4)x^3}{8a^2c} - \frac{2de^3x^2}{c} - \frac{(3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2-5c^2d^4)x}{8ac^2} - \frac{de(ae^2+cd^2)}{c^2}}{(cx^2+a)^2} - \frac{3 \ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})e^4}{16\sqrt{-ac}c^2} - \frac{3 \ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})d^2e^2}{8\sqrt{-ac}ca}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(-1/8*(5*a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2-3*c^2*d^4)/a^2/c*x^3-2*d*e^3*x^2/c-1/8*(3*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2-5*c^2*d^4)/a/c^2*x-d*e*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/c^2)/(c*x^2+a)^2+3/8*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/a^2/c^2/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 554, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{32a^3c^2de^3x^2 + 16a^3c^2d^3e + 16a^4cde^3 - 2(3ac^4d^4 + 6a^2c^3d^2e^2 - 5a^3c^2e^4)x^3 + 3(a^2c^2d^4 + 2a^3cd^2e^2 + a^4d^2e^2)}{16a^3c^2de^3x^2 + 8a^3c^2d^3e + 8a^4cde^3 - (3ac^4d^4 + 6a^2c^3d^2e^2 - 5a^3c^2e^4)x^3 - 3(a^2c^2d^4 + 2a^3cd^2e^2 + a^4d^2e^2)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
[-1/16*(32*a^3*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + 16*a^3*c^2*d^3*e + 16*a^4*c*d*e^3 - 2*(3*a*
c^4*d^4 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^3*c^2*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(a^2*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^3*
c*d^2*e^2 + a^4*e^4 + (c^4*d^4 + 2*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(a
*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*s
qrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(5*a^2*c^3*d^4 - 6*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 3*a
^4*c*e^4)*x)/(a^3*c^5*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*x^2 + a^5*c^3), -1/8*(16*a^3*c^2*d*e
^3*x^2 + 8*a^3*c^2*d^3*e + 8*a^4*c*d*e^3 - (3*a*c^4*d^4 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^
2 - 5*a^3*c^2*e^4)*x^3 - 3*(a^2*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + a^4*e^4 + (c^4
*d^4 + 2*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e
^2 + a^3*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - (5*a^2*c^3*d^4 - 6*
a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^4*c*e^4)*x)/(a^3*c^5*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*x^2 + a^5*c^3)]
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 328 vs.  $2(151) = 302$ .

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)^2 \log\left(-\frac{3a^3c^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4}+x\right)}{16}$$

$$+\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)^2 \log\left(\frac{3a^3c^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{3a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4}+x\right)}{16}$$

$$+\frac{-8a^3de^3-8a^2cd^3e-16a^2cde^3x^2+x^3(-5a^2ce^4+6ac^2d^2e^2+3c^3d^4)+x(-3a^3e^4-6a^2cd^2e^2+5ac^2d^4)}{8a^4c^2+16a^3c^3x^2+8a^2c^4x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**4/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
-3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2*log(-3*a**3*c**2*sqrt(-1/(a**
5*c**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(3*a**2*e**4 + 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 3*c**2*d**4
) + x)/16 + 3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2*log(3*a**3*c**2*sq
rt(-1/(a**5*c**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(3*a**2*e**4 + 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 3
*c**2*d**4) + x)/16 + (-8*a**3*d*e**3 - 8*a**2*c*d**3*e - 16*a**2*c*d*e**3
*x**2 + x**3*(-5*a**2*c*e**4 + 6*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 3*c**3*d**4) + x*(-3*a
**3*e**4 - 6*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 + 5*a*c**2*d**4))/(8*a**4*c**2 + 16*a**3*c**
3*x**2 + 8*a**2*c**4*x**4)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{16a^2cde^3x^2 + 8a^2cd^3e + 8a^3de^3 - (3c^3d^4 + 6ac^2d^2e^2 - 5a^2ce^4)x^3 - (5ac^2d^4 - 6a^2cd^2e^2 - 3a^3e^4)x}{8(a^2c^4x^4 + 2a^3c^3x^2 + a^4c^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{3(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*(16*a^2*c*d*e^3*x^2 + 8*a^2*c*d^3*e + 8*a^3*d*e^3 - (3*c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^2*c*e^4)*x^3 - (5*a*c^2*d^4 - 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^3*e^4)*x)/(a^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2) + 3/8*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^3d^4x^3 + 6ac^2d^2e^2x^3 - 5a^2ce^4x^3 - 16a^2cde^3x^2 + 5ac^2d^4x - 6a^2cd^2e^2x - 3a^3e^4x - 8a^2cd^3e - 8a^3e^4}{8(cx^2+a)^2a^2c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/8*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2) + 1/8*(3*c^3*d^4*x^3 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 5*a^2*c*e^4*x^3 - 16*a^2*c*d*e^3*x^2 + 5*a*c^2*d^4*x - 6*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*x - 3*a^3*e^4*x - 8*a^2*c*d^3*e - 8*a^3*d*e^3)/((c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2*c^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x(c d^2+a e^2)^2}{\sqrt{a}(a^2 e^4+2 a c d^2 e^2+c^2 d^4)}\right) (c d^2+a e^2)^2}{8 a^{5/2} c^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2 d e^3 x^2}{c} + \frac{x(3 a^2 e^4+6 a c d^2 e^2-5 c^2 d^4)}{8 a c^2} + \frac{d e(c d^2+a e^2)}{c^2} - \frac{x^3(-5 a^2 e^4+6 a c d^2 e^2+3 c^2 d^4)}{8 a^2 c}}{a^2+2 a c x^2+c^2 x^4}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`output `(3*atan((c^(1/2)*x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/(a^(1/2)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/(8*a^(5/2)*c^(5/2)) - ((2*d*e^3*x^2)/c + (x*(3*a^2*e^4 - 5*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(8*a*c^2) + (d*e*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/c^2 - (x^3*(3*c^2*d^4 - 5*a^2*e^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(8*a^2*c))/(a^2 + c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4 e^4 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 c d^2 e^2 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 c e^4 x^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 e^4 x^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d^4 x^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 e^2 x^4 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d^4 x^4 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 e^4 x^4 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d^4 x^4}{(a+cx^2)^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*e**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d**2*e**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*e**4*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**4 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*e**4*x**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**4*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**4*d**4*x**4 - 3*a**4*c*e**4*x - 8*a**3*c**2*d**3*e - 6*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**2*x - 5*a**3*c**2*e**4*x**3 + 5*a**2*c**3*d**4*x + 6*a**2*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**3 + 8*a**2*c**3*d*e**3*x**4 + 3*a*c**4*d**4*x**3)/(8*a**3*c**3*(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**2 + c**2*x**4))
```

### 3.118 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	960
Mathematica [A] (verified)	960
Rubi [A] (verified)	961
Maple [A] (verified)	962
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	963
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	964
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	964
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	965
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	965
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	966

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{ae(3cd^2 - ae^2) - cd(cd^2 - 3ae^2)x}{4ac^2(a+cx^2)^2} - \frac{4a^2e^3 - 3cd(cd^2 + ae^2)x}{8a^2c^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{3d(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)-c*d*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a/c^2/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/8*(4*a^2*e^3-3*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^2/c^2/(c*x^2+a)+3/8*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*arc
tan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-2a^3e^3+3c^3d^3x^3+ac^2dx(5d^2+3e^2x^2)-a^2ce(6d^2+3dex+4e^2x^2))}{(a+cx^2)^2} + 3\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(-2a^3e^3+3c^3d^3x^3+ac^2dx(5d^2+3e^2x^2)-a^2ce(6d^2+3dex+4e^2x^2))}{(a+cx^2)^2} + 3\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((Sqrt[a]*(-2*a^3*e^3 + 3*c^3*d^3*x^3 + a*c^2*d*x*(5*d^2 + 3*e^2*x^2) - a^2*c*e*(6*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2)))/(a + c*x^2)^2 + 3*Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(5/2)*c^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {490, 487, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 490$$

$$\frac{3d \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{4a(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 487$$

$$\frac{3d \left( \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{4a(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{3d \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{4a(a+cx^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$\frac{(x*(d + e*x)^3)/(4*a*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*d*(-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2)))/(4*a)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^2\}^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 487

$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)\}^{(n\_)}*\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^2\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}*(a*d - b*c*x)*\{(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*a*b*(p+1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[(2*p + 3)*\{(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/(2*a*b*(p+1))\} \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 490

$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)\}^{(n\_)}*\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^2\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(x)*(c + d*x)^n*\{(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*a*(p+1))\}, x] - \text{Simp}[c*(n/(2*a*(p+1))) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n + 2*p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{3d(ae^2+cd^2)x^3}{8a^2} - \frac{e^3x^2}{2c} - \frac{d(3ae^2-5cd^2)x}{8ac} - \frac{e(ae^2+3cd^2)}{4c^2}}{(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{3d(ae^2+cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8a^2c\sqrt{ac}}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{3d(ae^2+cd^2)x^3}{8a^2} - \frac{e^3x^2}{2c} - \frac{d(3ae^2-5cd^2)x}{8ac} - \frac{e(ae^2+3cd^2)}{4c^2}}{(cx^2+a)^2} - \frac{3d \ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})e^2}{16\sqrt{-ac}ca} - \frac{3d^3 \ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})}{16\sqrt{-ac}a^2} + \frac{3d \ln(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})e^2}{16\sqrt{-ac}ca}$

input

$$\text{int}((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^3, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

```
(3/8*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a^2*x^3-1/2*e^3*x^2/c-1/8*d*(3*a*e^2-5*c*d^2)/a/c*x-1/4*e*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/c^2)/(c*x^2+a)^2+3/8*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a^2/c/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{8a^3ce^3x^2 + 12a^3cd^2e + 4a^4e^3 - 6(ac^3d^3 + a^2c^2de^2)x^3 + 3(a^2cd^3 + a^3de^2 + (c^3d^3 + ac^2de^2)x^4 + 2(ac^3d^3 + a^2c^2de^2)x^5 + (a^3c^4x^4 + 2a^4c^3x^2 + a^5c^2))}{16(a^3c^4x^4 + 2a^4c^3x^2 + a^5c^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{4a^3ce^3x^2 + 6a^3cd^2e + 2a^4e^3 - 3(ac^3d^3 + a^2c^2de^2)x^3 - 3(a^2cd^3 + a^3de^2 + (c^3d^3 + ac^2de^2)x^4 + 2(ac^3d^3 + a^2c^2de^2)x^5 + (a^3c^4x^4 + 2a^4c^3x^2 + a^5c^2))}{8(a^3c^4x^4 + 2a^4c^3x^2 + a^5c^2)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/16*(8*a^3*c*e^3*x^2 + 12*a^3*c*d^2*e + 4*a^4*e^3 - 6*(a*c^3*d^3 + a^2*c^2*d*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(a^2*c*d^3 + a^3*d*e^2 + (c^3*d^3 + a*c^2*d*e^2)*x^4 + 2*(a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)*x^5)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(5*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^2)*x/(a^3*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^3*x^2 + a^5*c^2), -1/8*(4*a^3*c*e^3*x^2 + 6*a^3*c*d^2*e + 2*a^4*e^3 - 3*(a*c^3*d^3 + a^2*c^2*d*e^2)*x^3 - 3*(a^2*c*d^3 + a^3*d*e^2 + (c^3*d^3 + a*c^2*d*e^2)*x^4 + 2*(a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)*x^5)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - (5*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^2)*x/(a^3*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^3*x^2 + a^5*c^2)]
```



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs.  $2(128) = 256$ .

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}}(ae^2+cd^2)\log\left(-\frac{3a^3cd\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}}(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ade^2+3cd^3}+x\right)}{16}$$

$$+\frac{3d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}}(ae^2+cd^2)\log\left(\frac{3a^3cd\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}}(ae^2+cd^2)}{3ade^2+3cd^3}+x\right)}{16}$$

$$+\frac{-2a^3e^3-6a^2cd^2e-4a^2ce^3x^2+x^3\cdot(3ac^2de^2+3c^3d^3)+x(-3a^2cde^2+5ac^2d^3)}{8a^4c^2+16a^3c^3x^2+8a^2c^4x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output `-3*d*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(-3*a**3*c*d*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(3*a*d*e**2 + 3*c*d**3) + x)/16 + 3*d*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*log(3*a**3*c*d*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(3*a*d*e**2 + 3*c*d**3) + x)/16 + (-2*a**3*e**3 - 6*a**2*c*d**2*e - 4*a**2*c*e**3*x**2 + x**3*(3*a*c**2*d*e**2 + 3*c**3*d**3) + x*(-3*a**2*c*d*e**2 + 5*a*c**2*d**3))/(8*a**4*c**2 + 16*a**3*c**3*x**2 + 8*a**2*c**4*x**4)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4a^2ce^3x^2+6a^2cd^2e+2a^3e^3-3(c^3d^3+ac^2de^2)x^3-(5ac^2d^3-3a^2cde^2)x}{8(a^2c^4x^4+2a^3c^3x^2+a^4c^2)}$$

$$+\frac{3(cd^3+ade^2)\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/8*(4*a^2*c*e^3*x^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^2*e + 2*a^3*e^3 - 3*(c^3*d^3 + a*c^2*d*e^2)*x^3 - (5*a*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2)*x)/(a^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2) + 3/8*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*\arctan(c*x/\sqrt{a*c})/(\sqrt{a*c}*a^2*c)$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(cd^3 + ade^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c}} + \frac{3c^3d^3x^3 + 3ac^2de^2x^3 - 4a^2ce^3x^2 + 5ac^2d^3x - 3a^2cde^2x - 6a^2cd^2e - 2a^3e^3}{8(cx^2+a)^2a^2c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$3/8*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2)*\arctan(c*x/\sqrt{a*c})/(\sqrt{a*c}*a^2*c) + 1/8*(3*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 - 4*a^2*c*e^3*x^2 + 5*a*c^2*d^3*x - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2*x - 6*a^2*c*d^2*e - 2*a^3*e^3)/((c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2*c^2)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (cd^2 + ae^2)}{8a^{5/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{e^3x^2}{2c} + \frac{e(3cd^2+ae^2)}{4c^2} - \frac{3dx^3(cd^2+ae^2)}{8a^2} + \frac{dx(3ae^2-5cd^2)}{8ac}}{a^2 + 2acx^2 + c^2x^4}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

$$\frac{(3*d*atan((c^{(1/2)}*x)/a^{(1/2)})*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(8*a^{(5/2)}*c^{(3/2)}) - ((e^{3*x^2})/(2*c) + (e*(a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))/(4*c^2) - (3*d*x^3*(a*e^2 + c*d^2))/(8*a^2) + (d*x*(3*a*e^2 - 5*c*d^2))/(8*a*c))/(a^2 + c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2)}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 266, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 d e^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c d^3 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c d e^2 x^2 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} a^2 d e^2 x^2}{(a + cx^2)^3}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*d*e**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d**3 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d**3*x**4 - 6*a**3*c*d**2*e - 3*a**3*c*d*e**2*x + 5*a**2*c**2*d**3*x + 3*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**3 + 2*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**4 + 3*a*c**3*d**3*x**3)/(8*a**3*c**2*(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**2 + c**2*x**4))
```

$$3.119 \quad \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	967
Mathematica [A] (verified)	967
Rubi [A] (verified)	968
Maple [A] (verified)	969
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	970
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	970
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	971
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	971
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	972
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	972

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2ade - (cd^2 - ae^2)x}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{(3cd^2 + ae^2)x}{8a^2c(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(3cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(2*a*d*e-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/8*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x/a^2/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/8*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(3/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3c^2d^2x^3 - a^2e(4d+ex) + acx(5d^2 + e^2x^2)}{8a^2c(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{(3cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

$$(3*c^2*d^2*x^3 - a^2*e*(4*d + e*x) + a*c*x*(5*d^2 + e^2*x^2))/(8*a^2*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + ((3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(5/2)*c^(3/2))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {495, 454, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 495$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3cd^2 + 2cexd + ae^2}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d + ex)(ae - cdx)}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 454$$

$$\frac{\frac{(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cx^2 + a} dx}{2a} - \frac{2ade - x(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{2a(a + cx^2)}}{4ac} - \frac{(d + ex)(ae - cdx)}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2ade - x(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{2a(a + cx^2)}}{4ac} - \frac{(d + ex)(ae - cdx)}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/4*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*(2*a*d*e - (3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a*(a + c*x^2)) + ((3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]))/(4*a*c)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2\}^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 454  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)\}*(\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2\}^{(p\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{(a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p+1))*\{(a+b*x^2)\}^{(p+1)}, x] + \text{Simp}[c*((2*p+3)/(2*a*(p+1))) \ \text{Int}[\{(a+b*x^2)\}^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -3/2]$

rule 495  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)\}^{(n\_)}*(\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2\}^{(p\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{(a*d - b*c*x)*(c+d*x)^{(n-1)}*\{(a+b*x^2)\}^{(p+1)}/(2*a*b*(p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[\{(c+d*x)^{(n-2)}*\{(a+b*x^2)\}^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[a*d^2*(n-1) - b*c^2*(2*p+3) - b*c*d*(n+2*p+2)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{(ae^2+3cd^2)x^3}{8a^2} - \frac{(ae^2-5cd^2)x}{8ac} - \frac{de}{2c}}{(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{(ae^2+3cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8a^2c\sqrt{ac}}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{(ae^2+3cd^2)x^3}{8a^2} - \frac{(ae^2-5cd^2)x}{8ac} - \frac{de}{2c}}{(cx^2+a)^2} - \frac{\ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})e^2}{16\sqrt{-ac}ca} - \frac{3\ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})d^2}{16\sqrt{-ac}a^2} + \frac{\ln(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})e^2}{16\sqrt{-ac}ca} + \frac{3\ln(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})d^2}{16\sqrt{-ac}a^2}$

input  $\text{int}((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $(1/8*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/a^2*x^3-1/8*(a*e^2-5*c*d^2)/a/c*x-1/2*d*e/c)/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/8*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/a^2/c/(a*c)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(c*x/(a*c)^{(1/2)})$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{8a^3cde - 2(3ac^3d^2 + a^2c^2e^2)x^3 + (3a^2cd^2 + a^3e^2 + (3c^3d^2 + ac^2e^2)x^4 + 2(3ac^2d^2 + a^2ce^2)x^2)\sqrt{-a}}{16(a^3c^4x^4 + 2a^4c^3x^2 + a^5c^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{4a^3cde - (3ac^3d^2 + a^2c^2e^2)x^3 - (3a^2cd^2 + a^3e^2 + (3c^3d^2 + ac^2e^2)x^4 + 2(3ac^2d^2 + a^2ce^2)x^2)\sqrt{ac}}{8(a^3c^4x^4 + 2a^4c^3x^2 + a^5c^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[-1/16*(8*a^3*c*d*e - 2*(3*a*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^3 + (3*a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2 + (3*c^3*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2)*x^4 + 2*(3*a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 2*(5*a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*e^2)*x/(a^3*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^3*x^2 + a^5*c^2), -1/8*(4*a^3*c*d*e - (3*a*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^3 - (3*a^2*c*d^2 + a^3*e^2 + (3*c^3*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2)*x^4 + 2*(3*a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - (5*a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*e^2)*x/(a^3*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^3*x^2 + a^5*c^2)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}}(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \log\left(-a^3c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}} + x\right)}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}}(ae^2 + 3cd^2) \log\left(a^3c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c^3}} + x\right)}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{-4a^2de + x^3(ace^2 + 3c^2d^2) + x(-a^2e^2 + 5acd^2)}{8a^4c + 16a^3c^2x^2 + 8a^2c^3x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output

```
-sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))*(a*e**2 + 3*c*d**2)*log(-a**3*c*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))
+ x)/16 + sqrt(-1/(a**5*c**3))*(a*e**2 + 3*c*d**2)*log(a**3*c*sqrt(-1/(a*
*5*c**3)) + x)/16 + (-4*a**2*d*e + x**3*(a*c*e**2 + 3*c**2*d**2) + x*(-a**
2*e**2 + 5*a*c*d**2))/(8*a**4*c + 16*a**3*c**2*x**2 + 8*a**2*c**3*x**4)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{4a^2de - (3c^2d^2 + ace^2)x^3 - (5acd^2 - a^2e^2)x}{8(a^2c^3x^4 + 2a^3c^2x^2 + a^4c)} + \frac{(3cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/8*(4*a^2*d*e - (3*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*x^3 - (5*a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*x)/(a^
2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c) + 1/8*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt
(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(3cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2c}} + \frac{3c^2d^2x^3 + ace^2x^3 + 5acd^2x - a^2e^2x - 4a^2de}{8(cx^2 + a)^2a^2c}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/8*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c) + 1/8*(3*c^2
*d^2*x^3 + a*c*e^2*x^3 + 5*a*c*d^2*x - a^2*e^2*x - 4*a^2*d*e)/((c*x^2 + a)
^2*a^2*c)
```



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (3cd^2 + ae^2)}{8a^{5/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{de}{2c} - \frac{x^3(3cd^2+ae^2)}{8a^2} + \frac{x(ae^2-5cd^2)}{8ac}}{a^2 + 2acx^2 + c^2x^4}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`output `(atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2))*(a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))/(8*a^(5/2)*c^(3/2)) - ((d*e)/(2*c) - (x^3*(a*e^2 + 3*c*d^2))/(8*a^2) + (x*(a*e^2 - 5*c*d^2))/(8*a*c))/(a^2 + c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3e^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^2 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^2 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^4 + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^4}{8a^3c^{3/2} + 12a^2c^{3/2}cx + 6a^{3/2}c^{3/2}cx^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*e**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*e**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 4*a**3*c*d*e - a**3*c*e**2*x + 5*a**2*c**2*d**2*x + a**2*c**2*e**2*x**3 + 3*a*c**3*d**2*x**3)/(8*a**3*c**2*(a**2 + 2*a*c*x**2 + c**2*x**4))`

### 3.120 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	973
Mathematica [A] (verified)	973
Rubi [A] (verified)	974
Maple [A] (verified)	975
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	976
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	976
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	977
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	977
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	977
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	978

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-ae+cdx}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{3dx}{8a^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
1/4*(c*d*x-a*e)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2+3/8*d*x/a^2/(c*x^2+a)+3/8*d*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-2a^2e+5acd+3c^2dx^3)}{(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((Sqrt[a]*(-2*a^2*e + 5*a*c*d*x + 3*c^2*d*x^3))/(a + c*x^2)^2 + 3*Sqrt[c]*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(5/2)*c)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {454, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 454$$

$$\frac{3d \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a} - \frac{ae - cd x}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 215$$

$$\frac{3d \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2a} + \frac{x}{2a(ax^2)} \right)}{4a} - \frac{ae - cd x}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$\frac{3d \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{x}{2a(ax^2)} \right)}{4a} - \frac{ae - cd x}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(a*e - c*d*x)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*d*(x/(2*a*(a + c*x^2)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]))/(4*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 215  $\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{(p_+)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot p + 3) / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4\*p] || IntegerQ[6\*p])

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]

rule 454  $\text{Int}[(c_+ + (d_+)(x_+)) \cdot ((a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{(p_+)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x) / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p + 1)) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x] + \text{Simp}[c \cdot ((2 \cdot p + 3) / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2cdx-2ae}{8ac(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{3d \left( \frac{x}{2a(cx^2+a)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{ac}} \right)}{4a}$	70
risch	$\frac{3cdx^3 + \frac{5dx}{8a} - \frac{e}{4c}}{(cx^2+a)^2} - \frac{3d \ln(cx + \sqrt{-ac})}{16\sqrt{-ac}a^2} + \frac{3d \ln(-cx + \sqrt{-ac})}{16\sqrt{-ac}a^2}$	83

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/8 \cdot (2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x - 2 \cdot a \cdot e) / a / c / (c \cdot x^2 + a)^2 + 3/4 \cdot d / a \cdot (1/2 \cdot x / a / (c \cdot x^2 + a) + 1/2 / a / (a \cdot c)^{(1/2)} \cdot \arctan(c \cdot x / (a \cdot c)^{(1/2)})$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{6ac^2dx^3 + 10a^2cdx - 4a^3e - 3(c^2dx^4 + 2acdx^2 + a^2d)\sqrt{-ac} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{cx^2 + a}\right)}{16(a^3c^3x^4 + 2a^4c^2x^2 + a^5c)}, \frac{3ac^2dx^3 + 5a^2cdx}{16(a^3c^3x^4 + 2a^4c^2x^2 + a^5c)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/16*(6*a*c^2*d*x^3 + 10*a^2*c*d*x - 4*a^3*e - 3*(c^2*d*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a^2*d)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)))/(a^3*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^2*x^2 + a^5*c), 1/8*(3*a*c^2*d*x^3 + 5*a^2*c*d*x - 2*a^3*e + 3*(c^2*d*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a^2*d)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a))/(a^3*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^4*c^2*x^2 + a^5*c)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = d \left( -\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c}} \log\left(-a^3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c}} + x\right)}{16} + \frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c}} \log\left(a^3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^5c}} + x\right)}{16} \right) + \frac{-2a^2e + 5acdx + 3c^2dx^3}{8a^4c + 16a^3c^2x^2 + 8a^2c^3x^4}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `d*(-3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c))*log(-a**3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c)) + x)/16 + 3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c))*log(a**3*sqrt(-1/(a**5*c)) + x)/16) + (-2*a**2*e + 5*a*c*d*x + 3*c**2*d*x**3)/(8*a**4*c + 16*a**3*c**2*x**2 + 8*a**2*c**3*x**4)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3c^2 dx^3 + 5acdx - 2a^2e}{8(a^2c^3x^4 + 2a^3c^2x^2 + a^4c)} + \frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*(3*c^2*d*x^3 + 5*a*c*d*x - 2*a^2*e)/(a^2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c) + 3/8*d*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{aca^2}} + \frac{3c^2 dx^3 + 5acdx - 2a^2e}{8(cx^2 + a)^2 a^2 c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/8*d*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^2) + 1/8*(3*c^2*d*x^3 + 5*a*c*d*x - 2*a^2*e)/((c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{5dx}{8a} - \frac{e}{4c} + \frac{3cdx^3}{8a^2}}{a^2 + 2acx^2 + c^2x^4} + \frac{3d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output 
$$\left(\frac{5dx}{8a} - \frac{e}{4c} + \frac{3cdx^3}{8a^2}\right) / (a^2 + c^2x^4 + 2acx^2) + \frac{3d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{c^{1/2}x}{a^{1/2}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}c^{1/2}}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2d + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) acd x^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) c^2d x^4 - 2a^3e + 5a^2cdx}{8a^3c(c^2x^4 + 2acx^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)) a^2d + 6\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) acd x^2 + 3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) c^2d x^4 - 2a^3e + 5a^2cdx}{(8a^3c(c^2x^4 + 2acx^2 + a^2))}$$

**3.121**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	979
Mathematica [A] (verified)	980
Rubi [A] (verified)	980
Maple [A] (verified)	983
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	983
Sympy [F(-1)]	984
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	985
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	985
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	986
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	987

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{ae+cdx}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{4a^2e^3+cd(3cd^2+7ae^2)x}{8a^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{cd}(3c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+15a^2e^4)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^3} + \frac{e^5\log(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^3} - \frac{e^5\log(a+cx^2)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)^3}$$

output

```
1/4*(c*d*x+a*e)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/8*(4*a^2*e^3+c*d*(7*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+a)+1/8*c^(1/2)*d*(15*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3+e^5*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3-1/2*e^5*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(ae+cdx)}{a(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)(4a^2e^3+3c^2d^3x+7acde^2x)}{a^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{cd}(3c^2d^4+10acd^2e^2+15a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} + 8e^5 \log(d+ex)}{8(cd^2+ae^2)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3),x]`

output

```
((2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(a*e + c*d*x))/(a*(a + c*x^2)^2) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(4*a^2*e^3 + 3*c^2*d^3*x + 7*a*c*d*e^2*x))/(a^2*(a + c*x^2)) + (Sqrt[c]*d*(3*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2) + 8*e^5*Log[d + e*x] - 4*e^5*Log[a + c*x^2])/(8*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 686, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^3(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 496$$

$$\frac{ae+cdx}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3cd^2+3cexd+4ae^2}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{3cd^2+3cexd+4ae^2}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 686 \\
& \frac{\frac{4a^2e^3+cdx(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{c(3c^2d^4+7ace^2d^2+ce(3cd^2+7ae^2)xd+8a^2e^4)}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac(ae^2+cd^2)}}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\frac{\int \frac{c(3c^2d^4+7ace^2d^2+ce(3cd^2+7ae^2)xd+8a^2e^4)}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{4a^2e^3+cdx(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{\int \frac{3c^2d^4+7ace^2d^2+ce(3cd^2+7ae^2)xd+8a^2e^4}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{4a^2e^3+cdx(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \downarrow 657 \\
& \frac{\frac{\int \left( \frac{8a^2e^6}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{c(3c^2d^5+10ace^2d^3+15a^2e^4d-8a^2e^5x)}{(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} \right) dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{4a^2e^3+cdx(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{ae+cdx}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{\frac{\frac{\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(15a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{a}(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{4a^2e^5 \log(a+cx^2)}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{8a^2e^5 \log(d+ex)}{ae^2+cd^2}}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{4a^2e^3+cdx(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{ae+cdx}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3), x]`

output

```
(a*e + c*d*x)/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)^2) + ((4*a^2*e^3 + c*d*(3*c
*d^2 + 7*a*e^2)*x)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + ((Sqrt[c]*d*(3*c^2*
d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 15*a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*(
c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + (8*a^2*e^5*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - (4*a^2*e^5*Lo
g[a + c*x^2])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 496

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-(a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2
+ a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a
+ b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2
*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuad
raticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 657

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^n)/(a_ + (c_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^
2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

rule 686

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
default	$\frac{e^5 \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^3} + \frac{c \left( \frac{cd(7a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2+3c^2d^4)x^3}{8a^2} + \left(\frac{1}{2}ae^5 + \frac{1}{2}d^2e^3c\right)x^2 + \frac{d(9a^2e^4+14acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)x}{8a} + \frac{e(3a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{4c} \right)}{(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{1}{(ae^2+cd^2)^3}$
risch	$\frac{c^2d(7ae^2+3cd^2)x^3}{8(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)a^2} + \frac{ce^3x^2}{2a^2e^4+4acd^2e^2+2c^2d^4} + \frac{dc(9ae^2+5cd^2)x}{8a(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)} + \frac{e(3ae^2+cd^2)}{4a^2e^4+8acd^2e^2+4c^2d^4} + \frac{e^5 \ln(ex+d)}{e^6a^3+3d^2e^4a^2c+3d^4e^2a}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `e^5*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3+c/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*((1/8*c*d*(7*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)/a^2*x^3+(1/2*a*e^5+1/2*d^2*e^3*c)*x^2+1/8*d*(9*a^2*e^4+14*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)/a*x+1/4*e*(3*a^2*e^4+4*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/c)/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/8/a^2*(-4*a^2*e^5/c*ln(c*x^2+a)+(15*a^2*d*e^4+10*a*c*d^3*e^2+3*c^2*d^5)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2)))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 497 vs. 2(196) = 392.

Time = 1.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1020, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(4*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 16*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + 12*a^4*e^5 + 2*(3*c^4*d^5 + 10
*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 7*a^2*c^2*d*e^4)*x^3 + 8*(a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^3*c*e^5)*x^
2 + (3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 10*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^4*d*e^4 + (3*c^4*d^5 + 10*a*c
^3*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^2*d*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(3*a*c^3*d^5 + 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 +
15*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-c/a)*log((c*x^2 + 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a) - a)/(c*x^2
+ a)) + 2*(5*a*c^3*d^5 + 14*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 9*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x - 8*(a^2*c
^2*e^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*c*e^5*x^2 + a^4*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 16*(a^2*c^2*e^5*x
^4 + 2*a^3*c*e^5*x^2 + a^4*e^5)*log(e*x + d))/(a^4*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^5*c^2*d^4
*e^2 + 3*a^6*c*d^2*e^4 + a^7*e^6 + (a^2*c^5*d^6 + 3*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^
4*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a^5*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 2*(a^3*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*
a^5*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^6*c*e^6)*x^2), 1/8*(2*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^3
+ 6*a^4*e^5 + (3*c^4*d^5 + 10*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 7*a^2*c^2*d*e^4)*x^3 + 4*(a^
2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^3*c*e^5)*x^2 + (3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 10*a^3*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^
4*d*e^4 + (3*c^4*d^5 + 10*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^2*d*e^4)*x^4 + 2*(3*a*c
^3*d^5 + 10*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(c/a)*arctan(x*sqrt
(c/a)) + (5*a*c^3*d^5 + 14*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 9*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x - 4*(a^2*c^2
*e^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*c*e^5*x^2 + a^4*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 8*(a^2*c^2*e^5*x^4
+ 2*a^3*c*e^5*x^2 + a^4*e^5)*log(e*x + d))/(a^4*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^
2 + 3*a^6*c*d^2*e^4 + a^7*e^6 + (a^2*c^5*d^6 + 3*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^4*c
^3*d^2*e^4 + a^5*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 2*(a^3*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{e^5 \log(cx^2+a)}{2(c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2+3a^2cd^2e^4+a^3e^6)}$$

$$+\frac{e^5 \log(ex+d)}{c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2+3a^2cd^2e^4+a^3e^6}$$

$$+\frac{(3c^3d^5+10ac^2d^3e^2+15a^2cde^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8(a^2c^3d^6+3a^3c^2d^4e^2+3a^4cd^2e^4+a^5e^6)\sqrt{ac}}$$

$$+\frac{4a^2ce^3x^2+2a^2cd^2e+6a^3e^3+(3c^3d^3+7ac^2de^2)x^3+(5ac^2d^3+9a^2cde^2)x}{8(a^4c^2d^4+2a^5cd^2e^2+a^6e^4+(a^2c^4d^4+2a^3c^3d^2e^2+a^4c^2e^4)x^4+2(a^3c^3d^4+2a^4c^2d^2e^2+a^5ce^4)x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*e^5*log(c*x^2+a)/(c^3*d^6+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+a^3*e^6)+e^5*log(e*x+d)/(c^3*d^6+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+a^3*e^6)+1/8*(3*c^3*d^5+10*a*c^2*d^3*e^2+15*a^2*c*d*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((a^2*c^3*d^6+3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2+3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4+a^5*e^6)*sqrt(a*c))+1/8*(4*a^2*c*e^3*x^2+2*a^2*c*d^2*e+6*a^3*e^3+(3*c^3*d^3+7*a*c^2*d*e^2)*x^3+(5*a*c^2*d^3+9*a^2*c*d*e^2)*x)/(a^4*c^2*d^4+2*a^5*c*d^2*e^2+a^6*e^4+(a^2*c^4*d^4+2*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^2+a^4*c^2*e^4)*x^4+2*(a^3*c^3*d^4+2*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^2+a^5*c*e^4)*x^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^6 \log(|ex+d|)}{c^3d^6e+3ac^2d^4e^3+3a^2cd^2e^5+a^3e^7} - \frac{e^5 \log(cx^2+a)}{2(c^3d^6+3ac^2d^4e^2+3a^2cd^2e^4+a^3e^6)}$$

$$+\frac{(3c^3d^5+10ac^2d^3e^2+15a^2cde^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8(a^2c^3d^6+3a^3c^2d^4e^2+3a^4cd^2e^4+a^5e^6)\sqrt{ac}}$$

$$+\frac{2a^2c^2d^4e+8a^3cd^2e^3+6a^4e^5+(3c^4d^5+10ac^3d^3e^2+7a^2c^2de^4)x^3+4(a^2c^2d^2e^3+a^3ce^5)x^2+(5ac^3}{8(cd^2+ae^2)^3(cx^2+a)^2a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & e^6 \log(\text{abs}(e*x + d)) / (c^3*d^6*e + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 + a^3*e^7) \\ & - 1/2*e^5*\log(c*x^2 + a) / (c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6) \\ & + 1/8*(3*c^3*d^5 + 10*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d*e^4)*\arctan(c*x/\text{sqrt}(a*c)) \\ & / ((a^2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + a^5*e^6)*\text{sqrt}(a*c)) \\ & + 1/8*(2*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + 6*a^4*e^5 + (3*c^4*d^5 + 10*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 7*a^2*c^2*d*e^4)*x^3 + 4*(a^2*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^3*c*e^5)*x^2 \\ & + (5*a*c^3*d^5 + 14*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 9*a^3*c*d*e^4)*x) / ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(c*x^2 + a)^2*a^2) \end{aligned}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 987, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)),x)`

output

```

((3*a*e^3 + c*d^2*e)/(4*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) + (x^3*(3*c^3
*d^3 + 7*a*c^2*d*e^2))/(8*a^2*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) + (x*(5
*c^2*d^3 + 9*a*c*d*e^2))/(8*a*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) + (c*e^
3*x^2)/(2*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)))/(a^2 + c^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*x^2
) + (e^5*log(d + e*x))/(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^3 - (log(9*c^6*d^14*(-a^5*c)^(3/2)
- 576*a^12*e^14*(-a^5*c)^(1/2) - 1326*d^4*e^10*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) + 9*a^7*c^8*
d^14*x + 1377*a^6*d^2*e^12*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 576*a^14*c*e^14*x + 319*a^2*c^
4*d^10*e^4*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 740*a^3*c^3*d^8*e^6*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 1015*a^4*
c^2*d^6*e^8*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 78*a^8*c^7*d^12*e^2*x + 319*a^9*c^6*d^10*e^4*
x + 740*a^10*c^5*d^8*e^6*x + 1015*a^11*c^4*d^6*e^8*x + 1326*a^12*c^3*d^4*e
^10*x + 1377*a^13*c^2*d^2*e^12*x + 78*a*c^5*d^12*e^2*(-a^5*c)^(3/2))*(8*a^
5*e^5 + 3*c^2*d^5*(-a^5*c)^(1/2) + 15*a^2*d*e^4*(-a^5*c)^(1/2) + 10*a*c*d^
3*e^2*(-a^5*c)^(1/2)))/(16*(a^8*e^6 + a^5*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^7*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^
6*c^2*d^4*e^2)) + (log(576*a^10*e^14*(-a^5*c)^(1/2) + 9*a^5*c^8*d^14*x + 9
*a^3*c^7*d^14*(-a^5*c)^(1/2) - 1377*a^4*d^2*e^12*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) - 319*c^4*
d^10*e^4*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 576*a^12*c*e^14*x - 1015*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^8*(-a^5*c
)^(3/2) + 78*a^4*c^6*d^12*e^2*(-a^5*c)^(1/2) + 78*a^6*c^7*d^12*e^2*x + 319
*a^7*c^6*d^10*e^4*x + 740*a^8*c^5*d^8*e^6*x + 1015*a^9*c^4*d^6*e^8*x + 132
6*a^10*c^3*d^4*e^10*x + 1377*a^11*c^2*d^2*e^12*x - 740*a*c^3*d^8*e^6*(-a^5
*c)^(3/2) - 1326*a^3*c*d^4*e^10*(-a^5*c)^(3/2))*(3*c^2*d^5*(-a^5*c)^(1/2)

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 679, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{30\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 c d e^4 x^2 + 20\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 x^2 + 15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d e^4 x^4}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```



output

```
(15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*d**4 + 10*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d**3*e**2 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d**4*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*at
an((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**5 + 20*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)
/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*
x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)
/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**5*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a)))*c**4*d**5*x**4 - 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**5*e**5 - 8*log(a + c*x**
2)*a**4*c*e**5*x**2 - 4*log(a + c*x**2)*a**3*c**2*e**5*x**4 + 8*log(d + e*
x)*a**5*e**5 + 16*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c*e**5*x**2 + 8*log(d + e*x)*a**3*c**2
*e**5*x**4 + 4*a**5*e**5 + 6*a**4*c*d**2*e**3 + 9*a**4*c*d**4*x + 2*a**3
*c**2*d**4*e + 14*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**2*x + 7*a**3*c**2*d**4*x**3 - 2*a**3
*c**2*e**5*x**4 + 5*a**2*c**3*d**5*x + 10*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**3 - 2*a**
2*c**3*d**2*e**3*x**4 + 3*a*c**4*d**5*x**3)/(8*a**3*(a**5*e**6 + 3*a**4*c*
d**2*e**4 + 2*a**4*c*e**6*x**2 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 6*a**3*c**2*d**2*
e**4*x**2 + a**3*c**2*e**6*x**4 + a**2*c**3*d**6 + 6*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**2*x
**2 + 3*a**2*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 2*a*c**4*d**6*x**2 + 3*a*c**4*d**4*e**2
*x**4 + c**5*d**6*x**4))
```

**3.122**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	989
Mathematica [A] (verified)	990
Rubi [A] (verified)	990
Maple [A] (verified)	993
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	993
Sympy [F(-1)]	994
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	995
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	996
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	997
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	997

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 279

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{e^5}{(cd^2+ae^2)^3(d+ex)} + \frac{c(2ade+(cd^2-ae^2)x)}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{c(16a^2de^3+(3c^2d^4+12acd^2e^2-7a^2e^4)x)}{8a^2(cd^2+ae^2)^3(a+cx^2)} + \frac{3\sqrt{c}(c^3d^6+5ac^2d^4e^2+15a^2cd^2e^4-5a^3e^6)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^4} + \frac{6cde^5\log(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^4} - \frac{3cde^5\log(a+cx^2)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^4}$$

output

```
-e^5/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)+1/4*c*(2*a*d*e+(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/8*c*(16*a^2*d*e^3+(-7*a^2*e^4+12*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)*x)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(c*x^2+a)+3/8*c^(1/2)*(-5*a^3*e^6+15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+5*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4+6*c*d*e^5*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4-3*c*d*e^5*ln(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{8e^5(cd^2+ae^2)}{d+ex} + \frac{c(cd^2+ae^2)(3c^2d^4x+12acd^2e^2x+a^2e^3(16d-7ex))}{a^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{2c(cd^2+ae^2)^2(cd^2x+ae(2d-ex))}{a(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{c}(c^3d^6+5ac^2d^4e^2+15a^2cd^2e^4+5a^3e^6)}{8(cd^2+ae^2)^4}}{8(cd^2+ae^2)^4}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^3),x]`

output `((-8*e^5*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(d + e*x) + (c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(3*c^2*d^4*x + 12*a*c*d^2*e^2*x + a^2*e^3*(16*d - 7*e*x)))/(a^2*(a + c*x^2)) + (2*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(c*d^2*x + a*e*(2*d - e*x)))/(a*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*sqrt[c]*(c^3*d^6 + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2) + 48*c*d*e^5*Log[d + e*x] - 24*c*d*e^5*Log[a + c*x^2))/(8*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 686, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^3 (d+ex)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 496$$

$$\frac{ae+cdx}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3cd^2+4cexd+5ae^2}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{3cd^2+4cexd+5ae^2}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 686 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{3c(c^2d^4+2ace^2d^2+2ce(cd^2+3ae^2)xd+5a^2e^4)}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{ae(cd^2-5ae^2)-3cdx(3ae^2+cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& 3 \int \frac{c^2d^4+2ace^2d^2+2ce(cd^2+3ae^2)xd+5a^2e^4}{(d+ex)^2(cx^2+a)} dx - \frac{ae(cd^2-5ae^2)-3cdx(3ae^2+cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{4a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 657 \\
& \frac{3 \int \left( \frac{16a^2cde^6}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)} + \frac{(-cd^2-5ae^2)(cd^2-ae^2)e^2}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c(c^3d^6+5ac^2e^2d^4+15a^2ce^4d^2-16a^2ce^5xd-5a^3e^6)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(cx^2+a)} \right) dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{ae(cd^2-5ae^2)-3cdx(3ae^2+cd^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{4a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{3 \left( -\frac{8a^2cde^5 \log(a+cx^2)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{16a^2cde^5 \log(d+ex)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (-5a^3e^6+15a^2cd^2e^4+5ac^2d^4e^2+c^3d^6)}{\sqrt{a}(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{e(cd^2-ae^2)(5ae^2+cd^2)}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{ae(cd^2-5ae^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{4a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \\
& \quad \frac{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

Int[1/((d + e\*x)^2\*(a + c\*x^2)^3), x]

output 
$$\frac{(a*e + c*d*x)/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*(a*e*(c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2) - 3*c*d*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)) + (3*((e*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*(c^3*d^6 + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^3*e^6)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) + (16*a^2*c*d*e^5*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 - (8*a^2*c*d*e^5*Log[a + c*x^2])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 496 
$$\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (a*d + b*c*x)) * (c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} * ((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n * (a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)} * \text{Simp}[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, \text{x}]$$

rule 657 
$$\text{Int}[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^{(n_)} / ((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m * ((f + g*x)^n / (a + c*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[n]$$

rule 686 
$$\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}) * (f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x) * ((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)} * \text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^5}{(ae^2+cd^2)^3(ex+d)} + \frac{6cde^5 \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^4} - \frac{c \left( \frac{(7e^6a^3 - 5d^2e^4a^2c - 15d^4e^2ac^2 - 3d^6c^3)x^3}{8a^2} + (-2ade^5c - 2c^2d^3e^3)x^2 + \frac{(9e^6a^3 - 3d^2e^4)}{(cx^2+a)^2} \right)}{(cx^2+a)^2}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-e^5/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^3/(e*x+d)+6*c*d*e^5*\ln(e*x+d)/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^4-c/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^4*((1/8*c*(7*a^3*e^6-5*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-3*c^3*d^6)/a^2*x^3+(-2*a*c*d*e^5-2*c^2*d^3*e^3)*x^2+1/8*(9*a^3*e^6-3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-17*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-5*c^3*d^6)/a*x-1/2*d*e*(5*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4))/(c*x^2+a)^2+3/8/a^2*(8*d*e^5*a^2*\ln(c*x^2+a)+(5*a^3*e^6-15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-5*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1148 vs. 2(265) = 530.

Time = 5.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2322, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(8*a^2*c^3*d^6*e + 48*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 24*a^4*c*d^2*e^5 - 16*a^5*e^7 + 6*(c^5*d^6*e + 5*a*c^4*d^4*e^3 - a^2*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 5*a^3*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 6*(c^5*d^7 + 5*a*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 7*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 3*a^3*c^2*d*e^6)*x^3 + 2*(5*a*c^4*d^6*e + 33*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 25*a^4*c*e^7)*x^2 - 3*(a^2*c^3*d^7 + 5*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 15*a^4*c*d^3*e^4 - 5*a^5*d*e^6 + (c^5*d^6*e + 5*a*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 15*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 5*a^3*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + (c^5*d^7 + 5*a*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 5*a^3*c^2*d*e^6)*x^4 + 2*(a*c^4*d^6*e + 5*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 15*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 5*a^4*c*e^7)*x^3 + 2*(a*c^4*d^7 + 5*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 15*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 - 5*a^4*c*d*e^6)*x^2 + (a^2*c^3*d^6*e + 5*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 15*a^4*c*d^2*e^5 - 5*a^5*e^7)*x)*sqrt(-c/a)*log((c*x^2 - 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a) - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 2*(5*a*c^4*d^7 + 21*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 27*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 11*a^4*c*d*e^6)*x - 48*(a^2*c^3*d*e^6*x^5 + a^2*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d*e^6*x^3 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^2 + a^4*c*d*e^6*x + a^4*c*d^2*e^5)*log(c*x^2 + a) + 96*(a^2*c^3*d*e^6*x^5 + a^2*c^3*d^2*e^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d*e^6*x^3 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^5*x^2 + a^4*c*d*e^6*x + a^4*c*d^2*e^5)*log(e*x + d))/(a^4*c^4*d^9 + 4*a^5*c^3*d^7*e^2 + 6*a^6*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 4*a^7*c*d^3*e^6 + a^8*d*e^8 + (a^2*c^6*d^8*e + 4*a^3*c^5*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^4*c^4*d^4*e^5 + 4*a^5*c^3*d^2*e^7 + a^6*c^2*e^9)*x^5 + (a^2*c^6*d^9 + 4*a^3*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 6*a^4*c^4*d^5*e^4 + 4*a^5*c^3*d^3*e^6 + a^6*c^2*d*e^8)*x^4 + 2*(a^3*c^5*d^8*e + 4*a^4*c^4*d^6*e^3 + ...
```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out





**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 598 vs.  $2(265) = 530$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 598, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{e^{11}}{(c^3d^6e^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^8 + 3a^2cd^2e^{10} + a^3e^{12})(ex+d)}$$

$$- \frac{3cde^5 \log\left(c - \frac{2cd}{ex+d} + \frac{cd^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{ae^2}{(ex+d)^2}\right)}{c^4d^8 + 4ac^3d^6e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^4e^4 + 4a^3cd^2e^6 + a^4e^8}$$

$$+ \frac{3(c^4d^6e^2 + 5ac^3d^4e^4 + 15a^2c^2d^2e^6 - 5a^3ce^8) \arctan\left(\frac{cd - \frac{cd^2}{ex+d} - \frac{ae^2}{ex+d}}{\sqrt{ace}}\right)}{8(a^2c^4d^8 + 4a^3c^3d^6e^2 + 6a^4c^2d^4e^4 + 4a^5cd^2e^6 + a^6e^8)\sqrt{ace^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3c^5d^5e + 14ac^4d^3e^3 - 29a^2c^3de^5 - \frac{9c^5d^6e^2 + 41ac^4d^4e^4 - 121a^2c^3d^2e^6 + 7a^3c^2e^8}{(ex+d)e} + \frac{9c^5d^7e^3 + 45ac^4d^5e^5 - 145a^2c^3d^3e^7 - 21a^3c^2d^5e^9}{(ex+d)^2e^2}}{8(cd^2 + ae^2)^4 a^2 \left(c - \frac{2cd}{ex+d} + \frac{cd^2}{(ex+d)^2} + \frac{ae^2}{(ex+d)^2}\right)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-e^11/((c^3*d^6*e^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^10 + a^3*e^12)*(e*x
+ d)) - 3*c*d*e^5*log(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2/(e*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x
+ d)^2)/(c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6
+ a^4*e^8) + 3/8*(c^4*d^6*e^2 + 5*a*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 15*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^6 - 5*a
^3*c*e^8)*arctan((c*d - c*d^2/(e*x + d) - a*e^2/(e*x + d))/(sqrt(a*c)*e))/
((a^2*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^5*c*d^2*e^6 +
a^6*e^8)*sqrt(a*c)*e^2) + 1/8*(3*c^5*d^5*e + 14*a*c^4*d^3*e^3 - 29*a^2*c^3
*d*e^5 - (9*c^5*d^6*e^2 + 41*a*c^4*d^4*e^4 - 121*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^6 + 7*a^3*c
^2*e^8)/((e*x + d)*e) + (9*c^5*d^7*e^3 + 45*a*c^4*d^5*e^5 - 145*a^2*c^3*d
^3*e^7 - 21*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^9)/((e*x + d)^2*e^2) - 3*(c^5*d^8*e^4 + 6*a*c^4*d^6
*e^6 - 20*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^8 - 22*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^10 + 3*a^4*c*e^12)/((e*x + d)
^3*e^3))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4*a^2*(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2/(e*x + d)^2 +
a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2)^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1296, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^2),x)`

output

```
((c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*e^5 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^3)/(2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) + (3*x^3*(c^3*d^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^2))/(8*a^2*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) + (x*(5*c^2*d^3 + 11*a*c*d*e^2))/(8*a*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)) + (3*x^4*(c^4*d^4*e - 5*a^2*c^2*e^5 + 4*a*c^3*d^2*e^3))/(8*a^2*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (x^2*(5*c^3*d^4*e - 25*a^2*c*e^5 + 28*a*c^2*d^2*e^3))/(8*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)))/(a^2*d + c^2*d*x^4 + c^2*e*x^5 + a^2*e*x + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + 2*a*c*e*x^3) - (log(c^7*d^16*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) - 25*a^13*e^16*(-a^5*c)^(1/2) + a^7*c^9*d^16*x - 4508*a*d^4*e^12*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) - 2644*c*d^6*e^10*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) + 2204*a^7*d^2*e^14*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 25*a^15*c*e^16*x + 76*a^2*c^5*d^12*e^4*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 260*a^3*c^4*d^10*e^6*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 510*a^4*c^3*d^8*e^8*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + 12*a^8*c^8*d^14*e^2*x + 76*a^9*c^7*d^12*e^4*x + 260*a^10*c^6*d^10*e^6*x + 510*a^11*c^5*d^8*e^8*x + 2644*a^12*c^4*d^6*e^10*x + 4508*a^13*c^3*d^4*e^12*x + 2204*a^14*c^2*d^2*e^14*x + 12*a*c^6*d^14*e^2*(-a^5*c)^(3/2))*(c*(3*a^5*d*e^5 + (45*a^2*d^2*e^4*(-a^5*c)^(1/2))/16) - (15*a^3*e^6*(-a^5*c)^(1/2))/16 + (3*c^3*d^6*(-a^5*c)^(1/2))/16 + (15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*(-a^5*c)^(1/2))/16))/(a^9*e^8 + a^5*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^8*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^6*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^7*c^2*d^4*e^4) - (log(25*a^13*e^16*(-a^5*c)^(1/2) - c^7*d^16*(-a^5*c)^(3/2) + a^7*c^9*d^16*x + 4508*a*d^4*e^12*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) + 2644*c*d^6*e^10*(-a^5*c)^(5/2) - 2204*a...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1734, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`



### 3.123 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	999
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1000
Rubi [A] (verified)	1000
Maple [A] (verified)	1002
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1003
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1004
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1004
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1005
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1006
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1006

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 290

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2ade(cd^2 - 3ae^2)(3cd^2 - ae^2) - (cd^2 - ae^2)(c^2d^4 - 14acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x}{6ac^3(a+cx^2)^3}$$

$$- \frac{24a^2de^3(5cd^2 - 3ae^2) - (5c^3d^6 + 15ac^2d^4e^2 - 105a^2cd^2e^4 + 13a^3e^6)x}{24a^2c^3(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{48a^3de^5 - (5c^3d^6 + 15ac^2d^4e^2 + 15a^2cd^2e^4 - 11a^3e^6)x}{16a^3c^3(a+cx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{5(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}c^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(2*a*d*e*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a^2*e^4-14
*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x)/a/c^3/(c*x^2+a)^3-1/24*(24*a^2*d*e^3*(-3*a*e^2+5*
*c*d^2)-(13*a^3*e^6-105*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*x)/a^2/c^
3/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/16*(48*a^3*d*e^5-(-11*a^3*e^6+15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+15*a*c^2*d^
4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*x)/a^3/c^3/(c*x^2+a)+5/16*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*arctan(c^(1/2)*
x/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/c^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{c^3 d^6 x - a^3 e^5 (6d+ex) + 5a^2 cd^2 e^3 (4d+3ex) - 3ac^2 d^4 e (2d+5ex)}{6ac^3 (a+cx^2)^3} + \frac{5c^3 d^6 x + 15ac^2 d^4 e^2 x + 15a^2 cd^2 e^4 x - a^3 e^5 (48d+11ex)}{16a^3 c^3 (a+cx^2)} + \frac{5c^3 d^6 x + 15ac^2 d^4 e^2 x - 15a^2 cd^2 e^3 (8d+7ex) + a^3 e^5 (72d+13ex)}{24a^2 c^3 (a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{5(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2} c^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^6/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output  $(c^3 d^6 x - a^3 e^5 (6d + ex) + 5a^2 c d^2 e^3 (4d + 3ex) - 3a^2 c^2 d^4 e (2d + 5ex)) / (6a^3 c^3 (a + cx^2)^3) + (5c^3 d^6 x + 15a^2 c d^4 e^2 x + 15a^2 c d^2 e^4 x - a^3 e^5 (48d + 11ex)) / (16a^3 c^3 (a + cx^2)) + (5c^3 d^6 x + 15a^2 c d^4 e^2 x - 15a^2 c d^2 e^3 (8d + 7ex) + a^3 e^5 (72d + 13ex)) / (24a^2 c^3 (a + cx^2)^2) + (5(c d^2 + a e^2)^3 \text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c] x / \text{Sqrt}[a]]) / (16a^{7/2} c^{7/2})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {487, 487, 487, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

↓ 487

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5(ae^2 + cd^2) \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^5(ae-cdx)}{6ac(a+cx^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 487 \\
& \frac{5(ae^2 + cd^2) \left( \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \right)}{6ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^5(ae-cdx)}{6ac(a+cx^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 487 \\
& \frac{5(ae^2 + cd^2) \left( \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \left( \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \right)}{6ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^5(ae-cdx)}{6ac(a+cx^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{5(ae^2 + cd^2) \left( \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \right)}{6ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^5(ae-cdx)}{6ac(a+cx^2)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^6/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output `-1/6*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^5)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^3) + (5*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(-1/4*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2)))/(4*a*c)))/(6*a*c)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 487  $\text{Int}[(c_+ + (d_+)(x_+))^n * (a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{n-1} * (a*d - b*c*x) * ((a + b*x^2)^{p+1} / (2*a*b*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*p + 3) * ((b*c^2 + a*d^2) / (2*a*b*(p+1))) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-2} * (a + b*x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
default	$\frac{-(11e^6a^3 - 15d^2e^4a^2c - 15d^4e^2ac^2 - 5d^6c^3)x^5}{16ca^3} - \frac{3de^5x^4}{c} - \frac{5(e^6a^3 + 3d^2e^4a^2c - 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3)x^3}{6a^2c^2} - \frac{de^3(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)x^2}{c^2} - \frac{(5e^6a^3 + 15d^2e^4a^2c - 15d^4e^2ac^2 - 5d^6c^3)}{(cx^2+a)^3}$
risch	$\frac{-(11e^6a^3 - 15d^2e^4a^2c - 15d^4e^2ac^2 - 5d^6c^3)x^5}{16ca^3} - \frac{3de^5x^4}{c} - \frac{5(e^6a^3 + 3d^2e^4a^2c - 3d^4e^2ac^2 - d^6c^3)x^3}{6a^2c^2} - \frac{de^3(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)x^2}{c^2} - \frac{(5e^6a^3 + 15d^2e^4a^2c - 15d^4e^2ac^2 - 5d^6c^3)}{(cx^2+a)^3}$

input  $\text{int}((e*x+d)^6/(c*x^2+a)^4, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/16*(11*a^3*e^6-15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-5*c^3*d^6)/c/a^3*x^5- \\ & 3*d*e^5/c*x^4-5/6*(a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4-3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2-c^3*d^6)/a^2/c^2*x^3- \\ & d*e^3*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/c^2*x^2-1/16*(5*a^3*e^6+15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2- \\ & 11*c^3*d^6)/a/c^3*x-1/3*d*e*(3*a^2*e^4+5*a*c*d^2*e^2+3*c^2*d^4)/c^3)/(c*x^2+a)^3+ \\ & 5/16*(a^3*e^6+3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6)/a^3/c^3/(a*c)^{1/2}* \\ & \arctan(c*x/(a*c)^{1/2}) \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1026, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^6}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/96*(288*a^4*c^3*d*e^5*x^4 + 96*a^4*c^3*d^5*e + 160*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 9
6*a^6*c*d*e^5 - 6*(5*a*c^6*d^6 + 15*a^2*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^3*c^4*d^2*e^4 -
11*a^4*c^3*e^6)*x^5 - 80*(a^2*c^5*d^6 + 3*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^4*c^3*d^2
*e^4 - a^5*c^2*e^6)*x^3 + 96*(5*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^5*c^2*d*e^5)*x^2 + 1
5*(a^3*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^5*c*d^2*e^4 + a^6*e^6 + (c^6*d^6
+ 3*a*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^4 + a^3*c^3*e^6)*x^6 + 3*(a*c^5*d^6 +
3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a^4*c^2*e^6)*x^4 + 3*(a^2*c^4*d^6
+ 3*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^5*c*e^6)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((
c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 6*(11*a^3*c^4*d^6 - 15*a^4*c^3*
d^4*e^2 - 15*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^6*c*e^6)*x)/(a^4*c^7*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^6*x^
4 + 3*a^6*c^5*x^2 + a^7*c^4), -1/48*(144*a^4*c^3*d*e^5*x^4 + 48*a^4*c^3*d^
5*e + 80*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 48*a^6*c*d*e^5 - 3*(5*a*c^6*d^6 + 15*a^2*c^5*d^
4*e^2 + 15*a^3*c^4*d^2*e^4 - 11*a^4*c^3*e^6)*x^5 - 40*(a^2*c^5*d^6 + 3*a^3
*c^4*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^4 - a^5*c^2*e^6)*x^3 + 48*(5*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^
3 + 3*a^5*c^2*d*e^5)*x^2 - 15*(a^3*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^5*c*d^
2*e^4 + a^6*e^6 + (c^6*d^6 + 3*a*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^4 + a^3*c^
3*e^6)*x^6 + 3*(a*c^5*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^4 + a^4*c^
2*e^6)*x^4 + 3*(a^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^5*
c*e^6)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - 3*(11*a^3*c^4*d^6 - 15*a^4*c^
3*d^4*e^2 - 15*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^6*c*e^6)*x)/(a^4*c^7*x^6 + 3*a^5*...
```



### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{5\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^7}}(ae^2+cd^2)^3 \log\left(-\frac{5a^4c^3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^7}}(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{5a^3e^6+15a^2cd^2e^4+15ac^2d^4e^2+5c^3d^6} + x\right)}{32} + \frac{5\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^7}}(ae^2+cd^2)^3 \log\left(\frac{5a^4c^3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^7}}(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{5a^3e^6+15a^2cd^2e^4+15ac^2d^4e^2+5c^3d^6} + x\right)}{32} + \frac{-48a^5de^5 - 80a^4cd^3e^3 - 48a^3c^2d^5e - 144a^3c^2de^5x^4 + x^5(-33a^3c^2e^6 + 45a^2c^3d^2e^4 + 45ac^4d^4e^2 + 15c^5d^6)}{48}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**6/(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`

output `-5*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**7))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3*log(-5*a**4*c**3*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**7))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3/(5*a**3*e**6 + 15*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 15*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 5*c**3*d**6) + x)/32 + 5*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**7))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3*log(5*a**4*c**3*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**7))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3/(5*a**3*e**6 + 15*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 15*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 5*c**3*d**6) + x)/32 + (-48*a**5*d*e**5 - 80*a**4*c*d**3*e**3 - 48*a**3*c**2*d**5*e - 144*a**3*c**2*d*e**5*x**4 + x**5*(-33*a**3*c**2*e**6 + 45*a**2*c**3*d**2*e**4 + 45*a*c**4*d**4*e**2 + 15*c**5*d**6) + x**3*(-40*a**4*c*e**6 - 120*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**4 + 120*a**2*c**3*d**4*e**2 + 40*a*c**4*d**6) + x**2*(-144*a**4*c*d*e**5 - 240*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**3) + x*(-15*a**5*e**6 - 45*a**4*c*d**2*e**4 - 45*a**3*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 33*a**2*c**3*d**6))/(48*a**6*c**3 + 144*a**5*c**4*x**2 + 144*a**4*c**5*x**4 + 48*a**3*c**6*x**6)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{144a^3c^2de^5x^4 + 48a^3c^2d^5e + 80a^4cd^3e^3 + 48a^5de^5 - 3(5c^5d^6 + 15ac^4d^4e^2 + 15a^2c^3d^2e^4 - 11a^3c^2e^6)}{48} + \frac{5(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3c^3}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/48*(144*a^3*c^2*d*e^5*x^4 + 48*a^3*c^2*d^5*e + 80*a^4*c*d^3*e^3 + 48*a^5*d*e^5 \\ & - 3*(5*c^5*d^6 + 15*a*c^4*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4 - 11*a^3*c^2*e^6)*x^5 - 40*(a*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4 - a^4*c \\ & *e^6)*x^3 + 48*(5*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3*a^4*c*d*e^5)*x^2 - 3*(11*a^2*c^3*d^6 \\ & - 15*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 15*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 - 5*a^5*e^6)*x)/(a^3*c^6*x^6 + 3* \\ & a^4*c^5*x^4 + 3*a^5*c^4*x^2 + a^6*c^3) + 5/16*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + \\ & 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*\arctan(c*x/\sqrt{a*c})/(\sqrt{a*c}*a^3*c^3) \end{aligned}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{5(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3c^3}} + \frac{15c^5d^6x^5 + 45ac^4d^4e^2x^5 + 45a^2c^3d^2e^4x^5 - 33a^3c^2e^6x^5 - 144a^3c^2de^5x^4 + 40ac^4d^6x^3 + 120a^2c^3d^4e^2x^3 - 120a^3c^2d^2e^4x^3 - 40a^4c^2e^6x^3 - 240a^3c^2d^3e^3x^2 - 144a^4c*d*e^5*x^2 + 33a^2*c^3*d^6*x - 45a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2*x - 45a^4*c*d^2*e^4*x - 15a^5*e^6*x - 48a^3*c^2*d^5*e - 80a^4*c*d^3*e^3 - 48a^5*d*e^5}{((c*x^2 + a)^3*a^3*c^3)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^6/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 5/16*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*\arctan(c*x/\sqrt{a*c})/(\sqrt{a*c}*a^3*c^3) + 1/48*(15*c^5*d^6*x^5 + 45*a*c^4*d^4*e^2*x^5 \\ & + 45*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^4*x^5 - 33*a^3*c^2*e^6*x^5 - 144*a^3*c^2*d*e^5*x^4 + 40*a^4*c^2*d^6*x^3 + 120*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2*x^3 - 120*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4*x^3 - 40*a \\ & ^4*c^2*e^6*x^3 - 240*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^3*x^2 - 144*a^4*c*d*e^5*x^2 + 33*a^2*c^3*d^6*x - 45*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2*x - 45*a^4*c*d^2*e^4*x - 15*a^5*e^6*x - 48*a^3*c \\ & ^2*d^5*e - 80*a^4*c*d^3*e^3 - 48*a^5*d*e^5)/((c*x^2 + a)^3*a^3*c^3) \end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{5 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x(c d^2 + a e^2)^3}{\sqrt{a}(a^3 e^6 + 3 a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 3 a c^2 d^4 e^2 + c^3 d^6)}\right) (c d^2 + a e^2)^3}{16 a^{7/2} c^{7/2}} - \frac{3 d e^5 x^4}{c} + \frac{x(5 a^3 e^6 + 15 a^2 c d^2 e^4 + 15 a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 11 c^3 d^6)}{16 a c^3} + \frac{d e(3 a^2 e^4 + 5 a c d^2 e^2 + 3 c^2 d^4)}{3 c^3} + \frac{5 x^3 (a^3 e^6 + 3 a^2 c d^2 e^4 - 3 a c^2 d^4 e^2 - 6 a^2 c^2)}{a^3 + 3 a^2 c x^2 + 3 a c^2 x^4 + c^3 x^6}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^6/(a + c*x^2)^4,x)`output `(5*atan((c^(1/2)*x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^3)/(a^(1/2)*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^3)/(16*a^(7/2)*c^(7/2)) - ((3*d*e^5*x^4)/c + (x*(5*a^3*e^6 - 11*c^3*d^6 + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(16*a*c^3) + (d*e*(3*a^2*e^4 + 3*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(3*c^3) + (5*x^3*(a^3*e^6 - c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(6*a^2*c^2) - (x^5*(5*c^3*d^6 - 11*a^3*e^6 + 15*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))/(16*a^3*c) + (d*e^3*x^2*(3*a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/c^2)/(a^3 + c^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*c*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*x^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 750, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^6}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^6/(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**6*e**6 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*c*d**2*e**4 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*c*e**6*x**2 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 135*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**2*e**6*x**4 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**3*d**6 + 135*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 + 135*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**3*e**6*x**6 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**4*d**6*x**2 + 135*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**4*d**4*e**2*x**4 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**4*d**2*e**4*x**6 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**5*d**6*x**4 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**5*d**4*e**2*x**6 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**6*d**6*x**6 - 15*a**6*c*e**6*x - 80*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**3 - 45*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**4*x - 40*a**5*c**2*e**6*x**3 - 48*a**4*c**3*d**5*e - 45*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**2*x - 240*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**2 - 120*a**4*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**3 - 33*a**4*c**3*e**6*x**5 + 33*a**3*c**4*d**6*x + 120*a**3*c**4*d**4*e**2*x**3 + 45*a**3*c**4*d**2*e**4*x**5 + 48*a**3*c**4*d*e**5*x**...
```

### 3.124 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1008
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1009
Rubi [A] (verified)	1009
Maple [A] (verified)	1011
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1011
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1012
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1013
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1014
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1014
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1015

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{ae(5c^2d^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) - cd(c^2d^4 - 10acd^2e^2 + 5a^2e^4)x}{6ac^3(a+cx^2)^3} - \frac{12a^2e^3(5cd^2 - ae^2) - 5cd(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 - 7a^2e^4)x}{24a^2c^3(a+cx^2)^2} - \frac{8a^3e^5 - 5cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2x}{16a^3c^3(a+cx^2)} + \frac{5d(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(a*e*(a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)-c*d*(5*a^2*e^4-10*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x)/a/c^3/(c*x^2+a)^3-1/24*(12*a^2*e^3*(-a*e^2+5*c*d^2)-5*c*d*(-7*a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x)/a^2/c^3/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/16*(8*a^3*e^5-5*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*x)/a^3/c^3/(c*x^2+a)+5/16*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/c^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(-8a^5e^5 + 15c^5d^5x^5 + 10ac^4d^3x^3(4d^2 + 3e^2x^2) - a^4ce^3(40d^2 + 15dex + 24e^2x^2) - 2a^3c^2e(20d^4 + 15d^3ex + 60d^2e^2x^2 + 20de^3x^3 + 12e^4x^4) + a^2c^3d^5)}{(a + cx^2)^3} + \frac{48a^{7/2}c^3}{(a + cx^2)^3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right]$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^5/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
((Sqrt[a]*(-8*a^5*e^5 + 15*c^5*d^5*x^5 + 10*a*c^4*d^3*x^3*(4*d^2 + 3*e^2*x^2) - a^4*c*e^3*(40*d^2 + 15*d*e*x + 24*e^2*x^2) - 2*a^3*c^2*e*(20*d^4 + 15*d^3*e*x + 60*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 20*d*e^3*x^3 + 12*e^4*x^4) + a^2*c^3*d*x*(33*d^4 + 80*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 15*e^4*x^4)))/(a + c*x^2)^3 + 15*Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(48*a^(7/2)*c^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {490, 487, 487, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 490$$

$$\frac{5d \int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6a} + \frac{x(d+ex)^5}{6a(a+cx^2)^3}$$

$$\downarrow 487$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5d \left( \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{x(d+ex)^5}{6a(a+cx^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 487 \\
& \frac{5d \left( \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \left( \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{x(d+ex)^5}{6a(a+cx^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{5d \left( \frac{3(ae^2+cd^2) \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{x(d+ex)^5}{6a(a+cx^2)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^5/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x)^5)/(6*a*(a + c*x^2)^3) + (5*d*(-1/4*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2)))/(4*a*c))/(6*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 487 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)*((b*c^2 + a*d^2)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

rule 490

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)), x] - Simp[c*(n/(2*a*(
p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
default	$\frac{5d(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)x^5}{16a^3} - \frac{e^5x^4}{2c} - \frac{5d(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2-c^2d^4)x^3}{6a^2c} - \frac{e^3(ae^2+5cd^2)x^2}{(cx^2+a)^3} - \frac{d(5a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2-11c^2d^4)x}{16ac^2} - \frac{e(a^2e^4+5acd^2e^2)}{6c^3}$
risch	$\frac{5d(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)x^5}{16a^3} - \frac{e^5x^4}{2c} - \frac{5d(a^2e^4-2acd^2e^2-c^2d^4)x^3}{6a^2c} - \frac{e^3(ae^2+5cd^2)x^2}{(cx^2+a)^3} - \frac{d(5a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2-11c^2d^4)x}{16ac^2} - \frac{e(a^2e^4+5acd^2e^2)}{6c^3}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(5/16*d*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/a^3*x^5-1/2*e^5/c*x^4-5/6*d*(a^2*e
^4-2*a*c*d^2*e^2-c^2*d^4)/a^2/c*x^3-1/2*e^3*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/c^2*x^2-1/16*d
*(5*a^2*e^4+10*a*c*d^2*e^2-11*c^2*d^4)/a/c^2*x-1/6*e*(a^2*e^4+5*a*c*d^2*e
^2+5*c^2*d^4)/c^3)/(c*x^2+a)^3+5/16*d*(a^2*e^4+2*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/c^2/a
^3/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 822, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```

[-1/96*(48*a^4*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 80*a^4*c^2*d^4*e + 80*a^5*c*d^2*e^3 + 16*a^6*
e^5 - 30*(a*c^5*d^5 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c^3*d*e^4)*x^5 - 80*(a^2*c^4
*d^5 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^2 - a^4*c^2*d*e^4)*x^3 + 48*(5*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^
5*c*e^5)*x^2 + 15*(a^3*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^4*c*d^3*e^2 + a^5*d*e^4 + (c^5*d^5 +
2*a*c^4*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c^3*d*e^4)*x^6 + 3*(a*c^4*d^5 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 +
a^3*c^2*d*e^4)*x^4 + 3*(a^2*c^3*d^5 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*e^4)*x^2
)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 6*(11*a^3*c^3
*d^5 - 10*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^5*c*d*e^4)*x)/(a^4*c^6*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^5*x^4
+ 3*a^6*c^4*x^2 + a^7*c^3), -1/48*(24*a^4*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 40*a^4*c^2*d^4*e
+ 40*a^5*c*d^2*e^3 + 8*a^6*e^5 - 15*(a*c^5*d^5 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c
^3*d*e^4)*x^5 - 40*(a^2*c^4*d^5 + 2*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^2 - a^4*c^2*d*e^4)*x^3 +
24*(5*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^5*c*e^5)*x^2 - 15*(a^3*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^4*c*d^3*e^
2 + a^5*d*e^4 + (c^5*d^5 + 2*a*c^4*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c^3*d*e^4)*x^6 + 3*(a*c^4
*d^5 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c^2*d*e^4)*x^4 + 3*(a^2*c^3*d^5 + 2*a^3*c^2
*d^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - 3*(11*a^3*c
^3*d^5 - 10*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^5*c*d*e^4)*x)/(a^4*c^6*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^5*x
^4 + 3*a^6*c^4*x^2 + a^7*c^3)]

```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 447, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{5d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)^2 \log\left(-\frac{5a^4c^2d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{5a^2de^4+10acd^3e^2+5c^2d^5}+x\right)}{32}$$

$$+\frac{5d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)^2 \log\left(\frac{5a^4c^2d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{5a^2de^4+10acd^3e^2+5c^2d^5}+x\right)}{32}$$

$$+\frac{-8a^5e^5-40a^4cd^2e^3-40a^3c^2d^4e-24a^3c^2e^5x^4+x^5\cdot(15a^2c^3de^4+30ac^4d^3e^2+15c^5d^5)+x^3(-40a^3c^3d^5-10a^4c^2d^3e^2-5a^5c^2d^2e^4)}{48a^6c^3+144a^5c^4x^2+144a^4c^5x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**5/(c*x**2+a)**4,x)
```

output

```
-5*d*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**5))*(a**2 + c*d**2)**2*log(-5*a**4*c**2*d*sqrt(-1/
(a**7*c**5))*(a**2 + c*d**2)**2/(5*a**2*d**4 + 10*a*c*d**3*e**2 + 5*c
**2*d**5) + x)/32 + 5*d*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**5))*(a**2 + c*d**2)**2*log(5*a**
4*c**2*d*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**5))*(a**2 + c*d**2)**2/(5*a**2*d**4 + 10*a*c
*d**3*e**2 + 5*c**2*d**5) + x)/32 + (-8*a**5*e**5 - 40*a**4*c*d**2*e**3 -
40*a**3*c**2*d**4*e - 24*a**3*c**2*e**5*x**4 + x**5*(15*a**2*c**3*d**4 +
30*a*c**4*d**3*e**2 + 15*c**5*d**5) + x**3*(-40*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 80*a**
2*c**3*d**3*e**2 + 40*a*c**4*d**5) + x**2*(-24*a**4*c**5 - 120*a**3*c**2
*d**2*e**3) + x*(-15*a**4*c*d**4 - 30*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**2 + 33*a**2*c**3
*d**5))/(48*a**6*c**3 + 144*a**5*c**4*x**2 + 144*a**4*c**5*x**4 + 48*a**3*
c**6*x**6)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{24a^3c^2e^5x^4 + 40a^3c^2d^4e + 40a^4cd^2e^3 + 8a^5e^5 - 15(c^5d^5 + 2ac^4d^3e^2 + a^2c^3de^4)x^5 - 40(ac^4d^5 + 2a^2c^3d^3e^2 - a^3c^2d^3e^2 - a^3c^2d^3e^2 - a^3c^2d^3e^2)x^3 + 24(5a^3c^2d^2e^3 + a^4c^2e^5)x^2 - 3(11a^2c^3d^5 - 10a^3c^2d^3e^2 - 5a^4c^2d^3e^2)x}{48(a^3c^6x^6 + 3a^4c^5x^4 + 3a^5c^4x^2 + a^6c^3)} + \frac{5(c^2d^5 + 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3c^2}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/48*(24*a^3*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 40*a^3*c^2*d^4*e + 40*a^4*c*d^2*e^3 + 8*a^5*e^
5 - 15*(c^5*d^5 + 2*a*c^4*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c^3*d*e^4)*x^5 - 40*(a*c^4*d^5 + 2
*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 - a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2)*x^3 + 24*(5*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^4*c^2*e^5)
*x^2 - 3*(11*a^2*c^3*d^5 - 10*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2)*x)/(a^3*c^6
*x^6 + 3*a^4*c^5*x^4 + 3*a^5*c^4*x^2 + a^6*c^3) + 5/16*(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^
3*e^2 + a^2*d^3*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{5(c^2d^5 + 2acd^3e^2 + a^2de^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3c^2}} + \frac{15c^5d^5x^5 + 30ac^4d^3e^2x^5 + 15a^2c^3de^4x^5 - 24a^3c^2e^5x^4 + 40ac^4d^5x^3 + 80a^2c^3d^3e^2x^3 - 40a^3c^2de^4x^3 - 48(cx^2+a)^3a^3c^3}{48(cx^2+a)^3a^3c^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output 
$$\frac{5/16*(c^2*d^5 + 2*a*c*d^3*e^2 + a^2*d*e^4)*\arctan(c*x/\sqrt{a*c})/(\sqrt{a*c})*a^3*c^2 + 1/48*(15*c^5*d^5*x^5 + 30*a*c^4*d^3*e^2*x^5 + 15*a^2*c^3*d*e^4*x^5 - 24*a^3*c^2*e^5*x^4 + 40*a*c^4*d^5*x^3 + 80*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2*x^3 - 40*a^3*c^2*d*e^4*x^3 - 120*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3*x^2 - 24*a^4*c*e^5*x^2 + 33*a^2*c^3*d^5*x - 30*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2*x - 15*a^4*c*d*e^4*x - 40*a^3*c^2*d^4*e - 40*a^4*c*d^2*e^3 - 8*a^5*e^5)/((c*x^2 + a)^3*a^3*c^3)}$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^5}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{5d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{\sqrt{a}(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}\right) (cd^2+ae^2)^2}{16a^{7/2}c^{5/2}} - \frac{e(a^2e^4+5acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{6c^3} + \frac{e^5x^4}{2c} + \frac{e^3x^2(5cd^2+ae^2)}{2c^2} - \frac{5dx^5(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{16a^3} + \frac{dx(5a^2e^4+10acd^2e^2-11c^2d^4)}{16ac^2} - \frac{5d^5x^5(a^2e^4+c^2d^4+2a*c*d^2*e^2)}{(16*a^3)} + \frac{d*x*(5*a^2*e^4 - 11*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2)}{(16*a*c^2)} - \frac{(5*d*x^3*(c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))}{(6*a^2*c)} / (a^3 + c^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*c*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*x^4)$$

input `int((d + e*x)^5/(a + c*x^2)^4,x)`output 
$$\frac{(5*d*\operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2}*x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/(a^{1/2)*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2)))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2/(16*a^{7/2}*c^{5/2}) - ((e*(a^2*e^4 + 5*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(6*c^3) + (e^5*x^4)/(2*c) + (e^3*x^2*(a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(2*c^2) - (5*d*x^5*(a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(16*a^3) + (d*x*(5*a^2*e^4 - 11*c^2*d^4 + 10*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(16*a*c^2) - (5*d*x^3*(c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(6*a^2*c))}{(a^3 + c^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*c*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*x^4)}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 576, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^5}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-40a^5 c d^2 e^3 - 40a^4 c^2 d^4 e + 33a^3 c^3 d^5 x + 8a^3 c^3 e^5 x^6 + 40a^2 c^4 d^5 x^3 + 15a c^5 d^5 x^5 + 15\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)}{(a + cx^2)^4}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^5/(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*d**e**4 + 30*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c*d**3*e**2 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c*d**e**4*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*a
tan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**5 + 90*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)
)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c
*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**e**4*x**4 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c
*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**3*d**5*x**2 + 90*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)
)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*c**3*d**e**4*x**6 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)
/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**4*d**5*x**4 + 30*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**4*d**3*e**2*x**6 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a)))*c**5*d**5*x**6 - 40*a**5*c*d**2*e**3 - 15*a**5*c*d**e**4*x - 4
0*a**4*c**2*d**4*e - 30*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**2*x - 120*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**3*x*
*2 - 40*a**4*c**2*d**d**e**4*x**3 + 33*a**3*c**3*d**5*x + 80*a**3*c**3*d**3*e
**2*x**3 + 15*a**3*c**3*d**e**4*x**5 + 8*a**3*c**3*e**5*x**6 + 40*a**2*c**4*
d**5*x**3 + 30*a**2*c**4*d**3*e**2*x**5 + 15*a*c**5*d**5*x**5)/(48*a**4*c
**3*(a**3 + 3*a**2*c*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*x**4 + c**3*x**6))
```

### 3.125 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1016
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1017
Rubi [A] (verified)	1017
Maple [A] (verified)	1019
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1020
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1021
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1022
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1022
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1023
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1023

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{4ade(cd^2 - ae^2) - (c^2d^4 - 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)x}{6ac^2(a+cx^2)^3} - \frac{24a^2de^3 - (5c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 - 7a^2e^4)x}{24a^2c^2(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2)x}{16a^3c^2(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(cd^2 + ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}c^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(4*a*d*e*(-a*e^2+c*d^2)-(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)*x)/a/c^2/(c*x^2+a)^3-1/24*(24*a^2*d*e^3-(-7*a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*x)/a^2/c^2/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/16*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x/a^3/c^2/(c*x^2+a)+1/16*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/c^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{15c^4d^4x^5 - a^4e^3(16d+3ex) + 2ac^3d^2x^3(20d^2+9e^2x^2) - 2a^3ce(16d^3+9d^2ex+24de^2x^2+4e^3x^3) + 3a^2}{48a^3c^2(a+cx^2)^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(5c^2d^4+6acd^2e^2+a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}c^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]
```

output

```
(15*c^4*d^4*x^5 - a^4*e^3*(16*d + 3*e*x) + 2*a*c^3*d^2*x^3*(20*d^2 + 9*e^2*x^2) - 2*a^3*c*e*(16*d^3 + 9*d^2*e*x + 24*d*e^2*x^2 + 4*e^3*x^3) + 3*a^2*c^2*x*(11*d^4 + 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 + e^4*x^4))/(48*a^3*c^2*(a + c*x^2)^3) + ((5*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(16*a^(7/2)*c^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {494, 25, 678, 487, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 494$$

$$\frac{x(d+ex)^4}{6a(a+cx^2)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{(d+ex)^3(5d+ex)}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6a}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^3(5d+ex)}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6a} + \frac{x(d+ex)^4}{6a(a+cx^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 678 \\
& \frac{3(ae^2+5cd^2) \int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-5cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{x(d+ex)^4}{6a(a+cx^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 487 \\
& \frac{3(ae^2+5cd^2) \left( \frac{(ae^2+cd^2) \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-5cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{x(d+ex)^4}{6a(a+cx^2)^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{3(ae^2+5cd^2) \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(ae^2+cd^2)}{2a^{3/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{(d+ex)(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^3(ae-5cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{x(d+ex)^4}{6a(a+cx^2)^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x)^4)/(6*a*(a + c*x^2)^3) + (-1/4*((a*e - 5*c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^3)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))))/(4*a*c))/(6*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

```
rule 487 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] +
Simp[(2*p + 3)*((b*c^2 + a*d^2)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*
(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
&& LtQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 494 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p +
1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*(2*p + 3) + d*(n + 2*p
+ 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (Lt
Q[n, 1] || (ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, 2])) && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c
, d, n, p, x]
```

```
rule 678 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c
*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[m*((c*d*f + a*e*g)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))) Int[(d + e*x)^(
m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && EqQ[S
implify[m + 2*p + 3], 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
default	$\frac{(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)x^5}{16a^3} - \frac{(a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-5c^2d^4)x^3}{6a^2c} - \frac{de^3x^2}{c} - \frac{(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2-11c^2d^4)x}{16ac^2} - \frac{de(ae^2+2cd^2)}{3c^2} + \frac{(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{16a^3}$
risch	$\frac{(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)x^5}{16a^3} - \frac{(a^2e^4-6acd^2e^2-5c^2d^4)x^3}{6a^2c} - \frac{de^3x^2}{c} - \frac{(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2-11c^2d^4)x}{16ac^2} - \frac{de(ae^2+2cd^2)}{3c^2} - \frac{\ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})e^4}{32\sqrt{-ac}c^2a}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output (1/16*(a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)/a^3*x^5-1/6*(a^2*e^4-6*a*c*d^2*e^2
-5*c^2*d^4)/a^2/c*x^3-d*e^3*x^2/c-1/16*(a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2-11*c^2*d^4)/
a/c^2*x-1/3*d*e*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)/c^2)/(c*x^2+a)^3+1/16*(a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e
^2+5*c^2*d^4)/a^3/c^2/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{96 a^4 c^2 d e^3 x^2 + 64 a^4 c^2 d^3 e + 32 a^5 c d e^3 - 6 (5 a c^5 d^4 + 6 a^2 c^4 d^2 e^2 + a^3 c^3 e^4) x^5 - 16 (5 a^2 c^4 d^4 + 6 a^3 c^3 d^2 e^2 + a^4 c^2 e^4) x^3 + 3 (5 a^3 c^2 d^4 + 6 a^4 c d^2 e^2 + a^5 e^4) x^6 + 3 (5 a^2 c^3 d^4 + 6 a^3 c^2 d^2 e^2 + a^4 c e^4) x^4 + 3 (5 a^2 c^3 d^4 + 6 a^3 c^2 d^2 e^2 + a^4 c e^4) x^2}{48 a^4 c^2 d e^3 x^2 + 32 a^4 c^2 d^3 e + 16 a^5 c d e^3 - 3 (5 a c^5 d^4 + 6 a^2 c^4 d^2 e^2 + a^3 c^3 e^4) x^5 - 8 (5 a^2 c^4 d^4 + 6 a^3 c^3 d^2 e^2 + a^4 c^2 e^4) x^3} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/96*(96*a^4*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + 64*a^4*c^2*d^3*e + 32*a^5*c*d*e^3 - 6*(5*a*c^5*d^4 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^3*e^4)*x^5 - 16*(5*a^2*c^4*d^4 + 6*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c^2*e^4)*x^3 + 3*(5*a^3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4)*x^6 + 3*(5*a^2*c^3*d^4 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)*x^4 + 3*(5*a^2*c^3*d^4 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 6*(11*a^3*c^3*d^4 - 6*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a^5*c*e^4)*x)/(a^4*c^6*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^5*x^4 + 3*a^6*c^4*x^2 + a^7*c^3), -1/48*(48*a^4*c^2*d*e^3*x^2 + 32*a^4*c^2*d^3*e + 16*a^5*c*d*e^3 - 3*(5*a*c^5*d^4 + 6*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^3*e^4)*x^5 - 8*(5*a^2*c^4*d^4 + 6*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^2 - a^4*c^2*e^4)*x^3 - 3*(5*a^3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a^4*c*d^2*e^2 + a^5*e^4 + (5*c^5*d^4 + 6*a*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c^3*e^4)*x^6 + 3*(5*a*c^4*d^4 + 6*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c^2*e^4)*x^4 + 3*(5*a^2*c^3*d^4 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - 3*(11*a^3*c^3*d^4 - 6*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a^5*c*e^4)*x)/(a^4*c^6*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^5*x^4 + 3*a^6*c^4*x^2 + a^7*c^3)]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 413 vs.  $2(206) = 412$ .

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)\log\left(-\frac{a^4c^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)}{a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4}+x\right)}{32}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)\log\left(\frac{a^4c^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^5}}(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)}{a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4}+x\right)}{32}$$

$$+ \frac{-16a^4de^3 - 32a^3cd^3e - 48a^3cde^3x^2 + x^5 \cdot (3a^2c^2e^4 + 18ac^3d^2e^2 + 15c^4d^4) + x^3(-8a^3ce^4 + 48a^2c^2d^2e^2 + 40a^2c^3d^4) + x(-3a^4e^4 - 18a^3cd^2e^2 + 33a^2c^2d^4)}{48a^6c^2 + 144a^5c^3x^2 + 144a^4c^4x^4 + 48a^3c^5x^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**4/(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`

output `-sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)*log(-a**4*c**2*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)/(a**2*e**4 + 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 5*c**2*d**4) + x)/32 + sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)*log(a**4*c**2*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**5))*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*(a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)/(a**2*e**4 + 6*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 5*c**2*d**4) + x)/32 + (-16*a**4*d*e**3 - 32*a**3*c*d**3*e - 48*a**3*c*d*e**3*x**2 + x**5*(3*a**2*c**2*e**4 + 18*a*c**3*d**2*e**2 + 15*c**4*d**4) + x**3*(-8*a**3*c*e**4 + 48*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 40*a*c**3*d**4) + x*(-3*a**4*e**4 - 18*a**3*c*d**2*e**2 + 33*a**2*c**2*d**4))/(48*a**6*c**2 + 144*a**5*c**3*x**2 + 144*a**4*c**4*x**4 + 48*a**3*c**5*x**6)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{48a^3cde^3x^2 + 32a^3cd^3e + 16a^4de^3 - 3(5c^4d^4 + 6ac^3d^2e^2 + a^2c^2e^4)x^5 - 8(5ac^3d^4 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^2 - a^3c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{48(a^3c^5x^6 + 3a^4c^4x^4 + 3a^5c^3x^2 + a^6c^2)} + \frac{(5c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3c^2}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/48*(48*a^3*c*d*e^3*x^2 + 32*a^3*c*d^3*e + 16*a^4*d*e^3 - 3*(5*c^4*d^4 + 6*a*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c^2*e^4)*x^5 - 8*(5*a*c^3*d^4 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a^3*c*e^4)*x^3 - 3*(11*a^2*c^2*d^4 - 6*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 - a^4*e^4)*x)/(a^3*c^5*x^6 + 3*a^4*c^4*x^4 + 3*a^5*c^3*x^2 + a^6*c^2) + 1/16*(5*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{(5c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3c^2}} + \frac{15c^4d^4x^5 + 18ac^3d^2e^2x^5 + 3a^2c^2e^4x^5 + 40ac^3d^4x^3 + 48a^2c^2d^2e^2x^3 - 8a^3ce^4x^3 - 48a^3cde^3x^2 + 33a^4d^3e - 16a^4d^3e}{48(cx^2+a)^3a^3c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/16*(5*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2) + 1/48*(15*c^4*d^4*x^5 + 18*a*c^3*d^2*e^2*x^5 + 3*a^2*c^2*e^4*x^5 + 40*a*c^3*d^4*x^3 + 48*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3 - 8*a^3*c*e^4*x^3 - 48*a^3*c*d*e^3*x^2 + 33*a^4*d^3*e - 16*a^4*d^3*e)/((c*x^2 + a)^3*a^3*c^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)}{\sqrt{a}(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}\right)(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)}{16a^{7/2}c^{5/2}} - \frac{de^3x^2}{c} - \frac{x^5(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{16a^3} + \frac{x(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2-11c^2d^4)}{16ac^2} + \frac{de(2cd^2+ae^2)}{3c^2} - \frac{x^3(-a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{6a^2c}$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)}{\sqrt{a}(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}\right)(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)}{16a^{7/2}c^{5/2}} - \frac{de^3x^2}{c} - \frac{x^5(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{16a^3} + \frac{x(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2-11c^2d^4)}{16ac^2} + \frac{de(2cd^2+ae^2)}{3c^2} - \frac{x^3(-a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{6a^2c}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^4/(a + c*x^2)^4,x)`output `(atan((c^(1/2)*x*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(a^(1/2)*(a^2*e^4 + 5*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2)))*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(16*a^(7/2)*c^(5/2)) - ((d*e^3*x^2)/c - (x^5*(a^2*e^4 + 5*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(16*a^3) + (x*(a^2*e^4 - 11*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(16*a*c^2) + (d*e*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2))/(3*c^2) - (x^3*(5*c^2*d^4 - a^2*e^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(6*a^2*c))/(a^3 + c^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*c*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*x^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 551, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^4}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^5e^4 + 18\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^4cd^2e^2 + 9\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^4ce^4x^2 + 15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^4/(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*e**4 + 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c*d**2*e**2 + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c*e**4*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 54*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**2*e**4*x**4 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**3*d**4*x**2 + 54*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**3*e**4*x**6 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**4*d**4*x**4 + 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**4*d**2*e**2*x**6 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**5*d**4*x**6 - 16*a**5*c*d*e**3 - 3*a**5*c*e**4*x - 32*a**4*c**2*d**3*e - 18*a**4*c**2*d**2*e**2*x - 48*a**4*c**2*d*e**3*x**2 - 8*a**4*c**2*e**4*x**3 + 33*a**3*c**3*d**4*x + 48*a**3*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**3 + 3*a**3*c**3*e**4*x**5 + 40*a**2*c**4*d**4*x**3 + 18*a**2*c**4*d**2*e**2*x**5 + 15*a*c**5*d**4*x**5)/(48*a**4*c**3*(a**3 + 3*a**2*c*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*x**4 + c**3*x**6))
```

### 3.126 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1025
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1025
Rubi [A] (verified)	1026
Maple [A] (verified)	1028
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1028
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1029
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1030
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1030
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1031
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1031

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{ae(3cd^2 - ae^2) - cd(cd^2 - 3ae^2)x}{6ac^2(a+cx^2)^3} - \frac{6a^2e^3 - cd(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)x}{24a^2c^2(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{d\left(5d^2 + \frac{3ae^2}{c}\right)x}{16a^3(a+cx^2)} + \frac{d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(a*e*(-a*e^2+3*c*d^2)-c*d*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a/c^2/(c*x^2+a)^3-1/24*(6*a^2*e^3-c*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x)/a^2/c^2/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/16*d*(5*d^2+3*a*e^2/c)*x/a^3/(c*x^2+a)+1/16*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/c^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-4a^4e^3+15c^4d^3x^5-3a^3ce(8d^2+3dex+4e^2x^2)+3a^2c^2dx(11d^2+8e^2x^2)+ac^3dx^3(40d^2+9e^2x^2))}{(a+cx^2)^3} + 3\sqrt{cd}(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

48a<sup>7/2</sup>c<sup>2</sup>

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((\sqrt{a})*(-4*a^4*e^3 + 15*c^4*d^3*x^5 - 3*a^3*c*e*(8*d^2 + 3*d*e*x + 4*e^2*x^2) + 3*a^2*c^2*d*x*(11*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2) + a*c^3*d*x^3*(40*d^2 + 9*e^2*x^2)))/(a + c*x^2)^3 + 3*\sqrt{c}*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{c}*x)/\sqrt{a}])/(48*a^{(7/2)}*c^2)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {494, 25, 685, 675, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 494 \\ & \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{6a(a+cx^2)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{(d+ex)^2(5d+2ex)}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6a} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^2(5d+2ex)}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6a} + \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{6a(a+cx^2)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 685 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)(15cd^2+5cexd+4ae^2)}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ae-5cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{6a(a+cx^2)^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 675 \\ & \frac{\frac{3d(3ae^2+5cd^2)}{2a} \int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx - \frac{2e(ae^2+5cd^2)}{c(a+cx^2)} + \frac{dx(15cd^2-ae^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)}}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ae-5cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{6a(a+cx^2)^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3ae^2+5cd^2)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{2e(ae^2+5cd^2)}{c(a+cx^2)} + \frac{dx(15cd^2-ae^2)}{2a(a+cx^2)}}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^2(2ae-5cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{x(d+ex)^3}{6a(a+cx^2)^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output `(x*(d + e*x)^3)/(6*a*(a + c*x^2)^3) + (-1/4*((2*a*e - 5*c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^2)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + ((-2*e*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(c*(a + c*x^2)) + (d*(15*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x)/(2*a*(a + c*x^2)) + (3*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]))/(4*a*c))/(6*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 494 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*(2*p + 3) + d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[n, 1] || (ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, 2])) && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 675 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + (-Simp[(c*d*f - a*e*g)*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] && NiceSqrtQ[(-a)*c])`



rule 685

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c
*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)
^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(2*p + 3) - c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[m]
|| IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
default	$\frac{d(3ae^2+5cd^2)cx^5}{16a^3} + \frac{d(3ae^2+5cd^2)x^3}{6a^2} - \frac{e^3x^2}{4c} - \frac{d(3ae^2-11cd^2)x}{16ac} - \frac{e(ae^2+6cd^2)}{12c^2} + \frac{d(3ae^2+5cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16ca^3\sqrt{ac}}$
risch	$\frac{d(3ae^2+5cd^2)cx^5}{16a^3} + \frac{d(3ae^2+5cd^2)x^3}{6a^2} - \frac{e^3x^2}{4c} - \frac{d(3ae^2-11cd^2)x}{16ac} - \frac{e(ae^2+6cd^2)}{12c^2} - \frac{3d \ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})e^2}{32\sqrt{-ac}ca^2} - \frac{5d^3 \ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})}{32\sqrt{-ac}a^3} +$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(1/16*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*c/a^3*x^5+1/6/a^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x^3-1/4*e^
3*x^2/c-1/16*d*(3*a*e^2-11*c*d^2)/a/c*x-1/12*e*(a*e^2+6*c*d^2)/c^2)/(c*x^2
+a)^3+1/16*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/c/a^3/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{24a^4ce^3x^2 + 48a^4cd^2e + 8a^5e^3 - 6(5ac^4d^3 + 3a^2c^3de^2)x^5 - 16(5a^2c^3d^3 + 3a^3c^2de^2)x^3 + 3(5a^3cd^3 - 12a^4ce^3x^2 + 24a^4cd^2e + 4a^5e^3 - 3(5ac^4d^3 + 3a^2c^3de^2)x^5 - 8(5a^2c^3d^3 + 3a^3c^2de^2)x^3 - 3(5a^3cd^3 -$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/96*(24*a^4*c*e^3*x^2 + 48*a^4*c*d^2*e + 8*a^5*e^3 - 6*(5*a*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^2*c^3*d*e^2)*x^5 - 16*(5*a^2*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^3*c^2*d*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(5*a^3*c*d^3 + 3*a^4*d*e^2 + (5*c^4*d^3 + 3*a*c^3*d*e^2)*x^6 + 3*(5*a*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*e^2)*x^4 + 3*(5*a^2*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^3*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 6*(11*a^3*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^4*c*d*e^2)*x)/(a^4*c^5*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^4*x^4 + 3*a^6*c^3*x^2 + a^7*c^2), -1/48*(12*a^4*c*e^3*x^2 + 24*a^4*c*d^2*e + 4*a^5*e^3 - 3*(5*a*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^2*c^3*d*e^2)*x^5 - 8*(5*a^2*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^3*c^2*d*e^2)*x^3 - 3*(5*a^3*c*d^3 + 3*a^4*d*e^2 + (5*c^4*d^3 + 3*a*c^3*d*e^2)*x^6 + 3*(5*a*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*e^2)*x^4 + 3*(5*a^2*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^3*c*d*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - 3*(11*a^3*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^4*c*d*e^2)*x)/(a^4*c^5*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^4*x^4 + 3*a^6*c^3*x^2 + a^7*c^2)]`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^3}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^3}} \cdot (3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \log\left(-\frac{a^4cd\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^3}} \cdot (3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{3ade^2 + 5cd^3} + x\right)}{32} + \frac{d\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^3}} \cdot (3ae^2 + 5cd^2) \log\left(\frac{a^4cd\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^3}} \cdot (3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{3ade^2 + 5cd^3} + x\right)}{32} + \frac{-4a^4e^3 - 24a^3cd^2e - 12a^3ce^3x^2 + x^5 \cdot (9ac^3de^2 + 15c^4d^3) + x^3 \cdot (24a^2c^2de^2 + 40ac^3d^3) + x(-9a^3cde^2)}{48a^6c^2 + 144a^5c^3x^2 + 144a^4c^4x^4 + 48a^3c^5x^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**3/(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`

output

```
-d*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**3))*(3*a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)*log(-a**4*c*d*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**3))*(3*a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)/(3*a*d*e**2 + 5*c*d**3) + x)/32 + d*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**3))*(3*a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)*log(a**4*c*d*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**3))*(3*a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)/(3*a*d*e**2 + 5*c*d**3) + x)/32 + (-4*a**4*e**3 - 24*a**3*c*d**2*e - 12*a**3*c*e**3*x**2 + x**5*(9*a*c**3*d*e**2 + 15*c**4*d**3) + x**3*(24*a**2*c**2*d*e**2 + 40*a*c**3*d**3) + x*(-9*a**3*c*d*e**2 + 33*a**2*c**2*d**3))/(48*a**6*c**2 + 144*a**5*c**3*x**2 + 144*a**4*c**4*x**4 + 48*a**3*c**5*x**6)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{12a^3ce^3x^2 + 24a^3cd^2e + 4a^4e^3 - 3(5c^4d^3 + 3ac^3de^2)x^5 - 8(5ac^3d^3 + 3a^2c^2de^2)x^3 - 3(11a^2c^2d^3 - 48(a^3c^5x^6 + 3a^4c^4x^4 + 3a^5c^3x^2 + a^6c^2))}{48(a^3c^5x^6 + 3a^4c^4x^4 + 3a^5c^3x^2 + a^6c^2)} + \frac{(5cd^3 + 3ade^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3c}}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/48*(12*a^3*c*e^3*x^2 + 24*a^3*c*d^2*e + 4*a^4*e^3 - 3*(5*c^4*d^3 + 3*a*c^3*d*e^2)*x^5 - 8*(5*a*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d*e^2)*x^3 - 3*(11*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^3*c*d*e^2)*x)/(a^3*c^5*x^6 + 3*a^4*c^4*x^4 + 3*a^5*c^3*x^2 + a^6*c^2) + 1/16*(5*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{(5cd^3 + 3ade^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3c}} + \frac{15c^4d^3x^5 + 9ac^3de^2x^5 + 40ac^3d^3x^3 + 24a^2c^2de^2x^3 - 12a^3ce^3x^2 + 33a^2c^2d^3x - 9a^3cde^2x - 24a^3cd^2}{48(cx^2+a)^3a^3c^2}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{16}*(5*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)*\arctan(c*x/\sqrt{a*c})/(\sqrt{a*c})*a^3*c + \frac{1}{48}*(15*c^4*d^3*x^5 + 9*a*c^3*d*e^2*x^5 + 40*a*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 24*a^2*c^2*d*e^2*x^3 - 12*a^3*c*e^3*x^2 + 33*a^2*c^2*d^3*x - 9*a^3*c*d*e^2*x - 24*a^3*c*d^2*e - 4*a^4*e^3)/((c*x^2 + a)^3*a^3*c^2)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (5cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{16a^{7/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{\frac{e^3x^2}{4c} + \frac{e(6cd^2+ae^2)}{12c^2} - \frac{dx^3(5cd^2+3ae^2)}{6a^2} + \frac{dx(3ae^2-11cd^2)}{16ac} - \frac{cdx^5(5cd^2+3ae^2)}{16a^3}}{a^3 + 3a^2cx^2 + 3ac^2x^4 + c^3x^6}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^3/(a + c*x^2)^4,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(d*\operatorname{atan}((c^{1/2}*x)/a^{1/2})*(3*a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(16*a^{7/2}*c^{3/2}) - ((e^3*x^2)/(4*c) + (e*(a*e^2 + 6*c*d^2))/(12*c^2) - (d*x^3*(3*a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(6*a^2) + (d*x*(3*a*e^2 - 11*c*d^2))/(16*a*c) - (c*d*x^5*(3*a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(16*a^3))/(a^3 + c^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*c*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*x^4)}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^3}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{9\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4 d e^2 + 15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 c d^3 + 27\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 c d e^2 x^2 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d e^2 x^2 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d e^2 x^2 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d e^2 x^2 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c^2 d^2 x^2}{a^3 + 3a^2cx^2 + 3ac^2x^4 + c^3x^6}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^3/(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`

output `(9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*d*e**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d**3 + 27*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 27*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**4 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**3*x**4 + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**6 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**4*d**3*x**6 - 4*a**5*e**3 - 24*a**4*c*d**2*e - 9*a**4*c*d*e**2*x - 12*a**4*c*e**3*x**2 + 33*a**3*c**2*d**3*x + 24*a**3*c**2*d*e**2*x**3 + 40*a**2*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 9*a**2*c**3*d*e**2*x**5 + 15*a*c**4*d**3*x**5)/(48*a**4*c**2*(a**3 + 3*a**2*c*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*x**4 + c**3*x**6))`

### 3.127 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1033
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1033
Rubi [A] (verified)	1034
Maple [A] (verified)	1036
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1036
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1037
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1039
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{2ade - (cd^2 - ae^2)x}{6ac(a+cx^2)^3} + \frac{(5cd^2 + ae^2)x}{24a^2c(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{(5cd^2 + ae^2)x}{16a^3c(a+cx^2)} + \frac{(5cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(2*a*d*e-(-a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^3+1/24*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x/a^2/c/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/16*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*x/a^3/c/(c*x^2+a)+1/16*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/c^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{15c^3d^2x^5 - a^3e(16d+3ex) + ac^2x^3(40d^2+3e^2x^2) + a^2cx(33d^2+8e^2x^2)}{48a^3c(a+cx^2)^3} + \frac{(5cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output  $(15*c^3*d^2*x^5 - a^3*e*(16*d + 3*e*x) + a*c^2*x^3*(40*d^2 + 3*e^2*x^2) + a^2*c*x*(33*d^2 + 8*e^2*x^2))/(48*a^3*c*(a + c*x^2)^3 + ((5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(16*a^(7/2)*c^(3/2))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {495, 454, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^2}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5cd^2 + 4cexd + ae^2}{(cx^2 + a)^3} dx}{6ac} - \frac{(d + ex)(ae - cdx)}{6ac(a + cx^2)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 454 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2 + 5cd^2) \int \frac{1}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx}{4a} - \frac{4ade - x(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2} - \frac{(d + ex)(ae - cdx)}{6ac(a + cx^2)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 215 \\
 & \frac{3(ae^2 + 5cd^2) \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{cx^2 + a} dx}{2a} + \frac{x}{2a(a + cx^2)} \right)}{4a} - \frac{4ade - x(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2} - \frac{(d + ex)(ae - cdx)}{6ac(a + cx^2)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{x}{2a(a + cx^2)} \right) (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{4a} - \frac{4ade - x(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{4a(a + cx^2)^2} - \frac{(d + ex)(ae - cdx)}{6ac(a + cx^2)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2)^4, x]$

output 
$$-1/6*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^3) + (-1/4*(4*a*d*e - (5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x)/(a*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(x/(2*a*(a + c*x^2)) + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]/(2*a^{3/2}*\text{Sqrt}[c]))/(4*a))/(6*a*c)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 215  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 454  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}, x] + \text{Simp}[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -3/2]$

rule 495  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{n_}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{n - 1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n - 2}*(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}*\text{Simp}[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
default	$\frac{(ae^2+5cd^2)cx^5}{16a^3} + \frac{(ae^2+5cd^2)x^3}{6a^2} - \frac{(ae^2-11cd^2)x}{16ac} - \frac{de}{3c} + \frac{(ae^2+5cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16ca^3\sqrt{ac}}$
risch	$\frac{(ae^2+5cd^2)cx^5}{16a^3} + \frac{(ae^2+5cd^2)x^3}{6a^2} - \frac{(ae^2-11cd^2)x}{16ac} - \frac{de}{3c} - \frac{\ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})e^2}{32\sqrt{-ac}ca^2} - \frac{5\ln(cx+\sqrt{-ac})d^2}{32\sqrt{-ac}a^3} + \frac{\ln(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})e^2}{32\sqrt{-ac}ca^2} + \frac{5\ln(-cx+\sqrt{-ac})d^2}{32\sqrt{-ac}a^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\left(\frac{1}{16}(ae^2+5cd^2)c/a^3x^5 + \frac{1}{6}a^2(ae^2+5cd^2)x^3 - \frac{1}{16}(ae^2-11cd^2)/a/cx - \frac{1}{3}d^2e/c\right)/(c*x^2+a)^3 + \frac{1}{16}(ae^2+5cd^2)/c/a^3/(a*c)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(c*x/(a*c)^{(1/2)})$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{32a^4cde - 6(5ac^4d^2 + a^2c^3e^2)x^5 - 16(5a^2c^3d^2 + a^3c^2e^2)x^3 + 3((5c^4d^2 + ac^3e^2)x^6 + 5a^3cd^2 + a^4e^2)}{96(a^4c^5x^6 + 3a^5c^4x^4 + 3a^6c^3x^2 + a^7c^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{16a^4cde - 3(5ac^4d^2 + a^2c^3e^2)x^5 - 8(5a^2c^3d^2 + a^3c^2e^2)x^3 - 3((5c^4d^2 + ac^3e^2)x^6 + 5a^3cd^2 + a^4e^2)}{48(a^4c^5x^6 + 3a^5c^4x^4 + 3a^6c^3x^2 + a^7c^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/96*(32*a^4*c*d*e - 6*(5*a*c^4*d^2 + a^2*c^3*e^2)*x^5 - 16*(5*a^2*c^3*d^2 + a^3*c^2*e^2)*x^3 + 3*((5*c^4*d^2 + a*c^3*e^2)*x^6 + 5*a^3*c*d^2 + a^4*e^2 + 3*(5*a*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^4 + 3*(5*a^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) - 6*(11*a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)*x)/(a^4*c^5*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^4*x^4 + 3*a^6*c^3*x^2 + a^7*c^2), -1/48*(16*a^4*c*d*e - 3*(5*a*c^4*d^2 + a^2*c^3*e^2)*x^5 - 8*(5*a^2*c^3*d^2 + a^3*c^2*e^2)*x^3 - 3*((5*c^4*d^2 + a*c^3*e^2)*x^6 + 5*a^3*c*d^2 + a^4*e^2 + 3*(5*a*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c^2*e^2)*x^4 + 3*(5*a^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*c*e^2)*x^2)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a) - 3*(11*a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)*x)/(a^4*c^5*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^4*x^4 + 3*a^6*c^3*x^2 + a^7*c^2)]
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^3}}(ae^2+5cd^2)\log\left(-a^4c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^3}}+x\right)}{32} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^3}}(ae^2+5cd^2)\log\left(a^4c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c^3}}+x\right)}{32} + \frac{-16a^3de+x^5\cdot(3ac^2e^2+15c^3d^2)+x^3\cdot(8a^2ce^2+40ac^2d^2)+x(-3a^3e^2+33a^2cd^2)}{48a^6c+144a^5c^2x^2+144a^4c^3x^4+48a^3c^4x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**4,x)
```

output

```
-sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**3))*(a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)*log(-a**4*c*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**3)) + x)/32 + sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**3))*(a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)*log(a**4*c*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c**3)) + x)/32 + (-16*a**3*d*e + x**5*(3*a*c**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**2) + x**3*(8*a**2*c*e**2 + 40*a*c**2*d**2) + x*(-3*a**3*e**2 + 33*a**2*c*d**2))/(48*a**6*c + 144*a**5*c**2*x**2 + 144*a**4*c**3*x**4 + 48*a**3*c**4*x**6)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(5c^3d^2 + ac^2e^2)x^5 - 16a^3de + 8(5ac^2d^2 + a^2ce^2)x^3 + 3(11a^2cd^2 - a^3e^2)x}{48(a^3c^4x^6 + 3a^4c^3x^4 + 3a^5c^2x^2 + a^6c)}$$

$$+ \frac{(5cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3c}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/48*(3*(5*c^3*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2)*x^5 - 16*a^3*d*e + 8*(5*a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*x^3 + 3*(11*a^2*c*d^2 - a^3*e^2)*x)/(a^3*c^4*x^6 + 3*a^4*c^3*x^4 + 3*a^5*c^2*x^2 + a^6*c) + 1/16*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(5cd^2 + ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3c}}$$

$$+ \frac{15c^3d^2x^5 + 3ac^2e^2x^5 + 40ac^2d^2x^3 + 8a^2ce^2x^3 + 33a^2cd^2x - 3a^3e^2x - 16a^3de}{48(cx^2 + a)^3a^3c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/16*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c) + 1/48*(15*c^3*d^2*x^5 + 3*a*c^2*e^2*x^5 + 40*a*c^2*d^2*x^3 + 8*a^2*c*e^2*x^3 + 33*a^2*c*d^2*x - 3*a^3*e^2*x - 16*a^3*d*e)/((c*x^2 + a)^3*a^3*c)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{x^3(5cd^2+ae^2)}{6a^2} - \frac{de}{3c} - \frac{x(ae^2-11cd^2)}{16ac} + \frac{cx^5(5cd^2+ae^2)}{16a^3} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(5cd^2+ae^2)}{16a^{7/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^2/(a + c*x^2)^4,x)`output `((x^3*(a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(6*a^2) - (d*e)/(3*c) - (x*(a*e^2 - 11*c*d^2))/(16*a*c) + (c*x^5*(a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(16*a^3))/(a^3 + c^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*c*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*x^4) + (atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2))*(a*e^2 + 5*c*d^2))/(16*a^(7/2)*c^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^2}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^4e^2 + 15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3cd^2 + 9\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3ce^2x^2 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^2 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^4 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^6 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^8 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{10} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{12} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{14} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{16} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{18} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{20} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{22} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{24} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{26} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{28} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{30} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{32} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{34} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{36} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{38} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{40} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{42} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{44} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{46} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{48} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{50} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{52} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{54} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{56} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{58} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{60} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{62} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{64} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{66} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{68} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{70} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{72} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{74} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{76} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{78} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{80} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{82} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{84} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{86} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{88} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{90} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{92} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{94} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{96} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2cd^2x^{98} + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2ce^2x^{100}}{16a^{7/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*e**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*d**2 + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c*e**2*x**2 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**2*e**2*x**4 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*d**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**3*e**2*x**6 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**4*d**2*x**6 - 16*a**4*c*d*e - 3*a**4*c*e**2*x + 33*a**3*c**2*d**2*x + 8*a**3*c**2*e**2*x**3 + 40*a**2*c**3*d**2*x**3 + 3*a**2*c**3*e**2*x**5 + 15*a*c**4*d**2*x**5)/(48*a**4*c**2*(a**3 + 3*a**2*c*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*x**4 + c**3*x**6))
```

### 3.128 $\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1041
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1041
Rubi [A] (verified)	1042
Maple [A] (verified)	1043
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1044
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1044
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1045
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1045
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1046
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1046

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{-ae+cdx}{6ac(a+cx^2)^3} + \frac{5dx}{24a^2(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{5dx}{16a^3(a+cx^2)} + \frac{5d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

output `1/6*(c*d*x-a*e)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^3+5/24*d*x/a^2/(c*x^2+a)^2+5/16*d*x/a^3/(c*x^2+a)+5/16*d*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/c^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-8a^3e+33a^2cdx+40ac^2dx^3+15c^3dx^5)}{(a+cx^2)^3} + \frac{15\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{48a^{7/2}c}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output `((Sqrt[a]*(-8*a^3*e + 33*a^2*c*d*x + 40*a*c^2*d*x^3 + 15*c^3*d*x^5))/(a + c*x^2)^3 + 15*Sqrt[c]*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(48*a^(7/2)*c)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {454, 215, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{454} \\
 & \frac{5d \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6a} - \frac{ae - cdx}{6ac(a + cx^2)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{5d \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a} + \frac{x}{4a(a+cx^2)^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{ae - cdx}{6ac(a + cx^2)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{5d \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{cx^2+a} dx}{2a} + \frac{x}{2a(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x}{4a(a+cx^2)^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{ae - cdx}{6ac(a + cx^2)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{5d \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{x}{2a(a+cx^2)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x}{4a(a+cx^2)^2} \right)}{6a} - \frac{ae - cdx}{6ac(a + cx^2)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2)^4,x]`

output

```
-1/6*(a*e - c*d*x)/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^3) + (5*d*(x/(4*a*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*(x/(2*a*(a + c*x^2)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[c])))/(4*a)))/(6*a)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 215

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

rule 454

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1)))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2cdx-2ae}{12ac(cx^2+a)^3} + \frac{5d \left( \frac{x}{4a(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{\frac{3x}{8a(cx^2+a)} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{8a\sqrt{ac}}}{a} \right)}{6a}$	91
risch	$\frac{\frac{5d}{16a^3}x^5 + \frac{5cd}{6a^2}x^3 + \frac{11dx}{16a} - \frac{e}{6c}}{(cx^2+a)^3} - \frac{5d \ln(cx + \sqrt{-ac})}{32\sqrt{-ac}a^3} + \frac{5d \ln(-cx + \sqrt{-ac})}{32\sqrt{-ac}a^3}$	95

input

```
int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```
1/12*(2*c*d*x-2*a*e)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^3+5/6*d/a*(1/4*x/a/(c*x^2+a)^2+3/4/a*(1/2*x/a/(c*x^2+a)+1/2/a/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{30 ac^3 dx^5 + 80 a^2 c^2 dx^3 + 66 a^3 c dx - 16 a^4 e - 15 (c^3 dx^6 + 3 ac^2 dx^4 + 3 a^2 c dx^2 + a^3 d) \sqrt{-ac} \log \left( \frac{cx^2 - 2\sqrt{-ac}x - a}{(cx^2 + a)} \right)}{96 (a^4 c^4 x^6 + 3 a^5 c^3 x^4 + 3 a^6 c^2 x^2 + a^7 c)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/96*(30*a*c^3*d*x^5 + 80*a^2*c^2*d*x^3 + 66*a^3*c*d*x - 16*a^4*e - 15*(c^3*d*x^6 + 3*a*c^2*d*x^4 + 3*a^2*c*d*x^2 + a^3*d)*sqrt(-a*c)*log((c*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*x - a)/(c*x^2 + a)))/(a^4*c^4*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^3*x^4 + 3*a^6*c^2*x^2 + a^7*c), 1/48*(15*a*c^3*d*x^5 + 40*a^2*c^2*d*x^3 + 33*a^3*c*d*x - 8*a^4*e + 15*(c^3*d*x^6 + 3*a*c^2*d*x^4 + 3*a^2*c*d*x^2 + a^3*d)*sqrt(a*c)*arctan(sqrt(a*c)*x/a))/(a^4*c^4*x^6 + 3*a^5*c^3*x^4 + 3*a^6*c^2*x^2 + a^7*c)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx = d \left( -\frac{5\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c}} \log \left( -a^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c}} + x \right)}{32} + \frac{5\sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c}} \log \left( a^4 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^7c}} + x \right)}{32} \right) + \frac{-8a^3e + 33a^2cdx + 40ac^2dx^3 + 15c^3dx^5}{48a^6c + 144a^5c^2x^2 + 144a^4c^3x^4 + 48a^3c^4x^6}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`

output `d*(-5*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c))*log(-a**4*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c)) + x)/32 + 5*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c))*log(a**4*sqrt(-1/(a**7*c)) + x)/32) + (-8*a**3*e + 33*a**2*c*d*x + 40*a*c**2*d*x**3 + 15*c**3*d*x**5)/(48*a**6*c + 144*a**5*c**2*x**2 + 144*a**4*c**3*x**4 + 48*a**3*c**4*x**6)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{15c^3dx^5 + 40ac^2dx^3 + 33a^2cdx - 8a^3e}{48(a^3c^4x^6 + 3a^4c^3x^4 + 3a^5c^2x^2 + a^6c)} + \frac{5d \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(15*c^3*d*x^5 + 40*a*c^2*d*x^3 + 33*a^2*c*d*x - 8*a^3*e)/(a^3*c^4*x^6 + 3*a^4*c^3*x^4 + 3*a^5*c^2*x^2 + a^6*c) + 5/16*d*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^3)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{d+ex}{(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{5d \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16\sqrt{aca^3}} + \frac{15c^3dx^5 + 40ac^2dx^3 + 33a^2cdx - 8a^3e}{48(cx^2+a)^3a^3c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/16*d*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(sqrt(a*c)*a^3) + 1/48*(15*c^3*d*x^5 + 40*a*c^2*d*x^3 + 33*a^2*c*d*x - 8*a^3*e)/((c*x^2 + a)^3*a^3*c)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{\frac{11dx}{16a} - \frac{e}{6c} + \frac{5c^2 dx^5}{16a^3} + \frac{5cdx^3}{6a^2}}{a^3 + 3a^2cx^2 + 3ac^2x^4 + c^3x^6} + \frac{5d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)/(a + c*x^2)^4,x)`output `((11*d*x)/(16*a) - e/(6*c) + (5*c^2*d*x^5)/(16*a^3) + (5*c*d*x^3)/(6*a^2)) / (a^3 + c^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*c*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*x^4) + (5*d*atan((c^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2)))/(16*a^(7/2)*c^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{d + ex}{(a + cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3d + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2cdx^2 + 45\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}\right) ac^2dx^4 + 15\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}{48a^4c(c^3x^6 + 3ac^2x^4 + 3a^2cx^2 + a^3)}$$

input `int((e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`output `(15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*d + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c*d*x**2 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**2*d*x**4 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**3*d*x**6 - 8*a**4*e + 33*a**3*c*d*x + 40*a**2*c**2*d*x**3 + 15*a*c**3*d*x**5)/(48*a**4*c*(a**3 + 3*a**2*c*x**2 + 3*a*c**2*x**4 + c**3*x**6))`

**3.129**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1047
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1048
Rubi [A] (verified)	1048
Maple [A] (verified)	1052
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1052
Sympy [F(-1)]	1053
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1054
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1055
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1056
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1056

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 295

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{ae+cdx}{6a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)^3} + \frac{6a^2e^3+cd(5cd^2+11ae^2)x}{24a^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{8a^3e^5+cd(5c^2d^4+16acd^2e^2+19a^2e^4)x}{16a^3(cd^2+ae^2)^3(a+cx^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{cd}(5c^3d^6+21ac^2d^4e^2+35a^2cd^2e^4+35a^3e^6)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^4} + \frac{e^7\log(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^4} - \frac{e^7\log(a+cx^2)}{2(cd^2+ae^2)^4}$$

output

```
1/6*(c*d*x+a*e)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)^3+1/24*(6*a^2*e^3+c*d*(11*a*e^2+
5*c*d^2)*x)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/16*(8*a^3*e^5+c*d*(19*a^2*e^
4+16*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*x)/a^3/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(c*x^2+a)+1/16*c^(1/2)*
d*(35*a^3*e^6+35*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*arctan(c^(1/2)*
x/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4+e^7*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4-1/2*e^7*1
n(c*x^2+a)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{8(cd^2+ae^2)^3(ae+cdx)}{a(a+cx^2)^3} + \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(6a^2e^3+5c^2d^3x+11acde^2x)}{a^2(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{3(cd^2+ae^2)(8a^3e^5+5c^3d^5x+16ac^2d^3e^2x+19a^2cde^4x)}{a^3(a+cx^2)} + \frac{3\sqrt{cd}(5c^3d^2+ae^2)}{48(cd^2+ae^2)^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^4),x]
```

output

```
((8*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(a*e + c*d*x))/(a*(a + c*x^2)^3) + (2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(6*a^2*e^3 + 5*c^2*d^3*x + 11*a*c*d*e^2*x))/(a^2*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(8*a^3*e^5 + 5*c^3*d^5*x + 16*a*c^2*d^3*e^2*x + 19*a^2*c*d*e^4*x))/(a^3*(a + c*x^2)) + (3*sqrt[c]*d*(5*c^3*d^6 + 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 35*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 35*a^3*e^6)*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[a]])/a^(7/2) + 48*e^7*Log[d + e*x] - 24*e^7*Log[a + c*x^2))/(48*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.529$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 686, 27, 686, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^4(d+ex)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 496$$

$$\frac{ae+cdx}{6a(a+cx^2)^3(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{5cd^2+5cexd+6ae^2}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6a(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{5cd^2+5cexd+6ae^2}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{6a(a+cx^2)^3(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & \frac{\frac{6a^2e^3+cdx(11ae^2+5cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \int \frac{3c(5c^2d^4+11ace^2d^2+ce(5cd^2+11ae^2)xd+8a^2e^4)}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{6a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{6a(a+cx^2)^3(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{5c^2d^4+11ace^2d^2+ce(5cd^2+11ae^2)xd+8a^2e^4}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{6a^2e^3+cdx(11ae^2+5cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{6a(a+cx^2)^3(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{8a^3e^5+cdx(19a^2e^4+16acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \int \frac{c(5c^3d^6+16ac^2e^2d^4+19a^2ce^4d^2+ce(5c^2d^4+16ace^2d^2+19a^2e^4)xd+16a^3e^6)}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)} dx \right)}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{6a^2e^3+cdx(11ae^2+5cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \\
 & \quad \frac{ae+cdx}{6a(a+cx^2)^3(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \int \frac{c(5c^3d^6+16ac^2e^2d^4+19a^2ce^4d^2+ce(5c^2d^4+16ace^2d^2+19a^2e^4)xd+16a^3e^6)}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)} dx + \frac{8a^3e^5+cdx(19a^2e^4+16acd^2e^2+5c^2d^4)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{6a^2e^3+cdx(11ae^2+5cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \\
 & \quad \frac{ae+cdx}{6a(a+cx^2)^3(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{5c^3 d^6 + 16ac^2 e^2 d^4 + 19a^2 ce^4 d^2 + ce(5c^2 d^4 + 16ace^2 d^2 + 19a^2 e^4)xd + 16a^3 e^6}{(d+ex)(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{8a^3 e^5 + cdx(19a^2 e^4 + 16acd^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right) + \frac{6a^2 e^3 + cdx(11ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{6a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{ae + cdx}$$

$$\frac{6a(a + cx^2)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

657

$$3 \left( \frac{\int \left( \frac{16a^3 e^8}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)} + \frac{c(5c^3 d^7 + 21ac^2 e^2 d^5 + 35a^2 ce^4 d^3 + 35a^3 e^6 d - 16a^3 e^7 x)}{(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} \right) dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{8a^3 e^5 + cdx(19a^2 e^4 + 16acd^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right) + \frac{6a^2 e^3 + cdx(11ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{6a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{ae + cdx}$$

$$\frac{6a(a + cx^2)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

2009

$$3 \left( \frac{-\frac{8a^3 e^7 \log(a+cx^2)}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{16a^3 e^7 \log(d+ex)}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (35a^3 e^6 + 35a^2 cd^2 e^4 + 21ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 5c^3 d^6)}{\sqrt{a}(ae^2+cd^2)}}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{8a^3 e^5 + cdx(19a^2 e^4 + 16acd^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} \right) + \frac{6a^2 e^3 + cdx(11ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{6a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{ae + cdx}$$

$$\frac{6a(a + cx^2)^3 (ae^2 + cd^2)}{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^4),x]`

output `(a*e + c*d*x)/(6*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)^3) + ((6*a^2*e^3 + c*d*(5*c*d^2 + 11*a*e^2)*x)/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*((8*a^3*e^5 + c*d*(5*c^2*d^4 + 16*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 19*a^2*e^4)*x)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + ((Sqrt[c]*d*(5*c^3*d^6 + 21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 35*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 35*a^3*e^6)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) + (16*a^3*e^7*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - (8*a^3*e^7*Log[a + c*x^2])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))/(6*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 496  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{-(a*d + b*c*x)})(\text{c + d*x})^{(\text{n + 1})} * ((\text{a + b*x}^2)^{(\text{p + 1})} / (2*\text{a}*(\text{p + 1})*(\text{b*c}^2 + \text{a*d}^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p + 1})*(\text{b*c}^2 + \text{a*d}^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c + d*x})^{\text{n}} * (\text{a + b*x}^2)^{(\text{p + 1})} * \text{Simp}[\text{b*c}^2*(2*\text{p + 3}) + \text{a*d}^2*(\text{n + 2*p + 3}) + \text{b*c*d}*(\text{n + 2*p + 4})*\text{x}, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[\text{a}, 0, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$
- rule 657  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_)} / ((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(\text{x}_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(\text{d + e*x})^{\text{m}} * ((\text{f + g*x})^{\text{n}} / (\text{a + c*x}^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{n}]$
- rule 686  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(\text{x}_)) * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{-(d + e*x)}^{\text{m + 1}}) * (\text{f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x}) * ((\text{a + c*x}^2)^{(\text{p + 1})} / (2*\text{a*c}*(\text{p + 1})*(\text{c*d}^2 + \text{a*e}^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a*c}*(\text{p + 1})*(\text{c*d}^2 + \text{a*e}^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d + e*x})^{\text{m}} * (\text{a + c*x}^2)^{(\text{p + 1})} * \text{Simp}[\text{f*(c}^2*\text{d}^2*(2*\text{p + 3}) + \text{a*c*e}^2*(\text{m + 2*p + 3})) - \text{a*c*d*e*g*m} + \text{c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)}*(\text{m + 2*p + 4})*\text{x}, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}] \ \|\ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ \|\ \text{IntegerQ}[2*\text{m}, 2*\text{p}])$
- rule 2009  $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; SumQ}[\text{u}]$



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
default	$\frac{e^7 \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^4} + c \left( \frac{c^2 d (19e^6 a^3 + 35d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 21d^4 e^2 a c^2 + 5d^6 c^3) x^5}{16a^3} + \left( \frac{1}{2} a e^7 c + \frac{1}{2} d^2 e^5 c^2 \right) x^4 + \frac{cd (17e^6 a^3 + 33d^2 e^4 a^2 c + 21d^4 e^2 a c^2 + 5d^6 c^3)}{6a^2} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{e^7 \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^4} + \frac{c}{(ae^2+cd^2)^4} \left( \frac{(1/16*c^2*d*(19*a^3*e^6+35*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)/a^3*x^5+(1/2*a*e^7*c+1/2*d^2*e^5*c^2)*x^4+1/6*c*d*(17*a^3*e^6+33*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+21*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)/a^2*x^3+(5/4*a^2*e^7+3/2*a*d^2*e^5*c+1/4*c^2*d^4*e^3)*x^2+1/16*d*(29*a^3*e^6+61*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+43*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+11*c^3*d^6)/a*x+1/12*e*(11*a^3*e^6+18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+9*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+2*c^3*d^6)/c}{(c*x^2+a)^3} + \frac{1}{16/a^3} \left( -8*e^7*a^3/c*\ln(c*x^2+a) + (35*a^3*d*e^6+35*a^2*c*d^3*e^4+21*a*c^2*d^5*e^2+5*c^3*d^7)/(a*c)^{(1/2)}*\arctan(c*x/(a*c)^{(1/2)}) \right) \right)$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 880 vs. 2(277) = 554.

Time = 9.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1784, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/96*(16*a^3*c^3*d^6*e + 72*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 144*a^5*c*d^2*e^5 + 88*a^6*
e^7 + 6*(5*c^6*d^7 + 21*a*c^5*d^5*e^2 + 35*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^4 + 19*a^3*c^3*d*
e^6))*x^5 + 48*(a^3*c^3*d^2*e^5 + a^4*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 16*(5*a*c^5*d^7 + 21*a
^2*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 33*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 17*a^4*c^2*d*e^6)*x^3 + 24*(a^3*c^3*
d^4*e^3 + 6*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 5*a^5*c*e^7)*x^2 + 3*(5*a^3*c^3*d^7 + 21*a^4
*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 35*a^5*c*d^3*e^4 + 35*a^6*d*e^6 + (5*c^6*d^7 + 21*a*c^5*d^5
*e^2 + 35*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^4 + 35*a^3*c^3*d*e^6))*x^6 + 3*(5*a*c^5*d^7 + 21*a^
2*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 35*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 35*a^4*c^2*d*e^6)*x^4 + 3*(5*a^2*c^4*
d^7 + 21*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 35*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 35*a^5*c*d*e^6)*x^2)*sqrt(
-c/a)*log((c*x^2 + 2*a*x*sqrt(-c/a) - a)/(c*x^2 + a)) + 6*(11*a^2*c^4*d^7
+ 43*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 61*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 29*a^5*c*d*e^6)*x - 48*(a^3*c^
3*e^7*x^6 + 3*a^4*c^2*e^7*x^4 + 3*a^5*c*e^7*x^2 + a^6*e^7)*log(c*x^2 + a)
+ 96*(a^3*c^3*e^7*x^6 + 3*a^4*c^2*e^7*x^4 + 3*a^5*c*e^7*x^2 + a^6*e^7)*log
(e*x + d))/(a^6*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^7*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^8*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^9*c*
d^2*e^6 + a^10*e^8 + (a^3*c^7*d^8 + 4*a^4*c^6*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^5*c^5*d^4*e^4
+ 4*a^6*c^4*d^2*e^6 + a^7*c^3*e^8)*x^6 + 3*(a^4*c^6*d^8 + 4*a^5*c^5*d^6*e^
2 + 6*a^6*c^4*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^7*c^3*d^2*e^6 + a^8*c^2*e^8)*x^4 + 3*(a^5*c^5*
d^8 + 4*a^6*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^7*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^6 + a^9*c*e^
8)*x^2), 1/48*(8*a^3*c^3*d^6*e + 36*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 72*a^5*c*d^2*e^5 + 4
4*a^6*e^7 + 3*(5*c^6*d^7 + 21*a*c^5*d^5*e^2 + 35*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^4 + 19*a...
```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x**2+a)**4,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 655 vs.  $2(277) = 554$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 655, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{e^7 \log(cx^2+a)}{2(c^4d^8+4ac^3d^6e^2+6a^2c^2d^4e^4+4a^3cd^2e^6+a^4e^8)} + \frac{e^7 \log(ex+d)}{c^4d^8+4ac^3d^6e^2+6a^2c^2d^4e^4+4a^3cd^2e^6+a^4e^8} + \frac{(5c^4d^7+21ac^3d^5e^2+35a^2c^2d^3e^4+35a^3cde^6) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16(a^3c^4d^8+4a^4c^3d^6e^2+6a^5c^2d^4e^4+4a^6cd^2e^6+a^7e^8)\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{24a^3c^2e^5x^4+8a^3c^2d^4e+28a^4cd^2e^3+44a^5e^5+3(5c^5d^5+16ac^4d^3e^2+19a^2c^3de^4)x^5+8(5ac^4d^5+16a^2c^3d^3e^2+17a^3c^2d^2e^4)x^3+12(a^3c^2d^2e^3+5a^4c^2e^5)x^2+3(11a^2c^3d^5+32a^3c^2d^3e^2+29a^4c^2d^2e^4)x}{48(a^6c^3d^6+3a^7c^2d^4e^2+3a^8cd^2e^4+a^9e^6+(a^3c^6d^6+3a^4c^5d^4e^2+3a^5c^4d^2e^4+a^6c^3e^6)x^6+3(a^4c^5d^6+3a^5c^4d^4e^2+3a^6c^3d^2e^4+a^7c^2e^6)x^4+3(a^5c^4d^6+3a^6c^3d^4e^2+3a^7c^2d^2e^4+a^8c^2e^6)x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*e^7*log(c*x^2+a)/(c^4*d^8+4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4+4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+a^4*e^8)+e^7*log(e*x+d)/(c^4*d^8+4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4+4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+a^4*e^8)+1/16*(5*c^4*d^7+21*a*c^3*d^5*e^2+35*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4+35*a^3*c*d*e^6)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/((a^3*c^4*d^8+4*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^2+6*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^4+4*a^6*c*d^2*e^6+a^7*e^8)*sqrt(a*c))+1/48*(24*a^3*c^2*e^5*x^4+8*a^3*c^2*d^4*e+28*a^4*c*d^2*e^3+44*a^5*e^5+3*(5*c^5*d^5+16*a*c^4*d^3*e^2+19*a^2*c^3*d*e^4)*x^5+8*(5*a*c^4*d^5+16*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2+17*a^3*c^2*d*e^4)*x^3+12*(a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3+5*a^4*c^2*e^5)*x^2+3*(11*a^2*c^3*d^5+32*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2+29*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^4)*x)/(a^6*c^3*d^6+3*a^7*c^2*d^4*e^2+3*a^8*c*d^2*e^4+a^9*e^6+(a^3*c^6*d^6+3*a^4*c^5*d^4*e^2+3*a^5*c^4*d^2*e^4+a^6*c^3*e^6)*x^6+3*(a^4*c^5*d^6+3*a^5*c^4*d^4*e^2+3*a^6*c^3*d^2*e^4+a^7*c^2*e^6)*x^4+3*(a^5*c^4*d^6+3*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^2+3*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^4+a^8*c^2*e^6)*x^2)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 562 vs.  $2(277) = 554$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 562, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \frac{e^8 \log(|ex+d|)}{c^4 d^8 e + 4ac^3 d^6 e^3 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^5 + 4a^3 c d^2 e^7 + a^4 e^9} - \frac{e^7 \log(cx^2+a)}{2(c^4 d^8 + 4ac^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 4a^3 c d^2 e^6 + a^4 e^8)} + \frac{(5c^4 d^7 + 21ac^3 d^5 e^2 + 35a^2 c^2 d^3 e^4 + 35a^3 c d e^6) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{ac}}\right)}{16(a^3 c^4 d^8 + 4a^4 c^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^5 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 4a^6 c d^2 e^6 + a^7 e^8) \sqrt{ac}} + \frac{8a^3 c^3 d^6 e + 36a^4 c^2 d^4 e^3 + 72a^5 c d^2 e^5 + 44a^6 e^7 + 3(5c^6 d^7 + 21ac^5 d^5 e^2 + 35a^2 c^4 d^3 e^4 + 19a^3 c^3 d e^6) x^5}{16(a^3 c^4 d^8 + 4a^4 c^3 d^6 e^2 + 6a^5 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 4a^6 c d^2 e^6 + a^7 e^8) \sqrt{ac}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `e^8*log(abs(e*x + d))/(c^4*d^8*e + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + a^4*e^9) - 1/2*e^7*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^4*d^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + a^4*e^8) + 1/16*(5*c^4*d^7 + 21*a*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 35*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 35*a^3*c*d*e^6)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c)))/((a^3*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^6*c*d^2*e^6 + a^7*e^8)*sqrt(a*c)) + 1/48*(8*a^3*c^3*d^6*e + 36*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 72*a^5*c*d^2*e^5 + 44*a^6*e^7 + 3*(5*c^6*d^7 + 21*a*c^5*d^5*e^2 + 35*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^4 + 19*a^3*c^3*d*e^6)*x^5 + 24*(a^3*c^3*d^2*e^5 + a^4*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 8*(5*a*c^5*d^7 + 21*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 33*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 17*a^4*c^2*d*e^6)*x^3 + 12*(a^3*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 6*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 5*a^5*c*e^7)*x^2 + 3*(11*a^2*c^4*d^7 + 43*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 61*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 29*a^5*c*d*e^6)*x)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^4*(c*x^2 + a)^3*a^3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1470, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^4*(d + e*x)),x)`

output

```
((11*a^2*e^5 + 2*c^2*d^4*e + 7*a*c*d^2*e^3)/(12*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (x^2*(c^2*d^2*e^3 + 5*a*c*e^5))/(4*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (x*(11*c^3*d^5 + 32*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 29*a^2*c*d*e^4))/(16*a*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (c^2*e^5*x^4)/(2*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (x^3*(5*c^4*d^5 + 16*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 17*a^2*c^2*d*e^4))/(6*a^2*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (x^5*(5*c^5*d^5 + 16*a*c^4*d^3*e^2 + 19*a^2*c^3*d*e^4))/(16*a^3*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)))/(a^3 + c^3*x^6 + 3*a^2*c*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*x^4) + (e^7*log(d + e*x))/(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^4 - (log(25*a^7*c^10*d^18*x - 2304*a^13*e^18*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) - 25*a^4*c^9*d^18*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) + 5833*a^5*d^2*e^16*(-a^7*c)^(3/2) + 3612*c^5*d^12*e^6*(-a^7*c)^(3/2) + 2304*a^16*c*e^18*x + 9660*a^2*c^3*d^8*e^10*(-a^7*c)^(3/2) + 8820*a^3*c^2*d^6*e^12*(-a^7*c)^(3/2) - 260*a^5*c^8*d^16*e^2*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) - 1236*a^6*c^7*d^14*e^4*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) + 260*a^8*c^9*d^16*e^2*x + 1236*a^9*c^8*d^14*e^4*x + 3612*a^10*c^7*d^12*e^6*x + 7126*a^11*c^6*d^10*e^8*x + 9660*a^12*c^5*d^8*e^10*x + 8820*a^13*c^4*d^6*e^12*x + 7204*a^14*c^3*d^4*e^14*x + 5833*a^15*c^2*d^2*e^16*x + 7126*a*c^4*d^10*e^8*(-a^7*c)^(3/2) + 7204*a^4*c*d^4*e^14*(-a^7*c)^(3/2))*(16*a^7*e^7 + 5*c^3*d^7*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) + 35*a^3*d*e^6*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) + 21*a*c^2*d^5*e^2*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) + 35*a^2*c*d^3*e^4*(-a^7*c)...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1226, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(c*x^2+a)^4,x)`

output

```
(105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**6*d*e**6 + 105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*c*d**3*e**4 + 315*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*c*d**6*x**2 + 63*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**2*d**5*e**2 + 315*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 315*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**2*d*e**6*x**4 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**3*d**7 + 189*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 + 315*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**3*c**3*d*e**6*x**6 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**4*d**7*x**2 + 189*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**4*d**5*e**2*x**4 + 105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**2*c**4*d**3*e**4*x**6 + 45*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**5*d**7*x**4 + 63*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a*c**5*d**5*e**2*x**6 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*c**6*d**7*x**6 - 24*log(a + c*x**2)*a**7*e**7 - 72*log(a + c*x**2)*a**6*c*e**7*x**2 - 72*log(a + c*x**2)*a**5*c**2*e**7*x**4 - 24*log(a + c*x**2)*a**4*c**3*e**7*x**6 + 48*log(d + e*x)*a**7*e**7 + 144*log(d + e*x)*a**6*c*e**7*x**2 + 144*log(d + e*x)*a**5*c**2*e**7*x**4 + 48*log(d + e*x)*a**4*c**3*e**7*x**6 + 36*a**7*e**7 + 64*a**6*c*d**2*e...
```

$$3.130 \quad \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1058
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1059
Rubi [A] (verified)	1060
Maple [A] (verified)	1063
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1064
Sympy [F(-1)]	1064
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1064
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1065
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1066
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1067

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 377

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^4} dx \\
 &= -\frac{e^7}{(cd^2+ae^2)^4(d+ex)} + \frac{c(2ade+(cd^2-ae^2)x)}{6a(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^2)^3} \\
 &+ \frac{c(24a^2de^3+(5c^2d^4+18acd^2e^2-11a^2e^4)x)}{24a^2(cd^2+ae^2)^3(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 &+ \frac{c(48a^3de^5+(5c^3d^6+23ac^2d^4e^2+47a^2cd^2e^4-19a^3e^6)x)}{16a^3(cd^2+ae^2)^4(a+cx^2)} \\
 &+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(5c^4d^8+28ac^3d^6e^2+70a^2c^2d^4e^4+140a^3cd^2e^6-35a^4e^8) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}(cd^2+ae^2)^5} \\
 &+ \frac{8cde^7 \log(d+ex)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^5} - \frac{4cde^7 \log(a+cx^2)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$-e^7/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^4/(e^2x+d)+1/6*c*(2*a*d*e+(-a^2e^2+cd^2)*x)/a/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^2/(c^2x^2+a)^3+1/24*c*(24*a^2*d*e^3+(-11*a^2e^4+18*a*c*d^2*e^2+5*c^2*d^4)*x)/a^2/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^3/(c^2x^2+a)^2+1/16*c*(48*a^3*d*e^5+(-19*a^3e^6+47*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+23*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+5*c^3*d^6)*x)/a^3/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^4/(c^2x^2+a)+1/16*c^(1/2)*(-35*a^4*e^8+140*a^3*c*d^2*e^6+70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4+28*a*c^3*d^6*e^2+5*c^4*d^8)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^5+8*c*d*e^7*ln(e^2x+d)/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^5-4*c*d*e^7*ln(c^2x^2+a)/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^5$$
**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{48e^7(cd^2+ae^2)}{d+ex} + \frac{3c(cd^2+ae^2)(5c^3d^6x+23ac^2d^4e^2x+47a^2cd^2e^4x+a^3e^5(48d-19ex))}{a^3(a+cx^2)} + \frac{2c(cd^2+ae^2)^2(5c^2d^4x+18acd^2e^2x+a^2e^3(24d-19e^2x))}{a^2(a+cx^2)^2}}{a^2(a+cx^2)^2}$$

input

Integrate[1/((d + e\*x)^2\*(a + c\*x^2)^4),x]

output

$$\frac{((-48e^7*(cd^2 + ae^2))/(d + e*x) + (3*c*(cd^2 + ae^2)*(5*c^3*d^6*x + 23*a*c^2*d^4*e^2*x + 47*a^2*c*d^2*e^4*x + a^3*e^5*(48*d - 19*e*x)))/(a^3*(a + c*x^2)) + (2*c*(cd^2 + ae^2)^2*(5*c^2*d^4*x + 18*a*c*d^2*e^2*x + a^2*e^3*(24*d - 11*e*x)))/(a^2*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (8*c*(cd^2 + ae^2)^3*(cd^2*x + ae*(2*d - e*x)))/(a*(a + c*x^2)^3) + (3*sqrt[c]*(5*c^4*d^8 + 28*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 140*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 35*a^4*e^8)*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*x)/sqrt[a]]/a^(7/2) + 384*c*d*e^7*Log[d + e*x] - 192*c*d*e^7*Log[a + c*x^2])/(48*(cd^2 + ae^2)^5)}$$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.529$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 686, 25, 27, 686, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^4 (d+ex)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{ae+cdx}{6a(a+cx^2)^3 (d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{5cd^2+6cexd+7ae^2}{(d+ex)^2 (cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6a(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{5cd^2+6cexd+7ae^2}{(d+ex)^2 (cx^2+a)^3} dx}{6a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{6a(a+cx^2)^3 (d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{c(15c^2d^4+34ace^2d^2+4ce(5cd^2+13ae^2)xd+35a^2e^4)}{(d+ex)^2 (cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{ae(cd^2-7ae^2)-cdx(13ae^2+5cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2 (d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{6a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \\
 & \quad \frac{ae+cdx}{6a(a+cx^2)^3 (d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{c(15c^2d^4+34ace^2d^2+4ce(5cd^2+13ae^2)xd+35a^2e^4)}{(d+ex)^2 (cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{ae(cd^2-7ae^2)-cdx(13ae^2+5cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2 (d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{6a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \\
 & \quad \frac{ae+cdx}{6a(a+cx^2)^3 (d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{15c^2 d^4 + 34ace^2 d^2 + 4ce(5cd^2 + 13ae^2)xd + 35a^2 e^4}{(d+ex)^2 (cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{ae(cd^2-7ae^2) - cdx(13ae^2+5cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} +$$

$$\frac{6a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \cdot \frac{6a(a+cx^2)^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx}$$

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$$- \frac{\int -\frac{3c(5c^3 d^6 + 13ac^2 e^2 d^4 + 11a^2 ce^4 d^2 + 2ce(5c^2 d^4 + 18ace^2 d^2 + 29a^2 e^4)xd + 35a^3 e^6)}{(d+ex)^2 (cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{ae(5cd^2-7ae^2)(5ae^2+cd^2) - 3cdx(29a^2 e^4 + 18acd^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{6a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \cdot \frac{6a(a+cx^2)^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx}$$

27

$$3 \int \frac{5c^3 d^6 + 13ac^2 e^2 d^4 + 11a^2 ce^4 d^2 + 2ce(5c^2 d^4 + 18ace^2 d^2 + 29a^2 e^4)xd + 35a^3 e^6}{(d+ex)^2 (cx^2+a)} dx - \frac{ae(5cd^2-7ae^2)(5ae^2+cd^2) - 3cdx(29a^2 e^4 + 18acd^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{6a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \cdot \frac{6a(a+cx^2)^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx}$$

657

$$3 \int \left( \frac{128a^3 cde^8}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)} + \frac{(-5c^3 d^6 - 23ac^2 e^2 d^4 - 47a^2 ce^4 d^2 + 35a^3 e^6)e^2}{(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^2} + \frac{c(5c^4 d^8 + 28ac^3 e^2 d^6 + 70a^2 c^2 e^4 d^4 + 140a^3 ce^6 d^2 - 128a^3 ce^7 xd - 35a^4 e^8)}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2 (cx^2+a)} \right) dx - \frac{ae(5cd^2-7ae^2)(5ae^2+cd^2) - 3cdx(29a^2 e^4 + 18acd^2 e^2 + 5c^2 d^4)}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{6a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \cdot \frac{6a(a+cx^2)^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx}$$

2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{64a^3 cde^7 \log(a+cx^2)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{128a^3 cde^7 \log(d+ex)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^2} + \frac{e(-35a^3 e^6 + 47a^2 cd^2 e^4 + 23ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 5c^3 d^6)}{(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (-35a^4 e^8 + 140a^3 cd^2 e^6 + 70a^2 c^2 d^4 e^4 + 28a^3 ce^7 xd - 35a^4 e^8)}{\sqrt{a}(ae^2+cd^2)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{6a(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx} \cdot \frac{6a(a+cx^2)^3(d+ex)(ae^2+cd^2)}{ae+cdx}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^2*(a + c*x^2)^4),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (a*e + c*d*x)/(6*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^3) + (-1/4*(a*e*(c*d^2 - 7*a*e^2) - c*d*(5*c*d^2 + 13*a*e^2)*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)^2) \\ & + (-1/2*(a*e*(5*c*d^2 - 7*a*e^2)*(c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2) - 3*c*d*(5*c^2*d^4 + 18*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 29*a^2*e^4)*x)/(a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)*(a + c*x^2)) \\ & + (3*((e*(5*c^3*d^6 + 23*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 47*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 35*a^3*e^6))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)) + (Sqrt[c]*(5*c^4*d^8 + 28*a*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 140*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 - 35*a^4*e^8)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2) \\ & + (128*a^3*c*d*e^7*Log[d + e*x])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2 - (64*a^3*c*d*e^7*Log[a + c*x^2])/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(6*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(a*d + b*c*x))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 686

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((f._) + (g._)*(x._))*((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
default	$-\frac{e^7}{(ae^2+cd^2)^4(ex+d)} + \frac{8cde^7 \ln(ex+d)}{(ae^2+cd^2)^5} - c \left( \frac{c^2(19a^4e^8-28a^3cd^2e^6-70a^2c^2d^4e^4-28ac^3d^6e^2-5c^4d^8)x^5}{16a^3} + (-3ade^7c^2-3d^3e^5c^3) \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-e^7/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^4/(e*x+d)+8*c*d*e^7*ln(e*x+d)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^5-c/(a*e^2+
c*d^2)^5*((1/16*c^2*(19*a^4*e^8-28*a^3*c*d^2*e^6-70*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-28*a*c
^3*d^6*e^2-5*c^4*d^8)/a^3*x^5+(-3*a*c^2*d*e^7-3*c^3*d^3*e^5)*x^4+1/6*c*(17
*a^4*e^8-20*a^3*c*d^2*e^6-60*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-28*a*c^3*d^6*e^2-5*c^4*d^8)/a
^2*x^3+(-7*a^2*c*d*e^7-8*a*c^2*d^3*e^5-c^3*d^5*e^3)*x^2+1/16*(29*a^4*e^8-2
0*a^3*c*d^2*e^6-90*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4-52*a*c^3*d^6*e^2-11*c^4*d^8)/a*x-1/3*d*
e*(13*a^3*e^6+18*a^2*c*d^2*e^4+6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2+c^3*d^6))/(c*x^2+a)^3+1/16/
a^3*(64*a^3*d*e^7*ln(c*x^2+a)+(35*a^4*e^8-140*a^3*c*d^2*e^6-70*a^2*c^2*d^4
*e^4-28*a*c^3*d^6*e^2-5*c^4*d^8)/(a*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(a*c)^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1909 vs.  $2(361) = 722$ .

Time = 19.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3843, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**2/(c*x**2+a)**4,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1215 vs.  $2(361) = 722$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1215, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2 (a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-4*c*d*e^7*log(c*x^2 + a)/(c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4
+ 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + a^5*e^10) + 8*c*d*e^7*log(e*x +
d)/(c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 +
5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + a^5*e^10) + 1/16*(5*c^5*d^8 + 28*a*c^4*d^6*e^2 + 70*a^2
*c^3*d^4*e^4 + 140*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6 - 35*a^4*c*e^8)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(a*c))/(
(a^3*c^5*d^10 + 5*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^
6 + 5*a^7*c*d^2*e^8 + a^8*e^10)*sqrt(a*c)) + 1/48*(16*a^3*c^3*d^6*e + 80*a
^4*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 208*a^5*c*d^2*e^5 - 48*a^6*e^7 + 3*(5*c^6*d^6*e + 23*a*c^
5*d^4*e^3 + 47*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^5 - 35*a^3*c^3*e^7)*x^6 + 3*(5*c^6*d^7 + 23*a
*c^5*d^5*e^2 + 47*a^2*c^4*d^3*e^4 + 29*a^3*c^3*d*e^6)*x^5 + 8*(5*a*c^5*d^6
*e + 23*a^2*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 55*a^3*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 35*a^4*c^2*e^7)*x^4 + 8*(5*
a*c^5*d^7 + 23*a^2*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 43*a^3*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 25*a^4*c^2*d*e^6)*x^
3 + 3*(11*a^2*c^4*d^6*e + 57*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 161*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 77*a^
5*c*e^7)*x^2 + (33*a^2*c^4*d^7 + 139*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 227*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^4
+ 121*a^5*c*d*e^6)*x)/(a^6*c^4*d^9 + 4*a^7*c^3*d^7*e^2 + 6*a^8*c^2*d^5*e^
4 + 4*a^9*c*d^3*e^6 + a^10*d*e^8 + (a^3*c^7*d^8*e + 4*a^4*c^6*d^6*e^3 + 6*
a^5*c^5*d^4*e^5 + 4*a^6*c^4*d^2*e^7 + a^7*c^3*e^9)*x^7 + (a^3*c^7*d^9 + 4*
a^4*c^6*d^7*e^2 + 6*a^5*c^5*d^5*e^4 + 4*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^6 + a^7*c^3*d*e^8)*x
^6 + 3*(a^4*c^6*d^8*e + 4*a^5*c^5*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^6*c^4*d^4*e^5 + 4*a^7*c^3*
d^2*e^7 + a^8*c^2*e^9)*x^5 + 3*(a^4*c^6*d^9 + 4*a^5*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 6*a^6...

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 906 vs.  $2(361) = 722$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 906, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-e^15/((c^4*d^8*e^8 + 4*a*c^3*d^6*e^10 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^12 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*
e^14 + a^4*e^16)*(e*x + d)) - 4*c*d*e^7*log(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2/(e
*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2)/(c^5*d^10 + 5*a*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^
6*e^4 + 10*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^4*c*d^2*e^8 + a^5*e^10) + 1/16*(5*c^5*d^8
*e^2 + 28*a*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 70*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 140*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^8 - 35*a^
4*c*e^10)*arctan((c*d - c*d^2/(e*x + d) - a*e^2/(e*x + d))/(sqrt(a*c)*e))/
((a^3*c^5*d^10 + 5*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^6*c^2*d^4*e
^6 + 5*a^7*c*d^2*e^8 + a^8*e^10)*sqrt(a*c)*e^2) + 1/48*(15*c^7*d^7*e + 79*
a*c^6*d^5*e^3 + 185*a^2*c^5*d^3*e^5 - 295*a^3*c^4*d*e^7 - 3*(25*c^7*d^8*e^
2 + 130*a*c^6*d^6*e^4 + 300*a^2*c^5*d^4*e^6 - 618*a^3*c^4*d^2*e^8 + 19*a^4
*c^3*e^10)/((e*x + d)*e) + 6*(25*c^7*d^9*e^3 + 135*a*c^6*d^7*e^5 + 327*a^2
*c^5*d^5*e^7 - 691*a^3*c^4*d^3*e^9 - 76*a^4*c^3*d*e^11)/((e*x + d)^2*e^2)
- 2*(75*c^7*d^10*e^4 + 440*a*c^6*d^8*e^6 + 1162*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^8 - 2212*a^3
*c^4*d^4*e^10 - 1277*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^12 + 68*a^5*c^2*e^14)/((e*x + d)^3*e^3)
+ 3*(25*c^7*d^11*e^5 + 165*a*c^6*d^9*e^7 + 490*a^2*c^5*d^7*e^9 - 742*a^3*
c^4*d^5*e^11 - 1139*a^4*c^3*d^3*e^13 - 47*a^5*c^2*d*e^15)/((e*x + d)^4*e^4
) - 3*(5*c^7*d^12*e^6 + 38*a*c^6*d^10*e^8 + 131*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^10 - 140*a^3
*c^4*d^6*e^12 - 517*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^14 - 250*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^16 + 29*a^6*c*e^1
8)/((e*x + d)^5*e^5)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^5*a^3*(c - 2*c*d/(e*x + d) + c*d^2/
(e*x + d)^2 + a*e^2/(e*x + d)^2)^3)

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1876, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^2 (a + cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a + c*x^2)^4*(d + e*x)^2),x)
```

output

```

((c^3*d^6*e - 3*a^3*e^7 + 5*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 13*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)/(3*(a*e^2 +
c*d^2)*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (x*(33*c
^3*d^5 + 106*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 121*a^2*c*d*e^4))/(48*a*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 +
3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (x^6*(5*c^6*d^6*e - 35*a^3*c^3*e^7 +
23*a*c^5*d^4*e^3 + 47*a^2*c^4*d^2*e^5))/(16*a^3*(a^4*e^8 + c^4*d^8 + 4*a*
c^3*d^6*e^2 + 4*a^3*c*d^2*e^6 + 6*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^4)) + (x^3*(5*c^4*d^5 + 18
*a*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 25*a^2*c^2*d*e^4))/(6*a^2*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^
4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)) + (x^5*(5*c^5*d^5 + 18*a*c^4*d^3*e^2 + 29*a^2*c^
3*d*e^4))/(16*a^3*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4))
+ (x^4*(5*c^5*d^6*e - 35*a^3*c^2*e^7 + 23*a*c^4*d^4*e^3 + 55*a^2*c^3*d^2*
e^5))/(6*a^2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*
c*d^2*e^4)) + (x^2*(11*c^4*d^6*e - 77*a^3*c*e^7 + 57*a*c^3*d^4*e^3 + 161*a
^2*c^2*d^2*e^5))/(16*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(a^3*e^6 + c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^
2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)))/(a^3*d + c^3*d*x^6 + c^3*e*x^7 + a^3*e*x + 3*a^2*c*
d*x^2 + 3*a*c^2*d*x^4 + 3*a^2*c*e*x^3 + 3*a*c^2*e*x^5) - (log(25*c^9*d^20*
(-a^7*c)^(3/2) - 1225*a^17*e^20*(-a^7*c)^(1/2) + 25*a^10*c^11*d^20*x - 291
237*a*d^4*e^16*(-a^7*c)^(5/2) - 184696*c*d^6*e^14*(-a^7*c)^(5/2) + 140106*
a^9*d^2*e^18*(-a^7*c)^(3/2) + 1225*a^20*c*e^20*x + 2069*a^2*c^7*d^16*e^4*(
-a^7*c)^(3/2) + 8568*a^3*c^6*d^14*e^6*(-a^7*c)^(3/2) + 24514*a^4*c^5*d^12*
e^8*(-a^7*c)^(3/2) + 47740*a^5*c^4*d^10*e^10*(-a^7*c)^(3/2) + 62370*a^6...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2894, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^2(a+cx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^2/(c*x^2+a)^4,x)
```



output

```
( - 105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**7*d**2*e**8 - 105
*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**7*d*e**9*x + 420*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**6*c*d**4*e**6 + 420*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**6*c*d**3*e**7*x - 315*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**6*c*d**2*e**8*x**2 - 315*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**6*c*d*e**9*x**3 + 210*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*at
an((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*c**2*d**6*e**4 + 210*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan
((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*c**2*d**5*e**5*x + 1260*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*ata
n((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*c**2*d**4*e**6*x**2 + 1260*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*c**2*d**3*e**7*x**3 - 315*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*c**2*d**2*e**8*x**4 - 315*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**5*c**2*d*e**9*x**5 + 84*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**3*d**8*e**2 + 84*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**3*d**7*e**3*x + 630*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**3*d**6*e**4*x**2 + 630*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**3*d**5*e**5*x**3 + 1260*sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**3*d**4*e**6*x**4 + 1260*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**3*d**3*e**7*x**5 - 105
*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**3*d**2*e**8*x**6 -
105*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)))*a**4*c**3*d*e**9*x**7...
```

$$\mathbf{3.131} \quad \int \frac{1}{(-3+x)(4+x^2)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1069
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1069
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1070
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1071
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1072
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1072
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1072
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1073
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1073
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1073

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{1}{(-3+x)(4+x^2)} dx = -\frac{3}{26} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{13} \log(3-x) - \frac{1}{26} \log(4+x^2)$$

output `-3/26*arctan(1/2*x)+1/13*ln(3-x)-1/26*ln(x^2+4)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(-3+x)(4+x^2)} dx = -\frac{3}{26} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{26} \log(13+6(-3+x)+(-3+x)^2) + \frac{1}{13} \log(-3+x)$$

input `Integrate[1/((-3 + x)*(4 + x^2)),x]`

output `(-3*ArcTan[x/2])/26 - Log[13 + 6*(-3 + x) + (-3 + x)^2]/26 + Log[-3 + x]/13`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.385$ , Rules used = {479, 25, 452, 216, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(x-3)(x^2+4)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{479} \\
 & \frac{1}{13} \int -\frac{x+3}{x^2+4} dx + \frac{1}{13} \log(3-x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{13} \log(3-x) - \frac{1}{13} \int \frac{x+3}{x^2+4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{452} \\
 & \frac{1}{13} \left( -3 \int \frac{1}{x^2+4} dx - \int \frac{x}{x^2+4} dx \right) + \frac{1}{13} \log(3-x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{1}{13} \left( -\int \frac{x}{x^2+4} dx - \frac{3}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{13} \log(3-x) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{240} \\
 & \frac{1}{13} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2+4) \right) + \frac{1}{13} \log(3-x)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((-3 + x)*(4 + x^2)),x]`

output `Log[3 - x]/13 + ((-3*ArcTan[x/2])/2 - Log[4 + x^2]/2)/13`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 216  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \parallel \text{GtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 240  $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2, \text{x}]] / (2 * \text{b}), \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 452  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_)] / ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c} \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{d} \quad \text{Int}[\text{x}/(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2, 0]$
- rule 479  $\text{Int}[1/((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_)) * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d} * (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}, \text{x}]] / (\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{b}/(\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} - \text{d} * \text{x}) / (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(-3+x)}{13} - \frac{\ln(x^2+4)}{26} - \frac{3 \arctan(\frac{x}{2})}{26}$	22
risch	$\frac{\ln(-3+x)}{13} - \frac{\ln(9x^2+36)}{26} - \frac{3 \arctan(\frac{x}{2})}{26}$	24
paralelrisch	$\frac{\ln(-3+x)}{13} - \frac{\ln(x-2i)}{26} + \frac{3i \ln(x-2i)}{52} - \frac{\ln(x+2i)}{26} - \frac{3i \ln(x+2i)}{52}$	38

input  $\text{int}(1/(-3+x)/(x^2+4), \text{x}, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/13 * \ln(-3+x) - 1/26 * \ln(x^2+4) - 3/26 * \arctan(1/2 * x)$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(-3+x)(4+x^2)} dx = -\frac{3}{26} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - \frac{1}{26} \log(x^2+4) + \frac{1}{13} \log(x-3)$$

input `integrate(1/(-3+x)/(x^2+4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-3/26*arctan(1/2*x) - 1/26*log(x^2 + 4) + 1/13*log(x - 3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{(-3+x)(4+x^2)} dx = \frac{\log(x-3)}{13} - \frac{\log(x^2+4)}{26} - \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{26}$$

input `integrate(1/(-3+x)/(x**2+4),x)`

output `log(x - 3)/13 - log(x**2 + 4)/26 - 3*atan(x/2)/26`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(-3+x)(4+x^2)} dx = -\frac{3}{26} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - \frac{1}{26} \log(x^2+4) + \frac{1}{13} \log(x-3)$$

input `integrate(1/(-3+x)/(x^2+4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/26*arctan(1/2*x) - 1/26*log(x^2 + 4) + 1/13*log(x - 3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{(-3+x)(4+x^2)} dx = -\frac{3}{26} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) - \frac{1}{26} \log(x^2+4) + \frac{1}{13} \log(|x-3|)$$

input `integrate(1/(-3+x)/(x^2+4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3/26*arctan(1/2*x) - 1/26*log(x^2 + 4) + 1/13*log(abs(x - 3))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(-3+x)(4+x^2)} dx = \frac{\ln(x-3)}{13} + \ln(x-2i) \left(-\frac{1}{26} + \frac{3}{52}i\right) + \ln(x+2i) \left(-\frac{1}{26} - \frac{3}{52}i\right)$$

input `int(1/((x^2 + 4)*(x - 3)),x)`

output `log(x - 3)/13 - log(x - 2i)*(1/26 - 3i/52) - log(x + 2i)*(1/26 + 3i/52)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(-3+x)(4+x^2)} dx = -\frac{3\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{26} - \frac{\log(x^2+4)}{26} + \frac{\log(x-3)}{13}$$

input `int(1/(-3+x)/(x^2+4),x)`

output `( - 3*atan(x/2) - log(x**2 + 4) + 2*log(x - 3))/26`

$$3.132 \quad \int \frac{1}{(2+x)(1+x^2)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1074
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1074
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1075
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1076
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1077
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1077
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1077
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1078
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1078
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1078

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{2 \arctan(x)}{5} + \frac{1}{5} \log(2+x) - \frac{1}{10} \log(1+x^2)$$

output `2/5*arctan(x)+1/5*ln(2+x)-1/10*ln(x^2+1)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{2 \arctan(x)}{5} + \frac{1}{5} \log(2+x) - \frac{1}{10} \log(1+x^2)$$

input `Integrate[1/((2 + x)*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[x])/5 + Log[2 + x]/5 - Log[1 + x^2]/10`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {479, 452, 216, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+2)(x^2+1)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 479$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2+1} dx + \frac{1}{5} \log(x+2)$$

$$\downarrow 452$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx - \int \frac{x}{x^2+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} \log(x+2)$$

$$\downarrow 216$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 2 \arctan(x) - \int \frac{x}{x^2+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{5} \log(x+2)$$

$$\downarrow 240$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 2 \arctan(x) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2+1) \right) + \frac{1}{5} \log(x+2)$$

input `Int[1/((2 + x)*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `Log[2 + x]/5 + (2*ArcTan[x] - Log[1 + x^2]/2)/5`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 216  $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*A$   
 $\text{rcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a$   
 $, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 240  $\text{Int}[(x_+)/((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x$   
 $^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 452  $\text{Int}(((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+))/((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \ \text{Int}[1/$   
 $(a + b*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \ \text{Int}[x/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c,$   
 $d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$

rule 479  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+))*((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}$   
 $[\text{RemoveContent}[c + d*x, x]]/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)$   
 $\text{Int}[(c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \arctan(x)}{5} + \frac{\ln(2+x)}{5} - \frac{\ln(x^2+1)}{10}$	20
risch	$\frac{2 \arctan(x)}{5} + \frac{\ln(2+x)}{5} - \frac{\ln(x^2+1)}{10}$	20
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(2+x)}{5} - \frac{\ln(x-i)}{10} - \frac{i \ln(x-i)}{5} - \frac{\ln(x+i)}{10} + \frac{i \ln(x+i)}{5}$	38

input  $\text{int}(1/(2+x)/(x^2+1), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $2/5*\arctan(x)+1/5*\ln(2+x)-1/10*\ln(x^2+1)$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{2}{5} \arctan(x) - \frac{1}{10} \log(x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{5} \log(x + 2)$$

input `integrate(1/(2+x)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*arctan(x) - 1/10*log(x^2 + 1) + 1/5*log(x + 2)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{\log(x+2)}{5} - \frac{\log(x^2+1)}{10} + \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}(x)}{5}$$

input `integrate(1/(2+x)/(x**2+1),x)`

output `log(x + 2)/5 - log(x**2 + 1)/10 + 2*atan(x)/5`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{2}{5} \arctan(x) - \frac{1}{10} \log(x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{5} \log(x + 2)$$

input `integrate(1/(2+x)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*arctan(x) - 1/10*log(x^2 + 1) + 1/5*log(x + 2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{2}{5} \arctan(x) - \frac{1}{10} \log(x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{5} \log(|x + 2|)$$

input `integrate(1/(2+x)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/5*arctan(x) - 1/10*log(x^2 + 1) + 1/5*log(abs(x + 2))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{\ln(x+2)}{5} + \ln(x-i) \left(-\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{5}i\right) + \ln(x+1i) \left(-\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{5}i\right)$$

input `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(x + 2)),x)`output `log(x + 2)/5 - log(x - 1i)*(1/10 + 1i/5) - log(x + 1i)*(1/10 - 1i/5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{atan}(x)}{5} - \frac{\log(x^2 + 1)}{10} + \frac{\log(x + 2)}{5}$$

input `int(1/(2+x)/(x^2+1),x)`output `(4*atan(x) - log(x**2 + 1) + 2*log(x + 2))/10`

### 3.133 $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+x^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1079
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1079
Rubi [A] (verified)	1080
Maple [A] (verified)	1081
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1082
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1082
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1082
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1083
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1083
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1083

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \log(1+x) - \frac{1}{4} \log(1+x^2)$$

output `1/2*arctan(x)+1/2*ln(1+x)-1/4*ln(x^2+1)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \log(1+x) - \frac{1}{4} \log(1+x^2)$$

input `Integrate[1/((1+x)*(1+x^2)),x]`

output `ArcTan[x]/2 + Log[1+x]/2 - Log[1+x^2]/4`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {479, 452, 216, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)(x^2+1)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 479$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-x}{x^2+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \log(x+1)$$

$$\downarrow 452$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx - \int \frac{x}{x^2+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x+1)$$

$$\downarrow 216$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \arctan(x) - \int \frac{x}{x^2+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x+1)$$

$$\downarrow 240$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \arctan(x) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2+1) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x+1)$$

input `Int[1/((1+x)*(1+x^2)),x]`

output `Log[1+x]/2 + (ArcTan[x] - Log[1+x^2]/2)/2`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216  $\text{Int}[\frac{1}{(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\frac{1}{\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[b, 2]}] \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\frac{\text{Rt}[b, 2]}{\text{Rt}[a, 2]}], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])

rule 240  $\text{Int}[\frac{x}{(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\frac{\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x^2, x]]}{2 \cdot b}, x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x]

rule 452  $\text{Int}[\frac{(c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)}{(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot \text{Int}[\frac{1}{(a + b \cdot x^2)}, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \cdot \text{Int}[\frac{x}{(a + b \cdot x^2)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2, 0]

rule 479  $\text{Int}[\frac{1}{((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)) \cdot ((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot \text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[c + d \cdot x, x]] / (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2), x] + \text{Simp}[b / (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2) \cdot \text{Int}[(c - d \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^2+1)}{4}$	20
risch	$\frac{\arctan(x)}{2} + \frac{\ln(x+1)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^2+1)}{4}$	20
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(x+1)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x-i)}{4} - \frac{i \ln(x-i)}{4} - \frac{\ln(x+i)}{4} + \frac{i \ln(x+i)}{4}$	38

input `int(1/(x+1)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*arctan(x)+1/2*ln(x+1)-1/4*ln(x^2+1)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \arctan(x) - \frac{1}{4} \log(x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*arctan(x) - 1/4*log(x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(x + 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{\log(x+1)}{2} - \frac{\log(x^2+1)}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}(x)}{2}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(x**2+1),x)`output `log(x + 1)/2 - log(x**2 + 1)/4 + atan(x)/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \arctan(x) - \frac{1}{4} \log(x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*arctan(x) - 1/4*log(x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(x + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{1}{2} \arctan(x) - \frac{1}{4} \log(x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{2} \log(|x + 1|)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*arctan(x) - 1/4*log(x^2 + 1) + 1/2*log(abs(x + 1))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{\ln(x+1)}{2} + \ln(x-i) \left(-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4}i\right) + \ln(x+1i) \left(-\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}i\right)$$

input `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(x + 1)),x)`output `log(x + 1)/2 - log(x - 1i)*(1/4 + 1i/4) - log(x + 1i)*(1/4 - 1i/4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}(x)}{2} - \frac{\log(x^2 + 1)}{4} + \frac{\log(x + 1)}{2}$$

input `int(1/(1+x)/(x^2+1),x)`output `(2*atan(x) - log(x**2 + 1) + 2*log(x + 1))/4`



### 3.134 $\int (-3 + x) (-7 + 4x^2) dx$

Optimal result	1084
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1084
Rubi [A] (verified)	1085
Maple [A] (verified)	1086
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1086
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1087
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1087
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1087
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1088
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1088

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int (-3 + x) (-7 + 4x^2) dx = 21x - 4x^3 + \frac{1}{16}(7 - 4x^2)^2$$

output `21*x-4*x^3+1/16*(-4*x^2+7)^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (-3 + x) (-7 + 4x^2) dx = 21x - \frac{7x^2}{2} - 4x^3 + x^4$$

input `Integrate[(-3 + x)*(-7 + 4*x^2),x]`

output `21*x - (7*x^2)/2 - 4*x^3 + x^4`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {455, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (x - 3) (4x^2 - 7) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$\frac{1}{16} (7 - 4x^2)^2 - 3 \int (4x^2 - 7) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{1}{16} (7 - 4x^2)^2 - 3 \left( \frac{4x^3}{3} - 7x \right)$$

input `Int[(-3 + x)*(-7 + 4*x^2),x]`

output `(7 - 4*x^2)^2/16 - 3*(-7*x + (4*x^3)/3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
gospers	$x^4 - 4x^3 - \frac{7}{2}x^2 + 21x$	18
default	$x^4 - 4x^3 - \frac{7}{2}x^2 + 21x$	18
norman	$x^4 - 4x^3 - \frac{7}{2}x^2 + 21x$	18
risch	$x^4 - 4x^3 - \frac{7}{2}x^2 + 21x$	18
parallelrisch	$x^4 - 4x^3 - \frac{7}{2}x^2 + 21x$	18
orering	$\frac{x(2x^3 - 8x^2 - 7x + 42)}{2}$	19

input `int((-3+x)*(4*x^2-7),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x^4-4*x^3-7/2*x^2+21*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (-3 + x) (-7 + 4x^2) dx = x^4 - 4x^3 - \frac{7}{2}x^2 + 21x$$

input `integrate((-3+x)*(4*x^2-7),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `x^4 - 4*x^3 - 7/2*x^2 + 21*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (-3 + x) (-7 + 4x^2) dx = x^4 - 4x^3 - \frac{7x^2}{2} + 21x$$

input `integrate((-3+x)*(4*x**2-7),x)`

output `x**4 - 4*x**3 - 7*x**2/2 + 21*x`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (-3 + x) (-7 + 4x^2) dx = x^4 - 4x^3 - \frac{7}{2}x^2 + 21x$$

input `integrate((-3+x)*(4*x^2-7),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^4 - 4*x^3 - 7/2*x^2 + 21*x`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (-3 + x) (-7 + 4x^2) dx = x^4 - 4x^3 - \frac{7}{2}x^2 + 21x$$

input `integrate((-3+x)*(4*x^2-7),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x^4 - 4*x^3 - 7/2*x^2 + 21*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (-3 + x) (-7 + 4x^2) dx = x^4 - 4x^3 - \frac{7x^2}{2} + 21x$$

input `int((4*x^2 - 7)*(x - 3),x)`

output `21*x - (7*x^2)/2 - 4*x^3 + x^4`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (-3 + x) (-7 + 4x^2) dx = \frac{x(2x^3 - 8x^2 - 7x + 42)}{2}$$

input `int((-3+x)*(4*x^2-7),x)`

output `(x*(2*x**3 - 8*x**2 - 7*x + 42))/2`

### 3.135 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1089
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1089
Rubi [A] (verified)	1090
Maple [A] (verified)	1093
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1094
Sympy [F]	1095
Maxima [F]	1095
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1095
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1096
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1097

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = -\frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{7/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{7/4}}$$

output

```
-4*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c-2/3*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c-(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*
rctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(7/4)+
(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(7/4)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = \frac{2ce\sqrt{d+ex}(7d+ex) + \frac{3(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^2 \sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{3\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}}{3c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^2),x]`

output 
$$-1/3*(2*c*e*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(7*d + e*x) + (3*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)))/\text{Sqrt}[a] + (3*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^3*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)))/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]))/c^2$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$ , Rules used = {481, 25, 653, 25, 27, 654, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a - cx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 481 \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)}{a-cx^2} dx}{c} - \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)}{a-cx^2} dx}{c} - \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653 \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{c(d(cd^2+3ae^2)+e(3cd^2+ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c} - \frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(d(cd^2+3ae^2)+e(3cd^2+ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c} - \frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{d(cd^2+3ae^2)+e(3cd^2+ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx - \frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{e(2d(cd^2-ae^2)-(3cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & 2e \int \frac{2d(cd^2-ae^2)-(3cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & 2e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^3 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^3 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right) - \frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & 2e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e} \right) - \frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^2), x]`

output `(-2*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c) + (-4*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x] + 2*e*(-1/2*((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e) + ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e))/c`



## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 481  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x)^{\text{n}_}]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{\text{n} - 1}/(\text{b}*(\text{n} - 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/\text{b} \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{\text{n} - 2}*(\text{Simp}[\text{b}*c^2 - \text{a}*d^2 + 2*\text{b}*c*d*x, \text{x}]/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{n}, 1]$
- rule 653  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x)^{\text{m}_}]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(x)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{g}*((\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^{\text{m}}/(\text{c}*m)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/\text{c} \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^{\text{m} - 1}*(\text{Simp}[\text{c}*d*f - \text{a}*e*g + (\text{g}*c*d + \text{c}*e*f)*x, \text{x}]/(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{m}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 0]$
- rule 654  $\text{Int}[(\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(x)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x)]*((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(x)^2)), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{e}*f - \text{d}*g + \text{g}*x^2)/(\text{c}*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2 - 2*\text{c}*d*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sqrt}[\text{d} + \text{e}*x]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1480  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x)^2]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x)^2 + (\text{c}_)*(x)^4), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{e}/2 + (\text{2}*c*d - \text{b}*e)/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{b}/2 - \text{q}/2 + \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{e}/2 - (\text{2}*c*d - \text{b}*e)/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{b}/2 + \text{q}/2 + \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{c}*d^2 - \text{a}*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$e^{\left( \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(ex+7d)}{3} - \frac{(3ade^2c+c^2d^3+\sqrt{ace^2}ae^2+3\sqrt{ace^2}cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)} + \frac{(-3ade^2c-c^2d^3+\sqrt{ace^2}ae^2+3\sqrt{ace^2}cd^2) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}$
risch	$-\frac{2(ex+7d)\sqrt{ex+d}e}{3c} - 2e^{\left( -\frac{(3ade^2c+c^2d^3+\sqrt{ace^2}ae^2+3\sqrt{ace^2}cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)} + \frac{(-3ade^2c-c^2d^3+\sqrt{ace^2}ae^2+3\sqrt{ace^2}cd^2) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}$
derivativedivides	$-2e^{\left( \frac{\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2d\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(-3ade^2c-c^2d^3+\sqrt{ace^2}ae^2+3\sqrt{ace^2}cd^2) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)} - \frac{(-3ade^2c-c^2d^3+\sqrt{ace^2}ae^2+3\sqrt{ace^2}cd^2) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}$
default	$2e^{\left( -\frac{\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}+2d\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(3ade^2c+c^2d^3-\sqrt{ace^2}ae^2-3\sqrt{ace^2}cd^2) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)} - \frac{(-3ade^2c-c^2d^3+\sqrt{ace^2}ae^2+3\sqrt{ace^2}cd^2) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-e/c*(2/3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(e*x+7*d)-(3*a*d*e^2*c+c^2*d^3+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*e^2+3*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(-3*a*d*e^2*c-c^2*d^3+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*e^2+3*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1617 vs.  $2(121) = 242$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1617, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.68

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(3*c*sqrt((c^2*d^5 + 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + a*c^3*sqrt((25*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))/(a*c^3))*log((5*c^4*d^8*e - 14*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + a^4*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (10*a*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 20*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 - (a*c^6*d^2 + a^2*c^5*e^2)*sqrt((25*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7))))*sqrt((c^2*d^5 + 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + a*c^3*sqrt((25*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))/(a*c^3))) - 3*c*sqrt((c^2*d^5 + 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + a*c^3*sqrt((25*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))/(a*c^3))*log((5*c^4*d^8*e - 14*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + a^4*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (10*a*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 20*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 - (a*c^6*d^2 + a^2*c^5*e^2)*sqrt((25*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7))))*sqrt((c^2*d^5 + 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + a*c^3*sqrt((25*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))/(a*c^3))) + 3*c*sqrt((c^2*d^5 + 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 - a*c^3*sqrt((25*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))/(a*c^3))*log((5*c^4*d^8*e - 14*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + a^4*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d)...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = -\int \frac{d^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{-a+cx^2} dx - \int \frac{e^2x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{-a+cx^2} dx - \int \frac{2dex\sqrt{d+ex}}{-a+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a), x)`

output `-Integral(d**2*sqrt(d + e*x)/(-a + c*x**2), x) - Integral(e**2*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)/(-a + c*x**2), x) - Integral(2*d*e*x*sqrt(d + e*x)/(-a + c*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(ex+d)^{5/2}}{cx^2-a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2 - a), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 416 vs.  $2(121) = 242$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{acc^4d^4e + 3\sqrt{acac^3d^2e^3} - (3\sqrt{acac^2d^2e} + \sqrt{aca^2e^3})c^2e^2 + 2(ac^3d^3e - a^2c^2de^3)|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^4d+...}}{\sqrt{-...}}\right)}{(ac^4d - \sqrt{acac^3e})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{acce}|e|}} + \frac{(\sqrt{acc^4d^4e + 3\sqrt{acac^3d^2e^3} - (3\sqrt{acac^2d^2e} + \sqrt{aca^2e^3})c^2e^2 - 2(ac^3d^3e - a^2c^2de^3)|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c^4d-...}}{\sqrt{-...}}\right)}{(ac^4d + \sqrt{acac^3e})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{acce}|e|}} - \frac{2\left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2e + 6\sqrt{ex+dc^2de}\right)}{3c^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(sqrt(a*c)*c^4*d^4*e + 3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 - (3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^3)*c^2*e^2 + 2*(a*c^3*d^3*e - a^2*c^2*d*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^4*d + sqrt(c^8*d^2 - (c^4*d^2 - a*c^3*e^2)*c^4))/c^4))/((a*c^4*d - sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^4*d^4*e + 3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 - (3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^3)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(a*c^3*d^3*e - a^2*c^2*d*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^4*d - sqrt(c^8*d^2 - (c^4*d^2 - a*c^3*e^2)*c^4))/c^4))/((a*c^4*d + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) - 2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*e + 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d*e)/c^3`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3385, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.27

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^2),x)`

output

```

- atan((a^3*e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((e^5*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*c^7) + d^5/(4*a*
c) + (5*d^3*e^2)/(2*c^2) + (5*a*d*e^4)/(4*c^3) + (5*d^4*e*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))
/(4*a^2*c^5) + (5*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a*c^6))^(1/2)*32i)/((16*a^4*
e^11)/c^2 + 64*a^2*d^4*e^7 - 80*c^2*d^8*e^3 + (160*a^3*d^2*e^9)/c - 160*a*
c*d^6*e^5 - (160*d^5*e^6*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^3 + (288*a*d^3*e^8*(a^3*c^7)^(
1/2))/c^4 + (32*a^2*d*e^10*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^5 - (160*d^7*e^4*(a^3*c^7)^(
1/2))/(a*c^2)) - (d^5*e^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((e^5*(a^3*c^7)^(
1/2))/(4*c^7) + d^5/(4*a*c) + (5*d^3*e^2)/(2*c^2) + (5*a*d*e^4)/(4*c^3) +
(5*d^4*e*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^5) + (5*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a*
c^6))^(1/2)*160i)/((16*a^5*e^11)/c + 160*a^4*d^2*e^9 - 80*a*c^3*d^8*e^3 +
64*a^3*c*d^4*e^7 - 160*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^5 - (160*d^7*e^4*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c -
(160*a*d^5*e^6*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^2 + (32*a^3*d*e^10*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^4
+ (288*a^2*d^3*e^8*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^3) - (d^3*e^5*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2)*(d +
e*x)^(1/2)*((e^5*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*c^7) + d^5/(4*a*c) + (5*d^3*e^2)/(2*c
^2) + (5*a*d*e^4)/(4*c^3) + (5*d^4*e*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^5) + (5*d^2
*e^3*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a*c^6))^(1/2)*320i)/(16*a^4*e^11 - 80*c^4*d^8*e^3
- 160*a*c^3*d^6*e^5 + 160*a^3*c*d^2*e^9 + 64*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^7 - (160*d^7*e
^4*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/a - (160*d^5*e^6*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c + (288*a*d^3*e^8*(
a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^2 + (32*a^2*d*e^10*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^3) - (a*d*e^7*(a^3
*c^7)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((e^5*(a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*c^7) + d^5/(4*a*c...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a - cx^2} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e - cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e - cd}}\right) a e^2 - 6\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e - cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e - cd}}\right)}{a - cx^2}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x)
```

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*e**2 - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*
e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*c
*d**2 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*d*e - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))
*a*e**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*
e**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
+ c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d**2 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
+ c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*d*e
+ 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*
d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*d*e - 28*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*d*e - 4*sqrt(d +
e*x)*a*c*e**2*x)/(6*a*c**2)
```

### 3.136 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1099
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1100
Rubi [A] (verified)	1100
Maple [A] (verified)	1102
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1103
Sympy [F]	1104
Maxima [F]	1105
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1105
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1106
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1106

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = -\frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{5/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{5/4}}$$

output

```
-2*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c-(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(5/4)+(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(5/4)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = \frac{-2e\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}}{c}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^2), x]`

output `(-2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x] + ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]))/c`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$ , Rules used = {481, 25, 654, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 481 \\ & \int \frac{-\frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)}}{c} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \int \frac{cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 654 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{e(cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2e \int \frac{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^2 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^2 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{ce}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{ce}} \right)}{c} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^2), x]`

output `(-2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c + (2*e*(-1/2*((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e) + ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e))/c`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 481  $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^n]/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((c + d*x)^{n-1}/(b*(n-1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/b \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-2}*(\text{Simp}[b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x, x]/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1]$

rule 654  $\text{Int}[(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)]*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$

rule 1480  $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2]/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2 + (c_.)*(x_.)^4), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \ \text{Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \ \text{Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(-ae^2 - cd^2 + 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$-e \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} + \frac{(-ae^2 - cd^2 + 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$
default	$2e \left( -\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 - 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{(-ae^2 - cd^2 - 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{2e\sqrt{ex+d}}{c} - 2e \left( -\frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 + 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} + \frac{(-ae^2 - cd^2 + 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2*e*(1/c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/2*(-a*e^2-c*d^2+2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*\arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2+2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 974 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 974, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/2*(c*sqrt((c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 + a*c^2*sqrt((9*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4
+ a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(3*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5
)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4 - a*c^4*d*sqrt((9*c^2*d^4*e
^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))*sqrt((c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 + a*c^2*sq
rt((9*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))) - c*sqrt(
(c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 + a*c^2*sqrt((9*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/
(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(3*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*sqrt(e*x +
d) - (3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4 - a*c^4*d*sqrt((9*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d
^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))*sqrt((c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 + a*c^2*sqrt((9*c^2*d
^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))) + c*sqrt((c*d^3 + 3*a
*d*e^2 - a*c^2*sqrt((9*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a
*c^2))*log(-(3*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (3*a*c
^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4 + a*c^4*d*sqrt((9*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2
*e^6)/(a*c^5)))*sqrt((c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 - a*c^2*sqrt((9*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*
c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))) - c*sqrt((c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 - a*c
^2*sqrt((9*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))*log(-
(3*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 +
a^2*c*e^4 + a*c^4*d*sqrt((9*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5
)))*sqrt((c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 - a*c^2*sqrt((9*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 +
a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))) - 4*sqrt(e*x + d)*e)/c

```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = -\int \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{-a+cx^2} dx - \int \frac{ex\sqrt{d+ex}}{-a+cx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a), x)
```

output

```
-Integral(d*sqrt(d + e*x)/(-a + c*x**2), x) - Integral(e*x*sqrt(d + e*x)/(
-a + c*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}}{cx^2-a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 - a), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 314 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 314, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}de}{c}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{acc^3d^3e} - \sqrt{acac^2de^3} + (ac^2d^2e - a^2ce^3)|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2d + \sqrt{c^4d^2 - (c^2d^2 - ace^2)c^2}}{c^2}}}\right)}{(ac^3d - \sqrt{acac^2e})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{acce}|e|}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{acc^3d^3e} - \sqrt{acac^2de^3} - (ac^2d^2e - a^2ce^3)|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{c^4d^2 - (c^2d^2 - ace^2)c^2}}{c^2}}}\right)}{(ac^3d + \sqrt{acac^2e})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{acce}|e|}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e/c - (sqrt(a*c)*c^3*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d*e^3 + (a*c^2*d^2*e - a^2*c*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^2*d + sqrt(c^4*d^2 - (c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)*c^2))/c^2))/((a*c^3*d - sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^3*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d*e^3 - (a*c^2*d^2*e - a^2*c*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^2*d - sqrt(c^4*d^2 - (c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)*c^2))/c^2))/((a*c^3*d + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1581, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.61

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^2),x)`

output

```
2*atanh((32*a^2*c*e^6*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((3*d*e^2)/(4*c^2) + d^3/(4*a*c) - (e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) - (3*d^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(16*a^2*d*e^7 - 48*c^2*d^5*e^3 - (16*a*e^8*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 + 32*a*c*d^3*e^5 - (32*d^2*e^6*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 + (48*d^4*e^4*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(a*c)) - (32*d*e^5*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((3*d*e^2)/(4*c^2) + d^3/(4*a*c) - (e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) - (3*d^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(48*c^3*d^5*e^3 - 32*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 + (16*a*e^8*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 - 16*a^2*c*d*e^7 - (48*d^4*e^4*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/a + (32*d^2*e^6*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c) + (96*d^3*e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((3*d*e^2)/(4*c^2) + d^3/(4*a*c) - (e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) - (3*d^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(16*a^3*d*e^7 - 48*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 32*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - (16*a^2*e^8*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 + (48*d^4*e^4*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c - (32*a*d^2*e^6*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2) + (96*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((3*d*e^2)/(4*c^2) + d^3/(4*a*c) - (e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) - (3*d^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(16*a^2*d*e^7 - 48*c^2*d^5*e^3 - (16*a*e^8*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 + 32*a*c*d^3*e^5 - (32*d^2*e^6*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 + (48*d^4*e^4*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(a*c)))*((a*c^4*d^3 - a*e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*c^3*d*e^2 - 3*c*d^2*e*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^5))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((32*d*e^5*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((3*d*e^2)/(4*c^2) + d^3/(4*a*c) + (e^3*(a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) + (3*d^2*e*(a...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a-cx^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd}}\right)cd + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd}}\right)}{}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*c*d + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e -
c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*e
- sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*
d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*lo
g(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d - sqrt(c)*sqr
t(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*
sqrt(d + e*x))*a*e + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*e - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c*e)/(
2*a*c**2)
```



### 3.137 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1108
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1108
Rubi [A] (verified)	1109
Maple [A] (verified)	1111
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1111
Sympy [F]	1113
Maxima [F]	1113
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1113
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1114
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1115

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}}$$

output

$$-(c^{1/2}*d-a^{1/2}*e)^{1/2}*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{1/4}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}/(c^{1/2}*d-a^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}))/a^{1/2}/c^{3/4}+(c^{1/2}*d+a^{1/2}*e)^{1/2}*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{1/4}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}/(c^{1/2}*d+a^{1/2}*e)^{1/2}))/a^{1/2}/c^{3/4}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right) + \sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a - c*x^2),x]`

output  $(-\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)] + \text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*c)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {483, 25, 1450, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 483$$

$$2e \int -\frac{d+ex}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-2e \int \frac{d+ex}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

$$\downarrow 1450$$

$$2e \left( -\frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ae}} \right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\left( \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e \right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2e} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$2e \left( \frac{\left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ae}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} \right)}{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{\left( \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{2c^{3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

input  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]/(a - c*x^2), x]$

output  $2*e*((1 - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*e))*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e])]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]) + ((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + e)*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e])]/(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e])]/(2*c^{3/4}*e*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a + (b_*)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 483  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c + (d_*)*(x_))]/((a + (b_*)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^2/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 1450  $\text{Int}[(d_*)*(x_)^m/((a + (b_*)*(x_)^2 + (c_*)*(x_)^4), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d^2/2)*(b/q + 1) \text{Int}[(d*x)^{m-2}/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d^2/2)*(b/q - 1) \text{Int}[(d*x)^{m-2}/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GeQ}[m, 2]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$e \frac{\left( \frac{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)}{\sqrt{ace^2}}$	127
derivativedivides	$-2ec \left( \frac{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2} \sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$	143
default	$-2ec \left( \frac{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2} \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2} \sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$	143

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-e/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)-(c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs. 2(94) = 188.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + d}{ac}} \log \left( ac^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + d}{ac}} \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + \sqrt{ex+de} \right) \\ - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + d}{ac}} \log \left( -ac^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + d}{ac}} \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + \sqrt{ex+de} \right) \\ - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} - d}{ac}} \log \left( ac^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} - d}{ac}} \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + \sqrt{ex+de} \right) \\ + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} - d}{ac}} \log \left( -ac^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} - d}{ac}} \sqrt{\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + \sqrt{ex+de} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) + d)/(a*c))*log(a*c^2*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) + d)/(a*c))*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) + sqrt(e*x + d)*e) - 1/2*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) + d)/(a*c))*log(-a*c^2*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) + d)/(a*c))*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) + sqrt(e*x + d)*e) - 1/2*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) - d)/(a*c))*log(a*c^2*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) - d)/(a*c))*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) + sqrt(e*x + d)*e) + 1/2*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) - d)/(a*c))*log(-a*c^2*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) - d)/(a*c))*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3)) + sqrt(e*x + d)*e)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{-a+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a), x)`

output `-Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(-a + c*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{cx^2-a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 - a), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 203 vs. 2(94) = 188.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx = \frac{(cd^2e|c| - ae^3|c|) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{cd + \sqrt{c^2d^2 - (cd^2 - ae^2)c}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{acce}(ace - \sqrt{accd})|e|}} \right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{acce}(ace - \sqrt{accd})|e|}} + \frac{(cd^2e|c| - ae^3|c|) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{cd - \sqrt{c^2d^2 - (cd^2 - ae^2)c}}{c}}}}{\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{acce}(ace + \sqrt{accd})|e|}} \right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{acce}(ace + \sqrt{accd})|e|}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(c*d^2*e*abs(c) - a*e^3*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c*d + sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c))/c))/(sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*(a*c*e - sqrt(a*c)*c*d)*abs(e)) + (c*d^2*e*abs(c) - a*e^3*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c*d - sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c))/c))/(sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*(a*c*e + sqrt(a*c)*c*d)*abs(e))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx =$$

$$-2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{2 \left( (16c^3d^2e^2 + 16a^2c^2e^4) \sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{16cde^2(e\sqrt{a^3c^3+a^2d})\sqrt{d+ex}}{a} \right) \sqrt{\frac{e\sqrt{a^3c^3+a^2d}}{4a^2c^3}}}{16c^2d^2e^3 - 16ace^5} \right) \sqrt{\frac{e\sqrt{a^3c^3+a^2d}}{4a^2c^3}}$$

$$-2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{2 \left( (16c^3d^2e^2 + 16a^2c^2e^4) \sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{16cde^2(e\sqrt{a^3c^3-a^2d})\sqrt{d+ex}}{a} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{e\sqrt{a^3c^3-a^2d}}{4a^2c^3}}}{16c^2d^2e^3 - 16ace^5} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{e\sqrt{a^3c^3-a^2d}}{4a^2c^3}}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^2),x)`

output `- 2*atanh((2*((16*a*c^2*e^4 + 16*c^3*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) - (16*c*d*e^2*(e*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + a*c^2*d)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/a)*((e*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + a*c^2*d)/(4*a^2*c^3))^(1/2))/(16*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 16*a*c*e^5))*((e*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2) + a*c^2*d)/(4*a^2*c^3))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((2*((16*a*c^2*e^4 + 16*c^3*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2) + (16*c*d*e^2*(e*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2) - a*c^2*d)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/a)*(-(e*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2) - a*c^2*d)/(4*a^2*c^3))^(1/2))/(16*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 16*a*c*e^5))*(-(e*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2) - a*c^2*d)/(4*a^2*c^3))^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \left( -2\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e - cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e - cd}}\right) - \sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e + cd} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e + cd} + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}\right) \right)}{2ac}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x)`output `(sqrt(a)*(-2*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)))/ (2*a*c)`



### 3.138 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1116
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1116
Rubi [A] (verified)	1117
Maple [A] (verified)	1118
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1119
Sympy [F]	1120
Maxima [F]	1120
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1120
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1121
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1122

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}$$

output

```
-arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(1/4)
)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)+arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
(ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e] - ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])/Sqrt[a]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {484, 1406, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - cx^2)\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 484$$

$$2e \int \frac{1}{-cd^2 + 2c(d + ex)d + ae^2 - c(d + ex)^2} d\sqrt{d + ex}$$

$$\downarrow 1406$$

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) - c(d + ex)} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) - c(d + ex)} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$2e \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{ce}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{ce}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
2*e*(-1/2*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]]/(Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) + ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]]/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 484 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

```
rule 1406 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[c/q Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] - Simp[c/q Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$ce \frac{\left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)}{\sqrt{ace^2}}$	101
derivativedivides	$-2ec \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$	112
default	$-2ec \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$	112

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c*e/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(1/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 949 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 949, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) + d)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2))*log(sqrt(e*x + d)*e + (a*e^2 - (a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4))))*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) + d)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2))) - 1/2*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) + d)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2))*log(sqrt(e*x + d)*e - (a*e^2 - (a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4))))*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) + d)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2))) + 1/2*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) - d)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2))*log(sqrt(e*x + d)*e + (a*e^2 + (a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4))))*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) - d)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2))) - 1/2*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) - d)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2))*log(sqrt(e*x + d)*e - (a*e^2 + (a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4))))*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) - d)/(a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)))
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx = - \int \frac{1}{-a\sqrt{d+ex} + cx^2\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a), x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-a*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(cx^2-a)\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c*x^2 - a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 206 vs. 2(94) = 188.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx = \frac{(ae|c||e| - \sqrt{acde}|c|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-(cd^2-ae^2)c}}{c}}}\right)}{(acd - \sqrt{acae})\sqrt{-c^2d} - \sqrt{acce}|e|} + \frac{(ae|c||e| + \sqrt{acde}|c|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-(cd^2-ae^2)c}}{c}}}\right)}{(acd + \sqrt{acae})\sqrt{-c^2d} + \sqrt{acce}|e|}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{(a*e*abs(c)*abs(e) - \sqrt{a*c}*d*e*abs(c))*\arctan(\sqrt{e*x + d}/\sqrt{-(c*d + \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c})/c})/((a*c*d - \sqrt{a*c}*a*e)*\sqrt{-c^2*d - \sqrt{a*c}*c*e}*abs(e)) + (a*e*abs(c)*abs(e) + \sqrt{a*c}*d*e*abs(c))*\arctan(\sqrt{e*x + d}/\sqrt{-(c*d - \sqrt{c^2*d^2 - (c*d^2 - a*e^2)*c})/c})/((a*c*d + \sqrt{a*c}*a*e)*\sqrt{-c^2*d + \sqrt{a*c}*c*e}*abs(e))$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1366, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.19

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output 
$$2*\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{32*a^2*c^5*d^2*e^2*(-(e*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)))^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}}{(16*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^3)/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2) - (16*a^4*c^4*e^6*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2) - (16*a^5*c^5*d*e^5)/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^4*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)} - (32*c^3*e^2*(-(e*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)))^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}}{(16*a^2*c^4*d*e^3)/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a*c^3*e^4*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)}\right) + (32*a*c^4*d*e^3*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)}*(-(e*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)))^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}}{(16*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^3)/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2) - (16*a^4*c^4*e^6*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2) - (16*a^5*c^5*d*e^5)/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^4*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)))*(- (e*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)} + a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)))^{(1/2)} - 2*\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{32*c^3*e^2*((e*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)))^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}}{(16*a^2*c^4*d*e^3)/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2) - (16*a*c^3*e^4*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)} - (32*a^2*c^5*d^2*e^2*((e*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)})/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2)))^{(1/2)}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}}{(16*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^3)/(a^3*c*e^2 - a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a^4*c^4*e^6*(a^3*c)^{(1/2)}...$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd}}\right) cd + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd}}\right) ae + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd}}{1}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c*d + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*e + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d - sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*e + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*e)/(2*a*c*(a*e**2 - c*d**2))`

**3.139**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1123
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1124
Rubi [A] (verified)	1124
Maple [A] (verified)	1127
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1128
Sympy [F]	1129
Maxima [F]	1129
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1129
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1131
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1131

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \frac{2e}{(cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-c^(1/4)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)+c^(1/4)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \frac{2e}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}})^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2) + (Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$ , Rules used = {482, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 482

$$\frac{c \int \frac{d-ex}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 654

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2c \int -\frac{e(d-ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2c \int \frac{e(d-ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2-ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2ce \int \frac{d-ex}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2-ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2ce \left( -\frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2e} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ae}}\right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2ce \left( \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}}+e\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2c^{3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ae}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{cd^2-ae^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)),x]`

output `(2*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*c*e*(((Sqrt[c]*d)/Sqrt[a] + e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*c^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) + ((1 - (Sqrt[c]*d)/(Sqrt[a]*e))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 482 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2e \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{(cd - \sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}c\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} + \frac{(-cd - \sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}c\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)}{ae^2 - cd^2} \right) + \frac{1}{(ae^2 - cd^2)\sqrt{ex}}$
default	$2e \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{(cd - \sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}c\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} + \frac{(-cd - \sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}c\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)}{ae^2 - cd^2} \right) - \frac{1}{(ae^2 - cd^2)\sqrt{ex}}$
pseudoelliptic	$- \frac{2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}c(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})\sqrt{ex+d} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2} + \frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}(cd - \sqrt{ace^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2} \right)}{\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}(ae^2 - cd^2)}$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*e*(-c^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)*(-1/2*(c*d-(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/2*(-c*d-(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2861 vs.  $2(118) = 236$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2861, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*((c*d^3 - a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*sqrt((c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2 +
(a*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 - a^4*e^6)*sqrt((9*c^3*d
^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)/(a*c^6*d^12 - 6*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 1
5*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^6*c*d^2*
e^10 + a^7*e^12)))/(a*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 - a^4*
e^6))*log((3*c^2*d^2*e + a*c*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a^2
*c*d*e^4 - (a*c^4*d^8 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^6 - a^5*e^8)*sqr
t((9*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)/(a*c^6*d^12 - 6*a^2*c^5*d^
10*e^2 + 15*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^4 - 20*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*
a^6*c*d^2*e^10 + a^7*e^12)))*sqrt((c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2 + (a*c^3*d^6 - 3*
a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 - a^4*e^6)*sqrt((9*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a*c^2
*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)/(a*c^6*d^12 - 6*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^
4 - 20*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^6*c*d^2*e^10 + a^7*e^12)
)))/(a*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 - a^4*e^6))) - (c*d^3
- a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*x)*sqrt((c^2*d^3 + 3*a*c*d*e^2 + (a*c^3*d^6
- 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 - a^4*e^6)*sqrt((9*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 6*a
*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)/(a*c^6*d^12 - 6*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^3*c^4*d^
8*e^4 - 20*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^8 - 6*a^6*c*d^2*e^10 + a^7*e
^12)))/(a*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 - a^4*e^6))*log((3
*c^2*d^2*e + a*c*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 2*a^2*c*d*e^4 ...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = -\int \frac{1}{-ad\sqrt{d+ex} - aex\sqrt{d+ex} + cdx^2\sqrt{d+ex} + cex^3\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-a*d*sqrt(d + e*x) - a*e*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*d*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*e*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(cx^2-a)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c*x^2 - a)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 656 vs.  $2(118) = 236$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 656, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \frac{2e}{(cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}$$

$$\left( (cd^2e - ae^3)^2 ae|c| - 2(\sqrt{acd^3e} - \sqrt{acade^3})|-cd^2e + ae^3||c| + (c^3d^6e - 2ac^2d^4e^3 + a^2cd^2e^5)|c| \right) \arctan$$

$$\frac{(ac^2d^4e - 2a^2cd^2e^3 + a^3e^5 + \sqrt{acc^2d^5} - 2\sqrt{acacd^3e^2} + \sqrt{aca^2de^4})\sqrt{-c}}{(cd^2e - ae^3)^2 ae|c| + 2(\sqrt{acd^3e} - \sqrt{acade^3})|-cd^2e + ae^3||c| + (c^3d^6e - 2ac^2d^4e^3 + a^2cd^2e^5)|c|} \arctan$$

$$\frac{(ac^2d^4e - 2a^2cd^2e^3 + a^3e^5 - \sqrt{acc^2d^5} + 2\sqrt{acacd^3e^2} - \sqrt{aca^2de^4})\sqrt{-c}}{(cd^2e - ae^3)^2 ae|c| + 2(\sqrt{acd^3e} - \sqrt{acade^3})|-cd^2e + ae^3||c| + (c^3d^6e - 2ac^2d^4e^3 + a^2cd^2e^5)|c|} \arctan$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*e/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)) - ((c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^2*a*e*abs(c) - 2*
(sqrt(a*c)*c*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*d*e^3)*abs(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*abs(c) + (c^
3*d^6*e - 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sq
rt(-(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2 + sqrt((c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)^2 - (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c
*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)))/(c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)))/((a*c^2*d^
4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5 + sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^5 - 2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^3*
e^2 + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(-c*d^2*e + a*e
^3)) - ((c*d^2*e - a*e^3)^2*a*e*abs(c) + 2*(sqrt(a*c)*c*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*
a*d*e^3)*abs(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*abs(c) + (c^3*d^6*e - 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^2
*c*d^2*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2 - sqrt
((c^2*d^3 - a*c*d*e^2)^2 - (c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(c^2*d^2 -
a*c*e^2)))/(c^2*d^2 - a*c*e^2)))/((a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5
- sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^5 + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^3*e^2 - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt
(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(-c*d^2*e + a*e^3))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4412, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output

```
- atan((((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^4*c^4*e^10 - 16*c^8*d^8*e^2 + 32*a*c^7*d^6*
e^4 - 32*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^8) + (-a*c^2*d^3 + a*e^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*c*d
*e^2 + 3*c*d^2*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a^5*e^6 - a^2*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^
4 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2)))^(1/2)*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-a*c^2*d^3 + a*e^3*(a^3*c
)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2 + 3*c*d^2*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a^5*e^6 - a^2*c^3*
d^6 - 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2)))^(1/2)*(64*a*c^9*d^11*e^2 - 64
*a^6*c^4*d*e^12 - 320*a^2*c^8*d^9*e^4 + 640*a^3*c^7*d^7*e^6 - 640*a^4*c^6*
d^5*e^8 + 320*a^5*c^5*d^3*e^10) - 64*a*c^8*d^9*e^3 - 64*a^5*c^4*d*e^11 + 2
56*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^5 - 384*a^3*c^6*d^5*e^7 + 256*a^4*c^5*d^3*e^9))*(-(a*c^2*
d^3 + a*e^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2 + 3*c*d^2*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a
^5*e^6 - a^2*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2)))^(1/2)*i + (
(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^4*c^4*e^10 - 16*c^8*d^8*e^2 + 32*a*c^7*d^6*e^4 - 32*
a^3*c^5*d^2*e^8) + (-a*c^2*d^3 + a*e^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2) + 3*a^2*c*d*e^2 + 3*
c*d^2*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a^5*e^6 - a^2*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^3
*c^2*d^4*e^2)))^(1/2)*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-a*c^2*d^3 + a*e^3*(a^3*c)^(1/2)
+ 3*a^2*c*d*e^2 + 3*c*d^2*e*(a^3*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a^5*e^6 - a^2*c^3*d^6 - 3*a
^4*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2)))^(1/2)*(64*a*c^9*d^11*e^2 - 64*a^6*c^4*
d*e^12 - 320*a^2*c^8*d^9*e^4 + 640*a^3*c^7*d^7*e^6 - 640*a^4*c^6*d^5*e^8 +
320*a^5*c^5*d^3*e^10) + 64*a*c^8*d^9*e^3 + 64*a^5*c^4*d*e^11 - 256*a^2*c^
7*d^7*e^5 + 384*a^3*c^6*d^5*e^7 - 256*a^4*c^5*d^3*e^9))*(-(a*c^2*d^3 + ...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}e-cd}\right) a e^2 - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{c}}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x)`



output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e
*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d
+ e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c*d**2 - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c
*d)))*a*d*e - sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - s
qrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2 - sqrt(a)*sqr
t(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c
*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))
*a**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c*d**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) +
sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*d*e - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*d
*e - 4*a**2*e**3 + 4*a*c*d**2*e)/(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*(a**2*e**4 - 2*a*c*d**
2*e**2 + c**2*d**4))
```

**3.140**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1133
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1133
Rubi [A] (verified)	1134
Maple [A] (verified)	1137
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1138
Sympy [F]	1138
Maxima [F]	1139
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1139
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1140
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1141

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \frac{2e}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4cde}{(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{c^{3/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}} + \frac{c^{3/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2/3*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4*c*d*e/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-
c^(3/4)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)
/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)+c^(3/4)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)
)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \frac{-2ae^3 + 2cde(7d + 6ex)}{3(cd^2 - ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^2 \sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} - \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2 \sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^2)),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*a*e^3 + 2*c*d*e*(7*d + 6*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + \\ & (c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)] \\ & / (Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) - (c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x]) \\ & / (Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)] / (Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) \end{aligned}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {482, 655, 25, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a - cx^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 482 \\ & \frac{c \int \frac{d - ex}{(d + ex)^{3/2}(a - cx^2)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2e}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 655 \\ & \frac{c \left( \frac{4de}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{cd^2 - 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2e}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{c \left( \frac{\int \frac{cd^2 - 2cexd + ae^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}(a - cx^2)} dx}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{4de}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} + \frac{2e}{3(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 654 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{e(3cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{4de}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{4de}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2 \int \frac{e(3cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2-ae^2} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{4de}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e \int \frac{3cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2-ae^2} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{4de}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{4de}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}e\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}e\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^2)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2e)/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{3/2}) + (c*((4*d*e)/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (2*e*((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4})*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/ \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e])]/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*c^{1/4}*e*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]) - ((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4})*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/ \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e])]/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*c^{1/4}*e*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e])))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 482

$$\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((c + d*x)^{n+1}/((n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$$

rule 654

$$\text{Int}[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, \text{x}]$$

rule 655

$$\text{Int}[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^m)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*((d + e*x)^{m+1}/((m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(\text{Simp}[c*d*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, \text{x}]/(a + c*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2e \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 - 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} + \frac{(-ae^2 - cd^2 - 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} \right)$
default	$2e \left( \frac{c^2 \left( \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2 - 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} + \frac{(-ae^2 - cd^2 - 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)}{(ae^2 - cd^2)^2} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{e \left( c^2 \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c} (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (ae^2 + cd^2 + 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right) + \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c} \left( c^2 (ae^2 + cd^2 + 2\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right) + \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{ace^2} (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c} \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2*e*(c^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*(-1/2*(a*e^2+c*d^2-2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/2*(-a*e^2-c*d^2-2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*c*d/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5142 vs.  $2(144) = 288$ .

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5142, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx =$$

$$-\int \frac{1}{-ad^2\sqrt{d+ex} - 2adex\sqrt{d+ex} - ae^2x^2\sqrt{d+ex} + cd^2x^2\sqrt{d+ex} + 2cdex^3\sqrt{d+ex} + ce^2x^4\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(1/(-a*d**2*sqrt(d + e*x) - 2*a*d*e*x*sqrt(d + e*x) - a*e**2*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*d**2*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x) + 2*c*d*e*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + c*e**2*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(cx^2-a)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c*x^2 - a)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1165 vs. 2(144) = 288.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1165, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.13

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
(2*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)^2*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*sqrt(a*c)*a*d*e*abs(c) - (3*a*c^3*d^6*e - 5*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^3*c*d^2*e^5 + a^4*e^7)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*abs(c) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^5*d^11*e - 3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^7 - 3*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c*d^3*e^9 + sqrt(a*c)*a^5*d*e^11)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4 + sqrt((c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)^2 - (c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*(c^3*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)))/(c^3*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)))/((a*c^6*d^10 - 5*a^2*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^3*c^4*d^6*e^4 - 10*a^4*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^8 - a^6*c*e^10)*abs(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)) - (2*(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)^2*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*sqrt(a*c)*a*d*e*abs(c) + (3*a*c^3*d^6*e - 5*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^3*c*d^2*e^5 + a^4*e^7)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(c^2*d^4*e - 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*abs(c) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^5*d^11*e - 3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^4*d^9*e^3 + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^5 + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^7 - 3*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c*d^3*e^9 + sqrt(a*c)*a^5*d*e^11)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^3*d^5 - 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)^2 - (c^3*d^6 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)*(c^3*d^4 - 2...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7831, normalized size of antiderivative = 41.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a - c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```

- ((2*e)/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)) - (4*c*d*e*(d + e*x))/(a*e^2 - c*d^2)^2)/(d +
e*x)^(3/2) - atan((((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^8*c^5*e^18 + 16*c^13*d^16*e^2 -
320*a^2*c^11*d^12*e^6 + 1024*a^3*c^10*d^10*e^8 - 1440*a^4*c^9*d^8*e^10 +
1024*a^5*c^8*d^6*e^12 - 320*a^6*c^7*d^4*e^14) + (-(a^2*e^5*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2)
+ a*c^4*d^5 + 5*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 5*c^2*d^4*e*(a^3*c^3)
)^(1/2) + 10*a*c*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^7*e^10 - a^2*c^5*d^10 - 5*
a^6*c*d^2*e^8 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 10*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^
6))))^(1/2)*(32*a^10*c^4*e^21 - (d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(a^2*e^5*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2)
+ a*c^4*d^5 + 5*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 5*c^2*d^4*e*(a^3*c^3)
)^(1/2) + 10*a*c*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^7*e^10 - a^2*c^5*d^10 - 5*a
^6*c*d^2*e^8 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 10*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^6
))))^(1/2)*(64*a*c^14*d^21*e^2 + 64*a^11*c^4*d*e^22 - 640*a^2*c^13*d^19*e^4
+ 2880*a^3*c^12*d^17*e^6 - 7680*a^4*c^11*d^15*e^8 + 13440*a^5*c^10*d^13*e
^10 - 16128*a^6*c^9*d^11*e^12 + 13440*a^7*c^8*d^9*e^14 - 7680*a^8*c^7*d^7*
e^16 + 2880*a^9*c^6*d^5*e^18 - 640*a^10*c^5*d^3*e^20) + 96*a*c^13*d^18*e^3
- 736*a^2*c^12*d^16*e^5 + 2432*a^3*c^11*d^14*e^7 - 4480*a^4*c^10*d^12*e^9
+ 4928*a^5*c^9*d^10*e^11 - 3136*a^6*c^8*d^8*e^13 + 896*a^7*c^7*d^6*e^15 +
128*a^8*c^6*d^4*e^17 - 160*a^9*c^5*d^2*e^19))*(-(a^2*e^5*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2)
+ a*c^4*d^5 + 5*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 + 10*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 5*c^2*d^4*e*(a^3*c^3)
)^(1/2) + 10*a*c*d^2*e^3*(a^3*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^7*e^10 - a^2*c^5*d^10 - ...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1425, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (a - cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
(18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)
)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 18*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*c*d*e**3*x + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sq
rt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**2*d**4 + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*
c**2*d**3*e*x + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan
((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a**2*d*e**3 +
6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*
c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a**2*e**4*x + 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*c*d**3*e + 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
)*e - c*d))*a*c*d**2*e**2*x + 9*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a
*c*d**2*e**2 + 9*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(
-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*d*e**3*x + 3*
sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c**2*d**4 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + ...
```

**3.141**  $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1143
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1144
Rubi [A] (verified)	1144
Maple [A] (verified)	1148
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1149
Sympy [F(-1)]	1150
Maxima [F]	1151
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1151
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1152
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1153

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 263

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e(cd^2+5ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac^2} + \frac{de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2ac}$$

$$+ \frac{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}(2\sqrt{cd}+5\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{9/4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-5\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{9/4}}$$

output

```
1/2*e*(5*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c^2+1/2*d*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/a/c+1/2*(c
*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)*(2*
c^(1/2)*d+5*a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)
^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(9/4)+1/4*(2*c^(1/2)*d-5*a^(1/2)*e)*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)
^(5/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)
/c^(9/4)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(5a^2e^3+c^2d^3x+ace(3d^2+3dex-4e^2x^2))}{-a+cx^2}}{4a^{3/2}c^2} + \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-5\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(5*a^2*e^3 + c^2*d^3*x + a*c*e*(3*d^2 + 3*d*e*x - 4*e^2*x^2)))/(-a + c*x^2) + ((2*Sqrt[c]*d - 5*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e] - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^3*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + 5*Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]))/(4*a^(3/2)*c^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 653, 25, 27, 653, 25, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx$$

↓ 495

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}(ae + cdx)}{2ac(a - cx^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(2cd^2-3cexd-5ae^2)}{2(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(2cd^2-3cexd-5ae^2)}{a-cx^2} dx}{4ac} + \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}(ae + cdx)}{2ac(a - cx^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 653 \\
& \frac{2de(d+ex)^{3/2} - \int \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}(2d(cd^2-4ae^2) - e(cd^2+5ae^2)x) dx}{a-cx^2}}{4ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}(2d(cd^2-4ae^2) - e(cd^2+5ae^2)x) dx}{a-cx^2}}{4ac} + \frac{2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{4ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2d(cd^2-4ae^2) - e(cd^2+5ae^2)x) dx}{a-cx^2}}{4ac} + \frac{2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{4ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
& \downarrow 653 \\
& \frac{-\int \frac{(cd^2-5ae^2)(2cd^2+ae^2) + cde(cd^2-13ae^2)x dx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)}}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5ae^2+cd^2)}{c} + \frac{2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{c} + \\
& \quad \frac{4ac}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(cd^2-5ae^2)(2cd^2+ae^2) + cde(cd^2-13ae^2)x dx}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)}}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5ae^2+cd^2)}{c} + \frac{2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{c} + \\
& \quad \frac{4ac}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
& \downarrow 654 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{e((cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+5ae^2) + cd(cd^2-13ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5ae^2+cd^2)}{c} + \frac{2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{c} + \\
& \quad \frac{4ac}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{e((cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+5ae^2) + cd(cd^2-13ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5ae^2+cd^2)}{c} + \frac{2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{c} + \\
& \quad \frac{4ac}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{-2e \int \frac{(cd^2 - ae^2)(cd^2 + 5ae^2) + cd(cd^2 - 13ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5ae^2 + cd^2)}{c} + 2de(d+ex)^{3/2} + \\
 & \frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \frac{2ac(a-cx^2)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{-2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}(2\sqrt{cd}-5\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^3 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^3(5\sqrt{ae}+2\sqrt{cd}) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5ae^2 + cd^2)}{c} + \\
 & \frac{4ac}{4ac} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{-2e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}(5\sqrt{ae}+2\sqrt{cd}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}e} - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-5\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}e} \right)}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(5ae^2 + cd^2)}{c} + \\
 & \frac{4ac}{4ac} \\
 & \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(2*a*c*(a - c*x^2)) + ((2*e*(c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c + 2*d*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2) - (2*e*((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^(5/2)*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + 5*Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e) - ((2*Sqrt[c]*d - 5*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e))/c)/(4*a*c)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 653 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$5 \left( e(-cx^2+a)c \left( \frac{(-13ade^2+cd^3)\sqrt{ace^2}}{5} + a^2e^4 + \frac{9acd^2e^2}{5} - \frac{2e^2d^4}{5} \right) \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})} c \arctan \left( \frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}c} \right) + \dots \right)$
derivativedivides	$2e^3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^2} - \frac{\frac{cd(3ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae^2} - \frac{(a^2e^4-c^2d^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae^2}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \dots \right)$
default	$2e^3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^2} - \frac{\frac{cd(3ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae^2} - \frac{(a^2e^4-c^2d^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae^2}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \dots \right)$
risch	$2e^3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{c^2} + \dots \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-5/4/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(e*(-c*x^2+a)*c*(1/5*(-13*a*d*e^2+c*d^3)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+a^2*e^4+9/5*a*c*d^2*e^2-2/5*c^2*d^4)*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)+(e*(-c*x^2+a)*c*(1/5*(13*a*d*e^2-c*d^3)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+a^2*e^4+9/5*a*c*d^2*e^2-2/5*c^2*d^4)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(1/5*c^2*d^3*x+3/5*e*a*(-4/3*e^2*x^2+d*e*x+d^2)*c+a^2*e^3))*((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)/a
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2073 vs. 2(200) = 400.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2073, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/8*((a*c^3*x^2 - a^2*c^2)*sqrt((4*c^3*d^7 - 35*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 70*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^3*c^4*sqrt((1225*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 10780*a*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21966*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7700*a^3*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^4*e^14)/(a^3*c^9))))/(a^3*c^4))*log((140*c^5*d^10*e^3 - 1771*a*c^4*d^8*e^5 + 6872*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^7 - 8366*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^9 + 2500*a^4*c*d^2*e^11 + 625*a^5*e^13)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (35*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^4 + 21*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6 - 795*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 - 125*a^5*c^2*e^10 - 2*(a^3*c^8*d^3 - 4*a^4*c^7*d*e^2)*sqrt((1225*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 10780*a*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21966*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7700*a^3*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^4*e^14)/(a^3*c^9))))*sqrt((4*c^3*d^7 - 35*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 70*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^3*c^4*sqrt((1225*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 10780*a*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21966*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7700*a^3*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^4*e^14)/(a^3*c^9))))/(a^3*c^4)) - (a*c^3*x^2 - a^2*c^2)*sqrt((4*c^3*d^7 - 35*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 70*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^3*c^4*sqrt((1225*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 10780*a*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21966*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7700*a^3*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^4*e^14)/(a^3*c^9))))/(a^3*c^4))*log((140*c^5*d^10*e^3 - 1771*a*c^4*d^8*e^5 + 6872*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^7 - 8366*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^9 + 2500*a^4*c*d^2*e^11 + 625*a^5*e^13)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (35*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^4 + 21*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6 - 795*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 - 125*a^5*c^2*e^10 - 2*(a^3*c^8*d^3 - 4*a^4*c^7*d*e^2)*sqrt((1225*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 10780*a*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21966*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 7700*a^3*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^4*e^14)/(a^3*c^9))))*sqrt((4*c^3*d^7 - 35*a*c^2*d^5...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{7/2}}{(cx^2-a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 589 vs.  $2(200) = 400$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 589, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}e^3}{c^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & ((\sqrt{ac}cd^3e - 13\sqrt{ac}ade^3)a^2e^2|c| + (ac^2d^4e + 4a^2cd^2e^3 - 5a^3e^5)|a||c||e| - (2\sqrt{ac}ac^2d^5e - 9\sqrt{ac}a^2cd^3e^3 \\ & + \frac{4(a^2c^3d - \sqrt{ac}a^2c^2e)\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{ac}ce}|a||e|}{4(a^2c^3e + \sqrt{ac}ac^3d)\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{ac}ce}|a||e|} \\ & - \frac{(c^2d^3e - 13acde^3)a^2e^2|c| - (\sqrt{ac}c^2d^4e + 4\sqrt{ac}acd^2e^3 - 5\sqrt{ac}a^2e^5)|a||c||e| - (2ac^3d^5e - 9a^2c^2d^3e^3 - \\ & - \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2d^3e - \sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^4e + 3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}acde^3 + \sqrt{ex+d}a^2e^5}{2((ex+d)^2c - 2(ex+d)cd + cd^2 - ae^2)ac^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e^3/c^2 + 1/4*((sqrt(a*c)*c*d^3*e - 13*sqrt(a*c)*a*d*e^3)*
a^2*e^2*abs(c) + (a*c^2*d^4*e + 4*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*a^3*e^5)*abs(a)*abs(c)
*abs(e) - (2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^5*e - 9*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 - 5*sqrt(a*
c)*a^3*d*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^3*d + sqrt(a^2*c^6*d
^2 - (a*c^3*d^2 - a^2*c^2*e^2)*a*c^3))/(a*c^3)))/((a^2*c^3*d - sqrt(a*c)*a
^2*c^2*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) - 1/4*((c^2*d^3*e -
13*a*c*d*e^3)*a^2*e^2*abs(c) - (sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^4*e + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*
e^3 - 5*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^5)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e) - (2*a*c^3*d^5*e - 9*a^2*c
^2*d^3*e^3 - 5*a^3*c*d*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^3*d -
sqrt(a^2*c^6*d^2 - (a*c^3*d^2 - a^2*c^2*e^2)*a*c^3))/(a*c^3)))/((a^2*c^3*e
+ sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) - 1/2*((
e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^3*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^4*e + 3*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c
*d*e^3 + sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*e^5)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2
- a*e^2)*a*c^2)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4090, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.55

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
atan((a^2*e^10*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((105*d*e^6)/(64*c^4) + d^7/(16*a^3*c) + (3
5*d^3*e^4)/(32*a*c^3) - (35*d^5*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) + (25*e^7*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2
)))/(64*a^4*c^9) + (77*d^2*e^5*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(32*a^5*c^8) - (35*d^4*e^3*
(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^7))^(1/2)*50i)/((491*a*d^3*e^11)/(2*c) - (885*d
^5*e^9)/2 + (329*c*d^7*e^7)/(2*a) + (50*a^2*d*e^13)/c^2 - (35*c^2*d^9*e^5)
/(2*a^2) + (125*e^14*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^7) + (335*d^2*e^12*(a^9*c^9
)^(1/2))/(2*a^3*c^6) - (204*d^4*e^10*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(a^4*c^5) - (7*d^6*e
^8*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(2*a^5*c^4) + (35*d^8*e^6*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(4*a^6*c^3)
) - (d^3*e^7*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((105*d*e^6)/(64*c^4) + d^7/(
16*a^3*c) + (35*d^3*e^4)/(32*a*c^3) - (35*d^5*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) + (25*e^7*
(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^4*c^9) + (77*d^2*e^5*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(32*a^5*c^8)
- (35*d^4*e^3*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^7))^(1/2)*308i)/((329*a^3*c^4*d^7
*e^7)/2 - (35*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^5)/2 - (885*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^9)/2 + (491*a^5*c^2*
d^3*e^11)/2 + 50*a^6*c*d*e^13 + (125*a^2*e^14*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(4*c^4) + (
35*d^8*e^6*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(4*a^2) - (204*d^4*e^10*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/c^2 +
(335*a*d^2*e^12*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(2*c^3) - (7*d^6*e^8*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(2
*a*c)) + (d^5*e^5*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((105*d*e^6)/(64*c^4) +
d^7/(16*a^3*c) + (35*d^3*e^4)/(32*a*c^3) - (35*d^5*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) + (25
*e^7*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^4*c^9) + (77*d^2*e^5*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(32*a^5*
c^8) - (35*d^4*e^3*(a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^7))^(1/2)*70i)/(50*a^7*d*...
```

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1267, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(16*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*
sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*d*e**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d
)))*a*c**2*d**3 - 16*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d +
e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 4*sqr
t(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*
a**3*e**3 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)
/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*d**2*e + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*e**3*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*
atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d**
2*e*x**2 + 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2*c*d*e**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))*a*c**2*d**3 - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(- sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*
sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)
+ sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(...
```

**3.142** 
$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1155
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1156
Rubi [A] (verified)	1156
Maple [A] (verified)	1159
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1160
Sympy [F(-1)]	1161
Maxima [F]	1162
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1162
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1163
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1164

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{de\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} + \frac{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2ac(a-cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} (2\sqrt{cd}+3\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{7/4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-3\sqrt{ae}) (\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{7/4}}$$

output

```
1/2*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c+1/2*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4
*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*(2*c^(1/2)*d+3*a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*
x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(7/4)+1/4*(2*c^(1/2)*d-3
*a^(1/2)*e)*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(
1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(7/4)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2x+ae(2d+ex))}{-a+cx^2} - \sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(2cd^2-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(c*d^2*x + a*e*(2*d + e*x)))/(-a + c*x^2) - Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(2*c*d^2 - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)] + Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(2*c*d^2 + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])/(4*a^(3/2)*c^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 653, 25, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 495 \\ & \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cd^2-cexd-3ae^2)}{2(a-cx^2)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cd^2-cexd-3ae^2)}{a-cx^2} dx}{4ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 653 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2de\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\int -\frac{c(2d(cd^2-2ae^2)+e(cd^2-3ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c}}{4ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{\int \frac{c(2d(cd^2-2ae^2)+e(cd^2-3ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{c}}{4ac} + 2de\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{2d(cd^2-2ae^2)+e(cd^2-3ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx + 2de\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)}$$

↓ 654

$$2 \int -\frac{e(d(cd^2-ae^2)+(cd^2-3ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} + 2de\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{2de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2 \int \frac{e(d(cd^2-ae^2)+(cd^2-3ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \int \frac{d(cd^2-ae^2)+(cd^2-3ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)}$$

↓ 1480

$$2de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-3\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(3\sqrt{ae}+2\sqrt{cd}) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} + \frac{4ac}{2ac(a-cx^2)}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{2de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}(3\sqrt{ae}+2\sqrt{cd})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e} - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-3\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e} \right)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)} = \frac{4ac}{2ac(a-cx^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(2*a*c*(a - c*x^2)) + (2*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x] - 2*e*(((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + 3*Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e) - ((2*Sqrt[c]*d - 3*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e)))/(4*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 653 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m))*(f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m/(c*m), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\left(\frac{(-3ae^2+cd^2)\sqrt{ace^2}}{4}+cd\left(ae^2-\frac{cd^2}{2}\right)\right)e\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c(-cx^2+a)}\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)+\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}$
derivativedivides	$2e^3\left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ace^2}+\frac{(ae^2-cd^2)d\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ace^2}\right)+\frac{(-4ade^2c+2c^2d^3+3\sqrt{ace^2}ae^2-\sqrt{ace^2}cd^2)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}$
default	$2e^3\left(\frac{(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ace^2}+\frac{(ae^2-cd^2)d\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ace^2}\right)+\frac{(-4ade^2c+2c^2d^3+3\sqrt{ace^2}ae^2-\sqrt{ace^2}cd^2)\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-1/4*(-3*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*d*(a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2))*e*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-e*(-c*x^2+a)*(1/4*(3*a*e^2-c*d^2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*d*(a*e^2-1/2*c*d^2))*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(1/2*c*d^2*x+a*e*(1/2*e*x+d))*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1370 vs.  $2(172) = 344$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1370, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.93

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/8*((a*c^2*x^2 - a^2*c)*sqrt((4*c^2*d^5 - 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*e^4
+ a^3*c^3*sqrt((25*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c^7)))
/(a^3*c^3))*log(-(20*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 101*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 162*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 -
81*a^3*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 9*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 - (2*a^3
*c^6*d^2 - 3*a^4*c^5*e^2)*sqrt((25*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e
^10)/(a^3*c^7)))*sqrt((4*c^2*d^5 - 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*e^4 + a^3*c^3
*sqrt((25*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c^7)))/(a^3*c^3
))) - (a*c^2*x^2 - a^2*c)*sqrt((4*c^2*d^5 - 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*e^4
+ a^3*c^3*sqrt((25*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c^7)))
/(a^3*c^3))*log(-(20*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 101*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 162*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 -
81*a^3*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 9*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 - (2*a^3
*c^6*d^2 - 3*a^4*c^5*e^2)*sqrt((25*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e
^10)/(a^3*c^7)))*sqrt((4*c^2*d^5 - 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*e^4 + a^3*c^3
*sqrt((25*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c^7)))/(a^3*c^3
))) + (a*c^2*x^2 - a^2*c)*sqrt((4*c^2*d^5 - 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*e^4
- a^3*c^3*sqrt((25*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c^7)))
/(a^3*c^3))*log(-(20*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 101*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 162*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 -
81*a^3*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 9*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 + (2*a^3
*c^6*d^2 - 3*a^4*c^5*e^2)*sqrt((25*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e
^10)/(a^3*c^7)))*sqrt((4*c^2*d^5 - 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*e^4 - a^3*...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{5/2}}{(cx^2-a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 506 vs.  $2(172) = 344$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(2ac^4d^4e - 4a^2c^3d^2e^3 - (cd^2e - 3ae^3)a^2c^2e^2 - (\sqrt{acc^2d^3e} - \sqrt{acacde^3})|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\right) + (2\sqrt{acac^4d^4e} - 4\sqrt{aca^2c^3d^2e^3} - (\sqrt{accd^2e} - 3\sqrt{acae^3})a^2c^2e^2 + (ac^3d^3e - a^2c^2de^3)|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{a-cx^2}}\right) + \frac{4(a^2c^4d + \sqrt{aca^2c^3e})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{acce}}|a||e|}{4(a^2c^3e - \sqrt{acac^3d})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{acce}}|a||e|} - \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}cd^2e - \sqrt{ex+d}cd^3e + (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ae^3 + \sqrt{ex+d}ade^3}{2((ex+d)^2c - 2(ex+d)cd + cd^2 - ae^2)ac}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*(2*a*c^4*d^4*e - 4*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 - (c*d^2*e - 3*a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*e^2 -
(sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(
sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d + sqrt(a^2*c^4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)*
a*c^2)))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)
*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^4*d^4*e - 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*
d^2*e^3 - (sqrt(a*c)*c*d^2*e - 3*sqrt(a*c)*a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*e^2 + (a*c^3*d^3
*e - a^2*c^2*d*e^3)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^
2*d - sqrt(a^2*c^4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)*a*c^2)))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c
^4*d + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) -
1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c*d^2*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d^3*e + (e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*e
^3 + sqrt(e*x + d)*a*d*e^3)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 - a*
e^2)*a*c)

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1988, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.61

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^2)^2,x)
```



output

```

2*atanh((18*a*e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(d^5/(16*a^3*c) + (15*d*e^4)/(64*a*c^3)
- (15*d^3*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (9*e^5*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^5*c^7) + (5*d^
2*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^6))^(1/2))/((15*d^2*e^9)/c - (43*d^4*e^7)
/(4*a) - (27*a*e^11)/(4*c^2) + (5*c*d^6*e^5)/(2*a^2) + (9*d*e^10*(a^9*c^7)
^(1/2))/(4*a^4*c^5) - (7*d^3*e^8*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a^5*c^4) + (5*d^5*e^6
*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^6*c^3)) - (10*c*d^2*e^6*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(d^5/(16*a^
3*c) + (15*d*e^4)/(64*a*c^3) - (15*d^3*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (9*e^5*(a^9*c^7)
^(1/2))/(64*a^5*c^7) + (5*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^6))^(1/2))/((
15*d^2*e^9)/c - (43*d^4*e^7)/(4*a) - (27*a*e^11)/(4*c^2) + (5*c*d^6*e^5)/
(2*a^2) + (9*d*e^10*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^4*c^5) - (7*d^3*e^8*(a^9*c^7)^(1
/2))/(2*a^5*c^4) + (5*d^5*e^6*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^6*c^3)) + (18*d*e^7*(a
^9*c^7)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(d^5/(16*a^3*c) + (15*d*e^4)/(64*a*c^3) - (1
5*d^3*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (9*e^5*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^5*c^7) + (5*d^2*e^
3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^6))^(1/2))/((5*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^5)/2 - (27*a^5*c
*e^11)/4 - (43*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^7)/4 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^9 + (9*d*e^10*(a^9*c^
7)^(1/2))/(4*c^2) + (5*d^5*e^6*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^2) - (7*d^3*e^8*(a^9*
c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a*c)) - (10*d^3*e^5*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(d^5/(1
6*a^3*c) + (15*d*e^4)/(64*a*c^3) - (15*d^3*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (9*e^5*(a^9
*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^5*c^7) + (5*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^6))^(1/2
))/(15*a^5*c*d^2*e^9 - (27*a^6*e^11)/4 + (5*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^5)/2 - (43*a^...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 897, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.88

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*e**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*d**2 - 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*e**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*d*e + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*d*e*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2*e**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*d**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*e**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2*e**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*d**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*s...
```

**3.143**  $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1166
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1167
Rubi [A] (verified)	1167
Maple [A] (verified)	1170
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1171
Sympy [F(-1)]	1171
Maxima [F]	1172
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1172
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1173
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1174

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}(2\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{5/4}} + \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{5/4}}$$

output

```
1/2*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*(2*c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/4)+1/4*(2*c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(5/4)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} - (2\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}) \sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right) + (2\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae}) \sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2) - (2*Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)] + (2*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])/(4*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 495 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2cd^2+cexd-ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+cexd-ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 654 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int -\frac{e(cd^2+c(d+ex)d-ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{e(cd^2+c(d+ex)d-ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \int \frac{cd^2+c(d+ex)d-ae^2}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c}\left(\sqrt{cd}-\frac{2cd^2-ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}}\right)\int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})}d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c}\left(\frac{2cd^2-ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}}+\sqrt{cd}\right)\int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})}d\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}{2ac} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e\left(\frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\frac{2cd^2-ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}-\frac{(\frac{2cd^2-ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}}+\sqrt{cd})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2ac}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(2*a*c*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*(-1/2*((Sqrt[c]*d - (2*c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(Sqrt[a]*e))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) - ((Sqrt[c]*d + (2*c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(Sqrt[a]*e))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(2*a*c)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^3 \left( \frac{\frac{d(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae^2} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae^2c}}{-c(ex+d)^2 + 2cd(ex+d) + ae^2 - cd^2} + \frac{(-ae^2 + 2cd^2 - \sqrt{ace^2}d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{(ae^2 - 2cd^2 - \sqrt{ace^2}d)}{4ae^2} \right)$
default	$2e^3 \left( \frac{\frac{d(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae^2} + \frac{(ae^2 - cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae^2c}}{-c(ex+d)^2 + 2cd(ex+d) + ae^2 - cd^2} + \frac{(-ae^2 + 2cd^2 - \sqrt{ace^2}d) \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} - \frac{(ae^2 - 2cd^2 - \sqrt{ace^2}d)}{4ae^2} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{e(-cx^2+a)c(ae^2 - 2cd^2 + \sqrt{ace^2}d)\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{2} + \sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c} \left( \frac{ec(-cx^2+a)}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*e^3*((1/4*d/a/e^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+1/4*(a*e^2-c*d^2)/a/e^2/c*(e*x+d)^(1/2))
/(-c*(e*x+d)^2+2*c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^2)+1/4/a/e^2*(1/2*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2-(
a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(
c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-1/2*(a*e^2-2*c*d^2-(a*c*
e^2)^(1/2)*d)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e
*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 679 vs.  $2(154) = 308$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 679, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx =$$

$$(ac^2x^2 - a^2c) \sqrt{\frac{a^3c^2\sqrt{\frac{e^6}{a^3c^5}} + 4cd^3 - 3ade^2}{a^3c^2}} \log\left(- (4cd^2e^3 - ae^5)\sqrt{ex+d} + \left(2a^3c^4d\sqrt{\frac{e^6}{a^3c^5}} + a^2ce^4\right) \sqrt{\frac{a^3c^2\sqrt{\frac{e^6}{a^3c^5}}}{a^3c^2}}\right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/8*((a*c^2*x^2 - a^2*c)*sqrt((a^3*c^2*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5)) + 4*c*d^3 - 3*
a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))*log(-(4*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (2*a^3*c^4*
d*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5)) + a^2*c*e^4)*sqrt((a^3*c^2*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5)) + 4*c
*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))) - (a*c^2*x^2 - a^2*c)*sqrt((a^3*c^2*sqrt(e^6
/(a^3*c^5)) + 4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))*log(-(4*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*s
qrt(e*x + d) - (2*a^3*c^4*d*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5)) + a^2*c*e^4)*sqrt((a^3*c^2
*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5)) + 4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))) - (a*c^2*x^2 - a^2
*c)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5)) - 4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))*l
og(-(4*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (2*a^3*c^4*d*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5))
- a^2*c*e^4)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5)) - 4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)/(a
^3*c^2))) + (a*c^2*x^2 - a^2*c)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5)) - 4*c*d
^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))*log(-(4*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (2*a
^3*c^4*d*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5)) - a^2*c*e^4)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5
)) - 4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))) + 4*(c*d*x + a*e)*sqrt(e*x + d))/(a*
c^2*x^2 - a^2*c)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)`



output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 414 vs. 2(154) = 308.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 414, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(2ac^3d^3e - 2a^2c^2de^3 - (\sqrt{acd^2e} - \sqrt{acae^3})|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2d + \sqrt{a^2c^4d^2 - (ac^2d^2 - a^2ce^2)}}{ac^2}}}\right)}{4(a^2c^2e - \sqrt{acac^2d})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{acce}|a||e|}} + \frac{(2ac^3d^3e - 2a^2c^2de^3 + (\sqrt{acd^2e} - \sqrt{acae^3})|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2d - \sqrt{a^2c^4d^2 - (ac^2d^2 - a^2ce^2)}}{ac^2}}}\right)}{4(a^2c^2e + \sqrt{acac^2d})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{acce}|a||e|}} - \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}cde - \sqrt{ex + d}cd^2e + \sqrt{ex + d}ae^3}{2((ex + d)^2c - 2(ex + d)cd + cd^2 - ae^2)ac}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*(2*a*c^3*d^3*e - 2*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 - (sqrt(a*c)*c*d^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*e^
3)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d + sqrt(a^2*c^
4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)*a*c^2)))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*
a*c^2*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(2*a*c^3*d^3*e
- 2*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + (sqrt(a*c)*c*d^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*e^3)*abs(a)*abs(c)*ab
s(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d - sqrt(a^2*c^4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2
- a^2*c*e^2)*a*c^2)))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^2*e + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d)*sqrt(-c^2*
d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) - 1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c*d*e - sqrt(e*x
+ d)*c*d^2*e + sqrt(e*x + d)*a*e^3)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*
d^2 - a*e^2)*a*c)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 704, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{2ce^6 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{\frac{d^3}{16a^3c} - \frac{3de^2}{64a^2c^2} - \frac{e^3 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{64a^6c^5}}}{\frac{de^7}{2a} - \frac{cd^3e^5}{2a^2} + \frac{e^8 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{4a^5c^3} - \frac{d^2e^6 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{4a^6c^2}} \right) + \frac{2de^5 \sqrt{a^9c^5} \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{\frac{d^3}{16a^3c} - \frac{3de^2}{64a^2c^2} - \frac{e^3 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{64a^6c^5}}}{\frac{e^8 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{4c^2} - \frac{a^3c^2d^3e^5}{2} + \frac{a^4cde^7}{2} - \frac{d^2e^6 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{4ac}} \sqrt{\frac{e^3 \sqrt{a^9c^5} - 4a^3c^4d^3 + 3a^4c^3de^2}{64a^6c^5}} - \frac{\frac{(ae^3 - cd^2e) \sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} + \frac{de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2a}}{c(d+ex)^2 - ae^2 + cd^2 - 2cd(d+ex)} + 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{2ce^6 \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{\frac{d^3}{16a^3c} - \frac{3de^2}{64a^2c^2} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{64a^6c^5}}}{\frac{de^7}{2a} - \frac{cd^3e^5}{2a^2} - \frac{e^8 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{4a^5c^3} + \frac{d^2e^6 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{4a^6c^2}} + \frac{2de^5 \sqrt{a^9c^5} \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt{\frac{d^3}{16a^3c} - \frac{3de^2}{64a^2c^2} + \frac{e^3 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{64a^6c^5}}}{\frac{e^8 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{4c^2} + \frac{a^3c^2d^3e^5}{2} - \frac{a^4cde^7}{2} - \frac{d^2e^6 \sqrt{a^9c^5}}{4ac}} \right)$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```

2*atanh((2*c*e^6*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(d^3/(16*a^3*c) - (3*d*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2)
- (e^3*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^5))^(1/2))/((d*e^7)/(2*a) - (c*d^3*e^5)/
(2*a^2) + (e^8*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^5*c^3) - (d^2*e^6*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4
*a^6*c^2)) + (2*d*e^5*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(d^3/(16*a^3*c) - (3
*d*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (e^3*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^5))^(1/2))/((e^8*(a
^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*c^2) - (a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5)/2 + (a^4*c*d*e^7)/2 - (d^2*e^6*
(a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c)))*(-(e^3*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^4*
c^3*d*e^2)/(64*a^6*c^5))^(1/2) - (((a*e^3 - c*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(2*a
*c) + (d*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(2*a))/(c*(d + e*x)^2 - a*e^2 + c*d^2 - 2*c*d*
(d + e*x)) + 2*atanh((2*c*e^6*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(d^3/(16*a^3*c) - (3*d*e^2)/
(64*a^2*c^2) + (e^3*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^5))^(1/2))/((d*e^7)/(2*a) -
(c*d^3*e^5)/(2*a^2) - (e^8*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^5*c^3) + (d^2*e^6*(a^9*c
^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^6*c^2)) + (2*d*e^5*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(d^3/(1
6*a^3*c) - (3*d*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) + (e^3*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^5))^(1
/2))/((e^8*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*c^2) + (a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5)/2 - (a^4*c*d*e^7)/
2 - (d^2*e^6*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c)))*((e^3*(a^9*c^5)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^4*
d^3 - 3*a^4*c^3*d*e^2)/(64*a^6*c^5))^(1/2)

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 580, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd}}\right) acd + 4\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+dc}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} e - cd}}\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*c*d + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
- c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c
*2*d*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)
/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*e + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e -
c*d)))*a*c*e*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*d + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(
d + e*x))*c**2*d*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*d - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))*c**2*d*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2*e - sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))*a*c*e*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2*e + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x
))*a*c*e*x**2 + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*a**2*c*e + 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*a*c**2*d*x)/(8*
a**2*c**2*(a - c*x**2))
```

**3.144**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1176
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1177
Rubi [A] (verified)	1177
Maple [A] (verified)	1180
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1181
Sympy [F(-1)]	1182
Maxima [F]	1182
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1183
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1184
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1184

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\left(\frac{2\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} - e\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4ac^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{2\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{a}} + e\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4ac^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*(2*c^(1/2)*d/a^(1/2)-e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a/c^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)+1/4*(2*c^(1/2)*d/a^(1/2)+e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a/c^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{d+ex}}{a-cx^2} + \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}}{4a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[a]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a - c*x^2) + ((2*Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)])/((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) - ((2*Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])/((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e)))/(4*a^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$ , Rules used = {494, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 494$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2d+ex}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2a}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a-cx^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int -\frac{e(2d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2}d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a-cx^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 654 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{e(2d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \int \frac{2d+ex}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \int \frac{2d+ex}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - \frac{2\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ae}} \right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})}d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ae}} + 1 \right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})}d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \left( -\frac{\left( 1 - \frac{2\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ae}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} \right)}{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{\left( \frac{2\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{ae}} + 1 \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{2a}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a - c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(2*a*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*(-1/2*((1 - (2*Sqrt[c]*d)/(Sqrt[a]*e))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) - ((1 + (2*Sqrt[c]*d)/(Sqrt[a]*e))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(2*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 494 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*(2*p + 3) + d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[n, 1] || (ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, 2])) && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$e c^2 \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}}{-cex+\sqrt{ac e^2}} + \frac{(\sqrt{ac e^2}+2cd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2c^2 \sqrt{ac e^2}}}{2c^2 \sqrt{ac e^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2c^2 (cex+\sqrt{ac e^2})} + \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right) d}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c} c \sqrt{ac e^2}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$2e^3 c^2 \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}}{2c^2 (-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2}}{c})} + \frac{(\sqrt{ac e^2}+2cd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2c \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}}{4ca e^2 \sqrt{ac e^2}} + \frac{\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}}{2c^2 (-ex-\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2}}{c})} - \frac{(\sqrt{ac e^2}-2cd) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2c \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}}{4ca e^2 \sqrt{ac e^2}} \right)$
default	$2e^3 c^2 \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}}{2c^2 (-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2}}{c})} + \frac{(\sqrt{ac e^2}+2cd) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2c \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}}{4ca e^2 \sqrt{ac e^2}} + \frac{\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}}{2c^2 (-ex-\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2}}{c})} - \frac{(\sqrt{ac e^2}-2cd) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2c \sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}}{4ca e^2 \sqrt{ac e^2}} \right)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*e*c^2/a*(1/2/c^2/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*((a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*e*x+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))+((a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+2*c*d)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-1/2/c^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*e*x+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))+1/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))*d/c/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)-1/2/c^2/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1385 vs.  $2(143) = 286$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1385, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/8*((a*c*x^2 - a^2)*sqrt((4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 + (a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2
)*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2
- a^4*c*e^2))*log(-(4*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (a^2*c*d*e^4 - (2
*a^3*c^4*d^4 - 3*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^2*e^4)*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 - 2*
a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))*sqrt((4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 + (a^3*c^2*d^2
- a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))/(a
^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2))) - (a*c*x^2 - a^2)*sqrt((4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 + (a
^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c
^3*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2))*log(-(4*c*d^2*e^3 - a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x +
d) - (a^2*c*d*e^4 - (2*a^3*c^4*d^4 - 3*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^2*e^4)*sqrt
(e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))*sqrt((4*c*d^3 - 3*a
*d*e^2 + (a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e
^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2))) + (a*c*x^2 - a^2)*sqrt((4*
c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 - (a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 - 2*a
^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2))*log(-(4*c*d^2*e
^3 - a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (a^2*c*d*e^4 + (2*a^3*c^4*d^4 - 3*a^4*c^3*d^2*e
^2 + a^5*c^2*e^4)*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 - 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)
))*sqrt((4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 - (a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(e^6/(a^3*c
^5*d^4 - 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2))) - (a
*c*x^2 - a^2)*sqrt((4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 - (a^3*c^2*d^2 - a^4*c*e^2)*sqr...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2-a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs.  $2(143) = 286$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e - \sqrt{ex+d}de}{2((ex+d)^2c - 2(ex+d)cd + cd^2 - ae^2)a}$$

$$+ \frac{(2acd^2e|c| - a^2e^3|c| - \sqrt{acde}|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{acd + \sqrt{a^2c^2d^2 - (acd^2 - a^2e^2)ac}}{ac}}}}{4(a^2ce - \sqrt{ac}acd)\sqrt{-c^2d} - \sqrt{ac}ce|a||e|}\right)}{4(a^2ce - \sqrt{ac}acd)\sqrt{-c^2d} - \sqrt{ac}ce|a||e|}$$

$$+ \frac{(acde|a||c||e| + 2\sqrt{ac}acd^2e|c| - \sqrt{aca^2}e^3|c|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{acd - \sqrt{a^2c^2d^2 - (acd^2 - a^2e^2)ac}}{ac}}}}{4(a^2c^2d + \sqrt{aca^2}ce)\sqrt{-c^2d} + \sqrt{ac}ce|a||e|}\right)}{4(a^2c^2d + \sqrt{aca^2}ce)\sqrt{-c^2d} + \sqrt{ac}ce|a||e|}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*d*e)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 - a*e^2)*a) + 1/4*(2*a*c*d^2*e*abs(c) - a^2*e^3*abs(c) - sqrt(a*c)*d*e*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c*d + sqrt(a^2*c^2*d^2 - (a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*a*c))/(a*c)))/((a^2*c*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(a*c*d*e*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e) + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e*abs(c) - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^3*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c*d - sqrt(a^2*c^2*d^2 - (a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*a*c))/(a*c)))/((a^2*c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2332, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
- atan((((8*c^3*d*e^3 - 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2))*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2) + ((a*c^2*e^4 + 4*c^3*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/a^2)*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2)*1i - ((8*c^3*d*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2))*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2) - ((a*c^2*e^4 + 4*c^3*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/a^2)*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2)*1i)/(((8*c^3*d*e^3 - 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2))*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2) + ((a*c^2*e^4 + 4*c^3*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/a^2)*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2) - (4*c^2*d^2*e^3 - a*c*e^5)/(4*a^3) + ((8*c^3*d*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2))*(-e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 - a^7*c^3*e^2))...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 908, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a**2*e**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))
)*a*c*d**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c
)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*c*e**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*e - c*d))*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*at
an((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a**2*d*e - 2
*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d))*a*c*d*e*x**2 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
+ c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2
*e**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*d**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a
*c*e**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))*a**2*e**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d...
```

### 3.145 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1186
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1187
Rubi [A] (verified)	1187
Maple [A] (verified)	1190
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1191
Sympy [F(-1)]	1191
Maxima [F]	1191
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1192
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1192
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1193

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(ae-cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)(a-cx^2)} - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-3\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}} + \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}+3\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*(2*c^(1/2)
*d-3*a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))
/a^(3/2)/c^(1/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)+1/4*(2*c^(1/2)*d+3*a^(1/2)*e)
*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^(1/4)
)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{a}(-ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(-cd^2+ae^2)(a-cx^2)} + \frac{(2\sqrt{cd+3\sqrt{ae}}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd-3\sqrt{ae}}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{-cd+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}}{4a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^2), x]`

output  $((-2\sqrt{a}*(-(a*e) + c*d*x)*\sqrt{d + e*x})/((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2) + ((2*\sqrt{c}*d + 3*\sqrt{a}*e)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{-(c*d) - \sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}*e})*\sqrt{d + e*x}]/(\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{a}*e)))/((\sqrt{c}*d + \sqrt{a}*e)*\sqrt{-(c*d) - \sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}*e}) - ((2*\sqrt{c}*d - 3*\sqrt{a}*e)*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{-(c*d) + \sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}*e})*\sqrt{d + e*x}]/(\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{a}*e)))/((\sqrt{c}*d - \sqrt{a}*e)*\sqrt{-(c*d) + \sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}*e}))/4*a^(3/2))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 496$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+cexd-3ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae - cdx)}{2a(a - cx^2)(cd^2 - ae^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+cexd-3ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{e(cd^2+c(d+ex)d-3ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(cd^2+c(d+ex)d-3ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{cd^2+c(d+ex)d-3ae^2}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{e\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c}\left(\sqrt{cd}-\frac{2cd^2-3ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}}\right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c}\left(\frac{2cd^2-3ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}} + \sqrt{cd}\right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{e\left(-\frac{\left(\sqrt{cd}-\frac{2cd^2-3ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{2cd^2-3ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}} + \sqrt{cd}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^2), x]`

output

$$-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*(-1/2*((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - (2*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*e))*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4})*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]))/(c^{1/4})*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]) - ((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + (2*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*e))*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4})*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]))/(2*c^{1/4})*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e]))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 496

$$\text{Int}[(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^n)*(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(2*p+3) + a*d^2*(n+2*p+3) + b*c*d*(n+2*p+4)*x, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 654

$$\text{Int}[(f_)+(g_)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)]*((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$$

rule 1480

$$\text{Int}[(d_)+(e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$e c^2 \left( \frac{\frac{(2cd+3\sqrt{ac e^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}}{-cex+\sqrt{ac e^2}}}{2c\sqrt{ac e^2} (cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})} + \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{2c(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})(cex+\sqrt{ac e^2})} - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{(-cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}} \right)$
derivativedivides	$2e^3 c^2 \left( \frac{\frac{(2cd+3\sqrt{ac e^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}}{-cex+\sqrt{ac e^2}}}{2c(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2}}{c})} + \frac{2c\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}}{4\sqrt{ac e^2} a e^2 c} + \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2c(cd-\sqrt{ac e^2})(-ex-\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2}}{c})} \right)$
default	$2e^3 c^2 \left( \frac{\frac{(2cd+3\sqrt{ac e^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}}{-cex+\sqrt{ac e^2}}}{2c(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2}}{c})} + \frac{2c\sqrt{ac e^2} \sqrt{ex+d}}{4\sqrt{ac e^2} a e^2 c} + \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ac e^2})c}}\right)}{2c(cd-\sqrt{ac e^2})(-ex-\frac{\sqrt{ac e^2}}{c})} \right)$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*e*c^2/a*(1/2/c/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/(c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*((a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*e*x+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))+(2*c*d+3*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c/(-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(c*e*x+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))-1/(-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*d/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+3/2/(-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))/c`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3279 vs.  $2(167) = 334$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3279, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2-a)^2\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 - a)^2*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 873 vs.  $2(167) = 334$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 873, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.93

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*((a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)^2*c*d*e*abs(c) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^4*e - 4*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^5)*abs(-a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*abs(c) - (2*a*c^4*d^7*e - 7*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 8*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 3*a^4*c*d*e^7)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2 + sqrt((a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)^2 - (a*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*(a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)))/(a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)))/((a^2*c^3*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^4*c*e^5 + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d^5 - 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(-a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)) - 1/4*((a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)^2*sqrt(a*c)*d*e*abs(c) - (a*c^2*d^4*e - 4*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*a^3*e^5)*abs(-a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*abs(c) - (2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^3*d^7*e - 7*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 8*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 - 3*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*d*e^7)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2 - sqrt((a*c^2*d^3 - a^2*c*d*e^2)^2 - (a*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*(a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)))/(a*c^2*d^2 - a^2*c*e^2)))/((a^2*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*e^4 - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 - sqrt(a*c)*a^4*e^5)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(-a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)) - 1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c*d*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d^2*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*a*e^3)/((a*c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)*((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5253, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.66

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```
atan((((192*a^5*c^3*e^7 + 64*a^3*c^5*d^4*e^3 - 256*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^5)/(8*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(64*a^5*c^4*d*e^6 + 64*a^3*c^6*d^5*e^2 - 128*a^4*c^5*d^3*e^4)*(-(4*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 9*a*e^5*(a^9*c)^(1/2) + 5*c*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c)^(1/2) - 15*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^4)/(64*(a^9*c*e^6 - a^6*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)))/(a^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2))*(-(4*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 9*a*e^5*(a^9*c)^(1/2) + 5*c*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c)^(1/2) - 15*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^4)/(64*(a^9*c*e^6 - a^6*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(9*a^2*c^3*e^6 + 4*c^5*d^4*e^2 - 11*a*c^4*d^2*e^4))/(a^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2))*(-(4*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 9*a*e^5*(a^9*c)^(1/2) + 5*c*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c)^(1/2) - 15*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^4)/(64*(a^9*c*e^6 - a^6*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)*1i - (((192*a^5*c^3*e^7 + 64*a^3*c^5*d^4*e^3 - 256*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^5)/(8*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(64*a^5*c^4*d*e^6 + 64*a^3*c^6*d^5*e^2 - 128*a^4*c^5*d^3*e^4)*(-(4*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 9*a*e^5*(a^9*c)^(1/2) + 5*c*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c)^(1/2) - 15*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^4)/(64*(a^9*c*e^6 - a^6*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^7*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 3*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)))/(a^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2))*(-(4*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 9*a*e^5*(a^9*c)^(1/2) + 5*c*d^2*e^3*(a^9*c)^(1/2) - 15*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^4)/(64*(a^9*c*e^6 - a^6*c^4*d^6 + 3...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1305, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*d*e**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d**3 - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**3*d**3*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*e**3 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*d**2*e - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*e**3*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2*c*d*e**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c**2*d**3 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e...
```

**3.146**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1195
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1196
Rubi [A] (verified)	1196
Maple [A] (verified)	1199
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1201
Sympy [F(-1)]	1201
Maxima [F]	1202
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1202
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1203
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1204

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 265

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e(cd^2 + 5ae^2)}{2a(cd^2 - ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$- \frac{ae - cdx}{2a(cd^2 - ae^2) \sqrt{d+ex} (a - cx^2)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(2\sqrt{cd} - 5\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}(2\sqrt{cd} + 5\sqrt{ae}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*e*(5*a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/2*(-c*d*x+a*e)/a
/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*c^(1/4)*(2*c^(1/2)*d-5*a^(1/2)
)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(c
^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)+1/4*c^(1/4)*(2*c^(1/2)*d+5*a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c
^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)
)*e)^(5/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}(4a^2e^3 - c^2d^2x(d+ex) + ace(2d^2+dex-5e^2x^2))}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(-a+cx^2)} - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd+5\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})^3} + \frac{1}{4a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)^2),x]`

output

$$\frac{((2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(4*a^2*e^3 - c^2*d^2*x*(d + e*x) + a*c*e*(2*d^2 + d*e*x - 5*e^2*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(-a + c*x^2)) - ((2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + 5*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^3 + ((2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - 5*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^3)/(4*a^(3/2))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 655, 25, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 496

$$\frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+3cexd-5ae^2}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+3cexd-5ae^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c(2d(cd^2-4ae^2)+e(cd^2+5ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx - \frac{2e(5ae^2+cd^2)}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 655 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(2d(cd^2-4ae^2)+e(cd^2+5ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(5ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(2d(cd^2-4ae^2)+e(cd^2+5ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(5ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{2d(cd^2-4ae^2)+e(cd^2+5ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(5ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{2c \int \frac{e(d(cd^2-13ae^2)+(cd^2+5ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(5ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2c \int \frac{e(d(cd^2-13ae^2)+(cd^2+5ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(5ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2ce \int \frac{d(cd^2-13ae^2)+(cd^2+5ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(5ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2ce \left( \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(5\sqrt{ae}+2\sqrt{cd})}{2\sqrt{ae}} \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-5\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})}{2\sqrt{ae}} \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(5ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2ce \left( \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-5\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(5\sqrt{ae}+2\sqrt{cd}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2e(5ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

$$\frac{4a(cd^2-ae^2)}{ae-cdx}$$

$$\frac{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}{2a(a-cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)^2), x]`

output `-1/2*(a*e - c*d*x)/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)) + ((-2*e*(c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*c*e*((2*Sqrt[c]*d - 5*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + 5*Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(4*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 654

```
Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)),
x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*
x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 655

```
Int[(((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2),
x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*((d + e*x)^(m + 1))/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(Simp[c*d*f + a*e*g
- c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
&& FractionQ[m] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31



output

```
2*e^3*(-c/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2*((-1/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/e^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+1/4*d*(
3*a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)))/(-c*(e*x+d)^2+2*c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^
2)+1/4/a/e^2*c*(-1/2*(-8*a*d*e^2*c+2*c^2*d^3+5*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*e^2+(a*c*
e^2)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/c/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan
h(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/2*(8*a*d*e^2*c-2*c^2*
d^3+5*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*e^2+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d^2)/c/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*
d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))
*c)^(1/2)))-1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5703 vs.  $2(206) = 412$ .

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5703, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2-a)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 - a)^2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1411 vs. 2(206) = 412.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1411, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*((a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)^2*(c*d^2*e + 5*a*e^3)*abs(
c) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^3*d^7*e - 15*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 27*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*
c*d^3*e^5 - 13*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*d*e^7)*abs(a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^
3*e^5)*abs(c) - 2*(a*c^6*d^12*e - 8*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^3 + 22*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^5
- 28*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 17*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^9 - 4*a^6*c*d^2*e^11)*abs(c))*arct
an(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4 + sqrt
((a*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)^2 - (a*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^2*c^2*
d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 - a^4*e^6)*(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*
c*e^4)))/(a*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))/((a^2*c^4*d^8*e - 4
*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 4*a^5*c*d^2*e^7 + a^6*e^9 - sqrt(a*
c)*a*c^4*d^9 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^2 - 6*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^5*e^4 +
4*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c*d^3*e^6 - sqrt(a*c)*a^5*d*e^8)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*
c*e)*abs(a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)) - 1/4*((a*c^2*d^4*e - 2
*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)^2*(sqrt(a*c)*c*d^2*e + 5*sqrt(a*c)*a*e^3)*abs(c)
- (a*c^4*d^7*e - 15*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 27*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 13*a^4*c*d*e^7
)*abs(a*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)*abs(c) - 2*(sqrt(a*c)*a*c^6
*d^12*e - 8*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^3 + 22*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^5 - 28
*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 17*sqrt(a*c)*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^9 - 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^
6*c*d^2*e^11)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^
3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4 - sqrt((a*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8700, normalized size of antiderivative = 32.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a - c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)
```



output

```
atan((((-(4*a^3*c^4*d^7 - 25*a^2*e^7*(a^9*c)^(1/2) - 35*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^2 +
70*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 35*c^2*d^4*e^3*(a^9*c)^(1/2) + 105*a^6*c*d*e^6 - 154*
a*c*d^2*e^5*(a^9*c)^(1/2))/(64*(a^11*e^10 - a^6*c^5*d^10 - 5*a^10*c*d^2*e^
8 + 5*a^7*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 10*a^8*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^9*c^2*d^4*e^6)))^(1/2))*
(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(4*a^3*c^4*d^7 - 25*a^2*e^7*(a^9*c)^(1/2) - 35*a^4*c^3*d
^5*e^2 + 70*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 35*c^2*d^4*e^3*(a^9*c)^(1/2) + 105*a^6*c*d*e
^6 - 154*a*c*d^2*e^5*(a^9*c)^(1/2))/(64*(a^11*e^10 - a^6*c^5*d^10 - 5*a^10
*c*d^2*e^8 + 5*a^7*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 10*a^8*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^9*c^2*d^4*e^6))
)^(1/2)*(2048*a^16*c^4*d*e^22 + 2048*a^6*c^14*d^21*e^2 - 20480*a^7*c^13*d^
19*e^4 + 92160*a^8*c^12*d^17*e^6 - 245760*a^9*c^11*d^15*e^8 + 430080*a^10*
c^10*d^13*e^10 - 516096*a^11*c^9*d^11*e^12 + 430080*a^12*c^8*d^9*e^14 - 24
5760*a^13*c^7*d^7*e^16 + 92160*a^14*c^6*d^5*e^18 - 20480*a^15*c^5*d^3*e^20
) - 3328*a^14*c^4*d*e^21 + 256*a^5*c^13*d^19*e^3 - 5376*a^6*c^12*d^17*e^5
+ 33792*a^7*c^11*d^15*e^7 - 107520*a^8*c^10*d^13*e^9 + 204288*a^9*c^9*d^11
*e^11 - 247296*a^10*c^8*d^9*e^13 + 193536*a^11*c^7*d^7*e^15 - 95232*a^12*c
^6*d^5*e^17 + 26880*a^13*c^5*d^3*e^19) - (d + e*x)^(1/2)*(800*a^12*c^4*e^2
0 + 128*a^3*c^13*d^18*e^2 - 1760*a^4*c^12*d^16*e^4 + 10240*a^5*c^11*d^14*e
^6 - 30848*a^6*c^10*d^12*e^8 + 52480*a^7*c^9*d^10*e^10 - 51008*a^8*c^8*d^8
*e^12 + 25600*a^9*c^7*d^6*e^14 - 3200*a^10*c^6*d^4*e^16 - 2432*a^11*c^5*d^
2*e^18))*(-(4*a^3*c^4*d^7 - 25*a^2*e^7*(a^9*c)^(1/2) - 35*a^4*c^3*d^5*e...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1867, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d +
e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*e**4 - 18*sqrt(a)*sq
rt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*
sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 + 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*e**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*
e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d**4 + 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e -
c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*
*2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*
atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**3*d**4*
x**2 - 26*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d
+ e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*d*e**3 + 2*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*d**3*e + 26*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*
x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*d*e**3*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d**3*e*x**2 - 5*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + ...
```

**3.147**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1206
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1207
Rubi [A] (verified)	1207
Maple [A] (verified)	1211
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1213
Sympy [F(-1)]	1213
Maxima [F]	1214
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1214
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1215
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1216

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 311

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e(3cd^2+7ae^2)}{6a(cd^2-ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{cde(cd^2+19ae^2)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} - \frac{c^{3/4}(2\sqrt{cd}-7\sqrt{ae})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{7/2}} + \frac{c^{3/4}(2\sqrt{cd}+7\sqrt{ae})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*e*(7*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/2*c*d*e*(19*a*
e^2+c*d^2)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/2*(-c*d*x+a*e)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d
^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)-1/4*c^(3/4)*(2*c^(1/2)*d-7*a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh
(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(
1/2)*e)^(7/2)+1/4*c^(3/4)*(2*c^(1/2)*d+7*a^(1/2)*e)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d
)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{a}(4a^3e^5+3c^3d^3x(d+ex)^2-a^2ce^3(55d^2+54dex+7e^2x^2))+ac^2de(-9d^3-9d^2ex+61de^2x^2+57e^3x^3)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(-a+cx^2)}}{12}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^2)^2),x]`

output 
$$\frac{((-2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(4*a^3*e^5 + 3*c^3*d^3*x*(d + e*x)^2 - a^2*c*e^3*(55*d^2 + 54*d*e*x + 7*e^2*x^2) + a*c^2*d*e*(-9*d^3 - 9*d^2*e*x + 61*d*e^2*x^2 + 57*e^3*x^3)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)*(-a + c*x^2)} + (3*c*(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + 7*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e))]/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^3*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]) - (3*c*(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - 7*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e))]/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^3*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]))/(12*a^{(3/2)})}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 655, 25, 27, 655, 25, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^2)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 496

$$\frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+5cexd-7ae^2}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+5cexd-7ae^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 655 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{c(2d(cd^2-6ae^2)+e(3cd^2+7ae^2)x)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{c(2d(cd^2-6ae^2)+e(3cd^2+7ae^2)x)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{c \int \frac{2d(cd^2-6ae^2)+e(3cd^2+7ae^2)x}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 655 \\
& \frac{c \left( \frac{\int -\frac{2c^2d^4-15ace^2d^2+ce(cd^2+19ae^2)xd-7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2de(19ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{c \left( \frac{\int \frac{2c^2d^4-15ace^2d^2+ce(cd^2+19ae^2)xd-7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2de(19ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{2e(7ae^2+3cd^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 654
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & c \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e(c^2 d^4 - 34ace^2 d^2 + c(cd^2 + 19ae^2)(d+ex)d - 7a^2 e^4)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2de(19ae^2 + cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{ae - cdx} \\
 & \frac{2a(a - cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & c \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e(c^2 d^4 - 34ace^2 d^2 + c(cd^2 + 19ae^2)(d+ex)d - 7a^2 e^4)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2de(19ae^2 + cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{ae - cdx} \\
 & \frac{2a(a - cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & c \left( \frac{2e \int \frac{c^2 d^4 - 34ace^2 d^2 + c(cd^2 + 19ae^2)(d+ex)d - 7a^2 e^4}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d - ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2de(19ae^2 + cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{ae - cdx} \\
 & \frac{2a(a - cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & c \left( \frac{2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})^3 (7\sqrt{ae} + 2\sqrt{cd}) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(2\sqrt{cd} - 7\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})^3 \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)}{cd^2 - ae^2} - \frac{2de(19ae^2 + cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - ae^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4a(cd^2 - ae^2)}{ae - cdx} \\
 & \frac{2a(a - cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(cd^2 - ae^2)}{cd^2 - ae^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$c \left( \frac{2e \left( \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}-7\sqrt{ae})(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{Ce\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^3(7\sqrt{ae}+2\sqrt{cd}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{Ce\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2de(19ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-ae^2)} \right)}{cd^2-ae^2} - \frac{2}{3(d+ex)} \right) - \frac{ae-cdx}{2a(a-cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a - c*x^2)^2), x]`

output `-1/2*(a*e - c*d*x)/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a - c*x^2)) + ((-2*e*(3*c*d^2 + 7*a*e^2))/(3*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*((-2*d*e*(c*d^2 + 19*a*e^2))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (2*e*((2*Sqrt[c]*d - 7*Sqrt[a]*e)*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^3*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^3*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + 7*Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e])))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(4*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 (- (a*d + b*c*x)) * (c + d*x)^(n + 1) * ((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1) / (2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2  
 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1 / (2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a  
 + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2  
 *p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuad  
 raticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_)) / (Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)] * ((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)),  
 x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2) / (c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*  
 x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 655 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))) / ((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2),  
 x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g) * ((d + e*x)^(m + 1) / ((m + 1) * (c*d^2 + a*e^2))  
 ), x] + Simp[1 / (c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1) * (Simp[c*d*f + a*e*g  
 - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x] / (a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]  
 && FractionQ[m] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2) / ((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :  
 > With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e) / (2*q)) Int[1 / (  
 b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e) / (2*q)) Int[1 / (b/2  
 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]  
 && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29



method	result
derivativedivides	$2e^3 \left( c \left( \frac{-\frac{cd(3ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae^2} + \frac{(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae^2}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{c \left( \frac{(7a^2e^4+15acd^2e^2-2c^2d^4+19\sqrt{ace^2}ade^2+\sqrt{ace^2})}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}} \right)}{c} \right) \right)$
default	$2e^3 \left( c \left( \frac{-\frac{cd(3ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4ae^2} + \frac{(a^2e^4+6acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{4ae^2}}{-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2} + \frac{c \left( \frac{(7a^2e^4+15acd^2e^2-2c^2d^4+19\sqrt{ace^2}ade^2+\sqrt{ace^2})}{2\sqrt{ace^2}\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}} \right)}{c} \right) \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{7e \left( \frac{(19ad e^2 + c d^3) \sqrt{ace^2}}{7} + a^2 e^4 + \frac{15acd^2 e^2}{7} - \frac{2c^2 d^4}{7} \right) (-c x^2 + a) c^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})} c \arctan \left( \frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}c} \right)}{4} + \dots$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$2*e^3*(1/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*c*((-1/4*c*d*(3*a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/e^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+1/4*(a^2*e^4+6*a*c*d^2*e^2+c^2*d^4)/a/e^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)))/(-c*(e*x+d)^2+2*c*d*(e*x+d)+a*e^2-c*d^2)+1/4/a/e^2*c*(1/2*(7*a^2*e^4+15*a*c*d^2*e^2-2*c^2*d^4+19*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*d*e^2+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d^3)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))-1/2*(-7*a^2*e^4-15*a*c*d^2*e^2+2*c^2*d^4+19*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*a*d*e^2+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c*d^3)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)))-1/3/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4/(a*e^2-c*d^2)^3*c*d/(e*x+d)^(1/2))$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8308 vs.  $2(248) = 496$ .

Time = 3.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8308, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.71

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2-a)^2(ex+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 - a)^2*(e*x + d)^(5/2)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1998 vs. 2(248) = 496.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1998, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*((a*c^3*d^6*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 - a^4*e^7)^2*(c^2*
d^3*e + 19*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(c) + (sqrt(a*c)*c^5*d^10*e - 37*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^4*
d^8*e^3 + 98*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 82*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7 + 13
*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 + 7*sqrt(a*c)*a^5*e^11)*abs(-a*c^3*d^6*e + 3*a^2*
c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 + a^4*e^7)*abs(c) - (2*a*c^9*d^17*e - 27*a^2
*c^8*d^15*e^3 + 113*a^3*c^7*d^13*e^5 - 223*a^4*c^6*d^11*e^7 + 225*a^5*c^5*
d^9*e^9 - 97*a^6*c^4*d^7*e^11 - 13*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^13 + 27*a^8*c^2*d^3*e^15
- 7*a^9*c*d*e^17)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^4*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^
3*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 - a^4*c*d*e^6 + sqrt((a*c^4*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^3*
d^5*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 - a^4*c*d*e^6))^2 - (a*c^4*d^8 - 4*a^2*c^3*d^6*
e^2 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^4 - 4*a^4*c*d^2*e^6 + a^5*e^8)*(a*c^4*d^6 - 3*a^2*c^
3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4 - a^4*c*e^6)))/(a*c^4*d^6 - 3*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^
2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4 - a^4*c*e^6)))/((a^2*c^6*d^12*e - 6*a^3*c^5*d^10*e^3
+ 15*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^5 - 20*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 15*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^9 - 6*a^7*c*
d^2*e^11 + a^8*e^13 + sqrt(a*c)*a*c^6*d^13 - 6*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^5*d^11*e^2
+ 15*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^4 - 20*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^6 + 15*sqrt(a*
c)*a^5*c^2*d^5*e^8 - 6*sqrt(a*c)*a^6*c*d^3*e^10 + sqrt(a*c)*a^7*d*e^12)*sq
rt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(-a*c^3*d^6*e + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*a^3*c*
d^2*e^5 + a^4*e^7)) + 1/4*((a*c^3*d^6*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*
e^5 - a^4*e^7)^2*(c^2*d^3*e + 19*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(c) - (sqrt(a*c)*c^5*d^1...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12290, normalized size of antiderivative = 39.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{5/2} (a - cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a - c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)
```

output

```

- ((2*e^3)/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)) - (20*c*d*e^3*(d + e*x))/(3*(a*e^2 - c*d^2)
^2) - (c*e*(d + e*x)^2*(7*a^2*e^4 + 3*c^2*d^4 + 110*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(6*a*(a*
e^2 - c*d^2)^3) + (c^2*d*e*(19*a*e^2 + c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^3)/(2*a*(a*e^2 - c
*d^2)^3))/((a*e^2 - c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2) - c*(d + e*x)^(7/2) + 2*c*d*(d
+ e*x)^(5/2)) - atan((((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(1568*a^16*c^5*e^28 - 128*a^3*c^18*
d^26*e^2 + 3040*a^4*c^17*d^24*e^4 - 29120*a^5*c^16*d^22*e^6 + 128128*a^6*c
^15*d^20*e^8 - 282560*a^7*c^14*d^18*e^10 + 242016*a^8*c^13*d^16*e^12 + 282
240*a^9*c^12*d^14*e^14 - 1059840*a^10*c^11*d^12*e^16 + 1403904*a^11*c^10*d
^10*e^18 - 1049440*a^12*c^9*d^8*e^20 + 456512*a^13*c^8*d^6*e^22 - 100480*a
^14*c^7*d^4*e^24 + 4160*a^15*c^6*d^2*e^26) - (- (4*a^3*c^6*d^9 - 49*a^3*e^9
*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 315*a^7*c^2*d*e^8 - 63*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^5*c^4*d^
5*e^4 + 1155*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^6 + 105*c^3*d^6*e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 819*a*c^2
*d^4*e^5*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 837*a^2*c*d^2*e^7*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2))/(64*(a^13*e^
14 - a^6*c^7*d^14 - 7*a^12*c*d^2*e^12 + 7*a^7*c^6*d^12*e^2 - 21*a^8*c^5*d^
10*e^4 + 35*a^9*c^4*d^8*e^6 - 35*a^10*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21*a^11*c^2*d^4*e^10))
)^(1/2)*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- (4*a^3*c^6*d^9 - 49*a^3*e^9*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 3
15*a^7*c^2*d*e^8 - 63*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^4 + 1155*a^6*c^3
*d^3*e^6 + 105*c^3*d^6*e^3*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 819*a*c^2*d^4*e^5*(a^9*c^3)^(
1/2) - 837*a^2*c*d^2*e^7*(a^9*c^3)^(1/2))/(64*(a^13*e^14 - a^6*c^7*d^14 -
7*a^12*c*d^2*e^12 + 7*a^7*c^6*d^12*e^2 - 21*a^8*c^5*d^10*e^4 + 35*a^9*c...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4569, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a-cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(156*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*
x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*d**2*e**4 + 156*sqrt
(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*d*e**5*x + 96*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d
+ e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 96*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*
sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 156*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 156*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
- c*d)))*a*c**3*d**6 - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e -
c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**
3*d**5*e*x - 96*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((
sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**4*e**2
*x**2 - 96*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(
d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3
+ 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d ...
```

**3.148**  $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1218
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1219
Rubi [A] (verified)	1219
Maple [A] (verified)	1222
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1224
Sympy [F(-1)]	1225
Maxima [F]	1225
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1225
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1226
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1227

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(7cd^2-5ae^2)+2cd(3cd^2-2ae^2)x)}{16a^2c^2(a-cx^2)} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}(12cd^2+18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+5ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{9/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}(12cd^2-18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+5ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{9/4}}$$

output

```
1/4*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2+1/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*(-5
*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)+2*c*d*(-2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x)/a^2/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)-1/32*(c^(1/
2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*(12*c*d^2+18*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+5*a*e^2)*arctanh(c^(
1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(9/4)+1/32*(c^(
1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)*(12*c*d^2-18*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+5*a*e^2)*arctanh(
c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(9/4)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(5a^3e^3+6c^3d^3x^3-ac^2dx(10d^2+dex+8e^2x^2)-a^2ce(11d^2+4dex+9e^2x^2))}{(a-cx^2)^2} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^2(12cd-18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c})}{32}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(5*a^3*e^3 + 6*c^3*d^3*x^3 - a*c^2*d*x*(10*d^2 + d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) - a^2*c*e*(11*d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 9*e^2*x^2)))/(a - c*x^2)^2 + ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(12*c*d^2 - 18*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e] - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(12*c*d^2 + 18*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])/(32*a^(5/2)*c^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 684, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx$$

↓ 495

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}(ae + cdx)}{4ac(a - cx^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(6cd^2+cedx-5ae^2)}{2(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{4ac}$$

↓ 27



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(6cd^2+ced-5ae^2)}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{8ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cdx(3cd^2-2ae^2)+ae(7cd^2-5ae^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)}}{\frac{\int -\frac{(4cd^2-5ae^2)(3cd^2-ae^2)+2cde(3cd^2-4ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}{} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(4cd^2-5ae^2)(3cd^2-ae^2)+2cde(3cd^2-4ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cdx(3cd^2-2ae^2)+ae(7cd^2-5ae^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}{} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{e((6cd^2-5ae^2)(cd^2-ae^2)+2cd(3cd^2-4ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cdx(3cd^2-2ae^2)+ae(7cd^2-5ae^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}{} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cdx(3cd^2-2ae^2)+ae(7cd^2-5ae^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)}}{\frac{\int \frac{e((6cd^2-5ae^2)(cd^2-ae^2)+2cd(3cd^2-4ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}{} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cdx(3cd^2-2ae^2)+ae(7cd^2-5ae^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)}}{\frac{e \int \frac{(6cd^2-5ae^2)(cd^2-ae^2)+2cd(3cd^2-4ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}{} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cdx(3cd^2-2ae^2)+ae(7cd^2-5ae^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - e \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2(-18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+5ae^2+12cd^2)}{2\sqrt{ae}} \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2}{2ac} \right)}{8ac} = \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cdx(3cd^2-2ae^2)+ae(7cd^2-5ae^2))}{2ac(a-cx^2)} - e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}(18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+5ae^2+12cd^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{ce}} - \frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2}(-18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde})}{2ac} \right)}{8ac}}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(4*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^2) + ((Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a *e*(7*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2) + 2*c*d*(3*c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*x))/(2*a*c*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*(((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*(12*c*d^2 + 18*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2 *Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e) - ((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^(3/2)*(12*c*d^2 - 18*Sqrt[a ]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e)))/(2*a*c))/(8*a*c)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 495

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] -
Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*
d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d,
n, p, x]
```

rule 654

```
Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)),
x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*
x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 684

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g
) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[
(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^
2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2]
&& EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$5 \frac{\left( \frac{2(4ad e^2 - 3c d^3) \sqrt{ac e^2}}{5} + (a e^2 - 3c d^2) \left( a e^2 - \frac{4c d^2}{5} \right) \right) e \sqrt{(cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c} (-c x^2 + a)^2 c \arctan \left( \frac{c \sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd + \sqrt{ac e^2})c}} \right)}{2}$
default	$2e^5 \frac{\frac{d(4a e^2 - 3c d^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{16a^2 e^4} + \frac{(9a^2 e^4 - 23ac d^2 e^2 + 18c^2 d^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32a^2 e^4 c} - \frac{d(7a^2 e^4 - 16ac d^2 e^2 + 9c^2 d^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{16a^2 e^4 c} - \frac{(a e^2 - c d^2)}{(-c(ex+d)^2 + 2cd(ex+d) + a e^2 - c d^2)^2}}{(-c(ex+d)^2 + 2cd(ex+d) + a e^2 - c d^2)^2}$
derivativedivides	$-2e^5 \frac{\frac{d(4a e^2 - 3c d^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{16a^2 e^4} + \frac{(9a^2 e^4 - 23ac d^2 e^2 + 18c^2 d^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32a^2 e^4 c} - \frac{d(7a^2 e^4 - 16ac d^2 e^2 + 9c^2 d^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{16a^2 e^4 c} - \frac{(a e^2 - c d^2)}{(-c(ex+d)^2 + 2cd(ex+d) + a e^2 - c d^2)^2}}{(-c(ex+d)^2 + 2cd(ex+d) + a e^2 - c d^2)^2}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -5/16/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(-1/2*(2/5*(4*a*d*e^2-3*c*d^3)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+(a*e^2-3*c*d^2)*(a*e^2-4/5*c*d^2))*e*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^2*c*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-1/2*e*(2/5*(-4*a*d*e^2+3*c*d^3)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+(a*e^2-3*c*d^2)*(a*e^2-4/5*c*d^2))*(-c*x^2+a)^2*c*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((6/5*d^3*c^3*x^3-2*x*a*d*(4/5*e^2*x^2+1/10*d*e*x+d^2)*c^2-11/5*e*a^2*(9/11*e^2*x^2+4/11*d*e*x+d^2)*c+e^3*a^3)*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/a^2/c^2/(-c*x^2+a)^2
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1730 vs.  $2(236) = 472$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1730, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/64*((a^2*c^4*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2)*sqrt((144*c^3*d^7 - 420*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^5*c^4*sqrt((441*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))/(a^5*c^4))*log((3024*c^4*d^8*e^5 - 10908*a*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 13509*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^9 - 6250*a^3*c*d^2*e^11 + 625*a^4*e^13)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (126*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6 - 255*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 + 125*a^5*c^2*e^10 - (12*a^5*c^8*d^3 - 13*a^6*c^7*d*e^2)*sqrt((441*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))*sqrt((144*c^3*d^7 - 420*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^5*c^4*sqrt((441*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))/(a^5*c^4))) - (a^2*c^4*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2)*sqrt((144*c^3*d^7 - 420*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^5*c^4*sqrt((441*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))/(a^5*c^4))*log((3024*c^4*d^8*e^5 - 10908*a*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 13509*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^9 - 6250*a^3*c*d^2*e^11 + 625*a^4*e^13)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (126*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6 - 255*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 + 125*a^5*c^2*e^10 - (12*a^5*c^8*d^3 - 13*a^6*c^7*d*e^2)*sqrt((441*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))*sqrt((144*c^3*d^7 - 420*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^5*c^4*sqrt((441*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))/(a^5*c^4))) + (a^2*c^4*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2)*sqrt((144*c^3*d^7 - 420*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 105*a^3*d*e^6 - a^5*c^4*sqrt((441*c...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(ex + d)^{7/2}}{(cx^2 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((e*x + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^3, x)`**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 714 vs.  $2(236) = 472$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 714, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/32*(2*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*e^2*abs(c) + (6*sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^4
*e - 11*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^5)*abs(c)*abs(e) - (12*c
^3*d^5*e - 19*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/
sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d + sqrt(a^4*c^6*d^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^2 - a^3*c^2*e^2)*a^2*c^3)
)/(a^2*c^3)))/((a^3*c^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c
*e)*abs(e)) - 1/32*(2*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e - 4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*e^2*abs(c) - (6*sqrt
(a*c)*c^2*d^4*e - 11*sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*e^5)*abs(c)*a
bs(e) - (12*c^3*d^5*e - 19*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(s
qrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d - sqrt(a^4*c^6*d^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^2 - a^3*c^2*
e^2)*a^2*c^3)))/(a^2*c^3)))/((a^3*c^3*e + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d
+ sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) - 1/16*(6*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^3*d^3*e - 18*(e*x + d
)^(5/2)*c^3*d^4*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^3*d^5*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^6
*e - 8*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*a*c^2*d*e^3 + 23*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 32
*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 17*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 9*(e*x +
d)^(5/2)*a^2*c*e^5 + 14*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 16*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^
2*c*d^2*e^5 + 5*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*e^7)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d +
c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*a^2*c^2)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2518, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.56

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a - c*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```

- ((e*(3*c*d^3 - 4*a*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(8*a^2) + ((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(7
*a^2*d*e^5 + 9*c^2*d^5*e - 16*a*c*d^3*e^3))/(8*a^2*c) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(
5*a^3*e^7 - 6*c^3*d^6*e + 17*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 16*a^2*c*d^2*e^5))/(16*a^2*c^
2) - (e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(9*a^2*e^4 + 18*c^2*d^4 - 23*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(16*a^2
*c))/(c^2*(d + e*x)^4 + a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + (6*c^2*d^2 - 2*a*c*e^2)*(d + e
*x)^2 - (4*c^2*d^3 - 4*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) - 4*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^3 - 2*a*c*
d^2*e^2) - 2*atanh((25*e^10*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((9*d^7)/(256*a^5*c) - (105*d*
e^6)/(4096*a^2*c^4) + (385*d^3*e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (105*d^5*e^2)/(1024*a
^4*c^2) - (25*e^7*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(4096*a^9*c^9) + (21*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^9
)^(1/2))/(4096*a^10*c^8))^(1/2))/(32*((825*d^5*e^9)/(2048*a^3) + (325*d*e^
13)/(2048*a*c^2) - (63*c*d^7*e^7)/(512*a^4) - (449*d^3*e^11)/(1024*a^2*c)
+ (125*e^14*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(2048*a^8*c^7) - (95*d^2*e^12*(a^15*c^9)^(1/
2))/(512*a^9*c^6) + (381*d^4*e^10*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(2048*a^10*c^5) - (63*
d^6*e^8*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(1024*a^11*c^4))) - (21*d^2*e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*
((9*d^7)/(256*a^5*c) - (105*d*e^6)/(4096*a^2*c^4) + (385*d^3*e^4)/(4096*a^
3*c^3) - (105*d^5*e^2)/(1024*a^4*c^2) - (25*e^7*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(4096*a^
9*c^9) + (21*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(4096*a^10*c^8))^(1/2))/(32*((325*d
*e^13)/(2048*c^3) - (63*d^7*e^7)/(512*a^3) - (449*d^3*e^11)/(1024*a*c^2) +
(825*d^5*e^9)/(2048*a^2*c) + (125*e^14*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(2048*a^7*c^8) -
(95*d^2*e^12*(a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(512*a^8*c^7) + (381*d^4*e^10*(a^15*c^9...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1967, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.69

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```



output

```
(26*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*
sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*d**e**2 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*
d)))*a**2*c**2*d**3 - 52*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(
d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**e**2*x**2
+ 48*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**3*x**2 + 26*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
- c*d)))*a*c**3*d**e**2*x**4 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*at
an((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**4*d**3*x*
*4 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**4*e**3 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*
d)))*a**3*c*d**2*e - 20*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d
+ e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c**e**3*x**2 + 24*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e
- c*d)))*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**4 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*at
an((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d...
```

**3.149**       $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1229
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1230
Rubi [A] (verified)	1230
Maple [A] (verified)	1233
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1235
Sympy [F(-1)]	1236
Maxima [F]	1236
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1237
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1238
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1238

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 279

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(ae+cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(2cd^2-ae^2)x)}{16a^2c(a-cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}(4cd^2+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{7/4}}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}(4cd^2-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{7/4}}$$

output

```
1/4*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2+3/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x)/a^2/c/(-c*x^2+a)-3/32*(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*(4*c*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(7/4)+3/32*(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)*(4*c*d^2-2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(7/4)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{d+ex}(6c^2d^2x^3 - a^2e(7d+ex) - acx(10d^2+dex+3e^2x^2))}{(a-cx^2)^2} - 3\sqrt{-cd - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(4cd^2 - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cd}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(6*c^2*d^2*x^3 - a^2*e*(7*d + e*x) - a*c*x*(10*d^2 + d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)))/(a - c*x^2)^2 - 3*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(4*c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)] + 3*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(4*c*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])/(32*a^(5/2)*c^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 685, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 495$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\sqrt{d+ex}(2cd^2+cedx-ae^2)}{2(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{4ac}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cd^2+cedx-ae^2)}{(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{8ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 685 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2cd^2-ae^2)+ade)}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{c(d(4cd^2-3ae^2)+e(2cd^2-ae^2)x) dx}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac} \right)}{8ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{d(4cd^2-3ae^2)+e(2cd^2-ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2cd^2-ae^2)+ade)}{2a(a-cx^2)} \right)}{8ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{e(2d(cd^2-ae^2)+(2cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2cd^2-ae^2)+ade)}{2a(a-cx^2)} \right)}{8ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2cd^2-ae^2)+ade)}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{\int \frac{e(2d(cd^2-ae^2)+(2cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} \right)}{8ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2cd^2-ae^2)+ade)}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \int \frac{2d(cd^2-ae^2)+(2cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} \right)}{8ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2cd^2-ae^2)+ade)}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{4e^{3/2}d^3}{\sqrt{ae}} + 3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + 2cd^2 \right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex) - \sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{(\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd})(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2 + 4cd^2)}{2a} \right)}{2a} \right)}{8ac} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(2cd^2-ae^2)+ade)}{2a(a-cx^2)} - \frac{e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}(-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+4cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac}^{3/4}e} - \frac{(-\frac{4c^{3/2}d^3}{\sqrt{ae}}+3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-ae^2+2cd^2) \operatorname{arctan}}{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2a} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \quad 8ac$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a*e + c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(4*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^2) + (3*((Sqrt[d + e*x]
*(a*d*e + (2*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*x))/(2*a*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*(-1/2*((2*c*d^2 - (
4*c^(3/2)*d^3)/(Sqrt[a]*e) + 3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/
4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d -
Sqrt[a]*e]) - (Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]*(4*c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*
e - a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(
2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e)))/(2*a)))/(8*a*c)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 (a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] -  
 Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*  
 d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[  
 {a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d,  
 n, p, x]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)),  
 x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*  
 x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 685 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
 _), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c  
 *(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)  
 ^ (p + 1)*Simp[a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(2*p + 3) - c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[m]  
 || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :  
 > With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(  
 b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2  
 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]  
 && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{9e\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}\left(\frac{-ae^2+2cd^2}{3}\sqrt{ace^2}+cd\left(ae^2-\frac{4cd^2}{3}\right)\right)(-cx^2+a)^2\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{32} + \frac{7\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}{a^2}$
default	$2e^5 \left( \frac{\frac{3(ae^2-2cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32a^2e^4} - \frac{d(4ae^2-9cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{16a^2e^4} + \frac{(a^2e^4+17acd^2e^2-18c^2d^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{32a^2e^4c} + \frac{3(ae^2-cd^2)^2d\sqrt{ex+d}}{16a^2e^4c}}{(-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \dots \right)$
derivativedivides	$-2e^5 \left( -\frac{\frac{3(ae^2-2cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32a^2e^4} - \frac{d(4ae^2-9cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{16a^2e^4} + \frac{(a^2e^4+17acd^2e^2-18c^2d^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{32a^2e^4c} + \frac{3(ae^2-cd^2)^2d\sqrt{ex+d}}{16a^2e^4c}}{(-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \dots \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 7/16/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))
)*c)^(1/2)*(-9/14*e*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(1/3*(-a*e^2+2*c*d^2)
*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*d*(a*e^2-4/3*c*d^2))*(-c*x^2+a)^2*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)
)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-9/1
4*e*(1/3*(a*e^2-2*c*d^2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*d*(a*e^2-4/3*c*d^2))*(-c*x^2+a)
^2*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*
((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*(-6/7*d^2*c^2*x^3+10/7*(3/
10*e^2*x^2+1/10*d*e*x+d^2)*x*a*c+a^2*e*(d+1/7*e*x)))/a^2/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1029 vs.  $2(221) = 442$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1029, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/64*(3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt((a^5*c^3*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)) + 16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))*log(27*(16*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 + (4*a^5*c^6*d^2 - a^6*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)))*sqrt((a^5*c^3*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)) + 16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))) - 3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt((a^5*c^3*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)) + 16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))*log(27*(16*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) - 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 + (4*a^5*c^6*d^2 - a^6*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)))*sqrt((a^5*c^3*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)) + 16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))) + 3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt(-(a^5*c^3*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)) - 16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))*log(27*(16*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 - (4*a^5*c^6*d^2 - a^6*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)))*sqrt(-(a^5*c^3*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)) - 16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))) - 3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt(-(a^5*c^3*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)) - 16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))*log(27*(16*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) - 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 - (4*a^5*c^6*d^2 - a^6*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)))*sqrt(-(a^5*c^3*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7)) - 16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))) + 4*(...
```



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(ex + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^2 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^3, x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 596 vs.  $2(221) = 442$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 596, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(4c^4d^4e - 3ac^3d^2e^3 - (2acd^2e - a^2e^3)c^2e^2 - 2(\sqrt{acc^2d^3e} - \sqrt{acacde^3})|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-a^2c^2d - \sqrt{a^4c^4d^2 - a^2c^2d}}}\right) + 3(4c^4d^4e - 3ac^3d^2e^3 - (2acd^2e - a^2e^3)c^2e^2 + 2(\sqrt{acc^2d^3e} - \sqrt{acacde^3})|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-a^2c^2d - \sqrt{a^4c^4d^2 - a^2c^2d}}}\right)}{32(a^3c^3e - \sqrt{aca^2c^3d})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{acce}}|e|} + \frac{3(4c^4d^4e - 3ac^3d^2e^3 - (2acd^2e - a^2e^3)c^2e^2 + 2(\sqrt{acc^2d^3e} - \sqrt{acacde^3})|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-a^2c^2d - \sqrt{a^4c^4d^2 - a^2c^2d}}}\right)}{32(a^3c^3e + \sqrt{aca^2c^3d})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{acce}}|e|} - \frac{6(ex+d)^{7/2}c^2d^2e - 18(ex+d)^{5/2}c^2d^3e + 18(ex+d)^{3/2}c^2d^4e - 6\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^5e - 3(ex+d)^{7/2}ace^3 + 8(ex+d)^{5/2}c^2d^2e^3 - 12\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^3e^3 - (ex+d)^{3/2}a^2e^5 - 6\sqrt{ex+d}a^2d^5e}{16((ex+d)^2c - 2(ex+d)cd + c^2d^2 - a^2e^2)^2a^2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/32*(4*c^4*d^4*e - 3*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 - (2*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d + sqrt(a^4*c^4*d^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*e^2))*a^2*c^2))/(a^2*c^2)))/((a^3*c^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 3/32*(4*c^4*d^4*e - 3*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 - (2*a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*c^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(a*c)*c^2*d^3*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d - sqrt(a^4*c^4*d^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*e^2))*a^2*c^2))/(a^2*c^2)))/((a^3*c^3*e + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) - 1/16*(6*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^2*d^2*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d^3*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^4*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^5*e - 3*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*a*c*e^3 + 8*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c*d*e^3 - 17*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 12*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*d^3*e^3 - (e*x + d)^(3/2)*a^2*e^5 - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*d^5*e)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 - a^2*e^2)^2*a^2*c)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1015, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a - c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
((3*e*(a*e^2 - 2*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(16*a^2) + ((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a^2*
e^5 - 18*c^2*d^4*e + 17*a*c*d^2*e^3))/(16*a^2*c) - (d*(4*a*e^3 - 9*c*d^2*e
)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(8*a^2) + (3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d*e^5 + c^2*d^5*e - 2
*a*c*d^3*e^3))/(8*a^2*c))/(c^2*(d + e*x)^4 + a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + (6*c^2*d^
2 - 2*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2 - (4*c^2*d^3 - 4*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) - 4*c^2*d
*(d + e*x)^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) - 2*atanh((9*e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((9*d^5)/(2
56*a^5*c) + (45*d*e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (45*d^3*e^2)/(1024*a^4*c^2) - (9*e
^5*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2))/(4096*a^10*c^7))^(1/2))/(32*((27*e^11)/(2048*a*c^2) +
(27*d^4*e^7)/(512*a^3) - (135*d^2*e^9)/(2048*a^2*c) - (27*d*e^10*(a^15*c^
7)^(1/2))/(1024*a^9*c^5) + (27*d^3*e^8*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2))/(1024*a^10*c^4)))
+ (9*d*e^7*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((9*d^5)/(256*a^5*c) + (45*d*
e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (45*d^3*e^2)/(1024*a^4*c^2) - (9*e^5*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2
))/(4096*a^10*c^7))^(1/2))/(32*((27*a^7*c*e^11)/2048 + (27*a^5*c^3*d^4*e^7
)/512 - (135*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^9)/2048 - (27*d*e^10*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2))/(1024*a*
c^2) + (27*d^3*e^8*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2))/(1024*a^2*c))))*(-(9*(e^5*(a^15*c^7)^(
1/2) - 16*a^5*c^6*d^5 - 5*a^7*c^4*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^2))/(4096*a^10
*c^7))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((9*e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((9*d^5)/(256*a^5*c) + (45*d
*e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (45*d^3*e^2)/(1024*a^4*c^2) + (9*e^5*(a^15*c^7)^(1/
2))/(4096*a^10*c^7))^(1/2))/(32*((27*e^11)/(2048*a*c^2) + (27*d^4*e^7)/(51
2*a^3) - (135*d^2*e^9)/(2048*a^2*c) + (27*d*e^10*(a^15*c^7)^(1/2))/(102...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1430, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```

(6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*e**2 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*
a**2*c*d**2 - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)
*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*e**2*x**2 + 48*sqrt(a)
*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e -
c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c*
**2*e**2*x**4 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)
)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 12*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*d*e + 24*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*at
an((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c*d*e*x
**2 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqr
t(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**2*d*e*x**4 + 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))*a**3*e**2 - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2*c*d**2 - 6*sqrt(a)*
sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e + c*d) + sqrt(
c)*sqrt(d + e*x))*a**2*c*e**2*x**2 + 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e ...

```

**3.150**       $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1240
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1241
Rubi [A] (verified)	1241
Maple [A] (verified)	1244
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1246
Sympy [F(-1)]	1247
Maxima [F]	1247
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1248
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1249
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1249

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{(ae-6cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{16a^2c(a-cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{3(4cd^2 - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{5/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}$$

$$+ \frac{3(4cd^2 + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{5/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}$$

output

```
1/4*(c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2-1/16*(-6*c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)
^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-c*x^2+a)-3/32*(4*c*d^2-2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*arctanh
(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(5/4)/(c^(1/
2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)+3/32*(4*c*d^2+2*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e-a*e^2)*arctanh(c
^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(5/4)/(c^(1/2)
*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3a^2e+6c^2dx^3-acx(10d+ex))}{(a-cx^2)^2} + \frac{3(4cd^2+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde-ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} - \frac{3(4cd^2+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde-ae^2})}{32a^{5/2}c}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-3*a^2*e + 6*c^2*d*x^3 - a*c*x*(10*d + e*x)))/(a - c*x^2)^2 + (3*(4*c*d^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e] - (3*(4*c*d^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])/(32*a^(5/2)*c)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 686, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 495 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{6cd^2+5cexd-ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{4ac} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{6cd^2+5cexd-ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{3c(cd^2-ae^2)(4cd^2+2cexd-ae^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-6cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)}}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

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$$\frac{3 \int \frac{4cd^2+2cexd-ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-6cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)}}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

27

$$\frac{3 \int -\frac{e(2cd^2+2c(d+ex)d-ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-6cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)}}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

654

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{e(2cd^2+2c(d+ex)d-ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-6cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)}}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

25

$$\frac{3e \int \frac{2cd^2+2c(d+ex)d-ae^2}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-6cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)}}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

27

1480

$$\frac{3e\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c}\left(2\sqrt{cd}-\frac{4cd^2-ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}}\right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{c}\left(\frac{4cd^2-ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}}+2\sqrt{cd}\right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-6cdx)}{2a(a-cx^2)}}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4ac(a-cx^2)^2}$$

221

$$\begin{aligned}
& 3e \left( -\frac{\left(2\sqrt{cd} - \frac{4cd^2 - ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{4cd^2 - ae^2}{\sqrt{ae}} + 2\sqrt{cd}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae} + \sqrt{cd}}}\right) \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae - 6cdx)}{2a(a - cx^2)} + \\
& \frac{8ac}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae + cdx)} \\
& \frac{4ac}{4ac(a - cx^2)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(4*a*c*(a - c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*((a*e - 6*c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*(a - c*x^2)) - (3*e*(-1/2*((2*Sqrt[c]*d - (4*c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(Sqrt[a]*e))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) - ((2*Sqrt[c]*d + (4*c*d^2 - a*e^2)/(Sqrt[a]*e))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(2*a))/(8*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`



rule 654

```
Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)),
x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*
x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]
```

rule 686

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{3e\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c(-cx^2+a)^2c(ae^2-4cd^2+2\sqrt{ace^2}d)}\arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{32} + \frac{3\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}\left(\frac{ec(-cx^2+a)}{a^2c(-cx^2+a)^2\sqrt{ace^2}}\sqrt{(cd+\dots)}\right)}{a^2c(-cx^2+a)^2\sqrt{ace^2}}$
default	$2e^5 \left( \frac{-\frac{3cd(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{16a^2e^4} + \frac{(ae^2+18cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32a^2e^4} + \frac{d(4ae^2-9cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{16a^2e^4} + \frac{3(ae^2-cd^2)(ae^2-2cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{32a^2e^4c}}{(-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} + \dots \right)$
derivativedivides	$-2e^5 \left( \frac{-\frac{3cd(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{16a^2e^4} + \frac{(ae^2+18cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32a^2e^4} + \frac{d(4ae^2-9cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{16a^2e^4} + \frac{3(ae^2-cd^2)(ae^2-2cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{32a^2e^4c}}{(-c(ex+d)^2+2cd(ex+d)+ae^2-cd^2)^2} - \dots \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 3/16*(-1/2*e*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-c*x^2+a)^2*c*(a*e^2-4*c*d^2+2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(-1/2*e*c*(-c*x^2+a)^2*(a*e^2-4*c*d^2-2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+(-2*c^2*d*x^3+10/3*x*(1/10*e*x+d)*a*c+a^2*e)*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/a^2/c/(-c*x^2+a)^2
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1753 vs.  $2(211) = 422$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1753, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/64*(3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt((16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + (a^5*c^3*d^2 - a^6*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 - 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))/(a^5*c^3*d^2 - a^6*c^2*e^2))*log(27*(16*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6 - a^4*c*e^8 - (4*a^5*c^6*d^5 - 7*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^7*c^4*d*e^4)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 - 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))*sqrt((16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + (a^5*c^3*d^2 - a^6*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 - 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))/(a^5*c^3*d^2 - a^6*c^2*e^2))) - 3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt((16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + (a^5*c^3*d^2 - a^6*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 - 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))/(a^5*c^3*d^2 - a^6*c^2*e^2))*log(27*(16*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) - 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6 - a^4*c*e^8 - (4*a^5*c^6*d^5 - 7*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^7*c^4*d*e^4)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 - 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))*sqrt((16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + (a^5*c^3*d^2 - a^6*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 - 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))/(a^5*c^3*d^2 - a^6*c^2*e^2))) + 3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt((16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 - (a^5*c^3*d^2 - a^6*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 - 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))/(a^5*c^3*d^2 - a^6*c^2*e^2))*log(27*(16*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 27*(2*a^3...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a - cx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{(ex + d)^{3/2}}{(cx^2 - a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 - a)^3, x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 500 vs.  $2(211) = 422$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(4c^3d^3e - 3ac^2de^3 - (2\sqrt{acd^2e} - \sqrt{acae^3})|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{a^2c^2d + \sqrt{a^4c^4d^2 - (a^2c^2d^2 - a^3c^2e)}}{a^2c^2}}}\right)}{32(a^3c^2e - \sqrt{aca^2c^2d})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{ac}e}|e|} + \frac{3(4c^3d^3e - 3ac^2de^3 + (2\sqrt{acd^2e} - \sqrt{acae^3})|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{a^2c^2d - \sqrt{a^4c^4d^2 - (a^2c^2d^2 - a^3c^2e)}}{a^2c^2}}}\right)}{32(a^3c^2e + \sqrt{aca^2c^2d})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{ac}e}|e|} - \frac{6(ex+d)^{7/2}c^2de - 18(ex+d)^{5/2}c^2d^2e + 18(ex+d)^{3/2}c^2d^3e - 6\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^4e - (ex+d)^{5/2}ace^3 - 8(ex+d)^{3/2}ac^2de^3 - 8(ex+d)^{1/2}ac^3d^2e^3}{16((ex+d)^2c - 2(ex+d)cd + cd^2 - ae^2)^2a^2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/32*(4*c^3*d^3*e - 3*a*c^2*d*e^3 - (2*sqrt(a*c)*c*d^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d + sqrt(a^4*c^4*d^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c^2*e)*a^2*c^2)))/(a^2*c^2)))/((a^3*c^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 3/32*(4*c^3*d^3*e - 3*a*c^2*d*e^3 + (2*sqrt(a*c)*c*d^2*e - sqrt(a*c)*a*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d - sqrt(a^4*c^4*d^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c^2*e)*a^2*c^2)))/(a^2*c^2)))/((a^3*c^2*e + sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^2*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) - 1/16*(6*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^2*d*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d^2*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^3*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^4*e - (e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c*e^3 - 8*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c*d*e^3 + 9*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*e^5)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*a^2*c)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3191, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a - c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
((((4*a*d*e^3 - 9*c*d^3*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(8*a^2) + (e*(a*e^2 + 18*c*d^2)
*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(16*a^2) + (3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*e^5 + 2*c^2*d^4*e - 3
*a*c*d^2*e^3))/(16*a^2*c) - (3*c*d*e*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(8*a^2))/(c^2*(d + e
*x)^4 + a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + (6*c^2*d^2 - 2*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2 - (4*c^2*d
^3 - 4*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) - 4*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^3 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) + atan(
(((3*(2048*a^6*c^2*e^5 - 4096*a^5*c^3*d^2*e^3))/(2048*a^6) - 64*a*c^4*d*e
^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(9*(e^5*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 16*a^5*c^5*d^5 - 5*a^7*c^3
*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^2 - a^11*c^5*e^2)))^(1/2))
*(-(9*(e^5*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 16*a^5*c^5*d^5 - 5*a^7*c^3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^
4*d^3*e^2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^2 - a^11*c^5*e^2)))^(1/2) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)
*(9*a^2*c*e^6 + 144*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 36*a*c^2*d^2*e^4))/(64*a^4))*(-(9*(e^5*(
a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 16*a^5*c^5*d^5 - 5*a^7*c^3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^2))/
(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^2 - a^11*c^5*e^2)))^(1/2)*1i - (((3*(2048*a^6*c^2*e^5 -
4096*a^5*c^3*d^2*e^3))/(2048*a^6) + 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(9*(e
^5*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 16*a^5*c^5*d^5 - 5*a^7*c^3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^
2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^2 - a^11*c^5*e^2)))^(1/2))*(-(9*(e^5*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2)
) - 16*a^5*c^5*d^5 - 5*a^7*c^3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^2))/(4096*(a^10*c^
6*d^2 - a^11*c^5*e^2)))^(1/2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(9*a^2*c*e^6 + 144*c^3*d^
4*e^2 - 36*a*c^2*d^2*e^4))/(64*a^4))*(-(9*(e^5*(a^15*c^5)^(1/2) - 16*a^5*c
^5*d^5 - 5*a^7*c^3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^2 - a...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2012, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.51

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*d*e**2 + 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**3 + 36*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 - 48*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**4 + 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**4*d**3*x**4 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**4*e**3 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*d**2*e + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*e**3*x**2 - 24*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*e*x**2 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*e**3*x**4 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d...
```

**3.151**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1251
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1252
Rubi [A] (verified)	1252
Maple [A] (verified)	1255
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1257
Sympy [F(-1)]	1257
Maxima [F]	1257
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1258
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1259
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1259

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 281

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade - (6cd^2 - 5ae^2)x)}{16a^2(cd^2 - ae^2)(a-cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{(12cd^2 - 18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de + 5ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(12cd^2 + 18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}de + 5ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}c^{3/4}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/(-c*x^2+a)^2-1/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e-(-5*a*e^2+6*c*d^2)*x)/a^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^2+a)-1/32*(12*c*d^2-18*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+5*a*e^2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)+1/32*(12*c*d^2+18*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+5*a*e^2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(3/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(6c^2d^2x^3+a^2e(d+9ex)-acx(10d^2+dex+5e^2x^2))}{(-cd^2+ae^2)(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(12cd^2+18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+5ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{c(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ae}})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\quad}{32a^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `((2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(6*c^2*d^2*x^3 + a^2*e*(d + 9*e*x) - a*c*x*(10*d^2 + d*e*x + 5*e^2*x^2)))/((-c*d^2) + a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)^2 - (Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(12*c*d^2 + 18*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)])/((c*(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2) - ((12*c*d^2 - 18*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])/((Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]))/(32*a^(5/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$ , Rules used = {494, 27, 686, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 494$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{6d+5ex}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{4a}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{6d+5ex}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{c(d(12cd^2-13ae^2)+e(6cd^2-5ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-x(6cd^2-5ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(12cd^2-13ae^2)+e(6cd^2-5ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-x(6cd^2-5ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(12cd^2-13ae^2)+e(6cd^2-5ae^2)x}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} dx - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-x(6cd^2-5ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{e(2d(3cd^2-4ae^2)+(6cd^2-5ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-x(6cd^2-5ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(2d(3cd^2-4ae^2)+(6cd^2-5ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-x(6cd^2-5ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{2d(3cd^2-4ae^2)+(6cd^2-5ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-x(6cd^2-5ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)}}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{e \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{12c^3/2d^3}{\sqrt{ae}} + 13\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde} - 5ae^2 + 6cd^2 \right) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+5ae^2+12cd^2)}{2\sqrt{ae}} \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a-cx^2)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})(18\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+5ae^2+12cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right) - \left(-\frac{12c^{3/2}d^3}{\sqrt{ae}}+13\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-5ae^2+6cd^2\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}c^{3/4}e\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}} - \frac{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{2} - \frac{8a}{4a(a-cx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a - c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(4*a*(a - c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e - (6*c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*x))/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)) - (e*(-1/2*((6*c*d^2 - (12*c^(3/2)*d^3)/(Sqrt[a]*e) + 13*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 5*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)*(12*c*d^2 + 18*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 5*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(3/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(8*a)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 494 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*(2*p + 3) + d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[n, 1] || (ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, 2])) && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)])*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 686 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$13e^4 \left( \sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})} c e(-cx^2+a)^2 \left( \frac{(-5ae^2+6cd^2)\sqrt{ace^2}}{13} + cd \left( ae^2 - \frac{12cd^2}{13} \right) \right) \arctan \left( \frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(-cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}c} \right) + \left( e(- \right.$
derivativedivides	$-2e^5c^3 \left( - \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}(6cd+5\sqrt{ace^2})(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c^2(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})} + \frac{\sqrt{ace^2}(6cd+7\sqrt{ace^2})\sqrt{ex+d}}{4c^3}}{\left(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c}\right)^2} + \frac{(5ae^2+12cd^2+18\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ace^2}}} \right)}{4(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}} \right) \frac{32\sqrt{ace^2}}{16e^4a^2\sqrt{ace^2}c^2}$
default	$-2e^5c^3 \left( - \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}(6cd+5\sqrt{ace^2})(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c^2(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})} + \frac{\sqrt{ace^2}(6cd+7\sqrt{ace^2})\sqrt{ex+d}}{4c^3}}{\left(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c}\right)^2} + \frac{(5ae^2+12cd^2+18\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{ace^2}}} \right)}{4(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}} \right) \frac{32\sqrt{ace^2}}{16e^4a^2\sqrt{ace^2}c^2}$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
13/32*e^4*(((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*e*(-c*x^2+a)^2*(1/13*(-5*a*e^2+6*c*d^2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*d*(a*e^2-12/13*c*d^2))*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+e*(-c*x^2+a)^2*(1/13*(5*a*e^2-6*c*d^2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)+c*d*(a*e^2-12/13*c*d^2))*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+2/13*((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*((-5*a*c*x^3+9*a^2*x)*e^2+a*d*(-c*x^2+a)*e-10*x*c*(-3/5*c*x^2+a)*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*c^2/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)/a^2/(c*e*x-(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))^2/(c*e*x+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))^2/(a*e^2-c*d^2)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3787 vs.  $2(223) = 446$ .

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3787, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.48

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2-a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 - a)^3, x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1064 vs.  $2(223) = 446$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1064, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/32*((a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3)^2*(6*c*d^2*e - 5*a*e^3)*abs(c) + 2*(3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^5*e - 7*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*d*e^5)*abs(a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3)*abs(c) - (12*a^3*c^4*d^8*e - 37*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 38*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 13*a^6*c*d^2*e^7)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d^3 - a^3*c*d*e^2 + sqrt((a^2*c^2*d^3 - a^3*c*d*e^2)^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + a^4*e^4)*(a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*e^2))))/(a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*e^2)))/((a^4*c^3*d^4*e - 2*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^6*c*e^5 - sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^3*d^5 + 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 - sqrt(a*c)*a^5*c*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3)) - 1/32*((a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3)^2*(6*c*d^2*e - 5*a*e^3)*abs(c) - 2*(3*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^2*d^5*e - 7*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*d*e^5)*abs(a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3)*abs(c) - (12*a^3*c^4*d^8*e - 37*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 38*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 13*a^6*c*d^2*e^7)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d^3 - a^3*c*d*e^2 + sqrt((a^2*c^2*d^3 - a^3*c*d*e^2)^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + a^4*e^4)*(a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*e^2))))/(a^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*c*e^2)))/((a^4*c^3*d^4*e - 2*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^6*c*e^5 + sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 2*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + sqrt(a*c)*a^5*c*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3)) - 1/16*(6*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^2*d^2*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d^3*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^4*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^5*e - 5*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*a*c*e^3 + 14*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c*d*e^3 - 23*...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6163, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(a - c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
- atan((((32768*a^7*c^3*d*e^7 + 24576*a^5*c^5*d^5*e^3 - 57344*a^6*c^4*d^3
*e^5)/(4096*(a^8*e^4 + a^6*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^7*c*d^2*e^2)) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*
(4096*a^7*c^4*d*e^6 + 4096*a^5*c^6*d^5*e^2 - 8192*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^4)*((144*a
^5*c^5*d^7 - 25*a*e^7*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2) - 105*a^8*c^2*d*e^6 - 420*a^6*c^4*d
^5*e^2 + 385*a^7*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 21*c*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4096*(a^10*
c^6*d^6 - a^13*c^3*e^6 - 3*a^11*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^12*c^4*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2))
/(64*(a^6*e^4 + a^4*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^2)))*((144*a^5*c^5*d^7 - 25*a*
e^7*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2) - 105*a^8*c^2*d*e^6 - 420*a^6*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^7*c
^3*d^3*e^4 + 21*c*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^6 - a^13*c^3
*e^6 - 3*a^11*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^12*c^4*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)
*(25*a^3*c^2*e^8 + 144*c^5*d^6*e^2 - 276*a*c^4*d^4*e^4 + 109*a^2*c^3*d^2*e
^6))/(64*(a^6*e^4 + a^4*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^2)))*((144*a^5*c^5*d^7 - 2
5*a*e^7*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2) - 105*a^8*c^2*d*e^6 - 420*a^6*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 385*a
^7*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 21*c*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^6 - a^13
*c^3*e^6 - 3*a^11*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^12*c^4*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)*1i - (((32768*
a^7*c^3*d*e^7 + 24576*a^5*c^5*d^5*e^3 - 57344*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^5)/(4096*(a^8*
e^4 + a^6*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^7*c*d^2*e^2)) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(4096*a^7*c^4*d*e
^6 + 4096*a^5*c^6*d^5*e^2 - 8192*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^4)*((144*a^5*c^5*d^7 - 25*a
*e^7*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2) - 105*a^8*c^2*d*e^6 - 420*a^6*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^7*
c^3*d^3*e^4 + 21*c*d^2*e^5*(a^15*c^3)^(1/2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^6 - a^13...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2568, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x)`



output

```
( - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**4*e**4 + 38*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*d**2*e**2 + 20*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*e**4*x**2 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**4 - 76*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**2*e**4*x**4 + 48*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**4*x**2 + 38*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**3*d**2*e**2*x**4 - 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*c**4*d**4*x**4 + 16*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**4*d*e**3 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*d**3*e - 32*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c*...
```

### 3.152 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1261
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1262
Rubi [A] (verified)	1262
Maple [A] (verified)	1266
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1267
Sympy [F(-1)]	1267
Maxima [F]	1268
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1268
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1269
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1270

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 315

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(ae-cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)(a-cx^2)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2-7ae^2)-6cd(cd^2-2ae^2)x)}{16a^2(cd^2-ae^2)^2(a-cx^2)} - \frac{3(4cd^2-10\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+7ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}} + \frac{3(4cd^2+10\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+7ae^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}\sqrt[4]{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c*x^2+a)^2-1/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*(-7*a*e^2+c*d^2)-6*c*d*(-2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*x)/a^2/(-a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c*x^2+a)-3/32*(4*c*d^2-10*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+7*a*e^2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(1/4)/(c^(1/2)*d-a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)+3/32*(4*c*d^2+10*a^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*d*e+7*a*e^2)*arctanh(c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^(1/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+a^(1/2)*e)^(5/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(-11a^3e^3+6c^3d^3x^3+a^2ce(5d^2+16dex+7e^2x^2))-ac^2dx(10d^2+dex+12e^2x^2)}{(cd^2-ae^2)^2(a-cx^2)^2} + \frac{3(4cd^2+10\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+7ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^2\sqrt{-cd-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}}{32a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^3),x]
```

output

```
((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-11*a^3*e^3 + 6*c^3*d^3*x^3 + a^2*c*e*(5*d^2 + 16*d*e*x + 7*e^2*x^2) - a*c^2*d*x*(10*d^2 + d*e*x + 12*e^2*x^2)))/((c*d^2 - a*e^2)^2*(a - c*x^2)^2) + (3*(4*c*d^2 + 10*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 7*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)])/((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*Sqrt[-(c*d) - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) - (3*(4*c*d^2 - 10*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 7*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)])/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*Sqrt[-(c*d) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])/((32*a^(5/2)))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 686, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-cx^2)^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

↓ 496

$$\frac{\int \frac{6cd^2+5cexd-7ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{4a(a-cx^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{6cd^2+5cexd-7ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^2} dx}{8a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{4a(a-cx^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 686 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{3c(4c^2d^4-9ace^2d^2+2ce(cd^2-2ae^2)xd+7a^2e^4)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{2ac(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2-7ae^2)-6cdx(cd^2-2ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{8a(cd^2-ae^2)}{4a(a-cx^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{8a(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{4c^2d^4-9ace^2d^2+2ce(cd^2-2ae^2)xd+7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)} dx}{4a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2-7ae^2)-6cdx(cd^2-2ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{8a(cd^2-ae^2)}{4a(a-cx^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{8a(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 654 \\
& \frac{3 \int -\frac{e(2c^2d^4-5ace^2d^2+2c(cd^2-2ae^2)(d+ex)d+7a^2e^4)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2-7ae^2)-6cdx(cd^2-2ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{8a(cd^2-ae^2)}{4a(a-cx^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{8a(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{3 \int \frac{e(2c^2d^4-5ace^2d^2+2c(cd^2-2ae^2)(d+ex)d+7a^2e^4)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2-7ae^2)-6cdx(cd^2-2ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{8a(cd^2-ae^2)}{4a(a-cx^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{8a(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{3e \int \frac{2c^2d^4-5ace^2d^2+2c(cd^2-2ae^2)(d+ex)d+7a^2e^4}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2-7ae^2)-6cdx(cd^2-2ae^2))}{2a(a-cx^2)(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \frac{8a(cd^2-ae^2)}{4a(a-cx^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)} \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{8a(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1480
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3e \left( \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(10\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+7ae^2+4cd^2) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{ae}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2(-10\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+7ae^2+4cd^2) \int \frac{1}{c(d+ex)-\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})}}{2\sqrt{ae}} \right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{8a(cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)} \\
 & \frac{4a(a-cx^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{\downarrow 221} \\
 & \frac{3e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd})^2(-10\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+7ae^2+4cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}e\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae})^2(10\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+7ae^2+4cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{c}e\sqrt{\sqrt{ae}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{2a(cd^2-ae^2)} \\
 & \frac{8a(cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)} \\
 & \frac{4a(a-cx^2)^2(cd^2-ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a - c*x^2)^3),x]
```

```
output -1/4*((a*e - c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e*(c*d^2 - 7*a*e^2) - 6*c*d*(c*d^2 - 2*a*e^2)*x))/(a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2)*(a - c*x^2)) - (3*e*((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(4*c*d^2 - 10*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 7*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e]) - ((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[a]*e)^2*(4*c*d^2 + 10*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 7*a*e^2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*c^(1/4)*e*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[a]*e]))/(2*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))/(8*a*(c*d^2 - a*e^2))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(a*d + b*c*x))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 686 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
derivativedivides	$-2e^5c^3 \left( \frac{-\frac{3\sqrt{ace^2}(2cd+3\sqrt{ace^2})(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c^3(ae^2+cd^2+2\sqrt{ace^2}d)} + \frac{\sqrt{ace^2}(6cd+11\sqrt{ace^2})\sqrt{ex+d}}{4c^3(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}}{(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c})^2} + \frac{3(7ae^2+4cd^2+10\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{4c(ae^2+cd^2+2\sqrt{ace^2}d)\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right) \frac{1}{16ce^4a^2\sqrt{ace^2}}$
default	$-2e^5c^3 \left( \frac{-\frac{3\sqrt{ace^2}(2cd+3\sqrt{ace^2})(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c^3(ae^2+cd^2+2\sqrt{ace^2}d)} + \frac{\sqrt{ace^2}(6cd+11\sqrt{ace^2})\sqrt{ex+d}}{4c^3(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})}}{(-ex+\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}}{c})^2} + \frac{3(7ae^2+4cd^2+10\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{4c(ae^2+cd^2+2\sqrt{ace^2}d)\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right) \frac{1}{16ce^4a^2\sqrt{ace^2}}$
pseudoelliptic	$e^5c^3 \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{ace^2}\left(3\frac{(2cd+3\sqrt{ace^2})(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{ae^2+cd^2+2\sqrt{ace^2}d} - \frac{(6cd+11\sqrt{ace^2})\sqrt{ex+d}}{cd+\sqrt{ace^2}}\right)}{(-cex+\sqrt{ace^2})^2}}{4c^2e^4a^2\sqrt{ace^2}} - \frac{3(7ae^2+4cd^2+10\sqrt{ace^2}d) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{c\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}}\right)}{(ae^2+cd^2+2\sqrt{ace^2}d)\sqrt{(cd+\sqrt{ace^2})c}} \right)$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2*e^5*c^3*(-1/16/c/e^4/a^2/(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*((-3/4*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c^3*(2*
c*d+3*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(a*e^2+c*d^2+2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)+1/4
*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c^3*(6*c*d+11*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*(e*x
+d)^(1/2))/(-e*x+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c)^2+3/4*(7*a*e^2+4*c*d^2+10*(a*c*e^2)^(1
/2)*d)/c/(a*e^2+c*d^2+2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)
*arctanh(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2))+1/16/c/e^4/a^2/
(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*((3/4*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c^3*(2*c*d-3*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(a*e^2
+c*d^2-2*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)-1/4*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)/c^3*(6*c*d-1
1*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))/(c*d-(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*d)/(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-e*x-(a*c*e^2)^(1
/2)/c)^2-3/4*(-7*a*e^2-4*c*d^2+10*(a*c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/c/(-a*e^2-c*d^2+2*(a*
c*e^2)^(1/2)*d)/((-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)*arctan(c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((
-c*d+(a*c*e^2)^(1/2))*c)^(1/2)))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5776 vs.  $2(258) = 516$ .

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5776, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.34

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(-c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(cx^2-a)^3\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((c*x^2 - a)^3*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1642 vs.  $2(258) = 516$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1642, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.21

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-3/32*(2*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)^2*(c^2*d^3*e - 2*a*c*
d*e^3)*abs(c) + (2*sqrt(a*c)*a*c^4*d^8*e - 9*sqrt(a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 1
9*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 19*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c*d^2*e^7 + 7*sqrt(a*c)*a^5
*e^9)*abs(a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*abs(c) - (4*a^3*c^7*d
^13*e - 25*a^4*c^6*d^11*e^3 + 67*a^5*c^5*d^9*e^5 - 98*a^6*c^4*d^7*e^7 + 82
*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^9 - 37*a^8*c^2*d^3*e^11 + 7*a^9*c*d*e^13)*abs(c))*arctan(sq
rt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*e^4 + sqrt((a
^2*c^3*d^5 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*e^4)^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^3*c^2
*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 - a^5*e^6)*(a^2*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a
^4*c*e^4)))/(a^2*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)))/((a^4*c^5*d^8*
e - 4*a^5*c^4*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^6*c^3*d^4*e^5 - 4*a^7*c^2*d^2*e^7 + a^8*c*e^9
- sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^5*d^9 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c^4*d^7*e^2 - 6*sqrt(a*c)*a^5*c^
3*d^5*e^4 + 4*sqrt(a*c)*a^6*c^2*d^3*e^6 - sqrt(a*c)*a^7*c*d*e^8)*sqrt(-c^2
*d - sqrt(a*c)*c*e)*abs(a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)) - 3/32
*(2*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)^2*(sqrt(a*c)*c*d^3*e - 2*s
qrt(a*c)*a*d*e^3)*abs(c) - (2*a^2*c^4*d^8*e - 9*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 19*a^4*c
^2*d^4*e^5 - 19*a^5*c*d^2*e^7 + 7*a^6*e^9)*abs(a^2*c^2*d^4*e - 2*a^3*c*d^2
*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*abs(c) - (4*sqrt(a*c)*a^3*c^6*d^13*e - 25*sqrt(a*c)*a^4*c^
5*d^11*e^3 + 67*sqrt(a*c)*a^5*c^4*d^9*e^5 - 98*sqrt(a*c)*a^6*c^3*d^7*e^7 +
82*sqrt(a*c)*a^7*c^2*d^5*e^9 - 37*sqrt(a*c)*a^8*c*d^3*e^11 + 7*sqrt(a...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8961, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.45

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a - c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
- atan((((3*(14336*a^9*c^3*e^11 + 4096*a^5*c^7*d^8*e^3 - 18432*a^6*c^6*d^6*e^5 + 38912*a^7*c^5*d^4*e^7 - 38912*a^8*c^4*d^2*e^9))/(2048*(a^10*e^8 + a^6*c^4*d^8 - 4*a^9*c*d^2*e^6 - 4*a^7*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^8*c^2*d^4*e^4)) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-9*(16*a^5*c^5*d^9 - 49*a^2*e^9*(a^15*c)^(1/2) - 84*a^6*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 210*a^8*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 21*c^2*d^4*e^5*(a^15*c)^(1/2) + 105*a^9*c*d*e^8 + 54*a*c*d^2*e^7*(a^15*c)^(1/2)))/(4096*(a^15*c*e^10 - a^10*c^6*d^10 + 5*a^11*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 10*a^12*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^13*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 5*a^14*c^2*d^2*e^8)))^(1/2)*(4096*a^9*c^4*d*e^10 + 4096*a^5*c^8*d^9*e^2 - 16384*a^6*c^7*d^7*e^4 + 24576*a^7*c^6*d^5*e^6 - 16384*a^8*c^5*d^3*e^8))/(64*(a^8*e^8 + a^4*c^4*d^8 - 4*a^7*c*d^2*e^6 - 4*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^4))*(-9*(16*a^5*c^5*d^9 - 49*a^2*e^9*(a^15*c)^(1/2) - 84*a^6*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 210*a^8*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 21*c^2*d^4*e^5*(a^15*c)^(1/2) + 105*a^9*c*d*e^8 + 54*a*c*d^2*e^7*(a^15*c)^(1/2)))/(4096*(a^15*c*e^10 - a^10*c^6*d^10 + 5*a^11*c^5*d^8*e^2 - 10*a^12*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^13*c^3*d^4*e^6 - 5*a^14*c^2*d^2*e^8)))^(1/2) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(441*a^4*c^3*e^10 + 144*c^7*d^8*e^2 - 612*a*c^6*d^6*e^4 + 1089*a^2*c^5*d^4*e^6 - 990*a^3*c^4*d^2*e^8))/(64*(a^8*e^8 + a^4*c^4*d^8 - 4*a^7*c*d^2*e^6 - 4*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^4))*(-9*(16*a^5*c^5*d^9 - 49*a^2*e^9*(a^15*c)^(1/2) - 84*a^6*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^4 - 210*a^8*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 21*c^2*d^4*e^5*(a^15*c)^(1/2) + 105*a^9*c*d*e^8 + ...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3161, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.03

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a-cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(-c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
(66*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*
sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**4*c*d*e**4 - 66*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*
d)))*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 132*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan(
(sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**3*c**2*d*e**
4*x**2 + 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**3*d**5 + 132*sqrt(a)*sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*e - c*d)))*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 66*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*
e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a
**2*c**3*d*e**4*x**4 - 48*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt
(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**4*d**5*x**2 - 6
6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a*c**4*d**3*e**2*x**4 + 24*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*
e - c*d)))*c**5*d**5*x**4 + 42*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan(
(sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**5*e**5 - 30*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - c*d)))*a**4*c*d**2*e**3 - 84*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*e - c*d)*atan((sqrt(d + e*x)*c)/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*e - ...
```

### 3.153 $\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1-x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1272
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1272
Rubi [A] (verified)	1273
Maple [A] (verified)	1274
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1275
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1276
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1276
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1276
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1277

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1-x^2} dx = -\arctan(\sqrt{2+3x}) + \sqrt{5}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{\sqrt{5}}\right)$$

output `-arctan((2+3*x)^(1/2))+5^(1/2)*arctanh(1/5*(2+3*x)^(1/2)*5^(1/2))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1-x^2} dx = -\arctan(\sqrt{2+3x}) + \sqrt{5}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{\sqrt{5}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]/(1 - x^2), x]`

output `-ArcTan[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]] + Sqrt[5]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]/Sqrt[5]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {483, 1450, 217, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{1-x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{483} \\
 & 6 \int \frac{3x+2}{-(3x+2)^2 + 4(3x+2) + 5} d\sqrt{3x+2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1450} \\
 & 6 \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{-3x-3} d\sqrt{3x+2} + \frac{5}{6} \int \frac{1}{3-3x} d\sqrt{3x+2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{217} \\
 & 6 \left( \frac{5}{6} \int \frac{1}{3-3x} d\sqrt{3x+2} - \frac{1}{6} \arctan(\sqrt{3x+2}) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & 6 \left( \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{5}} \right) - \frac{1}{6} \arctan(\sqrt{3x+2}) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]/(1 - x^2),x]`

output `6*(-1/6*ArcTan[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]] + (Sqrt[5]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]/Sqrt[5]])/6)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 217  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2\}^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 219  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2\}^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 483  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]/\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*d \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^2/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]

rule 1450  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)*(x\_)\}^m/\{(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2 + (c\_)*(x\_)^4\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(d^2/2)*(b/q + 1) \text{Int}[\{(d*x)\}^{m-2}/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d^2/2)*(b/q - 1) \text{Int}[\{(d*x)\}^{m-2}/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4\*a\*c, 0] && GeQ[m, 2]

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\arctan(\sqrt{3x+2}) + \sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)$
default	$-\arctan(\sqrt{3x+2}) + \sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)$
pseudoelliptic	$-\arctan(\sqrt{3x+2}) + \sqrt{5} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)$
trager	$-\frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^2-5) \ln\left(\frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^2-5)^{x+7} \operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^2-5)^{-10\sqrt{3x+2}}}{x-1}\right)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^2+1) \ln\left(-\frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^2+1)^{x+7} \operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^2+1)^{-10\sqrt{3x+2}}}{x-1}\right)}{2}$

input `int((3*x+2)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-arctan((3*x+2)^(1/2))+5^(1/2)*arctanh(1/5*(3*x+2)^(1/2)*5^(1/2))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5} \log \left( \frac{2\sqrt{5}\sqrt{3x+2} + 3x+7}{x-1} \right) - \arctan(\sqrt{3x+2})$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*sqrt(5)*log((2*sqrt(5)*sqrt(3*x + 2) + 3*x + 7)/(x - 1)) - arctan(sqrt(3*x + 2))`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1-x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{5}(\log(\sqrt{3x+2}-\sqrt{5})-\log(\sqrt{3x+2}+\sqrt{5}))}{2} - \operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{3x+2})$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)**(1/2)/(-x**2+1),x)`

output `-sqrt(5)*(log(sqrt(3*x + 2) - sqrt(5)) - log(sqrt(3*x + 2) + sqrt(5)))/2 - atan(sqrt(3*x + 2))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1-x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5} \log \left( -\frac{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3x+2}} \right) - \arctan(\sqrt{3x+2})$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*sqrt(5)*log(-(sqrt(5) - sqrt(3*x + 2))/(sqrt(5) + sqrt(3*x + 2))) - arctan(sqrt(3*x + 2))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1-x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5} \log \left( \frac{|-2\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{3x+2}|}{2(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3x+2})} \right) - \arctan(\sqrt{3x+2})$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*sqrt(5)*log(1/2*abs(-2*sqrt(5) + 2*sqrt(3*x + 2))/(sqrt(5) + sqrt(3*x + 2))) - arctan(sqrt(3*x + 2))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1-x^2} dx = \sqrt{5} \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{3x+2}}{5} \right) - \operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{3x+2})$$

input `int(-(3*x + 2)^(1/2)/(x^2 - 1),x)`output `5^(1/2)*atanh((5^(1/2)*(3*x + 2)^(1/2))/5) - atan((3*x + 2)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1-x^2} dx = -\operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{3x+2}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{5} \log(\sqrt{3x+2} - \sqrt{5})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{5} \log(\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{5})}{2}$$

input `int((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x)`

output `( - 2*atan(sqrt(3*x + 2)) - sqrt(5)*log(sqrt(3*x + 2) - sqrt(5)) + sqrt(5)  
*log(sqrt(3*x + 2) + sqrt(5)))/2`

### 3.154 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1-x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1278
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1278
Rubi [A] (verified)	1279
Maple [A] (verified)	1280
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1281
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1282
Maxima [F(-2)]	1282
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1283
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1283
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1283

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1-x^2} dx = -\sqrt{c-d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-d}}\right) + \sqrt{c+d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c+d}}\right)$$

output  $-(c-d)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((d*x+c)^{(1/2)/(c-d)^{(1/2)})+(c+d)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((d*x+c)^{(1/2)/(c+d)^{(1/2)})$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1-x^2} dx = \sqrt{-c-d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c-d}}\right) - \sqrt{-c+d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c+d}}\right)$$

input  $\operatorname{Integrate}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(1 - x^2), x]$

output  $\operatorname{Sqrt}[-c - d]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-c - d]] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[-c + d]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-c + d]]$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {483, 25, 1450, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1-x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 483 \\
 & 2d \int -\frac{c+dx}{c^2-2(c+dx)c-d^2+(c+dx)^2} d\sqrt{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -2d \int \frac{c+dx}{c^2-2(c+dx)c-d^2+(c+dx)^2} d\sqrt{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1450 \\
 & 2d \left( -\frac{(c+d) \int \frac{1}{dx-d} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2d} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{d}\right) \int \frac{1}{xd+d} d\sqrt{c+dx} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 220 \\
 & 2d \left( \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c}{d}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-d}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c-d}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c+d}}\right)}{2d} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/(1 - x^2),x]`

output `2*d*(((1 - c/d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c - d]])/(2*Sqrt[c - d]) + (Sqrt[c + d]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c + d]])/(2*d))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 483 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[x^2/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 1450 `Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d^2/2)*(b/q + 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d^2/2)*(b/q - 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GeQ[m, 2]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\sqrt{-c+d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c+d}}\right) + \sqrt{c+d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c+d}}\right)$	47
derivativedivides	$-2d\left(-\frac{\sqrt{c+d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c+d}}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{-c+d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c+d}}\right)}{2d}\right)$	57
default	$-2d\left(-\frac{\sqrt{c+d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c+d}}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{-c+d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c+d}}\right)}{2d}\right)$	57

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-c+d)^(1/2)*arctan((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-c+d)^(1/2))+(c+d)^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(c+d)^(1/2))`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1-x^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( \frac{d(c-d) \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c+d}} \right) - d(c+d) \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c-d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-c+d}} - \frac{d(c+d) \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c-d}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-c-d}} \right)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{c} \left( -\frac{\log(x-1)}{2} + \frac{\log(x+1)}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-x**2+1),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(d*(c - d)*atan(sqrt(c + d*x)/sqrt(-c + d))/(2*sqrt(-c + d)) - d*(c + d)*atan(sqrt(c + d*x)/sqrt(-c - d))/(2*sqrt(-c - d)))/d, Ne(d, 0)), (sqrt(c)*(-log(x - 1)/2 + log(x + 1)/2), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1-x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(4*c-4*d>0)', see `assume?` for more detail`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1-x^2} dx = -\sqrt{-c+d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c+d}}\right) + \sqrt{-c-d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c-d}}\right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-sqrt(-c + d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c + d)) + sqrt(-c - d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c - d))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1-x^2} dx = \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c+d}}\right) \sqrt{c+d} - \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c-d}}\right) \sqrt{c-d}$$

input `int(-(c + d*x)^(1/2)/(x^2 - 1),x)`output `atanh((c + d*x)^(1/2)/(c + d)^(1/2))*(c + d)^(1/2) - atanh((c + d*x)^(1/2)/(c - d)^(1/2))*(c - d)^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c-d} \log(-\sqrt{c-d} + \sqrt{dx+c})}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{c-d} \log(\sqrt{c-d} + \sqrt{dx+c})}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{c+d} \log(\sqrt{dx+c} - \sqrt{c+d})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{c+d} \log(\sqrt{dx+c} + \sqrt{c+d})}{2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-x^2+1),x)`



output

```
(sqrt(c - d)*log(-sqrt(c - d) + sqrt(c + d*x)) - sqrt(c - d)*log(sqrt(c
- d) + sqrt(c + d*x)) - sqrt(c + d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c + d)) + sqr
t(c + d)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c + d)))/2
```

### 3.155 $\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a-bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1285
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1285
Rubi [A] (verified)	1286
Maple [A] (verified)	1288
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1288
Sympy [F]	1290
Maxima [F]	1290
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1290
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1291
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1292

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a-bx^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{b}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{2+3x}}{\sqrt{3\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/4}} + \frac{\sqrt{3\sqrt{a}+2\sqrt{b}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{2+3x}}{\sqrt{3\sqrt{a}+2\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/4}}$$

output

$$-(3*a^{(1/2)}-2*b^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\arctan(b^{(1/4)}*(2+3*x)^{(1/2)/(3*a^{(1/2)}-2*b^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/4)}+(3*a^{(1/2)}+2*b^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/4)}*(2+3*x)^{(1/2)/(3*a^{(1/2)}+2*b^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/b^{(3/4)}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a-bx^2} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{-3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}-2b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}-2b}\sqrt{2+3x}}{3\sqrt{a}+2\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}-2b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}-2b}\sqrt{2+3x}}{3\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]/(a - b*x^2), x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[-3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] - 2*b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] - 2*b]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x])/(3*Sqrt[a] + 2*Sqrt[b])]) - Sqrt[3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] - 2*b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] - 2*b]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x])/(3*Sqrt[a] - 2*Sqrt[b])])/(Sqrt[a]*b)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {483, 1450, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{a-bx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 483$$

$$6 \int \frac{3x+2}{-b(3x+2)^2 + 4b(3x+2) + 9a - 4b} d\sqrt{3x+2}$$

$$\downarrow 1450$$

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( 3 - \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt{b}(3\sqrt{a} - 2\sqrt{b}) - b(3x+2)} d\sqrt{3x+2} + \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} + 3 \right) \int \frac{1}{(3\sqrt{a} + 2\sqrt{b})\sqrt{b} - b(3x+2)} d\sqrt{3x+2} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 218$$

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} + 3 \right) \int \frac{1}{(3\sqrt{a} + 2\sqrt{b})\sqrt{b} - b(3x+2)} d\sqrt{3x+2} - \frac{\left( 3 - \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{3\sqrt{a} - 2\sqrt{b}}} \right)}{6b^{3/4}\sqrt{3\sqrt{a} - 2\sqrt{b}}} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$6 \left( \frac{\left( \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} + 3 \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{3\sqrt{a}+2\sqrt{b}}} \right)}{6b^{3/4}\sqrt{3\sqrt{a}+2\sqrt{b}}} - \frac{\left( 3 - \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \operatorname{arctan} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{3\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{b}}} \right)}{6b^{3/4}\sqrt{3\sqrt{a}-2\sqrt{b}}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]/(a - b*x^2),x]`

output `6*(-1/6*((3 - (2*Sqrt[b])/Sqrt[a])*ArcTan[(b^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x])/Sqrt[3*Sqrt[a] - 2*Sqrt[b]]])/(Sqrt[3*Sqrt[a] - 2*Sqrt[b]]*b^(3/4)) + ((3 + (2*Sqrt[b])/Sqrt[a])*ArcTanh[(b^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + 3*x])/Sqrt[3*Sqrt[a] + 2*Sqrt[b]]])/(6*Sqrt[3*Sqrt[a] + 2*Sqrt[b]]*b^(3/4)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 483 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[x^2/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 1450 `Int[((d_.)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(d^2/2)*(b/q + 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d^2/2)*(b/q - 1) Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GeQ[m, 2]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{(3\sqrt{ab}+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{(3\sqrt{ab}+2b)b}}\right) + (3\sqrt{ab}-2b) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{(3\sqrt{ab}-2b)b}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}}$	114
derivativedivides	$-6b \left( -\frac{(3\sqrt{ab}+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{(3\sqrt{ab}+2b)b}}\right)}{6b\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{(3\sqrt{ab}+2b)b}} + \frac{(3\sqrt{ab}-2b) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{(3\sqrt{ab}-2b)b}}\right)}{6b\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{(3\sqrt{ab}-2b)b}} \right)$	127
default	$-6b \left( -\frac{(3\sqrt{ab}+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{(3\sqrt{ab}+2b)b}}\right)}{6b\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{(3\sqrt{ab}+2b)b}} + \frac{(3\sqrt{ab}-2b) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{(3\sqrt{ab}-2b)b}}\right)}{6b\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{(3\sqrt{ab}-2b)b}} \right)$	127

input `int((3*x+2)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/(a*b)^(1/2)*(-(3*(a*b)^(1/2)+2*b)/((3*(a*b)^(1/2)+2*b)*b)^(1/2)*arctanh(b*(3*x+2)^(1/2)/((3*(a*b)^(1/2)+2*b)*b)^(1/2))+(3*(a*b)^(1/2)-2*b)/((3*(a*b)^(1/2)-2*b)*b)^(1/2)*arctan(b*(3*x+2)^(1/2)/((3*(a*b)^(1/2)-2*b)*b)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 299 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a-bx^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3ab\sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}}+2}{ab}} \log \left( ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{3ab\sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}}+2}{ab}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}} + \sqrt{3x+2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3ab\sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}}+2}{ab}} \log \left( -ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{3ab\sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}}+2}{ab}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}} + \sqrt{3x+2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-\frac{3ab\sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}}-2}{ab}} \log \left( ab^2 \sqrt{-\frac{3ab\sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}}-2}{ab}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}} + \sqrt{3x+2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-\frac{3ab\sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}}-2}{ab}} \log \left( -ab^2 \sqrt{-\frac{3ab\sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}}-2}{ab}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{ab^3}} + \sqrt{3x+2} \right)$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*sqrt((3*a*b*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) + 2)/(a*b))*log(a*b^2*sqrt((3*a*b*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) + 2)/(a*b))*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) + sqrt(3*x + 2)) - 1/2*sqrt((3*a*b*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) + 2)/(a*b))*log(-a*b^2*sqrt((3*a*b*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) + 2)/(a*b))*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) + sqrt(3*x + 2)) - 1/2*sqrt(-(3*a*b*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) - 2)/(a*b))*log(a*b^2*sqrt(-(3*a*b*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) - 2)/(a*b))*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) + sqrt(3*x + 2)) + 1/2*sqrt(-(3*a*b*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) - 2)/(a*b))*log(-a*b^2*sqrt(-(3*a*b*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) - 2)/(a*b))*sqrt(1/(a*b^3)) + sqrt(3*x + 2))`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a-bx^2} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{-a+bx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)**(1/2)/(-b*x**2+a), x)`

output `-Integral(sqrt(3*x + 2)/(-a + b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a-bx^2} dx = \int -\frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{bx^2-a} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(sqrt(3*x + 2)/(b*x^2 - a), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 216 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a-bx^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left(4\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{-2b^2-3\sqrt{ab}ba}+17\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{-2b^2-3\sqrt{ab}bb}\right)|b|\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{-\frac{2b+\sqrt{(9a-4b)b+4b^2}}{b}}}\right)}{4a^2b^3+17ab^4} + \frac{\left(4\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{-2b^2+3\sqrt{ab}ba}+17\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{-2b^2+3\sqrt{ab}bb}\right)|b|\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{-\frac{2b-\sqrt{(9a-4b)b+4b^2}}{b}}}\right)}{4a^2b^3+17ab^4}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-(4*\sqrt{a*b}*\sqrt{-2*b^2 - 3*\sqrt{a*b}*b}*a + 17*\sqrt{a*b}*\sqrt{-2*b^2 - 3*\sqrt{a*b}*b}*b)*\text{abs}(b)*\arctan(\sqrt{3*x + 2}/\sqrt{-(2*b + \sqrt{(9*a - 4*b)*b + 4*b^2})/b})/(4*a^2*b^3 + 17*a*b^4) + (4*\sqrt{a*b}*\sqrt{-2*b^2 + 3*\sqrt{a*b}*b}*a + 17*\sqrt{a*b}*\sqrt{-2*b^2 + 3*\sqrt{a*b}*b}*b)*\text{abs}(b)*\arctan(\sqrt{3*x + 2}/\sqrt{-(2*b - \sqrt{(9*a - 4*b)*b + 4*b^2})/b})/(4*a^2*b^3 + 17*a*b^4)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a-bx^2} dx$$

$$= 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{2 \left( (576 b^3 + 1296 a b^2) \sqrt{3x+2} + \frac{288 b \sqrt{3x+2} (3 \sqrt{a^3 b^3 - 2 a b^2})}{a} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-3 \sqrt{a^3 b^3 - 2 a b^2}}{4 a^2 b^3}}}{3888 a b - 1728 b^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{3 \sqrt{a^3 b^3}}{4 a^2 b^3}}$$

$$+ 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{2 \left( (576 b^3 + 1296 a b^2) \sqrt{3x+2} - \frac{288 b \sqrt{3x+2} (3 \sqrt{a^3 b^3 + 2 a b^2})}{a} \right) \sqrt{\frac{3 \sqrt{a^3 b^3 + 2 a b^2}}{4 a^2 b^3}}}{3888 a b - 1728 b^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{3 \sqrt{a^3 b^3 + 2 a b^2}}{4 a^2 b^3}}$$

input `int((3*x + 2)^(1/2)/(a - b*x^2),x)`

output 
$$2*\operatorname{atanh}((2*((1296*a*b^2 + 576*b^3)*(3*x + 2)^(1/2) + (288*b*(3*x + 2)^(1/2))*(3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 2*a*b^2))/a)*(-(3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 2*a*b^2)/(4*a^2*b^3))^(1/2)/(3888*a*b - 1728*b^2))*(-(3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 2*a*b^2)/(4*a^2*b^3))^(1/2) + 2*\operatorname{atanh}((2*((1296*a*b^2 + 576*b^3)*(3*x + 2)^(1/2) - (288*b*(3*x + 2)^(1/2))*(3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + 2*a*b^2))/a)*((3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + 2*a*b^2)/(4*a^2*b^3))^(1/2)/(3888*a*b - 1728*b^2))*((3*(a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + 2*a*b^2)/(4*a^2*b^3))^(1/2)$$



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a-bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \left( -2\sqrt{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}-2b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3x+2}b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}-2b}}\right) - \sqrt{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}+2b} \log\left(-\sqrt{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}+2b} + \sqrt{b}\sqrt{3x+2}\right) \right)}{2ab}$$

input `int((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a),x)`output `(sqrt(a)*(-2*sqrt(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)-2*b)*atan((sqrt(3*x+2)*b)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)-2*b))) - sqrt(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)+2*b)*log(-sqrt(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)+2*b)+sqrt(b)*sqrt(3*x+2))+sqrt(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)+2*b)*log(sqrt(3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)+2*b)+sqrt(b)*sqrt(3*x+2))))/(2*a*b)`

### 3.156 $\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1293
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1293
Rubi [A] (verified)	1294
Maple [A] (verified)	1295
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1295
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1296
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1296
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1297
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1297
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1298

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^3} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^3}$$

output

```
2/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^3-4/9*c*d*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^3+2/11*c*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2} (99ae^2 + c(8d^2 - 28dex + 63e^2x^2))}{693e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(99*a*e^2 + c*(8*d^2 - 28*d*e*x + 63*e^2*x^2)))/(693*e^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2) (d + ex)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{9/2}}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}{7e^3} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^3} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^3) - (4*c*d*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^3) + (2*c*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}(63x^2ce^2-28cdxe+99ae^2+8cd^2)}{693e^3}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}(63x^2ce^2-28cdxe+99ae^2+8cd^2)}{693e^3}$
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}(63x^2ce^2-28cdxe+99ae^2+8cd^2)}{693e^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{4cd(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{e^3}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2c(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{4cd(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{e^3}$
trager	$\frac{2(63ce^5x^5+161de^4cx^4+99ae^5x^3+113cd^2e^3x^3+297ade^4x^2+3d^3e^2cx^2+297ad^2e^3x-4cd^4ex+99ad^3e^2+8cd^5)\sqrt{ea}}{693e^3}$
risch	$\frac{2(63ce^5x^5+161de^4cx^4+99ae^5x^3+113cd^2e^3x^3+297ade^4x^2+3d^3e^2cx^2+297ad^2e^3x-4cd^4ex+99ad^3e^2+8cd^5)\sqrt{ea}}{693e^3}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/693*(e*x+d)^(7/2)*(63*c*e^2*x^2-28*c*d*e*x+99*a*e^2+8*c*d^2)/e^3`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 108 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (d+ex)^{5/2} (a+cx^2) dx = \frac{2(63ce^5x^5+161cde^4x^4+8cd^5+99ad^3e^2+(113cd^2e^3+99ae^5)x^3+3(cd^3e^2+99ade^4)x^2-693e^3)}{693e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/693*(63*c*e^5*x^5 + 161*c*d*e^4*x^4 + 8*c*d^5 + 99*a*d^3*e^2 + (113*c*d^2*e^3 + 99*a*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(c*d^3*e^2 + 99*a*d*e^4)*x^2 - (4*c*d^4*e - 297*a*d^2*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^3
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2ad^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{7e} + \frac{6ad^2x\sqrt{d+ex}}{7} + \frac{6adex^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{7} + \frac{2ae^2x^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{7} + \frac{16cd^5\sqrt{d+ex}}{693e^3} - \frac{8cd^4x\sqrt{d+ex}}{693e^2} + \frac{2cd^3x^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{231e} + \\ d^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( ax + \frac{cx^3}{3} \right) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise(((2*a*d**3*sqrt(d + e*x)/(7*e) + 6*a*d**2*x*sqrt(d + e*x)/7 + 6*a*d*e*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)/7 + 2*a*e**2*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)/7 + 16*c*d**5*sqrt(d + e*x)/(693*e**3) - 8*c*d**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)/(693*e**2) + 2*c*d**3*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)/(231*e) + 226*c*d**2*x**3*sqrt(d + e*x)/693 + 46*c*d*e*x**4*sqrt(d + e*x)/99 + 2*c*e**2*x**5*sqrt(d + e*x)/11, Ne(e, 0)), (d**(5/2)*(a*x + c*x**3/3), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2 \left( 63 (ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} c - 154 (ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} cd + 99 (cd^2 + ae^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{693 e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/693*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*c - 154*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*c*d + 99*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
)*(e*x + d)^(7/2))/e^3
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 357 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.67

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2 \left( 3465 \sqrt{ex + d} ad^3 + 3465 \left( (ex + d)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{ex + d} \right) ad^2 + 693 \left( 3 (ex + d)^{5/2} - 10 (ex + d)^{3/2} \right) \right)}{693 e^3}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/3465*(3465*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*d^3 + 3465*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)
*d)*a*d^2 + 693*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x +
d)*d^2)*a*d + 231*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d^2)*c*d^3/e^2 + 99*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e
*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a + 297*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*
(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c*d^2/e
^2 + 33*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*
d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c*d/e^2 + 5*(63*(e*
x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*
x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*c/e^2
)/e
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2 (d + ex)^{7/2} (63 c (d + ex)^2 + 99 a e^2 + 99 c d^2 - 154 c d (d + ex))}{693 e^3}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(7/2)*(63*c*(d + e*x)^2 + 99*a*e^2 + 99*c*d^2 - 154*c*d*(d + e*x)))/(693*e^3)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (63ce^5x^5 + 161cde^4x^4 + 99ae^5x^3 + 113cd^2e^3x^3 + 297ade^4x^2 + 3cd^3e^2x^2 + 297ad^2e^3x + 8c^2d^5 - 4c^2d^4ex + 3cd^3e^2x^2 + 113cd^2e^3x^3 + 161cd^2e^4x^4 + 63c^2e^5x^5)}{693e^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(99*a*d**3*e**2 + 297*a*d**2*e**3*x + 297*a*d*e**4*x**2 + 99*a*e**5*x**3 + 8*c*d**5 - 4*c*d**4*e*x + 3*c*d**3*e**2*x**2 + 113*c*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 161*c*d*e**4*x**4 + 63*c*e**5*x**5))/(693*e**3)`

### 3.157 $\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1299
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1299
Rubi [A] (verified)	1300
Maple [A] (verified)	1301
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1301
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1302
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1302
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1303
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1303
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1304

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^3}$$

output

```
2/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^3-4/7*c*d*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^3+2/9*c*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} (63ae^2 + c(8d^2 - 20dex + 35e^2x^2))}{315e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(63*a*e^2 + c*(8*d^2 - 20*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2)))/(315*e^3)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{7/2}}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{5e^3} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^3} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^3) - (4*c*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^3) + (2*c*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(35x^2ce^2-20cdxe+63ae^2+8cd^2)}{315e^3}$	41
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(35x^2ce^2-20cdxe+63ae^2+8cd^2)}{315e^3}$	41
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(35x^2ce^2-20cdxe+63ae^2+8cd^2)}{315e^3}$	41
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{4cd(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{e^3}$	48
default	$\frac{\frac{2c(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{4cd(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{e^3}$	48
trager	$\frac{2(35ce^4x^4+50de^3cx^3+63ae^4x^2+3cd^2e^2x^2+126ade^3x-4cd^3ex+63ad^2e^2+8cd^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{315e^3}$	85
risch	$\frac{2(35ce^4x^4+50de^3cx^3+63ae^4x^2+3cd^2e^2x^2+126ade^3x-4cd^3ex+63ad^2e^2+8cd^4)\sqrt{ex+d}}{315e^3}$	85

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/315*(e*x+d)^(5/2)*(35*c*e^2*x^2-20*c*d*e*x+63*a*e^2+8*c*d^2)/e^3`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (a+cx^2) dx = \frac{2(35ce^4x^4+50cde^3x^3+8cd^4+63ad^2e^2+3(cd^2e^2+21ae^4)x^2-2(2cd^3e-63ade^3)x)\sqrt{ex+d}}{315e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/315*(35*c*e^4*x^4+50*c*d*e^3*x^3+8*c*d^4+63*a*d^2*e^2+3*(c*d^2*e^2+21*a*e^4)*x^2-2*(2*c*d^3*e-63*a*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x+d)/e^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (a+cx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{2cd(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^2} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae^2+cd^2)}{5e^2} \right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ d^{3/2} \left( ax + \frac{cx^3}{3} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(c*x**2+a), x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-2*c*d*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/(7*e**2) + c*(d + e*x)**(9/2)/(9*e**2) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(5*e**2))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (d**(3/2)*(a*x + c*x**3/3), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (d+ex)^{3/2} (a+cx^2) dx = \frac{2 \left( 35 (ex + d)^{9/2} c - 90 (ex + d)^{7/2} cd + 63 (cd^2 + ae^2)(ex + d)^{5/2} \right)}{315 e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/315*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*c - 90*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c*d + 63*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(5/2))/e^3`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 229 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.63

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2 \left( 315 \sqrt{ex + d} ad^2 + 210 \left( (ex + d)^{3/2} - 3 \sqrt{ex + d} d \right) ad + 21 \left( 3 (ex + d)^{5/2} - 10 (ex + d)^{3/2} d + 15 \sqrt{ex + d} d^2 \right) a + 21 \left( 3 (ex + d)^{5/2} - 10 (ex + d)^{3/2} d + 15 \sqrt{ex + d} d^2 \right) c d^2 / e^2 + 18 \left( 5 (ex + d)^{7/2} - 21 (ex + d)^{5/2} d + 35 (ex + d)^{3/2} d^2 - 35 \sqrt{ex + d} d^3 \right) c d / e^2 + \left( 35 (ex + d)^{9/2} - 180 (ex + d)^{7/2} d + 378 (ex + d)^{5/2} d^2 - 420 (ex + d)^{3/2} d^3 + 315 \sqrt{ex + d} d^4 \right) c / e^2}{e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/315*(315*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*d^2 + 210*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a*d + 21*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a + 21*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c*d^2/e^2 + 18*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c*d/e^2 + (35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c/e^2)/e`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2 (d + ex)^{5/2} (35 c (d + ex)^2 + 63 a e^2 + 63 c d^2 - 90 c d (d + ex))}{315 e^3}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(35*c*(d + e*x)^2 + 63*a*e^2 + 63*c*d^2 - 90*c*d*(d + e*x)))/(315*e^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (35c e^4 x^4 + 50cd e^3 x^3 + 63a e^4 x^2 + 3c d^2 e^2 x^2 + 126ad e^3 x - 4c d^3 e x + 63a d^2 e^2 + 8c d^3)}{315e^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(63*a*d**2*e**2 + 126*a*d*e**3*x + 63*a*e**4*x**2 + 8*c*d**4 - 4*c*d**3*e*x + 3*c*d**2*e**2*x**2 + 50*c*d*e**3*x**3 + 35*c*e**4*x**4))/(315*e**3)`

### 3.158 $\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1305
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1305
Rubi [A] (verified)	1306
Maple [A] (verified)	1307
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1307
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1308
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1308
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1309
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1309
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1310

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3}$$

output

```
2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^3-4/5*c*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^3+2/7*c*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2) dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(35ae^2 + c(8d^2 - 12dex + 15e^2x^2))}{105e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(35*a*e^2 + c*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2)))/(105*e^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2) \sqrt{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^2} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{5/2}}{e^2} - \frac{2cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3e^3} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^3} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^3) - (4*c*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^3) + (2*c*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{((30cx^2+70a)e^2-24cdxe+16cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{105e^3}$	40
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(15x^2ce^2-12cdxe+35ae^2+8cd^2)}{105e^3}$	41
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}(15x^2ce^2-12cdxe+35ae^2+8cd^2)}{105e^3}$	41
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2c(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{4cd(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^3}$	48
default	$\frac{\frac{2c(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{4cd(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^3}$	48
trager	$\frac{2(15ce^3x^3+3cde^2x^2+35ae^3x-4cd^2ex+35ade^2+8cd^3)\sqrt{ex+d}}{105e^3}$	61
risch	$\frac{2(15ce^3x^3+3cde^2x^2+35ae^3x-4cd^2ex+35ade^2+8cd^3)\sqrt{ex+d}}{105e^3}$	61

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/105*((30*c*x^2+70*a)*e^2-24*c*d*x*e+16*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(15ce^3x^3+3cde^2x^2+8cd^3+35ade^2-(4cd^2e-35ae^3)x)\sqrt{ex+d}}{105e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/105*(15*c*e^3*x^3 + 3*c*d*e^2*x^2 + 8*c*d^3 + 35*a*d*e^2 - (4*c*d^2*e - 35*a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^3`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(-\frac{2cd(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^2} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e^2} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(ae^2+cd^2)}{3e^2}\right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{d}\left(ax + \frac{cx^3}{3}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a), x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-2*c*d*(d + e*x)**(5/2)/(5*e**2) + c*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/(7*e**2) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(3*e**2))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (sqrt(d)*(a*x + c*x**3/3), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2) dx = \frac{2\left(15(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}c - 42(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}cd + 35(cd^2 + ae^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{105e^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/105*(15*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c - 42*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c*d + 35*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2))/e^3`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 127 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 105 \sqrt{ex+dad} + 35 \left( (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{ex+dd} \right) a + \frac{7 \left( 3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d + 15\sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) cd}{e^2} + \frac{3 \left( 5(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}d + 35(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 - 35\sqrt{ex+dd^3} \right) c}{e^2} \right)}{105e}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/105*(105*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*d + 35*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a
+ 7*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c*d/
e^2 + 3*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2
- 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*c/e^2)/e
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2} (15c(d+ex)^2 + 35ae^2 + 35cd^2 - 42cd(d+ex))}{105e^3}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(15*c*(d + e*x)^2 + 35*a*e^2 + 35*c*d^2 - 42*c*d*(d + e
*x)))/(105*e^3)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2) dx$$
$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(15ce^3x^3 + 3cde^2x^2 + 35ae^3x - 4cd^2ex + 35ade^2 + 8cd^3)}{105e^3}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(35*a*d*e**2 + 35*a*e**3*x + 8*c*d**3 - 4*c*d**2*e*x + 3*c*d*e**2*x**2 + 15*c*e**3*x**3))/(105*e**3)`

### 3.159 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	1311
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1311
Rubi [A] (verified)	1312
Maple [A] (verified)	1313
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1313
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1314
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1314
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1315
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1315
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1315

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^3} - \frac{4cd(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} + \frac{2c(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3}$$

output

```
2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^3-4/3*c*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^3+2/5*c*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(15ae^2+c(8d^2-4dex+3e^2x^2))}{15e^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/Sqrt[d + e*x], x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(15*a*e^2 + c*(8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)))/(15*e^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{c(d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^2} - \frac{2cd\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^3} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^3} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^3 - (4*c*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^3) + (2*c*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(3(cx^2+5a)e^2-4cdxe+8cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15e^3}$	40
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(3x^2ce^2-4cdxe+15ae^2+8cd^2)}{15e^3}$	41
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(3x^2ce^2-4cdxe+15ae^2+8cd^2)}{15e^3}$	41
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(3x^2ce^2-4cdxe+15ae^2+8cd^2)}{15e^3}$	41
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(3x^2ce^2-4cdxe+15ae^2+8cd^2)}{15e^3}$	41
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{4cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2ae^2\sqrt{ex+d} + 2cd^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^3}$	52
default	$\frac{2c(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{4cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2ae^2\sqrt{ex+d} + 2cd^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^3}$	52

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/15*(3*(c*x^2+5*a)*e^2-4*c*d*x*e+8*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^3`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2(3ce^2x^2 - 4cdex + 8cd^2 + 15ae^2)\sqrt{ex + d}}{15e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*c*e^2*x^2 - 4*c*d*e*x + 8*c*d^2 + 15*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2a\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2c\left(d^2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2d(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}\right)}{e^2}}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax + \frac{cx^3}{3}}{\sqrt{d}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise(((2*a*sqrt(d + e*x) + 2*c*(d**2*sqrt(d + e*x) - 2*d*(d + e*x)**(3/2)/3 + (d + e*x)**(5/2)/5)/e**2)/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((a*x + c*x**3/3)/sqrt(d), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 15 \sqrt{ex + d} a + \frac{(3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d + 15\sqrt{ex+dd^2})c}{e^2} \right)}{15e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*(15*sqrt(e*x + d)*a + (3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c/e^2)/e`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 15 \sqrt{ex + d} a + \frac{(3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15 \sqrt{ex+dd^2})c}{e^2} \right)}{15e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(15*sqrt(e*x + d)*a + (3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*c/e^2)/e`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex} (3c(d + ex)^2 + 15ae^2 + 15cd^2 - 10cd(d + ex))}{15e^3}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(3*c*(d + e*x)^2 + 15*a*e^2 + 15*c*d^2 - 10*c*d*(d + e*x)))/(15*e^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (3ce^2x^2 - 4cdex + 15ae^2 + 8cd^2)}{15e^3}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`



output  $(2\sqrt{d + ex}(15ae^{2x} + 8c^2d - 4cde + 3ce^{2x^2}))/15e^{3x}$

### 3.160 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1317
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1317
Rubi [A] (verified)	1318
Maple [A] (verified)	1319
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1319
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1320
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1320
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1321
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1321
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1321

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{4cd\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3}$$

output

```
(-2*a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-4*c*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^3+2/3*c*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-3ae^2 + c(-8d^2 - 4dex + e^2x^2))}{3e^3\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-3*a*e^2 + c*(-8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x + e^2*x^2)))/(3*e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{c\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^2} - \frac{2cd}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{2c(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^3} - \frac{4cd\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]) - (4*c*d*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^3 + (2*c*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(c x^2 - 3a)e^2}{3} - \frac{8cdxe}{3} - \frac{16cd^2}{3}$ $\sqrt{ex+d}e^3$	39
gospers	$-\frac{2(-x^2ce^2+4cdxe+3ae^2+8cd^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}e^3}$	41
trager	$-\frac{2(-x^2ce^2+4cdxe+3ae^2+8cd^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}e^3}$	41
orering	$-\frac{2(-x^2ce^2+4cdxe+3ae^2+8cd^2)}{3\sqrt{ex+d}e^3}$	41
risch	$-\frac{2c(-ex+5d)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3e^3} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)}{e^3\sqrt{ex+d}}$	46
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 4cd\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}$ $e^3$	48
default	$\frac{2c(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 4cd\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}$ $e^3$	48

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/3*((c*x^2-3*a)*e^2-4*c*d*x*e-8*c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(ce^2x^2 - 4cdex - 8cd^2 - 3ae^2)\sqrt{ex + d}}{3(e^4x + de^3)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*(c*e^2*x^2 - 4*c*d*e*x - 8*c*d^2 - 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^4*x + d*e^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{2cd\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^2} + \frac{c(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^2} - \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{e^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax + \frac{cx^3}{3}}{d^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-2*c*d*sqrt(d + e*x)/e**2 + c*(d + e*x)**(3/2)/(3*e**2) - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(e**2*sqrt(d + e*x)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((a*x + c*x**3/3)/d**(3/2), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2} c - 6\sqrt{ex+d}cd}{e^2} - \frac{3(cd^2+ae^2)}{\sqrt{ex+de^2}} \right)}{3e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d)/e^2 - 3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^2))/e`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^3} + \frac{2\left((ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ce^6 - 6\sqrt{ex + d}cde^6\right)}{3e^9}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^3) + 2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c*e^6 - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d*e^6)/e^9`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{6ae^2 - 2c(d + ex)^2 + 6cd^2 + 12cd(d + ex)}{3e^3\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`output `-(6*a*e^2 - 2*c*(d + e*x)^2 + 6*c*d^2 + 12*c*d*(d + e*x))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}ce^2x^2 - \frac{8}{3}cdex - 2ae^2 - \frac{16}{3}cd^2}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^3}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`output `(2*(-3*a*e**2 - 8*c*d**2 - 4*c*d*e*x + c*e**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3)`

### 3.161 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1322
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1322
Rubi [A] (verified)	1323
Maple [A] (verified)	1324
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1324
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1325
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1325
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1326
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1326
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1326

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{4cd}{e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^3}$$

output

```
1/3*(-2*a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+4*c*d/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+2*c*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2+ae^2-6cd(d+ex)-3c(d+ex)^2)}{3e^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 6*c*d*(d + e*x) - 3*c*(d + e*x)^2))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{c}{e^2\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2cd}{e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^3} + \frac{4cd}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (4*c*d)/(e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*c*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2((-3cx^2+a)e^2-12cdxe-8cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3}$	38
gospers	$-\frac{2(-3x^2ce^2-12cdxe+ae^2-8cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3}$	40
trager	$-\frac{2(-3x^2ce^2-12cdxe+ae^2-8cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3}$	40
orering	$-\frac{2(-3x^2ce^2-12cdxe+ae^2-8cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^3}$	40
risch	$\frac{2c\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^3} - \frac{2(-6cdxe+ae^2-5cd^2)}{3e^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	45
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{4cd}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^3}$	47
default	$\frac{2c\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{4cd}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^3}$	47

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)*((-3*c*x^2+a)*e^2-12*c*d*x*e-8*c*d^2)/e^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3ce^2x^2 + 12cdex + 8cd^2 - ae^2)\sqrt{ex + d}}{3(e^5x^2 + 2de^4x + d^2e^3)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*(3*c*e^2*x^2 + 12*c*d*e*x + 8*c*d^2 - a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^5*x^2 + 2*d*e^4*x + d^2*e^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs.  $2(61) = 122$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2ae^2}{3de^3\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^4x\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{16cd^2}{3de^3\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^4x\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{24cdex}{3de^3\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^4x\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6ce^2x^2}{3de^3\sqrt{d+ex}+3e^4x\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{ax + \frac{cx^3}{3}}{d^{5/2}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-2*a*e**2/(3*d*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 16*c*d**2/(3*d*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 24*c*d*e*x/(3*d*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 6*c*e**2*x**2/(3*d*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 3*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), ((a*x + c*x**3/3)/d**(5/2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{3\sqrt{ex+dc}}{e^2} + \frac{6(ex+d)cd - cd^2 - ae^2}{(ex+d)^{3/2}e^2} \right)}{3e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(3*sqrt(e*x + d)*c/e^2 + (6*(e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 - a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^2))/e`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}c}{e^3} + \frac{2(6(ex + d)cd - cd^2 - ae^2)}{3(ex + d)^{3/2}e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*sqrt(e*x + d)*c/e^3 + 2/3*(6*(e*x + d)*c*d - c*d^2 - a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(3/2))*e^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{6c(d + ex)^2 - 2ae^2 - 2cd^2 + 12cd(d + ex)}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`output `(6*c*(d + e*x)^2 - 2*a*e^2 - 2*c*d^2 + 12*c*d*(d + e*x))/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2ce^2x^2 + 8cdex - \frac{2}{3}ae^2 + \frac{16}{3}cd^2}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^3(ex + d)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(- a*e**2 + 8*c*d**2 + 12*c*d*e*x + 3*c*e**2*x**2))/(3*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3*(d + e*x))`

### 3.162 $\int \frac{a+cx^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1327
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1327
Rubi [A] (verified)	1328
Maple [A] (verified)	1329
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1329
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1330
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1330
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1331
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1331
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1331

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)}{5e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4cd}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2c}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

output

```
1/5*(-2*a*e^2-2*c*d^2)/e^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+4/3*c*d/e^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-2*c/e^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(3ae^2 + c(8d^2 + 20dex + 15e^2x^2))}{15e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(-2*(3*a*e^2 + c*(8*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2)))/(15*e^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{e^2(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{c}{e^2(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2cd}{e^2(d + ex)^{5/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)}{5e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{2c}{e^3\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{4cd}{3e^3(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(5*e^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*c*d)/(3*e^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (2*c)/(e^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{2\left((5cx^2+a)e^2+\frac{20cdxe}{3}+\frac{8cd^2}{3}\right)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^3}$	38
gospers	$-\frac{2(15x^2ce^2+20cdxe+3ae^2+8cd^2)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^3}$	41
trager	$-\frac{2(15x^2ce^2+20cdxe+3ae^2+8cd^2)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^3}$	41
orering	$-\frac{2(15x^2ce^2+20cdxe+3ae^2+8cd^2)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^3}$	41
derivativdivides	$-\frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{2c}{\sqrt{ex+d}}+\frac{4cd}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ $e^3$	48
default	$-\frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}-\frac{2c}{\sqrt{ex+d}}+\frac{4cd}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ $e^3$	48

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/5/(e*x+d)^(5/2)*((5*c*x^2+a)*e^2+20/3*c*d*x*e+8/3*c*d^2)/e^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15ce^2x^2 + 20cdex + 8cd^2 + 3ae^2)\sqrt{ex + d}}{15(e^6x^3 + 3de^5x^2 + 3d^2e^4x + d^3e^3)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2/15*(15*c*e^2*x^2 + 20*c*d*e*x + 8*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^6*x^3 + 3*d*e^5*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^4*x + d^3*e^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 252 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.13

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{6ae^2}{15d^2e^3\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^4x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^5x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{16cd^2}{15d^2e^3\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^4x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^5x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{1}{15d^2e^3\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{ax + \frac{cx^3}{3}}{d^{7/2}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((-6*a*e**2/(15*d**2*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 16*c*d**2/(15*d**2*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 40*c*d*e*x/(15*d**2*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 30*c*e**2*x**2/(15*d**2*e**3*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**4*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**5*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), ((a*x + c*x**3/3)/d**(7/2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15(ex + d)^2c - 10(ex + d)cd + 3cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{15(ex + d)^{5/2}e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/15*(15*(e*x + d)^2*c - 10*(e*x + d)*c*d + 3*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(15(ex + d)^2c - 10(ex + d)cd + 3cd^2 + 3ae^2)}{15(ex + d)^{5/2}e^3}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/15*(15*(e*x + d)^2*c - 10*(e*x + d)*c*d + 3*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{30c(d + ex)^2 + 6ae^2 + 6cd^2 - 20cd(d + ex)}{15e^3(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`output `-(30*c*(d + e*x)^2 + 6*a*e^2 + 6*c*d^2 - 20*c*d*(d + e*x))/(15*e^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a + cx^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-2ce^2x^2 - \frac{8}{3}cdex - \frac{2}{5}ae^2 - \frac{16}{15}cd^2}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^3(e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(-3*a*e**2 - 8*c*d**2 - 20*c*d*e*x - 15*c*e**2*x**2))/(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**3*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`



### 3.163 $\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1332
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1332
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1333
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1334
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1335
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1335
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1336
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1336
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1337
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1338

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5} - \frac{8cd(cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^5} + \frac{4c(3cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{15/2}}{15e^5}$$

output

```
2/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^5-8/9*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^5+4/11*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^5-8/13*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^5+2/15*c^2*(e*x+d)^(15/2)/e^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2} (6435a^2e^4 + 130ace^2(8d^2 - 28dex + 63e^2x^2) + c^2(128d^4 - 448d^3ex + 1008d^2e^2x^2))}{45045e^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}*(6435*a^2*e^4 + 130*a*c*e^2*(8*d^2 - 28*d*e*x + 63*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(128*d^4 - 448*d^3*e*x + 1008*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 1848*d*e^3*x^3 + 3003*e^4*x^4)))/(45045*e^5)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(d + ex)^{9/2} (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^{7/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4} + \frac{c^2(d + ex)^{13/2}}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2(d + ex)^{11/2}}{e^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4c(d + ex)^{11/2} (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{11e^5} - \frac{8cd(d + ex)^{9/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}{9e^5} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{7e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{15/2}}{15e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*e^5) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(9/2)})/(9*e^5) + (4*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*e^5) - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^{(13/2)})/(13*e^5) + (2*c^2*(d + e*x)^{(15/2)})/(15*e^5)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( \left( \frac{7}{15}c^2x^4 + \frac{14}{11}acx^2 + a^2 \right) e^4 - \frac{56xcd \left( \frac{33cx^2}{65} + a \right) e^3}{99} + \frac{16c \left( \frac{63cx^2}{65} + a \right) d^2 e^2}{99} - \frac{448xc^2d^3e}{6435} + \frac{128c^2d^4}{6435} \right)}{7e^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} (3003c^2x^4e^4 - 1848dc^2x^3e^3 + 8190x^2ace^4 + 1008x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 3640xacde^3 - 448xc^2d^3e + 6435a^2e^4 + 1040acd^2e^5)}{45045e^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} (3003c^2x^4e^4 - 1848dc^2x^3e^3 + 8190x^2ace^4 + 1008x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 3640xacde^3 - 448xc^2d^3e + 6435a^2e^4 + 1040acd^2e^5)}{45045e^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{8(ae^2+cd^2)cd(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{e^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{8(ae^2+cd^2)cd(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}}{e^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(3003c^2e^7x^7 + 7161c^2de^6x^6 + 8190ace^7x^5 + 4473c^2d^2e^5x^5 + 20930acd^3e^6x^4 + 35c^2d^3e^4x^4 + 6435a^2e^7x^3 + 14690ad^2e^5c^2e^5)}{e^5}$
risch	$\frac{2(3003c^2e^7x^7 + 7161c^2de^6x^6 + 8190ace^7x^5 + 4473c^2d^2e^5x^5 + 20930acd^3e^6x^4 + 35c^2d^3e^4x^4 + 6435a^2e^7x^3 + 14690ad^2e^5c^2e^5)}{e^5}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/7*(e*x+d)^(7/2)*((7/15*c^2*x^4+14/11*a*c*x^2+a^2)*e^4-56/99*x*c*d*(33/65
*c*x^2+a)*e^3+16/99*c*(63/65*c*x^2+a)*d^2*e^2-448/6435*x*c^2*d^3*e+128/643
5*c^2*d^4)/e^5
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs.  $2(107) = 214$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2(3003c^2e^7x^7 + 7161c^2de^6x^6 + 128c^2d^7 + 1040acd^5e^2 + 6435a^2d^3e^4 + 63(71c^2d^2e^5 + 130a^2d^2e^5 + 130a^2d^2e^5))}{e^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{2/45045*(3003*c^2*e^7*x^7 + 7161*c^2*d*e^6*x^6 + 128*c^2*d^7 + 1040*a*c*d^5*e^2 + 6435*a^2*d^3*e^4 + 63*(71*c^2*d^2*e^5 + 130*a*c*e^7)*x^5 + 35*(c^2*d^3*e^4 + 598*a*c*d*e^6)*x^4 - 5*(8*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 2938*a*c*d^2*e^5 - 1287*a^2*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(16*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 130*a*c*d^3*e^4 + 6435*a^2*d*e^6)*x^2 - (64*c^2*d^6*e + 520*a*c*d^4*e^3 - 19305*a^2*d^2*e^5)*x*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)/e^5}$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2 \left( -\frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13e^4} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15e^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}} \cdot (2ace^2 + 6c^2d^2)}{11e^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}} (-4acde^2 - 4c^2d^3)}{9e^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}} (a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{7e^4} \right)}{e} + d^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( a^2x + \frac{2acx^3}{3} + \frac{c^2x^5}{5} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-4*c**2*d*(d + e*x)**(13/2)/(13*e**4) + c**2*(d + e*x)**(15/2)/(15*e**4) + (d + e*x)**(11/2)*(2*a*c*e**2 + 6*c**2*d**2)/(11*e**4) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(-4*a*c*d*e**2 - 4*c**2*d**3)/(9*e**4) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/(7*e**4))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (d**(5/2)*(a**2*x + 2*a*c*x**3/3 + c**2*x**5/5), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2 \left( 3003 (ex + d)^{\frac{15}{2}} c^2 - 13860 (ex + d)^{\frac{13}{2}} c^2 d + 8190 (3c^2 d^2 + ace^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 20020 (c^2 d^3 + a^2 c^2 d^2 + a^2 c d e^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 6435 (c^2 d^4 + 2a^2 c d^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) (ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{45045 e^5}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3003*(e*x + d)^(15/2)*c^2 - 13860*(e*x + d)^(13/2)*c^2*d + 8190*(3*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 20020*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) + 6435*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(7/2))/e^5
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 704 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 704, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.54

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/45045*(45045*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*d^3 + 45045*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d)*a^2*d^2 + 9009*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sq
rt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2*d + 6006*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 1
5*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a*c*d^3/e^2 + 1287*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(
5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^2 + 7722*(5*(e*
x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d^3)*a*c*d^2/e^2 + 143*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d +
378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4
)*c^2*d^3/e^4 + 858*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x
+ d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a*c*d/e
^2 + 195*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2
)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d^5)*c^2*d^2/e^4 + 130*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d
+ 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2
)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*a*c/e^2 + 45*(231*(e*x + d)^(13/2) - 1638*(
e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^2 - 8580*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^3 +
9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^5 + 3003*sqrt(e*x + d)*d
^6)*c^2*d/e^4 + 7*(429*(e*x + d)^(15/2) - 3465*(e*x + d)^(13/2)*d + 12285*
(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d^2 - 25025*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^3 + 32175*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d
^4 - 27027*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^5 + 15015*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^6 - 6435*sqrt(...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{15/2}}{15e^5} - \frac{(8c^2d^3 + 8acde^2)(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^5} + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5} + \frac{(12c^2d^2 + 4ace^2)(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^5}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```

(2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(15/2))/(15*e^5) - ((8*c^2*d^3 + 8*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(
9/2))/(9*e^5) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^5) + ((12*c^2*d
^2 + 4*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^5) - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(1
3*e^5)

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(3003c^2e^7x^7 + 7161c^2de^6x^6 + 8190ace^7x^5 + 4473c^2d^2e^5x^5 + 20930acd e^6x^4 + 35c^2d^2e^5x^3 + 128c^2d^2e^6x^2 + 48c^2d^2e^5x^2 - 40c^2d^2e^4e^3x^3 + 35c^2d^2e^3e^4x^4 + 4473c^2d^2e^2e^5x^5 + 7161c^2d^2e^6x^6 + 3003c^2e^7x^7)}{(45045e^5)}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(6435*a**2*d**3*e**4 + 19305*a**2*d**2*e**5*x + 19305*a**2*d*e**6*x**2 + 6435*a**2*e**7*x**3 + 1040*a*c*d**5*e**2 - 520*a*c*d**4*e**3*x + 390*a*c*d**3*e**4*x**2 + 14690*a*c*d**2*e**5*x**3 + 20930*a*c*d*e**6*x**4 + 8190*a*c*e**7*x**5 + 128*c**2*d**7 - 64*c**2*d**6*e*x + 48*c**2*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 40*c**2*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 35*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**4 + 4473*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 7161*c**2*d*e**6*x**6 + 3003*c**2*e**7*x**7))/(45045*e**5)
```

### 3.164 $\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1339
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1339
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1340
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1341
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1342
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1342
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1343
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1343
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1344
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1345

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5} - \frac{8cd(cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5} + \frac{4c(3cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^5}$$

output

```
2/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^5-8/7*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^5+4/9*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^5-8/11*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^5+2/13*c^2*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} (9009a^2e^4 + 286ace^2(8d^2 - 20dex + 35e^2x^2) + 3c^2(128d^4 - 320d^3ex + 560d^2e^2x^2))}{45045e^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```



output

$$\frac{(2*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}*(9009*a^2*e^4 + 286*a*c*e^2*(8*d^2 - 20*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) + 3*c^2*(128*d^4 - 320*d^3*e*x + 560*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 840*d*e^3*x^3 + 1155*e^4*x^4)))/(45045*e^5)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 (d + ex)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(d + ex)^{7/2} (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^{5/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4} + \frac{c^2(d + ex)^{11/2}}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2d(d + ex)^{9/2}}{e^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4c(d + ex)^{9/2} (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{9e^5} - \frac{8cd(d + ex)^{7/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}{7e^5} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{5e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)))/(5*e^5) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)))/(7*e^5) + (4*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(9/2)))/(9*e^5) - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^{(11/2)))/(11*e^5) + (2*c^2*(d + e*x)^{(13/2)))/(13*e^5)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2 \left( \left( \frac{5}{13}c^2x^4 + \frac{10}{9}acx^2 + a^2 \right) e^4 - \frac{40xcd \left( \frac{63cx^2}{143} + a \right) e^3}{63} + \frac{16 \left( \frac{105cx^2}{143} + a \right) cd^2e^2}{63} - \frac{320xc^2d^3e}{3003} + \frac{128c^2d^4}{3003} \right) (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (3465c^2x^4e^4 - 2520dc^2x^3e^3 + 10010x^2ace^4 + 1680x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 5720xacde^3 - 960xc^2d^3e + 9009a^2e^4 + 2288acd^2e^2)}{45045e^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} (3465c^2x^4e^4 - 2520dc^2x^3e^3 + 10010x^2ace^4 + 1680x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 5720xacde^3 - 960xc^2d^3e + 9009a^2e^4 + 2288acd^2e^2)}{45045e^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{8(ae^2+cd^2)cd(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{e^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{8(ae^2+cd^2)cd(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{e^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(3465c^2e^6x^6 + 4410c^2de^5x^5 + 10010ace^6x^4 + 105c^2d^2e^4x^4 + 14300acd^5e^3x^3 - 120c^2d^3e^3x^3 + 9009a^2e^6x^2 + 858acd^2e^4x^2 + 128c^2d^4e^2)}{45045e^5}$
risch	$\frac{2(3465c^2e^6x^6 + 4410c^2de^5x^5 + 10010ace^6x^4 + 105c^2d^2e^4x^4 + 14300acd^5e^3x^3 - 120c^2d^3e^3x^3 + 9009a^2e^6x^2 + 858acd^2e^4x^2 + 128c^2d^4e^2)}{45045e^5}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/5*((5/13*c^2*x^4+10/9*a*c*x^2+a^2)*e^4-40/63*x*c*d*(63/143*c*x^2+a)*e^3+
16/63*(105/143*c*x^2+a)*c*d^2*e^2-320/3003*x*c^2*d^3*e+128/3003*c^2*d^4)*(
e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^5
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2 \left( 3465 (ex + d)^{\frac{13}{2}} c^2 - 16380 (ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} c^2 d + 10010 (3c^2 d^2 + ace^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 25740 (c^2 d^3 + ace^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 9009 (c^2 d^4 + 2ac^2 d^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4) (ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{45045 e^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/45045*(3465*(e*x + d)^(13/2)*c^2 - 16380*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*c^2*d + 10010*(3*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 25740*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) + 9009*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(5/2))/e^5`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 471 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 471, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2 \left( 45045 \sqrt{ex + d} a^2 d^2 + 30030 \left( (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex + d} d \right) a^2 d + 3003 \left( 3 (ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d \right) \right)}{45045 e^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/45045*(45045*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*d^2 + 30030*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d)*a^2*d + 3003*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(
e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2 + 6006*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sq
rt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a*c*d^2/e^2 + 5148*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)
)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a*c*d/e^2 + 143*(35*(
e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*
x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c^2*d^2/e^4 + 286*(35*(e*x + d)^(
9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3
/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a*c/e^2 + 130*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*
(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1
155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*c^2*d/e^4 + 15*(231*(e*x
+ d)^(13/2) - 1638*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^2 - 8580*(e
*x + d)^(7/2)*d^3 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^5 +
3003*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^6)*c^2/e^4)/e

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2c^2 (d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^5} - \frac{(8c^2 d^3 + 8acde^2) (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5} + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5} + \frac{(12c^2 d^2 + 4ace^2) (d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^5} - \frac{8c^2 d (d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^5}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```

(2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^5) - ((8*c^2*d^3 + 8*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(
7/2))/(7*e^5) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^5) + ((12*c^2*d
^2 + 4*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^5) - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*
e^5)

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (3465c^2e^6x^6 + 4410c^2de^5x^5 + 10010ace^6x^4 + 105c^2d^2e^4x^4 + 14300acd e^5x^3 - 120c^2d^2e^4x^2 + 4410c^2de^5x^5 + 3465c^2e^6x^6)}{45045e^5}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(9009*a**2*d**2*e**4 + 18018*a**2*d*e**5*x + 9009*a**2*e**6*x**2 + 2288*a*c*d**4*e**2 - 1144*a*c*d**3*e**3*x + 858*a*c*d**2*e**4*x**2 + 14300*a*c*d*e**5*x**3 + 10010*a*c*e**6*x**4 + 384*c**2*d**6 - 192*c**2*d**5*e*x + 144*c**2*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 120*c**2*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 105*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**4 + 4410*c**2*d*e**5*x**5 + 3465*c**2*e**6*x**6))/(45045*e**5)`

### 3.165 $\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	1346
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1346
Rubi [A] (verified)	1347
Maple [A] (verified)	1348
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1349
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1349
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1350
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1350
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1351
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1351

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5} - \frac{8cd(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5} + \frac{4c(3cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^5}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{3}*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^5-8/5*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^5+4/7*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^5-8/9*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^5+2/11*c^2*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^5$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (1155a^2e^4 + 66ace^2(8d^2 - 12dex + 15e^2x^2) + c^2(128d^4 - 192d^3ex + 240d^2e^2x^2 - 280de^3x^3)}{3465e^5}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output  $(2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(1155*a^2*e^4 + 66*a*c*e^2*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(128*d^4 - 192*d^3*e*x + 240*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 280*d*e^3*x^3 + 315*e^4*x^4)))/(3465*e^5)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^2 \sqrt{d + ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(d + ex)^{5/2} (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{4cd(d + ex)^{3/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4} + \frac{c^2(d + ex)^{9/2}}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2d(d + ex)^{7/2}}{e^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4c(d + ex)^{7/2} (ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{7e^5} - \frac{8cd(d + ex)^{5/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)}{5e^5} + \frac{2(d + ex)^{3/2} (ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^5}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output  $(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*e^5) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*e^5) + (4*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*e^5) - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^{(9/2)})/(9*e^5) + (2*c^2*(d + e*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*e^5)$



Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \left( \frac{3}{11}c^2x^4 + \frac{6}{7}acx^2 + a^2 \right) e^4 - \frac{24xc \left( \frac{35c}{99}x^2 + a \right) d e^3}{35} + \frac{16 \left( \frac{5c}{11}x^2 + a \right) c d^2 e^2}{35} - \frac{64xc^2 d^3 e}{385} + \frac{128c^2 d^4}{1155} \right)}{3e^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (315c^2x^4e^4 - 280dc^2x^3e^3 + 990x^2ace^4 + 240x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 792xacde^3 - 192xc^2d^3e + 1155a^2e^4 + 528acd^2e^2 + 128c^2d^4)}{3465e^5}$
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (315c^2x^4e^4 - 280dc^2x^3e^3 + 990x^2ace^4 + 240x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 792xacde^3 - 192xc^2d^3e + 1155a^2e^4 + 528acd^2e^2 + 128c^2d^4)}{3465e^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{8(ae^2+cd^2)cd(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{2(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{8(ae^2+cd^2)cd(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{e^5}$
trager	$\frac{2(315c^2e^5x^5 + 35c^2de^4x^4 + 990ace^5x^3 - 40c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 198acd^2e^4x^2 + 48c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 1155a^2e^5x - 264acd^2e^3x - 64c^2d^4ex)}{3465e^5}$
risch	$\frac{2(315c^2e^5x^5 + 35c^2de^4x^4 + 990ace^5x^3 - 40c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 198acd^2e^4x^2 + 48c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 1155a^2e^5x - 264acd^2e^3x - 64c^2d^4ex)}{3465e^5}$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*((3/11*c^2*x^4+6/7*a*c*x^2+a^2)*e^4-24/35*x*c*(35/99*c*x^2+a)*d*e^3+16/35*(5/11*c*x^2+a)*c*d^2*e^2-64/385*x*c^2*d^3*e+128/1155*c^2*d^4)/e^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(315c^2e^5x^5 + 35c^2de^4x^4 + 128c^2d^5 + 528acd^3e^2 + 1155a^2de^4 - 10(4c^2d^2e^3 - 99ace^5)x^3 + 6(8c^2d^3e^2 - 3465e^5))}{3465e^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3465*(315*c^2*e^5*x^5 + 35*c^2*d*e^4*x^4 + 128*c^2*d^5 + 528*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 1155*a^2*d*e^4 - 10*(4*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 99*a*c*e^5)*x^3 + 6*(8*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 33*a*c*d*e^4)*x^2 - (64*c^2*d^4*e + 264*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 1155*a^2*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(-\frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9e^4} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11e^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (2ace^2 + 6c^2d^2)}{7e^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}(-4acde^2 - 4c^2d^3)}{5e^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{3e^4}\right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{d}\left(a^2x + \frac{2acx^3}{3} + \frac{c^2x^5}{5}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-4*c**2*d*(d + e*x)**(9/2)/(9*e**4) + c**2*(d + e*x)**(11/2)/(11*e**4) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(2*a*c*e**2 + 6*c**2*d**2)/(7*e**4) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(-4*a*c*d*e**2 - 4*c**2*d**3)/(5*e**4) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/(3*e**4))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (sqrt(d)*(a**2*x + 2*a*c*x**3/3 + c**2*x**5/5), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 315 (ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}} c^2 - 1540 (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} c^2 d + 990 (3c^2 d^2 + ace^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 2772 (c^2 d^3 + acde^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1155 (c^2 d^4 + 2ac^2 d^2 e^2 + a^2 e^4)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{3465 e^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3465*(315*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*c^2 - 1540*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*c^2*d + 990*(3*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 2772*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) + 1155*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(3/2))/e^5`**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 274 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 3465 \sqrt{ex+da^2}d + 1155 \left( (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{ex+dd} \right) a^2 + \frac{462 \left( 3(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}d + 15\sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) acd}{e^2} + \frac{198}{e^2} \right)}{3465 e^5}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3465*(3465*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*d + 1155*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*d)*a^2 + 462*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a*c*d/e^2 + 198*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a*c/e^2 + 11*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c^2*d/e^4 + 5*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*c^2/e^4)/e`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^5} - \frac{(8c^2d^3+8acde^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5} + \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5} + \frac{(12c^2d^2+4ace^2)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^5}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`output  $(2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^5) - ((8*c^2*d^3 + 8*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^5) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^5) + ((12*c^2*d^2 + 4*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^5) - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^5)$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(315c^2e^5x^5 + 35c^2de^4x^4 + 990ace^5x^3 - 40c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 198acd e^4x^2 + 48c^2d^3e^2x^2 + 1155a^2e^5x + 3465e^5)}{3465e^5}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`output  $(2*\sqrt{d + e*x}*(1155*a**2*d*e**4 + 1155*a**2*e**5*x + 528*a*c*d**3*e**2 - 264*a*c*d**2*e**3*x + 198*a*c*d*e**4*x**2 + 990*a*c*e**5*x**3 + 128*c**2*d**5 - 64*c**2*d**4*e*x + 48*c**2*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 40*c**2*d**2*e**3*x**3 + 35*c**2*d*e**4*x**4 + 315*c**2*e**5*x**5))/(3465*e**5)$

**3.166**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1352
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1352
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1353
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1354
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1355
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1355
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1356
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1356
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1357
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1357

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^5} - \frac{8cd(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5} + \frac{4c(3cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^5}$$

output

```
2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^5-8/3*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^5+4/5*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^5-8/7*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^5+2/9*c^2*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(315a^2e^4+42ace^2(8d^2-4dex+3e^2x^2)+c^2(128d^4-64d^3ex+48d^2e^2x^2-40de^3x^3+35e^4x^4))}{315e^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{d+ex}(315a^2e^4 + 42ac^2e^2(8d^2 - 4d^2ex + 3e^2x^2) + c^2(128d^4 - 64d^3ex + 48d^2e^2x^2 - 40d^2e^3x^3 + 35e^4x^4)))}{(315e^5)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+3cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{4cd\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)}{e^4} + \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^{5/2}}{e^4} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4c(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae^2+3cd^2)}{5e^5} - \frac{8cd(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)}{3e^5} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a+c*x^2)^2/\text{Sqrt}[d+e*x],x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*(c*d^2+a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[d+e*x])/e^5 - (8*c*d*(c*d^2+a*e^2)*(d+e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*e^5) + (4*c*(3*c*d^2+a*e^2)*(d+e*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*e^5) - (8*c^2*d*(d+e*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*e^5) + (2*c^2*(d+e*x)^{(9/2)})/(9*e^5)}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} \left( \left( \frac{1}{9}c^2x^4 + \frac{2}{5}acx^2 + a^2 \right) e^4 - \frac{8 \left( \frac{5c}{21}x^2 + a \right) xcd e^3}{15} + \frac{16c d^2 \left( \frac{c}{7}x^2 + a \right) e^2}{15} - \frac{64x c^2 d^3 e + 128c^2 d^4}{315} \right)}{e^5}$
gospers	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (35c^2x^4e^4 - 40dc^2x^3e^3 + 126x^2ace^4 + 48x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 168xacde^3 - 64xc^2d^3e + 315a^2e^4 + 336acd^2e^2 + 128c^2d^4)}{315e^5}$
trager	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (35c^2x^4e^4 - 40dc^2x^3e^3 + 126x^2ace^4 + 48x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 168xacde^3 - 64xc^2d^3e + 315a^2e^4 + 336acd^2e^2 + 128c^2d^4)}{315e^5}$
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (35c^2x^4e^4 - 40dc^2x^3e^3 + 126x^2ace^4 + 48x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 168xacde^3 - 64xc^2d^3e + 315a^2e^4 + 336acd^2e^2 + 128c^2d^4)}{315e^5}$
orering	$\frac{2\sqrt{ex+d} (35c^2x^4e^4 - 40dc^2x^3e^3 + 126x^2ace^4 + 48x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 168xacde^3 - 64xc^2d^3e + 315a^2e^4 + 336acd^2e^2 + 128c^2d^4)}{315e^5}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8(ae^2+cd^2)cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2(ae^2+cd^2)^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^5}$
default	$\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8(ae^2+cd^2)cd(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2(ae^2+cd^2)^2\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^5}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((1/9*c^2*x^4+2/5*a*c*x^2+a^2)*e^4-8/15*(5/21*c*x^2+a)*x*c
*d*e^3+16/15*c*d^2*(1/7*c*x^2+a)*e^2-64/315*x*c^2*d^3*e+128/315*c^2*d^4)/e
^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35c^2e^4x^4 - 40c^2de^3x^3 + 128c^2d^4 + 336acd^2e^2 + 315a^2e^4 + 6(8c^2d^2e^2 + 21ace^4)x^2 - 8(8c^2d^3e + 21acde^2)x) \sqrt{d + ex}}{315e^5}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/315*(35*c^2*e^4*x^4 - 40*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 128*c^2*d^4 + 336*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 315*a^2*e^4 + 6*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 21*a*c*e^4)*x^2 - 8*(8*c^2*d^3*e + 21*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^4} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \cdot (2ace^2 + 6c^2d^2)}{5e^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2} (-4acde^2 - 4c^2d^3)}{3e^4} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex} (a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{e^4} \right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{a^2x + \frac{2acx^3}{3} + \frac{c^2x^5}{5}}{\sqrt{d}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-4*c**2*d*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/(7*e**4) + c**2*(d + e*x)**(9/2)/(9*e**4) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(2*a*c*e**2 + 6*c**2*d**2)/(5*e**4) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(-4*a*c*d*e**2 - 4*c**2*d**3)/(3*e**4) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**2*e**4 + 2*a*c*d**2*e**2 + c**2*d**4)/e**4)/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((a**2*x + 2*a*c*x**3/3 + c**2*x**5/5)/sqrt(d), True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 315 \sqrt{ex + d} a^2 + \frac{42 \left( 3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15 \sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) ac}{e^2} + \frac{\left( 35 (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d + 378 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 - 420 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 \right) c^2}{e^4} \right)}{315 e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/315*(315*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2 + 42*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a*c/e^2 + (35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c^2/e^4)/e`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 315 \sqrt{ex + d} a^2 + \frac{42 \left( 3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15 \sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) ac}{e^2} + \frac{\left( 35 (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d + 378 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 - 420 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 \right) c^2}{e^4} \right)}{315 e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/315*(315*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2 + 42*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a*c/e^2 + (35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*c^2/e^4)/e`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^5} - \frac{(8c^2d^3 + 8acde^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5} + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^5} + \frac{(12c^2d^2 + 4ace^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^5) - ((8*c^2*d^3 + 8*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^5) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/e^5 + ((12*c^2*d^2 + 4*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^5) - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(35c^2e^4x^4 - 40c^2de^3x^3 + 126ace^4x^2 + 48c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 168acd e^3x - 64c^2d^3ex + 315a^2e^4 + 336a^2e^3d)}{315e^5}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(315*a**2*e**4 + 336*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 168*a*c*d*e**3*x + 126*a*c*e**4*x**2 + 128*c**2*d**4 - 64*c**2*d**3*e*x + 48*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 40*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 + 35*c**2*e**4*x**4))/(315*e**5)`

**3.167**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1358
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1358
Rubi [A] (verified)	1359
Maple [A] (verified)	1360
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1361
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1361
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1362
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1362
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1363
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1363

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{e^5 \sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{8cd(cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{d + ex}}{e^5} + \frac{4c(3cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5}$$

output

`-2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-8*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^5+4/3*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^5-8/5*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^5+2/7*c^2*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^5`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(105a^2e^4 + 70ace^2(8d^2 + 4dex - e^2x^2) + 3c^2(128d^4 + 64d^3ex - 16d^2e^2x^2 + 8de^3x^3 - 5e^4x^4))}{105e^5 \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(105*a^2*e^4 + 70*a*c*e^2*(8*d^2 + 4*d*e*x - e^2*x^2) + 3*c^2*(128*d^4 + 64*d^3*e*x - 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 5*e^4*x^4)))/(105*e^5*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])}{}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4c(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{3e^5} - \frac{8cd\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^5} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^5\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(e^5*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/e^5 + (4*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^5) - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^5) + (2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^5)}{}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2 \left( \left( -\frac{1}{7}c^2x^4 - \frac{2}{3}acx^2 + a^2 \right) e^4 + \frac{8xcd \left( \frac{3c}{35}x^2 + a \right) e^3}{3} + \frac{16 \left( -\frac{3c}{35}x^2 + a \right) c d^2 e^2}{3} + \frac{64x^2 c^2 d^3 e}{35} + \frac{128c^2 d^4}{35} \right)}{\sqrt{ex+d} e^5}$
risch	$-\frac{2c(-15ce^3x^3+39cd e^2x^2-70ae^3x-87cd^2ex+350ad e^2+279cd^3)\sqrt{ex+d}}{105e^5} - \frac{2(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{e^5\sqrt{ex+d}}$
gospers	$-\frac{2(-15c^2x^4e^4+24dc^2x^3e^3-70x^2ace^4-48x^2c^2d^2e^2+280xacde^3+192xc^2d^3e+105a^2e^4+560acd^2e^2+384c^2d^4)}{105\sqrt{ex+d}e^5}$
trager	$-\frac{2(-15c^2x^4e^4+24dc^2x^3e^3-70x^2ace^4-48x^2c^2d^2e^2+280xacde^3+192xc^2d^3e+105a^2e^4+560acd^2e^2+384c^2d^4)}{105\sqrt{ex+d}e^5}$
orering	$-\frac{2(-15c^2x^4e^4+24dc^2x^3e^3-70x^2ace^4-48x^2c^2d^2e^2+280xacde^3+192xc^2d^3e+105a^2e^4+560acd^2e^2+384c^2d^4)}{105\sqrt{ex+d}e^5}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{\frac{2e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4ace^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 8acde^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 8c^2d^3\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}}{e^5}$
default	$\frac{\frac{2e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4ace^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4c^2d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 8acde^2\sqrt{ex+d} - 8c^2d^3\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2(a^2e^4+2acd^2e^2+c^2d^4)}{\sqrt{ex+d}}}{e^5}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2*((-1/7*c^2*x^4-2/3*a*c*x^2+a^2)*e^4+8/3*x*c*d*(3/35*c*x^2+a)*e^3+16/3*(
-3/35*c*x^2+a)*c*d^2*e^2+64/35*x*c^2*d^3*e+128/35*c^2*d^4)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e
^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(15c^2e^4x^4 - 24c^2de^3x^3 - 384c^2d^4 - 560acd^2e^2 - 105a^2e^4 + 2(24c^2d^2e^2 + 35ace^4))}{105(e^6x + de^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/105*(15*c^2*e^4*x^4 - 24*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 - 384*c^2*d^4 - 560*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 105*a^2*e^4 + 2*(24*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 35*a*c*e^4))*x^2 - 8*(24*c^2*d^3*e + 35*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^6*x + d*e^5)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^4} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e^4} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (2ace^2 + 6c^2d^2)}{3e^4} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-4acde^2 - 4c^2d^3)}{e^4} - \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{a^2x + \frac{2acx^3}{3} + \frac{c^2x^5}{5}}{d^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**(3/2),x)`output `Piecewise(((2*(-4*c**2*d*(d + e*x)**(5/2)/(5*e**4) + c**2*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/(7*e**4) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(2*a*c*e**2 + 6*c**2*d**2)/(3*e**4) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(-4*a*c*d*e**2 - 4*c**2*d**3)/e**4 - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(e**4*sqrt(d + e*x)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((a**2*x + 2*a*c*x**3/3 + c**2*x**5/5)/d**(3/2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{15(ex+d)^{7/2}c^2 - 84(ex+d)^{5/2}c^2d + 70(3c^2d^2 + ace^2)(ex+d)^{3/2} - 420(c^2d^3 + acde^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^4} - \frac{105(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)}{\sqrt{ex+d}e^4} \right)}{105e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/105*((15*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^2 - 84*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d + 70*(3*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(3/2) - 420*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^4 - 105*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^4))/e`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4)}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^5} + \frac{2 \left( 15(ex + d)^{7/2}c^2e^{30} - 84(ex + d)^{5/2}c^2de^{30} + 210(ex + d)^{3/2}c^2d^2e^{30} - 420\sqrt{ex + d}c^2d^3e^{30} + 70(ex + d)^{3/2}a^2e^{32} - 420\sqrt{ex + d}a^2cde^{32} \right)}{105e^{35}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e^5) + 2/105*(15*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^2*e^30 - 84*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d*e^30 + 210*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^2*e^30 - 420*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3*e^30 + 70*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c*e^32 - 420*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^32)/e^35`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^5} - \frac{(8c^2d^3 + 8acde^2)\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^5} - \frac{2a^2e^4 + 4acd^2e^2 + 2c^2d^4}{e^5\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{(12c^2d^2 + 4ace^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^5) - ((8*c^2*d^3 + 8*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/e^5 - (2*a^2*e^4 + 2*c^2*d^4 + 4*a*c*d^2*e^2)/(e^5*(d + e*x)^(1/2)) + ((12*c^2*d^2 + 4*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^5) - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^5)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{7}c^2e^4x^4 - \frac{16}{35}c^2de^3x^3 + \frac{4}{3}ace^4x^2 + \frac{32}{35}c^2d^2e^2x^2 - \frac{16}{3}acde^3x - \frac{128}{35}c^2d^3ex - 2a^2e^4 - \frac{32}{3}ac}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^5}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 105*a**2*e**4 - 560*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 280*a*c*d*e**3*x + 70*a*c*e**4*x**2 - 384*c**2*d**4 - 192*c**2*d**3*e*x + 48*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 24*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 + 15*c**2*e**4*x**4))/(105*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**5)
```



**3.168**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1364
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1364
Rubi [A] (verified)	1365
Maple [A] (verified)	1366
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1367
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1367
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1368
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1368
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1369
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1369

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{3e^5(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{8cd(cd^2+ae^2)}{e^5\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4c(3cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5}$$

output

```
-2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^5/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+8*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+4*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^5-8/3*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^5+2/5*c^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(-5a^2e^4+10ace^2(8d^2+12dex+3e^2x^2))+c^2(128d^4+192d^3ex+48d^2e^2x^2-8de^3x^3)}{15e^5(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$(2*(-5*a^2*e^4 + 10*a*c*e^2*(8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(128*d^4 + 192*d^3*e*x + 48*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*e^4*x^4)))/(15*e^5*(d + e*x)^(3/2))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{c^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2d\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{4c\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^5} + \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^5\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{3e^5(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x]$$

output

$$(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(3*e^5*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^5*sqrt[d + e*x]) + (4*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x])/e^5 - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^5) + (2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^5)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2c(3x^2ce^2 - 14cdxe + 30ae^2 + 73cd^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{15e^5} - \frac{2(-12cdxe + ae^2 - 11cd^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3e^5(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	84
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(3e^4x^4 - 8de^3x^3 + 48d^2e^2x^2 + 192d^3ex + 128d^4)c^2}{15} + \frac{32e^2(\frac{3}{8}e^2x^2 + \frac{3}{2}dex + d^2)ac}{3} - \frac{2a^2e^4}{3}$ $(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^5$	91
gosper	$-\frac{2(-3c^2x^4e^4 + 8dc^2x^3e^3 - 30x^2ace^4 - 48x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 120xacde^3 - 192xc^2d^3e + 5a^2e^4 - 80acd^2e^2 - 128c^2d^4)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^5}$	106
trager	$-\frac{2(-3c^2x^4e^4 + 8dc^2x^3e^3 - 30x^2ace^4 - 48x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 120xacde^3 - 192xc^2d^3e + 5a^2e^4 - 80acd^2e^2 - 128c^2d^4)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^5}$	106
oring	$-\frac{2(-3c^2x^4e^4 + 8dc^2x^3e^3 - 30x^2ace^4 - 48x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 120xacde^3 - 192xc^2d^3e + 5a^2e^4 - 80acd^2e^2 - 128c^2d^4)}{15(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^5}$	106
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4ce^2a\sqrt{ex+d} + 12c^2d^2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^5}$	117
default	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8c^2d(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 4ce^2a\sqrt{ex+d} + 12c^2d^2\sqrt{ex+d} + \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} - \frac{2(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{e^5}$	117

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/15*c*(3*c*e^2*x^2-14*c*d*e*x+30*a*e^2+73*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^5-2/3*(-
12*c*d*e*x+a*e^2-11*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^(3/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(3c^2e^4x^4 - 8c^2de^3x^3 + 128c^2d^4 + 80acd^2e^2 - 5a^2e^4 + 6(8c^2d^2e^2 + 5ace^4)x^2 + 24(2c^2d^2e^2 + 5ace^4)x^2 + 24(2c^2d^2e^2 + 5ace^4))}{15(e^7x^2 + 2de^6x + d^2e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*(3*c^2*e^4*x^4 - 8*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 128*c^2*d^4 + 80*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 5*a^2*e^4 + 6*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + 5*a*c*e^4)*x^2 + 24*(8*c^2*d^3*e + 5*a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^7*x^2 + 2*d*e^6*x + d^2*e^5)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2\left(-\frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3e^4} + \frac{c^2(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^4} + \frac{4cd(ae^2+cd^2)}{e^4\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2ace^2+6c^2d^2)}{e^4} - \frac{(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{3e^4(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{e} & \text{for } e \neq 0 \\ \frac{a^2x + \frac{2acx^3}{3} + \frac{c^2x^5}{5}}{d^{\frac{5}{2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-4*c**2*d*(d + e*x)**(3/2)/(3*e**4) + c**2*(d + e*x)**(5/2)/(5*e**4) + 4*c*d*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)/(e**4*sqrt(d + e*x)) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(2*a*c*e**2 + 6*c**2*d**2)/e**4 - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(3*e**4*(d + e*x)**(3/2)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((a**2*x + 2*a*c*x**3/3 + c**2*x**5/5)/d**(5/2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{3(ex+d)^{5/2}c^2 - 20(ex+d)^{3/2}c^2d + 30(3c^2d^2 + ace^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^4} - \frac{5(c^2d^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + a^2e^4 - 12(c^2d^3 + acde^2)(ex+d))}{(ex+d)^{3/2}e^4} \right)}{15e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/15*((3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2 - 20*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d + 30*(3*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^4 - 5*(c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4 - 12*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^4))/e`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(12(ex+d)c^2d^3 - c^2d^4 + 12(ex+d)acde^2 - 2acd^2e^2 - a^2e^4)}{3(ex+d)^{3/2}e^5} + \frac{2 \left( 3(ex+d)^{5/2}c^2e^{20} - 20(ex+d)^{3/2}c^2de^{20} + 90\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^2e^{20} + 30\sqrt{ex+d}ace^{22} \right)}{15e^{25}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*(12*(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3 - c^2*d^4 + 12*(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^2 - 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 - a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^5) + 2/15*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*e^20 - 20*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d*e^20 + 90*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^2*e^20 + 30*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*e^22)/e^25`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^5} - \frac{\frac{2a^2e^4}{3} + \frac{2c^2d^4}{3} - (8c^2d^3 + 8acde^2)(d + ex) + \frac{4acd^2e^2}{3}}{e^5(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{(12c^2d^2 + 4ace^2)\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^5} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)`output  $(2*c^2*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*e^5) - ((2*a^2*e^4)/3 + (2*c^2*d^4)/3 - (8*c^2*d^3 + 8*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) + (4*a*c*d^2*e^2)/3)/(e^5*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}) + ((12*c^2*d^2 + 4*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)})/e^5 - (8*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)})/(3*e^5)$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{5}c^2e^4x^4 - \frac{16}{15}c^2de^3x^3 + 4ace^4x^2 + \frac{32}{5}c^2d^2e^2x^2 + 16acd e^3x + \frac{128}{5}c^2d^3ex - \frac{2}{3}a^2e^4 + \frac{32}{3}acd}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^5(ex + d)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`output  $(2*(-5*a**2*e**4 + 80*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 120*a*c*d*e**3*x + 30*a*c*e**4*x**2 + 128*c**2*d**4 + 192*c**2*d**3*e*x + 48*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 8*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 + 3*c**2*e**4*x**4))/(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**5*(d + e*x))$

**3.169**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1370
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1370
Rubi [A] (verified)	1371
Maple [A] (verified)	1372
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1373
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1373
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1374
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1375
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1375
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1376

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{5e^5(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{8cd(cd^2+ae^2)}{3e^5(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{4c(3cd^2+ae^2)}{e^5\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{8c^2d\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^5} + \frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5}$$

output

$$-2/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^5/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+8/3*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-4*c*(a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/e^5/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-8*c^2*d*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^5+2/3*c^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^5$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^2}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(3a^2e^4+2ace^2(8d^2+20dex+15e^2x^2)+c^2(128d^4+320d^3ex+240d^2e^2x^2+40de^3x^3-5e^4x^4))}{15e^5(d+ex)^{5/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2*(3*a^2*e^4 + 2*a*c*e^2*(8*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + c^2*(128*d^4 + 320*d^3*e*x + 240*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 40*d*e^3*x^3 - 5*e^4*x^4)))/(15*e^5*(d + e*x)^(5/2))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{2c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^4(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^4(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{c^2\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^4} - \frac{4c^2d}{e^4\sqrt{d + ex}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{4c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{e^5\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3e^5(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{5e^5(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2c^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^5} - \frac{8c^2d\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^5}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(7/2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(5*e^5*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (8*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(3*e^5*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (4*c*(3*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^5*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) - (8*c^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/e^5 + (2*c^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^5)}$$



Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 476 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[
ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(5e^4x^4 - 40de^3x^3 - 240d^2e^2x^2 - 320d^3ex - 128d^4)c^2 - 32e^2\left(\frac{15}{8}e^2x^2 + \frac{5}{2}dex + d^2\right)ac - \frac{2a^2e^4}{5}}{15(e^5)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	91
gospert	$\frac{2(-5c^2x^4e^4 + 40dc^2x^3e^3 + 30x^2ace^4 + 240x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 40xacde^3 + 320xc^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4 + 16acd^2e^2 + 128c^2d^4)}{15(e^5)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	106
trager	$\frac{2(-5c^2x^4e^4 + 40dc^2x^3e^3 + 30x^2ace^4 + 240x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 40xacde^3 + 320xc^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4 + 16acd^2e^2 + 128c^2d^4)}{15(e^5)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	106
orering	$\frac{2(-5c^2x^4e^4 + 40dc^2x^3e^3 + 30x^2ace^4 + 240x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 40xacde^3 + 320xc^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4 + 16acd^2e^2 + 128c^2d^4)}{15(e^5)(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	106
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 8c^2d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{e^5} - \frac{4c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	110
default	$\frac{\frac{2c^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 8c^2d\sqrt{ex+d} - \frac{2(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4)}{5(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}}{e^5} - \frac{4c(ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{\sqrt{ex+d}} + \frac{8cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	110
risch	$\frac{2c^2(-ex+11d)\sqrt{ex+d}}{3e^5} - \frac{2(30x^2ace^4 + 90x^2c^2d^2e^2 + 40xacde^3 + 160xc^2d^3e + 3a^2e^4 + 16acd^2e^2 + 73c^2d^4)}{15e^5\sqrt{ex+d}(e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2)}$	125

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/15*((5*e^4*x^4-40*d*e^3*x^3-240*d^2*e^2*x^2-320*d^3*e*x-128*d^4)*c^2-16*
e^2*(15/8*e^2*x^2+5/2*d*e*x+d^2)*a*c-3*a^2*e^4)/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(5c^2e^4x^4 - 40c^2de^3x^3 - 128c^2d^4 - 16acd^2e^2 - 3a^2e^4 - 30(8c^2d^2e^2 + ace^4)x^2 - 40a^2e^4 - 30(8c^2d^2e^2 + ace^4)x^2 - 40a^2e^4)}{15(e^8x^3 + 3de^7x^2 + 3d^2e^6x + d^3e^5)}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(5*c^2*e^4*x^4 - 40*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 - 128*c^2*d^4 - 16*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 3*a^2*e^4 - 30*(8*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a*c*e^4)*x^2 - 40*(8*c^2*d^3*e + a*c*d*e^3)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^8*x^3 + 3*d*e^7*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^6*x + d^3*e^5)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 592 vs. 2(119) = 238.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 592, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.81

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{6a^2e^4}{15d^2e^5\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^6x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^7x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{32acd^2e^2}{15d^2e^5\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^6x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^7x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{15d^2e^5\sqrt{d+ex}}{15d^2e^5\sqrt{d+ex}+30de^6x\sqrt{d+ex}+15e^7x^2\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{a^2x + \frac{2acx^3}{3} + \frac{c^2x^5}{5}}{d^{7/2}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**2/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-6*a**2*e**4/(15*d**2*e**5*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**6*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**7*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 32*a*c*d**2*e**2/(15*d**2*e**5*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**6*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**7*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 80*a*c*d*e**3*x/(15*d**2*e**5*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**6*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**7*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 60*a*c*e**4*x**2/(15*d**2*e**5*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**6*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**7*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 256*c**2*d**4/(15*d**2*e**5*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**6*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**7*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 640*c**2*d**3*e*x/(15*d**2*e**5*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**6*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**7*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 480*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2/(15*d**2*e**5*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**6*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**7*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) - 80*c**2*d*e**3*x**3/(15*d**2*e**5*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**6*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**7*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)) + 10*c**2*e**4*x**4/(15*d**2*e**5*sqrt(d + e*x) + 30*d*e**6*x*sqrt(d + e*x) + 15*e**7*x**2*sqrt(d + e*x)), Ne(e, 0)), ((a**2*x + 2*a*c*x**3/3 + c**2*x**5/5)/d**(7/2), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{5 \left( (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 - 12 \sqrt{ex+dc^2} d \right)}{e^4} - \frac{3c^2d^4 + 6acd^2e^2 + 3a^2e^4 + 30(3c^2d^2 + ace^2)(ex+d)^2 - 20(c^2d^3 + acde^2)(ex+d)}{(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}e^4} \right)}{15e}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/15*(5*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2 - 12*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d)/e^4 - (3*c^2*d^4 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4 + 30*(3*c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*(e*x + d)^2 - 20*(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^4))/e
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(90(ex + d)^2 c^2 d^2 - 20(ex + d)c^2 d^3 + 3c^2 d^4 + 30(ex + d)^2 ace^2 - 20(ex + d)acde^2 + 6acd^2 e^2 + 3a^2 e^3)}{15(ex + d)^{5/2} e^5}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left((ex + d)^{3/2} c^2 e^{10} - 12\sqrt{ex + d} c^2 d e^{10}\right)}{3e^{15}}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/15*(90*(e*x + d)^2*c^2*d^2 - 20*(e*x + d)*c^2*d^3 + 3*c^2*d^4 + 30*(e*x + d)^2*a*c*e^2 - 20*(e*x + d)*a*c*d*e^2 + 6*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 3*a^2*e^4)/((e*x + d)^(5/2)*e^5) + 2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*e^10 - 12*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d*e^10)/e^15`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(3a^2 e^4 + 16acd^2 e^2 + 40acde^3 x + 30ace^4 x^2 + 128c^2 d^4 + 320c^2 d^3 ex + 240c^2 d^2 e^2 x^2 + 40c^2 de^3 x)}{15e^5 (d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^2/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`output `-(2*(3*a^2*e^4 + 128*c^2*d^4 - 5*c^2*e^4*x^4 + 40*c^2*d*e^3*x^3 + 240*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 16*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 30*a*c*e^4*x^2 + 320*c^2*d^3*e*x + 40*a*c*d*e^3*x))/(15*e^5*(d + e*x)^(5/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^2}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{3}c^2e^4x^4 - \frac{16}{3}c^2de^3x^3 - 4ace^4x^2 - 32c^2d^2e^2x^2 - \frac{16}{3}acd e^3x - \frac{128}{3}c^2d^3ex - \frac{2}{5}a^2e^4 - \frac{32}{15}a^2e^4}{\sqrt{ex + d} e^5 (e^2x^2 + 2dex + d^2)}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^2/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(- 3*a**2*e**4 - 16*a*c*d**2*e**2 - 40*a*c*d*e**3*x - 30*a*c*e**4*x**2 - 128*c**2*d**4 - 320*c**2*d**3*e*x - 240*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 40*c**2*d*e**3*x**3 + 5*c**2*e**4*x**4))/(15*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**5*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

### 3.170 $\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result	1377
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1378
Rubi [A] (verified)	1378
Maple [A] (verified)	1380
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1380
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1381
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1382
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1382
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1383
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1384

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} - \frac{4cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{9/2}}{3e^7} + \frac{6c(cd^2 + ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7} + \frac{2c^2(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{15/2}}{5e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d + ex)^{17/2}}{17e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{19/2}}{19e^7}$$

output

```
2/7*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^7-4/3*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^7+6/11*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^7-8/13*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^7+2/5*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(15/2)/e^7-12/17*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^(17/2)/e^7+2/19*c^3*(e*x+d)^(19/2)/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{7/2} (692835a^3e^6 + 20995a^2ce^4(8d^2 - 28dex + 63e^2x^2) + 323ac^2e^2(128d^4 - 448d^3ex + 1008d^2e^2x^2 - 1848de^3x^3 + 3003e^4x^4) + 5c^3(1024d^6 - 3584d^5ex + 8064d^4e^2x^2 - 14784d^3e^3x^3 + 24024d^2e^4x^4 - 36036de^5x^5 + 51051e^6x^6))}{(4849845e^7)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output  $(2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}*(692835*a^3*e^6 + 20995*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 - 28*d*e*x + 63*e^2*x^2) + 323*a*c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 - 448*d^3*e*x + 1008*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 1848*d*e^3*x^3 + 3003*e^4*x^4) + 5*c^3*(1024*d^6 - 3584*d^5*e*x + 8064*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 14784*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 24024*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 36036*d*e^5*x^5 + 51051*e^6*x^6)))/(4849845*e^7)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (d + ex)^{5/2} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{13/2} (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{4c^2d(d + ex)^{11/2} (3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c(d + ex)^{9/2} (ae^2 + cd^2) (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{15/2}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{5e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^{13/2}(3ae^2+5cd^2)}{13e^7} + \frac{6c(d+ex)^{11/2}(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)}{11e^7} - \frac{4cd(d+ex)^{9/2}(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{9e^7} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{7e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{19/2}}{19e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d+ex)^{17/2}}{17e^7}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```
(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^7) - (4*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(3*e^7) + (6*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^7) - (8*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^7) + (2*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(15/2))/(5*e^7) - (12*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^(17/2))/(17*e^7) + (2*c^3*(d + e*x)^(19/2))/(19*e^7)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} \left( \left( \frac{7}{19}e^6x^6 - \frac{84}{323}de^5x^5 + \frac{56}{323}d^2e^4x^4 - \frac{448}{4199}d^3e^3x^3 + \frac{2688}{46189}d^4e^2x^2 - \frac{3584}{138567}d^5ex + \frac{1024}{138567}d^6 \right) c^3 + \frac{128e^2 \left( \frac{3003}{128}e^4 \right)}{7e^7} \right)}{7e^7}$
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} (255255c^3e^6 - 180180dc^3x^5e^5 + 969969x^4ac^2e^6 + 120120x^4c^3d^2e^4 - 596904x^3ac^2de^5 - 73920x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 1322685a^2c^3d^3e^3)}{7e^7}$
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} (255255c^3e^6 - 180180dc^3x^5e^5 + 969969x^4ac^2e^6 + 120120x^4c^3d^2e^4 - 596904x^3ac^2de^5 - 73920x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 1322685a^2c^3d^3e^3)}{7e^7}$
derivativdivides	$\frac{2c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} - \frac{12c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2((ae^2+cd^2)c^2+8c^3d^2+c(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(-8(ae^2+cd^2)c^2d-2cd(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))}{15}$
default	$\frac{2c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} - \frac{12c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{2((ae^2+cd^2)c^2+8c^3d^2+c(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{2(-8(ae^2+cd^2)c^2d-2cd(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))}{15}$
trager	$2(255255c^3e^9x^9 + 585585c^3de^8x^8 + 969969ac^2e^9x^7 + 345345c^3d^2e^7x^7 + 2313003ac^2de^8x^6 + 1155c^3d^3e^6x^6 + 1322685a^2c^3d^3e^6)$
risch	$2(255255c^3e^9x^9 + 585585c^3de^8x^8 + 969969ac^2e^9x^7 + 345345c^3d^2e^7x^7 + 2313003ac^2de^8x^6 + 1155c^3d^3e^6x^6 + 1322685a^2c^3d^3e^6)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{7}(e*x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} * \left( \left( \frac{7}{19}e^6x^6 - \frac{84}{323}d^2e^5x^5 + \frac{56}{323}d^2e^4x^4 - \frac{448}{4199}d^3e^3x^3 + \frac{2688}{46189}d^4e^2x^2 - \frac{3584}{138567}d^5e*x + \frac{1024}{138567}d^6 \right) * c^3 + \frac{128}{2145}e^2 * \left( \frac{3003}{128}e^4x^4 - \frac{231}{16}d^3e^3x^3 + \frac{63}{8}d^2e^2x^2 - \frac{7}{2}d^3e*x + d^4 \right) * a * c^2 + \frac{8}{33}e^4 * \left( \frac{63}{8}e^2x^2 - \frac{7}{2}d^2e*x + d^2 \right) * a^2 * c + e^6 * a^3 \right) / e^7$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 356 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2(255255c^3e^9x^9 + 585585c^3de^8x^8 + 5120c^3d^9 + 41344ac^2d^7e^2 + 167960a^2cd^5e^4 + 692835a^3d^3e^2)}{7e^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{2/4849845*(255255*c^3*e^9*x^9 + 585585*c^3*d*e^8*x^8 + 5120*c^3*d^9 + 41344*a*c^2*d^7*e^2 + 167960*a^2*c*d^5*e^4 + 692835*a^3*d^3*e^6 + 3003*(115*c^3*d^2*e^7 + 323*a*c^2*e^9)*x^7 + 231*(5*c^3*d^3*e^6 + 10013*a*c^2*d*e^8)*x^6 - 63*(20*c^3*d^4*e^5 - 22933*a*c^2*d^2*e^7 - 20995*a^2*c*e^9)*x^5 + 35*(40*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 323*a*c^2*d^3*e^6 + 96577*a^2*c*d*e^8)*x^4 - 5*(320*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 2584*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 474487*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 - 138567*a^3*e^9)*x^3 + 3*(640*c^3*d^7*e^2 + 5168*a*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 20995*a^2*c*d^3*e^6 + 692835*a^3*d*e^8)*x^2 - (2560*c^3*d^8*e + 20672*a*c^2*d^6*e^3 + 83980*a^2*c*d^4*e^5 - 2078505*a^3*d^2*e^7)*x}{e^7} \sqrt{e*x + d}/e^7$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2 \left( -\frac{6c^3 d(d+ex)^{17/2}}{17e^6} + \frac{c^3 (d+ex)^{19/2}}{19e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{15/2} \cdot (3ac^2 e^2 + 15c^3 d^2)}{15e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{13/2} \cdot (-12ac^2 d e^2 - 20c^3 d^3)}{13e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{11/2} \cdot (3a^2 c e^4 + 18ac^2 d^2 e^2 + 11e^6)}{11e^6} \right)}{d^{5/2} \left( a^3 x + a^2 c x^3 + \frac{3ac^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{c^3 x^7}{7} \right)}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(-6*c**3*d*(d + e*x)**(17/2)/(17*e**6) + c**3*(d + e*x)**(19/2)/(19*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(15/2)*(3*a*c**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**2)/(15*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(13/2)*(-12*a*c**2*d*e**2 - 20*c**3*d**3)/(13*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(11/2)*(3*a**2*c*e**4 + 18*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**4)/(11*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(-6*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 12*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 6*c**3*d**5)/(9*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(a**3*e**6 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + c**3*d**6)/(7*e**6))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (d**(5/2)*(a**3*x + a**2*c*x**3 + 3*a*c**2*x**5/5 + c**3*x**7/7), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2 \left( 255255 (ex + d)^{\frac{19}{2}} c^3 - 1711710 (ex + d)^{\frac{17}{2}} c^3 d + 969969 (5c^3 d^2 + ac^2 e^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{15}{2}} - 1492260 (5c^3 d^3 + 3ac^2 d e^2) (ex + d)^{\frac{13}{2}} + 1322685 (5c^3 d^4 + 6a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + a^2 c e^4) (ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 3233230 (c^3 d^5 + 2a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 + a^2 c d e^4) (ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 692835 (c^3 d^6 + 3a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 c d^2 e^4 + a^3 e^6) (ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}} \right)}{e^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/4849845*(255255*(e*x + d)^(19/2)*c^3 - 1711710*(e*x + d)^(17/2)*c^3*d + 969969*(5*c^3*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(15/2) - 1492260*(5*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(13/2) + 1322685*(5*c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 3233230*(c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) + 692835*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*(e*x + d)^(7/2))/e^7`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1147 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1147, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.62

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2/4849845*(4849845*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*d^3 + 4849845*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sq
rt(e*x + d)*d)*a^3*d^2 + 969969*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d
+ 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^3*d + 969969*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(
3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2*c*d^3/e^2 + 138567*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) -
21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^3
+ 1247103*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*
d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^2*c*d^2/e^2 + 46189*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 18
0*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 +
315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a*c^2*d^3/e^4 + 138567*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e
*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*
sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a^2*c*d/e^2 + 62985*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d
)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x
+ d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*a*c^2*d^2/e^4 + 20995*(63*(e*x +
d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x +
d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*a^2*c/e^2
+ 1615*(231*(e*x + d)^(13/2) - 1638*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(
9/2)*d^2 - 8580*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^3 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x
+ d)^(3/2)*d^5 + 3003*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^6)*c^3*d^3/e^6 + 14535*(231*(e*x +
d)^(13/2) - 1638*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^2 - 8580*(e*x
+ d)^(7/2)*d^3 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^5 +...

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx &= \frac{(30c^3d^2 + 6ac^2e^2)(d + ex)^{15/2}}{15e^7} \\
&+ \frac{(d + ex)^{11/2}(6a^2ce^4 + 36ac^2d^2e^2 + 30c^3d^4)}{11e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{19/2}}{19e^7} \\
&+ \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} - \frac{(40c^3d^3 + 24ac^2de^2)(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7} \\
&- \frac{12c^3d(d + ex)^{17/2}}{17e^7} - \frac{4cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d + ex)^{9/2}}{3e^7}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((30c^3d^2 + 6ac^2e^2)(d + ex)^{(15/2)})/(15e^7) + ((d + ex)^{(11/2)} \\ & * (30c^3d^4 + 6a^2c^2e^4 + 36ac^2d^2e^2))/(11e^7) + (2c^3(d + ex) \\ & )^{(19/2)}/(19e^7) + (2(ae^2 + cd^2)^3(d + ex)^{(7/2)})/(7e^7) - ((40c \\ & c^3d^3 + 24ac^2de^2)(d + ex)^{(13/2)})/(13e^7) - (12c^3d(d + ex) \\ & )^{(17/2)}/(17e^7) - (4cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2(d + ex)^{(9/2)})/(3e^7) \end{aligned}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int (d + ex)^{5/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (255255c^3e^9x^9 + 585585c^3de^8x^8 + 969969a^2c^2e^9x^7 + 345345c^3d^2e^7x^7 + 2313003ac^2e^8x^6 + 1155000a^2c^2e^7x^5 + 512000a^2c^2d^2e^7x^5 - 256000c^3d^3e^8ex + 192000c^3d^3e^7e^2x^2 - 160000c^3d^3e^6e^3x^3 + 140000c^3d^3e^5e^4x^4 - 126000c^3d^3e^4e^5x^5 + 115500c^3d^3e^3e^6x^6 + 345345c^3d^2e^7e^7x^7 + 585585c^3de^8e^8x^8 + 255255c^3e^9e^9x^9)}{(4849845e^7)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((e*x+d)^{(5/2)}*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*\text{sqrt}(d + e*x)*(692835*a**3*d**3*e**6 + 2078505*a**3*d**2*e**7*x + 20785 \\ & 05*a**3*d*e**8*x**2 + 692835*a**3*e**9*x**3 + 167960*a**2*c*d**5*e**4 - 83 \\ & 980*a**2*c*d**4*e**5*x + 62985*a**2*c*d**3*e**6*x**2 + 2372435*a**2*c*d**2 \\ & *e**7*x**3 + 3380195*a**2*c*d*e**8*x**4 + 1322685*a**2*c*e**9*x**5 + 41344 \\ & *a*c**2*d**7*e**2 - 20672*a*c**2*d**6*e**3*x + 15504*a*c**2*d**5*e**4*x**2 \\ & - 12920*a*c**2*d**4*e**5*x**3 + 11305*a*c**2*d**3*e**6*x**4 + 1444779*a*c \\ & **2*d**2*e**7*x**5 + 2313003*a*c**2*d*e**8*x**6 + 969969*a*c**2*e**9*x**7 \\ & + 5120*c**3*d**9 - 2560*c**3*d**8*e*x + 1920*c**3*d**7*e**2*x**2 - 1600*c* \\ & *3*d**6*e**3*x**3 + 1400*c**3*d**5*e**4*x**4 - 1260*c**3*d**4*e**5*x**5 + \\ & 1155*c**3*d**3*e**6*x**6 + 345345*c**3*d**2*e**7*x**7 + 585585*c**3*d*e**8 \\ & *x**8 + 255255*c**3*e**9*x**9))/(4849845*e**7) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.171 $\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1385
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1386
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1386
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1388
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1388
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1389
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1390
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1391
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1392

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7} - \frac{12cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} + \frac{2c(cd^2 + ae^2) (5cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{9/2}}{3e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2) (d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7} + \frac{6c^2(5cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7} - \frac{4c^3d(d + ex)^{15/2}}{5e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{17/2}}{17e^7}$$

output

```
2/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^7-12/7*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^7+2/3*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^7-8/11*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^7+6/13*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^7-4/5*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^(15/2)/e^7+2/17*c^3*(e*x+d)^(17/2)/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2(d + ex)^{5/2} (51051a^3e^6 + 2431a^2ce^4(8d^2 - 20dex + 35e^2x^2) + 51ac^2e^2(128d^4 - 320d^3ex + 560d^2e^2x^2 - 840de^3x^3 + 1155e^4x^4) + c^3(1024d^6 - 2560d^5ex + 4480d^4e^2x^2 - 6720d^3e^3x^3 + 9240d^2e^4x^4 - 12012de^5x^5 + 15015e^6x^6))}{(255255e^7)}$$

input `Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output  $(2*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}*(51051*a^3*e^6 + 2431*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 - 20*d*e*x + 35*e^2*x^2) + 51*a*c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 - 320*d^3*e*x + 560*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 840*d*e^3*x^3 + 1155*e^4*x^4) + c^3*(1024*d^6 - 2560*d^5*e*x + 4480*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 6720*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 9240*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 12012*d*e^5*x^5 + 15015*e^6*x^6)))/(255255*e^7)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + cx^2)^3 (d + ex)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{11/2} (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{4c^2d(d + ex)^{9/2} (3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c(d + ex)^{7/2} (ae^2 + cd^2) (ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{6c^2(d+ex)^{13/2}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{13e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^{11/2}(3ae^2+5cd^2)}{11e^7} + \frac{2c(d+ex)^{9/2}(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)}{3e^7} - \frac{12cd(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{7e^7} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{5e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{17/2}}{17e^7} - \frac{4c^3d(d+ex)^{15/2}}{5e^7}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^7) - (12*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^7) + (2*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(3*e^7) - (8*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^7) + (6*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^7) - (4*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^(15/2))/(5*e^7) + (2*c^3*(d + e*x)^(17/2))/(17*e^7)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \left( \frac{(5e^6x^6 - 4de^5x^5 + \frac{40}{13}d^2e^4x^4 - \frac{320}{143}d^3e^3x^3 + \frac{640}{429}d^4e^2x^2 - \frac{2560}{3003}d^5ex + \frac{1024}{3003}d^6)c^3}{17} + \frac{128e^2(1155e^4x^4 - \frac{105}{16}de^3x^3 + \frac{35}{8}d^2e^2x^2 - \frac{5}{2}de^2x + d^3)}{1001} \right) \frac{1}{5e^7}$
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(15015x^6c^3e^6 - 12012dc^3x^5e^5 + 58905x^4ac^2e^6 + 9240x^4c^3d^2e^4 - 42840x^3ac^2de^5 - 6720x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 85085x^2c^4d^2e^2 + 17850x^2c^4de^2 + 17850x^2c^4d^2e^2 + 17850x^2c^4d^2e^2 + 17850x^2c^4d^2e^2)}{5e^7}$
oring	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}(15015x^6c^3e^6 - 12012dc^3x^5e^5 + 58905x^4ac^2e^6 + 9240x^4c^3d^2e^4 - 42840x^3ac^2de^5 - 6720x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 85085x^2c^4d^2e^2 + 17850x^2c^4de^2 + 17850x^2c^4d^2e^2 + 17850x^2c^4d^2e^2 + 17850x^2c^4d^2e^2)}{5e^7}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} - \frac{4c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2((ae^2+cd^2)c^2+8c^3d^2+c(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(-8(ae^2+cd^2)c^2d-2cd(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))}{13}$
default	$\frac{2c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} - \frac{4c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2((ae^2+cd^2)c^2+8c^3d^2+c(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2(-8(ae^2+cd^2)c^2d-2cd(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))}{13}$
trager	$2(15015e^8c^3x^8 + 18018dc^3e^7x^7 + 58905ac^2e^8x^6 + 231c^3d^2e^6x^6 + 74970ac^2de^7x^5 - 252d^3e^5c^3x^5 + 85085a^2ce^8x^4 + 17850a^2de^8x^4 + 17850a^2d^2e^8x^4 + 17850a^2d^2e^8x^4 + 17850a^2d^2e^8x^4)$
risch	$2(15015e^8c^3x^8 + 18018dc^3e^7x^7 + 58905ac^2e^8x^6 + 231c^3d^2e^6x^6 + 74970ac^2de^7x^5 - 252d^3e^5c^3x^5 + 85085a^2ce^8x^4 + 17850a^2de^8x^4 + 17850a^2d^2e^8x^4 + 17850a^2d^2e^8x^4 + 17850a^2d^2e^8x^4)$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{5} * \left( \frac{1}{17} * (5e^6x^6 - 4de^5x^5 + \frac{40}{13}d^2e^4x^4 - \frac{320}{143}d^3e^3x^3 + \frac{640}{429}d^4e^2x^2 - \frac{2560}{3003}d^5ex + \frac{1024}{3003}d^6) * c^3 + \frac{128}{1001} * e^2 * (1155/128 * e^4x^4 - \frac{105}{16} * de^3x^3 + \frac{35}{8} * d^2 * e^2x^2 - \frac{5}{2} * de^2x + d^3) * a * c^2 + \frac{8}{21} * e^4 * a^2 * (35/8 * e^2x^2 - \frac{5}{2} * d * e * x + d^2) * c + e^6 * a^3 \right) * (e*x+d)^{(5/2)} / e^7$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2(15015c^3e^8x^8 + 18018c^3de^7x^7 + 1024c^3d^8 + 6528ac^2d^6e^2 + 19448a^2cd^4e^4 + 51051a^3d^2e^6 + 17850a^3d^2e^6 + 17850a^3d^2e^6 + 17850a^3d^2e^6 + 17850a^3d^2e^6)}{5e^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/255255*(15015*c^3*e^8*x^8 + 18018*c^3*d*e^7*x^7 + 1024*c^3*d^8 + 6528*a*
c^2*d^6*e^2 + 19448*a^2*c*d^4*e^4 + 51051*a^3*d^2*e^6 + 231*(c^3*d^2*e^6 +
255*a*c^2*e^8)*x^6 - 126*(2*c^3*d^3*e^5 - 595*a*c^2*d*e^7)*x^5 + 35*(8*c^
3*d^4*e^4 + 51*a*c^2*d^2*e^6 + 2431*a^2*c*e^8)*x^4 - 10*(32*c^3*d^5*e^3 +
204*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 - 12155*a^2*c*d*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(128*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 816*a*c^
2*d^4*e^4 + 2431*a^2*c*d^2*e^6 + 17017*a^3*e^8)*x^2 - 2*(256*c^3*d^7*e + 1
632*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 4862*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - 51051*a^3*d*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)
/e^7
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \left\{ \frac{2 \left( -\frac{2c^3 d(d+ex)^{15}}{5e^6} + \frac{c^3(d+ex)^{17}}{17e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{13}}{13e^6} \cdot (3ac^2e^2 + 15c^3d^2) + \frac{(d+ex)^{11}}{11e^6} (-12ac^2de^2 - 20c^3d^3) + \frac{(d+ex)^9}{9e^6} (3a^2ce^4 + 18ac^2d^2e^2 + 15c^3d^3) \right)}{d^{3/2} \left( a^3x + a^2cx^3 + \frac{3ac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{c^3x^7}{7} \right)} \right\} e$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-2*c**3*d*(d + e*x)**(15/2)/(5*e**6) + c**3*(d + e*x)**(17/2)
)/(17*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(13/2)*(3*a*c**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**2)/(13*e**6) +
(d + e*x)**(11/2)*(-12*a*c**2*d*e**2 - 20*c**3*d**3)/(11*e**6) + (d + e*x)
)**(9/2)*(3*a**2*c*e**4 + 18*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**4)/(9*e**6) + (
d + e*x)**(7/2)*(-6*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 12*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 6*c**3*d**5)/(7*
e**6) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(a**3*e**6 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e
**2 + c**3*d**6)/(5*e**6))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (d**(3/2)*(a**3*x + a**2*c*x**3 +
3*a*c**2*x**5/5 + c**3*x**7/7), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2 \left( 15015 (ex + d)^{17/2} c^3 - 102102 (ex + d)^{15/2} c^3 d + 58905 (5 c^3 d^2 + ac^2 e^2) (ex + d)^{13/2} - 92820 (5 c^3 d^3 + 3 a c^2 d e^2) (ex + d)^{11/2} + 85085 (5 c^3 d^4 + 6 a c^2 d^2 e^2 + a^2 c d e^4) (ex + d)^{9/2} - 218790 (c^3 d^5 + 2 a c^2 d^3 e^2 + a^2 c d e^4) (ex + d)^{7/2} + 51051 (c^3 d^6 + 3 a c^2 d^4 e^2 + 3 a^2 c d^2 e^4 + a^3 e^6) (ex + d)^{5/2} \right)}{e^7}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/255255*(15015*(e*x + d)^(17/2)*c^3 - 102102*(e*x + d)^(15/2)*c^3*d + 58905*(5*c^3*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(13/2) - 92820*(5*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(11/2) + 85085*(5*c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 218790*(c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) + 51051*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*(e*x + d)^(5/2))/e^7
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 784 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/765765*(765765*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*d^2 + 510510*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(
e*x + d)*d)*a^3*d + 51051*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*s
qrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^3 + 153153*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d +
15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2*c*d^2/e^2 + 131274*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x
+ d)^(5/2)*d + 35*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^2*c*d/e^2
+ 7293*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*
d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a*c^2*d^2/e^4 + 729
3*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 -
420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a^2*c/e^2 + 6630*(63*(e*x
+ d)^(11/2) - 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x
+ d)^(5/2)*d^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*a*c^2*
d/e^4 + 255*(231*(e*x + d)^(13/2) - 1638*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x +
d)^(9/2)*d^2 - 8580*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^3 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*
(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^5 + 3003*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^6)*c^3*d^2/e^6 + 765*(231*(e*x
+ d)^(13/2) - 1638*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^2 - 8580*(e
*x + d)^(7/2)*d^3 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^5 +
3003*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^6)*a*c^2/e^4 + 238*(429*(e*x + d)^(15/2) - 3465*(e*x
+ d)^(13/2)*d + 12285*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d^2 - 25025*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^3 +
2175*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^4 - 27027*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^5 + 15015*(e*x + d)^(3/
2)*d^6 - 6435*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^7)*c^3*d/e^6 + 7*(6435*(e*x + d)^(17/2) - ...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx &= \frac{(30c^3d^2 + 6a^2ce^2)(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7} \\
&+ \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}(6a^2ce^4 + 36a^2d^2e^2 + 30c^3d^4)}{9e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{17/2}}{17e^7} \\
&+ \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7} - \frac{(40c^3d^3 + 24a^2de^2)(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7} \\
&- \frac{4c^3d(d + ex)^{15/2}}{5e^7} - \frac{12cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((30*c^3*d^2 + 6*a*c^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(13/2)})/(13*e^7) + ((d + e*x)^{(9/2)} * \\ & (30*c^3*d^4 + 6*a^2*c*e^4 + 36*a*c^2*d^2*e^2))/(9*e^7) + (2*c^3*(d + e*x)^{(17/2)})/(17*e^7) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*e^7) - ((40*c^3*d^3 + 24*a*c^2*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{(11/2)})/(11*e^7) - (4*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^{(15/2)})/(5*e^7) - (12*c*d*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*e^7) \end{aligned}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int (d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d} (15015c^3e^8x^8 + 18018c^3de^7x^7 + 58905a^2c^2e^8x^6 + 231c^3d^2e^6x^6 + 74970ac^2de^7x^5 - \dots)}{\dots}$$

input

`int((e*x+d)^(3/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*\sqrt{d + e*x}*(51051*a**3*d**2*e**6 + 102102*a**3*d*e**7*x + 51051*a**3 * \\ & e**8*x**2 + 19448*a**2*c*d**4*e**4 - 9724*a**2*c*d**3*e**5*x + 7293*a**2 * \\ & c*d**2*e**6*x**2 + 121550*a**2*c*d*e**7*x**3 + 85085*a**2*c*e**8*x**4 + 65 \\ & 28*a*c**2*d**6*e**2 - 3264*a*c**2*d**5*e**3*x + 2448*a*c**2*d**4*e**4*x**2 \\ & - 2040*a*c**2*d**3*e**5*x**3 + 1785*a*c**2*d**2*e**6*x**4 + 74970*a*c**2 * \\ & d*e**7*x**5 + 58905*a*c**2*e**8*x**6 + 1024*c**3*d**8 - 512*c**3*d**7*e*x \\ & + 384*c**3*d**6*e**2*x**2 - 320*c**3*d**5*e**3*x**3 + 280*c**3*d**4*e**4*x \\ & **4 - 252*c**3*d**3*e**5*x**5 + 231*c**3*d**2*e**6*x**6 + 18018*c**3*d*e** \\ & 7*x**7 + 15015*c**3*e**8*x**8))/(255255*e**7) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.172 $\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^3 dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1394
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1394
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \sqrt{d + ex}(a + cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3 (d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^7} - \frac{12cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 (d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7} + \frac{6c(cd^2 + ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^7} + \frac{6c^2(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{15/2}}{15e^7}$$

output

```
2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^7-12/5*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^7+6/7*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^7-8/9*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^7+6/11*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^7-12/13*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^7+2/15*c^3*(e*x+d)^(15/2)/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(15015a^3e^6 + 1287a^2ce^4(8d^2 - 12dex + 15e^2x^2) + 39ac^2e^2(128d^4 - 192d^3ex + 240d^2e^2x^2 - 280d^2e^2x^2 - 2240d^3e^3x^3 + 2520d^2e^4x^4 - 2772d^2e^5x^5 + 3003e^6x^6))}{45045e^7}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output  $(2*(d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(15015*a^3*e^6 + 1287*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 - 12*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + 39*a*c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 - 192*d^3*e*x + 240*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 280*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 2240*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 2520*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 2772*d^2*e^5*x^5 + 3003*e^6*x^6)))/(45045*e^7)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a+cx^2)^3 \sqrt{d+ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(d+ex)^{9/2}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{4c^2d(d+ex)^{7/2}(3ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^6} - \dots \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{6c^2(d+ex)^{11/2}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{11e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^{9/2}(3ae^2+5cd^2)}{9e^7} + \frac{6c(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)}{7e^7} - \frac{12cd(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{5e^7} + \frac{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{3e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{15/2}}{15e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d+ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^7) - (12*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^7) + (6*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^7) - (8*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^7) + (6*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^7) - (12*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^7) + (2*c^3*(d + e*x)^(15/2))/(15*e^7)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \frac{1}{5}e^6x^6 - \frac{12}{65}de^5x^5 + \frac{24}{143}d^2e^4x^4 - \frac{64}{429}d^3e^3x^3 + \frac{128}{1001}d^4e^2x^2 - \frac{512}{5005}d^5ex + \frac{1024}{15015}d^6 \right) c^3 + \frac{128e^2 \left( \frac{315}{128}e^4x^4 - \frac{35}{16}de^3x^3 + \frac{15}{8}d^2e^2x^2 - 3d^3ex + d^4 \right) c^2}{3e^7}}$
gospers	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3003x^6c^3e^6 - 2772dc^3x^5e^5 + 12285x^4ac^2e^6 + 2520x^4c^3d^2e^4 - 10920x^3ac^2de^5 - 2240x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 19305x^2a^2c^2e^4 - 1560a^2c^2e^3 + 1560a^2c^2e^2 - 1560a^2c^2e) c^3}{3e^7}$
orering	$\frac{2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3003x^6c^3e^6 - 2772dc^3x^5e^5 + 12285x^4ac^2e^6 + 2520x^4c^3d^2e^4 - 10920x^3ac^2de^5 - 2240x^3c^3d^3e^3 + 19305x^2a^2c^2e^4 - 1560a^2c^2e^3 + 1560a^2c^2e^2 - 1560a^2c^2e) c^3}{3e^7}$
trager	$\frac{2(3003c^3e^7x^7 + 231dc^3e^6x^6 + 12285c^2e^7ax^5 - 252c^3d^2e^5x^5 + 1365de^6c^2ax^4 + 280c^3d^3e^4x^4 + 19305a^2ce^7x^3 - 1560a^2c^2e^4x^2 + 1560a^2c^2e^3x - 1560a^2c^2e^2) c^3}{3e^7}$
risch	$\frac{2(3003c^3e^7x^7 + 231dc^3e^6x^6 + 12285c^2e^7ax^5 - 252c^3d^2e^5x^5 + 1365de^6c^2ax^4 + 280c^3d^3e^4x^4 + 19305a^2ce^7x^3 - 1560a^2c^2e^4x^2 + 1560a^2c^2e^3x - 1560a^2c^2e^2) c^3}{3e^7}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} - \frac{12c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2((ae^2+cd^2)c^2+8c^3d^2+c(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(-8(ae^2+cd^2)c^2d-2cd(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))}{11}$
default	$\frac{2c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} - \frac{12c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{2((ae^2+cd^2)c^2+8c^3d^2+c(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))(ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{2(-8(ae^2+cd^2)c^2d-2cd(2(ae^2+cd^2)c+4d^2c^2))}{11}$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{3}(e*x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} * \left( \frac{1}{5}e^6x^6 - \frac{12}{65}de^5x^5 + \frac{24}{143}d^2e^4x^4 - \frac{64}{429}d^3e^3x^3 + \frac{128}{1001}d^4e^2x^2 - \frac{512}{5005}d^5ex + \frac{1024}{15015}d^6 \right) c^3 + \frac{128e^2 \left( \frac{315}{128}e^4x^4 - \frac{35}{16}de^3x^3 + \frac{15}{8}d^2e^2x^2 - 3d^3ex + d^4 \right) c^2}{3e^7}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3 dx = \frac{2(3003c^3e^7x^7 + 231c^3de^6x^6 + 1024c^3d^7 + 4992ac^2d^5e^2 + 10296a^2cd^3e^4 + 15015a^3de^6 - 63(4c^3d^2e^5 - \dots))}{3e^7}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/45045*(3003*c^3*e^7*x^7 + 231*c^3*d*e^6*x^6 + 1024*c^3*d^7 + 4992*a*c^2*
d^5*e^2 + 10296*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 15015*a^3*d*e^6 - 63*(4*c^3*d^2*e^5 - 195*
a*c^2*e^7)*x^5 + 35*(8*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 39*a*c^2*d*e^6)*x^4 - 5*(64*c^3*d^4*e
^3 + 312*a*c^2*d^2*e^5 - 3861*a^2*c*e^7)*x^3 + 3*(128*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 624*a*
c^2*d^3*e^4 + 1287*a^2*c*d*e^6)*x^2 - (512*c^3*d^6*e + 2496*a*c^2*d^4*e^3
+ 5148*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 15015*a^3*e^7)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^7
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( -\frac{6c^3d(d+ex)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13e^6} + \frac{c^3(d+ex)^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}} \cdot (3ac^2e^2 + 15c^3d^2)}{11e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}} (-12ac^2de^2 - 20c^3d^3)}{9e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}} (3a^2ce^4 + 18ac^2d^2e^2 + 15c^3d^4)}{7e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} (3a^2ce^4 + 18ac^2d^2e^2 + 15c^3d^4)}{5e^6} \right)}{e} + \sqrt{d} \left( a^3x + a^2cx^3 + \frac{3ac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{c^3x^7}{7} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)*(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-6*c**3*d*(d + e*x)**(13/2)/(13*e**6) + c**3*(d + e*x)**(15/
2)/(15*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(11/2)*(3*a*c**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**2)/(11*e**6)
+ (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(-12*a*c**2*d*e**2 - 20*c**3*d**3)/(9*e**6) + (d + e*x)
**(7/2)*(3*a**2*c*e**4 + 18*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**4)/(7*e**6) + (d
+ e*x)**(5/2)*(-6*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 12*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 6*c**3*d**5)/(5*e
**6) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(a**3*e**6 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e
**2 + c**3*d**6)/(3*e**6))/e, Ne(e, 0)), (sqrt(d)*(a**3*x + a**2*c*x**3 + 3
*a*c**2*x**5/5 + c**3*x**7/7), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 3003 (ex+d)^{\frac{15}{2}} c^3 - 20790 (ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}} c^3 d + 12285 (5c^3 d^2 + ac^2 e^2) (ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 20020 (5c^3 d^3 + 3ac^2 d^2) (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 19305 (5c^3 d^4 + 6a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + a^2 c^2 d e^4) (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 54054 (c^3 d^5 + 2a^2 c^2 d^3 e^2 + a^2 c^2 d e^4) (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 15015 (c^3 d^6 + 3a^2 c^2 d^4 e^2 + 3a^2 c^2 d^2 e^4 + a^3 e^6) (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{e^7}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3003*(e*x + d)^(15/2)*c^3 - 20790*(e*x + d)^(13/2)*c^3*d + 12285*(5*c^3*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(11/2) - 20020*(5*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(9/2) + 19305*(5*c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 54054*(c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) + 15015*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*(e*x + d)^(3/2))/e^7
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 469 vs. 2(176) = 352.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 45045 \sqrt{ex+da} a^3 d + 15015 \left( (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3 \sqrt{ex+dd} \right) a^3 + \frac{9009 \left( 3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15 \sqrt{ex+dd} \right) a^2 cd}{e^2} \right)}{e^7} + \dots$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/45045*(45045*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*d + 15015*((e*x + d)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(e*x +
d)*d)*a^3 + 9009*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x
+ d)*d^2)*a^2*c*d/e^2 + 3861*(5*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 21*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d + 3
5*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^2 - 35*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^3)*a^2*c/e^2 + 429*(35*(e*x + d
)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(
3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a*c^2*d/e^4 + 195*(63*(e*x + d)^(11/2)
- 385*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d + 990*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^2 - 1386*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d
^3 + 1155*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^4 - 693*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^5)*a*c^2/e^4 + 15*(231
*(e*x + d)^(13/2) - 1638*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^2 - 8
580*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^3 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*
d^5 + 3003*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^6)*c^3*d/e^6 + 7*(429*(e*x + d)^(15/2) - 3465*(
e*x + d)^(13/2)*d + 12285*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d^2 - 25025*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^3
+ 32175*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^4 - 27027*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^5 + 15015*(e*x + d)
^(3/2)*d^6 - 6435*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^7)*c^3/e^6)/e

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3 dx = & \frac{(30c^3d^2 + 6ac^2e^2)(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7} \\
& + \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}(6a^2ce^4 + 36ac^2d^2e^2 + 30c^3d^4)}{7e^7} \\
& + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{15/2}}{15e^7} + \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^7} \\
& - \frac{(40c^3d^3 + 24ac^2de^2)(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^7} \\
& - \frac{12c^3d(d+ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7} - \frac{12cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```

((30*c^3*d^2 + 6*a*c^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^7) + ((d + e*x)^(7/2)*
(30*c^3*d^4 + 6*a^2*c*e^4 + 36*a*c^2*d^2*e^2))/(7*e^7) + (2*c^3*(d + e*x)^(
15/2))/(15*e^7) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^7) - ((40*c^
3*d^3 + 24*a*c^2*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^7) - (12*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^(13
/2))/(13*e^7) - (12*c*d*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^7)

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}(3003c^3e^7x^7 + 231c^3de^6x^6 + 12285a^2c^2e^7x^5 - 252c^3d^2e^5x^5 + 1365ac^2de^6x^4 + 280c^3d^3e^4x^4 +$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(15015*a**3*d*e**6 + 15015*a**3*e**7*x + 10296*a**2*c*d**3*e**4 - 5148*a**2*c*d**2*e**5*x + 3861*a**2*c*d*e**6*x**2 + 19305*a**2*c*e**7*x**3 + 4992*a*c**2*d**5*e**2 - 2496*a*c**2*d**4*e**3*x + 1872*a*c**2*d**3*e**4*x**2 - 1560*a*c**2*d**2*e**5*x**3 + 1365*a*c**2*d*e**6*x**4 + 12285*a*c**2*e**7*x**5 + 1024*c**3*d**7 - 512*c**3*d**6*e*x + 384*c**3*d**5*e**2*x**2 - 320*c**3*d**4*e**3*x**3 + 280*c**3*d**3*e**4*x**4 - 252*c**3*d**2*e**5*x**5 + 231*c**3*d*e**6*x**6 + 3003*c**3*e**7*x**7))/(45045*e**7)`

**3.173**       $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$

Optimal result	1401
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1402
Rubi [A] (verified)	1402
Maple [A] (verified)	1404
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1404
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1405
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1406
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1406
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1407
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1408

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d+ex}} dx = \frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^7} - \frac{4cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^7} + \frac{6c(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(5cd^2+3ae^2)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} + \frac{2c^2(5cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{9/2}}{3e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7}$$

output

```
2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^7-4*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^7+6/5*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^7-8/7*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^7+2/3*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^7-12/11*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^7+2/13*c^3*(e*x+d)^(13/2)/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{d + ex}(15015a^3e^6 + 3003a^2ce^4(8d^2 - 4dex + 3e^2x^2) + 143ac^2e^2(128d^4 - 64d^3ex + 48d^2e^2x^2 - 40de^3x^3 + 35e^4x^4) + 5c^3(1024d^6 - 512d^5ex + 384d^4e^2x^2 - 320d^3e^3x^3 + 280d^2e^4x^4 - 252d^5ex^5 + 231e^6x^6))}{15015e^7}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(15015*a^3*e^6 + 3003*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 - 4*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + 143*a*c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 - 64*d^3*e*x + 48*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 40*d*e^3*x^3 + 35*e^4*x^4) + 5*c^3*(1024*d^6 - 512*d^5*e*x + 384*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 320*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 280*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 252*d^5*e*x^5 + 231*e^6*x^6)))/(15015*e^7)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{7/2}(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{4c^2d(d + ex)^{5/2}(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c(d + ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \dots \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{9/2}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{3e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^{7/2}(3ae^2+5cd^2)}{7e^7} + \frac{6c(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)}{5e^7} - \frac{4cd(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{e^7} + \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/Sqrt[d + e*x],x]`

output `(2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3*Sqrt[d + e*x])/e^7 - (4*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/e^7 + (6*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^7) - (8*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^7) + (2*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(3*e^7) - (12*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^7) + (2*c^3*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^7)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`





output

```
2/15015*(1155*c^3*e^6*x^6 - 1260*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 + 5120*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 18304*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 24024*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + 15015*a^3*e^6 + 35*(40*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 143*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 - 40*(40*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 143*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 + 3*(640*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 2288*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + 3003*a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 - 4*(640*c^3*d^5*e + 2288*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 3003*a^2*c*d*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/e^7
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( -\frac{6c^3 d(d+ex)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11e^6} + \frac{c^3(d+ex)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{9}{2}} \cdot (3ac^2e^2 + 15c^3d^2)}{9e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (-12ac^2de^2 - 20c^3d^3)}{7e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (3a^2ce^4 + 18ac^2d^2e^2 + 15c^3d^4)}{5e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (-6a^2cde^4 - 12a^2c^2d^3e^2 - 6c^3d^5)}{3e^6} \right) + \frac{a^3x + a^2cx^3 + \frac{3ac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{c^3x^7}{7}}{\sqrt{d}}}{e}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-6*c**3*d*(d + e*x)**(11/2)/(11*e**6) + c**3*(d + e*x)**(13/2)/(13*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(9/2)*(3*a*c**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**2)/(9*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(7/2)*(-12*a*c**2*d*e**2 - 20*c**3*d**3)/(7*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(5/2)*(3*a**2*c*e**4 + 18*a*c**2*d**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**4)/(5*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(-6*a**2*c*d*e**4 - 12*a*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 6*c**3*d**5)/(3*e**6) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(a**3*e**6 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + c**3*d**6)/e**6)/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((a**3*x + a**2*c*x**3 + 3*a*c**2*x**5/5 + c**3*x**7/7)/sqrt(d), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 15015 \sqrt{ex + d} a^3 + \frac{3003 \left( 3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15 \sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) a^2 c}{e^2} + \frac{143 \left( 35 (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d + 378 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 - 420 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 + 315 \sqrt{ex+d} d^4 \right) a c^2}{e^4} + \frac{5 \left( 231 (ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}} - 1638 (ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d + 5005 (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} d^2 - 8580 (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d^3 + 9009 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^4 - 6006 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^5 + 3003 \sqrt{ex+d} d^6 \right) c^3}{e^6} \right)}{e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/15015*(15015*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3 + 3003*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2*c/e^2 + 143*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a*c^2/e^4 + 5*(231*(e*x + d)^(13/2) - 1638*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^2 - 8580*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^3 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^5 + 3003*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^6)*c^3/e^6)/e
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 15015 \sqrt{ex + d} a^3 + \frac{3003 \left( 3 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d + 15 \sqrt{ex+dd^2} \right) a^2 c}{e^2} + \frac{143 \left( 35 (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d + 378 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 - 420 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 + 315 \sqrt{ex+d} d^4 \right) a c^2}{e^4} + \frac{5 \left( 231 (ex+d)^{\frac{13}{2}} - 1638 (ex+d)^{\frac{11}{2}} d + 5005 (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} d^2 - 8580 (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} d^3 + 9009 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^4 - 6006 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^5 + 3003 \sqrt{ex+d} d^6 \right) c^3}{e^6} \right)}{e}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/15015*(15015*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3 + 3003*(3*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 10*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d + 15*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^2)*a^2*c/e^2 + 143*(35*(e*x + d)^(9/2) - 180*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d + 378*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^2 - 420*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^3 + 315*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^4)*a*c^2/e^4 + 5*(231*(e*x + d)^(13/2) - 1638*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*d + 5005*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*d^2 - 8580*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*d^3 + 9009*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*d^4 - 6006*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*d^5 + 3003*sqrt(e*x + d)*d^6)*c^3/e^6)/e
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx = \frac{(30c^3d^2 + 6ac^2e^2)(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^7} + \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}(6a^2ce^4 + 36ac^2d^2e^2 + 30c^3d^4)}{5e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{13/2}}{13e^7} + \frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^7} - \frac{(40c^3d^3 + 24ac^2de^2)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7} - \frac{4cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^7}$$

input

```
int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
((30*c^3*d^2 + 6*a*c^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(9*e^7) + ((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(30*c^3*d^4 + 6*a^2*c*e^4 + 36*a*c^2*d^2*e^2))/(5*e^7) + (2*c^3*(d + e*x)^(13/2))/(13*e^7) + (2*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/e^7 - ((40*c^3*d^3 + 24*a*c^2*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^7) - (12*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^7) - (4*c*d*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/e^7
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{\sqrt{d + ex}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ex + d}(1155c^3e^6x^6 - 1260c^3de^5x^5 + 5005a^2c^2e^6x^4 + 1400c^3d^2e^4x^4 - 5720ac^2de^5x^3 - 1600c^3d^3e^3x^3}{2\sqrt{ex + d}}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(15015*a**3*e**6 + 24024*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 12012*a**2*c*d*e**5*x + 9009*a**2*c*e**6*x**2 + 18304*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 9152*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 6864*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 5720*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 + 5005*a*c**2*e**6*x**4 + 5120*c**3*d**6 - 2560*c**3*d**5*e*x + 1920*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 1600*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 1400*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 1260*c**3*d*e**5*x**5 + 1155*c**3*e**6*x**6))/(15015*e**7)`

**3.174**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1409
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1410
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1410
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1412
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1412
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1413
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1413
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1414
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1415
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1415

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{e^7\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{12cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^7} + \frac{2c(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(5cd^2+3ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7} + \frac{6c^2(5cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} - \frac{4c^3d(d+ex)^{9/2}}{3e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7}$$

output

```
-2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-12*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/
e^7+2*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^7-8/5*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2
+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^7+6/7*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^7-4/3*
c^3*d*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^7+2/11*c^3*(e*x+d)^(11/2)/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(1155a^3e^6 + 1155a^2ce^4(8d^2 + 4dex - e^2x^2) + 99ac^2e^2(128d^4 + 64d^3ex - 16d^2e^2x^2 + 8de^3x^3 - 5e^4x^4) + 5c^3(1024d^6 + 512d^5ex - 128d^4e^2x^2 + 64d^3e^3x^3 - 40d^2e^4x^4 + 28de^5x^5 - 21e^6x^6))}{1155e^7\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(1155*a^3*e^6 + 1155*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 + 4*d*e*x - e^2*x^2) + 99*a*c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 + 64*d^3*e*x - 16*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 8*d*e^3*x^3 - 5*e^4*x^4) + 5*c^3*(1024*d^6 + 512*d^5*e*x - 128*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 64*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 40*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 28*d*e^5*x^5 - 21*e^6*x^6))/(1155*e^7*Sqrt[d + e*x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{5/2}(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{4c^2d(d + ex)^{3/2}(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{6cd}{e} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{6c^2(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{7e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(d+ex)^{5/2}(3ae^2+5cd^2)}{5e^7} + \frac{2c(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^7} - \frac{12cd\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{e^7} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{e^7\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7} - \frac{4c^3d(d+ex)^{9/2}}{3e^7}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(e^7*sqrt[d + e*x]) - (12*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*sqrt[d + e*x])/e^7 + (2*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/e^7 - (8*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^7) + (6*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^7) - (4*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^(9/2))/(3*e^7) + (2*c^3*(d + e*x)^(11/2))/(11*e^7)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(210e^6x^6 - 280de^5x^5 + 400d^2e^4x^4 - 640d^3e^3x^3 + 1280d^4e^2x^2 - 5120d^5ex - 10240d^6)c^3 - 25344e^2(-\frac{5}{128}e^4x^4 + \frac{1}{16}de^3x^3 - \frac{1}{8}d^2e^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3ex + d^4)c^2 - 18480e^4a^2(-\frac{1}{8}e^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3ex + d^4)c - 2310e^6a^3}{1155\sqrt{ex+d}e^7}$
risch	$\frac{2c(-105c^2e^5x^5 + 245c^2de^4x^4 - 495ac^2e^3x^3 - 445c^2d^2e^3x^3 + 1287ac^2de^2x^2 + 765c^2d^3e^2x^2 - 1155a^2e^5x - 2871acd^2e^3x^3 - 1155a^2d^3e^3x^3 + 1155a^2d^4e^2x^2 - 5120a^2d^5ex - 10240a^2d^6)c^3 - 25344e^2(-\frac{5}{128}e^4x^4 + \frac{1}{16}de^3x^3 - \frac{1}{8}d^2e^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3ex + d^4)c^2 - 18480e^4a^2(-\frac{1}{8}e^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3ex + d^4)c - 2310e^6a^3}{1155e^7}$
gospers	$\frac{2(-105x^6c^3e^6 + 140d^3c^3x^5e^5 - 495x^4ac^2e^6 - 200x^4c^3d^2e^4 + 792x^3ac^2de^5 + 320x^3c^3d^3e^3 - 1155x^2a^2ce^6 - 1584x^2ac^2d^3e^3 - 1155x^2a^2d^4e^2 - 5120x^2a^2d^5ex - 10240x^2a^2d^6)c^3 - 25344e^2(-\frac{5}{128}e^4x^4 + \frac{1}{16}de^3x^3 - \frac{1}{8}d^2e^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3ex + d^4)c^2 - 18480e^4a^2(-\frac{1}{8}e^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3ex + d^4)c - 2310e^6a^3}{1155}$
trager	$\frac{2(-105x^6c^3e^6 + 140d^3c^3x^5e^5 - 495x^4ac^2e^6 - 200x^4c^3d^2e^4 + 792x^3ac^2de^5 + 320x^3c^3d^3e^3 - 1155x^2a^2ce^6 - 1584x^2ac^2d^3e^3 - 1155x^2a^2d^4e^2 - 5120x^2a^2d^5ex - 10240x^2a^2d^6)c^3 - 25344e^2(-\frac{5}{128}e^4x^4 + \frac{1}{16}de^3x^3 - \frac{1}{8}d^2e^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3ex + d^4)c^2 - 18480e^4a^2(-\frac{1}{8}e^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3ex + d^4)c - 2310e^6a^3}{1155}$
orering	$\frac{2(-105x^6c^3e^6 + 140d^3c^3x^5e^5 - 495x^4ac^2e^6 - 200x^4c^3d^2e^4 + 792x^3ac^2de^5 + 320x^3c^3d^3e^3 - 1155x^2a^2ce^6 - 1584x^2ac^2d^3e^3 - 1155x^2a^2d^4e^2 - 5120x^2a^2d^5ex - 10240x^2a^2d^6)c^3 - 25344e^2(-\frac{5}{128}e^4x^4 + \frac{1}{16}de^3x^3 - \frac{1}{8}d^2e^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3ex + d^4)c^2 - 18480e^4a^2(-\frac{1}{8}e^2x^2 + \frac{1}{2}d^3ex + d^4)c - 2310e^6a^3}{1155}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{2c^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{4c^3d(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{6ac^2e^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{30c^3d^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{24ac^2de^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 8c^3d^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2a^2ce^4(e^2x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}$
default	$\frac{2c^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{4c^3d(e^2x+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{6ac^2e^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{30c^3d^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{24ac^2de^2(e^2x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 8c^3d^3(e^2x+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2a^2ce^4(e^2x+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}$

```
input int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/1155*((210*e^6*x^6-280*d*e^5*x^5+400*d^2*e^4*x^4-640*d^3*e^3*x^3+1280*d^4*e^2*x^2-5120*d^5*e*x-10240*d^6)*c^3-25344*e^2*(-5/128*e^4*x^4+1/16*d*e^3*x^3-1/8*d^2*e^2*x^2+1/2*d^3*e*x+d^4)*a*c^2-18480*e^4*a^2*(-1/8*e^2*x^2+1/2*d*e*x+d^2)*c-2310*e^6*a^3)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^7
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(105c^3e^6x^6 - 140c^3de^5x^5 - 5120c^3d^6 - 12672ac^2d^4e^2 - 9240a^2cd^2e^4 - 1155a^3e^6 + \dots)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
2/1155*((105*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*c^3 - 770*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*c^3*d + 495*(5*c^3
*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(7/2) - 924*(5*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^2)*(e*x +
d)^(5/2) + 1155*(5*c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)
- 6930*(c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^6 - 115
5*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*e
^6))/e
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 3a^2cd^2e^4 + a^3e^6)}{\sqrt{ex + d}e^7} + \frac{2\left(105(ex + d)^{\frac{11}{2}}c^3e^{70} - 770(ex + d)^{\frac{9}{2}}c^3de^{70} + 2475(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}c^3d^2e^{70} - 4620(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^3d^3e^{70} + 5775(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3d^4e^{70} - 6930\sqrt{ex + d}c^3d^5e^{70} + 495(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}a*c^2*e^{72} - 2772(ex + d)^{\frac{5}{2}}a*c^2*d*e^{72} + 6930(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}a*c^2*d^2*e^{72} - 13860\sqrt{ex + d}a*c^2*d^3*e^{72} + 1155(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2*c*e^{74} - 6930\sqrt{ex + d}a^2*c*d*e^{74}\right)}{e^{77}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)/(sqrt(e*x + d)*
e^7) + 2/1155*(105*(e*x + d)^(11/2)*c^3*e^70 - 770*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*c^3*d*e
^70 + 2475*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^3*d^2*e^70 - 4620*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^3*d^3*e^7
0 + 5775*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^3*d^4*e^70 - 6930*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^5*e^70 +
495*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*a*c^2*e^72 - 2772*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c^2*d*e^72 + 6930*
(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^72 - 13860*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^3*e^72 + 1155
*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a^2*c*e^74 - 6930*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*c*d*e^74)/e^77
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(30c^3d^2 + 6ac^2e^2)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} + \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(6a^2ce^4 + 36ac^2d^2e^2 + 30c^3d^4)}{3e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7} - \frac{(40c^3d^3 + 24ac^2de^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7} - \frac{2a^3e^6 + 6a^2cd^2e^4 + 6ac^2d^4e^2 + 2c^3d^6}{e^7\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{4c^3d(d + ex)^{9/2}}{3e^7} - \frac{12cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(3/2),x)`output 
$$\left(\frac{(30c^3d^2 + 6ac^2e^2)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} + \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(6a^2ce^4 + 36ac^2d^2e^2 + 30c^3d^4)}{3e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{11/2}}{11e^7} - \frac{(40c^3d^3 + 24ac^2de^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7} - \frac{2a^3e^6 + 2c^3d^6 + 6ac^2d^4e^2 + 6a^2c^2d^2e^4}{e^7\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{4c^3d(d + ex)^{9/2}}{3e^7} - \frac{12cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^7}\right)$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2}{11}c^3e^6x^6 - \frac{8}{33}c^3de^5x^5 + \frac{6}{7}ac^2e^6x^4 + \frac{80}{231}c^3d^2e^4x^4 - \frac{48}{35}ac^2de^5x^3 - \frac{128}{231}c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 2a^2ce^6}{(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 1155*a**3*e**6 - 9240*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 4620*a**2*c*d*e**5*x + 115
5*a**2*c*e**6*x**2 - 12672*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 6336*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 15
84*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 792*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 + 495*a*c**2*e**6*x**4 -
5120*c**3*d**6 - 2560*c**3*d**5*e*x + 640*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 320*c**3*
d**3*e**3*x**3 + 200*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 140*c**3*d*e**5*x**5 + 105*c**3
*e**6*x**6))/(1155*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**7)
```

**3.175**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1417
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1418
Rubi [A] (verified)	1418
Maple [A] (verified)	1419
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1420
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1420
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1421
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1421
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1422
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1423

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2+ae^2)^3}{3e^7(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{12cd(cd^2+ae^2)^2}{e^7\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{6c(cd^2+ae^2)(5cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(5cd^2+3ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3e^7} + \frac{6c^2(5cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^7}$$

output

```
-2/3*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^(3/2)+12*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^7/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+6*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^7-8/3*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^7+6/5*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^7-12/7*c^3*d*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^7+2/9*c^3*(e*x+d)^(9/2)/e^7
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(-105a^3e^6 + 315a^2ce^4(8d^2 + 12dex + 3e^2x^2) + 63ac^2e^2(128d^4 + 192d^3ex + 48d^2e^2x^2 + 8de^3ex^3 + 3e^4x^4) + 5c^3(1024d^6 + 1536d^5ex + 384d^4e^2x^2 - 64d^3e^3x^3 + 24d^2e^4x^4 - 12de^5x^5 + 7e^6x^6))}{315e^7(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*(-105*a^3*e^6 + 315*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 + 12*d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2) + 63*a*c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 + 192*d^3*e*x + 48*d^2*e^2*x^2 - 8*d*e^3*x^3 + 3*e^4*x^4) + 5*c^3*(1024*d^6 + 1536*d^5*e*x + 384*d^4*e^2*x^2 - 64*d^3*e^3*x^3 + 24*d^2*e^4*x^4 - 12*d*e^5*x^5 + 7*e^6*x^6))/(315*e^7*(d + e*x)^(3/2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2(d + ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{4c^2d\sqrt{d + ex}(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)}{e^6(d + ex)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{6c^2(d + ex)^{5/2}(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{5e^7} - \frac{8c^2d(d + ex)^{3/2}(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{3e^7} + \frac{6c\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^7} + \frac{12cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^7\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{2(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{3e^7(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(5/2),x]`

output 
$$\frac{-2(c^3d^2 + a^3e^2)}{3e^7(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{12cd(c^2d^2 + a^2e^2)}{e^7\sqrt{d + ex}} + \frac{6c^2d^2 + a^2e^2}{e^7} \frac{(5cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d + ex}}{(d + ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{8c^2d^2 + a^2e^2}{5e^7} \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{12c^3d^2 + a^3e^2}{7e^7} \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} + \frac{2c^3d^2 + a^3e^2}{9e^7} \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{(d + ex)^{9/2}}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
risch	$\frac{2c(35c^2x^4e^4 - 130d^2c^3x^3e^3 + 189x^2ac^4 + 345x^2c^2d^2e^2 - 882xacde^3 - 880x^2c^2d^3e + 945a^2e^4 + 4599acd^2e^2 + 3335c^2d^4)\sqrt{d + ex}}{315e^7}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(70e^6x^6 - 120de^5x^5 + 240d^2e^4x^4 - 640d^3e^3x^3 + 3840d^4e^2x^2 + 15360d^5ex + 10240d^6)c^3 + 16128e^2\left(\frac{3}{128}e^4x^4 - \frac{1}{16}de^3x^3 + \dots\right)}{315(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^7}$
gosper	$\frac{2(-35x^6c^3e^6 + 60dc^3x^5e^5 - 189x^4ac^2e^6 - 120x^4c^3d^2e^4 + 504x^3ac^2de^5 + 320x^3c^3d^3e^3 - 945x^2a^2ce^6 - 3024x^2ac^2d^2e^2 + \dots)}{315(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^7}$
trager	$\frac{2(-35x^6c^3e^6 + 60dc^3x^5e^5 - 189x^4ac^2e^6 - 120x^4c^3d^2e^4 + 504x^3ac^2de^5 + 320x^3c^3d^3e^3 - 945x^2a^2ce^6 - 3024x^2ac^2d^2e^2 + \dots)}{315(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^7}$
orering	$\frac{2(-35x^6c^3e^6 + 60dc^3x^5e^5 - 189x^4ac^2e^6 - 120x^4c^3d^2e^4 + 504x^3ac^2de^5 + 320x^3c^3d^3e^3 - 945x^2a^2ce^6 - 3024x^2ac^2d^2e^2 + \dots)}{315(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^7}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{12c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{6ac^2e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 6c^3d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 8ac^2de^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{40c^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 6a^2ce^4\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^7}$
default	$\frac{2c^3(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{12c^3d(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{6ac^2e^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 6c^3d^2(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 8ac^2de^2(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{40c^3d^3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 6a^2ce^4\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^7}$



input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{315}c(35c^2e^4x^4 - 130c^2de^3x^3 + 189a^2c^2e^4x^2 + 345c^2d^2e^2x^2 - 882acd^3e^3x - 880c^2d^3e^2x + 945a^2e^4 + 4599acd^2e^2 + 3335c^2d^4)(e^2x + d)^{1/2} / e^{-7/2} \cdot 3(-18c^2de^2x + a^2e^2 - 17c^2d^2)(a^2e^4 + 2acd^2e^2 + c^2d^4) / e^7 (e^2x + d)^{3/2}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(35c^3e^6x^6 - 60c^3de^5x^5 + 5120c^3d^6 + 8064ac^2d^4e^2 + 2520a^2cd^2e^4 - 105a^3e^6 + 3(40c^3d^2e^4 + 63a^2c^2e^6)x^4 - 8(40c^3d^3e^3 + 63a^2c^2de^5)x^3 + 3(640c^3d^4e^2 + 1008acd^2e^4 + 315a^2c^2e^6)x^2 + 12(640c^3d^5e + 1008acd^3e^3 + 315a^2c^2de^5)x) \sqrt{e^2x + d}}{e^9x^2 + 2d^2e^8x + d^2e^7}$$

input `integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{2}{315}(35c^3e^6x^6 - 60c^3d^3e^5x^5 + 5120c^3d^6 + 8064a^2c^2d^4e^2 + 2520a^2c^2d^2e^4 - 105a^3e^6 + 3(40c^3d^2e^4 + 63a^2c^2e^6)x^4 - 8(40c^3d^3e^3 + 63a^2c^2de^5)x^3 + 3(640c^3d^4e^2 + 1008acd^2e^4 + 315a^2c^2e^6)x^2 + 12(640c^3d^5e + 1008acd^3e^3 + 315a^2c^2de^5)x) \sqrt{e^2x + d} / (e^9x^2 + 2d^2e^8x + d^2e^7)$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -\frac{6c^3d(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^6} + \frac{c^3(d+ex)^{9/2}}{9e^6} + \frac{6cd(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2} \cdot (3ac^2e^2+15c^3d^2)}{5e^6} + \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(-12ac^2de^2-20c^3d^3)}{3e^6} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{e} \right)}{d^{5/2} \left( a^3x + a^2cx^3 + \frac{3ac^2x^5}{5} + \frac{c^3x^7}{7} \right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-6*c**3*d*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/(7*e**6) + c**3*(d + e*x)**(9/2)/
(9*e**6) + 6*c*d*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(e**6*sqrt(d + e*x)) + (d + e*x)**(5
/2)*(3*a*c**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**2)/(5*e**6) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(-12*a*c**2
*d*e**2 - 20*c**3*d**3)/(3*e**6) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(3*a**2*c*e**4 + 18*a*c**
2*d**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**4)/e**6 - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3/(3*e**6*(d + e*x)*
*(3/2)))/e, Ne(e, 0)), ((a**3*x + a**2*c*x**3 + 3*a*c**2*x**5/5 + c**3*x**
7/7)/d**(5/2), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{35 (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} c^3 - 270 (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} c^3 d + 189 (5c^3 d^2 + ac^2 e^2) (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 420 (5c^3 d^3 + 3ac^2 de^2) (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 945 (5c^3 d^4 + 6a^2 c^2 d^2 e^2 + a^2 c^2 e^4) \sqrt{ex+d}}{e^6} \right)}{315 e}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/315*((35*(e*x + d)^(9/2)*c^3 - 270*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^3*d + 189*(5*c^3*d^
2 + a*c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^(5/2) - 420*(5*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^2)*(e*x + d)
^(3/2) + 945*(5*c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*sqrt(e*x + d))/e^6
- 105*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 - 18*(c^3*d^5
+ 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e^6))/e
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(18(ex+d)c^3d^5 - c^3d^6 + 36(ex+d)ac^2d^3e^2 - 3ac^2d^4e^2 + 18(ex+d)a^2cde^4 - 3a^2c^2d^2e^4)}{3(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e^7} + \frac{2 \left( 35 (ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}} c^3 e^{56} - 270 (ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}} c^3 d e^{56} + 945 (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}} c^3 d^2 e^{56} - 2100 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 d^3 e^{56} + 4725 \sqrt{ex+d} \right)}{315 e}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{2}{3}*(18*(e*x + d)*c^3*d^5 - c^3*d^6 + 36*(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 18*(e*x + d)*a^2*c*d*e^4 - 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - a^3*e^6)/((e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*e^7) + \frac{2}{315}*(35*(e*x + d)^{(9/2)}*c^3*e^56 - 270*(e*x + d)^{(7/2)}*c^3*d*e^56 + 945*(e*x + d)^{(5/2)}*c^3*d^2*e^56 - 2100*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*c^3*d^3*e^56 + 4725*\sqrt{e*x + d}*c^3*d^4*e^56 + 189*(e*x + d)^{(5/2)}*a*c^2*e^58 - 1260*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*a*c^2*d*e^58 + 5670*\sqrt{e*x + d}*a*c^2*d^2*e^58 + 945*\sqrt{e*x + d}*a^2*c*e^60)/e^63$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(30c^3d^2 + 6ac^2e^2)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(6a^2ce^4 + 36ac^2d^2e^2 + 30c^3d^4)}{e^7} - \frac{\frac{2a^3e^6}{3} - (d + ex)(12a^2cde^4 + 24ac^2d^3e^2 + 12c^3d^5) + \frac{2c^3d^6}{3} + 2ac^2d^4e^2 + 2a^2cd^2e^4}{e^7(d + ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{9/2}}{9e^7} - \frac{(40c^3d^3 + 24ac^2de^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(5/2), x)$$

output

$$\frac{(30*c^3*d^2 + 6*a*c^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)}{(5*e^7)} + \frac{(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(30*c^3*d^4 + 6*a^2*c*e^4 + 36*a*c^2*d^2*e^2)}{e^7} - \frac{(2*a^3*e^6)/3 - (d + e*x)*(12*c^3*d^5 + 24*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 12*a^2*c*d*e^4) + (2*c^3*d^6)/3 + 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^4}{e^7*(d + e*x)^(3/2)} + \frac{2*c^3*(d + e*x)^(9/2)}{(9*e^7)} - \frac{(40*c^3*d^3 + 24*a*c^2*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)}{(3*e^7)} - \frac{12*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^(7/2)}{(7*e^7)}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{9}c^3e^6x^6 - \frac{8}{21}c^3de^5x^5 + \frac{6}{5}ac^2e^6x^4 + \frac{16}{21}c^3d^2e^4x^4 - \frac{16}{5}ac^2de^5x^3 - \frac{128}{63}c^3d^3e^3x^3 + 6a^2ce^6.$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*(-105*a**3*e**6 + 2520*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 + 3780*a**2*c*d*e**5*x + 945*a**2*c*e**6*x**2 + 8064*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 + 12096*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x + 3024*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 504*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 + 189*a*c**2*e**6*x**4 + 5120*c**3*d**6 + 7680*c**3*d**5*e*x + 1920*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 320*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 120*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 60*c**3*d*e**5*x**5 + 35*c**3*e**6*x**6))/(315*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**7*(d + e*x))`

**3.176**  $\int \frac{(a+cx^2)^3}{(d+ex)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1424
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1425
Rubi [A] (verified)	1425
Maple [A] (verified)	1426
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1427
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1428
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1428
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1429
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1430
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1430

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2(cd^2 + ae^2)^3}{5e^7(d + ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{4cd(cd^2 + ae^2)^2}{e^7(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{6c(cd^2 + ae^2)(5cd^2 + ae^2)}{e^7\sqrt{d + ex}} - \frac{8c^2d(5cd^2 + 3ae^2)\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^7}$$

$$+ \frac{2c^2(5cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7}$$

output

```
-2/5*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^3/e^7/(e*x+d)^(5/2)+4*c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/e^7/(e*x+d)^(
3/2)-6*c*(a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)/e^7/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-8*c^2*d*(3*a*e^2+
5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/e^7+2*c^2*(a*e^2+5*c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/e^7-12/5*c^
3*d*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/e^7+2/7*c^3*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/e^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(7a^3e^6 + 7a^2ce^4(8d^2 + 20dex + 15e^2x^2) + 7ac^2e^2(128d^4 + 320d^3ex + 240d^2e^2x^2 + 40de^3x^3 - 5e^4x^4) + 35e^7(d + ex)^{5/2}}{35e^7(d + ex)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(-2*(7*a^3*e^6 + 7*a^2*c*e^4*(8*d^2 + 20*d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) + 7*a*c^2*e^2*(128*d^4 + 320*d^3*e*x + 240*d^2*e^2*x^2 + 40*d*e^3*x^3 - 5*e^4*x^4) + c^3*(1024*d^6 + 2560*d^5*e*x + 1920*d^4*e^2*x^2 + 320*d^3*e^3*x^3 - 40*d^2*e^4*x^4 + 12*d*e^5*x^5 - 5*e^6*x^6))}{(35*e^7*(d + e*x)^(5/2))}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{3c^2\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6} - \frac{4c^2d(3ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{3c(ae^2 + cd^2)(ae^2 + 5cd^2)}{e^6(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{6cd(ae^2 + cd^2)^2}{e^6(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{(ae^2 + cd^2)^3}{e^6(d+ex)^{7/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2c^2(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^7} - \frac{8c^2d\sqrt{d+ex}(3ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^7} - \frac{6c(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^7\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{4cd(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{e^7(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(ae^2+cd^2)^3}{5e^7(d+ex)^{5/2}} + \frac{2c^3(d+ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d+ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7}$$

input `Int[(a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x]`

output `(-2*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^3)/(5*e^7*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) + (4*c*d*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2)/(e^7*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) - (6*c*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(e^7*sqrt[d + e*x]) - (8*c^2*d*(5*c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2)*sqrt[d + e*x])/e^7 + (2*c^2*(5*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/e^7 - (12*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^7) + (2*c^3*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^7)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83





output

```
2/35*(5*c^3*e^6*x^6 - 12*c^3*d*e^5*x^5 - 1024*c^3*d^6 - 896*a*c^2*d^4*e^2
- 56*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 - 7*a^3*e^6 + 5*(8*c^3*d^2*e^4 + 7*a*c^2*e^6)*x^4 - 40*
(8*c^3*d^3*e^3 + 7*a*c^2*d*e^5)*x^3 - 15*(128*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 112*a*c^2*d^2*
e^4 + 7*a^2*c*e^6)*x^2 - 20*(128*c^3*d^5*e + 112*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 7*a^2*c*d
*e^5)*x)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(e^10*x^3 + 3*d*e^9*x^2 + 3*d^2*e^8*x + d^3*e^7)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( -\frac{6c^3 d(d+ex)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5e^6} + \frac{c^3(d+ex)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7e^6} + \frac{2cd(ae^2+cd^2)^2}{e^6(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3c(ae^2+cd^2)(ae^2+5cd^2)}{e^6\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{(d+ex)^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (3ac^2e^2+15c^3d^2)}{3e^6} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(-12a^2c^2d^2+15c^3d^2)}{3e^6} \right)}{e} + \frac{a^3x+a^2cx^3+\frac{3ac^2x^5}{5}+\frac{c^3x^7}{7}}{d^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x**2+a)**3/(e*x+d)**(7/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-6*c**3*d*(d + e*x)**(5/2)/(5*e**6) + c**3*(d + e*x)**(7/2)/
(7*e**6) + 2*c*d*(a*e**2 + c*d**2)**2/(e**6*(d + e*x)**(3/2)) - 3*c*(a*e**
2 + c*d**2)*(a*e**2 + 5*c*d**2)/(e**6*sqrt(d + e*x)) + (d + e*x)**(3/2)*(3
*a*c**2*e**2 + 15*c**3*d**2)/(3*e**6) + sqrt(d + e*x)*(-12*a*c**2*d*e**2 -
20*c**3*d**3)/e**6 - (a*e**2 + c*d**2)**3/(5*e**6*(d + e*x)**(5/2)))/e, N
e(e, 0)), ((a**3*x + a**2*c*x**3 + 3*a*c**2*x**5/5 + c**3*x**7/7)/d**(7/2)
, True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{5(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}c^3 - 42(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^3d + 35(5c^3d^2 + ac^2e^2)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 140(5c^3d^3 + 3ac^2de^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}{e^6} - \frac{7(c^3d^6 + 3ac^2d^4e^2)}{35e} \right)}{e}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{2/35*((5*(e*x + d)^{(7/2)}*c^3 - 42*(e*x + d)^{(5/2)}*c^3*d + 35*(5*c^3*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2)*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)} - 140*(5*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*c^2*d*e^2)*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d))/e^6 - 7*(c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6 + 15*(5*c^3*d^4 + 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)*(e*x + d)^2 - 10*(c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)*(e*x + d))/((e*x + d)^{(5/2)}*e^6))/e$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(75(ex + d)^2 c^3 d^4 - 10(ex + d)c^3 d^5 + c^3 d^6 + 90(ex + d)^2 ac^2 d^2 e^2 - 20(ex + d)ac^2 d^3 e^2 + 3ac^2 d^4 e^2 + 15a^3 e^6) + 5(ex + d)^{5/2} e^7}{35 e^{49}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(5(ex + d)^{7/2} c^3 e^{42} - 42(ex + d)^{5/2} c^3 d e^{42} + 175(ex + d)^{3/2} c^3 d^2 e^{42} - 700\sqrt{ex + d} c^3 d^3 e^{42} + 35(ex + d)^{3/2} ac^2 d^2 e^{42} - 420\sqrt{ex + d} ac^2 d^3 e^{42} + 35a^3 e^{42}\right)}{35 e^{49}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{-2/5*(75*(e*x + d)^2*c^3*d^4 - 10*(e*x + d)*c^3*d^5 + c^3*d^6 + 90*(e*x + d)^2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - 20*(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 15*(e*x + d)^2*a^2*c*e^4 - 10*(e*x + d)*a^2*c*d*e^4 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)/((e*x + d)^{(5/2)}*e^7) + 2/35*(5*(e*x + d)^{(7/2)}*c^3*e^42 - 42*(e*x + d)^{(5/2)}*c^3*d*e^42 + 175*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*c^3*d^2*e^42 - 700*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)*c^3*d^3*e^42 + 35*(e*x + d)^{(3/2)}*a*c^2*e^44 - 420*\text{sqrt}(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d*e^44)/e^49$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(30c^3d^2 + 6ac^2e^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{3e^7} + \frac{2c^3(d + ex)^{7/2}}{7e^7} - \frac{(d + ex)^2(6a^2ce^4 + 36ac^2d^2e^2 + 30c^3d^4) - (d + ex)(4a^2cde^4 + 8ac^2d^3e^2 + 4c^3d^5) + \frac{2a^3e^6}{5} + \frac{2c^3d^3}{5}}{e^7(d + ex)^{5/2}} - \frac{(40c^3d^3 + 24ac^2de^2)\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7}$$

input `int((a + c*x^2)^3/(d + e*x)^(7/2),x)`output `((30*c^3*d^2 + 6*a*c^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*e^7) + (2*c^3*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(7*e^7) - ((d + e*x)^2*(30*c^3*d^4 + 6*a^2*c*e^4 + 36*a*c^2*d^2*e^2) - (d + e*x)*(4*c^3*d^5 + 8*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 4*a^2*c*d*e^4) + (2*a^3*e^6)/5 + (2*c^3*d^6)/5 + (6*a*c^2*d^4*e^2)/5 + (6*a^2*c*d^2*e^4)/5)/(e^7*(d + e*x)^(5/2)) - ((40*c^3*d^3 + 24*a*c^2*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/e^7 - (12*c^3*d*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(5*e^7)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + cx^2)^3}{(d + ex)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2}{7}c^3e^6x^6 - \frac{24}{35}c^3de^5x^5 + 2ac^2e^6x^4 + \frac{16}{7}c^3d^2e^4x^4 - 16ac^2de^5x^3 - \frac{128}{7}c^3d^3e^3x^3 - 6a^2ce^6x^3 - \frac{2a^3e^6}{5} - \frac{2c^3d^3}{5} - \frac{(40c^3d^3 + 24ac^2de^2)\sqrt{d + ex}}{e^7} - \frac{12c^3d(d + ex)^{5/2}}{5e^7}$$

input `int((c*x^2+a)^3/(e*x+d)^(7/2),x)`output `(2*(-7*a**3*e**6 - 56*a**2*c*d**2*e**4 - 140*a**2*c*d*e**5*x - 105*a**2*c*e**6*x**2 - 896*a*c**2*d**4*e**2 - 2240*a*c**2*d**3*e**3*x - 1680*a*c**2*d**2*e**4*x**2 - 280*a*c**2*d*e**5*x**3 + 35*a*c**2*e**6*x**4 - 1024*c**3*d**6 - 2560*c**3*d**5*e*x - 1920*c**3*d**4*e**2*x**2 - 320*c**3*d**3*e**3*x**3 + 40*c**3*d**2*e**4*x**4 - 12*c**3*d*e**5*x**5 + 5*c**3*e**6*x**6))/(35*sqrt(d + e*x)*e**7*(d**2 + 2*d*e*x + e**2*x**2))`

### 3.177 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1431
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1432
Rubi [A] (verified)	1433
Maple [A] (verified)	1439
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1440
Sympy [F]	1441
Maxima [F]	1441
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1442
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1443
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1443

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 497

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} - \frac{e(3cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{7/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} + \frac{e(3cd^2 - ae^2 - 2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{7/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} - \frac{e(3cd^2 - ae^2 + 2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{7/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

output

```

4*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c+2/3*e*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/c-1/2*e*(3*c*d^2-a*e^2-2*c^(1/2)
*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1
/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2)
/c^(7/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*e*(3*c*d^2-a*e^2-2*c^(
1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+
2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^2^(
1/2)/c^(7/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*e*(3*c*d^2-a*e^2+2
*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+
c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)))^2
^(1/2)/c^(7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}(7d+ex) + \frac{3i(\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{ae}}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{ae}}} - \frac{3i(\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{ae}}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{ae}}}}{3c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```

(2*Sqrt[c]*e*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(7*d + e*x) + ((3*I)*(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)^
3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + I
*Sqrt[a]*e)])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) - ((3*I)*(Sqrt[
c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d +
e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]
*e]))/(3*c^(3/2))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 724, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.789$ , Rules used = {481, 653, 27, 654, 25, 27, 1483, 27, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a+cx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 481 \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2+2cexd-ae^2)}{cx^2+a} dx + \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(d(cd^2-3ae^2)+e(3cd^2-ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{c} + 4de\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(cd^2-3ae^2)+e(3cd^2-ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx + 4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{e(2d(cd^2+ae^2)-(3cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} + 4de\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2 \int \frac{e(2d(cd^2+ae^2)-(3cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \int \frac{2d(cd^2+ae^2)-(3cd^2-ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1483
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \left( 2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d + \frac{3cd^2-ae^2}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \left( 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}$$

c

↓ 27

$$4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - (3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}$$

c

↓ 27

$$4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - (3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}$$

c

↓ 1142

$$4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{1}{2} (3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2) \right) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} + \\
 4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2}(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex})}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} + \\
 4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1083 \\
 \frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} + \\
 4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{-d+2\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)-ex} d\left(2\sqrt{d+ex}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$



$$4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{\frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} (3cd^2 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(2\sqrt{d+ex} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} + \frac{(3cd^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$4de\sqrt{d+ex} - 2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}} (-2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} - ae^2 + 3cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(2\sqrt{d+ex} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2}}} - \frac{1}{2} (2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} - ae^2 + 3cd^2)}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e(d+ex)^{3/2}}{3c}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output

```
(2*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c) + (4*d*e*Sqrt[d + e*x] - 2*e*((Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d
+ Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]
)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1
/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))
/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] - ((3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*S
qrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]
*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2
]*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + ((Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt
[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*ArcTa
nh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4) + 2*S
qrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt
[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] + ((3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2
+ a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[
c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*
Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/c
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 481

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c
+ d*x)^(n - 1)/(b*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[1/b Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(Simp[b
*c^2 - a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x, x]/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& GtQ[n, 1]
```

rule 653 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2),  
x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m  
- 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; Fr  
eeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)),  
x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*  
x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[I  
nt[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},  
x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S  
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S  
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)  
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1483 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :  
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) In  
t[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r  
+ (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && N  
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 739, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}\left((ae^2-2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}-3cd^2)\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c-ad^2c+3c^2d^3+2\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}c^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2}\right)\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}}{4}$
risch	Expression too large to display
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/c^{5/2}*(-1/4*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}+2*c*d)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-2*c^{(1/2)}* \\ & d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}-3*c*d^2)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}-a*d*e^2*c+3*c^2*d^3 \\ & +2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*c^{(3/2)}*d^2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}-2*((a*e \\ & ^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}-2*c*d)^{(1/2)}*\ln(c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)-(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(2*((a*e \\ & ^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}+2*c*d)^{(1/2)}+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})+1/4*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)* \\ & c)^{(1/2)}+2*c*d)^{(1/2)}*((a*e^2-2*c^{(1/2)}*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}-3*c*d^2)*((a \\ & *e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}-a*d*e^2*c+3*c^2*d^3+2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*c^{(3/2)}*d^2 \\ & )*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}-2*c*d)^{(1/2)}*\ln \\ & (c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}+2*c*d)^{(1/2)}+(a* \\ & e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})+e^2*(14/3*c^{(3/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}*(d+1/7*e*x)*(4*(a*e^2+c* \\ & d^2)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}-2*c*d)^{(1/2)}+(a*c*e^2-3*d^2*c \\ & ^2+2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*c^{(3/2)}*d)*(arctan((-2*c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+(2*( \\ & (a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}+2*c*d)^{(1/2)})/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}-2*((a* \\ & e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}-2*c*d)^{(1/2)})-arctan((2*c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}+(2*((a*e \\ & ^2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}+2*c*d)^{(1/2)})/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}-2*((a*e^2+ \\ & c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}-2*c*d)^{(1/2)})))*a/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/2)}-2*((a*e^ \\ & 2+c*d^2)*c)^{(1/2)}-2*c*d)^{(1/2)}/a/e \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1641 vs.  $2(400) = 800$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1641, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/6*(3*c*sqrt(-(c^2*d^5 - 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + a*c^3*sqrt(-(25*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))/(a*c^3))*log((5*c^4*d^8*e - 14*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + a^4*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (10*a*c^4*d^5*e^2 - 20*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 + (a*c^6*d^2 - a^2*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(-(25*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))*sqrt(-(c^2*d^5 - 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + a*c^3*sqrt(-(25*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))/(a*c^3))) - 3*c*sqrt(-(c^2*d^5 - 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + a*c^3*sqrt(-(25*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))/(a*c^3))*log((5*c^4*d^8*e - 14*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + a^4*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (10*a*c^4*d^5*e^2 - 20*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 + (a*c^6*d^2 - a^2*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(-(25*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))*sqrt(-(c^2*d^5 - 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + a*c^3*sqrt(-(25*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))/(a*c^3))) + 3*c*sqrt(-(c^2*d^5 - 10*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 - a*c^3*sqrt(-(25*c^4*d^8*e^2 - 100*a*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 110*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^6 - 20*a^3*c*d^2*e^8 + a^4*e^10)/(a*c^7)))/(a*c^3))*log((5*c^4*d^8*e - 14*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 8*a^3*c*d^2*e^7 + a^4*e^9)*...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**2+a), x)`

output `Integral((d + e*x)**(5/2)/(a + c*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{5/2}}{cx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a+cx^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{-acc^4d^4e - 3\sqrt{-acac^3d^2e^3} + (3\sqrt{-acacd^2e - \sqrt{-aca^2e^3})c^2e^2 - 2(ac^3d^3e + a^2c^2de^3)|c||e|}) \arctan\left(\frac{(ac^4d - \sqrt{-acac^3e})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{-acce}|e|}}{(ac^4d + \sqrt{-acac^3e})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{-acce}|e|}}\right) + (\sqrt{-acc^4d^4e - 3\sqrt{-acac^3d^2e^3} + (3\sqrt{-acacd^2e - \sqrt{-aca^2e^3})c^2e^2 + 2(ac^3d^3e + a^2c^2de^3)|c||e|}) \arctan\left(\frac{(ac^4d + \sqrt{-acac^3e})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{-acce}|e|}}{(ac^4d - \sqrt{-acac^3e})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{-acce}|e|}}\right) + \frac{2\left((ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2e + 6\sqrt{ex+dc^2de}\right)}{3c^3}}{3c^3}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-(sqrt(-a*c)*c^4*d^4*e - 3*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 + (3*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d^2*e - sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*e^3)*c^2*e^2 - 2*(a*c^3*d^3*e + a^2*c^2*d*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^4*d + sqrt(c^8*d^2 - (c^4*d^2 + a*c^3*e^2)*c^4))/c^4))/((a*c^4*d - sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^3*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + (sqrt(-a*c)*c^4*d^4*e - 3*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 + (3*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d^2*e - sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*e^3)*c^2*e^2 + 2*(a*c^3*d^3*e + a^2*c^2*d*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^4*d - sqrt(c^8*d^2 - (c^4*d^2 + a*c^3*e^2)*c^4))/c^4))/((a*c^4*d + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^3*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 2/3*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*e + 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d*e)/c^3
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3481, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.00

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output

```
(2*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(3*c) - atan((a^3*e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((e^5*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*c^7) - d^5/(4*a*c) + (5*d^3*e^2)/(2*c^2) - (5*a*d*e^4)/(4*c^3) + (5*d^4*e*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^5) - (5*d^2*e^3*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a*c^6))^(1/2)*32i)/((16*a^4*e^11)/c^2 + 64*a^2*d^4*e^7 - 80*c^2*d^8*e^3 - (160*a^3*d^2*e^9)/c + 160*a*c*d^6*e^5 - (160*d^5*e^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^3 - (288*a*d^3*e^8*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^4 + (32*a^2*d*e^10*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^5 + (160*d^7*e^4*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(a*c^2)) - (d^5*e^3*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((e^5*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*c^7) - d^5/(4*a*c) + (5*d^3*e^2)/(2*c^2) - (5*a*d*e^4)/(4*c^3) + (5*d^4*e*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^5) - (5*d^2*e^3*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a*c^6))^(1/2)*160i)/((16*a^5*e^11)/c - 160*a^4*d^2*e^9 - 80*a*c^3*d^8*e^3 + 64*a^3*c*d^4*e^7 + 160*a^2*c^2*d^6*e^5 + (160*d^7*e^4*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c - (160*a*d^5*e^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^2 + (32*a^3*d*e^10*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^4 - (288*a^2*d^3*e^8*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^3 + (d^3*e^5*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((e^5*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*c^7) - d^5/(4*a*c) + (5*d^3*e^2)/(2*c^2) - (5*a*d*e^4)/(4*c^3) + (5*d^4*e*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^5) - (5*d^2*e^3*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a*c^6))^(1/2)*320i)/(16*a^4*e^11 - 80*c^4*d^8*e^3 + 160*a*c^3*d^6*e^5 - 160*a^3*c*d^2*e^9 + 64*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^7 + (160*d^7*e^4*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/a - (160*d^5*e^6*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c - (288*a*d^3*e^8*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^2 + (32*a^2*d*e^10*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2))/c^3) - (a*d*e^7*(-a^3*c^7)^(1/2)*(d + e*...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1536, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{a+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x)`



output

```

(6*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)
*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))a*e**2 - 6*
sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*at
an((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**2 + 18*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*d*e**2 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 +
c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**
2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**3 - 6*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d
**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 +
c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*e**2 + 6*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2
) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*
d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**2 - 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d*
*2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2)
+ 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*...

```

### 3.178 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1445
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1446
Rubi [A] (verified)	1446
Maple [A] (verified)	1451
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1452
Sympy [F]	1453
Maxima [F]	1454
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1454
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1455
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1455

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 447

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}$$

$$- \frac{e(2\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{5/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{e(2\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{5/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{e(2\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} + \sqrt{c(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{5/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

output

```
2*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/c-1/2*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(5/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(5/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)))*2^(1/2)/c^(5/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{i(\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{ce}}} - \frac{i(\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{ae}\sqrt{ce}}}}{c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x] + (I*(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) - (I*(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]))/c
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 751, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {481, 654, 25, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+cx^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 481 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{cd^2+2cexd-ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{e(cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2 \int \frac{e(cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e \int \frac{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1483 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt[4]{C}(cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}\right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+ae^2)+\sqrt[4]{C}(cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}\right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \frac{2e \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt[4]{C}(cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+ae^2)+\sqrt[4]{C}(cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1142
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \\
 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 \frac{2e}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}
 \end{array}$$

25

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \\
 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} \right) \\
 \frac{2e}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}
 \end{array}$$

27

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} - \\
 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} \right) \\
 \frac{2e}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}
 \end{array}$$

1083

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 \left( \frac{(cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \right. \\
 \left. \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

219

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 \left( \frac{(cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \arctan \right. \\
 \left. \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

1103

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} \\
 \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+\sqrt{cd}}(-2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+ae^2+cd^2}) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+ae^2+cd^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^2), x]`

output

```
(2*e*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c - (2*e*((-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*
e^2]]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*
-((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*
x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sq
rt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] - (c^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a
*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d
^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)))/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqr
t[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-((c^(1/4)*Sqrt
[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2
+ a*e^2])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]
)/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2
]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (c^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2
*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*
Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)))/
2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a
e^2]])))/c
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 481

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c
+ d*x)^(n - 1)/(b*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[1/b Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(Simp[b
*c^2 - a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x, x]/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& GtQ[n, 1]
```

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1483 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r + (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 686, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{c}-2}\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c-2cd}\left(\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{c+2cd}\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c-2d^2c^2-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{4}$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display
risch	Expression too large to display



input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/c^{5/2}/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-2*c*d \\
 & ^{1/2})*(-1/4*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2}*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2} \\
 & )*c^{1/2}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-2*c*d)^{1/2}*((a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{( \\
 & 1/2)+2*c*d}*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-2*d^2*c^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{3/2}* \\
 & d)*\ln(c^{1/2}*(e*x+d)-(e*x+d)^{1/2}*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2} \\
 & +(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2})+1/4*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2}*(4*(a*e \\
 & ^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-2*c*d)^{1/2}*((a*e^2+c* \\
 & d^2)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}+2*c*d)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-2*d^2*c^2-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{ \\
 & 1/2}*c^{3/2}*d)*\ln(c^{1/2}*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^{1/2}*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/ \\
 & 2)+2*c*d)^{1/2}+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2})+e^2*(-2*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{1/2} \\
 & )-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-2*c*d)^{1/2}*c^{3/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}+(-2*c^2*d+( \\
 & a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{3/2})*(\arctan((2*c^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}+(2*((a*e^2+c* \\
 & d^2)*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2}))/((4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2) \\
 & )*c)^{1/2}-2*c*d)^{1/2})-\arctan((-2*c^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2) \\
 & )*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2}))/((4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c \\
 & )^{1/2}-2*c*d)^{1/2}))) * a) / e / a
 \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 998 vs.  $2(354) = 708$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 998, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/2*(c*sqrt(-(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(3*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a^2*c*e^4 + a*c^4*d*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))*sqrt(-(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))) - c*sqrt(-(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(3*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a^2*c*e^4 + a*c^4*d*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))*sqrt(-(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 + a*c^2*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))) + c*sqrt(-(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 - a*c^2*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(3*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a^2*c*e^4 - a*c^4*d*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))*sqrt(-(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 - a*c^2*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))) - c*sqrt(-(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 - a*c^2*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))*log(-(3*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 - a^2*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (3*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 - a^2*c*e^4 - a*c^4*d*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))*sqrt(-(c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2 - a*c^2*sqrt(-(9*c^2*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c*d^2*e^4 + a^2*e^6)/(a*c^5)))/(a*c^2))) + 4*sqrt(e*x + d)*e)/c

```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(d + ex)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a + cx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a), x)
```

output

```
Integral((d + e*x)**(3/2)/(a + c*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex+d}e}{c}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{-acc^3d^3e} + \sqrt{-acac^2de^3} - (ac^2d^2e + a^2ce^3)|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{c^2d + \sqrt{c^4d^2 - (c^2d^2 + ace^2)c^2}}{c^2}}}\right)}{(ac^3d - \sqrt{-acac^2e})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{-acce}|e|}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{-acc^3d^3e} + \sqrt{-acac^2de^3} + (ac^2d^2e + a^2ce^3)|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{c^2d - \sqrt{c^4d^2 - (c^2d^2 + ace^2)c^2}}{c^2}}}\right)}{(ac^3d + \sqrt{-acac^2e})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{-acce}|e|}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e/c - (sqrt(-a*c)*c^3*d^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*d*e^3 - (a*c^2*d^2*e + a^2*c*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^2*d + sqrt(c^4*d^2 - (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*c^2))/c^2))/((a*c^3*d - sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + (sqrt(-a*c)*c^3*d^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*d*e^3 + (a*c^2*d^2*e + a^2*c*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^2*d - sqrt(c^4*d^2 - (c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)*c^2))/c^2))/((a*c^3*d + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1625, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output

```
2*atanh((32*a^2*c*e^6*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((3*d*e^2)/(4*c^2) - d^3/(4*a*c) + (e^3*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) - (3*d^2*e*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(48*c^2*d^5*e^3 - 16*a^2*d*e^7 - (16*a*e^8*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 + 32*a*c*d^3*e^5 + (32*d^2*e^6*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 + (48*d^4*e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(a*c)) + (32*d*e^5*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((3*d*e^2)/(4*c^2) - d^3/(4*a*c) + (e^3*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) - (3*d^2*e*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(48*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 32*a*c^2*d^3*e^5 - (16*a*e^8*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 - 16*a^2*c*d*e^7 + (48*d^4*e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/a + (32*d^2*e^6*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c) - (96*d^3*e^3*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((3*d*e^2)/(4*c^2) - d^3/(4*a*c) + (e^3*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) - (3*d^2*e*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(48*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 - 16*a^3*d*e^7 + 32*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - (16*a^2*e^8*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 + (48*d^4*e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c + (32*a*d^2*e^6*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2) - (96*a*c^2*d^2*e^4*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((3*d*e^2)/(4*c^2) - d^3/(4*a*c) + (e^3*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5) - (3*d^2*e*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^4))^(1/2))/(48*c^2*d^5*e^3 - 16*a^2*d*e^7 - (16*a*e^8*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^3 + 32*a*c*d^3*e^5 + (32*d^2*e^6*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/c^2 + (48*d^4*e^4*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(a*c)))*(-a*c^4*d^3 - a*e^3*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*c^3*d*e^2 + 3*c*d^2*e*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^5))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((32*a^2*c*e^6*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((3*d*e^2)/(4*c^2) - d^3/(4*a*c) - (e^3*(-a^3*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c^5)...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.49

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{a + cx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt
(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d + 2*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a***2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 +
c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***
2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**2 + 2*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d
**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 +
c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**
2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2)
+ 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt
(2)))*a***2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)
*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**2 + sq
rt(a***2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2)*log(
- sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(
a***2 + c*d**2) + sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(c)*e*x)*c*d - sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2)...
```

### 3.179 $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1457
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1458
Rubi [A] (verified)	1458
Maple [A] (verified)	1462
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1464
Sympy [F]	1465
Maxima [F]	1465
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1466
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1466
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1467

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 356

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx = -\frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} + \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} - \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

output

```
-1/2*e*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*e*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*e*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)))*2^(1/2)/c^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}}}\right) + i\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a + c*x^2),x]`

output `((-I)*Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)])/(Sqrt[a]*c)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {483, 1449, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 483$$

$$2e \int \frac{d+ex}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

$$\downarrow 1449$$

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

↓ 1083



$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}{-d+2\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)-ex} d \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}$$

↓ 219

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}$$

↓ 1103

$$2e \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \log \left( -\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} + \sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} + \sqrt{c}(d+ex) \right)}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a + c*x^2), x]
```

output

$$2*e*((-((\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4})*(-((\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^{1/4}) + 2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - \text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] + \text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{3/4})*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) - ((\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4})*((\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^{1/4} + 2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] + \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] + \text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{3/4}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{;/; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{;/; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{;/; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$$

rule 483

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[2*d \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^2/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] \text{;/; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}]$$

rule 1083

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[\text{b}^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, \text{b} + 2*c*x], x] \text{;/; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}]$$

rule 1103

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1449

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*r) Int[x^(m - 1)/(q
- r*x + x^2), x], x] - Simp[1/(2*c*r) Int[x^(m - 1)/(q + r*x + x^2), x],
x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GeQ[m, 1] && LtQ[m,
3] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\left( \sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}} \sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \sqrt{c-2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c-2cd}} \left( \ln \left( (-ex-d)\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ex+d}} \sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}} \right) \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{ace^2+d^2c^2+2cd}} (-cd+\sqrt{ace^2+d^2c^2})}{4ace^2} \left( \frac{\ln \left( \sqrt{c}(ex+d)-\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}+\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}} \right) \right)$
default	$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{ace^2+d^2c^2+2cd}} (-cd+\sqrt{ace^2+d^2c^2})}{4ace^2} \left( \frac{\ln \left( \sqrt{c}(ex+d)-\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}+\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}} \right) \right)$

```
input int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/4/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)/
c^(3/2)*((2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^
(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)*(ln((-e*x-d)*c^(1/2)+(e*x+d)^
(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-ln(c^(1
/2)*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)^(1/2)))-4*(c*d+((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2))*(arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^
(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1
/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))-arctan((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2
)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-
2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*(-c*d+((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2))/e
/a

```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}}+d}{ac}} \log \left( ac^2 \sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}}+d}{ac}} \sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + \sqrt{ex+de} \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}}+d}{ac}} \log \left( -ac^2 \sqrt{-\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}}+d}{ac}} \sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + \sqrt{ex+de} \right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}}-d}{ac}} \log \left( ac^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}}-d}{ac}} \sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + \sqrt{ex+de} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}}-d}{ac}} \log \left( -ac^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac\sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}}-d}{ac}} \sqrt{-\frac{e^2}{ac^3}} + \sqrt{ex+de} \right)$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) + d)/(a*c))*log(a*c^2*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) + d)/(a*c))*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) + sqrt(e*x + d)*e) + 1/2*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) + d)/(a*c))*log(-a*c^2*sqrt(-(a*c*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) + d)/(a*c))*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) + sqrt(e*x + d)*e) + 1/2*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) - d)/(a*c))*log(a*c^2*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) - d)/(a*c))*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) + sqrt(e*x + d)*e) - 1/2*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) - d)/(a*c))*log(-a*c^2*sqrt((a*c*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) - d)/(a*c))*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3)) + sqrt(e*x + d)*e)`

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d + e*x)/(a + c*x**2), x)`

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{cx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx = \frac{(cd^2e|c| + ae^3|c|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-(cd^2+ae^2)c}}{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{-acce}(ace + \sqrt{-accd})}|e|} + \frac{(cd^2e|c| + ae^3|c|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-(cd^2+ae^2)c}}{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{-acce}(ace - \sqrt{-accd})}|e|}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(c*d^2*e*abs(c) + a*e^3*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c*d + sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c))/c))/(sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*(a*c*e + sqrt(-a*c)*c*d)*abs(e)) + (c*d^2*e*abs(c) + a*e^3*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c*d - sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c))/c))/(sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*(a*c*e - sqrt(-a*c)*c*d)*abs(e))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx = -2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2\left((16ac^2e^4 - 16c^3d^2e^2)\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{16cde^2(e\sqrt{-a^3c^3+ac^2d})\sqrt{d+ex}}{a}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{e\sqrt{-a^3c^3+ac^2d}}{4a^2c^3}}}{16c^2d^2e^3 + 16ace^5}\right) \sqrt{e} - 2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2\left((16ac^2e^4 - 16c^3d^2e^2)\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{16cde^2(e\sqrt{-a^3c^3-ac^2d})\sqrt{d+ex}}{a}\right)\sqrt{\frac{e\sqrt{-a^3c^3-ac^2d}}{4a^2c^3}}}{16c^2d^2e^3 + 16ace^5}\right) \sqrt{e}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^2),x)`

output 
$$- 2*\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2*((16*a*c^2*e^4 - 16*c^3*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{1/2} + (16*c*d*e^2*(e*(-a^3*c^3)^{1/2} + a*c^2*d)*(d + e*x)^{1/2}))/a*(-(e*(-a^3*c^3)^{1/2} + a*c^2*d)/(4*a^2*c^3))^{1/2}}{(16*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 16*a*c*e^5)}\right)*\frac{-(e*(-a^3*c^3)^{1/2} + a*c^2*d)/(4*a^2*c^3)^{1/2}}{(16*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 16*a*c*e^5)} - 2*\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2*((16*a*c^2*e^4 - 16*c^3*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^{1/2} - (16*c*d*e^2*(e*(-a^3*c^3)^{1/2} - a*c^2*d)*(d + e*x)^{1/2}))/a*((e*(-a^3*c^3)^{1/2} - a*c^2*d)/(4*a^2*c^3))^{1/2}}{(16*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 16*a*c*e^5)}\right)*\frac{(e*(-a^3*c^3)^{1/2} - a*c^2*d)/(4*a^2*c^3)^{1/2}}{(16*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 16*a*c*e^5)}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 714, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( -2\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} - cd \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+cd}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}-cd}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x)`



output

```
(sqrt(2)*(- 2*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) -
c*d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2))) - 2*sqr
t(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*d + 2*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) +
c*d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2
) - c*d)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*a
tan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*d + sqrt(a*e*
*2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*log(- sqrt(d + e*x
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2
) + sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(c)*e*x) - sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*log(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2)
+ c*d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(c)*e*x) - sqrt(c
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*log(- sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + sqrt(c)
*d + sqrt(c)*e*x)*d + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*lo
g(sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a***2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + sqr...
```

### 3.180 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1469
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1470
Rubi [A] (verified)	1470
Maple [A] (verified)	1474
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1476
Sympy [F]	1476
Maxima [F]	1477
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1477
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1478
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1478

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 400

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} + \frac{e \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} + \frac{e \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

output

```
-1/2*e*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*e*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*e*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)))*2^(1/2)/c^(1/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{i \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(I*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e] - ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])/Sqrt[a]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 596, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$ , Rules used = {484, 1407, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

↓ 484

$$2e \int \frac{1}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

↓ 1407

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \\ \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{}$$

↓ 1083

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \int \frac{1}{-d+2\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)-ex} d \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{}$$

↓ 219

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{c}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right) \\ \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{}$$

↓ 1103

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c} \log \left( -\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \right) \right) \\ \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `2*e*((-((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) - (c^(1/4)*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (c^(1/4)*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 484 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1407 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(r - x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(r + x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\sqrt{c}-2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c-2cd}\left(\ln\left((-ex-d)\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)\right)}{4}$
derivativedivides	$2e \left( \frac{\left(-\sqrt{2\sqrt{ace^2+d^2c^2}+2cd}cd+\sqrt{ace^2+d^2c^2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{ace^2+d^2c^2}+2cd}\right)\ln\left(\sqrt{c}(ex+d)+\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}+\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)$
default	$2e \left( \frac{\left(-\sqrt{2\sqrt{ace^2+d^2c^2}+2cd}cd+\sqrt{ace^2+d^2c^2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{ace^2+d^2c^2}+2cd}\right)\ln\left(\sqrt{c}(ex+d)+\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}+\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right)$

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)/(a
*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(-1/4*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+
c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)*(ln((-e*x-d)*c
^(1/2)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/2))-ln(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)
^(1/2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)))*(-c*d+((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2))+e^2*(arctan((2
*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+
c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))-arctan((-2*c^
(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*c*a)/c/a/e
```



**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 941 vs.  $2(316) = 632$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 941, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/2*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) + d)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2))*log(sqrt(e*x + d)*e + (a*e^2 + (a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) + d)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2))) - 1/2*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) + d)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2))*log(sqrt(e*x + d)*e - (a*e^2 + (a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))*sqrt(-((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) + d)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)))) + 1/2*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) - d)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2))*log(sqrt(e*x + d)*e + (a*e^2 - (a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) - d)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)))) - 1/2*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) - d)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2))*log(sqrt(e*x + d)*e - (a*e^2 - (a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))*sqrt(((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^2/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)) - d)/(a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2))))
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**2)*sqrt(d + e*x)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \frac{(cde|c| - \sqrt{-ace}|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{cd+\sqrt{c^2d^2-(cd^2+ae^2)c}}{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d} - \sqrt{-acce}(ace + \sqrt{-accd})|e|} + \frac{(cde|c| + \sqrt{-ace}|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{cd-\sqrt{c^2d^2-(cd^2+ae^2)c}}{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c^2d} + \sqrt{-acce}(ace - \sqrt{-accd})|e|}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(c*d*e*abs(c) - sqrt(-a*c)*e*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c*d + sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c))/c))/(sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*(a*c*e + sqrt(-a*c)*c*d)*abs(e)) + (c*d*e*abs(c) + sqrt(-a*c)*e*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c*d - sqrt(c^2*d^2 - (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*c))/c))/(sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*(a*c*e - sqrt(-a*c)*c*d)*abs(e))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1366, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```
2*atanh((32*a^2*c^5*d^2*e^2*(- (e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)))^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/((16*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^3)/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a^4*c^4*e^6*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a^5*c^5*d*e^5)/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (32*c^3*e^2*(- (e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)))^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/((16*a^2*c^4*d*e^3)/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a*c^3*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)) + (32*a*c^4*d*e^3*(-a^3*c)^(1/2)*(- (e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)))^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/((16*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^3)/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a^4*c^4*e^6*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a^5*c^5*d*e^5)/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2) + (16*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)))*(- (e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) + a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((32*c^3*e^2*((e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)))^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/((16*a^2*c^4*d*e^3)/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2) - (16*a*c^3*e^4*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (32*a^2*c^5*d^2*e^2*((e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)) - (a*c*d)/(4*(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2)))^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/((16*a^4*c^6*d^3*e^3)/(a^3*c*e^2 + a^2*c^2*d^2) - (16*a^4*c^4*e^6...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1091, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(2)*(- 2*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) -
c*d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d - 2
*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*e**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*
sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c
*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**2 + 2*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 +
c*d**2) - c*d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) +
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)
))*c*d + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*atan((sqrt(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqr
t(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*e**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**
2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c
*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**2 + sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*log(- sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d
**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + sqrt(c)*d + sqrt(c)*e*x)*c*d
- sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*log(...
```

**3.181**       $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1480
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1481
Rubi [A] (verified)	1482
Maple [A] (verified)	1487
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1488
Sympy [F]	1489
Maxima [F]	1490
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1490
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1491
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1492

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 501

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2e}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt[4]{ce}(2\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt[4]{ce}(2\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2+\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2e/(a^2e^2+cd^2)/(e^2x+d)^{1/2}-1/2c^{1/4}e*(2c^{1/2}d-(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})*\arctan(((c^{1/2}d+(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}-2^{1/2}c^{1/4}*(e^2x+d)^{1/2})/(-c^{1/2}d+(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2})*2^{1/2}/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{3/2}/(-c^{1/2}d+(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}+1/2c^{1/4}e*(2c^{1/2}d-(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})*\arctan(((c^{1/2}d+(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}+2^{1/2}c^{1/4}*(e^2x+d)^{1/2})/(-c^{1/2}d+(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2})*2^{1/2}/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{3/2}/(-c^{1/2}d+(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}+1/2c^{1/4}e*(2c^{1/2}d+(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})*\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{1/2}c^{1/4}*(c^{1/2}d+(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}*(e^2x+d)^{1/2}/((a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2}+c^{1/2}*(e^2x+d)))*2^{1/2}/(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{3/2}/(c^{1/2}d+(a^2e^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}
\end{aligned}$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx &= -\frac{2e}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} \\
&+ \frac{i\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(-i\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^2} \\
&- \frac{i\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(i\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

Integrate[1/((d + e\*x)^(3/2)\*(a + c\*x^2)), x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-2e)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) + (I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*((-I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)^2) - (I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*(I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)^2)
\end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 716, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {482, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 482 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{2c \int \frac{e(d-ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2ce \int \frac{d-ex}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae^2 + cd^2} - \frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1483 \\
 & 2ce \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2d + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}d + \sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2d + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2ce \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C} d \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - (2\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} d + (2\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$2ce \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C} d \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - (2\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} \sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} d + (2\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} \sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{\sqrt{d+ex}} \frac{ae^2 + cd^2}{(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1142

$$2ce \left( \frac{(2\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C}} - \frac{1}{2} (2\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \int \frac{\sqrt{2} (\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}})}{\sqrt[4]{C} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{(cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

↓ 25



$$2ce \left( \frac{(2\sqrt{cd - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{1}{2} (2\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}) \int \frac{\sqrt{2} (\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}})}{\sqrt[4]{c} (d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}})} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{2e}{(cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

↓ 27

$$2ce \left( \frac{(2\sqrt{cd - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{(2\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{2e}{(cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

↓ 1083

$$2ce \left( \frac{(2\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} (2\sqrt{cd - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} \int \frac{1}{-d+2(d - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}) \sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}{2\sqrt{2} c^{3/4} \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{2e}{(cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{d + ex}}$$

↓ 219

$$2ce \left( \frac{(2\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}})\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(2\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{2e}{(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d + ex}}$$

1103

$$2ce \left( \frac{(2\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}})\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(2\sqrt{d+ex}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}}} - \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+2\sqrt{cd})\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}$$

$$\frac{2e}{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(-2e)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) + (2*c*e*((-(((2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4})*(-((\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^{1/4}) + 2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) - ((2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2])* \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - \text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] + \text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)))/2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{3/4}*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-(((2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2])* \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{1/4})*((\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^{1/4} + 2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + ((2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2])* \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{1/4}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] + \text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)))/2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{3/4}*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 482

$$\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)^n/(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[d*((c + d*x)^{n+1}/((n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$$

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)]*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1483 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r + (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{a\sqrt{ex+d}e^2(\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}c-2c^{\frac{3}{2}}d)\arctan\left(\frac{-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ex+d}+\sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}}}{\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{c}-2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c-2cd}}}\right)-a\sqrt{ex+d}e^2(\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}c-2c^{\frac{3}{2}}d)}{1}$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1/c^{1/2}/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-2*c*d)^{1/2}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{3/2}/(e*x+d)^{1/2}*(a*(e*x+d)^{1/2}*e^2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c-2*c^{3/2}*d)*\arctan((-2*c^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2}))/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-2*c*d)^{1/2})-a*(e*x+d)^{1/2}*e^2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c-2*c^{3/2}*d)*\arctan((2*c^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2}))/4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-2*c*d)^{1/2})-2*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}*c^{1/2}-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-2*c*d)^{1/2}*(1/8*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}*((2*c^{1/2}*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2})*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}-2*c^{3/2}*d^2)*\ln((-e*x-d)*c^{1/2}+(e*x+d)^{1/2}*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2}-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}))-1/8*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2}*(e*x+d)^{1/2}*((2*c^{1/2}*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2})*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}-c*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}-2*c^{3/2}*d^2)*\ln(c^{1/2}*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^{1/2}*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^{1/2}+2*c*d)^{1/2}+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{1/2}))+a*e^2*c^{1/2}*a^2))/e/a$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2863 vs.  $2(403) = 806$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2863, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.71

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/2*((c*d^3 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(c^2*d^3 - 3*a*c*d*e^2
+ (a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6)*sqrt(-(9*c^
3*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)/(a*c^6*d^12 + 6*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^2
+ 15*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 20*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 6*a^6*c*d
^2*e^10 + a^7*e^12)))/(a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a
^4*e^6))*log(-(3*c^2*d^2*e - a*c*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2
*a^2*c*d*e^4 + (a*c^4*d^8 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^2 - 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^6 - a^5*e^8)
*sqrt(-(9*c^3*d^4*e^2 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)/(a*c^6*d^12 + 6*a^2*c
^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 20*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^8
+ 6*a^6*c*d^2*e^10 + a^7*e^12)))*sqrt(-(c^2*d^3 - 3*a*c*d*e^2 + (a*c^3*d^
6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6)*sqrt(-(9*c^3*d^4*e^2 -
6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)/(a*c^6*d^12 + 6*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a^3*c^4
*d^8*e^4 + 20*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 6*a^6*c*d^2*e^10 + a^
7*e^12)))/(a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6))) -
(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2 + (c*d^2*e + a*e^3)*x)*sqrt(-(c^2*d^3 - 3*a*c*d*e^2 + (a*
c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6)*sqrt(-(9*c^3*d^4*
e^2 - 6*a*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^2*c*e^6)/(a*c^6*d^12 + 6*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^2 + 15*a
^3*c^4*d^8*e^4 + 20*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^6 + 15*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^8 + 6*a^6*c*d^2*e^1
0 + a^7*e^12)))/(a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6
))*log(-(3*c^2*d^2*e - a*c*e^3)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (6*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 - 2*a^...

```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 659, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2e}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{ex+d}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left((cd^2e+ae^3)^2ae|c| + 2(\sqrt{-accd^3e} + \sqrt{-acade^3})|-cd^2e - ae^3||c| - (c^3d^6e + 2ac^2d^4e^3 + a^2cd^2e^5)|c|\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-accd^3e} + \sqrt{-acade^3}}\right)}{(ac^2d^4e + 2a^2cd^2e^3 + a^3e^5 - \sqrt{-acc^2d^5} - 2\sqrt{-acacd^3e^2} - \sqrt{-aca^2de^4})\sqrt{ex+d}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left((cd^2e+ae^3)^2ae|c| - 2(\sqrt{-accd^3e} + \sqrt{-acade^3})|-cd^2e - ae^3||c| - (c^3d^6e + 2ac^2d^4e^3 + a^2cd^2e^5)|c|\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-accd^3e} + \sqrt{-acade^3}}\right)}{(ac^2d^4e + 2a^2cd^2e^3 + a^3e^5 + \sqrt{-acc^2d^5} + 2\sqrt{-acacd^3e^2} + \sqrt{-aca^2de^4})\sqrt{ex+d}}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2*e/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*sqrt(e*x + d)) + ((c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^2*a*e*abs(c) + 2
*(sqrt(-a*c)*c*d^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*d*e^3)*abs(-c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*abs(c) -
(c^3*d^6*e + 2*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)
/sqrt(-(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2 + sqrt((c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)^2 - (c^2*d^4 + 2*
a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)))/(c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)))/((a*c^2
*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5 - sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^5 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c
*d^3*e^2 - sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(-c*d^2*
e - a*e^3)) + ((c*d^2*e + a*e^3)^2*a*e*abs(c) - 2*(sqrt(-a*c)*c*d^3*e + sq
rt(-a*c)*a*d*e^3)*abs(-c*d^2*e - a*e^3)*abs(c) - (c^3*d^6*e + 2*a*c^2*d^4*
e^3 + a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e
^2 - sqrt((c^2*d^3 + a*c*d*e^2)^2 - (c^2*d^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2 + a^2*e^4)*(c
^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)))/(c^2*d^2 + a*c*e^2)))/((a*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3
+ a^3*e^5 + sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^5 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d^3*e^2 + sqrt(-a*c)*a^2
*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(-c*d^2*e - a*e^3))

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4471, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)
```



output

```

- atan((((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^4*c^4*e^10 - 16*c^8*d^8*e^2 - 32*a*c^7*d^6*
e^4 + 32*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^8) + (-a*c^2*d^3 + a*e^3*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*c*
d*e^2 - 3*c*d^2*e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^5*e^6 + a^2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*
e^4 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2)))^(1/2)*(64*a*c^8*d^9*e^3 - (d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-a*
c^2*d^3 + a*e^3*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2 - 3*c*d^2*e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))
/(4*(a^5*e^6 + a^2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2)))^(1/2)*
(64*a*c^9*d^11*e^2 + 64*a^6*c^4*d*e^12 + 320*a^2*c^8*d^9*e^4 + 640*a^3*c^7
*d^7*e^6 + 640*a^4*c^6*d^5*e^8 + 320*a^5*c^5*d^3*e^10) + 64*a^5*c^4*d*e^11
+ 256*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^5 + 384*a^3*c^6*d^5*e^7 + 256*a^4*c^5*d^3*e^9))*(-a*
c^2*d^3 + a*e^3*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2 - 3*c*d^2*e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2))
/(4*(a^5*e^6 + a^2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2)))^(1/2)*
11 + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(16*a^4*c^4*e^10 - 16*c^8*d^8*e^2 - 32*a*c^7*d^6*e^4
+ 32*a^3*c^5*d^2*e^8) - (-a*c^2*d^3 + a*e^3*(-a^3*c)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*c*d*e
^2 - 3*c*d^2*e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^5*e^6 + a^2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4
+ 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2)))^(1/2)*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-a*c^2*d^3 + a*e^3*(-a^3*
c)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*c*d*e^2 - 3*c*d^2*e*(-a^3*c)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^5*e^6 + a^2*c^3
*d^6 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2)))^(1/2)*(64*a*c^9*d^11*e^2 + 6
4*a^6*c^4*d*e^12 + 320*a^2*c^8*d^9*e^4 + 640*a^3*c^7*d^7*e^6 + 640*a^4*c^6
*d^5*e^8 + 320*a^5*c^5*d^3*e^10) + 64*a*c^8*d^9*e^3 + 64*a^5*c^4*d*e^11 +
256*a^2*c^7*d^7*e^5 + 384*a^3*c^6*d^5*e^7 + 256*a^4*c^5*d^3*e^9))*(-a...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1650, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{3/2} (a + cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```

(2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)
- c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2
*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)
))*a*e**2 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2
+ c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*
sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c
*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 +
c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqr
t(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)
*sqrt(2)))*a*d*e**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c
*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt
(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*
sqrt(2)))*c*d**3 - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)
+ c*d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d
**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*e**2 + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2
+ c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c*d**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2...

```

**3.182**       $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1494
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1495
Rubi [A] (verified)	1496
Maple [A] (verified)	1503
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1504
Sympy [F]	1504
Maxima [F]	1504
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1505
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1506
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1506

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 562

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2e}{3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} - \frac{4cde}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$-\frac{c^{3/4}e(3cd^2-ae^2-2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+\frac{c^{3/4}e(3cd^2-ae^2-2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+\frac{c^{3/4}e(3cd^2-ae^2+2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}(cd^2+ae^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2/3*e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)-4*c*d*e/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1 \\
& /2*c^(3/4)*e*(3*c*d^2-a*e^2-2*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*\arctan(((c^(1 \\
& /2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)* \\
& d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e \\
& ^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*c^(3/4)*e*(3*c*d^2-a*e^2-2*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d \\
& ^2)^(1/2))*\arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*( \\
& e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2 \\
& )^(5/2)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*c^(3/4)*e*(3*c*d^2-a*e^ \\
& 2+2*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*\operatorname{arctanh}(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e \\
& ^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)) \\
& )*2^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = -\frac{2e(ae^2+cd(7d+6ex))}{3(cd^2+ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(-i\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^3} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(i\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae})^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-2*e*(a*e^2 + c*d*(7*d + 6*e*x))/(3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + \\
& (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[ \\
& a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e))]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*((-I)*\operatorname{Sq} \\
& \operatorname{rt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)^3) + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{ArcT} \\
& \operatorname{an}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[ \\
& a]*e)]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*(I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)^3)
\end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 823, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {482, 655, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 482 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{d-ex}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 655 \\
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{\int \frac{cd^2-2cexd-ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{4de}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e(3cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{4de}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{2e \int \frac{3cd^2-2c(d+ex)d-ae^2}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{4de}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)}{ae^2+cd^2} - \frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1483
 \end{aligned}$$

$$c \left( \frac{2e}{ae^2+cd^2} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(3cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt[4]{c}(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(\frac{d+ex+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(3cd^2-ae^2)+\sqrt[4]{c}(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(\frac{d+ex+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \quad ae^2+cd^2$$

↓ 27

$$c \left( \frac{2e}{ae^2+cd^2} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(3cd^2-ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt[4]{c}(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\frac{d+ex+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(3cd^2-ae^2)+\sqrt[4]{c}(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\frac{d+ex+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \quad ae^2+cd^2$$

↓ 1142

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 2e \\
 c
 \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c}(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{2e}{3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 2e \\
 c
 \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c}(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{2e}{3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2e \\ C \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1083

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2e \\ C \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{(3cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} c \\ 2e \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{(3cd^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d - ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - \sqrt{2}} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}(3cd^2 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d - ae^2) \arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - \sqrt{2}} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{3(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 1103

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} c \\ 2e \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}(3cd^2 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d - ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(3cd^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d - ae^2)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2e}{3(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2)),x]`

output `(-2*e)/(3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*((-4*d*e)/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*e*((-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x])))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] - (c^(1/4)*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] + (c^(1/4)*(3*c*d^2 - a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 482 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))], x] + Simp[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 655 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))], x] + Simp[1/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(Simp[c*d*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1483 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r + (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 761, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$2 \frac{3a e^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( ac e^2 - 3d^2 c^2 + 2\sqrt{a e^2 + c d^2} c^{\frac{3}{2}} d \right) \arctan \left( \frac{-2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ex+d} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{(a e^2 + c d^2) c + 2cd}}}{\sqrt{4\sqrt{a e^2 + c d^2} \sqrt{c-2} \sqrt{(a e^2 + c d^2) c - 2cd}} \right)}{2} + \frac{3a e^2 (ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2}$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*(-3/2*a*e^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*c*e^2-3*d^2*c^2+2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*d)*arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))+3/2*a*e^2*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*(a*c*e^2-3*d^2*c^2+2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*d)*arctan((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))+(-3/8*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*((a*e^2-2*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-3*c*d^2)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-a*d*e^2*c+3*c^2*d^3+2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*d^2)*ln((-e*x-d)*c^(1/2)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))+3/8*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)*((a*e^2-2*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-3*c*d^2)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-a*d*e^2*c+3*c^2*d^3+2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*d^2)*ln(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))+a*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*e^2*(6*c*d*e*x+a*e^2+7*c*d^2))*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)/e/a
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5149 vs.  $2(460) = 920$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5149, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**2)*(d + e*x)**(5/2)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)(ex+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)*(e*x + d)^(5/2)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1215 vs.  $2(460) = 920$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-(2*(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)^2*a*c*d*e*abs(c) + (3*sqrt(-a*c)
*c^3*d^6*e + 5*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - sqrt(
-a*c)*a^3*e^7)*abs(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*abs(c) - (c^6*d^11
*e + 3*a*c^5*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 - 2*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^4*c^2*d
^3*e^9 - a^5*c*d*e^11)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c
^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4 + sqrt((c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)^
2 - (c^3*d^6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*(c^3*d^4 + 2*a
*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)))/(c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)))/((a*
c^4*d^8*e + 4*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 4*a^4*c*d^2*e^7 + a^5*
e^9 + sqrt(-a*c)*c^4*d^9 + 4*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^3*d^7*e^2 + 6*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c
^2*d^5*e^4 + 4*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 + sqrt(-a*c)*a^4*d*e^8)*sqrt(-c^2*
d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)) - (2*(c^2*d^
4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)^2*a*c*d*e*abs(c) - (3*sqrt(-a*c)*c^3*d^6*e
+ 5*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*
e^7)*abs(c^2*d^4*e + 2*a*c*d^2*e^3 + a^2*e^5)*abs(c) - (c^6*d^11*e + 3*a*c^
5*d^9*e^3 + 2*a^2*c^4*d^7*e^5 - 2*a^3*c^3*d^5*e^7 - 3*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^9 - a^
5*c*d*e^11)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2
+ a^2*c*d*e^4 - sqrt((c^3*d^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^2*c*d*e^4)^2 - (c^3*d^
6 + 3*a*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^2*e^4 + a^3*e^6)*(c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^
2 + a^2*c*e^4)))/(c^3*d^4 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^2*c*e^4)))/((a*c^4*d^8*...

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7908, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.07

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output

```
- ((2*e)/(3*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)) + (4*c*d*e*(d + e*x))/(a*e^2 + c*d^2)^2)/(d +
e*x)^(3/2) - atan((((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(320*a^2*c^11*d^12*e^6 - 16*c^13*d^16
*e^2 - 16*a^8*c^5*e^18 + 1024*a^3*c^10*d^10*e^8 + 1440*a^4*c^9*d^8*e^10 +
1024*a^5*c^8*d^6*e^12 + 320*a^6*c^7*d^4*e^14) + (-(a^2*e^5*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2)
) + a*c^4*d^5 + 5*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 5*c^2*d^4*e*(-a^3*c
^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*c*d^2*e^3*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^7*e^10 + a^2*c^5*d^10 +
5*a^6*c*d^2*e^8 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^5*c^2*d^4
*e^6)))^(1/2)*(96*a*c^13*d^18*e^3 - (d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-(a^2*e^5*(-a^3*c^3)^(
1/2) + a*c^4*d^5 + 5*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 5*c^2*d^4*e*(-a
^3*c^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*c*d^2*e^3*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^7*e^10 + a^2*c^5*d^
10 + 5*a^6*c*d^2*e^8 + 5*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^5*c^2
*d^4*e^6)))^(1/2)*(64*a*c^14*d^21*e^2 + 64*a^11*c^4*d*e^22 + 640*a^2*c^13*
d^19*e^4 + 2880*a^3*c^12*d^17*e^6 + 7680*a^4*c^11*d^15*e^8 + 13440*a^5*c^1
0*d^13*e^10 + 16128*a^6*c^9*d^11*e^12 + 13440*a^7*c^8*d^9*e^14 + 7680*a^8*
c^7*d^7*e^16 + 2880*a^9*c^6*d^5*e^18 + 640*a^10*c^5*d^3*e^20) - 32*a^10*c^
4*e^21 + 736*a^2*c^12*d^16*e^5 + 2432*a^3*c^11*d^14*e^7 + 4480*a^4*c^10*d^
12*e^9 + 4928*a^5*c^9*d^10*e^11 + 3136*a^6*c^8*d^8*e^13 + 896*a^7*c^7*d^6*
e^15 - 128*a^8*c^6*d^4*e^17 - 160*a^9*c^5*d^2*e^19))*(-(a^2*e^5*(-a^3*c^3)
^(1/2) + a*c^4*d^5 + 5*a^3*c^2*d*e^4 - 10*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^2 + 5*c^2*d^4*e*(-
a^3*c^3)^(1/2) - 10*a*c*d^2*e^3*(-a^3*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^7*e^10 + a^2*c^...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 23.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3434, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a),x)`

output

```

(18*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)
- c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) -
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2
)))*a*c*d**2*e**2 + 18*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)
+ c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*
d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d*e**3*x - 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2
)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**4 - 6*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a
*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sq
rt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))
/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**3*e*x + 6*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan
((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e
*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*d*e**4 + 6*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*at
an((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*e**5*x -
6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(...

```



**3.183**  $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1508
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1509
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1510
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1516
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1517
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1518
Maxima [F] . . . . .	1518
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1519
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1520
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1520

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 607

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{e(cd^2 - 5ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac^2} - \frac{de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2ac} - \frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{e((cd^2 - 5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} + \sqrt{cd}(cd^2 + 13ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{9/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{e((cd^2 - 5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} + \sqrt{cd}(cd^2 + 13ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{9/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{e((cd^2 - 5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} - \sqrt{cd}(cd^2 + 13ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} + \sqrt{c}(d+ex)}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{9/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*e*(-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a/c^2-1/2*d*e*(e*x+d)^{(3/2)}/a/c-1/2* \\
& (-c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^{(5/2)}/a/c/(c*x^2+a)-1/8*e*((-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c* \\
& d^2)^{(1/2)+c^{(1/2)*d*(13*a*e^2+c*d^2)*\arctan(((c^{(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-2^{(1/2)*c^{(1/4)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}}/(-c^{(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})^2} \\
& ^{(1/2)}/a/c^{(9/4)/(-c^{(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)+1/8*e*((-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)+c^{(1/2)*d*(13*a*e^2+c*d^2)*\arctan(((c^{(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+2^{(1/2)*c^{(1/4)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}}/(-c^{(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})^2} \\
& ^{(1/2)}/a/c^{(9/4)/(-c^{(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)+1/8*e*((-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)-c^{(1/2)*d*(13*a* \\
& e^2+c*d^2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)*c^{(1/4)*(c^{(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}}/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)+c^{(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})^2} \\
& ^{(1/2)}/a/c^{(9/4)/(c^{(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}}
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(5a^2e^3+c^2d^3x+ace(-3d^2-3dex+4e^2x^2))}{a+cx^2} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})^3(2i\sqrt{cd+5\sqrt{ae}})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(5*a^2*e^3 + c^2*d^3*x + a*c*e*(-3*d^2 - 3*d*e*x \\
& + 4*e^2*x^2)))/(a + c*x^2) + ((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)^3*((2*I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]* \\
& d + 5*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) \\
& /(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e] + ((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c] \\
& ]*d - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)^3*((-2*I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d + 5*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c*d) \\
& + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e*x])]/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*e)]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c \\
& *d) + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*e)]/(4*a^(3/2)*c^2)
\end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 856, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.789$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 653, 27, 653, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(2cd^2-3cexd+5ae^2)}{2(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(2cd^2-3cexd+5ae^2)}{cx^2+a} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c\sqrt{d+ex}(2d(cd^2+4ae^2)-e(cd^2-5ae^2)x)}{cx^2+a} dx}{4ac} - \frac{2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2d(cd^2+4ae^2)-e(cd^2-5ae^2)x)}{cx^2+a} dx}{4ac} - \frac{2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(2cd^2-ae^2)(cd^2+5ae^2)+cde(cd^2+13ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{c} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2-5ae^2)}{c} - \frac{2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{4ac}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{e \left( (cd^2 - 5ae^2)(cd^2 + ae^2) + cd(cd^2 + 13ae^2)(d+ex) \right)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - 5ae^2)}{c} - 2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae - cd)} \frac{2ac(a+cx^2)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

27

$$\frac{2e \int \frac{(cd^2 - 5ae^2)(cd^2 + ae^2) + cd(cd^2 + 13ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{2e\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2 - 5ae^2)}{c} - 2de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{4ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae - cd)} \frac{2ac(a+cx^2)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

1483

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \left( \sqrt{2}(cd^2 - 5ae^2) \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{c} \left( (cd^2 - 5ae^2) \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} - \sqrt{cd}(cd^2 + 13ae^2) \right) \sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{4\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \left( \sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} + \dots \right) / c$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae - cd)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

27

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(cd^2 - 5ae^2) \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{c} \left( (cd^2 - 5ae^2) \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} - \sqrt{cd}(cd^2 + 13ae^2) \right) \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{d+ex + \dots}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} + \dots \right) / c$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae - cd)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

1142

4ac

$$-2de(d+ex)^{3/2} - \frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(c^{3/2}d^3+13a\sqrt{ce^2}d+(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 25

$$-2de(d+ex)^{3/2} - \frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(c^{3/2}d^3+13a\sqrt{ce^2}d+(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 27

$$-2de(d+ex)^{3/2} - \frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c} + \frac{2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(c^{3/2}d^3+13a\sqrt{ce^2}d+(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{-2de(d+ex)^{3/2} - \frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}}{2e} + \int \frac{\left( (cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} - \sqrt{cd}(cd^2+13ae^2) \right) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{-2de(d+ex)^{3/2} - \frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}}{2e} + \int \frac{\left( (cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} - \sqrt{cd}(cd^2+13ae^2) \right) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{-2de(d+ex)^{3/2} - \frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{c}}{2e} + \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} (c^{3/2}d^3 + 13a\sqrt{c}e^2d + (cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} (2\sqrt{d+ex} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + ((-2*e*(c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/c - 2*d*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2) + (2*e*((-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + 13*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + (c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] - (c^(1/4)*((c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 + 13*a*e^2))*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + 13*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + (c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] + (c^(1/4)*((c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 + 13*a*e^2))*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/c)/(4*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 495  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n - 2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 653  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)^{(m\_)}((f\_)+(g\_)(x\_))\}/\{(a\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/c \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(\text{Simp}[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[m] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 654  $\text{Int}[\{(f\_)+(g\_)(x\_)\}/\{\text{Sqrt}[(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)]*((a\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2)\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2\}^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)\}/\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)\}/\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1483  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)^2\}/\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2+(c\_)(x\_)^4\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[a/c, 2]\}, \text{With}[\{r = \text{Rt}[2*q - b/c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2*c*q*r) \text{Int}[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*c*q*r) \text{Int}[(d*r + (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]$



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 935, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\sqrt{c-2}\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c-2cd}\left(-\ln\left(\sqrt{c}(ex+d)+\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd+\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}}\right)+\ln\left(\sqrt{c}(ex+d)-\sqrt{ex+d}\sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd+\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}}\right)\right)}{\dots}$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4} / (4 * (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} * c^{(1/2)} - 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} - 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)} / \\ & c^{(11/2)} * (1/4 * (4 * (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} * c^{(1/2)} - 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} - 2 * c * \\ & d)^{(1/2)} * (-\ln(c^{(1/2)} * (e * x + d) + (e * x + d)^{(1/2)} * (2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} + 2 * \\ & c * d)^{(1/2)} + (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)}) + \ln(c^{(1/2)} * (e * x + d) - (e * x + d)^{(1/2)} * (2 * ((a * e^2 \\ & + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} + 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)} + (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)})) * (((-5 * e^2 * x^2 + d^2) * \\ & a * c^{(7/2)} - c^{(9/2)} * d^2 * x^2 + 5 * c^{(5/2)} * a^2 * e^2) * (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} + 13 * (c * x^2 \\ & + a) * c^3 * d * (a * e^2 + 1/13 * c * d^2)) * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} + ((-5 * a^2 * e^2 * c^{(7/2)} \\ & + c^{(9/2)} * ((c * x^2 + a) * d^2 - 5 * a * e^2 * x^2)) * (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} - 13 * (c * x^2 + a) * c^4 \\ & * d * (a * e^2 + 1/13 * c * d^2)) * d) * (2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} + 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)} + e * (e * (-5 \\ & * a^2 * e^2 * c^{(7/2)} + c^{(9/2)} * ((c * x^2 + a) * d^2 - 5 * a * e^2 * x^2)) * (\arctan((2 * c^{(1/2)} * ( \\ & e * x + d)^{(1/2)} + 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} + 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)}) / (4 * (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} * \\ & c^{(1/2)} - 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} - 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)}) - \arctan((-2 * c^{(1/2)} * (e * x \\ & + d)^{(1/2)} + 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} + 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)}) / (4 * (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} * \\ & c^{(1/2)} - 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} - 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)}) * (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} + 2 * (4 * \\ & (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} * c^{(1/2)} - 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * c)^{(1/2)} - 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)} * (5 * a^2 * \\ & e^3 * c^{(7/2)} + c^{(9/2)} * (4 * a * e^3 * x^2 - 3 * a * d * e^2 * x + c * d^3 * x - 3 * a * d^2 * e)) * (e * x + d)^{( \\ & 1/2)} + 13 * e * (c * x^2 + a) * c^4 * d * (\arctan((2 * c^{(1/2)} * (e * x + d)^{(1/2)} + 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2 \\ & ) * c)^{(1/2)} + 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)}) / (4 * (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} * c^{(1/2)} - 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * \\ & c)^{(1/2)} - 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)}) - \arctan((-2 * c^{(1/2)} * (e * x + d)^{(1/2)} + 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * \\ & c)^{(1/2)} + 2 * c * d)^{(1/2)}) / (4 * (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} * c^{(1/2)} - 2 * ((a * e^2 + c * d^2) * \dots \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2091 vs.  $2(497) = 994$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2091, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/8*((a*c^3*x^2 + a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-(4*c^3*d^7 + 35*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 70*a^2*c
*d^3*e^4 - 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^3*c^4*sqrt(-(1225*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 10780*a*c^3*d
^6*e^8 + 21966*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 7700*a^3*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^4*e^14)/(a^3
*c^9)))/(a^3*c^4))*log(-(140*c^5*d^10*e^3 + 1771*a*c^4*d^8*e^5 + 6872*a^2*
c^3*d^6*e^7 + 8366*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^9 + 2500*a^4*c*d^2*e^11 - 625*a^5*e^13)*s
qrt(e*x + d) + (35*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^4 - 21*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6 - 795*a^4*c^3*d^2*
e^8 + 125*a^5*c^2*e^10 - 2*(a^3*c^8*d^3 + 4*a^4*c^7*d*e^2)*sqrt(-(1225*c^4
*d^8*e^6 + 10780*a*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21966*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 7700*a^3*c*d^2*e
^12 + 625*a^4*e^14)/(a^3*c^9)))*sqrt(-(4*c^3*d^7 + 35*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 70*a
^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^3*c^4*sqrt(-(1225*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 10780*a*c
^3*d^6*e^8 + 21966*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 7700*a^3*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^4*e^14)/
(a^3*c^9)))/(a^3*c^4)) - (a*c^3*x^2 + a^2*c^2)*sqrt(-(4*c^3*d^7 + 35*a*c^
2*d^5*e^2 + 70*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 - 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^3*c^4*sqrt(-(1225*c^4*d^8
*e^6 + 10780*a*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21966*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^10 - 7700*a^3*c*d^2*e^12
+ 625*a^4*e^14)/(a^3*c^9)))/(a^3*c^4))*log(-(140*c^5*d^10*e^3 + 1771*a*c^4
*d^8*e^5 + 6872*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 8366*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^9 + 2500*a^4*c*d^2*e^
11 - 625*a^5*e^13)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (35*a^2*c^5*d^6*e^4 - 21*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^
6 - 795*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 + 125*a^5*c^2*e^10 - 2*(a^3*c^8*d^3 + 4*a^4*c^7*d*
e^2)*sqrt(-(1225*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 10780*a*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21966*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^1
0 - 7700*a^3*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^4*e^14)/(a^3*c^9)))*sqrt(-(4*c^3*d^7 + ...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 596, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ex+de^3}}{c^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( (c^2 d^3 e + 13 acd e^3) a^2 e^2 |c| - (\sqrt{-acc^2 d^4 e} - 4\sqrt{-acacd^2 e^3} - 5\sqrt{-aca^2 e^5}) |a||c||e| + (2ac^3 d^5 e + 9a^2 c^2 d^3 e^3) \right) |a||c||e| \\ & + \frac{4(a^2 c^3 e + \sqrt{-acac^3 d}) \sqrt{-c^2 d} - \sqrt{-acce} |a||e|}{4(a^2 c^3 d + \sqrt{-aca^2 c^2 e}) \sqrt{-c^2 d} + \sqrt{-accd^3 e + 13\sqrt{-acade^3}} a^2 e^2 |c| - (ac^2 d^4 e - 4a^2 cd^2 e^3 - 5a^3 e^5) |a||c||e| + (2\sqrt{-acac^2 d^5 e} + 9\sqrt{-accd^3 e + 13\sqrt{-acade^3}}) a^2 e^2 |c|} \\ & + \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2} c^2 d^3 e - \sqrt{ex+dc^2 d^4 e} - 3(ex+d)^{3/2} acd e^3 + \sqrt{ex+da^2 e^5}}{2((ex+d)^2 c - 2(ex+d)cd + cd^2 + ae^2) ac^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*sqrt(e*x + d)*e^3/c^2 + 1/4*((c^2*d^3*e + 13*a*c*d*e^3)*a^2*e^2*abs(c) -
(sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^4*e - 4*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*e^5)*
abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*a*c^3*d^5*e + 9*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 5*a^3*c*d*e^5)
*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^3*d + sqrt(a^2*c^6*d^2 - (a*c^3*d
^2 + a^2*c^2*e^2)*a*c^3)))/(a*c^3)))/((a^2*c^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^3*d)*sqrt
(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/4*((sqrt(-a*c)*c*d^3*e + 13*s
qrt(-a*c)*a*d*e^3)*a^2*e^2*abs(c) - (a*c^2*d^4*e - 4*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 - 5*a^3
*e^5)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (2*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*d^5*e + 9*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*
c*d^3*e^3 - 5*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*d*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*
c^3*d - sqrt(a^2*c^6*d^2 - (a*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c^2*e^2)*a*c^3)))/(a*c^3)))/((a
^2*c^3*d + sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^2*e)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(
e)) + 1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^3*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^4*e - 3*(e*x +
d)^(3/2)*a*c*d*e^3 + sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*e^5)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*
c*d + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a*c^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4192, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.91

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
((a^2*e^5 - c^2*d^4*e)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(2*a) + ((c^2*d^3*e - 3*a*c*d*e^3)
*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(2*a))/(c^3*(d + e*x)^2 + c^3*d^2 + a*c^2*e^2 - 2*c^3*d
*(d + e*x)) - atan((a^2*e^10*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((105*d*e^6)/(64*c^4) - d^7/(
16*a^3*c) - (35*d^3*e^4)/(32*a*c^3) - (35*d^5*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (25*e^7*
(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^4*c^9) + (77*d^2*e^5*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(32*a^5*c^8
) + (35*d^4*e^3*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^7))^1/2*50i)/((885*d^5*e^9)/
2 + (491*a*d^3*e^11)/(2*c) + (329*c*d^7*e^7)/(2*a) - (50*a^2*d*e^13)/c^2 +
(35*c^2*d^9*e^5)/(2*a^2) + (125*e^14*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(4*a^2*c^7) - (335
*d^2*e^12*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(2*a^3*c^6) - (204*d^4*e^10*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/
(a^4*c^5) + (7*d^6*e^8*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(2*a^5*c^4) + (35*d^8*e^6*(-a^9*c
^9)^(1/2))/(4*a^6*c^3) + (d^3*e^7*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((105*
d*e^6)/(64*c^4) - d^7/(16*a^3*c) - (35*d^3*e^4)/(32*a*c^3) - (35*d^5*e^2)/
(64*a^2*c^2) - (25*e^7*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^4*c^9) + (77*d^2*e^5*(-a^9*
c^9)^(1/2))/(32*a^5*c^8) + (35*d^4*e^3*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^7))^1/
2)*308i)/((35*a^2*c^5*d^9*e^5)/2 + (329*a^3*c^4*d^7*e^7)/2 + (885*a^4*c^3*
d^5*e^9)/2 + (491*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^11)/2 - 50*a^6*c*d*e^13 + (125*a^2*e^14*(-
a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(4*c^4) + (35*d^8*e^6*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(4*a^2) - (204*d^4
*e^10*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/c^2 - (335*a*d^2*e^12*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(2*c^3) +
(7*d^6*e^8*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2))/(2*a*c)) + (d^5*e^5*(-a^9*c^9)^(1/2)*(d + e*x
)^(1/2)*((105*d*e^6)/(64*c^4) - d^7/(16*a^3*c) - (35*d^3*e^4)/(32*a*c^3...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4002, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.59

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 16*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c*d*e**2 - 4*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2*d**3 - 16*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c**3*d**3*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*e**4 - 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + ...
```

**3.184**  $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1522
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1523
Rubi [A] (verified)	1524
Maple [A] (verified)	1530
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1531
Sympy [F(-1)]	1532
Maxima [F]	1532
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1532
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1533
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1534

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 533

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{de\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} - \frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{e(cd^2+3ae^2+\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{7/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{e(cd^2+3ae^2+\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{7/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{e(cd^2+3ae^2-\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{7/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

output

```

-1/2*d*e*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c-1/2*(-c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)-1/
8*e*(c*d^2+3*a*e^2+c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^
2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a/c^(7/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2
)+1/8*e*(c*d^2+3*a*e^2+c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(
a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^
2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a/c^(7/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(
1/2)-1/8*e*(c*d^2+3*a*e^2-c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*
c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)))*2^(1/2)/a/c^(7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))
^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2x-ae(2d+ex))}{a+cx^2} - i\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(2cd^2-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(cd^2x-ae(2d+ex))}{a+cx^2} + i\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(2cd^2+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}+3ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(d+ex)}{\sqrt{a+cx^2}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

((2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(c*d^2*x - a*e*(2*d + e*x)))/(a + c*x^2) - I*S
qrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(2*c*d^2 - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 3*a*e
^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d +
I*Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(2*c*d^2 + I*Sqrt[a]
*Sqrt[c]*d*e + 3*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d
+ e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)])/(4*a^(3/2)*c^2)

```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 797, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.789$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 653, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cd^2-cexd+3ae^2)}{2(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cd^2-cexd+3ae^2)}{cx^2+a} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(2d(cd^2+2ae^2)+e(cd^2+3ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{4ac} - 2de\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2d(cd^2+2ae^2)+e(cd^2+3ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx - 2de\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{e(d(cd^2+ae^2)+(cd^2+3ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2de\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2e \int \frac{d(cd^2+ae^2)+(cd^2+3ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 2de\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1483
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \left( \sqrt{2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{c} \left( d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} - \frac{cd^2+3ae^2}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+ae^2) + \sqrt[4]{c} \left( cd^3+ae^2d - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

4ac

↓ 27

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}d + (cd^2 - \sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d + 3ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+ae^2) + \sqrt[4]{c} \left( cd^3+ae^2d - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

4ac

↓ 27

$$2e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}d + (cd^2 - \sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d + 3ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+ae^2) + \sqrt[4]{c} \left( cd^3+ae^2d - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

4ac

↓ 1142

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} + \frac{1}{2} (cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 25

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{1}{2} (cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 27

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{1}{2} (cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 1083

$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{1}{-d+2\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)-ex} d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \frac{(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{2ac(cx^2 + a)}$$

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$$2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} \right) \frac{(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{2ac(cx^2 + a)}$$

1103

$$2e \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \log \left( \sqrt{c}(d+ex)-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{2ac(cx^2 + a)}$$

input

```
Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (-2*d*e*Sqrt[d +
e*x] + 2*e*((-(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2 + S
qrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d
+ Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]
*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] + ((c*
d^2 + 3*a*e^2 - Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - S
qrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[
c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]
) + (-((Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + a*Sqrt[c]*d*e
^2 + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqr
t[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*S
qrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d
^2 + a*e^2]])) + (c^(1/4)*(c*d^3 + a*d*e^2 - (Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(c*d^2 +
3*a*e^2))/Sqrt[c])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]
*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2
]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/4*
a*c)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 495

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] -
Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*
d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d,
n, p, x]
```

rule 653 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2),  
x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m  
- 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; Fr  
eeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)),  
x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*  
x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[I  
nt[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},  
x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S  
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,  
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S  
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)  
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1483 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :  
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) In  
t[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r  
+ (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && N  
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 764, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{e^2 (cx^2+a) \left( \frac{7}{2} d \sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} + 3e^2 a c^3 + c^4 d^2 \right) a \arctan \left( \frac{-2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ex+d} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}}}{\sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} \sqrt{c}-2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c-2cd}}} \right) + e^2 (cx^2+a) \left( \frac{7}{2} d \sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} + 3e^2 a c^3 + c^4 d^2 \right)}{2}$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)*
(-1/2*e^2*(c*x^2+a)*(c^(7/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+3*e^2*a*c^3+c^4*d^2)*a*
arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/
(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))+1/2
*e^2*(c*x^2+a)*(c^(7/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+3*e^2*a*c^3+c^4*d^2)*a*arcta
n((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*
e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)+(4*(a*e^2
+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)*(1/8*(c*x^2+a
)*((-c^(5/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+3*c^2*a*e^2+c^3*d^2)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(
1/2)+(c^(7/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-3*e^2*a*c^3-c^4*d^2)*d)*(2*((a*e^2+c*
d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)*ln((-e*x-d)*c^(1/2)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*
d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-1/8*(c*x^2+a)*((-c^(5/2)*d
*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+3*c^2*a*e^2+c^3*d^2)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+(c^(7/2)
*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-3*e^2*a*c^3-c^4*d^2)*d)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+
2*c*d)^(1/2)*ln(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2
*c*d)^(1/2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-(a*e^2*x-c*d^2*x+2*a*d*e)*e*c^(7/2)*a*(e
x+d)^(1/2))/e/a^2/c^(9/2)/(c*x^2+a)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1383 vs.  $2(427) = 854$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1383, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/8*((a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(4*c^2*d^5 + 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*e^4
+ a^3*c^3*sqrt(-(25*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c^7))
)/(a^3*c^3))*log((20*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 101*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 162*a^2*c*d^2*e^7 +
81*a^3*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 9*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 - (2*a^3
*c^6*d^2 + 3*a^4*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(-(25*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*
e^10)/(a^3*c^7)))*sqrt(-(4*c^2*d^5 + 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*e^4 + a^3*c
^3*sqrt(-(25*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c^7)))/(a^3*c
^3))) - (a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(4*c^2*d^5 + 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*
e^4 + a^3*c^3*sqrt(-(25*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c
^7)))/(a^3*c^3))*log((20*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 101*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 162*a^2*c*d^2*e
^7 + 81*a^3*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 9*a^3*c^2*d*e^6 - (2
*a^3*c^6*d^2 + 3*a^4*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(-(25*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*
a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c^7)))*sqrt(-(4*c^2*d^5 + 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*e^4 + a
^3*c^3*sqrt(-(25*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c^7)))/(
a^3*c^3))) + (a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(4*c^2*d^5 + 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^
2*d*e^4 - a^3*c^3*sqrt(-(25*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 + 81*a^2*e^10)/(a
^3*c^7)))/(a^3*c^3))*log((20*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 101*a*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 162*a^2*c*d
^2*e^7 + 81*a^3*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (5*a^2*c^3*d^3*e^4 + 9*a^3*c^2*d*e^6
+ (2*a^3*c^6*d^2 + 3*a^4*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(-(25*c^2*d^4*e^6 + 90*a*c*d^2*e^8 +
81*a^2*e^10)/(a^3*c^7)))*sqrt(-(4*c^2*d^5 + 15*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^2*d*...

```



### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{5/2}}{(cx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(2ac^4d^4e + 4a^2c^3d^2e^3 + (cd^2e + 3ae^3)a^2c^2e^2 - (\sqrt{-acc^2d^3e} + \sqrt{-acacde^3})|a||c||e|) a}{4(a^2c^3e + \sqrt{-acac^3d})\sqrt{-c^2d} - \sqrt{-acce}|a||e|} + \frac{(2ac^4d^4e + 4a^2c^3d^2e^3 + (cd^2e + 3ae^3)a^2c^2e^2 + (\sqrt{-acc^2d^3e} + \sqrt{-acacde^3})|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ac^2d - \sqrt{a^2c^3e}}}{\sqrt{-acac^3d}}\right)}{4(a^2c^3e - \sqrt{-acac^3d})\sqrt{-c^2d} + \sqrt{-acce}|a||e|} + \frac{(ex + d)^{3/2}cd^2e - \sqrt{ex + d}cd^3e - (ex + d)^{3/2}ae^3 - \sqrt{ex + d}ade^3}{2((ex + d)^2c - 2(ex + d)cd + cd^2 + ae^2)ac}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(2*a*c^4*d^4*e + 4*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 + (c*d^2*e + 3*a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*e^2 -  
 (sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d + sqrt(a^2*c^4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*a*c^2)))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(2*a*c^4*d^4*e + 4*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^3 + (c*d^2*e + 3*a*e^3)*a^2*c^2*e^2 + (sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d - sqrt(a^2*c^4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*a*c^2)))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^3*e - sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c*d^2*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*c*d^3*e - (e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*e^3 - sqrt(e*x + d)*a*d*e^3)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a*c)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2031, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```

- (((a*e^3 - c*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(2*a*c) + ((a*d*e^3 + c*d^3*e)*(d +
e*x)^(1/2))/(2*a*c))/(c*(d + e*x)^2 + a*e^2 + c*d^2 - 2*c*d*(d + e*x)) -
2*atanh((18*a*e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- d^5/(16*a^3*c) - (15*d*e^4)/(64*a*c^3
) - (15*d^3*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (9*e^5*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^5*c^7) - (5
*d^2*e^3*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^6))^(1/2))/((27*a*e^11)/(4*c^2) + (43
*d^4*e^7)/(4*a) + (15*d^2*e^9)/c + (5*c*d^6*e^5)/(2*a^2) - (9*d*e^10*(-a^9
*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^4*c^5) - (7*d^3*e^8*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a^5*c^4) - (5*d
^5*e^6*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^6*c^3)) + (10*c*d^2*e^6*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- d
^5/(16*a^3*c) - (15*d*e^4)/(64*a*c^3) - (15*d^3*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (9*e^5
*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^5*c^7) - (5*d^2*e^3*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^6
))^(1/2))/((27*a*e^11)/(4*c^2) + (43*d^4*e^7)/(4*a) + (15*d^2*e^9)/c + (5*
c*d^6*e^5)/(2*a^2) - (9*d*e^10*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^4*c^5) - (7*d^3*e^8*
(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a^5*c^4) - (5*d^5*e^6*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^6*c^3))
+ (18*d*e^7*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- d^5/(16*a^3*c) - (15*d*e^4
)/(64*a*c^3) - (15*d^3*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (9*e^5*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^
5*c^7) - (5*d^2*e^3*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^6))^(1/2))/((27*a^5*c*e^11
)/4 + (5*a^2*c^4*d^6*e^5)/2 + (43*a^3*c^3*d^4*e^7)/4 + 15*a^4*c^2*d^2*e^9
- (9*d*e^10*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*c^2) - (5*d^5*e^6*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(4*a^
2) - (7*d^3*e^8*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2))/(2*a*c) + (10*d^3*e^5*(-a^9*c^7)^(1/2)*
(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- d^5/(16*a^3*c) - (15*d*e^4)/(64*a*c^3) - (15*d^3*e^2...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3158, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.92

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt
(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*e**
2 - 4*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt
(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**2
- 6*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(
2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*e**2*
x**2 - 4*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*s
qrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*
d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*at
an((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*d*e**2 -
4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**3 - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**
2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr...
```

**3.185**  $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1536
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1537
Rubi [A] (verified)	1538
Maple [A] (verified)	1543
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1544
Sympy [F(-1)]	1544
Maxima [F]	1545
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1545
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1546
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1547

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 480

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(ae-cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{e(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{5/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$+ \frac{e(\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{5/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$- \frac{e(\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2+\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{5/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)-1/8*e*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a/c^(5/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/8*e*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a/c^(5/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/8*e*(c^(1/2)*d-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)))*2^(1/2)/a/c^(5/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(-ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} - i(2\sqrt{cd} - i\sqrt{ae}) \sqrt{-cd - i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd - i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}}}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{4a^{3/2}c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*(-a*e) + c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + c*x^2) - I*(2*Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)] + I*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)]/(4*a^(3/2)*c^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 776, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+cexd+ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{4ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(cd^2+c(d+ex)d+ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{cd^2+c(d+ex)d+ae^2}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1483 \\
 & e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+ae^2)+\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+ae^2)}+\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \quad 2ac$$

↓ 1142

$$e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 25

$$e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 27



$$e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cd x)\sqrt{d + ex}}{2ac (cx^2 + a)}$$

↓ 1083

$$e \left( \frac{(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{-d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cd x)\sqrt{d + ex}}{2ac (cx^2 + a)}$$

↓ 219

$$e \left( \frac{(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cd x)\sqrt{d + ex}}{2ac (cx^2 + a)}$$

↓ 1103

$$e \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} (\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+ae^2+cd^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c} (-\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+ae^2+cd^2) \log \left( \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{\dots} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((a*e - c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (e*((-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] - (c^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)))/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 + Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])])/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (c^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)))/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(2*a*c)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 495  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^n)*(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d - \text{b}*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{n-1}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*\text{a}*b*(p+1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*b*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-2}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{p+1}*\text{Simp}[\text{a}*d^2*(n-1) - \text{b}*c^2*(2*p+3) - \text{b}*c*d*(n+2*p+2)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[\text{a}, 0, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, n, p, \text{x}]$
- rule 654  $\text{Int}[(\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)]*(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{e}*f - \text{d}*g + \text{g}*x^2)/(c*d^2 + \text{a}*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sqrt}[\text{d} + \text{e}*x]], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1083  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c - x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{b} + 2*c*x], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2, \text{x}]]/\text{b}), \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - \text{b}*e, 0]$
- rule 1142  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x_)]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_) + (\text{c}_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - \text{b}*e)/(2*c) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(2*c) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{b} + 2*c*x)/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x + \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}]$

rule 1483

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int
t[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r
+ (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && N
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 681, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{e^2(c x^2+a)\left(c^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{a e^2+c d^2+d c^3}\right) a \arctan\left(\frac{-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{e x+d}+\sqrt{2\sqrt{(a e^2+c d^2)c+2 c d}}}{\sqrt{4\sqrt{a e^2+c d^2}\sqrt{c}-2\sqrt{(a e^2+c d^2)c-2 c d}}}\right)}{2} + \frac{e^2(c x^2+a)\left(c^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{a e^2+c d^2+d c^3}\right)}{2}$
derivatividivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*(-1/2*e^2*(c*x^2+a)*(c^(5/2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+d*c^3)*a*arctan((-2*c
^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))+1/2*e^2*(c*x^2+
a)*(c^(5/2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+d*c^3)*a*arctan((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(
2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*(
(a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)+(1/8*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d
)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)*((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(3/2)+c^2*d)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(
1/2)+d*(c^(5/2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-d*c^3))*ln((-e*x-d)*c^(1/2)+(e*x+d)^(
1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-1/8*(2*(
(a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)*(c*x^2+a)*((-a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(3/
2)+c^2*d)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+d*(c^(5/2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-d*c^3))*l
n(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)+(a
*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+(c*d*x-a*e)*e*a*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*c^(5/2))*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)
^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1
/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)/e/a^2/c^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 679, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ac^2x^2 + a^2c)\sqrt{-\frac{a^3c^2\sqrt{-\frac{e^6}{a^3c^5}} + 4cd^3 + 3ade^2}{a^3c^2}} \log\left((4cd^2e^3 + ae^5)\sqrt{ex+d} + \left(2a^3c^4d\sqrt{-\frac{e^6}{a^3c^5}}\right.\right.}{1}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/8*((a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5)) + 4*c*d^3 + 3
*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))*log((4*c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (2*a^3*c^4*
d*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5)) + a^2*c*e^4)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5)) +
4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))) - (a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c)*sqrt(-(a^3*c^2*sqrt
(-e^6/(a^3*c^5)) + 4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))*log((4*c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^
5)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (2*a^3*c^4*d*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5)) + a^2*c*e^4)*sqrt(-(a
^3*c^2*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5)) + 4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))) - (a*c^2*x^
2 + a^2*c)*sqrt((a^3*c^2*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5)) - 4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*
c^2))*log((4*c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (2*a^3*c^4*d*sqrt(-e^6/(a^
3*c^5)) - a^2*c*e^4)*sqrt((a^3*c^2*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5)) - 4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*
e^2)/(a^3*c^2))) + (a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c)*sqrt((a^3*c^2*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5))
- 4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))*log((4*c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d)
- (2*a^3*c^4*d*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5)) - a^2*c*e^4)*sqrt((a^3*c^2*sqrt(-e^6/(
a^3*c^5)) - 4*c*d^3 - 3*a*d*e^2)/(a^3*c^2))) + 4*(c*d*x - a*e)*sqrt(e*x +
d))/(a*c^2*x^2 + a^2*c)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(2ac^3d^3e + 2a^2c^2de^3 - (\sqrt{-ac}cd^2e + \sqrt{-ac}ae^3)|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{ac^2d + \sqrt{a^2c^4d^2 - (ac^2d^2 + a^2ce^2)}{ac^2}}}}\right)}{4(a^2c^2e + \sqrt{-ac}ac^2d)\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{-ac}ce|a||e|}}$$

$$+ \frac{(2ac^3d^3e + 2a^2c^2de^3 + (\sqrt{-ac}cd^2e + \sqrt{-ac}ae^3)|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{ac^2d - \sqrt{a^2c^4d^2 - (ac^2d^2 + a^2ce^2)}{ac^2}}}}\right)}{4(a^2c^2e - \sqrt{-ac}ac^2d)\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{-ac}ce|a||e|}}$$

$$+ \frac{(ex+d)^{3/2}cde - \sqrt{ex+d}cd^2e - \sqrt{ex+d}ae^3}{2((ex+d)^2c - 2(ex+d)cd + cd^2 + ae^2)ac}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*(2*a*c^3*d^3*e + 2*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 - (sqrt(-a*c)*c*d^2*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*
e^3)*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d + sqrt(a^2*
c^4*d^2 - (a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*a*c^2)))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^2*e + sqrt(-a*
c)*a*c^2*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(2*a*c^3*d^
3*e + 2*a^2*c^2*d*e^3 + (sqrt(-a*c)*c*d^2*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*e^3)*abs(a)*abs
(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d - sqrt(a^2*c^4*d^2 - (a*c^
2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)*a*c^2)))/(a*c^2)))/((a^2*c^2*e - sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*d)*sqr
t(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c*d*e - s
qrt(e*x + d)*c*d^2*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*a*e^3)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*
c*d + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a*c)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 717, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{(cd^2e+ae^3)\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} - \frac{de(d+ex)^{3/2}}{2a}}{c(d+ex)^2 + ae^2 + cd^2 - 2cd(d+ex)}$$

$$-2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{2ce^6\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{d^3}{16a^3c} - \frac{3de^2}{64a^2c^2} - \frac{e^3\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{64a^6c^5}}}{\frac{de^7}{2a} + \frac{cd^3e^5}{2a^2} + \frac{e^8\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{4a^5c^3} + \frac{d^2e^6\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{4a^6c^2}} - \frac{2de^5\sqrt{-a^9c^5}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{-\frac{d^3}{16a^3c} - \frac{3de^2}{64a^2c^2} - \frac{e^3\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{64a^6c^5}}}{\frac{e^8\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{4c^2} + \frac{a^3c^2d^3e^5}{2} + \frac{a^4cde^7}{2} + \frac{d^2e^6\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{4ac}} \right)$$

$$-2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{2ce^6\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\frac{e^3\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{64a^6c^5} - \frac{3de^2}{64a^2c^2} - \frac{d^3}{16a^3c}}}{\frac{de^7}{2a} + \frac{cd^3e^5}{2a^2} - \frac{e^8\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{4a^5c^3} - \frac{d^2e^6\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{4a^6c^2}} - \frac{2de^5\sqrt{-a^9c^5}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\frac{e^3\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{64a^6c^5} - \frac{3de^2}{64a^2c^2} - \frac{d^3}{16a^3c}}}{\frac{e^8\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{4c^2} - \frac{a^3c^2d^3e^5}{2} - \frac{a^4cde^7}{2} + \frac{d^2e^6\sqrt{-a^9c^5}}{4ac}} \right)$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```

- (((a*e^3 + c*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(2*a*c) - (d*e*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(2*
a))/(c*(d + e*x)^2 + a*e^2 + c*d^2 - 2*c*d*(d + e*x)) - 2*atanh((2*c*e^6*(
d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- d^3/(16*a^3*c) - (3*d*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - (e^3*(-a^9*c^5
)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^5))^(1/2))/((d*e^7)/(2*a) + (c*d^3*e^5)/(2*a^2) + (e^8*
(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^5*c^3) + (d^2*e^6*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^6*c^2)) -
(2*d*e^5*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- d^3/(16*a^3*c) - (3*d*e^2)/(6
4*a^2*c^2) - (e^3*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^5))^(1/2))/((e^8*(-a^9*c^5)^(
1/2))/(4*c^2) + (a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5)/2 + (a^4*c*d*e^7)/2 + (d^2*e^6*(-a^9*c^
5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c)))*(- (e^3*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^3*d*
e^2)/(64*a^6*c^5))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((2*c*e^6*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((e^3*(-a^9*c^
5)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^5) - (3*d*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) - d^3/(16*a^3*c))^(1/2))/((
d*e^7)/(2*a) + (c*d^3*e^5)/(2*a^2) - (e^8*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^5*c^3) -
(d^2*e^6*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^6*c^2)) - (2*d*e^5*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2)*(d +
e*x)^(1/2)*((e^3*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(64*a^6*c^5) - (3*d*e^2)/(64*a^2*c^2) -
d^3/(16*a^3*c))^(1/2))/((e^8*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*c^2) - (a^3*c^2*d^3*e^5
)/2 - (a^4*c*d*e^7)/2 + (d^2*e^6*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2))/(4*a*c)))*(- (4*a^3*c^4*
d^3 - e^3*(-a^9*c^5)^(1/2) + 3*a^4*c^3*d*e^2)/(64*a^6*c^5))^(1/2)

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2303, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.80

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```



output

```
( - 4*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt
(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d -
4*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*
atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d*x**2
- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sq
rt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*e**2 - 4*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**2 - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)
+ c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d*
**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*e**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 +
c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sq
rt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)
*sqrt(2)))*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e*
**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)
)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)...
```

**3.186**       $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1549
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1550
Rubi [A] (verified)	1551
Maple [F(-1)]	1556
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1556
Sympy [F(-1)]	1557
Maxima [F]	1558
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1558
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1559
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1560

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 471

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)} - \frac{e\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}-\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{3/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{e\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{3/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{e\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{cd}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}ac^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

output

```

1/2*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/(c*x^2+a)-1/8*e*(1+c^(1/2)*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*ar
ctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))
/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a/c^(3/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*
e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/8*e*(1+c^(1/2)*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c
^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/
2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a/c^(3/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^
2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/8*e*(1-c^(1/2)*d/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^
(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)))*2^(1/2)/a/c^(3/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(
1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{d+ex}}{a+cx^2} + \frac{i(2\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} - \frac{i(2\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}}{4a^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

((2*Sqrt[a]*x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a + c*x^2) + (I*(2*Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*
ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + I*S
qrt[a]*e)))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) - (I*(2*Sqrt[c]*d
- I*Sqrt[a]*e)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/
(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]))/
(4*a^(3/2))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 676, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {494, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 494 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2d+ex}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2d+ex}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{4a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(2d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{2d+ex}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1483 \\
 & e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}d+\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{c} \left( d - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}d + \sqrt[4]{c} \left( d - \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2a}{x\sqrt{d+ex}} \\ \frac{2a}{2a(a+cx^2)}$$

↓ 1142

$$e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2} \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \left( d - \frac{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right))}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2} \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \left( d - \frac{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right))}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+\sqrt{cd}})^{3/2} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+\sqrt{cd}}}}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)}$$

↓ 1083

$$e \left( \frac{\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+\sqrt{cd}})^{3/2} \int \frac{1}{-d+2\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)-ex} d\left(2\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{C}\sqrt{d+ex}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+\sqrt{cd}}}}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$e \left( \frac{\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{(\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+\sqrt{cd}})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{C}\left(2\sqrt{d+ex}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+\sqrt{cd}}}}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)}$$

↓ 1103

$$e \left( \frac{(\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}} \right) - \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d - \frac{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \log \left( -\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(a+cx^2)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a + c*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(2*a*(a + c*x^2)) + (e*((-(((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4))*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])) - (c^(1/4)*(d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]/Sqrt[c])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-(((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4))*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (c^(1/4)*(d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]/Sqrt[c])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(2*a)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 494  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x)^n) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3) + d \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 3) \cdot x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[n, 1] \ || \ (\text{ILtQ}[n + 2 \cdot p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2])) \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 654  $\text{Int}[(f_ + (g_ \cdot x)) / (\text{Sqrt}[d_ + (e_ \cdot x)] \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot x)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e \cdot f - d \cdot g + g \cdot x^2) / (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2 - 2 \cdot c \cdot d \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e \cdot x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\}$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\}$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e / (2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\}$

rule 1483  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)^2) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2 + (c_ \cdot x)^4)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[a/c, 2]\}, \text{With}\{r = \text{Rt}[2 \cdot q - b/c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot c \cdot q \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(d \cdot r - (d - e \cdot q) \cdot x) / (q - r \cdot x + x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot c \cdot q \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(d \cdot r + (d - e \cdot q) \cdot x) / (q + r \cdot x + x^2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]$



**Maple [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1371 vs. 2(368) = 736.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1371, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/8*((a*c*x^2 + a^2)*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 + (a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2
)*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2
+ a^4*c*e^2))*log((4*c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (a^2*c*d*e^4 - (2
*a^3*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^2*e^4)*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 + 2
*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 + (a^3*c^2*d^
2 + a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4))
)/(a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2))) - (a*c*x^2 + a^2)*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2
+ (a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a
^5*c^3*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2))*log((4*c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*sqrt(e*
x + d) - (a^2*c*d*e^4 - (2*a^3*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^4*c^3*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^2*e^4)*
sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3
+ 3*a*d*e^2 + (a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^
4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2))) + (a*c*x^2 + a^2)*s
qrt(-(4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 - (a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5*d
^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2))*log((4*
c*d^2*e^3 + a*e^5)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (a^2*c*d*e^4 + (2*a^3*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^4*c
^3*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^2*e^4)*sqrt(-e^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5
*c^3*e^4)))*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 - (a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*e^2)*sqrt(-e
^6/(a^3*c^5*d^4 + 2*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^2 + a^5*c^3*e^4)))/(a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*c*
e^2))) - (a*c*x^2 + a^2)*sqrt(-(4*c*d^3 + 3*a*d*e^2 - (a^3*c^2*d^2 + a^...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx \\ &= \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}e - \sqrt{ex+d}de}{2((ex+d)^2c - 2(ex+d)cd + cd^2 + ae^2)a} \\ &+ \frac{(2acd^2e|c| + a^2e^3|c| - \sqrt{-acde}|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{acd + \sqrt{a^2c^2d^2 - (acd^2 + a^2e^2)ac}}{ac}}}}{4(a^2ce + \sqrt{-acacd})\sqrt{-c^2d} - \sqrt{-acce}|a||e|}\right)}{4(a^2ce + \sqrt{-acacd})\sqrt{-c^2d} - \sqrt{-acce}|a||e|} \\ &+ \frac{(2acd^2e|c| + a^2e^3|c| + \sqrt{-acde}|a||c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{acd - \sqrt{a^2c^2d^2 - (acd^2 + a^2e^2)ac}}{ac}}}}{4(a^2ce - \sqrt{-acacd})\sqrt{-c^2d} + \sqrt{-acce}|a||e|}\right)}{4(a^2ce - \sqrt{-acacd})\sqrt{-c^2d} + \sqrt{-acce}|a||e|} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*e - sqrt(e*x + d)*d*e)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*
c*d + c*d^2 + a*e^2)*a) + 1/4*(2*a*c*d^2*e*abs(c) + a^2*e^3*abs(c) - sqrt(
-a*c)*d*e*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c*d + sqrt(a
^2*c^2*d^2 - (a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*a*c)))/(a*c)))/((a^2*c*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*
d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e)) + 1/4*(2*a*c*d^2*e*abs(c)
+ a^2*e^3*abs(c) + sqrt(-a*c)*d*e*abs(a)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x +
d)/sqrt(-(a*c*d - sqrt(a^2*c^2*d^2 - (a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*a*c)))/(a*c)))/((a
^2*c*e - sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(a)*abs(e))
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2380, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

```
atan((((8*c^3*d*e^3 - 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2)
+ 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 + a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2))
*(-e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c
^4*d^2 + a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2) + ((a*c^2*e^4 - 4*c^3*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)
)/a^2)*(-e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a
^6*c^4*d^2 + a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2)*1i - ((8*c^3*d*e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d +
e*x)^(1/2)*(-e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64
*(a^6*c^4*d^2 + a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2))*(-e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*
d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 + a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2) - ((a*c^2*e
^4 - 4*c^3*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/a^2)*(-e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*
c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 + a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2)*1i)/((4
*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a*c*e^5)/(4*a^3) + ((8*c^3*d*e^3 - 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)
^(1/2)*(-e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6
*c^4*d^2 + a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2))*(-e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 +
3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 + a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2) + ((a*c^2*e^4 -
4*c^3*d^2*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/a^2)*(-e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d
^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 + a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2) + (((8*c^3*d*
e^3 + 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d
^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 + a^7*c^3*e^2)))^(1/2))*(-e^3*(-a
^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^4*c^2*d*e^2)/(64*(a^6*c^4*d^2 + a^7*c...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3166, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt
(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*e**
2 - 4*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt
(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**2
- 2*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(
2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqr
t(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*e**2*
x**2 - 4*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*s
qrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c**2*
d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*at
an((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*d*e**2 -
4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqr
t(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*d**3 - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**
2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqr...
```

**3.187**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1561
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1562
Rubi [A] (verified)	1563
Maple [F(-1)]	1568
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1568
Sympy [F(-1)]	1569
Maxima [F]	1569
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1569
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1570
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1571

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 566

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{e(cd^2+3ae^2+\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{e(cd^2+3ae^2+\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{e(cd^2+3ae^2-\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2+ae^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(c d x + a e) (e x + d)^{1/2}}{a (a e^2 + c d^2) \sqrt{c x^2 + a}} - \frac{1}{8} \frac{e (c d^2 + 3 a e^2 + c^{1/2} d (a e^2 + c d^2)^{1/2}) \arctan\left(\frac{(c^{1/2} d + (a e^2 + c d^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} - 2^{1/2} c^{1/4} (e x + d)^{1/2}}{-c^{1/2} d + (a e^2 + c d^2)^{1/2}}\right)^{1/2}}{c^{1/4} (a e^2 + c d^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{8} \frac{e (c d^2 + 3 a e^2 + c^{1/2} d (a e^2 + c d^2)^{1/2}) \arctan\left(\frac{(c^{1/2} d + (a e^2 + c d^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} + 2^{1/2} c^{1/4} (e x + d)^{1/2}}{-c^{1/2} d + (a e^2 + c d^2)^{1/2}}\right)^{1/2}}{c^{1/4} (a e^2 + c d^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{8} \frac{e (c d^2 + 3 a e^2 - c^{1/2} d (a e^2 + c d^2)^{1/2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^{1/2} c^{1/4} (c^{1/2} d + (a e^2 + c d^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} (e x + d)^{1/2}}{(a e^2 + c d^2)^{1/2} + c^{1/2} (e x + d)}\right)^{1/2}}{c^{1/4} (a e^2 + c d^2)^{3/2}}$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d + e x} (a + c x^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{a}(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)} + \frac{i(2\sqrt{cd+3i\sqrt{ae}})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}}{4a^{3/2}} - \frac{i(2\sqrt{cd-3i\sqrt{ae}})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}$$

input

Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e\*x]\*(a + c\*x^2)^2), x]

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{a}(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex})/((cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)) + (I(2\sqrt{c}d + (3I)\sqrt{a}e)\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{-(cd)} - I\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c})e]\sqrt{d+ex})/(\sqrt{c}d + I\sqrt{a}e))/((\sqrt{c}d + I\sqrt{a}e)\sqrt{-(cd)} - I\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e) - (I(2\sqrt{c}d - (3I)\sqrt{a}e)\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{-(cd)} + I\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c})e]\sqrt{d+ex})/(\sqrt{c}d - I\sqrt{a}e))/((\sqrt{c}d - I\sqrt{a}e)\sqrt{-(cd)} + I\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e))/(4a^{3/2})$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 799, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + cx^2)^2 \sqrt{d + ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae + cdx)}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2cd^2 + cexd + 3ae^2}{2\sqrt{d + ex}(cx^2 + a)} dx}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cd^2 + cexd + 3ae^2}{\sqrt{d + ex}(cx^2 + a)} dx}{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae + cdx)}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e(cd^2 + c(d + ex)d + 3ae^2)}{cd^2 - 2c(d + ex)d + ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae + cdx)}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{cd^2 + c(d + ex)d + 3ae^2}{cd^2 - 2c(d + ex)d + ae^2 + c(d + ex)^2} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae + cdx)}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1483 \\
 & e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(cd^2 + 3ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2 - \sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d + 3ae^2)}{\sqrt{d + ex}} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( \frac{d + ex + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\sqrt{d + ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(cd^2 + 3ae^2) + \sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2 - \sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d + 3ae^2)}}{\sqrt{d + ex}} d\sqrt{d + ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( \frac{d + ex + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\sqrt{d + ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d + ex}(ae + cdx)}{2a(a + cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(cd^2+3ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+3ae^2)+\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)$$

$$2a(ae^2 + cd^2)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

1142

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} +$$

$$e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} +$$

$$e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

27

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} + \\
 e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

1083

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} + \\
 e \left( \frac{(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)} \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}} - \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

219

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} + \\
 e \left( \frac{(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)} \arctan \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} - \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

1103

$$e \left( \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(2\sqrt{d+ex}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+3ae^2) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output `((a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + (e*((-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2 + Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]] - (c^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2 - Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2 + Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (c^(1/4)*(c*d^2 + 3*a*e^2 - Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 496  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x))^{\text{n}_}*(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x)^2)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{-(a*d + b*c*x)})*(c + d*x)^{\text{n} + 1}*(\text{a} + \text{b*x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1}/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{\text{n}}*(\text{a} + \text{b*x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1}*\text{Simp}[\text{b*c}^2*(2*\text{p} + 3) + \text{a*d}^2*(\text{n} + 2*\text{p} + 3) + \text{b*c*d}*(\text{n} + 2*\text{p} + 4)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[\text{a}, 0, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$
- rule 654  $\text{Int}[(\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_)*(x)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x)]*(\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_)*(x)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{e*f} - \text{d*g} + \text{g*x}^2)/(\text{c*d}^2 + \text{a*e}^2 - 2*\text{c*d*x}^2 + \text{c*x}^4), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{Sqrt}[\text{d} + \text{e*x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1083  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x) + (\text{c}_)*(x)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a*c} - \text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{b} + 2*\text{c*x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x)]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x) + (\text{c}_)*(x)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[\text{a} + \text{b*x} + \text{c*x}^2, \text{x}]]/\text{b}), \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{2*c*d} - \text{b*e}, 0]$
- rule 1142  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_)*(x)]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x) + (\text{c}_)*(x)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*\text{c*d} - \text{b*e})/(2*\text{c}) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{a} + \text{b*x} + \text{c*x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{e}/(2*\text{c}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{b} + 2*\text{c*x})/(\text{a} + \text{b*x} + \text{c*x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}\}, \text{x}]$

rule 1483

```

Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) In
t[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r
+ (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && N
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]

```

**Maple [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex+d} (cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3267 vs. 2(458) = 916.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3267, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^2\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)^2*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 875, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*((a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)^2*sqrt(-a*c)*d*e*abs(c) + (a*c^2*d^4*e + 4*a^2
*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*a^3*e^5)*abs(-a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*abs(c) + (2*sqrt(-a*c)*a
*c^3*d^7*e + 7*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 8*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*c*d^3*e^5 + 3
*sqrt(-a*c)*a^4*d*e^7)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d^3 + a^2
*c*d*e^2 + sqrt((a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)^2 - (a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^2
+ a^3*e^4)*(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)))/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)))/((a^2*c^3*
d^5 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*e^4 + sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 2*sqrt(
-a*c)*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + sqrt(-a*c)*a^4*e^5)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*ab
s(-a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)) - 1/4*((a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)^2*c*d*e*abs(c) + (sq
rt(-a*c)*c^2*d^4*e + 4*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 3*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*e^5)*abs(
-a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)*abs(c) + (2*a*c^4*d^7*e + 7*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^3 + 8*a^3*
c^2*d^3*e^5 + 3*a^4*c*d*e^7)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^2*d^3
+ a^2*c*d*e^2 - sqrt((a*c^2*d^3 + a^2*c*d*e^2)^2 - (a*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^2*c*d
^2*e^2 + a^3*e^4)*(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)))/(a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*c*e^2)))/((a^
2*c^3*d^4*e + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^4*c*e^5 + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^3*d^5 + 2*sq
rt(-a*c)*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*c*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)
*c*e)*abs(-a*c*d^2*e - a^2*e^3)) + 1/2*((e*x + d)^(3/2)*c*d*e - sqrt(e*x +
d)*c*d^2*e + sqrt(e*x + d)*a*e^3)/((a*c*d^2 + a^2*e^2)*((e*x + d)^2*c - 2
*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 + a*e^2))

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5300, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```

(((a*e^3 - c*d^2*e)*(d + e*x)^(1/2))/(2*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)) + (c*d*e*(d + e
*x)^(3/2))/(2*a*(a*e^2 + c*d^2)))/(c*(d + e*x)^2 + a*e^2 + c*d^2 - 2*c*d*(
d + e*x)) - atan((((192*a^5*c^3*e^7 + 64*a^3*c^5*d^4*e^3 + 256*a^4*c^4*d^
2*e^5)/(8*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^2*e^2)) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(6
4*a^5*c^4*d*e^6 + 64*a^3*c^6*d^5*e^2 + 128*a^4*c^5*d^3*e^4)*(-(9*a*e^5*(-a
^9*c)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^5 + 5*c*d^2*e^3*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) + 15*a^4*c^2*d^3*
e^2 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^4)/(64*(a^9*c*e^6 + a^6*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^7*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3
*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2))/(a^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2))*(-(9
*a*e^5*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^5 + 5*c*d^2*e^3*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) + 15*a^
4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^4)/(64*(a^9*c*e^6 + a^6*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^7*c^3*d
^4*e^2 + 3*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(9*a^2*c^3*e^6 + 4*
c^5*d^4*e^2 + 11*a*c^4*d^2*e^4))/(a^4*e^4 + a^2*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2)
)*(-(9*a*e^5*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^5 + 5*c*d^2*e^3*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) +
15*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^4)/(64*(a^9*c*e^6 + a^6*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^7
*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)*1i - (((192*a^5*c^3*e^7 + 64*a^3
*c^5*d^4*e^3 + 256*a^4*c^4*d^2*e^5)/(8*(a^5*e^4 + a^3*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^4*c*d^
2*e^2)) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(64*a^5*c^4*d*e^6 + 64*a^3*c^6*d^5*e^2 + 128*a^
4*c^5*d^3*e^4)*(-(9*a*e^5*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) + 4*a^3*c^3*d^5 + 5*c*d^2*e^3*(-a
^9*c)^(1/2) + 15*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + 15*a^5*c*d*e^4)/(64*(a^9*c*e^6 + a^6*c^
4*d^6 + 3*a^7*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^8*c^2*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2))/(a^4*e^4 + a^2*...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4039, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.14

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)
```



output

```
( - 8*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt
(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c*d
*e**2 - 4*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*
sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c*
*2*d**3 - 8*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d
)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*
c**2*d*e**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d*
*2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2)
- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sq
rt(2)))*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d
)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*
*3*e**4 - 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*ata
n((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d +
e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**
2 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x)...
```

**3.188**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1573
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1574
Rubi [A] (verified)	1575
Maple [A] (verified)	1581
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1582
Sympy [F]	1582
Maxima [F]	1582
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1583
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1584
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1584

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 638

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e(cd^2 - 5ae^2)}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \sqrt{d+ex}}$$

$$+ \frac{ae + cdx}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{d+ex} (a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce} \left( cd^2 - 5ae^2 + \frac{\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+13ae^2)}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \right) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2}a(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce} \left( cd^2 - 5ae^2 + \frac{\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+13ae^2)}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \right) \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2}a(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{ce} \left( cd^2 - 5ae^2 - \frac{\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+13ae^2)}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} + \sqrt{c(d+ex)}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2}a(cd^2 + ae^2)^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*e*(-5*a*e^2+c*d^2)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/2*(c*d*x+a*e)/a/( \\ & a*e^2+c*d^2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)-1/8*c^(1/4)*e*(c*d^2-5*a*e^2+c^(1/2)* \\ & d*(13*a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)) \\ & )^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)) \\ & )^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+ \\ & 1/8*c^(1/4)*e*(c*d^2-5*a*e^2+c^(1/2)*d*(13*a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2) \\ & ))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2) \\ & )/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(- \\ & c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/8*c^(1/4)*e*(c*d^2-5*a*e^2-c^(1/2)* \\ & d*(13*a*e^2+c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d \\ & +(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e* \\ & x+d))) *2^(1/2)/a/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^2/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}(-4a^2e^3+c^2d^2x(d+ex)+ace(2d^2+dex-5e^2x^2))}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)} + \frac{i(2cd+5i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(-4*a^2*e^3 + c^2*d^2*x*(d + e*x) + a*c*e*(2*d^2 + d*e*x - 5*e \\ & ^2*x^2)))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)) + (I*(2*c*d + (5*I \\ & )*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e \\ & *x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)])/((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) \\ & - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]) - (I*(2*c*d - (5*I)*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqr \\ & t}[-(c*d) + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]) \\ & /((\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)^2*\text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]))/(4*a^(3 \\ & /2)) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 911, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.737$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 655, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2cd^2+3cexd+5ae^2}{2(d+ex)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+3cexd+5ae^2}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 655 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(2d(cd^2+4ae^2)+e(cd^2-5ae^2)x)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{2d(cd^2+4ae^2)+e(cd^2-5ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{2c \int \frac{e(d(cd^2+13ae^2)+(cd^2-5ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2ce \int \frac{d(cd^2+13ae^2)+(cd^2-5ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1483

$$2ce \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2d\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+13ae^2) + 4\sqrt{c} \left( \frac{(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - d(cd^2+13ae^2) \right) \sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2d\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+13ae^2) + 4\sqrt{c} \left( \frac{(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - d(cd^2+13ae^2) \right) \sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{ae^2+cd^2}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$2ce \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2d\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+13ae^2) + 4\sqrt{c} \left( \frac{(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - d(cd^2+13ae^2) \right) \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2d\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+13ae^2) + 4\sqrt{c} \left( \frac{(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - d(cd^2+13ae^2) \right) \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{ae^2+cd^2}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

↓ 1142

$$2ce \left( \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(c^{3/2}d^3+13a\sqrt{c}e^2d+(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}} + \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} +$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{ae + cdx}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2 + a)} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(c^{3/2}d^3+13a\sqrt{ce^2}d+(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

$$\frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}}$$

27

$$\frac{ae + cdx}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2 + a)} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(c^{3/2}d^3+13a\sqrt{ce^2}d+(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

$$\frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}}$$

1083

$$\frac{ae + cdx}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2 + a)} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(c^{3/2}d^3+13a\sqrt{ce^2}d+(cd^2-5ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{-d+2\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)-ex} d\left(2\sqrt{d+ex}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)$$

$$\frac{2e(cd^2-5ae^2)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{c}}$$

219

$$\frac{ae + cdx}{2a (cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{d + ex} (cx^2 + a)} + \frac{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} (c^{3/2} d^3 + 13a\sqrt{ce^2} d + (cd^2 - 5ae^2) \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} (2\sqrt{d+ex} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}})}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} \right)}{2ce \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} + \frac{2e(cd^2 - 5ae^2)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

1103

$$\frac{ae + cdx}{2a (cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{d + ex} (cx^2 + a)} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \left( \frac{(cd^2 - 5ae^2) \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - d(cd^2 + 13ae^2) \right) \log \left( \sqrt{c}(d+ex) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \right)}{2ce \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}} + \frac{2e(cd^2 - 5ae^2)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}$$

input `Int [1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)^2), x]`

output

```
(a*e + c*d*x)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)) + ((2*e*(c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*c*e*((-(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + 13*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + (c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])) + (c^(1/4)*(((c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])/Sqrt[c] - d*(c*d^2 + 13*a*e^2))*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(c^(3/2)*d^3 + 13*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + (c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])) + (c^(1/4)*(c*d^3 + 13*a*d*e^2 - ((c*d^2 - 5*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])/Sqrt[c])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c*d^2 + a*e^2))/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```



rule 496  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{-(a*d + b*c*x)}*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}\{p, -1\} \&\& \text{IntQuad}\text{raticQ}\{a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x\}$

rule 654  $\text{Int}[\{(f\_)+(g\_)(x\_)/(\text{Sqrt}\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)\}*((a\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}\{d + e*x\}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$

rule 655  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)^{(m\_)}*((f\_)+(g\_)(x\_))\}/((a\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*((d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(\text{Simp}[c*d*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \&\& \text{FractionQ}\{m\} \&\& \text{LtQ}\{m, -1\}$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2\}^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}\{2*c*d - b*e, 0\}$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1483  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)^2\}/((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2 + (c\_)(x\_)^4), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[a/c, 2]\}, \text{With}\{r = \text{Rt}[2*q - b/c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2*c*q*r) \text{Int}[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*c*q*r) \text{Int}[(d*r + (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}\{b^2 - 4*a*c, 0\} \&\& \text{NeQ}\{c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0\} \&\& \text{NegQ}\{b^2 - 4*a*c\}$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 976, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$5 \sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{4\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} \sqrt{c-2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c-2cd}}} \left( (cx^2+a) \left( ae^2 - \frac{cd^2}{5} \right) \sqrt{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{13 \left( \frac{a(13e^2x^2+d^2)c^{\frac{3}{2}}}{13} + \dots \right)}{5} \right)$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-5/16/c^(1/2)/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(5/2)/(e*x+d)^(1/2)*((e*x+d)^(1/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)*((c*x^2+a)*(a*e^2-1/5*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+13/5*(1/13*a*(13*e^2*x^2+d^2)*c^(3/2)+c^(1/2))*a^2*e^2+1/13*c^(5/2)*d^2*x^2)*d*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-((c*x^2+a)*c*(a*e^2-1/5*c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+13/5*(1/13*a*(13*e^2*x^2+d^2)*c^(5/2)+a^2*e^2*c^(3/2)+1/13*c^(7/2)*d^2*x^2)*d*(ln((-e*x-d)*c^(1/2)+(e*x+d)^(1/2))*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-ln(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)))*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)-4*e*((e*(c*x^2+a)*c*(a*e^2-1/5*c*d^2)*(arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))-arctan((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-8/5*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)*(-1/2*e*(1/2*d*e*x-5/2*e^2*x^2+d^2)*a*c^(3/2)-1/4*d^2*x*(e*x+d)*c^(5/2)+a^2*e^3*c^(1/2)))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-13/5*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*e*(1/13*a*(13*e^2*x^2+d^2)*c^(5/2)+a^2*e^2*c^(3/2)+1/13*c^(7/2)*d^2*x^2)*d*(arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5698 vs.  $2(532) = 1064$ .

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5698, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**2)**2*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^2(ex+d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)^2*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1397 vs.  $2(532) = 1064$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1397, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*((a*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)^2*(c*d^2*e - 5*a*e^3)*abs(c)
) - (sqrt(-a*c)*c^3*d^7*e + 15*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 27*sqrt(-a*c)*a^
2*c*d^3*e^5 + 13*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*d*e^7)*abs(a*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 +
a^3*e^5)*abs(c) + 2*(a*c^6*d^12*e + 8*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^3 + 22*a^3*c^4*d^8*e
^5 + 28*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 17*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^9 + 4*a^6*c*d^2*e^11)*abs(c))*a
rctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^3*d^5 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4 + s
qrt((a*c^3*d^5 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)^2 - (a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c
^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^4 + a^4*e^6)*(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a
^3*c*e^4)))/(a*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^3*c*e^4)))/((a^2*c^4*d^8*e
+ 4*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 6*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 4*a^5*c*d^2*e^7 + a^6*e^9 + sqrt
(-a*c)*a*c^4*d^9 + 4*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^7*e^2 + 6*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^5
*e^4 + 4*sqrt(-a*c)*a^4*c*d^3*e^6 + sqrt(-a*c)*a^5*d*e^8)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sq
rt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(a*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)) + 1/4*((a*c^2*
d^4*e + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)^2*(c*d^2*e - 5*a*e^3)*abs(c) + (sqrt(-a
*c)*c^3*d^7*e + 15*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 27*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c*d^3*e^5
+ 13*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*d*e^7)*abs(a*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + a^3*e^5)*ab
s(c) + 2*(a*c^6*d^12*e + 8*a^2*c^5*d^10*e^3 + 22*a^3*c^4*d^8*e^5 + 28*a^4*
c^3*d^6*e^7 + 17*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^9 + 4*a^6*c*d^2*e^11)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e
*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^3*d^5 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4 - sqrt((a*c^3*d
^5 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^3*c*d*e^4)^2 - (a*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8777, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output

```
atan(((((-4*a^3*c^4*d^7 - 25*a^2*e^7*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) + 35*a^4*c^3*d^5*e^2 +
70*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 35*c^2*d^4*e^3*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) - 105*a^6*c*d*e^6 + 15
4*a*c*d^2*e^5*(-a^9*c)^(1/2)))/(64*(a^11*e^10 + a^6*c^5*d^10 + 5*a^10*c*d^2
*e^8 + 5*a^7*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^8*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^9*c^2*d^4*e^6)))^(1/2
))*((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-4*a^3*c^4*d^7 - 25*a^2*e^7*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) + 35*a^4*c
^3*d^5*e^2 + 70*a^5*c^2*d^3*e^4 + 35*c^2*d^4*e^3*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) - 105*a^6*
c*d*e^6 + 154*a*c*d^2*e^5*(-a^9*c)^(1/2))/(64*(a^11*e^10 + a^6*c^5*d^10 +
5*a^10*c*d^2*e^8 + 5*a^7*c^4*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^8*c^3*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^9*c^2*d^4
*e^6)))^(1/2)*(2048*a^16*c^4*d*e^22 + 2048*a^6*c^14*d^21*e^2 + 20480*a^7*c
^13*d^19*e^4 + 92160*a^8*c^12*d^17*e^6 + 245760*a^9*c^11*d^15*e^8 + 430080
*a^10*c^10*d^13*e^10 + 516096*a^11*c^9*d^11*e^12 + 430080*a^12*c^8*d^9*e^1
4 + 245760*a^13*c^7*d^7*e^16 + 92160*a^14*c^6*d^5*e^18 + 20480*a^15*c^5*d^
3*e^20) + 3328*a^14*c^4*d*e^21 + 256*a^5*c^13*d^19*e^3 + 5376*a^6*c^12*d^1
7*e^5 + 33792*a^7*c^11*d^15*e^7 + 107520*a^8*c^10*d^13*e^9 + 204288*a^9*c^
9*d^11*e^11 + 247296*a^10*c^8*d^9*e^13 + 193536*a^11*c^7*d^7*e^15 + 95232*
a^12*c^6*d^5*e^17 + 26880*a^13*c^5*d^3*e^19) + (d + e*x)^(1/2)*(128*a^3*c^
13*d^18*e^2 - 800*a^12*c^4*e^20 + 1760*a^4*c^12*d^16*e^4 + 10240*a^5*c^11*
d^14*e^6 + 30848*a^6*c^10*d^12*e^8 + 52480*a^7*c^9*d^10*e^10 + 51008*a^8*c
^8*d^8*e^12 + 25600*a^9*c^7*d^6*e^14 + 3200*a^10*c^6*d^4*e^16 - 2432*a^11*
c^5*d^2*e^18))*(-4*a^3*c^4*d^7 - 25*a^2*e^7*(-a^9*c)^(1/2) + 35*a^4*c^...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 194.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5249, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.23

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output

```
(10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)
- c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) -
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2
)))*a**3*e**4 - 18*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) +
c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)
) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c*d**2*e**2 + 10*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**
2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c*e**4*x**2 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x
)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*
atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d
+ e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2*d**4
- 18*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2
) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) -
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(
2)))*a*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(d + e*x)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2
+ c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e
**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c**3*d**4*x**2 - 16*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x...
```

**3.189**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1586
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1587
Rubi [A] (verified)	1588
Maple [A] (verified)	1596
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1597
Sympy [F(-1)]	1597
Maxima [F]	1597
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1598
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1599
Reduce [F]	1599

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 731

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{e(3cd^2 - 7ae^2)}{6a(cd^2 + ae^2)^2(d+ex)^{3/2}} + \frac{cde(cd^2 - 19ae^2)}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)^3\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{c^{3/4}e\left(\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 - 19ae^2) + \frac{c^2d^4 + 34acd^2e^2 - 7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a(cd^2 + ae^2)^3\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{3/4}e\left(\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 - 19ae^2) + \frac{c^2d^4 + 34acd^2e^2 - 7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a(cd^2 + ae^2)^3\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{c^{3/4}e\left(\sqrt{cd}(cd^2 - 19ae^2) - \frac{c^2d^4 + 34acd^2e^2 - 7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} + \sqrt{c(d+ex)}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a(cd^2 + ae^2)^3\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{6} e^{(-7ae^2+3cd^2)/a} / (ae^2+cd^2)^2 / (ex+d)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{2} cd e^{(-19ae^2+cd^2)/a} / (ae^2+cd^2)^3 / (ex+d)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{2} (cd^2x+ae) / (ae^2+cd^2) / (ex+d)^{3/2} / (cx^2+a) - \frac{1}{8} c^{3/4} e^{(c^{1/2}d^2+(-19ae^2+cd^2)+(-7a^2e^4+34ac^2d^2e^2+c^2d^4)/(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})} \arctan\left(\frac{(c^{1/2}d+(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}-2^{1/2}c^{1/4}(ex+d)^{1/2}}{(-c^{1/2}d+(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}}\right) * 2^{1/2} / a / (ae^2+cd^2)^3 / (-c^{1/2}d+(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} + \frac{1}{8} c^{3/4} e^{(c^{1/2}d^2+(-19ae^2+cd^2)+(-7a^2e^4+34ac^2d^2e^2+c^2d^4)/(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})} \arctan\left(\frac{(c^{1/2}d+(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}+2^{1/2}c^{1/4}(ex+d)^{1/2}}{(-c^{1/2}d+(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}}\right) * 2^{1/2} / a / (ae^2+cd^2)^3 / (-c^{1/2}d+(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} - \frac{1}{8} c^{3/4} e^{(c^{1/2}d^2+(-19ae^2+cd^2)+(-7a^2e^4+34ac^2d^2e^2+c^2d^4)/(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^{1/2}c^{1/4}(c^{1/2}d+(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2}(ex+d)^{1/2}}{(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2}+c^{1/2}(ex+d)}\right) * 2^{1/2} / a / (ae^2+cd^2)^3 / (c^{1/2}d+(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2})^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2} (a+cx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{a}(4a^3e^5-3c^3d^3x(d+ex)^2+a^2ce^3(55d^2+54dex+7e^2x^2)+ac^2de(-9d^3-9d^2ex+61de^2x^2+57e^3x^3))}{(cd^2+ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)}$$

input

Integrate[1/((d + e\*x)^(5/2)\*(a + c\*x^2)^2), x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( (-2\sqrt{a}(4a^3e^5-3c^3d^3x(d+ex)^2+a^2ce^3(55d^2+54d^2ex+7e^2x^2)+ac^2de(-9d^3-9d^2ex+61de^2x^2+57e^3x^3))) / ((cd^2+ae^2)^3(d+ex)^{3/2}(a+cx^2)) + (3\sqrt{-(cd)} - I\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e) * ((-2I)cd + 7\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e) * \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-(cd)} - I\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e}{\sqrt{c}d + I\sqrt{a}e}\right] \right) / (\sqrt{c}d + I\sqrt{a}e)^4 + (3\sqrt{-(cd)} + I\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e) * ((2I)cd + 7\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e) * \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-(cd)} + I\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}e}{\sqrt{c}d - I\sqrt{a}e}\right] \right) / (\sqrt{c}d - I\sqrt{a}e)^4 / (12a^{3/2}) \end{aligned}$$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1013, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.789$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 655, 27, 655, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^2 (d+ex)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2cd^2+5cexd+7ae^2}{2(d+ex)^{5/2}(cx^2+a)} dx}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cd^2+5cexd+7ae^2}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(cx^2+a)} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 655 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{c(2d(cd^2+6ae^2)+e(3cd^2-7ae^2)x)}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{2e(3cd^2-7ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{2d(cd^2+6ae^2)+e(3cd^2-7ae^2)x}{(d+ex)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{2e(3cd^2-7ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 655 \\
 & \frac{c \left( \frac{\int \frac{2c^2d^4+15ace^2d^2+ce(cd^2-19ae^2)xd-7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{2de(cd^2-19ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)}{ae^2+cd^2} + \frac{2e(3cd^2-7ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654
 \end{aligned}$$

$$c \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e(c^2 d^4 + 34ace^2 d^2 + c(cd^2 - 19ae^2)(d+ex)d - 7a^2 e^4)}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2de(cd^2 - 19ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{ae^2 + cd^2} \right) + \frac{2e(3cd^2 - 7ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)} +$$

$$\frac{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{ae + cdx}$$

$$\frac{2a(a + cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{}$$

27

$$c \left( \frac{2e \int \frac{c^2 d^4 + 34ace^2 d^2 + c(cd^2 - 19ae^2)(d+ex)d - 7a^2 e^4}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{2de(cd^2 - 19ae^2)}{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{ae^2 + cd^2} \right) + \frac{2e(3cd^2 - 7ae^2)}{3(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)} +$$

$$\frac{4a(ae^2 + cd^2)}{ae + cdx}$$

$$\frac{2a(a + cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)}{}$$

1483

$$c \left( \frac{2e \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(c^2 d^4 + 34ace^2 d^2 - 7a^2 e^4) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{C}(c^2 d^4 + 34ace^2 d^2 - \sqrt{c}(cd^2 - 19ae^2) \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} d - 7a^2 e^4) \sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{C} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{C}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{C} \sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} \sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} \right)}{ae^2 + cd^2} \right) +$$

$ae^2 + cd^2$

$4a(a$

$$\frac{ae + cdx}{2a(a + cx^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

27

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(c^2d^4+34ace^2d^2-7a^2e^4)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt[4]{c}(c^2d^4+34ace^2d^2-\sqrt{c}(cd^2-19ae^2))\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-7a^2e^4)}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{c}}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{c}} \right. \\
 \left. \frac{2e}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{ae^2+cd^2}{ae^2+cd^2} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$ae^2+cd^2$

$4a(a$

$$\frac{ae+cdx}{2a(a+cx^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae^2+cd^2)}$$

1142

$$\frac{ae+cdx}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}(cx^2+a)} +$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(c^2d^4+34ace^2d^2+\sqrt{c}(cd^2-19ae^2))\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d-7a^2e^4}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{c}}} \right) \\
 \frac{2de(cd^2-19ae^2)}{(cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} +
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2e(3cd^2-7ae^2)}{3(cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} +$$

25

$$\frac{ae + cd x}{2a (cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{3/2} (cx^2 + a)} +$$

$$\left( \frac{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} (c^2 d^4 + 34ace^2 d^2 + \sqrt{c} (cd^2 - 19ae^2) \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} d - 7a^2 e^4) \int \frac{d + ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2e} \right)$$

$$c \frac{2de (cd^2 - 19ae^2)}{(cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{d + ex}} +$$

$$\frac{2e(3cd^2 - 7ae^2)}{3(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}} +$$

27

$$\frac{ae + cd x}{2a (cd^2 + ae^2) (d + ex)^{3/2} (cx^2 + a)} +$$

$$\left( \frac{\sqrt{cd + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} (c^2 d^4 + 34ace^2 d^2 + \sqrt{c} (cd^2 - 19ae^2) \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2} d - 7a^2 e^4) \int \frac{d + ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2e} \right)$$

$$c \frac{2de (cd^2 - 19ae^2)}{(cd^2 + ae^2) \sqrt{d + ex}} +$$

$$\frac{2e(3cd^2 - 7ae^2)}{3(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}} +$$

1083

$$\frac{ae + cdx}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(cx^2 + a)} +$$

$$\left( \frac{c^2 d^4 + 34ace^2 d^2 - \sqrt{c}(cd^2 - 19ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d - 7a^2 e^4}{(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2e} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2e(3cd^2 - 7ae^2)}{3(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

219

$$\frac{ae + cdx}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(cx^2 + a)} +$$

$$\left( \frac{c^2 d^4 + 34ace^2 d^2 - \sqrt{c}(cd^2 - 19ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d - 7a^2 e^4}{(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2e} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{2e(3cd^2 - 7ae^2)}{3(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}}$$

1103

$$\frac{ae + cd}{2a(cd^2 + ae^2)(d + ex)^{3/2}(cx^2 + a)} +$$

$$\frac{2de(cd^2 - 19ae^2)}{(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}} +$$

$$\frac{2e(3cd^2 - 7ae^2)}{3(cd^2 + ae^2)(d+ex)^{3/2}} +$$

$$\frac{2e}{c} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}(c^2d^4 + 34ace^2d^2 + \sqrt{c}(cd^2 - 19ae^2)\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d - 7a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} - \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}\right)$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(5/2)*(a + c*x^2)^2),x]`

output

```
(a*e + c*d*x)/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)) + ((2*e*(3
*c*d^2 - 7*a*e^2))/(3*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)) + (c*((2*d*e*(c*d^2
- 19*a*e^2))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*Sqrt[d + e*x]) + (2*e*((-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqr
t[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*(c^2*d^4 + 34*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 7*a^2*e^4 + Sqrt
[c]*d*(c*d^2 - 19*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]
*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt
[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 +
a*e^2]]) - (c^(1/4)*(c^2*d^4 + 34*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 7*a^2*e^4 - Sqrt[c]*d*(c*
d^2 - 19*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(
1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*
x))/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2
+ a*e^2]]) + (-((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(c^2*d^4 +
34*a*c*d^2*e^2 - 7*a^2*e^4 + Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 - 19*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*
e^2])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))/c^(
1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))
)/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (c^(1/4)*(c^2*d^4 + 34*a*c*d^2*
e^2 - 7*a^2*e^4 - Sqrt[c]*d*(c*d^2 - 19*a*e^2)*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sq
rt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*
Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e
^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)))/(c*d^2 +...
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 496  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{-(a*d + b*c*x)}*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}\{p, -1\} \&\& \text{IntQuad}\text{raticQ}\{a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x\}$

rule 654  $\text{Int}[\{(f\_)+(g\_)(x\_)/(\text{Sqrt}\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)\}*((a\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}\{d + e*x\}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$

rule 655  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)^{(m\_)}*((f\_)+(g\_)(x\_))\}/((a\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*((d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(\text{Simp}[c*d*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \&\& \text{FractionQ}\{m\} \&\& \text{LtQ}\{m, -1\}$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2\}^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}\{2*c*d - b*e, 0\}$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1483  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)^2\}/((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2 + (c\_)(x\_)^4), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[a/c, 2]\}, \text{With}\{r = \text{Rt}[2*q - b/c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2*c*q*r) \text{Int}[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*c*q*r) \text{Int}[(d*r + (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}\{b^2 - 4*a*c, 0\} \&\& \text{NeQ}\{c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0\} \&\& \text{NegQ}\{b^2 - 4*a*c\}$



## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display	1162
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display	3541
default	Expression too large to display	3541

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{7}{4} \frac{1}{(ae^2+cd^2)^{7/2}} \left( \frac{1}{4} (4(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2}c^{1/2} - 2((ae^2+cd^2)c)^{1/2} - 2cd)^{1/2} \right. \\ \left. (2((ae^2+cd^2)c)^{1/2} + 2cd)^{1/2} \right) \left( (-19/7(-1/19aa(-19e^2x^2+d^2)c^{3/2} + c^{1/2}a^2e^2 - 1/19c^{5/2}d^2x^2) \right. \\ \left. d*(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2} + (a^2e^4 - 34/7aacd^2e^2 - 1/7c^2d^4)(cx^2+a) \right) \left( (ae^2+cd^2)c^{1/2} - (-19/7(-1/19aa(-19e^2x^2+d^2)c^{5/2} + a^2e^2c^{3/2} - 1/19c^{7/2}d^2x^2) \right. \\ \left. d*(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2} + (a^2e^4 - 34/7aacd^2e^2 - 1/7c^2d^4)(cx^2+a)c \right) d \left( (e*x+d)^{3/2} \ln(c^{1/2}(e*x+d) - (e*x+d)^{1/2}) \right) \\ \left. (2((ae^2+cd^2)c)^{1/2} + 2cd)^{1/2} + (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} (4(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2}c^{1/2} - 2((ae^2+cd^2)c)^{1/2} - 2cd)^{1/2} \left( 2((ae^2+cd^2)c)^{1/2} + 2cd \right)^{1/2} \\ \left( (-19/7(-1/19aa(-19e^2x^2+d^2)c^{3/2} + c^{1/2}a^2e^2 - 1/19c^{5/2}d^2x^2) \right. \\ \left. d*(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2} + (a^2e^4 - 34/7aacd^2e^2 - 1/7c^2d^4)(cx^2+a) \right) \left( (ae^2+cd^2)c^{1/2} - (-19/7(-1/19aa(-19e^2x^2+d^2)c^{5/2} + a^2e^2c^{3/2} - 1/19c^{7/2}d^2x^2) \right. \\ \left. d*(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2} + (a^2e^4 - 34/7aacd^2e^2 - 1/7c^2d^4)(cx^2+a)c \right) d \left( (e*x+d)^{3/2} \ln(c^{1/2}(e*x+d) + (e*x+d)^{1/2}) \right) \\ \left. (2((ae^2+cd^2)c)^{1/2} + 2cd)^{1/2} + (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2} \right) + e \left( -\frac{8}{21} (ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2} \left( -\frac{3}{4} d^3 x (e*x+d)^2 c^3 - \frac{9}{4} e \left( -\frac{19}{3} e^3 x^3 - \frac{61}{9} d e^2 x^2 + d^2 e x + d^3 \right) a d c^2 + \frac{55}{4} \left( \frac{7}{55} e^2 x^2 + \frac{54}{55} d e x + d^2 \right) e^3 a^2 c + a^3 e^5 \right) \right. \\ \left. (4(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2}c^{1/2} - 2((ae^2+cd^2)c)^{1/2} - 2cd)^{1/2} + e \left( \arctan\left(-2c^{1/2}(e*x+d)^{1/2} + 2((ae^2+cd^2)c)^{1/2} + 2cd\right)^{1/2} \right) \right) / (4(ae^2+cd^2)^{1/2}c \dots$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8281 vs.  $2(621) = 1242$ .

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8281, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^2(ex+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)^2*(e*x + d)^(5/2)), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2014 vs. 2(621) = 1242.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2014, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*((a*c^3*d^6*e + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 + a^4*e^7)^2*(c^2
*d^3*e - 19*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(c) - (sqrt(-a*c)*c^5*d^10*e + 37*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c
^4*d^8*e^3 + 98*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^5 + 82*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^7
+ 13*sqrt(-a*c)*a^4*c*d^2*e^9 - 7*sqrt(-a*c)*a^5*e^11)*abs(-a*c^3*d^6*e -
3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 - a^4*e^7)*abs(c) + (2*a*c^9*d^17*e +
27*a^2*c^8*d^15*e^3 + 113*a^3*c^7*d^13*e^5 + 223*a^4*c^6*d^11*e^7 + 225*a
^5*c^5*d^9*e^9 + 97*a^6*c^4*d^7*e^11 - 13*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^13 - 27*a^8*c^2*d^
3*e^15 - 7*a^9*c*d*e^17)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a*c^4*d^7 + 3
*a^2*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^4*c*d*e^6) + sqrt((a*c^4*d^7 + 3*a
^2*c^3*d^5*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^4 + a^4*c*d*e^6)^2 - (a*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^2*c
^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^4 + 4*a^4*c*d^2*e^6 + a^5*e^8)*(a*c^4*d^6 + 3
*a^2*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^4*c*e^6)))/(a*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^3
*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^4 + a^4*c*e^6)))/((a^2*c^6*d^12*e + 6*a^3*c^5*d
^10*e^3 + 15*a^4*c^4*d^8*e^5 + 20*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 15*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^9 + 6
*a^7*c*d^2*e^11 + a^8*e^13 - sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^6*d^13 - 6*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^5*
d^11*e^2 - 15*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*c^4*d^9*e^4 - 20*sqrt(-a*c)*a^4*c^3*d^7*e^6 -
15*sqrt(-a*c)*a^5*c^2*d^5*e^8 - 6*sqrt(-a*c)*a^6*c*d^3*e^10 - sqrt(-a*c)*
a^7*d*e^12)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(-a*c^3*d^6*e - 3*a^2*c^2*d^4
*e^3 - 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 - a^4*e^7)) - 1/4*((a*c^3*d^6*e + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^3
+ 3*a^3*c*d^2*e^5 + a^4*e^7)^2*(c^2*d^3*e - 19*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(c) + (sq...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12390, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^2*(d + e*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output

```
atan((((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(1568*a^16*c^5*e^28 + 128*a^3*c^18*d^26*e^2 + 3040*
a^4*c^17*d^24*e^4 + 29120*a^5*c^16*d^22*e^6 + 128128*a^6*c^15*d^20*e^8 + 2
82560*a^7*c^14*d^18*e^10 + 242016*a^8*c^13*d^16*e^12 - 282240*a^9*c^12*d^1
4*e^14 - 1059840*a^10*c^11*d^12*e^16 - 1403904*a^11*c^10*d^10*e^18 - 10494
40*a^12*c^9*d^8*e^20 - 456512*a^13*c^8*d^6*e^22 - 100480*a^14*c^7*d^4*e^24
- 4160*a^15*c^6*d^2*e^26) + (-4*a^3*c^6*d^9 - 49*a^3*e^9*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2)
) + 315*a^7*c^2*d*e^8 + 63*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 1155*a^
6*c^3*d^3*e^6 - 105*c^3*d^6*e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 819*a*c^2*d^4*e^5*(-a^9
*c^3)^(1/2) + 837*a^2*c*d^2*e^7*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2))/(64*(a^13*e^14 + a^6*c^7
*d^14 + 7*a^12*c*d^2*e^12 + 7*a^7*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 21*a^8*c^5*d^10*e^4 + 35*
a^9*c^4*d^8*e^6 + 35*a^10*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21*a^11*c^2*d^4*e^10)))^(1/2)*((d
+ e*x)^(1/2)*(-4*a^3*c^6*d^9 - 49*a^3*e^9*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 315*a^7*c^2*
d*e^8 + 63*a^4*c^5*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^5*c^4*d^5*e^4 - 1155*a^6*c^3*d^3*e^6 -
105*c^3*d^6*e^3*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) - 819*a*c^2*d^4*e^5*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2) + 83
7*a^2*c*d^2*e^7*(-a^9*c^3)^(1/2))/(64*(a^13*e^14 + a^6*c^7*d^14 + 7*a^12*c
*d^2*e^12 + 7*a^7*c^6*d^12*e^2 + 21*a^8*c^5*d^10*e^4 + 35*a^9*c^4*d^8*e^6
+ 35*a^10*c^3*d^6*e^8 + 21*a^11*c^2*d^4*e^10)))^(1/2)*(2048*a^21*c^4*d*e^3
2 + 2048*a^6*c^19*d^31*e^2 + 30720*a^7*c^18*d^29*e^4 + 215040*a^8*c^17*d^2
7*e^6 + 931840*a^9*c^16*d^25*e^8 + 2795520*a^10*c^15*d^23*e^10 + 6150144*a
^11*c^14*d^21*e^12 + 10250240*a^12*c^13*d^19*e^14 + 13178880*a^13*c^12*...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(a+cx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ex+d)^{5/2}(cx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^2,x)`

**3.190**       $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1601
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1602
Rubi [A] (verified)	1603
Maple [A] (verified)	1610
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1611
Sympy [F(-1)]	1612
Maxima [F]	1613
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1613
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1614
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1614

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 694

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{de^3\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac^2} - \frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade(11cd^2+15ae^2) - (6c^2d^4+3acd^2e^2-7a^2e^4)x)}{16a^2c^2(a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{3e(2c^2d^4+5acd^2e^2+7a^2e^4+2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cd^2+2ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{11/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{3e(2c^2d^4+5acd^2e^2+7a^2e^4+2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cd^2+2ae^2)) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{11/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{3e(2c^2d^4+5acd^2e^2+7a^2e^4-2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cd^2+2ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{11/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

output

```

-1/4*d*e^3*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/c^2-1/4*(-c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(7/2)/a/c/(c*x^2+a
)^2-1/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e*(15*a*e^2+11*c*d^2)-(-7*a^2*e^4+3*a*c*d^2*e^
2+6*c^2*d^4)*x)/a^2/c^2/(c*x^2+a)-3/64*e*(2*c^2*d^4+5*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*a^2*e^
4+2*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e
^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c
*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^2/c^(11/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(
1/2)+3/64*e*(2*c^2*d^4+5*a*c*d^2*e^2+7*a^2*e^4+2*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2)*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2))*arctan((((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/
2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/
a^2/c^(11/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-3/64*e*(2*c^2*d^4+5*a*
c*d^2*e^2+7*a^2*e^4-2*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2))*arcta
nh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a
*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/a^2/c^(11/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2
+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d+ex}(6c^3d^4x^3 - a^3e^3(19d+7ex)) + ac^2d^2x(10d^2+dex+15e^2x^2) - a^2ce(15d^3+9d^2ex+35de^2x^2+11e^3x^3)}{(a+cx^2)^2} + \dots$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(9/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```

((2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(6*c^3*d^4*x^3 - a^3*e^3*(19*d + 7*e*x)
+ a*c^2*d^2*x*(10*d^2 + d*e*x + 15*e^2*x^2) - a^2*c*e*(15*d^3 + 9*d^2*e*x
+ 35*d*e^2*x^2 + 11*e^3*x^3)))/(a + c*x^2)^2 + (3*(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e
)^3*((4*I)*c*d^2 + 10*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - (7*I)*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*
d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[
-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e] + (3*(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)^3*((-4*I)*c*d
^2 + 10*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + (7*I)*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]
*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqr
t[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])/(32*a^(5/2)*c^(5/2))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 968, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.842$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 684, 27, 653, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(6cd^2-cexd+7ae^2)}{2(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(6cd^2-cexd+7ae^2)}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{8ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{d+ex}(4c^2d^4+9ace^2d^2-2ce(cd^2+2ae^2)xd+7a^2e^4)}{2(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae(7ae^2+5cd^2)-2cdx(4ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae-cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(4c^2d^4+9ace^2d^2-2ce(cd^2+2ae^2)xd+7a^2e^4)}{cx^2+a} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae(7ae^2+5cd^2)-2cdx(4ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae-cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653
 \end{aligned}$$



$$3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{c(4c^2d^4+11ace^2d^2+11a^2e^4)+e(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+7a^2e^4)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{c} - 4de\sqrt{d+ex}(2ae^2+cd^2) \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae(7ae^2+5cd^2)-2cdx(4ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$


---

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{d(4c^2d^4+11ace^2d^2+11a^2e^4)+e(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+7a^2e^4)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx - 4de\sqrt{d+ex}(2ae^2+cd^2)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae(7ae^2+5cd^2)-2cdx(4ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 654

$$3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{e(2d(cd^2+ae^2)(cd^2+2ae^2)+(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+7a^2e^4)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 4de\sqrt{d+ex}(2ae^2+cd^2)}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae(7ae^2+5cd^2)-2cdx(4ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( 2e \int \frac{2d(cd^2+ae^2)(cd^2+2ae^2)+(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+7a^2e^4)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - 4de\sqrt{d+ex}(2ae^2+cd^2) \right) - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae(7ae^2+5cd^2)-2cdx(4ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}$$


---

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 1483

$$3 \left( 2e \int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \left( 2\sqrt{2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+2ae^2) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{C} \left( 2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cd^2+2ae^2) - \frac{2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{d+ex}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{C} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{C}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right) + \int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( 2e \int \frac{2\sqrt{2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(cd^2+2ae^2) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{C} \left( 2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cd^2+2ae^2) - \frac{2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right) + \int \frac{2\sqrt{2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}$$

4ac

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 1142

$$3 \left( 2e \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(2cd^2+4ae^2)d+7a^2e^4)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{C} \left( 2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \right) \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right)$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{7/2}}{4ac(cx^2+a)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$3 \left( 2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})(2cd^2+4ae^2)d+7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c} (2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( 2e \left( \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})(2cd^2+4ae^2)d+7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} + \frac{(2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2})}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 1083

$$3 \left( 2e \left( \frac{(2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cd^2+2ae^2)-2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+7a^2e^4)}{\sqrt{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+7a^2e^4)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right) \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 3 \\ 2e \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{(2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cd^2+2ae^2) - \frac{2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{c}}) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+7a^2e^4)}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cd x)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 1103

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 3 \\ 2e \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(2cd^2+4ae^2)d+7a^2e^4)} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c} (2d\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cd x)(d + ex)^{7/2}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

input Int[(d + e\*x)^(9/2)/(a + c\*x^2)^3,x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/4*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)})/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*((d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(a*e*(5*c*d^2 + 7*a*e^2) - 2*c*d*(3*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2)*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) \\
& + (3*(-4*d*e*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] + 2*e*((-\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4 + \text{Sqrt}[c]*d*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(2*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2))*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{(1/4)}*(-((\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^{(1/4)}) + 2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])) \\
& - (c^{(1/4)}*(2*d*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2) - (2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4)/\text{Sqrt}[c])* \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - \text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] + \text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)))/2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) \\
& + (-((\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4 + \text{Sqrt}[c]*d*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(2*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2))*\text{ArcTanh}[(c^{(1/4)}*((\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^{(1/4)} + 2*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x])))/(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d - \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])) \\
& + (c^{(1/4)}*(2*d*\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2) - (2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4)/\text{Sqrt}[c])* \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*c^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x] + \text{Sqrt}[c]*(d + e*x)))/2)/(2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*d + \text{Sqrt}[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(4*a*c))/(8*a*c)
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b\_)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 653 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1483

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) In
t[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r
+ (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && N
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 991, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3(c x^2+a)^2 \left( \left( -c^{\frac{7}{2}} d(2a e^2+c d^2) \sqrt{a e^2+c d^2} + \frac{7(a^2 e^4+\frac{5}{7} a c d^2 e^2+\frac{2}{7} c^2 d^4) c^3}{2} \right) \sqrt{(a e^2+c d^2) c} + \left( c^{\frac{9}{2}} d(2a e^2+c d^2) \sqrt{a e^2+c d^2} \right) c \right)}{\dots}$
derivativeldivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

3/64*((c*x^2+a)^2*((-c^(7/2)*d*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+7/2*(a^
2*e^4+5/7*a*c*d^2*e^2+2/7*c^2*d^4)*c^3)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+(c^(9/2)*d
*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-7/2*(a^2*e^4+5/7*a*c*d^2*e^2+2/7*c^2*
d^4)*c^4)*d*(ln((-e*x-d)*c^(1/2)+(e*x+d)^(1/2))*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)
+2*c*d)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-ln(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^(1/2))*(2*((a
*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)))*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(
1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)-4*e*(e*(arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^
2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*
c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))-arctan((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)
)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(
1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*(c*x^2+a)^2*c^(9/2)*d*(2*a*e^2+c*d^2)*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1
/2)+1/3*(11*a^2*c*e^4*x^3-15*a*c^2*d^2*e^2*x^3-6*c^3*d^4*x^3+35*a^2*c*d*e^
3*x^2-a*c^2*d^3*e*x^2+7*a^3*e^4*x+9*a^2*c*d^2*e^2*x-10*a*c^2*d^4*x+19*a^3*
d*e^3+15*a^2*c*d^3*e)*c^(9/2)*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d
^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)-1/2*e*(arctan((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(
1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/
2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))-arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)
)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-
2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*(c*x^2+a)^2*(7*a^2*e^4+5*a*c*d...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2454 vs.  $2(584) = 1168$ .

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2454, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```

1/64*(3*(a^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2)*sqrt(-(16*c^4*d^9 + 84*a*c
^3*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 210*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 + 105*a^4*d*e^8 + a^5
*c^5*sqrt(-(441*c^4*d^8*e^10 + 2268*a*c^3*d^6*e^12 + 4974*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^14
+ 5292*a^3*c*d^2*e^16 + 2401*a^4*e^18)/(a^5*c^11))))/(a^5*c^5))*log(27*(33
6*c^6*d^12*e^5 + 2460*a*c^5*d^10*e^7 + 8101*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^9 + 14968*a^3*c^
3*d^6*e^11 + 16194*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^13 + 9604*a^5*c*d^2*e^15 + 2401*a^6*e^17)
*sqrt(e*x + d) + 27*(42*a^3*c^6*d^7*e^6 + 192*a^4*c^5*d^5*e^8 + 314*a^5*c^
4*d^3*e^10 + 196*a^6*c^3*d*e^12 - (4*a^5*c^10*d^4 + 9*a^6*c^9*d^2*e^2 + 7*
a^7*c^8*e^4)*sqrt(-(441*c^4*d^8*e^10 + 2268*a*c^3*d^6*e^12 + 4974*a^2*c^2*
d^4*e^14 + 5292*a^3*c*d^2*e^16 + 2401*a^4*e^18)/(a^5*c^11))))*sqrt(-(16*c^4
*d^9 + 84*a*c^3*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 210*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 + 105*a^
4*d*e^8 + a^5*c^5*sqrt(-(441*c^4*d^8*e^10 + 2268*a*c^3*d^6*e^12 + 4974*a^2
*c^2*d^4*e^14 + 5292*a^3*c*d^2*e^16 + 2401*a^4*e^18)/(a^5*c^11))))/(a^5*c^5
))) - 3*(a^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2)*sqrt(-(16*c^4*d^9 + 84*a*c
^3*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^2*c^2*d^5*e^4 + 210*a^3*c*d^3*e^6 + 105*a^4*d*e^8 + a^5
*c^5*sqrt(-(441*c^4*d^8*e^10 + 2268*a*c^3*d^6*e^12 + 4974*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^14
+ 5292*a^3*c*d^2*e^16 + 2401*a^4*e^18)/(a^5*c^11))))/(a^5*c^5))*log(27*(33
6*c^6*d^12*e^5 + 2460*a*c^5*d^10*e^7 + 8101*a^2*c^4*d^8*e^9 + 14968*a^3*c^
3*d^6*e^11 + 16194*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^13 + 9604*a^5*c*d^2*e^15 + 2401*a^6*e^17)
*sqrt(e*x + d) - 27*(42*a^3*c^6*d^7*e^6 + 192*a^4*c^5*d^5*e^8 + 314*a^5...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(9/2)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(9/2)/(c*x^2 + a)^3, x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 779, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{9/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/32*((2*a*c^2*d^4*e + 5*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 7*a^3*e^5)*e^2*abs(c) - 2*(sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^5*e + 3*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*d*e^5)*abs(c) *abs(e) + (4*c^3*d^6*e + 11*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 11*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d + sqrt(a^4*c^6*d^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^2 + a^3*c^2*e^2)*a^2*c^3)))/(a^2*c^3)))/((a^3*c^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 3/32*((2*a*c^2*d^4*e + 5*a^2*c*d^2*e^3 + 7*a^3*e^5)*e^2*abs(c) + 2*(sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^5*e + 3*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d^3*e^3 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*d*e^5)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (4*c^3*d^6*e + 11*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 11*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d - sqrt(a^4*c^6*d^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^2 + a^3*c^2*e^2)*a^2*c^3)))/(a^2*c^3)))/((a^3*c^3*e - sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 1/16*(6*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^3*d^4*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^3*d^5*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^3*d^6*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^7*e + 15*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 - 44*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 53*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 24*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 - 11*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*a^2*c*e^5 - 2*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a^2*c*d*e^5 + 28*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 30*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*c*d^3*e^5 - 7*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a^3*e^7 - 12*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*d*e^7)/((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*a^2*c^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4769, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.87

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(9/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`output   

$$\begin{aligned} & - \left( (3*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(2*a^3*d*e^7 + c^3*d^7*e + 4*a*c^2*d^5*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d^3*e^5)) / (8*a^2*c^2) - ((d + e*x)^{(3/2)}*(18*c^3*d^6*e - 7*a^3*e^7 + 53*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 28*a^2*c*d^2*e^5)) / (16*a^2*c^2) - (e*(d + e*x)^{(7/2)}*(6*c^2*d^4 - 11*a^2*e^4 + 15*a*c*d^2*e^2)) / (16*a^2*c) + (d*(d + e*x)^{(5/2)}*(a^2*e^5 + 9*c^2*d^4*e + 22*a*c*d^2*e^3)) / (8*a^2*c) \right) / (c^2*(d + e*x)^4 + a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + (6*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2 - (4*c^2*d^3 + 4*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) - 4*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^3 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) - 2*\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{441*a*e^{12}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(-(9*d^9)/(256*a^5*c) - (945*d*e^8)/(4096*a*c^5) - (945*d^3*e^6)/(2048*a^2*c^4) - (1701*d^5*e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (189*d^7*e^2)/(1024*a^4*c^2) - (441*e^9*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)})/(4096*a^8*c^{11}) - (243*d^2*e^7*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)})/(2048*a^9*c^{10}) - (189*d^4*e^5*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)})/(4096*a^{10}*c^9))^{(1/2)}}{32*\left(\frac{9261*a*e^{17}}{2048*c^3} + \frac{16659*d^6*e^{11}}{1024*a^2} + \frac{15687*d^2*e^{15}}{1024*c^2} + \frac{13203*c*d^8*e^9}{2048*a^3} + \frac{2781*d^4*e^{13}}{128*a*c} + \frac{567*c^2*d^{10}*e^7}{512*a^4} - \frac{1323*d*e^{16}*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)}}{512*a^7*c^8} - \frac{6885*d^3*e^{14}*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)}}{1024*a^8*c^7} - \frac{6831*d^5*e^{12}*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)}}{1024*a^9*c^6} - \frac{3159*d^7*e^{10}*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)}}{1024*a^{10}*c^5} - \frac{567*d^9*e^8*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)}}{1024*a^{11}*c^4}\right)\right) + (243*d^2*e^{10}*(d + e*x)^{(1/2)}*(-(9*d^9)/(256*a^5*c) - (945*d*e^8)/(4096*a*c^5) - (945*d^3*e^6)/(2048*a^2*c^4) - (1701*d^5*e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (189*d^7*e^2)/(1024*a^4*c^2) - (441*e^9*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)})/(4096*a^8*c^{11}) - (243*d^2*e^7*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)})/(2048*a^9*c^{10}) - (189*d^4*e^5*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)})/(4096*a^{10}*c^9))^{(1/2)}}{32*\left(\frac{9261*a*e^{17}}{2048*c^3} + \frac{16659*d^6*e^{11}}{1024*a^2} + \frac{15687*d^2*e^{15}}{1024*c^2} + \frac{13203*c*d^8*e^9}{2048*a^3} + \frac{2781*d^4*e^{13}}{128*a*c} + \frac{567*c^2*d^{10}*e^7}{512*a^4} - \frac{1323*d*e^{16}*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)}}{512*a^7*c^8} - \frac{6885*d^3*e^{14}*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)}}{1024*a^8*c^7} - \frac{6831*d^5*e^{12}*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)}}{1024*a^9*c^6} - \frac{3159*d^7*e^{10}*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)}}{1024*a^{10}*c^5} - \frac{567*d^9*e^8*(-a^{15}*c^{11})^{(1/2)}}{1024*a^{11}*c^4}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7420, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.69

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{9/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(9/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 42*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**4*e**4 - 54*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*c*d**2*e**2 - 84*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*c*e**4*x**2 - 24*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**2*d**4 - 108*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 42*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**2*e**4*x**4 - 48*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt...
```

**3.191**       $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1616
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1617
Rubi [A] (verified)	1618
Maple [B] (verified)	1624
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1625
Sympy [F(-1)]	1626
Maxima [F]	1627
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1627
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1628
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1628

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 626

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(7cd^2+5ae^2)-2cd(3cd^2+2ae^2)x)}{16a^2c^2(a+cx^2)}$$

$$-\frac{e(2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2)+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{9/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+\frac{e(2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2)+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{9/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$-\frac{e(2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2)-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c(d+ex)}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{9/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

output

```

-1/4*(-c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(5/2)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2-1/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*e*(5
*a*e^2+7*c*d^2)-2*c*d*(2*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)*x)/a^2/c^2/(c*x^2+a)-1/64*e*(2*c^(
1/2)*d*(4*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(5*a*e^2+6*c*d^2))*arctan(((c
^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/
2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^2/c^(9/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/64*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d*(4*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
)*(5*a*e^2+6*c*d^2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)
)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^
2/c^(9/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/64*e*(2*c^(1/2)*d*(4*a*
e^2+3*c*d^2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*(5*a*e^2+6*c*d^2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)
)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)
+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d))*2^(1/2)/a^2/c^(9/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/
2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(-5a^3e^3+6c^3d^3x^3+ac^2dx(10d^2+dex+8e^2x^2)-a^2ce(11d^2+4dex+9e^2x^2))}{(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{(\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{ae}})^2(12icd^2+18cde+9e^2d^2)}{(a+cx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```

((2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(-5*a^3*e^3 + 6*c^3*d^3*x^3 + a*c^2*d*x*(10*d^2
+ d*e*x + 8*e^2*x^2) - a^2*c*e*(11*d^2 + 4*d*e*x + 9*e^2*x^2)))/(a + c*x^2
)^2 + ((Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)^2*((12*I)*c*d^2 + 18*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e
- (5*I)*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/
(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e] + ((Sqrt[c]*
d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)^2*((-12*I)*c*d^2 + 18*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + (5*I)*a*e^2)*
ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - I*S
qrt[a]*e)]/Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e])/(32*a^(5/2)*c^2)

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 894, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.737$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 684, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(6cd^2+cexd+5ae^2)}{2(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(6cd^2+cexd+5ae^2)}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{8ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(3cd^2+ae^2)(4cd^2+5ae^2)+2cde(3cd^2+4ae^2)x}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(5ae^2+7cd^2)-2cdx(2ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(3cd^2+ae^2)(4cd^2+5ae^2)+2cde(3cd^2+4ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{4ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(5ae^2+7cd^2)-2cdx(2ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{e((cd^2+ae^2)(6cd^2+5ae^2)+2cd(3cd^2+4ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(5ae^2+7cd^2)-2cdx(2ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ac}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & e \int \frac{(cd^2+ae^2)(6cd^2+5ae^2)+2cd(3cd^2+4ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(5ae^2+7cd^2)-2cdx(2ae^2+3cd^2))}{2ac(a+cx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{8ac}{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)} \frac{1}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

1483

$$e \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-4\sqrt{c}(2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2)-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))\sqrt{d+ex})}{4\sqrt{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt{c}}\right)} d\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}})}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \dots \right)$$

2ac

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

27

$$e \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-4\sqrt{c}(2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2)-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \dots \right)$$

2ac

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

1142

8ac



$$e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{ce^2}d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{C}(2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2)) \right) \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{4ac(cx^2+a)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{ce^2}d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{C}(2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2)) \right) \frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{4ac(cx^2+a)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{ce^2}d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2))-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{5/2}}{4ac(cx^2+a)^2}$$

↓ 1083

$$e \left( \frac{-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{ce^2}d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)) \int \frac{1}{-d+2\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)-ex} d \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2) - \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\right.$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 219

$$e \left( - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{ce^2}d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} - \frac{(2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2) - \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\right.$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 1103

$$e \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt[4]{c} (2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2) - \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)) \log \left( \sqrt{c}(d+ex) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex} + \sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{ce^2}d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\right.$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{5/2}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (-1/2*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*e*(7*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2) - 2*c*d*(3*c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)) + (e*((-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(6*c^(3/2)*d^3 + 8*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(6*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4)] + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (c^(1/4)*(2*Sqrt[c]*d*(3*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2) - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(6*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(6*c^(3/2)*d^3 + 8*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(6*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4)] + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) - (c^(1/4)*(2*Sqrt[c]*d*(3*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2) - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(6*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(2*a*c)/(8*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 495  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*a*b*(p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n - 2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 654  $\text{Int}[\{(f\_)+(g\_)(x\_)/(\text{Sqrt}[(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)]*((a\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$

rule 684  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)^{(m\_)}*((f\_)+(g\_)(x\_))*((a\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m - 2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[d, 0] || (\text{EqQ}[m, 2] \&\& \text{EqQ}[p, -3] \&\& \text{RationalQ}[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0])$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2)^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1483

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int
t[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r
+ (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && N
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1200 vs.  $2(518) = 1036$ .

Time = 2.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	Expression too large to display	1201
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	2333
default	Expression too large to display	2333

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

3/8/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)*
(-1/2*e^2*((5/6*a^3*e^2*c^(7/2)+c^(9/2))*((5/3*e^2*x^2+d^2)*a^2+2*(5/12*e^2
*x^2+d^2)*x^2*c*a+c^2*d^2*x^4))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+4/3*(a*e^2+3/4*c*d^2)*
(c*x^2+a)^2*c^4*d)*a*arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)
^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1
/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))+1/2*e^2*((5/6*a^3*e^2*c^(7/2)+c^(9/2))*((5/3*e^2*x^2+d^2)
*a^2+2*(5/12*e^2*x^2+d^2)*x^2*c*a+c^2*d^2*x^4))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+4/3*(a
*e^2+3/4*c*d^2)*(c*x^2+a)^2*c^4*d)*a*arctan((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((
a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e
^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))+1/8*(((5/3*e^2*x^2+d^2)*a^2*c^(7/2)-5/
6*a^3*e^2*c^(5/2)-c^(9/2)*x^2*((5/6*e^2*x^2+2*d^2)*a+c*d^2*x^2))*(a*e^2+c*
d^2)^(1/2)+4/3*(a*e^2+3/4*c*d^2)*(c*x^2+a)^2*c^3*d)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2
)+((5/6*a^3*e^2*c^(7/2)+c^(9/2))*((5/3*e^2*x^2+d^2)*a^2+2*(5/12*e^2*x^2+d^2
)*x^2*c*a+c^2*d^2*x^4))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-4/3*(a*e^2+3/4*c*d^2)*(c*x^2+a
)^2*c^4*d)*d*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)*ln(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)-(
e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-
1/8*(((5/3*e^2*x^2+d^2)*a^2*c^(7/2)-5/6*a^3*e^2*c^(5/2)-c^(9/2)*x^2*((5/
6*e^2*x^2+2*d^2)*a+c*d^2*x^2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+4/3*(a*e^2+3/4*c*d^2)*
(c*x^2+a)^2*c^3*d)*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+((5/6*a^3*e^2*c^(7/2)+c^(9/2))*
(5/3*e^2*x^2+d^2)*a^2+2*(5/12*e^2*x^2+d^2)*x^2*c*a+c^2*d^2*x^4))*(a*e^2+...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1751 vs.  $2(521) = 1042$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1751, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/64*((a^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2)*sqrt(-(144*c^3*d^7 + 420*a*c
^2*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^5*c^4*sqrt(-(441*c^2*d^
4*e^10 + 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))/(a^5*c^4))*log((302
4*c^4*d^8*e^5 + 10908*a*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 13509*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^9 + 6250*a^3*c*d
^2*e^11 + 625*a^4*e^13)*sqrt(e*x + d) + (126*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6 + 255*a^4*c^3
*d^2*e^8 + 125*a^5*c^2*e^10 + (12*a^5*c^8*d^3 + 13*a^6*c^7*d*e^2)*sqrt(-(4
41*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))*sqrt(-(144
*c^3*d^7 + 420*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^5*c^4
*sqrt(-(441*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))/(
a^5*c^4))) - (a^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2)*sqrt(-(144*c^3*d^7 +
420*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 105*a^3*d*e^6 + a^5*c^4*sqrt(-(441
*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))/(a^5*c^4))*l
og((3024*c^4*d^8*e^5 + 10908*a*c^3*d^6*e^7 + 13509*a^2*c^2*d^4*e^9 + 6250*
a^3*c*d^2*e^11 + 625*a^4*e^13)*sqrt(e*x + d) - (126*a^3*c^4*d^4*e^6 + 255*
a^4*c^3*d^2*e^8 + 125*a^5*c^2*e^10 + (12*a^5*c^8*d^3 + 13*a^6*c^7*d*e^2)*s
qrt(-(441*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c^9)))*sqr
t(-(144*c^3*d^7 + 420*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 105*a^3*d*e^6 +
a^5*c^4*sqrt(-(441*c^2*d^4*e^10 + 1050*a*c*d^2*e^12 + 625*a^2*e^14)/(a^5*c
^9)))/(a^5*c^4))) + (a^2*c^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^3*x^2 + a^4*c^2)*sqrt(-(144*c^3
*d^7 + 420*a*c^2*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^2*c*d^3*e^4 + 105*a^3*d*e^6 - a^5*c^4*...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(7/2)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{7/2}}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2 + a)^3, x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 719, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{7/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/32*(2*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e + 4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*e^2*abs(c) - (6*sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^4*e + 11*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*e^5)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (12*c^3*d^5*e + 19*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d + sqrt(a^4*c^6*d^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^2 + a^3*c^2*e^2)*a^2*c^3)))/(a^2*c^3)))/((a^3*c^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 1/32*(2*(3*a*c^2*d^3*e + 4*a^2*c*d*e^3)*e^2*abs(c) + (6*sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^4*e + 11*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d^2*e^3 + 5*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*e^5)*abs(c)*abs(e) + (12*c^3*d^5*e + 19*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 + 5*a^2*c*d*e^5)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d - sqrt(a^4*c^6*d^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^2 + a^3*c^2*e^2)*a^2*c^3)))/(a^2*c^3)))/((a^3*c^3*e - sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 1/16*(6*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^3*d^3*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^3*d^4*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^3*d^5*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^3*d^6*e + 8*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*a*c^2*d*e^3 - 23*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c^2*d^2*e^3 + 32*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^3*e^3 - 17*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 - 9*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a^2*c*e^5 + 14*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d*e^5 - 16*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*c*d^2*e^5 - 5*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^3*e^7)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*a^2*c^2)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2569, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(7/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```
((*(3*c*d^3 + 4*a*d*e^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(8*a^2) + ((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(7*a^2*d*e^5 + 9*c^2*d^5*e + 16*a*c*d^3*e^3))/(8*a^2*c) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(5*a^3*e^7 + 6*c^3*d^6*e + 17*a*c^2*d^4*e^3 + 16*a^2*c*d^2*e^5))/(16*a^2*c^2) - (e*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(9*a^2*e^4 + 18*c^2*d^4 + 23*a*c*d^2*e^2))/(16*a^2*c)))/(c^2*(d + e*x)^4 + a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + (6*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2 - (4*c^2*d^3 + 4*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) - 4*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^3 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) - 2*atanh((25*e^10*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- (9*d^7)/(256*a^5*c) - (105*d*e^6)/(4096*a^2*c^4) - (385*d^3*e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (105*d^5*e^2)/(1024*a^4*c^2) - (25*e^7*(-a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(4096*a^9*c^9) - (21*d^2*e^5*(-a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(4096*a^10*c^8))^(1/2))/(32*((825*d^5*e^9)/(2048*a^3) + (325*d*e^13)/(2048*a*c^2) + (63*c*d^7*e^7)/(512*a^4) + (449*d^3*e^11)/(1024*a^2*c) + (125*e^14*(-a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(2048*a^8*c^7) + (95*d^2*e^12*(-a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(512*a^9*c^6) + (381*d^4*e^10*(-a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(2048*a^10*c^5) + (63*d^6*e^8*(-a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(1024*a^11*c^4))) + (21*d^2*e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- (9*d^7)/(256*a^5*c) - (105*d*e^6)/(4096*a^2*c^4) - (385*d^3*e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (105*d^5*e^2)/(1024*a^4*c^2) - (25*e^7*(-a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(4096*a^9*c^9) - (21*d^2*e^5*(-a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(4096*a^10*c^8))^(1/2))/(32*((325*d*e^13)/(2048*c^3) + (63*d^7*e^7)/(512*a^3) + (449*d^3*e^11)/(1024*a*c^2) + (825*d^5*e^9)/(2048*a^2*c) + (125*e^14*(-a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(2048*a^7*c^8) + (95*d^2*e^12*(-a^15*c^9)^(1/2))/(512*a^8*c^7) + (381*d^4*e^...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6099, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.74

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{7/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(7/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 26*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*c*d*e**2 - 24*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**2*d**3 - 52*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 - 48*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 26*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**4 - 24*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c**4*d**3*x**4 - 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + ...
```

**3.192**       $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1630
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1631
Rubi [A] (verified)	1632
Maple [A] (verified)	1639
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1640
Sympy [F(-1)]	1641
Maxima [F]	1642
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1642
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1643
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1644

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 562

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-(2cd^2+ae^2)x)}{16a^2c(a+cx^2)}$$

$$-\frac{3e(2cd^2+ae^2+2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{7/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$+\frac{3e(2cd^2+ae^2+2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{7/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$-\frac{3e(2cd^2+ae^2-2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2+\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{7/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(-c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^(3/2)/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2-3/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e-
(a*e^2+2*c*d^2)*x)/a^2/c/(c*x^2+a)-3/64*e*(2*c*d^2+a*e^2+2*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^
2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1
/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^2/c^(
7/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+3/64*e*(2*c*d^2+a*e^2+2*c^(1/2
))*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(
1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2
)/a^2/c^(7/4)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-3/64*e*(2*c*d^2+a*e^2
-2*c^(1/2)*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^
2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)))
*2^(1/2)/a^2/c^(7/4)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{d+ex}(6c^2d^2x^3 - a^2e(7d+ex) + acx(10d^2+dex+3e^2x^2))}{(a+cx^2)^2} - 3i\sqrt{-cd - i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}(4cd^2 - 2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce})$$

input

```
Integrate[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(6*c^2*d^2*x^3 - a^2*e*(7*d + e*x) + a*c*x*(10
*d^2 + d*e*x + 3*e^2*x^2)))/(a + c*x^2)^2 - (3*I)*Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*
Sqrt[c]*e]*(4*c*d^2 - (2*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*
d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)] + (3*I
)*Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*(4*c*d^2 + (2*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e
+ a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c
]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)]/(32*a^(5/2)*c^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 785, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.789$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 685, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{d+ex}(2cd^2+cexd+ae^2)}{2(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(2cd^2+cexd+ae^2)}{(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{8ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 685 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{c(d(4cd^2+3ae^2)+e(2cd^2+ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-x(ae^2+2cd^2))}{2a(a+cx^2)} \right)}{8ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{d(4cd^2+3ae^2)+e(2cd^2+ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-x(ae^2+2cd^2))}{2a(a+cx^2)} \right)}{8ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{e(2d(cd^2+ae^2)+(2cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-x(ae^2+2cd^2))}{2a(a+cx^2)} \right)}{8ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left( \frac{e \int \frac{2d(cd^2+ae^2) + (2cd^2+ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade-x(ae^2+2cd^2))}{2a(ax^2)}}{8ac} - \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \right)$$

↓ 1483

$$3 \left( e \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \left( 2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} - \frac{2cd^2+ae^2}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{d+ex} \right)}{4\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \int \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2} \left( 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \right)}{4\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \quad \frac{8ac}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( e \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - (2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \int \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}d + (2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt[4]{c} \left( d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{4\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \quad \frac{8ac}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} e \\ 3 \end{array} \right\} \left( \int \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}d\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}}d\sqrt{d+ex} \right. \\ \left. + \int \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}d+(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}}d\sqrt{d+ex} \right) \\ \frac{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \qquad 8ac$$

↓ 1142

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} e \\ 3 \end{array} \right\} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}}d\sqrt{d+ex} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2}(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}}d\sqrt{d+ex} \right) \\ \frac{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)(d+ex)^{3/2}}{4ac(cx^2+a)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 3 \\ e \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} (2cd^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d + ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{1}{2} (2cd^2 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d + ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{4ac(cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 3 \\ e \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} (2cd^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d + ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} - \frac{(2cd^2 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}d + ae^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{4ac(cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 1083



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} e \\ 3 \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{-d+2\left(d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)-ex} d \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right) \frac{(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} e \\ 3 \end{array} \right\} \left( \frac{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c} \left( 2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} \right) \frac{(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{1}{d+ex+...}}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)(d + ex)^{3/2}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 1103

$$e^{\frac{1}{2}(-2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+ae^2+2cd^2})\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}(2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2+ae^2+2cd^2})}{2\sqrt{2}c^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}}}$$

$$\frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}(ae - cdx)}{4ac(a + cx^2)^2}$$

```
input Int[(d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

```
output -1/4*((a*e - c*d*x)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (3*(-1/2*(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e - (2*c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x))/(a*(a + c*x^2)) + (e*((-(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + ((2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) - ((2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*c^(3/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(2*a)))/(8*a*c)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 654 `Int[((f_) + (g_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)]*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`
- rule 685 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(2*p + 3) - c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`
- rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

```
rule 1103 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]

rule 1142 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]

rule 1483 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) In
t[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r
+ (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && N
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 902, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{3 \left( \left( -d \left( c^{\frac{9}{2}} x^4 + 2a x^2 c^{\frac{7}{2}} + a^2 c^{\frac{5}{2}} \right) \sqrt{a e^2 + c d^2} + \frac{c^2 (c x^2 + a)^2 (a e^2 + 2c d^2)}{2} \right) \sqrt{(a e^2 + c d^2)} c + \left( a^2 c^{\frac{7}{2}} + c^{\frac{9}{2}} x^2 (c x^2 + 2a) \right) d \sqrt{a e^2}}{\dots}$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

3/64*(((d*(c^(9/2)*x^4+2*a*x^2*c^(7/2)+a^2*c^(5/2))*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+1
/2*c^2*(c*x^2+a)^2*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2))*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+((a^2*c^(7/2)+
c^(9/2)*x^2*(c*x^2+2*a))*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)-1/2*c^3*(c*x^2+a)^2*(a*e^2+
2*c*d^2))*d*(-ln(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^(1/2))*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)
+2*c*d)^(1/2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))+ln(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)-(e*x+d)^(1/2))*(2*((a
*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)))*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(
1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(
1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)+8*e*(1/2*e*(a^2*c^(7/2)+c^(9/2)*x^2*(c*x^2+2*a))*d*(arct
an((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a
*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))-arctan((
-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^
2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*(a*e^2+c*d
^2)^(1/2)+(-7/6*e*(d+1/7*e*x)*a^2*c^(7/2)+c^(9/2)*x*(c*d^2*x^2+5/3*a*(3/10
*e^2*x^2+1/10*d*e*x+d^2)))*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)
*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+1/4*(arctan((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+
(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*
((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))-arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*
((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a
*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*e*(c*x^2+a)^2*c^3*(a*e^2+2*c*d^2))*a)/
c^(9/2)/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1037 vs.  $2(456) = 912$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1037, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/64*(3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt(-(a^5*c^3*sqrt(-e^10/(a
^5*c^7))) + 16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))*log(27*(1
6*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d*
e^6 - (4*a^5*c^6*d^2 + a^6*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7)))*sqrt(-(a^5*c^3*
sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7))) + 16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^
3))) - 3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt(-(a^5*c^3*sqrt(-e^10/(
a^5*c^7))) + 16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))*log(27*(
16*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) - 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d
*e^6 - (4*a^5*c^6*d^2 + a^6*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7)))*sqrt(-(a^5*c^3
*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7))) + 16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c
^3))) + 3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt((a^5*c^3*sqrt(-e^10/(
a^5*c^7))) - 16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))*log(27*(
16*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d
*e^6 + (4*a^5*c^6*d^2 + a^6*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7)))*sqrt((a^5*c^3*
sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7))) - 16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^
3))) - 3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt((a^5*c^3*sqrt(-e^10/(a
^5*c^7))) - 16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*c^3))*log(27*(1
6*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) - 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d*
e^6 + (4*a^5*c^6*d^2 + a^6*c^5*e^2)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7)))*sqrt((a^5*c^3*
sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7))) - 16*c^2*d^5 - 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 - 5*a^2*d*e^4)/(a^5*...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x+d)**(5/2)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex+d)^{5/2}}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x + d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2 + a)^3, x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 595, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{5/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(4c^4d^4e + 3ac^3d^2e^3 + (2acd^2e + a^2e^3)c^2e^2 - 2(\sqrt{-acc^2d^3e} + \sqrt{-acacde^3})|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2c^2d - \sqrt{a^4}}}{\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{-acce}|e|}}\right) + 3(4c^4d^4e + 3ac^3d^2e^3 + (2acd^2e + a^2e^3)c^2e^2 + 2(\sqrt{-acc^2d^3e} + \sqrt{-acacde^3})|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2c^2d - \sqrt{a^4}}}{\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{-acce}|e|}}\right) + 6(ex+d)^{7/2}c^2d^2e - 18(ex+d)^{5/2}c^2d^3e + 18(ex+d)^{3/2}c^2d^4e - 6\sqrt{ex+dc^2d^5e} + 3(ex+d)^{7/2}ace^3 - 8(ex+d)^{5/2}c^2d^2e - 16((ex+d)^2c - 2(ex+d)cd + \dots)}{32(a^3c^3e + \sqrt{-aca^2c^3d})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{-acce}|e|} + 32(a^3c^3e - \sqrt{-aca^2c^3d})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{-acce}|e|}}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

3/32*(4*c^4*d^4*e + 3*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 + (2*a*c*d^2*e + a^2*e^3)*c^2*e^2 - 2*
(sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e
*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d + sqrt(a^4*c^4*d^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*c*e^2)*a^
2*c^2)))/(a^2*c^2)))/((a^3*c^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^3*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt
(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 3/32*(4*c^4*d^4*e + 3*a*c^3*d^2*e^3 + (2*a*c*d^2*e +
a^2*e^3)*c^2*e^2 + 2*(sqrt(-a*c)*c^2*d^3*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(c)
*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d - sqrt(a^4*c^4*d^2 - (a^2*c
^2*d^2 + a^3*c*e^2)*a^2*c^2)))/(a^2*c^2)))/((a^3*c^3*e - sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^3
*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 1/16*(6*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^2*d^
2*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d^3*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^4*e - 6*sqrt
(e*x + d)*c^2*d^5*e + 3*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*a*c*e^3 - 8*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c*d*
e^3 + 17*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 12*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*d^3*e^3 - (e*x
+ d)^(3/2)*a^2*e^5 - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*d*e^5)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x
+ d)*c*d + c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*a^2*c)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1028, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(5/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)
```



output

```

((3*e*(a*e^2 + 2*c*d^2)*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(16*a^2) + ((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(18*c
^2*d^4*e - a^2*e^5 + 17*a*c*d^2*e^3))/(16*a^2*c) - (d*(4*a*e^3 + 9*c*d^2*e
)*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(8*a^2) - (3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d*e^5 + c^2*d^5*e + 2
*a*c*d^3*e^3))/(8*a^2*c))/(c^2*(d + e*x)^4 + a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + (6*c^2*d^
2 + 2*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2 - (4*c^2*d^3 + 4*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) - 4*c^2*d
*(d + e*x)^3 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) - 2*atanh((9*e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- (9*d^5)/
(256*a^5*c) - (45*d*e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (45*d^3*e^2)/(1024*a^4*c^2) - (9
*e^5*(-a^15*c^7)^(1/2))/(4096*a^10*c^7))^(1/2))/(32*((27*e^11)/(2048*a*c^2
) + (27*d^4*e^7)/(512*a^3) + (135*d^2*e^9)/(2048*a^2*c) - (27*d*e^10*(-a^1
5*c^7)^(1/2))/(1024*a^9*c^5) - (27*d^3*e^8*(-a^15*c^7)^(1/2))/(1024*a^10*c
^4))) + (9*d*e^7*(-a^15*c^7)^(1/2)*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(- (9*d^5)/(256*a^5*c)
- (45*d*e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (45*d^3*e^2)/(1024*a^4*c^2) - (9*e^5*(-a^15*c
^7)^(1/2))/(4096*a^10*c^7))^(1/2))/(32*((27*a^7*c*e^11)/2048 + (27*a^5*c^
3*d^4*e^7)/512 + (135*a^6*c^2*d^2*e^9)/2048 - (27*d*e^10*(-a^15*c^7)^(1/2)
)/(1024*a*c^2) - (27*d^3*e^8*(-a^15*c^7)^(1/2))/(1024*a^2*c))))*(-(9*(e^5*
(-a^15*c^7)^(1/2) + 16*a^5*c^6*d^5 + 5*a^7*c^4*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^2)
)/(4096*a^10*c^7))^(1/2) - 2*atanh((9*e^8*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*((9*e^5*(-a^15*c
^7)^(1/2))/(4096*a^10*c^7) - (45*d*e^4)/(4096*a^3*c^3) - (45*d^3*e^2)/(102
4*a^4*c^2) - (9*d^5)/(256*a^5*c))^(1/2))/(32*((27*e^11)/(2048*a*c^2) + (27
*d^4*e^7)/(512*a^3) + (135*d^2*e^9)/(2048*a^2*c) + (27*d*e^10*(-a^15*c^...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4855, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.64

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{5/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(5/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt
(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*e**
2 - 24*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sq
rt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c*
d**2 - 12*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*
sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2
*c**2*x**2 - 48*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)
- c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) -
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2
)))*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 +
c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sq
rt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)
*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2*e**2*x**4 - 24*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) +
c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2
) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 +
c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*...
```

### 3.193 $\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1646
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1647
Rubi [A] (verified)	1648
Maple [B] (verified)	1654
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1655
Sympy [F(-1)]	1656
Maxima [F]	1656
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1656
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1657
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1658

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 596

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = -\frac{(ae-cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{(ae+6cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{16a^2c(a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{3e(2cd^2+ae^2+2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{5/4}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{3e(2cd^2+ae^2+2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{5/4}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{3e(2cd^2+ae^2-2\sqrt{cd}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{5/4}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/4*(-c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}/a/c/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/16*(6*c*d*x+a*e)*(e*x+d) \\ & ^{(1/2)}/a^2/c/(c*x^2+a)-3/64*e*(2*c*d^2+a*e^2+2*c^{(1/2)}*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}) \\ & *arctan(((c^{(1/2)}*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/4)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}) \\ & ^{(1/2)})/(-c^{(1/2)}*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}/a^2/c^{(5/4)}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)} \\ & /(-c^{(1/2)}*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+3/64*e*(2*c*d^2+a*e^2+2*c^{(1/2)}*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}) \\ & *arctan(((c^{(1/2)}*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/4)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)})/(-c^{(1/2)}*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}) \\ & ^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}/a^2/c^{(5/4)}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}/(-c^{(1/2)}*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} \\ & +3/64*e*(2*c*d^2+a*e^2-2*c^{(1/2)}*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})*arctanh(2^{(1/2)}*c^{(1/4)}*(c^{(1/2)}*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d)^{(1/2)}) \\ & /((a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}+c^{(1/2)}*(e*x+d))*2^{(1/2)}/a^2/c^{(5/4)}/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)}/(c^{(1/2)}*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(-3a^2e+6c^2dx^3+acx(10d+ex))}{(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{3i(4cd^2+2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}} - \frac{3i(4cd^2+2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}} - \frac{3i(4cd^2+2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}} - \frac{3i(4cd^2+2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}} - \frac{3i(4cd^2+2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}} - \frac{3i(4cd^2+2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}} - \frac{3i(4cd^2+2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}} - \frac{3i(4cd^2+2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}} - \frac{3i(4cd^2+2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde+ae^2}}}$$

input

`Integrate[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]*(-3*a^2*e + 6*c^2*d*x^3 + a*c*x*(10*d + e*x)))/ \\ & (a + c*x^2)^2 + ((3*I)*(4*c*d^2 + (2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e + a*e^2)*\text{ArcTan} \\ & [( \text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) / ( \text{Sqrt}[c]*d + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]) \\ & / \text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e] - ((3*I)*(4*c*d^2 - (2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*d*e + a*e^2)* \\ & \text{ArcTan}[( \text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]*\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]) / ( \text{Sqrt}[c]*d - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*e)]) \\ & / \text{Sqrt}[-(c*d) + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*e]) / (32*a^(5/2)*c) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 824, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.737$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 686, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{6cd^2+5cexd+ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{6cd^2+5cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{8ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+6cdx)}{2a(a+cx^2)} - \int \frac{3c(cd^2+ae^2)(4cd^2+2cexd+ae^2)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{8ac} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{4cd^2+2cexd+ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+6cdx)}{2a(a+cx^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{e(2cd^2+2c(d+ex)d+ae^2)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+6cdx)}{2a(a+cx^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3e \int \frac{2cd^2+2c(d+ex)d+ae^2}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{8ac} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+6cdx)}{2a(a+cx^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1483

$$3e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(2cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt[4]{C}(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}\right)}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(2cd^2+ae^2)+\sqrt[4]{C}(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}\right)}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$


---

2a

8ac

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$3e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(2cd^2+ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}-\sqrt[4]{C}(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(2cd^2+ae^2)+\sqrt[4]{C}(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} \right)$$


---

2a

8ac

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae-cdx)}{4ac(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 1142

$$3e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(2cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{C}} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{C}(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \right)$$


---

$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+6cdx)}{2a(cx^2+a)} +$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac(cx^2+a)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+6cdx)}{2a(cx^2+a)} + \frac{3e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}) \right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac(cx^2+a)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+6cdx)}{2a(cx^2+a)} + \frac{3e \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)} \int \frac{1}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}})}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac(cx^2+a)^2}$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+6cdx)}{2a(cx^2+a)} + \frac{3e \left( \frac{(2cd^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(2cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}) \right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae-cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4ac(cx^2+a)^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+6cdx)}{2a(cx^2+a)} + \frac{3e \left( \frac{(2cd^2 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d + ae^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{2}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+6cdx)}{2a(cx^2+a)} + \frac{3e \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(2\sqrt{d+ex} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{c}(2cd^2+2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}d+ae^2)} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}$$

$$\frac{(ae - cdx)\sqrt{d + ex}}{4ac (cx^2 + a)^2}$$

input `Int[(d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`



output

```

-1/4*((a*e - c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(a*c*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (((a*e + 6*c*d*x)
*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(2*a*(a + c*x^2)) + (3*e*((-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqr
t[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))*(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*ArcT
anh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))/c^(1/4)) +
2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/Sqrt[
Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) - (c^(1/4)*(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*
d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt
[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqr
t[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) +
(-((c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 + 2*Sqr
t[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sq
rt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]))/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d -
Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (c^(1/4)*
(2*c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2
] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] +
Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]
*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(2*a))/(8*a*c)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 495

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] -
Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*
d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d,
n, p, x]
```

rule 654  $\text{Int}[\frac{(f_{.}) + (g_{.})(x_{.})}{(\text{Sqrt}[(d_{.}) + (e_{.})(x_{.})])((a_{.}) + (c_{.})(x_{.})^2)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\frac{(e_{.}f - d_{.}g + g_{.}x^2)}{(c_{.}d^2 + a_{.}e^2 - 2c_{.}d_{.}x^2 + c_{.}x^4)}, x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e_{.}x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$

rule 686  $\text{Int}[\frac{((d_{.}) + (e_{.})(x_{.}))^{(m_{.})}((f_{.}) + (g_{.})(x_{.}))((a_{.}) + (c_{.})(x_{.})^2)^{(p_{.})}}{x_{\text{Symbol}}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e_{.}x)^{(m + 1)}(f_{.}a_{.}c_{.}e - a_{.}g_{.}c_{.}d + c_{.}(c_{.}d_{.}f + a_{.}e_{.}g)x)((a + c_{.}x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2a_{.}c_{.}(p + 1)(c_{.}d^2 + a_{.}e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2a_{.}c_{.}(p + 1)(c_{.}d^2 + a_{.}e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e_{.}x)^m(a + c_{.}x^2)^{(p + 1)}\text{Simp}[f_{.}(c^2d^2(2p + 3) + a_{.}c_{.}e^2(m + 2p + 3)) - a_{.}c_{.}d_{.}e_{.}g_{.}m + c_{.}e_{.}(c_{.}d_{.}f + a_{.}e_{.}g)(m + 2p + 4)x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \parallel \text{IntegerQ}[p] \parallel \text{IntegersQ}[2m, 2p])$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[\frac{((a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.}) + (c_{.})(x_{.})^2)^{-1}}{x_{\text{Symbol}}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4a_{.}c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2c_{.}x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[\frac{((d_{.}) + (e_{.})(x_{.}))}{((a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.}) + (c_{.})(x_{.})^2)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d_{.}(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b_{.}x + c_{.}x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2c_{.}d - b_{.}e, 0]$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[\frac{((d_{.}) + (e_{.})(x_{.}))}{((a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.}) + (c_{.})(x_{.})^2)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2c_{.}d - b_{.}e)/(2c_{.}) \text{Int}[1/(a + b_{.}x + c_{.}x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2c_{.}) \text{Int}[(b + 2c_{.}x)/(a + b_{.}x + c_{.}x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1483  $\text{Int}[\frac{((d_{.}) + (e_{.})(x_{.})^2)}{((a_{.}) + (b_{.})(x_{.})^2 + (c_{.})(x_{.})^4)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[a/c, 2]\}, \text{With}[\{r = \text{Rt}[2q - b/c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2c_{.}q_{.}r) \text{Int}[(d_{.}r - (d - e_{.}q)x]/(q - r_{.}x + x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2c_{.}q_{.}r) \text{Int}[(d_{.}r + (d - e_{.}q)x]/(q + r_{.}x + x^2), x], x]]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4a_{.}c, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[c_{.}d^2 - b_{.}d_{.}e + a_{.}e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b^2 - 4a_{.}c]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 974 vs.  $2(482) = 964$ .

Time = 2.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 975, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$3 \left( \ln \left( (-ex-d)\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ex+d}} \sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}-\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right) - \ln \left( \sqrt{c}(ex+d)+\sqrt{ex+d} \sqrt{2\sqrt{(ae^2+cd^2)c+2cd}} \right) \right)$
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3/128*((ln((-e*x-d)*c^(1/2)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)-(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))-ln(c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)+(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)))*((-2*c*d*(c*x^2+a)^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+2*a^2*(e^2*x^2+d^2)*c^(3/2)+(e^2*x^4+4*d^2*x^2)*a*c^(5/2)+2*c^(7/2)*d^2*x^4+a^3*e^2*c^(1/2))*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c^2*d*(c*x^2+a)^2*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+2*a^2*(e^2*x^2+d^2)*c^(5/2)+(e^2*x^4+4*d^2*x^2)*a*c^(7/2)+2*c^(9/2)*d^2*x^4+a^3*e^2*c^(3/2))*d*(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)+4*e*a*(2*(a^2*c^(3/2)*e-10/3*x*(a*(1/10*e*x+d)*c^(5/2)+3/5*c^(7/2)*d*x^2))*((4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))-arctan((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*e*(c*x^2+a)^2*c^2*d*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+(arctan((-2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2))-arctan((2*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)+(2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)+2*c*d)^(1/2)))/(4*(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)-2*((a*e^2+c*d^2)*c)^(1/2)-2*c*d)^(1/2)))*e*(2*a^2*(e^2*x^2+d^2)*c^(5/2)+(e^2*x^4+4*d^2*x^2)*a*c^(7/2)+2*c^(9/2)*d^2*x^4+a^3*e^2*c^...
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1752 vs.  $2(484) = 968$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1752, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{(d+ex)^{3/2}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/64*(3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt(-(16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + (a^5*c^3*d^2 + a^6*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 + 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))/(a^5*c^3*d^2 + a^6*c^2*e^2))*log(27*(16*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) + 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6 + a^4*c*e^8 + (4*a^5*c^6*d^5 + 7*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^7*c^4*d*e^4)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 + 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))*sqrt(-(16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + (a^5*c^3*d^2 + a^6*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 + 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))/(a^5*c^3*d^2 + a^6*c^2*e^2))) - 3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt(-(16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + (a^5*c^3*d^2 + a^6*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 + 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))/(a^5*c^3*d^2 + a^6*c^2*e^2))*log(27*(16*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d) - 27*(2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^6 + a^4*c*e^8 + (4*a^5*c^6*d^5 + 7*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^2 + 3*a^7*c^4*d*e^4)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 + 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))*sqrt(-(16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 + (a^5*c^3*d^2 + a^6*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 + 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))/(a^5*c^3*d^2 + a^6*c^2*e^2))) + 3*(a^2*c^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*x^2 + a^4*c)*sqrt(-(16*c^2*d^5 + 20*a*c*d^3*e^2 + 5*a^2*d*e^4 - (a^5*c^3*d^2 + a^6*c^2*e^2)*sqrt(-e^10/(a^5*c^7*d^4 + 2*a^6*c^6*d^2*e^2 + a^7*c^5*e^4)))/(a^5*c^3*d^2 + a^6*c^2*e^2))*log(27*(16*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 12*a*c*d^2*e^7 + a^2*e^9)*sqrt(e*x + d)...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(cx^2 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((e*x + d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2 + a)^3, x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 502, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \frac{3(4c^3d^3e + 3ac^2de^3 - (2\sqrt{-accd^2e + \sqrt{-acae^3}}|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{a^2c^2d + \sqrt{a^4c^4d^2 - (a^2c^2d^2 + a^3ce^2)}}{a^2c^2}}}\right)}{32(a^3c^2e + \sqrt{-aca^2c^2d})\sqrt{-c^2d - \sqrt{-acce}}|e|} + \frac{3(4c^3d^3e + 3ac^2de^3 + (2\sqrt{-accd^2e + \sqrt{-acae^3}}|c||e|) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{\sqrt{-\frac{a^2c^2d - \sqrt{a^4c^4d^2 - (a^2c^2d^2 + a^3ce^2)}}{a^2c^2}}}\right)}{32(a^3c^2e - \sqrt{-aca^2c^2d})\sqrt{-c^2d + \sqrt{-acce}}|e|} + \frac{6(ex+d)^{\frac{7}{2}}c^2de - 18(ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2d^2e + 18(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2d^3e - 6\sqrt{ex+d}c^2d^4e + (ex+d)^{\frac{5}{2}}ace^3 + 8(ex+d)^{\frac{3}{2}}ace^3}{16((ex+d)^2c - 2(ex+d)cd + cd^2 + ae^2)^2a^2c}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/32*(4*c^3*d^3*e + 3*a*c^2*d*e^3 - (2*sqrt(-a*c)*c*d^2*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d + sqrt(a^4*c^4*d^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*c*e^2)*a^2*c^2)))/(a^2*c^2)))/((a^3*c^2*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^2*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 3/32*(4*c^3*d^3*e + 3*a*c^2*d*e^3 + (2*sqrt(-a*c)*c*d^2*e + sqrt(-a*c)*a*e^3)*abs(c)*abs(e))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d - sqrt(a^4*c^4*d^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*c*e^2)*a^2*c^2)))/(a^2*c^2)))/((a^3*c^2*e - sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^2*d)*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(e)) + 1/16*(6*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c^2*d*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d^2*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^3*e - 6*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^4*e + (e*x + d)^(5/2)*a*c*e^3 + 8*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*a*c*d*e^3 - 9*sqrt(e*x + d)*a*c*d^2*e^3 - 3*sqrt(e*x + d)*a^2*e^5)/(((e*x + d)^2*c - 2*(e*x + d)*c*d + c*d^2 + a*e^2)^2*a^2*c)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3204, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.38

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d + e*x)^(3/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)`

output

```

(((4*a*d*e^3 + 9*c*d^3*e)*(d + e*x)^(3/2))/(8*a^2) + (e*(a*e^2 - 18*c*d^2)
*(d + e*x)^(5/2))/(16*a^2) - (3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(a^2*e^5 + 2*c^2*d^4*e + 3
*a*c*d^2*e^3))/(16*a^2*c) + (3*c*d*e*(d + e*x)^(7/2))/(8*a^2))/(c^2*(d + e
*x)^4 + a^2*e^4 + c^2*d^4 + (6*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*e^2)*(d + e*x)^2 - (4*c^2*d
^3 + 4*a*c*d*e^2)*(d + e*x) - 4*c^2*d*(d + e*x)^3 + 2*a*c*d^2*e^2) + atan(
((((3*(2048*a^6*c^2*e^5 + 4096*a^5*c^3*d^2*e^3))/(2048*a^6) - 64*a*c^4*d*e
^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-9*(e^5*(-a^15*c^5)^(1/2) + 16*a^5*c^5*d^5 + 5*a^7*c^
3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^2 + a^11*c^5*e^2)))^(1/2)
)*(-9*(e^5*(-a^15*c^5)^(1/2) + 16*a^5*c^5*d^5 + 5*a^7*c^3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*
c^4*d^3*e^2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^2 + a^11*c^5*e^2)))^(1/2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/
2)*(9*a^2*c*e^6 + 144*c^3*d^4*e^2 + 36*a*c^2*d^2*e^4))/(64*a^4))*(-9*(e^5
*(-a^15*c^5)^(1/2) + 16*a^5*c^5*d^5 + 5*a^7*c^3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^2
))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^2 + a^11*c^5*e^2)))^(1/2)*1i - (((3*(2048*a^6*c^2*e^5
+ 4096*a^5*c^3*d^2*e^3))/(2048*a^6) + 64*a*c^4*d*e^2*(d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-9
*(e^5*(-a^15*c^5)^(1/2) + 16*a^5*c^5*d^5 + 5*a^7*c^3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^4*d^
3*e^2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^2 + a^11*c^5*e^2)))^(1/2))*(-9*(e^5*(-a^15*c^5)
^(1/2) + 16*a^5*c^5*d^5 + 5*a^7*c^3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^2))/(4096*(a^
10*c^6*d^2 + a^11*c^5*e^2)))^(1/2) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(9*a^2*c*e^6 + 144*c
^3*d^4*e^2 + 36*a*c^2*d^2*e^4))/(64*a^4))*(-9*(e^5*(-a^15*c^5)^(1/2) + 16
*a^5*c^5*d^5 + 5*a^7*c^3*d*e^4 + 20*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^2))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6142, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.31

$$\int \frac{(d + ex)^{3/2}}{(a + cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 18*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*c*d*e**2 - 24*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**2*d**3 - 36*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**2*d*e**2*x**2 - 48*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 18*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**3*d*e**2*x**4 - 24*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*c**4*d**3*x**4 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + ...
```



**3.194**      $\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1660
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1661
Rubi [A] (verified)	1662
Maple [F(-1)]	1668
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1668
Sympy [F(-1)]	1669
Maxima [F]	1669
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1669
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1670
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1671

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 642

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade + (6cd^2 + 5ae^2)x)}{16a^2(cd^2 + ae^2)(a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{e\left(6cd^2 + 5ae^2 + \frac{2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2)}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{3/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{e\left(6cd^2 + 5ae^2 + \frac{2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2)}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{3/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{e\left(6cd^2 + 5ae^2 - \frac{2\sqrt{cd}(3cd^2+4ae^2)}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2c^{3/4}(cd^2 + ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}$$

output

```
1/4*x*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/a/(c*x^2+a)^2+1/16*(e*x+d)^(1/2)*(a*d*e+(5*a*e^2+6*c*d^2)*x)/a^2/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c*x^2+a)-1/64*e*(6*c*d^2+5*a*e^2+2*c^(1/2)*d*(4*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^2/c^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/64*e*(6*c*d^2+5*a*e^2+2*c^(1/2)*d*(4*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(e*x+d)^(1/2))/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^2/c^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(-c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/64*e*(6*c*d^2+5*a*e^2-2*c^(1/2)*d*(4*a*e^2+3*c*d^2)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*c^(1/4)*(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(e*x+d)^(1/2)/((a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)))*2^(1/2)/a^2/c^(3/4)/(a*e^2+c*d^2)/(c^(1/2)*d+(a*e^2+c*d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(6c^2d^2x^3+a^2e(d+9ex)+acx(10d^2+dex+5e^2x^2))}{(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{i(12cd^2+18i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-5ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}} - \frac{i(12cd^2-18i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-5ae^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ae}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ae}})\sqrt{-cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ce}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(6*c^2*d^2*x^3 + a^2*e*(d + 9*e*x) + a*c*x*(10*d^2 + d*e*x + 5*e^2*x^2)))/((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)^2) + (I*(12*c*d^2 + (18*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 5*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d + I*Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]) - (I*(12*c*d^2 - (18*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*d*e - 5*a*e^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)]/(Sqrt[c]*(Sqrt[c]*d - I*Sqrt[a]*e)*Sqrt[-(c*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*e]))/(32*a^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 909, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.737$ , Rules used = {494, 27, 686, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 494 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a+cx^2)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{6d+5ex}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{6d+5ex}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(5ae^2+6cd^2)+ade)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{c(d(12cd^2+13ae^2)+e(6cd^2+5ae^2)x)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac(ae^2+cd^2)}}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{d(12cd^2+13ae^2)+e(6cd^2+5ae^2)x}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(5ae^2+6cd^2)+ade)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 654 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{e(2d(3cd^2+4ae^2)+(6cd^2+5ae^2)(d+ex))}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(5ae^2+6cd^2)+ade)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)}}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a+cx^2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{e \int \frac{2d(3cd^2+4ae^2)+(6cd^2+5ae^2)(d+ex)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(x(5ae^2+6cd^2)+ade)}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a+cx^2)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1483

$$e \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}d(3cd^2+4ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{c}}\left(6cd^3+8ae^2d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2+4ae^2)}+\sqrt{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$e \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}d(3cd^2+4ae^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{c}}\left(6cd^3+8ae^2d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{c}}}}d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}+\sqrt{cd}}} + \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(3cd^2+4ae^2)}+\sqrt{c}\left(d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{c}}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}}}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(a+cx^2)^2}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cx^2+a)^2} +$$

$$e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{c}e^2d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt{c}}}}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2+cd^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(6cd^2+5ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} +$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cx^2+a)^2} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{ce^2}d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}}\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}$$


---


$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(6cd^2+5ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{ce^2}d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}}\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cx^2+a)^2} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{ce^2}d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}}\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}$$


---


$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(6cd^2+5ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{ce^2}d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2))}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}}\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}$$

1083

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cx^2+a)^2} + \int \left(6cd^3+8ae^2d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}}\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}$$


---


$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(6cd^2+5ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)} + \int \left(6cd^3+8ae^2d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}\frac{d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}}\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}$$

219

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{\left(6cd^3+8ae^2d-\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(6cd^2+5ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)}$$

1103

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\left(6c^{3/2}d^3+8a\sqrt{c}e^2d+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(6cd^2+5ae^2)\right)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\left(2\sqrt{d+ex}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ade+(6cd^2+5ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d + e*x]/(a + c*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(4*a*(a + c*x^2)^2) + ((Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a*d*e + (6*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)*x))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + (e*((-(Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])*(6*c^(3/2)*d^3 + 8*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(6*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) - (c^(1/4)*(6*c*d^3 + 8*a*d*e^2 - (Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(6*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)))/Sqrt[c])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-((Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*(6*c^(3/2)*d^3 + 8*a*Sqrt[c]*d*e^2 + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(6*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]))/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (c^(1/4)*(6*c*d^3 + 8*a*d*e^2 - (Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(6*c*d^2 + 5*a*e^2)))/Sqrt[c])*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))/(8*a)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 494  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)\}^{\{n\_*\}}\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)\}^{\{p\_*\}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{-x\}*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*(p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c*(2*p + 3) + d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[n, 1] \ || \ (\text{ILtQ}[n + 2*p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, 2])) \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 654  $\text{Int}[\{(f\_)+ (g\_)*(x\_)\}/(\text{Sqrt}[\{(d\_)+ (e\_)*(x\_)\}]\{(a\_)+ (c\_)*(x\_)\}^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$

rule 686  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+ (e\_)*(x\_)\}^{\{m\_*\}}\{(f\_)+ (g\_)*(x\_)\}*\{(a\_)+ (c\_)*(x\_)\}^{\{p\_*\}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(d + e*x)^{m+1}*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*\{(a + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{p+1}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)+ (c\_)*(x\_)\}^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+ (e\_)*(x\_)\}/\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)+ (c\_)*(x\_)\}^2, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+ (e\_)*(x\_)\}/\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)+ (c\_)*(x\_)\}^2, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$



rule 1483

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) In
t[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r
+ (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && N
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

**Maple [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx$$

input `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`output `int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3770 vs. 2(536) = 1072.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3770, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Too large to include`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{ex+d}}{(cx^2+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*x^2 + a)^3, x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1068, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/32*((a^2*c*d^2*e + a^3*e^3)^2*(6*c*d^2*e + 5*a*e^3)*abs(c) - 2*(3*sqrt(
-a*c)*a*c^2*d^5*e + 7*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 4*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*d*e^5)*a
bs(-a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3)*abs(c) + (12*a^3*c^4*d^8*e + 37*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^3
+ 38*a^5*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 13*a^6*c*d^2*e^7)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqr
t(-(a^2*c^2*d^3 + a^3*c*d*e^2 + sqrt((a^2*c^2*d^3 + a^3*c*d*e^2)^2 - (a^2*
c^2*d^4 + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^2 + a^4*e^4)*(a^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*c*e^2)))/(a^2*c^2*
d^2 + a^3*c*e^2)))/((a^4*c^3*d^4*e + 2*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^6*c*e^5 - sqrt(
-a*c)*a^3*c^3*d^5 - 2*sqrt(-a*c)*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 - sqrt(-a*c)*a^5*c*d*e^4)
*sqrt(-c^2*d + sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(-a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3)) - 1/32*((a^2*c
*d^2*e + a^3*e^3)^2*(6*c*d^2*e + 5*a*e^3)*abs(c) + 2*(3*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^2*d
^5*e + 7*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c*d^3*e^3 + 4*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*d*e^5)*abs(-a^2*c*d^2
*e - a^3*e^3)*abs(c) + (12*a^3*c^4*d^8*e + 37*a^4*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 38*a^5*c^2
*d^4*e^5 + 13*a^6*c*d^2*e^7)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^2*d
^3 + a^3*c*d*e^2 - sqrt((a^2*c^2*d^3 + a^3*c*d*e^2)^2 - (a^2*c^2*d^4 + 2*a
^3*c*d^2*e^2 + a^4*e^4)*(a^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*c*e^2)))/(a^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*c*e
^2)))/((a^4*c^3*d^4*e + 2*a^5*c^2*d^2*e^3 + a^6*c*e^5 + sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*c^3
*d^5 + 2*sqrt(-a*c)*a^4*c^2*d^3*e^2 + sqrt(-a*c)*a^5*c*d*e^4)*sqrt(-c^2*d
- sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(-a^2*c*d^2*e - a^3*e^3)) + 1/16*(6*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*c
^2*d^2*e - 18*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*c^2*d^3*e + 18*(e*x + d)^(3/2)*c^2*d^4*e - 6
*sqrt(e*x + d)*c^2*d^5*e + 5*(e*x + d)^(7/2)*a*c*e^3 - 14*(e*x + d)^(5/2)*

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6238, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d + e*x)^(1/2)/(a + c*x^2)^3,x)
```

output

```
atan((((32768*a^7*c^3*d*e^7 + 24576*a^5*c^5*d^5*e^3 + 57344*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^5)/(4096*(a^8*e^4 + a^6*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^7*c*d^2*e^2)) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(4096*a^7*c^4*d*e^6 + 4096*a^5*c^6*d^5*e^2 + 8192*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^4)*(-(144*a^5*c^5*d^7 - 25*a*e^7*(-a^15*c^3)^(1/2) + 105*a^8*c^2*d*e^6 + 420*a^6*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^7*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 21*c*d^2*e^5*(-a^15*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^6 + a^13*c^3*e^6 + 3*a^11*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^12*c^4*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2))/(64*(a^6*e^4 + a^4*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^2)))*(-(144*a^5*c^5*d^7 - 25*a*e^7*(-a^15*c^3)^(1/2) + 105*a^8*c^2*d*e^6 + 420*a^6*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^7*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 21*c*d^2*e^5*(-a^15*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^6 + a^13*c^3*e^6 + 3*a^11*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^12*c^4*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2) - ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(144*c^5*d^6*e^2 - 25*a^3*c^2*e^8 + 276*a*c^4*d^4*e^4 + 109*a^2*c^3*d^2*e^6))/(64*(a^6*e^4 + a^4*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^5*c*d^2*e^2)))*(-(144*a^5*c^5*d^7 - 25*a*e^7*(-a^15*c^3)^(1/2) + 105*a^8*c^2*d*e^6 + 420*a^6*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^7*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 21*c*d^2*e^5*(-a^15*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*d^6 + a^13*c^3*e^6 + 3*a^11*c^5*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^12*c^4*d^2*e^4)))^(1/2)*1i - (((32768*a^7*c^3*d*e^7 + 24576*a^5*c^5*d^5*e^3 + 57344*a^6*c^4*d^3*e^5)/(4096*(a^8*e^4 + a^6*c^2*d^4 + 2*a^7*c*d^2*e^2)) + ((d + e*x)^(1/2)*(4096*a^7*c^4*d*e^6 + 4096*a^5*c^6*d^5*e^2 + 8192*a^6*c^5*d^3*e^4)*(-(144*a^5*c^5*d^7 - 25*a*e^7*(-a^15*c^3)^(1/2) + 105*a^8*c^2*d*e^6 + 420*a^6*c^4*d^5*e^2 + 385*a^7*c^3*d^3*e^4 - 21*c*d^2*e^5*(-a^15*c^3)^(1/2)))/(4096*(a^10*c^6*...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7511, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}}{(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 10*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**4*e**4 - 38*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*c*d**2*e**2 - 20*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*c*e**4*x**2 - 24*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**2*d**4 - 76*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**2*d**2*e**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**2*e**4*x**4 - 48*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(...
```

**3.195**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1673
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1674
Rubi [A] (verified)	1675
Maple [F(-1)]	1681
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1681
Sympy [F(-1)]	1682
Maxima [F]	1682
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1682
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1683
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1684

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 721

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ae+cdx)\sqrt{d+ex}}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2+7ae^2)+6cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x)}{16a^2(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{3e\left(2\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+2ae^2) + \frac{2c^2d^4+5acd^2e^2+7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2+ae^2)^2\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{3e\left(2\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+2ae^2) + \frac{2c^2d^4+5acd^2e^2+7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2+ae^2)^2\sqrt{-\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{3e\left(2\sqrt{cd}(cd^2+2ae^2) - \frac{2c^2d^4+5acd^2e^2+7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}\sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}+\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}\right)}{32\sqrt{2}a^2\sqrt[4]{c}(cd^2+ae^2)^2\sqrt{\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4} * (c * d * x + a * e) * (e * x + d)^{(1/2)} / a / (a * e^2 + c * d^2) / (c * x^2 + a)^2 + 1/16 * (e * x + d)^{(1/2)} \\ & * (a * e * (7 * a * e^2 + c * d^2) + 6 * c * d * (2 * a * e^2 + c * d^2) * x) / a^2 / (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^2 / (c * x^2 + a) \\ & - 3/64 * e * (2 * c^{(1/2)} * d * (2 * a * e^2 + c * d^2) + (7 * a^2 * e^4 + 5 * a * c * d^2 * e^2 + 2 * c^2 * d^4) / (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)}) \\ & * \arctan(((c^{(1/2)} * d + (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} - 2^{(1/2)} * c^{(1/4)} * (e * x + d)^{(1/2)}) / (-c^{(1/2)} * d + (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}) * 2^{(1/2)} \\ & / a^2 / c^{(1/4)} / (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^2 / (-c^{(1/2)} * d + (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} + 3/64 * e \\ & * (2 * c^{(1/2)} * d * (2 * a * e^2 + c * d^2) + (7 * a^2 * e^4 + 5 * a * c * d^2 * e^2 + 2 * c^2 * d^4) / (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)}) \\ & * \arctan(((c^{(1/2)} * d + (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} + 2^{(1/2)} * c^{(1/4)} * (e * x + d)^{(1/2)}) / (-c^{(1/2)} * d + (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}) * 2^{(1/2)} \\ & / a^2 / c^{(1/4)} / (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^2 / (-c^{(1/2)} * d + (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} - 3/64 * e * (2 * c^{(1/2)} \\ & * d * (2 * a * e^2 + c * d^2) - (7 * a^2 * e^4 + 5 * a * c * d^2 * e^2 + 2 * c^2 * d^4) / (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)}) \\ & * \operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)} * c^{(1/4)} * (c^{(1/2)} * d + (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} * (e * x + d)^{(1/2)} / ((a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)} + c^{(1/2)} * (e * x + d))) \\ & * 2^{(1/2)} / a^2 / c^{(1/4)} / (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^2 / (c^{(1/2)} * d + (a * e^2 + c * d^2)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} \end{aligned}$$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+ex}(11a^3e^3+6c^3d^3x^3+a^2ce(5d^2+16dex+7e^2x^2)+ac^2dx(10d^2+dex+12e^2x^2))}{(cd^2+ae^2)^2(a+cx^2)^2} + \frac{3i(4cd^2+10i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{cde}-7ae^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cd-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}{\sqrt{cd+i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{32a^{5/2}}$$

input

Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d + e\*x]\*(a + c\*x^2)^3), x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((2 * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e * x] * (11 * a^3 * e^3 + 6 * c^3 * d^3 * x^3 + a^2 * c * e * (5 * d^2 + 1 \\ & 6 * d * e * x + 7 * e^2 * x^2) + a * c^2 * d * x * (10 * d^2 + d * e * x + 12 * e^2 * x^2))) / ((c * d^2 + \\ & a * e^2)^2 * (a + c * x^2)^2) + ((3 * I) * (4 * c * d^2 + (10 * I) * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[c] * d * e - \\ & 7 * a * e^2) * \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c * d) - I * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[c] * e] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e * x]) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c] \\ & * d + I * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * e)]) / ((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c] * d + I * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * e)^2 * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c * d) - I * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \\ & \operatorname{Sqrt}[c] * e]) - ((3 * I) * (4 * c * d^2 - (10 * I) * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[c] * d * e - 7 * a * e^2) * \operatorname{ArcT} \\ & \operatorname{an}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c * d) + I * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[c] * e] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d + e * x]) / (\operatorname{Sqrt}[c] * d - I * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] \\ & * e)]) / ((\operatorname{Sqrt}[c] * d - I * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * e)^2 * \operatorname{Sqrt}[-(c * d) + I * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[c] * e])) / \\ & (32 * a^{(5/2)}) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1001, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.737$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 686, 27, 654, 27, 1483, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a+cx^2)^3 \sqrt{d+ex}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{496} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{6cd^2+5cexd+7ae^2}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{6cd^2+5cexd+7ae^2}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)^2} dx}{8a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(6cdx(2ae^2+cd^2)+ae(7ae^2+cd^2))}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3c(4c^2d^4+9ace^2d^2+2ce(cd^2+2ae^2)xd+7a^2e^4)}{2\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{2ac(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{8a(ae^2+cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{4c^2d^4+9ace^2d^2+2ce(cd^2+2ae^2)xd+7a^2e^4}{\sqrt{d+ex}(cx^2+a)} dx}{4a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(6cdx(2ae^2+cd^2)+ae(7ae^2+cd^2))}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{8a(ae^2+cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{654} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{e(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+2c(cd^2+2ae^2)(d+ex)d+7a^2e^4)}{cd^2-2c(d+ex)d+ae^2+c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex}}{2a(ae^2+cd^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(6cdx(2ae^2+cd^2)+ae(7ae^2+cd^2))}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2+cd^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{8a(ae^2+cd^2)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2(ae^2+cd^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$



↓ 27

$$\frac{3e \int \frac{2c^2 d^4 + 5ace^2 d^2 + 2c(cd^2 + 2ae^2)(d+ex)d + 7a^2 e^4}{cd^2 - 2c(d+ex)d + ae^2 + c(d+ex)^2} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(6cdx(2ae^2 + cd^2) + ae(7ae^2 + cd^2))}{2a(a+cx^2)(ae^2 + cd^2)}}{2a(ae^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{8a(ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{d+ex}(ae + cdx)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1483

$$3e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(2c^2 d^4 + 5ace^2 d^2 + 7a^2 e^4) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{C}(2c^2 d^4 + 5ace^2 d^2 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(cd^2 + 2ae^2)d + 7a^2 e^4) \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{C}\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right) + \frac{8a(ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{d+ex}(ae + cdx)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$3e \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(2c^2 d^4 + 5ace^2 d^2 + 7a^2 e^4) \sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} - \sqrt[4]{C}(2c^2 d^4 + 5ace^2 d^2 - 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}(cd^2 + 2ae^2)d + 7a^2 e^4) \sqrt{d+ex}}{d+ex + \frac{\sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}} \sqrt{d+ex}}{\sqrt[4]{C}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd} + \sqrt{cd^2 + ae^2}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ae^2 + cd^2} + \sqrt{cd}}} d\sqrt{d+ex} \right) + \frac{8a(ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{d+ex}(ae + cdx)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

↓ 1142

$$\frac{8a(ae^2 + cd^2) \sqrt{d+ex}(ae + cdx)}{4a(a+cx^2)^2 (ae^2 + cd^2)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)^2} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(2cd^2+4ae^2)d+7a^2e^4)}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{3e} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2+7ae^2)+6cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)^2} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(2cd^2+4ae^2)d+7a^2e^4)}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{3e} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2+7ae^2)+6cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)^2} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(2cd^2+4ae^2)d+7a^2e^4)}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{c}}} dx}{3e} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2+7ae^2)+6cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)}$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cd^2+2ae^2)d+7a^2e^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{3e} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2+7ae^2)+6cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)}$$

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$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(cd^2+2ae^2)d+7a^2e^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{d+ex}}}{d+ex+\frac{\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}{\sqrt{c}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{3e} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2+7ae^2)+6cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)}$$

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$$\frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae+cdx)}{4a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)^2} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cd+\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}(2c^2d^4+5ace^2d^2+\sqrt{c}\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}(2cd^2+4ae^2)d+7a^2e^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cd-\sqrt{cd^2+ae^2}}}}\right)}{3e} + \frac{\sqrt{d+ex}(ae(cd^2+7ae^2)+6cd(cd^2+2ae^2)x)}{2a(cd^2+ae^2)(cx^2+a)}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)^3), x]`

output

```

((a*e + c*d*x)*Sqrt[d + e*x])/(4*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)^2) + ((Sqrt
[d + e*x]*(a*e*(c*d^2 + 7*a*e^2) + 6*c*d*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2)*x))/(2*a*(c*d^2
+ a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2)) + (3*e*((-(c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a
e^2]])*(2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4 + Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a
e^2])*(2*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c^(1/4)*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqr
t[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[d + e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d -
Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])]/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) - (c^(1/4)*
(2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4 - 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*
(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2))*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2] - Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d
+ Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] + Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*
Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (-((c
^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])*(2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 +
7*a^2*e^4 + Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2])*(2*c*d^2 + 4*a*e^2))*ArcTanh[(c
^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])/c^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[d
+ e*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])]/Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d
- Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]) + (c^(1/4)*(2*c^2*d^4 + 5*a*c*d^2*e^2 + 7*a^2*e^4
- 2*Sqrt[c]*d*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*(c*d^2 + 2*a*e^2))*Log[Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e
2] + Sqrt[2]*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]]*Sqrt[d + e*x] +
Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[c]
*d + Sqrt[c*d^2 + a*e^2]])))/(2*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))/(8*a*(c*d^2 + a*e^...

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 496  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)\}^{\{n\_ \}}\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)\}^{\{p\_ \}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{-(a*d + b*c*x)\}*(c + d*x)^{\{n + 1\}}\{(a + b*x^2)\}^{\{p + 1\}}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{\{n\}}\{(a + b*x^2)\}^{\{p + 1\}}*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{IntQuad raticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 654  $\text{Int}[\{(f\_)+(g\_)(x\_)\}/\{\text{Sqrt}[(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)]\}\{(a\_)+(c\_)(x\_)\}^{\{2\}}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[d + e*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x]$

rule 686  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)\}^{\{m\_ \}}\{(f\_)+(g\_)(x\_)\}\{(a\_)+(c\_)(x\_)\}^{\{p\_ \}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\{-(d + e*x)\}^{\{m + 1\}}\{(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)\}\{(a + c*x^2)\}^{\{p + 1\}}/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{\{m\}}\{(a + c*x^2)\}^{\{p + 1\}}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)\}^{\{-1\}}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)\}/\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)\}^{\{2\}}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)\}/\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x\_)\}^{\{2\}}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

rule 1483

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int
t[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r
+ (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && N
eQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

**Maple [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{ex+d} (cx^2+a)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5779 vs. 2(615) = 1230.

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5779, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex} (a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(1/2)/(c*x**2+a)**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^3\sqrt{ex+d}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)^3*sqrt(e*x + d)), x)`**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1664 vs. 2(615) = 1230.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1664, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-3/32*(2*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)^2*(sqrt(-a*c)*c*d^3*e
+ 2*sqrt(-a*c)*a*d*e^3)*abs(c) + (2*a^2*c^4*d^8*e + 9*a^3*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 1
9*a^4*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 19*a^5*c*d^2*e^7 + 7*a^6*e^9)*abs(a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^
3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*abs(c) + (4*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*c^6*d^13*e + 25*sqrt(-a*
c)*a^4*c^5*d^11*e^3 + 67*sqrt(-a*c)*a^5*c^4*d^9*e^5 + 98*sqrt(-a*c)*a^6*c^
3*d^7*e^7 + 82*sqrt(-a*c)*a^7*c^2*d^5*e^9 + 37*sqrt(-a*c)*a^8*c*d^3*e^11 +
7*sqrt(-a*c)*a^9*d*e^13)*abs(c))*arctan(sqrt(e*x + d)/sqrt(-(a^2*c^3*d^5
+ 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2 + a^4*c*d*e^4 + sqrt((a^2*c^3*d^5 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^3*e^2
+ a^4*c*d*e^4)^2 - (a^2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^2 + 3*a^4*c*d^2*e^4 + a^
5*e^6)*(a^2*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)))/(a^2*c^3*d^4 + 2*a^
3*c^2*d^2*e^2 + a^4*c*e^4)))/((a^4*c^5*d^9 + 4*a^5*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 6*a^6*c^3
*d^5*e^4 + 4*a^7*c^2*d^3*e^6 + a^8*c*d*e^8 - sqrt(-a*c)*a^4*c^4*d^8*e - 4*
sqrt(-a*c)*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^3 - 6*sqrt(-a*c)*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^5 - 4*sqrt(-a*c)*a
^7*c*d^2*e^7 - sqrt(-a*c)*a^8*e^9)*sqrt(-c^2*d - sqrt(-a*c)*c*e)*abs(a^2*c
^2*d^4*e + 2*a^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)) + 3/32*(2*(a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a^3*c*
d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)^2*(c^2*d^3*e + 2*a*c*d*e^3)*abs(c) + (2*sqrt(-a*c)*a*c^
4*d^8*e + 9*sqrt(-a*c)*a^2*c^3*d^6*e^3 + 19*sqrt(-a*c)*a^3*c^2*d^4*e^5 + 1
9*sqrt(-a*c)*a^4*c*d^2*e^7 + 7*sqrt(-a*c)*a^5*e^9)*abs(a^2*c^2*d^4*e + 2*a
^3*c*d^2*e^3 + a^4*e^5)*abs(c) + (4*a^3*c^7*d^13*e + 25*a^4*c^6*d^11*e^3 +
67*a^5*c^5*d^9*e^5 + 98*a^6*c^4*d^7*e^7 + 82*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^9 + 37*a^8*...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9035, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a + c*x^2)^3*(d + e*x)^(1/2)),x)
```



output

```
atan((((3*(14336*a^9*c^3*e^11 + 4096*a^5*c^7*d^8*e^3 + 18432*a^6*c^6*d^6*
e^5 + 38912*a^7*c^5*d^4*e^7 + 38912*a^8*c^4*d^2*e^9))/(2048*(a^10*e^8 + a^
6*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^9*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^7*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^8*c^2*d^4*e^4)) - ((
d + e*x)^(1/2)*(-9*(16*a^5*c^5*d^9 - 49*a^2*e^9*(-a^15*c)^(1/2) + 84*a^6*c
^4*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 210*a^8*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 21*c^2*d^4*e^5*(
-a^15*c)^(1/2) + 105*a^9*c*d*e^8 - 54*a*c*d^2*e^7*(-a^15*c)^(1/2)))/(4096*
(a^15*c*e^10 + a^10*c^6*d^10 + 5*a^11*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 10*a^12*c^4*d^6*e^4 +
10*a^13*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^14*c^2*d^2*e^8)))^(1/2)*(4096*a^9*c^4*d*e^10 + 4
096*a^5*c^8*d^9*e^2 + 16384*a^6*c^7*d^7*e^4 + 24576*a^7*c^6*d^5*e^6 + 1638
4*a^8*c^5*d^3*e^8))/(64*(a^8*e^8 + a^4*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^7*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^5*c
^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^4)))*(-9*(16*a^5*c^5*d^9 - 49*a^2*e^9*(-a^15
*c)^(1/2) + 84*a^6*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^4 + 210*a^8*c^2*d^3*e^6
- 21*c^2*d^4*e^5*(-a^15*c)^(1/2) + 105*a^9*c*d*e^8 - 54*a*c*d^2*e^7*(-a^1
5*c)^(1/2)))/(4096*(a^15*c*e^10 + a^10*c^6*d^10 + 5*a^11*c^5*d^8*e^2 + 10*
a^12*c^4*d^6*e^4 + 10*a^13*c^3*d^4*e^6 + 5*a^14*c^2*d^2*e^8)))^(1/2) - ((d
+ e*x)^(1/2)*(441*a^4*c^3*e^10 + 144*c^7*d^8*e^2 + 612*a*c^6*d^6*e^4 + 10
89*a^2*c^5*d^4*e^6 + 990*a^3*c^4*d^2*e^8))/(64*(a^8*e^8 + a^4*c^4*d^8 + 4*
a^7*c*d^2*e^6 + 4*a^5*c^3*d^6*e^2 + 6*a^6*c^2*d^4*e^4)))*(-9*(16*a^5*c^5*
d^9 - 49*a^2*e^9*(-a^15*c)^(1/2) + 84*a^6*c^4*d^7*e^2 + 189*a^7*c^3*d^5*e^
4 + 210*a^8*c^2*d^3*e^6 - 21*c^2*d^4*e^5*(-a^15*c)^(1/2) + 105*a^9*c*d*...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8803, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.21

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d+ex}(a+cx^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 66*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**4*c*d*e**4 - 66*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*c**2*d**3*e**2 - 132*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**3*c**2*d*e**4*x**2 - 24*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**3*d**5 - 132*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**3*d**3*e**2*x**2 - 66*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) + c*d)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(d + e*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)))*a**2*c**3*d*e**4*x**4 - 48*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*e**2 + c*d**2) - c*d)*sqrt(2)*...
```

### 3.196 $\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1+x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1686
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1687
Rubi [A] (verified)	1687
Maple [A] (verified)	1690
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1692
Sympy [F]	1692
Maxima [F]	1693
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1693
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1694
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1695

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1+x^2} dx = -\frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})-2\sqrt{2+3x}}}{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{13})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{13})}} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})+2\sqrt{2+3x}}}{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{13})}}\right)}{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{13})}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}\sqrt{2+3x}}{2+\sqrt{13}+3x}\right)}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}$$

output

```
-3*arctan(((4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*(2+3*x)^(1/2))/(-4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)+3*arctan(((4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*(2+3*x)^(1/2))/(-4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)-3*arctanh((4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2+3*x)^(1/2)/(2+13^(1/2)+3*x))/(4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1+x^2} dx = \sqrt{2-3i} \arctan \left( \sqrt{-\frac{2}{13} - \frac{3i}{13}} \sqrt{2+3x} \right) + \sqrt{2+3i} \arctan \left( \sqrt{-\frac{2}{13} + \frac{3i}{13}} \sqrt{2+3x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]/(1 + x^2),x]`

output `Sqrt[2 - 3*I]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-2/13 - (3*I)/13]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x]] + Sqrt[2 + 3*I]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-2/13 + (3*I)/13]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.471$ , Rules used = {483, 1447, 1475, 1083, 217, 1478, 25, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{x^2+1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 483 \\ & 6 \int \frac{3x+2}{(3x+2)^2 - 4(3x+2) + 13} d\sqrt{3x+2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1447 \\ & 6 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{3x + \sqrt{13} + 2}{(3x+2)^2 - 4(3x+2) + 13} d\sqrt{3x+2} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-3x + \sqrt{13} - 2}{(3x+2)^2 - 4(3x+2) + 13} d\sqrt{3x+2} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1475 \end{aligned}$$

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{3x - \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{13} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{3x + \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{13} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1083

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( - \int \frac{1}{-3x + 2(2 - \sqrt{13}) - 2} d \left( 2\sqrt{3x+2} - \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})} \right) - \int \frac{1}{-3x + 2(2 - \sqrt{13}) - 2} d \left( 2\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 217

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{3x+2} - \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-3x + \sqrt{13} - 2}{(3x+2)^2 - 4(3x+2) + 13} d\sqrt{3x+2} \right)$$

↓ 1478

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})} - 2\sqrt{3x+2}}{3x - \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{13} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{2\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}} + \frac{\int -\frac{2\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}{3x + \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{13} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{2\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{3x+2} - \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})} - 2\sqrt{3x+2}}{3x - \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{13} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{2\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}} - \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}{3x + \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{13} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{2\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{3x+2} - \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{3x+2} - \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{3x+2} + \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{13}-2)}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\log \left( 3x - \sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}\sqrt{3x+2} \right)}{2\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{13})}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]/(1 + x^2),x]`

output `6*((ArcTan[(-Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[13])]) + 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x])/Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[13])])]/Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[13])] + ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[13])]) + 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x])/Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[13])])]/Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[13])])/2 + (Log[2 + Sqrt[13] + 3*x - Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[13])]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x]]/(2*Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[13])]) - Log[2 + Sqrt[13] + 3*x + Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[13])]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x]]/(2*Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[13])])))/2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 483 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)])/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[x^2/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1447 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, Simp[1/2 Int[(q + x^2)/(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x] - Simp[1/2 Int[(q - x^2)/(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[a*c]`

rule 1475 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e) - b/c, 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && (GtQ[2*(d/e) - b/c, 0] || (!LtQ[2*(d/e) - b/c, 0] && EqQ[d - e*Rt[a/c, 2], 0]))`

rule 1478 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e) - b/c, 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && !GtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}}(-2+\sqrt{13})}{6} \left( -\frac{\ln(3x+2-\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}+\sqrt{13}})}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x+2}-\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}}}{\sqrt{-4+2\sqrt{13}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-4+2\sqrt{13}}} \right) \sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}}(-2+\sqrt{13})}{6} \left( -\frac{\ln(3x+2-\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}+\sqrt{13}})}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3x+2}-\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}}}{\sqrt{-4+2\sqrt{13}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-4+2\sqrt{13}}} \right) \sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}}$
pseudoelliptic	$\sqrt{13} \ln(3x+2-\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}+\sqrt{13}}) - \sqrt{13} \ln(3x+2+\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}+\sqrt{13}}) - 2 \ln(3x+2-\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{13}+\sqrt{13}})$
trager	$-\text{RootOf}(16\_Z^4 + 16\_Z^2 + 13) \ln\left(\frac{816 \text{RootOf}(16\_Z^4 + 16\_Z^2 + 13)^5 x + 1848 \text{RootOf}(16\_Z^4 + 16\_Z^2 + 13)}{\dots}\right)$

input

```
int((3*x+2)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/6*(4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)*(-2+13^(1/2))*(-1/2*ln(3*x+2-(3*x+2)^(1/2)*(4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)+13^(1/2))-(4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan((2*(3*x+2)^(1/2)-(4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)))-1/6*(4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)*(-2+13^(1/2))*(1/2*ln(3*x+2+(3*x+2)^(1/2)*(4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)+13^(1/2))-(4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*(3*x+2)^(1/2))/(-4+2*13^(1/2))^(1/2)))
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{13}+1} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{9}\left(\left(\sqrt{13}+2\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{13}-1}+3\sqrt{3x+2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{13}+1}\right)$$

$$- \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{13}+1} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{9}\left(\left(\sqrt{13}+2\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{13}-1}-3\sqrt{3x+2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{13}+1}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{13}-1} \log\left(2\sqrt{3x+2}\left(\sqrt{13}+2\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{13}-1}+9x+3\sqrt{13}+6\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{13}-1} \log\left(-2\sqrt{3x+2}\left(\sqrt{13}+2\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{13}-1}+9x+3\sqrt{13}+6\right)$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(1/2*sqrt(13) + 1)*arctan(2/9*((sqrt(13) + 2)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(13) - 1) + 3*sqrt(3*x + 2))*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(13) + 1)) - sqrt(1/2*sqrt(13) + 1)*arctan(2/9*((sqrt(13) + 2)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(13) - 1) - 3*sqrt(3*x + 2))*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(13) + 1)) - 1/2*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(13) - 1)*log(2*sqrt(3*x + 2)*(sqrt(13) + 2)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(13) - 1) + 9*x + 3*sqrt(13) + 6) + 1/2*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(13) - 1)*log(-2*sqrt(3*x + 2)*(sqrt(13) + 2)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(13) - 1) + 9*x + 3*sqrt(13) + 6)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)**(1/2)/(x**2+1),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(3*x + 2)/(x**2 + 1), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(3*x + 2)/(x^2 + 1), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1+x^2} dx = & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2\sqrt{13}} + 4 \arctan \left( \frac{13^{\frac{3}{4}} \left( 13^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{13}\sqrt{13} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{3x+2} \right)}{13 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{13}\sqrt{13} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2\sqrt{13}} + 4 \arctan \left( -\frac{13^{\frac{3}{4}} \left( 13^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{13}\sqrt{13} + \frac{1}{2}} - \sqrt{3x+2} \right)}{13 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{13}\sqrt{13} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2\sqrt{13}} - 4 \log \left( 2 \cdot 13^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{3x+2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{13}\sqrt{13} + \frac{1}{2}} + 3x + \sqrt{13} + 2 \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2\sqrt{13}} - 4 \log \left( -2 \cdot 13^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{3x+2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{13}\sqrt{13} + \frac{1}{2}} + 3x + \sqrt{13} + 2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(2*sqrt(13) + 4)*arctan(1/13*13^(3/4)*(13^(1/4)*sqrt(1/13*sqrt(13) + 1/2) + sqrt(3*x + 2))/sqrt(-1/13*sqrt(13) + 1/2)) + 1/2*sqrt(2*sqrt(13) + 4)*arctan(-1/13*13^(3/4)*(13^(1/4)*sqrt(1/13*sqrt(13) + 1/2) - sqrt(3*x + 2))/sqrt(-1/13*sqrt(13) + 1/2)) - 1/4*sqrt(2*sqrt(13) - 4)*log(2*13^(1/4)*sqrt(3*x + 2)*sqrt(1/13*sqrt(13) + 1/2) + 3*x + sqrt(13) + 2) + 1/4*sqrt(2*sqrt(13) - 4)*log(-2*13^(1/4)*sqrt(3*x + 2)*sqrt(1/13*sqrt(13) + 1/2) + 3*x + sqrt(13) + 2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1+x^2} dx =$$

$$-\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\left(1152\sqrt{3x+2}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{13}}{8}-\frac{1}{4}}-\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{13}}{8}-\frac{1}{4}}\right)^2-720\sqrt{3x+2}\right)\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{13}}{8}-\frac{1}{4}}-\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{13}}{8}-\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2808}\right.$$

$$\left.-2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{13}}{8}-\frac{1}{4}}\right)$$

$$-\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\left(720\sqrt{3x+2}-1152\sqrt{3x+2}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{13}}{8}-\frac{1}{4}}+\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{13}}{8}-\frac{1}{4}}\right)^2\right)\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{13}}{8}-\frac{1}{4}}+\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{13}}{8}-\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2808}\right.$$

$$\left.+2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{13}}{8}-\frac{1}{4}}\right)$$

input `int((3*x + 2)^(1/2)/(x^2 + 1),x)`output `- atanh(-((1152*(3*x + 2)^(1/2)*((- 13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2) - (13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2))^2 - 720*(3*x + 2)^(1/2))*((- 13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2) - (13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2)))/2808)*(2*(- 13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2) - 2*(13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2)) - atanh(((720*(3*x + 2)^(1/2) - 1152*(3*x + 2)^(1/2))*((- 13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2) + (13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2))^2)*((- 13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2) + (13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2)))/2808)*(2*(- 13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2) + 2*(13^(1/2)/8 - 1/4)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( -2\sqrt{\sqrt{13}-2}\sqrt{13} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{13}+2}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{13}-2}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 4\sqrt{\sqrt{13}-2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{13}+2}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{13}-2}\sqrt{2}}\right) + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{13}-2} \right)}{12}$$

input

```
int((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(2)*(-2*sqrt(sqrt(13)-2)*sqrt(13)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*sqrt(2)-2*sqrt(3*x+2))/(sqrt(sqrt(13)-2)*sqrt(2))))-4*sqrt(sqrt(13)-2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*sqrt(2)-2*sqrt(3*x+2))/(sqrt(sqrt(13)-2)*sqrt(2))))+2*sqrt(sqrt(13)-2)*sqrt(13)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*sqrt(2)+2*sqrt(3*x+2))/(sqrt(sqrt(13)-2)*sqrt(2))))+4*sqrt(sqrt(13)-2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*sqrt(2)+2*sqrt(3*x+2))/(sqrt(sqrt(13)-2)*sqrt(2))))+sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*sqrt(13)*log(-sqrt(3*x+2)*sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*sqrt(2)+sqrt(13)+3*x+2)-sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*sqrt(13)*log(sqrt(3*x+2)*sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*sqrt(2)+sqrt(13)+3*x+2)-2*sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*log(-sqrt(3*x+2)*sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*sqrt(2)+sqrt(13)+3*x+2)+2*sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*log(sqrt(3*x+2)*sqrt(sqrt(13)+2)*sqrt(2)+sqrt(13)+3*x+2)))/12
```

### 3.197 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1+x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1696
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1697
Rubi [A] (verified)	1697
Maple [A] (verified)	1700
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1702
Sympy [F]	1702
Maxima [F]	1703
Giac [F(-1)]	1703
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1703
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1704

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 239

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1+x^2} dx = -\frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}} + \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}} - \frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}}{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}}$$

output

```
-1/2*d*arctan(((c+(c^2+d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-c+(c^2+d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(-c+(c^2+d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/2*d*arctan(((c+(c^2+d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-c+(c^2+d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/(-c+(c^2+d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*d*arctanh(2^(1/2)*(c+(c^2+d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(c+(c^2+d^2)^(1/2)+d*x))*2^(1/2)/(c+(c^2+d^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1+x^2} dx = i \left( \sqrt{-c-id} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c-id}} \right) - \sqrt{-c+id} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c+id}} \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]/(1 + x^2),x]`

output `I*(Sqrt[-c - I*d]*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[-c - I*d]] - Sqrt[-c + I*d]*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[-c + I*d]])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.471$ , Rules used = {483, 1449, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{x^2+1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 483 \\ & 2d \int \frac{c+dx}{c^2 - 2(c+dx)c + d^2 + (c+dx)^2} d\sqrt{c+dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1449 \\ & 2d \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c}} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1142 \end{aligned}$$

$$2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c} \int \frac{1}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx} + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx})}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c} \int \frac{1}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx})}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c} \int \frac{1}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx} - \int \frac{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx} - \int \frac{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c}} \right)$$

↓ 1083

$$2d \left( \frac{-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c} \int \frac{1}{-c+2(c-\sqrt{c^2+d^2})-dx} d(2\sqrt{c+dx}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}) - \int \frac{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c}} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$2d \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx} - \frac{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{c+dx}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c-\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{c+dx+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$2d \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \log \left( -\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{c^2 + d^2} + c} \sqrt{c + dx} + \sqrt{c^2 + d^2} + c + dx \right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{c^2 + d^2} + c}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2 + d^2} + c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{c^2 + d^2} + c}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{c - \sqrt{c^2 + d^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{c - \sqrt{c^2 + d^2}}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/(1 + x^2),x]`

output `2*d*((-((Sqrt[c + Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]]*ArcTanh[(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c + Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]]) + 2*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c - Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]])])/Sqrt[c - Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]]) + Log[c + Sqrt[c^2 + d^2] + d*x - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c + Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c + Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]]) - ((Sqrt[c + Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c + Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]] + 2*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c - Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]])])/Sqrt[c - Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]]) + Log[c + Sqrt[c^2 + d^2] + d*x + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c + Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]]*Sqrt[c + d*x])/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c + Sqrt[c^2 + d^2]]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 483 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[x^2/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`



rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1449 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*r) Int[x^(m - 1)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] - Simp[1/(2*c*r) Int[x^(m - 1)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GeQ[m, 1] && LtQ[m, 3] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$-\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-2c}\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c}\left(\ln\left(dx+c+\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\right)-\ln\left(dx+c-\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\right)\right)}{4}$
derivativedivides	$2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c}(-c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2})\left(\frac{\ln\left(dx+c+\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\right)}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c}\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-2c}}\right)}{4d^2}$
default	$2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c}(-c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2})\left(\frac{\ln\left(dx+c+\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c+\sqrt{c^2+d^2}}\right)}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c}\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+2c}}\right)}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-2c}}\right)}{4d^2}$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{-1/(2*(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-2*c)^{(1/2)}*(-1/4*(2*(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-2*c)^{(1/2)}*(2*(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+2*c)^{(1/2)}*(\ln(d*x+c+(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(2*(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+2*c)^{(1/2)}+(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)))-\ln(d*x+c-(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(2*(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+2*c)^{(1/2)}+(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)))*(-(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+c)+d^2*(\arctan((-2*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}+(2*(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+2*c)^{(1/2)))/(2*(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-2*c)^{(1/2)}-\arctan((2*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}+(2*(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}+2*c)^{(1/2)))/(2*(c^2+d^2)^{(1/2)}-2*c)^{(1/2))}}{d}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-c+\sqrt{-d^2}} \log\left(\sqrt{dx+cd} + \sqrt{-d^2} \sqrt{-c+\sqrt{-d^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-c+\sqrt{-d^2}} \log\left(\sqrt{dx+cd} - \sqrt{-d^2} \sqrt{-c+\sqrt{-d^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-c-\sqrt{-d^2}} \log\left(\sqrt{dx+cd} + \sqrt{-d^2} \sqrt{-c-\sqrt{-d^2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-c-\sqrt{-d^2}} \log\left(\sqrt{dx+cd} - \sqrt{-d^2} \sqrt{-c-\sqrt{-d^2}}\right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*sqrt(-c + sqrt(-d^2))*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*d + sqrt(-d^2)*sqrt(-c + sqrt(-d^2))) - 1/2*sqrt(-c + sqrt(-d^2))*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*d - sqrt(-d^2)*sqrt(-c + sqrt(-d^2))) - 1/2*sqrt(-c - sqrt(-d^2))*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*d + sqrt(-d^2)*sqrt(-c - sqrt(-d^2))) + 1/2*sqrt(-c - sqrt(-d^2))*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*d - sqrt(-d^2)*sqrt(-c - sqrt(-d^2)))`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)/(x**2+1),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)/(x**2 + 1), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)/(x^2 + 1), x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1+x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1+x^2} dx \\ &= -\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2c\sqrt{-\frac{c}{4}-\frac{d11}{4}}\sqrt{c+dx}-d\sqrt{-\frac{c}{4}-\frac{d11}{4}}\sqrt{c+dx}2i}{c^2+d^2}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{c}{4}-\frac{d11}{4}}2i \\ &+ \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2c\sqrt{-\frac{c}{4}+\frac{d11}{4}}\sqrt{c+dx}+d\sqrt{-\frac{c}{4}+\frac{d11}{4}}\sqrt{c+dx}2i}{c^2+d^2}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{c}{4}+\frac{d11}{4}}2i \end{aligned}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/(x^2 + 1),x)`

output

```
atan((2*c*((d*1i)/4 - c/4)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2) + d*((d*1i)/4 - c/4)^(1/2)
)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)*2i)/(c^2 + d^2))*((d*1i)/4 - c/4)^(1/2)*2i - atan((2*c*(
- c/4 - (d*1i)/4)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - d*(- c/4 - (d*1i)/4)^(1/2)*(c +
d*x)^(1/2)*2i)/(c^2 + d^2))*(- c/4 - (d*1i)/4)^(1/2)*2i
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 468, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( -2\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-c}\sqrt{c^2+d^2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c}\sqrt{2-2\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-c}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}+c}\sqrt{2-2\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c^2+d^2}-c}\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(2)*(- 2*sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) - c)*sqrt(c**2 + d**2)*atan((sqrt(sq
rt(c**2 + d**2) + c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c + d*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) -
c)*sqrt(2))) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) - c)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2)
+ c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(c + d*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) - c)*sqrt(2))) *c +
2*sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) - c)*sqrt(c**2 + d**2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d
**2) + c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(c + d*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) - c)*sqrt(2)))
+ 2*sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) - c)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) + c)*sqrt(2)
+ 2*sqrt(c + d*x))/(sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) - c)*sqrt(2))) *c + sqrt(sqrt(c
**2 + d**2) + c)*sqrt(c**2 + d**2)*log(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) - sqrt(c + d*x)*s
qrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) + c)*sqrt(2) + c + d*x) - sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) + c
)*sqrt(c**2 + d**2)*log(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) + sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c**2 +
d**2) + c)*sqrt(2) + c + d*x) - sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) + c)*log(sqrt(c**2
+ d**2) - sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) + c)*sqrt(2) + c + d*x)*c
+ sqrt(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) + c)*log(sqrt(c**2 + d**2) + sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(s
qrt(c**2 + d**2) + c)*sqrt(2) + c + d*x)*c))/(4*d)
```

### 3.198 $\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a+bx^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1705
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1706
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1706
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1710
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1712
Sympy [F] . . . . .	1713
Maxima [F] . . . . .	1713
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1714
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1714
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1715

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 314

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a+bx^2} dx = -\frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{2+3x}}{\sqrt{-2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{-2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{2+3x}}{\sqrt{-2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{-2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}\sqrt{2+3x}}{\sqrt{9a+4b}+\sqrt{b}(2+3x)}\right)}{\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}}$$

output

```
-3/2*arctan(((2*b^(1/2)+(9*a+4*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*(2+3*x)^(1/2)))/(-2*b^(1/2)+(9*a+4*b)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/b^(3/4)/(-2*b^(1/2)+(9*a+4*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)+3/2*arctan(((2*b^(1/2)+(9*a+4*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*(2+3*x)^(1/2)))/(-2*b^(1/2)+(9*a+4*b)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/b^(3/4)/(-2*b^(1/2)+(9*a+4*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)-3/2*arctanh(2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*(2*b^(1/2)+(9*a+4*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2+3*x)^(1/2)/((9*a+4*b)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*(2+3*x)))*2^(1/2)/b^(3/4)/(2*b^(1/2)+(9*a+4*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a+bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1} \sqrt{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}-2ib} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1} \sqrt{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}-2ib}\sqrt{2+3x}}{3\sqrt{a}-2i\sqrt{b}}\right) + (-1)^{3/4} \sqrt{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+2ib} \arctan\left(\frac{(-1)^{3/4} \sqrt{3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+2ib}}{3\sqrt{a}+2i\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]/(a + b*x^2), x]`

output

```
((-1)^(1/4)*Sqrt[3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] - (2*I)*b]*ArcTan[((-1)^(1/4)*Sqrt[3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] - (2*I)*b]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x]]/(3*Sqrt[a] - (2*I)*Sqrt[b])) + (-1)^(3/4)*Sqrt[3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + (2*I)*b]*ArcTan[((-1)^(3/4)*Sqrt[3*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + (2*I)*b]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x]]/(3*Sqrt[a] + (2*I)*Sqrt[b]))/(Sqrt[a]*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {483, 1449, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 219, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{a+bx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 483$$

$$6 \int \frac{3x+2}{b(3x+2)^2 - 4b(3x+2) + 9a+4b} d\sqrt{3x+2}$$

$$\downarrow 1449$$

$$6 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{3x + \frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{b}} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{2\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b} + 2\sqrt{b}}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{3x + \frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{b}} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{2\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b} + 2\sqrt{b}}} \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$6 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b} + 2\sqrt{b}} \int \frac{1}{3x + \frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{b}} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{3x+2})}{\sqrt[4]{b}(3x + \frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{b}} + 2)} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{2\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b} + 2\sqrt{b}}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$6 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b} + 2\sqrt{b}} \int \frac{1}{3x + \frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{b}} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{3x+2})}{\sqrt[4]{b}(3x + \frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{b}} + 2)} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{2\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b} + 2\sqrt{b}}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$6 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b} + 2\sqrt{b}} \int \frac{1}{3x + \frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{b}} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{3x+2}}{3x + \frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{9a+4b}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{b}} + 2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}}}{2\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b} + 2\sqrt{b}}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3x + \frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}}} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)$$

↓ 1083



$$6 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b}+2\sqrt{b}} \int \frac{1}{2\left(2-\frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)-3x-2} d\left(2\sqrt{3x+2}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right) - \int \frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{3x+2}}{3x+\frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+2} d\sqrt{3x+2}}{2\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b}+2\sqrt{b}}}$$

↓ 219

$$6 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{3x+2}}{3x+\frac{\sqrt{9a+4b}}{\sqrt{b}}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{9a+4b}}\sqrt{3x+2}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+2} d\sqrt{3x+2} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b}+2\sqrt{b}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(2\sqrt{3x+2}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b}+2\sqrt{b}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{9a+4b}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}}}{2\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b}+2\sqrt{b}}}$$

↓ 1103

$$6 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b}+2\sqrt{b}}+\sqrt{9a+4b}+\sqrt{b}(3x+2)\right) - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b}+2\sqrt{b}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(2\sqrt{3x+2}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b}+2\sqrt{b}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{9a+4b}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}}}{2\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{9a+4b}+2\sqrt{b}}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[2 + 3*x]/(a + b*x^2), x]
```

output

```
6*((-((Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]]*ArcTanh[(b^(1/4)*(-((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]])/b^(1/4)) + 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]])]/Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]]) + Log[Sqrt[9*a + 4*b] - Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x] + Sqrt[b]*(2 + 3*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*b^(3/4)*Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]]) - ((Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]]*ArcTanh[(b^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]])/b^(1/4) + 2*Sqrt[2 + 3*x]))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]])]/Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]]) + Log[Sqrt[9*a + 4*b] + Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]]*Sqrt[2 + 3*x] + Sqrt[b]*(2 + 3*x)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*b^(3/4)*Sqrt[2*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[9*a + 4*b]]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 483

```
Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[x^2/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

rule 1083

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

```
rule 1103 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]

rule 1142 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]

rule 1449 Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q =
Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*r) Int[x^(m - 1)/(q
- r*x + x^2), x], x] - Simp[1/(2*c*r) Int[x^(m - 1)/(q + r*x + x^2), x],
x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GeQ[m, 1] && LtQ[m,
3] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$4\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b(9a+4b)}}{2}+b\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{4\sqrt{9a+4b}}\sqrt{b}-2\sqrt{b(9a+4b)}-4b\sqrt{2\sqrt{b(9a+4b)}+4b}\left(\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(3x+2)-\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b(9a+4b)}+4b+\sqrt{9a+4b}}}{8}\right)\right)}{\right)}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{9ab+4b^2}+4b}\left(\sqrt{9ab+4b^2}-2b\right)\left(\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(3x+2)+\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b(9a+4b)}+4b+\sqrt{9a+4b}}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b(9a+4b)}+4b}\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b(9a+4b)}+4b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{4\sqrt{9a+4b}+4b}}\right)}{6ab}}{\right)}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{9ab+4b^2}+4b}\left(\sqrt{9ab+4b^2}-2b\right)\left(\frac{\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(3x+2)+\sqrt{3x+2}\sqrt{2\sqrt{b(9a+4b)}+4b+\sqrt{9a+4b}}}{2\sqrt{b}}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{b(9a+4b)}+4b}\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b(9a+4b)}+4b}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{4\sqrt{9a+4b}+4b}}\right)}{6ab}}{\right)}$

```
input int((3*x+2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -4/3*(-1/2*(b*(9*a+4*b))^{1/2}+b)/b^{3/2}*(1/8*(4*(9*a+4*b)^{1/2}*b^{1/2}- \\
& 2*(b*(9*a+4*b))^{1/2}-4*b)^{1/2}*(2*(b*(9*a+4*b))^{1/2}+4*b)^{1/2}*(\ln(b^{1/2} \\
& (3*x+2)-(3*x+2)^{1/2}*(2*(b*(9*a+4*b))^{1/2}+4*b)^{1/2}+(9*a+4*b)^{1/2} \\
& (2))-\ln(b^{1/2}*(3*x+2)+(3*x+2)^{1/2}*(2*(b*(9*a+4*b))^{1/2}+4*b)^{1/2}+(9* \\
& a+4*b)^{1/2}))+ (b+1/2*(b*(9*a+4*b))^{1/2})*(\arctan((2*b^{1/2}*(3*x+2)^{1/2} \\
& )-(2*(b*(9*a+4*b))^{1/2}+4*b)^{1/2}))/ (4*(9*a+4*b)^{1/2}*b^{1/2}-2*(b*(9*a+ \\
& 4*b))^{1/2}-4*b)^{1/2}))+\arctan((2*b^{1/2}*(3*x+2)^{1/2}+(2*(b*(9*a+4*b))^{1/2} \\
& (1/2)+4*b)^{1/2}))/ (4*(9*a+4*b)^{1/2}*b^{1/2}-2*(b*(9*a+4*b))^{1/2}-4*b)^{1/2} \\
& )))/ (4*(9*a+4*b)^{1/2}*b^{1/2}-2*(b*(9*a+4*b))^{1/2}-4*b)^{1/2}/a
\end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a+bx^2} dx = & -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-\frac{3ab\sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}}+2}{ab}} \log \left( ab^2 \sqrt{-\frac{3ab\sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}}+2}{ab}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}} \right. \\
& \left. + \sqrt{3x+2} \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3ab\sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}}+2}{ab}} \log \left( -ab^2 \sqrt{-\frac{3ab\sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}}+2}{ab}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}} \right. \\
& \left. + \sqrt{3x+2} \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3ab\sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}}-2}{ab}} \log \left( ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{3ab\sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}}-2}{ab}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}} \right. \\
& \left. + \sqrt{3x+2} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3ab\sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}}-2}{ab}} \log \left( -ab^2 \sqrt{\frac{3ab\sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}}-2}{ab}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{ab^3}} \right. \\
& \left. + \sqrt{3x+2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*sqrt(-(3*a*b*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) + 2)/(a*b))*log(a*b^2*sqrt(-(3*a*b*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) + 2)/(a*b))*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) + sqrt(3*x + 2)) + 1/2*sqrt(-(3*a*b*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) + 2)/(a*b))*log(-a*b^2*sqrt(-(3*a*b*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) + 2)/(a*b))*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) + sqrt(3*x + 2)) + 1/2*sqrt((3*a*b*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) - 2)/(a*b))*log(a*b^2*sqrt((3*a*b*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) - 2)/(a*b))*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) + sqrt(3*x + 2)) - 1/2*sqrt((3*a*b*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) - 2)/(a*b))*log(-a*b^2*sqrt((3*a*b*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) - 2)/(a*b))*sqrt(-1/(a*b^3)) + sqrt(3*x + 2))
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a+bx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{a+bx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((2+3*x)**(1/2)/(b*x**2+a), x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(3*x + 2)/(a + b*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a+bx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{3x+2}}{bx^2+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(3*x + 2)/(b*x^2 + a), x)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a+bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(4\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{-2b^2-3\sqrt{-ab}b} - 17\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{-2b^2-3\sqrt{-ab}b}\right)|b| \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{4b+\sqrt{-4(9a+4b)b+16b^2}}{b}}}\right)}{4a^2b^3-17ab^4}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(4\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{-2b^2+3\sqrt{-ab}b} - 17\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{-2b^2+3\sqrt{-ab}b}\right)|b| \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{4b-\sqrt{-4(9a+4b)b+16b^2}}{b}}}\right)}{4a^2b^3-17ab^4}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(4*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(-2*b^2 - 3*sqrt(-a*b)*b)*a - 17*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(-2*b^2 - 3*sqrt(-a*b)*b)*abs(b)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(3*x + 2)/sqrt(-(4*b + sqrt(-4*(9*a + 4*b)*b + 16*b^2))/b))/(4*a^2*b^3 - 17*a*b^4) + (4*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(-2*b^2 + 3*sqrt(-a*b)*b)*a - 17*sqrt(-a*b)*sqrt(-2*b^2 + 3*sqrt(-a*b)*b)*abs(b)*arctan(2*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(3*x + 2)/sqrt(-(4*b - sqrt(-4*(9*a + 4*b)*b + 16*b^2))/b))/(4*a^2*b^3 - 17*a*b^4)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a+bx^2} dx =$$

$$-2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{2 \left( (1296 a b^2 - 576 b^3) \sqrt{3x+2} - \frac{288 b \sqrt{3x+2} (3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3 - 2 a b^2})}{a} \right) \sqrt{\frac{3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3 - 2 a b^2}}{4 a^2 b^3}}}{1728 b^2 + 3888 a b} \right) \sqrt{\frac{3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3 - 2 a b^2}}{4 a^2 b^3}}$$

$$-2 \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{2 \left( (1296 a b^2 - 576 b^3) \sqrt{3x+2} + \frac{288 b \sqrt{3x+2} (3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3 + 2 a b^2})}{a} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3 + 2 a b^2}}{4 a^2 b^3}}}{1728 b^2 + 3888 a b} \right) \sqrt{\frac{-3 \sqrt{-a^3 b^3 + 2 a b^2}}{4 a^2 b^3}}$$

input `int((3*x + 2)^(1/2)/(a + b*x^2),x)`

output 
$$- 2*\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2*((1296*a*b^2 - 576*b^3)*(3*x + 2)^{(1/2)} - (288*b*(3*x + 2)^{(1/2)}*(3*(-a^3*b^3)^{(1/2)} - 2*a*b^2))}{a}\right)*\frac{(3*(-a^3*b^3)^{(1/2)} - 2*a*b^2)}{(4*a^2*b^3)^{(1/2)}}/(3888*a*b + 1728*b^2)*\frac{(3*(-a^3*b^3)^{(1/2)} - 2*a*b^2)}{(4*a^2*b^3)^{(1/2)} - 2*\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2*((1296*a*b^2 - 576*b^3)*(3*x + 2)^{(1/2)} + (288*b*(3*x + 2)^{(1/2)}*(3*(-a^3*b^3)^{(1/2)} + 2*a*b^2))}{a}\right)*(-3*(-a^3*b^3)^{(1/2)} + 2*a*b^2)}{(4*a^2*b^3)^{(1/2)}}/(3888*a*b + 1728*b^2)*(-3*(-a^3*b^3)^{(1/2)} + 2*a*b^2)}{(4*a^2*b^3)^{(1/2)}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 588, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{a+bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( -2\sqrt{9a+4b} \sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{9a+4b}-2b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{9a+4b}+2b}\sqrt{2-2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{3x+2}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{9a+4b}-2b}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{9a+4b}-2b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2+3x}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{9a+4b}-2b}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{9a+4b}-2b}$$

input `int((2+3*x)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a),x)`



output

```
(sqrt(2)*(- 2*sqrt(9*a + 4*b)*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) - 2*b)*atan((s
qrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(3*x + 2))/(sqr
t(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) - 2*b)*sqrt(2))) - 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9
*a + 4*b) - 2*b)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqr
t(b)*sqrt(3*x + 2))/(sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) - 2*b)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqr
t(9*a + 4*b)*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) - 2*b)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9
*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(3*x + 2))/(sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a
+ 4*b) - 2*b)*sqrt(2))) + 4*sqrt(b)*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) - 2*b)*a
tan((sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(3*x + 2)
))/(sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) - 2*b)*sqrt(2))) + sqrt(9*a + 4*b)*sqrt(sq
rt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*log(- sqrt(3*x + 2)*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a +
4*b) + 2*b)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 3*sqrt(b)*x + 2*sqrt(b)) - sqrt(9*
a + 4*b)*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*log(sqrt(3*x + 2)*sqrt(sqrt(b)
)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 3*sqrt(b)*x + 2*sqrt(
b)) - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*log(- sqrt(3*x + 2)*s
qrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 3*sqrt(b)*x
+ 2*sqrt(b)) + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*log(sqrt(3*x
+ 2)*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 2*b)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(9*a + 4*b) + 3*sq
rt(b)*x + 2*sqrt(b)))/(12*a*b)
```

### 3.199 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1717
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1718
Rubi [A] (verified)	1718
Maple [A] (verified)	1721
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1722
Sympy [F]	1723
Maxima [F]	1723
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1724
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1725
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1726

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}-2\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}}\right) - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{2+x}}\right)}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))-arctanh((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(1+2^(1/2)+x))/(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{1-i} \arctan \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}} \sqrt{1+x} \right) + \sqrt{1+i} \arctan \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}} \sqrt{1+x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + x]/(1 + x^2), x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - I]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1/2 - I/2]*Sqrt[1 + x]] + Sqrt[1 + I]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1/2 + I/2]*Sqrt[1 + x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.533$ , Rules used = {483, 1447, 1475, 1083, 217, 1478, 25, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 483$$

$$2 \int \frac{x+1}{(x+1)^2 - 2(x+1) + 2} d\sqrt{x+1}$$

$$\downarrow 1447$$

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x + \sqrt{2} + 1}{(x+1)^2 - 2(x+1) + 2} d\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-x + \sqrt{2} - 1}{(x+1)^2 - 2(x+1) + 2} d\sqrt{x+1} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 1475$$

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1} \right) \right) -$$

↓ 1083

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( - \int \frac{1}{-x + 2(1-\sqrt{2}) - 1} d \left( 2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} \right) - \int \frac{1}{-x + 2(1-\sqrt{2}) - 1} d \left( 2\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 217

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-x + \sqrt{2} - 1}{(x+1)^2 - 2(x+1) + 2} d\sqrt{x+1} \right)$$

↓ 1478

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - 2\sqrt{x+1}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{2\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}} + \frac{\int -\frac{2\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{2\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} - 2\sqrt{x+1}}{x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{2\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}} - \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{2\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\log \left( x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} \right)}{2\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + x]/(1 + x^2), x]`

output `2*((ArcTan[(-Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]) + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])]]/Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])]] + ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]) + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])]]/Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])])/2 + (Log[1 + Sqrt[2] + x - Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]*Sqrt[1 + x]]/(2*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]) - Log[1 + Sqrt[2] + x + Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]*Sqrt[1 + x]]/(2*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]))/2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 483 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[x^2/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1447 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, Simp[1/2 Int[(q + x^2)/(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x] - Simp[1/2 Int[(q - x^2)/(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && PosQ[a*c]`

rule 1475 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e) - b/c, 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && (GtQ[2*(d/e) - b/c, 0] || (!LtQ[2*(d/e) - b/c, 0] && EqQ[d - e*Rt[a/c, 2], 0]))`

rule 1478 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e) - b/c, 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && !GtQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{2}-1) \left( \frac{\ln(x+1-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} \right)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{2}-1) \left( \frac{\ln(x+1+\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} \right)}{2}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{2}-1) \left( \frac{\ln(x+1-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} \right)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{2}-1) \left( \frac{\ln(x+1+\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}} \right)}{2}$
trager	$-\text{RootOf}(8\_Z^4 + 4\_Z^2 + 1) \ln \left( \frac{24 \text{RootOf}(8\_Z^4 + 4\_Z^2 + 1)^5 x + 26 \text{RootOf}(8\_Z^4 + 4\_Z^2 + 1)^3}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int((x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)-1)*(1/2*ln(x+1-(x+1)^(1/2)*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2))+(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan((2*(x+1)^(1/2)-(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)))-1/2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)-1)*(1/2*ln(x+1+(x+1)^(1/2)*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2))-(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*(x+1)^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \arctan \left( 2 \left( (\sqrt{2} + 1) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x+1}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)$$

$$- \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \arctan \left( 2 \left( (\sqrt{2} + 1) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \sqrt{x+1}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}} \log \left( 2 \sqrt{x+1} (\sqrt{2} + 1) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2} + x + \sqrt{2} + 1} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}} \log \left( -2 \sqrt{x+1} (\sqrt{2} + 1) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2} + x + \sqrt{2} + 1} \right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) + 1/2)*arctan(2*((sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2) + sqrt(x + 1))*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) + 1/2)) - sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) + 1/2)*arctan(2*((sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2) - sqrt(x + 1))*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) + 1/2)) - 1/2*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2)*log(2*sqrt(x + 1)*(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2) + x + sqrt(2) + 1) + 1/2*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2)*log(-2*sqrt(x + 1)*(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2) + x + sqrt(2) + 1)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2+1),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x + 1)/(x**2 + 1), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{x^2+1} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x + 1)/(x^2 + 1), x)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2} \arctan\left(\frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}}(2^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}+2\sqrt{x+1})}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}+2} \arctan\left(-\frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}}(2^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}-2\sqrt{x+1})}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2} \log\left(2^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}+x+\sqrt{2}+1\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}-2} \log\left(-2^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}+x+\sqrt{2}+1\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2)*arctan(1/2*2^(3/4)*(2^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + 2*sqrt(x + 1))/sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)) + 1/2*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2)*arctan(-1/2*2^(3/4)*(2^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) - 2*sqrt(x + 1))/sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)) - 1/4*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2)*log(2^(1/4)*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + x + sqrt(2) + 1) + 1/4*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2)*log(-2^(1/4)*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + x + sqrt(2) + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = \operatorname{atanh} \left( 4 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} - \frac{1}{8}} + \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} - \frac{1}{8}} \right)^3 \sqrt{x+1} \right) \left( 2 \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} - \frac{1}{8}} + 2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} - \frac{1}{8}} \right) + \operatorname{atanh} \left( 4 \left( \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} - \frac{1}{8}} - \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} - \frac{1}{8}} \right)^3 \sqrt{x+1} \right) \left( 2 \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} - \frac{1}{8}} - 2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{8} - \frac{1}{8}} \right)$$

input

```
int((x + 1)^(1/2)/(x^2 + 1),x)
```

output

```
atanh(4*((- 2^(1/2)/8 - 1/8)^(1/2) + (2^(1/2)/8 - 1/8)^(1/2))^3*(x + 1)^(1/2))*
(2*(- 2^(1/2)/8 - 1/8)^(1/2) + 2*(2^(1/2)/8 - 1/8)^(1/2)) + atanh(4*((- 2^(1/2)/8 - 1/8)^(1/2) - (2^(1/2)/8 - 1/8)^(1/2))^3*(x + 1)^(1/2))*
(2*(- 2^(1/2)/8 - 1/8)^(1/2) - 2*(2^(1/2)/8 - 1/8)^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{1+x^2} dx = & -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2} \\
& -\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
& +\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2} \\
& +\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right) \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{4} \\
& +\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{4} \\
& +\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \log\left(-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{2} \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \log\left(\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x)`

```

output ( - 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x
+ 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) - 4*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(
2) + 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqrt(sqr
t(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(s
qrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2
) + 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) - sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2
)*log( - sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x + 1) + sqrt(s
qrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) +
x + 1) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*log( - sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)
+ sqrt(2) + x + 1) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*log(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)
*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x + 1))/4

```

### 3.200 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1727
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1728
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1728
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1731
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1732
Sympy [F] . . . . .	1733
Maxima [F] . . . . .	1733
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1733
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1734
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1735

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}-2\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}+2\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}}\right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{1+x}}{1+\sqrt{2}+x}\right)}{2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}$$

output

$$-1/2*(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)*\arctan(((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/2*(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)*\arctan(((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*(1+x)^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/2*\operatorname{arctanh}((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*(1+x)^(1/2)/(1+2^(1/2)+x))/(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)$$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}} \arctan \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}} \sqrt{1+x} \right) + \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{2}} \arctan \left( \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{i}{2}} \sqrt{1+x} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `Sqrt[1/2 + I/2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1/2 - I/2]*Sqrt[1 + x]] + Sqrt[1/2 - I/2]*ArcTan[Sqrt[-1/2 + I/2]*Sqrt[1 + x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.467$ , Rules used = {484, 1407, 1142, 25, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 484$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^2 - 2(x+1) + 2} d\sqrt{x+1}$$

$$\downarrow 1407$$

$$2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}-\sqrt{x+1}}{x-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{x+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}-2\sqrt{x+1}}{x-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}-2\sqrt{x+1}}{x-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} \int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

↓ 1083

$$2 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}-2\sqrt{x+1}}{x-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})} \int \frac{1}{-x+2(1-\sqrt{2})-1} d\left(2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

↓ 217

$$2 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}-2\sqrt{x+1}}{x-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-1}} \arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} \right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{x+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2}+1} d\sqrt{x+1}}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-1}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(x - \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1\right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}-1}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(x + \sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{2} + 1\right)}{4\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 + x]*(1 + x^2)),x]`

output `2*((Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[2])/(-1 + Sqrt[2])]*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]) + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])]] - Log[1 + Sqrt[2] + x - Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]*Sqrt[1 + x]]/2)/(4*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]) + (Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[2])/(-1 + Sqrt[2])]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]) + 2*Sqrt[1 + x])/Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])]] + Log[1 + Sqrt[2] + x + Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]*Sqrt[1 + x]]/2)/(4*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] & & (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 484 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*d Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*x^2 + b*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 1407 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(r - x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(r + x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 268 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{(-\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}) \ln(x+1+\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})}{8} + \frac{\left(2\sqrt{2}-\frac{(-\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}})\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{2}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{x+\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}$
default	$\frac{(-\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}) \ln(x+1+\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})}{8} + \frac{\left(2\sqrt{2}-\frac{(-\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}})\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}{2}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{x+\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}$
trager	$-\text{RootOf}(32\_Z^4 + 8\_Z^2 + 1) \ln\left(\frac{64 \text{RootOf}(32\_Z^4 + 8\_Z^2 + 1)^5 x - 16 \text{RootOf}(32\_Z^4 + 8\_Z^2 + 1)}{\dots}\right)$

input `int(1/(x+1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output

```

1/8*(-(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))*ln(x+1+(x+1)^(1/2)
)*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2))+1/2*(2*2^(1/2)-1/2*(-(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(
1/2)+2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arc
tan(((2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*(x+1)^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))-1/8*(-(2+2*2
^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+2*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))*ln(x+1-(x+1)^(1/2)*(2+2*2^(1/
2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2))-1/2*(-2*2^(1/2)+1/2*(-(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+2*(2+
2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))*(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan((2*(x+1)
)^(1/2)-(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))

```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \arctan \left( \left( (\sqrt{2}+1) \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}} \right) \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \arctan \left( \left( (\sqrt{2}+1) \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+1}} \right) \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \log \left( \sqrt{x+1} (\sqrt{2}+2) \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1+x+\sqrt{2}+1} \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \log \left( -\sqrt{x+1} (\sqrt{2}+2) \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1+x+\sqrt{2}+1} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/2*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*arctan(((sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + sqrt(2)*sq
rt(x + 1))*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) - 1/2*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*arctan(((sqrt(2) + 1)
)*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) - sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1))*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + 1/4*sqrt(s
qrt(2) - 1)*log(sqrt(x + 1)*(sqrt(2) + 2)*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x + sqrt(2)
+ 1) - 1/4*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(-sqrt(x + 1)*(sqrt(2) + 2)*sqrt(sqrt(2) -
1) + x + sqrt(2) + 1)

```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}(x^2+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)**(1/2)/(x**2+1),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 + 1)*sqrt(x + 1)), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \arctan \left( \frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \left( 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + 2\sqrt{x+1} \right)}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1} \arctan \left( -\frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \left( 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} - 2\sqrt{x+1} \right)}{2\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \log \left( 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + x + \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \log \left( -2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{x+1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2} + x + \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*arctan(1/2*2^(3/4)*(2^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + 2*sqrt(x + 1))/sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)) + 1/2*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*arctan(-1/2*2^(3/4)*(2^(1/4)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) - 2*sqrt(x + 1))/sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2)) + 1/4*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(2^(1/4)*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + x + sqrt(2) + 1) - 1/4*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(-2^(1/4)*sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2) + x + sqrt(2) + 1)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{16\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}}\sqrt{x+1}}{128\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}} - 8}}{\frac{16\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}}\sqrt{x+1}}{128\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}} - 8}} \right) \left( 2\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}} \right. \\ \left. + 2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}} \right) - \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{16\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}}\sqrt{x+1}}{128\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}} + 8}}{\frac{16\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}}\sqrt{x+1}}{128\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}} + 8}} \right) \left( 2\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}} \right. \\ \left. - 2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{16} - \frac{1}{16}} \right)$$

input `int(1/((x^2 + 1)*(x + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```

atanh((16*2^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2))/(128*(2^(1/2)
/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - 8) - (16*2^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)/
16 - 1/16)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2))/(128*(2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/
16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - 8))*(2*(- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) + 2*(2^(1/2)/16 - 1/
16)^(1/2)) - atanh((16*2^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2))/(
128*(2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)*(- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) + 8) + (16*2^(1
/2)*(2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2)*(x + 1)^(1/2))/(128*(2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2
))*(- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) + 8))*(2*(- 2^(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2) - 2*(2^
(1/2)/16 - 1/16)^(1/2))

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}(1+x^2)} dx = & -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2-2\sqrt{x+1}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2} \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2-2\sqrt{x+1}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2} \\
& +\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{x+1}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2} \\
& +\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{x+1}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2} \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}\log\left(-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{4} \\
& +\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{4} \\
& +\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\log\left(-\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{4} \\
& -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\log\left(\sqrt{x+1}\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}+x+1\right)}{4}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(1/(1+x)^(1/2)/(x^2+1),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x + 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2))) - sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x + 1) + sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x + 1) + sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*log( - sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x + 1) - sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*log(sqrt(x + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x + 1))/4
```

**3.201**       $\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}}{(1+x^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	1737
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1738
Rubi [A] (verified)	1738
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1743
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1744
Sympy [F(-1)]	1744
Maxima [F]	1745
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1745
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1746
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1747

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 218

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}}{(1+x^2)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}x}{4(1+x^2)^2} - \frac{(1-11x)\sqrt{-1+x}}{32(1+x^2)}$$

$$- \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-527+373\sqrt{2})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}-2\sqrt{-1+x}}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(-527+373\sqrt{2})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}+2\sqrt{-1+x}}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(527+373\sqrt{2})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{-1+x}}{1-\sqrt{2}-x}\right)$$

output

```
1/4*(-1+x)^(1/2)*x/(x^2+1)^2-(1-11*x)*(-1+x)^(1/2)/(32*x^2+32)-1/128*(-105
4+746*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan((( -2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*(-1+x)^(1/2))/(2+2*2^(
1/2))^(1/2))+1/128*(-1054+746*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan((( -2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+
2*(-1+x)^(1/2))/(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/128*(1054+746*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan
h((-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*(-1+x)^(1/2)/(1-2^(1/2)-x))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}}{(1+x^2)^3} dx = \frac{1}{64} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-1+x}(-1+19x-x^2+11x^3)}{(1+x^2)^2} \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{-527-23i} \arctan \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{i}{2}} \sqrt{-1+x} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{-527+23i} \arctan \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{i}{2}} \sqrt{-1+x} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[-1 + x]/(1 + x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((2*Sqrt[-1 + x]*(-1 + 19*x - x^2 + 11*x^3))/(1 + x^2)^2 + Sqrt[-527 - 23*I]*ArcTan[Sqrt[1/2 - I/2]*Sqrt[-1 + x]] + Sqrt[-527 + 23*I]*ArcTan[Sqrt[1/2 + I/2]*Sqrt[-1 + x]])/64
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.733$ , Rules used = {494, 27, 686, 27, 654, 1483, 1142, 25, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x-1}}{(x^2+1)^3} dx \\ \downarrow 494 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{6-5x}{2\sqrt{x-1}(x^2+1)^2} dx \\ \downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2} - \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{6-5x}{\sqrt{x-1}(x^2+1)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{686} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{25-11x}{2\sqrt{x-1}(x^2+1)} dx - \frac{(1-11x)\sqrt{x-1}}{4(x^2+1)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{1}{8} \int \frac{25-11x}{\sqrt{x-1}(x^2+1)} dx - \frac{\sqrt{x-1}(1-11x)}{4(x^2+1)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{654} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( -\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{14-11(x-1)}{(x-1)^2+2(x-1)+2} d\sqrt{x-1} - \frac{\sqrt{x-1}(1-11x)}{4(x^2+1)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1483} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\int \frac{14\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})} - (14+11\sqrt{2})\sqrt{x-1}}{x-\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x-1}+\sqrt{2}-1} d\sqrt{x-1}}{4\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}} - \frac{\int \frac{(14+11\sqrt{2})\sqrt{x-1}+14\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}}{x+\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x-1}+\sqrt{2}-1} d\sqrt{x-1}}{4\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}} \right) - \frac{(1-11x)\sqrt{x-1}}{4(x^2+1)} \right) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{1142} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{-\sqrt{373\sqrt{2}-527} \int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x-1}+\sqrt{2}-1} d\sqrt{x-1} - \frac{1}{2}(14+11\sqrt{2}) \int -\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})-2\sqrt{x-1}}}{x-\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x-1}+\sqrt{2}-1} d\sqrt{x-1}}{4\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}} \right) - \frac{(1-11x)\sqrt{x-1}}{4(x^2+1)} \right) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2}(14 + 11\sqrt{2}) \int \frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}^{-2\sqrt{x-1}}}{x - \sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{2}-1} d\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{373\sqrt{2}-527} \int \frac{1}{x - \sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{2}-1} d\sqrt{x-1}}{4\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2}$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{373\sqrt{2}-527} \int \frac{1}{-x-2(1+\sqrt{2})+1} d\left(2\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}\right) + \frac{1}{2}(14 + 11\sqrt{2}) \int \frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}^{-2\sqrt{x-1}}}{x - \sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{2}-1}}{4\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2}(14 + 11\sqrt{2}) \int \frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}^{-2\sqrt{x-1}}}{x - \sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{2}-1} d\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{\frac{2(373\sqrt{2}-527)}{1+\sqrt{2}}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}\right)}{4\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2}$$

↓ 1103

$$\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{-\sqrt{\frac{2(373\sqrt{2}-527)}{1+\sqrt{2}}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x-1} - \sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}(14 + 11\sqrt{2}) \log\left(x - \sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{2}-1\right)}{4\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x-1}x}{4(x^2+1)^2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-1 + x]/(1 + x^2)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + x]*x)/(4*(1 + x^2)^2) + (-1/4*((1 - 11*x)*Sqrt[-1 + x])/(1 + x^2) + (-1/4*(-(Sqrt[(2*(-527 + 373*Sqrt[2]))]/(1 + Sqrt[2]))*ArcTan[(-Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])) + 2*Sqrt[-1 + x])/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]]) - ((14 + 11*Sqrt[2])*Log[-1 + Sqrt[2] - Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])]*Sqrt[-1 + x] + x])/2)/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]] - ((Sqrt[(2*(-527 + 373*Sqrt[2]))]/(1 + Sqrt[2]))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])) + 2*Sqrt[-1 + x])/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]]) + ((14 + 11*Sqrt[2])*Log[-1 + Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])]*Sqrt[-1 + x] + x])/2)/(4*Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]]))/4)/8`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 494 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*(2*p + 3) + d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[n, 1] || (ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, 2])) && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 654 `Int[((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)])*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[(e*f - d*g + g*x^2)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2 - 2*c*d*x^2 + c*x^4), x], x, Sqrt[d + e*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]`

rule 686

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1083

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[
1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},
x]
```

rule 1103

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

rule 1483

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[a/c, 2]}, With[{r = Rt[2*q - b/c, 2]}, Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) In
t[(d*r - (d - e*q)*x)/(q - r*x + x^2), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*c*q*r) Int[(d*r
+ (d - e*q)*x)/(q + r*x + x^2), x], x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && N
eq[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

### Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
trager	$\frac{(11x^3-x^2+19x-1)\sqrt{x-1}}{32(x^2+1)^2} + \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2+16\text{RootOf}(128\_Z^4-8432\_Z^2+139129)^2-1054) \ln\left(\frac{-3008\text{RootOf}(128\_Z^4-8432\_Z^2+139129)^2-1054}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$
risch	$\frac{(11x^3-x^2+19x-1)\sqrt{x-1}}{32(x^2+1)^2} - \frac{9 \ln(x-1+\sqrt{x-1} \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}})\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}{128} - \frac{25 \ln(x-1+\sqrt{x-1} \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}})}{256}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{4(-759-506\sqrt{2})(x-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{23(-6-4\sqrt{2})} - \frac{(-5336-3588\sqrt{2})\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}(x-1)}{23(-6-4\sqrt{2})} - \frac{2(-2392\sqrt{2}-3036)\sqrt{x-1}}{23(-6-4\sqrt{2})} - \frac{(-3312\sqrt{2}-4416)\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}{46(-6-4\sqrt{2})}$
default	$\frac{4(-759-506\sqrt{2})(x-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{23(-6-4\sqrt{2})} - \frac{(-5336-3588\sqrt{2})\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}(x-1)}{23(-6-4\sqrt{2})} - \frac{2(-2392\sqrt{2}-3036)\sqrt{x-1}}{23(-6-4\sqrt{2})} - \frac{(-3312\sqrt{2}-4416)\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{2}}}{46(-6-4\sqrt{2})}$

```
input int((x-1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/32*(11*x^3-x^2+19*x-1)/(x^2+1)^2*(x-1)^(1/2)+1/128*RootOf(_Z^2+16*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2-1054)*ln((-3008*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2-1054)+185916*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2*RootOf(_Z^2+16*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2-1054)*x+411792*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2*(x-1)^(1/2))+21620*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2*RootOf(_Z^2+16*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2-1054)-2870608*RootOf(_Z^2+16*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2-1054)*x-14352667*(x-1)^(1/2)-686320*RootOf(_Z^2+16*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2-1054))/(16*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2*x-527*x+23))+1/32*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)*ln(-(12032*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^5*x-841552*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^3*x+411792*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2*(x-1)^(1/2)+86480*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^3+14706618*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)*x-12774131*(x-1)^(1/2)-2951590*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)))/(16*RootOf(128*_Z^4-8432*_Z^2+139129)^2*x-527*x-23))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}}{(1+x^2)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(x^4 + 2x^2 + 1)\sqrt{\frac{373}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{527}{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{23}\sqrt{x-1}\sqrt{\frac{373}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{527}{2}}(7\sqrt{2} + 11) + \frac{2}{23}\sqrt{\frac{373}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{527}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{373}{2}}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((x-1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/128*(2*(x^4 + 2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2) - 527/2)*arctan(2/23*sqrt(x
- 1)*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2) - 527/2)*(7*sqrt(2) + 11) + 2/23*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2)
) + 527/2)*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2) - 527/2)*(sqrt(2) - 1)) - 2*(x^4 + 2*x^2 + 1
)*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2) - 527/2)*arctan(-2/23*sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2)
- 527/2)*(7*sqrt(2) + 11) + 2/23*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2) + 527/2)*sqrt(373/2*sq
rt(2) - 527/2)*(sqrt(2) - 1)) - (x^4 + 2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2) + 527
/2)*log(2*sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2) + 527/2)*(18*sqrt(2) - 25) + 23*x
+ 23*sqrt(2) - 23) + (x^4 + 2*x^2 + 1)*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2) + 527/2)*log(-2
*sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(373/2*sqrt(2) + 527/2)*(18*sqrt(2) - 25) + 23*x + 23*sq
rt(2) - 23) + 4*(11*x^3 - x^2 + 19*x - 1)*sqrt(x - 1))/(x^4 + 2*x^2 + 1)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}}{(1+x^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((x-1)**(1/2)/(x**2+1)**3,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}}{(1+x^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x-1}}{(x^2+1)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((x-1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(x - 1)/(x^2 + 1)^3, x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}}{(1+x^2)^3} dx &= \frac{1}{128} \sqrt{746\sqrt{2} - 1054} \arctan \left( \frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \left( 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2} + 2\sqrt{x-1} \right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{128} \sqrt{746\sqrt{2} - 1054} \arctan \left( -\frac{2^{\frac{3}{4}} \left( 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2} - 2\sqrt{x-1} \right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+2}} \right) \\ &- \frac{1}{256} \sqrt{746\sqrt{2} + 1054} \log \left( 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{x-1} \sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2} + x + \sqrt{2} - 1 \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{256} \sqrt{746\sqrt{2} + 1054} \log \left( -2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{x-1} \sqrt{-\sqrt{2}+2} + x + \sqrt{2} - 1 \right) \\ &+ \frac{11(x-1)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 32(x-1)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 50(x-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 28\sqrt{x-1}}{32((x-1)^2 + 2x)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((x-1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/128*sqrt(746*sqrt(2) - 1054)*arctan(1/2*2^(3/4)*(2^(1/4)*sqrt(-sqrt(2) +
2) + 2*sqrt(x - 1))/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 2)) + 1/128*sqrt(746*sqrt(2) - 1054)*a
rctan(-1/2*2^(3/4)*(2^(1/4)*sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2) - 2*sqrt(x - 1))/sqrt(sqrt(
2) + 2)) - 1/256*sqrt(746*sqrt(2) + 1054)*log(2^(1/4)*sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(-sq
rt(2) + 2) + x + sqrt(2) - 1) + 1/256*sqrt(746*sqrt(2) + 1054)*log(-2^(1/4
)*sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(-sqrt(2) + 2) + x + sqrt(2) - 1) + 1/32*(11*(x - 1)^(7/
2) + 32*(x - 1)^(5/2) + 50*(x - 1)^(3/2) + 28*sqrt(x - 1))/((x - 1)^2 + 2*
x)^2
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}}{(1+x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((x - 1)^(1/2)/(x^2 + 1)^3,x)
```

output

```
atanh((275*(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(1/2)*(x - 1)^(1/2))/(64*(28*
(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(1/2)*((373*2^(1/2))/32768 + 527/32768)^(
1/2) - 207/4096)) + (275*((373*2^(1/2))/32768 + 527/32768)^(1/2)*(x - 1)^(
1/2))/(64*(28*(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(1/2)*((373*2^(1/2))/3276
8 + 527/32768)^(1/2) - 207/4096)) + (373*2^(1/2)*(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2)
)/32768)^(1/2)*(x - 1)^(1/2))/(128*(28*(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(
1/2)*((373*2^(1/2))/32768 + 527/32768)^(1/2) - 207/4096)) - (373*2^(1/2)*
(373*2^(1/2))/32768 + 527/32768)^(1/2)*(x - 1)^(1/2))/(128*(28*(527/32768
- (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(1/2)*((373*2^(1/2))/32768 + 527/32768)^(1/2) - 207
/4096)))*(2*(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(1/2) + 2*((373*2^(1/2))/327
68 + 527/32768)^(1/2)) - atanh((275*(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(1/2)
*(x - 1)^(1/2))/(64*(28*(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(1/2)*((373*2^(
1/2))/32768 + 527/32768)^(1/2) + 207/4096)) - (275*((373*2^(1/2))/32768 +
527/32768)^(1/2)*(x - 1)^(1/2))/(64*(28*(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(
1/2)*((373*2^(1/2))/32768 + 527/32768)^(1/2) + 207/4096)) + (373*2^(1/2)*
(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(1/2)*(x - 1)^(1/2))/(128*(28*(527/32768
- (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(1/2)*((373*2^(1/2))/32768 + 527/32768)^(1/2) + 20
7/4096)) + (373*2^(1/2)*((373*2^(1/2))/32768 + 527/32768)^(1/2)*(x - 1)^(1
/2))/(128*(28*(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(1/2)*((373*2^(1/2))/32768
+ 527/32768)^(1/2) + 207/4096)))*(2*(527/32768 - (373*2^(1/2))/32768)^(...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 845, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x}}{(1+x^2)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((x-1)^(1/2)/(x^2+1)^3,x)`

output

```
(50*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2))))*x**4 + 100*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2))))*x**2 + 50*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)))) - 72*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2))))*x**4 - 144*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2))))*x**2 - 72*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)))) - 50*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2))))*x**4 - 100*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2))))*x**2 - 50*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)))) + 72*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2))))*x**4 + 144*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2))))*x**2 + 72*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(x - 1))/(sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)))) + 25*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(-sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(2) + x - 1)*x**4 + 50*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(-sqrt(x - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)...
```



### 3.202 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{4/3}}{a+bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1749
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1750
Rubi [A] (verified)	1751
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Reduce [F]	1756

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 624

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(c+dx)^{4/3}}{a+bx^2} dx = \frac{3d\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{b} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{3}(bc^2 - 2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcd} - ad^2) \arctan\left(\frac{1 + \frac{{}^6\sqrt{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab}^{7/6}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{3}(bc^2 + 2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcd} - ad^2) \arctan\left(\frac{1 + \frac{{}^6\sqrt{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab}^{7/6}(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} \\
& - \frac{(bc^2 + 2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcd} - ad^2) \log(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-ab}^{7/6}(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} \\
& + \frac{(bc^2 - 2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcd} - ad^2) \log(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-ab}^{7/6}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} \\
& - \frac{3(bc^2 - 2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcd} - ad^2) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}} - \sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab}^{7/6}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} \\
& + \frac{3(bc^2 + 2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcd} - ad^2) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad}} - \sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab}^{7/6}(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
3*d*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/b+1/2*3^(1/2)*(b*c^2-2*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*d-a*d^2)*arc
tan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3))*3^(1/2)
)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(7/6)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)-1/2*3^(1/2)*(b*c^2+2*(
-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*d-a*d^2)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)
)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(7/6)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)
*d)^(2/3)-1/4*(b*c^2+2*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*d-a*d^2)*ln((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)
*x)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(7/6)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)+1/4*(b*c^2-2*(-a)^(1
/2)*b^(1/2)*c*d-a*d^2)*ln((-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(7/6)/(b^(1/2)
)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)-3/4*(b*c^2-2*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*d-a*d^2)*ln((b^(
1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)-b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(7/6)/(b^(1
/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)+3/4*(b*c^2+2*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*d-a*d^2)*ln((b
^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)-b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(7/6)/(b^(
1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{4/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{d \left( 6b\sqrt[3]{c + dx} + \text{RootSum} \left[ bc^2 + ad^2 - 2bc\#1^3 + b\#1^6 \&, \frac{bc^2 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1 \right) + ad^2 \log}{2b^2} \right] \right)}{2b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(4/3)/(a + b*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(d*(6*b*(c + d*x)^(1/3) + RootSum[b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^3 + b*#1^6 & ,
(b*c^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1] + a*d^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1] - 2*b*c
*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1]*#1^3)/(c*#1^2 - #1^5) & ])/(2*b^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 629, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {481, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{4/3}}{a + bx^2} dx$$

↓ 481

$$\int \frac{bc^2 + 2bdxc - ad^2}{(c+dx)^{2/3}(bx^2+a)} dx + \frac{3d\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{b}$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{-a}(bc^2 - ad^2) - 2a\sqrt{bcd}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{2/3}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{bcd} + \sqrt{-a}(bc^2 - ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{-a})(c+dx)^{2/3}} \right) dx + \frac{3d\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{b}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}(-2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcd} - ad^2 + bc^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[2]{\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx} + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[6]{b}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}(2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcd} - ad^2 + bc^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[2]{\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx} + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[6]{b}(\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{2/3}} - \frac{(2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{cd}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[2]{\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx} + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[6]{b}(\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{2/3}} - \frac{3d\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(4/3)/(a + b*x^2), x]`

output

```
(3*d*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/b + ((Sqrt[3]*(b*c^2 - 2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d - a*d^2)*ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*(b*c^2 + 2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d - a*d^2)*ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)) - ((b*c^2 + 2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d - a*d^2)*Log[Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)) + ((b*c^2 - 2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d - a*d^2)*Log[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*x])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)) - (3*(b*c^2 - 2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d - a*d^2)*Log[(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3) - b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)) + (3*(b*c^2 + 2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d - a*d^2)*Log[(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3) - b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3))/b
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 481

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c + d*x)^(n - 1)/(b*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[1/b Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(Simp[b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x, x]/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]
```

rule 657

```
Int((((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d \left( 6(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-2R^3 bc+a d^2+bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{R^2(-R^3+c)}}{2b^2} \right)}{2b^2}$	88
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( 6(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}b + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-2R^3 bc+a d^2+bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{R^2(-R^3+c)}}{2b^2} \right)}{2b^2}$	88
derivativedivides	$3d \left( \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b} + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(2R^3 bc-a d^2-bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{R^5-R^2c}}{6b^2} \right)$	93

```
input int((d*x+c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*d*(6*(d*x+c)^(1/3)*b+sum((-2*_R^3*b*c+a*d^2+b*c^2)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/3)-_R)/_R^2/(-_R^3+c),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*b-2*_Z^3*b*c+a*d^2+b*c^2)))/b^2
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2309 vs. 2(472) = 944.  
 Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2309, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{4/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/4*(2*b*(-(4*b*c^3*d - 4*a*c*d^3 + a*b^3*sqrt(-(b^4*c^8 - 12*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 38*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 - 12*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)/(a^3*b^7)))/(a*b^3))^(1/3)*log((b^3*c^6 - 5*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6)*(d*x + c)^(1/3) - (a*b^3*c^4*d - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^3*b*d^5 - a^2*b^5*c*sqrt(-(b^4*c^8 - 12*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 38*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 - 12*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)/(a^3*b^7)))*(-(4*b*c^3*d - 4*a*c*d^3 + a*b^3*sqrt(-(b^4*c^8 - 12*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 38*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 - 12*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)/(a^3*b^7)))/(a*b^3))^(1/3)) - (sqrt(-3)*b + b)*(-(4*b*c^3*d - 4*a*c*d^3 + a*b^3*sqrt(-(b^4*c^8 - 12*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 38*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 - 12*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)/(a^3*b^7)))/(a*b^3))^(1/3)*log((b^3*c^6 - 5*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6)*(d*x + c)^(1/3) + 1/2*(a*b^3*c^4*d - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^3*b*d^5 + sqrt(-3)*(a*b^3*c^4*d - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^3*b*d^5) - (sqrt(-3)*a^2*b^5*c + a^2*b^5*c)*sqrt(-(b^4*c^8 - 12*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 38*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 - 12*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)/(a^3*b^7)))*(-(4*b*c^3*d - 4*a*c*d^3 + a*b^3*sqrt(-(b^4*c^8 - 12*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 38*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 - 12*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)/(a^3*b^7)))/(a*b^3))^(1/3)) + (sqrt(-3)*b - b)*(-(4*b*c^3*d - 4*a*c*d^3 + a*b^3*sqrt(-(b^4*c^8 - 12*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 38*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 - 12*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)/(a^3*b^7)))/(a*b^3))^(1/3)*log((b^3*c^6 - 5*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6)*(d*x + c)^(1/3) + 1/2*(a*b^3*c^4*d - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^3*b*d^5 - sqrt(-3)*(a*b^3*c^4*d - 6*...

```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{4/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{4/3}}{a + bx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(4/3)/(b*x**2+a), x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)**(4/3)/(a + b*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{4/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{4/3}}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{4/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{4/3}}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1906, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{4/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(4/3)/(a + b*x^2),x)`



output

```

log((486*d^4*(c*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) + a^2*b^3*d)*((a^2*d^4*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) +
b^2*c^4*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) - 4*a^2*b^5*c^3*d + 4*a^3*b^4*c*d^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*
d^2*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^3*b^7))^(1/3)*(a^3*d^6 + b^3*c^6 - 5*a*b^2*c^4*d^
2 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d^4))/(a*b) - 486*b*d^4*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)^2*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*
(a^2*d^4 + b^2*c^4 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2)*((a^2*d^4*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) + b^2*c^4*
(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) - 4*a^2*b^5*c^3*d + 4*a^3*b^4*c*d^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2*(-a^3
*b^7)^(1/2))/(8*a^3*b^7))^(1/3) + log(486*b*d^4*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)^2*(c + d*x
)^(1/3)*(a^2*d^4 + b^2*c^4 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2) + (486*d^4*(c*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2)
- a^2*b^3*d)*(-(a^2*d^4*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) + b^2*c^4*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) + 4*a
^2*b^5*c^3*d - 4*a^3*b^4*c*d^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^3*b^7)
)^(1/3)*(a^3*d^6 + b^3*c^6 - 5*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d^4))/(a*b))*(-
(a^2*d^4*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) + b^2*c^4*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) + 4*a^2*b^5*c^3*d - 4
*a^3*b^4*c*d^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2))/(8*a^3*b^7))^(1/3) + log(
(486*d^4*((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*(c*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) + a^2*b^3*d)*((a^2*d^4
*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) + b^2*c^4*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) - 4*a^2*b^5*c^3*d + 4*a^3*b^4
*c*d^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^3*b^7))^(1/3)*(a^3*d^6 + b^3*c
^6 - 5*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 5*a^2*b*c^2*d^4))/(a*b) - 486*b*d^4*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)
^2*(c + d*x)^(1/3)*(a^2*d^4 + b^2*c^4 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2))*((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 -
1/2)*((a^2*d^4*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) + b^2*c^4*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2) - 4*a^2*b^5*c^3
*d + 4*a^3*b^4*c*d^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2*(-a^3*b^7)^(1/2))/(8*a^3*b^7))^(1/...

```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{4/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{3(dx + c)^{1/3} d - \left( \int \frac{(dx+c)^{1/3}}{bdx^3+bcx^2+adx+ac} dx \right) a d^2 + \left( \int \frac{(dx+c)^{1/3}}{bdx^3+bcx^2+adx+ac} dx \right) b c^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{(dx+c)^{1/3}}{bdx^3+bcx^2+adx+ac} dx \right) a d^2}{b}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```

(3*(c + d*x)**(1/3)*d - int((c + d*x)**(1/3)/(a*c + a*d*x + b*c*x**2 + b*d
*x**3),x)*a*d**2 + int((c + d*x)**(1/3)/(a*c + a*d*x + b*c*x**2 + b*d*x**3
),x)*b*c**2 + 2*int(((c + d*x)**(1/3)*x)/(a*c + a*d*x + b*c*x**2 + b*d*x**
3),x)*b*c*d)/b

```

**3.203**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{2/3}}{a+bx^2} dx$ 

Optimal result . . . . .	1758
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1759
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1759
Maple [C] (verified) . . . . .	1761
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1762
Sympy [F] . . . . .	1763
Maxima [F] . . . . .	1763
Giac [F] . . . . .	1763
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1764
Reduce [F] . . . . .	1764

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 441

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(c+dx)^{2/3}}{a+bx^2} dx = & - \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad})^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{2\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab^{5/6}}} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad})^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{2\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab^{5/6}}} \\
& - \frac{(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad})^{2/3} \log(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-ab^{5/6}}} \\
& + \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad})^{2/3} \log(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-ab^{5/6}}} \\
& - \frac{3(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad})^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}-\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab^{5/6}}} \\
& + \frac{3(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad})^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}-\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab^{5/6}}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/2*3^(1/2)*(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(5/6)+1/2*3^(1/2)*(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(5/6)-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)*ln((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(5/6)+1/4*(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)*ln((-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(5/6)-3/4*(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)*ln((b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)-b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(5/6)+3/4*(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(2/3)*ln((b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)-b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(5/6)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{2/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{d\text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 + ad^2 - 2bc\#1^3 + b\#1^6 \&, \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\#1^2}{-c + \#1^3} \&\right]}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(2/3)/(a + b*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(d*RootSum[b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^3 + b*#1^6 & , (Log[(c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1]*#1^2)/(-c + #1^3) & ])/(2*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{2/3}}{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 485$$

$$\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{-a}(c + dx)^{2/3}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}(c + dx)^{2/3}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\left(\frac{{}^6\sqrt{b}^3\sqrt{c+dx}}{2} + 1\right)^{1/3} \sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab}^{5/6}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\left(\frac{{}^6\sqrt{b}^3\sqrt{c+dx}}{2} + 1\right)^{1/3} \sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab}^{5/6}} - \\
& \frac{(\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{2/3} \log(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-ab}^{5/6}} + \frac{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3} \log(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-ab}^{5/6}} - \\
& \frac{3(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}} - \sqrt[6]{b}^3\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab}^{5/6}} + \\
& \frac{3(\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}} - \sqrt[6]{b}^3\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab}^{5/6}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(2/3)/(a + b*x^2),x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[3]*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)*ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[-a]*b^(5/6)) + (Sqrt[3]*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)*ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]/(2*Sqrt[-a]*b^(5/6)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)*Log[Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(5/6)) + ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)*Log[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*x])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(5/6)) - (3*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)*Log[(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3) - b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(5/6)) + (3*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)*Log[(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3) - b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(5/6))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 485 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand Integrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] & & !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{-R^2 \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R^3-c}}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	59
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{-R^2 \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R^3-c}}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	59
derivativedivides	$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{-R^4 \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R^5-R^2 c}}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	62

input `int((d*x+c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*d*sum(_R^2*ln((d*x+c)^(1/3)-R)/(_R^3-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*b-2*_Z^3*b*c+a*d^2+b*c^2))/b`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1402 vs.  $2(315) = 630$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1402, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.18

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{2/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/4*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*(-(a*b^2*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*log(1/2*(a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + sqrt(-3)*(a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2) + (sqrt(-3)*a^3*b^4*d + a^3*b^4*d)*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)))*(-(a*b^2*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b^2))^(2/3) - (b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-(a*b^2*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*log(1/2*(a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - sqrt(-3)*(a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2) - (sqrt(-3)*a^3*b^4*d - a^3*b^4*d)*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)))*(-(a*b^2*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)) + 2*c*d)/(a*b^2))^(2/3) - (b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)) + 1/4*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*((a*b^2*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*log(1/2*(a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + sqrt(-3)*(a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2) - (sqrt(-3)*a^3*b^4*d + a^3*b^4*d)*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)))*((a*b^2*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b^2))^(2/3) - (b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)) - 1/4*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*((a*b^2*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)) - 2*c*d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*log(1/2*(a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - sqrt(-3)*(a*b^3*c^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^2) + (sqrt(-3)*a^3*b^4*d - a^3*b^4*d)*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)/(a^3*b^5)))*((a*b^2*sqrt(-(b^2*c^4 - 2*...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{2/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a + bx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(2/3)/(b*x**2+a), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(2/3)/(a + b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{2/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{2/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2369, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.37

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{2/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(2/3)/(a + b*x^2),x)`

output

```
log((((c + d*x)^(1/3)*(1944*a^3*b^4*d^8 + 1944*a*b^6*c^4*d^4 + 3888*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^6) + (7776*a^3*b^6*c*d^6 + 7776*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^4)*(-(a*d^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - b*c^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^3*c*d)/(8*a^3*b^5))^(2/3))*(-(a*d^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - b*c^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^3*c*d)/(8*a^3*b^5))^(1/3) - 972*a^3*b^3*d^9 + 2916*a*b^5*c^4*d^5 + 1944*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^7)*(-(a*d^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - b*c^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^3*c*d)/(8*a^3*b^5))^(2/3) + (c + d*x)^(1/3)*(486*b^4*c^5*d^5 + 972*a*b^3*c^3*d^7 + 486*a^2*b^2*c*d^9))*(-(a*d^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - b*c^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^3*c*d)/(8*a^3*b^5))^(1/3) + log((((c + d*x)^(1/3)*(1944*a^3*b^4*d^8 + 1944*a*b^6*c^4*d^4 + 3888*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^6) + (7776*a^3*b^6*c*d^6 + 7776*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^4)*(-(b*c^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - a*d^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^3*c*d)/(8*a^3*b^5))^(2/3))*(-(b*c^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - a*d^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^3*c*d)/(8*a^3*b^5))^(1/3) - 972*a^3*b^3*d^9 + 2916*a*b^5*c^4*d^5 + 1944*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^7)*(-(b*c^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - a*d^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^3*c*d)/(8*a^3*b^5))^(2/3) + (c + d*x)^(1/3)*(486*b^4*c^5*d^5 + 972*a*b^3*c^3*d^7 + 486*a^2*b^2*c*d^9))*(-(b*c^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - a*d^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^3*c*d)/(8*a^3*b^5))^(1/3) + log((c + d*x)^(1/3)*(486*b^4*c^5*d^5 + 972*a*b^3*c^3*d^7 + 486*a^2*b^2*c*d^9) + ((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)^2*(-(a*d^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - b*c^2*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b^3*c*d)/(8*a^3*b^5))^(2/3))*((c + d*x)^(1/3)*(1944*a^3*b^4*d^8 + 194...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{2/3}}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{2/3}}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2+a),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)**(2/3)/(a + b*x**2),x)`

**3.204** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1767
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1768
Rubi [A] (verified)	1768
Maple [C] (verified)	1770
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1771
Sympy [F]	1771
Maxima [F]	1772
Giac [F]	1772
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1772
Reduce [F]	1773

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 441

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}} \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{2\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}} \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{2\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}} \log(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}} \log(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}-\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}} + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}-\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}}$$

output

```
1/2*3^(1/2)*(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3))/3^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(2/3)-1/2*3^(1/2)*(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3))/3^(1/2)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(2/3)-1/4*(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)*ln((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(2/3)+1/4*(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)*ln((-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(2/3)-3/4*(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)*ln((b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)-b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(2/3)+3/4*(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)*ln((b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)-b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx = \frac{d\text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 + ad^2 - 2bc\#1^3 + b\#1^6 \&, \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{c+dx}-\#1\right)\#1}{-c+\#1^3} \&\right]}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(1/3)/(a + b*x^2), x]
```

output

```
(d*RootSum[b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^3 + b*#1^6 & , (Log[(c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1]*#1)/(-c + #1^3) & ])/(2*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx$$

↓ 485

$$\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bx})} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{2a(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bx})} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}} \arctan \left( \frac{\frac{2 \sqrt[6]{b} \sqrt[3]{c+dx} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}} \arctan \left( \frac{\frac{2 \sqrt[6]{b} \sqrt[3]{c+dx} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}} \log(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}} \log(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}} - \frac{3 \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}} \log \left( \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}} - \sqrt[6]{b} \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right)}{4\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}} + \\
& \frac{3 \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}} \log \left( \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}} - \sqrt[6]{b} \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right)}{4\sqrt{-ab^{2/3}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(1/3)/(a + b*x^2),x]`

output

```

(Sqrt[3]*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)*ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*b^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)*ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*b^(2/3)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)*Log[Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(2/3)) + ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)*Log[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*x])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(2/3)) - (3*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)*Log[(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3) - b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(2/3)) + (3*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)*Log[(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3) - b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(2/3))

```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 485 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand
Integrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] &
& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{-R \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R^3-c}}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	57
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{-R \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R^3-c}}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	57
derivativedivides	$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{-R^3 \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R^5-R^2 c}}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	62

```
input int((d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*d*sum(_R*ln((d*x+c)^(1/3)-R)/(-R^3-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*b-2*_Z^3*b*c+a*d
^2+b*c^2))/b
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 640 vs.  $2(315) = 630$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 640, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/4*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-(a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*log(-1/2*(sqrt(-3)*a^2*b^2 + a^2*b^2)*(-(a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + (d*x + c)^(1/3)*c) + 1/4*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*(-(a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*log(1/2*(sqrt(-3)*a^2*b^2 - a^2*b^2)*(-(a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + (d*x + c)^(1/3)*c) - 1/4*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*((a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) - d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*log(1/2*(sqrt(-3)*a^2*b^2 + a^2*b^2)*((a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) - d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + (d*x + c)^(1/3)*c) + 1/4*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*((a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) - d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*log(-1/2*(sqrt(-3)*a^2*b^2 - a^2*b^2)*((a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) - d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + (d*x + c)^(1/3)*c) + 1/2*(-(a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*log(a^2*b^2*(-(a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + (d*x + c)^(1/3)*c) + 1/2*((a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) - d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*log(-a^2*b^2*((a*b^2*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) - d)/(a*b^2))^(1/3)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3)) + (d*x + c)^(1/3)*c)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/3)/(b*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(1/3)/(a + b*x**2), x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{bx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{bx^2+a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1676, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(1/3)/(a + b*x^2),x)`

output

```

log((486*a^2*b^3*d^8 - 486*b^5*c^4*d^4)*(c + d*x)^(1/3) + (((7776*a^3*b^6*
c*d^6 + 7776*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^4)*(-c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^
4))^(1/3) + (3888*a^3*b^5*d^7 + 3888*a^2*b^6*c^2*d^5)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))*(-
c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^4))^(2/3) + 1944*a*b^5*c^3*d^5 +
1944*a^2*b^4*c*d^7)*(-c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^4))^(1/3))
*(-c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^4))^(1/3) + log((486*a^2*b^3*
d^8 - 486*b^5*c^4*d^4)*(c + d*x)^(1/3) + (((7776*a^3*b^6*c*d^6 + 7776*a^2*
b^7*c^3*d^4)*((c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^4))^(1/3) + (3888*
a^3*b^5*d^7 + 3888*a^2*b^6*c^2*d^5)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))*((c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2)
- a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^4))^(2/3) + 1944*a*b^5*c^3*d^5 + 1944*a^2*b^4*c*d^7)
*((c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) - a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^4))^(1/3))*((c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2)
) - a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^4))^(1/3) + log((486*a^2*b^3*d^8 - 486*b^5*c^4*d^4
)*(c + d*x)^(1/3) + ((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*(((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)^2*((388
8*a^3*b^5*d^7 + 3888*a^2*b^6*c^2*d^5)*(c + d*x)^(1/3) + ((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 -
1/2)*(7776*a^3*b^6*c*d^6 + 7776*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^4)*(-c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + a
^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^4))^(1/3))*(-c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^
4))^(2/3) + 1944*a*b^5*c^3*d^5 + 1944*a^2*b^4*c*d^7)*(-c*(-a^3*b^5)^(1/2)
+ a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^4))^(1/3))*((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*(-c*(-a^3*b^5)^(
1/2) + a^2*b^2*d)/(8*a^3*b^4))^(1/3) - log((486*a^2*b^3*d^8 - 486*b^5*c^4*
d^4)*(c + d*x)^(1/3) - ((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 + 1/2)*(((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 + 1/2)^2...

```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{a+bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{bx^2+a} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*x)**(1/3)/(a + b*x**2),x)
```

$$3.205 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c + dx(a+bx^2)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1775
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1776
Rubi [A] (verified)	1776
Maple [C] (verified)	1778
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1778
Sympy [F]	1779
Maxima [F]	1780
Giac [F]	1780
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1780
Reduce [F]	1781

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 441

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(a+bx^2)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{2\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b^3}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{2\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b^3}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b^3}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b^3}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}} - \frac{3\log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}-\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b^3}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}} + \frac{3\log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}-\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b^3}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}}$$

output

```
-1/2*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)+1/2*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)-1/4*ln((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)+1/4*ln((-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)-3/4*ln((b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)-b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)+3/4*ln((b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)-b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(a+bx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{d\text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 + ad^2 - 2bc\#1^3 + b\#1^6 \&, \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{c+dx}-\#1\right)}{c\#1-\#1^4} \&\right]}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(1/3)*(a + b*x^2)),x]`

output `-1/2*(d*RootSum[b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^3 + b*#1^6 & , Log[(c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1]/(c*#1 - #1^4) & ])/b`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt[3]{c+dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 485$$

$$\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bx})\sqrt[3]{c+dx}} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bx})\sqrt[3]{c+dx}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\frac{2\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}+1}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}} \log(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bx})} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\frac{2\sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}+1}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad}+\sqrt{bc}} \log(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bx})} \\
& + \frac{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}} + \frac{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} \\
& + \frac{3 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}} - \sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}} + \frac{3 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad}+\sqrt{bc}} - \sqrt[6]{b^3}\sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(1/3)*(a + b*x^2)),x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]])/(Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/3)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)) + (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/3)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)) - Log[Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x]/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/3)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)) + Log[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*x]/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/3)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)) - (3*Log[(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3) - b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/3)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)) + (3*Log[(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3) - b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/3)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 485 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand Integrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] & !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{\ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{R(R^3-c)} \right)}{2b}$	59
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{\ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{R(R^3-c)} \right)}{2b}$	59
derivativedivides	$\frac{d \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{-R \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{R^5-R^2 c} \right)}{2b}$	60

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*d*sum(1/_R*ln((d*x+c)^(1/3)-R)/(R^3-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*b-2*_Z^3*b*c+a*d^2+b*c^2))/b`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1694 vs. 2(315) = 630.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1694, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(a+bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/4*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*(((a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^
4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b*d^4)) + d)/(a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2))^(1/3)*log(-1/2*(
sqrt(-3)*a*b*c^2 + a*b*c^2 + (a^3*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*b*d^3 + sqrt(-3)*(a^3*b^
2*c^2*d + a^4*b*d^3))*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b*d
^4)))*(((a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2
+ a^5*b*d^4)) + d)/(a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2))^(2/3) + (d*x + c)^(1/3)*c) -
1/4*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*(((a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^
4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b*d^4)) + d)/(a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2))^(1/3)*log(1/2*(s
qrt(-3)*a*b*c^2 - a*b*c^2 - (a^3*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*b*d^3 - sqrt(-3)*(a^3*b^2
*c^2*d + a^4*b*d^3))*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b*d
^4)))*(((a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2
+ a^5*b*d^4)) + d)/(a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2))^(2/3) + (d*x + c)^(1/3)*c) + 1
/4*(sqrt(-3) - 1)*(-((a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^
4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b*d^4)) - d)/(a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2))^(1/3)*log(-1/2*(
sqrt(-3)*a*b*c^2 + a*b*c^2 - (a^3*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*b*d^3 + sqrt(-3)*(a^3*b^
2*c^2*d + a^4*b*d^3))*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b*d
^4)))*(-((a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^
2 + a^5*b*d^4)) - d)/(a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2))^(2/3) + (d*x + c)^(1/3)*c) -
1/4*(sqrt(-3) + 1)*(-((a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(-c^2/(a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*
a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b*d^4)) - d)/(a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2))^(1/3)*log(1...

```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(a+bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)\sqrt[3]{c+dx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(1/3)/(b*x**2+a), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**(1/3)), x)
```



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(a+bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2+a)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(1/3)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(a+bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2+a)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(a+bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)),x)`

output

```

log(243*b^4*d^5*(c + d*x)^(1/3) - ((1944*a*b^5*d^4*(a*d^2 - b*c^2)*(c + d*
x)^(1/3) - 1944*a^2*b^6*c*d^4*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)*((c*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b
*d)/(a^3*b^2*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)))^(2/3))*((c*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b*d))/(8*a
^3*b^2*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)))*((c*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b*d)/(8*(a^3*b^3*c^2 +
a^4*b^2*d^2)))^(1/3) + log(243*b^4*d^5*(c + d*x)^(1/3) + ((1944*a*b^5*d^4
*(a*d^2 - b*c^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/3) - 1944*a^2*b^6*c*d^4*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)*(-c
*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - a^2*b*d)/(a^3*b^2*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)))^(2/3))*((c*(-a^3*b^
3)^(1/2) - a^2*b*d)/(8*a^3*b^2*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)))*(-(c*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) -
a^2*b*d)/(8*(a^3*b^3*c^2 + a^4*b^2*d^2)))^(1/3) - log(243*b^4*d^5*(c + d*x
)^(1/3) - ((1944*a*b^5*d^4*(a*d^2 - b*c^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/3) - 1944*a^2*b^6*
c*d^4*((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)*((c*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b*
d)/(a^3*b^2*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)))^(2/3))*((c*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b*d))/(8*a^
3*b^2*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)))*((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 + 1/2)*((c*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*
b*d)/(8*(a^3*b^3*c^2 + a^4*b^2*d^2)))^(1/3) + log(243*b^4*d^5*(c + d*x)^(1
/3) - ((1944*a*b^5*d^4*(a*d^2 - b*c^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/3) + 1944*a^2*b^6*c*d^
4*((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 + 1/2)*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)*((c*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b*d)/(
a^3*b^2*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)))^(2/3))*((c*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b*d))/(8*a^3*b^
2*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)))*((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*((c*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b*d)
/(8*(a^3*b^3*c^2 + a^4*b^2*d^2)))^(1/3) - log(243*b^4*d^5*(c + d*x)^(1/3)
+ ((1944*a*b^5*d^4*(a*d^2 - b*c^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/3) - 1944*a^2*b^6*c*d^4...

```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(a+bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}a + (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}bx^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((c + d*x)**(1/3)*a + (c + d*x)**(1/3)*b*x**2),x)
```

**3.206**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{2/3}(a+bx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1782
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1783
Rubi [A] (verified)	1783
Maple [C] (verified)	1785
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1786
Sympy [F]	1786
Maxima [F]	1786
Giac [F]	1787
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1787
Reduce [F]	1788

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 441

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{2/3}(a+bx^2)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1 + \frac{{}^2\sqrt{b} \sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1 + \frac{{}^2\sqrt{b} \sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{\log(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} - \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}} - \sqrt[6]{b} \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right)}{4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad}} - \sqrt[6]{b} \sqrt[3]{c+dx} \right)}{4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}}$$

output

$$\frac{1/2 \cdot 3^{1/2} \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{1/3 \cdot (1+2 \cdot b^{1/6}) \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{1/3}}{b^{1/2} \cdot c - (-a)^{1/2} \cdot d}\right)^{1/3} \cdot 3^{1/2}}{(-a)^{1/2} \cdot b^{1/6} \cdot (b^{1/2} \cdot c - (-a)^{1/2} \cdot d)^{2/3}} - \frac{1/2 \cdot 3^{1/2} \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{1/3 \cdot (1+2 \cdot b^{1/6}) \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{1/3}}{b^{1/2} \cdot c + (-a)^{1/2} \cdot d}\right)^{1/3} \cdot 3^{1/2}}{(-a)^{1/2} \cdot b^{1/6} \cdot (b^{1/2} \cdot c + (-a)^{1/2} \cdot d)^{2/3}} - \frac{1/4 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{(-a)^{1/2} - b^{1/2} \cdot x}{(-a)^{1/2} \cdot b^{1/6} \cdot (b^{1/2} \cdot c + (-a)^{1/2} \cdot d)^{2/3}}\right) + 1/4 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{(-a)^{1/2} + b^{1/2} \cdot x}{(-a)^{1/2} \cdot b^{1/6} \cdot (b^{1/2} \cdot c - (-a)^{1/2} \cdot d)^{2/3}}\right) - 3/4 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{b^{1/2} \cdot c - (-a)^{1/2} \cdot d}{b^{1/6} \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{1/3}}\right)}{(-a)^{1/2} \cdot b^{1/6} \cdot (b^{1/2} \cdot c - (-a)^{1/2} \cdot d)^{2/3}} + \frac{3/4 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{b^{1/2} \cdot c + (-a)^{1/2} \cdot d}{b^{1/6} \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{1/3}}\right) - b^{1/6} \cdot (d \cdot x + c)^{1/3}}{(-a)^{1/2} \cdot b^{1/6} \cdot (b^{1/2} \cdot c + (-a)^{1/2} \cdot d)^{2/3}}$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{2/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \frac{d \operatorname{RootSum}\left[bc^2 + ad^2 - 2bc\#1^3 + b\#1^6 \&, \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{c + dx} - \#1\right)}{c\#1^2 - \#1^5} \&x\right]}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(2/3)*(a + b*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(d*RootSum[b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^3 + b*#1^6 & , Log[(c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1]/(c*#1^2 - #1^5) & ])/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)(c + dx)^{2/3}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 485 \\
& \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})(c + dx)^{2/3}} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})(c + dx)^{2/3}} \right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{\frac{{}_2\sqrt[6]{b} \sqrt[3]{c + dx} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{\frac{{}_2\sqrt[6]{b} \sqrt[3]{c + dx} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{2/3}} - \\
& \frac{\log(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})}{4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} - \\
& \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}} - \sqrt[6]{b} \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})^{2/3}} + \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}} - \sqrt[6]{b} \sqrt[3]{c + dx} \right)}{4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt[6]{b} (\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{2/3}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(2/3)*(a + b*x^2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)) - Log[Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x]/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)) + Log[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*x]/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)) - (3*Log[(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3) - b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3)) + (3*Log[(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(1/3) - b^(1/6)*(c + d*x)^(1/3)])/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/6)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)^(2/3))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 485 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand
Integrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] &
& !IntegerQ[2*n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{d \left( \sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{\ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R^5-R^2 c}}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	59
default	$\frac{d \left( \sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{\ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R^2(-R^3-c)}}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	59
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( \sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{\ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R^2(-R^3-c)}}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	59

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*d/b*sum(1/(_R^5-_R^2*c)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/3)-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^6*b-2*_Z^3*b
*c+a*d^2+b*c^2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3194 vs.  $2(315) = 630$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3194, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{2/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{2/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2) (c + dx)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(2/3)/(b*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**(2/3)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{2/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)(dx + c)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(2/3)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{2/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)(dx + c)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(2/3)), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2435, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{2/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^(2/3)),x)`



output

```

log((((7776*a^3*b^6*c*d^6 + 7776*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^4)*((a*d^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) -
b*c^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b*c*d)/(8*(a^5*b*d^4 + a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b
^2*c^2*d^2))))^(1/3) + 7776*a^2*b^6*c*d^5*(c + d*x)^(1/3))*((a*d^2*(-a^3*b)
^(1/2) - b*c^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b*c*d)/(8*(a^5*b*d^4 + a^3*b^3*c^4 +
2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2))))^(2/3) - 972*a*b^5*d^5)*((a*d^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) - b*c^
2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b*c*d)/(8*(a^5*b*d^4 + a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^
2*d^2))))^(1/3) - 486*b^5*d^4*(c + d*x)^(1/3))*((a*d^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) - b*c
^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b*c*d)/(8*(a^5*b*d^4 + a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c
^2*d^2))))^(1/3) + log((((7776*a^3*b^6*c*d^6 + 7776*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^4)*((b*c^
2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) - a*d^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b*c*d)/(8*(a^5*b*d^4 + a^3
*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2))))^(1/3) + 7776*a^2*b^6*c*d^5*(c + d*x)^(1/3)
)*((b*c^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) - a*d^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b*c*d)/(8*(a^5*b*d
^4 + a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2))))^(2/3) - 972*a*b^5*d^5)*((b*c^2*(-a
^3*b)^(1/2) - a*d^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b*c*d)/(8*(a^5*b*d^4 + a^3*b^3*
c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2))))^(1/3) - 486*b^5*d^4*(c + d*x)^(1/3))*((b*c^2*(-
a^3*b)^(1/2) - a*d^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) + 2*a^2*b*c*d)/(8*(a^5*b*d^4 + a^3*b^3
*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2))))^(1/3) + log(486*b^5*d^4*(c + d*x)^(1/3) + (972
*a*b^5*d^5 - ((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)^2*((3^(1/2)*1i)/2 - 1/2)*(7776*a^3*b^
6*c*d^6 + 7776*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^4)*((a*d^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) - b*c^2*(-a^3*b)^(1
/2) + 2*a^2*b*c*d)/(8*(a^5*b*d^4 + a^3*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2))))^(...

```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{2/3}(a+bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{2/3}a + (dx+c)^{2/3}bx^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(2/3)/(b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((c + d*x)**(2/3)*a + (c + d*x)**(2/3)*b*x**2),x)
```

**3.207**      
$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{4/3}(a+bx^2)} dx$$

Optimal result	1790
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1791
Rubi [A] (verified)	1792
Maple [C] (verified)	1794
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1794
Sympy [F]	1795
Maxima [F]	1795
Giac [F]	1795
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1796
Reduce [F]	1796

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 633

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{4/3}(a+bx^2)} dx = -\frac{3d}{(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt[3]{c+dx}} \\
& \quad \sqrt{3}\sqrt[6]{b}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{{}_2\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \\
& \quad - \frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}(bc^2+ad^2)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[6]{b}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bc}+ad) \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{{}_2\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)} \\
& \quad - \frac{2a\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}(bc^2+ad^2)}{\sqrt[6]{b}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bc}+ad) \log(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bx})} \\
& + \frac{4a\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}(bc^2+ad^2)}{\sqrt[6]{b}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bc}-ad) \log(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bx})} \\
& \quad - \frac{4a\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}(bc^2+ad^2)}{3\sqrt[6]{b}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bc}-ad) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}-\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)} \\
& + \frac{4a\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}(bc^2+ad^2)}{3\sqrt[6]{b}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bc}+ad) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}-\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx}\right)} \\
& \quad - \frac{4a\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}(bc^2+ad^2)}{4a\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}(bc^2+ad^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```

-3*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/3)-1/2*3^(1/2)*b^(1/6)*(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)
*d)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3))*
3^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)-1/2*3^(1/
2)*b^(1/6)*((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c+a*d)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3
)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/a/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3
)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)+1/4*b^(1/6)*((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c+a*d)*ln((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/
2)*x)/a/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)-1/4*b^(1/6)*((-a)^(1/
2)*b^(1/2)*c-a*d)*ln((-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/a/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3
)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)+3/4*b^(1/6)*((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c-a*d)*ln((b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(
1/2)*d)^(1/3)-b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/a/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)/(a*
d^2+b*c^2)-3/4*b^(1/6)*((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c+a*d)*ln((b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)
*d)^(1/3)-b^(1/6)*(d*x+c)^(1/3))/a/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)^(1/3)/(a*d^2+b
*c^2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{4/3}(a+bx^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{6d}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}} - d\text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 + ad^2 - 2bc\#1^3 + b\#1^6 \&, \frac{-2c\log\left(\sqrt[3]{c+dx}-\#1\right) + \log\left(\sqrt[3]{c+dx}-\#1\right)\#1^3}{c\#1-\#1^4} \&\right]}{2bc^2 + 2ad^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(4/3)*(a + b*x^2)),x]
```

output

```

-(((6*d)/(c + d*x)^(1/3) - d*RootSum[b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^3 + b*#1^6 &
, (-2*c*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1] + Log[(c + d*x)^(1/3) - #1]*#1^3)/(c*#1
- #1^4) & ])/(2*b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 571, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {482, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)(c + dx)^{4/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 482 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{c-dx}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(bx^2+a)} dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{3d}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657 \\
 & \frac{b \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{-ac} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{-a})\sqrt[3]{c+dx}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ac} + \frac{ad}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})\sqrt[3]{c+dx}} \right) dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{3d}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & b \left[ \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}) \arctan \left( \frac{{}_2\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-ab^{5/6}}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bc} + ad) \arctan \left( \frac{{}_2\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}}} \right)}{2ab^{5/6}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bc} + ad) \log \left( \frac{{}_2\sqrt[6]{b}\sqrt[3]{c+dx} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}}} \right)}{4ab^{5/6}\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}}} \right] \\
 & \quad \frac{3d}{\sqrt[3]{c+dx}(ad^2 + bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/((c + d*x)^(4/3)*(a + b*x^2)), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-3*d)/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^{(1/3)}) + (b*(-1/2*(\text{Sqrt}[3]*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \\ & \text{Sqrt}[-a]*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(1 + (2*b^{(1/6)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/3)})/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[-a]* \\ & d)^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]])/(\text{Sqrt}[-a]*b^{(5/6)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*d)^{(1/3)}) - ( \\ & \text{Sqrt}[3]*(\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(1 + (2*b^{(1/6)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/3)})/ \\ & (\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*d)^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]])/(2*a*b^{(5/6)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[- \\ & a]*d)^{(1/3)}) + ((\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + a*d)*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[-a] - \text{Sqrt}[b]*x])/ \\ & (4*a*b^{(5/6)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*d)^{(1/3)}) - ((\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - a*d)* \\ & \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[-a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*x])/ \\ & (4*a*b^{(5/6)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*d)^{(1/3)}) + (3*(\text{Sqrt}[-a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \\ & a*d)*\text{Log}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*d)^{(1/3)} - b^{(1/6)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/3)}])/ \\ & (4*a*b^{(5/6)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[-a]*d)^{(1/3)}) - (3*(\text{Sqrt}[-a]* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[b]*c + a*d)*\text{Log}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*d)^{(1/3)} - b^{(1/6)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/3)}])/ \\ & (4*a*b^{(5/6)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[-a]*d)^{(1/3)})))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 482

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(c + d*x)^n}{(a + b*x^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((c + d*x)^{n+1}/((n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$$

rule 657

$$\text{Int}[\frac{(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n)}{(a + c*x^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x \ \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[n]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

method	result
default	$\frac{d \left( \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^3-2c) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R(-R^3-c)} \right) (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}+6} \right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}(2a d^2+2b c^2)}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^3-2c) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R(-R^3-c)} \right) (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}+6} \right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}(2a d^2+2b c^2)}$
derivativedivides	$3d \left( -\frac{1}{(a d^2+bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^6-2bcZ^3+a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4+2Rc) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{3}}-R)}{-R^5-R^2c}}{6a d^2+6b c^2} \right)$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-d*(sum(1/_R*(R^3-2*c)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/3)-R)/(R^3-c),_R=RootOf(Z^6*b-2*_Z^3*b*c+a*d^2+b*c^2))*(d*x+c)^(1/3)+6)/(d*x+c)^(1/3)/(2*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6636 vs. 2(491) = 982.

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6636, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{4/3}(a+bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{4/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2) (c + dx)^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(4/3)/(b*x**2+a), x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**(4/3)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{4/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)(dx + c)^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(4/3)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{4/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)(dx + c)^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(4/3)), x)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5055, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{4/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^(4/3)),x)`

output

```
log(((c + d*x)^(1/3)*(38880*a^3*b^13*c^14*d^8 - 1944*a*b^15*c^18*d^4 - 194
4*a^2*b^14*c^16*d^6 - 1944*a^10*b^6*d^22 + 163296*a^4*b^12*c^12*d^10 + 299
376*a^5*b^11*c^10*d^12 + 299376*a^6*b^10*c^8*d^14 + 163296*a^7*b^9*c^6*d^1
6 + 38880*a^8*b^8*c^4*d^18 - 1944*a^9*b^7*c^2*d^20) - ((a^2*d^4*(-a^3*b)^(
1/2) + b^2*c^4*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) - 4*a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 - 6*a*b*c
^2*d^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2))/(8*(a^7*d^8 + a^3*b^4*c^8 + 4*a^6*b*c^2*d^6 + 4*a^4
*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^4)))^(2/3)*(7776*a^12*b^6*c*d^24 + 7776*a^2
*b^16*c^21*d^4 + 77760*a^3*b^15*c^19*d^6 + 349920*a^4*b^14*c^17*d^8 + 9331
20*a^5*b^13*c^15*d^10 + 1632960*a^6*b^12*c^13*d^12 + 1959552*a^7*b^11*c^11
*d^14 + 1632960*a^8*b^10*c^9*d^16 + 933120*a^9*b^9*c^7*d^18 + 349920*a^10*
b^8*c^5*d^20 + 77760*a^11*b^7*c^3*d^22))*(-(a^2*d^4*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) + b^2*c
^4*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) - 4*a^2*b^2*c^3*d + 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2*(-a^3*
b)^(1/2))/(8*(a^7*d^8 + a^3*b^4*c^8 + 4*a^6*b*c^2*d^6 + 4*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^2
+ 6*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^4)))^(1/3) - 972*a^9*b^6*d^21 + 2916*a*b^14*c^16*d^5 + 1
9440*a^2*b^13*c^14*d^7 + 54432*a^3*b^12*c^12*d^9 + 81648*a^4*b^11*c^10*d^1
1 + 68040*a^5*b^10*c^8*d^13 + 27216*a^6*b^9*c^6*d^15 - 3888*a^8*b^7*c^2*d^
19))*(-(a^2*d^4*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) + b^2*c^4*(-a^3*b)^(1/2) - 4*a^2*b^2*c^3*d
+ 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2*(-a^3*b)^(1/2))/(8*(a^7*d^8 + a^3*b^4*c^8
+ 4*a^6*b*c^2*d^6 + 4*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^4)))^(1/3) + log(((
c + d*x)^(1/3)*(38880*a^3*b^13*c^14*d^8 - 1944*a*b^15*c^18*d^4 - 1944*a...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{4/3} (a + bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^{1/3} ac + (dx + c)^{1/3} adx + (dx + c)^{1/3} bcx^2 + (dx + c)^{1/3} bdx^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(4/3)/(b*x^2+a),x)`

output `int(1/((c + d*x)**(1/3)*a*c + (c + d*x)**(1/3)*a*d*x + (c + d*x)**(1/3)*b*c*x**2 + (c + d*x)**(1/3)*b*d*x**3),x)`

### 3.208 $\int (c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1798
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1798
Rubi [A] (verified)	1799
Maple [A] (verified)	1800
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1800
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1801
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1801
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1802
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1802
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1803

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2) dx = -\frac{4(bc^2 - ad^2)(c + dx)^{7/4}}{7d^3} + \frac{8bc(c + dx)^{11/4}}{11d^3} - \frac{4b(c + dx)^{15/4}}{15d^3}$$

output

```
-4/7*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(7/4)/d^3+8/11*b*c*(d*x+c)^(11/4)/d^3-4/15*b*(d*x+c)^(15/4)/d^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2) dx = -\frac{4(c + dx)^{7/4} (-165ad^2 + b(32c^2 - 56cdx + 77d^2x^2))}{1155d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/4)*(a - b*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(-4*(c + d*x)^(7/4)*(-165*a*d^2 + b*(32*c^2 - 56*c*d*x + 77*d^2*x^2)))/(1155*d^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - bx^2) (c + dx)^{3/4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4} (ad^2 - bc^2)}{d^2} - \frac{b(c + dx)^{11/4}}{d^2} + \frac{2bc(c + dx)^{7/4}}{d^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{4(c + dx)^{7/4} (bc^2 - ad^2)}{7d^3} - \frac{4b(c + dx)^{15/4}}{15d^3} + \frac{8bc(c + dx)^{11/4}}{11d^3}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/4)*(a - b*x^2),x]`

output `(-4*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(7/4))/(7*d^3) + (8*b*c*(c + d*x)^(11/4))/(11*d^3) - (4*b*(c + d*x)^(15/4))/(15*d^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}(-77bx^2d^2+56bcdx+165ad^2-32bc^2)}{1155d^3}$	41
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}(-77bx^2d^2+56bcdx+165ad^2-32bc^2)}{1155d^3}$	41
orering	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}(-77bx^2d^2+56bcdx+165ad^2-32bc^2)}{1155d^3}$	41
derivativedivides	$-\frac{4\left(\frac{b(dx+c)^{\frac{15}{4}}}{15}-\frac{2bc(dx+c)^{\frac{11}{4}}}{11}+\frac{(-ad^2+bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{7}\right)}{d^3}$	49
default	$-\frac{\frac{4b(dx+c)^{\frac{15}{4}}}{15}+\frac{8bc(dx+c)^{\frac{11}{4}}}{11}+\frac{4(ad^2-bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{7}}{d^3}$	49
trager	$\frac{4(-77bd^3x^3-21bcd^2x^2+165acd^3+24bc^2dx+165ad^2c-32bc^3)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{1155d^3}$	61
risch	$\frac{4(-77bd^3x^3-21bcd^2x^2+165acd^3+24bc^2dx+165ad^2c-32bc^3)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{1155d^3}$	61

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/4)*(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `4/1155*(d*x+c)^(7/4)*(-77*b*d^2*x^2+56*b*c*d*x+165*a*d^2-32*b*c^2)/d^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)dx = \frac{4(77bd^3x^3+21bcd^2x^2+32bc^3-165acd^2-3(8bc^2d+55ad^3)x)(dx+c)^{3/4}}{1155d^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/4)*(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-4/1155*(77*b*d^3*x^3+21*b*c*d^2*x^2+32*b*c^3-165*a*c*d^2-3*(8*b*c^2*d+55*a*d^3)*x)*(d*x+c)^(3/4)/d^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{4 \cdot \left( \frac{2bc(c+dx)^{11/4}}{11d^2} - \frac{b(c+dx)^{15/4}}{15d^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}(-ad^2+bc^2)}{7d^2} \right)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ c^{3/4} \left( ax - \frac{bx^3}{3} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/4)*(-b*x**2+a), x)`output `Piecewise((4*(2*b*c*(c + d*x)**(11/4)/(11*d**2) - b*(c + d*x)**(15/4)/(15*d**2) - (c + d*x)**(7/4)*(-a*d**2 + b*c**2)/(7*d**2))/d, Ne(d, 0)), (c**(3/4)*(a*x - b*x**3/3), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2) dx = \frac{4 \left( 77(dx + c)^{15/4} b - 210(dx + c)^{11/4} bc + 165(bc^2 - ad^2)(dx + c)^{7/4} \right)}{1155 d^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/4)*(-b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4/1155*(77*(d*x + c)^(15/4)*b - 210*(d*x + c)^(11/4)*b*c + 165*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(d*x + c)^(7/4))/d^3`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs.  $2(52) = 104$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2) dx = \frac{4 \left( 385 (dx + c)^{3/4} ac + 55 \left( 3 (dx + c)^{7/4} - 7 (dx + c)^{3/4} c \right) a - \frac{5 \left( 21 (dx + c)^{11/4} - 66 (dx + c)^{7/4} c + 77 (dx + c)^{3/4} c^2 \right)}{d^2} \right)}{1155 d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/4)*(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/1155*(385*(d*x + c)^(3/4)*a*c + 55*(3*(d*x + c)^(7/4) - 7*(d*x + c)^(3/4))*c)*a - 5*(21*(d*x + c)^(11/4) - 66*(d*x + c)^(7/4)*c + 77*(d*x + c)^(3/4)*c^2)*b*c/d^2 - (77*(d*x + c)^(15/4) - 315*(d*x + c)^(11/4)*c + 495*(d*x + c)^(7/4)*c^2 - 385*(d*x + c)^(3/4)*c^3)*b/d^2/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2) dx = \frac{4 (c + dx)^{7/4} (77 b (c + dx)^2 - 165 a d^2 + 165 b c^2 - 210 b c (c + dx))}{1155 d^3}$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/4),x)`

output `-(4*(c + d*x)^(7/4)*(77*b*(c + d*x)^2 - 165*a*d^2 + 165*b*c^2 - 210*b*c*(c + d*x)))/(1155*d^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2) dx = \frac{4(dx + c)^{3/4} (-77bd^3x^3 - 21bcd^2x^2 + 165ad^3x + 24bc^2dx + 165acd^2 - 32bc^3)}{1155d^3}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/4)*(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
(4*(c + d*x)**(3/4)*(165*a*c*d**2 + 165*a*d**3*x - 32*b*c**3 + 24*b*c**2*d*x - 21*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 77*b*d**3*x**3))/(1155*d**3)
```



### 3.209 $\int \sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	1804
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1804
Rubi [A] (verified)	1805
Maple [A] (verified)	1806
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1806
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1807
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1807
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1808
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1808
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1809

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2) dx = -\frac{4(bc^2-ad^2)(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5d^3} + \frac{8bc(c+dx)^{9/4}}{9d^3} - \frac{4b(c+dx)^{13/4}}{13d^3}$$

output

```
-4/5*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(5/4)/d^3+8/9*b*c*(d*x+c)^(9/4)/d^3-4/13*b*(d*x+c)^(13/4)/d^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2) dx = -\frac{4(c+dx)^{5/4}(-117ad^2+b(32c^2-40cdx+45d^2x^2))}{585d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c+d*x)^(1/4)*(a-b*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(-4*(c+d*x)^(5/4)*(-117*a*d^2+b*(32*c^2-40*c*d*x+45*d^2*x^2)))/(585*d^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - bx^2) \sqrt[4]{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(ad^2 - bc^2)}{d^2} - \frac{b(c + dx)^{9/4}}{d^2} + \frac{2bc(c + dx)^{5/4}}{d^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{4(c + dx)^{5/4}(bc^2 - ad^2)}{5d^3} - \frac{4b(c + dx)^{13/4}}{13d^3} + \frac{8bc(c + dx)^{9/4}}{9d^3}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a - b*x^2),x]`

output `(-4*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(5/4))/(5*d^3) + (8*b*c*(c + d*x)^(9/4))/(9*d^3) - (4*b*(c + d*x)^(13/4))/(13*d^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}(-45bd^2x^2+40bcdx+117ad^2-32bc^2)}{585d^3}$	41
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}(-45bd^2x^2+40bcdx+117ad^2-32bc^2)}{585d^3}$	41
orering	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}(-45bd^2x^2+40bcdx+117ad^2-32bc^2)}{585d^3}$	41
derivativdivides	$-\frac{4\left(\frac{b(dx+c)^{\frac{13}{4}}}{13}-\frac{2bc(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{4}}}{9}+\frac{(-ad^2+bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5}\right)}{d^3}$	49
default	$-\frac{\frac{4b(dx+c)^{\frac{13}{4}}}{13}+\frac{8bc(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{4}}}{9}+\frac{4(ad^2-bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5}}{d^3}$	49
trager	$\frac{4(-45bd^3x^3-5bcd^2x^2+117ad^3+8bc^2dx+117ad^2c-32bc^3)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{585d^3}$	61
risch	$\frac{4(-45bd^3x^3-5bcd^2x^2+117ad^3+8bc^2dx+117ad^2c-32bc^3)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{585d^3}$	61

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/4)*(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $4/585*(d*x+c)^(5/4)*(-45*b*d^2*x^2+40*b*c*d*x+117*a*d^2-32*b*c^2)/d^3$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2) dx$$

$$= -\frac{4(45bd^3x^3+5bcd^2x^2+32bc^3-117acd^2-(8bc^2d+117ad^3)x)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{585d^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/4)*(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $-4/585*(45*b*d^3*x^3+5*b*c*d^2*x^2+32*b*c^3-117*a*c*d^2-(8*b*c^2*d+117*a*d^3)*x)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/d^3$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{4 \cdot \left( \frac{2bc(c+dx)^{\frac{9}{4}}}{9d^2} - \frac{b(c+dx)^{\frac{13}{4}}}{13d^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{4}}(-ad^2+bc^2)}{5d^2} \right)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \sqrt[4]{c} \left( ax - \frac{bx^3}{3} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/4)*(-b*x**2+a), x)`output `Piecewise((4*(2*b*c*(c + d*x)**(9/4)/(9*d**2) - b*(c + d*x)**(13/4)/(13*d**2) - (c + d*x)**(5/4)*(-a*d**2 + b*c**2)/(5*d**2))/d, Ne(d, 0)), (c**(1/4)*(a*x - b*x**3/3), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2) dx = -\frac{4 \left( 45(dx+c)^{\frac{13}{4}}b - 130(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{4}}bc + 117(bc^2 - ad^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}} \right)}{585d^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/4)*(-b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4/585*(45*(d*x + c)^(13/4)*b - 130*(d*x + c)^(9/4)*b*c + 117*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(d*x + c)^(5/4))/d^3`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 127 vs.  $2(52) = 104$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( 585 (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} ac + 117 \left( (dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}} - 5 (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} c \right) a - \frac{13 \left( 5 (dx+c)^{\frac{9}{4}} - 18 (dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}} c + 45 (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 \right) bc}{d^2} - \frac{3 \left( 15 (dx+c)^{\frac{13}{4}} - 65 (dx+c)^{\frac{9}{4}} c + 117 (dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}} c^2 - 195 (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 \right) b}{d^2} \right)}{585 d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/4)*(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/585*(585*(d*x + c)^(1/4)*a*c + 117*((d*x + c)^(5/4) - 5*(d*x + c)^(1/4)*c)*a - 13*(5*(d*x + c)^(9/4) - 18*(d*x + c)^(5/4)*c + 45*(d*x + c)^(1/4)*c^2)*b*c/d^2 - 3*(15*(d*x + c)^(13/4) - 65*(d*x + c)^(9/4)*c + 117*(d*x + c)^(5/4)*c^2 - 195*(d*x + c)^(1/4)*c^3)*b/d^2/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2) dx$$

$$= -\frac{4(c+dx)^{5/4} (45b(c+dx)^2 - 117ad^2 + 117bc^2 - 130bc(c+dx))}{585d^3}$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/4),x)`

output `-(4*(c + d*x)^(5/4)*(45*b*(c + d*x)^2 - 117*a*d^2 + 117*b*c^2 - 130*b*c*(c + d*x)))/(585*d^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-45bd^3x^3 - 5bc d^2x^2 + 117a d^3x + 8b c^2dx + 117ac d^2 - 32b c^3)}{585d^3}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/4)*(-b*x^2+a),x)`output `(4*(c + d*x)**(1/4)*(117*a*c*d**2 + 117*a*d**3*x - 32*b*c**3 + 8*b*c**2*d*x - 5*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 45*b*d**3*x**3))/(585*d**3)`

$$3.210 \quad \int \frac{a-bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1810
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1810
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1811
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1812
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1812
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1813
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1813
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1814
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1814
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1814

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{a-bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} dx = -\frac{4(bc^2-ad^2)(c+dx)^{3/4}}{3d^3} + \frac{8bc(c+dx)^{7/4}}{7d^3} - \frac{4b(c+dx)^{11/4}}{11d^3}$$

output

```
-4/3*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(3/4)/d^3+8/7*b*c*(d*x+c)^(7/4)/d^3-4/11*b*(d*x+c)^(11/4)/d^3
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{a-bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} dx = -\frac{4(c+dx)^{3/4}(-77ad^2+b(32c^2-24cdx+21d^2x^2))}{231d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)/(c + d*x)^(1/4),x]
```

output

```
(-4*(c + d*x)^(3/4)*(-77*a*d^2 + b*(32*c^2 - 24*c*d*x + 21*d^2*x^2)))/(231*d^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{ad^2 - bc^2}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{c + dx}} - \frac{b(c + dx)^{7/4}}{d^2} + \frac{2bc(c + dx)^{3/4}}{d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{4(c + dx)^{3/4}(bc^2 - ad^2)}{3d^3} - \frac{4b(c + dx)^{11/4}}{11d^3} + \frac{8bc(c + dx)^{7/4}}{7d^3}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)/(c + d*x)^(1/4),x]`

output `(-4*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/4))/(3*d^3) + (8*b*c*(c + d*x)^(7/4))/(7*d^3) - (4*b*(c + d*x)^(11/4))/(11*d^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
gosper	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}(-21bx^2d^2+24bcdx+77ad^2-32bc^2)}{231d^3}$	41
trager	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}(-21bx^2d^2+24bcdx+77ad^2-32bc^2)}{231d^3}$	41
risch	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}(-21bx^2d^2+24bcdx+77ad^2-32bc^2)}{231d^3}$	41
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}(-21bx^2d^2+24bcdx+77ad^2-32bc^2)}{231d^3}$	41
orering	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}(-21bx^2d^2+24bcdx+77ad^2-32bc^2)}{231d^3}$	41
derivativedivides	$-\frac{4\left(\frac{b(dx+c)^{\frac{11}{4}}}{11}-\frac{2bc(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{7}+\frac{(-ad^2+bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3}\right)}{d^3}$	49
default	$-\frac{4b(dx+c)^{\frac{11}{4}}}{11}+\frac{8bc(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{7}+\frac{4(ad^2-bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3}$	49

input `int((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `4/231*(d*x+c)^(3/4)*(-21*b*d^2*x^2+24*b*c*d*x+77*a*d^2-32*b*c^2)/d^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} dx = -\frac{4(21bd^2x^2 - 24bcdx + 32bc^2 - 77ad^2)(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{231d^3}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-4/231*(21*b*d^2*x^2 - 24*b*c*d*x + 32*b*c^2 - 77*a*d^2)*(d*x + c)^(3/4)/d^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{4 \cdot \left( \frac{2bc(c+dx)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{7d^2} - \frac{b(c+dx)^{\frac{11}{4}}}{11d^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{4}}(-ad^2+bc^2)}{3d^2} \right)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax - \frac{bx^3}{3}}{\sqrt[4]{c}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)/(d*x+c)**(1/4),x)`

output `Piecewise((4*(2*b*c*(c + d*x)**(7/4)/(7*d**2) - b*(c + d*x)**(11/4)/(11*d**2) - (c + d*x)**(3/4)*(-a*d**2 + b*c**2)/(3*d**2))/d, Ne(d, 0)), ((a*x - b*x**3/3)/c**(1/4), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} dx = -\frac{4 \left( 21(dx + c)^{\frac{11}{4}}b - 66(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{4}}bc + 77(bc^2 - ad^2)(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{4}} \right)}{231 d^3}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-4/231*(21*(d*x + c)^(11/4)*b - 66*(d*x + c)^(7/4)*b*c + 77*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(d*x + c)^(3/4))/d^3`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} dx = \frac{4 \left( 77(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{4}}a - \frac{(21(dx+c)^{\frac{11}{4}} - 66(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}c + 77(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}c^2)b}{d^2} \right)}{231 d}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/231*(77*(d*x + c)^(3/4)*a - (21*(d*x + c)^(11/4) - 66*(d*x + c)^(7/4)*c + 77*(d*x + c)^(3/4)*c^2)*b/d^2)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} dx = -\frac{4(c + dx)^{3/4} (21b(c + dx)^2 - 77ad^2 + 77bc^2 - 66bc(c + dx))}{231 d^3}$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)/(c + d*x)^(1/4),x)`

output `-(4*(c + d*x)^(3/4)*(21*b*(c + d*x)^2 - 77*a*d^2 + 77*b*c^2 - 66*b*c*(c + d*x)))/(231*d^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} dx = \frac{4(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{4}} (-21bd^2x^2 + 24bcdx + 77ad^2 - 32bc^2)}{231d^3}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(1/4),x)`

output 
$$\frac{4*(c + d*x)**(3/4)*(77*a*d**2 - 32*b*c**2 + 24*b*c*d*x - 21*b*d**2*x**2)}{(231*d**3)}$$

### 3.211 $\int \frac{a-bx^2}{(c+dx)^{3/4}} dx$

Optimal result	1816
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1816
Rubi [A] (verified)	1817
Maple [A] (verified)	1818
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1818
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1819
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1819
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1820
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1820
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1820

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{3/4}} dx = -\frac{4(bc^2 - ad^2) \sqrt[4]{c + dx}}{d^3} + \frac{8bc(c + dx)^{5/4}}{5d^3} - \frac{4b(c + dx)^{9/4}}{9d^3}$$

output

```
-4*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/d^3+8/5*b*c*(d*x+c)^(5/4)/d^3-4/9*b*(d*x+c)^(9/4)/d^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{3/4}} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(-45ad^2 + b(32c^2 - 8cdx + 5d^2x^2))}{45d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)/(c + d*x)^(3/4), x]
```

output

```
(-4*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(-45*a*d^2 + b*(32*c^2 - 8*c*d*x + 5*d^2*x^2)))/(45*d^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{3/4}} dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{ad^2 - bc^2}{d^2(c + dx)^{3/4}} - \frac{b(c + dx)^{5/4}}{d^2} + \frac{2bc\sqrt[4]{c + dx}}{d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{4\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)}{d^3} - \frac{4b(c + dx)^{9/4}}{9d^3} + \frac{8bc(c + dx)^{5/4}}{5d^3}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)/(c + d*x)^(3/4),x]`

output `(-4*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/d^3 + (8*b*c*(c + d*x)^(5/4))/(5*d^3) - (4*b*(c + d*x)^(9/4))/(9*d^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-5bx^2d^2+8bcdx+45ad^2-32bc^2)}{45d^3}$	41
trager	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-5bx^2d^2+8bcdx+45ad^2-32bc^2)}{45d^3}$	41
risch	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-5bx^2d^2+8bcdx+45ad^2-32bc^2)}{45d^3}$	41
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-5bx^2d^2+8bcdx+45ad^2-32bc^2)}{45d^3}$	41
orering	$\frac{4(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-5bx^2d^2+8bcdx+45ad^2-32bc^2)}{45d^3}$	41
derivativedivides	$-\frac{4\left(\frac{b(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{4}}}{9}-\frac{2bc(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5}-ad^2(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}+bc^2(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{d^3}$	53
default	$-\frac{4b(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{4}}+8bc(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}+4ad^2(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-4bc^2(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{d^3}$	53

input `int((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `4/45*(d*x+c)^(1/4)*(-5*b*d^2*x^2+8*b*c*d*x+45*a*d^2-32*b*c^2)/d^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{3/4}} dx = -\frac{4(5bd^2x^2 - 8bcdx + 32bc^2 - 45ad^2)(dx + c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{45d^3}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-4/45*(5*b*d^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*d*x + 32*b*c^2 - 45*a*d^2)*(d*x + c)^(1/4)/d^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{3/4}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{4a\sqrt[4]{c + dx} - 4b\left(c^2\sqrt[4]{c + dx} - \frac{2c(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5} + \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{9}\right)}{d^2} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax - \frac{bx^3}{3}}{c^{3/4}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)/(d*x+c)**(3/4),x)`output `Piecewise(((4*a*(c + d*x)**(1/4) - 4*b*(c**2*(c + d*x)**(1/4) - 2*c*(c + d*x)**(5/4)/5 + (c + d*x)**(9/4)/9)/d**2)/d, Ne(d, 0)), ((a*x - b*x**3/3)/c**3/4), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4 \left( 45(dx + c)^{1/4}a - \frac{(5(dx+c)^{9/4} - 18(dx+c)^{5/4}c + 45(dx+c)^{1/4}c^2)b}{d^2} \right)}{45d}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `4/45*(45*(d*x + c)^(1/4)*a - (5*(d*x + c)^(9/4) - 18*(d*x + c)^(5/4)*c + 45*(d*x + c)^(1/4)*c^2)*b/d^2)/d`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4 \left( 45 (dx + c)^{1/4} a - \frac{(5 (dx + c)^{9/4} - 18 (dx + c)^{5/4} c + 45 (dx + c)^{1/4} c^2) b}{d^2} \right)}{45 d}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/45*(45*(d*x + c)^(1/4)*a - (5*(d*x + c)^(9/4) - 18*(d*x + c)^(5/4)*c + 45*(d*x + c)^(1/4)*c^2)*b/d^2)/d`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{3/4}} dx = -\frac{4(c + dx)^{1/4} (5b(c + dx)^2 - 45ad^2 + 45bc^2 - 18bc(c + dx))}{45d^3}$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)/(c + d*x)^(3/4),x)`

output `-(4*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(5*b*(c + d*x)^2 - 45*a*d^2 + 45*b*c^2 - 18*b*c*(c + d*x)))/(45*d^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{4(dx + c)^{1/4} (-5bd^2x^2 + 8bcdx + 45ad^2 - 32bc^2)}{45d^3}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(3/4),x)`

output  $(4*(c + d*x)**(1/4)*(45*a*d**2 - 32*b*c**2 + 8*b*c*d*x - 5*b*d**2*x**2))/(45*d**3)$

### 3.212 $\int \frac{a-bx^2}{(c+dx)^{5/4}} dx$

Optimal result	1822
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1822
Rubi [A] (verified)	1823
Maple [A] (verified)	1824
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1824
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1825
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1825
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1826
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1826
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1826

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{4(bc^2 - ad^2)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{c + dx}} + \frac{8bc(c + dx)^{3/4}}{3d^3} - \frac{4b(c + dx)^{7/4}}{7d^3}$$

output

$4*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^{(1/4)}+8/3*b*c*(d*x+c)^{(3/4)}/d^3-4/7*b*(d*x+c)^{(7/4)}/d^3$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{5/4}} dx = -\frac{4(21ad^2 + b(-32c^2 - 8cdx + 3d^2x^2))}{21d^3 \sqrt[4]{c + dx}}$$

input

`Integrate[(a - b*x^2)/(c + d*x)^(5/4),x]`

output

$(-4*(21*a*d^2 + b*(-32*c^2 - 8*c*d*x + 3*d^2*x^2)))/(21*d^3*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{5/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{ad^2 - bc^2}{d^2(c + dx)^{5/4}} - \frac{b(c + dx)^{3/4}}{d^2} + \frac{2bc}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{c + dx}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{4(bc^2 - ad^2)}{d^3 \sqrt[4]{c + dx}} - \frac{4b(c + dx)^{7/4}}{7d^3} + \frac{8bc(c + dx)^{3/4}}{3d^3}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)/(c + d*x)^(5/4),x]`

output `(4*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(d^3*(c + d*x)^(1/4)) + (8*b*c*(c + d*x)^(3/4))/(3*d^3) - (4*b*(c + d*x)^(7/4))/(7*d^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(-12b x^2 - 84a)d^2 + 32bcdx + 128b c^2}{21(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^3}$	40
gospers	$-\frac{4(3b x^2 d^2 - 8bcdx + 21a d^2 - 32b c^2)}{21(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^3}$	41
trager	$-\frac{4(3b x^2 d^2 - 8bcdx + 21a d^2 - 32b c^2)}{21(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^3}$	41
orering	$-\frac{4(3b x^2 d^2 - 8bcdx + 21a d^2 - 32b c^2)}{21(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^3}$	41
risch	$\frac{4b(-3dx+11c)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{21d^3} - \frac{4(a d^2 - b c^2)}{d^3(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$	47
derivativdivides	$-\frac{4\left(\frac{b(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{7} - \frac{2bc(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3} - \frac{-a d^2 + b c^2}{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{d^3}$	49
default	$-\frac{\frac{4b(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{7} + \frac{8bc(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3} - \frac{4(a d^2 - b c^2)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}}{d^3}$	49

input `int((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/21*((-12*b*x^2-84*a)*d^2+32*b*c*d*x+128*b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/d^3`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{5/4}} dx = -\frac{4(3bd^2x^2 - 8bcdx - 32bc^2 + 21ad^2)(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{21(d^4x + cd^3)}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-4/21*(3*b*d^2*x^2 - 8*b*c*d*x - 32*b*c^2 + 21*a*d^2)*(d*x + c)^(3/4)/(d^4*x + c*d^3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{5/4}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{4 \cdot \left( \frac{2bc(c+dx)^{3/4}}{3d^2} - \frac{b(c+dx)^{7/4}}{7d^2} - \frac{ad^2 - bc^2}{d^2 \sqrt[4]{c+dx}} \right)}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax - \frac{bx^3}{3}}{c^{5/4}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)/(d*x+c)**(5/4),x)`output `Piecewise((4*(2*b*c*(c + d*x)**(3/4)/(3*d**2) - b*(c + d*x)**(7/4)/(7*d**2) - (a*d**2 - b*c**2)/(d**2*(c + d*x)**(1/4)))/d, Ne(d, 0)), ((a*x - b*x**3/3)/c**(5/4), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{5/4}} dx = -\frac{4 \left( \frac{3(dx+c)^{7/4}b - 14(dx+c)^{3/4}bc}{d^2} - \frac{21(bc^2 - ad^2)}{(dx+c)^{1/4}d^2} \right)}{21d}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-4/21*((3*(d*x + c)^(7/4)*b - 14*(d*x + c)^(3/4)*b*c)/d^2 - 21*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)/((d*x + c)^(1/4)*d^2))/d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{4(bc^2 - ad^2)}{(dx + c)^{1/4} d^3} - \frac{4 \left( 3(dx + c)^{7/4} bd^{18} - 14(dx + c)^{3/4} bcd^{18} \right)}{21 d^{21}}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/4),x, algorithm="giac")`output `4*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)/((d*x + c)^(1/4)*d^3) - 4/21*(3*(d*x + c)^(7/4)*b*d^18 - 14*(d*x + c)^(3/4)*b*c*d^18)/d^21`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{5/4}} dx = -\frac{12b(c + dx)^2 + 84ad^2 - 84bc^2 - 56bc(c + dx)}{21d^3(c + dx)^{1/4}}$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)/(c + d*x)^(5/4),x)`output `-(12*b*(c + d*x)^2 + 84*a*d^2 - 84*b*c^2 - 56*b*c*(c + d*x))/(21*d^3*(c + d*x)^(1/4))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{a - bx^2}{(c + dx)^{5/4}} dx = \frac{-\frac{4}{7}b d^2 x^2 + \frac{32}{21}bcdx - 4a d^2 + \frac{128}{21}b c^2}{(dx + c)^{1/4} d^3}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)/(d*x+c)^(5/4),x)`

output  $(4*(-21ad^2 + 32b^2c + 8bcdx - 3bd^2x^2))/(21(c + dx)^{1/4}d^3)$



### 3.213 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{a-bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1828
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1829
Rubi [A] (verified)	1829
Maple [C] (verified)	1832
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1832
Sympy [F]	1833
Maxima [F]	1833
Giac [F]	1833
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1834
Reduce [F]	1834

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 300

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = -\frac{8cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{b} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5b}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})^{9/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{13/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad})^{9/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{13/8}}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})^{9/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{13/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad})^{9/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{13/8}}$$

output

```
-8*c*d*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/b-4/5*d*(d*x+c)^(5/4)/b-(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)*
rctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(13/8)+
(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)
)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(13/8)-(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*
d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(13/8)+(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1
/2)*d)^(9/4)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^
(1/2)/b^(13/8)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \frac{-8bd\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(11c + dx) + 5\text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{-2bc^3d \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c + dx}\right)}{\#1}\right]}{10b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(9/4)/(a - b*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(-8*b*d*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(11*c + d*x) + 5*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^
4 + b*#1^8 & , (-2*b*c^3*d*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + 2*a*c*d^3*Log[(c +
d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + 3*b*c^2*d*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4 + a*d^3*Log[(c
+ d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1^3 - #1^7) & ])/(10*b^2)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$ , Rules used = {481, 25, 653, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{a - bx^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int -\frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2+2bdxc+ad^2)}{a-bx^2} dx - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 481 \\
& \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2+2bdxc+ad^2)}{a-bx^2} dx - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{\int -\frac{b(c(bc^2+3ad^2)+d(3bc^2+ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{b} - 8cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 653 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(c(bc^2+3ad^2)+d(3bc^2+ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{b} - 8cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b(c(bc^2+3ad^2)+d(3bc^2+ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{b} - 8cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{c(bc^2+3ad^2)+d(3bc^2+ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{b} - 8cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 657 \\
& \frac{\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{ac}(bc^2+3ad^2) - \frac{ad(3bc^2+ad^2)}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a})(c+dx)^{3/4}} + \frac{\frac{ad(3bc^2+ad^2)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{ac}(bc^2+3ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{3/4}} \right) dx - 8cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{b} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& -\frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{9/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{5/8}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^{9/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{5/8}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{9/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{5/8}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \\
& \frac{4d(c+dx)^{5/4}}{5b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(9/4)/(a - b*x^2), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-4*d*(c + d*x)^{(5/4)}/(5*b) + (-8*c*d*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)} - ((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(9/4)}*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(5/8)}) + ((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(9/4)}*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(5/8)}) - ((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(9/4)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(5/8)}) + ((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(9/4)}*\text{ArcTanh}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(5/8)})))/b \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 481

$$\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((c + d*x)^{(n-1)}/(b*(n-1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/b \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}*(\text{Simp}[b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x, \text{x}]/(a + b*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1]$$

rule 653

$$\text{Int}[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/c \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}*(\text{Simp}[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, \text{x}]/(a + c*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$$

rule 657

$$\text{Int}[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^{(n_)})/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[n]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

method	result
default	$\frac{d \left( \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4 ad^2+3R^4 bc^2+2ad^2c-2bc^3) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)} \right) + \frac{88}{11} \frac{dx}{11} \right)}{2b^2}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4 ad^2+3R^4 bc^2+2ad^2c-2bc^3) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)} \right) + \frac{88}{11} \frac{dx}{11} \right)}{2b^2}$
derivativedivides	$-4d \left( \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{5} + \frac{2c(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{b} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{((-ad^2-3bc^2)-R^4-2ad^2c+2bc^3) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)}}{8b^2} \right)$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*d*(sum((_R^4*a*d^2+3*_R^4*b*c^2+2*a*c*d^2-2*b*c^3)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-R)/_R^3/(-R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+88/5*(1/11*d*x+c)*b*(d*x+c)^(1/4))/b^2
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5625 vs. 2(214) = 428.

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5625, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.75

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = -\int \frac{c^2\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{-a+bx^2} dx - \int \frac{d^2x^2\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{-a+bx^2} dx - \int \frac{2cdx\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{-a+bx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(9/4)/(-b*x**2+a),x)`

output `-Integral(c**2*(c + d*x)**(1/4)/(-a + b*x**2), x) - Integral(d**2*x**2*(c + d*x)**(1/4)/(-a + b*x**2), x) - Integral(2*c*d*x*(c + d*x)**(1/4)/(-a + b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(dx+c)^{9/4}}{bx^2-a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((d*x + c)^(9/4)/(b*x^2 - a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(dx+c)^{9/4}}{bx^2-a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(d*x + c)^(9/4)/(b*x^2 - a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12163, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.54

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(9/4)/(a - b*x^2),x)`

output `atan(((((((a^4*d^9*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + a^2*b^11*c^9 + 9*a^6*b^7*c*d^8 + 36*a^3*b^10*c^7*d^2 + 126*a^4*b^9*c^5*d^4 + 84*a^5*b^8*c^3*d^6 + 9*b^4*c^8*d*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + 84*a*b^3*c^6*d^3*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + 36*a^3*b*c^2*d^7*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + 126*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^5*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2)))/(a^4*b^13))^(1/4))*(((a^4*d^9*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + a^2*b^11*c^9 + 9*a^6*b^7*c*d^8 + 36*a^3*b^10*c^7*d^2 + 126*a^4*b^9*c^5*d^4 + 84*a^5*b^8*c^3*d^6 + 9*b^4*c^8*d*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + 84*a*b^3*c^6*d^3*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + 36*a^3*b*c^2*d^7*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + 126*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^5*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2)))/(a^4*b^13))^(1/4)*(1048576*a^6*b^6*d^13 - 1048576*a^3*b^9*c^6*d^7 + 3145728*a^4*b^8*c^4*d^9 - 3145728*a^5*b^7*c^2*d^11)*1i)/2 - (32768*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(48*a^6*b^7*c*d^14 - 16*a^2*b^11*c^9*d^6 + 96*a^4*b^9*c^5*d^10 - 128*a^5*b^8*c^3*d^12))/b^2)*((a^4*d^9*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + a^2*b^11*c^9 + 9*a^6*b^7*c*d^8 + 36*a^3*b^10*c^7*d^2 + 126*a^4*b^9*c^5*d^4 + 84*a^5*b^8*c^3*d^6 + 9*b^4*c^8*d*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + 84*a*b^3*c^6*d^3*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + 36*a^3*b*c^2*d^7*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2) + 126*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^5*(a^5*b^13)^(1/2)))/(a^4*b^13))^(3/4)*1i)/8 + 524288*a^8*c*d^21 + 524288*a*b^7*c^15*d^7 + 1572864*a^7*b*c^3*d^19 + 1572864*a^2*b^6*c^13*d^9 - 7864320*a^3*b^5*c^11*d^11 + 5767168*a^4*b^4*c^9*d^13 + 5767168*a^5*b^3*c^7*d^15 - 7864320*a^6*b^2*c^5*d^17)*1i)/2 + (32768*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a^9*d^24 + b^9*c^18*d^6 + 9*a*b^8*c^16*d^8 + 9*a^8*b*c^2*d^22 - 60*a^2*b^7*c^14*d^10 + 116*a^3*b^6*c^12*d^12 - 66*a^4*b^5*c^10*d^14 - 66...`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{9/4}}{-bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)`



### 3.214 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}}{a-bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1836
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1837
Rubi [A] (verified)	1837
Maple [C] (verified)	1839
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1840
Sympy [F]	1840
Maxima [F]	1841
Giac [F]	1841
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1841
Reduce [F]	1842

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 284

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = -\frac{4d(c+dx)^{3/4}}{3b} + \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{7/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{11/8}}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{7/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{11/8}}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{7/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{11/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{7/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{11/8}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{4}{3}d(d*x+c)^{3/4}/b+(b^{1/2}*c-a^{1/2}*d)^{7/4}*\arctan(b^{1/8}*(d*x+c)^{1/4})/(b^{1/2}*c-a^{1/2}*d)^{1/4})/a^{1/2}/b^{11/8}- \\
& (b^{1/2}*c+a^{1/2}*d)^{7/4}*\arctan(b^{1/8}*(d*x+c)^{1/4})/(b^{1/2}*c+a^{1/2}*d)^{1/4})/a^{1/2}/b^{11/8}- \\
& (b^{1/2}*c-a^{1/2}*d)^{7/4}*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{1/8}*(d*x+c)^{1/4})/(b^{1/2}*c-a^{1/2}*d)^{1/4})/a^{1/2}/b^{11/8}+ \\
& (b^{1/2}*c+a^{1/2}*d)^{7/4}*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{1/8}*(d*x+c)^{1/4})/(b^{1/2}*c+a^{1/2}*d)^{1/4})/a^{1/2}/b^{11/8}
\end{aligned}$$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = \frac{d \left( 8b(c+dx)^{3/4} - 3\operatorname{RootSum} \left[ bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{-bc^2 \log(\sqrt[4]{c+dx}-\#1) + ad^2 \log(\sqrt[4]{c+dx}-\#1)}{c\#1-\#1^5} \right] \right)}{6b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(7/4)/(a - b*x^2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{6}*(d*(8*b*(c + d*x)^{3/4} - 3*\operatorname{RootSum}[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*\#1^4 + b*\#1^8 \& , \\
& (-b*c^2*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{1/4} - \#1] + a*d^2*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{1/4} - \#1] + 2*b*c*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{1/4} - \#1]*\#1^4)/(c*\#1 - \#1^5) \& ]))/b^2
\end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {481, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}}{a-bx^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{-\frac{bc^2+2bdxc+ad^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx(a-bx^2)}} dx}{b} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{3/4}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 481 \\
 & \int \frac{bc^2+2bdxc+ad^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx(a-bx^2)}} dx}{b} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{3/4}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(bc^2+ad^2)-2a\sqrt{bcd}}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{bcd}+\sqrt{a}(bc^2+ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} \right) dx}{b} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{3/4}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657 \\
 & \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right) - \frac{(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^{7/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{7/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}} \right)}{b} - \frac{4d(c+dx)^{3/4}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(7/4)/(a - b*x^2), x]`

output `(-4*d*(c + d*x)^(3/4))/(3*b) + (((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(7/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(7/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(7/4)*ArcTanH[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)) + ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(7/4)*ArcTanH[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8))))/b`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$

rule 481  $\text{Int}[\text{((c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_)} / \text{((a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[\text{d} * \text{((c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{n} - 1)} / (\text{b} * (\text{n} - 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/\text{b} \text{ Int}[\text{(c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{n} - 2)} * (\text{Simp}[\text{b} * \text{c}^2 - \text{a} * \text{d}^2 + 2 * \text{b} * \text{c} * \text{d} * \text{x}, \text{x}] / (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{GtQ}\{\text{n}, 1\}$

rule 657  $\text{Int}[\text{(((d}_) + (\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_)}) / \text{((a}_) + (\text{c}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:> Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[\text{(d} + \text{e} * \text{x})^{\text{m}} * ((\text{f} + \text{g} * \text{x})^{\text{n}} / (\text{a} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}\} \&\& \text{IntegersQ}\{\text{n}\}$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x\_Symbol}] \text{:> Simp}[\text{IntSum}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; SumQ}\{\text{u}\}$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
default	$\frac{d \left( 8(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}} b+3 \left( \sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{(2R^{bc+a d^2-b c^2}) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(R^4-c)} \right) \right)}{6b^2}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( 8(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}} b+3 \left( \sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{(2R^{bc+a d^2-b c^2}) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(R^4-c)} \right) \right)}{6b^2}$
risch	$\frac{4d(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3b} - \frac{d \left( \sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{(2R^{bc+a d^2-b c^2}) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(R^4-c)} \right)}{2b^2}$
derivativedivides	$-4d \left( \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3b} + \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+b c^2)} \frac{(-2cR^{6b+(-a d^2+b c^2)}R^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^7+R^3 c}}{8b^2} \right)$

input `int((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*d*(8*(d*x+c)^(3/4)*b+3*sum(1/_R*(2*_R^4*b*c+a*d^2-b*c^2)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2)))/b^2`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5710 vs.  $2(200) = 400$ .

Time = 2.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5710, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.11

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = - \int \frac{c(c + dx)^{3/4}}{-a + bx^2} dx - \int \frac{dx(c + dx)^{3/4}}{-a + bx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(7/4)/(-b*x**2+a),x)`

output `-Integral(c*(c + d*x)**(3/4)/(-a + b*x**2), x) - Integral(d*x*(c + d*x)**(3/4)/(-a + b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(dx + c)^{7/4}}{bx^2 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((d*x + c)^(7/4)/(b*x^2 - a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(dx + c)^{7/4}}{bx^2 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(d*x + c)^(7/4)/(b*x^2 - a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11459, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.35

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(7/4)/(a - b*x^2),x)`

output

```
- atan(((((((16384*(64*a^6*b^6*c*d^15 - 64*a^2*b^10*c^9*d^7 + 128*a^3*b^9*
c^7*d^9 - 128*a^5*b^7*c^3*d^13))/b^2 + ((c + d*x)^(1/4))*((a^3*d^7*(a^5*b^1
1)^(1/2) + a^2*b^9*c^7 + 7*a^5*b^6*c*d^6 + 21*a^3*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 35*a^4*b^7
*c^3*d^4 + 7*b^3*c^6*d*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2) + 35*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2
) + 21*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2))/(a^4*b^11))^(1/4)*(524288*a^6*b^5*d
^14 - 524288*a^2*b^9*c^8*d^6 + 1048576*a^3*b^8*c^6*d^8 - 1048576*a^5*b^6*c
^2*d^12)*i)/2)*((a^3*d^7*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2) + a^2*b^9*c^7 + 7*a^5*b^6*c*d^6
+ 21*a^3*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 35*a^4*b^7*c^3*d^4 + 7*b^3*c^6*d*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2)
+ 35*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2) + 21*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2))/(
a^4*b^11))^(3/4)*i)/8 + (c + d*x)^(1/4)*(163840*a^7*c*d^20 - 32768*b^7*c^
15*d^6 - 163840*a*b^6*c^13*d^8 - 491520*a^6*b*c^3*d^18 + 1146880*a^2*b^5*c
^11*d^10 - 2129920*a^3*b^4*c^9*d^12 + 1474560*a^4*b^3*c^7*d^14 + 32768*a^5
*b^2*c^5*d^16))*((a^3*d^7*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2) + a^2*b^9*c^7 + 7*a^5*b^6*c*d^6
+ 21*a^3*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 35*a^4*b^7*c^3*d^4 + 7*b^3*c^6*d*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2)
+ 35*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2) + 21*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2))/(
a^4*b^11))^(1/4))/2 - ((((((16384*(64*a^6*b^6*c*d^15 - 64*a^2*b^10*c^9*d^7
+ 128*a^3*b^9*c^7*d^9 - 128*a^5*b^7*c^3*d^13))/b^2 - ((c + d*x)^(1/4))*((a^
3*d^7*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2) + a^2*b^9*c^7 + 7*a^5*b^6*c*d^6 + 21*a^3*b^8*c^5*d^
2 + 35*a^4*b^7*c^3*d^4 + 7*b^3*c^6*d*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2) + 35*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*(
a^5*b^11)^(1/2) + 21*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*(a^5*b^11)^(1/2))/(a^4*b^11))^(1/4)*...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{7/4}}{-bx^2 + a} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

### 3.215 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}}{a-bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1843
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1844
Rubi [A] (verified)	1844
Maple [C] (verified)	1846
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1847
Sympy [F]	1847
Maxima [F]	1848
Giac [F]	1848
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1848
Reduce [F]	1849

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = -\frac{4d\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{b} - \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{9/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{9/8}}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{9/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{9/8}}$$



output

$$-4*d*(d*x+c)^{(1/4)}/b-(b^{(1/2)*c-a^{(1/2)*d}})^{(5/4)*\arctan(b^{(1/8)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/4)}/(b^{(1/2)*c-a^{(1/2)*d}})^{(1/4)})/a^{(1/2)}/b^{(9/8)}+(b^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d}})^{(5/4)*\arctan(b^{(1/8)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/4)}/(b^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d}})^{(1/4)})/a^{(1/2)}/b^{(9/8)}-(b^{(1/2)*c-a^{(1/2)*d}})^{(5/4)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/8)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/4)}/(b^{(1/2)*c-a^{(1/2)*d}})^{(1/4)})/a^{(1/2)}/b^{(9/8)}+(b^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d}})^{(5/4)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/8)}*(d*x+c)^{(1/4)}/(b^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d}})^{(1/4)})/a^{(1/2)}/b^{(9/8)}$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = -\frac{4d\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{b}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{-bc^2 d \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \#1\right) + ad^3 \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \#1\right) + 2bcd \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \#1\right)}{c\#1^3 - \#1^7}\right]}{2b^2}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(c+d*x)^{(5/4)}/(a-b*x^2),x]$$

output

$$(-4*d*(c+d*x)^{(1/4)})/b + \operatorname{RootSum}[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*\#1^4 + b*\#1^8 \&, (-b*c^2*d*\operatorname{Log}[(c+d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1] + a*d^3*\operatorname{Log}[(c+d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1] + 2*b*c*d*\operatorname{Log}[(c+d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1]*\#1^4)/(c*\#1^3 - \#1^7) \& ]/(2*b^2)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {481, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}}{a-bx^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 481 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{bc^2+2bdxc+ad^2}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{b} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{bc^2+2bdxc+ad^2}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{b} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 657 \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(bc^2+ad^2)-2a\sqrt{bcd}}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a})(c+dx)^{3/4}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{bcd}+\sqrt{a}(bc^2+ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{3/4}} \right) dx}{b} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right) + (\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^{5/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right) - (\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}} - \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(5/4)/(a - b*x^2),x]`

output `(-4*d*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/b + (-(((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8))) + ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)) + ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)))/b`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 481 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c + d*x)^(n - 1)/(b*(n - 1))), x] + Simp[1/b Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(Simp[b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x, x]/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 1]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d \left( 8(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} b + \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(2R^4 bc+a d^2-b c^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R)}{-R^3 (-R^4 - c)} \right) \right)}{2b^2}$	90
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( 8(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} b + \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(2R^4 bc+a d^2-b c^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R)}{-R^3 (-R^4 - c)} \right) \right)}{2b^2}$	90
derivativedivides	$-4d \left( \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{b} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-2R^4 bc-a d^2+bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R)}{-R^7 + R^3 c}}{8b^2} \right)$	94

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*d*(8*(d*x+c)^(1/4)*b+sum((2*_R^4*b*c+a*d^2-b*c^2)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R
)/_R^3/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2)))/b^2
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3132 vs.  $2(200) = 400$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3132, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.11

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = - \int \frac{c\sqrt[4]{c + dx}}{-a + bx^2} dx - \int \frac{dx\sqrt[4]{c + dx}}{-a + bx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(5/4)/(-b*x**2+a),x)
```

output

```
-Integral(c*(c + d*x)**(1/4)/(-a + b*x**2), x) - Integral(d*x*(c + d*x)**(
1/4)/(-a + b*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(dx + c)^{5/4}}{bx^2 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((d*x + c)^(5/4)/(b*x^2 - a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(dx + c)^{5/4}}{bx^2 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-(d*x + c)^(5/4)/(b*x^2 - a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5862, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.79

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(5/4)/(a - b*x^2),x)`

output

```
atan((b^3*c^6*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i - a^3*d^6*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i + a*b^2*c^4*
d^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*5i - a^2*b*c^2*d^4*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*5i + (c*(c + d*x)^(
1/4)*(a^2*d^5*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) - a^2*b^7*c^5 - 5*a^4*b^5*c*d^4 - 10*a^3*b^6
*c^3*d^2 + 5*b^2*c^4*d*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) + 10*a*b*c^2*d^3*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2))*1
i)/(a^2*b^4))/(a^3*b*d^5*(-(a^2*d^5*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) - a^2*b^7*c^5 - 5*a^4*
b^5*c*d^4 - 10*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 5*b^2*c^4*d*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) + 10*a*b*c^2*
d^3*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2))/(a^4*b^9))^(1/4) + 10*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3*(-(a^2*d^5*(a^5
*b^9)^(1/2) - a^2*b^7*c^5 - 5*a^4*b^5*c*d^4 - 10*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 5*b^2*c
^4*d*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) + 10*a*b*c^2*d^3*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2))/(a^4*b^9))^(1/4) +
5*a*b^3*c^4*d*(-(a^2*d^5*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) - a^2*b^7*c^5 - 5*a^4*b^5*c*d^4 -
10*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 5*b^2*c^4*d*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) + 10*a*b*c^2*d^3*(a^5*b^
9)^(1/2))/(a^4*b^9))^(1/4))*(-(a^2*d^5*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) - a^2*b^7*c^5 - 5*
a^4*b^5*c*d^4 - 10*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 5*b^2*c^4*d*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) + 10*a*b*
c^2*d^3*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2))/(16*a^4*b^9))^(1/4)*2i - atan((((c + d*x)^(1/4)*
(32768*a^6*b*d^18 + 32768*b^7*c^12*d^6 + 65536*a*b^6*c^10*d^8 - 557056*a^2
*b^5*c^8*d^10 + 917504*a^3*b^4*c^6*d^12 - 557056*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^14 + 65536*
a^5*b^2*c^2*d^16) + ((-(a^2*d^5*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) - a^2*b^7*c^5 - 5*a^4*b^5*
c*d^4 - 10*a^3*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 5*b^2*c^4*d*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) + 10*a*b*c^2*d^3*
(a^5*b^9)^(1/2))/(a^4*b^9))^(1/4)*(65536*a^6*b^2*d^17 - ((c + d*x)^(1/4))*
(-(a^2*d^5*(a^5*b^9)^(1/2) - a^2*b^7*c^5 - 5*a^4*b^5*c*d^4 - 10*a^3*b^6*...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{5/4}}{-bx^2 + a} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

**3.216**       $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}}{a-bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1850
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1851
Rubi [A] (verified)	1851
Maple [C] (verified)	1853
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1853
Sympy [F]	1854
Maxima [F]	1855
Giac [F(-1)]	1855
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1855
Reduce [F]	1856

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{7/8}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{3/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{7/8}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{7/8}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{3/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{7/8}}}$$

output

```
(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(3/4)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(7/8)-(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(3/4)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(7/8)-(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(3/4)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(7/8)+(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(3/4)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(7/8)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = -\frac{d\text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[4]{c + dx} - \#1\right)\#1^3}{-c + \#1^4} \&\right]}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/4)/(a - b*x^2), x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(d*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^3)/(-c + #1^4) & ])/b
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{a - bx^2} dx$$

↓ 485



$$\int \left( \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}}{2\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}}{2\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{7/8}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^{3/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{7/8}}}$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{7/8}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^{3/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{7/8}}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/4)/(a - b*x^2), x]`

output `((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)) + ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 485 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\left(\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{-R^3 \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^4-c}}{2b}\right)}{2b}$	60
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d\left(\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{-R^3 \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^4-c}}{2b}\right)}{2b}$	60
derivativedivides	$\frac{d\left(\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{-R^6 \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^7+R^3 c}}{2b}\right)}{2b}$	64

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*d*sum(_R^3*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))/b`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2521 vs. 2(187) = 374.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2521, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.44

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}}{a-bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/2*sqrt(-sqrt((a^2*b^3*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)) + b*c^3 + 3*a*c*d^2)/(a^2*b^3)))*log((6*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*c*d^4 - (a^3*b^7*c^2 + a^4*b^6*d^2)*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)))*sqrt(-sqrt((a^2*b^3*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)) + b*c^3 + 3*a*c*d^2)/(a^2*b^3)))*sqrt((a^2*b^3*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)) + b*c^3 + 3*a*c*d^2)/(a^2*b^3)) + (3*b^3*c^6*d - 5*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + a^2*b*c^2*d^5 + a^3*d^7)*(d*x + c)^(1/4)) - 1/2*sqrt(-sqrt((a^2*b^3*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)) + b*c^3 + 3*a*c*d^2)/(a^2*b^3)))*log(-(6*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*c*d^4 - (a^3*b^7*c^2 + a^4*b^6*d^2)*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)))*sqrt(-sqrt((a^2*b^3*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)) + b*c^3 + 3*a*c*d^2)/(a^2*b^3)))*sqrt((a^2*b^3*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)) + b*c^3 + 3*a*c*d^2)/(a^2*b^3)) + (3*b^3*c^6*d - 5*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + a^2*b*c^2*d^5 + a^3*d^7)*(d*x + c)^(1/4)) + 1/2*sqrt(-sqrt(-(a^2*b^3*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)) - b*c^3 - 3*a*c*d^2)/(a^2*b^3)))*log((6*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*c*d^4 + (a^3*b^7*c^2 + a^4*b^6*d^2)*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)))*sqrt(-sqrt(-(a^2*b^3*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)/(a^3*b^7)) - b*c^3 - 3*a*c*d^2)/(a^2*b^3)))*sqrt(-(a^2*b^3*sqrt((9*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 6*a...

```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = - \int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{-a + bx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(3/4)/(-b*x**2+a), x)
```

output

```
-Integral((c + d*x)**(3/4)/(-a + b*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(dx + c)^{3/4}}{bx^2 - a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((d*x + c)^(3/4)/(b*x^2 - a), x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3910, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.64

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(3/4)/(a - b*x^2),x)`

output

```
atan((32768*a^2*d^15*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(c^3/(a^2*b^2) + (3*c*d^2)/(a*b^3) + (d^3*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^3*b^7) + (3*c^2*d*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^4*b^6))^(1/4))/(98304*b^7*c^9*d^7 - 262144*a*b^6*c^7*d^9 - 32768*a^4*b^3*c*d^15 + 196608*a^2*b^5*c^5*d^11 + 196608*b*c^4*d^12*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2) - (32768*a^2*d^16*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/b - (262144*b^2*c^6*d^10*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/a + (98304*b^3*c^8*d^8*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/a^2) + (262144*b^2*c^6*d^9*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(c^3/(a^2*b^2) + (3*c*d^2)/(a*b^3) + (d^3*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^3*b^7) + (3*c^2*d*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^4*b^6))^(1/4))/(98304*a*b^6*c^9*d^7 - 32768*a^5*b^2*c*d^15 - 262144*a^2*b^5*c^7*d^9 + 196608*a^3*b^4*c^5*d^11 + 196608*a*c^4*d^12*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2) - 262144*b*c^6*d^10*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2) - (32768*a^3*d^16*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/b^2 + (98304*b^2*c^8*d^8*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/a - (196608*b*c^4*d^11*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(c^3/(a^2*b^2) + (3*c*d^2)/(a*b^3) + (d^3*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^3*b^7) + (3*c^2*d*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^4*b^6))^(1/4))/(196608*c^4*d^12*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2) + 98304*b^6*c^9*d^7 - 262144*a*b^5*c^7*d^9 - 32768*a^4*b^2*c*d^15 + 196608*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^11 - (32768*a^2*d^16*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/b^2 - (262144*b*c^6*d^10*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/a + (98304*b^2*c^8*d^8*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/a^2) + (98304*b^3*c^8*d^7*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(c^3/(a^2*b^2) + (3*c*d^2)/(a*b^3) + (d^3*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^3*b^7) + (3*c^2*d*(a^5*b^7)^(1/2))/(a^4*b^6))^(1/4))/(32768*a^6*b^2*c*d^15 - 98304*a^2*b^6*c^9*d^7 + 262144*a^3*b^...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{a - bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{3/4}}{-bx^2 + a} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

**3.217**  $\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1857
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1858
Rubi [A] (verified)	1858
Maple [C] (verified)	1860
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1860
Sympy [F]	1861
Maxima [F]	1862
Giac [F]	1862
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1862
Reduce [F]	1863

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{5/8}}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{5/8}}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{5/8}}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{5/8}}}$$

output

$$-(b^{1/2}c-a^{1/2}d)^{1/4}\arctan(b^{1/8}(d*x+c)^{1/4}/(b^{1/2}c-a^{1/2}d)^{1/4})/a^{1/2}/b^{5/8}+(b^{1/2}c+a^{1/2}d)^{1/4}\arctan(b^{1/8}(d*x+c)^{1/4}/(b^{1/2}c+a^{1/2}d)^{1/4})/a^{1/2}/b^{5/8}-(b^{1/2}c-a^{1/2}d)^{1/4}\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{1/8}(d*x+c)^{1/4}/(b^{1/2}c-a^{1/2}d)^{1/4})/a^{1/2}/b^{5/8}+(b^{1/2}c+a^{1/2}d)^{1/4}\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{1/8}(d*x+c)^{1/4}/(b^{1/2}c+a^{1/2}d)^{1/4})/a^{1/2}/b^{5/8}$$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx = -\frac{d\operatorname{RootSum}\left[bc^2-ad^2-2bc\#1^4+b\#1^8\&, \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx}-\#1\right)\#1}{-c+\#1^4}\&\right]}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(1/4)/(a - b*x^2), x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(d*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1)/(-c + #1^4) & ])/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx$$

↓ 485

$$\int \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(1/4)/(a - b*x^2), x]`

output `-(((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8))) + ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)) + ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 485 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \ln \left( \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R}{R^4 - c} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	58
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \ln \left( \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R}{R^4 - c} \right)}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	58
derivativedivides	$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{-R^4 \ln \left( \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R}{R^4 - c} \right)}{-R^7 + R^3 c}}{2b} \right)}{2b}$	64

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*d*sum(ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-R)*R/(R^4-c),R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))/b`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 797 vs. 2(187) = 374.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 797, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/2*sqrt(-sqrt((a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + c)/(a^2*b^2)))*log(a^2*b^3*sqrt(-sqrt((a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + c)/(a^2*b^2)))*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + (d*x + c)^(1/4)*d) - 1/2*sqrt(-sqrt((a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + c)/(a^2*b^2)))*log(-a^2*b^3*sqrt(-sqrt((a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + c)/(a^2*b^2)))*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + (d*x + c)^(1/4)*d) - 1/2*sqrt(-sqrt(-(a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) - c)/(a^2*b^2)))*log(a^2*b^3*sqrt(-sqrt(-(a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) - c)/(a^2*b^2)))*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + (d*x + c)^(1/4)*d) + 1/2*sqrt(-sqrt(-(a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) - c)/(a^2*b^2)))*log(-a^2*b^3*sqrt(-sqrt(-(a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) - c)/(a^2*b^2)))*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + (d*x + c)^(1/4)*d) + 1/2*((a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + c)/(a^2*b^2))^(1/4)*log(a^2*b^3*((a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + c)/(a^2*b^2))^(1/4)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + (d*x + c)^(1/4)*d) - 1/2*((a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + c)/(a^2*b^2))^(1/4)*log(-a^2*b^3*((a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + c)/(a^2*b^2))^(1/4)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + (d*x + c)^(1/4)*d) - 1/2*(-(a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) - c)/(a^2*b^2))^(1/4)*log(a^2*b^3*(-(a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) - c)/(a^2*b^2))^(1/4)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + (d*x + c)^(1/4)*d) + 1/2*(-(a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) - c)/(a^2*b^2))^(1/4)*log(-a^2*b^3*(-(a^2*b^2*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) - c)/(a^2*b^2))^(1/4)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5)) + (d*x + c)^(1/4)*d)

```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx = - \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{-a+bx^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(1/4)/(-b*x**2+a), x)
```

output

```
-Integral((c + d*x)**(1/4)/(-a + b*x**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{bx^2-a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate((d*x + c)^(1/4)/(b*x^2 - a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx = \int -\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{bx^2-a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 703, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx$$

$$= \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{a d^2 (c+dx)^{1/4} + b c^2 (c+dx)^{1/4} - \frac{c(d\sqrt{a^5 b^5 + a^2 b^3 c})(c+dx)^{1/4}}{a^2 b^2}}{a^3 b^3 d \left( \frac{d\sqrt{a^5 b^5 + a^2 b^3 c}}{a^4 b^5} \right)^{5/4} - 2 a b c d \left( \frac{d\sqrt{a^5 b^5 + a^2 b^3 c}}{a^4 b^5} \right)^{1/4}} \right) \left( \frac{d\sqrt{a^5 b^5 + a^2 b^3 c}}{a^4 b^5} \right)^{1/4} + \operatorname{atan} \left( \dots \right)$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(1/4)/(a - b*x^2),x)`

output

```
atan((a*d^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4) + b*c^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4) - (c*(d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2)
) + a^2*b^3*c)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(a^2*b^2))/(a^3*b^3*d*((d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2)
+ a^2*b^3*c)/(a^4*b^5))^(5/4) - 2*a*b*c*d*((d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) + a^2*b^3*c)
/(a^4*b^5))^(1/4)))*((d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) + a^2*b^3*c)/(a^4*b^5))^(1/4) + at
an((a*d^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4) + b*c^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4) + (c*(d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2)
- a^2*b^3*c)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(a^2*b^2))/(a^3*b^3*d*(-(d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) -
a^2*b^3*c)/(a^4*b^5))^(5/4) - 2*a*b*c*d*(-(d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) - a^2*b^3*c)
/(a^4*b^5))^(1/4)))*(-(d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) - a^2*b^3*c)/(a^4*b^5))^(1/4) - a
tan((a*d^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i + b*c^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i - (c*(d*(a^5*b^5)
^(1/2) + a^2*b^3*c)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i)/(a^2*b^2))/(a^3*b^3*d*((d*(a^5*b^5)
^(1/2) + a^2*b^3*c)/(a^4*b^5))^(5/4) - 2*a*b*c*d*((d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) + a^
2*b^3*c)/(a^4*b^5))^(1/4)))*((d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) + a^2*b^3*c)/(16*a^4*b^5))
^(1/4)*2i - atan((a*d^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i + b*c^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i + (c
*(d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) - a^2*b^3*c)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i)/(a^2*b^2))/(a^3*b^3*d
*(-(d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) - a^2*b^3*c)/(a^4*b^5))^(5/4) - 2*a*b*c*d*(-(d*(a^5*
b^5)^(1/2) - a^2*b^3*c)/(a^4*b^5))^(1/4)))*(-(d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) - a^2*b^3*
c)/(16*a^4*b^5))^(1/4)*2i
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{a-bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{-bx^2+a} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

**3.218**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1864
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1865
Rubi [A] (verified)	1865
Maple [C] (verified)	1867
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1867
Sympy [F]	1868
Maxima [F]	1869
Giac [F(-2)]	1869
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1869
Reduce [F]	1870

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}$$

output

```
arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/8)/
(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4)-arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)
)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/8)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4)-arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d
*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/8)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)
)*d)^(1/4)+arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1
/2)/b^(3/8)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{d\text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx}-\#1\right)}{c\#1-\#1^5} \&\right]}{2b}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a - b*x^2)),x]`

output `(d*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]/(c*#1 - #1^5) & ])/(2*b)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 485$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a - b*x^2)),x]`

output `ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)) - ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)) - ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)) + ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 485 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand Integrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{\ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(-R^4-c)}\right)}{2b}$	60
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{\ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(-R^4-c)}\right)}{2b}$	60
derivativedivides	$\frac{d\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{-R^2 \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^7+R^3 c}\right)}{2b}$	64

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*d*sum(1/_R*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))/b`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2611 vs. 2(187) = 374.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2611, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.78

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```

-1/2*sqrt(-sqrt(((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)) + c)/(a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)))*log((a^2*b*d^2 - (a^3*b^4*c^3 - a^4*b^3*c*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)))*sqrt(-sqrt(((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)) + c)/(a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)))*sqrt(((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)) + c)/(a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)) + (d*x + c)^(1/4)*d) + 1/2*sqrt(-sqrt(((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)) + c)/(a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)))*log(-(a^2*b*d^2 - (a^3*b^4*c^3 - a^4*b^3*c*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)))*sqrt(-sqrt(((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)) + c)/(a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)))*sqrt(((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)) + c)/(a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)) + (d*x + c)^(1/4)*d) - 1/2*sqrt(-sqrt(-((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)) - c)/(a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)))*log((a^2*b*d^2 + (a^3*b^4*c^3 - a^4*b^3*c*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)))*sqrt(-sqrt(-((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^5*b^3*d^4)) - c)/(a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)))*sqrt(-((a^2*b^2*c^2 - a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d^2/(a^3*b^5*c^4 - 2*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^2 + a^...

```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx = - \int \frac{1}{-a\sqrt[4]{c+dx} + bx^2\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(1/4)/(-b*x**2+a), x)
```

output

```
-Integral(1/(-a*(c + d*x)**(1/4) + b*x**2*(c + d*x)**(1/4)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bx^2-a)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((b*x^2 - a)*(d*x + c)^(1/4)), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:int() Bad Argument Typesym2poly/r2 sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument ValueDon`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4203, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)),x)`

output

```
- atan((((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(1/4)*
(((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(3/4)*
(((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(1/4)*(524288*a^4*b^7*d^10 - 524288*a^2*b^9*c^4*d^6)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i)/2 - 524288*a^3*b^7*c*d^9 + 524288*a^2*b^8*c^3*d^7)*1i)/8 - (32768*b^7*c^3*d^6 - 32768*a*b^6*c*d^8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/2 + (((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(1/4)*(((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(3/4)*(((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(1/4)*(524288*a^4*b^7*d^10 - 524288*a^2*b^9*c^4*d^6)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i)/2 + 524288*a^3*b^7*c*d^9 - 524288*a^2*b^8*c^3*d^7)*1i)/8 - (32768*b^7*c^3*d^6 - 32768*a*b^6*c*d^8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/2)/((((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(1/4)*(((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(3/4)*(((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(1/4)*(524288*a^4*b^7*d^10 - 524288*a^2*b^9*c^4*d^6)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i)/2 - 524288*a^3*b^7*c*d^9 + 524288*a^2*b^8*c^3*d^7)*1i)/8 - (32768*b^7*c^3*d^6 - 32768*a*b^6*c*d^8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i)/2 - (((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(1/4)*(((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(3/4)*(((d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^2*c)/(a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^5*b^3*d^2))^(1/4)*(524288*a^4*b^7*d^10 - 524288*a^2*b^9*c^4*d^6)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*1i)...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-bx^2+a)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

**3.219**       $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1871
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1872
Rubi [A] (verified)	1872
Maple [C] (verified)	1874
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1874
Sympy [F]	1875
Maxima [F]	1875
Giac [F]	1875
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1876
Reduce [F]	1876

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 267

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}}$$

output

```
-arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(1/8)
/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(3/4)+arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)
*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(1/8)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(3/4)-arctanh(b^(1/8)*
(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/b^(1/8)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)
*d)^(3/4)+arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(
1/2)/b^(1/8)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(3/4)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \frac{d\text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \#1\right)}{c\#1^3 - \#1^7} \&\right]}{2b}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(3/4)*(a - b*x^2)), x]
```

output

```
(d*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #
1]/(c*#1^3 - #1^7) & ])/(2*b)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)(c+dx)^{3/4}} dx$$

↓ 485

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{2\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{3/4}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{3/4}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^{3/4}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^{3/4}}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(3/4)*(a - b*x^2)),x]`

output `-(ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4))) + ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)) - ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)) + ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 485 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand Integrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] & & !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(b-Z^8-2bc-Z^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{\ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)}\right)}{2b}$	60
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(b-Z^8-2bc-Z^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{\ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)}\right)}{2b}$	60
derivativedivides	$\frac{d\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(b-Z^8-2bc-Z^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{\ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^7+R^3 c}\right)}{2b}$	61

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*d*sum(ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-R)/_R^3/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))/b`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5497 vs. 2(187) = 374.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5497, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = - \int \frac{1}{-a(c+dx)^{3/4} + bx^2(c+dx)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(3/4)/(-b*x**2+a), x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-a*(c + d*x)**(3/4) + b*x**2*(c + d*x)**(3/4)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bx^2-a)(dx+c)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((b*x^2 - a)*(d*x + c)^(3/4)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bx^2-a)(dx+c)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((b*x^2 - a)*(d*x + c)^(3/4)), x)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8501, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/4)),x)`

output

```
- atan((((((((((a*d^3*(a^5*b)^(1/2) - a^2*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^3*b*c*d^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*(a^5*b)^(1/2))/(a^7*b*d^6 - a^4*b^4*c^6 + 3*a^5*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^4))^(1/4)*(2097152*a^4*b^8*c*d^9 - 2097152*a^3*b^9*c^3*d^7)*1i)/2 + (1572864*a^3*b^8*c*d^8 + 524288*a^2*b^9*c^3*d^6)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))*((a*d^3*(a^5*b)^(1/2) - a^2*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^3*b*c*d^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*(a^5*b)^(1/2))/(a^7*b*d^6 - a^4*b^4*c^6 + 3*a^5*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^4))^(3/4)*1i)/8 + 65536*a*b^7*d^7)*((a*d^3*(a^5*b)^(1/2) - a^2*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^3*b*c*d^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*(a^5*b)^(1/2))/(a^7*b*d^6 - a^4*b^4*c^6 + 3*a^5*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^4))^(1/4)*1i)/2 + 32768*b^7*d^6*(c + d*x)^(1/4))*((a*d^3*(a^5*b)^(1/2) - a^2*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^3*b*c*d^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*(a^5*b)^(1/2))/(a^7*b*d^6 - a^4*b^4*c^6 + 3*a^5*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^4))^(1/4))/2 - (((((((((a*d^3*(a^5*b)^(1/2) - a^2*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^3*b*c*d^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*(a^5*b)^(1/2))/(a^7*b*d^6 - a^4*b^4*c^6 + 3*a^5*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^4))^(1/4)*(2097152*a^4*b^8*c*d^9 - 2097152*a^3*b^9*c^3*d^7)*1i)/2 - (1572864*a^3*b^8*c*d^8 + 524288*a^2*b^9*c^3*d^6)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))*((a*d^3*(a^5*b)^(1/2) - a^2*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^3*b*c*d^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*(a^5*b)^(1/2))/(a^7*b*d^6 - a^4*b^4*c^6 + 3*a^5*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^4))^(3/4)*1i)/8 + 65536*a*b^7*d^7)*((a*d^3*(a^5*b)^(1/2) - a^2*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^3*b*c*d^2 + 3*b*c^2*d*(a^5*b)^(1/2))/(a^7*b*d^6 - a^4*b^4*c^6 + 3*a^5*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 3*a^6*b^2*c^2*d^4))^(1/4)*1i)/2 - 32768*b^7*d^6*(c + d*x)^(1/4))*((a*d^3*(a...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^{3/4} (-bx^2 + a)} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)`

**3.220**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1878
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1879
Rubi [A] (verified)	1879
Maple [C] (verified)	1881
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1881
Sympy [F]	1882
Maxima [F]	1882
Giac [F]	1883
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1883
Reduce [F]	1884

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 293

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \frac{4d}{(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} + \frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4}} - \frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{5/4}} - \frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4}} + \frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{5/4}}$$

output

```
4*d/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/4)+b^(1/8)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(5/4)-b^(1/8)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(5/4)-b^(1/8)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(5/4)+b^(1/8)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(5/4)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/4} (a - bx^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{8d}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} - d\text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{-2c\log\left(\sqrt[4]{c + dx} - \#1\right)}{c\#1}\right]}{2bc^2 - 2ad^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(5/4)*(a - b*x^2)),x]`

output `((8*d)/(c + d*x)^(1/4) - d*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (-2*c*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1 - #1^5) & ])/(2*b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {482, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - bx^2)(c + dx)^{5/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 482$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{c-dx}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{4d}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 657$$

$$\frac{b \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{ac} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx}) \sqrt[4]{c+dx}} + \frac{\sqrt{ac} + \frac{ad}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a}) \sqrt[4]{c+dx}} \right) dx}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{4d}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$b \left( \frac{(\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8} \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8} \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8} \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}} \right) \frac{4d}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx} (bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(5/4)*(a - b*x^2)),x]`

output  $(4*d)/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)}) + (b*(((\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(7/8)}*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}) - ((\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(7/8)}*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}) - ((\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(7/8)}*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}) + ((\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(7/8)}*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c + \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)})))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 482 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))], x] + Simp[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result
default	$\frac{d \left( \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4-2c) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(-R^4-c)} \right) (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}+8} \right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(2a d^2-2b c^2)}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4-2c) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(-R^4-c)} \right) (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}+8} \right)}{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(2a d^2-2b c^2)}$
derivativedivides	$-4d \left( -\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^6-2R^2c) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^7+R^3c}}{8(a d^2-b c^2)} + \frac{1}{(a d^2-b c^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}} \right)$

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -d*(sum(1/_R*_R^4-2*c)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/(-_R^4-c), _R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))*(d*x+c)^(1/4)+8)/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(2*a*d^2-2*b*c^2)
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 11325 vs. 2(211) = 422.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11325, normalized size of antiderivative = 38.65

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)} dx =$$

$$- \int \frac{1}{-ac\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - adx\sqrt[4]{c+dx} + bcx^2\sqrt[4]{c+dx} + bdx^3\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(5/4)/(-b*x**2+a),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-a*c*(c + d*x)**(1/4) - a*d*x*(c + d*x)**(1/4) + b*c*x**2*(c + d*x)**(1/4) + b*d*x**3*(c + d*x)**(1/4)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bx^2-a)(dx+c)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((b*x^2 - a)*(d*x + c)^(5/4)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/4}(a - bx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bx^2 - a)(dx + c)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((b*x^2 - a)*(d*x + c)^(5/4)), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17873, normalized size of antiderivative = 61.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/4}(a - bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^(5/4)),x)`



output

```
atan(((((-a^2*b^3*c^5 + a^2*d^5*(a^5*b)^(1/2) + 5*b^2*c^4*d*(a^5*b)^(1/2)
) + 10*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 + 10*a*b*c^2*d^3*(a^5*b)^(1/2))/(a^
9*d^10 - a^4*b^5*c^10 - 5*a^8*b*c^2*d^8 + 5*a^5*b^4*c^8*d^2 - 10*a^6*b^3*c
^6*d^4 + 10*a^7*b^2*c^4*d^6))^(3/4)*(1310720*a^2*b^21*c^26*d^7 - 262144*a^
15*b^8*d^33 - ((-a^2*b^3*c^5 + a^2*d^5*(a^5*b)^(1/2) + 5*b^2*c^4*d*(a^5*b)
)^(1/2) + 10*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 5*a^4*b*c*d^4 + 10*a*b*c^2*d^3*(a^5*b)^(1/2)
))/(a^9*d^10 - a^4*b^5*c^10 - 5*a^8*b*c^2*d^8 + 5*a^5*b^4*c^8*d^2 - 10*a^6
*b^3*c^6*d^4 + 10*a^7*b^2*c^4*d^6))^(1/4)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(3145728*a^3*b^2
1*c^26*d^8 - 524288*a^2*b^22*c^28*d^6 - 524288*a^16*b^8*d^34 + 2621440*a^4
*b^20*c^24*d^10 - 85983232*a^5*b^19*c^22*d^12 + 397934592*a^6*b^18*c^20*d^
14 - 1026555904*a^7*b^17*c^18*d^16 + 1747451904*a^8*b^16*c^16*d^18 - 20761
80480*a^9*b^15*c^14*d^20 + 1747451904*a^10*b^14*c^12*d^22 - 1026555904*a^1
1*b^13*c^10*d^24 + 397934592*a^12*b^12*c^8*d^26 - 85983232*a^13*b^11*c^6*d
^28 + 2621440*a^14*b^10*c^4*d^30 + 3145728*a^15*b^9*c^2*d^32)*1i)/2 - 1179
6480*a^3*b^20*c^24*d^9 + 43515904*a^4*b^19*c^22*d^11 - 74973184*a^5*b^18*c
^20*d^13 + 14417920*a^6*b^17*c^18*d^15 + 216268800*a^7*b^16*c^16*d^17 - 51
9045120*a^8*b^15*c^14*d^19 + 657457152*a^9*b^14*c^12*d^21 - 527695872*a^10
*b^13*c^10*d^23 + 273940480*a^11*b^12*c^8*d^25 - 86507520*a^12*b^11*c^6*d^
27 + 13107200*a^13*b^10*c^4*d^29 + 262144*a^14*b^9*c^2*d^31)*1i)/8 + (c +
d*x)^(1/4)*(32768*b^20*c^23*d^6 - 360448*a*b^19*c^21*d^8 - 32768*a^11*b...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{5/4}(-bx^2+a)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

**3.221**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(a-bx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1885
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1886
Rubi [A] (verified)	1886
Maple [C] (verified)	1888
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1888
Sympy [F]	1889
Maxima [F]	1889
Giac [F]	1889
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1890
Reduce [F]	1890

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 295

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \frac{4d}{3(bc^2-ad^2)(c+dx)^{3/4}} - \frac{b^{3/8} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{7/4}} + \frac{b^{3/8} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{7/4}} - \frac{b^{3/8} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{7/4}} + \frac{b^{3/8} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{7/4}}$$

output

4/3\*d/(-a\*d^2+b\*c^2)/(d\*x+c)^(3/4)-b^(3/8)\*arctan(b^(1/8)\*(d\*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)\*c-a^(1/2)\*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)\*c-a^(1/2)\*d)^(7/4)+b^(3/8)\*arctan(b^(1/8)\*(d\*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)\*c+a^(1/2)\*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)\*c+a^(1/2)\*d)^(7/4)-b^(3/8)\*arctanh(b^(1/8)\*(d\*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)\*c-a^(1/2)\*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)\*c-a^(1/2)\*d)^(7/4)+b^(3/8)\*arctanh(b^(1/8)\*(d\*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)\*c+a^(1/2)\*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)\*c+a^(1/2)\*d)^(7/4)

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \frac{\frac{8d}{(c+dx)^{3/4}} - 3d\text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{-2c\log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \#1\right)}{c\#1}\right]}{6bc^2 - 6ad^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(7/4)*(a - b*x^2)), x]
```

output

```
((8*d)/(c + d*x)^(3/4) - 3*d*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (-2*c*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1^3 - #1^7) & ])/(6*b*c^2 - 6*a*d^2)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {482, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)(c+dx)^{7/4}} dx$$

↓ 482

$$\frac{b \int \frac{c-dx}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{4d}{3(c+dx)^{3/4}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 657

$$\frac{b \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{ac} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{3/4}} + \frac{\sqrt{ac} + \frac{ad}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a})(c+dx)^{3/4}} \right) dx}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{4d}{3(c+dx)^{3/4}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 b \left( \frac{(\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})^{3/4}} + \frac{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8} (\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{3/4}} - \frac{(\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})^{3/4}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{4d}{3(c+dx)^{3/4} (bc^2 - ad^2)}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(7/4)*(a - b*x^2)),x]`

output

```
(4*d)/(3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/4)) + (b*(-(((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)
*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]
*b^(5/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4))) + ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan
[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)
)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/
8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)*(Sqrt
[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)) + ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c +
d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c +
Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4))))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 482

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c
+ d*x)^(n + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) I
nt[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
n}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

rule 657

```
Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x
^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d \left( 3 \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4-2c) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)} \right) (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}+8} \right)}{6(ad^2-bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}$	96
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d \left( 3 \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4-2c) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)} \right) (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}+8} \right)}{6(ad^2-bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}$	96
derivativedivides	$-4d \left( \frac{1}{3(ad^2-bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}} - \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4-2c) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^7+R^3c}}{8(ad^2-bc^2)} \right)$	10

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*d*(3*sum((_R^4-2*c)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/_R^3/(-_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))*(d*x+c)^(3/4)+8)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(3/4)`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 13123 vs. 2(211) = 422.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13123, normalized size of antiderivative = 44.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = -\int \frac{1}{-ac(c+dx)^{3/4} - adx(c+dx)^{3/4} + bcx^2(c+dx)^{3/4} + bdx^3(c+dx)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(7/4)/(-b*x**2+a), x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-a*c*(c + d*x)**(3/4) - a*d*x*(c + d*x)**(3/4) + b*c*x**2*(c + d*x)**(3/4) + b*d*x**3*(c + d*x)**(3/4)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bx^2-a)(dx+c)^{7/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((b*x^2 - a)*(d*x + c)^(7/4)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bx^2-a)(dx+c)^{7/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((b*x^2 - a)*(d*x + c)^(7/4)), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12990, normalized size of antiderivative = 44.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^(7/4)),x)`

output

```
atan((b^3*c^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4) + a*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4) + (a^2*b^5*c^9*(
c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a^3*d^7*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^5*c^7 + 7*a^5*b^2*c*d^6 +
21*a^3*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 7*b^3*c^6*d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + 35
*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + 21*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2)))/(a^11*
d^14 - a^4*b^7*c^14 - 7*a^10*b*c^2*d^12 + 7*a^5*b^6*c^12*d^2 - 21*a^6*b^5*
c^10*d^4 + 35*a^7*b^4*c^8*d^6 - 35*a^8*b^3*c^6*d^8 + 21*a^9*b^2*c^4*d^10)
+ (8*a^3*b^4*c^7*d^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a^3*d^7*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^5*c^
7 + 7*a^5*b^2*c*d^6 + 21*a^3*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 7*b^3*c^6*
d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + 35*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + 21*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*(a
^5*b^3)^(1/2)))/(a^11*d^14 - a^4*b^7*c^14 - 7*a^10*b*c^2*d^12 + 7*a^5*b^6*
c^12*d^2 - 21*a^6*b^5*c^10*d^4 + 35*a^7*b^4*c^8*d^6 - 35*a^8*b^3*c^6*d^8 +
21*a^9*b^2*c^4*d^10) - (14*a^4*b^3*c^5*d^4*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a^3*d^7*(a^5*
b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^5*c^7 + 7*a^5*b^2*c*d^6 + 21*a^3*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 35*a^4*b
^3*c^3*d^4 + 7*b^3*c^6*d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + 35*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2
) + 21*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2)))/(a^11*d^14 - a^4*b^7*c^14 - 7*a^10*
b*c^2*d^12 + 7*a^5*b^6*c^12*d^2 - 21*a^6*b^5*c^10*d^4 + 35*a^7*b^4*c^8*d^6
- 35*a^8*b^3*c^6*d^8 + 21*a^9*b^2*c^4*d^10) + (5*a^6*b*c*d^8*(c + d*x)^(1
/4)*(a^3*d^7*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + a^2*b^5*c^7 + 7*a^5*b^2*c*d^6 + 21*a^3*b^4*
c^5*d^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 7*b^3*c^6*d*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + 35*a*b^2*c^4*
d^3*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2) + 21*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*(a^5*b^3)^(1/2)))/(a^11*d^14 - a...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{7/4}(-bx^2+a)} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)`



**3.222**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(a-bx^2)} dx$

Optimal result	1892
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1893
Rubi [A] (verified)	1893
Maple [C] (verified)	1896
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1896
Sympy [F]	1897
Maxima [F]	1897
Giac [F(-1)]	1898
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1898
Reduce [F]	1899

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 323

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \frac{4d}{5(bc^2-ad^2)(c+dx)^{5/4}} + \frac{8bcd}{(bc^2-ad^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{c+dx}}$$

$$+ \frac{b^{5/8} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{9/4}} - \frac{b^{5/8} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{9/4}}$$

$$- \frac{b^{5/8} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{9/4}} + \frac{b^{5/8} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4} \sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{9/4}}$$

output

```
4/5*d/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(5/4)+8*b*c*d/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/4)+
b^(5/8)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/
(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)-b^(5/8)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*
c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)-b^(5/8)*arctanh(b^
(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2
)*d)^(9/4)+b^(5/8)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/
4))/a^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{9/4} (a - bx^2)} dx = \frac{d \left( -8ad^2 + 8bc(11c + 10dx) - 5(c + dx)^{5/4} \text{RootSum} \left[ bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + \dots \right] \right)}{10(bc^2 - \dots)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(9/4)*(a - b*x^2)),x]
```

output

```
(d*(-8*a*d^2 + 8*b*c*(11*c + 10*d*x) - 5*(c + d*x)^(5/4)*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (-3*b*c^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] - a*d^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + 2*b*c*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1 - #1^5) & ])/(10*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)^(5/4))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {482, 655, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - bx^2)(c + dx)^{9/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 482$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{c-dx}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{4d}{5(c + dx)^{5/4} (bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 655$$

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{8cd}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{bc^2-2bdxc+ad^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx}{bc^2-ad^2}}{bc^2-ad^2} \right) + \frac{4d}{5(c+dx)^{5/4}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{\int \frac{bc^2-2bdxc+ad^2}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{8cd}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}}{bc^2-ad^2} \right) + \frac{4d}{5(c+dx)^{5/4}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 657

$$b \left( \frac{\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(bc^2+ad^2)-2a\sqrt{bcd}}{2a(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{bcd}+\sqrt{a}(bc^2+ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} \right) dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{8cd}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right) + \frac{bc^2-ad^2}{4d} \frac{1}{5(c+dx)^{5/4}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$b \left( \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right) + (\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right) + (\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right) + (\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt[8]{ab^3} \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}} + \sqrt[8]{ab^3} \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}} + \sqrt[8]{ab^3} \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}} + \sqrt[8]{ab^3} \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}} \right) + \frac{bc^2-ad^2}{4d} \frac{1}{5(c+dx)^{5/4}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(9/4)*(a - b*x^2)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (4*d)/(5*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^{(5/4)}) + (b*((8*c*d)/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})) + (((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^2*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})]/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}))/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(3/8)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}) - ((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^2*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})]/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}))/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(3/8)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}) - ((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})]/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}))/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(3/8)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}) + ((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})]/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}))/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(3/8)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2)))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 482

$$\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)} / ((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((c + d*x)^{(n+1)}) / ((n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n+1)} * ((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$$

rule 655

$$\text{Int}[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)} * ((f_) + (g_)*(x_))) / ((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g) * ((d + e*x)^{(m+1)}) / ((m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) \quad \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)} * (\text{Simp}[c*d*f + a*e*g - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x] / (a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x \ \&\& \text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 657

$$\text{Int}[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)} * ((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^{(n_)}) / ((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m * ((f + g*x)^n / (a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x \ \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[n]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result
default	$d \left( 5(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}} \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-2R^4bc+ad^2+3bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(-R^4+c)}}{10(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}(ad^2-bc^2)^2} \right) + 80bcdx - 8ad^2 \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$d \left( 5(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}} \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-2R^4bc+ad^2+3bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(-R^4+c)}}{10(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}(ad^2-bc^2)^2} \right) + 80bcdx - 8ad^2 \right)$
derivativedivides	$-4d \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(2cR^6b+(-ad^2-3bc^2)R^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^7+R^3c}}{8(ad^2-bc^2)^2} + \frac{1}{5(ad^2-bc^2)} \right)$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/10*d*(5*(d*x+c)^(5/4)*sum((-2*_R^4*b*c+a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/_R/(-_R^4+c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+80*b*c*d*x-8*a*d^2+88*b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 20772 vs. 2(237) = 474.

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20772, normalized size of antiderivative = 64.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(a-bx^2)} dx =$$

$$-\int \frac{1}{-ac^2\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - 2acdx\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - ad^2x^2\sqrt[4]{c+dx} + bc^2x^2\sqrt[4]{c+dx} + 2bcdx^3\sqrt[4]{c+dx} + bd^2x^4\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(9/4)/(-b*x**2+a), x)`

output `-Integral(1/(-a*c**2*(c + d*x)**(1/4) - 2*a*c*d*x*(c + d*x)**(1/4) - a*d**2*x**2*(c + d*x)**(1/4) + b*c**2*x**2*(c + d*x)**(1/4) + 2*b*c*d*x**3*(c + d*x)**(1/4) + b*d**2*x**4*(c + d*x)**(1/4)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bx^2-a)(dx+c)^{9/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((b*x^2 - a)*(d*x + c)^(9/4)), x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33153, normalized size of antiderivative = 102.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^(9/4)),x)`

output

```
atan(((((((a^4*d^9*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) - a^2*b^7*c^9 - 9*a^6*b^3*c*d^8 - 36*a^
3*b^6*c^7*d^2 - 126*a^4*b^5*c^5*d^4 - 84*a^5*b^4*c^3*d^6 + 9*b^4*c^8*d*(a^
5*b^5)^(1/2) + 84*a*b^3*c^6*d^3*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) + 36*a^3*b*c^2*d^7*(a^5*b^
5)^(1/2) + 126*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^5*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2)))/(a^13*d^18 - a^4*b^9*c^18
- 9*a^12*b*c^2*d^16 + 9*a^5*b^8*c^16*d^2 - 36*a^6*b^7*c^14*d^4 + 84*a^7*b^
6*c^12*d^6 - 126*a^8*b^5*c^10*d^8 + 126*a^9*b^4*c^8*d^10 - 84*a^10*b^3*c^6
*d^12 + 36*a^11*b^2*c^4*d^14))^(3/4)*((((a^4*d^9*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) - a^2*b^7
*c^9 - 9*a^6*b^3*c*d^8 - 36*a^3*b^6*c^7*d^2 - 126*a^4*b^5*c^5*d^4 - 84*a^5
*b^4*c^3*d^6 + 9*b^4*c^8*d*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) + 84*a*b^3*c^6*d^3*(a^5*b^5)^(1
/2) + 36*a^3*b*c^2*d^7*(a^5*b^5)^(1/2) + 126*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^5*(a^5*b^5)^(1/
2)))/(a^13*d^18 - a^4*b^9*c^18 - 9*a^12*b*c^2*d^16 + 9*a^5*b^8*c^16*d^2 - 3
6*a^6*b^7*c^14*d^4 + 84*a^7*b^6*c^12*d^6 - 126*a^8*b^5*c^10*d^8 + 126*a^9*
b^4*c^8*d^10 - 84*a^10*b^3*c^6*d^12 + 36*a^11*b^2*c^4*d^14))^(1/4)*(c + d*
x)^(1/4)*(524288*a^28*b^9*d^58 - 524288*a^2*b^35*c^52*d^6 + 4194304*a^3*b^
34*c^50*d^8 + 40370176*a^4*b^33*c^48*d^10 - 880803840*a^5*b^32*c^46*d^12 +
7307526144*a^6*b^31*c^44*d^14 - 38201720832*a^7*b^30*c^42*d^16 + 14299116
3392*a^8*b^29*c^40*d^18 - 405362704384*a^9*b^28*c^38*d^20 + 894689607680*a
^10*b^27*c^36*d^22 - 1552475488256*a^11*b^26*c^34*d^24 + 2099370262528*a^1
2*b^25*c^32*d^26 - 2118844940288*a^13*b^24*c^30*d^28 + 1355437572096*a^14*
b^23*c^28*d^30 - 1355437572096*a^16*b^21*c^24*d^34 + 2118844940288*a^17...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(a-bx^2)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{9/4}(-bx^2+a)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a),x)
```



$$3.223 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^{13/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1900
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1901
Rubi [A] (verified)	1902
Maple [C] (verified)	1905
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1905
Sympy [F(-1)]	1906
Maxima [F]	1906
Giac [F(-1)]	1906
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1907
Reduce [F]	1907

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 435

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c+dx)^{13/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx &= \frac{d(bc^2+9ad^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2ab^2} \\ &+ \frac{cd(c+dx)^{5/4}}{2ab} + \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{9/4}}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\ &- \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{9/4} (4\sqrt{bc}+9\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{17/8}} \\ &+ \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-9\sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{9/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{17/8}} \\ &- \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{9/4} (4\sqrt{bc}+9\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{17/8}} \\ &+ \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-9\sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{9/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{17/8}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/2*d*(9*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/a/b^2+1/2*c*d*(d*x+c)^(5/4)/a/b+1/2*(b
*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(9/4)/a/b/(-b*x^2+a)-1/8*(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)*(4*
b^(1/2)*c+9*a^(1/2)*d)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(
1/4))/a^(3/2)/b^(17/8)+1/8*(4*b^(1/2)*c-9*a^(1/2)*d)*(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d
)^(9/4)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/
b^(17/8)-1/8*(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)*(4*b^(1/2)*c+9*a^(1/2)*d)*arctanh
(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/b^(17/8)+1/8*(
4*b^(1/2)*c-9*a^(1/2)*d)*(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+
c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/b^(17/8)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 361, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{13/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-16d^3 \text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{bc^2 \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c + dx} - \#1\right) + ad^2 \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c + dx} - \#1\right)}{c\#1^3 - \#1^7}\right]}{(a - bx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(13/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-16*d^3*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (b*c^2*Log[(c + d
*x)^(1/4) - #1] + a*d^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + 2*b*c*Log[(c + d*x)^(1
/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1^3 - #1^7) & ] + ((8*b*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(9*a^2*d^3 + b
^2*c^3*x + a*b*d*(3*c^2 + 3*c*d*x - 8*d^2*x^2)))/(a - b*x^2) + d*RootSum[b
*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (b^2*c^4*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]
+ 24*a*b*c^2*d^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + 7*a^2*d^4*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4)
- #1] + 3*b^2*c^3*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4 + 9*a*b*c*d^2*Log[(c + d
*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1^3 - #1^7) & ])/a)/(16*b^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 653, 25, 27, 653, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^{13/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}(4bc^2-5bdxc-9ad^2)}{4(a-bx^2)} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}(4bc^2-5bdxc-9ad^2)}{a-bx^2} dx}{8ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653 \\
 & \frac{4cd(c+dx)^{5/4} - \frac{\int -\frac{{}^b\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(2c(2bc^2-7ad^2)-d(bc^2+9ad^2)x)}{a-bx^2} dx}{b}}{8ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{{}^b\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(2c(2bc^2-7ad^2)-d(bc^2+9ad^2)x)}{a-bx^2} dx}{8ab} + 4cd(c+dx)^{5/4} + \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{{}^b\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(2c(2bc^2-7ad^2)-d(bc^2+9ad^2)x)}{a-bx^2} dx + 4cd(c+dx)^{5/4}}{8ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{4b^2c^4-15abd^2c^2+bd(3bc^2-23ad^2)xc-9a^2d^4}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{b} + \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(9ad^2+bc^2)}{b} + 4cd(c+dx)^{5/4} \\
 & \quad \frac{8ab}{2ab(a-bx^2)} + \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{4b^2c^4 - 15abd^2c^2 + bd(3bc^2 - 23ad^2)xc - 9a^2d^4}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx + \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(9ad^2+bc^2)}{b} + 4cd(c+dx)^{5/4} + \\
 & \frac{8ab}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(ad+bcx)} \\
 & \frac{2ab(a-bx^2)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(4b^2c^4 - 15abd^2c^2 - 9a^2d^4) - a\sqrt{bcd}(3bc^2 - 23ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a})(c+dx)^{3/4}} + \frac{a\sqrt{bcd}(3bc^2 - 23ad^2) + \sqrt{a}(4b^2c^4 - 15abd^2c^2 - 9a^2d^4)}{2a(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{3/4}} \right) dx + \frac{4d\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(9ad^2+bc^2)}{b} + 4cd(c+dx)^{5/4} + \\
 & \frac{8ab}{(c+dx)^{9/4}(ad+bcx)} \\
 & \frac{2ab(a-bx^2)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 657 \\
 & \frac{(9\sqrt{ad+4\sqrt{bc}})(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{9/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right) + (4\sqrt{bc}-9\sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}})^{9/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}\right) - (9\sqrt{ad+4\sqrt{bc}})(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{9/4}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(13/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(9/4))/(2*a*b*(a - b*x^2)) + ((4*d*(b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/b + 4*c*d*(c + d*x)^(5/4) + (-(((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(9/4)*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + 9*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8))) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 9*Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(9/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(9/4)*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + 9*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 9*Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(9/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)))/b)/(8*a*b)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 653 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

method	result
default	$\frac{d(-bx^2+a) \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-23R^4abc d^2+3R^4b^2c^3-9a^2d^4+8bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4) \ln((dx+c))}{-R^3(-R^4+c)} \right)}{16a(-bx^2+a)b^3}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d(-bx^2+a) \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-23R^4abc d^2+3R^4b^2c^3-9a^2d^4+8bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4) \ln((dx+c))}{-R^3(-R^4+c)} \right)}{16a(-bx^2+a)b^3}$
derivativedivides	$4d^3 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{b^2} - \frac{\frac{bc(3ad^2+bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{8ad^2} - \frac{(a^2d^4-b^2c^4)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{8ad^2}}{-b(dx+c)^2+2bc(dx+c)+ad^2-bc^2} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{bc(2...)}{b^2}}{b^2} \right)$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(13/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/16*(d*(-b*x^2+a)*sum((-23*_R^4*a*b*c*d^2+3*_R^4*b^2*c^3-9*a^2*d^4+8*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/_R^3/(-_R^4+c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+72*b*(d*x+c)^(1/4)*(1/9*c^3*b^2*x+1/3*d*(-8/3*d^2*x^2+c*d*x+c^2)*a*b+a^2*d^3))/a/(-b*x^2+a)/b^3
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7469 vs. 2(320) = 640.

Time = 6.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7469, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.17

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{13/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(13/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Too large to include

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{13/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(13/4)/(-b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{13/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{13}{4}}}{(bx^2 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(13/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(13/4)/(b*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

### Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{13/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(13/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23842, normalized size of antiderivative = 54.81

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{13/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(13/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(4*d^3*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/b^2 - (atan((((((((((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(11206656*a^11
*b^9*c*d^16 - 1048576*a^6*b^14*c^11*d^6 + 8847360*a^7*b^13*c^9*d^8 - 31457
280*a^8*b^12*c^7*d^10 + 51773440*a^9*b^11*c^5*d^12 - 39321600*a^10*b^10*c^
3*d^14)))/(8*a^6*b^5) - (((-(6561*a^5*d^13*(a^15*b^17)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^15*c
^13 - 47385*a^12*b^9*c*d^12 + 3744*a^7*b^14*c^11*d^2 - 20241*a^8*b^13*c^9
*d^4 + 32604*a^9*b^12*c^7*d^6 + 70434*a^10*b^11*c^5*d^8 - 198900*a^11*b^10
*c^3*d^10 - 3120*b^5*c^10*d^3*(a^15*b^17)^(1/2) + 34281*a*b^4*c^8*d^5*(a^1
5*b^17)^(1/2) + 138996*a^4*b*c^2*d^11*(a^15*b^17)^(1/2) - 123084*a^2*b^3*c
^6*d^7*(a^15*b^17)^(1/2) + 106366*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^9*(a^15*b^17)^(1/2)))/(a^12
*b^17))^(1/4)*(327680*a^9*b^9*c*d^13 - 327680*a^6*b^12*c^7*d^7 + 983040*a^
7*b^11*c^5*d^9 - 983040*a^8*b^10*c^3*d^11)*i)/(8*a^4*b^3))*(-(6561*a^5*d^
13*(a^15*b^17)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^15*c^13 - 47385*a^12*b^9*c*d^12 + 3744*a^
7*b^14*c^11*d^2 - 20241*a^8*b^13*c^9*d^4 + 32604*a^9*b^12*c^7*d^6 + 70434*
a^10*b^11*c^5*d^8 - 198900*a^11*b^10*c^3*d^10 - 3120*b^5*c^10*d^3*(a^15*b^
17)^(1/2) + 34281*a*b^4*c^8*d^5*(a^15*b^17)^(1/2) + 138996*a^4*b*c^2*d^11*
(a^15*b^17)^(1/2) - 123084*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^7*(a^15*b^17)^(1/2) + 106366*a^3*
b^2*c^4*d^9*(a^15*b^17)^(1/2)))/(a^12*b^17))^(3/4)*i)/4096 + (2*(59049*a^1
0*d^27 + 1280*b^10*c^20*d^7 - 35040*a*b^9*c^18*d^9 + 810648*a^9*b*c^2*d^25
+ 363849*a^2*b^8*c^16*d^11 - 1857992*a^3*b^7*c^14*d^13 + 4903132*a^4*b^6*
c^12*d^15 - 6108024*a^5*b^5*c^10*d^17 + 1739670*a^6*b^4*c^8*d^19 + 3502...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{13/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{13/4}}{(-bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(13/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)`



output `int((d*x+c)^(13/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

**3.224**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{11/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1909
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1910
Rubi [A] (verified)	1911
Maple [C] (verified)	1913
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1914
Sympy [F(-1)]	1915
Maxima [F]	1915
Giac [F(-1)]	1915
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1916
Reduce [F]	1916

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 403

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{11/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{cd(c+dx)^{3/4}}{2ab} + \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{7/4}}{2ab(a-bx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{7/4} (4\sqrt{bc}+7\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{15/8}}$$

$$- \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-7\sqrt{ad}) (\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{7/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{15/8}}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{7/4} (4\sqrt{bc}+7\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{15/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-7\sqrt{ad}) (\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{7/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{15/8}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2}cd(d+x)^{3/4}/ab + \frac{1}{2}(bcx+ad)(d+x)^{7/4}/ab/(-bx^2+a) + \frac{1}{8} \\ & * (b^{1/2}c - a^{1/2}d)^{7/4} * (4b^{1/2}c + 7a^{1/2}d) * \arctan(b^{1/8}(d+x+c)^{1/4} / (b^{1/2}c - a^{1/2}d)^{1/4}) / a^{3/2} / b^{15/8} - \frac{1}{8} * (4b^{1/2}c - 7 \\ & * a^{1/2}d) * (b^{1/2}c + a^{1/2}d)^{7/4} * \arctan(b^{1/8}(d+x+c)^{1/4} / (b^{1/2}c + a^{1/2}d)^{1/4}) / a^{3/2} / b^{15/8} - \frac{1}{8} * (b^{1/2}c - a^{1/2}d)^{7/4} * ( \\ & 4b^{1/2}c + 7a^{1/2}d) * \operatorname{arctanh}(b^{1/8}(d+x+c)^{1/4} / (b^{1/2}c - a^{1/2}d)^{1/4}) / a^{3/2} / b^{15/8} + \frac{1}{8} * (4b^{1/2}c - 7a^{1/2}d) * (b^{1/2}c + a^{1/2} \\ & )d)^{7/4} * \operatorname{arctanh}(b^{1/8}(d+x+c)^{1/4} / (b^{1/2}c + a^{1/2}d)^{1/4}) / a^{3/2} / b^{15/8} \end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{11/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{8d^3 \operatorname{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{-2c \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \#1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \#1\right)}{c\#1 - \#1^5}\right]}{c\#1 - \#1^5}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(c + d*x)^{(11/4)}/(a - b*x^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (8d^3 \operatorname{RootSum}[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*\#1^4 + b*\#1^8 \&, (-2*c*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x) \\ & ^{(1/4)} - \#1] - \operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1]*\#1^4)/(c*\#1 - \#1^5) \& ] + ((8*b*( \\ & c + d*x)^{(3/4})*(b*c^2*x + a*d*(2*c + d*x)))/(a - b*x^2) + d*\operatorname{RootSum}[b*c^2 \\ & - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*\#1^4 + b*\#1^8 \&, (3*b*c^3*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1] + 13* \\ & a*c*d^2*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1] + b*c^2*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1]*\#1^4 + \\ & a*d^2*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1]*\#1^4)/(c*\#1 - \#1^5) \& ])/a)/(16*b^2) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 653, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^{11/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}(4bc^2-3bdxc-7ad^2)}{4(a-bx^2)} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}(4bc^2-3bdxc-7ad^2)}{a-bx^2} dx}{8ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653 \\
 & \frac{4cd(c+dx)^{3/4} - \frac{\int -\frac{b(2c(2bc^2-5ad^2)+d(bc^2-7ad^2)x)}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx(a-bx^2)}} dx}{b}}{8ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(2c(2bc^2-5ad^2)+d(bc^2-7ad^2)x)}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx(a-bx^2)}} dx}{8ab} + 4cd(c+dx)^{3/4} + \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2c(2bc^2-5ad^2)+d(bc^2-7ad^2)x}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx(a-bx^2)}} dx + 4cd(c+dx)^{3/4}}{8ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}(2bc^2-5ad^2) - \frac{ad(bc^2-7ad^2)}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a})^4\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{\frac{ad(bc^2-7ad^2)}{\sqrt{b}} + 2\sqrt{ac}(2bc^2-5ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})^4\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) dx + 4cd(c+dx)^{3/4}$$

$$\frac{8ab}{(c+dx)^{7/4}(ad+bcx)} - \frac{2ab(a-bx^2)}{2ab(a-bx^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(7\sqrt{ad}+4\sqrt{bc})(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{7/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8}} - \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-7\sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^{7/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8}} - \frac{(7\sqrt{ad}+4\sqrt{bc})}{8}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(11/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(7/4))/(2*a*b*(a - b*x^2)) + (4*c*d*(c + d*x)^(3/4) + ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(7/4)*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + 7*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)) - ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 7*Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(7/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(7/4)*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + 7*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 7*Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(7/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)))/(8*a*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 (a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] -  
 Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*  
 d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[  
 {a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d,  
 n, p, x]`

rule 653 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2),  
 x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m  
 - 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; Fr  
 eeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(  
 x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^  
 2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result
default	$\frac{d(-bx^2+a) \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{\left( \sqrt[7]{R^4 a d^2 - R^4 b c^2 + 3a d^2 c - 3b c^3} \right) \ln \left( (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R \right)}{-R \left( \sqrt[7]{R^4 - c} \right)} \right)}{16a b^2 (-bx^2+a)} + 16$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d(-bx^2+a) \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{\left( \sqrt[7]{R^4 a d^2 - R^4 b c^2 + 3a d^2 c - 3b c^3} \right) \ln \left( (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R \right)}{-R \left( \sqrt[7]{R^4 - c} \right)} \right)}{16a b^2 (-bx^2+a)} + 16$
derivativedivides	$4d^3 \left( \frac{\frac{(a d^2 + b c^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{8ab d^2} + \frac{c(a d^2 - b c^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{8ab d^2}}{-b(dx+c)^2 + 2bc(dx+c) + a d^2 - b c^2} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{\left( (-7a d^2 + b c^2) \sqrt[6]{R} \right)}{64a b^2 d^2}}{-b(dx+c)^2 + 2bc(dx+c) + a d^2 - b c^2} \right)$

```
input int((d*x+c)^(11/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/16*(d*(-b*x^2+a)*sum(1/_R*(7*_R^4*a*d^2-_R^4*b*c^2+3*a*c*d^2-3*b*c^3)*ln
((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+16*(
d*x+c)^(3/4)*b*(1/2*c^2*b*x+a*d*(1/2*d*x+c))/a/b^2/(-b*x^2+a)
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8266 vs. 2(292) = 584.

Time = 43.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8266, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.51

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{11/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^(11/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Too large to include
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{11/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(11/4)/(-b*x**2+a)**2,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{11/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{11/4}}{(bx^2 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(11/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^(11/4)/(b*x^2 - a)^2, x)`**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{11/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(11/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16629, normalized size of antiderivative = 41.26

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{11/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(11/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(atan(((((((175616*a^12*b^7*d^19 - 40960*a^6*b^13*c^12*d^7 + 250368*a^7*b^12*c^10*d^9 - 526848*a^8*b^11*c^8*d^11 + 312320*a^9*b^10*c^6*d^13 + 334848*a^10*b^9*c^4*d^15 - 505344*a^11*b^8*c^2*d^17)*i)/(4096*a^7*b^5) - ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*((2401*a^4*d^11*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2) + 256*a^6*b^13*c^11 + 11319*a^11*b^8*c*d^10 - 2464*a^7*b^12*c^9*d^2 + 9009*a^8*b^11*c^7*d^4 - 12859*a^9*b^10*c^5*d^6 - 77*a^10*b^9*c^3*d^8 - 1232*b^4*c^8*d^3*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2) + 8855*a*b^3*c^6*d^5*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2) + 16709*a^3*b*c^2*d^9*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2) - 21549*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^7*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2)))/(a^12*b^15))^(1/4)*(3211264*a^11*b^7*d^16 - 1048576*a^6*b^12*c^10*d^6 + 6225920*a^7*b^11*c^8*d^8 - 15597568*a^8*b^10*c^6*d^10 + 19922944*a^9*b^9*c^4*d^12 - 12713984*a^10*b^8*c^2*d^14))/(524288*a^6*b^3))*((2401*a^4*d^11*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2) + 256*a^6*b^13*c^11 + 11319*a^11*b^8*c*d^10 - 2464*a^7*b^12*c^9*d^2 + 9009*a^8*b^11*c^7*d^4 - 12859*a^9*b^10*c^5*d^6 - 77*a^10*b^9*c^3*d^8 - 1232*b^4*c^8*d^3*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2) + 8855*a*b^3*c^6*d^5*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2) + 16709*a^3*b*c^2*d^9*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2) - 21549*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^7*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2)))/(a^12*b^15))^(3/4))/16 + ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(453789*a^10*c*d^26 - 4096*b^10*c^21*d^6 + 63744*a*b^9*c^19*d^8 - 2541287*a^9*b*c^3*d^24 - 409584*a^2*b^8*c^17*d^10 + 1372887*a^3*b^7*c^15*d^12 - 2392653*a^4*b^6*c^13*d^14 + 1305627*a^5*b^5*c^11*d^16 + 2809911*a^6*b^4*c^9*d^18 - 6420171*a^7*b^3*c^7*d^20 + 5761833*a^8*b^2*c^5*d^22))/(128*a^6*b^3))*((2401*a^4*d^11*(a^15*b^15)^(1/2) + 2...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{11/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{11/4}}{(-bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(11/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(11/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

**3.225**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1918
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1919
Rubi [A] (verified)	1920
Maple [C] (verified)	1922
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1923
Sympy [F(-1)]	1924
Maxima [F]	1924
Giac [F(-1)]	1924
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1925
Reduce [F]	1925

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 403

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2ab} + \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{5/4}}{2ab(a-bx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} (4\sqrt{bc}+5\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{13/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-5\sqrt{ad}) (\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{13/8}}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} (4\sqrt{bc}+5\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{13/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-5\sqrt{ad}) (\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{13/8}}$$

output

```

1/2*c*d*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/a/b+1/2*(b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(5/4)/a/b/(-b*x^2+a)-1/8
*(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(5/4)*(4*b^(1/2)*c+5*a^(1/2)*d)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x
+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/b^(13/8)+1/8*(4*b^(1/2)*c-5
*a^(1/2)*d)*(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(5/4)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1
/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/b^(13/8)-1/8*(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(5/4)*
(4*b^(1/2)*c+5*a^(1/2)*d)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*
d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/b^(13/8)+1/8*(4*b^(1/2)*c-5*a^(1/2)*d)*(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2
)*d)^(5/4)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3
/2)/b^(13/8)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{8d^3 \text{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{-2c \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c + dx} - \#1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c + dx} - \#1\right)}{c\#1^3 - \#1^7}\right]}{c\#1^3 - \#1^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(9/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```

(8*d^3*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (-2*c*Log[(c + d*x)
^(1/4) - #1] - Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1^3 - #1^7) & ] + ((8*b
*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(b*c^2*x + a*d*(2*c + d*x)))/(a - b*x^2) + d*RootSum[b*c^
2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (b*c^3*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + 15*
a*c*d^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + 3*b*c^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4
+ 3*a*d^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1^3 - #1^7) & ]/a)/(16*b^2
)

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 653, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(4bc^2-bdxc-5ad^2)}{4(a-bx^2)} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(4bc^2-bdxc-5ad^2)}{a-bx^2} dx}{8ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 653 \\
 & \frac{4cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \frac{\int -\frac{b(2c(2bc^2-3ad^2)+d(3bc^2-5ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{b}}{8ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\int \frac{b(2c(2bc^2-3ad^2)+d(3bc^2-5ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{b} + 4cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{8ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2c(2bc^2-3ad^2)+d(3bc^2-5ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx + 4cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{8ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}(2bc^2-3ad^2) - \frac{ad(3bc^2-5ad^2)}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a})(c+dx)^{3/4}} + \frac{\frac{ad(3bc^2-5ad^2)}{\sqrt{b}} + 2\sqrt{ac}(2bc^2-3ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{3/4}} \right) dx + 4cd\sqrt[4]{c+dx}$$


---


$$\frac{8ab}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(ad+bcx)} \frac{1}{2ab(a-bx^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(5\sqrt{ad}+4\sqrt{bc})(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}} + \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-5\sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^{5/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}}$$


---


$$\frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)}$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)^(9/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x]
```

```
output ((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(5/4))/(2*a*b*(a - b*x^2)) + (4*c*d*(c + d*x)^(1/4) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/4)*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + 5*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 5*Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/4)*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + 5*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 5*Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)))/(8*a*b)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 653 `Int((((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*((d + e*x)^m/(c*m)), x] + Simp[1/c Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(Simp[c*d*f - a*e*g + (g*c*d + c*e*f)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && FractionQ[m] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 657 `Int((((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result
default	$\frac{d(-bx^2+a) \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{(5R^4ad^2-3R^4bc^2+ad^2c-bc^3) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{R^3(R^4-c)} \right)}{16ab^2(-bx^2+a)} \right)}{16ab^2(-bx^2+a)}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d(-bx^2+a) \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{(5R^4ad^2-3R^4bc^2+ad^2c-bc^3) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{R^3(R^4-c)} \right)}{16ab^2(-bx^2+a)} \right)}{16ab^2(-bx^2+a)}$
derivativedivides	$4d^3 \left( \frac{\frac{(ad^2+bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{8abd^2} + \frac{(ad^2-bc^2)c(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{8abd^2}}{-b(dx+c)^2+2bc(dx+c)+ad^2-bc^2} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{((-5ad^2+3bc^2)R^4 - \dots)}{64ab^2d^2}}{64ab^2d^2} \right)$

```
input int((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/16*(d*(-b*x^2+a)*sum((5*_R^4*a*d^2-3*_R^4*b*c^2+a*c*d^2-b*c^3)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/_R^3/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+16*b*(1/2*c^2*b*x+a*d*(1/2*d*x+c))*(d*x+c)^(1/4))/a/b^2/(-b*x^2+a)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4964 vs. 2(292) = 584.  
 Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4964, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.32

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Too large to include
```



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(9/4)/(-b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{9/4}}{(bx^2 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(9/4)/(b*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17148, normalized size of antiderivative = 42.55

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(9/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(atan(((((((2*(8125*a^7*c*d^21 - 1280*b^7*c^15*d^7 + 12000*a*b^6*c^13*d^9
- 44925*a^6*b*c^3*d^19 - 47769*a^2*b^5*c^11*d^11 + 104657*a^3*b^4*c^9*d^13
- 136282*a^4*b^3*c^7*d^15 + 105474*a^5*b^2*c^5*d^17)))/a^4 + (((((256*a^6*
b^11*c^9 - 625*a^3*d^9*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2) + 1125*a^10*b^7*c*d^8 - 1440*a^7*
b^10*c^7*d^2 + 3105*a^8*b^9*c^5*d^4 - 3030*a^9*b^8*c^3*d^6 + 240*b^3*c^6*d
^3*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2) - 981*a*b^2*c^4*d^5*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2) + 1350*a^2*b*c^
2*d^7*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2))/(a^12*b^13))^(1/4)*(327680*a^9*b^6*d^13 - 327680*
a^6*b^9*c^6*d^7 + 983040*a^7*b^8*c^4*d^9 - 983040*a^8*b^7*c^2*d^11)*1i)/(8
*a^4) - ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(983040*a^10*b^7*c*d^14 + 1048576*a^6*b^11*c^9*d^
6 - 4128768*a^7*b^10*c^7*d^8 + 6094848*a^8*b^9*c^5*d^10 - 3997696*a^9*b^8*
c^3*d^12))/(8*a^6*b^2))*((256*a^6*b^11*c^9 - 625*a^3*d^9*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2)
+ 1125*a^10*b^7*c*d^8 - 1440*a^7*b^10*c^7*d^2 + 3105*a^8*b^9*c^5*d^4 - 30
30*a^9*b^8*c^3*d^6 + 240*b^3*c^6*d^3*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2) - 981*a*b^2*c^4*d^5
*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2) + 1350*a^2*b*c^2*d^7*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2))/(a^12*b^13))^(3
/4)*1i)/4096)*((256*a^6*b^11*c^9 - 625*a^3*d^9*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2) + 1125*a^
10*b^7*c*d^8 - 1440*a^7*b^10*c^7*d^2 + 3105*a^8*b^9*c^5*d^4 - 3030*a^9*b^8
*c^3*d^6 + 240*b^3*c^6*d^3*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2) - 981*a*b^2*c^4*d^5*(a^15*b^1
3)^(1/2) + 1350*a^2*b*c^2*d^7*(a^15*b^13)^(1/2))/(a^12*b^13))^(1/4)*1i)/16
- ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(15625*a^9*d^24 + 4096*b^9*c^18*d^6 - 39168*a*b^8*c^16
*d^8 - 78750*a^8*b*c^2*d^22 + 158448*a^2*b^7*c^14*d^10 - 346807*a^3*b^6...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{9/4}}{(-bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(9/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

**3.226**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1927
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1928
Rubi [A] (verified)	1928
Maple [C] (verified)	1930
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1931
Sympy [F(-1)]	1931
Maxima [F]	1932
Giac [F(-1)]	1932
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1932
Reduce [F]	1933

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 382

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{3/4}}{2ab(a-bx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4} (4\sqrt{bc}+3\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{11/8}}$$

$$- \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-3\sqrt{ad}) (\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{3/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{11/8}}$$

$$- \frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4} (4\sqrt{bc}+3\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{11/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-3\sqrt{ad}) (\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{3/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{11/8}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} * (b * c * x + a * d) * (d * x + c)^{(3/4)} / a / b / (-b * x^2 + a) + \frac{1}{8} * (b^{(1/2)} * c - a^{(1/2)} * d)^{(3/4)} * (4 * b^{(1/2)} * c + 3 * a^{(1/2)} * d) * \arctan(b^{(1/8)} * (d * x + c)^{(1/4)} / (b^{(1/2)} * c - a^{(1/2)} * d)^{(1/4)}) / a^{(3/2)} / b^{(11/8)} - \frac{1}{8} * (4 * b^{(1/2)} * c - 3 * a^{(1/2)} * d) * (b^{(1/2)} * c + a^{(1/2)} * d)^{(3/4)} * \arctan(b^{(1/8)} * (d * x + c)^{(1/4)} / (b^{(1/2)} * c + a^{(1/2)} * d)^{(1/4)}) / a^{(3/2)} / b^{(11/8)} - \frac{1}{8} * (b^{(1/2)} * c - a^{(1/2)} * d)^{(3/4)} * (4 * b^{(1/2)} * c + 3 * a^{(1/2)} * d) * \operatorname{rctanh}(b^{(1/8)} * (d * x + c)^{(1/4)} / (b^{(1/2)} * c - a^{(1/2)} * d)^{(1/4)}) / a^{(3/2)} / b^{(11/8)} + \frac{1}{8} * (4 * b^{(1/2)} * c - 3 * a^{(1/2)} * d) * (b^{(1/2)} * c + a^{(1/2)} * d)^{(3/4)} * \operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/8)} * (d * x + c)^{(1/4)} / (b^{(1/2)} * c + a^{(1/2)} * d)^{(1/4)}) / a^{(3/2)} / b^{(11/8)} \end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-8d^3 \operatorname{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[4]{c + dx} - \#1\right)}{c\#1 - \#1^5} \&\right] + \frac{8b(ad + bcx)(c + dx)^{3/4}}{a - bx^2}}{(a - bx^2)^2}$$

input

Integrate[(c + d\*x)^(7/4)/(a - b\*x^2)^2,x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-8 * d^3 * \operatorname{RootSum}[b * c^2 - a * d^2 - 2 * b * c * \#1^4 + b * \#1^8 \&, \operatorname{Log}[(c + d * x)^{(1/4)} - \#1] / (c * \#1 - \#1^5) \&] + ((8 * b * (a * d + b * c * x) * (c + d * x)^{(3/4)}) / (a - b * x^2) + d * \operatorname{RootSum}[b * c^2 - a * d^2 - 2 * b * c * \#1^4 + b * \#1^8 \&, (3 * b * c^2 * \operatorname{Log}[(c + d * x)^{(1/4)} - \#1] + 5 * a * d^2 * \operatorname{Log}[(c + d * x)^{(1/4)} - \#1] + b * c * \operatorname{Log}[(c + d * x)^{(1/4)} - \#1] * \#1^4) / (c * \#1 - \#1^5) \&]) / a) / (16 * b^2) \end{aligned}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 383, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}(ad + bcx)}{2ab(a - bx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{4bc^2 + bdx - 3ad^2}{4\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(a - bx^2)} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4bc^2 + bdx - 3ad^2}{4\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(a - bx^2)} dx}{8ab} + \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}(ad + bcx)}{2ab(a - bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657 \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) - a\sqrt{bcd}}{2a(\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a})^4\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} + \frac{a\sqrt{bcd} + \sqrt{a}(4bc^2 - 3ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx})^4\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} \right) dx}{8ab} + \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}(ad + bcx)}{2ab(a - bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})^{3/4} (3\sqrt{ad} + 4\sqrt{bc}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c + dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}} - \frac{(4\sqrt{bc} - 3\sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{3/4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c + dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}} - \frac{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})}{8ab} \\
 & \quad \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}(ad + bcx)}{2ab(a - bx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(7/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(3/4))/(2*a*b*(a - b*x^2)) + (((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)) - ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)))/(8*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
default	$-d(-bx^2+a) \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4 bc-3ad^2+3bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R)}{-R(-R^4-c)}}{-R} \right) + 8(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}} b(cb)$
pseudoelliptic	$-d(-bx^2+a) \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4 bc-3ad^2+3bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R)}{-R(-R^4-c)}}{-R} \right) + 8(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}} b(cb)$
derivativedivides	$4d^3 \left( \frac{\frac{c(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{8ad^2} + \frac{(ad^2-bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{8ad^2b}}{-b(dx+c)^2+2bc(dx+c)+ad^2-bc^2} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(cR^6 b+3(-ad^2+bc^2)R^2)}{-R^7+1}}{64ad^2b^2} \right)$

input `int((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*(-d*(-b*x^2+a)*sum(1/_R*(_R^4*b*c-3*a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+8*(d*x+c)^(3/4)*b*(b*c*x+a*d))/a/b^2/(-b*x^2+a)`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5011 vs.  $2(275) = 550$ .

Time = 3.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5011, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.12

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(7/4)/(-b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{7/4}}{(bx^2 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(7/4)/(b*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11171, normalized size of antiderivative = 29.24

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(7/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
(atan((((((41472*a^10*b^6*c*d^15 + 40960*a^6*b^10*c^9*d^7 - 164352*a^7*b^9*c^7*d^9 + 247296*a^8*b^8*c^5*d^11 - 165376*a^9*b^7*c^3*d^13)*1i)/(4096*a^7*b^2) - ((c + d*x)^(1/4))*((81*a^2*d^7*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2) + 256*a^6*b^9*c^7 - 189*a^9*b^6*c*d^6 - 672*a^7*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 609*a^8*b^7*c^3*d^4 + 112*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2) - 189*a*b*c^2*d^5*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2)))/(a^12*b^11)^(1/4)*(1048576*a^6*b^9*c^8*d^6 - 589824*a^10*b^5*d^14 - 2555904*a^7*b^8*c^6*d^8 + 1376256*a^8*b^7*c^4*d^10 + 720896*a^9*b^6*c^2*d^12))/(524288*a^6))*(((81*a^2*d^7*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2) + 256*a^6*b^9*c^7 - 189*a^9*b^6*c*d^6 - 672*a^7*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 609*a^8*b^7*c^3*d^4 + 112*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2) - 189*a*b*c^2*d^5*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2)))/(a^12*b^11)^(3/4))/16 - ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(243*a^7*c*d^20 - 4096*b^7*c^15*d^6 + 20736*a*b^6*c^13*d^8 - 2808*a^6*b*c^3*d^18 - 44016*a^2*b^5*c^11*d^10 + 50671*a^3*b^4*c^9*d^12 - 34080*a^4*b^3*c^7*d^14 + 13350*a^5*b^2*c^5*d^16))/(128*a^6))*((81*a^2*d^7*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2) + 256*a^6*b^9*c^7 - 189*a^9*b^6*c*d^6 - 672*a^7*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 609*a^8*b^7*c^3*d^4 + 112*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2) - 189*a*b*c^2*d^5*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2)))/(a^12*b^11)^(1/4) - (((((41472*a^10*b^6*c*d^15 + 40960*a^6*b^10*c^9*d^7 - 164352*a^7*b^9*c^7*d^9 + 247296*a^8*b^8*c^5*d^11 - 165376*a^9*b^7*c^3*d^13)*1i)/(4096*a^7*b^2) + ((c + d*x)^(1/4))*((81*a^2*d^7*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2) + 256*a^6*b^9*c^7 - 189*a^9*b^6*c*d^6 - 672*a^7*b^8*c^5*d^2 + 609*a^8*b^7*c^3*d^4 + 112*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^15*b^11)^(1/2) - 189*a...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{7/4}}{(-bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(7/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

**3.227**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1934
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1935
Rubi [A] (verified)	1935
Maple [C] (verified)	1937
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1938
Sympy [F(-1)]	1939
Maxima [F]	1939
Giac [F(-1)]	1939
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1940
Reduce [F]	1940

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 380

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2ab(a-bx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}(4\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{9/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{9/8}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}(4\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{9/8}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{9/8}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(b c x + a d) (d x + c)^{1/4}}{a b (-b x^2 + a)} - \frac{1}{8} \frac{(b^{1/2} c - a^{1/2} d)^{1/4} (4 b^{1/2} c + a^{1/2} d) \arctan(b^{1/8} (d x + c)^{1/4} / (b^{1/2} c - a^{1/2} d)^{1/4})}{a^{3/2} b^{9/8}} + \frac{1}{8} \frac{(4 b^{1/2} c - a^{1/2} d) (b^{1/2} c + a^{1/2} d)^{1/4} \arctan(b^{1/8} (d x + c)^{1/4} / (b^{1/2} c + a^{1/2} d)^{1/4})}{a^{3/2} b^{9/8}} - \frac{1}{8} \frac{(b^{1/2} c - a^{1/2} d)^{1/4} (4 b^{1/2} c + a^{1/2} d) \operatorname{arctanh}(b^{1/8} (d x + c)^{1/4} / (b^{1/2} c - a^{1/2} d)^{1/4})}{a^{3/2} b^{9/8}} + \frac{1}{8} \frac{(4 b^{1/2} c - a^{1/2} d) (b^{1/2} c + a^{1/2} d)^{1/4} \operatorname{arctanh}(b^{1/8} (d x + c)^{1/4} / (b^{1/2} c + a^{1/2} d)^{1/4})}{a^{3/2} b^{9/8}}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{-8d^3 \operatorname{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[4]{c + dx} - \#1\right)}{c\#1^3 - \#1^7} \&\right]}{a - bx^2} + \frac{8b(ad + bcx) \sqrt[4]{c + dx}}{a - bx^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(5/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2, x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-8d^3 \operatorname{RootSum}[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{1/4} - \#1]/(c\#1^3 - \#1^7) \&] + ((8*b*(a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{1/4})/(a - b*x^2) + d*\operatorname{RootSum}[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, (b*c^2*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{1/4} - \#1] + 7*a*d^2*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{1/4} - \#1] + 3*b*c*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{1/4} - \#1]*\#1^4)/(c\#1^3 - \#1^7) \&])/a)/(16*b^2)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{4bc^2+3bdxc-ad^2}{4(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4bc^2+3bdxc-ad^2}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{8ab} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657 \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(4bc^2-ad^2)-3a\sqrt{bcd}}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a})(c+dx)^{3/4}} + \frac{3a\sqrt{bcd}+\sqrt{a}(4bc^2-ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{3/4}} \right) dx}{8ab} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}(\sqrt{ad}+4\sqrt{bc}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}} + \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}}}{8ab} \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{2ab(a-bx^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(5/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(2*a*b*(a - b*x^2)) + (-(((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8))) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)))/(8*a*b)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

method	result
default	$-d(-bx^2+a) \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{(3R^4bc-ad^2+bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)} \right)}{16ab^2(-bx^2+a)} \right) + 8(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}b(cbx^2+ad^2+bc^2)$
pseudoelliptic	$-d(-bx^2+a) \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{(3R^4bc-ad^2+bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)} \right)}{16ab^2(-bx^2+a)} \right) + 8(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}b(cbx^2+ad^2+bc^2)$
derivativedivides	$4d^3 \left( \frac{\frac{c(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{8ad^2} + \frac{(ad^2-bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{8ad^2b}}{-b(dx+c)^2+2bc(dx+c)+ad^2-bc^2} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{(3R^4bc-ad^2+bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R^7+R^3c} \right)}{64ad^2b^2} \right)$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*(-d*(-b*x^2+a)*sum((3*_R^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/_R^3/_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+8*(d*x+c)^(1/4)*b*(b*c*x+a*d))/a/b^2/(-b*x^2+a)`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2425 vs.  $2(273) = 546$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2425, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.38

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/16*((a*b^2*x^2 - a^2*b)*sqrt(-sqrt((a^6*b^4*sqrt((6400*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 160*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)/(a^9*b^9)) + 256*b^2*c^5 - 160*a*b*c^3*d^2 - 15*a^2*c*d^4)/(a^6*b^4)))*log((4*a^6*b^6*c*sqrt((6400*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 160*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)/(a^9*b^9)) + 80*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 + a^3*b*d^6)*sqrt(-sqrt((a^6*b^4*sqrt((6400*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 160*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)/(a^9*b^9)) + 256*b^2*c^5 - 160*a*b*c^3*d^2 - 15*a^2*c*d^4)/(a^6*b^4)) - (1280*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 64*a*b*c^2*d^5 - a^2*d^7)*(d*x + c)^(1/4)) - (a*b^2*x^2 - a^2*b)*sqrt(-sqrt((a^6*b^4*sqrt((6400*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 160*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)/(a^9*b^9)) + 256*b^2*c^5 - 160*a*b*c^3*d^2 - 15*a^2*c*d^4)/(a^6*b^4)))*log(-(4*a^6*b^6*c*sqrt((6400*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 160*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)/(a^9*b^9)) + 80*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 + a^3*b*d^6)*sqrt(-sqrt((a^6*b^4*sqrt((6400*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 160*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)/(a^9*b^9)) + 256*b^2*c^5 - 160*a*b*c^3*d^2 - 15*a^2*c*d^4)/(a^6*b^4)) - (1280*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 64*a*b*c^2*d^5 - a^2*d^7)*(d*x + c)^(1/4)) - (a*b^2*x^2 - a^2*b)*sqrt(-sqrt(-a^6*b^4*sqrt((6400*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 160*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)/(a^9*b^9)) - 256*b^2*c^5 + 160*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^4)/(a^6*b^4)))*log((4*a^6*b^6*c*sqrt((6400*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 160*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)/(a^9*b^9)) - 80*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^3*b*d^6)*sqrt(-sqrt(-a^6*b^4*sqrt((6400*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 160*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)/(a^9*b^9)) - 256*b^2*c^5 + 160*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^4)/(a^6*b^4)) - (1280*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 64*a*b*c^2*d^5 - a^2*d^7)*(d*x + c)^(1/4))...`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(5/4)/(-b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{5/4}}{(bx^2 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/4)/(b*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10441, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.48

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(5/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
- (((a*d^3 - b*c^2*d)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(2*a*b) + (c*d*(c + d*x)^(5/4))/(2*a)) / (b*(c + d*x)^2 - a*d^2 + b*c^2 - 2*b*c*(c + d*x)) - (atan(((((((2*(a^5*b^2*d^17 + 1280*b^7*c^10*d^7 - 3040*a*b^6*c^8*d^9 + 2249*a^2*b^5*c^6*d^11 - 497*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^13 + 7*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^15))/a^4 - (((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(589824*a^9*b^6*c*d^12 + 1048576*a^6*b^9*c^7*d^6 - 1507328*a^7*b^8*c^5*d^8 - 131072*a^8*b^7*c^3*d^10))/(8*a^6) - ((327680*a^8*b^7*c*d^11 + 327680*a^6*b^9*c^5*d^7 - 655360*a^7*b^8*c^3*d^9)*((256*a^6*b^7*c^5 + a*d^5*(a^15*b^9)^(1/2) - 15*a^8*b^5*c*d^4 - 160*a^7*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 80*b*c^2*d^3*(a^15*b^9)^(1/2)))/(a^12*b^9))^(1/4)*i)/(8*a^4))*((256*a^6*b^7*c^5 + a*d^5*(a^15*b^9)^(1/2) - 15*a^8*b^5*c*d^4 - 160*a^7*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 80*b*c^2*d^3*(a^15*b^9)^(1/2)))/(a^12*b^9))^(3/4)*i)/4096)*((256*a^6*b^7*c^5 + a*d^5*(a^15*b^9)^(1/2) - 15*a^8*b^5*c*d^4 - 160*a^7*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 80*b*c^2*d^3*(a^15*b^9)^(1/2)))/(a^12*b^9))^(1/4)*i)/16 - ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a^6*b*d^18 + 4096*b^7*c^12*d^6 - 8448*a*b^6*c^10*d^8 + 4848*a^2*b^5*c^8*d^10 - 767*a^3*b^4*c^6*d^12 + 303*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^14 - 33*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^16))/(8*a^6))*((256*a^6*b^7*c^5 + a*d^5*(a^15*b^9)^(1/2) - 15*a^8*b^5*c*d^4 - 160*a^7*b^6*c^3*d^2 + 80*b*c^2*d^3*(a^15*b^9)^(1/2)))/(a^12*b^9))^(1/4))/16 - (((((2*(a^5*b^2*d^17 + 1280*b^7*c^10*d^7 - 3040*a*b^6*c^8*d^9 + 2249*a^2*b^5*c^6*d^11 - 497*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^13 + 7*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^15))/a^4 + (((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(589824*a^9*b^6*c*d^12 + 1048576*a^6*b^9*c^7*d^6 - 1507328*a^7*b^8*c^5*d^8 - 131072*a^...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{5/4}}{(-bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

**3.228**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1942
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1943
Rubi [A] (verified)	1943
Maple [C] (verified)	1945
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1946
Sympy [F(-1)]	1946
Maxima [F]	1947
Giac [F(-1)]	1947
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1947
Reduce [F]	1948

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 360

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{x(c+dx)^{3/4}}{2a(a-bx^2)} + \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8ab^{7/8}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}$$

$$- \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8ab^{7/8}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8ab^{7/8}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8ab^{7/8}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}$$

output

```
1/2*x*(d*x+c)^(3/4)/a/(-b*x^2+a)+1/8*(4*b^(1/2)*c/a^(1/2)-d)*arctan(b^(1/8)
)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a/b^(7/8)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*
d)^(1/4)-1/8*(4*b^(1/2)*c/a^(1/2)+d)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)
*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a/b^(7/8)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4)-1/8*(4*b^(1/2)*
c/a^(1/2)-d)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a/
b^(7/8)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4)+1/8*(4*b^(1/2)*c/a^(1/2)+d)*arctanh(b^
(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a/b^(7/8)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1
/2)*d)^(1/4)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{8bx(c + dx)^{3/4} + (-ad + bdx^2) \operatorname{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{-3c \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c + dx}\right)}{\#1}\right]}{16ab(a - bx^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
(8*b*x*(c + d*x)^(3/4) + (-a*d) + b*d*x^2)*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*
#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (-3*c*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] - Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) -
#1]*#1^4)/(c*#1 - #1^5) & ])/(16*a*b*(a - b*x^2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {494, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/4}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 494 \\
& \frac{x(c+dx)^{3/4}}{2a(a-bx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{4c+dx}{4\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{4c+dx}{4\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx}{8a} + \frac{x(c+dx)^{3/4}}{2a(a-bx^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 657 \\
& \frac{\int \left( \frac{4\sqrt{ac}-\frac{ad}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} + \frac{4\sqrt{ac}+\frac{ad}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} \right) dx}{8a} + \frac{x(c+dx)^{3/4}}{2a(a-bx^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{ad}+4\sqrt{bc}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} - \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}} \\
& \quad \quad \quad \frac{x(c+dx)^{3/4}}{2a(a-bx^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(x*(c + d*x)^(3/4))/(2*a*(a - b*x^2)) + (((4*Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8))*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)) - ((4*Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)) - ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)))/(8*a)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 494 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*(2*p + 3) + d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[n, 1] || (ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, 2])) && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

method	result
default	$\frac{-d(-bx^2+a) \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4+3c) \ln\left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R}{-R(-R^4-c)}\right)}{-R(-R^4-c)} \right) + 8bx(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{16(-bx^2+a)ab}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-d(-bx^2+a) \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^4+3c) \ln\left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R}{-R(-R^4-c)}\right)}{-R(-R^4-c)} \right) + 8bx(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{16(-bx^2+a)ab}$
derivativedivides	$4d^3 \left( \frac{\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{8ad^2} - \frac{c(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{8ad^2}}{-b(dx+c)^2+2bc(dx+c)+ad^2-bc^2} - \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(-R^6-3R^2c) \ln\left(\frac{(dx+c)}{-R^7+R^3c}\right)}{-R^7+R^3c}}{64ad^2b} \right)$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*(-d*(-b*x^2+a)*sum(1/_R*( _R^4+3*c)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+8*b*x*(d*x+c)^(3/4))/(-b*x^2+a)/a/b`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4973 vs.  $2(261) = 522$ .

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4973, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.81

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/4)/(-b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{3/4}}{(bx^2 - a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/4)/(b*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8593, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.87

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(3/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x)`



output

```
atan((((65536*a^9*b^5*d^13 + 5242880*a^6*b^8*c^6*d^7 - 6881280*a^7*b^7*c^4*d^9 + 1572864*a^8*b^6*c^2*d^11)/(128*a^7) - ((c + d*x)^(1/4))*(-(a*d^5*(a^15*b^7)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^5 + 15*a^8*b^4*c*d^4 + 160*a^7*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 80*b*c^2*d^3*(a^15*b^7)^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^2 - a^13*b^7*d^2))))^(1/4)*(65536*a^9*b^6*d^12 - 1048576*a^6*b^9*c^6*d^6 + 983040*a^7*b^8*c^4*d^8))/(8*a^6))*(-(a*d^5*(a^15*b^7)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^5 + 15*a^8*b^4*c*d^4 + 160*a^7*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 80*b*c^2*d^3*(a^15*b^7)^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^2 - a^13*b^7*d^2))))^(3/4) + ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(2304*a*b^6*c^7*d^8 - 4096*b^7*c^9*d^6 + 9*a^4*b^3*c*d^14 + 2064*a^2*b^5*c^5*d^10 - 281*a^3*b^4*c^3*d^12))/(8*a^6))*(-(a*d^5*(a^15*b^7)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^5 + 15*a^8*b^4*c*d^4 + 160*a^7*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 80*b*c^2*d^3*(a^15*b^7)^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^2 - a^13*b^7*d^2))))^(1/4)*1i - (((65536*a^9*b^5*d^13 + 5242880*a^6*b^8*c^6*d^7 - 6881280*a^7*b^7*c^4*d^9 + 1572864*a^8*b^6*c^2*d^11)/(128*a^7) + ((c + d*x)^(1/4))*(-(a*d^5*(a^15*b^7)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^5 + 15*a^8*b^4*c*d^4 + 160*a^7*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 80*b*c^2*d^3*(a^15*b^7)^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^2 - a^13*b^7*d^2))))^(1/4)*(65536*a^9*b^6*d^12 - 1048576*a^6*b^9*c^6*d^6 + 983040*a^7*b^8*c^4*d^8))/(8*a^6))*(-(a*d^5*(a^15*b^7)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^5 + 15*a^8*b^4*c*d^4 + 160*a^7*b^5*c^3*d^2 + 80*b*c^2*d^3*(a^15*b^7)^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^2 - a^13*b^7*d^2))))^(3/4) - ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(2304*a*b^6*c^7*d^8 - 4096*b^7*c^9*d^6 + 9*a^4*b^3*c*d^14 + 2064*a^2*b^...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}}{(a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{3/4}}{(-bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

**3.229**  $\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1949
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1950
Rubi [A] (verified)	1950
Maple [C] (verified)	1952
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1953
Sympy [F(-1)]	1953
Maxima [F]	1954
Giac [F(-1)]	1954
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1954
Reduce [F]	1955

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 364

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2a(a-bx^2)} - \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - 3d\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8ab^{5/8}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + 3d\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8ab^{5/8}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}}$$

$$- \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} - 3d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8ab^{5/8}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{4\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + 3d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8ab^{5/8}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2}x(d*x+c)^{1/4}/a/(-b*x^2+a)-1/8*(4*b^{1/2}*c/a^{1/2}-3*d)*\arctan(b^{1/8}*(d*x+c)^{1/4}/(b^{1/2}*c-a^{1/2}*d)^{1/4})/a/b^{5/8}/(b^{1/2}*c-a^{1/2}*d)^{3/4}+1/8*(4*b^{1/2}*c/a^{1/2}+3*d)*\arctan(b^{1/8}*(d*x+c)^{1/4}/(b^{1/2}*c+a^{1/2}*d)^{1/4})/a/b^{5/8}/(b^{1/2}*c+a^{1/2}*d)^{3/4}-1/8*(4*b^{1/2}*c/a^{1/2}-3*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{1/8}*(d*x+c)^{1/4}/(b^{1/2}*c-a^{1/2}*d)^{1/4})/a/b^{5/8}/(b^{1/2}*c-a^{1/2}*d)^{3/4}+1/8*(4*b^{1/2}*c/a^{1/2}+3*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{1/8}*(d*x+c)^{1/4}/(b^{1/2}*c+a^{1/2}*d)^{1/4})/a/b^{5/8}/(b^{1/2}*c+a^{1/2}*d)^{3/4}$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8bx\sqrt[4]{c+dx} + (-ad + bdx^2) \operatorname{RootSum}\left[bc^2 - ad^2 - 2bc\#1^4 + b\#1^8 \&, \frac{-c \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx} - \#1\right) - 3 \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx} + \#1\right)}{c\#1^3 - \#1^7}\right]}{16ab(a-bx^2)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(c + d*x)^{1/4}/(a - b*x^2)^2, x]$$

output

$$(8*b*x*(c + d*x)^{1/4} + (-a*d) + b*d*x^2)*\operatorname{RootSum}[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*\#1^4 + b*\#1^8 \&, (-c*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{1/4} - \#1]) - 3*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{1/4} - \#1]*\#1^4)/(c*\#1^3 - \#1^7) \& ]/(16*a*b*(a - b*x^2))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {494, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 494 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2a(a-bx^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{4c+3dx}{4(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4c+3dx}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2a(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657 \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{4\sqrt{ac}-\frac{3ad}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a})(c+dx)^{3/4}} + \frac{4\sqrt{ac}+\frac{3ad}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{3/4}} \right) dx}{8a} + \frac{x\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2a(a-bx^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & -\frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-3\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}} + \frac{(3\sqrt{ad}+4\sqrt{bc}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^{3/4}} - \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-3\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{3/4}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{x\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2a(a-bx^2)} + \frac{\phantom{x\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}}{8a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(1/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(x*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(2*a*(a - b*x^2)) + (-(((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4))) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c + 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)) - ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)) + ((4*Sqrt[b]*c + 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*b^(5/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4))))/(8*a)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 494 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*(2*p + 3) + d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[n, 1] || (ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, 2])) && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

method	result
default	$\frac{-d(-bx^2+a) \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(3R^4+c) \ln\left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R}{-R^3(-R^4-c)}\right)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)} \right) + 8bx(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{16(-bx^2+a)ab}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{-d(-bx^2+a) \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(3R^4+c) \ln\left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R}{-R^3(-R^4-c)}\right)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)} \right) + 8bx(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{16(-bx^2+a)ab}$
derivativedivides	$4d^3 \left( \frac{\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{8ad^2} - \frac{c(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{8ad^2}}{-b(dx+c)^2+2bc(dx+c)+ad^2-bc^2} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(3R^4+c) \ln\left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R}{-R^3(-R^4-c)}\right)}{-R^3(-R^4-c)}}{64ad^2b} \right)$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*(-d*(-b*x^2+a)*sum((3*_R^4+c)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/_R^3/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+8*b*x*(d*x+c)^(1/4))/(-b*x^2+a)/a/b`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 7535 vs.  $2(265) = 530$ .

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7535, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/4)/(-b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(bx^2-a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(1/4)/(b*x^2 - a)^2, x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14637, normalized size of antiderivative = 40.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(1/4)/(a - b*x^2)^2,x)`

output

```
- atan((((2*(-(81*a^2*d^7*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^7 + 189*a^9*b^3*c*d^6 + 672*a^7*b^5*c^5*d^2 - 609*a^8*b^4*c^3*d^4 + 112*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2) - 189*a*b*c^2*d^5*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^6 - a^15*b^5*d^6 - 3*a^13*b^7*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^14*b^6*c^2*d^4))))^(1/4)*(196608*a^8*b^7*d^11 + 327680*a^6*b^9*c^4*d^7 - 524288*a^7*b^8*c^2*d^9))/a^4 - ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(196608*a^8*b^7*c*d^10 + 1048576*a^6*b^9*c^5*d^6 - 983040*a^7*b^8*c^3*d^8))/(8*a^6))*(-(81*a^2*d^7*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^7 + 189*a^9*b^3*c*d^6 + 672*a^7*b^5*c^5*d^2 - 609*a^8*b^4*c^3*d^4 + 112*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2) - 189*a*b*c^2*d^5*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^6 - a^15*b^5*d^6 - 3*a^13*b^7*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^14*b^6*c^2*d^4))))^(3/4) - (2*(1280*b^7*c^5*d^7 - 2016*a*b^6*c^3*d^9 + 729*a^2*b^5*c*d^11))/a^4)*(-(81*a^2*d^7*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^7 + 189*a^9*b^3*c*d^6 + 672*a^7*b^5*c^5*d^2 - 609*a^8*b^4*c^3*d^4 + 112*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2) - 189*a*b*c^2*d^5*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^6 - a^15*b^5*d^6 - 3*a^13*b^7*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^14*b^6*c^2*d^4))))^(1/4) + ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(729*a^3*b^4*d^12 + 4096*b^7*c^6*d^6 - 2304*a*b^6*c^4*d^8 - 1296*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^10))/(8*a^6))*(-(81*a^2*d^7*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^7 + 189*a^9*b^3*c*d^6 + 672*a^7*b^5*c^5*d^2 - 609*a^8*b^4*c^3*d^4 + 112*b^2*c^4*d^3*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2) - 189*a*b*c^2*d^5*(a^15*b^5)^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^6 - a^15*b^5*d^6 - 3*a^13*b^7*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^14*b^6*c^2*d^4))))^(1/4)*1i - (((2*(-(...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{(-bx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```



**3.230** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1956
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1957
Rubi [A] (verified)	1957
Maple [C] (verified)	1960
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1960
Sympy [F(-1)]	1961
Maxima [F]	1961
Giac [F(-1)]	1961
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1962
Reduce [F]	1962

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 394

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^{3/4}}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)(a-bx^2)}$$

$$+ \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-5\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{3/8}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4}}$$

$$- \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}+5\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{3/8}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{5/4}}$$

$$- \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-5\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{3/8}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{5/4}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}+5\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}b^{3/8}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{5/4}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(3/4)/a/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(-b*x^2+a)+1/8*(4*b^(1/2) \\
& *c-5*a^(1/2)*d)*\arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/ \\
& a^(3/2)/b^(3/8)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(5/4)-1/8*(4*b^(1/2)*c+5*a^(1/2)*d)* \\
& \arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/b^(3/8)/ \\
& (b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(5/4)-1/8*(4*b^(1/2)*c-5*a^(1/2)*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^(1/8)* \\
& (d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/b^(3/8)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2) \\
& *d)^(5/4)+1/8*(4*b^(1/2)*c+5*a^(1/2)*d)*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/( \\
& b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/b^(3/8)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(5/4)
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{8b(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^{3/4} + (-ad+bdx^2) \operatorname{RootSum}\left[bc^2-ad^2-2bc\#1^4+b\#1^8\&, \frac{3bc^2 \log\left(\sqrt[4]{c+dx}-\#1\right)}{16ab(-bc^2+ad^2)(a-bx^2)}\right]}{16ab(-bc^2+ad^2)(a-bx^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a - b*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

```
(8*b*(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(3/4) + (-a*d) + b*d*x^2)*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (3*b*c^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] - 5*a*d^2 *Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + b*c*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1 - #1^5) & ])/(16*a*b*(-(b*c^2) + a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2))
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - bx^2)^2 \sqrt[4]{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{4bc^2 + bdx - 5ad^2}{4\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(a - bx^2)} dx}{2a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}(ad - bcx)}{2a(a - bx^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{4bc^2 + bdx - 5ad^2}{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(a - bx^2)} dx}{8a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}(ad - bcx)}{2a(a - bx^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657 \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(4bc^2 - 5ad^2) - a\sqrt{bcd}}{2a(\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a})\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} + \frac{a\sqrt{bcd} + \sqrt{a}(4bc^2 - 5ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx})\sqrt[4]{c + dx}} \right) dx}{8a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}(ad - bcx)}{2a(a - bx^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bcd} - 5ad^2 + 4bc^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c + dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bcd} - 5ad^2 + 4bc^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c + dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}} - \frac{(-\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bcd} - 5ad^2 + 4bc^2)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/8}}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{(c + dx)^{3/4}(ad - bcx)}{2a(a - bx^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a - b*x^2)^2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{(3/4)})/(a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2)) + (((4*b*c^2 - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*d - 5*a*d^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}]) / (\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(3/8)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)})) - ((4*b*c^2 + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*d - 5*a*d^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}]) / (\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(3/8)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)})) - ((4*b*c^2 - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*d - 5*a*d^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}]) / (\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(3/8)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)})) + ((4*b*c^2 + \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*d - 5*a*d^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(b^{(1/8)}*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)})/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)}]) / (\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(3/8)}*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)^{(1/4)})) / (8*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b\_)*(G_x_) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 496

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[ \\
& (-a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}* \\
& \text{Simp}[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 657

$$\text{Int}[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^{(n_)} / ((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n / (a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[n]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

method	result
default	$\frac{d(-bx^2+a) \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{(-R^4 bc-5ad^2+3bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(-R^4-c)} \right)}{16a(ad^2-bc^2)(-bx^2+a)b} \right) + 8b(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}(-cb)}{16a(ad^2-bc^2)(-bx^2+a)b}$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d(-bx^2+a) \left( \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{(-R^4 bc-5ad^2+3bc^2) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}-R)}{-R(-R^4-c)} \right)}{16a(ad^2-bc^2)(-bx^2+a)b} \right) + 8b(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}(-cb)}{16a(ad^2-bc^2)(-bx^2+a)b}$
derivativedivides	$4d^3 \left( \frac{-\frac{bc(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{8ad^2(ad^2-bc^2)} + \frac{(ad^2+bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{8ad^2(ad^2-bc^2)}}{-b(dx+c)^2+2bc(dx+c)+ad^2-bc^2} - \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{c-R^6 b+(-5ad^2+3bc^2)}{-R} \right)}{64ad^2(ad^2-bc^2)b} \right)$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*(d*(-b*x^2+a)*sum(1/_R*(R^4*b*c-5*a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-R)/(-R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+8*b*(d*x+c)^(3/4)*(-b*c*x+a*d))/a/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/(-b*x^2+a)/b`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 13905 vs. 2(287) = 574.

Time = 28.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13905, normalized size of antiderivative = 35.29

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(1/4)/(-b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2-a)^2(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^2 - a)^2*(d*x + c)^(1/4)), x)`

### Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Timed out

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17149, normalized size of antiderivative = 43.53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4)),x)`

output `atan((((21299200*a^9*b^7*c*d^13 - 5242880*a^6*b^10*c^7*d^7 + 25231360*a^7*b^9*c^5*d^9 - 40239104*a^8*b^8*c^3*d^11)/(128*(a^9*d^4 + a^7*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^8*b*c^2*d^2)) - ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*((256*a^6*b^6*c^9 - 625*a^3*d^9*(a^15*b^3)^^(1/2) + 1125*a^10*b^2*c*d^8 - 1440*a^7*b^5*c^7*d^2 + 3105*a^8*b^4*c^5*d^4 - 3030*a^9*b^3*c^3*d^6 + 240*b^3*c^6*d^3*(a^15*b^3)^^(1/2) - 981*a*b^2*c^4*d^5*(a^15*b^3)^^(1/2) + 1350*a^2*b*c^2*d^7*(a^15*b^3)^^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^10 - a^17*b^3*d^10 - 5*a^13*b^7*c^8*d^2 + 10*a^14*b^6*c^6*d^4 - 10*a^15*b^5*c^4*d^6 + 5*a^16*b^4*c^2*d^8))))^(1/4)*(1048576*a^6*b^11*c^8*d^6 - 1638400*a^10*b^7*d^14 - 3604480*a^7*b^10*c^6*d^8 + 2949120*a^8*b^9*c^4*d^10 + 1245184*a^9*b^8*c^2*d^12))/(8*(a^8*d^4 + a^6*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^7*b*c^2*d^2)))*((256*a^6*b^6*c^9 - 625*a^3*d^9*(a^15*b^3)^^(1/2) + 1125*a^10*b^2*c*d^8 - 1440*a^7*b^5*c^7*d^2 + 3105*a^8*b^4*c^5*d^4 - 3030*a^9*b^3*c^3*d^6 + 240*b^3*c^6*d^3*(a^15*b^3)^^(1/2) - 981*a*b^2*c^4*d^5*(a^15*b^3)^^(1/2) + 1350*a^2*b*c^2*d^7*(a^15*b^3)^^(1/2)))/(65536*(a^12*b^8*c^10 - a^17*b^3*d^10 - 5*a^13*b^7*c^8*d^2 + 10*a^14*b^6*c^6*d^4 - 10*a^15*b^5*c^4*d^6 + 5*a^16*b^4*c^2*d^8))))^(3/4) + ((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(4096*b^9*c^7*d^6 - 16640*a*b^8*c^5*d^8 - 9375*a^3*b^6*c*d^12 + 22000*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^10))/(8*(a^8*d^4 + a^6*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^7*b*c^2*d^2)))*((256*a^6*b^6*c^9 - 625*a^3*d^9*(a^15*b^3)^^(1/2) + 1125*a^10*b^2*c*d^8 - 1440*a^7*b^5*c^7*d^2 + 3105*a^8*b^4*c^5*d^4 - 3030*a^9*b^3*c^3*d^6 + 240*b^3*c^6*d^3*(a^15*b^3)^^(1/2) - 981*a*b^2*c^4*...`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-bx^2+a)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)`



**3.231** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1964
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1965
Rubi [A] (verified)	1965
Maple [C] (verified)	1967
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1968
Sympy [F(-1)]	1968
Maxima [F]	1969
Giac [F(-1)]	1969
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1969
Reduce [F]	1970

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 394

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{(ad-bcx)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)(a-bx^2)}$$

$$-\frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-7\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{7/4}}$$

$$+\frac{(4\sqrt{bc}+7\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{7/4}}$$

$$-\frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-7\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{7/4}}$$

$$+\frac{(4\sqrt{bc}+7\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{7/4}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/2*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^{(1/4)}/a/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(-b*x^2+a)-1/8*(4*b^{(1/2)} \\
& *c-7*a^{(1/2)*d}*arctan(b^{(1/8)*(d*x+c)^{(1/4)}/(b^{(1/2)*c-a^{(1/2)*d})^{(1/4)}}/ \\
& a^{(3/2)}/b^{(1/8)}/(b^{(1/2)*c-a^{(1/2)*d})^{(7/4)}+1/8*(4*b^{(1/2)*c+7*a^{(1/2)*d}* \\
& arctan(b^{(1/8)*(d*x+c)^{(1/4)}/(b^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d})^{(1/4)}}/a^{(3/2)}/b^{(1/8)}/ \\
& (b^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d})^{(7/4)}-1/8*(4*b^{(1/2)*c-7*a^{(1/2)*d}*arctanh(b^{(1/8)* \\
& (d*x+c)^{(1/4)}/(b^{(1/2)*c-a^{(1/2)*d})^{(1/4)}}/a^{(3/2)}/b^{(1/8)}/(b^{(1/2)*c-a^{(1/2)*d})^{(7/4)} \\
& +1/8*(4*b^{(1/2)*c+7*a^{(1/2)*d}*arctanh(b^{(1/8)*(d*x+c)^{(1/4)}/( \\
& b^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d})^{(1/4)}}/a^{(3/2)}/b^{(1/8)}/(b^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d})^{(7/4)}
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{8b(ad-bcx)\sqrt[4]{c+dx} + (-ad+bdx^2) \operatorname{RootSum}\left[bc^2-ad^2-2bc\#1^4+b\#1^8\right]}{16ab(-bc^2+ad^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(3/4)*(a - b*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (8*b*(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{(1/4)} + (-a*d) + b*d*x^2)*\operatorname{RootSum}[b*c^2 - a* \\
& d^2 - 2*b*c*\#1^4 + b*\#1^8 \& , (b*c^2*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1] - 7*a*d^2*\operatorname{Log} \\
& [(c + d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1] + 3*b*c*\operatorname{Log}[(c + d*x)^{(1/4)} - \#1]*\#1^4)/(c*\#1^3 - \\
& \#1^7) \& ])/(16*a*b*(-(b*c^2) + a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2))
\end{aligned}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - bx^2)^2 (c + dx)^{3/4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4bc^2 + 3bdxc - 7ad^2}{4(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{2a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(ad - bcx)}{2a(a - bx^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4bc^2 + 3bdxc - 7ad^2}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)} dx}{8a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(ad - bcx)}{2a(a - bx^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657 \\
 & \frac{\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(4bc^2 - 7ad^2) - 3a\sqrt{bcd}}{2a(\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a})(c+dx)^{3/4}} + \frac{3a\sqrt{bcd} + \sqrt{a}(4bc^2 - 7ad^2)}{2a(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx})(c+dx)^{3/4}} \right) dx}{8a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(ad - bcx)}{2a(a - bx^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & \frac{(-3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bcd} - 7ad^2 + 4bc^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})^{3/4}} + \frac{(3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bcd} - 7ad^2 + 4bc^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b^4}\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc})^{3/4}} - \frac{(-3\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bcd} - 7ad^2 + 4bc^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}(\sqrt{a - bx^2})^{3/4}} \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(ad - bcx)}{2a(a - bx^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(3/4)*(a - b*x^2)^2),x]`

output `-1/2*((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2)) + (-((4*b*c^2 - 3*sqrt[a]*sqrt[b]*c*d - 7*a*d^2)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(sqrt[b]*c - sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)*(sqrt[b]*c - sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4))) + ((4*b*c^2 + 3*sqrt[a]*sqrt[b]*c*d - 7*a*d^2)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)*(sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4))) - ((4*b*c^2 - 3*sqrt[a]*sqrt[b]*c*d - 7*a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(sqrt[b]*c - sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)*(sqrt[b]*c - sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4))) + ((4*b*c^2 + 3*sqrt[a]*sqrt[b]*c*d - 7*a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)]/(sqrt[a]*b^(1/8)*(sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)^(3/4)))/(8*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

method	result
default	$\frac{d(-bx^2+a) \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{\left( {}_3R^4_{bc-7a d^2+bc^2} \right) \ln \left( (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R \right)}{-R^3 \left( -R^4 - c \right)} \right)}{16a(ad^2-bc^2)(-bx^2+a)b} + 8b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-cb)$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{d(-bx^2+a) \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{\left( {}_3R^4_{bc-7a d^2+bc^2} \right) \ln \left( (dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} - R \right)}{-R^3 \left( -R^4 - c \right)} \right)}{16a(ad^2-bc^2)(-bx^2+a)b} + 8b(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(-cb)$
derivativedivides	$4d^3 \left( \frac{\frac{bc(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{4}}}{8a d^2 (a d^2 - bc^2)} + \frac{(a d^2 + bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{8a d^2 (a d^2 - bc^2)}}{-b(dx+c)^2 + 2bc(dx+c) + a d^2 - bc^2} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^3-2bcZ^4-a d^2+bc^2)} \frac{\left( -{}_3R^4_{bc+7a d^2-bc^2} \right)}{-R^7 + \dots}}{64a d^2 (a d^2 - bc^2)b} \right)$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*(d*(-b*x^2+a)*sum((3*_R^4*b*c-7*a*d^2+b*c^2)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/_R^3/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+8*b*(d*x+c)^(1/4)*(-b*c*x+a*d))/a/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/(-b*x^2+a)/b`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 14823 vs.  $2(287) = 574$ .

Time = 13.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14823, normalized size of antiderivative = 37.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/4}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(3/4)/(-b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 - a)^2 (dx + c)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^2 - a)^2*(d*x + c)^(3/4)), x)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28255, normalized size of antiderivative = 71.71

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^2*(c + d*x)^(3/4)),x)`

output

```
(atan((((2401*a^4*d^11*(a^15*b)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^11 + 2464*a^7*b^5*c^9*d^2 - 9009*a^8*b^4*c^7*d^4 + 12859*a^9*b^3*c^5*d^6 + 77*a^10*b^2*c^3*d^8 - 1232*b^4*c^8*d^3*(a^15*b)^(1/2) - 11319*a^11*b*c*d^10 - 21549*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^7*(a^15*b)^(1/2) + 8855*a*b^3*c^6*d^5*(a^15*b)^(1/2) + 16709*a^3*b*c^2*d^9*(a^15*b)^(1/2))/(a^19*b*d^14 - a^12*b^8*c^14 + 7*a^13*b^7*c^12*d^2 - 21*a^14*b^6*c^10*d^4 + 35*a^15*b^5*c^8*d^6 - 35*a^16*b^4*c^6*d^8 + 21*a^17*b^3*c^4*d^10 - 7*a^18*b^2*c^2*d^12))^(1/4)*((((2401*a^4*d^11*(a^15*b)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^11 + 2464*a^7*b^5*c^9*d^2 - 9009*a^8*b^4*c^7*d^4 + 12859*a^9*b^3*c^5*d^6 + 77*a^10*b^2*c^3*d^8 - 1232*b^4*c^8*d^3*(a^15*b)^(1/2) - 11319*a^11*b*c*d^10 - 21549*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^7*(a^15*b)^(1/2) + 8855*a*b^3*c^6*d^5*(a^15*b)^(1/2) + 16709*a^3*b*c^2*d^9*(a^15*b)^(1/2))/(a^19*b*d^14 - a^12*b^8*c^14 + 7*a^13*b^7*c^12*d^2 - 21*a^14*b^6*c^10*d^4 + 35*a^15*b^5*c^8*d^6 - 35*a^16*b^4*c^6*d^8 + 21*a^17*b^3*c^4*d^10 - 7*a^18*b^2*c^2*d^12))^(1/4)*((((c + d*x)^(1/4)*(12386304*a^11*b^8*c*d^16 + 1048576*a^6*b^13*c^11*d^6 - 6750208*a^7*b^12*c^9*d^8 + 11010048*a^8*b^11*c^7*d^10 + 6422528*a^9*b^10*c^5*d^12 - 24117248*a^10*b^9*c^3*d^14))/(8*(a^10*d^8 + a^6*b^4*c^8 - 4*a^9*b*c^2*d^6 - 4*a^7*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^8*b^2*c^4*d^4)) - (((2401*a^4*d^11*(a^15*b)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^6*c^11 + 2464*a^7*b^5*c^9*d^2 - 9009*a^8*b^4*c^7*d^4 + 12859*a^9*b^3*c^5*d^6 + 77*a^10*b^2*c^3*d^8 - 1232*b^4*c^8*d^3*(a^15*b)^(1/2) - 11319*a^11*b*c*d^10 - 21549*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^7*(a...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{3/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^{3/4} (-bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

$$3.232 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1972
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1973
Rubi [A] (verified)	1973
Maple [C] (verified)	1976
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1978
Sympy [F(-1)]	1978
Maxima [F]	1978
Giac [F]	1979
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1979
Reduce [F]	1980



## Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 437

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)^2} dx = -\frac{d(bc^2+9ad^2)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}$$

$$-\frac{ad-bcx}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}(4\sqrt{bc}-9\sqrt{ad})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{9/4}}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}(4\sqrt{bc}+9\sqrt{ad})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{9/4}}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}(4\sqrt{bc}-9\sqrt{ad})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^{9/4}}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}(4\sqrt{bc}+9\sqrt{ad})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})^{9/4}}$$

output

```
-1/2*d*(9*a*d^2+b*c^2)/a/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/4)-1/2*(-b*c*x+a*d)/a/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(-b*x^2+a)+1/8*b^(1/8)*(4*b^(1/2)*c-9*a^(1/2)*d)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)-1/8*b^(1/8)*(4*b^(1/2)*c+9*a^(1/2)*d)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)-1/8*b^(1/8)*(4*b^(1/2)*c-9*a^(1/2)*d)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)+1/8*b^(1/8)*(4*b^(1/2)*c+9*a^(1/2)*d)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*(d*x+c)^(1/4)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/4))/a^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^(9/4)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{64a^2d^3 - 8b^2c^2x(c + dx) + 8abd(2c^2 + cdx - 9d^2x^2) + 8ad^3\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(-a +$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(5/4)*(a - b*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(64*a^2*d^3 - 8*b^2*c^2*x*(c + d*x) + 8*a*b*d*(2*c^2 + c*d*x - 9*d^2*x^2) + 8*a*d^3*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(-a + b*x^2)*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (-2*c*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1 - #1^5) & ] + d*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(-a + b*x^2)*RootSum[b*c^2 - a*d^2 - 2*b*c*#1^4 + b*#1^8 & , (3*b*c^3*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] - 7*a*c*d^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1] + b*c^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4 + a*d^2*Log[(c + d*x)^(1/4) - #1]*#1^4)/(c*#1 - #1^5) & ])/(16*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(-a + b*x^2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 531, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.350$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 655, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - bx^2)^2 (c + dx)^{5/4}} dx$$

↓ 496

$$\frac{\int \frac{4bc^2 + 5bdcx - 9ad^2}{4(c + dx)^{5/4}(a - bx^2)} dx}{2a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{ad - bcx}{2a(a - bx^2)\sqrt[4]{c + dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{4bc^2+5bdxc-9ad^2}{(c+dx)^{5/4}(a-bx^2)} dx - \frac{ad-bcx}{2a(a-bx^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(2c(2bc^2-7ad^2)+d(bc^2+9ad^2)x)}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{4d(9ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{2a(a-bx^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 655 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(2c(2bc^2-7ad^2)+d(bc^2+9ad^2)x)}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{4d(9ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{2a(a-bx^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(2c(2bc^2-7ad^2)+d(bc^2+9ad^2)x)}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{4d(9ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{2a(a-bx^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & b \int \frac{2c(2bc^2-7ad^2)+d(bc^2+9ad^2)x}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(a-bx^2)} dx - \frac{4d(9ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{2a(a-bx^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 657 \\
 & b \int \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}(2bc^2-7ad^2) - \frac{ad(bc^2+9ad^2)}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a})\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} + \frac{2\sqrt{ac}(2bc^2-7ad^2) + \frac{ad(bc^2+9ad^2)}{\sqrt{b}}}{2a(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})\sqrt[4]{c+dx}} \right) dx - \frac{4d(9ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{2a(a-bx^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 2009
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{(9\sqrt{ad+4\sqrt{bc}})(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} + \frac{(4\sqrt{bc}-9\sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}}} + \frac{(9\sqrt{ad+4\sqrt{bc}})(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{7/8}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2}$$


---


$$\frac{ad-bcx}{2a(a-bx^2)\sqrt[4]{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \qquad 8a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

input

```
Int[1/((c + d*x)^(5/4)*(a - b*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(a - b*x^2)) + ((-4*d*(b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2))/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)) + (b*(((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 9*Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^2*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)) - ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^2*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + 9*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)) - ((4*Sqrt[b]*c - 9*Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^2*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)) + ((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)^2*(4*Sqrt[b]*c + 9*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*(c + d*x)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)])/(Sqrt[a]*b^(7/8)*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(1/4)))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(8*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 (-(a*d + b*c*x))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2  
 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a  
 + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2  
 *p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuad  
 raticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 655 `Int((((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2),  
 x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*((d + e*x)^(m + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))  
 ), x] + Simp[1/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(Simp[c*d*f + a*e*g  
 - c*(e*f - d*g)*x, x]/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x]  
 && FractionQ[m] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 657 `Int((((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(  
 x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^  
 2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result
default	$\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} d(-bx^2+a)}{4} \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{(9R^4ad^2+R^4bc^2-23ad^2c+3bc^3) \ln((dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}})}{R(R^4-c)} \right)}{64} \right)$
pseudoelliptic	$\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} d(-bx^2+a)}{4} \left( \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} (ad^2-bc^2)^2 a(-bx^2+a)}{R(R^4-c)} \right)}{64} \right)$
derivativedivides	$4d^3 \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(ad^2+bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{4}}}{8ad^2} + \frac{c(3ad^2+bc^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{8ad^2} - \frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bZ^8-2bcZ^4-ad^2+bc^2)} \left( \frac{(9ad^2+bc^2)}{64ad^2b} \right)}{-b(dx+c)^2+2bc(dx+c)+ad^2-bc^2} \right)}{(ad^2-bc^2)^2} \right)$

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -4/(d*x+c)^(1/4)*(1/64*(d*x+c)^(1/4)*d*(-b*x^2+a)*sum(1/_R*(9*_R^4*a*d^2+_R^4*b*c^2-23*a*c*d^2+3*b*c^3)*ln((d*x+c)^(1/4)-_R)/(_R^4-c),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b-2*_Z^4*b*c-a*d^2+b*c^2))+a^2*d^3+1/4*(-9/2*d^2*x^2+1/2*c*d*x+c^2)*d*b*a-1/8*b^2*c^2*x*(d*x+c))/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2/a/(-b*x^2+a)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 23435 vs.  $2(326) = 652$ .

Time = 133.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23435, normalized size of antiderivative = 53.63

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(5/4)/(-b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 - a)^2 (dx + c)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^2 - a)^2*(d*x + c)^(5/4)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 - a)^2 (dx + c)^{5/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^2 - a)^2*(d*x + c)^(5/4)), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 16.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37402, normalized size of antiderivative = 85.59

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^2*(c + d*x)^(5/4)),x)`



output

```
(atan(((((((6561*a^5*d^13*(a^15*b)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^7*c^13 + 3744*a^7*b^6
*c^11*d^2 - 20241*a^8*b^5*c^9*d^4 + 32604*a^9*b^4*c^7*d^6 + 70434*a^10*b^3
*c^5*d^8 - 198900*a^11*b^2*c^3*d^10 - 3120*b^5*c^10*d^3*(a^15*b)^(1/2) - 4
7385*a^12*b*c*d^12 - 123084*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^7*(a^15*b)^(1/2) + 106366*a^3*b^
2*c^4*d^9*(a^15*b)^(1/2) + 34281*a*b^4*c^8*d^5*(a^15*b)^(1/2) + 138996*a^4
*b*c^2*d^11*(a^15*b)^(1/2)))/(a^21*d^18 - a^12*b^9*c^18 - 9*a^20*b*c^2*d^16
+ 9*a^13*b^8*c^16*d^2 - 36*a^14*b^7*c^14*d^4 + 84*a^15*b^6*c^12*d^6 - 126
*a^16*b^5*c^10*d^8 + 126*a^17*b^4*c^8*d^10 - 84*a^18*b^3*c^6*d^12 + 36*a^1
9*b^2*c^4*d^14))^(3/4)*((((6561*a^5*d^13*(a^15*b)^(1/2) - 256*a^6*b^7*c^13
+ 3744*a^7*b^6*c^11*d^2 - 20241*a^8*b^5*c^9*d^4 + 32604*a^9*b^4*c^7*d^6 +
70434*a^10*b^3*c^5*d^8 - 198900*a^11*b^2*c^3*d^10 - 3120*b^5*c^10*d^3*(a^
15*b)^(1/2) - 47385*a^12*b*c*d^12 - 123084*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^7*(a^15*b)^(1/2)
+ 106366*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^9*(a^15*b)^(1/2) + 34281*a*b^4*c^8*d^5*(a^15*b)^(1/
2) + 138996*a^4*b*c^2*d^11*(a^15*b)^(1/2)))/(a^21*d^18 - a^12*b^9*c^18 - 9*
a^20*b*c^2*d^16 + 9*a^13*b^8*c^16*d^2 - 36*a^14*b^7*c^14*d^4 + 84*a^15*b^6
*c^12*d^6 - 126*a^16*b^5*c^10*d^8 + 126*a^17*b^4*c^8*d^10 - 84*a^18*b^3*c^
6*d^12 + 36*a^19*b^2*c^4*d^14))^(1/4)*(c + d*x)^(1/4)*(5435817984*a^40*b^8
*d^60 - 1073741824*a^13*b^35*c^54*d^6 + 32145145856*a^14*b^34*c^52*d^8 - 4
43992244224*a^15*b^33*c^50*d^10 + 3755747573760*a^16*b^32*c^48*d^12 - 2172
7165808640*a^17*b^31*c^46*d^14 + 90433891860480*a^18*b^30*c^44*d^16 - 2...
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/4} (a - bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^{5/4} (-bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(5/4)/(-b*x^2+a)^2,x)
```

### 3.233 $\int (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1981
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1982
Rubi [A] (verified)	1982
Maple [A] (verified)	1985
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1986
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1987
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1987
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1988
Mupad [F(-1)]	1989
Reduce [F]	1989

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{(8b^2c^4 - 12abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4) x \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{16b^2} + \frac{3cd(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{10b} + \frac{d(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{6b} + \frac{d(8c(13bc^2 - 8ad^2) + 3d(16bc^2 - 5ad^2) x) (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{120b^2} + \frac{a(8b^2c^4 - 12abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/16*(a^2*d^4-12*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+3/10*c*d*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/6*d*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/120*d*(8*c*(-8*a*d^2+13*b*c^2)+3*d*(-5*a*d^2+16*b*c^2)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b^2+1/16*a*(a^2*d^4-12*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-a^2d^3(128c + 15dx) + 2abd(160c^3 + 90c^2dx + 32cd^2x^2 + 5d^3x^3) + 8b^2x(15c^4 + 40c^3dx + 40c^2d^2x^2 + 24cd^3x^3 + 5d^4x^4)) - 15a(8b^2c^4 - 12abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4)\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + bx^2]]}{240b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-(a^2*d^3*(128*c + 15*d*x)) + 2*a*b*d*(160*c^3 + 90*c^2*d*x + 32*c*d^2*x^2 + 5*d^3*x^3) + 8*b^2*x*(15*c^4 + 40*c^3*d*x + 40*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 24*c*d^3*x^3 + 5*d^4*x^4)) - 15*a*(8*b^2*c^4 - 12*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(240*b^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 687, 27, 676, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int 3(c + dx)^2 (2bc^2 + 3bdxc - ad^2) \sqrt{bx^2 + adx}}{6b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^3}{6b}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^2 (2bc^2 + 3bdxc - ad^2) \sqrt{bx^2 + adx}}{2b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^3}{6b}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int b(c+dx)(c(10bc^2-11ad^2)+d(16bc^2-5ad^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+adx}}{5b} + \frac{\frac{3}{5}cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2}{2b} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}{6b}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}\int(c+dx)(c(10bc^2-11ad^2)+d(16bc^2-5ad^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+adx} + \frac{3}{5}cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2}{2b} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}{6b}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{5(a^2d^4-12abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{4b}\int\sqrt{bx^2+adx} + \frac{d^2x(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(16bc^2-5ad^2)}{4b} + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(13bc^2-8ad^2)}{3b}\right) + \frac{3}{5}cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2}{2b} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}{6b}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{5(a^2d^4-12abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{4b}\left(\frac{1}{2}a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right) + \frac{d^2x(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(16bc^2-5ad^2)}{4b} + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(13bc^2-8ad^2)}{3b}\right) + \frac{3}{5}cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2}{2b} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}{6b}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}\left(\frac{5(a^2d^4-12abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{4b}\left(\frac{1}{2}a\int\frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}}\frac{d-x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right) + \frac{d^2x(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(16bc^2-5ad^2)}{4b} + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(13bc^2-8ad^2)}{3b}\right) + \frac{3}{5}cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2}{2b} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}{6b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right) (a^2d^4 - 12abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4)}{4b} + \frac{d^2x(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(16bc^2 - 5ad^2)}{4b} + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(13bc^2 - 8ad^2)}{3b} \right)}{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3} \cdot \frac{2b}{6b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(6*b) + ((3*c*d*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/5 + ((2*c*d*(13*b*c^2 - 8*a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b) + (d^2*(16*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*b) + (5*(8*b^2*c^4 - 12*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/(4*b))/5)/(2*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 497 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b
*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +
1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n
, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p
+ 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

```
rule 676 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Sim
p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 687 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
risch	$\frac{-40d^4b^2x^5 - 192b^2cd^3x^4 - 10ad^4bx^3 - 360b^2c^2d^2x^3 - 64abc d^3x^2 - 320b^2c^3dx^2 + 15a^2d^4x - 180ac^2d^2xb - 120b^2c^4x + 128d^3ca^2}{240b^2}$
default	$c^4 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) + d^4 \left( \frac{x^3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{2b} \right)$

```
input int((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/240*(-40*b^2*d^4*x^5-192*b^2*c*d^3*x^4-10*a*b*d^4*x^3-360*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^3-64*a*b*c*d^3*x^2-320*b^2*c^3*d*x^2+15*a^2*d^4*x-180*a*b*c^2*d^2*x-120*b^2*c^4*x+128*a^2*c*d^3-320*a*b*c^3*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/16*a*(a^2*d^4-12*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)/b^(5/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15(8ab^2c^4 - 12a^2bc^2d^2 + a^3d^4)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) + 2(40b^3d^4x^5 + 192b^3cd^3x^4 + 320ab^2c^3d - 128a^2b^3c^3d^3 + 10(36b^3c^2d^2 + a^2b^2d^4)x^3 + 64(5b^3c^3d + ab^2cd^3)x^2 + 15(8b^3c^4 + 12ab^2c^2d^2 - a^2bd^4)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b^3} - \frac{15(8ab^2c^4 - 12a^2bc^2d^2 + a^3d^4)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (40b^3d^4x^5 + 192b^3cd^3x^4 + 320ab^2c^3d - 128a^2b^3c^3d^3 + 10(36b^3c^2d^2 + a^2b^2d^4)x^3 + 64(5b^3c^3d + ab^2cd^3)x^2 + 15(8b^3c^4 + 12ab^2c^2d^2 - a^2bd^4)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b^3}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/480*(15*(8*a*b^2*c^4 - 12*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + a^3*d^4)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(40*b^3*d^4*x^5 + 192*b^3*c*d^3*x^4 + 320*a*b^2*c^3*d - 128*a^2*b*c*d^3 + 10*(36*b^3*c^2*d^2 + a*b^2*d^4)*x^3 + 64*(5*b^3*c^3*d + a*b^2*c*d^3)*x^2 + 15*(8*b^3*c^4 + 12*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3, -1/240*(15*(8*a*b^2*c^4 - 12*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + a^3*d^4)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (40*b^3*d^4*x^5 + 192*b^3*c*d^3*x^4 + 320*a*b^2*c^3*d - 128*a^2*b*c*d^3 + 10*(36*b^3*c^2*d^2 + a*b^2*d^4)*x^3 + 64*(5*b^3*c^3*d + a*b^2*c*d^3)*x^2 + 15*(8*b^3*c^4 + 12*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left( \frac{4cd^3x^4}{5} + \frac{d^4x^5}{6} + \frac{x^3 \left( \frac{ad^4}{6} + 6bc^2d^2 \right)}{4b} + \frac{x^2 \cdot \left( \frac{4acd^3}{5} + 4bc^3d \right)}{3b} + \frac{x \left( 6ac^2d^2 - \frac{3a \left( \frac{ad^4}{6} + 6bc^2d^2 \right)}{4b} + bc^4 \right)}{2b} + \frac{4ac^3d - \frac{2a \left( \frac{ad^4}{6} + 6bc^2d^2 \right)}{4b}}{2b} \right) \\ \sqrt{a} \left( \begin{cases} c^4x & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^5}{5d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(4*c*d**3*x**4/5 + d**4*x**5/6 + x**3*(a*d**4/6 + 6*b*c**2*d**2)/(4*b) + x**2*(4*a*c*d**3/5 + 4*b*c**3*d)/(3*b) + x*(6*a*c**2*d**2 - 3*a*(a*d**4/6 + 6*b*c**2*d**2)/(4*b) + b*c**4)/(2*b) + (4*a*c**3*d - 2*a*(4*a*c*d**3/5 + 4*b*c**3*d)/(3*b))/b) + (a*c**4 - a*(6*a*c**2*d**2 - 3*a*(a*d**4/6 + 6*b*c**2*d**2)/(4*b) + b*c**4)/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*Piecewise((c**4*x, Eq(d, 0)), ((c + d*x)**5/(5*d), True)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^4 x^3}{6b} + \frac{4(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} cd^3 x^2}{5b} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} ac^4 x$$

$$+ \frac{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 d^2 x}{2b} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} ac^2 d^2 x}{4b} - \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} ad^4 x}{8b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 d^4 x}{16b^2} + \frac{ac^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{3a^2 c^2 d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{a^3 d^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{4(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 d}{3b} - \frac{8(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} acd^3}{15b^2}$$



input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*d^4*x^3/b + 4/5*(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*c*d^3*x^2/b + 1/2* \\ & \text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a)*c^4*x + 3/2*(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*c^2*d^2*x/b - 3/4*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 \\ & + a)*a*c^2*d^2*x/b - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a*d^4*x/b^2 + 1/16*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 \\ & + a)*a^2*d^4*x/b^2 + 1/2*a*c^4*\text{arcsinh}(b*x/\text{sqrt}(a*b))/\text{sqrt}(b) - 3/4*a^2*c^ \\ & 2*d^2*\text{arcsinh}(b*x/\text{sqrt}(a*b))/b^{(3/2)} + 1/16*a^3*d^4*\text{arcsinh}(b*x/\text{sqrt}(a*b)) \\ & /b^{(5/2)} + 4/3*(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*c^3*d/b - 8/15*(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a*c*d^3/ \\ & b^2 \end{aligned}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx \\ & = \frac{1}{240} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left( \left( 2 \left( \left( 4(5d^4x + 24cd^3)x + \frac{5(36b^4c^2d^2 + ab^3d^4)}{b^4} \right) x + \frac{32(5b^4c^3d + ab^3cd^3)}{b^4} \right) x + \frac{15(8ab^2c^4 - 12a^2bc^2d^2 + a^3d^4) \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{16b^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/240*\text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a)*\left(\left(2*\left(\left(4*(5*d^4*x + 24*c*d^3)*x + 5*(36*b^4*c^2*d^2 + \right. \right. \right. \\ & a*b^3*d^4)/b^4)*x + 32*(5*b^4*c^3*d + a*b^3*c*d^3)/b^4)*x + 15*(8*b^4*c^4 \\ & + 12*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b^2*d^4)/b^4)*x + 64*(5*a*b^3*c^3*d - 2*a^2*b^2* \\ & c*d^3)/b^4) - 1/16*(8*a*b^2*c^4 - 12*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + a^3*d^4)*\log(\text{abs}(-\text{sqrt} \\ & \text{t}(b)*x + \text{sqrt}(b*x^2 + a)))/b^{(5/2)} \end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (c + dx)^4 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^4, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int (dx + c)^4 \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

### 3.234 $\int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1990
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1990
Rubi [A] (verified)	1991
Maple [A] (verified)	1993
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1994
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1994
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1995
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1995
Mupad [F(-1)]	1996
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1996

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{c(4bc^2 - 3ad^2)x\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{8b} + \frac{d(c + dx)^2(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{5b} + \frac{d(8(6bc^2 - ad^2) + 21bcdx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{60b^2} + \frac{ac(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*c*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/5*d*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/60*d*(21*b*c*d*x-8*a*d^2+48*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b^2+1/8*a*c*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-16a^2d^3 + abd(120c^2 + 45cdx + 8d^2x^2) + 6b^2x(10c^3 + 20c^2dx + 15cd^2x^2 + 4d^3x^3)) + 15a\sqrt{b}}{120b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-16*a^2*d^3 + a*b*d*(120*c^2 + 45*c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2) + 6*b^2*x*(10*c^3 + 20*c^2*d*x + 15*c*d^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^3)) + 15*a*Sqrt[b]*c*(-4*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(120*b^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {497, 676, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{\int (c + dx)(5bc^2 + 7bdxc - 2ad^2)\sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx}{5b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2}{5b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 676 \\
 & \frac{\frac{5}{4}c(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(6bc^2-ad^2)}{3b} + \frac{7}{4}cd^2x(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{5b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2}{5b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{\frac{5}{4}c(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(6bc^2-ad^2)}{3b} + \frac{7}{4}cd^2x(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{5b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2}{5b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{5}{4}c(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(6bc^2-ad^2)}{3b} + \frac{7}{4}cd^2x(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2}{5b}} +$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{5}{4}c \left( \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) (4bc^2 - 3ad^2) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(6bc^2-ad^2)}{3b} + \frac{7}{4}cd^2x(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^2}{5b}} +$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(d*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(5*b) + ((2*d*(6*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b) + (7*c*d^2*x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (5*c*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/4)/(5*b)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 224

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 497

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b
*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +
1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n
, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p
+ 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 676

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Sim
p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-24b^2x^4d^3 - 90b^2cx^3d^2 - 8abd^3x^2 - 120b^2c^2dx^2 - 45abc^2d^2x - 60c^3b^2x + 16a^2d^3 - 120abc^2d)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{120b^2} - \frac{ac(3ad^2 - 4bc^2)\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$c^3 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) + d^3 \left( \frac{x^2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{5b} - \frac{2a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15b^2} \right) + 3cd^2 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} \right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/120*(-24*b^2*d^3*x^4-90*b^2*c*d^2*x^3-8*a*b*d^3*x^2-120*b^2*c^2*d*x^2-4
5*a*b*c*d^2*x-60*b^2*c^3*x+16*a^2*d^3-120*a*b*c^2*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2-1
/8*a*c/b^(3/2)*(3*a*d^2-4*b*c^2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{15(4abc^3 - 3a^2cd^2)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a) - 2(24b^2d^3x^4 + 90b^2cd^2x^3 + 120abc^2d - 16a^2d^3 + 8(15b^2c^3 - 3a^2cd^2)x)\sqrt{b}}{240b^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{15(4abc^3 - 3a^2cd^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (24b^2d^3x^4 + 90b^2cd^2x^3 + 120abc^2d - 16a^2d^3 + 8(15b^2c^3 - 3a^2cd^2)x)\sqrt{-b}}{120b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/240*(15*(4*a*b*c^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(24*b^2*d^3*x^4 + 90*b^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 120*a*b*c^2*d - 16*a^2*d^3 + 8*(15*b^2*c^2*d + a*b*d^3)*x^2 + 15*(4*b^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/120*(15*(4*a*b*c^3 - 3*a^2*c*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (24*b^2*d^3*x^4 + 90*b^2*c*d^2*x^3 + 120*a*b*c^2*d - 16*a^2*d^3 + 8*(15*b^2*c^2*d + a*b*d^3)*x^2 + 15*(4*b^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left( \frac{3cd^2x^3}{4} + \frac{d^3x^4}{5} + \frac{x^2\left(\frac{ad^3}{5} + 3bc^2d\right)}{3b} + \frac{x\left(\frac{3acd^2}{4} + bc^3\right)}{2b} + \frac{3ac^2d - \frac{2a\left(\frac{ad^3}{5} + 3bc^2d\right)}{3b}}{b} \right) + \left( ac^3 - \frac{a\left(\frac{3acd^2}{4} + bc^3\right)}{2b} \right) \\ \sqrt{a} \left( \begin{cases} c^3x & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^4}{4d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(3*c*d**2*x**3/4 + d**3*x**4/5 + x**2*(a*d**3/5 + 3*b*c**2*d)/(3*b) + x*(3*a*c*d**2/4 + b*c**3)/(2*b) + (3*a*c**2*d - 2*a*(a*d**3/5 + 3*b*c**2*d)/(3*b))/b) + (a*c**3 - a*(3*a*c*d**2/4 + b*c**3)/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*Piecewise((c**3*x, Eq(d, 0)), ((c + d*x)**4/(4*d), True)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 x^2}{5b} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c^3 x + \frac{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} c d^2 x}{4b} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a c d^2 x}{8b} + \frac{a c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{3a^2 c d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 d}{b} - \frac{2(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a d^3}{15b^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*d^3*x^2/b + 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c^3*x + 3/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*c*d^2*x/b - 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*c*d^2*x/b + 1/2*a*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 3/8*a^2*c*d^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*c^2*d/b - 2/15*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*d^3/b^2
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{1}{120} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left( \left( 2 \left( 3(4d^3x + 15cd^2)x + \frac{4(15b^3c^2d + ab^2d^3)}{b^3} \right) x + \frac{15(4b^3c^3 + 3ab^2cd^2)}{b^3} \right) x + \frac{8(15ab^3c^3 - 3a^2cd^2) \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right|\right)}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$$



input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{120}\sqrt{b x^2 + a} \left( (2(3(4d^3x + 15c^2d)x + 4(15b^3c^2d + ab^2d^3)/b^3)x + 15(4b^3c^3 + 3ab^2cd^2)/b^3)x + 8(15ab^2c^2d - 2a^2bd^3)/b^3 - \frac{1}{8}(4abc^3 - 3a^2cd^2) \log(\text{abs}(-\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{b x^2 + a})) \right) / b^{3/2}$$

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 d^3 + 120\sqrt{bx^2 + a} ab c^2 d + 45\sqrt{bx^2 + a} abc d^2 x + 8\sqrt{bx^2 + a} ab d^3 x^2 + 60\sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^2 c^2 x^3}{120b^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output 
$$\left( -16\sqrt{a + b x^2} a^2 d^3 + 120\sqrt{a + b x^2} a b c^2 d + 45\sqrt{a + b x^2} a b c d^2 x + 8\sqrt{a + b x^2} a b d^3 x^2 + 60\sqrt{a + b x^2} b^2 c^2 x^3 + 24\sqrt{a + b x^2} b^2 d^3 x^4 - 45\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2} + \sqrt{b} x}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 c d^2 + 60\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2} + \sqrt{b} x}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a b c^3 \right) / (120 b^{3/2})$$

### 3.235 $\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	1997
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1997
Rubi [A] (verified)	1998
Maple [A] (verified)	2000
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2000
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2001
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2002
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2002
Mupad [F(-1)]	2003
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2003

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{(4bc^2 - ad^2)x\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{8b} + \frac{d(8c + 3dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{12b} + \frac{a(4bc^2 - ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/12*d*(3*d*x+8*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/8*a*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(16acd + 12bc^2x + 3ad^2x + 16bcdx^2 + 6bd^2x^3)}{24b} + \frac{a(-4bc^2 + ad^2) \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{8b^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(16*a*c*d + 12*b*c^2*x + 3*a*d^2*x + 16*b*c*d*x^2 + 6*b*d^2*x^3))/(24*b) + (a*(-4*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]
)]/(8*b^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {497, 455, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{\int (4bc^2 + 5bdxc - ad^2) \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx}{4b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{(4bc^2 - ad^2) \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{5}{3}cd(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{4b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{(4bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{5}{3}cd(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{4b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{(4bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{5}{3}cd(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{4b} + \\
 & \quad \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)}{4b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right) (4bc^2 - ad^2) + \frac{5}{3}cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{\frac{4b}{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}(c+dx)} +$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(4*b) + ((5*c*d*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/3 + (4*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/(4*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 497

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b
*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +
1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n
, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p
+ 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
risch	$\frac{(6b^2d^2x^3 + 16bcdx^2 + 3ad^2x + 12c^2bx + 16acd)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{24b} - \frac{a(ad^2 - 4bc^2)\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$c^2 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) + d^2 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{2cd(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/24*(6*b*d^2*x^3+16*b*c*d*x^2+3*a*d^2*x+12*b*c^2*x+16*a*c*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1
/2)/b-1/8*a*(a*d^2-4*b*c^2)/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(4abc^2 - a^2d^2)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a) - 2(6b^2d^2x^3 + 16b^2cdx^2 + 16abcd + 3(4b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{48b^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(4abc^2 - a^2d^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (6b^2d^2x^3 + 16b^2cdx^2 + 16abcd + 3(4b^2c^2 + abd^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{24b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/48*(3*(4*a*b*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(6*b^2*d^2*x^3 + 16*b^2*c*d*x^2 + 16*a*b*c*d + 3*(4*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/b^2, -1/24*(3*(4*a*b*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (6*b^2*d^2*x^3 + 16*b^2*c*d*x^2 + 16*a*b*c*d + 3*(4*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/b^2]`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left( \frac{2acd}{3b} + \frac{2cdx^2}{3} + \frac{d^2x^3}{4} + \frac{x\left(\frac{ad^2}{4} + bc^2\right)}{2b} \right) + \left( ac^2 - \frac{a\left(\frac{ad^2}{4} + bc^2\right)}{2b} \right) \begin{cases} \frac{\log\left(\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2}+2bx}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ \sqrt{a} \begin{cases} c^2x & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(2*a*c*d/(3*b) + 2*c*d*x**2/3 + d**2*x**3/4 + x*(a*d**2/4 + b*c**2)/(2*b)) + (a*c**2 - a*(a*d**2/4 + b*c**2)/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*Piecewise((c**2*x, Eq(d, 0)), ((c + d*x)**3/(3*d), True)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c^2 x + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2 x}{4b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a d^2 x}{8b} \\ + \frac{ac^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{a^2 d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} cd}{3b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c^2*x + 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*d^2*x/b - 1/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*d^2*x/b + 1/2*a*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 1/8*a^2*d^2*a  
rcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 2/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*c*d/b`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx \\ = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left( \frac{16acd}{b} + \left( 2(3d^2x + 8cd)x + \frac{3(4b^2c^2 + abd^2)}{b^2} \right) x \right) \\ - \frac{(4abc^2 - a^2d^2) \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{8b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/24*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(16*a*c*d/b + (2*(3*d^2*x + 8*c*d)*x + 3*(4*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)/b^2)*x) - 1/8*(4*a*b*c^2 - a^2*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{16\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abcd + 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abd^2x + 12\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2c^2x + 16\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2cdx^2 + 6\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2d^2x^3}{24b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x + 12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**3 - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*d**2 + 12*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*b*c**2)/(24*b**2)`



### 3.236 $\int (c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	2004
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2004
Rubi [A] (verified)	2005
Maple [A] (verified)	2006
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2007
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2007
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2008
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2008
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2009
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2009

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}cx\sqrt{a + bx^2} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3b} + \frac{ac \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
1/2*c*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/3*d*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/2*a*c*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/
(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(2ad + 3bcx + 2bdx^2)}{6b} - \frac{ac \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(2*a*d + 3*b*c*x + 2*b*d*x^2))/(6*b) - (a*c*Log[-(Sqrt[b]
*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {455, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & c \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & c \left( \frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & c \left( \frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & c \left( \frac{\text{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `(d*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b) + c*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 211  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p - 1}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4\*p] || IntegerQ[6\*p])

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 455  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_ + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
default	$c \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{d(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b}$	54
risch	$\frac{(2bdx^2+3cbx+2ad)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{6b} + \frac{ac \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}}$	56

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))+1/3*d*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3a\sqrt{bc} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) + 2(2bdx^2 + 3bcx + 2ad)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{12b}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3a\sqrt{-bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (2bdx^2 + 3bcx + 2ad)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{6b} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(3*a*sqrt(b)*c*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(2*b*d*x^2 + 3*b*c*x + 2*a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b, -1/6*(3*a*sqrt(-b)*c*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (2*b*d*x^2 + 3*b*c*x + 2*a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{ac \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2}+2bx)}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} + \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left( \frac{ad}{3b} + \frac{cx}{2} + \frac{dx^2}{3} \right) & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{a} \left( cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((a*c*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b),
Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True))/2 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(a*d/(3*b)
+ c*x/2 + d*x**2/3), Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(c*x + d*x**2/2), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{bx^2 + acx} + \frac{ac \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3b}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*x + 1/2*a*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 1/3*(b*
x^2 + a)^(3/2)*d/b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = -\frac{ac \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\left((2dx + 3c)x + \frac{2ad}{b}\right)$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2*a*c*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/sqrt(b) + 1/6*sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*((2*d*x + 3*c)*x + 2*a*d/b)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \frac{d(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{3b} + \frac{cx\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{2} + \frac{ac \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a})}{2\sqrt{b}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x),x)`output `(d*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*b) + (c*x*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/2 + (a*c*log(b^(1/2)*x + (a + b*x^2)^(1/2)))/(2*b^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}ad + 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}bcx + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}bdx^2 + 3\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ac}{6b}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*d + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*c)/(6*b)`

### 3.237 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	2010
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2010
Rubi [A] (verified)	2011
Maple [B] (verified)	2013
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2013
Sympy [F]	2014
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2014
Giac [F(-2)]	2015
Mupad [F(-1)]	2015
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2016

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^2}$$

output

$$\frac{(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d-b^{(1/2)}*c*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x/(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})/d^2-(a*d^2+b*c^2)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})/d^2}{1}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+dx} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2} + 2\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right) + \sqrt{bc} \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x), x]
```

output

```
(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + 2*Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) -
d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]] + Sqrt[b]*c*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) +
Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d^2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {493, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 493 \\
 & \int \frac{ad - bcx}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d} - \frac{bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d} - \frac{bc \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & - \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad - bcx)^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{ad - bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$



$$-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{bc}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x),x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/d + (-((Sqrt[b]*c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d) - (Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]))/d)/d`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 493 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[n] || LtQ[n, 1]) && !ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 719

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. 2(89) = 178.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{d} + \frac{(ad^2+bc^2) \ln\left(\frac{2ad^2+2bc^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + 2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}} \sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{bc}{d} + b(x+\frac{c}{d})}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{(ad^2+bc^2) \ln\left(\frac{2ad^2+2bc^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d}}{d^2}\right)}{d}$

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d-1/d*(b^(1/2)*c/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))+(a*d^2+b*
c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)
+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^
2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 574, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+dx} dx = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{bc} \log\left(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx-a}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^2+ad} + \sqrt{bc^2+ad^2} \log\left(\frac{2abcdx-abc^2-2a^2d^2-(2b^2c^2+abd^2)}{d^2x^2+2cdx+c^2}\right)}{2d^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(sqrt(b)*c*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/d^2, 1/2*(2*sqrt(-b)*c*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/d^2, 1/2*(sqrt(b)*c*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d - 2*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)))/d^2, (sqrt(-b)*c*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d - sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)))/d^2]`

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**2)/(c + d*x), x)`

## Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(b)*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^2 + sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/d`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E rror: Bad Argument Value`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1048, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*c - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b
)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*d**2
- 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a
*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b*c**2 - sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c
+ a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d*
**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)*c
+ sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*
b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)*c - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(
- sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(2*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(
b)*d*x)*a*d**2 + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*c + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d**2*x - 2*b*c**2 + 2*b*d**2*x**2)*a*d**2
+ sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(
2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**...
```

### 3.238 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2017
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2017
Rubi [A] (verified)	2018
Maple [B] (verified)	2020
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2021
Sympy [F]	2022
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2023
Giac [F(-2)]	2023
Mupad [F(-1)]	2023
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2024

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d(c+dx)} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}}$$

output  $-(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d/(d*x+c)+b^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x/(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})/d^2+b*c*\operatorname{arctanh}((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})/d^2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+dx} - \frac{2bc \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}}{d^2} + \sqrt{b} \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output

```

-(((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c + d*x) - (2*b*c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sq
rt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2] + Sqrt[b]*L
og[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d^2)

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {492, 605, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 492 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{d(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 605 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{d(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{d(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{d(c + dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2 + a}} dx \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

↓ 219

$$b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(d*(c + d*x))) + (b*(ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/(Sqrt[b]*d) + (c*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]))/(d*Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]))/d`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`



```
rule 492 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1))
) Int[x*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[n, -1]) && NeQ[n, -1] && !IL
tQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

```
rule 605 Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[1/d Int[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] - Simp[c/d Int[x^(m - 1)
)*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m,
0] && LtQ[-1, p, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 535 vs. 2(96) = 192.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.87

method	result
default	$\frac{d^2 \left( b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)} - \frac{bcd \left( \sqrt{b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}} \sqrt{b} c \ln \left( \frac{-\frac{bc}{d} + b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \sqrt{b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}} \right)}{d}$

```
input int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/d^2*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*
c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*((b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b
*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c/d*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*
b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))-(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d
^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1
/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+2*b/(
a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/4*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)
+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)+1/8*(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/b^(3/2)
)*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)
/d^2)^(1/2)))

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 204 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 884, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.04

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((b*c^3 + a*c*d^2 + (b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + (b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b*c^3*d^2 + a*c*d^4 + (b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5)*x), 1/2*(2*(b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + (b*c^3 + a*c*d^2 + (b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b*c^3*d^2 + a*c*d^4 + (b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5)*x), -1/2*(2*(b*c^3 + a*c*d^2 + (b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b*c^3*d^2 + a*c*d^4 + (b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5)*x), ((b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - (b*c^3 + a*c*d^2 + (b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b*c^3*d^2 + a*c*d^4 + (b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5)*x)]
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**2)/(c + d*x)**2, x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{d^2x+cd} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{bc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{\sqrt{a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}}d^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(d^2*x + c*d) + sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^2 - b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*d^3)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} \log(-\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} - ad + bcx) bc^2 + 2\sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} \log(-\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} - ad + bcx)}{(c + dx)^2}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
*d + b*c*x)*b*c**2 + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(
a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b*c*d*x - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c +
d*x)*b*c**2 - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b*c*d*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*a*d**3 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**2*d - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)
- sqrt(b)*x)*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*d**3*x
- sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*b*c**3 - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a +
b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*b*c**2*d*x + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*
x)*a*c*d**2 + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*a*d**3*x + sqrt(b)
*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*b*c**3 + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) +
sqrt(b)*x)*b*c**2*d*x)/(2*d**2*(a*c*d**2 + a*d**3*x + b*c**3 + b*c**2*d*x
))
```

### 3.239 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2025
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2025
Rubi [A] (verified)	2026
Maple [B] (verified)	2027
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2028
Sympy [F]	2029
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2030
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2030
Mupad [F(-1)]	2031
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2031

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx = -\frac{(ad-bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2} - \frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2-1/2*a*b*arctanh(
(-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{(-ad+bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2} + \frac{ab \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2-ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
((-(a*d) + b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (a*b*
ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-
(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(3/2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 486$$

$$\frac{ab \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$-\frac{ab \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$-\frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((a*d - b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

```
rule 486 Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))),
x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a +
b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
GtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 488 Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 899 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 900, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.74

method	result
default	$\frac{d^2 \left( b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right) + a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2(a d^2 + b c^2) \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2} + \frac{bcd \left( b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right) + a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)} + \frac{bcd \sqrt{b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right) + a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}$

```
input int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```

1/d^3*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+1/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*
(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*
((b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c/d*ln((-b*
c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/
2))-a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*
b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*
d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/4*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2
*b*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*b*(
a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/b^(3/2)*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(
x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))))+1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d
^2*((b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c/d*ln((
-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(
1/2))-a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2
-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+
(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))))

```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs.  $2(92) = 184$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.04

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ \frac{(abd^2x^2 + 2abcdx + abc^2)\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \log\left(\frac{2abcdx - abc^2 - 2a^2d^2 - (2b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2}(bcx - ad)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2}\right) - 2}{4(b^2c^6 + 2abc^4d^2 + a^2c^2d^4 + (b^2c^4d^2 + 2abc^2d^4 + a^2d^6)x^2 + 2(b^2c^5d + 2abcd^3 + a^2cd^5))} \right.}{\left. \frac{(abd^2x^2 + 2abcdx + abc^2)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}(bcx - ad)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{abc^2 + a^2d^2 + (b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2}\right) + (abc^2d + a^2d^3 - (b^2c^3 + a^2cd^3))}{2(b^2c^6 + 2abc^4d^2 + a^2c^2d^4 + (b^2c^4d^2 + 2abc^2d^4 + a^2d^6)x^2 + 2(b^2c^5d + 2abcd^3 + a^2cd^5))} \right]}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*((a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(a*b*c^2*d + a^2*d^3 - (b^2*c^3 + a*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(b^2*c^6 + 2*a*b*c^4*d^2 + a^2*c^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4*d^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^5*d + 2*a*b*c^3*d^3 + a^2*c*d^5)*x), -1/2*((a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + (a*b*c^2*d + a^2*d^3 - (b^2*c^3 + a*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(b^2*c^6 + 2*a*b*c^4*d^2 + a^2*c^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4*d^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^5*d + 2*a*b*c^3*d^3 + a^2*c*d^5)*x)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**2)/(c + d*x)**3, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs.  $2(92) = 184$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+abc}}{2(bc^2d^2x+ad^4x+bc^3d+acd^3)} - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2(bc^2dx^2+ad^3x^2+2bc^3x+2acd^2x+\frac{bc^4}{d}+ac^2d)} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab}}{2(bc^2d+ad^3)} - \frac{b^2c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{2\left(a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^5} + \frac{b \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}}d^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c/(b*c^2*d^2*x + a*d^4*x + b*c^3*d + a*c*d^3) - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(b*c^2*d*x^2 + a*d^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*x + 2*a*c*d^2*x + b*c^4/d + a*c^2*d) + 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b/(b*c^2*d + a*d^3) - 1/2*b^2*c^2*a*rcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^5) + 1/2*b*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*d^3)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 316 vs.  $2(92) = 184$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 316, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx = -\frac{ab \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{bx-\sqrt{bx^2+a}})d+\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}} + \frac{2\left(\sqrt{bx-\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right)^3 b^2c^2d + \left(\sqrt{bx-\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right)^3 abd^3 + 2\left(\sqrt{bx-\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right)^2 b^{\frac{5}{2}}c^3 - \left(\sqrt{bx-\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right)}{(bc^2d^2+ad^4)\left(\left(\sqrt{bx-\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right)^2d+2\left(\sqrt{bx-\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right)\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-a*b*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) + (2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*b^2*c^2*d + (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a*b*d^3 + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*b^(5/2)*c^3 - (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a*b^(3/2)*c*d^2 - 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a*b^2*c^2*d + (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^2*b*d^3 + a^2*b^(3/2)*c*d^2)/((b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4)*((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(b)*c - a*d)^2)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} \log(\sqrt{bx^2+a} \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} - ad + bcx) ab c^2 + 2\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} \log(\sqrt{bx^2+a} \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} - ad + bcx)}{\dots}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d +
b*c*x)*a*b*c**2 + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d*x + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b
*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2 - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c
*d*x - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*a**2*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*x +
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x)/(2*(a**2*c**2*d**4 + 2*a**2*c*d**5*x + a**2
*d**6*x**2 + 2*a*b*c**4*d**2 + 4*a*b*c**3*d**3*x + 2*a*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 +
b**2*c**6 + 2*b**2*c**5*d*x + b**2*c**4*d**2*x**2))
```

### 3.240 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx$

Optimal result	2033
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2033
Rubi [A] (verified)	2034
Maple [B] (verified)	2036
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2037
Sympy [F]	2038
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2039
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2040
Mupad [F(-1)]	2040
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2041

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx = -\frac{bc(ad-bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^3} - \frac{ab^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

$$-1/2*b*c*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2-1/3*d*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^3-1/2*a*b^2*c*\operatorname{arctanh}((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-2a^2d^3+b^2c^2x(3c+dx)-abd(5c^2+3cdx+2d^2x^2))+3ab^2c(c+dx)^3\log(c+dx)}{6(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^4,x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*(-2*a^2*d^3 + b^2*c^2*x*(3*c + d*x) - a*b*d*(5*c^2 + 3*c*d*x + 2*d^2*x^2)) + 3*a*b^2*c*(c + d*x)^3*\text{Log}[c + d*x] - 3*a*b^2*c*(c + d*x)^3*\text{Log}[a*d - b*c*x + \text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/(6*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^3)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {491, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 491$$

$$\frac{bc \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3(c + dx)^3 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 486$$

$$\frac{bc \left( \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3(c + dx)^3 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$bc \left( -\frac{ab \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3(c + dx)^3 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{bc \left( -\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(d*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3) + (b*c*(-1/2*((a*d - b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 491 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b*(c/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 987 vs. 2(128) = 256.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 988, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.86

method	result
default	$  \frac{d^2 \left( b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3 (a d^2 + b c^2) \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^3} + \frac{bcd \left( b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2 (a d^2 + b c^2) \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2} + \frac{bcd \left( b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \right)}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}  $

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/d^4*(-1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^3*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*
(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+1/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c
^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^
2)/d^2)^(3/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*((b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c
^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c/d*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*
c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))- (a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2
)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2
))*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+2*b/(a*
d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/4*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(
a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/b^(3/2)*
ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d
^2)^(1/2)))+1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*((b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c/d*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2
*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))- (a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/
d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(
1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))))

```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 417 vs.  $2(129) = 258$ .

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 861, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(3*(a*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^3*d*x + a*b^2*c^4)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(5*a*b^2*c^4*d + 7*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + 2*a^3*d^5 - (b^3*c^4*d - a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^2*b*d^5)*x^2 - 3*(b^3*c^5 - a^2*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^3*c^9 + 3*a*b^2*c^7*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^5*d^4 + a^3*c^3*d^6 + (b^3*c^6*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^7 + a^3*d^9)*x^3 + 3*(b^3*c^7*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^6 + a^3*c*d^8)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^8*d + 3*a*b^2*c^6*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^5 + a^3*c^2*d^7)*x), -1/6*(3*(a*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^3*d*x + a*b^2*c^4)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + (5*a*b^2*c^4*d + 7*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + 2*a^3*d^5 - (b^3*c^4*d - a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^2*b*d^5)*x^2 - 3*(b^3*c^5 - a^2*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^3*c^9 + 3*a*b^2*c^7*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^5*d^4 + a^3*c^3*d^6 + (b^3*c^6*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^7 + a^3*d^9)*x^3 + 3*(b^3*c^7*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^6 + a^3*c*d^8)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^8*d + 3*a*b^2*c^6*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^5 + a^3*c^2*d^7)*x)]
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c)**4, x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**2)/(c + d*x)**4, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 428 vs.  $2(129) = 258$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2c^2}}{2(b^2c^4d^2x+2abc^2d^4x+a^2d^6x+b^2c^5d+2abc^3d^3+a^2cd^5)} - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}bc}{2(b^2c^4dx^2+2abc^2d^3x^2+a^2d^5x^2+2b^2c^5x+4abc^3d^2x+2a^2cd^4x+\frac{b^2c^6}{d}+2abc^4d+a^2c^2d^3)} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2c}}{2(b^2c^4d+2abc^2d^3+a^2d^5)} - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(bc^2d^2x^3+ad^4x^3+3bc^3dx^2+3acd^3x^2+3bc^4x+3ac^2d^2x+\frac{bc^5}{d}+ac^3d)} - \frac{b^3c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{2\left(a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^7} + \frac{b^2c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{2\left(a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^5}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^2/(b^2*c^4*d^2*x + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4*x + a^2*d^6*x
+ b^2*c^5*d + 2*a*b*c^3*d^3 + a^2*c*d^5) - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b*c/(b^2*
c^4*d*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 + a^2*d^5*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^5*x + 4*a*b*c^3*d^2*
x + 2*a^2*c*d^4*x + b^2*c^6/d + 2*a*b*c^4*d + a^2*c^2*d^3) + 1/2*sqrt(b*x^
2 + a)*b^2*c/(b^2*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3 + a^2*d^5) - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)
/(b*c^2*d^2*x^3 + a*d^4*x^3 + 3*b*c^3*d*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^3*x^2 + 3*b*c^4*x +
3*a*c^2*d^2*x + b*c^5/d + a*c^3*d) - 1/2*b^3*c^3*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*
abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d^7)
+ 1/2*b^2*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*
x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^5)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 529 vs.  $2(129) = 258$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 529, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx = -\frac{ab^2c \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{bx}-\sqrt{bx^2+a})d+\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(b^2c^4+2abc^2d^2+a^2d^4)\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}} - \frac{3(\sqrt{bx}-\sqrt{bx^2+a})^5 ab^2cd^4 - 6(\sqrt{bx}-\sqrt{bx^2+a})^4 b^{\frac{7}{2}}c^4d + 3(\sqrt{bx}-\sqrt{bx^2+a})^4 ab^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2d^3 - 6(\sqrt{bx}-\sqrt{bx^2+a})^3 ab^{\frac{3}{2}}c^4d^2 + 3ab^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2d^3 - 6(\sqrt{bx}-\sqrt{bx^2+a})^2 ab^{\frac{3}{2}}c^4d^2 + 9ab^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2d^3 - 2a^4b^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2d^5}{(b^2c^4d^2+2abc^2d^4+a^2d^6)((\sqrt{bx}-\sqrt{bx^2+a})^2d+2(\sqrt{bx}-\sqrt{bx^2+a})\sqrt{bc}-ad)^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-a*b^2*c*arctan((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) - 1/3*(3*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a*b^2*c*d^4 - 6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*b^(7/2)*c^4*d + 3*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a*b^(5/2)*c^2*d^3 - 6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a^2*b^(3/2)*d^5 - 4*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*b^4*c^5 + 14*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 12*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a^2*b^2*c*d^4 + 6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a*b^(7/2)*c^4*d - 24*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a^2*b^(5/2)*c^2*d^3 - 6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 9*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 + a^3*b^(5/2)*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^4*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^5)/((b^2*c^4*d^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6)*((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(b)*c - a*d)^3)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 699, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} \log(\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} - ad + bcx) ab^2c^4 + 9\sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} \log(\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} -$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output `(3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**4 + 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d*x + 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**4 - 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d*x - 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**3 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*d**5 - 7*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**5*x**2 - 5*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**4*d - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c**5*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c**4*d*x**2)/(6*(a**3*c**3*d**6 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**7*x + 3*a**3*c*d**8*x**2 + a**3*d**9*x**3 + 3*a**2*b*c**5*d**4 + 9*a**2*b*c**4*d**5*x + 9*a**2*b*c**3*d**6*x**2 + 3*a**2*b*c**2*d**7*x**3 + 3*a*b**2*c**7*d**2 + 9*a*b**2*c**6*d**3*x + 9*a*b**2*c**5*d**4*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**4*d**5*x**3 + b**3*c**9 + 3*b**3*c**8*d*x + 3*b**3*c**7*d**2*x**2 + b**3*c**6*d**3*x**3))`

### 3.241 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx$

Optimal result	2042
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2043
Rubi [A] (verified)	2044
Maple [B] (verified)	2046
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2047
Sympy [F]	2048
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2049
Giac [F(-1)]	2050
Mupad [F(-1)]	2050
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2050

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 206

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx = -\frac{b(4bc^2 - ad^2)(ad - bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{8(bc^2 + ad^2)^3(c+dx)^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{4(bc^2 + ad^2)(c+dx)^4} - \frac{5bcd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{12(bc^2 + ad^2)^2(c+dx)^3} - \frac{ab^2(4bc^2 - ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8(bc^2 + ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*b*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)^2-1/4*d*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^4-5/12*b*c*d*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^3-1/8*a*b^2*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 904 vs.  $2(206) = 412$ .

Time = 11.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 904, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{6a^6d^7 + 16b^{11/2}c^6x^4(c+4dx) \left( \sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + a^5 \left( -24\sqrt{bd^7x}\sqrt{a+bx^2} + bd^5(19c^2 + 4cdx + 57d^2x^2) \right)}{(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{7/2}} + \frac{ab^3c^2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx) - d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} \right)}{(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{a^2b^2d^2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx) - d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} \right)}{4(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^5,x]`

output

```
(6*a^6*d^7 + 16*b^(11/2)*c^6*x^4*(c + 4*d*x)*(Sqrt[b]*x - Sqrt[a + b*x^2])
+ a^5*(-24*Sqrt[b]*d^7*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + b*d^5*(19*c^2 + 4*c*d*x + 57*d
^2*x^2)) + a^4*(-4*b^(3/2)*d^5*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(19*c^2 + 4*c*d*x + 21*d
^2*x^2) + b^2*d^3*(28*c^4 + 37*c^3*d*x + 211*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 49*c*d^3*x^3 + 1
23*d^4*x^4)) + 8*a*b^(9/2)*c^2*x^2*(-(Sqrt[b]*x*(-3*c^5 - 12*c^4*d*x + 19*
c^3*d^2*x^2 + 28*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 42*c*d^4*x^4 + 12*d^5*x^5)) + Sqrt[a + b*x
^2]*(-2*c^5 - 8*c^4*d*x + 19*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 28*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 42*c*d^4*x^4 +
12*d^5*x^5)) + a^3*b^(5/2)*d^2*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-13*c^5 + 60*c^4*d*x +
70*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 336*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 87*c*d^4*x^4 + 84*d^5*x^5)) + Sqrt[b]*x
*(-64*c^5 + 36*c^4*d*x + 19*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 456*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 129*c*d^4*x^4
+ 96*d^5*x^5)) - 2*a^2*(-(b^4*x*(4*c^7 + 16*c^6*d*x - 108*c^5*d^2*x^2 - 10
8*c^4*d^3*x^3 - 177*c^3*d^4*x^4 + 84*c^2*d^5*x^5 + 42*c*d^6*x^6 + 12*d^7*x
^7)) + b^(7/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(c^7 + 4*c^6*d*x - 70*c^5*d^2*x^2 - 52*c^4*
d^3*x^3 - 93*c^3*d^4*x^4 + 108*c^2*d^5*x^5 + 42*c*d^6*x^6 + 12*d^7*x^7)))/
(24*d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3*(c + d*x)^4*(4*a*b*x^2*(3*Sqrt[b]*x - 2*Sqrt[a +
b*x^2]) + 8*b^2*x^4*(Sqrt[b]*x - Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - a^2*(-4*Sqrt[b]*x + S
qrt[a + b*x^2]))) + (a*b^3*c^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x
^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]]/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(7/2) - (a^2*b^2*d^2*ArcTa
n[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(4*(-b
*c^2) - a*d^2)^(7/2))
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {498, 25, 679, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 498 \\
 & \frac{b \int -\frac{(4c-dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^4} dx}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(4c-dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^4} dx}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 679 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{(4bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{5cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 486 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{(4bc^2-ad^2) \left( \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{5cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & b \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - ad^2) \left( -\frac{ab \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2 + a}} dx \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{2(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{5cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4(ad^2 + bc^2) d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{4(c + dx)^4 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & b \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - ad^2) \left( -\frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{2(ad^2 + bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{5cd(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right) \\
 & \frac{4(ad^2 + bc^2) d(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{4(c + dx)^4 (ad^2 + bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(d*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^4) + (b*((-5*c*d*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3) + ((4*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(-1/2)*((a*d - b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1990 vs.  $2(186) = 372$ .

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1991, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.67

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1991

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/d^5*(-1/4/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^4*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+5/4*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d
)^3*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c
^2)*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+1/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b
*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*((
b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c/d*ln((-b*c/
d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)
)-(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*
c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/4*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b
*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*b*(a*
d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/b^(3/2)*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+
c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))))+1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2
*((b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c/d*ln((-b
*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1
/2))-(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2
*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a
*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))))-1/4*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b
*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 729 vs.  $2(187) = 374$ .

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1485, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/48*(3*(4*a*b^3*c^6 - a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 + (4*a*b^3*c^2*d^4 - a^2*b^2*d^6)
*x^4 + 4*(4*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 + 6*(4*a*b^3*c^4*d^2 - a^2*
b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 4*(4*a*b^3*c^5*d - a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d
^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2
*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c
^2)) + 2*(28*a*b^3*c^6*d + 47*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 25*a^3*b*c^2*d^5 + 6*a^4*d
^7 - (2*b^4*c^5*d^2 - 11*a*b^3*c^3*d^4 - 13*a^2*b^2*c*d^6)*x^3 - (8*b^4*c^
6*d - 32*a*b^3*c^4*d^3 - 43*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 3*a^3*b*d^7)*x^2 - (12*b^4*c
^7 - 25*a*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 41*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^4 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^6)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a))/(b^4*c^12 + 4*a*b^3*c^10*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^8*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^6*d^6 +
a^4*c^4*d^8 + (b^4*c^8*d^4 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^6 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^3*
b*c^2*d^10 + a^4*d^12)*x^4 + 4*(b^4*c^9*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^7*d^5 + 6*a^2*b^2*
c^5*d^7 + 4*a^3*b*c^3*d^9 + a^4*c*d^11)*x^3 + 6*(b^4*c^10*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^
8*d^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^6*d^6 + 4*a^3*b*c^4*d^8 + a^4*c^2*d^10)*x^2 + 4*(b^4*c
^11*d + 4*a*b^3*c^9*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^7*d^5 + 4*a^3*b*c^5*d^7 + a^4*c^3*d^
9)*x), -1/24*(3*(4*a*b^3*c^6 - a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 + (4*a*b^3*c^2*d^4 - a^2*b^
2*d^6)*x^4 + 4*(4*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 + 6*(4*a*b^3*c^4*d^2
- a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 4*(4*a*b^3*c^5*d - a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^
2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*
c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + (28*a*b^3*c^6*d + 47*a^2*b^...

```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c)**5,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**2)/(c + d*x)**5, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 977 vs.  $2(187) = 374$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 977, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-5/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^3/(b^3*c^6*d^2*x + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4*x + 3*a^2*b*
c^2*d^6*x + a^3*d^8*x + b^3*c^7*d + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^5 + a^
3*c*d^7) - 5/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c^2/(b^3*c^6*d*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*
x^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*x^2 + a^3*d^7*x^2 + 2*b^3*c^7*x + 6*a*b^2*c^5*d^2*x
+ 6*a^2*b*c^3*d^4*x + 2*a^3*c*d^6*x + b^3*c^8/d + 3*a*b^2*c^6*d + 3*a^2*b*
c^4*d^3 + a^3*c^2*d^5) + 5/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^2/(b^3*c^6*d + 3*a*b^2*
c^4*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^5 + a^3*d^7) - 5/12*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b*c/(b^2*c^4
*d^2*x^3 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4*x^3 + a^2*d^6*x^3 + 3*b^2*c^5*d*x^2 + 6*a*b*c^3*d
^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^6*x + 6*a*b*c^4*d^2*x + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*x
+ b^2*c^7/d + 2*a*b*c^5*d + a^2*c^3*d^3) + 1/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c/(b^2
*c^4*d^2*x + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4*x + a^2*d^6*x + b^2*c^5*d + 2*a*b*c^3*d^3 + a^2
*c*d^5) + 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b/(b^2*c^4*d*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 + a^2
*d^5*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^5*x + 4*a*b*c^3*d^2*x + 2*a^2*c*d^4*x + b^2*c^6/d + 2*a
*b*c^4*d + a^2*c^2*d^3) - 1/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2/(b^2*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*d
^3 + a^2*d^5) - 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(b*c^2*d^3*x^4 + a*d^5*x^4 + 4*b*c^3
*d^2*x^3 + 4*a*c*d^4*x^3 + 6*b*c^4*d*x^2 + 6*a*c^2*d^3*x^2 + 4*b*c^5*x + 4
*a*c^3*d^2*x + b*c^6/d + a*c^4*d) - 5/8*b^4*c^4*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*a
bs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(7/2)*d^9) +
3/4*b^3*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d
*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d^7) - 1/8*b^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)...
```

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^5, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1557, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.56

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x)`

output

```

(3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**4*d**2 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**3*x + 18*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d +
b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 + 3*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d +
b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**6 - 48*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3
*c**5*d*x - 72*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 48*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*l
og( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**3*d*
*3*x**3 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**4 - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(
c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**4*d**2 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*
b**2*c**3*d**3*x - 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*
*4*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 - 3*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c**6 + 48*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x...

```



### 3.242 $\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2052
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2053
Rubi [A] (verified)	2053
Maple [A] (verified)	2057
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2058
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2058
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2060
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2060
Mupad [F(-1)]	2061
Reduce [F]	2061

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 255

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{3a(16b^2c^4 - 16abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4) x \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{128b^2} \\ &+ \frac{(16b^2c^4 - 16abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4) x (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{64b^2} \\ &+ \frac{11cd(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{56b} + \frac{d(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{8b} \\ &+ \frac{d(4c(67bc^2 - 32ad^2) + 5d(26bc^2 - 7ad^2) x) (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{560b^2} \\ &+ \frac{3a^2(16b^2c^4 - 16abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{128b^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
3/128*a*(a^2*d^4-16*a*b*c^2*d^2+16*b^2*c^4)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/64*(a^2*d^4-16*a*b*c^2*d^2+16*b^2*c^4)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b^2+11/56*c*d*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+1/8*d*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+1/560*d*(4*c*(-32*a*d^2+67*b*c^2)+5*d*(-7*a*d^2+26*b*c^2)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b^2+3/128*a^2*(a^2*d^4-16*a*b*c^2*d^2+16*b^2*c^4)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-a^3d^3(1024c + 105dx) + 2a^2bd(1792c^3 + 840c^2dx + 256cd^2x^2 + 35d^3x^3) + 16b^3x^3(70c^4 + 224c^3dx + 280c^2d^2x^2 + 160cd^3x^3 + 35d^4x^4) + 8ab^2x(350c^4 + 896c^3dx + 980c^2d^2x^2 + 512cd^3x^3 + 105d^4x^4)) - 105a^2(16b^2c^4 - 16ab^2c^2d^2 + a^2d^4)\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + bx^2]]}{4480b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-(a^3*d^3*(1024*c + 105*d*x)) + 2*a^2*b*d*(1792*c^3 + 840*c^2*d*x + 256*c*d^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*x^3) + 16*b^3*x^3*(70*c^4 + 224*c^3*d*x + 280*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 160*c*d^3*x^3 + 35*d^4*x^4) + 8*a*b^2*x*(350*c^4 + 896*c^3*d*x + 980*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 512*c*d^3*x^3 + 105*d^4*x^4)) - 105*a^2*(16*b^2*c^4 - 16*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(4480*b^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {497, 687, 27, 676, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^2 (8bc^2 + 11bdxc - 3ad^2) (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx}{8b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3}{8b}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int b(c+dx)(c(56bc^2-43ad^2)+3d(26bc^2-7ad^2)x)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}dx}{7b} + \frac{11}{7}cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^2 +$$

$$\frac{8b}{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}\int(c+dx)(c(56bc^2-43ad^2)+3d(26bc^2-7ad^2)x)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}dx + \frac{11}{7}cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^2}{8b} +$$

$$\frac{8b}{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{7(a^2d^4-16abc^2d^2+16b^2c^4)}{2b}\int(bx^2+a)^{3/2}dx + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(67bc^2-32ad^2)}{5b} + \frac{d^2x(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(26bc^2-7ad^2)}{2b}\right) + \frac{11}{7}cd(a+bx^2)^5}{8b}$$

$$\frac{8b}{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{7(a^2d^4-16abc^2d^2+16b^2c^4)}{2b}\left(\frac{3}{4}a\int\sqrt{bx^2+adx}+\frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(67bc^2-32ad^2)}{5b} + \frac{d^2x(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(26bc^2-7ad^2)}{2b}\right)}{8b} +$$

$$\frac{8b}{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7}\left(\frac{7(a^2d^4-16abc^2d^2+16b^2c^4)}{2b}\left(\frac{3}{4}a\left(\frac{1}{2}a\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+adx}}dx+\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)+\frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(67bc^2-32ad^2)}{5b} + \frac{d^2x(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2b}\right)}{8b} +$$

$$\frac{8b}{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7(a^2d^4 - 16abc^2d^2 + 16b^2c^4) \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{2b} \right) + \frac{2cd(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(67bc^2 - 32ad^2)}{5b} + \frac{d^2x(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{2b}}{8b} = \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3}{8b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{7 \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{\arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) (a^2d^4 - 16abc^2d^2 + 16b^2c^4)}{2b} \right) + \frac{2cd(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(67bc^2 - 32ad^2)}{5b} + \frac{d^2x(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{2b}}{8b} = \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3}{8b}$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

```
output (d*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(8*b) + ((11*c*d*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/7 + ((2*c*d*(67*b*c^2 - 32*a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*b) + (d^2*(26*b*c^2 - 7*a*d^2)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(2*b) + (7*(16*b^2*c^4 - 16*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/4))/(2*b))/7)/(8*b)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 211 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])
```

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 497  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_ ))^{n_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c^2 \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1) - a \cdot d^2 \cdot (n - 1) + 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (n + p) \cdot x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 676  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_ )) \cdot (f_ + (g_ \cdot)(x_ )) \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f + d \cdot g) \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot c \cdot (p + 1)), x] + (\text{Simp}[e \cdot g \cdot x \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot e \cdot g - c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \ \text{Int}[(a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 687  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_ ))^{m_} \cdot (f_ + (g_ \cdot)(x_ )) \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2) - a \cdot e \cdot g \cdot m + c \cdot (e \cdot f \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 2) + d \cdot g \cdot m) \cdot x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2 \cdot m, 2 \cdot p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-560b^3d^4x^7-2560b^3cd^3x^6-840ab^2d^4x^5-4480b^3c^2d^2x^5-4096ab^2cd^3x^4-3584b^3c^3dx^4-70a^2d^4bx^3-7840b^2c^2d^2ax^3-1120b^3c^2d^2x^3-512a^2b^2cd^3x^2-7168ab^2c^3dx^2+105a^3d^4x-1680a^2b^2c^2d^2x-2800ab^2c^4x+1024a^3cd^3-3584a^2b^2c^3d)(bx^2+a)^{1/2}+3/128a^2(a^2d^4-16ab^2c^2d^2+16b^2c^4)/b^{5/2}*\ln(b^{1/2}x+(bx^2+a)^{1/2})}{4480b^2}$
default	$c^4 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{4} + \frac{3a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right) + d^4 \left( \frac{x^3(bx^2+a)^{5/2}}{8b} - \frac{3a \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{5/2}}{6b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{4} + \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4480/b^2*(-560*b^3*d^4*x^7-2560*b^3*c*d^3*x^6-840*a*b^2*d^4*x^5-4480*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^5-4096*a*b^2*c*d^3*x^4-3584*b^3*c^3*d*x^4-70*a^2*b*d^4*x^3-7840*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^3-1120*b^3*c^4*x^3-512*a^2*b*c*d^3*x^2-7168*a*b^2*c^3*d*x^2+105*a^3*d^4*x-1680*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*x-2800*a*b^2*c^4*x+1024*a^3*c*d^3-3584*a^2*b*c^3*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+3/128*a^2*(a^2*d^4-16*a*b*c^2*d^2+16*b^2*c^4)/b^(5/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 544, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{105(16a^2b^2c^4 - 16a^3bc^2d^2 + a^4d^4)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx - a}\right) + 2(560b^4d^4x^7 - 2560b^4cd^3x^6 + 3584a^2b^2c^3d^3 - 1024a^3b^2c^2d^2 + 280(16b^4c^2d^2 + 3ab^3d^4)x^5 + 512(7b^4c^3d + 8a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 3a^3b^2d^4)x^4 + 70(16b^4c^4 + 112ab^3c^2d^2 + a^2b^2d^4)x^3 + 512(14ab^3c^3d + a^2b^2c^2d^3)x^2 + 35(80ab^3c^4 + 48a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 3a^3b^2d^4)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{105(16a^2b^2c^4 - 16a^3bc^2d^2 + a^4d^4)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (560b^4d^4x^7 + 2560b^4cd^3x^6 + 3584a^2b^2c^3d^3 - 1024a^3b^2c^2d^2 + 280(16b^4c^2d^2 + 3ab^3d^4)x^5 + 512(7b^4c^3d + 8a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 3a^3b^2d^4)x^4 + 70(16b^4c^4 + 112ab^3c^2d^2 + a^2b^2d^4)x^3 + 512(14ab^3c^3d + a^2b^2c^2d^3)x^2 + 35(80ab^3c^4 + 48a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 3a^3b^2d^4)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8960*(105*(16*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 16*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(560*b^4*d^4*x^7 + 2560*b^4*c*d^3*x^6 + 3584*a^2*b^2*c^3*d - 1024*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 280*(16*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b^3*d^4)*x^5 + 512*(7*b^4*c^3*d + 8*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^3*b^2*d^4)*x^4 + 70*(16*b^4*c^4 + 112*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^3 + 512*(14*a*b^3*c^3*d + a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3)*x^2 + 35*(80*a*b^3*c^4 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^3*b^2*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3, -1/4480*(105*(16*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 16*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (560*b^4*d^4*x^7 + 2560*b^4*c*d^3*x^6 + 3584*a^2*b^2*c^3*d - 1024*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 280*(16*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b^3*d^4)*x^5 + 512*(7*b^4*c^3*d + 8*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^3*b^2*d^4)*x^4 + 70*(16*b^4*c^4 + 112*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^3 + 512*(14*a*b^3*c^3*d + a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3)*x^2 + 35*(80*a*b^3*c^4 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^3*b^2*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3]
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 518 vs.  $2(248) = 496$ .

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left( \frac{4bcd^3x^6}{7} + \frac{bd^4x^7}{8} + \frac{x^5 \cdot \left( \frac{9abd^4}{8} + 6b^2c^2d^2 \right)}{6b} + \frac{x^4 \cdot \left( \frac{32abcd^3}{7} + 4b^2c^3d \right)}{5b} + \frac{x^3 \left( a^2d^4 + 12abc^2d^2 - \frac{5a \cdot 9c}{4b} \right)}{4b} \right) \\ a^{3/2} \left( \begin{cases} c^4x & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^5}{5d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(4*b*c*d**3*x**6/7 + b*d**4*x**7/8 + x**5*(9*a*b*d**4/8 + 6*b**2*c**2*d**2)/(6*b) + x**4*(32*a*b*c*d**3/7 + 4*b**2*c**3*d)/(5*b) + x**3*(a**2*d**4 + 12*a*b*c**2*d**2 - 5*a*(9*a*b*d**4/8 + 6*b**2*c**2*d**2)/(6*b) + b**2*c**4)/(4*b) + x**2*(4*a**2*c*d**3 + 8*a*b*c**3*d - 4*a*(32*a*b*c*d**3/7 + 4*b**2*c**3*d)/(5*b))/(3*b) + x*(6*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*c**4 - 3*a*(a**2*d**4 + 12*a*b*c**2*d**2 - 5*a*(9*a*b*d**4/8 + 6*b**2*c**2*d**2)/(6*b) + b**2*c**4)/(4*b))/(2*b) + (4*a**2*c**3*d - 2*a*(4*a**2*c*d**3 + 8*a*b*c**3*d - 4*a*(32*a*b*c*d**3/7 + 4*b**2*c**3*d)/(5*b))/(3*b))/b + (a**2*c**4 - a*(6*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*c**4 - 3*a*(a**2*d**4 + 12*a*b*c**2*d**2 - 5*a*(9*a*b*d**4/8 + 6*b**2*c**2*d**2)/(6*b) + b**2*c**4)/(4*b))/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*Piecewise((c**4*x, Eq(d, 0)), ((c + d*x)**5/(5*d), True)), True))
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (c+dx)^4 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(bx^2+a)^{5/2}d^4x^3}{8b} + \frac{4(bx^2+a)^{5/2}cd^3x^2}{7b} + \frac{1}{4}(bx^2+a)^{3/2}c^4x + \frac{3}{8}\sqrt{bx^2+a}ac^4x + \frac{(bx^2+a)^{5/2}c^2d^2x}{b} - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}ac^2d^2x}{4b} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+a}c^2d^2x}{8b} - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{5/2}ad^4x}{16b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}a^2d^4x}{64b^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+a}a^3d^4x}{128b^2} + \frac{3a^2c^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} - \frac{3a^3c^2d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8b^{3/2}} + \frac{3a^4d^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128b^{5/2}} + \frac{4(bx^2+a)^{5/2}c^3d}{5b} - \frac{8(bx^2+a)^{5/2}acd^3}{35b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*d^4*x^3/b + 4/7*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c*d^3*x^2/b + 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*c^4*x + 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*c^4*x + (b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c^2*d^2*x/b - 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^2*x/b - 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*c^2*d^2*x/b - 1/16*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*a*d^4*x/b^2 + 1/64*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d^4*x/b^2 + 3/128*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^4*x/b^2 + 3/8*a^2*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 3/8*a^3*c^2*d^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 3/128*a^4*d^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) + 4/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c^3*d/b - 8/35*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*a*c*d^3/b^2
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (c+dx)^4 (a+bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{4480} \sqrt{bx^2+a} \left( \left( 2 \left( \left( 4 \left( 5 \left( 2(7bd^4x + 32bcd^3) \right) x + \frac{7(16b^7c^2d^2 + 3ab^6d^4)}{b^6} \right) \right) x + \frac{64(7b^7c^2d^2 + 3ab^6d^4)}{b^6} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{3(16a^2b^2c^4 - 16a^3bc^2d^2 + a^4d^4) \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2+a} \right| \right)}{128b^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4480*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*((4*(5*(2*(7*b*d^4*x + 32*b*c*d^3)*x + 7*(16*b^7*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b^6*d^4)/b^6)*x + 64*(7*b^7*c^3*d + 8*a*b^6*c*d^3)/b^6)*x + 35*(16*b^7*c^4 + 112*a*b^6*c^2*d^2 + a^2*b^5*d^4)/b^6)*x + 256*(14*a*b^6*c^3*d + a^2*b^5*c*d^3)/b^6)*x + 35*(80*a*b^6*c^4 + 48*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^3*b^4*d^4)/b^6)*x + 512*(7*a^2*b^5*c^3*d - 2*a^3*b^4*c*d^3)/b^6) - 3/128*(16*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 16*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (c + dx)^4 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^4, x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (dx + c)^4 (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

### 3.243 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2062
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2063
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2063
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2066
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2066
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2067
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2068
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2069
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2069
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2070

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3ac(2bc^2 - ad^2) x \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{16b} + \frac{c(2bc^2 - ad^2) x (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{8b} + \frac{d(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{7b} + \frac{d(4(8bc^2 - ad^2) + 15bcdx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{70b^2} + \frac{3a^2c(2bc^2 - ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
3/16*a*c*(-a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/8*c*(-a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/7*d*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+1/70*d*(15*b*c*d*x-4*a*d^2+32*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b^2+3/16*a^2*c*(-a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-32a^3d^3 + a^2bd(336c^2 + 105cdx + 16d^2x^2) + 4b^3x^3(35c^3 + 84c^2dx + 70cd^2x^2 + 20d^3x^3) + 2ab^2x(175c^3 + 336c^2dx + 245cd^2x^2 + 64d^3x^3)) + 105a^2\sqrt{b}c * (-2bc^2 + ad^2) * \text{Log}[-(\sqrt{b}x) + \sqrt{a + bx^2}]]}{560b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-32*a^3*d^3 + a^2*b*d*(336*c^2 + 105*c*d*x + 16*d^2*x^2) + 4*b^3*x^3*(35*c^3 + 84*c^2*d*x + 70*c*d^2*x^2 + 20*d^3*x^3) + 2*a*b^2*x*(175*c^3 + 336*c^2*d*x + 245*c*d^2*x^2 + 64*d^3*x^3)) + 105*a^2*Sqrt[b]*c*(-2*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(560*b^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {497, 676, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{f(c + dx) (7bc^2 + 9bdxc - 2ad^2) (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx}{7b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^2}{7b}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{\frac{7}{2}c(2bc^2 - ad^2) \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(8bc^2-ad^2)}{5b} + \frac{3}{2}cd^2x(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{7b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^2}{7b}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{7}{2}c(2bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + adx} + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(8bc^2 - ad^2)}{5b} + \frac{3}{2}cd^2x(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{\frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)^2}{7b}} +$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{7}{2}c(2bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(8bc^2 - ad^2)}{5b} + \frac{3}{2}cd^2x(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{\frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)^2}{7b}}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{7}{2}c(2bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(8bc^2 - ad^2)}{5b} + \frac{3}{2}cd^2x(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{\frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)^2}{7b}}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{7}{2}c \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) (2bc^2 - ad^2) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(8bc^2 - ad^2)}{5b} + \frac{3}{2}cd^2x(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{\frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)^2}{7b}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*b) + ((2*d*(8*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*b) + (3*c*d^2*x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/2 + (7*c*(2*b*c^2 - a*d^2))*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*sqrt[b])))/4))/2)/(7*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 211  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (2 \cdot p + 1), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot (p / (2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4\*p] || IntegerQ[6\*p])

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1 / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 497  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_ ))^n \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c^2 \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1) - a \cdot d^2 \cdot (n - 1) + 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (n + p) \cdot x, x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2\*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]

rule 676  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_ )) \cdot (f_ + (g_ \cdot)(x_ )) \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f + d \cdot g) \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot c \cdot (p + 1)), x] + (\text{Simp}[e \cdot g \cdot x \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot e \cdot g - c \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x]) /;$  FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-80b^3d^3x^6 - 280b^3cd^2x^5 - 128ab^2d^3x^4 - 336b^3c^2dx^4 - 490ab^2cd^2x^3 - 140b^3c^3x^3 - 16a^2bd^3x^2 - 672ab^2c^2dx^2 - 105a^2bcd^2x - 35a^3d^3)}{560b^2}$
default	$c^3 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right) + d^3 \left( \frac{x^2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{7b} - \frac{2a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{35b^2} \right) + 3cd^2 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)}{6b} \right)$

```
input int((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/560/b^2*(-80*b^3*d^3*x^6-280*b^3*c*d^2*x^5-128*a*b^2*d^3*x^4-336*b^3*c^2*d*x^4-490*a*b^2*c*d^2*x^3-140*b^3*c^3*x^3-16*a^2*b*d^3*x^2-672*a*b^2*c^2*d*x^2-105*a^2*b*c*d^2*x-350*a*b^2*c^3*x+32*a^3*d^3-336*a^2*b*c^2*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-3/16*a^2*c/b^(3/2)*(a*d^2-2*b*c^2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left[ -\frac{105(2a^2bc^3 - a^3cd^2)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a) - 2(80b^3d^3x^6 + 280b^3cd^2x^5 + 336a^2bc^2d - 32a^3d^3 + 16(21b^2c^2d - 105a^2cd^2))\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{560b^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{105(2a^2bc^3 - a^3cd^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (80b^3d^3x^6 + 280b^3cd^2x^5 + 336a^2bc^2d - 32a^3d^3 + 16(21b^2c^2d - 105a^2cd^2))\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{560b^2} \right]$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/1120*(105*(2*a^2*b*c^3 - a^3*c*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(80*b^3*d^3*x^6 + 280*b^3*c*d^2*x^5 + 336*a^2*b*c^2*d - 32*a^3*d^3 + 16*(21*b^3*c^2*d + 8*a*b^2*d^3)*x^4 + 70*(2*b^3*c^3 + 7*a*b^2*c*d^2)*x^3 + 16*(42*a*b^2*c^2*d + a^2*b*d^3)*x^2 + 35*(10*a*b^2*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/560*(105*(2*a^2*b*c^3 - a^3*c*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (80*b^3*d^3*x^6 + 280*b^3*c*d^2*x^5 + 336*a^2*b*c^2*d - 32*a^3*d^3 + 16*(21*b^3*c^2*d + 8*a*b^2*d^3)*x^4 + 70*(2*b^3*c^3 + 7*a*b^2*c*d^2)*x^3 + 16*(42*a*b^2*c^2*d + a^2*b*d^3)*x^2 + 35*(10*a*b^2*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 366 vs.  $2(165) = 330$ .

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 366, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left( \frac{bcd^2x^5}{2} + \frac{bd^3x^6}{7} + \frac{x^4 \cdot \left( \frac{8abd^3}{7} + 3b^2c^2d \right)}{5b} + \frac{x^3 \cdot \left( \frac{7abcd^2}{2} + b^2c^3 \right)}{4b} + \frac{x^2 \left( a^2d^3 + 6abc^2d - \frac{4a \left( \frac{8abd^3}{7} + 3b^2c^2 \right)}{5b} \right)}{3b} \right) \\ a^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \begin{cases} c^3x & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^4}{4d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**3*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)
```



output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(b*c*d**2*x**5/2 + b*d**3*x**6/7 + x**4*(8*a*b
*d**3/7 + 3*b**2*c**2*d)/(5*b) + x**3*(7*a*b*c*d**2/2 + b**2*c**3)/(4*b) +
x**2*(a**2*d**3 + 6*a*b*c**2*d - 4*a*(8*a*b*d**3/7 + 3*b**2*c**2*d)/(5*b)
)/(3*b) + x*(3*a**2*c*d**2 + 2*a*b*c**3 - 3*a*(7*a*b*c*d**2/2 + b**2*c**3)
/(4*b))/(2*b) + (3*a**2*c**2*d - 2*a*(a**2*d**3 + 6*a*b*c**2*d - 4*a*(8*a*
b*d**3/7 + 3*b**2*c**2*d)/(5*b))/(3*b))/b) + (a**2*c**3 - a*(3*a**2*c*d**2
+ 2*a*b*c**3 - 3*a*(7*a*b*c*d**2/2 + b**2*c**3)/(4*b))/(2*b))*Piecewise((
log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt
(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*Piecewise((c**3*x, Eq(d, 0)), ((c +
d*x)**4/(4*d), True)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} d^3 x^2}{7b} + \frac{1}{4} (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} c^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} a c^3 x + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} c d^2 x}{2b} - \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} a c d^2 x}{8b} - \frac{3 \sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 c d^2 x}{16b}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a^2 c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8 \sqrt{b}} - \frac{3 a^3 c d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16 b^{3/2}} + \frac{3 (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} c^2 d}{5b} - \frac{2 (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} a d^3}{35 b^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/7*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*d^3*x^2/b + 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*c^3*x + 3/8*sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*a*c^3*x + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c*d^2*x/b - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2
)*a*c*d^2*x/b - 3/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*c*d^2*x/b + 3/8*a^2*c^3*arcsinh(b
*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 3/16*a^3*c*d^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 3/
5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c^2*d/b - 2/35*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*a*d^3/b^2
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{560} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left( \left( 2 \left( \left( 4 \left( 5 (2bd^3x + 7bcd^2) \right) x + \frac{2(21b^6c^2d + 8ab^5d^3)}{b^5} \right) x + \frac{35(2b^6c^3 + 7a^2b^5cd^2)}{b^5} \right) x + \frac{3(2a^2bc^3 - a^3cd^2) \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{16b^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/560*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*((4*(5*(2*b*d^3*x + 7*b*c*d^2))*x + 2*(21*b^6*c^2*d + 8*a*b^5*d^3)/b^5)*x + 35*(2*b^6*c^3 + 7*a*b^5*c*d^2)/b^5)*x + 8*(42*a*b^5*c^2*d + a^2*b^4*d^3)/b^5)*x + 35*(10*a*b^5*c^3 + 3*a^2*b^4*c*d^2)/b^5)*x + 16*(21*a^2*b^4*c^2*d - 2*a^3*b^3*d^3)/b^5) - 3/16*(2*a^2*b*c^3 - a^3*c*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-32\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 d^3 + 336\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b c^2 d + 105\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b c d^2 x + 16\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b d^3 x^2}{560 b^2}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 32*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*d**3 + 336*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c**2*d + 105*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d**2*x + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**3*x**2 + 350*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**3*x + 672*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 490*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + 128*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d**3*x**4 + 140*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c**3*x**3 + 336*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c**2*d*x**4 + 280*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c*d**2*x**5 + 80*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*d**3*x**6 - 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*c*d**2 + 210*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c**3)/(560*b**2)
```

### 3.244 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2071
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2071
Rubi [A] (verified)	2072
Maple [A] (verified)	2074
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2075
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2075
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2076
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2077
Mupad [F(-1)]	2077
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2078

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a(6bc^2 - ad^2) x \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{16b} + \frac{(6bc^2 - ad^2) x (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{24b} + \frac{d(12c + 5dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{30b} + \frac{a^2(6bc^2 - ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{16b^{3/2}}$$

output `1/16*a*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/24*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/30*d*(5*d*x+12*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+1/16*a^2*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(3a^2d(32c + 5dx) + 4b^2x^3(15c^2 + 24cdx + 10d^2x^2) + 2abx(75c^2 + 96cdx + 35d^2x^2))}{240b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(3*a^2*d*(32*c + 5*d*x) + 4*b^2*x^3*(15*c^2 + 24*
c*d*x + 10*d^2*x^2) + 2*a*b*x*(75*c^2 + 96*c*d*x + 35*d^2*x^2)) + 15*a^2*(
-6*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(240*b^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {497, 455, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{\int (6bc^2 + 7bdxc - ad^2) (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx}{6b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{6b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{(6bc^2 - ad^2) \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{7}{5}cd(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{6b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)}{6b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{(6bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{7}{5}cd(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{\frac{6b}{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{(6bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{7}{5}cd(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{\frac{6b}{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)}} + \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(6bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{7}{5}cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{6b}} +$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) (6bc^2 - ad^2) + \frac{7}{5}cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)}{6b}} +$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(6*b) + ((7*c*d*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/5 + (6*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/4))/(6*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 455 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 497 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
risch	$\frac{(40b^2d^2x^5+96b^2cdx^4+70d^2x^3ab+60b^2c^2x^3+192abcdx^2+15a^2d^2x+150abc^2x+96a^2cd)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{240b} - \frac{a^2(ad^2-6bc^2)\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{16b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$c^2 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right) + d^2 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6b} \right)$

```
input int((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/240/b*(40*b^2*d^2*x^5+96*b^2*c*d*x^4+70*a*b*d^2*x^3+60*b^2*c^2*x^3+192*a*b*c*d*x^2+15*a^2*d^2*x+150*a*b*c^2*x+96*a^2*c*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/16*a^2*(a*d^2-6*b*c^2)/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left[ -\frac{15(6a^2bc^2 - a^3d^2)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a) - 2(40b^3d^2x^5 + 96b^3cdx^4 + 192a^2b^2cdx^3 + 96a^2b^2c^2d^2x^2 + 10(6b^3c^2d^2 + 7ab^2d^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{480b^2} - \frac{15(6a^2bc^2 - a^3d^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (40b^3d^2x^5 + 96b^3cdx^4 + 192ab^2cdx^2 + 96a^2bcd + 10(6b^3c^2d^2 + 7ab^2d^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{240b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[-1/480*(15*(6*a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(40*b^3*d^2*x^5 + 96*b^3*c*d*x^4 + 192*a*b^2*c*d*x^3 + 96*a^2*b*c*d + 10*(6*b^3*c^2 + 7*a*b^2*d^2)*x^3 + 15*(10*a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/240*(15*(6*a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (40*b^3*d^2*x^5 + 96*b^3*c*d*x^4 + 192*a*b^2*c*d*x^2 + 96*a^2*b*c*d + 10*(6*b^3*c^2 + 7*a*b^2*d^2)*x^3 + 15*(10*a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left( \frac{2a^2cd}{5b} + \frac{4acd^2x^2}{5} + \frac{2bcd^2x^4}{5} + \frac{bd^2x^5}{6} + \frac{x^3 \cdot \left(\frac{7abd^2}{6} + b^2c^2\right)}{4b} + \frac{x \left( a^2d^2 + 2abc^2 - \frac{3a \left(\frac{7abd^2}{6} + b^2c^2\right)}{4b} \right)}{2b} \right) \\ a^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \begin{cases} c^2x & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \end{cases}$$



input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(2*a**2*c*d/(5*b) + 4*a*c*d*x**2/5 + 2*b*c*d*x**4/5 + b*d**2*x**5/6 + x**3*(7*a*b*d**2/6 + b**2*c**2)/(4*b) + x*(a**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*c**2 - 3*a*(7*a*b*d**2/6 + b**2*c**2)/(4*b))/(2*b)) + (a**2*c**2 - a*(a**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*c**2 - 3*a*(7*a*b*d**2/6 + b**2*c**2)/(4*b))/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*Piecewise((c**2*x, Eq(d, 0)), ((c + d*x)**3/(3*d), True)), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{4} (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 x + \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} ac^2 x + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 x}{6b} - \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} ad^2 x}{24b} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 d^2 x}{16b} + \frac{3a^2 c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} - \frac{a^3 d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} cd}{5b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*c^2*x + 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*c^2*x + 1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*d^2*x/b - 1/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*d^2*x/b - 1/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^2*x/b + 3/8*a^2*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 1/16*a^3*d^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 2/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c*d/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{240} \left( \frac{96 a^2 cd}{b} + \left( 2 \left( 96 acd + \left( 4 (5 bd^2 x + 12 bcd) x + \frac{5 (6 b^5 c^2 + 7 ab^4 d^2)}{b^4} \right) x \right) x + \frac{15 (10 a^2 bc^2 - a^3 d^2)}{16 b^{3/2}} \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/240*(96*a^2*c*d/b + (2*(96*a*c*d + (4*(5*b*d^2*x + 12*b*c*d)*x + 5*(6*b^5*c^2 + 7*a*b^4*d^2)/b^4)*x)*x + 15*(10*a*b^4*c^2 + a^2*b^3*d^2)/b^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a) - 1/16*(6*a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{96\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2bcd + 15\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2b d^2x + 150\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^2c^2x + 192\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^2cdx^2 + 70\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2b^2c^2x^3 + 60\sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^3c^2x^3 + 96\sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^3cdx^4 + 40\sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^3d^2x^5 - 15\sqrt{b} \log((\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b}x)/\sqrt{a}) a^3d^2 + 90\sqrt{b} \log((\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b}x)/\sqrt{a}) a^2b^2c^2}{240b^2}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(96*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d + 15*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**2*x + 150*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**2*x + 192*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 70*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d**2*x**3 + 60*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c**2*x**3 + 96*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c*d*x**4 + 40*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*d**2*x**5 - 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*d**2 + 90*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c**2)/(240*b**2)
```

### 3.245 $\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2079
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2079
Rubi [A] (verified)	2080
Maple [A] (verified)	2081
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2082
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2082
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2083
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2083
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2084
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2084

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3}{8} acx \sqrt{a + bx^2} + \frac{1}{4} cx (a + bx^2)^{3/2} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
3/8*a*c*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/4*c*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/5*d*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+
3/8*a^2*c*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(8a^2d + 2b^2x^3(5c + 4dx) + abx(25c + 16dx)) - 15a^2\sqrt{bc} \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{40b}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(8*a^2*d + 2*b^2*x^3*(5*c + 4*d*x) + a*b*x*(25*c + 16*d*x)) - 15*a^2*Sqrt[b]*c*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(40*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {455, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$c \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$c \left( \frac{3}{4} a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$c \left( \frac{3}{4} a \left( \frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$c \left( \frac{3}{4} a \left( \frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$c \left( \frac{3}{4} a \left( \frac{\text{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5b}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output  $(d*(a + b*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(5*b) + c*((x*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)})/4 + (3*a*((x*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[b])))/4)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p - 1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 455  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$c \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right) + \frac{d(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b}$	70
risch	$\frac{(8b^2dx^4+10b^2cx^3+16abd^2x^2+25abcx+8a^2d)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{40b} + \frac{3a^2c \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{8\sqrt{b}}$	80

input  $\text{int}((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
c*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+1/5*d*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left[ \frac{15 a^2 \sqrt{bc} \log \left( -2 b x^2 - 2 \sqrt{b x^2 + a} \sqrt{b x - a} \right) + 2 (8 b^2 d x^4 + 10 b^2 c x^3 + 16 a b d x^2 + 25 a b c x + 8 a^2 d) \sqrt{b x^2 + a}}{80 b} - \frac{15 a^2 \sqrt{-bc} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) - (8 b^2 d x^4 + 10 b^2 c x^3 + 16 a b d x^2 + 25 a b c x + 8 a^2 d) \sqrt{b x^2 + a}}{40 b} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/80*(15*a^2*sqrt(b)*c*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(8*b^2*d*x^4 + 10*b^2*c*x^3 + 16*a*b*d*x^2 + 25*a*b*c*x + 8*a^2*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b, -1/40*(15*a^2*sqrt(-b)*c*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (8*b^2*d*x^4 + 10*b^2*c*x^3 + 16*a*b*d*x^2 + 25*a*b*c*x + 8*a^2*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{3a^2c \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{\log \left( 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2+2bx} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} \text{ for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{8} + \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left( \frac{a^2d}{5b} + \frac{5acx}{8} + \frac{2adx^2}{5} + \frac{bcx^3}{4} + \frac{bdx^4}{5} \right) \\ a^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) \end{array} \right. \text{ for } a > 0$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a**2*c*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True))/8 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(a**2*d/(5*b) + 5*a*c*x/8 + 2*a*d*x**2/5 + b*c*x**3/4 + b*d*x**4/5), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(3/2)*(c*x + d*x**2/2), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{4} (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} cx + \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} acx + \frac{3a^2c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} d}{5b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*c*x + 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*c*x + 3/8*a^2*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 1/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*d/b`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3a^2c \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{8\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{40} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left(\frac{8a^2d}{b} + (25ac + 2(8ad + (4bdx + 5bc)x)x)x\right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3/8*a^2*c*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/sqrt(b) + 1/40*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(8*a^2*d/b + (25*a*c + 2*(8*a*d + (4*b*d*x + 5*b*c)*x)*x)*x`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{d(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{5b} + \frac{cx(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x),x)`output `(d*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*b) + (c*x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/2], 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a))/((b*x^2)/a + 1)^(3/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2d + 25\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abcx + 16\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abd x^2 + 10\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2c x^3 + 8\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2d x^4}{40b}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`output `(8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d + 25*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*x + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d*x**2 + 10*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*x**3 + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d*x**4 + 15*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*c)/(40*b)`

**3.246**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	2085
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2085
Rubi [A] (verified)	2086
Maple [A] (verified)	2089
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2090
Sympy [F]	2090
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2091
Giac [F(-2)]	2091
Mupad [F(-1)]	2092
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2092

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \frac{(2(bc^2 + ad^2) - bcdx) \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{2d^3} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{bc}(2bc^2 + 3ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^4} - \frac{(bc^2 + ad^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^4}$$

output

```
1/2*(-b*c*d*x+2*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3+1/3*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d-1/2*b^(1/2)*c*(3*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^4-(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}(6bc^2 + 8ad^2 - 3bcdx + 2bd^2x^2) - 12(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{6d^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x), x]
```

output

```
(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(6*b*c^2 + 8*a*d^2 - 3*b*c*d*x + 2*b*d^2*x^2) - 12*(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]] + 3*Sqrt[b]*c*(2*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(6*d^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {493, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 493 \\
 & \int \frac{(ad - bcx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c + dx} dx + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 682 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(ad(bc^2 + 2ad^2) - bc(2bc^2 + 3ad^2)x)}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2bd^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(2(ad^2 + bc^2) - bcdx)}{2d^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{ad(bc^2 + 2ad^2) - bc(2bc^2 + 3ad^2)x}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(2(ad^2 + bc^2) - bcdx)}{2d^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{2(ad^2 + bc^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d \cdot 2d^2} - \frac{bc(3ad^2 + 2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(2(ad^2 + bc^2) - bcdx)}{2d^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{bc(3ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(ad^2+bc^2)-bcdx)}{2d^2} + \\
 & \frac{d}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3ad^2+2bc^2)}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(ad^2+bc^2)-bcdx)}{2d^2}}{d} + \\
 & \frac{d}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
 & \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3ad^2+2bc^2)}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(ad^2+bc^2)-bcdx)}{2d^2}}{d} + \\
 & \frac{d}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3ad^2+2bc^2)}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2(ad^2+bc^2)-bcdx)}{2d^2}}{d} + \\
 & \frac{d}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(3*d) + (((2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2) - b*c*d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*d^2) + (-((Sqrt[b]*c*(2*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d) - (2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/d)/(2*d^2))/d`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 493  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p-1)}*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{RationalQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, 1]) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[n + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 682  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
risch	$\frac{(2bx^2d^2 - 3bcdx + 8ad^2 + 6bc^2)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{6d^3} - \frac{2(a^2d^4 + 2bc^2d^2a + b^2c^4) \ln\left(\frac{2ad^2 + 2bc^2 - 2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right) + 2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}\sqrt{b\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)}{d}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}}\right)}{2d^3}$
default	$\frac{\left(b\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{bc \left(\frac{(2b\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right) - \frac{2bc}{d})\sqrt{b\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}{4b} + \left(\frac{4b(ad^2+bc^2)}{d^2} - \frac{4b^2c^2}{d^2}\right) \ln\left(\frac{-\frac{bc}{d} + b\sqrt{b\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(\frac{x+c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}{d}\right)}{d}$

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/6*(2*b*d^2*x^2-3*b*c*d*x+8*a*d^2+6*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3-1/2/d^3*(2
*(a^2*d^4+2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d
2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*
c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+b^(1/2)*c*(3*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)
/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 774, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(3*(2*b*c^3 + 3*a*c*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 6*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(2*b*d^3*x^2 - 3*b*c*d^2*x + 6*b*c^2*d + 8*a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/d^4, 1/6*(3*(2*b*c^3 + 3*a*c*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + 3*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + (2*b*d^3*x^2 - 3*b*c*d^2*x + 6*b*c^2*d + 8*a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/d^4, -1/12*(12*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - 3*(2*b*c^3 + 3*a*c*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(2*b*d^3*x^2 - 3*b*c*d^2*x + 6*b*c^2*d + 8*a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/d^4, -1/6*(6*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - 3*(2*b*c^3 + 3*a*c*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (2*b*d^3*x^2 - 3*b*c*d^2*x + 6*b*c^2*d + 8*a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/d^4]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c),x)`

output

`Integral((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + abcx}}{2d^2} - \frac{b^{3/2}c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^4} - \frac{3a\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{3/2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + abc^2}}{d^3} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{3d}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + aa}}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c*x/d^2 - b^(3/2)*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^4 - 3/2*a*sqrt(b)*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^2 + (a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^2/d^3 + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a/d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E rror: Bad Argument Value`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x), x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1948, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.25

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c), x)`

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*c*d**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c*
**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b*c**3 - 6*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2
*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**2*d**4 - 12*sqrt
(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*
b*c**2))*a*b*c**2*d**2 - 6*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2
- 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a
*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b**2*c**4 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(
- sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)*a*c*d**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(- sqrt(2*sqrt(b
)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt
(b)*d*x)*b*c**3 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**
2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*...
```

### 3.247 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2094
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2094
Rubi [A] (verified)	2095
Maple [B] (verified)	2098
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2099
Sympy [F]	2099
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2100
Giac [F(-1)]	2100
Mupad [F(-1)]	2101
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2101

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = -\frac{2bc\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^3} + \frac{bx\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2d^2} - \frac{(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^3(c+dx)} + \frac{3\sqrt{b}(2bc^2+ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^4} + \frac{3bc\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^4}$$

output

```
-2*b*c*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3+1/2*b*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^2-(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)+3/2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^4+3*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-6bc^2-2ad^2-3bcdx+bd^2x^2)}{c+dx} - 12bc\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right) - 3\sqrt{b}(c+dx)^{3/2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((d\sqrt{a+bx^2})(-6b^2c^2-2ad^2-3b^2cdx+b^2d^2x^2))/(c+dx) - 12b^2c\sqrt{-(b^2c^2-ad^2)}\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2})/\sqrt{-(b^2c^2-ad^2)}] - 3\sqrt{b}(2b^2c^2+ad^2)\operatorname{Log}[-(\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{a+bx^2})]/(2d^4)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {492, 591, 25, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 492$$

$$\frac{3b \int \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow 591$$

$$\frac{3b \left( \frac{\int -\frac{acd-(2bc^2+ad^2)x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c-dx)}{2d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{3b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{acd-(2bc^2+ad^2)x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c-dx)}{2d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow 719$$

$$\frac{3b \left( -\frac{\frac{2c(ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c-dx)}{2d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$3b \left( \frac{2c(ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{(ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c-dx)}{2d^2} \right) \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

219

$$3b \left( \frac{2c(ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+2bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c-dx)}{2d^2} \right) \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

488

$$3b \left( \frac{2c(ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+2bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c-dx)}{2d^2} \right) \frac{d}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{1}{d(c+dx)}$$

219

$$3b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+2bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c-dx)}{2d^2} \right) \frac{d}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{1}{d(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(d*(c + d*x))) + (3*b*(-1/2*((2*c - d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/d^2 - (-(((2*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(Sqrt[b]*d)) - (2*c*Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/d)/(2*d^2))/d`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/(((c) + (d) \cdot (x)) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 492  $\text{Int}[(c) + (d) \cdot (x))^{(n)} \cdot ((a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2)^{(p)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d \cdot x)^{(n+1)} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (d \cdot (n+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2 \cdot b \cdot (p / (d \cdot (n+1))) \quad \text{Int}[x \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{(n+1)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[n + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 591  $\text{Int}[(x) \cdot ((c) + (d) \cdot (x))^{(n)} \cdot ((a) + (b) \cdot (x)^2)^{(p)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c + d \cdot x)^{(n+1)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot ((c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1) - d \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1) \cdot x) / (d^2 \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1) \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot (p / (d^2 \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1) \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 2))) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p-1)} \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot n + (b \cdot c^2 \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1) + a \cdot d^2 \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1)) \cdot x, x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[n + 2 \cdot p, 0]$
- rule 719  $\text{Int}[(d) + (e) \cdot (x))^{(m)} \cdot ((f) + (g) \cdot (x)) \cdot ((a) + (c) \cdot (x)^2)^{(p)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \quad \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{(m+1)} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f - d \cdot g)/e \quad \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 445 vs. 2(153) = 306.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-dx+4c)\sqrt{bx^2+ab}}{2d^3} + \frac{2(a^2d^4+2bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4)}{d^3} \left( \frac{d^2\sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}{(ad^2+bc^2)(x+\frac{c}{d})} - \frac{bcd \ln \left( \frac{2ad^2+2bc^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + 2\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}{d^2} \right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)(x+\frac{c}{d})} \right)$
default	$\frac{3bcd}{d^2} \left( \frac{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}{3} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{bc \left( \frac{(2b(x+\frac{c}{d}) - \frac{2bc}{d})\sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}{4b} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{d^2 \left( b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(ad^2+bc^2)(x+\frac{c}{d})}$

```
input int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-d*x+4*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*b/d^3+1/2/d^3*(2*(a^2*d^4+2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/d^3*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+3*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2+2*b*c^2)/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))+8/d^2*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 888, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.07

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(3*(2*b*c^3 + a*c*d^2 + (2*b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 -
2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 6*(b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2
)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*s
qrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2
)) + 2*(b*d^3*x^2 - 3*b*c*d^2*x - 6*b*c^2*d - 2*a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d
^5*x + c*d^4), 1/4*(12*(b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(
-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^
2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + 3*(2*b*c^3 + a*c*d^2 + (2*b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b)
*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(b*d^3*x^2 - 3*b*c*d^
2*x - 6*b*c^2*d - 2*a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^5*x + c*d^4), -1/2*(3*(2*b*
c^3 + a*c*d^2 + (2*b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)) - 3*(b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*
c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x
- a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - (b*d^3*x^2 - 3*b*c*d
^2*x - 6*b*c^2*d - 2*a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^5*x + c*d^4), 1/2*(6*(b*c*
d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d
)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - 3*(2*b*
c^3 + a*c*d^2 + (2*b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)) + (b*d^3*x^2 - 3*b*c*d^2*x - 6*b*c^2*d - 2*a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
)/(d^5*x + c*d^4)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**2,x)`



output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{d^2x + cd} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + abx}}{2d^2} + \frac{3b^{3/2}c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3a\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}}bc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + abc}}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(d^2*x + c*d) + 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*x/d^2 + 3*b^(3/2)*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^4 + 3/2*a*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^2 - 3*sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d^3 - 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c/d^3`

### Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} \log(-\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} - ad + bcx) bc^2 + 12\sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} \log(-\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} - ad + bcx)}{(c + dx)^2}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```
(12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*b*c**2 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sq
r
t(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b*c*d*x - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c
+
d*x)*b*c**2 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(a
+
b*x**2)*a*d**3 - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**2*d - 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*d
**2*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*d**3*x**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) -
s
qrt(b)*x)*a*c*d**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*d**3*x
-
6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*b*c**3 - 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt
(a
+ b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*b*c**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sq
r
t(b)*x)*a*c*d**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*a*d**3*x +
6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*b*c**3 + 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a
+
b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*b*c**2*d*x)/(4*d**4*(c + d*x))
```

**3.248**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2102
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2102
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2103
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2106
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2107
Sympy [F] . . . . .	2108
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2109
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2110
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2110
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2111

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{d^3} - \frac{(bc^2 + ad^2)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{2d^3(c + dx)^2} + \frac{5bc\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{2d^3(c + dx)}$$

$$- \frac{3b^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^4} - \frac{3b(2bc^2 + ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^4\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2}}$$

output

```
b*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3-1/2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^2+5/2*
b*c*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)-3*b^(3/2)*c*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1
/2))/d^4-3/2*b*(a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b
*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^4/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(6bc^2-ad^2+9bcdx+2bd^2x^2)}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{6b(2bc^2+ad^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}} + 6b^{3/2}c \log\left(-\sqrt{bx}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*(6*b*c^2 - a*d^2 + 9*b*c*d*x + 2*b*d^2*x^2))/(c + d*x)^2 - (6*b*(2*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + d*x) - d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/\text{Sqrt}[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2] + 6*b^(3/2)*c*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])]/(2*d^4)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {492, 590, 25, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 492 \\ & \frac{3b \int \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{2d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d(c + dx)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 590 \\ & \frac{3b \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c+dx)}{d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\int -\frac{ad-2bcx}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d^2} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d(c + dx)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{3b \left( \frac{\int \frac{ad-2bcx}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c+dx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d(c + dx)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 719 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3b \left( \frac{(ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{2bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c+dx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 224 \\
& \frac{3b \left( \frac{(ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{2bc \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d-\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c+dx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{3b \left( \frac{(ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c+dx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 488 \\
& \frac{3b \left( \frac{(ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c+dx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{3b \left( \frac{(ad^2+2bc^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2c+dx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output

$$-1/2*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)}/(d*(c + d*x)^2) + (3*b*((2*c + d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/d^2*(c + d*x) + ((-2*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/d - ((2*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]))/d^2)/(2*d)$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 488

$$\text{Int}[1/(((c + (d \cdot x))\text{Sqrt}[(a + (b \cdot x)^2])), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 492

$$\text{Int}[(c + (d \cdot x))^n * (a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n+1)} * ((a + b*x^2)^p / (d*(n+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n+1))) \quad \text{Int}[x*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)} * (a + b*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 590

$$\text{Int}[(x) * ((c + (d \cdot x))^n * ((a + (b \cdot x)^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(c + d*x)^{(n+1}) * (a + b*x^2)^p * ((c*(2*p + 1) - d*(n+1)*x)/(d^2*(n+1)*(n+2*p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(d^2*(n+1)*(n+2*p+2))) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n+1)} * (a + b*x^2)^{(p-1)} * (a*d*(n+1) + b*c*(2*p+1)*x), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0]$$

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 882 vs. 2(158) = 316.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 883, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

method	result
	$\frac{(a^2 d^4 + 2 b c^2 d^2 a + b^2 c^4)}{d^3} \left( - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2 b c \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}{2 (a d^2 + b c^2) \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2} + \frac{3 b c d \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2 b c \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)} - \frac{b c d \ln \left( \dots \right)}{d^3} \right)$
risch	$\frac{b \sqrt{b x^2 + a}}{d^3}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

b*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3-1/d^3*(-(a^2*d^4+2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/d^4*(-1/2/(a
*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^
(1/2)+3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2
*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)
/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^
(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))+1/2
*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b
*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d
^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))+3*b^(3/2)*c/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
)+2*b/d^2*(a*d^2+3*b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d
^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)
+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+4/d^3*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c
^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*
d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*
(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*
c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs.  $2(159) = 318$ .

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1545, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.49

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
[1/4*(6*(b^2*c^5 + a*b*c^3*d^2 + (b^2*c^3*d^2 + a*b*c*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^4*d + a*b*c^2*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 3*(2*b^2*c^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2 + (2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a*b*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(2*b^2*c^3*d + a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(6*b^2*c^4*d + 5*a*b*c^2*d^3 - a^2*d^5 + 2*(b^2*c^2*d^3 + a*b*d^5)*x^2 + 9*(b^2*c^3*d^2 + a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b*c^4*d^4 + a*c^2*d^6 + (b*c^2*d^6 + a*d^8)*x^2 + 2*(b*c^3*d^5 + a*c*d^7)*x), 1/4*(12*(b^2*c^5 + a*b*c^3*d^2 + (b^2*c^3*d^2 + a*b*c*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^4*d + a*b*c^2*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + 3*(2*b^2*c^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2 + (2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a*b*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(2*b^2*c^3*d + a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(6*b^2*c^4*d + 5*a*b*c^2*d^3 - a^2*d^5 + 2*(b^2*c^2*d^3 + a*b*d^5)*x^2 + 9*(b^2*c^3*d^2 + a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b*c^4*d^4 + a*c^2*d^6 + (b*c^2*d^6 + a*d^8)*x^2 + 2*(b*c^3*d^5 + a*c*d^7)*x), -1/2*(3*(2*b^2*c^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2 + (2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a*b*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(2*b^2*c^3*d + a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - 3*(b^2*c^5 + a*b*c^3*d^2 ...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**3, x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**3, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 341 vs.  $2(159) = 318$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx &= \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2c^2}}{2(bc^2d^3 + ad^5)} \\ &- \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2c^2}cx}{2(bc^2d^2 + ad^4)} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}bc}{2(bc^2d^2x + ad^4x + bc^3d + acd^3)} \\ &- \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2(bc^2dx^2 + ad^3x^2 + 2bc^3x + 2acd^2x + \frac{bc^4}{d} + ac^2d)} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b}{2(bc^2d + ad^3)} \\ &- \frac{3b^{\frac{3}{2}}c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^4} + \frac{3b^2c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}}d^5} \\ &+ \frac{3\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}}b \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2d^3} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}}{2d^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^2/(b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5) - 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c*x/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4) + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b*c/(b*c^2*d^2*x + a*d^4*x + b*c^3*d + a*c*d^3) - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(b*c^2*d*x^2 + a*d^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*x + 2*a*c*d^2*x + b*c^4/d + a*c^2*d) + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b/(b*c^2*d + a*d^3) - 3*b^(3/2)*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^4 + 3/2*b^2*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/(sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*d^5) + 3/2*sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*b*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d^3 + 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b/d^3`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 349 vs.  $2(159) = 318$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{3b^{3/2}c \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{d^4} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}}{d^3} + \frac{3(2b^2c^2 + abd^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}d^4} + \frac{6(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^3 b^2 c^2 d + (\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^3 abd^3 + 10(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^2 b^{5/2} c^3 - 5(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})}{\left((\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^2 d + 2(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})\right)}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3*b^(3/2)*c*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/d^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b/d^3 + 3*(2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*d^4) + (6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*b^2*c^2*d + (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a*b*d^3 + 10*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*b^(5/2)*c^3 - 5*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a*b^(3/2)*c*d^2 - 14*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a*b^2*c^2*d + (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^2*b*d^3 + 5*a^2*b^(3/2)*c*d^2)/(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(b)*c - a*d)^2*d^4)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 999, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.49

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d**3*x + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*lo
g(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*d**4*x**2 + 6*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b
*c*x)*b**2*c**4 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**
2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**3*d*x + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 3
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 - 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2
)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d**3*x - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*d**
4*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**4 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**3*d*x - 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)
*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d**5 + 5*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b
*c**2*d**3 + 9*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**4*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**5
*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**4*d + 9*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*d**2
*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**
2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c**3*d**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x
)*a*b*c**2*d**3*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c*d**4
*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*b**2*c**5 + 6*sqrt(b)*
log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*b**2*c**4*d*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a ...
```

**3.249**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx$

Optimal result	2112
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2113
Rubi [A] (verified)	2113
Maple [B] (verified)	2117
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2118
Sympy [F]	2119
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2119
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2120
Mupad [F(-1)]	2121
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2121

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx = -\frac{(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3d^3(c+dx)^3} + \frac{7bc\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6d^3(c+dx)^2} - \frac{b(11bc^2+8ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6d^3(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)} + \frac{b^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^4} + \frac{b^2c(2bc^2+3ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^4(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^3+7/6*b*c*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^2-1/6*b*(8*a*d^2+11*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)+b^(3/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^4+1/2*b^2*c*(3*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^4/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2a^2d^4+abd^2(5c^2+9cdx+8d^2x^2))+b^2c^2(6c^2+15cdx+11d^2x^2)}{(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^3} + \frac{6b^2c(2bc^2+3ad^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2-ad^2)^{3/2}} + 6b^{3/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right) + 6b^{3/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right) \Big/ 6d^4$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^4,x]`

output `-1/6*((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(2*a^2*d^4 + a*b*d^2*(5*c^2 + 9*c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2) + b^2*c^2*(6*c^2 + 15*c*d*x + 11*d^2*x^2)))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3) + (6*b^2*c*(2*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(3/2) + 6*b^(3/2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d^4`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {492, 589, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

↓ 492

$$\frac{b \int \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx}{d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c + dx)^3}$$

↓ 589

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{b \int -\frac{2(acd-2(bc^2+ad^2)x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{4d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2ad^2+3bc^2)+c(ad^2+2bc^2))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{acd-2(bc^2+ad^2)x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2ad^2+3bc^2)+c(ad^2+2bc^2))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(3ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2ad^2+3bc^2)+c(ad^2+2bc^2))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(3ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2ad^2+3bc^2)+c(ad^2+2bc^2))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(3ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2ad^2+3bc^2)+c(ad^2+2bc^2))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 488

$$b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(3ad^2+2bc^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - 2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) (ad^2+bc^2)}{d} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2ad^2+3bc^2)+c(ad^2+2bc^2))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} d}{3d(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 219

$$b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) (ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{c(3ad^2+2bc^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2} \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right)}{d \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(2ad^2+3bc^2)+c(ad^2+2bc^2))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} d}{3d(c+dx)^3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(d*(c + d*x)^3) + (b*(-1/2*((c*(2*b*c^2 + a*d^2) + d*(3*b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (b*((-2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(Sqrt[b]*d) - (c*(2*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(d*Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]))/(2*d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/d
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```



rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 492 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1))) Int[x*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[n, -1]) && NeQ[n, -1] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 589 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(a*d^2 + b*c^2*(2*p + 1)) - d*(a*d^2*(n + 1) + b*c^2*(n - 2*p + 1))*x)/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))], x] + Simp[b*(p/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*d*(n + 2) - (2*a*d^2*(n + 1) - 2*b*c^2*(2*p + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2445 vs.  $2(194) = 388$ .

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2446, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.12

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2446

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/d^4 * (-1/3 / (a*d^2 + b*c^2) * d^2 / (x+c/d)^3 * (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(5/2)} + 1/3 * b*c*d / (a*d^2 + b*c^2) * (-1/2 / (a*d^2 + b*c^2) * d^2 / (x+c/d) \\ & )^2 * (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(5/2)} - 1/2 * b*c*d / (a*d^2 + b*c^2) * (-1 / (a*d^2 + b*c^2) * d^2 / (x+c/d) * (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(5/2)} - 3*b*c*d / (a*d^2 + b*c^2) * (1/3 * (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(3/2)} - b*c/d * (1/4 * (2*b*(x+c/d) - 2*b*c/d) / b * (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)} + 1/8 * (4*b*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2 - 4*b^2*c^2/d^2) / b^{(3/2)} * \ln((-b*c/d + b*(x+c/d)) / b^{(1/2)} + (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)}) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2 * ((b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)} - b^{(1/2)} * c/d * \ln((-b*c/d + b*(x+c/d)) / b^{(1/2)} + (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)}) - (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2 / ((a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)} * \ln((2*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + 2*((a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)} * (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)}) / (x+c/d)) + 4*b / (a*d^2 + b*c^2) * d^2 * (1/8 * (2*b*(x+c/d) - 2*b*c/d) / b * (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(3/2)} + 3/16 * (4*b*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2 - 4*b^2*c^2/d^2) / b * (1/4 * (2*b*(x+c/d) - 2*b*c/d) / b * (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)} + 1/8 * (4*b*(a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2 - 4*b^2*c^2/d^2) / b^{(3/2)} * \ln((-b*c/d + b*(x+c/d)) / b^{(1/2)} + (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)})) + 3/2 * b / (a*d^2 + b*c^2) * d^2 * (1/3 * (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d*(x+c/d) + (a*d^2 + b*c^2)/d^2)^{(3/2)} - b*c/d * (1/4 * (2*b*(x+c/d) - 2*b*c/d) / b * (b*(x+c/d)^2 - 2*b*c/d * \dots \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 612 vs.  $2(195) = 390$ .

Time = 3.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2513, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.42

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(6*(b^3*c^7 + 2*a*b^2*c^5*d^2 + a^2*b*c^3*d^4 + (b^3*c^4*d^3 + 2*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 + a^2*b*d^7)*x^3 + 3*(b^3*c^5*d^2 + 2*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 + a^2*b*c^2*d^6)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^6*d + 2*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + a^2*b*c^2*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 3*(2*b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + (2*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 + 3*(2*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(2*b^3*c^5*d + 3*a*b^2*c^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(6*b^3*c^6*d + 11*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 7*a^2*b*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^3*d^7 + (11*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 19*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 + 8*a^2*b*d^7)*x^2 + 3*(5*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 8*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^6)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^2*c^7*d^4 + 2*a*b*c^5*d^6 + a^2*c^3*d^8 + (b^2*c^4*d^7 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^9 + a^2*d^11)*x^3 + 3*(b^2*c^5*d^6 + 2*a*b*c^3*d^8 + a^2*c*d^10)*x^2 + 3*(b^2*c^6*d^5 + 2*a*b*c^4*d^7 + a^2*c^2*d^9)*x), 1/6*(3*(2*b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + (2*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 + 3*(2*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(2*b^3*c^5*d + 3*a*b^2*c^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + 3*(b^3*c^7 + 2*a*b^2*c^5*d^2 + a^2*b*c^3*d^4 + (b^3*c^4*d^3 + 2*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 + a^2*b*d^7)*x^3 + 3*(b^3*c^5*d^2 + 2*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 + a^2*b*c*d^6)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^6*d + 2*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + a^2*b*c^2*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*...
```

## SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**4,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**4, x)`

## Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 642 vs.  $2(195) = 390$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 642, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^3c^3}}{2(b^2c^4d^3 + 2abc^2d^5 + a^2d^7)} - \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^3c^2x}}{2(b^2c^4d^2 + 2abc^2d^4 + a^2d^6)} \\ &+ \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2c^2}{6(b^2c^4d^2x + 2abc^2d^4x + a^2d^6x + b^2c^5d + 2abc^3d^3 + a^2cd^5)} \\ &- \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}bc}{6(b^2c^4dx^2 + 2abc^2d^3x^2 + a^2d^5x^2 + 2b^2c^5x + 4abc^3d^2x + 2a^2cd^4x + \frac{b^2c^6}{d} + 2abc^4d + a^2c^2d^3)} \\ &+ \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2c}{6(b^2c^4d + 2abc^2d^3 + a^2d^5)} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2c}}{2(bc^2d^3 + ad^5)} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2x}}{bc^2d^2 + ad^4} \\ &- \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3(bc^2d^2x^3 + ad^4x^3 + 3bc^3dx^2 + 3acd^3x^2 + 3bc^4x + 3ac^2d^2x + \frac{bc^5}{d} + ac^3d)} \\ &- \frac{2(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b}{3(bc^2d^2x + ad^4x + bc^3d + acd^3)} + \frac{b^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^4} \\ &+ \frac{b^3c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^7} - \frac{3b^2c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}}d^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^3/(b^2*c^4*d^3 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^5 + a^2*d^7) - 1/2*
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^2*x/(b^2*c^4*d^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6) + 1/6*(b
*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c^2/(b^2*c^4*d^2*x + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4*x + a^2*d^6*x + b^2
*c^5*d + 2*a*b*c^3*d^3 + a^2*c*d^5) - 1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b*c/(b^2*c^4*d
*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 + a^2*d^5*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^5*x + 4*a*b*c^3*d^2*x + 2
*a^2*c*d^4*x + b^2*c^6/d + 2*a*b*c^4*d + a^2*c^2*d^3) + 1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(3
/2)*b^2*c/(b^2*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3 + a^2*d^5) - 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*
c/(b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*x/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4) - 1/3*(b
*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(b*c^2*d^2*x^3 + a*d^4*x^3 + 3*b*c^3*d*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^3*x^2
+ 3*b*c^4*x + 3*a*c^2*d^2*x + b*c^5/d + a*c^3*d) - 2/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*
b/(b*c^2*d^2*x + a*d^4*x + b*c^3*d + a*c*d^3) + b^(3/2)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a
*b))/d^4 + 1/2*b^3*c^3*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))) - a*d/(sqrt(
a*b)*abs(d*x + c))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^7) - 3/2*b^2*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/
(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))/(sqrt(a + b*c^2/d
^2)*d^5)

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 604 vs. 2(195) = 390.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 604, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{(2b^3c^3 + 3ab^2cd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{(bc^2d^4 + ad^6)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} - \frac{b^{3/2} \log\left(|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}|\right)}{d^4} - \frac{18\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^5 b^3c^3d^2 + 15\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^5 ab^2cd^4 + 54\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^4 b^{7/2}c^4d + 27\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^3 b^{5/2}c^4d^2 + 18\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^2 b^{3/2}c^4d^3 + 9b^{1/2}c^4d^4}{d^5}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(2*b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c*d^2)*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt
(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b*c^2*d^4 + a*d^6)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) -
b^(3/2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/d^4 - 1/3*(18*(sqrt(b)*x -
sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 15*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a*b^2*
c*d^4 + 54*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*b^(7/2)*c^4*d + 27*(sqrt(b)*x -
sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a*b^(5/2)*c^2*d^3 - 12*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4
*a^2*b^(3/2)*d^5 + 44*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*b^4*c^5 - 34*(sqrt(b
)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 48*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^
3*a^2*b^2*c*d^4 - 78*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a*b^(7/2)*c^4*d - 36*
(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a^2*b^(5/2)*c^2*d^3 + 12*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt
(b*x^2 + a))^2*a^3*b^(3/2)*d^5 + 48*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^2*b^3*
c^3*d^2 + 33*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 - 11*a^3*b^(5/2)*
c^2*d^3 - 8*a^4*b^(3/2)*d^5)/((b*c^2*d^4 + a*d^6)*((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2
+ a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(b)*c - a*d)^3)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^4, x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^4, x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1734, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^4, x)
```

output

```
(9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**4*d**2 + 27*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**3*x + 27*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x
)*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*
c**6 + 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c*
**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**5*d*x + 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqr
t(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b
*c*x)*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c*
**4*d**2 - 27*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**3*x - 27*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 - 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d
*x)*b**3*c**6 - 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**5*d*x - 18*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*
c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*d**7 - 7*
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c**2*d**5 - 9*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d**6*x - 8
*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**7*x**2 - 11*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**4*d...
```

**3.250**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx$

Optimal result	2123
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2123
Rubi [A] (verified)	2124
Maple [B] (verified)	2126
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2127
Sympy [F]	2128
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2129
Giac [F(-1)]	2130
Mupad [F(-1)]	2130
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2130

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx = -\frac{3ab(ad-bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{8(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{4(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^4} - \frac{3a^2b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-3/8*a*b*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2-1/4*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^4-3/8*a^2*b^2*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 723 vs. 2(153) = 306.



Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 723, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{16b^5c^4x^3(c^3 + 4c^2dx + 6cd^2x^2 + 4d^3x^3) (\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{a + bx^2}) - 2a^5d^7 (-4\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{5/2}} \right) - \frac{6a^2b^2 \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx) - d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} \right)}{(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^5,x]`

output

```
((16*b^5*c^4*x^3*(c^3 + 4*c^2*d*x + 6*c*d^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^3)*(Sqrt[b]*x -
Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - 2*a^5*d^7*(-4*Sqrt[b]*x + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + a^4*b*d^5*
(4*Sqrt[b]*x*(5*c^2 + 4*c*d*x + 11*d^2*x^2) - Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(5*c^2 + 4*c
*d*x + 21*d^2*x^2)) - 8*a*b^4*c^2*x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(c^5 + 4*c^4*d*x + 11
*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 24*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 24*c*d^4*x^4 + 16*d^5*x^5) - Sqrt[b]*x*(2*
c^5 + 8*c^4*d*x + 17*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 28*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 24*c*d^4*x^4 + 16*d^5*
x^5)) + a^3*(-(b^2*d^4*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-5*c^3 + 36*c^2*d*x + 27*c*d^2*x
^2 + 56*d^3*x^3)) + b^(5/2)*d^2*(5*c^5 + 20*c^4*d*x + 10*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 64*
c^2*d^3*x^3 + 33*c*d^4*x^4 + 76*d^5*x^5)) + 2*a^2*(-(b^3*d^2*x*Sqrt[a + b
*x^2]*(10*c^5 + 40*c^4*d*x + 39*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 44*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 6*c*d^4*x^4
+ 20*d^5*x^5)) + b^(7/2)*(c^7 + 4*c^6*d*x + 26*c^5*d^2*x^2 + 84*c^4*d^3*x^
3 + 87*c^3*d^4*x^4 + 76*c^2*d^5*x^5 + 6*c*d^6*x^6 + 20*d^7*x^7)))/(d^4*(b*
c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)^4*(a^2 + 8*a*b*x^2 + 8*b^2*x^4 - 4*a*Sqrt[b]*x*Sq
rt[a + b*x^2] - 8*b^(3/2)*x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) - (6*a^2*b^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[
b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d
^2)^(5/2))/8
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{486} \\
& \frac{3ab \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx}{4(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (ad - bcx)}{4(c + dx)^4 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{486} \\
& \frac{3ab \left( \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (ad - bcx)}{4(c + dx)^4 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{488} \\
& \frac{3ab \left( -\frac{ab \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (ad - bcx)}{4(c + dx)^4 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& \frac{3ab \left( -\frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (ad - bcx)}{4(c + dx)^4 (ad^2 + bc^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^5,x]`

output `-1/4*((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^4) + (3*a*b*(-1/2*((a*d - b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)))/(4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4019 vs.  $2(137) = 274$ .

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4020, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.27

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4020

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/d^5*(-1/4/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^4*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(5/2)+3/4*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d
)^3*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(5/2)+1/3*b*c*d/(a*d^2
+b*c^2)*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*
d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(5/2)-1/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d
)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(5/2)-3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c
^2)*(1/3*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)-b*c/d*(1/4*
(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1
/2)+1/8*(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/b^(3/2)*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d)
)/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)))+(a*d^2+b
*c^2)/d^2*((b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c
/d*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2
)/d^2)^(1/2))-(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c
^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(
x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))) +4*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/8*(2*
b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)
+3/16*(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/b*(1/4*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/b
*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c
^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/b^(3/2)*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-
2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))))+3/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 548 vs.  $2(138) = 276$ .

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1123, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.34

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(3*(a^2*b^2*d^4*x^4 + 4*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 +
4*a^2*b^2*c^3*d*x + a^2*b^2*c^4)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*
b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c
*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(5*a^2*b^2*c^4*d
+ 7*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 2*a^4*d^5 - (2*b^4*c^5 + 7*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^2*
c*d^4)*x^3 - (4*a*b^3*c^4*d - a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 5*a^3*b*d^5)*x^2 - (5*a*b^
3*c^5 + a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^3*c^10 + 3
*a*b^2*c^8*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^6*d^4 + a^3*c^4*d^6 + (b^3*c^6*d^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^
4*d^6 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^8 + a^3*d^10)*x^4 + 4*(b^3*c^7*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^5
+ 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^7 + a^3*c*d^9)*x^3 + 6*(b^3*c^8*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^6*d^4 + 3
*a^2*b*c^4*d^6 + a^3*c^2*d^8)*x^2 + 4*(b^3*c^9*d + 3*a*b^2*c^7*d^3 + 3*a^2
*b*c^5*d^5 + a^3*c^3*d^7)*x), -1/8*(3*(a^2*b^2*d^4*x^4 + 4*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*x
^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*b^2*c^3*d*x + a^2*b^2*c^4)*sqrt(-b*c^2
- a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^
2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + (5*a^2*b^2*c^4*d + 7*a^3*b*c^2*d
^3 + 2*a^4*d^5 - (2*b^4*c^5 + 7*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^2*c*d^4)*x^3 - (4*
a*b^3*c^4*d - a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 5*a^3*b*d^5)*x^2 - (5*a*b^3*c^5 + a^2*b^2*
c^3*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^3*c^10 + 3*a*b^2*c^8*d^2 +
3*a^2*b*c^6*d^4 + a^3*c^4*d^6 + (b^3*c^6*d^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^2*b*
c^2*d^8 + a^3*d^10)*x^4 + 4*(b^3*c^7*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**5,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**5, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1223 vs.  $2(138) = 276$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1223, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^4*c^4/(b^3*c^6*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^7 + a^3*d^9) - 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^4*c^3*x/(b^3*c^6*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6 + a^3*d^8) + 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^3*c^3/(b^3*c^6*d^2*x + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4*x + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6*x + a^3*d^8*x + b^3*c^7*d + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^5 + a^3*c*d^7) - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b^2*c^2/(b^3*c^6*d*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*x^2 + a^3*d^7*x^2 + 2*b^3*c^7*x + 6*a*b^2*c^5*d^2*x + 6*a^2*b*c^3*d^4*x + 2*a^3*c*d^6*x + b^3*c^8/d + 3*a*b^2*c^6*d + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^3 + a^3*c^2*d^5) + 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^3*c^2/(b^3*c^6*d + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^5 + a^3*d^7) - 3/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^2/(b^2*c^4*d^3 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^5 + a^2*d^7) + 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c*x/(b^2*c^4*d^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6) - 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b*c/(b^2*c^4*d^2*x^3 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4*x^3 + a^2*d^6*x^3 + 3*b^2*c^5*d*x^2 + 6*a*b*c^3*d^3*x^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^5*x^2 + 3*b^2*c^6*x + 6*a*b*c^4*d^2*x + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4*x + b^2*c^7/d + 2*a*b*c^5*d + a^2*c^3*d^3) - 3/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c/(b^2*c^4*d^2*x + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4*x + a^2*d^6*x + b^2*c^5*d + 2*a*b*c^3*d^3 + a^2*c*d^5) - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b/(b^2*c^4*d*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 + a^2*d^5*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^5*x + 4*a*b*c^3*d^2*x + 2*a^2*c*d^4*x + b^2*c^6/d + 2*a*b*c^4*d + a^2*c^2*d^3) + 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2/(b^2*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3 + a^2*d^5) - 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(b*c^2*d^3*x^4 + a*d^5*x^4 + 4*b*c^3*d^2*x^3 + 4*a*c*d^4*x^3 + 6*b*c^4*d*x^...

```

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^5,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^5, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 956, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.25

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x)`

output

```

(3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**4 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d*x + 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2
*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**
2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*d**4*
x**4 - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**4 - 12*sqrt(a*d**
2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d*x - 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log
(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)
*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*d*
**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*d**5 - 7*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*c**2*d*
**3 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*c*d**4*x - 5*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*d**5*x
**2 - 5*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c**4*d + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c**
3*d**2*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 5*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
a**2*b**2*c*d**4*x**3 + 5*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c**5*x + 4*sqrt(a + b*x*
**2)*a*b**3*c**4*d*x**2 + 7*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c**3*d**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*b**4*c**5*x**3)/(8*(a**3*c**4*d**6 + 4*a**3*c**3*d**7*x + 6*a
**3*c**2*d**8*x**2 + 4*a**3*c*d**9*x**3 + a**3*d**10*x**4 + 3*a**2*b*c**6*
d**4 + 12*a**2*b*c**5*d**5*x + 18*a**2*b*c**4*d**6*x**2 + 12*a**2*b*c**...

```



### 3.251 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^6} dx$

Optimal result	2132
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2132
Rubi [A] (verified)	2133
Maple [B] (verified)	2135
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2136
Sympy [F]	2137
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2138
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2139
Mupad [F(-1)]	2140
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2140

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^6} dx = -\frac{3ab^2c(ad-bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{8(bc^2+ad^2)^3(c+dx)^2} - \frac{bc(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{4(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^4}$$

$$- \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^5} - \frac{3a^2b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-3/8*a*b^2*c*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)^2-1/4*b*c*c*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^4-1/5*d*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^5-3/8*a^2*b^3*c*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(7/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-8a^4d^5+2b^4c^4x^3(5c+dx)-2a^3bd^3(13c^2+5cdx+8d^2x^2)+ab^3c^2x(25c^3+40(bc^2+ad^2)))}{40(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{3a^2b^3c \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{4(-bc^2-ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^6,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-8*a^4*d^5 + 2*b^4*c^4*x^3*(5*c + d*x) - 2*a^3*b*d^3*(13*c^2 + 5*c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2) + a*b^3*c^2*x*(25*c^3 + 29*c^2*d*x + 45*c*d^2*x^2 + 9*d^3*x^3) - a^2*b^2*d*(33*c^4 + 45*c^3*d*x + 77*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 25*c*d^3*x^3 + 8*d^4*x^4)))/(40*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3*(c + d*x)^5) + (3*a^2*b^3*c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(4*(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(7/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {491, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 491 \\
 & \frac{bc \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5(c + dx)^5 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 486 \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{3ab \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5(c + dx)^5 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 486 \\
 & bc \left( \frac{3ab \left( \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5(c + dx)^5 (ad^2 + bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 488 \\
 bc \left( \frac{3ab \left( -\frac{ab \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{ad^2 + bc^2}{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \frac{1}{5(c + dx)^5 (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 bc \left( \frac{3ab \left( -\frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{ad^2 + bc^2}{d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \frac{1}{5(c + dx)^5 (ad^2 + bc^2)}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(d*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^5) + (b*c*(-1/4*((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^4) + (3*a*b*(-1/2*((a*d - b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)))/(4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 491 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b*(c/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4107 vs.  $2(175) = 350$ .

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4108, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.07

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4108

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/d^6*(-1/5/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^5*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(5/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/4/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^4*
(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(5/2)+3/4*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c
^2)*(-1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^3*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2)^(5/2)+1/3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^
2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(5/2)-1/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b
*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*
c^2)/d^2)^(5/2)-3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(1/3*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a
*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)-b*c/d*(1/4*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b
*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2
/d^2)/b^(3/2)*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(
a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2*((b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+
(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c/d*ln((-b*c/d+b*(x+c/d))/b^(1/2)+(b*(x+c
/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))-(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2/((a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)
/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)
)))+4*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/8*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/
d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+3/16*(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d
^2)/b*(1/4*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/b*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c
^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+1/8*(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/b^(3/2)*ln((-b...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 810 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 3.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1647, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.45

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/80*(15*(a^2*b^3*c*d^5*x^5 + 5*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^4*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^2*x^2 + 5*a^2*b^3*c^5*d*x + a^2*b^3*c^6)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(33*a^2*b^3*c^6*d + 59*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 34*a^4*b*c^2*d^5 + 8*a^5*d^7 - (2*b^5*c^6*d + 11*a*b^4*c^4*d^3 + a^2*b^3*c^2*d^5 - 8*a^3*b^2*d^7)*x^4 - 5*(2*b^5*c^7 + 11*a*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 4*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^4 - 5*a^3*b^2*c*d^6)*x^3 - (29*a*b^4*c^6*d - 48*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3 - 93*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 16*a^4*b*d^7)*x^2 - 5*(5*a*b^4*c^7 - 4*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 11*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^4 - 2*a^4*b*c*d^6)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^4*c^13 + 4*a*b^3*c^11*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^9*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^7*d^6 + a^4*c^5*d^8 + (b^4*c^8*d^5 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^7 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^9 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^11 + a^4*d^13)*x^5 + 5*(b^4*c^9*d^4 + 4*a*b^3*c^7*d^6 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^8 + 4*a^3*b*c^3*d^10 + a^4*c*d^12)*x^4 + 10*(b^4*c^10*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^8*d^5 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^6*d^7 + 4*a^3*b*c^4*d^9 + a^4*c^2*d^11)*x^3 + 10*(b^4*c^11*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^9*d^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^7*d^6 + 4*a^3*b*c^5*d^8 + a^4*c^3*d^10)*x^2 + 5*(b^4*c^12*d + 4*a*b^3*c^10*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^8*d^5 + 4*a^3*b*c^6*d^7 + a^4*c^4*d^9)*x), -1/40*(15*(a^2*b^3*c*d^5*x^5 + 5*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^4*x^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^2*x^2 + 5*a^2*b^3*c^5*d*x + a^2*b^3*c^6)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b*c^2 + ...
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^6} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**6, x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**6, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1762 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1762, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.04

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^5*c^5/(b^4*c^8*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^5 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4
*d^7 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^9 + a^4*d^11) - 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^5*c^4*x/(b^4*c^
8*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^8 + a^4*d^10)
+ 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^4*c^4/(b^4*c^8*d^2*x + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^4*x + 6*a^2
*b^2*c^4*d^6*x + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^8*x + a^4*d^10*x + b^4*c^9*d + 4*a*b^3*c^7*
d^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^5 + 4*a^3*b*c^3*d^7 + a^4*c*d^9) - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(
5/2)*b^3*c^3/(b^4*c^8*d*x^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^3*x^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^5*x^2
+ 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^7*x^2 + a^4*d^9*x^2 + 2*b^4*c^9*x + 8*a*b^3*c^7*d^2*x + 12
*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^4*x + 8*a^3*b*c^3*d^6*x + 2*a^4*c*d^8*x + b^4*c^10/d + 4*a*
b^3*c^8*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^6*d^3 + 4*a^3*b*c^4*d^5 + a^4*c^2*d^7) + 1/8*(b*x^
2 + a)^(3/2)*b^4*c^3/(b^4*c^8*d + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^5 + 4*
a^3*b*c^2*d^7 + a^4*d^9) - 3/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^4*c^3/(b^3*c^6*d^3 + 3*a*
b^2*c^4*d^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^7 + a^3*d^9) + 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^4*c^2*x/(
b^3*c^6*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6 + a^3*d^8) - 1/4*(b*x^2 +
a)^(5/2)*b^2*c^2/(b^3*c^6*d^2*x^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4*x^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6*
x^3 + a^3*d^8*x^3 + 3*b^3*c^7*d*x^2 + 9*a*b^2*c^5*d^3*x^2 + 9*a^2*b*c^3*d^
5*x^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^7*x^2 + 3*b^3*c^8*x + 9*a*b^2*c^6*d^2*x + 9*a^2*b*c^4*d^
4*x + 3*a^3*c^2*d^6*x + b^3*c^9/d + 3*a*b^2*c^7*d + 3*a^2*b*c^5*d^3 + a^3*
c^3*d^5) - 3/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^3*c^2/(b^3*c^6*d^2*x + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4*
x + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6*x + a^3*d^8*x + b^3*c^7*d + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^2...
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1283 vs.  $2(176) = 352$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1283, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-3/4*a^2*b^3*c*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-
b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6)*s
qrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) - 1/20*(15*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^2*b^3*c*
d^8 - 40*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*b^(11/2)*c^6*d^3 - 120*(sqrt(b)*x
- sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a*b^(9/2)*c^4*d^5 + 15*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))
^8*a^2*b^(7/2)*c^2*d^7 - 40*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a^3*b^(5/2)*d^
9 - 80*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*b^6*c^7*d^2 - 240*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt
(b*x^2 + a))^7*a*b^5*c^5*d^4 + 230*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^2*b^4
*c^3*d^6 - 150*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^3*b^3*c*d^8 - 80*(sqrt(b)
*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^6*b^(13/2)*c^8*d - 240*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))
^6*a*b^(11/2)*c^6*d^3 + 530*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^6*a^2*b^(9/2)*c^
4*d^5 - 570*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^6*a^3*b^(7/2)*c^2*d^7 - 32*(sqrt
(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*b^7*c^9 + 16*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a*
b^6*c^7*d^2 + 788*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a^2*b^5*c^5*d^4 - 910*(s
qrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a^3*b^4*c^3*d^6 + 240*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^
2 + a))^5*a^4*b^3*c*d^8 + 80*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a*b^(13/2)*c^
8*d + 240*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a^2*b^(11/2)*c^6*d^3 - 1170*(sqr
t(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a^3*b^(9/2)*c^4*d^5 + 480*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*
x^2 + a))^4*a^4*b^(7/2)*c^2*d^7 - 80*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a^5*b
^(5/2)*d^9 - 80*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a^2*b^6*c^7*d^2 - 400*(...
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^6,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^6, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1397, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.16

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^6,x)`

output

```

(15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**6 + 75*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**5*d*x + 150*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b*
*3*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 150*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 75*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**
3*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d*
*2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**5*x**5 - 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**
2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c**6 - 75*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**
2*b**3*c**5*d*x - 150*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c**4*d*
*2*x**2 - 150*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3
- 75*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**5*x**5 - 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
a**5*d**7 - 34*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b*c**2*d**5 - 10*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**
4*b*c*d**6*x - 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b*d**7*x**2 - 59*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
a**3*b**2*c**4*d**3 - 55*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*c**3*d**4*x - 93*sqrt(
a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**5*x**2 - 25*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*c*d**
6*x**3 - 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*d**7*x**4 - 33*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2
*b**3*c**6*d - 20*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**3*c**5*d**2*x - 48*sqrt(a + ...

```

**3.252**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^7} dx$

Optimal result	2142
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2143
Rubi [A] (verified)	2143
Maple [B] (verified)	2147
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2147
Sympy [F]	2148
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2149
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2150
Mupad [F(-1)]	2151
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2151

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^7} dx = -\frac{ab^2(6bc^2-ad^2)(ad-bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{16(bc^2+ad^2)^4(c+dx)^2} - \frac{b(6bc^2-ad^2)(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{24(bc^2+ad^2)^3(c+dx)^4} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^6} - \frac{7bcd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{30(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^5} - \frac{a^2b^3(6bc^2-ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16(bc^2+ad^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/16*a*b^2*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2)*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^4/
(d*x+c)^2-1/24*b*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2)*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^
2)^3/(d*x+c)^4-1/6*d*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^6-7/30*b*c*d*(b
*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^5-1/16*a^2*b^3*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2)*arct
anh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(9/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 358, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \frac{1}{240} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2} \left( 40(bc^2 + ad^2)^5 - 104bc(bc^2 + ad^2)^4 (c + dx) + 2b(bc^2 + ad^2)^3 (38bc^2 + 35ad^2)(c + dx)^2 - 2b^2c(bc^2 + ad^2)^2(2bc^2 + 9ad^2)(c + dx)^3 - b^2(bc^2 + ad^2)(4b^2c^4 + 24ab^2c^2d^2 - 15a^2d^4)(c + dx)^4 - b^3c(4b^2c^4 + 28ab^2c^2d^2 - 81a^2d^4)(c + dx)^5 \right)}{(bc^2 + ad^2)^4 (c + dx)^6} + \frac{15a^2b^3(6bc^2 - ad^2) \log(c + dx)}{(bc^2 + ad^2)^{9/2}} + \frac{15a^2b^3(-6bc^2 + ad^2) \log(ad - bcx + \sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{(bc^2 + ad^2)^{9/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^7,x]`

output `((-((Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(40*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^5 - 104*b*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^4*(c + d*x) + 2*b*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3*(38*b*c^2 + 35*a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2 - 2*b^2*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(2*b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3 - b^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(4*b^2*c^4 + 24*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 15*a^2*d^4)*(c + d*x)^4 - b^3*c*(4*b^2*c^4 + 28*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 81*a^2*d^4)*(c + d*x)^5))/(d^3*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^4*(c + d*x)^6)) + (15*a^2*b^3*(6*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(9/2) + (15*a^2*b^3*(-6*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[a*d - b*c*x + Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(9/2))/240`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {498, 25, 679, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

↓ 498

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{b \int -\frac{(6c-dx)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^6} dx}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(6c-dx)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^6} dx}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 679 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{(6bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{7cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5(c+dx)^5(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 486 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{(6bc^2-ad^2) \left( \frac{3ab \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{7cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5(c+dx)^5(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 486 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{(6bc^2-ad^2) \left( \frac{3ab \left( \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{7cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5(c+dx)^5(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{(6bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{3ab \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2 + a}} dx \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{7cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5(c+dx)^5(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{6(ad^2 + bc^2) d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(c + dx)^6 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

219

$$b \left( \frac{(6bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{3ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{7cd(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5(c+dx)^5(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2+bc^2}$$

$$\frac{6(ad^2 + bc^2) d(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(c + dx)^6 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^7,x]`

output `-1/6*(d*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^6) + (b*((-7*c*d*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^5) + ((6*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(-1/4*((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^4) + (3*a*b*(-1/2*((a*d - b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))))/(4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(6*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \mid \mid \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 486  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{n} + 1)} * (\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{b} * \text{c} * \text{x}) * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} / ((\text{n} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} / ((\text{n} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2))) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{n} + 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} - 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{n} + 2 * \text{p} + 2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0]$
- rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)) * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2 - \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{b} * \text{c} * \text{x}) / \text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 498  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{n} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / ((\text{n} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{b} / ((\text{n} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{n} + 1)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} * (\text{c} * (\text{n} + 1) - \text{d} * (\text{n} + 2 * \text{p} + 3) * \text{x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{n}, -1] \&\& ((\text{LtQ}[\text{n}, -1] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[\text{a}, 0, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}, \text{x}]) \mid \mid (\text{SumSimplerQ}[\text{n}, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}]) \mid \mid \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[\text{n} + 2 * \text{p} + 3], 0])$
- rule 679  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_) * (\text{x}_)) * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{e} * \text{f} - \text{d} * \text{g})) * (\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (2 * (\text{p} + 1) * (\text{c} * \text{d}^2 + \text{a} * \text{e}^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{c} * \text{d} * \text{f} + \text{a} * \text{e} * \text{g}) / (\text{c} * \text{d}^2 + \text{a} * \text{e}^2) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * (\text{a} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3], 0]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8230 vs.  $2(245) = 490$ .

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8231, normalized size of antiderivative = 30.60

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	8231

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1229 vs.  $2(246) = 492$ .

Time = 7.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2485, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.24

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```

[-1/480*(15*(6*a^2*b^4*c^8 - a^3*b^3*c^6*d^2 + (6*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^6 - a^3*b^
3*d^8)*x^6 + 6*(6*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^5 - a^3*b^3*c*d^7)*x^5 + 15*(6*a^2*b^4*c^4
*d^4 - a^3*b^3*c^2*d^6)*x^4 + 20*(6*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^3 - a^3*b^3*c^3*d^5)*x^3
+ 15*(6*a^2*b^4*c^6*d^2 - a^3*b^3*c^4*d^4)*x^2 + 6*(6*a^2*b^4*c^7*d - a^3
*b^3*c^5*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^
2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b
*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(246*a^2*b^4*c^8*d + 513*a^3*b^3
*c^6*d^3 + 433*a^4*b^2*c^4*d^5 + 206*a^5*b*c^2*d^7 + 40*a^6*d^9 - (4*b^6*c
^7*d^2 + 32*a*b^5*c^5*d^4 - 53*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^6 - 81*a^3*b^3*c*d^8)*x^5 - 3
*(8*b^6*c^8*d + 64*a*b^5*c^6*d^3 - 76*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^5 - 137*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^
7 - 5*a^4*b^2*d^9)*x^4 - 2*(30*b^6*c^9 + 239*a*b^5*c^7*d^2 - 158*a^2*b^4*c
^5*d^4 - 388*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^6 - 21*a^4*b^2*c*d^8)*x^3 - 2*(114*a*b^5*c^8*d
- 423*a^2*b^4*c^6*d^3 - 698*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^5 - 196*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^7 - 35*a^5
*b*d^9)*x^2 - 3*(50*a*b^5*c^9 - 117*a^2*b^4*c^7*d^2 - 221*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^4
- 66*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^6 - 12*a^5*b*c*d^8)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^5*c^16 + 5*a
*b^4*c^14*d^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^12*d^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^10*d^6 + 5*a^4*b*c^8*d^
8 + a^5*c^6*d^10 + (b^5*c^10*d^6 + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^8 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^10 +
10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^12 + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d^14 + a^5*d^16)*x^6 + 6*(b^5*c^11*d^5
+ 5*a*b^4*c^9*d^7 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^7*d^9 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^11 + 5*a^4*b*c^3
*d^13 + a^5*c*d^15)*x^5 + 15*(b^5*c^12*d^4 + 5*a*b^4*c^10*d^6 + 10*a^2*...

```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**7, x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**7, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3297 vs.  $2(246) = 492$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3297, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.26

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

7/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^6*c^6/(b^5*c^10*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^5 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^7 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^9 + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d^11 + a^5*d^13) - 7/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^6*c^5*x/(b^5*c^10*d^2 + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^6 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^8 + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d^10 + a^5*d^12) + 7/48*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^5*c^5/(b^5*c^10*d^2*x + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^4*x + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^6*x + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^8*x + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d^10*x + a^5*d^12*x + b^5*c^11*d + 5*a*b^4*c^9*d^3 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^7*d^5 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^7 + 5*a^4*b*c^3*d^9 + a^5*c*d^11) - 7/48*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b^4*c^4/(b^5*c^10*d*x^2 + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^3*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^5*x^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^7*x^2 + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d^9*x^2 + a^5*d^11*x^2 + 2*b^5*c^11*x + 10*a*b^4*c^9*d^2*x + 20*a^2*b^3*c^7*d^4*x + 20*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^6*x + 10*a^4*b*c^3*d^8*x + 2*a^5*c*d^10*x + b^5*c^12/d + 5*a*b^4*c^10*d + 10*a^2*b^3*c^8*d^3 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^5 + 5*a^4*b*c^4*d^7 + a^5*c^2*d^9) + 7/48*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^5*c^4/(b^5*c^10*d + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^3 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^5 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^7 + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d^9 + a^5*d^11) - 15/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^5*c^4/(b^4*c^8*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^5 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^7 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^9 + a^4*d^11) + 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^5*c^3*x/(b^4*c^8*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^8 + a^4*d^10) - 7/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b^3*c^3/(b^4*c^8*d^2*x^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^4*x^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^6*x^3 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^8*x^3 + a^4*d^10*x^3 + 3*b^4*c^9*d*x^2 + 12*a*b^3*c^7*d^3*x^2 + 18*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^5*x^2 + 12*a^3...

```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1875 vs.  $2(246) = 492$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1875, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.97

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*(6*a^2*b^4*c^2 - a^3*b^3*d^2)*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d
+ sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^4*c^8 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^
2*c^4*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) - 1/120*(90*(
sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^9 - 15*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x
^2 + a))^11*a^3*b^3*d^11 + 990*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^10*a^2*b^(9/2
)*c^3*d^8 - 165*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^10*a^3*b^(7/2)*c*d^10 - 320*
(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*b^7*c^8*d^3 - 1280*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2
+ a))^9*a*b^6*c^6*d^5 + 2520*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^2*b^5*c^4*
d^7 - 2530*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^9 - 235*(sqrt(b)*
x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^4*b^3*d^11 - 480*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*
b^(15/2)*c^9*d^2 - 1920*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a*b^(13/2)*c^7*d^4
+ 7380*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a^2*b^(11/2)*c^5*d^6 - 8220*(sqrt(
b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a^3*b^(9/2)*c^3*d^8 + 285*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^
2 + a))^8*a^4*b^(7/2)*c*d^10 - 384*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*b^8*c^1
0*d - 1728*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a*b^7*c^8*d^3 + 9456*(sqrt(b)*x
- sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^5 - 20760*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
)^7*a^3*b^5*c^4*d^7 + 2700*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^9
- 390*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^5*b^3*d^11 - 128*(sqrt(b)*x - sqr
t(b*x^2 + a))^6*b^(17/2)*c^11 + 64*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^6*a*b^(15
/2)*c^9*d^2 + 8592*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^6*a^2*b^(13/2)*c^7*d^4...
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^7,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^7, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2558, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.51

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^7,x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c**6*d**2 + 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c**5*d**3*x + 225
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c**4*d**4*x**2 + 300*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c**3*d**5*x**3
+ 225*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
- a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c**2*d**6*x**4 + 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( -
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c*d**7*x*
*5 + 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*d**8*x**6 - 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**4*c**8 - 540*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d +
b*c*x)*a**2*b**4*c**7*d*x - 1350*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**4*c**6*d**2*x**2 - 1800*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**2*b**4*c**5*d**3*x**3 - 1350*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**4*c**4*d**4*x**4
- 540*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
- a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**4*c**3*d**5*x**5 - 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log...
```

### 3.253 $\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2153
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2154
Rubi [A] (verified)	2154
Maple [A] (verified)	2158
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2159
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2160
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2162
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2163
Mupad [F(-1)]	2163
Reduce [F]	2164

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 307

$$\begin{aligned} \int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{a^2(80b^2c^4 - 60abc^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4) x\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{256b^2} \\ &+ \frac{a(80b^2c^4 - 60abc^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4) x(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{384b^2} \\ &+ \frac{(80b^2c^4 - 60abc^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4) x(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{480b^2} \\ &+ \frac{13cd(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{90b} + \frac{d(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{10b} \\ &+ \frac{d(16c(103bc^2 - 40ad^2) + 7d(116bc^2 - 27ad^2) x) (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{5040b^2} \\ &+ \frac{a^3(80b^2c^4 - 60abc^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{256b^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/256*a^2*(3*a^2*d^4-60*a*b*c^2*d^2+80*b^2*c^4)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/384*a*(3*a^2*d^4-60*a*b*c^2*d^2+80*b^2*c^4)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b^2+1/480*(3*a^2*d^4-60*a*b*c^2*d^2+80*b^2*c^4)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b^2+13/90*c*d*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+1/10*d*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+1/5040*d*(16*c*(-40*a*d^2+103*b*c^2)+7*d*(-27*a*d^2+116*b*c^2)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b^2+1/256*a^3*(3*a^2*d^4-60*a*b*c^2*d^2+80*b^2*c^4)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-5a^4d^3(2048c + 189dx) + 10a^3bd(4608c^3 + 1890c^2dx + 512cd^2x^2 + 63d^3x^3) + 64b^4x^5(210c^4 + 720c^3dx + 945c^2d^2x^2 + 560cd^3x^3 + 126d^4x^4) + 24a^2b^2x^3(2310c^4 + 5760c^3dx + 6195c^2d^2x^2 + 3200cd^3x^3 + 651d^4x^4) + 16ab^3x^3(2730c^4 + 8640c^3dx + 10710c^2d^2x^2 + 6080cd^3x^3 + 1323d^4x^4)) - 315a^3(80b^2c^4 - 60ab^2c^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4) \text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + bx^2]]}{(80640b^{(5/2)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-5*a^4*d^3*(2048*c + 189*d*x) + 10*a^3*b*d*(4608*c^3 + 1890*c^2*d*x + 512*c*d^2*x^2 + 63*d^3*x^3) + 64*b^4*x^5*(210*c^4 + 720*c^3*d*x + 945*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 560*c*d^3*x^3 + 126*d^4*x^4) + 24*a^2*b^2*x^3*(2310*c^4 + 5760*c^3*d*x + 6195*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 3200*c*d^3*x^3 + 651*d^4*x^4) + 16*a*b^3*x^3*(2730*c^4 + 8640*c^3*d*x + 10710*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 6080*c*d^3*x^3 + 1323*d^4*x^4)) - 315*a^3*(80*b^2*c^4 - 60*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4) *Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(80640*b^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$ , Rules used = {497, 687, 27, 676, 211, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^2 (10bc^2 + 13bdxc - 3ad^2) (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx}{10b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^3}{10b}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{\int b(c+dx)(c(90bc^2-53ad^2)+d(116bc^2-27ad^2)x)(bx^2+a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{13}{9}cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^2}{9b} + \frac{10b}{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9} \int (c+dx)(c(90bc^2-53ad^2)+d(116bc^2-27ad^2)x)(bx^2+a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{13}{9}cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^2}{10b} + \frac{10b}{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9(3a^2d^4-60abc^2d^2+80b^2c^4)}{8b} \int (bx^2+a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(103bc^2-40ad^2)}{7b} + \frac{d^2x(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(116bc^2-27ad^2)}{8b} \right) + \frac{13}{9}cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^2}{10b} + \frac{10b}{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9(3a^2d^4-60abc^2d^2+80b^2c^4)}{8b} \left( \frac{5}{6}a \int (bx^2+a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(103bc^2-40ad^2)}{7b} + \frac{d^2x(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(116bc^2-27ad^2)}{8b} \right) + \frac{13}{9}cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^2}{10b} + \frac{10b}{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9(3a^2d^4-60abc^2d^2+80b^2c^4)}{8b} \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2+adx} + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(103bc^2-40ad^2)}{7b} + \frac{d^2x(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(116bc^2-27ad^2)}{8b} \right) + \frac{13}{9}cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^2}{10b} + \frac{10b}{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 211



$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9(3a^2d^4 - 60abc^2d^2 + 80b^2c^4) \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{8b} + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(103bc^2 - 40a^2d^2)}{7b} \right)$$

10b

$$\frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^3}{10b}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9(3a^2d^4 - 60abc^2d^2 + 80b^2c^4) \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right)}{8b} + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(103bc^2 - 40a^2d^2)}{7b} \right)$$

10b

$$\frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^3}{10b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{9} \left( \frac{9 \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) (3a^2d^4 - 60abc^2d^2 + 80b^2c^4)}{8b} + \frac{2cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(103bc^2 - 40a^2d^2)}{7b} \right)$$

10b

$$\frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^3}{10b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(10*b) + ((13*c*d*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/9 + ((2*c*d*(103*b*c^2 - 40*a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b) + (d^2*(116*b*c^2 - 27*a*d^2)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(8*b) + (9*(80*b^2*c^4 - 60*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4)*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*a*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*sqrt[b])))/4))/6))/(8*b))/9)/(10*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 211  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 497  $\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^n)^{(n_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n - 2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 676  $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-8064b^4d^4x^9 - 35840b^4cd^3x^8 - 21168ab^3d^4x^7 - 60480b^4c^2d^2x^7 - 97280ab^3cd^3x^6 - 46080b^4c^3dx^6 - 15624a^2b^2d^4x^5 - 171360ab^5d^4x^4 - 100800a^2b^3d^4x^3 - 30240a^3b^2d^4x^2 - 5760a^4bd^4x - 5760a^5d^4)}{6(b^2x^2 + a)^{p+1}}$
default	$c^4 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5a \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right) + d^4 \left( \frac{x^3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{10b} - \frac{3a \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8b}}{\dots} \right)$

input `int((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/80640/b^2*(-8064*b^4*d^4*x^9-35840*b^4*c*d^3*x^8-21168*a*b^3*d^4*x^7-60 \\ & 480*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^7-97280*a*b^3*c*d^3*x^6-46080*b^4*c^3*d*x^6-15624*a^2*b^ \\ & 2*d^4*x^5-171360*a*b^3*c^2*d^2*x^5-13440*b^4*c^4*x^5-76800*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*x \\ & ^4-138240*a*b^3*c^3*d*x^4-630*a^3*b*d^4*x^3-148680*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^3-436 \\ & 80*a*b^3*c^4*x^3-5120*a^3*b*c*d^3*x^2-138240*a^2*b^2*c^3*d*x^2+945*a^4*d^4 \\ & *x-18900*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*x-55440*a^2*b^2*c^4*x+10240*a^4*c*d^3-46080*a^3*b*c \\ & ^3*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/256*a^3*(3*a^2*d^4-60*a*b*c^2*d^2+80*b^2*c^4)/b^(5 \\ & /2)*\ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)) \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 692, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \left[ \frac{315 (80 a^3 b^2 c^4 - 60 a^4 b c^2 d^2 + 3 a^5 d^4) \sqrt{b} \log \left( -2 b x^2 - 2 \sqrt{b x^2 + a} \sqrt{b} x - a \right) + 2 (8064 b^5 d^4 x^9 + 35840 b^5 c d^3 x^8 + 46080 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^7 - 97280 a^2 b^2 c^3 d x^6 - 15624 a^2 b^2 c^4 x^5 - 76800 a^2 b^2 c^3 d^2 x^4 - 138240 a^2 b^2 c^4 x^3 - 5120 a^3 b c d^3 x^2 - 138240 a^2 b^2 c^3 d x^2 + 945 a^4 d^4 x - 18900 a^3 b c^2 d^2 x - 55440 a^2 b^2 c^4 x + 10240 a^4 c d^3 - 46080 a^3 b c^3 d)}{315 (80 a^3 b^2 c^4 - 60 a^4 b c^2 d^2 + 3 a^5 d^4) \sqrt{-b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-b} x}{\sqrt{b x^2 + a}} \right) - (8064 b^5 d^4 x^9 + 35840 b^5 c d^3 x^8 + 46080 a^3 b^2 c^4 x^7 - 97280 a^2 b^2 c^3 d x^6 - 15624 a^2 b^2 c^4 x^5 - 76800 a^2 b^2 c^3 d^2 x^4 - 138240 a^2 b^2 c^4 x^3 - 5120 a^3 b c d^3 x^2 - 138240 a^2 b^2 c^3 d x^2 + 945 a^4 d^4 x - 18900 a^3 b c^2 d^2 x - 55440 a^2 b^2 c^4 x + 10240 a^4 c d^3 - 46080 a^3 b c^3 d)} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/161280*(315*(80*a^3*b^2*c^4 - 60*a^4*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^5*d^4)*sqrt(b)*log
(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(8064*b^5*d^4*x^9 + 35840
*b^5*c*d^3*x^8 + 46080*a^3*b^2*c^3*d - 10240*a^4*b*c*d^3 + 3024*(20*b^5*c^
2*d^2 + 7*a*b^4*d^4)*x^7 + 5120*(9*b^5*c^3*d + 19*a*b^4*c*d^3)*x^6 + 168*(
80*b^5*c^4 + 1020*a*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 93*a^2*b^3*d^4)*x^5 + 15360*(9*a*b^4*c^3
*d + 5*a^2*b^3*c*d^3)*x^4 + 210*(208*a*b^4*c^4 + 708*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 3*a
^3*b^2*d^4)*x^3 + 5120*(27*a^2*b^3*c^3*d + a^3*b^2*c*d^3)*x^2 + 315*(176*a
^2*b^3*c^4 + 60*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^4*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3, -1
/80640*(315*(80*a^3*b^2*c^4 - 60*a^4*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^5*d^4)*sqrt(-b)*arcta
n(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (8064*b^5*d^4*x^9 + 35840*b^5*c*d^3*x^8 +
46080*a^3*b^2*c^3*d - 10240*a^4*b*c*d^3 + 3024*(20*b^5*c^2*d^2 + 7*a*b^4*d
^4)*x^7 + 5120*(9*b^5*c^3*d + 19*a*b^4*c*d^3)*x^6 + 168*(80*b^5*c^4 + 1020
*a*b^4*c^2*d^2 + 93*a^2*b^3*d^4)*x^5 + 15360*(9*a*b^4*c^3*d + 5*a^2*b^3*c*
d^3)*x^4 + 210*(208*a*b^4*c^4 + 708*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^3*b^2*d^4)*x^3 +
5120*(27*a^2*b^3*c^3*d + a^3*b^2*c*d^3)*x^2 + 315*(176*a^2*b^3*c^4 + 60*a
^3*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^4*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3]
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 858 vs.  $2(298) = 596$ .

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 858, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**4*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```

Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(4*b**2*c*d**3*x**8/9 + b**2*d**4*x**9/10 + x*
*7*(21*a*b**2*d**4/10 + 6*b**3*c**2*d**2)/(8*b) + x**6*(76*a*b**2*c*d**3/9
+ 4*b**3*c**3*d)/(7*b) + x**5*(3*a**2*b*d**4 + 18*a*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 7*a*
(21*a*b**2*d**4/10 + 6*b**3*c**2*d**2)/(8*b) + b**3*c**4)/(6*b) + x**4*(12
*a**2*b*c*d**3 + 12*a*b**2*c**3*d - 6*a*(76*a*b**2*c*d**3/9 + 4*b**3*c**3*
d)/(7*b))/(5*b) + x**3*(a**3*d**4 + 18*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**4 -
5*a*(3*a**2*b*d**4 + 18*a*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 7*a*(21*a*b**2*d**4/10 + 6*b**3
*c**2*d**2)/(8*b) + b**3*c**4)/(6*b))/(4*b) + x**2*(4*a**3*c*d**3 + 12*a**
2*b*c**3*d - 4*a*(12*a**2*b*c*d**3 + 12*a*b**2*c**3*d - 6*a*(76*a*b**2*c*d
**3/9 + 4*b**3*c**3*d)/(7*b))/(5*b))/(3*b) + x*(6*a**3*c**2*d**2 + 3*a**2*
b*c**4 - 3*a*(a**3*d**4 + 18*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**4 - 5*a*(3*a**
2*b*d**4 + 18*a*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 7*a*(21*a*b**2*d**4/10 + 6*b**3*c**2*d**2
)/(8*b) + b**3*c**4)/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*b) + (4*a**3*c**3*d - 2*a*(4*a**3*c*
d**3 + 12*a**2*b*c**3*d - 4*a*(12*a**2*b*c*d**3 + 12*a*b**2*c**3*d - 6*a*(
76*a*b**2*c*d**3/9 + 4*b**3*c**3*d)/(7*b))/(5*b))/(3*b))/b + (a**3*c**4 -
a*(6*a**3*c**2*d**2 + 3*a**2*b*c**4 - 3*a*(a**3*d**4 + 18*a**2*b*c**2*d**
2 + 3*a*b**2*c**4 - 5*a*(3*a**2*b*d**4 + 18*a*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 7*a*(21*a*b
**2*d**4/10 + 6*b**3*c**2*d**2)/(8*b) + b**3*c**4)/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*b))*Pi
ecwise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log
g(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*Piecewise((c**4*x, Eq(d...

```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (c+dx)^4 (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{(bx^2+a)^{7/2} d^4 x^3}{10b} \\
&+ \frac{4(bx^2+a)^{7/2} cd^3 x^2}{9b} + \frac{1}{6} (bx^2+a)^{5/2} c^4 x + \frac{5}{24} (bx^2+a)^{3/2} ac^4 x \\
&+ \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{bx^2+a} a^2 c^4 x + \frac{3(bx^2+a)^{7/2} c^2 d^2 x}{4b} - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{5/2} ac^2 d^2 x}{8b} \\
&- \frac{5(bx^2+a)^{3/2} a^2 c^2 d^2 x}{32b} - \frac{15\sqrt{bx^2+a} a^3 c^2 d^2 x}{64b} - \frac{3(bx^2+a)^{7/2} ad^4 x}{80b^2} \\
&+ \frac{(bx^2+a)^{5/2} a^2 d^4 x}{160b^2} + \frac{(bx^2+a)^{3/2} a^3 d^4 x}{128b^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+a} a^4 d^4 x}{256b^2} \\
&+ \frac{5a^3 c^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{b}} - \frac{15a^4 c^2 d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{64b^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{3a^5 d^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{256b^{5/2}} + \frac{4(bx^2+a)^{7/2} c^3 d}{7b} - \frac{8(bx^2+a)^{7/2} acd^3}{63b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

1/10*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*d^4*x^3/b + 4/9*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*c*d^3*x^2/b + 1/6
*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c^4*x + 5/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*c^4*x + 5/16*sqrt(b*x^
2 + a)*a^2*c^4*x + 3/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*c^2*d^2*x/b - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/
2)*a*c^2*d^2*x/b - 5/32*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*x/b - 15/64*sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*a^3*c^2*d^2*x/b - 3/80*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*a*d^4*x/b^2 + 1/160*(b*x^
2 + a)^(5/2)*a^2*d^4*x/b^2 + 1/128*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^3*d^4*x/b^2 + 3/256
*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^4*x/b^2 + 5/16*a^3*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(
b) - 15/64*a^4*c^2*d^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 3/256*a^5*d^4*arcs
inh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) + 4/7*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*c^3*d/b - 8/63*(b*x^2 +
a)^(7/2)*a*c*d^3/b^2

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{80640} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left( \left( 2 \left( \left( 4 \left( \left( 2 \left( 7 \left( 8 \left( 9b^2d^4x + 40b^2cd^3 \right) x + \frac{27(20b^{10}c^2d^2 + 7ab^9d^4)}{b^8} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) x + \frac{(80a^3b^2c^4 - 60a^4bc^2d^2 + 3a^5d^4) \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{256b^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/80640*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*((4*((2*(7*(8*(9*b^2*d^4*x + 40*b^2*c*d^3))*x + 27*(20*b^10*c^2*d^2 + 7*a*b^9*d^4)/b^8)*x + 320*(9*b^10*c^3*d + 19*a*b^9*c*d^3)/b^8)*x + 21*(80*b^10*c^4 + 1020*a*b^9*c^2*d^2 + 93*a^2*b^8*d^4)/b^8)*x + 1920*(9*a*b^9*c^3*d + 5*a^2*b^8*c*d^3)/b^8)*x + 105*(208*a*b^9*c^4 + 708*a^2*b^8*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^3*b^7*d^4)/b^8)*x + 2560*(27*a^2*b^8*c^3*d + a^3*b^7*c*d^3)/b^8)*x + 315*(176*a^2*b^8*c^4 + 60*a^3*b^7*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^4*b^6*d^4)/b^8)*x + 5120*(9*a^3*b^7*c^3*d - 2*a^4*b^6*c*d^3)/b^8) - 1/256*(80*a^3*b^2*c^4 - 60*a^4*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^5*d^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} (c + dx)^4 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^4, x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (dx + c)^4 (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^4*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

### 3.254 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2165
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2166
Rubi [A] (verified)	2166
Maple [A] (verified)	2169
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2170
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2171
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2172
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2172
Mupad [F(-1)]	2173
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2173

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{5a^2c(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) x\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{128b} + \frac{5ac(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) x(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{192b} + \frac{c(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) x(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{48b} + \frac{d(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{9b} + \frac{d(16(10bc^2 - ad^2) + 77bcdx) (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{504b^2} + \frac{5a^3c(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{128b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
5/128*a^2*c*(-3*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+5/192*a*c*(-3*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/48*c*(-3*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+1/9*d*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+1/504*d*(77*b*c*d*x-16*a*d^2+160*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b^2+5/128*a^3*c*(-3*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-256a^4d^3 + a^3bd(3456c^2 + 945cdx + 128d^2x^2) + 16b^4x^5(84c^3 + 216c^2dx + 189cdx^2 + 56d^3x^3) + 8a^2b^3x^3(546c^3 + 1296c^2dx + 1071cd^2x^2 + 304d^3x^3) + 6a^2b^2x(924c^3 + 1728c^2dx + 1239cd^2x^2 + 320d^3x^3)) + 315a^3\text{Sqrt}[b]c(-8b^2c^2 + 3ad^2)\text{Log}[-\text{Sqrt}[b]x + \text{Sqrt}[a + bx^2]]}{(8064b^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-256*a^4*d^3 + a^3*b*d*(3456*c^2 + 945*c*d*x + 128*d^2*x^2) + 16*b^4*x^5*(84*c^3 + 216*c^2*d*x + 189*c*d^2*x^2 + 56*d^3*x^3) + 8*a^2*b^3*x^3*(546*c^3 + 1296*c^2*d*x + 1071*c*d^2*x^2 + 304*d^3*x^3) + 6*a^2*b^2*x*(924*c^3 + 1728*c^2*d*x + 1239*c*d^2*x^2 + 320*d^3*x^3)) + 315*a^3*Sqrt[b]*c*(-8*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/(8064*b^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {497, 676, 211, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx) (9bc^2 + 11bdxc - 2ad^2) (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx}{9b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^2}{9b}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}c(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(10bc^2 - ad^2)}{7b} + \frac{11}{8}cd^2x(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{9b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^2}} +$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}c(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) \left( \frac{5}{6}a \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(10bc^2 - ad^2)}{7b} + \frac{11}{8}cd^2x(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{9b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^2}} +$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}c(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(10bc^2 - ad^2)}{7b} + \frac{11}{8}cd^2x(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{9b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^2}} +$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}c(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(10bc^2 - ad^2)}{7b}}{\frac{9b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^2}} +$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}c(8bc^2 - 3ad^2) \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(10bc^2 - ad^2)}{7b}}{\frac{9b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^2}} +$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{9}{8}c \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) (8bc^2 - 3ad^2) + \frac{2d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}(10bc^2 - ad^2)}{7b}}{\frac{9b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)^2}} +$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(9*b) + ((2*d*(10*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b) + (11*c*d^2*x*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/8 + (9*c*(8*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*a*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b]))/4))/6))/8)/(9*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
default	$c^3 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5a \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right) + d^3 \left( \frac{x^2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{9b} - \frac{2a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{63b^2} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{(-896b^4d^3x^8 - 3024b^4cd^2x^7 - 2432ab^3d^3x^6 - 3456b^4c^2dx^6 - 8568ab^3cd^2x^5 - 1344b^4c^3x^5 - 1920a^2b^2d^3x^4 - 10368ab^3c^2dx^4 - 7432a^3b^2d^3x^3 - 10368ab^3cd^2x^3 - 1344b^4c^3x^3 - 1920a^2b^2d^3x^2 - 10368ab^3cd^2x^2 - 7432a^3b^2d^3x - 10368ab^3cd^2x - 1344b^4c^3x - 1920a^2b^2d^3 - 10368ab^3cd^2 - 7432a^3b^2d^3)}{8064b^4}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^3*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+d^3*(1/9*x^2*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b-2/63*a/b^2*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2))+3*c*d^2*(1/8*x*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b-1/8*a/b*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))))+3/7*c^2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \left[ -\frac{315(8a^3bc^3 - 3a^4cd^2)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a) - 2(896b^4d^3x^8 + 3024b^4cd^2x^7 + 3456a^3bc^2d - 256a^4d^3 + 1}{315(8a^3bc^3 - 3a^4cd^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (896b^4d^3x^8 + 3024b^4cd^2x^7 + 3456a^3bc^2d - 256a^4d^3 + 1} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/16128*(315*(8*a^3*b*c^3 - 3*a^4*c*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(896*b^4*d^3*x^8 + 3024*b^4*c*d^2*x^7 + 3456*a^3*b*c^2*d - 256*a^4*d^3 + 128*(27*b^4*c^2*d + 19*a*b^3*d^3)*x^6 + 168*(8*b^4*c^3 + 51*a*b^3*c*d^2)*x^5 + 384*(27*a*b^3*c^2*d + 5*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^4 + 42*(104*a*b^3*c^3 + 177*a^2*b^2*c*d^2)*x^3 + 128*(81*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + a^3*b*d^3)*x^2 + 63*(88*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 15*a^3*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/8064*(315*(8*a^3*b*c^3 - 3*a^4*c*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (896*b^4*d^3*x^8 + 3024*b^4*c*d^2*x^7 + 3456*a^3*b*c^2*d - 256*a^4*d^3 + 128*(27*b^4*c^2*d + 19*a*b^3*d^3)*x^6 + 168*(8*b^4*c^3 + 51*a*b^3*c*d^2)*x^5 + 384*(27*a*b^3*c^2*d + 5*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^4 + 42*(104*a*b^3*c^3 + 177*a^2*b^2*c*d^2)*x^3 + 128*(81*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + a^3*b*d^3)*x^2 + 63*(88*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 15*a^3*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 617 vs. 2(206) = 412.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 617, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left( \frac{3b^2cd^2x^7}{8} + \frac{b^2d^3x^8}{9} + \frac{x^6 \cdot \left( \frac{19ab^2d^3}{9} + 3b^3c^2d \right)}{7b} + \frac{x^5 \cdot \left( \frac{51ab^2cd^2}{8} + b^3c^3 \right)}{6b} + \frac{x^4 \cdot \left( 3a^2bd^3 + 9ab^2c^2d - \frac{6a^3}{5b} \right)}{5b} \right) \\ a^{5/2} \left( \begin{cases} c^3x & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^4}{4d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \end{cases}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)**3*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(3*b**2*c*d**2*x**7/8 + b**2*d**3*x**8/9 + x**6*(19*a*b**2*d**3/9 + 3*b**3*c**2*d)/(7*b) + x**5*(51*a*b**2*c*d**2/8 + b**3*c**3)/(6*b) + x**4*(3*a**2*b*d**3 + 9*a*b**2*c**2*d - 6*a*(19*a*b**2*d**3/9 + 3*b**3*c**2*d)/(7*b))/(5*b) + x**3*(9*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**3 - 5*a*(51*a*b**2*c*d**2/8 + b**3*c**3)/(6*b))/(4*b) + x**2*(a**3*d**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*d - 4*a*(3*a**2*b*d**3 + 9*a*b**2*c**2*d - 6*a*(19*a*b**2*d**3/9 + 3*b**3*c**2*d)/(7*b))/(5*b))/(3*b) + x*(3*a**3*c*d**2 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 - 3*a*(9*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**3 - 5*a*(51*a*b**2*c*d**2/8 + b**3*c**3)/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*b) + (3*a**3*c**2*d - 2*a*(a**3*d**3 + 9*a**2*b*c**2*d - 4*a*(3*a**2*b*d**3 + 9*a*b**2*c**2*d - 6*a*(19*a*b**2*d**3/9 + 3*b**3*c**2*d)/(7*b))/(5*b))/(3*b))/b + (a**3*c**3 - a*(3*a**3*c*d**2 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 - 3*a*(9*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**3 - 5*a*(51*a*b**2*c*d**2/8 + b**3*c**3)/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*b))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*Piecewise((c**3*x, Eq(d, 0)), ((c + d*x)**4/(4*d), True)), True))
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{(bx^2+a)^{7/2} d^3 x^2}{9b} + \frac{1}{6} (bx^2+a)^{5/2} c^3 x$$

$$+ \frac{5}{24} (bx^2+a)^{3/2} a c^3 x + \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2} c^3 x + \frac{3(bx^2+a)^{7/2} c d^2 x}{8b} - \frac{(bx^2+a)^{5/2} a c d^2 x}{16b}$$

$$- \frac{5(bx^2+a)^{3/2} a^2 c d^2 x}{64b} - \frac{15\sqrt{bx^2+aa^3} c d^2 x}{128b} + \frac{5a^3 c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{b}}$$

$$- \frac{15a^4 c d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128b^{3/2}} + \frac{3(bx^2+a)^{7/2} c^2 d}{7b} - \frac{2(bx^2+a)^{7/2} a d^3}{63b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output

```
1/9*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*d^3*x^2/b + 1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c^3*x + 5/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*c^3*x + 5/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*c^3*x + 3/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*c*d^2*x/b - 1/16*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*a*c*d^2*x/b - 5/64*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d^2*x/b - 15/128*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*c*d^2*x/b + 5/16*a^3*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 15/128*a^4*c*d^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 3/7*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*c^2*d/b - 2/63*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*a*d^3/b^2
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{8064} \sqrt{bx^2+a} \left( \left( 2 \left( \left( 4 \left( \left( 2 \left( 7 \left( 8b^2 d^3 x + 27b^2 c d^2 \right) x + \frac{8(27b^9 c^2 d + 19ab^8 d^3)}{b^7} \right) x + \frac{21}{8} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$- \frac{5(8a^3 b c^3 - 3a^4 c d^2) \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2+a} \right|\right)}{128b^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8064*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*((4*((2*(7*(8*b^2*d^3*x + 27*b^2*c*d^2)*x + 8*(
27*b^9*c^2*d + 19*a*b^8*d^3)/b^7)*x + 21*(8*b^9*c^3 + 51*a*b^8*c*d^2)/b^7)
*x + 48*(27*a*b^8*c^2*d + 5*a^2*b^7*d^3)/b^7)*x + 21*(104*a*b^8*c^3 + 177*
a^2*b^7*c*d^2)/b^7)*x + 64*(81*a^2*b^7*c^2*d + a^3*b^6*d^3)/b^7)*x + 63*(8
8*a^2*b^7*c^3 + 15*a^3*b^6*c*d^2)/b^7)*x + 128*(27*a^3*b^6*c^2*d - 2*a^4*b
^5*d^3)/b^7) - 5/128*(8*a^3*b*c^3 - 3*a^4*c*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 387, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{-256\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^4d^3 + 3456\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3bc^2d + 945\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3bcd^2x + 128\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3bd^3}{128}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 256*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*d**3 + 3456*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*c**2*d +
 945*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*c*d**2*x + 128*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*d**3*x
**2 + 5544*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c**3*x + 10368*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2
*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 7434*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + 1920*sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*d**3*x**4 + 4368*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c**3*x**3
+ 10368*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c**2*d*x**4 + 8568*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**
3*c*d**2*x**5 + 2432*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*d**3*x**6 + 1344*sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*b**4*c**3*x**5 + 3456*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*c**2*d*x**6 + 3024*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*b**4*c*d**2*x**7 + 896*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*d**3*x**8 - 945*sq
rt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**4*c*d**2 + 2520*sqrt(
b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c**3)/(8064*b**2)
```

### 3.255 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2175
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2176
Rubi [A] (verified)	2176
Maple [A] (verified)	2179
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2179
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2180
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2181
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2182
Mupad [F(-1)]	2182
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2183

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{5a^2(8bc^2 - ad^2) x \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{128b} + \frac{5a(8bc^2 - ad^2) x (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}{192b} + \frac{(8bc^2 - ad^2) x (a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{48b} + \frac{d(16c + 7dx) (a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{56b} + \frac{5a^3(8bc^2 - ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{128b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
5/128*a^2*(-a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+5/192*a*(-a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/b+1/48*(-a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/b+1/56*d*(7*d*x+16*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+5/128*a^3*(-a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + bx^2}(3a^3d(256c + 35dx) + 16b^3x^5(28c^2 + 48cdx + 21d^2x^2) + 8ab^2x^3(182c^2 + 288cdx + 119d^2x^2) + 2a^2b^2x(924c^2 + 1152cdx + 413d^2x^2)) + 105a^3(-8b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]]}{(2688*b^{(3/2)})}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(3*a^3*d*(256*c + 35*d*x) + 16*b^3*x^5*(28*c^2 + 48*c*d*x + 21*d^2*x^2) + 8*a*b^2*x^3*(182*c^2 + 288*c*d*x + 119*d^2*x^2) + 2*a^2*b*x*(924*c^2 + 1152*c*d*x + 413*d^2*x^2)) + 105*a^3*(-8*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/(2688*b^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {497, 455, 211, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int (8bc^2 + 9bdxc - ad^2) (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx}{8b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)}{8b}$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$\frac{(8bc^2 - ad^2) \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{9}{7}cd(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{8b} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2} (c + dx)}{8b}$$

$$\downarrow 211$$

$$\frac{(8bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{5}{6}a \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{9}{7}cd(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{8b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}(c + dx)}} +$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{(8bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{9}{7}cd(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{8b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}(c + dx)}} +$$

↓ 211

$$\frac{(8bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{9}{7}cd(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{8b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}(c + dx)}} +$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{(8bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{9}{7}cd(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{8b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}(c + dx)}} +$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\left( \frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x(a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) (8bc^2 - ad^2) + \frac{9}{7}cd(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{\frac{8b}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}(c + dx)}} +$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{(d*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(7/2)})/(8*b) + ((9*c*d*(a + b*x^2)^{(7/2)})/7 + (8*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*((x*(a + b*x^2)^{(5/2)})/6 + (5*a*((x*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)})/4 + (3*a*((x*\sqrt{a + b*x^2})/2 + (a*\text{ArcTanh}[(\sqrt{b}*x)/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}])/(2*\sqrt{b}))))/4)/6)/(8*b)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1), x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6*p])$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 455

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*b*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 497

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{n-1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
risch	$\frac{(336b^3d^2x^7+768b^3cdx^6+952ab^2d^2x^5+448b^3c^2x^5+2304cda b^2x^4+826d^2x^3a^2b+1456ab^2c^2x^3+2304x^2a^2bcd+105a^3d^2x+1848a^2b^2c^2)}{2688b}$
default	$c^2 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5a \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right) + d^2 \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{8b} - \frac{a \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)$

```
input int((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2688/b*(336*b^3*d^2*x^7+768*b^3*c*d*x^6+952*a*b^2*d^2*x^5+448*b^3*c^2*x^5+2304*a*b^2*c*d*x^4+826*a^2*b*d^2*x^3+1456*a*b^2*c^2*x^3+2304*a^2*b*c*d*x^2+105*a^3*d^2*x+1848*a^2*b*c^2*x+768*a^3*c*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-5/128*a^3*(a*d^2-8*b*c^2)/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \left[ -\frac{105(8a^3bc^2 - a^4d^2)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a) - 2(336b^4d^2x^7 + 768b^4cdx^6 + 2304ab^3cdx^4 + 2304a^2b^2cdx^2 + 105a^3d^2x + 1848a^2b^2c^2x + 768a^3cd)}{2688b} - \frac{105(8a^3bc^2 - a^4d^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (336b^4d^2x^7 + 768b^4cdx^6 + 2304ab^3cdx^4 + 2304a^2b^2cdx^2 + 105a^3d^2x + 1848a^2b^2c^2x + 768a^3cd)}{2688b} \right]$$



input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/5376*(105*(8*a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(336*b^4*d^2*x^7 + 768*b^4*c*d*x^6 + 2304*a*b^3*c*d*x^4 + 2304*a^2*b^2*c*d*x^2 + 768*a^3*b*c*d + 56*(8*b^4*c^2 + 17*a*b^3*d^2))*x^5 + 14*(104*a*b^3*c^2 + 59*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^3 + 21*(88*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 5*a^3*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/2688*(105*(8*a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (336*b^4*d^2*x^7 + 768*b^4*c*d*x^6 + 2304*a*b^3*c*d*x^4 + 2304*a^2*b^2*c*d*x^2 + 768*a^3*b*c*d + 56*(8*b^4*c^2 + 17*a*b^3*d^2))*x^5 + 14*(104*a*b^3*c^2 + 59*a^2*b^2*d^2)*x^3 + 21*(88*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 5*a^3*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 371 vs. 2(155) = 310.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left( \frac{2a^3cd}{7b} + \frac{6a^2cdx^2}{7} + \frac{6abcdx^4}{7} + \frac{2b^2cdx^6}{7} + \frac{b^2d^2x^7}{8} + \frac{x^5 \cdot \left( \frac{17ab^2d^2}{8} + b^3c^2 \right)}{6b} + \frac{x^3 \cdot \left( 3a^2bd^2 + 3ab^2c^2 \right)}{6b} \right) \\ a^{5/2} \left( \begin{cases} c^2x & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(2*a**3*c*d/(7*b) + 6*a**2*c*d*x**2/7 + 6*a*b*
c*d*x**4/7 + 2*b**2*c*d*x**6/7 + b**2*d**2*x**7/8 + x**5*(17*a*b**2*d**2/8
+ b**3*c**2)/(6*b) + x**3*(3*a**2*b*d**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 - 5*a*(17*a*b**2
*d**2/8 + b**3*c**2)/(6*b))/(4*b) + x*(a**3*d**2 + 3*a**2*b*c**2 - 3*a*(3*
a**2*b*d**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 - 5*a*(17*a*b**2*d**2/8 + b**3*c**2)/(6*b))/(4
*b))/(2*b)) + (a**3*c**2 - a*(a**3*d**2 + 3*a**2*b*c**2 - 3*a*(3*a**2*b*d*
*2 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 - 5*a*(17*a*b**2*d**2/8 + b**3*c**2)/(6*b))/(4*b))/(2*b
))*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)),
(x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*Piecewise((c**2*x, Eq
(d, 0)), ((c + d*x)**3/(3*d), True)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{6} (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} c^2 x + \frac{5}{24} (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} ac^2 x + \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 c^2 x + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{7/2} d^2 x}{8b} - \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} ad^2 x}{48b} - \frac{5(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} a^2 d^2 x}{192b} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 d^2 x}{128b} + \frac{5a^3 c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{b}} - \frac{5a^4 d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{128b^{3/2}} + \frac{2(bx^2 + a)^{7/2} cd}{7b}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c^2*x + 5/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*c^2*x + 5/16*sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*a^2*c^2*x + 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*d^2*x/b - 1/48*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/
2)*a*d^2*x/b - 5/192*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d^2*x/b - 5/128*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
*a^3*d^2*x/b + 5/16*a^3*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 5/128*a^4*d^2
*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 2/7*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*c*d/b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{2688} \left( \frac{768 a^3 cd}{b} + \left( 2 \left( 1152 a^2 cd + \left( 4 \left( 288 abcd + \left( 6 (7 b^2 d^2 x + 16 b^2 cd) x + \frac{7 (8 b^8 c^2 + 17 a b^7 d^2)}{b^6} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \sqrt{bx^2 + a} - \frac{5 (8 a^3 bc^2 - a^4 d^2) \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{128 b^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2688*(768*a^3*c*d/b + (2*(1152*a^2*c*d + (4*(288*a*b*c*d + (6*(7*b^2*d^2*x + 16*b^2*c*d)*x + 7*(8*b^8*c^2 + 17*a*b^7*d^2)/b^6)*x)*x + 7*(104*a*b^7*c^2 + 59*a^2*b^6*d^2)/b^6)*x)*x + 21*(88*a^2*b^6*c^2 + 5*a^3*b^5*d^2)/b^6)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a) - 5/128*(8*a^3*b*c^2 - a^4*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{768\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3bcd + 105\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3b d^2x + 1848\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2b^2c^2x + 2304\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2b^2c^2x}{2688bx^2}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
(768*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*c*d + 105*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*d**2*x + 1848*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c**2*x + 2304*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 826*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*d**2*x**3 + 1456*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*d*x**3 + 2304*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c*d*x**4 + 952*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*d**2*x**5 + 448*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*c**2*x**5 + 768*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*c*d*x**6 + 336*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**4*d**2*x**7 - 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**4*d**2 + 840*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c**2)/(2688*b**2)
```

### 3.256 $\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2184
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2184
Rubi [A] (verified)	2185
Maple [A] (verified)	2187
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2187
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2188
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2189
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2189
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2190
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2190

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{5}{16} a^2 cx \sqrt{a + bx^2} + \frac{5}{24} acx (a + bx^2)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{6} cx (a + bx^2)^{5/2} + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b} + \frac{5a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16\sqrt{b}}$$

output

```
5/16*a^2*c*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+5/24*a*c*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/6*c*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+1/7*d*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b+5/16*a^3*c*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(48a^3d + 8b^3x^5(7c + 6dx) + 3a^2bx(77c + 48dx) + 2ab^2x^3(91c + 72dx)) - 105a^3\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{336b}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(48*a^3*d + 8*b^3*x^5*(7*c + 6*d*x) + 3*a^2*b*x*(77*c + 4
8*d*x) + 2*a*b^2*x^3*(91*c + 72*d*x)) - 105*a^3*Sqrt[b]*c*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x)
+ Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(336*b)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$ , Rules used = {455, 211, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & c \int (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} dx + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & c \left( \frac{5}{6} a \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} dx + \frac{1}{6} x (a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & c \left( \frac{5}{6} a \left( \frac{3}{4} a \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{1}{4} x (a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & c \left( \frac{5}{6} a \left( \frac{3}{4} a \left( \frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a + bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (a + bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$c \left( \frac{5}{6} a \left( \frac{3}{4} a \left( \frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 219

$$c \left( \frac{5}{6} a \left( \frac{3}{4} a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{a+bx^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x (a+bx^2)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x (a+bx^2)^{5/2} \right) + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(d*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b) + c*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/6 + (5*a*((x*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x*sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*sqrt[b])))/4))/6)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
default	$c \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6} + \frac{5a \left( \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4} + \frac{3a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2} + \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4} \right)}{6} \right) + \frac{d(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b}$	86
risch	$\frac{(48b^3dx^6+56b^3cx^5+144ab^2dx^4+182ab^2cx^3+144a^2bdx^2+231a^2bcx+48a^3d)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{336b} + \frac{5ca^3 \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{16\sqrt{b}}$	104

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c*(1/6*x*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)+5/6*a*(1/4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+3/4*a*(1/2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*a/b^(1/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+1/7*d*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/b
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{105 a^3 \sqrt{bc} \log(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx-a}) + 2(48b^3dx^6 + 56b^3cx^5 + 144ab^2dx^4 + 182ab^2cx^3 + 144a^2bdx^2 + 231a^2bcx + 48a^3d)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{672b} + \frac{105 a^3 \sqrt{-bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (48b^3dx^6 + 56b^3cx^5 + 144ab^2dx^4 + 182ab^2cx^3 + 144a^2bdx^2 + 231a^2bcx + 48a^3d)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{336b}$$



input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/672*(105*a^3*sqrt(b)*c*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(48*b^3*d*x^6 + 56*b^3*c*x^5 + 144*a*b^2*d*x^4 + 182*a*b^2*c*x^3 + 144*a^2*b*d*x^2 + 231*a^2*b*c*x + 48*a^3*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b, -1/336*(105*a^3*sqrt(-b)*c*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (48*b^3*d*x^6 + 56*b^3*c*x^5 + 144*a*b^2*d*x^4 + 182*a*b^2*c*x^3 + 144*a^2*b*d*x^2 + 231*a^2*b*c*x + 48*a^3*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b]`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{5a^3c \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2}+2bx)}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{16} + \sqrt{a + bx^2} \left( \frac{a^3d}{7b} + \frac{11a^2cx}{16} + \frac{3a^2dx^2}{7} + \frac{13abcx^3}{24} + \frac{3abd^2x^4}{7} \right) \\ a^{\frac{5}{2}} \left( cx + \frac{dx^2}{2} \right) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((5*a**3*c*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True))/16 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(a**3*d/(7*b) + 11*a**2*c*x/16 + 3*a**2*d*x**2/7 + 13*a*b*c*x**3/24 + 3*a*b*d*x**4/7 + b**2*c*x**5/6 + b**2*d*x**6/7), Ne(b, 0)), (a**(5/2)*(c*x + d*x**2/2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{1}{6} (bx^2 + a)^{5/2} cx + \frac{5}{24} (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} acx$$

$$+ \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 cx + \frac{5 a^3 c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{16 \sqrt{b}} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{7/2} d}{7 b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c*x + 5/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*c*x + 5/16*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*a^2*c*x + 5/16*a^3*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + 1/7*(b*x^2 + a
)^(7/2)*d/b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{5 a^3 c \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{16 \sqrt{b}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{336} \left( \frac{48 a^3 d}{b} + (231 a^2 c + 2 (72 a^2 d + (91 abc + 4 (18 abd + (6 b^2 dx + 7 b^2 c)x)x)x)x) \right) \sqrt{bx^2 + a}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-5/16*a^3*c*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/sqrt(b) + 1/336*(48*a^3
*d/b + (231*a^2*c + 2*(72*a^2*d + (91*a*b*c + 4*(18*a*b*d + (6*b^2*d*x + 7
*b^2*c)*x)*x)*x)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{d(bx^2 + a)^{7/2}}{7b} + \frac{cx(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x),x)`output `(d*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*b) + (c*x*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*hypergeom([-5/2, 1/2], 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a))/((b*x^2)/a + 1)^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{48\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3d + 231\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2bcx + 144\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2bdx^2 + 182\sqrt{bx^2 + a}ab^2cx^3 + 144\sqrt{bx^2 + a}ab^2dx^4 + 56\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^3c^2x^5 + 48\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^3cdx^6 + 105\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2} + \sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3c}{336b}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`output `(48*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*d + 231*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*x + 144*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 182*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c*x**3 + 144*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d*x**4 + 56*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c*x**5 + 48*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*d*x**6 + 105*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a)))*a**3*c)/(336*b)`

**3.257**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	2191
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2192
Rubi [A] (verified)	2192
Maple [A] (verified)	2196
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2197
Sympy [F]	2197
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2198
Giac [F(-2)]	2198
Mupad [F(-1)]	2199
Reduce [F]	2199

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{c+dx} dx = \frac{(8(bc^2+ad^2)^2 - bcd(4bc^2+7ad^2)x)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{8d^5} + \frac{(4(bc^2+ad^2) - 3bcdx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{12d^3} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d} - \frac{\sqrt{bc}(8b^2c^4 + 20abc^2d^2 + 15a^2d^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8d^6} - \frac{(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^6}$$

output

```
1/8*(8*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2-b*c*d*(7*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5+1/12
*(-3*b*c*d*x+4*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3+1/5*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/d-1/
8*b^(1/2)*c*(15*a^2*d^4+20*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2
+a)^(1/2))/d^6-(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2
))/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^6
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}(184a^2d^4 + abd^2(280c^2 - 135cdx + 88d^2x^2) + 2b^2(60c^4 - 30c^3dx + 20c^2d^2))}{120d^6} + \frac{240(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{5/2} \text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{b}(c + dx) - d\sqrt{a + bx^2}]}{\sqrt{-(bc^2 - ad^2)}} + 15\sqrt{b}c(8b^2c^4 + 20ab^2c^2d^2 + 15a^2d^4) \text{Log}[-(\sqrt{b}x) + \sqrt{a + bx^2}]$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x), x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(184*a^2*d^4 + a*b*d^2*(280*c^2 - 135*c*d*x + 88*d^2*x^2) + 2*b^2*(60*c^4 - 30*c^3*d*x + 20*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 15*c*d^3*x^3 + 12*d^4*x^4)) + 240*(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]] + 15*Sqrt[b]*c*(8*b^2*c^4 + 20*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 15*a^2*d^4)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(120*d^6)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {493, 682, 27, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 493 \\ & \int \frac{(ad - bcx)(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{c + dx} dx + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d} \\ & \quad \downarrow 682 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{b(ad(bc^2 + 4ad^2) - bc(4bc^2 + 7ad^2)x) \sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c + dx} dx}{4bd^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(4(ad^2 + bc^2) - 3bcdx)}{12d^2} + \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(ad(bc^2+4ad^2)-bc(4bc^2+7ad^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx}{4d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(ad^2+bc^2)-3bcdx)}{12d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d}$$

↓ 682

$$\frac{\int \frac{b(ad(4b^2c^4+9abd^2c^2+8a^2d^4)-bc(8b^2c^4+20abd^2c^2+15a^2d^4)x)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2bd^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)^2-bcdx(7ad^2+4bc^2))}{2d^2}}{4d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(ad^2+bc^2)-3bcdx)}{12d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d} \quad d$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{ad(4b^2c^4+9abd^2c^2+8a^2d^4)-bc(8b^2c^4+20abd^2c^2+15a^2d^4)x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)^2-bcdx(7ad^2+4bc^2))}{2d^2}}{4d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(ad^2+bc^2)-3bcdx)}{12d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d} \quad d$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{bc(15a^2d^4+20abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d}}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)^2-bcdx(7ad^2+4bc^2))}{2d^2}}{4d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4(ad^2+bc^2)-3bcdx)}{12d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d} \quad d$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{bc(15a^2d^4+20abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4) \int \frac{1-\frac{bx^2}{b^2x^2+a}}{1-\frac{bx^2}{b^2x^2+a}} \frac{d-x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d}}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8(ad^2+bc^2)^2-bcdx(7ad^2+4bc^2))}{2d^2}}{4d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{12d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d} \quad d$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (15a^2d^4+20abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{2d^2}}{4d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (8(ad^2+bc^2)^2 - bc dx (7ad^2+4bc^2))}{2d^2}}{d} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d}$$

↓ 488

$$\frac{\frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^3 \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (15a^2d^4+20abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{2d^2}}{4d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (8(ad^2+bc^2)^2 - bc dx (7ad^2+4bc^2))}{2d^2}}{d} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right) (15a^2d^4+20abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{2d^2} - \frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{4d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (8(ad^2+bc^2)^2 - bc dx (7ad^2+4bc^2))}{2d^2}}{d} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x), x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(5*d) + (((4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2) - 3*b*c*d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(12*d^2) + (((8*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2 - b*c*d*(4*b*c^2 + 7*a*d^2)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*d^2) + (-((Sqrt[b]*c*(8*b^2*c^4 + 20*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 15*a^2*d^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d) - (8*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(5/2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d)/(2*d^2))/(4*d^2))/d
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 493  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p-1)}*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{RationalQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, 1]) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[n + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 682  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[m] \ || \ (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$



rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 331, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

method	result
risch	$\frac{(24b^2d^4x^4 - 30b^2cd^3x^3 + 88abd^4x^2 + 40d^2c^2x^2b^2 - 135abc d^3x - 60b^2c^3dx + 184a^2d^4 + 280bc^2d^2a + 120b^2c^4)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{120d^5} - \frac{8(a^3d^6 + 3a^2bd^5 + 3ab^2d^4 + b^3c^2d^3)}{120d^5}$
default	$\frac{\left(b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{bc}{8b} \left( \frac{\left(2b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right) - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)\left(b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8b} + \frac{3\left(\frac{4b\left(ad^2+bc^2\right)}{d^2} - \frac{4b^2c^2}{d^2}\right)\left(2b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right) - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)}{8b} \right)$

```
input int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/120*(24*b^2*d^4*x^4-30*b^2*c*d^3*x^3+88*a*b*d^4*x^2+40*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2-1
35*a*b*c*d^3*x-60*b^2*c^3*d*x+184*a^2*d^4+280*a*b*c^2*d^2+120*b^2*c^4)*(b*
x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5-1/8/d^5*(8*(a^3*d^6+3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4+3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2+b^3*c
^6)/d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+
2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2
)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)+b^(1/2)*c*(15*a^2*d^4+20*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)/d*ln(b^(
1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 29.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1176, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/240*(15*(8*b^2*c^5 + 20*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^4)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 120*(b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(24*b^2*d^5*x^4 - 30*b^2*c*d^4*x^3 + 120*b^2*c^4*d + 280*a*b*c^2*d^3 + 184*a^2*d^5 + 8*(5*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 11*a*b*d^5)*x^2 - 15*(4*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 9*a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/d^6, 1/120*(15*(8*b^2*c^5 + 20*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^4)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + 60*(b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + (24*b^2*d^5*x^4 - 30*b^2*c*d^4*x^3 + 120*b^2*c^4*d + 280*a*b*c^2*d^3 + 184*a^2*d^5 + 8*(5*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 11*a*b*d^5)*x^2 - 15*(4*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 9*a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/d^6, -1/240*(240*(b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - 15*(8*b^2*c^5 + 20*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^2*c*d^4)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(24*b^2*d^5*x^4 - 30*b^2*c*d^4*x^3 + 120*b^2*c^4*d + 280*a*b*c^2*d^3 + 184*a^2*d^5 + 8*(5*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 11*a*b*d^5)*x^2 - 15*(4*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 9*a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/d^6, -1/120*(120*(b^2*c...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x), x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2c^3x}}{2d^4} - \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}bcx}{4d^2} - \frac{7\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abcx}{8d^2}$$

$$- \frac{b^{5/2}c^5 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^6} - \frac{5ab^{3/2}c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2d^4} - \frac{15a^2\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2c^4}}{d^5} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}bc^2}{3d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abc^2}{d^3} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{5d} + \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}a}{3d} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2}{d}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^3*x/d^4 - 1/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b*c*x/d^2 - 7/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c*x/d^2 - b^(5/2)*c^5*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^6 - 5/2*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^4 - 15/8*a^2*sqrt(b)*c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^2 + (a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4/d^5 + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b*c^2/d^3 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2/d^3 + 1/5*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/d + 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2/d`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x),x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{dx + c} dx$$

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c),x)
```

output

```
int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c),x)
```

**3.258**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2200
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2201
Rubi [A] (verified)	2201
Maple [B] (verified)	2205
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2206
Sympy [F]	2207
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2208
Giac [F(-1)]	2208
Mupad [F(-1)]	2209
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2209

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 260

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx = -\frac{4bc(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^5} + \frac{3b(4bc^2+3ad^2)x\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{8d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2x^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{4d^2} - \frac{(bc^2+ad^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^5(c+dx)} - \frac{2bc(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{b}(8b^2c^4+12abc^2d^2+3a^2d^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{5bc(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^6}$$

output

```
-4*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5+3/8*b*(3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^4+1/4*b^2*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^2-(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)-2/3*b*c*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3+5/8*b^(1/2)*(3*a^2*d^4+12*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^6+5*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^6
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(24a^2d^4+abd^2(160c^2+85cdx-27d^2x^2))+2b^2(60c^4+30c^3dx-10c^2d^2x^2+5cd^3x^3-3d^4x^4)}{c+dx} - 240bc(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{3/2} \arctan \frac{\dots}{24d^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output 
$$-1/24*((d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*(24*a^2*d^4 + a*b*d^2*(160*c^2 + 85*c*d*x - 27*d^2*x^2) + 2*b^2*(60*c^4 + 30*c^3*d*x - 10*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 5*c*d^3*x^3 - 3*d^4*x^4)))/(c + d*x) - 240*b*c*(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(3/2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + d*x) - d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2])] + 15*\text{Sqrt}[b]*(8*b^2*c^4 + 12*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/d^6$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {492, 591, 25, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 492

$$\frac{5b \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{c+dx} dx}{d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{d(c + dx)}$$

↓ 591

$$5b \left( \frac{\int \frac{(acd - (4bc^2 + 3ad^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c-3dx)}{12d^2}}{4d^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

25

$$5b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{(acd - (4bc^2 + 3ad^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c-3dx)}{12d^2}}{4d^2} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

682

$$5b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{b(acd(4bc^2+5ad^2) - (8b^2c^4+12abd^2c^2+3a^2d^4)x)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8c(ad^2+bc^2) - dx(3ad^2+4bc^2))}{2d^2}}{4d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c-3dx)}{12d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{d}{d(c+dx)}$$

27

$$5b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{acd(4bc^2+5ad^2) - (8b^2c^4+12abd^2c^2+3a^2d^4)x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8c(ad^2+bc^2) - dx(3ad^2+4bc^2))}{2d^2}}{4d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c-3dx)}{12d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{d}{d(c+dx)}$$

719

$$5b \left( -\frac{\frac{8c(ad^2+bc^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - (3a^2d^4+12abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8c(ad^2+bc^2) - dx(3ad^2+4bc^2))}{2d^2}}{4d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c-3dx)}{12d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{d}{d(c+dx)}$$

224

$$5b \left( \frac{8c(ad^2+bc^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{(3a^2d^4+12abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8c(ad^2+bc^2)-dx(3ad^2+4bc^2))}{4d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

219

$$5b \left( \frac{8c(ad^2+bc^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3a^2d^4+12abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8c(ad^2+bc^2)-dx(3ad^2+4bc^2))}{4d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

488

$$5b \left( -\frac{8c(ad^2+bc^2)^2 \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3a^2d^4+12abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8c(ad^2+bc^2)-dx(3ad^2+4bc^2))}{4d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

219

$$5b \left( -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3a^2d^4+12abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{8c(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8c(ad^2+bc^2)-dx(3ad^2+4bc^2))}{4d^2} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{d(c+dx)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^2,x]`



output

$$-\left(\frac{(a + b x^2)^{5/2}}{d(c + d x)} + \frac{5 b (-1/12((4 c - 3 d x)(a + b x^2)^{3/2})}{d^2} - \frac{((8 c (b c^2 + a d^2) - d(4 b c^2 + 3 a d^2) x) \sqrt{a + b x^2}}{(2 d^2)} + \frac{-((8 b^2 c^4 + 12 a b c^2 d^2 + 3 a^2 d^4) \operatorname{ArcTanh}(\frac{\sqrt{b} x}{\sqrt{a + b x^2}}) / (\sqrt{b} d)) - (8 c (b c^2 + a d^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}(\frac{a d - b c x}{\sqrt{b c^2 + a d^2} \sqrt{a + b x^2}})) / d}{(2 d^2)}\right) / (4 d^2) / d$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\operatorname{Int}[-(F x), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a)(F x), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F x, (b)(G x) /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a) + (b)(x)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2](x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a) + (b)(x)^2}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(1 - b x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \&\& \operatorname{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 488

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/((c) + (d)(x)) \sqrt{(a) + (b)(x)^2}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(b c^2 + a d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a d - b c x)/\sqrt{a + b x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 492

$$\operatorname{Int}[(c) + (d)(x))^{(n)} (a) + (b)(x)^2)^{(p)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c + d x)^{(n+1)} (a + b x^2)^p / (d(n+1)), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[2 b (p / (d(n+1))) \operatorname{Int}[x (c + d x)^{(n+1)} (a + b x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \operatorname{||} \operatorname{LtQ}[n, -1]) \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[n, -1] \&\& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[n + 2 p + 1, 0] \&\& \operatorname{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 591

```
Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :>
Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(2*p + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 1)*x)/
(d^2*(n + 2*p + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d^2*(n + 2*p + 1)*(n +
2*p + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[a*c*d*n + (b*c^2*(2*p
+ 1) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0]
```

rule 682

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))*x, x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 528 vs. 2(230) = 460.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 529, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
risch	$\frac{b(-6bd^3x^3 + 16bcd^2x^2 - 27axd^3 - 36b^2cdx + 112ad^2c + 96b^3c^3)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{24d^5} + \frac{s(a^3d^6 + 3a^2bc^2d^4 + 3ab^2c^4d^2 + b^3c^6)}{\left( \frac{d^2\sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2}}{(ad^2)} \right)}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/24*b*(-6*b*d^3*x^3+16*b*c*d^2*x^2-27*a*d^3*x-36*b*c^2*d*x+112*a*c*d^2+96*b*c^3)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5+1/8/d^5*(8*(a^3*d^6+3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4+3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2+b^3*c^6)/d^3*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+5*b^(1/2)*(3*a^2*d^4+12*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))+48/d^2*b*c*(a^2*d^4+2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1372, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.28

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(15*(8*b^2*c^5 + 12*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^4 + (8*b^2*c^4*d + 12*a*
b*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)
*x - a) + 120*(b^2*c^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^3*d + a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c
^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)
*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c
*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(6*b^2*d^5*x^4 - 10*b^2*c*d^4*x^3 - 120*b^2*c^4*d - 160*a
*b*c^2*d^3 - 24*a^2*d^5 + (20*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 27*a*b*d^5)*x^2 - 5*(12*b^2*c^
3*d^2 + 17*a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^7*x + c*d^6), 1/48*(240*(b^2*
c^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^3*d + a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan
(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (
b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + 15*(8*b^2*c^5 + 12*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^4 +
(8*b^2*c^4*d + 12*a*b*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(6*b^2*d^5*x^4 - 10*b^2*c*d^4*x^3 - 120*b^
2*c^4*d - 160*a*b*c^2*d^3 - 24*a^2*d^5 + (20*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 27*a*b*d^5)*x^2
- 5*(12*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 17*a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^7*x + c*d^6),
-1/24*(15*(8*b^2*c^5 + 12*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^4 + (8*b^2*c^4*d + 12*a*
b*c^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - 60
*(b^2*c^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^3*d + a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*l
og((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt
(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**2, x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**2, x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{d^2x + cd} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2c^2x}{2d^4} + \frac{5(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}bx}{4d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{15\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abx}{8d^2} + \frac{5b^{5/2}c^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d^6} + \frac{15ab^{3/2}c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{15a^2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8d^2} - \frac{5\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{3/2}bc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{d^3}$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2c^3}{d^5} - \frac{5(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}bc}{3d^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abc}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d^2*x + c*d) + 5/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^2*x/d^4 + 5/4*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b*x/d^2 + 15/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*x/d^2 + 5*b^(5/2)*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^6 + 15/2*a*b^(3/2)*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^4 + 15/8*a^2*sqrt(b)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^2 - 5*(a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d^3 - 5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^3/d^5 - 5/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b*c/d^3 - 5*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c/d^3`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 814, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```
(240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 + 240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d**3*x + 240*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**
2*c**4 + 240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**3*d*x - 240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*
x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 - 240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d**3*x - 2
40*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**4 - 240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2
)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**3*d*x - 48*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d**5 - 320*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d**3 - 170*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**4*x + 54*sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*a*b*d**5*x**2 - 240*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**4*d - 120*sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*b**2*c**3*d**2*x + 40*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 20*sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**4*x**3 + 12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d**5*x**4 - 45*sq
rt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a**2*c*d**4 - 45*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a**2*d**5*x - 180*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) -
sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c**3*d**2 - 180*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a
*b*c**2*d**3*x - 120*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*b**2*c**5 -
120*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*b**2*c**4*d*x + 45*sqrt(b)*
log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*a**2*c*d**4 + 45*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*
x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*a**2*d**5*x + 180*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqr...
```

**3.259**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2211
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2212
Rubi [A] (verified)	2212
Maple [B] (verified)	2216
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2217
Sympy [F]	2218
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2219
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2220
Mupad [F(-1)]	2221
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2221

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 265

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{2b(3bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^5} - \frac{3b^2cx\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2d^4} - \frac{(bc^2+ad^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2d^5(c+dx)^2} + \frac{9bc(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2d^5(c+dx)} + \frac{b(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d^3} - \frac{5b^{3/2}c(4bc^2+3ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^6} - \frac{5b\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}(4bc^2+ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^6}$$

output

```
2*b*(a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5-3/2*b^2*c*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^4-1/
2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^2+9/2*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b*x
^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)+1/3*b*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3-5/2*b^(3/2)*c*(3*a*d^2+4
*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^6-5/2*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)*(
a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d
^6
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{-\frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3a^2d^4 - abd^2(35c^2 + 55cdx + 14d^2x^2) - b^2(60c^4 + 90c^3dx + 20c^2d^2x^2 - 5cd^3x^3 + 2d^4x^4))}{(c+dx)^2}}{(c+dx)^2} + 30b\sqrt{-bc^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `(-((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(3*a^2*d^4 - a*b*d^2*(35*c^2 + 55*c*d*x + 14*d^2*x^2) - b^2*(60*c^4 + 90*c^3*d*x + 20*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 5*c*d^3*x^3 + 2*d^4*x^4))) / (c + d*x)^2) + 30*b*Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]*(4*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]] + 15*b^(3/2)*c*(4*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(6*d^6)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {492, 590, 25, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 492 \\ & \frac{5b \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{2d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d(c + dx)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 590 \\ & \frac{5b \left( \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2(c+dx)} - \frac{\int \frac{-(ad-4bcx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d(c + dx)^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5b \left( \frac{\int \frac{(ad-4bcx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+dx} dx}{d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 682

$$\frac{5b \left( \frac{\int \frac{2b(ad(2bc^2+ad^2)-bc(4bc^2+3ad^2))x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2bd^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2-2bcdx)}{d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5b \left( \frac{\int \frac{ad(2bc^2+ad^2)-bc(4bc^2+3ad^2))x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2-2bcdx)}{d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{5b \left( \frac{(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2+4bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{bc(3ad^2+4bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2-2bcdx)}{d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{5b \left( \frac{(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2+4bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{bc(3ad^2+4bc^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2-2bcdx)}{d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{d^2}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 219

$$5b \left( \frac{(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2+4bc^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3ad^2+4bc^2)}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2-2bcdx)}{d^2}}{\frac{(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2+4bc^2)}{d}} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2(c+dx)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 488

$$5b \left( \frac{(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2+4bc^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3ad^2+4bc^2)}{d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2-2bcdx)}{d^2}}{\frac{(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2+4bc^2)}{d}} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^3}{3d^2(c+dx)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 219

$$5b \left( \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3ad^2+4bc^2)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}(ad^2+4bc^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2-2bcdx)}{d^2}}{\frac{(ad^2+bc^2)(ad^2+4bc^2)}{d}} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d^2(c+dx)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{2d(c+dx)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*(c + d*x)^2) + (5*b*(((4*c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d^2*(c + d*x)) + (((4*b*c^2 + a*d^2 - 2*b*c*d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/d^2 + (-((Sqrt[b]*c*(4*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d) - (Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*(4*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/d)/d^2)/(2*d)
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2], \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/(((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{b}*c^2 + \text{a}*d^2 - x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a}*d - \text{b}*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 492  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_))^{(\text{n}_)}*(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{(\text{n} + 1)}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}/(\text{d}*(\text{n} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[2*\text{b}*(\text{p}/(\text{d}*(\text{n} + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[\text{x}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{(\text{n} + 1)}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} - 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{n}, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{n}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{n} + 2*\text{p} + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[\text{a}, 0, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$
- rule 590  $\text{Int}[(x_)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_))^{(\text{n}_)}*(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{(\text{n} + 1)}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}*((\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 1) - \text{d}*(\text{n} + 1)*x)/(\text{d}^2*(\text{n} + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[2*(\text{p}/(\text{d}^2*(\text{n} + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{(\text{n} + 1)}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} - 1)}*(\text{a}*d*(\text{n} + 1) + \text{b}*c*(2*\text{p} + 1)*x), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{n}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{n} + 2*\text{p} + 1, 0]$

rule 682

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 966 vs. 2(231) = 462.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 967, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(a^3 d^6 + 3a^2 b c^2 d^4 + 3a b^2 c^4 d^2 + b^3 c^6)}{6d^5} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{b(x + \frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x + \frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}}{2(a d^2 + b c^2)(x + \frac{c}{d})^2} + \frac{3bcd}{d^2}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/6*b*(2*b*d^2*x^2-9*b*c*d*x+14*a*d^2+36*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5-1/2/d^
5*(-2*(a^3*d^6+3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4+3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2+b^3*c^6)/d^4*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b
*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+
3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d
*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(
1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*
(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+1/2*b/(a*
d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(
x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c
^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+6*b/d^2*(a^2*d^4+6*a*b*c^2*d^2+5*b^2*c^4)/((a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^
2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/
d))+5*b^(3/2)*c*(3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))+12/d^3*b
*c*(a^2*d^4+2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d
)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b
*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/
d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)
))

```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1553, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(15*(4*b^2*c^5 + 3*a*b*c^3*d^2 + (4*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 3*a*b*c*d^4)*x^2 +
2*(4*b^2*c^4*d + 3*a*b*c^2*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 15*(4*b^2*c^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2 + (4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a*b*d^4
)*x^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c^3*d + a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*
x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2
))*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(2*b^2*d^5
*x^4 - 5*b^2*c*d^4*x^3 + 60*b^2*c^4*d + 35*a*b*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^2*d^5 + 2*(10
*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 7*a*b*d^5)*x^2 + 5*(18*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 11*a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(
b*x^2 + a))/(d^8*x^2 + 2*c*d^7*x + c^2*d^6), 1/12*(30*(4*b^2*c^5 + 3*a*b*c
^3*d^2 + (4*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 3*a*b*c*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c^4*d + 3*a*b*c^2*d
^3)*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + 15*(4*b^2*c^4 + a*b*c
^2*d^2 + (4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a*b*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(4*b^2*c^3*d + a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqr
t(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b
*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2
+ 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(2*b^2*d^5*x^4 - 5*b^2*c*d^4*x^3 + 60*b^2*c^4*d + 35
*a*b*c^2*d^3 - 3*a^2*d^5 + 2*(10*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 7*a*b*d^5)*x^2 + 5*(18*b^2*
c^3*d^2 + 11*a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^8*x^2 + 2*c*d^7*x + c^2*d^6
), -1/12*(30*(4*b^2*c^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2 + (4*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a*b*d^4)*x^2 + 2*
(4*b^2*c^3*d + a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d
^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**3, x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**3, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 561 vs.  $2(232) = 464$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx &= \frac{15b^4c^5 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\left(b^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2d^6 + a\sqrt{bd^8}\right)} + \frac{15ab^3c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4\left(b^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2d^4 + a\sqrt{bd^6}\right)} \\
&- \frac{15\sqrt{bx^2+ab^3}c^3x}{4(bc^2d^4+ad^6)} + \frac{5(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2c^2}{2(bc^2d^3+ad^5)} - \frac{5(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2cx}{2(bc^2d^2+ad^4)} \\
&- \frac{15\sqrt{bx^2+a}ab^2cx}{4(bc^2d^2+ad^4)} + \frac{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}bc}{2(bc^2d^2x+ad^4x+bc^3d+acd^3)} \\
&- \frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2(bc^2dx^2+ad^3x^2+2bc^3x+2acd^2x+\frac{bc^4}{d}+ac^2d)} \\
&+ \frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}b}{2(bc^2d+ad^3)} - \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2}cx}{4d^4} - \frac{55b^{\frac{5}{2}}c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{4d^6} \\
&- \frac{15ab^{\frac{3}{2}}c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2d^4} + \frac{15\sqrt{a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}}b^2c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2d^5} \\
&+ \frac{5\left(a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}b \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2d^3} \\
&+ \frac{10\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2}c^2}{d^5} + \frac{5(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b}{6d^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+a}ab}{2d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```

15/4*b^4*c^5*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(3/2)*c^2*d^6 + a*sqrt(b)*d^8) + 15
/4*a*b^3*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(3/2)*c^2*d^4 + a*sqrt(b)*d^6) - 15
/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^3*x/(b*c^2*d^4 + a*d^6) + 5/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b
^2*c^2/(b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5) - 5/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c*x/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*
d^4) - 15/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c*x/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4) + 3/2*(b*x^2 + a
)^(5/2)*b*c/(b*c^2*d^2*x + a*d^4*x + b*c^3*d + a*c*d^3) - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)
^(7/2)/(b*c^2*d*x^2 + a*d^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*x + 2*a*c*d^2*x + b*c^4/d + a*c^2
*d) + 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b/(b*c^2*d + a*d^3) - 5/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*
c*x/d^4 - 55/4*b^(5/2)*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^6 - 15/2*a*b^(3/2)*c*a
rcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^4 + 15/2*sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*b^2*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x
/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/d^5 + 5/2*(a + b
*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*b*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*
abs(d*x + c)))/d^3 + 10*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^2/d^5 + 5/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2
)*b/d^3 + 5/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b/d^3

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 537 vs.  $2(232) = 464$ .

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 537, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left( x \left( \frac{2b^2x}{d^3} - \frac{9b^2c}{d^4} \right) + \frac{2(18b^3c^2d^{13} + 7ab^2d^{15})}{bd^{18}} \right) \\
& + \frac{5 \left( 4b^{\frac{5}{2}}c^3 + 3ab^{\frac{3}{2}}cd^2 \right) \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{2d^6} \\
& + \frac{5(4b^3c^4 + 5ab^2c^2d^2 + a^2bd^4) \arctan \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}d^6} \\
& + \frac{10(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^3 b^3c^4d + 11(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^3 ab^2c^2d^3 + (\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^3 a^2bd^5 + 18(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^3}{d^6}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(x*(2*b^2*x/d^3 - 9*b^2*c/d^4) + 2*(18*b^3*c^2*d^13 +
7*a*b^2*d^15)/(b*d^18)) + 5/2*(4*b^(5/2)*c^3 + 3*a*b^(3/2)*c*d^2)*log(abs(
-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/d^6 + 5*(4*b^3*c^4 + 5*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^2*
b*d^4)*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 -
a*d^2))/(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*d^6) + (10*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*
b^3*c^4*d + 11*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 + (sqrt(b)*x
- sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a^2*b*d^5 + 18*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*b^(7/2)
)*c^5 + 9*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a*b^(5/2)*c^3*d^2 - 9*(sqrt(b)*x
- sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a^2*b^(3/2)*c*d^4 - 26*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))
*a*b^3*c^4*d - 25*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + (sqrt(b)
*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^3*b*d^5 + 9*a^2*b^(5/2)*c^3*d^2 + 9*a^3*b^(3/2)*c
d^4)/(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))
*sqrt(b)*c - a*d)^2*d^6)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^3, x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1005, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```

(30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 + 60*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d**3*x + 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*d**4*x**2 +
120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*
d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**4 + 240*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**3*d*x + 120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**2*d**2*
x**2 - 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 - 60*sqrt(a*d**
2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d**3*x - 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d
*x)*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**4 - 240
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**3*d*x - 120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c*
**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d**5 + 70*s
qrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d**3 + 110*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**4*x + 28*sq
rt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**5*x**2 + 120*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**4*d + 180*sqrt(
a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*d**2*x + 40*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 1
0*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**4*x**3 + 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d**5*x**4 +
45*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c**3*d**2 + 90*sqrt(b)*lo
g(sqrt(a + b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c**2*d**3*x + 45*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a +
b*x**2) - sqrt(b)*x)*a*b*c*d**4*x**2 + 60*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2) ...

```

**3.260**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx$

Optimal result	2223
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2224
Rubi [A] (verified)	2224
Maple [B] (verified)	2229
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2230
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2234

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 277

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx = -\frac{4b^2c\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^5} + \frac{b^2x\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2d^4}$$

$$- \frac{(bc^2+ad^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3d^5(c+dx)^3} + \frac{13bc(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6d^5(c+dx)^2}$$

$$- \frac{b(47bc^2+14ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6d^5(c+dx)} + \frac{5b^{3/2}(4bc^2+ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^6}$$

$$+ \frac{5b^2c(4bc^2+3ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2d^6\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}}$$

output

```
-4*b^2*c*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5+1/2*b^2*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^4-1/3*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^3+13/6*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^2-1/6*b*(14*a*d^2+47*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)+5/2*b^(3/2)*(a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^6+5/2*b^2*c*(3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^6/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2a^2d^4+abd^2(5c^2+15cdx+14d^2x^2))+b^2(60c^4+150c^3dx+110c^2d^2x^2+15cd^3x^3-3d^4x^4)}{(c+dx)^3} - \frac{30b^2c(4bc^2+3ad^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{6d^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(2*a^2*d^4 + a*b*d^2*(5*c^2 + 15*c*d*x + 14*d^2*x^2) + b^2*(60*c^4 + 150*c^3*d*x + 110*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 15*c*d^3*x^3 - 3*d^4*x^4)))/(c + d*x)^3 - (30*b^2*c*(4*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]]/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2] + 15*b^(3/2)*(4*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d^6
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {492, 590, 27, 681, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx \xrightarrow{492} \frac{5b \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^3} dx}{3d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c + dx)^3} \xrightarrow{590}$$

$$\frac{5b \left( \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(2c+dx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{3 \int -\frac{2(ad-2bcx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{4d^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{5b \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{(ad-2bcx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{2d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(2c+dx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 681

$$5b \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{2b(2acd-(4bc^2+ad^2)x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2+2bcdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(2c+dx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 27

$$5b \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{2acd-(4bc^2+ad^2)x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2+2bcdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(2c+dx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 719

$$5b \left( \frac{3 \left( -\frac{b \left( \frac{c(3ad^2+4bc^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{(ad^2+4bc^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx \right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2+2bcdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(2c+dx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 224

$$5b \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(3ad^2+4bc^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{(ad^2+4bc^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2+2bcdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(2c+dx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3} \cdot 3d$$

↓ 219

$$5b \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(3ad^2+4bc^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+4bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2+2bcdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(2c+dx)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3} \cdot 3d$$

↓ 488

$$5b \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(3ad^2+4bc^2)}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} - \frac{d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+4bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2+2bcdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2} \right) + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d^2(c+d)}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3}$$

↓ 219

$$5b \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+4bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}} - \frac{c(3ad^2+4bc^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{d\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right)}{d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+4bc^2+2bcdx)}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2} \right) + \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{2d^2(c+d)}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*(c + d*x)^3) + (5*b*(((2*c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(2*d^2*(c + d*x)^2) + (3*(-(((4*b*c^2 + a*d^2 + 2*b*c*d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(d^2*(c + d*x))) - (b*(-(((4*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]))/(Sqrt[b]*d)) - (c*(4*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(d*Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2])))/d^2))/(3*d)
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 492  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1)) \text{ Int}[x*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 590  $\text{Int}[(x_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*}((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(2*p + 1) - d*(n + 1)*x)/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*(a*d*(n + 1) + b*c*(2*p + 1)*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0]$

rule 681

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1)
+ e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/
(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Sim
p[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] ||
EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2
*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1725 vs.  $2(243) = 486$ .

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1726, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.23

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1726
default	Expression too large to display	3656

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/2*b^2*(-d*x+8*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5+1/2/d^5*(2*(a^3*d^6+3*a^2*b*c^2*d^
4+3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2+b^3*c^6)/d^5*(-1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^3*(b*(x+c/d
)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+5/3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/2
/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^
2)^(1/2)+3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^
2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c
^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^
2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))+
1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-
2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(
a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))-2/3*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^
2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d
/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(
x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c
^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))+5*b^(3/2)*(a*d^2+4*b*c^2)/d*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2
+a)^(1/2))+6*b/d^3*(a^2*d^4+6*a*b*c^2*d^2+5*b^2*c^4)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2
/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)
+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^
2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))-12/d^4*b*c*(a^2*d^4+2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*(-1/2/(a...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 609 vs.  $2(244) = 488$ .

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2501, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(15*(4*b^3*c^7 + 5*a*b^2*c^5*d^2 + a^2*b*c^3*d^4 + (4*b^3*c^4*d^3 +
5*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 + a^2*b*d^7)*x^3 + 3*(4*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 5*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 + a^
2*b*c*d^6)*x^2 + 3*(4*b^3*c^6*d + 5*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + a^2*b*c^2*d^5)*x)*sqrt
(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 15*(4*b^3*c^6 + 3*a*
b^2*c^4*d^2 + (4*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 + 3*(4*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 3*a
*b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(4*b^3*c^5*d + 3*a*b^2*c^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^
2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*
sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^
2)) - 2*(60*b^3*c^6*d + 65*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 7*a^2*b*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^3*d^7 - 3
*(b^3*c^2*d^5 + a*b^2*d^7)*x^4 + 15*(b^3*c^3*d^4 + a*b^2*c*d^6)*x^3 + 2*(5
5*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 62*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 + 7*a^2*b*d^7)*x^2 + 15*(10*b^3*c^5*d^2 +
11*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 + a^2*b*c*d^6)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b*c^5*d^6 + a*c^3*d^
8 + (b*c^2*d^9 + a*d^11)*x^3 + 3*(b*c^3*d^8 + a*c*d^10)*x^2 + 3*(b*c^4*d^7
+ a*c^2*d^9)*x), 1/12*(30*(4*b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + (4*b^3*c^3*d^3 +
3*a*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 + 3*(4*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(4*b^3*c
^5*d + 3*a*b^2*c^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2
)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x
^2)) + 15*(4*b^3*c^7 + 5*a*b^2*c^5*d^2 + a^2*b*c^3*d^4 + (4*b^3*c^4*d^3 +
5*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 + a^2*b*d^7)*x^3 + 3*(4*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 5*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 + a^
2*b*c*d^6)*x^2 + 3*(4*b^3*c^6*d + 5*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + a^2*b*c^2*d^5)*x)*s...
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**4, x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**4, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1023 vs.  $2(244) = 488$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1023, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-5/4*b^5*c^6*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(5/2)*c^4*d^6 + 2*a*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^8
+ a^2*sqrt(b)*d^10) - 5/4*a*b^4*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(5/2)*c^4*d
^4 + 2*a*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^6 + a^2*sqrt(b)*d^8) + 5/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^4*c^4*
x/(b^2*c^4*d^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^6 + a^2*d^8) - 5/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^3*c^3/
(b^2*c^4*d^3 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^5 + a^2*d^7) + 5/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^3*c^2*x/
(b^2*c^4*d^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6) + 5/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^2*x/
(b^2*c^4*d^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6) - 5/4*a*b^3*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a
*b))/(b^(3/2)*c^2*d^4 + a*sqrt(b)*d^6) - 1/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b^2*c^2/(b^
2*c^4*d^2*x + 2*a*b*c^2*d^4*x + a^2*d^6*x + b^2*c^5*d + 2*a*b*c^3*d^3 + a^
2*c*d^5) - 5/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^3/(b*c^2*d^5 + a*d^7) + 15/4*sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*b^3*c^2*x/(b*c^2*d^4 + a*d^6) + 1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*b*c/(b^2*c^4
*d*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 + a^2*d^5*x^2 + 2*b^2*c^5*x + 4*a*b*c^3*d^2*x +
2*a^2*c*d^4*x + b^2*c^6/d + 2*a*b*c^4*d + a^2*c^2*d^3) - 1/6*(b*x^2 + a)^(
5/2)*b^2*c/(b^2*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3 + a^2*d^5) - 5/2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*
b^2*c/(b*c^2*d^3 + a*d^5) + 5/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2*x/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4
) + 5/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*x/(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4) - 1/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2
)/(b*c^2*d^2*x^3 + a*d^4*x^3 + 3*b*c^3*d*x^2 + 3*a*c*d^3*x^2 + 3*b*c^4*x +
3*a*c^2*d^2*x + b*c^5/d + a*c^3*d) - 4/3*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b/(b*c^2*d^2*x
+ a*d^4*x + b*c^3*d + a*c*d^3) + 45/4*b^(5/2)*c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/
d^6 + 5/2*a*b^(3/2)*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/d^4 - 5/2*b^3*c^3*arcsinh(b*...
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 590 vs.  $2(244) = 488$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 590, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left( \frac{b^2x}{d^4} - \frac{8b^2c}{d^5} \right) - \frac{5 \left( 4b^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2 + ab^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 \right) \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{2d^6} - \frac{5(4b^3c^3 + 3ab^2cd^2) \arctan \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}d^6} - \frac{60(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^5 b^3c^3d^2 + 27(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^5 ab^2cd^4 + 210(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^4 b^{\frac{7}{2}}c^4d + 27(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^3 b^{\frac{5}{2}}c^4d + 27(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})^2 b^{\frac{3}{2}}c^4d + 27(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})b^{\frac{1}{2}}c^4d + 27c^4d}{d^6}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(b^2*x/d^4 - 8*b^2*c/d^5) - 5/2*(4*b^(5/2)*c^2 + a*b^(3/2)*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/d^6 - 5*(4*b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c*d^2)*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*d^6) - 1/3*(60*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 27*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a*b^2*c*d^4 + 210*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*b^(7/2)*c^4*d + 27*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a^2*b^(3/2)*d^5 + 188*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*b^4*c^5 - 226*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 84*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a^2*b^2*c*d^4 - 354*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a*b^(7/2)*c^4*d + 24*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a^3*b^(3/2)*d^5 + 222*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 57*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^3*b^2*c*d^4 - 47*a^3*b^(5/2)*c^2*d^3 - 14*a^4*b^(3/2)*d^5)/(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(b)*c - a*d)^3*d^6)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^4,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^4, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1756, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.34

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^4,x)`

output

```
(90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**4*d**2 + 270*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**3*x + 270*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*
c*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x*
**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 + 120*sqrt(a*d
**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)
*b**3*c**6 + 360*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**5*d*x + 360*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( -
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**4*d**2*x**2
+ 120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
- a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x
)*a*b**2*c**4*d**2 - 270*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d*
**3*x - 270*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 90*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 - 120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**6 - 360*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**
3*c**5*d*x - 360*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 -
120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 4*sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*a**3*d**7 - 14*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c**2*d**5 - 30*sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*a**2*b*c*d**6*x - 28*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**7*x**2 - 130*sqrt(a ...
```



**3.261**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx$

Optimal result	2236
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2237
Rubi [A] (verified)	2238
Maple [B] (verified)	2242
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2243
Sympy [F]	2244
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2244
Giac [F(-1)]	2245
Mupad [F(-1)]	2246
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2246

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 308

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx = \frac{b^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{d^5} - \frac{(bc^2+ad^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{4d^5(c+dx)^4} + \frac{17bc(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{12d^5(c+dx)^3} - \frac{b(86bc^2+27ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{24d^5(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b^2c(154bc^2+139ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{24d^5(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)} - \frac{5b^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^6} - \frac{5b^2(8b^2c^4+12abc^2d^2+3a^2d^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8d^6(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
b^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5-1/4*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^4+
17/12*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^3-1/24*b*(27*a*d^2+86*
b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^2+1/24*b^2*c*(139*a*d^2+154*b*c^2)*(b*x
^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)-5*b^(5/2)*c*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2
+a)^(1/2))/d^6-5/8*b^2*(3*a^2*d^4+12*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)*arctanh((-b*c*
x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^6/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 946 vs.  $2(308) = 616$ .

Time = 7.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 946, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \frac{ad(-6a^5d^6 + 240b^{9/2}c^3x^3(4c^3 + 15c^2dx + 20cd^2x^2 + 10d^3x^3)(\sqrt{bx - \sqrt{a + bx^2}}) - a^4(-30\sqrt{bd^6x\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + bd^4(11c^2 + 20$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^5,x]`

output

```
((a*d*(-6*a^5*d^6 + 240*b^(9/2)*c^3*x^3*(4*c^3 + 15*c^2*d*x + 20*c*d^2*x^2 + 10*d^3*x^3)*(Sqrt[b]*x - Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - a^4*(-30*Sqrt[b]*d^6*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + b*d^4*(11*c^2 + 20*c*d*x + 105*d^2*x^2)) + 5*a^3*(b^(3/2)*d^4*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(11*c^2 + 20*c*d*x + 51*d^2*x^2) + b^2*d^2*(20*c^4 + 71*c^3*d*x + 61*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 5*c*d^3*x^3 - 99*d^4*x^4)) + 5*a^2*(b^(5/2)*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-3*c^5 - 88*c^4*d*x - 289*c^3*d^2*x^2 - 312*c^2*d^3*x^3 - 108*c*d^4*x^4 + 108*d^5*x^5) + b^3*(24*c^6 + 99*c^5*d*x + 304*c^4*d^2*x^2 + 643*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 648*c^2*d^4*x^4 + 264*c*d^5*x^5 - 132*d^6*x^6)) + 60*a*(b^4*x^2*(16*c^6 + 61*c^5*d*x + 96*c^4*d^2*x^2 + 89*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 56*c^2*d^4*x^4 + 26*c*d^5*x^5 - 4*d^6*x^6) + b^(7/2)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-8*c^6 - 31*c^5*d*x - 56*c^4*d^2*x^2 - 69*c^3*d^3*x^3 - 56*c^2*d^4*x^4 - 26*c*d^5*x^5 + 4*d^6*x^6)))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^4*(a^2*(-5*Sqrt[b]*x + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + 16*b^2*x^4*(-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + 4*a*b*x^2*(-5*Sqrt[b]*x + 3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))) + (240*b^4*c^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(3/2) + (360*a*b^3*c^2*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(3/2) + (90*a^2*b^2*d^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(3/2) + (2*b^(5/2)*(77*c^5 + 248*c^4*d*x + 252*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 48*c^2*d^3*x^3 - 48*c*d^4*x^4 - 12*d^5*x^5 + 60*c*(c + d*x)^4*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + ...
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {492, 589, 27, 681, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 492 \\
 & \frac{5b \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^4} dx}{4d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c + dx)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 589 \\
 & \frac{5b \left( \frac{b \int -\frac{2(2acd - (4bc^2 + 3ad^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^2} dx}{4d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(3dx(ad^2+2bc^2)+c(ad^2+4bc^2))}{6d^2(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c + dx)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{5b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(2acd - (4bc^2 + 3ad^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} dx}{4d} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(3dx(ad^2+2bc^2)+c(ad^2+4bc^2))}{6d^2(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c + dx)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 681 \\
 & \frac{5b \left( -\frac{b \left( \int -\frac{2(ad(4bc^2+3ad^2)-8bc(bc^2+ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(3ad^2+4bc^2)+8c(ad^2+bc^2))}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(3dx(ad^2+2bc^2)+c(ad^2+4bc^2))}{6d^2(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c + dx)^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c + dx)^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$5b \left( \frac{b \left( \int \frac{ad(4bc^2+3ad^2)-8bc(bc^2+ad^2)x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(3ad^2+4bc^2)+8c(ad^2+bc^2))}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(3dx(ad^2+2bc^2)+c(ad^2+4bc^2))}{6d^2(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c+dx)^4}$$

719

$$5b \left( \frac{b \left( -\frac{(3a^2d^4+12abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{8bc(ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(3ad^2+4bc^2)+8c(ad^2+bc^2))}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{6d^2(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$

4d

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c+dx)^4}$$

224

$$5b \left( \frac{b \left( -\frac{(3a^2d^4+12abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{d} - \frac{8bc(ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{d}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(3ad^2+4bc^2)+8c(ad^2+bc^2))}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{6d^2(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$

4d

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c+dx)^4}$$

219

$$5b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(3a^2 d^4 + 12abc^2 d^2 + 8b^2 c^4) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+bc^2)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(3ad^2+4bc^2)+8c(ad^2+bc^2))}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \dots \right)$$

4d

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c + dx)^4}$$

↓ 488

$$5b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(3a^2 d^4 + 12abc^2 d^2 + 8b^2 c^4) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{8\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+bc^2)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(3ad^2+4bc^2)+8c(ad^2+bc^2))}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \dots \right)$$

4d

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c + dx)^4}$$

↓ 219

$$5b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(3a^2 d^4 + 12abc^2 d^2 + 8b^2 c^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right) - \frac{8\sqrt{bc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+bc^2)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(3ad^2+4bc^2)+8c(ad^2+bc^2))}{d^2(c+dx)} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \dots \right)$$

4d

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{4d(c + dx)^4}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^5,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/4*(a + b*x^2)^{(5/2)}/(d*(c + d*x)^4) + (5*b*(-1/6*((c*(4*b*c^2 + a*d^2) \\
& + 3*d*(2*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d* \\
& x)^3) - (b*(-((8*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2) + d*(4*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b* \\
& x^2])/(d^2*(c + d*x))) - ((-8*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x \\
& )/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/d - ((8*b^2*c^4 + 12*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4)*\text{ArcTanh} \\
& [(a*d - b*c*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^ \\
& 2]))/d^2)/(2*d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(4*d)
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 488

$$\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 492

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp} \\
& [(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1))) \\
& ) \text{ Int}[x*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, \\
& d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \parallel \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \&\& \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \&\& \text{!IL} \\
& \text{tQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 589

```
Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(a*d^2 + b*c^2*(2*p + 1)) - d*(
a*d^2*(n + 1) + b*c^2*(n - 2*p + 1))*x)/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2
)), x] + Simp[b*(p/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^
(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*d*(n + 2) - (2*a*d^2*(n + 1) - 2*b*c
^2*(2*p + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n
, -2] && LtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

rule 681

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1)
+ e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/
(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Sim
p[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x]
, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] ||
EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2
*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3029 vs.  $2(276) = 552$ .

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3030, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.84

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	3030
default	Expression too large to display	6003

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

b^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5-1/d^5*(-(a^3*d^6+3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4+3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2+b
^3*c^6)/d^6*(-1/4/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^4*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)
+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+7/4*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/
(x+c/d)^3*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+5/3*b*c*d/
(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/
d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/
(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2
+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+
2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2
)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))+1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2
*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^
2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))-2/3*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*
d^2*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^
2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b
*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d
*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))-3/4*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(-1/
2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d
^2)^(1/2)+3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)
^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*
c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 917 vs.  $2(277) = 554$ .

Time = 7.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3733, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.12

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Too large to include
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**5,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**5, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1903 vs.  $2(277) = 554$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1903, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.18

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-5/16*b^6*c^7*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(7/2)*c^6*d^6 + 3*a*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^
8 + 3*a^2*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^10 + a^3*sqrt(b)*d^12) - 5/16*a*b^5*c^5*arcsinh(b*
x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(7/2)*c^6*d^4 + 3*a*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^2*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^
8 + a^3*sqrt(b)*d^10) + 5/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^5*c^5*x/(b^3*c^6*d^4 + 3*a*
b^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^8 + a^3*d^10) + 45/16*b^5*c^5*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt
(a*b))/(b^(5/2)*c^4*d^6 + 2*a*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^8 + a^2*sqrt(b)*d^10) - 5/24*(
b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^4*c^4/(b^3*c^6*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^7
+ a^3*d^9) + 5/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^4*c^3*x/(b^3*c^6*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d
^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6 + a^3*d^8) + 5/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^4*c^3*x/(b^3*c^
6*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6 + a^3*d^8) + 5/2*a*b^4*c^3*arcsi
nh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(5/2)*c^4*d^4 + 2*a*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^6 + a^2*sqrt(b)*d^8
) - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b^3*c^3/(b^3*c^6*d^2*x + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4*x + 3*a
^2*b*c^2*d^6*x + a^3*d^8*x + b^3*c^7*d + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^5
+ a^3*c*d^7) - 5/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^4*c^4/(b^2*c^4*d^5 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^7 +
a^2*d^9) - 15/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^4*c^3*x/(b^2*c^4*d^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^6 +
a^2*d^8) - 75/16*b^4*c^3*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(3/2)*c^2*d^6 + a*sqrt(
b)*d^8) + 1/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(7/2)*b^2*c^2/(b^3*c^6*d*x^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*
x^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*x^2 + a^3*d^7*x^2 + 2*b^3*c^7*x + 6*a*b^2*c^5*d^2*x
+ 6*a^2*b*c^3*d^4*x + 2*a^3*c*d^6*x + b^3*c^8/d + 3*a*b^2*c^6*d + 3*a^2*b*
c^4*d^3 + a^3*c^2*d^5) - 1/24*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b^3*c^2/(b^3*c^6*d + 3*...

```

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

Timed out

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^5,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^5, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2824, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.17

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^5,x)`

output

```
(45*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**4*d**4 + 180*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**5*x + 270*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x
)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**6*x**2 + 180*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2
)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**7*x**3 + 45*sqrt(a*d
**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a
**2*b**2*d**8*x**4 + 180*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a
d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**6*d**2 + 720*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**5*d**
3*x + 1080*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2
) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**4*d**4*x**2 + 720*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**3*d**5*x**3 +
180*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**2*d**6*x**4 + 120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**4*c**8 + 480*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**4*c
**7*d*x + 720*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**4*c**6*d**2*x**2 + 480*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**4*c**5*d**3*x**3 ...
```

**3.262** 
$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^6} dx$$

Optimal result	2248
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2249
Rubi [A] (verified)	2249
Maple [B] (verified)	2255
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2255
Sympy [F]	2255
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2256
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2257
Mupad [F(-1)]	2258
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2258

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 357

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^6} dx = -\frac{(bc^2+ad^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{5d^5(c+dx)^5} + \frac{21bc(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{20d^5(c+dx)^4} - \frac{b(137bc^2+44ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{60d^5(c+dx)^3} + \frac{b^2c(326bc^2+311ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{120d^5(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2} - \frac{b^2(274b^2c^4+503abc^2d^2+184a^2d^4)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{120d^5(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)} + \frac{b^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{d^6} + \frac{b^3c(8b^2c^4+20abc^2d^2+15a^2d^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8d^6(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/5*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^5+21/20*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)
*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(d*x+c)^4-1/60*b*(44*a*d^2+137*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
/d^5/(d*x+c)^3+1/120*b^2*c*(311*a*d^2+326*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2-1/120*b^2*c*(184*a^2*d^4+503*a*b*c^2*d^2+274*b^2*c^4)*(b*
x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)+b^(5/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+
a)^(1/2))/d^6+1/8*b^3*c*(15*a^2*d^4+20*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)*arctanh((-b*
c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/d^6/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2} \left( 24(bc^2+ad^2)^4 - 126bc(bc^2+ad^2)^3(c+dx) + 2b(bc^2+ad^2)^2(137bc^2+44ad^2)(c+dx)^2 - b^2c(bc^2+ad^2)(326bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^3 \right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^6, x]`

output

```
(-((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(24*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^4 - 126*b*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3*(c + d*x) + 2*b*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(137*b*c^2 + 44*a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2 - b^2*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(326*b*c^2 + 311*a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3 + b^2*(274*b^2*c^4 + 503*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 184*a^2*d^4)*(c + d*x)^4))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)^5) - (15*b^3*c*(8*b^2*c^4 + 20*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 15*a^2*d^4)*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(5/2) + 120*b^(5/2)*Log[b*x + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] + (15*b^3*c*(8*b^2*c^4 + 20*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 15*a^2*d^4)*Log[a*d - b*c*x + Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(5/2))/(120*d^6)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 369, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {492, 589, 27, 680, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx$$

↓ 492

$$\frac{b \int \frac{x(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx}{d} - \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c + dx)^5}$$

↓ 589

$$b \left( \frac{b \int \frac{2(3acd - 4(bc^2 + ad^2)x \sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (dx(4ad^2 + 7bc^2) + c(ad^2 + 4bc^2))}{12d^2(c+dx)^4(ad^2 + bc^2)}}{8d^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^5}$$

27

$$b \left( \frac{b \int \frac{(3acd - 4(bc^2 + ad^2)x \sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (dx(4ad^2 + 7bc^2) + c(ad^2 + 4bc^2))}{12d^2(c+dx)^4(ad^2 + bc^2)}}{4d^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^5}$$

680

$$b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (dx(8a^2d^4 + 23abc^2d^2 + 12b^2c^4) + c(a^2d^4 + 12abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \int \frac{2b(acd(4bc^2 + 7ad^2) - 8(bc^2 + ad^2)^2x)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{4d^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (dx(4ad^2 + 7bc^2) + c(ad^2 + 4bc^2))}{12d^2(c+dx)^4(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^5}$$

27

$$b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{b \int \frac{acd(4bc^2 + 7ad^2) - 8(bc^2 + ad^2)^2x}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (dx(8a^2d^4 + 23abc^2d^2 + 12b^2c^4) + c(a^2d^4 + 12abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right)}{4d^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (dx(4ad^2 + 7bc^2) + c(ad^2 + 4bc^2))}{12d^2(c+dx)^4(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^5}$$

719

$$b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(15a^2d^4 + 20abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4)}{d} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^2}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(8a^2d^4 + 23abc^2d^2 + 12b^2c^4) + c(a^2d^4 + 12abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{4d^2(ad^2+bc^2)}{d}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^5}$$

↓ 224

$$b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(15a^2d^4 + 20abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4)}{d} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{8(ad^2+bc^2)^2}{d} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(8a^2d^4 + 23abc^2d^2 + 12b^2c^4) + c(a^2d^4 + 12abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{4d^2(ad^2+bc^2)}{d}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^5}$$

↓ 219



$$b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(15a^2d^4 + 20abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+bc^2)^2}{\sqrt{bd}}}{d} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(8a^2d^4 + 23abc^2d^2 + 12b^2c^4) + c(a^2d^4 - 2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) \frac{d}{4d^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^5}$$

↓ 488

$$b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(15a^2d^4 + 20abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+bc^2)^2}{\sqrt{bd}}}{d} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(8a^2d^4 + 23abc^2d^2 + 12b^2c^4) + c(a^2d^4 - 2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)))}{2d^2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) \frac{d}{4d^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^5}$$

↓ 219

$$b \left( \frac{b \left( -\frac{c(15a^2d^4 + 20abc^2d^2 + 8b^2c^4) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right) - \frac{\operatorname{sarctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(ad^2+bc^2)^2}{\sqrt{bd}}}{d\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right)}{2d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(dx(8a^2d^4 + 23abc^2d^2 + 12b^2c^4) + 2d^2(c+dx)^2)}{2d^2(c+dx)^2} \right) - \frac{b}{4d^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d}{5d(c+dx)^5} \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^5}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^6,x]`

output `-1/5*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(d*(c + d*x)^5) + (b*(-1/12*((c*(4*b*c^2 + a*d^2) + d*(7*b*c^2 + 4*a*d^2)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/(d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^4) - (b*((c*(8*b^2*c^4 + 12*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4) + d*(12*b^2*c^4 + 23*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 8*a^2*d^4)*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (b*((-8*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(Sqrt[b]*d) - (c*(8*b^2*c^4 + 20*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 15*a^2*d^4)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(d*Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2])))/(2*d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(4*d^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/d`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 492  $\text{Int}(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1))) \text{ Int}[x*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \text{ || LtQ}[n, -1]) \&\& \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 589  $\text{Int}[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(a*d^2 + b*c^2*(2*p + 1)) - d*(a*d^2*(n + 1) + b*c^2*(n - 2*p + 1))*x)/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[b*(p/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[2*a*c*d*(n + 2) - (2*a*d^2*(n + 1) - 2*b*c^2*(2*p + 1))*x, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -2] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n + 2*p, 0] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[n + 2*p + 3, 0]$

rule 680  $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - \text{Simp}[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 2)}*(a + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m + 1))*x, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -2] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$

rule 719  $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 9761 vs.  $2(323) = 646$ .

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9762, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.34

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	9762

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1276 vs.  $2(324) = 648$ .

Time = 46.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5169, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.48

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^6} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**6,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**6, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3009 vs.  $2(324) = 648$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3009, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.43

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-3/16*b^7*c^8*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(9/2)*c^8*d^6 + 4*a*b^(7/2)*c^6*d^8 + 6*a^2*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^10 + 4*a^3*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^12 + a^4*sqrt(b)*d^14) - 3/16*a*b^6*c^6*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(9/2)*c^8*d^4 + 4*a*b^(7/2)*c^6*d^6 + 6*a^2*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^3*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^10 + a^4*sqrt(b)*d^12) + 3/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^6*c^6*x/(b^4*c^8*d^4 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^6 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^10 + a^4*d^12) + 19/16*b^6*c^6*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(7/2)*c^6*d^6 + 3*a*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^8 + 3*a^2*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^10 + a^3*sqrt(b)*d^12) - 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^5*c^5/(b^4*c^8*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^5 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^7 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^9 + a^4*d^11) + 1/8*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^5*c^4*x/(b^4*c^8*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^8 + a^4*d^10) + 3/16*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^5*c^4*x/(b^4*c^8*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^8 + a^4*d^10) + a*b^5*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(7/2)*c^6*d^4 + 3*a*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^2*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^8 + a^3*sqrt(b)*d^10) - 3/40*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b^4*c^4/(b^4*c^8*d^2*x + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^4*x + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^6*x + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^8*x + a^4*d^10*x + b^4*c^9*d + 4*a*b^3*c^7*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^5 + 4*a^3*b*c^3*d^7 + a^4*c*d^9) - 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^5*c^5/(b^3*c^6*d^5 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^7 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^9 + a^3*d^11) - 5/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^5*c^4*x/(b^3*c^6*d^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^8 + a^3*d^10) - 45/16*b^5*c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(5/2)*c^4*d^6 + 2*a*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^8 + a^2*sqrt(b)*d^10)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1432 vs.  $2(324) = 648$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1432, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.01

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*(8*b^5*c^5 + 20*a*b^4*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^2*b^3*c*d^4)*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x
- sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^2*c^4*d^6 + 2
*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) - b^(5/2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*
x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/d^6 - 1/60*(600*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*b^5*
c^5*d^4 + 1140*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a*b^4*c^3*d^6 + 495*(sqrt(b
)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^2*b^3*c*d^8 + 3600*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a
))^8*b^(11/2)*c^6*d^3 + 6300*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a*b^(9/2)*c^4*
d^5 + 1935*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a^2*b^(7/2)*c^2*d^7 - 360*(sqrt
(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a^3*b^(5/2)*d^9 + 8800*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2
+ a))^7*b^6*c^7*d^2 + 12200*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a*b^5*c^5*d^4
- 1250*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^6 - 3030*(sqrt(b)*x -
sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^3*b^3*c*d^8 + 10000*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^6*
b^(13/2)*c^8*d + 3800*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^6*a*b^(11/2)*c^6*d^3 -
18950*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^6*a^2*b^(9/2)*c^4*d^5 - 8250*(sqrt(b)
*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^6*a^3*b^(7/2)*c^2*d^7 + 720*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2
+ a))^6*a^4*b^(5/2)*d^9 + 4384*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*b^7*c^9 - 1
3872*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a*b^6*c^7*d^2 - 29076*(sqrt(b)*x - sq
rt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a^2*b^5*c^5*d^4 + 370*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a^3
*b^4*c^3*d^6 + 5520*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a^4*b^3*c*d^8 - 11920*
(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a*b^(13/2)*c^8*d - 3560*(sqrt(b)*x - sq...
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^6,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^6, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3958, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.09

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^6} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^6,x)`

output

```

(225*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**6*d**4 + 1125*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**5*d**5*x +
2250*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**4*d**6*x**2 + 2250*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( -
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3*d**7
*x**3 + 1125*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**8*x**4 + 225*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c*
d**9*x**5 + 300*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**4*c**8*d**2 + 1500*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log
( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**4*c**7*d**3
*x + 3000*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c*
**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**4*c**6*d**4*x**2 + 3000*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(
- sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**4*c**5*d**5*
x**3 + 1500*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*
c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**4*c**4*d**6*x**4 + 300*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log
( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**4*c**3*d**7
*x**5 + 120*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*
c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**5*c**10 + 600*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt...

```



### 3.263 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^7} dx$

Optimal result	2260
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2260
Rubi [A] (verified)	2261
Maple [B] (verified)	2263
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2263
Sympy [F]	2264
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2265
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2266
Mupad [F(-1)]	2267
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2267

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^7} dx = -\frac{5a^2b^2(ad-bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{16(bc^2+ad^2)^3(c+dx)^2} - \frac{5ab(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{24(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^4}$$

$$- \frac{(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^6} - \frac{5a^3b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-5/16*a^2*b^2*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)^2-5/24*
a*b*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^4-1/6*(-b*c*x+a*d
)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^6-5/16*a^3*b^3*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d
)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(7/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^7} dx = \frac{1}{48} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-8a^5d^5 + 8b^5c^5x^5 - 2a^4bd^3(13c^2 + 6cdx + 13d^2x^2) + 2ab^4c^3x^3(13c^2 + 6cdx + 13d^2x^2) + 15a^3b^3 \log(c+dx)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{15a^3b^3 \log(ad-bcx + \sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2})}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^7,x]`

output 
$$\left( \left( \sqrt{a + b x^2} \right) \left( -8 a^5 d^5 + 8 b^5 c^5 x^5 - 2 a^4 b d^3 (13 c^2 + 6 c d x + 13 d^2 x^2) + 2 a^3 b^2 c^3 x^3 (13 c^2 + 6 c d x + 13 d^2 x^2) - a^3 b^2 d^2 (33 c^4 + 54 c^3 d x + 122 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 54 c d^3 x^3 + 33 d^4 x^4) + a^2 b^3 c x (33 c^4 + 54 c^3 d x + 122 c^2 d^2 x^2 + 54 c d^3 x^3 + 33 d^4 x^4) \right) \right) / \left( (b c^2 + a d^2)^3 (c + d x)^6 + (15 a^3 b^3 \operatorname{Log}[c + d x]) / (b c^2 + a d^2)^{7/2} - (15 a^3 b^3 \operatorname{Log}[a d - b c x + \sqrt{b c^2 + a d^2}] \sqrt{a + b x^2}) \right) / (b c^2 + a d^2)^{7/2} / 48$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {486, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b x^2)^{5/2}}{(c + d x)^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 486$$

$$\frac{5 a b \int \frac{(b x^2 + a)^{3/2}}{(c + d x)^5} dx}{6 (a d^2 + b c^2)} - \frac{(a + b x^2)^{5/2} (a d - b c x)}{6 (c + d x)^6 (a d^2 + b c^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 486$$

$$\frac{5 a b \left( \frac{3 a b \int \frac{\sqrt{b x^2 + a}}{(c + d x)^3} dx}{4 (a d^2 + b c^2)} - \frac{(a + b x^2)^{3/2} (a d - b c x)}{4 (c + d x)^4 (a d^2 + b c^2)} \right)}{6 (a d^2 + b c^2)} - \frac{(a + b x^2)^{5/2} (a d - b c x)}{6 (c + d x)^6 (a d^2 + b c^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 486$$

$$5 a b \left( \frac{3 a b \left( \frac{a b \int \frac{1}{(c + d x) \sqrt{b x^2 + a}} dx}{2 (a d^2 + b c^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^2} (a d - b c x)}{2 (c + d x)^2 (a d^2 + b c^2)} \right)}{4 (a d^2 + b c^2)} - \frac{(a + b x^2)^{3/2} (a d - b c x)}{4 (c + d x)^4 (a d^2 + b c^2)} \right) - \frac{(a + b x^2)^{5/2} (a d - b c x)}{6 (c + d x)^6 (a d^2 + b c^2)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 488 \\
 5ab \left( \frac{3ab \left( -\frac{ab \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} dx \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 5ab \left( \frac{3ab \left( -\frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^7,x]`

output `-1/6*((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^6) + (5*a*b*(-1/4*((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^4) + (3*a*b*(-1/2*((a*d - b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)))/(4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(6*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15867 vs.  $2(183) = 366$ .

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15868, normalized size of antiderivative = 78.17

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	15868

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 951 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 7.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1929, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.50

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/96*(15*(a^3*b^3*d^6*x^6 + 6*a^3*b^3*c*d^5*x^5 + 15*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^4*x^4
+ 20*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^3*x^3 + 15*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^2*x^2 + 6*a^3*b^3*c^5*d*x + a^
3*b^3*c^6)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2
*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(33*a^3*b^3*c^6*d + 59*a^4*b^2*c^4*d^3
+ 34*a^5*b*c^2*d^5 + 8*a^6*d^7 - (8*b^6*c^7 + 34*a*b^5*c^5*d^2 + 59*a^2*b
^4*c^3*d^4 + 33*a^3*b^3*c*d^6)*x^5 - 3*(4*a*b^5*c^6*d + 22*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^3
+ 7*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^5 - 11*a^4*b^2*d^7)*x^4 - 2*(13*a*b^5*c^7 + 74*a^2*b^4*c
^5*d^2 + 34*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^4 - 27*a^4*b^2*c*d^6)*x^3 - 2*(27*a^2*b^4*c^6*d
- 34*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^3 - 74*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 13*a^5*b*d^7)*x^2 - 3*(11*a^2
*b^4*c^7 - 7*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 22*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^4 - 4*a^5*b*c*d^6)*x)*sqrt
(b*x^2 + a))/(b^4*c^14 + 4*a*b^3*c^12*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^10*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*c
^8*d^6 + a^4*c^6*d^8 + (b^4*c^8*d^6 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^8 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^10
+ 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^12 + a^4*d^14)*x^6 + 6*(b^4*c^9*d^5 + 4*a*b^3*c^7*d^7 + 6
*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^9 + 4*a^3*b*c^3*d^11 + a^4*c*d^13)*x^5 + 15*(b^4*c^10*d^4 +
4*a*b^3*c^8*d^6 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^6*d^8 + 4*a^3*b*c^4*d^10 + a^4*c^2*d^12)*x^
4 + 20*(b^4*c^11*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^9*d^5 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^7*d^7 + 4*a^3*b*c^5*d
^9 + a^4*c^3*d^11)*x^3 + 15*(b^4*c^12*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^10*d^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c
^8*d^6 + 4*a^3*b*c^6*d^8 + a^4*c^4*d^10)*x^2 + 6*(b^4*c^13*d + 4*a*b^3*c^
11*d^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^9*d^5 + 4*a^3*b*c^7*d^7 + a^4*c^5*d^9)*x), -1/48*(1...
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

input

```
integrate((b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**7, x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**7, x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4635 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4635, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-5/32*b^8*c^9*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(11/2)*c^10*d^6 + 5*a*b^(9/2)*c^8*
d^8 + 10*a^2*b^(7/2)*c^6*d^10 + 10*a^3*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^12 + 5*a^4*b^(3/2)*c^
2*d^14 + a^5*sqrt(b)*d^16) - 5/32*a*b^7*c^7*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(11/
2)*c^10*d^4 + 5*a*b^(9/2)*c^8*d^6 + 10*a^2*b^(7/2)*c^6*d^8 + 10*a^3*b^(5/2
)*c^4*d^10 + 5*a^4*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^12 + a^5*sqrt(b)*d^14) + 5/32*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*b^7*c^7*x/(b^5*c^10*d^4 + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^6 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^8 + 10*a
^3*b^2*c^4*d^10 + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d^12 + a^5*d^14) + 15/16*b^7*c^7*arcsinh(b*x
/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(9/2)*c^8*d^6 + 4*a*b^(7/2)*c^6*d^8 + 6*a^2*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^1
0 + 4*a^3*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^12 + a^4*sqrt(b)*d^14) - 5/48*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^
6*c^6/(b^5*c^10*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^5 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^7 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^
4*d^9 + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d^11 + a^5*d^13) + 5/48*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^6*c^5*x/(b
^5*c^10*d^2 + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^6 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^8 +
5*a^4*b*c^2*d^10 + a^5*d^12) + 5/32*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^6*c^5*x/(b^5*c^10*
d^2 + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^6 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^8 + 5*a^4*b*
c^2*d^10 + a^5*d^12) + 25/32*a*b^6*c^5*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(9/2)*c^8
*d^4 + 4*a*b^(7/2)*c^6*d^6 + 6*a^2*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^8 + 4*a^3*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^1
0 + a^4*sqrt(b)*d^12) - 1/16*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b^5*c^5/(b^5*c^10*d^2*x + 5
*a*b^4*c^8*d^4*x + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^6*x + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^8*x + 5*a^4*b*c
^2*d^10*x + a^5*d^12*x + b^5*c^11*d + 5*a*b^4*c^9*d^3 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^7*d^5
+ 10*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^7 + 5*a^4*b*c^3*d^9 + a^5*c*d^11) - 5/16*sqrt(b*x^2...
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1953 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1953, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.62

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
5/8*a^3*b^3*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) + 1/24*(48*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*b^6*c^6*d^5 + 144*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*a*b^5*c^4*d^7 + 144*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^9 + 33*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*a^3*b^3*d^11 + 240*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^10*b^(13/2)*c^7*d^4 + 720*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^10*a*b^(11/2)*c^5*d^6 + 720*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^10*a^2*b^(9/2)*c^3*d^8 + 75*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^10*a^3*b^(7/2)*c*d^10 + 640*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*b^7*c^8*d^3 + 1840*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a*b^6*c^6*d^5 + 1680*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^2*b^5*c^4*d^7 - 340*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^9 + 5*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^4*b^3*d^11 + 960*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*b^(15/2)*c^9*d^2 + 2160*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a*b^(13/2)*c^7*d^4 + 720*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a^2*b^(11/2)*c^5*d^6 - 2910*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a^3*b^(9/2)*c^3*d^8 + 45*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^8*a^4*b^(7/2)*c*d^10 + 768*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*b^8*c^10*d + 576*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a*b^7*c^8*d^3 - 2592*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^2*b^6*c^6*d^5 - 5640*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^3*b^5*c^4*d^7 + 1800*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^9 + 90*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^7*a^5*b^3*d^11 + ...
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^7,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^7, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1662, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.19

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^7,x)`



output

```

(15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c**6 + 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c**5*d*x + 225*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b*
*3*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 300*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 225*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b*
*3*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d
**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c*d**5*x**5 + 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c*
*2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*d*
*6*x**6 - 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*c**6 - 90*sqrt(a
*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*c**5*d*x - 225*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2
)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 300*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c
+ d*x)*a**3*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 225*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a
**3*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**4 - 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*
c*d**5*x**5 - 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*d**6*x**6 -
8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**6*d**7 - 34*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**5*b*c**2*d**5 - 12*s
qrt(a + b*x**2)*a**5*b*c*d**6*x - 26*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**5*b*d**7*x**2 - 5
9*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b**2*c**4*d**3 - 66*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b**2*c**
3*d**4*x - 148*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**5*x**2 - 54*sqrt(a + ...

```

**3.264**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^8} dx$

Optimal result	2269
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2270
Rubi [A] (verified)	2270
Maple [B] (verified)	2273
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2274
Sympy [F]	2275
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2275
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2276
Mupad [F(-1)]	2277
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2278

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^8} dx = -\frac{5a^2b^3c(ad-bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{16(bc^2+ad^2)^4(c+dx)^2} - \frac{5ab^2c(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{24(bc^2+ad^2)^3(c+dx)^4} - \frac{bc(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{6(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^6} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^7} - \frac{5a^3b^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{16(bc^2+ad^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-5/16*a^2*b^3*c*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^4/(d*x+c)^2-5/2
4*a*b^2*c*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)^4-1/6*b*c*(
-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^6-1/7*d*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2
)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^7-5/16*a^3*b^4*c*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2
)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(9/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^8} dx =$$


---


$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2} \left( 48(bc^2 + ad^2)^6 - 232bc(bc^2 + ad^2)^5 (c + dx) + 8b(bc^2 + ad^2)^4 (55bc^2 + 18ad^2) (c + dx)^2 - 2b^2 \right)}{16(bc^2 + ad^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{5a^3b^4c \log(c + dx) - 5a^3b^4c \log(ad - bcx + \sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{16(bc^2 + ad^2)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^8,x]`

output

```
-1/336*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(48*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^6 - 232*b*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^5*(c + d*x) + 8*b*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^4*(55*b*c^2 + 18*a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2 - 2*b^2*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3*(200*b*c^2 + 197*a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3 + 2*b^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(80*b^2*c^4 + 159*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 72*a^2*d^4)*(c + d*x)^4 - b^3*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(8*b^2*c^4 + 30*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 57*a^2*d^4)*(c + d*x)^5 - b^3*(8*b^3*c^6 + 38*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 87*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 - 48*a^3*d^6)*(c + d*x)^6))/(d^5*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^4*(c + d*x)^7) + (5*a^3*b^4*c*Log[c + d*x])/(16*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(9/2)) - (5*a^3*b^4*c*Log[a*d - b*c*x + Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(16*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(9/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {491, 486, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^8} dx$$

↓ 491

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bc \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^7} dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 486 \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{5ab \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 486 \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{5ab \left( \frac{3ab \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 486 \\
 & \frac{bc \left( \frac{5ab \left( \frac{3ab \left( \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{ad^2 + bc^2}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2 + bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$bc \left( \frac{5ab \left( \frac{ab \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} dx \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{ad^2 + bc^2}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{7(c + dx)^7 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

219

$$bc \left( \frac{5ab \left( \frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{ad^2 + bc^2}{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}} \frac{1}{7(c + dx)^7 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^8,x]`

output `-1/7*(d*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^7) + (b*c*(-1/6*((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^6) + (5*a*b*(-1/4*((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^4) + (3*a*b*(-1/2*((a*d - b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)))))/(4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(6*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 486 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[2*a*b*(p/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 491 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b*(c/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15955 vs.  $2(222) = 444$ .

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15956, normalized size of antiderivative = 64.86

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	15956

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1283 vs.  $2(223) = 446$ .

Time = 16.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2593, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.54

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/672*(105*(a^3*b^4*c*d^7*x^7 + 7*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^6*x^6 + 21*a^3*b^4*c^3*d^5*x^5 + 35*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^4*x^4 + 35*a^3*b^4*c^5*d^3*x^3 + 21*a^3*b^4*c^6*d^2*x^2 + 7*a^3*b^4*c^7*d*x + a^3*b^4*c^8)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(279*a^3*b^4*c^8*d + 605*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^3 + 526*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^5 + 248*a^6*b*c^2*d^7 + 48*a^7*d^9 - (8*b^7*c^8*d + 46*a*b^6*c^6*d^3 + 125*a^2*b^5*c^4*d^5 + 39*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^7 - 48*a^4*b^3*d^9)*x^6 - 7*(8*b^7*c^9 + 46*a*b^6*c^7*d^2 + 125*a^2*b^5*c^5*d^4 + 54*a^3*b^4*c^3*d^6 - 33*a^4*b^3*c*d^8)*x^5 - (122*a*b^6*c^8*d + 922*a^2*b^5*c^6*d^3 - 241*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^5 - 1185*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^7 - 144*a^5*b^2*d^9)*x^4 - 14*(13*a*b^6*c^9 + 101*a^2*b^5*c^7*d^2 - 101*a^4*b^3*c^3*d^6 - 13*a^5*b^2*c*d^8)*x^3 - (465*a^2*b^5*c^8*d - 1199*a^3*b^4*c^6*d^3 - 2362*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^5 - 842*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^7 - 144*a^6*b*d^9)*x^2 - 7*(33*a^2*b^5*c^9 - 54*a^3*b^4*c^7*d^2 - 125*a^4*b^3*c^5*d^4 - 46*a^5*b^2*c^3*d^6 - 8*a^6*b*c*d^8)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^5*c^17 + 5*a*b^4*c^15*d^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^13*d^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^11*d^6 + 5*a^4*b*c^9*d^8 + a^5*c^7*d^10 + (b^5*c^10*d^7 + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^9 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^11 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^13 + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d^15 + a^5*d^17)*x^7 + 7*(b^5*c^11*d^6 + 5*a*b^4*c^9*d^8 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^7*d^10 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^12 + 5*a^4*b*c^3*d^14 + a^5*c*d^16)*x^6 + 21*(b^5*c^12*d^5 + 5*a*b^4*c^10*d^7 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^8*...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^8} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^8} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**8,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**8, x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5985 vs.  $2(223) = 446$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5985, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.33

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```

-5/32*b^9*c^10*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(13/2)*c^12*d^6 + 6*a*b^(11/2)*c^
10*d^8 + 15*a^2*b^(9/2)*c^8*d^10 + 20*a^3*b^(7/2)*c^6*d^12 + 15*a^4*b^(5/2
)*c^4*d^14 + 6*a^5*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^16 + a^6*sqrt(b)*d^18) - 5/32*a*b^8*c^8*a
rcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(13/2)*c^12*d^4 + 6*a*b^(11/2)*c^10*d^6 + 15*a^2*
b^(9/2)*c^8*d^8 + 20*a^3*b^(7/2)*c^6*d^10 + 15*a^4*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^12 + 6*a^
5*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^14 + a^6*sqrt(b)*d^16) + 5/32*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^8*c^8*x/(b
^6*c^12*d^4 + 6*a*b^5*c^10*d^6 + 15*a^2*b^4*c^8*d^8 + 20*a^3*b^3*c^6*d^10
+ 15*a^4*b^2*c^4*d^12 + 6*a^5*b*c^2*d^14 + a^6*d^16) + 15/16*b^8*c^8*arcsi
nh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(11/2)*c^10*d^6 + 5*a*b^(9/2)*c^8*d^8 + 10*a^2*b^(7/2
)*c^6*d^10 + 10*a^3*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^12 + 5*a^4*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^14 + a^5*sqrt(b
)*d^16) - 5/48*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^7*c^7/(b^6*c^12*d^3 + 6*a*b^5*c^10*d^5
+ 15*a^2*b^4*c^8*d^7 + 20*a^3*b^3*c^6*d^9 + 15*a^4*b^2*c^4*d^11 + 6*a^5*b*
c^2*d^13 + a^6*d^15) + 5/48*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^7*c^6*x/(b^6*c^12*d^2 + 6*
a*b^5*c^10*d^4 + 15*a^2*b^4*c^8*d^6 + 20*a^3*b^3*c^6*d^8 + 15*a^4*b^2*c^4*
d^10 + 6*a^5*b*c^2*d^12 + a^6*d^14) + 5/32*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^7*c^6*x/(b^
6*c^12*d^2 + 6*a*b^5*c^10*d^4 + 15*a^2*b^4*c^8*d^6 + 20*a^3*b^3*c^6*d^8 +
15*a^4*b^2*c^4*d^10 + 6*a^5*b*c^2*d^12 + a^6*d^14) + 25/32*a*b^7*c^6*arcsi
nh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(11/2)*c^10*d^4 + 5*a*b^(9/2)*c^8*d^6 + 10*a^2*b^(7/2
)*c^6*d^8 + 10*a^3*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^10 + 5*a^4*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^12 + a^5*sqrt(b
)*d^14) - 1/16*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*b^6*c^6/(b^6*c^12*d^2*x + 6*a*b^5*c^10*...

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2428 vs.  $2(223) = 446$ .

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2428, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.87

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-5/8*a^3*b^4*c*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-
b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^4*c^8 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*
c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) - 1/168*(105*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*
x^2 + a))^13*a^3*b^4*c*d^12 - 336*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^12*b^(15/2
)*c^8*d^5 - 1344*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^12*a*b^(13/2)*c^6*d^7 - 201
6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^12*a^2*b^(11/2)*c^4*d^9 + 21*(sqrt(b)*x -
sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^12*a^3*b^(9/2)*c^2*d^11 - 336*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a
))^12*a^4*b^(7/2)*d^13 - 1120*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*b^8*c^9*d^4
- 4480*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*a*b^7*c^7*d^6 - 6720*(sqrt(b)*x -
sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*a^2*b^6*c^5*d^8 + 3010*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^
11*a^3*b^5*c^3*d^10 - 1820*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*a^4*b^4*c*d^12
- 2240*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^10*b^(17/2)*c^10*d^3 - 8960*(sqrt(b)
*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^10*a*b^(15/2)*c^8*d^5 - 13440*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^
2 + a))^10*a^2*b^(13/2)*c^6*d^7 + 13370*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^10*a
^3*b^(11/2)*c^4*d^9 - 9940*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^10*a^4*b^(9/2)*c^
2*d^11 - 2688*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*b^9*c^11*d^2 - 8288*(sqrt(b)
*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a*b^8*c^9*d^4 - 6272*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))
^9*a^2*b^7*c^7*d^6 + 42588*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^3*b^6*c^5*d^8
- 27370*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^10 + 4445*(sqrt(b)*
x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^9*a^5*b^4*c*d^12 - 1792*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + ...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^8} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^8} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^8,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^8, x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2204, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^8,x)`

output

```
(105*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**4*c**8 + 735*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**4*c**7*d*x + 2205*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**4*c**6*d**2*x**2 + 3675*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**4*c**5*d**3*x**3 + 3675*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**4*c**4*d**4*x**4 + 2205*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**4*c**3*d**5*x**5 + 735*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**6*x**6 + 105*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**4*c*d**7*x**7 - 105*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**4*c**8 - 735*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**4*c**7*d*x - 2205*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**4*c**6*d**2*x**2 - 3675*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**4*c**5*d**3*x**3 - 3675*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**4*c**4*d**4*x**4 - 2205*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**4*c**3*d**5*x**5 - 735*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**4*c**2*d**6*x**6 - 105*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**4*c*d**7*x**7 - 48*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**7*d**9 - 248*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**6*b*c**2*d**7 - 56*sqrt(a + b*x**2)...
```

$$3.265 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^9} dx$$

Optimal result	2279
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2280
Rubi [A] (verified)	2280
Maple [B] (verified)	2286
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2286
Sympy [F(-1)]	2286
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2287
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2288
Mupad [F(-1)]	2289
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2289

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 332

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^9} dx = -\frac{5a^2b^3(8bc^2-ad^2)(ad-bcx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{128(bc^2+ad^2)^5(c+dx)^2}$$

$$-\frac{5ab^2(8bc^2-ad^2)(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}{192(bc^2+ad^2)^4(c+dx)^4}$$

$$-\frac{b(8bc^2-ad^2)(ad-bcx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}}{48(bc^2+ad^2)^3(c+dx)^6} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{8(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^8}$$

$$-\frac{9bcd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{56(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^7} - \frac{5a^3b^4(8bc^2-ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{128(bc^2+ad^2)^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-5/128*a^2*b^3*(-a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)
^5/(d*x+c)^2-5/192*a*b^2*(-a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(a*
d^2+b*c^2)^4/(d*x+c)^4-1/48*b*(-a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(b*x^2+a)^(5/2
)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)^6-1/8*d*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^8-
9/56*b*c*d*(b*x^2+a)^(7/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^7-5/128*a^3*b^4*(-a*d^2
+8*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2
+b*c^2)^(11/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^9} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} \left( 336(bc^2+ad^2)^7 - 1584bc(bc^2+ad^2)^6(c+dx) + 8b(bc^2+ad^2)^5(362bc^2+119ad^2)(c+dx)^2 - 8b^2c(bc^2+ad^2)^4 \right)}{(c+dx)^9}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^9, x]`

output

```
(-((Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(336*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^7 - 1584*b*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^6*(c + d*x) + 8*b*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^5*(362*b*c^2 + 119*a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2 - 8*b^2*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^4*(310*b*c^2 + 307*a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3 + 2*b^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3*(440*b^2*c^4 + 880*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 413*a^2*d^4)*(c + d*x)^4 - 2*b^3*c*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(8*b^2*c^4 + 32*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 87*a^2*d^4)*(c + d*x)^5 - b^3*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(16*b^3*c^6 + 88*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 282*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 - 105*a^3*d^6)*(c + d*x)^6 - b^4*c*(16*b^3*c^6 + 104*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 370*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 - 663*a^3*d^6)*(c + d*x)^7))/((b*c^2*d + a*d^3)^5*(c + d*x)^8) + (105*a^3*b^4*(8*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(11/2) + (105*a^3*b^4*(-8*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[a*d - b*c*x + Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(11/2))/2688
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {498, 25, 679, 486, 486, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^9} dx$$

↓ 498

$$-\frac{b \int -\frac{(8c-dx)(bx^2+a)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^8} dx}{8(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{8(c + dx)^8(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(8c-dx)(bx^2+a)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^8} dx}{8(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{8(c+dx)^8(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 679 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{(8bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^7} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{9cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{8(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{8(c+dx)^8(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 486 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{(8bc^2-ad^2) \left( \frac{5ab \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^5} dx}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{9cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{8(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{8(c+dx)^8(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 486 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{(8bc^2-ad^2) \left( \frac{5ab \left( \frac{3ab \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{9cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{8(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{8(c+dx)^8(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 486 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{(8bc^2-ad^2) \left( \frac{5ab \left( \frac{3ab \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+dx)^3} dx}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{9cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{8(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{8(c+dx)^8(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} (8bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \begin{array}{l} 5ab \left( \frac{3ab \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) \\ - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)} \end{array} \right) \\ b \frac{\quad}{ad^2+bc^2} \end{array} \right) - \frac{9cd(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{7(c+dx)^7(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\frac{8(ad^2 + bc^2) d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{8(c + dx)^8 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 488

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 (8bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \begin{array}{l}
 5ab \left( \begin{array}{l}
 3ab \left( \begin{array}{l}
 ab \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} dx \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{array} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad-bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}(ad-bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \frac{b}{ad^2+bc^2}
 \end{array} \right) - \frac{9}{7(c+dx)^7}$$

$$\frac{8(ad^2 + bc^2) d(a + bx^2)^{7/2}}{8(c + dx)^8 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

↓ 219



$$\frac{b \left( \frac{(8bc^2 - ad^2) \left( \frac{5ab \left( \frac{3ab \left( \frac{a b \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{ad - bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2} \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (ad - bcx)}{2(c+dx)^2 (ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (ad - bcx)}{4(c+dx)^4 (ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{4(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{6(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{(a+bx^2)^{5/2} (ad - bcx)}{6(c+dx)^6 (ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{9c}{7(c+dx)} \right)}{8(ad^2+bc^2)} = \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{7/2}}{8(c+dx)^8 (ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^9,x]`

output `-1/8*(d*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^8) + (b*((-9*c*d*(a + b*x^2)^(7/2))/(7*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^7) + ((8*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(-1/6*((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^6) + (5*a*b*(-1/4*((a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^4) + (3*a*b*(-1/2*((a*d - b*c*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) - (a*b*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))))/(4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(6*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(8*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \mid\mid \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 486  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{n}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{n} + 1)} * (\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{b} * \text{c} * \text{x}) * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} / ((\text{n} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[2 * \text{a} * \text{b} * (\text{p} / ((\text{n} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2))) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{n} + 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} - 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{n} + 2 * \text{p} + 2, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0]$
- rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)) * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2 - \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} * \text{d} - \text{b} * \text{c} * \text{x}) / \text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 498  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{n}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{n} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / ((\text{n} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{b} / ((\text{n} + 1) * (\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{(\text{n} + 1)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}} * (\text{c} * (\text{n} + 1) - \text{d} * (\text{n} + 2 * \text{p} + 3) * \text{x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{n}, -1] \&\& ((\text{LtQ}[\text{n}, -1] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[\text{a}, 0, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}, \text{x}]) \mid\mid (\text{SumSimplerQ}[\text{n}, 1] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}]) \mid\mid \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[\text{n} + 2 * \text{p} + 3], 0])$
- rule 679  $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{f}_) + (\text{g}_) * (\text{x}_)) * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{c}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{e} * \text{f} - \text{d} * \text{g})) * (\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (2 * (\text{p} + 1) * (\text{c} * \text{d}^2 + \text{a} * \text{e}^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{c} * \text{d} * \text{f} + \text{a} * \text{e} * \text{g}) / (\text{c} * \text{d}^2 + \text{a} * \text{e}^2) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * (\text{a} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3], 0]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31926 vs.  $2(304) = 608$ .

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31927, normalized size of antiderivative = 96.17

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	31927

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1833 vs.  $2(305) = 610$ .

Time = 31.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3693, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.12

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^9} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^9} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**9,x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 9514 vs.  $2(305) = 610$ .

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9514, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.66

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^9} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-45/256*b^10*c^11*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(15/2)*c^14*d^6 + 7*a*b^(13/2)
*c^12*d^8 + 21*a^2*b^(11/2)*c^10*d^10 + 35*a^3*b^(9/2)*c^8*d^12 + 35*a^4*b
^(7/2)*c^6*d^14 + 21*a^5*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^16 + 7*a^6*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^18 + a^7*s
qrt(b)*d^20) - 45/256*a*b^9*c^9*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(15/2)*c^14*d^4
+ 7*a*b^(13/2)*c^12*d^6 + 21*a^2*b^(11/2)*c^10*d^8 + 35*a^3*b^(9/2)*c^8*d
^10 + 35*a^4*b^(7/2)*c^6*d^12 + 21*a^5*b^(5/2)*c^4*d^14 + 7*a^6*b^(3/2)*c^2
*d^16 + a^7*sqrt(b)*d^18) + 45/256*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^9*c^9*x/(b^7*c^14*d^4
+ 7*a*b^6*c^12*d^6 + 21*a^2*b^5*c^10*d^8 + 35*a^3*b^4*c^8*d^10 + 35*a^4*b
^3*c^6*d^12 + 21*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^14 + 7*a^6*b*c^2*d^16 + a^7*d^18) + 275/256
*b^9*c^9*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(13/2)*c^12*d^6 + 6*a*b^(11/2)*c^10*d^8
+ 15*a^2*b^(9/2)*c^8*d^10 + 20*a^3*b^(7/2)*c^6*d^12 + 15*a^4*b^(5/2)*c^4*
d^14 + 6*a^5*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^16 + a^6*sqrt(b)*d^18) - 15/128*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/
2)*b^8*c^8/(b^7*c^14*d^3 + 7*a*b^6*c^12*d^5 + 21*a^2*b^5*c^10*d^7 + 35*a^3
*b^4*c^8*d^9 + 35*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^11 + 21*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^13 + 7*a^6*b*c^2*d^1
5 + a^7*d^17) + 15/128*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^8*c^7*x/(b^7*c^14*d^2 + 7*a*b^6
*c^12*d^4 + 21*a^2*b^5*c^10*d^6 + 35*a^3*b^4*c^8*d^8 + 35*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^10
+ 21*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^12 + 7*a^6*b*c^2*d^14 + a^7*d^16) + 45/256*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*a*b^8*c^7*x/(b^7*c^14*d^2 + 7*a*b^6*c^12*d^4 + 21*a^2*b^5*c^10*d^6 +
35*a^3*b^4*c^8*d^8 + 35*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^10 + 21*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^12 + 7*a^6*b*c
^2*d^14 + a^7*d^16) + 115/128*a*b^8*c^7*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/(b^(13/2...
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3216 vs.  $2(305) = 610$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3216, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.69

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^9} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
5/64*(8*a^3*b^5*c^2 - a^4*b^4*d^2)*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*
d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^5*c^10 + 5*a*b^4*c^8*d^2 + 10*a^2
*b^3*c^6*d^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 5*a^4*b*c^2*d^8 + a^5*d^10)*sqrt(-b*c^
2 - a*d^2)) - 1/1344*(840*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^15*a^3*b^5*c^2*d^1
3 - 105*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^15*a^4*b^4*d^15 + 12600*(sqrt(b)*x -
sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^14*a^3*b^(11/2)*c^3*d^12 - 1575*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2
+ a))^14*a^4*b^(9/2)*c*d^14 - 3584*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^13*b^9*c^
10*d^5 - 17920*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^13*a*b^8*c^8*d^7 - 35840*(sqr
t(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^13*a^2*b^7*c^6*d^9 + 45920*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x
^2 + a))^13*a^3*b^6*c^4*d^11 - 34580*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^13*a^4*
b^5*c^2*d^13 - 2779*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^13*a^5*b^4*d^15 - 8960*(
sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^12*b^(19/2)*c^11*d^4 - 44800*(sqrt(b)*x - sqr
t(b*x^2 + a))^12*a*b^(17/2)*c^9*d^6 - 89600*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^
12*a^2*b^(15/2)*c^7*d^8 + 208880*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^12*a^3*b^(1
3/2)*c^5*d^10 - 165830*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^12*a^4*b^(11/2)*c^3*d
^12 + 1505*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^12*a^5*b^(9/2)*c*d^14 - 14336*(sq
rt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*b^10*c^12*d^3 - 75264*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^
2 + a))^11*a*b^9*c^10*d^5 - 161280*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*a^2*b^
8*c^8*d^7 + 486528*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*a^3*b^7*c^6*d^9 - 6501
60*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^11*a^4*b^6*c^4*d^11 + 46620*(sqrt(b)*x...
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^9} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^9} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^9,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^9, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3709, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.17

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^9} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^9,x)`

output

```
(105*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**4*c**8*d**2 + 840*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(
a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**4*c**7*d**3*x + 2
940*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**4*c**6*d**4*x**2 + 5880*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( -
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**4*c**5*d**5*
x**3 + 7350*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*
c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**4*c**4*d**6*x**4 + 5880*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**4*c*
**3*d**7*x**5 + 2940*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d
**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**4*c**2*d**8*x**6 + 840*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*
b**4*c*d**9*x**7 + 105*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(
a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**4*d**10*x**8 - 840*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b
**5*c**10 - 6720*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**5*c**9*d*x - 23520*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**5*c*
**8*d**2*x**2 - 47040*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**5*c**7*d**3*x**3 - 58800*sqrt(a*d...
```

### 3.266 $\int \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{1+4x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2291
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2291
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{1+4x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{4} - \frac{1}{16} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{33} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{8-x}{\sqrt{33}\sqrt{2+x^2}}\right)$$

output `1/4*(x^2+2)^(1/2)-1/16*arcsinh(1/2*x*2^(1/2))-1/16*33^(1/2)*arctanh(1/33*(8-x)*33^(1/2)/(x^2+2)^(1/2))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{1+4x} dx = \frac{1}{16} \left( 4\sqrt{2+x^2} + 2\sqrt{33} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1+4x-4\sqrt{2+x^2}}{\sqrt{33}}\right) + \log\left(-x + \sqrt{2+x^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[2 + x^2]/(1 + 4*x),x]`



output

```
(4*sqrt[2 + x^2] + 2*sqrt[33]*ArcTanh[(1 + 4*x - 4*sqrt[2 + x^2])/sqrt[33]]
] + Log[-x + sqrt[2 + x^2]])/16
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {493, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4x+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 493$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{8-x}{(4x+1)\sqrt{x^2+2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4}$$

$$\downarrow 719$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{33}{4} \int \frac{1}{(4x+1)\sqrt{x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+2}} dx \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4}$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{33}{4} \int \frac{1}{(4x+1)\sqrt{x^2+2}} dx - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{33}{4} \int \frac{1}{33 - \frac{(8-x)^2}{x^2+2}} d \frac{8-x}{\sqrt{x^2+2}} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{33} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{8-x}{\sqrt{33}\sqrt{x^2+2}} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[2 + x^2]/(1 + 4*x), x]
```

output

$$\frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{4} + \frac{(-1/4 \operatorname{ArcSinh}[x/\sqrt{2}] - (\sqrt{33} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(8-x)/(\sqrt{33}\sqrt{2+x^2})]))}{4}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 222

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2] \cdot (x/\sqrt{a})]/\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[b]$$

rule 488

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/(((c_ ) + (d_ \cdot)(x_ )) \cdot \sqrt{(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x)/\sqrt{a + b \cdot x^2}] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 493

$$\operatorname{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_ ))^{n_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (d \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[2 \cdot (p / (d \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1} \cdot (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[n + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& (!\operatorname{RationalQ}[n] \ || \operatorname{LtQ}[n, 1]) \ \&\& !\operatorname{ILtQ}[n + 2 \cdot p, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 719

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_ ))^{m_} \cdot (f_ + (g_ \cdot)(x_ )) \cdot (a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[g/e \operatorname{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(e \cdot f - d \cdot g)/e \operatorname{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& !\operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{16} - \frac{\sqrt{33} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{8\left(4-\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{33}}{33\sqrt{16\left(x+\frac{1}{4}\right)^2-8x+31}}\right)}{16}$	50
default	$\frac{\sqrt{16\left(x+\frac{1}{4}\right)^2-8x+31}}{16} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{16} - \frac{\sqrt{33} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{8\left(4-\frac{x}{2}\right)\sqrt{33}}{33\sqrt{16\left(x+\frac{1}{4}\right)^2-8x+31}}\right)}{16}$	57
trager	$\frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4} - \frac{\ln\left(x+\sqrt{x^2+2}\right)}{16} + \frac{\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-33\right) \ln\left(\frac{\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-33\right)x+33\sqrt{x^2+2}-8\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2-33\right)}{1+4x}\right)}{16}$	66

input `int((x^2+2)^(1/2)/(1+4*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*(x^2+2)^(1/2)-1/16*arcsinh(1/2*x*x^(1/2))-1/16*33^(1/2)*arctanh(8/33*(4-1/2*x)*33^(1/2)/(16*(x+1/4)^2-8*x+31)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{1+4x} dx = \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{33} \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{33}(x-8) + \sqrt{x^2+2}(\sqrt{33}+33) + x-8}{4x+1}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{x^2+2} + \frac{1}{16} \log(-x + \sqrt{x^2+2})$$

input `integrate((x^2+2)^(1/2)/(1+4*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*sqrt(33)*log(-(sqrt(33)*(x - 8) + sqrt(x^2 + 2)*(sqrt(33) + 33) + x - 8)/(4*x + 1)) + 1/4*sqrt(x^2 + 2) + 1/16*log(-x + sqrt(x^2 + 2))`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{1+4x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4x+1} dx$$

input `integrate((x**2+2)**(1/2)/(1+4*x),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(x**2 + 2)/(4*x + 1), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{1+4x} dx = \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{33} \operatorname{arsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}x}{2|4x+1|} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{|4x+1|} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{x^2+2} - \frac{1}{16} \operatorname{arsinh} \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}x \right)$$

input `integrate((x^2+2)^(1/2)/(1+4*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*sqrt(33)*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(2)*x/abs(4*x + 1) - 4*sqrt(2)/abs(4*x + 1)) + 1/4*sqrt(x^2 + 2) - 1/16*arcsinh(1/2*sqrt(2)*x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{1+4x} dx = \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{33} \log \left( \frac{|-4x - \sqrt{33} + 4\sqrt{x^2+2} - 1|}{|-4x + \sqrt{33} + 4\sqrt{x^2+2} - 1|} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{x^2+2} + \frac{1}{16} \log \left( -x + \sqrt{x^2+2} \right)$$

input `integrate((x^2+2)^(1/2)/(1+4*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/16*sqrt(33)*log(abs(-4*x - sqrt(33) + 4*sqrt(x^2 + 2) - 1)/abs(-4*x + sqrt(33) + 4*sqrt(x^2 + 2) - 1)) + 1/4*sqrt(x^2 + 2) + 1/16*log(-x + sqrt(x^2 + 2))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{1+4x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{2}\right)}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{33}\left(132 \ln\left(x + \frac{1}{4}\right) - 132 \ln\left(x - \sqrt{33}\sqrt{x^2+2} - 8\right)\right)}{2112}$$

input

```
int((x^2 + 2)^(1/2)/(4*x + 1),x)
```

output

```
(x^2 + 2)^(1/2)/4 - asinh((2^(1/2)*x)/2)/16 + (33^(1/2)*(132*log(x + 1/4) - 132*log(x - 33^(1/2)*(x^2 + 2)^(1/2) - 8)))/2112
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}}{1+4x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{33} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{x^2+2}i+4ix}{\sqrt{33}-1}\right) i}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{33} \log(16\sqrt{x^2+2}x + \sqrt{33} + 16x^2 - 1)}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{33} \log\left(\frac{4\sqrt{x^2+2}+\sqrt{33}+4x+1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{16} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+2}+x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{16}$$

input

```
int((x^2+2)^(1/2)/(1+4*x),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(33)*atan((4*sqrt(x**2 + 2)*i + 4*i*x)/(sqrt(33) - 1))*i + 8*sqrt(x**2 + 2) + sqrt(33)*log(16*sqrt(x**2 + 2)*x + sqrt(33) + 16*x**2 - 1) - 2*sqrt(33)*log((4*sqrt(x**2 + 2) + sqrt(33) + 4*x + 1)/sqrt(2)) - 2*log((sqrt(x**2 + 2) + x)/sqrt(2)))/32
```

### 3.267 $\int \frac{\sqrt{2+4x^2}}{5+4x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2298
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2298
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2299
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2301
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2301
Sympy [F] . . . . .	2302
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2302
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2303
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2303
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2304

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+4x^2}}{5+4x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1+2x^2}}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{5}{8} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{2}x) - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{33} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{33}}(2-5x)}{\sqrt{1+2x^2}}\right)$$

output `1/4*(2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)-5/8*arcsinh(x*2^(1/2))-1/8*33^(1/2)*arctanh(1/33*66^(1/2)*(2-5*x)/(2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+4x^2}}{5+4x} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left( 2\sqrt{2+4x^2} + 2\sqrt{33} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{5+4x-2\sqrt{2+4x^2}}{\sqrt{33}}\right) + 5 \log\left(-2x + \sqrt{2+4x^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[2 + 4*x^2]/(5 + 4*x), x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[2 + 4*x^2] + 2*Sqrt[33]*ArcTanh[(5 + 4*x - 2*Sqrt[2 + 4*x^2])/Sqrt[33]] + 5*Log[-2*x + Sqrt[2 + 4*x^2]])/8
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {493, 27, 719, 222, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{4x^2 + 2}}{4x + 5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 493 \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{2\sqrt{2}(2 - 5x)}{(4x + 5)\sqrt{2x^2 + 1}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{2x^2 + 1}}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2-5x}{(4x+5)\sqrt{2x^2+1}} dx}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2x^2+1}}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{\frac{33}{4} \int \frac{1}{(4x+5)\sqrt{2x^2+1}} dx - \frac{5}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x^2+1}} dx}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2x^2+1}}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 222 \\
 & \frac{\frac{33}{4} \int \frac{1}{(4x+5)\sqrt{2x^2+1}} dx - \frac{5\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{2x})}{4\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2x^2+1}}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{-\frac{33}{4} \int \frac{1}{66 - \frac{(4-10x)^2}{2x^2+1}} dx - \frac{5\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{2x})}{4\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2x^2+1}}{2\sqrt{2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$



$$-\frac{5\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{2}x)}{4\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{33}{2}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{4-10x}{\sqrt{66}\sqrt{2x^2+1}}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{2x^2+1}}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[2 + 4*x^2]/(5 + 4*x),x]`

output `Sqrt[1 + 2*x^2]/(2*Sqrt[2]) + ((-5*ArcSinh[Sqrt[2]*x])/(4*Sqrt[2]) - (Sqrt[33/2]*ArcTanh[(4 - 10*x)/(Sqrt[66]*Sqrt[1 + 2*x^2])])/4)/Sqrt[2]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 493 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[n] || LtQ[n, 1]) && !ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 719

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{16\left(x+\frac{5}{4}\right)^2-40x-17}}{8} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(x\sqrt{2})}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{33} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-10x)\sqrt{33}}{33\sqrt{16\left(x+\frac{5}{4}\right)^2-40x-17}}\right)}{8}$	56
risch	$\frac{2x^2+1}{2\sqrt{4x^2+2}} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(x\sqrt{2})}{8} - \frac{\sqrt{33} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2(4-10x)\sqrt{33}}{33\sqrt{16\left(x+\frac{5}{4}\right)^2-40x-17}}\right)}{8}$	58
trager	$\frac{\sqrt{4x^2+2}}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-33) \ln\left(\frac{-10 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-33)x+33\sqrt{4x^2+2}+4 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2-33)}{5+4x}\right)}{8} + \frac{5 \ln(2x-\sqrt{4x^2+2})}{8}$	77

input

```
int((4*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(5+4*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*(16*(x+5/4)^2-40*x-17)^(1/2)-5/8*arcsinh(x*2^(1/2))-1/8*33^(1/2)*arcta
nh(2/33*(4-10*x)*33^(1/2)/(16*(x+5/4)^2-40*x-17)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+4x^2}}{5+4x} dx = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{33} \log \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{33}(5x-2) + \sqrt{4x^2+2}(5\sqrt{33}+33) + 50x-20}{4x+5} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{4x^2+2} + \frac{5}{8} \log(-2x + \sqrt{4x^2+2})$$

input

```
integrate((4*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(5+4*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $1/8*\sqrt{33}*\log(-(2*\sqrt{33})*(5*x - 2) + \sqrt{4*x^2 + 2}*(5*\sqrt{33} + 33) + 50*x - 20)/(4*x + 5)) + 1/4*\sqrt{4*x^2 + 2} + 5/8*\log(-2*x + \sqrt{4*x^2 + 2})$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2 + 4x^2}}{5 + 4x} dx = \sqrt{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2x^2 + 1}}{4x + 5} dx$$

input `integrate((4*x**2+2)**(1/2)/(5+4*x),x)`

output `sqrt(2)*Integral(sqrt(2*x**2 + 1)/(4*x + 5), x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2 + 4x^2}}{5 + 4x} dx = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{33} \operatorname{arsinh} \left( \frac{5\sqrt{2}x}{|4x + 5|} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{|4x + 5|} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{4x^2 + 2} - \frac{5}{8} \operatorname{arsinh}(\sqrt{2}x)$$

input `integrate((4*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(5+4*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*sqrt(33)*arcsinh(5*sqrt(2)*x/abs(4*x + 5) - 2*sqrt(2)/abs(4*x + 5)) + 1/4*sqrt(4*x^2 + 2) - 5/8*arcsinh(sqrt(2)*x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 105 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+4x^2}}{5+4x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \left( 5 \sqrt{2} \log \left( -\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{2x^2+1} \right) + \sqrt{66} \log \left( -\frac{|-4\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{66} - 5\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{2x^2+1}|}{4\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{66} + 5\sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{2x^2+1}} \right) \right) + 4\sqrt{2}$$

input `integrate((4*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(5+4*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/16*sqrt(2)*(5*sqrt(2)*log(-sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(2*x^2 + 1)) + sqrt(66)*log(-abs(-4*sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(66) - 5*sqrt(2) + 4*sqrt(2*x^2 + 1))/(4*sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(66) + 5*sqrt(2) - 4*sqrt(2*x^2 + 1))) + 4*sqrt(2*x^2 + 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+4x^2}}{5+4x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{2}}}{2} - \frac{5 \operatorname{asinh}(\sqrt{2}x)}{8}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{33} \left( 132 \ln \left( x + \frac{5}{4} \right) - 132 \ln \left( x - \frac{\sqrt{33}\sqrt{x^2 + \frac{1}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2}{5} \right) \right)}{1056}$$

input `int((4*x^2 + 2)^(1/2)/(4*x + 5),x)`

output `(x^2 + 1/2)^(1/2)/2 - (5*asinh(2^(1/2)*x))/8 + (33^(1/2)*(132*log(x + 5/4) - 132*log(x - (33^(1/2)*(x^2 + 1/2)^(1/2))/5 - 2/5)))/1056`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2+4x^2}}{5+4x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{33} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{2x^2+1}i+4\sqrt{2}ix}{\sqrt{66}-5\sqrt{2}}\right)i}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{2x^2+1}\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{33} \log(8\sqrt{2x^2+1}\sqrt{2}x + 5\sqrt{33} + 16x^2 - 25)}{16}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{33} \log\left(2\sqrt{2x^2+1} + \frac{\sqrt{66}}{2} + 2\sqrt{2}x + \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{8}$$

$$- \frac{5 \log(\sqrt{2x^2+1} + \sqrt{2}x)}{8}$$

input

```
int((4*x^2+2)^(1/2)/(5+4*x),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(33)*atan((4*sqrt(2*x**2 + 1)*i + 4*sqrt(2)*i*x)/(sqrt(66) - 5*sqrt(2)))*i + 4*sqrt(2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(2) + sqrt(33)*log(8*sqrt(2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 5*sqrt(33) + 16*x**2 - 25) - 2*sqrt(33)*log((4*sqrt(2*x**2 + 1) + sqrt(66) + 4*sqrt(2)*x + 5*sqrt(2))/2) - 10*log(sqrt(2*x**2 + 1) + sqrt(2)*x))/16
```

### 3.268 $\int (2 + 3x)\sqrt{-5 + 7x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2305
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2305
Rubi [A] (verified)	2306
Maple [A] (verified)	2307
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2308
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2308
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2309
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2309
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2309
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2310

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int (2 + 3x)\sqrt{-5 + 7x^2} dx = x\sqrt{-5 + 7x^2} + \frac{1}{7}(-5 + 7x^2)^{3/2} - \frac{5\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{7}x}{\sqrt{-5+7x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{7}}$$

output

```
x*(7*x^2-5)^(1/2)+1/7*(7*x^2-5)^(3/2)-5/7*arctanh(7^(1/2)*x/(7*x^2-5)^(1/2))
)*7^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (2 + 3x)\sqrt{-5 + 7x^2} dx = \frac{1}{7}\sqrt{-5 + 7x^2}(-5 + 7x + 7x^2) - \frac{10\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-5+7x^2}}{\sqrt{5+\sqrt{7}x}}\right)}{\sqrt{7}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + 3*x)*Sqrt[-5 + 7*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-5 + 7*x^2]*(-5 + 7*x + 7*x^2))/7 - (10*ArcTanh[Sqrt[-5 + 7*x^2]/(Sqrt[5] + Sqrt[7]*x)]/Sqrt[7])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {455, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (3x + 2)\sqrt{7x^2 - 5} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & 2 \int \sqrt{7x^2 - 5} \, dx + \frac{1}{7}(7x^2 - 5)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{7x^2 - 5} - \frac{5}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{7x^2 - 5}} \, dx \right) + \frac{1}{7}(7x^2 - 5)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{7x^2 - 5} - \frac{5}{2} \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{7x^2}{7x^2 - 5}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{7x^2 - 5}} \right) + \frac{1}{7}(7x^2 - 5)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{7x^2 - 5} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{7}x}{\sqrt{7x^2 - 5}}\right)}{2\sqrt{7}} \right) + \frac{1}{7}(7x^2 - 5)^{3/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x)*Sqrt[-5 + 7*x^2], x]`

output `(-5 + 7*x^2)^(3/2)/7 + 2*((x*Sqrt[-5 + 7*x^2])/2 - (5*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[7]*x)/Sqrt[-5 + 7*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[7]))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 211  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p/(2 \cdot p + 1)}, x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot (p/(2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4 \cdot p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6 \cdot p])$

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 455  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_ )) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}/(2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
risch	$\frac{(7x^2+7x-5)\sqrt{7x^2-5}}{7} - \frac{5 \ln(x\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{7x^2-5})\sqrt{7}}{7}$
default	$x\sqrt{7x^2-5} - \frac{5 \ln(x\sqrt{7}+\sqrt{7x^2-5})\sqrt{7}}{7} + \frac{(7x^2-5)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{7}$
trager	$(x^2 + x - \frac{5}{7})\sqrt{7x^2-5} + \frac{5 \text{RootOf}(\_Z^2-7) \ln(-\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2-7)\sqrt{7x^2-5}+7x)}{7}$
meijerg	$\frac{5i\sqrt{\text{signum}(-1+\frac{7x^2}{5})}\sqrt{7}\left(-\frac{2i\sqrt{35}\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{-\frac{7x^2}{5}+1}}{5}-2i\sqrt{\pi}\arcsin\left(\frac{x\sqrt{7}\sqrt{5}}{5}\right)\right)}{14\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\text{signum}(-1+\frac{7x^2}{5})}} + \frac{15\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\text{signum}(-1+\frac{7x^2}{5})}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}}{3}-\frac{2\sqrt{\pi}(2-14)}{3}\right)}{28\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\text{signum}(-1+\frac{7x^2}{5})}}$

input  $\text{int}((3 \cdot x + 2) \cdot (7 \cdot x^2 - 5)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method} = \_RETURNVERBOSE)$



output  $\frac{1}{7}(7x^2+7x-5)\sqrt{7x^2-5}-\frac{5}{7}\ln(x\sqrt{7x^2-5})\sqrt{7x^2-5}$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (2+3x)\sqrt{-5+7x^2} dx = \frac{1}{7}(7x^2+7x-5)\sqrt{7x^2-5} + \frac{5}{14}\sqrt{7}\log\left(-2\sqrt{7}\sqrt{7x^2-5}x+14x^2-5\right)$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(7*x^2-5)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{7}(7x^2+7x-5)\sqrt{7x^2-5} + \frac{5}{14}\sqrt{7}\log(-2\sqrt{7}\sqrt{7x^2-5}x+14x^2-5)$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (2+3x)\sqrt{-5+7x^2} dx = x^2\sqrt{7x^2-5} + x\sqrt{7x^2-5} - \frac{5\sqrt{7x^2-5}}{7} - \frac{5\sqrt{7}\log(7x+\sqrt{7}\sqrt{7x^2-5})}{7}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(7*x**2-5)**(1/2),x)`

output  $x^2\sqrt{7x^2-5} + x\sqrt{7x^2-5} - \frac{5\sqrt{7x^2-5}}{7} - \frac{5\sqrt{7}\log(7x+\sqrt{7}\sqrt{7x^2-5})}{7}$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (2+3x)\sqrt{-5+7x^2} dx = \frac{1}{7} (7x^2 - 5)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \sqrt{7x^2 - 5}x - \frac{5}{7} \sqrt{7} \log \left( 2\sqrt{7}\sqrt{7x^2 - 5} + 14x \right)$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(7*x^2-5)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/7*(7*x^2 - 5)^(3/2) + sqrt(7*x^2 - 5)*x - 5/7*sqrt(7)*log(2*sqrt(7)*sqrt(7*x^2 - 5) + 14*x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\begin{aligned} \int (2+3x)\sqrt{-5+7x^2} dx \\ = \frac{1}{7} (7(x+1)x - 5)\sqrt{7x^2 - 5} + \frac{5}{7} \sqrt{7} \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{7}x + \sqrt{7x^2 - 5} \right| \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)*(7*x^2-5)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/7*(7*(x + 1)*x - 5)*sqrt(7*x^2 - 5) + 5/7*sqrt(7)*log(abs(-sqrt(7)*x + sqrt(7*x^2 - 5)))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (2+3x)\sqrt{-5+7x^2} dx = x\sqrt{7x^2 - 5} - \frac{5\sqrt{7} \ln(\sqrt{7}x + \sqrt{7x^2 - 5})}{7} + \frac{(7x^2 - 5)^{3/2}}{7}$$

input `int((3*x + 2)*(7*x^2 - 5)^(1/2),x)`

output

$$x(7x^2 - 5)^{1/2} - (5\sqrt{7} \log(\sqrt{7}x + (7x^2 - 5)^{1/2}))/7 + (7x^2 - 5)^{3/2}/7$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (2 + 3x)\sqrt{-5 + 7x^2} dx = \sqrt{7x^2 - 5}x^2 + \sqrt{7x^2 - 5}x - \frac{5\sqrt{7x^2 - 5}}{7} - \frac{5\sqrt{7} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{7x^2 - 5} + \sqrt{7}x}{\sqrt{5}}\right)}{7}$$

input

$$\text{int}((2+3*x)*(7*x^2-5)^{(1/2)},x)$$

output

$$(7\sqrt{7x^2 - 5}x^2 + 7\sqrt{7x^2 - 5}x - 5\sqrt{7x^2 - 5} - 5\sqrt{7} \log((\sqrt{7x^2 - 5} + \sqrt{7}x)/\sqrt{5}))/7$$

### 3.269 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2311
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2312
Rubi [A] (verified)	2312
Maple [A] (verified)	2315
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2315
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2316
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2317
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2317
Mupad [F(-1)]	2318
Reduce [F]	2318

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{7cd(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{12b} + \frac{d(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{4b} + \frac{d(4c(19bc^2-16ad^2)+d(26bc^2-9ad^2)x)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{24b^2} + \frac{(8b^2c^4-24abc^2d^2+3a^2d^4)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{8b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
7/12*c*d*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/4*d*(d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/2
4*d*(4*c*(-16*a*d^2+19*b*c^2)+d*(-9*a*d^2+26*b*c^2)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2
+1/8*(3*a^2*d^4-24*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2
))/b^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(96bc^3d - 64acd^3 + 72bc^2d^2x - 9ad^4x + 32bcd^3x^2 + 6bd^4x^3)}{24b^2} + \frac{(-8b^2c^4 + 24abc^2d^2 - 3a^2d^4) \log(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2})}{8b^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^4/Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(96*b*c^3*d - 64*a*c*d^3 + 72*b*c^2*d^2*x - 9*a*d^4*x + 32*b*c*d^3*x^2 + 6*b*d^4*x^3))/(24*b^2) + ((-8*b^2*c^4 + 24*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^2*d^4)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(8*b^(5/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {497, 687, 27, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 497 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2(4bc^2+7bdxc-3ad^2)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{4b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}{4b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 687 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{b(c+dx)(c(12bc^2-23ad^2)+d(26bc^2-9ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{4b} + \frac{7}{3}cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2 + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}{4b} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(c(12bc^2-23ad^2)+d(26bc^2-9ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{7}{3} cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{4b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}{4b}$$

↓ 676

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3(3a^2d^4-24abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{2b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{d^2x\sqrt{a+bx^2}(26bc^2-9ad^2)}{2b} + \frac{2cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}(19bc^2-16ad^2)}{b} \right) + \frac{7}{3} cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{4b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}{4b}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3(3a^2d^4-24abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{2b} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{d^2x\sqrt{a+bx^2}(26bc^2-9ad^2)}{2b} + \frac{2cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}(19bc^2-16ad^2)}{b} \right) + \frac{7}{3} cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{4b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}{4b}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(3a^2d^4-24abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4)}{2b^{3/2}} + \frac{d^2x\sqrt{a+bx^2}(26bc^2-9ad^2)}{2b} + \frac{2cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}(19bc^2-16ad^2)}{b} \right) + \frac{7}{3} cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{4b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3}{4b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(4*b) + ((7*c*d*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/3 + ((2*c*d*(19*b*c^2 - 16*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b + (d^2*(26*b*c^2 - 9*a*d^2)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*b) + (3*(8*b^2*c^4 - 24*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*b^(3/2)))/3)/(4*b)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 497  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n-1) + 2*b*c*d*(n+p)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 676  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*c*(p+1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(c*(2*p+3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p+3))/(c*(2*p+3)) \ \text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 687  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)}*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p]) \ \&\& \ !(\text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[f, 0])$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d(-6bd^3x^3-32bcd^2x^2+9axd^3-72bc^2dx+64ad^2c-96bc^3)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{24b^2} + \frac{(3a^2d^4-24bc^2d^2a+8b^2c^4)\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{c^4 \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{\sqrt{b}} + d^4 \left( \frac{x^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{4b} - \frac{3a \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b} - \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{4b} \right) + \frac{4dc^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b} + 6c^2d^2 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b} \right)$

input `int((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/24*d*(-6*b*d^3*x^3-32*b*c*d^2*x^2+9*a*d^3*x-72*b*c^2*d*x+64*a*c*d^2-96*b*c^3)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/8*(3*a^2*d^4-24*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)/b^(5/2)*\ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ 3(8b^2c^4 - 24abc^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) + 2(6b^2d^4x^3 + 32b^2cd^3x^2 + 96b^2c^3d - 64abcd^3) \right]}{48b^3} - \frac{3(8b^2c^4 - 24abc^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (6b^2d^4x^3 + 32b^2cd^3x^2 + 96b^2c^3d - 64abcd^3)}{24b^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
[1/48*(3*(8*b^2*c^4 - 24*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(6*b^2*d^4*x^3 + 32*b^2*c*d^3*x^2 + 96*b^2*c^3*d - 64*a*b*c*d^3 + 9*(8*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3, -1/24*(3*(8*b^2*c^4 - 24*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (6*b^2*d^4*x^3 + 32*b^2*c*d^3*x^2 + 96*b^2*c^3*d - 64*a*b*c*d^3 + 9*(8*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^3]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left( \frac{4cd^3x^2}{3b} + \frac{d^4x^3}{4b} + \frac{x(-\frac{3ad^4}{4b} + 6c^2d^2)}{2b} + \frac{-\frac{8acd^3}{3b} + 4c^3d}{b} \right) + \left( -\frac{a(-\frac{3ad^4}{4b} + 6c^2d^2)}{2b} + c^4 \right) \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2})}{\sqrt{b}} \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} \end{cases} \right) \\ \frac{c^4x}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^5}{5d\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**4/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(4*c*d**3*x**2/(3*b) + d**4*x**3/(4*b) + x*(-3*a*d**4/(4*b) + 6*c**2*d**2)/(2*b) + (-8*a*c*d**3/(3*b) + 4*c**3*d)/b) + (-a*(-3*a*d**4/(4*b) + 6*c**2*d**2)/(2*b) + c**4)*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (Piecewise((c**4*x, Eq(d, 0)), ((c + d*x)**5/(5*d), True))/sqrt(a), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ad^4}x^3}{4b} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+acd^3}x^2}{3b} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ac^2d^2}x}{b} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+aad^4}x}{8b^2} + \frac{c^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{3ac^2d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3a^2d^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2+ac^3d}}{b} - \frac{8\sqrt{bx^2+aacd^3}}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d^4*x^3/b + 4/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d^3*x^2/b + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c^2*d^2*x/b - 3/8*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*d^4*x/b^2 + c^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 3*a*c^2*d^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 3/8*a^2*d^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c^3*d/b - 8/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*c*d^3/b^2`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{bx^2+a} \left( \left( 2 \left( \frac{3d^4x}{b} + \frac{16cd^3}{b} \right) x + \frac{9(8b^3c^2d^2 - ab^2d^4)}{b^4} \right) x + \frac{32(3b^3c^3d - 2ab^2cd^3)}{b^4} \right) - \frac{(8b^2c^4 - 24abc^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4) \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{bx^2+a} \right|\right)}{8b^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/24*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*(3*d^4*x/b + 16*c*d^3/b)*x + 9*(8*b^3*c^2*d^2 - a
*b^2*d^4)/b^4)*x + 32*(3*b^3*c^3*d - 2*a*b^2*c*d^3)/b^4) - 1/8*(8*b^2*c^4
- 24*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/
2)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*x)^4/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*x)^4/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^4}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)
```

### 3.270 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2319
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2319
Rubi [A] (verified)	2320
Maple [A] (verified)	2322
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2322
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2323
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2323
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2324
Mupad [F(-1)]	2324
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2325

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{d(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3b} + \frac{d(4(4bc^2-ad^2)+5bcdx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6b^2} + \frac{c(2bc^2-3ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*d*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/6*d*(5*b*c*d*x-4*a*d^2+16*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/2*c*(-3*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-4ad^2+b(18c^2+9cdx+2d^2x^2))+3\sqrt{bc}(-2bc^2+3ad^2)\log\left(-\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{6b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-4*a*d^2 + b*(18*c^2 + 9*c*d*x + 2*d^2*x^2)) + 3*Sqrt[
b]*c*(-2*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(6*b^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {497, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)(3bc^2+5bdxc-2ad^2)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{3b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}c(2bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(4bc^2-ad^2)}{b} + \frac{5}{2}cd^2x\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}c(2bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(4bc^2-ad^2)}{b} + \frac{5}{2}cd^2x\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{3b}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{3c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)(2bc^2-3ad^2)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(4bc^2-ad^2)}{3b} + \frac{5}{2}cd^2x\sqrt{a+bx^2} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2}{3b}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^3/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
```

output

$$\frac{d(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{3b} + \frac{(2d(4b^2c^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{b} + \frac{5c^2 d^2 x \sqrt{a + bx^2}}{2} + \frac{3c(2b^2c^2 - 3ad^2) \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \right]}{2\sqrt{b}} \frac{1}{3b}$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(1 - bx^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + bx^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 497

$$\operatorname{Int}[(c_ + (d_)(x_))^{(n_)} * ((a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[d(c + dx)^{(n-1)} * ((a + bx^2)^{(p+1)}) / (b(n + 2p + 1)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[1/(b(n + 2p + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(c + dx)^{(n-2)} * (a + bx^2)^p * \operatorname{Simp}[b^2c^2(n + 2p + 1) - ad^2(n - 1) + 2b^2cd(n + p)x, x], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{If}[\operatorname{RationalQ}[n], \operatorname{GtQ}[n, 1], \operatorname{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[n + 2p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 676

$$\operatorname{Int}[(d_ + (e_)(x_)) * ((f_ + (g_)(x_)) * ((a_ + (c_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(e*f + d*g) * ((a + cx^2)^{(p+1)}) / (2c(p + 1)), x] + (\operatorname{Simp}[e*g*x * ((a + cx^2)^{(p+1)}) / (c(2p + 3)), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f(2p + 3)) / (c(2p + 3)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + cx^2)^p, x], x]) /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
risch	$-\frac{d(-2bx^2d^2-9bcdx+4ad^2-18bc^2)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{6b^2} - \frac{c(3ad^2-2bc^2)\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$\frac{c^3 \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{\sqrt{b}} + d^3 \left( \frac{x^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{3b} - \frac{2a\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{3b^2} \right) + 3cd^2 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b} - \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + \frac{3c^2d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b}$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/6*d*(-2*b*d^2*x^2-9*b*c*d*x+4*a*d^2-18*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2-1/2*c/b^(3/2)*(3*a*d^2-2*b*c^2)*\ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \begin{aligned} &-\frac{3(2bc^3-3acd^2)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2+2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx}-a) - 2(2bd^3x^2+9bcd^2x+18bc^2d-4ad^3)\sqrt{b}}{12b^2} \\ &-\frac{3(2bc^3-3acd^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (2bd^3x^2+9bcd^2x+18bc^2d-4ad^3)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{6b^2} \end{aligned} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$[-1/12*(3*(2*b*c^3-3*a*c*d^2)*\sqrt{b}*\log(-2*b*x^2+2*\sqrt{b*x^2+a}*\sqrt{b}*x-a)-2*(2*b*d^3*x^2+9*b*c*d^2*x+18*b*c^2*d-4*a*d^3)*\sqrt{b*x^2+a})/b^2,-1/6*(3*(2*b*c^3-3*a*c*d^2)*\sqrt{-b}*\arctan(\sqrt{-b}*x/\sqrt{b*x^2+a})-(2*b*d^3*x^2+9*b*c*d^2*x+18*b*c^2*d-4*a*d^3)*\sqrt{b*x^2+a})/b^2]$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{a+bx^2} \cdot \left( \frac{3cd^2x}{2b} + \frac{d^3x^2}{3b} + \frac{-2ad^3+3c^2d}{b} \right) + \left( -\frac{3acd^2}{2b} + c^3 \right) \begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2}+2bx)}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{c^3x}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^4}{4d\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(3*c*d**2*x/(2*b) + d**3*x**2/(3*b) + (-2*a*d**3/(3*b) + 3*c**2*d)/b) + (-3*a*c*d**2/(2*b) + c**3)*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (Piecewise((c**3*x, Eq(d, 0)), ((c + d*x)**4/(4*d), True))/sqrt(a), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ad^3x^2}}{3b} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+acd^2x}}{2b} + \frac{c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

$$- \frac{3acd^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+ac^2d}}{b} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+aad^3}}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
1/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d^3*x^2/b + 3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d^2*x/b + c^3*arcsin
h(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 3/2*a*c*d^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 3*
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c^2*d/b - 2/3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*d^3/b^2
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left( \left( \frac{2d^3x}{b} + \frac{9cd^2}{b} \right) x + \frac{2(9b^2c^2d - 2abd^3)}{b^3} \right) - \frac{(2bc^3 - 3acd^2) \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*((2*d^3*x/b + 9*c*d^2/b)*x + 2*(9*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*d^
3)/b^3) - 1/2*(2*b*c^3 - 3*a*c*d^2)*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))
/b^(3/2)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{bx^2 + a}ad^3 + 18\sqrt{bx^2 + a}bc^2d + 9\sqrt{bx^2 + a}bcd^2x + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}bd^3x^2 - 9\sqrt{b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}+\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{6b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*d**3 + 18*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**2*d + 9*sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*b*c*d**2*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*d**3*x**2 - 9*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(
a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*c*d**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**
2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*b*c**3)/(6*b**2)
```

### 3.271 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2326
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2326
Rubi [A] (verified)	2327
Maple [A] (verified)	2328
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2329
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Mupad [F(-1)]	2331
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2331

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{d(4c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2b} + \frac{(2bc^2-ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}}$$

output `1/2*d*(d*x+4*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+1/2*(-a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{d(4c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2b} + \frac{(-2bc^2+ad^2)\log\left(-\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{2b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `(d*(4*c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*b) + ((-2*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*b^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {497, 455, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2bc^2 + 3bdxc - ad^2}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{(2bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + 3cd\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{2b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{(2bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + 3cd\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{2b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)(2bc^2 - ad^2)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{3cd\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{2b} + \frac{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*b) + (3*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + ((2*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b])/(2*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 224  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 455  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_ )) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1})/(2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

rule 497  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_ ))^{n_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{(n-1)} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p+1})/(b \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{(n-2)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c^2 \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1) - a \cdot d^2 \cdot (n - 1) + 2 \cdot b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (n + p) \cdot x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{d(dx+4c)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b} - \frac{(ad^2-2bc^2)\ln(\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	57
default	$\frac{c^2 \ln(\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{\sqrt{b}} + d^2 \left( \frac{x\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b} - \frac{a \ln(\sqrt{b}x+\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + \frac{2cd\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b}$	83

input  $\text{int}((d \cdot x + c)^2 / (b \cdot x^2 + a)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method} = \_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/2 \cdot d \cdot (d \cdot x + 4 \cdot c) \cdot (b \cdot x^2 + a)^{(1/2)} / b - 1/2 \cdot (a \cdot d^2 - 2 \cdot b \cdot c^2) / b^{(3/2)} \cdot \ln(b^{(1/2)} \cdot x + (b \cdot x^2 + a)^{(1/2)})$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{(2bc^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) - 2(bd^2x + 4bcd)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{4b^2}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{(2bc^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - (bd^2x + 4bcd)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{2b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*((2*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(b*d^2*x + 4*b*c*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2, -1/2*((2*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (b*d^2*x + 4*b*c*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/b^2]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \cdot \left(\frac{2cd}{b} + \frac{d^2x}{2b}\right) + \left(-\frac{ad^2}{2b} + c^2\right) \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2+2bx})}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{pmatrix} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \begin{cases} c^2x & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(2*c*d/b + d**2*x/(2*b)) + (-a*d**2/(2*b) + c*
*2)*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)),
(x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)), Ne(b, 0)), (Piecewise((c**2*x, Eq(d, 0)),
((c + d*x)**3/(3*d), True))/sqrt(a), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d^2x}{2b} + \frac{c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{ad^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}cd}{b}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d^2*x/b + c^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) - 1/2*a*d
^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d/b
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \left( \frac{d^2x}{b} + \frac{4cd}{b} \right) - \frac{(2bc^2 - ad^2) \log\left(\left| -\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right|\right)}{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(d^2*x/b + 4*c*d/b) - 1/2*(2*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*log(abs(-s
qrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{bx^2 + a}bcd + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}bd^2x - \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a} + \sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)ad^2 + 2\sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a} + \sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)bc^2}{2b^2}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)`output `(4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*d + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*d**2*x - sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*b*c**2)/(2*b**2)`



### 3.272 $\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2332
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2332
Rubi [A] (verified)	2333
Maple [A] (verified)	2334
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2334
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2335
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2335
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2336
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2336
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2336

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{b} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output `d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b+c*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{b} - \frac{c \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b - (c*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {455, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \frac{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b + (c*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
default	$\frac{c \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a})}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b}$	37
risch	$\frac{c \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a})}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b}$	37

input

```
int((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{bc} \log(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{bx} - a) + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d}{2b}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{-bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}\right) - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}d}{b} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(b)*c*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*d)/b, -(sqrt(-b)*c*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*d)/b]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \begin{cases} c \left( \begin{cases} \frac{\log(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a+bx^2}+2bx)}{\sqrt{b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{x \log(x)}{\sqrt{bx^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{cx + \frac{dx^2}{2}}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((c*Piecewise((log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 2*b*x)/sqrt(b), Ne(a, 0)), (x*log(x)/sqrt(b*x**2), True)) + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)/b, Ne(b, 0)), ((c*x + d*x**2/2)/sqrt(a), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad}}{b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `c*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = -\frac{c \log \left( \left| -\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right| \right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d}{b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-c*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/sqrt(b) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b} + \frac{c \ln \left( \sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/b + (c*log(b^(1/2)*x + (a + b*x^2)^(1/2)))/b^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + \sqrt{b} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a}} \right) c}{b}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*c)/b`

**3.273**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2337
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2337
Rubi [A] (verified)	2338
Maple [B] (verified)	2339
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2339
Sympy [F]	2340
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2340
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2340
Mupad [F(-1)]	2341
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2341

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}}$$

output `-arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)} dx$$

↓ 488

$$-\int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}$$

↓ 219

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output `-(ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2+2bc^2-\frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d}+2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}\sqrt{b(x+\frac{c}{d})^2-\frac{2bc(x+\frac{c}{d})}{d}+\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}}\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{ad^2+bc^2}{d^2}}}$	127

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/d/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)}*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+c/d)$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \left[ \frac{\log\left(\frac{2abcdx-abc^2-2a^2d^2-(2b^2c^2+abd^2)x^2-2\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}(bcx-ad)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{d^2x^2+2cdx+c^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}}, \right. \\ \left. -\frac{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}(bcx-ad)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{abc^2+a^2d^2+(b^2c^2+abd^2)x^2}\right)}{bc^2+ad^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$[1/2*\log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))/sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2), -sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)]$$



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}d}}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/sqrt(a + b*c^2/d^2)*d`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{bx-\sqrt{bx^2+a}})d+\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} (c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1019, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*c - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b
)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*d**2
- 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c - a*
d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b*c**2 - sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c
+ a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d*
**2 + b*c**2))*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)*c
+ sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt
(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c + a*d**2 + 2*
b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)*c - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(
- sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)*a*d**2 - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(2*sqrt(b)
)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(
b)*d*x)*a*d**2 + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*c + 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d**2*x - 2*b*c**2 + 2*b*d**2*x**2)*a*d**2
+ sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(
2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2))*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**...
```

### 3.274 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2343
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2343
Rubi [A] (verified)	2344
Maple [B] (verified)	2345
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2346
Sympy [F]	2346
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2347
Giac [F(-2)]	2347
Mupad [F(-1)]	2347
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2348

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)-b*c*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)} + \frac{2bc \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2-ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c+d*x)^2*Sqrt[a+b*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
-((d*Sqrt[a+b*x^2])/((b*c^2+a*d^2)*(c+d*x)))+(2*b*c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c+d*x)-d*Sqrt[a+b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2)-a*d^2]]/(-(b*c^2)-a*d^2)^(3/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {491, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 491 \\
 & \frac{bc \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488 \\
 & -\frac{bc \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & -\frac{bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output `-((d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x))) - (b*c*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
  
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
  
- rule 491 `Int(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b*(c/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 214 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d^2 \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}{\left(a d^2 + b c^2\right) \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)} - \frac{bcd \ln \left( \frac{2a d^2 + 2b c^2}{d^2} - \frac{2bc \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + 2 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}} \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}} \right)}{\left(a d^2 + b c^2\right) \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}}$	215

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d^2*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 177 vs.  $2(84) = 168$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(bcdx + bc^2) \sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \log \left( \frac{2abcdx - abc^2 - 2a^2d^2 - (2b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2}(bcx - ad)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} \right) - 2(bc^2d + ad^3)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{2(b^2c^5 + 2abc^3d^2 + a^2cd^4 + (b^2c^4d + 2abc^2d^3 + a^2d^5)x)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(bcdx + bc^2)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}(bcx - ad)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{abc^2 + a^2d^2 + (b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2} \right) + (bc^2d + ad^3)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b^2c^5 + 2abc^3d^2 + a^2cd^4 + (b^2c^4d + 2abc^2d^3 + a^2d^5)x} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(b^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c*d^4 + (b^2*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3 + a^2*d^5)*x), -((b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + (b*c^2*d + a*d^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(b^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^3*d^2 + a^2*c*d^4 + (b^2*c^4*d + 2*a*b*c^2*d^3 + a^2*d^5)*x)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{bc^2x+ad^2x+\frac{bc^3}{d}+acd} + \frac{bc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(b*c^2*x + a*d^2*x + b*c^3/d + a*c*d) + b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x / (sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^3)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a} (c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} \log(\sqrt{bx^2+a} \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} - ad + bcx) bc^2 + \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} \log(\sqrt{bx^2+a} \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} - ad}{a^2d^5x + 2abc^2d^3x + b^2c^2}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b*c**2 + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b*c*d*x - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b*c**2 - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b*c*d*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**2*d)/(a**2*c*d**4 + a**2*d**5*x + 2*a*b*c**3*d**2 + 2*a*b*c**2*d**3*x + b**2*c**5 + b**2*c**4*d*x)`

### 3.275 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2349
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2349
Rubi [A] (verified)	2350
Maple [B] (verified)	2352
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2353
Sympy [F]	2354
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2354
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2355
Mupad [F(-1)]	2355
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2356

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2} - \frac{3bcd\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)} - \frac{b(2bc^2-ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

```
output -1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2-3/2*b*c*d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)-1/2*b*(-a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+bc(4c+3dx))}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{b(2bc^2-ad^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2-ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output 
$$-1/2*(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(a*d^2 + b*c*(4*c + 3*d*x)))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(c + d*x)^2) - (b*(2*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(5/2)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {498, 25, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 498$$

$$-\frac{b \int -\frac{2c-dx}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{2c-dx}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{(2bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{3cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$b \left( -\frac{(2bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{3cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$b \left( \frac{(2bc^2 - ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{ad - bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2} \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/2*(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (b*((-3*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)) - ((2*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))/((2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 679

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 443 vs. 2(129) = 258.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 444, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

method	result
default	$-\frac{d^2 \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) + a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}}{2(a d^2 + b c^2) \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2} + \frac{3bcd \left( -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) + a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)} - \frac{bcd \ln \left( \frac{2a d^2 + 2b c^2}{d^2} - \frac{2bc \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + 2 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \frac{x + \frac{c}{d}}{a d^2 + b c^2}} \right)}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \sqrt{a d^2 + b c^2}} \right)}{2(a d^2 + b c^2)}$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/d^3*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*
(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/
((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))
/(x+c/d))+1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/
d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs.  $2(130) = 260$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 713, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(2b^2c^4 - abc^2d^2 + (2b^2c^2d^2 - abd^4)x^2 + 2(2b^2c^3d - abcd^3)x)\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \log\left(\frac{2abcdx - abc^2 - 2a^2d^2 - (2b^2c^3d - abcd^3)x}{d}\right)}{4(b^3c^8 + 3ab^2c^6d^2 + 3a^2bc^4d^4 + a^3c^2d^6 + (b^3c^6d^2 + 3ab^2c^4d^4 + 3a^2bc^2d^6 + a^3d^8))} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(2b^2c^4 - abc^2d^2 + (2b^2c^2d^2 - abd^4)x^2 + 2(2b^2c^3d - abcd^3)x)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}(bcx - ad)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{abc^2 + a^2d^2 + (b^2c^2 + abcd)x}\right)}{2(b^3c^8 + 3ab^2c^6d^2 + 3a^2bc^4d^4 + a^3c^2d^6 + (b^3c^6d^2 + 3ab^2c^4d^4 + 3a^2bc^2d^6 + a^3d^8))} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/4*((2*b^2*c^4 - a*b*c^2*d^2 + (2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a*b*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(2*b^2*c^3*d - a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(4*b^2*c^4*d + 5*a*b*c^2*d^3 + a^2*d^5 + 3*(b^2*c^3*d^2 + a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^3*c^8 + 3*a*b^2*c^6*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^4 + a^3*c^2*d^6 + (b^3*c^6*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6 + a^3*d^8)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*c^7*d + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^5 + a^3*c*d^7)*x), -1/2*((2*b^2*c^4 - a*b*c^2*d^2 + (2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a*b*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(2*b^2*c^3*d - a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + (4*b^2*c^4*d + 5*a*b*c^2*d^3 + a^2*d^5 + 3*(b^2*c^3*d^2 + a*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(b^3*c^8 + 3*a*b^2*c^6*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^4 + a^3*c^2*d^6 + (b^3*c^6*d^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^6 + a^3*d^8)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*c^7*d + 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^5 + a^3*c*d^7)*x)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^2} (c+dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**3), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{bx^2+a}abc}{2(b^2c^4x + 2abc^2d^2x + a^2d^4x + \frac{b^2c^5}{d} + 2abc^3d + a^2cd^3)} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2(bc^2dx^2 + ad^3x^2 + 2bc^3x + 2acd^2x + \frac{bc^4}{d} + ac^2d)} \\ + \frac{3b^2c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^5} \\ - \frac{b \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c/(b^2*c^4*x + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*x + a^2*d^4*x + b^2*c^5/d + 2*a*b*c^3*d + a^2*c*d^3) - 1/2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(b*c^2*d*x^2 + a*d^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^3*x + 2*a*c*d^2*x + b*c^4/d + a*c^2*d) + 3/2*b^2*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d^5) - 1/2*b*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d^3)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 351 vs.  $2(130) = 260$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -b \left( \frac{(2bc^2 - ad^2) \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2+a})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{(b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} + \frac{2(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^3 bc^2d - (\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2+a})^3 ad}{(b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} \right) + \dots$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b*((2*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) + (2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*b*c^2*d - (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a*d^3 + 6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 3*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a*sqrt(b)*c*d^2 - 10*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a*b*c^2*d - (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*sqrt(b)*c*d^2)/((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(b)*c - a*d)^2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a} (c+dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^3),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^3), x)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 729, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} \log(-\sqrt{bx^2+a} \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} - ad+bcx) ab c^2 d^2 + 2\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} \log(-\sqrt{bx^2+a} \sqrt{ad^2+bc^2} - ad+bcx)}{...}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*c*d**3*x + sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*
log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b*d**4*x**2
- 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**4 - 4*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**3*d*x - 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**
2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**2*c**2*
d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 - 2*sqrt(a*d*
*2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d**3*x - sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x
)*a*b*d**4*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**4 + 4*sqrt(
a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**2*c**3*d*x + 2*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(
c + d*x)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d**5 - 5*sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*a*b*c**2*d**3 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**4*x - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
b**2*c**4*d - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*d**2*x)/(2*(a**3*c**2*d**6 + 2*
a**3*c*d**7*x + a**3*d**8*x**2 + 3*a**2*b*c**4*d**4 + 6*a**2*b*c**3*d**5*x
+ 3*a**2*b*c**2*d**6*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**6*d**2 + 6*a*b**2*c**5*d**3*x + 3
*a*b**2*c**4*d**4*x**2 + b**3*c**8 + 2*b**3*c**7*d*x + b**3*c**6*d**2*x**2
))
```

**3.276**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2357
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2358
Rubi [A] (verified)	2358
Maple [B] (verified)	2361
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2362
Sympy [F]	2363
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2364
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2365
Mupad [F(-1)]	2365
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2366

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^3} - \frac{5bcd\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^2} - \frac{bd(11bc^2-4ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{6(bc^2+ad^2)^3(c+dx)} - \frac{b^2c(2bc^2-3ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^3-5/6*b*c*d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2-1/6*b*d*(-4*a*d^2+11*b*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)-1/2*b^2*c*(-3*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-d\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}\left(2(bc^2+ad^2)^2+5bc(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)+b(11bc^2-4ad^2)(c+dx)^2\right)+3b^2c(2}{6(bc^2+ad^2)^7}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output 
$$\frac{-(d\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2})\sqrt{a+bx^2}\left(2(bc^2+ad^2)^2+5bc(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)+b(11bc^2-4ad^2)(c+dx)^2\right)+3b^2c(2bc^2-3ad^2)(c+dx)^3\log[c+dx]-3b^2c(2bc^2-3ad^2)(c+dx)^3\log[ad-bcx+\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}]}{6(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {498, 25, 688, 25, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 498$$

$$\frac{b \int -\frac{3c-2dx}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{3c-2dx}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 688 \\
& b \left( \frac{\int -\frac{2(3bc^2-2ad^2)-5bcdx}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{5cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& b \left( \frac{\int \frac{2(3bc^2-2ad^2)-5bcdx}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{5cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 679 \\
& b \left( \frac{\frac{3bc(2bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(11bc^2-4ad^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{5cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) \\
& \frac{3(ad^2+bc^2)}{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \downarrow 488 \\
& b \left( \frac{\frac{3bc(2bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(11bc^2-4ad^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{5cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) \\
& \frac{3(ad^2+bc^2)}{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \downarrow 219 \\
& b \left( \frac{\frac{3bc(2bc^2-3ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}(11bc^2-4ad^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{5cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) \\
& \frac{3(ad^2+bc^2)}{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \\
& \frac{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]),x]`

output `-1/3*(d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3) + (b*((-5*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (-((d*(11*b*c^2 - 4*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x))) - (3*b*c*(2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(3*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 761 vs. 2(178) = 356.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 762, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.85

method	result
default	$-\frac{d^2 \sqrt{b(x + \frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x + \frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2 + bc^2}{d^2}}}{3(ad^2 + bc^2)(x + \frac{c}{d})^3} + \frac{5bcd}{2(ad^2 + bc^2)(x + \frac{c}{d})^2} + \frac{3bcd}{(ad^2 + bc^2)(x + \frac{c}{d})} \left( \frac{d^2 \sqrt{b(x + \frac{c}{d})^2 - \frac{2bc(x + \frac{c}{d})}{d} + \frac{ad^2 + bc^2}{d^2}}}{(ad^2 + bc^2)(x + \frac{c}{d})} \right)$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/d^4*(-1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^3*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+5/3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d
)^2*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2
+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d
^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b
*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+1/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(
(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2
+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/
(x+c/d))-2/3*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)*(b*(x+c/d)
^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/((a*d^2+b*
c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d
^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))
)

```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 556 vs.  $2(179) = 358$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1139, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/12*(3*(2*b^3*c^6 - 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + (2*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 3*a*b^2*c*d^5)*x
^3 + 3*(2*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(2*b^3*c^5*d - 3*a*b^2*c
^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*
b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 +
a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(18*b^3*c^6*d + 23*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 7*a
^2*b*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^3*d^7 + (11*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 7*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 4*a^2*b*d^7)
*x^2 + 3*(9*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 8*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 - a^2*b*c*d^6)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a
))/ (b^4*c^11 + 4*a*b^3*c^9*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^7*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^5*d^6 + a^4
*c^3*d^8 + (b^4*c^8*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^5 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^7 + 4*a^3*b*c
^2*d^9 + a^4*d^11)*x^3 + 3*(b^4*c^9*d^2 + 4*a*b^3*c^7*d^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^5*d
^6 + 4*a^3*b*c^3*d^8 + a^4*c*d^10)*x^2 + 3*(b^4*c^10*d + 4*a*b^3*c^8*d^3 +
6*a^2*b^2*c^6*d^5 + 4*a^3*b*c^4*d^7 + a^4*c^2*d^9)*x), -1/6*(3*(2*b^3*c^6
- 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + (2*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 3*a*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 + 3*(2*b^3*c^4*d
^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(2*b^3*c^5*d - 3*a*b^2*c^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c
^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*
c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) + (18*b^3*c^6*d + 23*a*b^2*c^4*d
^3 + 7*a^2*b*c^2*d^5 + 2*a^3*d^7 + (11*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 7*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 4*a
^2*b*d^7)*x^2 + 3*(9*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 8*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 - a^2*b*c*d^6)*x)*sqrt(
b*x^2 + a))/ (b^4*c^11 + 4*a*b^3*c^9*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^7*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^5*
d^6 + a^4*c^3*d^8 + (b^4*c^8*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^5 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^7 ...

```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**4/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**4), x)
```



**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 479 vs.  $2(179) = 358$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2c^2}}{2(b^3c^6x+3ab^2c^4d^2x+3a^2bc^2d^4x+a^3d^6x+\frac{b^3c^7}{d}+3ab^2c^5d+3a^2bc^3d^3+a^3cd^5)}$$

$$-\frac{5\sqrt{bx^2+abc}}{6(b^2c^4dx^2+2abc^2d^3x^2+a^2d^5x^2+2b^2c^5x+4abc^3d^2x+2a^2cd^4x+\frac{b^2c^6}{d}+2abc^4d+a^2c^2d^3)}$$

$$+\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ab}}{3(b^2c^4x+2abc^2d^2x+a^2d^4x+\frac{b^2c^5}{d}+2abc^3d+a^2cd^3)}$$

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+ab}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}$$

$$-\frac{3(bc^2d^2x^3+ad^4x^3+3bc^3dx^2+3acd^3x^2+3bc^4x+3ac^2d^2x+\frac{bc^5}{d}+ac^3d)}{3b^3c^3 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}-\frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}$$

$$+\frac{3b^2c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}-\frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\left(a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^7} - \frac{3b^2c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}-\frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\left(a+\frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^5}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -5/2*\sqrt{b*x^2+a}*b^2*c^2/(b^3*c^6*x+3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2*x+3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*x+a^3*d^6*x+b^3*c^7/d+3*a*b^2*c^5*d+3*a^2*b*c^3*d^3+a^3*c*d^5) \\ & -5/6*\sqrt{b*x^2+a}*b*c/(b^2*c^4*d*x^2+2*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2+a^2*d^5*x^2+2*b^2*c^5*x+4*a*b*c^3*d^2*x+2*a^2*c*d^4*x+b^2*c^6/d+2*a*b*c^4*d+a^2*c^2*d^3) \\ & +2/3*\sqrt{b*x^2+a}*b/(b^2*c^4*x+2*a*b*c^2*d^2*x+a^2*d^4*x+b^2*c^5/d+2*a*b*c^3*d+a^2*c*d^3) \\ & -1/3*\sqrt{b*x^2+a}/(b*c^2*d^2*x^3+a*d^4*x^3+3*b*c^3*d*x^2+3*a*c*d^3*x^2+3*b*c^4*x+3*a*c^2*d^2*x+b*c^5/d+a*c^3*d) \\ & +5/2*b^3*c^3*\operatorname{arsinh}(b*c*x/(\sqrt{a*b}*abs(d*x+c))-a*d/(\sqrt{a*b}*abs(d*x+c)))/((a+b*c^2/d^2)^(7/2)*d^7) \\ & -3/2*b^2*c*\operatorname{arsinh}(b*c*x/(\sqrt{a*b}*abs(d*x+c))-a*d/(\sqrt{a*b}*abs(d*x+c)))/((a+b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d^5) \end{aligned}$$

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 593 vs.  $2(179) = 358$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 593, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} b^{\frac{3}{2}} \left( \frac{3 \left( 2 b^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 - 3 a \sqrt{b} c d^2 \right) \arctan \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{bx}-\sqrt{bx^2+a})d+\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}} \right)}{(b^3 c^6 + 3 a b^2 c^4 d^2 + 3 a^2 b c^2 d^4 + a^3 d^6) \sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} - \frac{6 \left( \sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2+a} \right)^5 b^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 d^2 - 9 \left( \sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2+a} \right)^4 b^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 d^2}{(b^3 c^6 + 3 a b^2 c^4 d^2 + 3 a^2 b c^2 d^4 + a^3 d^6) \sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*b^(3/2)*(3*(2*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 3*a*sqrt(b)*c*d^2)*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) - (6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 - 9*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 - 30*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*b^2*c^4*d - 45*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a*b*c^2*d^3 + 44*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*b^(5/2)*c^5 - 82*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 + 24*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a^2*sqrt(b)*c*d^4 - 102*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a*b^2*c^4*d + 36*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 - 12*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a^3*d^5 + 60*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^2*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 - 15*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^3*sqrt(b)*c*d^4 - 11*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 4*a^4*d^5)/((b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6)*((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(b)*c - a*d)^3)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a} (c+dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^4),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^4), x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1162, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^4 \sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**4*d**2 + 27*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b
*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**3*x + 27*sqrt(a
*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x
)*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 - 6*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*
c**6 - 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**5*d*x - 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*b**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 6*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b
*c*x)*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c
**4*d**2 - 27*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**3*x - 27*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d
*x)*b**3*c**6 + 18*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**5*d*x + 18*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*
c**2)*log(c + d*x)*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*d**7 - 7*
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c**2*d**5 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d**6*x + 4
*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**7*x**2 - 23*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**4*d...
```

**3.277**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2367
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2367
Rubi [A] (verified)	2368
Maple [A] (verified)	2371
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2371
Sympy [F]	2372
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2372
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2373
Mupad [F(-1)]	2373
Reduce [F]	2374

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{4acd(bc^2 - ad^2) - (b^2c^4 - 6abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4)x}{ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{4cd^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{b^2} + \frac{d^4x\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2b^2} + \frac{3d^2(4bc^2 - ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-(4*a*c*d*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)-(a^2*d^4-6*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*x)/a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+4*c*d^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/2*d^4*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+3/2*d^2*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b^2c^4x + a^2d^3(16c + 3dx) + abd(-8c^3 - 12c^2dx + 8cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3)}{2ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{3(4bc^2d^2 - ad^4) \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{2b^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output  $(2*b^2*c^4*x + a^2*d^3*(16*c + 3*d*x) + a*b*d*(-8*c^3 - 12*c^2*d*x + 8*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3))/(2*a*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]) - (3*(4*b*c^2*d^2 - a*d^4)*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/(2*b^(5/2))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 687, 27, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3d(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3d \int \frac{(ad-bcx)(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{3d \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(c+dx)(5acd - (2bc^2 - 3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{3b} - \frac{1}{3}c\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2 \right)}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(c+dx)(5acd - (2bc^2 - 3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{1}{3}c\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2 \right)}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 676
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3ad(4bc^2 - ad^2)}{2b} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx - \frac{2c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2 - 4ad^2)}{b} - \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2 - 3ad^2)}{2b} \right) - \frac{1}{3}c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3(ad-bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

↓ 224

$$3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3ad(4bc^2 - ad^2)}{2b} \int \frac{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx - \frac{2c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2 - 4ad^2)}{b} - \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2 - 3ad^2)}{2b} \right) - \frac{1}{3}c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3(ad-bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

↓ 219

$$3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3ad \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) (4bc^2 - ad^2)}{2b^{3/2}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2 - 4ad^2)}{b} - \frac{dx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2 - 3ad^2)}{2b} \right) - \frac{1}{3}c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3(ad-bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
-(((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) + (3*d*(-1/3*(c*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + ((-2*c*(b*c^2 - 4*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b - (d*(2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*b) + (3*a*d*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*rcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*b^(3/2))))/3)/(a*b)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$\frac{d^3(dx+8c)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2b^2} - \frac{\frac{a d^4 x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + 3b d^2 (a d^2 - 4b c^2) \left( -\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{8dc(a d^2 - b c^2)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{2b^2 c^4 x}{a\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{2b^2}$
default	$\frac{c^4 x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + d^4 \left( \frac{x^3}{2b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{3a \left( -\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{2b} \right) - \frac{4dc^3}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + 6c^2 d^2 \left( -\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$

input `int((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*d^3*(d*x+8*c)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2-1/2/b^2*(a*d^4*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+3*b*d^2*(a*d^2-4*b*c^2)*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))-8*d*c*(a*d^2-b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-2*b^2*c^4*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{3(4a^2bc^2d^2 - a^3d^4 + (4ab^2c^2d^2 - a^2bd^4)x^2)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right)}{4} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(4a^2bc^2d^2 - a^3d^4 + (4ab^2c^2d^2 - a^2bd^4)x^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (ab^2d^4x^3 + 8ab^2cd^3x^2 - 8ab^2c^3d + 4ab^2c^2d^2x - 4ab^2c^2d^2)}{2(ab^4x^2 + a^2b^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
[-1/4*(3*(4*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 - a^3*d^4 + (4*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(a*b^2*d^4*x^3 + 8*a*b^2*c*d^3*x^2 - 8*a*b^2*c^3*d + 16*a^2*b*c*d^3 + (2*b^3*c^4 - 12*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^4*x^2 + a^2*b^3), -1/2*(3*(4*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 - a^3*d^4 + (4*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a^2*b*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (a*b^2*d^4*x^3 + 8*a*b^2*c*d^3*x^2 - 8*a*b^2*c^3*d + 16*a^2*b*c*d^3 + (2*b^3*c^4 - 12*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^4*x^2 + a^2*b^3)]
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**4/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((c + d*x)**4/(a + b*x**2)**(3/2), x)
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx &= \frac{d^4 x^3}{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{4cd^3 x^2}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{c^4 x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} \\ &- \frac{6c^2 d^2 x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{3ad^4 x}{2\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2}} + \frac{6c^2 d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ &- \frac{3ad^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2b^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4c^3 d}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{8acd^3}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{2}d^4x^3/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b + 4c^2d^3x^2/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b + c^4x/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})a - 6c^2d^2x/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b + 3/2a^2d^4x/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b^2 + 6c^2d^2\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx/\sqrt{ab})/b^{3/2} - 3/2a^2d^4\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx/\sqrt{ab})/b^{5/2} - 4c^3d/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b + 8a^2c^2d^3/(\sqrt{bx^2+a})b^2$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\frac{d^4x}{b} + \frac{8cd^3}{b}\right)x + \frac{2b^4c^4 - 12ab^3c^2d^2 + 3a^2b^2d^4}{ab^4}\right)x - \frac{8(ab^3c^3d - 2a^2b^2cd^3)}{ab^4}}{2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{3(4bc^2d^2 - ad^4)\log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2+a}\right|\right)}{2b^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\frac{d^4x}{b} + \frac{8c^2d^3}{b}\right)x + \frac{2b^4c^4 - 12a^2b^3c^2d^2 + 3a^2b^2d^4}{a^2b^4}\right)x - \frac{8(a^2b^3c^3d - 2a^2b^2c^2d^3)}{a^2b^4}/\sqrt{bx^2+a} - \frac{3}{2}\frac{(4b^2c^2d^2 - a^2d^4)\log(\operatorname{abs}(-\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a}))}{b^{5/2}}$$
**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*x)^4/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*x)^4/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^4}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

**3.278**       $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2375
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2375
Rubi [A] (verified)	2376
Maple [A] (verified)	2378
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2380

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{ad(3bc^2 - ad^2) - bc(bc^2 - 3ad^2)x}{ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{d^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{b^2} + \frac{3cd^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

output `-(a*d*(-a*d^2+3*b*c^2)-b*c*(-3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*x)/a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+d^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+3*c*d^2*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a^2d^3 + b^2c^3x + abd(-3c^2 - 3cdx + d^2x^2)}{ab^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{3cd^2 \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output

$$(2a^2d^3 + b^2c^3x + ab*d*(-3c^2 - 3c*d*x + d^2*x^2))/(a*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]) - (3*c*d^2*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/b^(3/2)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 495$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{2d(ad-bx)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{2d \int \frac{(ad-bx)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{2d \left( \frac{3}{2}acd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}{b} - \frac{1}{2}cdx\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$\frac{2d \left( \frac{3}{2}acd \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}{b} - \frac{1}{2}cdx\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$\frac{2d \left( \frac{3acd \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}{b} - \frac{1}{2}cdx\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-(((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) + (2*d*(-(((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b) - (c*d*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 + (3*a*c*d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/(a*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{d^3 \sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^2} + \frac{\frac{bc^3x}{a\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{d(ad^2-3bc^2)}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + 3bcd^2 \left( -\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{b}$	110
default	$\frac{c^3x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + d^3 \left( \frac{x^2}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{2a}{b^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) + 3cd^2 \left( -\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{3c^2d}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}}$	115

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `d^3*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2+1/b*(b*c^3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+d*(a*d^2-3*b*c^2)/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+3*b*c*d^2*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{3(abcd^2x^2 + a^2cd^2)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a) + 2(abd^3x^2 - 3abc^2d + 3(abcd^2x^2 + a^2cd^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (abd^3x^2 - 3abc^2d + 2a^2d^3 + (b^2c^3 - 3abcd^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2(ab^3x^2 + a^2b^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(3*(a*b*c*d^2*x^2 + a^2*c*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(a*b*d^3*x^2 - 3*a*b*c^2*d + 2*a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2), -(3*(a*b*c*d^2*x^2 + a^2*c*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (a*b*d^3*x^2 - 3*a*b*c^2*d + 2*a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**3/(a + b*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d^3 x^2}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{c^3 x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + aa}} - \frac{3cd^2 x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{3cd^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3c^2 d}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{2ad^3}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^3*x^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) + c^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a) - 3*c*d^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) + 3*c*d^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) - 3*c^2*d/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) + 2*a*d^3/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3cd^2 \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\left(\frac{d^3 x}{b} + \frac{b^3 c^3 - 3ab^2 cd^2}{ab^3}\right)x - \frac{3ab^2 c^2 d - 2a^2 bd^3}{ab^3}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$



input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3*c*d^2*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2) + ((d^3*x/b + (b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c*d^2)/(a*b^3))*x - (3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a^2*b*d^3)/(a*b^3))/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 d^3 - 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} ab c^2 d - 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} abc d^2 x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} ab d^3 x^2 + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} ab d^3 x^2 + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} ab d^3 x^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d**3 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*c*d**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*a**2*c*d**2 + sqrt(b)*a*b*c**3 - 3*sqrt(b)*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(b)*b**2*c**3*x**2)/(a*b**2*(a + b*x**2))`

**3.279**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2381
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2381
Rubi [A] (verified)	2382
Maple [A] (verified)	2384
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2384
Sympy [F]	2385
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2385
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2385
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2386
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2386

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2acd - (bc^2 - ad^2)x}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

output `-(2*a*c*d - (-a*d^2 + b*c^2)*x)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2) + d^2*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2acd + bc^2x - ad^2x}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} - \frac{d^2 \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{b^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*a*c*d + b*c^2*x - a*d^2*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - (d^2*Log[-(Sqrt[b]*x) + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/b^(3/2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 455, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(ad - bcx)}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{ad - bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{d\left(ad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx - c\sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{d\left(ad \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^2}{bx^2 + a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - c\sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{d\left(\frac{ad \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - c\sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)}{ab} - \frac{(c + dx)(ad - bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output 
$$-\left(\frac{(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)}{a*b*\sqrt{a + b*x^2}}\right) + \left(\frac{d*(-(c*\sqrt{a + b*x^2}) + (a*d*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{b}*x]/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}])/\sqrt{b}}{a*b}\right)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219 
$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224 
$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b*x^2}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 455 
$$\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*b*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 495 
$$\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{n_})*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{n-1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*a*b*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-2}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*\text{Simp}[a*d^2*(n-1) - b*c^2*(2*p+3) - b*c*d*(n+2*p+2)*x, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
default	$\frac{c^2x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + d^2 \left( -\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{2cd}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}}$	75

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a*x+d^2*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))-2*c*d/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{(abd^2x^2 + a^2d^2)\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a\right) - 2(2abcd - (b^2c^2 - abd^2)x)}{2(ab^3x^2 + a^2b^2)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(abd^2x^2 + a^2d^2)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) + (2abcd - (b^2c^2 - abd^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{ab^3x^2 + a^2b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*((a*b*d^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(2*a*b*c*d - (b^2*c^2 - a*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2), -((a*b*d^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + (2*a*b*c*d - (b^2*c^2 - a*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a*b^3*x^2 + a^2*b^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**2/(a + b*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c^2 x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{d^2 x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}} + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2cd}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a) - d^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b) + d^2*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(3/2) - 2*c*d/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{d^2 \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right|\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\frac{2cd}{b} - \frac{(b^2 c^2 - abd^2)x}{ab^2}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-d^2*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(3/2) - (2*c*d/b - (b^2*c^2 - a*b*d^2)*x/(a*b^2))/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d^2 \ln(\sqrt{b}x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a})}{b^{3/2}} + \frac{c^2 x}{a\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{d^2 x}{b\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{2cd}{b\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `(d^2*log(b^(1/2)*x + (a + b*x^2)^(1/2)))/b^(3/2) + (c^2*x)/(a*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2)) - (d^2*x)/(b*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2)) - (2*c*d)/(b*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abcd - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}abd^2x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2c^2x + \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 d^2}{ab^2(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*d**2 + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a*b*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(b)*a**2*d**2 + sqrt(b)*a*b*c**2 - sqrt(b)*a*b*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(b)*b**2*c**2*x**2)/(a*b**2*(a + b*x**2))`

$$3.280 \quad \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2387
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2387
Rubi [A] (verified)	2388
Maple [A] (verified)	2388
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2389
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2389
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2390
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2390
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2390
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2391

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{ad-bcx}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

output `$$-(-b*c*x+a*d)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}$$`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-ad+bcx}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

input `$$\text{Integrate}[(c+d*x)/(a+b*x^2)^{(3/2)},x]$$`

output `$$(-(a*d)+b*c*x)/(a*b*\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2])$$`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 453

$$-\frac{ad - bcx}{ab\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-((a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
gosper	$-\frac{-cbx+ad}{ab\sqrt{bx^2+a}}$	27
trager	$-\frac{-cbx+ad}{ab\sqrt{bx^2+a}}$	27
orering	$-\frac{-cbx+ad}{ab\sqrt{bx^2+a}}$	27
default	$\frac{cx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{d}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}}$	32

input `int((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-b*c*x+a*d)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(bcx - ad)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{ab^2x^2 + a^2b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b^2*x^2 + a^2*b)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = d \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{b\sqrt{a+bx^2}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \frac{cx}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `d*Piecewise((-1/(b*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**(3/2)), True) + c*x/(a**(3/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + aa}} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{bx^2 + ab}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a) - d/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{cx}{a} - \frac{d}{b}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(c*x/a - d/b)/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\frac{d}{b} - \frac{cx}{a}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x)`output `-(d/b - (c*x)/a)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^2 + a} ad + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} bcx + \sqrt{b} ac + \sqrt{b} bcx^2}{ab(bx^2 + a)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*d + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*x + sqrt(b)*a*c + sqrt(b)*  
b*c*x**2)/(a*b*(a + b*x**2))`

**3.281** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2392
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2392
Rubi [A] (verified)	2393
Maple [B] (verified)	2395
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2395
Sympy [F]	2396
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2396
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2397
Mupad [F(-1)]	2397
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2398

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ad+bcx}{a(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

output  $(b*c*x+a*d)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-d^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2))}/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^{(3/2)}$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{ad+bcx}{a(bc^2+ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2-ad^2)^{3/2}}$$

input  $\operatorname{Integrate}[1/((c+d*x)*(a+b*x^2)^{(3/2))},x]$

output

$$\frac{(a*d + b*c*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]) + (2*d^2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + d*x) - d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])/\text{Sqrt}[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^{(3/2)}}{}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 27, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 496 \\ & \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2} (ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{ad^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{ad^2}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2} (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{d^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} + \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2} (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 488 \\ & \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2} (ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{d^2 \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2 + bc^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 219 \\ & \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2} (ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2 + bc^2)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^{(3/2)}), x]$

output  $(a*d + b*c*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]) - (d^2*\text{ArcTanh}[(a*d - b*c*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])]/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^{(3/2)})$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 496  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{IntQuad raticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 314 vs. 2(86) = 172.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

method	result
default	$\frac{d^2}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc}{d} \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{2bcd \left(2b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) - \frac{2bc}{d}\right)}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \left(\frac{4b(a d^2 + b c^2)}{d^2} - \frac{4b^2 c^2}{d^2}\right) \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc}{d} \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}} - \frac{d^2 \ln \left(\frac{2a d^2}{d}\right)}{d}$

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx) (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[ \frac{(abd^2x^2 + a^2d^2)\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \log \left( \frac{2abcdx - abc^2 - 2a^2d^2 - (2b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2 - 2\sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2}(bcx - ad)}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} \right) + (abd^2x^2 + a^2d^2)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}(bcx - ad)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{abc^2 + a^2d^2 + (b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2} \right) - (abc^2d + a^2d^3 + (b^2c^3 + abcd^2)x)\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right]}{a^2b^2c^4 + 2a^3bc^2d^2 + a^4d^4 + (ab^3c^4 + 2a^2b^2c^2d^2 + a^3bd^4)x^2}$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
[1/2*((a*b*d^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(a*b*c^2*d + a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 + a*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4 + (a*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*b*d^4)*x^2), -((a*b*d^2*x^2 + a^2*d^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - (a*b*c^2*d + a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 + a*b*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + a^4*d^4 + (a*b^3*c^4 + 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^3*b*d^4)*x^2)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)), x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2 + abc^2} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aad^2}} + \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + abc^2}}{d} + \sqrt{bx^2 + aad}} + \frac{\operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab|dx+c|}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{3/2}d}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b*c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^2) + 1/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^2/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*d) + arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(3/2)*d)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{(bc^2 + ad^2)\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}} + \frac{\frac{(b^2c^3 + abcd^2)x}{ab^2c^4 + 2a^2bc^2d^2 + a^3d^4} + \frac{abc^2d + a^2d^3}{ab^2c^4 + 2a^2bc^2d^2 + a^3d^4}}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2*d^2*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) + ((b^2*c^3 + a*b*c*d^2)*x/(a*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + a^3*d^4) + (a*b*c^2*d + a^2*d^3)/(a*b^2*c^4 + 2*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + a^3*d^4))/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2247, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*c - 2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*a
tan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2
)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b*c*x**2 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2
)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**2*d**2 - 2*sqrt(2*s
qrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c*
**2))*a*b*c**2 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c*
**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*b*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**
2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)
/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*b**2*c**2*x*
**2 - sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**
2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)*a*c - sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*lo
g( - sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c + a*d**2 + 2*b*c**2) + sqrt...
```

**3.282** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2399
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2399
Rubi [A] (verified)	2400
Maple [B] (verified)	2402
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2403
Sympy [F]	2404
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2405
Giac [F(-1)]	2405
Mupad [F(-1)]	2406
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2406

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{d}{(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{b(3acd+(bc^2-2ad^2)x)}{a(bc^2+ad^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{3bcd^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+b*(3*a*c*d+(-2*a*d^2+b*c^2)*x)/a/
(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-3*b*c*d^2*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^
2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-a^2d^3+b^2c^2x(c+dx)+abd(2c^2+cdx-2d^2x^2)}{a(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{6bcd^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2-ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output  $(-a^2d^3) + b^2c^2x(c + dx) + a*b*d*(2c^2 + c*d*x - 2d^2x^2)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(c + dx)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]) - (6*b*c*d^2*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + dx) - d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])]/\text{Sqrt}[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2])]/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^{(5/2)}$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(2ad+bcx)}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(2ad+bcx)}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{2ad+bcx}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 679 \\
 & \frac{d \left( \frac{3abcd \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2-2ad^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 488
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2-2ad^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{3abcd \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} {ad^2+bc^2} \right)}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{ad+bcx}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(bc^2-2ad^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{3abcd \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{ad+bcx}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(a*d + b*c*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + (d*((b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)) - (3*a*b*c*d*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))/a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 496

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-(a*d + b*c*x))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2
+ a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a
+ b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2
*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuad
raticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 679

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 514 vs. 2(133) = 266.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 515, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.60

method	result
default	$-\frac{d^2}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right) \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{3bcd}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \sqrt{b \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{4b \left(a d^2 + b c^2\right)}{d^2}$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/d^2*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*
c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*
b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-
2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d
)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*1
n((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c
/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))-4*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2
)*d^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/
d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 437 vs.  $2(134) = 268$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 900, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
[1/2*(3*(a*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a^2*b*c*d^3*x + a^2*b*c^2*d^2)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(2*a*b^2*c^4*d + a^2*b*c^2*d^3 - a^3*d^5 + (b^3*c^4*d - a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^2*b*d^5)*x^2 + (b^3*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 + a^2*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^3*c^7 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^4*b*c^3*d^4 + a^5*c*d^6 + (a*b^4*c^6*d + 3*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^5 + a^4*b*d^7)*x^3 + (a*b^4*c^7 + 3*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^4 + a^4*b*c*d^6)*x^2 + (a^2*b^3*c^6*d + 3*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^4*b*c^2*d^5 + a^5*d^7)*x), -(3*(a*b^2*c*d^3*x^3 + a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2 + a^2*b*c*d^3*x + a^2*b*c^2*d^2)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2)) - (2*a*b^2*c^4*d + a^2*b*c^2*d^3 - a^3*d^5 + (b^3*c^4*d - a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^2*b*d^5)*x^2 + (b^3*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 + a^2*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^3*c^7 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^4*b*c^3*d^4 + a^5*c*d^6 + (a*b^4*c^6*d + 3*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^5 + a^4*b*d^7)*x^3 + (a*b^4*c^7 + 3*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^4 + a^4*b*c*d^6)*x^2 + (a^2*b^3*c^6*d + 3*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^4*b*c^2*d^5 + a^5*d^7)*x)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)**2), x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 284 vs.  $2(134) = 268$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3b^2c^2x}{\sqrt{bx^2+aab^2c^4} + 2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2d^2} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^4}} + \frac{3bc}{\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2c^4}}{d} + 2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2d} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d^3}} - \frac{2bx}{\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d^2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+abc^2x} + \sqrt{bx^2+aad^2x} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+abc^3}}{d} + \sqrt{bx^2+aacd}} + \frac{3bc \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{5/2} d^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*b^2*c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^4) + 3*b*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4/d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^3) - 2*b*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^2) - 1/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^2*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*d^2*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^3/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*c*d) + 3*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d^3)`

**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 720, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} \log(\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{ad^2 + bc^2} - ad + bcx) a^2 b c^2 d^2 + 3\sqrt{ad^2 + b}}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)**2*b*c**2*d**2 + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*s
qrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)**2*b*c*d**3*x + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)**2*c**2*
d**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2) - a*d + b*c*x)**2*c*d**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d
*x)**2*b*c**2*d**2 - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)**2*b*c*d**3*
x - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)**2*c*d**3*x**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)**3*d**
5 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)**2*b*c**2*d**3 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)**2*b*c*d**4*x -
2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)**2*b*d**5*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)**2*c**4*d +
2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)**2*c**3*d**2*x - sqrt(a + b*x**2)**2*c**2*d**3*
x**2 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)**3*c**5*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)**3*c**4*d*x**2)/(
a*(a**4*c*d**6 + a**4*d**7*x + 3*a**3*b*c**3*d**4 + 3*a**3*b*c**2*d**5*x +
a**3*b*c*d**6*x**2 + a**3*b*d**7*x**3 + 3*a**2*b**2*c**5*d**2 + 3*a**2*b*
**2*c**4*d**3*x + 3*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**4*x**2 + 3*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**5*x**3 +
a*b**3*c**7 + a*b**3*c**6*d*x + 3*a*b**3*c**5*d**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**3*c**4*d
**3*x**3 + b**4*c**7*x**2 + b**4*c**6*d*x**3))
```

**3.283**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2408
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2409
Rubi [A] (verified)	2409
Maple [B] (verified)	2413
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2414
Sympy [F]	2415
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2415
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2416
Mupad [F(-1)]	2417
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2417

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{d}{2(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{5bcd}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{b(3ad(4bc^2-ad^2)+bc(2bc^2-13ad^2)x)}{2a(bc^2+ad^2)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{3bd^2(4bc^2-ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-5/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/2*b*(3*a*d*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2)+b*c*(-13*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*x)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-3/2*b*d^2*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{-a^3 d^5 + 2b^3 c^3 x (c+dx)^2 - a^2 b d^3 (10c^2 + 11cdx + 3d^2 x^2) + ab^2 cd (6c^3 + a(bc^2 + ad^2)^3 (c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a(bc^2 + ad^2)^3 (c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3bd^2(4bc^2 - ad^2) \log(c+dx)}{(bc^2 + ad^2)^{7/2}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3bd^2(-4bc^2 + ad^2) \log(ad - bcx + \sqrt{bc^2 + ad^2} \sqrt{a+bx^2})}{(bc^2 + ad^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((-(a^3*d^5) + 2*b^3*c^3*x*(c + d*x)^2 - a^2*b*d^3*(10*c^2 + 11*c*d*x + 3*d^2*x^2) + a*b^2*c*d*(6*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x - 14*c*d^2*x^2 - 13*d^3*x^3))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + (3*b*d^2*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(7/2) + (3*b*d^2*(-4*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[a*d - b*c*x + Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(7/2))/2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 27, 688, 25, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (c+dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 496

$$\frac{ad+bcx}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(3ad+2bcx)}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{d(3ad+2bcx)}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{ad+bcx}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{d \int \frac{3ad+2bcx}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{ad+bcx}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 688 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2-3ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{b(10acd+(2bc^2-3ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{ad+bcx}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(10acd+(2bc^2-3ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2-3ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{ad+bcx}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{b \int \frac{10acd+(2bc^2-3ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2-3ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{ad+bcx}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 679 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{3ad(4bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} + \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2-13ad^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2-3ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{ad+bcx}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 488
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2-13ad^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{3ad(4bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2+bc^2} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2-3ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) + \\
 & \frac{a(ad^2+bc^2)}{ad+bcx} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}{219} \\
 & d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2-13ad^2)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{3ad(4bc^2-ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(2bc^2-3ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) + \\
 & \frac{a(ad^2+bc^2)}{ad+bcx} \\
 & \frac{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(a*d + b*c*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + (d*(((2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (b*((c*(2*b*c^2 - 13*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)) - (3*a*d*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`



rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 488  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_ ) + (d_ \cdot x_ ) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a_ ) + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\}$

rule 496  $\text{Int}(((c_ ) + (d_ \cdot x_ )^{n_}) \cdot ((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(a \cdot d + b \cdot c \cdot x) \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}/(2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c^2 \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3) + a \cdot d^2 \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 3) + b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 4) \cdot x, x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 679  $\text{Int}(((d_ ) + (e_ \cdot x_ )^m) \cdot ((f_ ) + (g_ \cdot x_ ) \cdot ((a_ ) + (c_ \cdot x_ )^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(e \cdot f - d \cdot g) \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1}/(2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(c \cdot d \cdot f + a \cdot e \cdot g)/(c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2 \cdot p + 3], 0]$

rule 688  $\text{Int}(((d_ ) + (e_ \cdot x_ )^m) \cdot ((f_ ) + (g_ \cdot x_ ) \cdot ((a_ ) + (c_ \cdot x_ )^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e \cdot f - d \cdot g) \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1}/((m+1) \cdot (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1) \cdot (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2)) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[(c \cdot d \cdot f + a \cdot e \cdot g) \cdot (m+1) - c \cdot (e \cdot f - d \cdot g) \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 3) \cdot x, x], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2 \cdot m, 2 \cdot p])$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 932 vs. 2(195) = 390.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 933, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.34

method	result
default	$-\frac{d^2}{2(a d^2+b c^2)\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2} \sqrt{b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2-\frac{2bc\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{d}+\frac{a d^2+b c^2}{d^2}} + \frac{5bcd}{(a d^2+b c^2)\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right) \sqrt{b\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2-\frac{2bc\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)}{d}+\frac{a d^2+b c^2}{d^2}}} + \frac{3bcd}{\left(a d^2+b c^2\right)^{3/2}}$

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d^3*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+5/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))-4*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))-3/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 766 vs.  $2(196) = 392$ .

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1558, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/4*(3*(4*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 - a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + (4*a*b^3*c^2*d^4 - a^2*b^2*d^6)*x^4 + 2*(4*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 + (4*a*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^3*b*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(4*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 - a^3*b*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(6*a*b^3*c^6*d - 4*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^3 - 11*a^3*b*c^2*d^5 - a^4*d^7 + (2*b^4*c^5*d^2 - 11*a*b^3*c^3*d^4 - 13*a^2*b^2*c*d^6)*x^3 + (4*b^4*c^6*d - 10*a*b^3*c^4*d^3 - 17*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 3*a^3*b*d^7)*x^2 + (2*b^4*c^7 + 8*a*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 5*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^4 - 11*a^3*b*c*d^6)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^4*c^10 + 4*a^3*b^3*c^8*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^2*c^6*d^4 + 4*a^5*b*c^4*d^6 + a^6*c^2*d^8 + (a*b^5*c^8*d^2 + 4*a^2*b^4*c^6*d^4 + 6*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^6 + 4*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^8 + a^5*b*d^10)*x^4 + 2*(a*b^5*c^9*d + 4*a^2*b^4*c^7*d^3 + 6*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^5 + 4*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^7 + a^5*b*c*d^9)*x^3 + (a*b^5*c^10 + 5*a^2*b^4*c^8*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^3*c^6*d^4 + 10*a^4*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 5*a^5*b*c^2*d^8 + a^6*d^10)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b^4*c^9*d + 4*a^3*b^3*c^7*d^3 + 6*a^4*b^2*c^5*d^5 + 4*a^5*b*c^3*d^7 + a^6*c*d^9)*x), -1/2*(3*(4*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 - a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + (4*a*b^3*c^2*d^4 - a^2*b^2*d^6)*x^4 + 2*(4*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 - a^2*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 + (4*a*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a^3*b*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(4*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 - a^3*b*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arc tan(sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (c+dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)**3), x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 630 vs. 2(196) = 392.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 630, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{15b^3c^3x}{2(\sqrt{bx^2+aab^3c^6} + 3\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2b^2c^4d^2} + 3\sqrt{bx^2+aa^3bc^2d^4} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^4d^6})} \\ & + \frac{15b^2c^2}{2\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^3c^6}}{d} + 3\sqrt{bx^2+aab^2c^4d} + 3\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2d^3} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^5}\right)} \\ & - \frac{13b^2cx}{2(\sqrt{bx^2+aab^2c^4} + 2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2d^2} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^4})} \\ & - \frac{5bc}{2\left(\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2c^4}x + 2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2d^2}x + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d^4}x + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2c^5}}{d} + 2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^3d} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d^5}\right)} \\ & - \frac{3b}{2\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2c^4}}{d} + 2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2d} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d^3}\right)} \\ & - \frac{1}{2\left(\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2d^2}x^2 + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d^3}x^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^3}x + 2\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2cd^2}x + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+aa^2c^4}}{d} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d^5}\right)} \\ & + \frac{15b^2c^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{7}{2}}d^5} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|}\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

15/2*b^3*c^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4*
d^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^6) + 15/2*b^
2*c^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^6/d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4*d + 3*sqrt(
b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^5) - 13/2*b^2*c*x/(sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^
3*d^4) - 5/2*b*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d^
2*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^4*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^5/d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*a*b*c^3*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*c*d^3) - 3/2*b/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*
c^4/d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^3) - 1/2/(sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^2*d*x^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*d^3*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*
c^3*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*c*d^2*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b*c^4/d + sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*a*c^2*d) + 15/2*b^2*c^2*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d
/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(7/2)*d^5) - 3/2*b*arcsinh(b*c
*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^
2)^(5/2)*d^3)

```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 680 vs.  $2(196) = 392$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 680, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(b^6 c^9 - 6 a^2 b^4 c^5 d^4 - 8 a^3 b^3 c^3 d^6 - 3 a^4 b^2 c d^8) x}{ab^6 c^{12} + 6 a^2 b^5 c^{10} d^2 + 15 a^3 b^4 c^8 d^4 + 20 a^4 b^3 c^6 d^6 + 15 a^5 b^2 c^4 d^8 + 6 a^6 b c^2 d^{10} + a^7 d^{12}} + \frac{3(4 b^2 c^2 d^2 - a b d^4) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a})d + \sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{6\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^3 b^2 c^2 d^3 - \left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^3 a b d^5 + 14\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)^2 b^{\frac{5}{2}} c^3 d^2 - 7\left(\sqrt{bx} - \sqrt{bx^2 + a}\right)}{(b^3 c^6 + 3 a b^2 c^4 d^2 + 3 a^2 b c^2 d^4 + a^3 d^6) \sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
((b^6*c^9 - 6*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^4 - 8*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^6 - 3*a^4*b^2*c*d^8)*x/(a*
b^6*c^12 + 6*a^2*b^5*c^10*d^2 + 15*a^3*b^4*c^8*d^4 + 20*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^6 +
15*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^8 + 6*a^6*b*c^2*d^10 + a^7*d^12) + (3*a*b^5*c^8*d + 8*a^2
*b^4*c^6*d^3 + 6*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^5 - a^5*b*d^9)/(a*b^6*c^12 + 6*a^2*b^5*c^10
*d^2 + 15*a^3*b^4*c^8*d^4 + 20*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^6 + 15*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^8 + 6*a^
6*b*c^2*d^10 + a^7*d^12))/sqrt(b*x^2 + a) + 3*(4*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a*b*d^4)*ar
ctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/
((b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d
^2)) - (6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 - (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(
b*x^2 + a))^3*a*b*d^5 + 14*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*b^(5/2)*c^3*d^2
- 7*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a*b^(3/2)*c*d^4 - 22*(sqrt(b)*x - sqr
t(b*x^2 + a))*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - (sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^2*b*d^5 + 7*
a^2*b^(3/2)*c*d^4)/((b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3*d^6
)*((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*d + 2*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqr
t(b)*c - a*d)^2)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^3), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1666, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```

(3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a
*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b*c**2*d**4 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b*c*d**5*x + 3*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**
3*b*d**6*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d*
**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**4*d**2 - 24*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c*
**3*d**3*x - 9*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*
log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d
**5*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(
- sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**4*d**2*x
**2 - 24*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**
2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( -
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**
4 - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b*c**2*d**4 - 6*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b*c*d**5*x - 3*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d
*x)*a**3*b*d**6*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**
4*d**2 + 24*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**3*x + ...

```

**3.284**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2419
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2420
Rubi [A] (verified)	2420
Maple [B] (verified)	2424
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2425
Sympy [F]	2426
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2427
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2428
Mupad [F(-1)]	2429
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2429

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 283

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{d}{3(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{7bcd}{6(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{bd(27bc^2-8ad^2)}{6(bc^2+ad^2)^3(c+dx)\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{b^2(15acd(4bc^2-3ad^2)+(6b^2c^4-83abc^2d^2+16a^2d^4)x)}{6a(bc^2+ad^2)^4\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{5b^2cd^2(4bc^2-3ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-7/6*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/6*b*d*(-8*a*d^2+27*b*c^2)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/6*b^2*(15*a*c*d*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)+(16*a^2*d^4-83*a*b*c^2*d^2+6*b^2*c^4)*x)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-5/2*b^2*c*d^2*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(9/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} \left( -\frac{2d^3(bc^2+ad^2)^2}{(c+dx)^3} - \frac{11bcd^3(bc^2+ad^2)}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{bd^3(-47bc^2+10ad^2)}{c+dx} + \frac{6b^2(b^2c^4x+2ad^2c^2)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^4} \right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^4} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{15b^2cd^2(4bc^2-3ad^2)\log(c+dx)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{9/2}} - \frac{15b^2cd^2(4bc^2-3ad^2)\log(ad-bcx+\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2})}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{9/2}} \right)$$

input

Integrate[1/((c+d\*x)^4\*(a+b\*x^2)^(3/2)),x]

output

```
((Sqrt[a+b*x^2]*((-2*d^3*(b*c^2+a*d^2)^2)/(c+d*x)^3 - (11*b*c*d^3*(b*c^2+a*d^2))/(c+d*x)^2 + (b*d^3*(-47*b*c^2+10*a*d^2))/(c+d*x) + (6*b^2*(b^2*c^4*x+2*a*b*c^2*d*(2*c-3*d*x)+a^2*d^3*(-4*c+d*x))/(a*(a+b*x^2)))))/(b*c^2+a*d^2)^4 + (15*b^2*c*d^2*(4*b*c^2-3*a*d^2)*Log[c+d*x])/(b*c^2+a*d^2)^(9/2) - (15*b^2*c*d^2*(4*b*c^2-3*a*d^2)*Log[a*d-b*c*x+Sqrt[b*c^2+a*d^2]*Sqrt[a+b*x^2]])/(b*c^2+a*d^2)^(9/2))/6
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 27, 688, 25, 27, 688, 25, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (c+dx)^4} dx$$

↓ 496

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(4ad+3bcx)}{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{d(4ad+3bcx)}{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{d \int \frac{4ad+3bcx}{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 688 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3bc^2-4ad^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{b(21acd+2(3bc^2-4ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{\int \frac{b(21acd+2(3bc^2-4ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3bc^2-4ad^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{b \int \frac{21acd+2(3bc^2-4ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3bc^2-4ad^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 688 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(6bc^2-29ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2ad(27bc^2-8ad^2)+bc(6bc^2-29ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3bc^2-4ad^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{ad + bcx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \int \frac{2ad(27bc^2 - 8ad^2) + bc(6bc^2 - 29ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(6bc^2 - 29ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3bc^2 - 4ad^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx}$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)}{}$$

679

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{15abcd(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \sqrt{a+bx^2}(16a^2d^4 - 83abc^2d^2 + 6b^2c^4)}{ad^2+bc^2} + \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(6bc^2 - 29ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3bc^2 - 4ad^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx}$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)}{}$$

488

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(16a^2d^4 - 83abc^2d^2 + 6b^2c^4)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{15abcd(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2+bc^2} + \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(6bc^2 - 29ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3bc^2 - 4ad^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx}$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^3(ad^2 + bc^2)}{}$$

219

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(16a^2d^4-83abc^2d^2+6b^2c^4)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{15abcd(4bc^2-3ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(6bc^2-29ad^2)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{3(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(3bc^2-4ad^2)}{3(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{a(ad^2+bc^2)}{ad+bcx} \frac{1}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^3(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^4*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(a*d + b*c*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + (d*(((3*b*c^2 - 4*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(3*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^3) + (b*(((c*(6*b*c^2 - 29*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (((6*b^2*c^4 - 83*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 16*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)) - (15*a*b*c*d*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))))/(3*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[  
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[  
{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 496 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
(-(a*d + b*c*x))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2  
+ a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a  
+ b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2  
*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuad  
raticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 679 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)  
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)  
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,  
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 688 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(  
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +  
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m  
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]  
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1550 vs.  $2(259) = 518$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1551, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.48

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1551

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/d^4*(-1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^3/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+7/3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d
)^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+5/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2
+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-
2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d
)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c
/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)
*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x
+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))-4*b/(a*d^2+b*c
^2)*d^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+
c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))-3/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(
1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+
2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c
^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c
^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+
2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2
)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))))-4/3*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)/
(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+3*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2
)*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1100 vs.  $2(260) = 520$ .

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2226, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/12*(15*(4*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^2 - 3*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^4 + (4*a*b^4*c^3*d^5 - 3*a
^2*b^3*c*d^7)*x^5 + 3*(4*a*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 3*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^6)*x^4 + (12*a*b^
4*c^5*d^3 - 5*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^5 - 3*a^3*b^2*c*d^7)*x^3 + (4*a*b^4*c^6*d^2 +
9*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^4 - 9*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6)*x^2 + 3*(4*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^3 - 3*a^3*
b^2*c^3*d^5)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2
- (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*
x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(24*a*b^4*c^8*d - 60*a^2*b^3*c^6*
d^3 - 89*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^5 - 7*a^4*b*c^2*d^7 - 2*a^5*d^9 + (6*b^5*c^6*d^3 -
77*a*b^4*c^4*d^5 - 67*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^7 + 16*a^3*b^2*d^9)*x^4 + 3*(6*b^5*c^7
*d^2 - 57*a*b^4*c^5*d^4 - 62*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^6 + a^3*b^2*c*d^8)*x^3 + 2*(9*b
^5*c^8*d - 39*a*b^4*c^6*d^3 - 101*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^5 - 49*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^7 + 4
*a^4*b*d^9)*x^2 + 3*(2*b^5*c^9 + 14*a*b^4*c^7*d^2 - 45*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^4 - 5
4*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^6 + 3*a^4*b*c*d^8)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^5*c^13 + 5*a
^3*b^4*c^11*d^2 + 10*a^4*b^3*c^9*d^4 + 10*a^5*b^2*c^7*d^6 + 5*a^6*b*c^5*d^
8 + a^7*c^3*d^10 + (a*b^6*c^10*d^3 + 5*a^2*b^5*c^8*d^5 + 10*a^3*b^4*c^6*d^
7 + 10*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^9 + 5*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^11 + a^6*b*d^13)*x^5 + 3*(a*b^6*c
^11*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^5*c^9*d^4 + 10*a^3*b^4*c^7*d^6 + 10*a^4*b^3*c^5*d^8 + 5*
a^5*b^2*c^3*d^10 + a^6*b*c*d^12)*x^4 + (3*a*b^6*c^12*d + 16*a^2*b^5*c^10*d
^3 + 35*a^3*b^4*c^8*d^5 + 40*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^7 + 25*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^9 + 8*a^6*
b*c^2*d^11 + a^7*d^13)*x^3 + (a*b^6*c^13 + 8*a^2*b^5*c^11*d^2 + 25*a^3*...

```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2} (c+dx)^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**4/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)**4), x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1179 vs.  $2(260) = 520$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1179, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
35/2*b^4*c^4*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^4*c^8 + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^3*c^6*
d^2 + 6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*b*c^2*d^6
+ sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^5*d^8) + 35/2*b^3*c^3/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^4*c^8/d + 4*s
qrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6*d + 6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 4*sqrt(b*
x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^5 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^7) - 115/6*b^3*c^2*x/(sqrt(
b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^6) - 35/6*b^2*c^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a
)*b^3*c^6*x + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4*d^2*x + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*
c^2*d^4*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^6*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^7/d + 3*sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^5*d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^3*d^3 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a
)*a^3*c*d^5) - 15/2*b^2*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^6/d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a
*b^2*c^4*d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^5) +
8/3*b^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + s
qrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^4) - 7/6*b*c/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4*d*x^2 + 2*sqrt(
b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^5*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*b^2*c^5*x + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^3*d^2*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*c*d
^4*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^6/d + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^4*d + sqrt(b*x^
2 + a)*a^2*c^2*d^3) + 4/3*b/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4*x + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a
)*a*b*c^2*d^2*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d^4*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^5/d + 2
*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^3*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*c*d^3) - 1/3/(sqrt(b*x...
```



**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1075 vs.  $2(260) = 520$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1075, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 (a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((b^8*c^12 - 2*a*b^7*c^10*d^2 - 17*a^2*b^6*c^8*d^4 - 28*a^3*b^5*c^6*d^6 -
17*a^4*b^4*c^4*d^8 - 2*a^5*b^3*c^2*d^10 + a^6*b^2*d^12)*x/(a*b^8*c^16 + 8*
a^2*b^7*c^14*d^2 + 28*a^3*b^6*c^12*d^4 + 56*a^4*b^5*c^10*d^6 + 70*a^5*b^4*
c^8*d^8 + 56*a^6*b^3*c^6*d^10 + 28*a^7*b^2*c^4*d^12 + 8*a^8*b*c^2*d^14 + a
^9*d^16) + 4*(a*b^7*c^11*d + 3*a^2*b^6*c^9*d^3 + 2*a^3*b^5*c^7*d^5 - 2*a^4
*b^4*c^5*d^7 - 3*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^9 - a^6*b^2*c*d^11)/(a*b^8*c^16 + 8*a^2*b^7
*c^14*d^2 + 28*a^3*b^6*c^12*d^4 + 56*a^4*b^5*c^10*d^6 + 70*a^5*b^4*c^8*d^8
+ 56*a^6*b^3*c^6*d^10 + 28*a^7*b^2*c^4*d^12 + 8*a^8*b*c^2*d^14 + a^9*d^16
))/sqrt(b*x^2 + a) + 5*(4*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*d^4)*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x
- sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^4*c^8 + 4*a*b
^3*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)*sqrt(-b*c^2 -
a*d^2)) - 1/3*(36*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*b^3*c^3*d^4 - 21*(sqrt(b
)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^5*a*b^2*c*d^6 + 162*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4
*b^(7/2)*c^4*d^3 - 117*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a*b^(5/2)*c^2*d^5 +
6*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^4*a^2*b^(3/2)*d^7 + 188*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt
(b*x^2 + a))^3*b^4*c^5*d^2 - 322*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a*b^3*c^3
*d^4 + 60*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^3*a^2*b^2*c*d^6 - 402*(sqrt(b)*x -
sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a*b^(7/2)*c^4*d^3 + 144*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2
*a^2*b^(5/2)*c^2*d^5 - 24*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))^2*a^3*b^(3/2)*d^7
+ 246*(sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^4 - 39*(sqrt(b)*x - ...
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (c + dx)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^4),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^4), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2350, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^4 (a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(45*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2*c**4*d**4 + 135*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2*c**3*d**5*x + 13
5*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*
d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**6*x**2 + 45*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2*c*d**7*x**3 -
60*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*
d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**6*d**2 - 180*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**5*d**3*x - 135
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**4*d**4*x**2 + 75*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(
a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3*d**5*x**3
+ 135*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
- a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**6*x**4 + 45*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( -
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**7*x**
5 - 60*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
- a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**4*c**6*d**2*x**2 - 180*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - s
qrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**4*c**5*d**3*x**3
- 180*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
- a*d + b*c*x)*a*b**4*c**4*d**4*x**4 - 60*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - ...
```

**3.285**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2431
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2432
Rubi [A] (verified)	2432
Maple [A] (verified)	2435
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2436
Sympy [F]	2437
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2437
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2438
Mupad [F(-1)]	2438
Reduce [F]	2439

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{ad(5b^2c^4 - 10abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4) - bc(b^2c^4 - 10abc^2d^2 + 5a^2d^4)x}{3ab^3(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(3a^2d^3(5bc^2 - ad^2) - bc(b^2c^4 + 5abc^2d^2 - 10a^2d^4)x)}{3a^2b^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{d^5\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{b^3} + \frac{5cd^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a*d*(a^2*d^4-10*a*b*c^2*d^2+5*b^2*c^4)-b*c*(5*a^2*d^4-10*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*x)/a/b^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(3*a^2*d^3*(-a*d^2+5*b*c^2)-b*c*(-10*a^2*d^4+5*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*x)/a^2/b^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+d^5*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^3+5*c*d^4*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8a^4d^5 + 2b^4c^5x^3 + ab^3c^3x(3c^2 + 10d^2x^2) + a^3bd^3(-20c^2 - 15cdx + 12d^2x^2) + a^2b^2d(-20c^2 - 15cdx + 12d^2x^2) + a^2b^2d^3(-20c^2 - 15cdx + 12d^2x^2) + a^2b^2d^5x^3}{3a^2b^3(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^5/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(8*a^4*d^5 + 2*b^4*c^5*x^3 + a*b^3*c^3*x*(3*c^2 + 10*d^2*x^2) + a^3*b*d^3*(-20*c^2 - 15*c*d*x + 12*d^2*x^2) + a^2*b^2*d*(-5*c^4 - 30*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 20*c*d^3*x^3 + 3*d^4*x^4) - 15*a^2*sqrt[b]*c*d^4*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*Log[-(sqrt[b]*x + sqrt[a + b*x^2])]/(3*a^2*b^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 684, 25, 27, 676, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 495

$$\frac{\int \frac{2(c+dx)^3(bc^2-bdxc+2ad^2)}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^4(ad - bcx)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{(c+dx)^3(bc^2-bdxc+2ad^2)}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^4(ad - bcx)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 684

$$2 \left( \frac{\int -\frac{d(c+dx)(ad(bc^2-4ad^2)+bc(2bc^2+7ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^3-bcx(3ad^2+bc^2))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)^4(ad-bcx)}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$2 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{d(c+dx)(ad(bc^2-4ad^2)+bc(2bc^2+7ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^3-bcx(3ad^2+bc^2))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) - \frac{3ab(c+dx)^4(ad-bcx)}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$2 \left( -\frac{d \int \frac{(c+dx)(ad(bc^2-4ad^2)+bc(2bc^2+7ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^3-bcx(3ad^2+bc^2))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) - \frac{3ab(c+dx)^4(ad-bcx)}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 676

$$2 \left( -\frac{d \left( -\frac{15}{2}a^2cd^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-2a^2d^4+4abc^2d^2+b^2c^4)}{b} + \frac{1}{2}cdx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(7ad^2+2bc^2) \right)}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^3-bcx(3ad^2+bc^2))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) - \frac{3ab(c+dx)^4(ad-bcx)}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 224

$$2 \left( -\frac{d \left( -\frac{15}{2}a^2cd^3 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-2a^2d^4+4abc^2d^2+b^2c^4)}{b} + \frac{1}{2}cdx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(7ad^2+2bc^2) \right)}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^3-bcx(3ad^2+bc^2))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right) - \frac{3ab(c+dx)^4(ad-bcx)}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 219

$$2 \left( \frac{d \left( -\frac{15a^2cd^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-2a^2d^4+4abc^2d^2+b^2c^4)}{b} + \frac{1}{2}cdx\sqrt{a+bx^2}(7ad^2+2bc^2) \right)}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)^2(2a^2d^3-bcx)(3ad^2+bc^2)}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(c+dx)^4(ad-bcx)^{3ab}}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^5/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/3*((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^4)/(a*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*(-(((c + d*x)^2*(2*a^2*d^3 - b*c*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*x))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) - (d*((2*(b^2*c^4 + 4*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/b + (c*d*(2*b*c^2 + 7*a*d^2)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/2 - (15*a^2*c*d^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/(a*b)))/(3*a*b)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 495 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] -
Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*
d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d,
n, p, x]
```

```
rule 676 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Sim
p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 684 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g
) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[
(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^
2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a
, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2]
&& EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
default	$c^5 \left( \frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) + d^5 \left( \frac{x^4}{b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4a \left( -\frac{x^2}{b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2a}{3b^2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{b} \right) + 5cd^4 \left( -\frac{x^3}{3b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{-ab}a^2d^5 - 10\sqrt{-ab}abc^2d^3 + 5\sqrt{-ab}b^2c^4d + 5a^2bcd^4 - 10ab^2c^3d^2 + b^3c^5)}{4ab^2} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{b(x - \frac{\sqrt{-ab}}{b})^2 + a}}{3\sqrt{-ab}} \right) \right)$
risch	$\frac{d^5\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^3} + \frac{5cd^4 \ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{\sqrt{b}}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```
c^5*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*x)+d^5*(x^4/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-4*a/b*(-x^2/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-2/3*a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)))+5*c*d^4*(-1/3*x^3/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/b*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))))+10*c^2*d^3*(-x^2/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-2/3*a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2))+10*c^3*d^2*(-1/2*x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/2*a/b*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*x))-5/3*c^4*d/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{15(a^2b^2cd^4x^4 + 2a^3bcd^4x^2 + a^4cd^4)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx-a}) + 2(3a^2b^2cd^5x^4 - 5a^2b^2c^4d - 20a^3bc^2d^3 + 8a^4d^5 + 2(b^4c^5 + 5a^3b^3c^3d^2 - 10a^2b^2c^4d)x^3 - 6(5a^2b^2c^2d^3 - 2a^3bd^5)x^2 + 3(a^3b^3c^5 - 5a^3b^3cd^4)x)\sqrt{b^2x^2+a}}{3(a^2b^5x^4 + 2a^3b^4x^2 + a^4b^3)} - \frac{15(a^2b^2cd^4x^4 + 2a^3bcd^4x^2 + a^4cd^4)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-bx}}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - (3a^2b^2d^5x^4 - 5a^2b^2c^4d - 20a^3bc^2d^3 + 8a^4d^5 + 2(b^4c^5 + 5a^3b^3c^3d^2 - 10a^2b^2c^4d)x^3 - 6(5a^2b^2c^2d^3 - 2a^3bd^5)x^2 + 3(a^3b^3c^5 - 5a^3b^3cd^4)x)\sqrt{b^2x^2+a}}{3(a^2b^5x^4 + 2a^3b^4x^2 + a^4b^3)}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(15*(a^2*b^2*c*d^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*b*c*d^4*x^2 + a^4*c*d^4)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) + 2*(3*a^2*b^2*d^5*x^4 - 5*a^2*b^2*c^4*d - 20*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 8*a^4*d^5 + 2*(b^4*c^5 + 5*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^2*b^2*c^4*d)*x^3 - 6*(5*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^3*b*d^5)*x^2 + 3*(a*b^3*c^5 - 5*a^3*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^4*x^2 + a^4*b^3), -1/3*(15*(a^2*b^2*c*d^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*b*c*d^4*x^2 + a^4*c*d^4)*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) - (3*a^2*b^2*d^5*x^4 - 5*a^2*b^2*c^4*d - 20*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 8*a^4*d^5 + 2*(b^4*c^5 + 5*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^2*b^2*c^4*d)*x^3 - 6*(5*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^3*b*d^5)*x^2 + 3*(a*b^3*c^5 - 5*a^3*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^4*x^2 + a^4*b^3)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**5/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**5/(a + b*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = & -\frac{5}{3} cd^4 x \left( \frac{3x^2}{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b} + \frac{2a}{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2} \right) \\ & + \frac{d^5 x^4}{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b} - \frac{10c^2 d^3 x^2}{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b} + \frac{4ad^5 x^2}{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2} + \frac{2c^5 x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2}} \\ & + \frac{c^5 x}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a} - \frac{10c^3 d^2 x}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b} + \frac{10c^3 d^2 x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + aab}} - \frac{5cd^4 x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2}} \\ & + \frac{5cd^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{5c^4 d}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b} - \frac{20ac^2 d^3}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2} + \frac{8a^2 d^5}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-5/3*c*d^4*x*(3*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 2*a/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2)) + d^5*x^4/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 10*c^2*d^3*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 4*a*d^5*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2) + 2/3*c^5*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2) + 1/3*c^5*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a) - 10/3*c^3*d^2*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 10/3*c^3*d^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b) - 5/3*c*d^4*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2) + 5*c*d^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) - 5/3*c^4*d/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 20/3*a*c^2*d^3/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2) + 8/3*a^2*d^5/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{5cd^4 \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2+a}\right|\right)}{b^{5/2}} + \frac{\left(\left(\left(\frac{3d^5x}{b} + \frac{2(b^6c^5+5ab^5c^3d^2-10a^2b^4cd^4)}{a^2b^5}\right)x - \frac{6(5a^2b^4c^2d^3-2a^3b^3d^5)}{a^2b^5}\right)x + \frac{3(ab^5c^5-5a^3b^3cd^4)}{a^2b^5}\right)x - \frac{5a^2b^4c^4d+20a^3b^3c^2d^3}{a^2b^5}}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-5*c*d^4*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2) + 1/3*(((3*d^5*x/b + 2*(b^6*c^5 + 5*a*b^5*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^2*b^4*c*d^4)/(a^2*b^5))*x - 6*(5*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^3*b^3*d^5)/(a^2*b^5))*x + 3*(a*b^5*c^5 - 5*a^3*b^3*c*d^4)/(a^2*b^5))*x - (5*a^2*b^4*c^4*d + 20*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 8*a^4*b^2*d^5)/(a^2*b^5)/(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^5}{(bx^2+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^5/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^5/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

Reduce **[F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^5}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^5}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^5/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

**3.286**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4acd(bc^2 - ad^2) - (b^2c^4 - 6abc^2d^2 + a^2d^4)x}{3ab^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(6a^2cd^3 - (b^2c^4 + 3abc^2d^2 - 2a^2d^4)x)}{3a^2b^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(4*a*c*d*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)-(a^2*d^4-6*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*x)/a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-2/3*(6*a^2*c*d^3-(-2*a^2*d^4+3*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*x)/a^2/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+d^4*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2b^3c^4x^3 - a^3d^3(8c + 3dx) + 3ab^2c^2x(c^2 + 2d^2x^2) - 4a^2bd(c^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + d^3x^3)}{3a^2b^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^4 \log\left(-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{a+bx^2}\right)}{b^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output  $(2*b^3*c^4*x^3 - a^3*d^3*(8*c + 3*d*x) + 3*a*b^2*c^2*x*(c^2 + 2*d^2*x^2) - 4*a^2*b*d*(c^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + d^3*x^3))/(3*a^2*b^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) - (d^4*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x) + \text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]])/b^(5/2)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {495, 684, 27, 455, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2(2bc^2-bdxc+3ad^2)}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(ad - bcx)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(3a^2d^3-bc(2bc^2+5ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(3ad^2+bc^2)-2bcx(2ad^2+bc^2))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(ad - bcx)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{3a^2d^3-bc(2bc^2+5ad^2)x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(3ad^2+bc^2)-2bcx(2ad^2+bc^2))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{(c + dx)^3(ad - bcx)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d\left(\frac{3a^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(5ad^2+2bc^2)}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(3ad^2+bc^2)-2bcx(2ad^2+bc^2))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\frac{3ab}{(c+dx)^3(ad-bcx)} \frac{1}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}} \xrightarrow{224}$$

$$\frac{d\left(\frac{3a^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^2}{bx^2+a}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(5ad^2+2bc^2)}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(3ad^2+bc^2)-2bcx(2ad^2+bc^2))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\frac{3ab}{(c+dx)^3(ad-bcx)} \frac{1}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}} \xrightarrow{219}$$

$$\frac{d\left(\frac{3a^2d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(5ad^2+2bc^2)\right)}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)(ad(3ad^2+bc^2)-2bcx(2ad^2+bc^2))}{ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\frac{3ab}{(c+dx)^3(ad-bcx)} \frac{1}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^4/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/3*((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^3)/(a*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-(((c + d*x)*(a*d*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2) - 2*b*c*(b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2)*x))/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) + (d*(-(c*(2*b*c^2 + 5*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + (3*a^2*d^3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/Sqrt[b]))/(a*b))/(3*a*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

method	result
default	$c^4 \left( \frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) + d^4 \left( -\frac{x^3}{3b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{-\frac{x}{b\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{bx^2+a})}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{b} \right) - \frac{4dc^3}{3b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + 6c^2$

input `int((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output

```
c^4*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*x)+d^4*(-1/3*x^3/b/(b
*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/b*(-x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/b^(3/2)*ln(b^(1/2)*x+(b*x^2+a)^(
1/2))))-4/3*d*c^3/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+6*c^2*d^2*(-1/2*x/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/
2*a/b*(1/3*x/a/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*x))+4*c*d^3*(-x^2/b
/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-2/3*a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{3(a^2b^2d^4x^4 + 2a^3bd^4x^2 + a^4d^4)\sqrt{b} \log(-2bx^2 - 2\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{bx} - a) - 2(12a^2b^2cd^3x^2 + 4a^2b^2c^3d + 8a^3bcd^3 - 2(b^4c^4 + 3(a^2b^5x^4 + 2a^3b^4x^2 + a^4b^3))}{6(a^2b^5x^4 + 2a^3b^4x^2 + a^4b^3)} + \frac{3(a^2b^2d^4x^4 + 2a^3bd^4x^2 + a^4d^4)\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}x}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) + (12a^2b^2cd^3x^2 + 4a^2b^2c^3d + 8a^3bcd^3 - 2(b^4c^4 + 3(a^2b^5x^4 + 2a^3b^4x^2 + a^4b^3))}{3(a^2b^5x^4 + 2a^3b^4x^2 + a^4b^3)}}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(3*(a^2*b^2*d^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*b*d^4*x^2 + a^4*d^4)*sqrt(b)*log(-2*b*x^2
- 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(b)*x - a) - 2*(12*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*x^2 + 4*a^2*b^2*
c^3*d + 8*a^3*b*c*d^3 - 2*(b^4*c^4 + 3*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^3
- 3*(a*b^3*c^4 - a^3*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^4*x
^2 + a^4*b^3), -1/3*(3*(a^2*b^2*d^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*b*d^4*x^2 + a^4*d^4)*sqrt(
-b)*arctan(sqrt(-b)*x/sqrt(b*x^2 + a)) + (12*a^2*b^2*c*d^3*x^2 + 4*a^2*b^2
*c^3*d + 8*a^3*b*c*d^3 - 2*(b^4*c^4 + 3*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^3
- 3*(a*b^3*c^4 - a^3*b*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^2*b^5*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^4*
x^2 + a^4*b^3)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**4/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**4/(a + b*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = & -\frac{1}{3} d^4 x \left( \frac{3x^2}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} b} + \frac{2a}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} b^2} \right) - \frac{4cd^3 x^2}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} b} \\ & + \frac{2c^4 x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2}} + \frac{c^4 x}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} a} - \frac{2c^2 d^2 x}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} b} + \frac{2c^2 d^2 x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + aab}} \\ & - \frac{d^4 x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + ab^2}} + \frac{d^4 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{b^{5/2}} - \frac{4c^3 d}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} b} - \frac{8acd^3}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} b^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*d^4*x*(3*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 2*a/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2)) - 4*c*d^3*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 2/3*c^4*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2) + 1/3*c^4*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a) - 2*c^2*d^2*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 2*c^2*d^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b) - 1/3*d^4*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2) + d^4*arcsinh(b*x/sqrt(a*b))/b^(5/2) - 4/3*c^3*d/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 8/3*a*c*d^3/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{d^4 \log\left(\left|-\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{bx^2+a}\right|\right)}{b^{5/2}} - \frac{\left(2\left(\frac{6cd^3}{b} - \frac{(b^5c^4+3ab^4c^2d^2-2a^2b^3d^4)x}{a^2b^4}\right)x - \frac{3(ab^4c^4-a^3b^2d^4)}{a^2b^4}\right)x + \frac{4(a^2b^3c^3d+2a^3b^2cd^3)}{a^2b^4}}{3(bx^2+a)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-d^4*log(abs(-sqrt(b)*x + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)))/b^(5/2) - 1/3*((2*(6*c*d^3/b - (b^5*c^4 + 3*a*b^4*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^3*d^4)*x/(a^2*b^4))*x - 3*(a*b^4*c^4 - a^3*b^2*d^4)/(a^2*b^4))*x + 4*(a^2*b^3*c^3*d + 2*a^3*b^2*c*d^3)/(a^2*b^4))/(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c+dx)^4}{(bx^2+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^4/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^4/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 377, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^4}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 b c d^3 - 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^3 b d^4 x - 4\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b^2 c^3 d - 12\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b^2 c^4 x}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*c*d**3 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b*d**4*x -
4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d - 12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3
*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**2*d**4*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3
*c**4*x + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*
*4*c**4*x**3 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**4*
d**4 + 6*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**3*b*d**4*x
**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(a))*a**2*b**2*d**4
*x**4 + 6*sqrt(b)*a**3*b*c**2*d**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*a**2*b**2*c**4 + 12*sqrt(b)
*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(b)*a*b**3*c**4*x**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*a*b**3*
c**2*d**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**4*c**4*x**4)/(3*a**2*b**3*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**2
+ b**2*x**4))
```

**3.287**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2448
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2448
Rubi [A] (verified)	2449
Maple [A] (verified)	2450
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2450
Sympy [F]	2451
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2451
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2451
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2452
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2452

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{ad(3bc^2-ad^2)-bc(bc^2-3ad^2)x}{3ab^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3a^2d^3-bc(2bc^2+3ad^2)x}{3a^2b^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

output `-1/3*(a*d*(-a*d^2+3*b*c^2)-b*c*(-3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*x)/a/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/3*(3*a^2*d^3-b*c*(3*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*x)/a^2/b^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2a^3d^3+2b^3c^3x^3-3a^2bd(c^2+d^2x^2)+3ab^2cx(c^2+d^2x^2)}{3a^2b^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^3*d^3 + 2*b^3*c^3*x^3 - 3*a^2*b*d*(c^2 + d^2*x^2) + 3*a*b^2*c*x*(c^2 + d^2*x^2))/(3*a^2*b^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {487, 453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 487$$

$$\frac{2(ad^2 + bc^2) \int \frac{c+dx}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(ad - bcx)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 453$$

$$-\frac{2(ad^2 + bc^2)(ad - bcx)}{3a^2b^2\sqrt{a + bx^2}} - \frac{(c + dx)^2(ad - bcx)}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/3*((a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(a*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) - (2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(a*d - b*c*x))/(3*a^2*b^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 487 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)*((b*c^2 + a*d^2)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
gospers	$-\frac{-3ab^2cd^2x^3-2b^3c^3x^3+3a^2bd^3x^2-3ab^2c^3x+2a^3d^3+3a^2bc^2d}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2}$
trager	$-\frac{-3ab^2cd^2x^3-2b^3c^3x^3+3a^2bd^3x^2-3ab^2c^3x+2a^3d^3+3a^2bc^2d}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2}$
orering	$-\frac{-3ab^2cd^2x^3-2b^3c^3x^3+3a^2bd^3x^2-3ab^2c^3x+2a^3d^3+3a^2bc^2d}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2}$
default	$c^3 \left( \frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} \right) + d^3 \left( -\frac{x^2}{b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2a}{3b^2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) + 3cd^2 \left( -\frac{x}{2b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{a \left( \frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*(-3*a*b^2*c*d^2*x^3-2*b^3*c^3*x^3+3*a^2*b*d^3*x^2-3*a*b^2*c^3*x+2*a^3*d^3+3*a^2*b*c^2*d)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/a^2/b^2`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(3a^2bd^3x^2-3ab^2c^3x+3a^2bc^2d+2a^3d^3-(2b^3c^3+3ab^2cd^2)x^3)\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{3(a^2b^4x^4+2a^3b^3x^2+a^4b^2)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(3*a^2*b*d^3*x^2-3*a*b^2*c^3*x+3*a^2*b*c^2*d+2*a^3*d^3-(2*b^3*c^3+3*a*b^2*c*d^2)*x^3)*sqrt(b*x^2+a)/(a^2*b^4*x^4+2*a^3*b^3*x^2+a^4*b^2)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**3/(a + b*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{d^3 x^2}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} b} + \frac{2c^3 x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2} + \frac{c^3 x}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} a}$$

$$-\frac{cd^2 x}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} b} + \frac{cd^2 x}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} ab} - \frac{c^2 d}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} b} - \frac{2ad^3}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2} b^2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-d^3*x^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 2/3*c^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2) + 1/3*c^3*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a) - c*d^2*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + c*d^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b) - c^2*d/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) - 2/3*a*d^3/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{3c^3}{a} - \left(\frac{3d^3}{b} - \frac{(2b^3c^3 + 3ab^2cd^2)x}{a^2b^2}\right)x\right)x - \frac{3a^2bc^2d + 2a^3d^3}{a^2b^2}}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`



output

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3c^3/a - (3d^3/b - (2b^3c^3 + 3ab^2cd^2)x/(a^2b^2))x}{(3a^2b^2cd + 2a^3d^3)/(a^2b^2)} \right) / (bx^2 + a)^{3/2}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2a^3d^3 + 3a^2bc^2d + 3a^2bd^3x^2 - 3ab^2c^3x - 3ab^2cd^2x^3 - 2b^3c^3x^3}{3a^2b^2(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{int}((c + d*x)^3/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x)$$

output

$$\frac{-(2a^3d^3 - 2b^3c^3x^3 + 3a^2bd^3x^2 + 3a^2b^2cd - 3ab^2c^3x - 3ab^2cd^2x^3)/(3a^2b^2(a + b*x^2)^{3/2})}{3a^2b^2(a + b*x^2)^{3/2}}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^3d^3 - 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2bc^2d - 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2bd^3x^2 + 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}ab^2c^3x + 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^3c^3x^3}{3a^2b^2(a + b*x^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x)$$

output

$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{a + b*x**2}*a**3*d**3 - 3\sqrt{a + b*x**2}*a**2*b*c**2*d - 3\sqrt{a + b*x**2}*a**2*b*d**3*x**2 + 3\sqrt{a + b*x**2}*a*b**2*c**3*x + 3\sqrt{a + b*x**2}*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + 2\sqrt{a + b*x**2}*b**3*c**3*x**3 + 3\sqrt{b}*a**3*c*d**2 - 2\sqrt{b}*a**2*b*c**3 + 6\sqrt{b}*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 4\sqrt{b}*a*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 3\sqrt{b}*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 - 2\sqrt{b}*b**3*c**3*x**4)/(3*a**2*b**2*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*x**4))}{3a^2b^2(a + b*x^2)^{3/2}}$$

**3.288**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2453
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2453
Rubi [A] (verified)	2454
Maple [A] (verified)	2455
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2455
Sympy [F]	2456
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2456
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2456
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2457
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2457

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2acd - (bc^2 - ad^2)x}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(2bc^2 + ad^2)x}{3a^2b\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

output `-1/3*(2*a*c*d-(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*x)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/3*(a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*x/a^2/b/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2a^2cd + 3abc^2x + 2b^2c^2x^3 + abd^2x^3}{3a^2b(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-2*a^2*c*d + 3*a*b*c^2*x + 2*b^2*c^2*x^3 + a*b*d^2*x^3)/(3*a^2*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {490, 453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 490

$$\frac{2c \int \frac{c+dx}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{x(c+dx)^2}{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 453

$$\frac{x(c+dx)^2}{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2c(ad-bcx)}{3a^2b\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x*(c + d*x)^2)/(3*a*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) - (2*c*(a*d - b*c*x))/(3*a^2*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 490 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(n/(2*a*(p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{-d^2 x^3 ab - 2b^2 c^2 x^3 - 3ab c^2 x + 2a^2 cd}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 b}$	55
trager	$-\frac{-d^2 x^3 ab - 2b^2 c^2 x^3 - 3ab c^2 x + 2a^2 cd}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 b}$	55
orering	$-\frac{-d^2 x^3 ab - 2b^2 c^2 x^3 - 3ab c^2 x + 2a^2 cd}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 b}$	55
default	$c^2 \left( \frac{x}{3a(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2 \sqrt{bx^2 + a}} \right) + d^2 \left( -\frac{x}{2b(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{a \left( \frac{x}{3a(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2 \sqrt{bx^2 + a}} \right)}{2b} \right) - \frac{2cd}{3b(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	110

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/3*(-a*b*d^2*x^3-2*b^2*c^2*x^3-3*a*b*c^2*x+2*a^2*c*d)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/a^2/b$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(3abc^2x - 2a^2cd + (2b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^3)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{3(a^2b^3x^4 + 2a^3b^2x^2 + a^4b)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/3*(3*a*b*c^2*x - 2*a^2*c*d + (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^3)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a^2*b^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^2*x^2 + a^4*b)$$

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**2/(a + b*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2c^2x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2}} + \frac{c^2x}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a}$$

$$- \frac{d^2x}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b} + \frac{d^2x}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + aab}} - \frac{2cd}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2) + 1/3*c^2*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a) - 1/3*d^2*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b) + 1/3*d^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b) - 2/3*c*d/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{3c^2}{a} + \frac{(2b^2c^2 + abd^2)x^2}{a^2b}\right)x - \frac{2cd}{b}}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3c^2/a + (2b^2c^2 + a^2bd^2)x^2/(a^2b)}{bx^2 + a} - \frac{2cd}{b} \right) (bx^2 + a)^{3/2}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a d^2 x (bx^2 + a) - 2 a^2 c d - a^2 d^2 x + 2 b c^2 x (bx^2 + a) + a b c^2 x}{3 a^2 b (bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{int}((c + d*x)^2/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x)$$

output

$$\frac{(a*d^2*x*(a + b*x^2) - 2*a^2*c*d - a^2*d^2*x + 2*b*c^2*x*(a + b*x^2) + a*b*c^2*x)/(3*a^2*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 b c d + 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^2 c^2 x + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} a b^2 d^2 x^3 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a} b^3 c^2 x^3 + \dots}{3a^2 b^2 (b^2 x^4 + 2a b x^2 + a^2)}$$

input

$$\text{int}((d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x)$$

output

$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{a + b*x**2} * a**2 * b * c * d + 3\sqrt{a + b*x**2} * a * b**2 * c**2 * x + \sqrt{a + b*x**2} * a * b**2 * d**2 * x**3 + 2\sqrt{a + b*x**2} * b**3 * c**2 * x**3 + \sqrt{b} * a**3 * d**2 - 2\sqrt{b} * a**2 * b * c**2 + 2\sqrt{b} * a**2 * b * d**2 * x**2 - 4\sqrt{b} * (b) * a * b**2 * c**2 * x**2 + \sqrt{b} * a * b**2 * d**2 * x**4 - 2\sqrt{b} * b**3 * c**2 * x**4)}{(3 * a**2 * b**2 * (a**2 + 2 * a * b * x**2 + b**2 * x**4))}$$

$$3.289 \quad \int \frac{c+dx}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2458
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2458
Rubi [A] (verified)	2459
Maple [A] (verified)	2460
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2460
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2461
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2461
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2462
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2462
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2462

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-ad+bcx}{3ab(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2cx}{3a^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

output `1/3*(b*c*x-a*d)/a/b/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+2/3*c*x/a^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{c+dx}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-a^2d+3abcx+2b^2cx^3}{3a^2b(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c+d*x)/(a+b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `(-(a^2*d) + 3*a*b*c*x + 2*b^2*c*x^3)/(3*a^2*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {454, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 454$$

$$\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} - \frac{ad - bcx}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 208$$

$$\frac{2cx}{3a^2\sqrt{a + bx^2}} - \frac{ad - bcx}{3ab(a + bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `-1/3*(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (2*c*x)/(3*a^2*sqrt[a + b*x^2])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 208 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[x/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 454 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{-2b^2cx^3-3abcx+a^2d}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$	39
trager	$-\frac{-2b^2cx^3-3abcx+a^2d}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$	39
orering	$-\frac{-2b^2cx^3-3abcx+a^2d}{3(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b}$	39
default	$c\left(\frac{x}{3a(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2x}{3a^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}}\right) - \frac{d}{3b(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	50

input `int((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*(-2*b^2*c*x^3-3*a*b*c*x+a^2*d)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/a^2/b`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(2b^2cx^3 + 3abcx - a^2d)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{3(a^2b^3x^4 + 2a^3b^2x^2 + a^4b)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*b^2*c*x^3 + 3*a*b*c*x - a^2*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a^2*b^3*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^2*x^2 + a^4*b)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs.  $2(44) = 88$ .

Time = 3.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = c \left( \frac{3ax}{3a^{7/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}} + 3a^{5/2} bx^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}}} + \frac{2bx^3}{3a^{7/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}} + 3a^{5/2} bx^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}}} \right) + d \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{3ab\sqrt{a+bx^2}+3b^2x^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^{5/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `c*(3*a*x/(3*a**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a) + 3*a**(5/2)*b*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a)) + 2*b*x**3/(3*a**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a) + 3*a**(5/2)*b*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*x**2/a))) + d*Piecewise((-1/(3*a*b*sqrt(a + b*x**2) + 3*b**2*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**(5/2)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2cx}{3\sqrt{bx^2 + aa^2}} + \frac{cx}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}a} - \frac{d}{3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}b}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2) + 1/3*c*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a) - 1/3*d/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{2bcx^2}{a^2} + \frac{3c}{a}\right)x - \frac{d}{b}}{3(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*((2*b*c*x^2/a^2 + 3*c/a)*x - d/b)/(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2bcx(bx^2 + a) - a^2d + abcx}{3a^2b(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a + b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`output `(2*b*c*x*(a + b*x^2) - a^2*d + a*b*c*x)/(3*a^2*b*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{bx^2 + a}a^2d + 3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}abcx + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}b^2cx^3 - 2\sqrt{b}a^2c - 4\sqrt{b}abcx^2 - 2\sqrt{b}abcx^3}{3a^2b(b^2x^4 + 2abx^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`output `( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*x + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c*x**3 - 2*sqrt(b)*a**2*c - 4*sqrt(b)*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*b**2*c*x**3)/(3*a**2*b*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*x**4))`

**3.290**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2463
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2463
Rubi [A] (verified)	2464
Maple [B] (verified)	2466
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2467
Sympy [F]	2468
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2468
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2469
Mupad [F(-1)]	2470
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2471

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{ad+bcx}{3a(bc^2+ad^2)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{3a^2d^3+bc(2bc^2+5ad^2)x}{3a^2(bc^2+ad^2)^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(b*c*x+a*d)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/3*(3*a^2*d^3+b*c*(5*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*x)/a^2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-d^4*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4a^3d^3+2b^3c^3x^3+a^2bd(c^2+6cdx+3d^2x^2)+ab^2cx(3c^2+5d^2x^2)}{3a^2(bc^2+ad^2)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2-ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2-ad^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output  $(4a^3d^3 + 2b^3c^3x^3 + a^2b*d*(c^2 + 6c*d*x + 3d^2*x^2) + a*b^2*c*x*(3c^2 + 5d^2*x^2))/(3a^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2) - (2d^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(5/2)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 686, 27, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{ad + bcx}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2bc^2 + 2bdxc + 3ad^2}{(c+dx)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2bc^2 + 2bdxc + 3ad^2}{(c+dx)(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & \frac{\frac{3a^2d^3 + bcx(5ad^2 + 2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3a^2bd^4}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab(ad^2 + bc^2)}}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{3a^4 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} + \frac{3a^2d^3 + bcx(5ad^2 + 2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2 + bc^2)}}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (ad^2 + bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 488 \\
 & \frac{\frac{3a^2d^3+bcx(5ad^2+2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{3ad^4 \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{ad^2+bc^2}}{3a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{ad+bcx}{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & \frac{\frac{3a^2d^3+bcx(5ad^2+2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{3ad^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}}}{3a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{ad+bcx}{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(a*d + b*c*x)/(3*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((3*a^2*d^3 + b*c*(2*b*c^2 + 5*a*d^2)*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - (3*a*d^4*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))/(3*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 496

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-(a*d + b*c*x))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2
+ a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a
+ b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2
*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuad
raticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 686

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 600 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

method	result
default	$\frac{d^2}{3(a d^2 + b c^2) \left( b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc}{d} \left( \frac{x + \frac{c}{d}}{d} \right) + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{bcd \left( \frac{\frac{4b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}{3} - \frac{4bc}{3d}}{\left( \frac{4b(a d^2 + b c^2)}{d^2} - \frac{4b^2 c^2}{d^2} \right) \left( b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc}{d} \left( \frac{x + \frac{c}{d}}{d} \right) + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{4b(a d^2 + b c^2)}{3(a d^2 + b c^2)} \right)}{a d^2 + b c^2}$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/d*(1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)
^(3/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d
^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+16
/3*b/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(b*(x+c
/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/(a*
d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c
*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^
2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d
^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a
*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/
2))/(x+c/d)))

```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 416 vs.  $2(141) = 282$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 858, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.57

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
[1/6*(3*(a^2*b^2*d^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*b*d^4*x^2 + a^4*d^4)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*
log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sqrt
t(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))
+ 2*(a^2*b^2*c^4*d + 5*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 4*a^4*d^5 + (2*b^4*c^5 + 7*a*b^3*c
^3*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^2*c*d^4)*x^3 + 3*(a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^3*b*d^5)*x^2 + 3*(a
*b^3*c^5 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 2*a^3*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^4*b^3
*c^6 + 3*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^6*b*c^2*d^4 + a^7*d^6 + (a^2*b^5*c^6 + 3*a^
3*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^4 + a^5*b^2*d^6)*x^4 + 2*(a^3*b^4*c^6 + 3*
a^4*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^4 + a^6*b*d^6)*x^2), -1/3*(3*(a^2*b^2*d^
4*x^4 + 2*a^3*b*d^4*x^2 + a^4*d^4)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(-b*c^2
- a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + a*
b*d^2)*x^2)) - (a^2*b^2*c^4*d + 5*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 4*a^4*d^5 + (2*b^4*c^5 +
7*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^2*c*d^4)*x^3 + 3*(a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 + a^3*b*d^5)*
x^2 + 3*(a*b^3*c^5 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 2*a^3*b*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
)/(a^4*b^3*c^6 + 3*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^6*b*c^2*d^4 + a^7*d^6 + (a^2*b^5*c
^6 + 3*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^4 + a^5*b^2*d^6)*x^4 + 2*(a^3*b^
4*c^6 + 3*a^4*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^4 + a^6*b*d^6)*x^2)]
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2}(c + dx)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)*(c + d*x)), x)
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 283 vs.  $2(141) = 282$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{bcx}{3 \left( (bx^2+a)^{3/2} abc^2 + (bx^2+a)^{3/2} a^2 d^2 \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{bcx}{2 \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2 + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+aab^2c^4}}{d^2} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2bcx}{3 \left( \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2 + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^2}} \right)} + \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^2c^4}}{d^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^2+aabc^2}}{d} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2d}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3 \left( \frac{(bx^2+a)^{3/2} bc^2}{d} + (bx^2+a)^{3/2} ad \right)} + \frac{\operatorname{arsinh} \left( \frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} \right)}{\left( a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2} \right)^{5/2} d}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*b*c*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2 + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d^2) + b*c*x/(2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4/d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^2) + 2/3*b*c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^2) + 1/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^2*c^4/d^3 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b*c^2/d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*d) + 1/3/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b*c^2/d + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*d) + arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(5/2)*d)`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 998 vs. 2(141) = 282.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 998, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2*d^4*arctan(((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 -
a*d^2))/((b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) + 1/3*(
(((2*b^10*c^15 + 17*a*b^9*c^13*d^2 + 60*a^2*b^8*c^11*d^4 + 115*a^3*b^7*c^9
*d^6 + 130*a^4*b^6*c^7*d^8 + 87*a^5*b^5*c^5*d^10 + 32*a^6*b^4*c^3*d^12 + 5
*a^7*b^3*c*d^14)*x/(a^2*b^9*c^16 + 8*a^3*b^8*c^14*d^2 + 28*a^4*b^7*c^12*d^
4 + 56*a^5*b^6*c^10*d^6 + 70*a^6*b^5*c^8*d^8 + 56*a^7*b^4*c^6*d^10 + 28*a^
8*b^3*c^4*d^12 + 8*a^9*b^2*c^2*d^14 + a^10*b*d^16) + 3*(a^2*b^8*c^12*d^3 +
6*a^3*b^7*c^10*d^5 + 15*a^4*b^6*c^8*d^7 + 20*a^5*b^5*c^6*d^9 + 15*a^6*b^4
*c^4*d^11 + 6*a^7*b^3*c^2*d^13 + a^8*b^2*d^15)/(a^2*b^9*c^16 + 8*a^3*b^8*c
^14*d^2 + 28*a^4*b^7*c^12*d^4 + 56*a^5*b^6*c^10*d^6 + 70*a^6*b^5*c^8*d^8 +
56*a^7*b^4*c^6*d^10 + 28*a^8*b^3*c^4*d^12 + 8*a^9*b^2*c^2*d^14 + a^10*b*d
^16))*x + 3*(a*b^9*c^15 + 8*a^2*b^8*c^13*d^2 + 27*a^3*b^7*c^11*d^4 + 50*a^
4*b^6*c^9*d^6 + 55*a^5*b^5*c^7*d^8 + 36*a^6*b^4*c^5*d^10 + 13*a^7*b^3*c^3*
d^12 + 2*a^8*b^2*c*d^14)/(a^2*b^9*c^16 + 8*a^3*b^8*c^14*d^2 + 28*a^4*b^7*c
^12*d^4 + 56*a^5*b^6*c^10*d^6 + 70*a^6*b^5*c^8*d^8 + 56*a^7*b^4*c^6*d^10 +
28*a^8*b^3*c^4*d^12 + 8*a^9*b^2*c^2*d^14 + a^10*b*d^16))*x + (a^2*b^8*c^1
4*d + 10*a^3*b^7*c^12*d^3 + 39*a^4*b^6*c^10*d^5 + 80*a^5*b^5*c^8*d^7 + 95*
a^6*b^4*c^6*d^9 + 66*a^7*b^3*c^4*d^11 + 25*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^13 + 4*a^9*b*d^15
)/(a^2*b^9*c^16 + 8*a^3*b^8*c^14*d^2 + 28*a^4*b^7*c^12*d^4 + 56*a^5*b^6*c^
10*d^6 + 70*a^6*b^5*c^8*d^8 + 56*a^7*b^4*c^6*d^10 + 28*a^8*b^3*c^4*d^12...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2+a)^{5/2}(c+dx)} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3779, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)(a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*
sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(
b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**3*c*d**2 - 12*sqrt(b)*
sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*sqrt(2*s
qrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*
atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**
2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 - 6*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d*
*2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x
)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**4*d**4 -
6*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(
a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d*
*2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**3*b*c**2*d**2 - 12*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)
*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqr
t(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2))*a**3*b*d**4*x**2 - 12*s
qrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*c - a*d**2 -
2*b*c**2))*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c*
*2)*c - a*d**2 - 2*b*c**2)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + sqrt(b)*d*x)/sqrt...
```

**3.291**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2472
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2473
Rubi [A] (verified)	2473
Maple [B] (verified)	2476
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2478
Sympy [F]	2479
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2479
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2480
Mupad [F(-1)]	2481
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2482

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{d}{(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b(5acd+(bc^2-4ad^2)x)}{3a(bc^2+ad^2)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b(15a^2cd^3+(2b^2c^4+9abc^2d^2-8a^2d^4)x)}{3a^2(bc^2+ad^2)^3\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{5bcd^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/3*b*(5*a*c*d+(-4*a*d^2+b*c^2)*x)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/3*b*(15*a^2*c*d^3+(-8*a^2*d^4+9*a*b*c^2*d^2+2*b^2*c^4)*x)/a^2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-5*b*c*d^4*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-3a^4d^5 + 2b^4c^4x^3(c+dx) + 2a^3bd^3(7c^2 + 4cdx - 6d^2x^2) + 3ab^3c^2x(c^3 + c^2d^2x^2) + 3a^2b^3c^2x^3(c^3 + c^2d^2x^2) + 3a^2b^3c^2x^5(c^3 + c^2d^2x^2)}{3a^2(bc^2 + ad^2)^3} + \frac{10bcd^4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx) - d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{-bc^2 - ad^2}}\right)}{(-bc^2 - ad^2)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-3*a^4*d^5 + 2*b^4*c^4*x^3*(c + d*x) + 2*a^3*b*d^3*(7*c^2 + 4*c*d*x - 6*d^2*x^2) + 3*a*b^3*c^2*x*(c^3 + c^2*d*x + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*x^3) + a^2*b^3*c^2*(2*c^4 + 11*c^3*d*x + 21*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 7*c*d^3*x^3 - 8*d^4*x^4))/(3*a^2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (10*b*c*d^4*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x) - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/Sqrt[-(b*c^2) - a*d^2]])/(-(b*c^2) - a*d^2)^(7/2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 686, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2} (c+dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 496

$$\frac{ad+bcx}{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2(bc^2+2ad^2)+3bcdx}{(c+dx)^2(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{2(bc^2+2ad^2)+3bcdx}{(c+dx)^2(bx^2+a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{ad+bcx}{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 686 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{bd(2ad(bc^2-4ad^2)-bc(2bc^2+7ad^2)x)}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ab(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{ad(bc^2-4ad^2)-bcx(7ad^2+2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2+bc^2)}{ad+bcx} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}{3a(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{d \int \frac{2ad(bc^2-4ad^2)-bc(2bc^2+7ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{ad(bc^2-4ad^2)-bcx(7ad^2+2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2+bc^2)}{ad+bcx} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}{3a(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 679 \\
& \frac{d \left( -\frac{15a^2bcd^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-8a^2d^4+9abc^2d^2+2b^2c^4)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{ad(bc^2-4ad^2)-bcx(7ad^2+2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2+bc^2)}{ad+bcx} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}{3a(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 488 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{15a^2bcd^3 \int \frac{1}{bc^2+ad^2-\frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-8a^2d^4+9abc^2d^2+2b^2c^4)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{ad(bc^2-4ad^2)-bcx(7ad^2+2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{3a(ad^2+bc^2)}{ad+bcx} \\
& \quad \frac{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}{3a(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{15a^2bcd^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-8a^2d^4+9abc^2d^2+2b^2c^4)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{ad(bc^2-4ad^2)-bcx(7ad^2+2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}}{a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{3a(ad^2+bc^2)}{ad+bcx} \frac{1}{3a(a+bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(a*d + b*c*x)/(3*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-((a*d*(b*c^2 - 4*a*d^2) - b*c*(2*b*c^2 + 7*a*d^2)*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) - (d*(-(((2*b^2*c^4 + 9*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 8*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x))) + (15*a^2*b*c*d^3*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(3*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`



rule 496

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-(a*d + b*c*x))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2
+ a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a
+ b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2
*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuad
raticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 679

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 686

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 898 vs.  $2(201) = 402$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 899, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.14

method	result
default	$\frac{d^2}{(a d^2 + b c^2) \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right) \left( b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5bcd}{3(a d^2 + b c^2) \left( b \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 - \frac{2bc \left( x + \frac{c}{d} \right)}{d} + \frac{a d^2 + b c^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{bcd}{\left( \frac{4b(a d^2 + b c^2)}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d^2*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+5*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+16/3*b/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))-4*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+16/3*b/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 826 vs.  $2(202) = 404$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1678, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(15*(a^2*b^3*c*d^5*x^5 + a^2*b^3*c^2*d^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^2*c*d^5*x^3 +
2*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^4*x^2 + a^4*b*c*d^5*x + a^4*b*c^2*d^4)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)
*log((2*a*b*c*d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 - 2*sq
rt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)
) + 2*(2*a^2*b^3*c^6*d + 16*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 11*a^4*b*c^2*d^5 - 3*a^5*d^7
+ (2*b^5*c^6*d + 11*a*b^4*c^4*d^3 + a^2*b^3*c^2*d^5 - 8*a^3*b^2*d^7)*x^4
+ (2*b^5*c^7 + 11*a*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 16*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 7*a^3*b^2*c*d^6)*x^
3 + 3*(a*b^4*c^6*d + 8*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 4*a^4*b*d^7)*
x^2 + (3*a*b^4*c^7 + 14*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 19*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 8*a^4*b*c*d
^6)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^4*b^4*c^9 + 4*a^5*b^3*c^7*d^2 + 6*a^6*b^2*c^5*d
^4 + 4*a^7*b*c^3*d^6 + a^8*c*d^8 + (a^2*b^6*c^8*d + 4*a^3*b^5*c^6*d^3 + 6*
a^4*b^4*c^4*d^5 + 4*a^5*b^3*c^2*d^7 + a^6*b^2*d^9)*x^5 + (a^2*b^6*c^9 + 4*
a^3*b^5*c^7*d^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^5*d^4 + 4*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^6 + a^6*b^2*c*d^8)*x
^4 + 2*(a^3*b^5*c^8*d + 4*a^4*b^4*c^6*d^3 + 6*a^5*b^3*c^4*d^5 + 4*a^6*b^2*
c^2*d^7 + a^7*b*d^9)*x^3 + 2*(a^3*b^5*c^9 + 4*a^4*b^4*c^7*d^2 + 6*a^5*b^3*
c^5*d^4 + 4*a^6*b^2*c^3*d^6 + a^7*b*c*d^8)*x^2 + (a^4*b^4*c^8*d + 4*a^5*b^
3*c^6*d^3 + 6*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^5 + 4*a^7*b*c^2*d^7 + a^8*d^9)*x), -1/3*(15*(a
^2*b^3*c*d^5*x^5 + a^2*b^3*c^2*d^4*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^2*c*d^5*x^3 + 2*a^3*b^2*c
^2*d^4*x^2 + a^4*b*c*d^5*x + a^4*b*c^2*d^4)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*arctan(sq
rt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)/(a*b*c^2 + a^2*d^2 + (...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2} (c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)*(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 563 vs. 2(202) = 404.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 563, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx &= \frac{5b^2c^2x}{3 \left( (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} ab^2c^4 + 2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2bc^2d^2 + (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3d^4 \right)} \\ &+ \frac{5b^2c^2x}{3 \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2b^2c^4} + \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+aab^3c^6}}{d^2} + 3 \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3bc^2d^2} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^4d^4}} \\ &+ \frac{10b^2c^2x}{3 \left( \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2b^2c^4} + 2 \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3bc^2d^2} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^4d^4} \right)} \\ &+ \frac{5bc}{\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+ab^3c^6}}{d^3} + \frac{3 \sqrt{bx^2+aab^2c^4}}{d} + 3 \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2d} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^3}} \\ &+ \frac{3 \left( \frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2c^4}{d} + 2(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} abc^2d + (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2d^3 \right)}{4bx} \\ &- \frac{8bx}{3 \left( (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} abc^2 + (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2d^2 \right)} - \frac{1}{3 \left( \sqrt{bx^2+aa^2bc^2} + \sqrt{bx^2+aa^3d^2} \right)} \\ &- \frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} bc^2x + (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} ad^2x + \frac{(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} bc^3}{d} + (bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} acd}{1} \\ &+ \frac{5bc \operatorname{arsinh} \left( \frac{bcx}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} - \frac{ad}{\sqrt{ab}|dx+c|} \right)}{\left( a + \frac{bc^2}{d^2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} d^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 5/3*b^2*c^2*x/((b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2*b*c^2 \\ & *d^2 + (b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a^3*d^4) + 5*b^2*c^2*x/(3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2 \\ & *c^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6/d^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + s \\ & qrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^4) + 10/3*b^2*c^2*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2* \\ & sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^4) + 5*b*c/(sqrt(b*x \\ & ^2 + a)*b^3*c^6/d^3 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4/d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^ \\ & 2*b*c^2*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^3) + 5/3*b*c/((b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*b^2*c^4/ \\ & d + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a*b*c^2*d + (b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2*d^3) - 4/3*b*x/( \\ & (b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a*b*c^2 + (b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a^2*d^2) - 8/3*b*x/(sqrt(b*x \\ & ^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^2) - 1/((b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*b*c^2* \\ & x + (b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*a*d^2*x + (b*x^2 + a)^{(3/2)}*b*c^3/d + (b*x^2 + a)^{(3 \\ & /2)}*a*c*d) + 5*b*c*arcsinh(b*c*x/(sqrt(a*b)*abs(d*x + c)) - a*d/(sqrt(a*b) \\ & *abs(d*x + c)))/((a + b*c^2/d^2)^(7/2)*d^3) \end{aligned}$$

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1180 vs.  $2(202) = 404$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1180, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.44

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/3*(15*b*c*d^7*log(abs(-b*c*d + sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2))*(sqrt(b - 2*b*c/(d*x
+ c) + b*c^2/(d*x + c)^2 + a*d^2/(d*x + c)^2) + sqrt(b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4)/(
(d*x + c)*d))*abs(d)))/((b^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + a^3
*d^6)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*abs(d)*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d)) - (15*a^2*b^(3/2
)*c*d^7*log(abs(-b*c*d + sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2))*sqrt(b)*abs(d)) - 2*sqrt(b*c
^2 + a*d^2)*b^3*c^4*d^2*abs(d) - 9*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*a*b^2*c^2*d^4*abs(d
) + 8*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*a^2*b*d^6*abs(d))*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d)/(sqrt(
b*c^2 + a*d^2)*a^2*b^(7/2)*c^6*abs(d) + 3*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*a^3*b^(5/2)*
c^4*d^2*abs(d) + 3*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*a^4*b^(3/2)*c^2*d^4*abs(d) + sqrt(b
*c^2 + a*d^2)*a^5*sqrt(b)*d^6*abs(d)) - ((2*b^5*c^4*d^13 + 9*a*b^4*c^2*d^1
5 - 8*a^2*b^3*d^17)/(a^2*b^4*c^6*d^11*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + 3*a^3*b^3*
c^4*d^13*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^15*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn
(d) + a^5*b*d^17*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d)) - (3*(2*b^5*c^5*d^14 + 9*a*b^4*c
^3*d^16 - 13*a^2*b^3*c*d^18)/(a^2*b^4*c^6*d^11*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + 3
*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^13*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^15*sgn(1/(d*x
+ c))*sgn(d) + a^5*b*d^17*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d)) - (6*(b^5*c^6*d^15 + 5*
a*b^4*c^4*d^17 - 8*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^19 - 2*a^3*b^2*d^21)/(a^2*b^4*c^6*d^11*sg
n(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + 3*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^13*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + 3*a^4
*b^2*c^2*d^15*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d) + a^5*b*d^17*sgn(1/(d*x + c))*sgn(d)
) - (2*(b^5*c^7*d^16 + 6*a*b^4*c^5*d^18 - 11*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^20 - 16*a^3*...

```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1399, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 (a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d
+ b*c*x)*a**4*b*c**2*d**4 + 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b*c*d**5*x + 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2
*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**
2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 + 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2
)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2
*d**4*x**4 + 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b
*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**5*x**5 - 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log
(c + d*x)*a**4*b*c**2*d**4 - 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**4*b*
c*d**5*x - 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**2
- 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**3*b**2*c*d**5*x**3 - 15*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*
c**2)*log(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**5*x**5 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**5*d**7 +
11*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b*c**2*d**5 + 8*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b*c*d**6*x
- 12*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**4*b*d**7*x**2 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*c**
4*d**3 + 19*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*c**3*d**4*x + 9*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*
*3*b**2*c**2*d**5*x**2 + 7*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*c*d**6*x**3 - 8*sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*a**3*b**2*d**7*x**4 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**3*c**6*d + 1
4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**3*c**5*d**2*x + 24*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b**...
```

**3.292**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2483
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2484
Rubi [A] (verified)	2484
Maple [B] (verified)	2488
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2489
Sympy [F]	2490
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2491
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2492
Mupad [F(-1)]	2493
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2493

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 300

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3(a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{d}{2(bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{7bcd}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^2(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b(5ad(6bc^2-ad^2)+bc(2bc^2-33ad^2)x)}{6a(bc^2+ad^2)^3(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b(15a^2d^3(6bc^2-ad^2)+bc(4b^2c^4+28abc^2d^2-81a^2d^4)x)}{6a^2(bc^2+ad^2)^4\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \frac{5bd^4(6bc^2-ad^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2}}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^2/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-7/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/6*b*(5*a*d*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2)+b*c*(-33*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*x)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/6*b*(15*a^2*d^3*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2)+b*c*(-81*a^2*d^4+28*a*b*c^2*d^2+4*b^2*c^4)*x)/a^2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^4/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-5/2*b*d^4*(-a*d^2+6*b*c^2)*arctanh((-b*c*x+a*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(1/2))/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^(9/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2} \left( -\frac{3d^5(bc^2+ad^2)}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{33bcd^5}{c+dx} + \frac{4b(-3a^3d^5+b^3c^5x+7ab^2c^3d^2x+3a^2bcd^3(5c-4dx))}{a^2(a+bx^2)} \right)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^4} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{15bd^4(6bc^2-ad^2)\log(c+dx)}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{9/2}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{15bd^4(-6bc^2+ad^2)\log(ad-bcx+\sqrt{bc^2+ad^2}\sqrt{a+bx^2})}{(bc^2+ad^2)^{9/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `((Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*((-3*d^5*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(c + d*x)^2 - (33*b*c*d^5)/(c + d*x) + (4*b*(-3*a^3*d^5 + b^3*c^5*x + 7*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*x + 3*a^2*b*c*d^3*(5*c - 4*d*x)))/(a^2*(a + b*x^2)) + (2*b*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(-a^2*d^3 + b^2*c^3*x + 3*a*b*c*d*(c - d*x)))/(a*(a + b*x^2)^2)))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^4 + (15*b*d^4*(6*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Log[c + d*x])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(9/2) + (15*b*d^4*(-6*b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Log[a*d - b*c*x + Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(9/2))/6`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 374, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 686, 27, 688, 25, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^2)^{5/2} (c+dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 496

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{ad + bcx}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{2bc^2 + 4bdxc + 5ad^2}{(c + dx)^3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2bc^2 + 4bdxc + 5ad^2}{(c + dx)^3(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \frac{ad + bcx}{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{bd(3ad(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) - 2bc(2bc^2 + 9ad^2))x}{(c + dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{ab(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{ad(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) - bcx(9ad^2 + 2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx} \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & - \frac{d \int \frac{3ad(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) - 2bc(2bc^2 + 9ad^2)x}{(c + dx)^3\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{ad(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) - bcx(9ad^2 + 2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx} \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & - \frac{\left( \frac{\int -\frac{b(2acd(2bc^2 - 33ad^2) - (4b^2c^4 + 24abd^2c^2 - 15a^2d^4)x)}{(c + dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-15a^2d^4 + 24abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4)}{2(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{ad(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) - bcx(9ad^2 + 2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx} \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & - \frac{\left( \frac{\int \frac{b(2acd(2bc^2 - 33ad^2) - (4b^2c^4 + 24abd^2c^2 - 15a^2d^4)x}{(c + dx)^2\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx}{2(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-15a^2d^4 + 24abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4)}{2(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} \right)}{a(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{ad(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) - bcx(9ad^2 + 2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)} + \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx} \\
 & \quad \frac{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d \left( \frac{b \int \frac{2acd(2bc^2 - 33ad^2) - (4b^2c^4 + 24abd^2c^2 - 15a^2d^4)x}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-15a^2d^4 + 24abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{ad(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) - bcx(9ad^2 + 2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} +$$

$$\frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx}$$

$$\frac{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

479

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( -\frac{15a^2d^3(6bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx - \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-81a^2d^4 + 28abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-15a^2d^4 + 24abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{ad(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) - bcx(9ad^2 + 2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} +$$

$$\frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx}$$

$$\frac{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

488

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{15a^2d^3(6bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{bc^2 + ad^2 - \frac{(ad-bcx)^2}{bx^2+a}} d \frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-81a^2d^4 + 28abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-15a^2d^4 + 24abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{ad(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) - bcx(9ad^2 + 2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} +$$

$$\frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx}$$

$$\frac{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

219

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{15a^2d^3(6bc^2 - ad^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ad-bcx}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{ad^2+bc^2}}\right)}{(ad^2+bc^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-81a^2d^4 + 28abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4)}{(c+dx)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)}{2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}(-15a^2d^4 + 24abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4)}{2(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \right) - \frac{ad(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) - bcx(9ad^2 + 2bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^2}(c+dx)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} +$$

$$\frac{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{ad + bcx}$$

$$\frac{3a(a + bx^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^2(ad^2 + bc^2)}{3a(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`

output `(a*d + b*c*x)/(3*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-(a*d*(2*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2) - b*c*(2*b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2)*x)/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) - (d*(-1/2*((4*b^2*c^4 + 24*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 15*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2) + (b*(-((c*(4*b^2*c^4 + 28*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 81*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)))) + (15*a^2*d^3*(6*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*ArcTanh[(a*d - b*c*x)/(Sqrt[b*c^2 + a*d^2]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^(3/2)))/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)))/(a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(3*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 679

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)
)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

rule 686

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1602 vs.  $2(276) = 552$ .

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1603, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.34

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1603

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/d^3*(-1/2/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^
2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+7/2*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(x+c/d)/
(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+5*b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2
)*(1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(
3/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2
-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3/2)+16/3
*b/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(b*(x+c/d
)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))+1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(1/(a*d^
2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)+2*b*c*d
/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)
/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)-1/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2
/((a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+2*((a*d
^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)*(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2)
)/(x+c/d))))-4*b/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+
b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(
3/2)+16/3*b/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)^2*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)
/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(1/2))-5/2*b/(a*d^2+b*c^
2)*d^2*(1/3/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*d^2/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d
^2)^(3/2)+b*c*d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(2/3*(2*b*(x+c/d)-2*b*c/d)/(4*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2
)/d^2-4*b^2*c^2/d^2)/(b*(x+c/d)^2-2*b*c/d*(x+c/d)+(a*d^2+b*c^2)/d^2)^(3...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1301 vs.  $2(277) = 554$ .

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2628, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/12*(15*(6*a^4*b^2*c^4*d^4 - a^5*b*c^2*d^6 + (6*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^6 - a^3*b
^3*d^8)*x^6 + 2*(6*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^5 - a^3*b^3*c*d^7)*x^5 + (6*a^2*b^4*c^4*d
^4 + 11*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^6 - 2*a^4*b^2*d^8)*x^4 + 4*(6*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^5 - a^4*
b^2*c*d^7)*x^3 + (12*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^4 + 4*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^6 - a^5*b*d^8)*x^2
+ 2*(6*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^5 - a^5*b*c*d^7)*x)*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*log((2*a*b*c*
d*x - a*b*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 - (2*b^2*c^2 + a*b*d^2)*x^2 + 2*sqrt(b*c^2 + a*d
^2)*(b*c*x - a*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(6*a^2*b
^4*c^8*d + 70*a^3*b^3*c^6*d^3 + 14*a^4*b^2*c^4*d^5 - 53*a^5*b*c^2*d^7 - 3*
a^6*d^9 + (4*b^6*c^7*d^2 + 32*a*b^5*c^5*d^4 - 53*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^6 - 81*a^3*
b^3*c*d^8)*x^5 + (8*b^6*c^8*d + 64*a*b^5*c^6*d^3 - 16*a^2*b^4*c^4*d^5 - 87
*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^7 - 15*a^4*b^2*d^9)*x^4 + 2*(2*b^6*c^9 + 19*a*b^5*c^7*d^2 +
65*a^2*b^4*c^5*d^4 - 24*a^3*b^3*c^3*d^6 - 72*a^4*b^2*c*d^8)*x^3 + 2*(6*a*
b^5*c^8*d + 63*a^2*b^4*c^6*d^3 - 7*a^3*b^3*c^4*d^5 - 74*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^7 -
10*a^5*b*d^9)*x^2 + (6*a*b^5*c^9 + 42*a^2*b^4*c^7*d^2 + 110*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^
4 + 13*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^6 - 61*a^5*b*c*d^8)*x)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))/(a^4*b^5*c^12
+ 5*a^5*b^4*c^10*d^2 + 10*a^6*b^3*c^8*d^4 + 10*a^7*b^2*c^6*d^6 + 5*a^8*b*
c^4*d^8 + a^9*c^2*d^10 + (a^2*b^7*c^10*d^2 + 5*a^3*b^6*c^8*d^4 + 10*a^4*b^
5*c^6*d^6 + 10*a^5*b^4*c^4*d^8 + 5*a^6*b^3*c^2*d^10 + a^7*b^2*d^12)*x^6 +
2*(a^2*b^7*c^11*d + 5*a^3*b^6*c^9*d^3 + 10*a^4*b^5*c^7*d^5 + 10*a^5*b^4*c^
5*d^7 + 5*a^6*b^3*c^3*d^9 + a^7*b^2*c*d^11)*x^5 + (a^2*b^7*c^12 + 7*a^3...

```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**3/(b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a + b*x**2)**(5/2)*(c + d*x)**3), x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1176 vs.  $2(277) = 554$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1176, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
35/6*b^3*c^3*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b^3*c^6 + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^4*d^6) +
35/2*b^3*c^3*x/(4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^3*c^6 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^4*c^8/d^2 + 6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*b*c^2*d^4 +
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^5*d^6) + 35/3*b^3*c^3*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^3*c^6 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*b*c^2*d^4 + sq
rt(b*x^2 + a)*a^5*d^6) + 35/2*b^2*c^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^4*c^8/d^3 + 4*sq
rt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6/d + 6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d + 4*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^5) + 35/6*b^2*c^2/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^3*c^6/d + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c^4*d + 3*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^3*d^5) - 11/2*b^2*c*x/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^3*d^4) - 5/2*b^2*c*x/(3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^3*c^6/d^2 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^4) - 11*b^2*c*x/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^4*d^4) - 7/2*b*c/((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c^4*x + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2*d^2*x + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*d^4*x + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c^5/d + 2*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a*b*c^3*d + (b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d^3) - 5/2*b/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*b^3*c^6/d^3 + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a*b^2*c^4/d + 3*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^2*b*c^2*d + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*a^3*d^3) - 5/6*b/((b*x^2 + a)...
```



**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2179 vs.  $2(277) = 554$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2179, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 (a+bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
5*(6*b^2*c^2*d^4 - a*b*d^6)*arctan(-((sqrt(b)*x - sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*d + sqrt(b)*c)/sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((b^4*c^8 + 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 4*a^3*b*c^2*d^6 + a^4*d^8)*sqrt(-b*c^2 - a*d^2)) + 1/3*((2*((b^18*c^29 + 19*a*b^17*c^27*d^2 + 138*a^2*b^16*c^25*d^4 + 538*a^3*b^15*c^23*d^6 + 1243*a^4*b^14*c^21*d^8 + 1617*a^5*b^13*c^19*d^10 + 528*a^6*b^12*c^17*d^12 - 2244*a^7*b^11*c^15*d^14 - 5049*a^8*b^10*c^13*d^16 - 5819*a^9*b^9*c^11*d^18 - 4334*a^10*b^8*c^9*d^20 - 2166*a^11*b^7*c^7*d^22 - 707*a^12*b^6*c^5*d^24 - 137*a^13*b^5*c^3*d^26 - 12*a^14*b^4*c*d^28)*x/(a^2*b^17*c^32 + 16*a^3*b^16*c^30*d^2 + 120*a^4*b^15*c^28*d^4 + 560*a^5*b^14*c^26*d^6 + 1820*a^6*b^13*c^24*d^8 + 4368*a^7*b^12*c^22*d^10 + 8008*a^8*b^11*c^20*d^12 + 11440*a^9*b^10*c^18*d^14 + 12870*a^10*b^9*c^16*d^16 + 11440*a^11*b^8*c^14*d^18 + 8008*a^12*b^7*c^12*d^20 + 4368*a^13*b^6*c^10*d^22 + 1820*a^14*b^5*c^8*d^24 + 560*a^15*b^4*c^6*d^26 + 120*a^16*b^3*c^4*d^28 + 16*a^17*b^2*c^2*d^30 + a^18*b*d^32) + 3*(5*a^2*b^16*c^26*d^3 + 59*a^3*b^15*c^24*d^5 + 318*a^4*b^14*c^22*d^7 + 1034*a^5*b^13*c^20*d^9 + 2255*a^6*b^12*c^18*d^11 + 3465*a^7*b^11*c^16*d^13 + 3828*a^8*b^10*c^14*d^15 + 3036*a^9*b^9*c^12*d^17 + 1683*a^10*b^8*c^10*d^19 + 605*a^11*b^7*c^8*d^21 + 110*a^12*b^6*c^6*d^23 - 6*a^13*b^5*c^4*d^25 - 7*a^14*b^4*c^2*d^27 - a^15*b^3*d^29)/(a^2*b^17*c^32 + 16*a^3*b^16*c^30*d^2 + 120*a^4*b^15*c^28*d^4 + 560*a^5*b^14*c^26*d^6 + 1820*a^6*b^13*c^24*d^8 + 4368*a^7*b^12*c^22*d^10 + 8008*a^8*b^11*c^20*d^12 + 1...
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^2 + a)^{5/2} (c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^3),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^3), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2772, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) -
a*d + b*c*x)*a**5*b*c**2*d**6 + 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b
*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**5*b*c*d**7*x + 15*sqrt(a*d*
**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*
a**5*b*d**8*x**2 - 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a
*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**2*c**4*d**4 - 180*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c
**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**
2*c**3*d**5*x - 60*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d*
**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**6*x**2 + 60*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*
c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b*
**2*c*d**7*x**3 + 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d
**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**4*b**2*d**8*x**4 - 180*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**
2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*
c**4*d**4*x**2 - 360*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*
d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c**3*d**5*x**3 - 165*sqrt(a*d**2 +
b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3
*b**3*c**2*d**6*x**4 + 30*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sq
rt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**3*b**3*c*d**7*x**5 + 15*sqrt(a*d**2
+ b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2) - a*d + b*c*x)*a**
3*b**3*d**8*x**6 - 90*sqrt(a*d**2 + b*c**2)*log( - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqr...
```

**3.293**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(c^2+d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2495
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2495
Rubi [A] (verified)	2496
Maple [A] (verified)	2498
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2498
Sympy [F]	2499
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2499
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2499
Mupad [F(-1)]	2500
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2500

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(c^2+d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2c(c+dx)}{d\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}}{d} + \frac{3c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}}\right)}{d}$$

output

$-2*c*(d*x+c)/d/(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)+(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)/d+3*c*\operatorname{arctanh}(d*x/(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2))/d$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(c^2+d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{c^2-2cdx+d^2x^2}{\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} + 3c \log\left(\sqrt{c^2}-dx-\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}\right) - 3c \log\left(d\left(\sqrt{c^2}+dx-\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}\right)\right)}{d}$$

input

`Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(c^2 + d^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output

```
((-c^2 - 2*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)/Sqrt[c^2 + d^2*x^2] + 3*c*Log[Sqrt[c^2] - d*x - Sqrt[c^2 + d^2*x^2]] - 3*c*Log[d*(Sqrt[c^2] + d*x - Sqrt[c^2 + d^2*x^2])]/d
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 643, 299, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{(c^2+d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2cd^2(c-dx)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} dx}{c^2d^2} - \frac{(c-dx)(c+dx)^2}{cd\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{(c-dx)(c+dx)}{\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} dx}{c} - \frac{(c-dx)(c+dx)^2}{cd\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 643 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{c^2-d^2x^2}{\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} dx}{c} - \frac{(c-dx)(c+dx)^2}{cd\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{3}{2}c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2} \right)}{c} - \frac{(c-dx)(c+dx)^2}{cd\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{3}{2}c^2 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2+d^2x^2}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2} \right)}{c} - \frac{(c-dx)(c+dx)^2}{cd\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{3c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}}\right)}{2d} - \frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2} \right)}{c} - \frac{(c-dx)(c+dx)^2}{cd\sqrt{c^2+d^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(c^2 + d^2*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `-(((c - d*x)*(c + d*x)^2)/(c*d*Sqrt[c^2 + d^2*x^2])) + (2*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[c^2 + d^2*x^2]) + (3*c^2*ArcTanh[(d*x)/Sqrt[c^2 + d^2*x^2]])/(2*d)))/c`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 643

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)
^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(c*e + d*f*x^2)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a
, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n] && EqQ[d*e + c*f, 0] && (Integer
Q[m] || (GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[e, 0]))
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{d^2x^2+c^2}}{d} - \frac{2cx}{\sqrt{d^2x^2+c^2}} + \frac{3c \ln\left(\frac{d^2x}{\sqrt{d^2}} + \sqrt{d^2x^2+c^2}\right)}{\sqrt{d^2}} - \frac{2c^2}{d\sqrt{d^2x^2+c^2}}$
default	$\frac{cx}{\sqrt{d^2x^2+c^2}} + d^3\left(\frac{x^2}{d^2\sqrt{d^2x^2+c^2}} + \frac{2c^2}{d^4\sqrt{d^2x^2+c^2}}\right) + 3cd^2\left(-\frac{x}{d^2\sqrt{d^2x^2+c^2}} + \frac{\ln\left(\frac{d^2x}{\sqrt{d^2}} + \sqrt{d^2x^2+c^2}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{d^2}}\right) - \frac{3c^2}{d\sqrt{d^2x^2+c^2}}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3/(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)/d-2*c*x/(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)+3*c*ln(d^2*x/(d^2)^(1/2)+(
d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2))/(d^2)^(1/2)-2*c^2/d/(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(c^2 + d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2cd^2x^2 + 2c^3 + 3(cd^2x^2 + c^3) \log(-dx + \sqrt{d^2x^2 + c^2}) - (d^2x^2 - 2cdx - c^2)\sqrt{d^2x^2 + c^2}}{d^3x^2 + c^2d}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3/(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(2*c*d^2*x^2 + 2*c^3 + 3*(c*d^2*x^2 + c^3)*log(-d*x + sqrt(d^2*x^2 + c^2))
) - (d^2*x^2 - 2*c*d*x - c^2)*sqrt(d^2*x^2 + c^2))/(d^3*x^2 + c^2*d)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(c^2 + d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(c^2 + d^2x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(d**2*x**2+c**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**3/(c**2 + d**2*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(c^2 + d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{dx^2}{\sqrt{d^2x^2 + c^2}} - \frac{2cx}{\sqrt{d^2x^2 + c^2}} + \frac{3c \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{dx}{c}\right)}{d} - \frac{c^2}{\sqrt{d^2x^2 + c^2}d}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d*x^2/sqrt(d^2*x^2 + c^2) - 2*c*x/sqrt(d^2*x^2 + c^2) + 3*c*arcsinh(d*x/c)/d - c^2/(sqrt(d^2*x^2 + c^2)*d)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(c^2 + d^2x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3c \log(-x|d| + \sqrt{d^2x^2 + c^2})}{|d|} + \frac{(dx - 2c)x - \frac{c^2}{d}}{\sqrt{d^2x^2 + c^2}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3*c*log(-x*abs(d) + sqrt(d^2*x^2 + c^2))/abs(d) + ((d*x - 2*c)*x - c^2/d)/sqrt(d^2*x^2 + c^2)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(c^2 + d^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(c^2 + d^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(c^2 + d^2*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((c + d*x)^3/(c^2 + d^2*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(c^2 + d^2 x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{d^2 x^2 + c^2} c^2 - 2\sqrt{d^2 x^2 + c^2} cdx + \sqrt{d^2 x^2 + c^2} d^2 x^2 + 3 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{d^2 x^2 + c^2} + dx}{c}\right) c^3 + 3}{d(d^2 x^2 + c^2)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(d^2*x^2+c^2)^(3/2), x)`output `( - sqrt(c**2 + d**2*x**2)*c**2 - 2*sqrt(c**2 + d**2*x**2)*c*d*x + sqrt(c**2 + d**2*x**2)*d**2*x**2 + 3*log((sqrt(c**2 + d**2*x**2) + d*x)/c)*c**3 + 3*log((sqrt(c**2 + d**2*x**2) + d*x)/c)*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*c**3 - 2*c*d**2*x**2)/(d*(c**2 + d**2*x**2))`

### 3.294 $\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2501
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2501
Rubi [A] (verified)	2502
Maple [A] (verified)	2503
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2503
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2503
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2504
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2504
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2504
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2505

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{1-x^2} + 3 \arcsin(x)$$

output

```
-(-x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*arcsin(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{1-x^2} - 6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{1+x}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(3 + x)/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x]
```

output

```
-Sqrt[1 - x^2] - 6*ArcTan[Sqrt[1 - x^2]/(1 + x)]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x+3}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

↓ 455

$$3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx - \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

↓ 223

$$3 \arcsin(x) - \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

input `Int[(3 + x)/Sqrt[1 - x^2],x]`

output `-Sqrt[1 - x^2] + 3*ArcSin[x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
default	$-\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + 3 \arcsin(x)$	17
risch	$\frac{x^2-1}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}} + 3 \arcsin(x)$	21
meijerg	$3 \arcsin(x) - \frac{-2\sqrt{\pi}+2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$	31
trager	$-\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + 3 \operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1) \ln(\operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1) \sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + x)$	40

input `int((3+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-(-x^2+1)^(1/2)+3*arcsin(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} - 6 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} - 1}{x}\right)$$

input `integrate((3+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 6*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{1-x^2} + 3 \operatorname{asin}(x)$$

input `integrate((3+x)/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `-sqrt(1 - x**2) + 3*asin(x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{-x^2+1} + 3 \arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate((3+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + 3*arcsin(x)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{-x^2+1} + 3 \arcsin(x)$$

input `integrate((3+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + 3*arcsin(x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = 3 \arcsin(x) - \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

input `int((x + 3)/(1 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `3*asin(x) - (1 - x^2)^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{3+x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = 3\operatorname{asin}(x) - \sqrt{-x^2+1}$$

input `int((3+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `3*asin(x) - sqrt(-x**2 + 1)`

### 3.295 $\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2506
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2506
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2507
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2508
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2508
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2509
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2509
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2509
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2510
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2510

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{4-x^2} + \arcsin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

output `-(-x^2+4)^(1/2)+arcsin(1/2*x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{4-x^2} - 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{2+x}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)/Sqrt[4 - x^2], x]`

output `-Sqrt[4 - x^2] - 2*ArcTan[Sqrt[4 - x^2]/(2 + x)]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$$

↓ 455

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx - \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

↓ 223

$$\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)/Sqrt[4 - x^2],x]`

output `-Sqrt[4 - x^2] + ArcSin[x/2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$-\sqrt{-x^2 + 4} + \arcsin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$	17
risch	$\frac{x^2-4}{\sqrt{-x^2+4}} + \arcsin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$	21
meijerg	$\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{-2\sqrt{\pi}+2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{x^2}{4}+1}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$	31
trager	$-\sqrt{-x^2 + 4} + \text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1) \ln(\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2 + 1) \sqrt{-x^2 + 4} + x)$	39

input `int((x+1)/(-x^2+4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-(-x^2+4)^(1/2)+arcsin(1/2*x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{-x^2+4} - 2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2+4}-2}{x}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-x^2+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-sqrt(-x^2 + 4) - 2*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 4) - 2)/x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{4-x^2} + \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-x**2+4)**(1/2),x)`

output `-sqrt(4 - x**2) + asin(x/2)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{-x^2+4} + \operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-x^2+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-sqrt(-x^2 + 4) + arcsin(1/2*x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{-x^2+4} + \operatorname{arcsin}\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-x^2+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sqrt(-x^2 + 4) + arcsin(1/2*x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx = \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

input `int((x + 1)/(4 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `asin(x/2) - (4 - x^2)^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx = \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \sqrt{-x^2+4}$$

input `int((1+x)/(-x^2+4)^(1/2),x)`

output `asin(x/2) - sqrt(-x**2 + 4)`

### 3.296 $\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2511
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2511
Rubi [A] (verified)	2512
Maple [A] (verified)	2513
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2513
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2513
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2514
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2514
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2514
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2515

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{9+x^2} + 2\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$$

output

```
(x^2+9)^(1/2)+2*arcsinh(1/3*x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{9+x^2} - 2\log\left(-x + \sqrt{9+x^2}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + x)/Sqrt[9 + x^2],x]
```

output

```
Sqrt[9 + x^2] - 2*Log[-x + Sqrt[9 + x^2]]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {455, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{x^2+9}} dx$$

↓ 455

$$2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+9}} dx + \sqrt{x^2+9}$$

↓ 222

$$2\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) + \sqrt{x^2+9}$$

input `Int[(2 + x)/Sqrt[9 + x^2],x]`

output `Sqrt[9 + x^2] + 2*ArcSinh[x/3]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\sqrt{x^2 + 9} + 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$	15
risch	$\sqrt{x^2 + 9} + 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$	15
trager	$\sqrt{x^2 + 9} + 2 \ln\left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 9}\right)$	21
meijerg	$2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) + \frac{-3\sqrt{\pi} + 3\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{9} + 1}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$	33

input `int((2+x)/(x^2+9)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(x^2+9)^(1/2)+2*arcsinh(1/3*x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2+9} - 2 \log\left(-x + \sqrt{x^2+9}\right)$$

input `integrate((2+x)/(x^2+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `sqrt(x^2 + 9) - 2*log(-x + sqrt(x^2 + 9))`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2+9} + 2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$$

input `integrate((2+x)/(x**2+9)**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(x**2 + 9) + 2*asinh(x/3)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2+9} + 2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{1}{3}x\right)$$

input `integrate((2+x)/(x^2+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(x^2 + 9) + 2*arcsinh(1/3*x)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2+9} - 2 \log\left(-x + \sqrt{x^2+9}\right)$$

input `integrate((2+x)/(x^2+9)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(x^2 + 9) - 2*log(-x + sqrt(x^2 + 9))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx = 2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) + \sqrt{x^2+9}$$

input `int((x + 2)/(x^2 + 9)^(1/2),x)`

output `2*asinh(x/3) + (x^2 + 9)^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{2+x}{\sqrt{9+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{x^2+9} + 2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2+9}}{3} + \frac{x}{3}\right)$$

input `int((2+x)/(x^2+9)^(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(x**2 + 9) + 2*log((sqrt(x**2 + 9) + x)/3)`



### 3.297 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2516
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2516
Rubi [A] (verified)	2517
Maple [A] (verified)	2518
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2519
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2519
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2519
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2520
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2520
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2520

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2}b(4a+bx)\sqrt{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{2}(2a^2+b^2)\arcsin(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*b*(b*x+4*a)*(-x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*(2*a^2+b^2)*arcsin(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2}b(4a+bx)\sqrt{1-x^2} + (2a^2+b^2)\arctan\left(\frac{x}{-1+\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x)^2/Sqrt[1 - x^2],x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(b*(4*a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + (2*a^2 + b^2)*ArcTan[x/(-1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2])]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {497, 25, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{2a^2 + 3bxa + b^2}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2} b \sqrt{1 - x^2} (a + bx)$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2a^2 + 3bxa + b^2}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2} b \sqrt{1 - x^2} (a + bx)$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( (2a^2 + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx - 3ab \sqrt{1 - x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} b \sqrt{1 - x^2} (a + bx)$$

$$\downarrow 223$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( (2a^2 + b^2) \arcsin(x) - 3ab \sqrt{1 - x^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} b \sqrt{1 - x^2} (a + bx)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^2/Sqrt[1 - x^2],x]`

output `-1/2*(b*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - x^2]) + (-3*a*b*Sqrt[1 - x^2] + (2*a^2 + b^2)*ArcSin[x])/2`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25	<code>Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]</code>
rule 223	<code>Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &amp;&amp; GtQ[a, 0] &amp;&amp; NegQ[b]</code>
rule 455	<code>Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] &amp;&amp; !LeQ[p, -1]</code>
rule 497	<code>Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &amp;&amp; If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] &amp;&amp; NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] &amp;&amp; IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]</code>

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{b(bx+4a)(x^2-1)}{2\sqrt{-x^2+1}} + \left(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{2}\right) \arcsin(x)$	38
default	$a^2 \arcsin(x) + b^2 \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{\arcsin(x)}{2}\right) - 2ab\sqrt{-x^2+1}$	42
trager	$-\frac{b(bx+4a)\sqrt{-x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{(2a^2+b^2) \operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^2+1) \ln(\operatorname{RootOf}(\_Z^2+1)\sqrt{-x^2+1}+x)}{2}$	57
meijerg	$\frac{ib^2(i\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{-x^2+1}-i\sqrt{\pi}\arcsin(x))}{2\sqrt{\pi}} - \frac{ab(-2\sqrt{\pi}+2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-x^2+1})}{\sqrt{\pi}} + a^2 \arcsin(x)$	69

input `int((b*x+a)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*b*(b*x+4*a)*(x^2-1)/(-x^2+1)^(1/2)+(a^2+1/2*b^2)*arcsin(x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = -(2a^2 + b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} - 1}{x}\right) - \frac{1}{2}(b^2x + 4ab)\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(2*a^2 + b^2)*arctan((sqrt(-x^2 + 1) - 1)/x) - 1/2*(b^2*x + 4*a*b)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = a^2 \operatorname{asin}(x) - 2ab\sqrt{1 - x^2} - \frac{b^2x\sqrt{1 - x^2}}{2} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{asin}(x)}{2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `a**2*asin(x) - 2*a*b*sqrt(1 - x**2) - b**2*x*sqrt(1 - x**2)/2 + b**2*asin(x)/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}b^2x + a^2 \arcsin(x) + \frac{1}{2}b^2 \arcsin(x) - 2\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}ab$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*b^2*x + a^2*arcsin(x) + 1/2*b^2*arcsin(x) - 2*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*a*b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} (2a^2 + b^2) \arcsin(x) - \frac{1}{2} (b^2x + 4ab) \sqrt{-x^2 + 1}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*a^2 + b^2)*arcsin(x) - 1/2*(b^2*x + 4*a*b)*sqrt(-x^2 + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = a \sin(x) \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2}{2} \right) - \left( \frac{x b^2}{2} + 2 a b \right) \sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x)^2/(1 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `asin(x)*(a^2 + b^2/2) - (2*a*b + (b^2*x)/2)*(1 - x^2)^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = a \sin(x) a^2 + \frac{a \sin(x) b^2}{2} - 2 \sqrt{-x^2 + 1} ab - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} b^2 x}{2} + 2ab$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*asin(x)*a**2 + asin(x)*b**2 - 4*sqrt(-x**2 + 1)*a*b - sqrt(-x**2 + 1)*b**2*x + 4*a*b)/2`

### 3.298 $\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2521
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2521
Rubi [A] (verified)	2522
Maple [A] (verified)	2523
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2523
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2524
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2524
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2524
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2525
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2525

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2}b(4a+bx)\sqrt{1+x^2} + \frac{1}{2}(2a^2-b^2)\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)$$

output `1/2*b*(b*x+4*a)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/2*(2*a^2-b^2)*arcsinh(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2}b(4a+bx)\sqrt{1+x^2} + \frac{1}{2}(-2a^2+b^2)\log(-x+\sqrt{1+x^2})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x)^2/Sqrt[1 + x^2],x]`

output `(b*(4*a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 + x^2])/2 + ((-2*a^2 + b^2)*Log[-x + Sqrt[1 + x^2]])/2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {497, 455, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2a^2 + 3bxa - b^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx + \frac{1}{2} b \sqrt{x^2 + 1} (a + bx)$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( (2a^2 - b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx + 3ab \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \sqrt{x^2 + 1} (a + bx)$$

$$\downarrow 222$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( (2a^2 - b^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(x) + 3ab \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{1}{2} b \sqrt{x^2 + 1} (a + bx)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x)^2/Sqrt[1 + x^2], x]`

output `(b*(a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 + x^2])/2 + (3*a*b*Sqrt[1 + x^2] + (2*a^2 - b^2)*ArcSinh[x])/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 222 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 497

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b
*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +
1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n
, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p
+ 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{b(bx+4a)\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} + \left(a^2 - \frac{b^2}{2}\right) \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)$	31
default	$a^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(x) + b^2 \left(\frac{x\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{2}\right) + 2ab\sqrt{x^2+1}$	38
trager	$\frac{b(bx+4a)\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} + \frac{(2a^2-b^2) \ln(\sqrt{x^2+1}+x)}{2}$	42
meijerg	$\frac{b^2(\sqrt{\pi}x\sqrt{x^2+1}-\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}(x))}{2\sqrt{\pi}} + \frac{ab(-2\sqrt{\pi}+2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{x^2+1})}{\sqrt{\pi}} + a^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)$	60

input

```
int((b*x+a)^2/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*b*(b*x+4*a)*(x^2+1)^(1/2)+(a^2-1/2*b^2)*arcsinh(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} (2a^2 - b^2) \log(-x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) + \frac{1}{2} (b^2x + 4ab)\sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

input

```
integrate((b*x+a)^2/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(2*a^2 - b^2)*log(-x + sqrt(x^2 + 1)) + 1/2*(b^2*x + 4*a*b)*sqrt(x^2
+ 1)
```



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = a^2 \operatorname{asinh}(x) + 2ab\sqrt{x^2+1} + \frac{b^2x\sqrt{x^2+1}}{2} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{asinh}(x)}{2}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)**2/(x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`output `a**2*asinh(x) + 2*a*b*sqrt(x**2 + 1) + b**2*x*sqrt(x**2 + 1)/2 - b**2*asinh(x)/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x^2+1} b^2 x + a^2 \operatorname{arsinh}(x) - \frac{1}{2} b^2 \operatorname{arsinh}(x) + 2 \sqrt{x^2+1} ab$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*sqrt(x^2 + 1)*b^2*x + a^2*arcsinh(x) - 1/2*b^2*arcsinh(x) + 2*sqrt(x^2 + 1)*a*b`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} (2a^2 - b^2) \log(-x + \sqrt{x^2+1}) + \frac{1}{2} (b^2x + 4ab) \sqrt{x^2+1}$$

input `integrate((b*x+a)^2/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(2*a^2 - b^2)*log(-x + sqrt(x^2 + 1)) + 1/2*(b^2*x + 4*a*b)*sqrt(x^2 + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = \left( \frac{x b^2}{2} + 2 a b \right) \sqrt{x^2 + 1} + \operatorname{asinh}(x) \left( a^2 - \frac{b^2}{2} \right)$$

input `int((a + b*x)^2/(x^2 + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*a*b + (b^2*x)/2)*(x^2 + 1)^(1/2) + asinh(x)*(a^2 - b^2/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = 2\sqrt{x^2 + 1} ab + \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} b^2 x}{2} + \log(\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + x) a^2 - \frac{\log(\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + x) b^2}{2}$$

input `int((b*x+a)^2/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`output `(4*sqrt(x**2 + 1)*a*b + sqrt(x**2 + 1)*b**2*x + 2*log(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + x)*a**2 - log(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + x)*b**2)/2`

$$3.299 \quad \int \frac{2+3x}{(4+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2526
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2526
Rubi [A] (verified)	2527
Maple [A] (verified)	2528
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2528
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2529
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2529
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2529
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2530
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2530

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{2+3x}{(4+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{6-x}{2\sqrt{4+x^2}}$$

output `-1/2*(6-x)/(x^2+4)^(1/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{2+3x}{(4+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-6+x}{2\sqrt{4+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + 3*x)/(4 + x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-6 + x)/(2*Sqrt[4 + x^2])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {453}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{3x + 2}{(x^2 + 4)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 453

$$-\frac{6 - x}{2\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x)/(4 + x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(6 - x)/Sqrt[4 + x^2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 453 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x-6}{2\sqrt{x^2+4}}$	13
trager	$\frac{x-6}{2\sqrt{x^2+4}}$	13
risch	$\frac{x-6}{2\sqrt{x^2+4}}$	13
orering	$\frac{x-6}{2\sqrt{x^2+4}}$	13
default	$\frac{x}{2\sqrt{x^2+4}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{x^2+4}}$	21
meijerg	$\frac{x}{4\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2}{4}}} + \frac{\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}}{2} - \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}}{2\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2}{4}}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$	37

input `int((3*x+2)/(x^2+4)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*(x-6)/(x^2+4)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 25 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{2+3x}{(4+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 + \sqrt{x^2+4}(x-6) + 4}{2(x^2+4)}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)/(x^2+4)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(x^2 + sqrt(x^2 + 4)*(x - 6) + 4)/(x^2 + 4)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{2+3x}{(4+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{2\sqrt{x^2+4}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{x^2+4}}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)/(x**2+4)**(3/2),x)`output `x/(2*sqrt(x**2 + 4)) - 3/sqrt(x**2 + 4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{2+3x}{(4+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{2\sqrt{x^2+4}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{x^2+4}}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)/(x^2+4)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*x/sqrt(x^2 + 4) - 3/sqrt(x^2 + 4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{2+3x}{(4+x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x-6}{2\sqrt{x^2+4}}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)/(x^2+4)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(x - 6)/sqrt(x^2 + 4)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x}{(4 + x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x - 6}{2\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$$

input `int((3*x + 2)/(x^2 + 4)^(3/2),x)`output `(x - 6)/(2*(x^2 + 4)^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x}{(4 + x^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} x - 6\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + x^2 + 4}{2x^2 + 8}$$

input `int((2+3*x)/(x^2+4)^(3/2),x)`output `(sqrt(x**2 + 4)*x - 6*sqrt(x**2 + 4) + x**2 + 4)/(2*(x**2 + 4))`

### 3.300 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	2531
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2532
Rubi [A] (verified)	2533
Maple [B] (verified)	2537
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2539
Sympy [F]	2540
Maxima [F]	2540
Giac [F]	2540
Mupad [F(-1)]	2541
Reduce [F]	2541

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 414

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2} dx = \\
 & -\frac{4}{105} \left( \frac{3c^2}{d} + \frac{5ad}{b} \right) \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a - bx^2} - \frac{4c(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2}}{35d} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2}}{7d} \\
 & \frac{4\sqrt{ac}(3bc^2 + 29ad^2) \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}} \right)}{105\sqrt{bd}^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}}} \sqrt{a - bx^2}} \\
 & + \frac{4\sqrt{a}(3b^2c^4 + 2abc^2d^2 - 5a^2d^4) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}} \right)}{105b^{3/2}d^2 \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a - bx^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$



output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -4/105*(3*c^2/d+5*a*d/b)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-4/35*c*(d*x+c)^(3/2) \\
& *(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d+2/7*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d-4/105*a^(1/2)*c \\
& *(29*a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*(1-b^(1/2) \\
& *x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2) \\
& )/b^(1/2)/d^2/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2) \\
& +4/105*a^(1/2)*(-5*a^2*d^4+2*a*b*c^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^4)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b \\
& ^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d}})^{(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^{(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*(1-b^{(1/2)*x/a} \\
& ^{(1/2))^{(1/2)*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)*(a^{(1/2)*d/(b^{(1/2)*c+a^{(1/2)*d}})^{(1/2))}/b^{(3/2) \\
& /d^2/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (c$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& +dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( (c+dx)(-10ad^2+3b(c^2+8cdx+5d^2x^2)) - \frac{2 \left( cd^2\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}(3bc^2+29ad^2) \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}
\end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2], x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (2*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]*((c + d*x)*(-10*a*d^2 + 3*b*(c^2 + 8*c*d*x + 5*d^2*x^2) \\
& ) - (2*(c*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[-c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*(3*b*c^2 + 29*a*d^2)*(a - b*x \\
& ^2) + I*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*(3*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 3*\text{Sqrt}[a]*b*c^2*d + 29*a*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*d^2 \\
& - 29*a^(3/2)*d^3)*\text{Sqrt}[(d*(\text{Sqrt}[a]/\text{Sqrt}[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[ -(((\text{Sqrt}[ \\
& a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[ \\
& -c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/(\text{Sqrt}[b] \\
& *c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)] + I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*d*(3*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 27*\text{Sqrt}[a]*b*c^2*d + 29*a* \\
& \text{Sqrt}[b]*c*d^2 - 5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*\text{Sqrt}[(d*(\text{Sqrt}[a]/\text{Sqrt}[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*\text{S} \\
& \text{qrt}[ -(((\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*\text{EllipticF}[I* \\
& \text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a] \\
& *d)/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)))]/(d^2*\text{Sqrt}[-c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*(a - b \\
& *x^2)))/(105*b*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])
\end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a - bx^2}(c + dx)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{(7bc^2 + 8bdxc + ad^2)\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{2\sqrt{c + dx}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2d(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(7bc^2 + 8bdxc + ad^2)\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2d(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 682 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx}(5ad^2 + 3bc^2 + 24bcdx)}{15d} - \frac{4 \int -\frac{bd(ad(27bc^2 + 5ad^2) + bc(3bc^2 + 29ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx}{15bd^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{ad(27bc^2 + 5ad^2) + bc(3bc^2 + 29ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx}{15d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx}(5ad^2 + 3bc^2 + 24bcdx)}{15d} - \frac{2d(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{bc(29ad^2 + 3bc^2)}{d} \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx - \frac{(bc^2 - ad^2)(5ad^2 + 3bc^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx \right)}{15d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx}(5ad^2 + 3bc^2 + 24bcdx)}{15d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{2d(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{7b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(29ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(5ad^2+3bc^2+24bcdx)}{15d}$$

$$\frac{2d(a-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx}}{7b}$$

↓ 508

$$2 \left( \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1)+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(5ad^2+3bc^2+24bcdx)}{15d}$$

$$\frac{2d(a-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx}}{7b}$$

↓ 327

$$2 \left( \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2) E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(5ad^2+3bc^2+24bcdx)}{15d}$$

$$\frac{2d(a-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx}}{7b}$$

↓ 512

$$2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2) E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(5ad^2+3bc^2+24bcdx)}{15d}$$

$$\frac{2d(a-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx}}{7b}$$

511

$$\int \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}$$


---


$$\frac{2d(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{7b}$$

321

$$\int \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}$$


---


$$\frac{2d(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{7b}$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2], x]
```

```
output (-2*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*b) + ((2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(3*b*c^2 + 5*a*d^2 + 24*b*c*d*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(15*d) + (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*(3*b*c^2 + 29*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(3*b*c^2 + 5*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(15*d))/(7*b)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 683 vs.  $2(338) = 676$ .

Time = 2.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 684, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(-15b^2x^2d^2 - 24bcdx + 10ad^2 - 3b^2c^2)\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{105bd} + \left[ \frac{c(29ad^2 + 3b^2c^2)\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{-\frac{2(x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}}{2} \right]$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left[ \frac{2dx^2\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{7} + \frac{16cx\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{35} - \frac{2\left(\frac{2ad^2}{7} - \frac{3b^2c^2}{35}\right)\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3bd} + \frac{2\left(\frac{19a}{35}\right)}{35} \right]$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-2/105*(-15*b*d^2*x^2-24*b*c*d*x+10*a*d^2-3*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d*(-b*x
^2+a)^(1/2)+2/105/d/b*(c*(29*a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a
*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*
(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2
)*((c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b
)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-c/d*Ellipti
cF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+5*a^2*d^3/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a
*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*
(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2
)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a
*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+27*a*c^2*d*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x
+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/
2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*
c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-
2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)
/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2} dx = \frac{2 \left( 2(3b^2c^4 - 52abc^2d^2 - 15a^2d^4) \sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2 + 3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3 - 9a)}{27bd^3} \right) \right)}{3bd^2}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(2*(3*b^2*c^4 - 52*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 15*a^2*d^4)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassP
Inverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3),
1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 6*(3*b^2*c^3*d + 29*a*b*c*d^3)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrass
Zeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), wei
erstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/
(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(15*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 24*b^2*c*d^3*x + 3*b^2*
c^2*d^2 - 10*a*b*d^4)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^2*d^3)
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{a - bx^2} (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{-bx^2 + a} (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{-bx^2 + a} (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{a - bx^2} (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2} dx = \frac{-26\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}ad + 16\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}bcx + 10\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{\dots}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)`output `( - 26*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d + 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c*x + 10*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d*x**2 - 29*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*b*d**2 - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*b**2*c**2 + 13*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a**2*d**2 + 19*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*b*c**2)/(35*b)`

### 3.301 $\int \sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	2542
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2543
Rubi [A] (verified)	2543
Maple [A] (verified)	2548
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2549
Sympy [F]	2550
Maxima [F]	2550
Giac [F]	2550
Mupad [F(-1)]	2551
Reduce [F]	2551

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 357

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4c\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{15d} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{5d}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{a}(bc^2 + 3ad^2)\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{15\sqrt{bd^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{ac}(bc^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{15\sqrt{bd^2}\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

output

```
-4/15*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d+2/5*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
)/d-4/15*a^(1/2)*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE
(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(
1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^2/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/
(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+4/15*a^(1/2)*c*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c
+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(
1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^2/
(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 490, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2} dx$$

$$\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( \frac{2(c+dx)(c+3dx)}{d} + \frac{4 \left( d^2 \sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}} (bc^2+3ad^2)(a-bx^2) + i\sqrt{b} (b^{3/2}c^3 - \sqrt{abc^2d} + 3a\sqrt{bcd^2} - 3a^{3/2}d^3) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x)}{c+dx}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} \frac{1}{c+dx}} \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*((2*(c + d*x)*(c + 3*d*x))/d + (4*(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2) + I*Sqrt[b]*(b^(3/2)*c^3 - Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d + 3*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 - 3*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d*(b*c^2 - 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d + 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(b*d^3*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(15*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$ , Rules used = {493, 687, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \sqrt{a - bx^2} \sqrt{c + dx} \, dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{493} \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{(ad+bcx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}(c + dx)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{687} \\
& \frac{2 \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{b(4acd+(bc^2+3ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx} \right)}{5d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}(c + dx)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4acd+(bc^2+3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx} \right)}{5d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}(c + dx)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{600} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx} \right)}{5d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}(c + dx)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{509} \\
& \frac{2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx} \right)}{5d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}(c + dx)^{3/2}}{5d} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{508}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1)+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5d}$$

↓ 327

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5d}$$

↓ 512

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( -\frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5d}$$

↓ 511

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1)+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5d}$$

5d

↓ 321

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+bc}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+bc}}}} \right) \right) = \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5d}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2],x]
```

```
output (2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(5*d) + (2*((-2*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/3 + ((-2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/3))/(5*d)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

```
rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 493  $\text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (d \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2 \cdot p / (d \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1} (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x), x], x] /;$   
 $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{!RationalQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, 1]) \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[n + 2 \cdot p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2], x] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot q \cdot \text{Sqrt}[q \cdot (c + d \cdot x) / (d + c \cdot q)])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 \cdot d \cdot (x^2 / (d + c \cdot q))] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q \cdot x) / 2]], x] /;$   
 $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2], x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)], x], x] /;$   
 $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[q \cdot (c + d \cdot x) / (d + c \cdot q)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot q \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 \cdot d \cdot (x^2 / (d + c \cdot q))] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q \cdot x) / 2]], x] /;$   
 $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)]), x], x] /;$   
 $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A + B \cdot x) / (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B \cdot c - A \cdot d) / d \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x], x] /;$   
 $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$



rule 687

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(3dx+c)\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{15d} + \frac{(3ad^2+bc^2)\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{2(x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}}{2} \left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right) \text{EllipticE}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}}{2\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}}\right)$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( \frac{2x\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{5} + \frac{2c\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{15d} + \frac{16ac\left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}}{15\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/15*(3*d*x+c)/d*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2/15/d*((3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/b*
(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/
d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b
*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(1/2*2^(1/
2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a
*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-c/d*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(
1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+4*a*c*d/b*(a
*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-
1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d
*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b
/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((d*x
+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{a-bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (bc^3 - 9acd^2) \sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2 + 3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3 - 9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d} \right) + 6(bc^2d + 3ad^3) \sqrt{-bd} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/45*(2*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*
a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 6*
(b*c^2*d + 3*a*d^3)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^
2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*
a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3
*(3*b*d^3*x + b*c*d^2)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(b*d^3)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{-bx^2+a}\sqrt{dx+c} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{-bx^2+a}\sqrt{dx+c} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}ad + 2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}bcx - 3\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+ax^2}}{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac} dx\right)abd^2 - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+ax^2}}{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac} dx\right)}{5bc}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c*x - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*b*d**2 - int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*b**2*c**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a**2*d**2 + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*b*c**2)/(5*b*c)`

### 3.302 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	2552
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2553
Rubi [A] (verified)	2553
Maple [A] (verified)	2557
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2559
Sympy [F]	2560
Maxima [F]	2560
Giac [F]	2560
Mupad [F(-1)]	2561
Reduce [F]	2561

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d} - \frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{a}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{bd^2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d-4/3*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*
(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)
*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^2/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+
a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+4/3*a^(1/2)*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*
x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)
*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)
)/b^(1/2)/d^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 424, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( -c + dx + \frac{2i\sqrt{bc}(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{c + dx}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{ad} - dx}{c + dx}} (c + dx)^{3/2} E \left( i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) \middle| \frac{\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}} \right) + \frac{2i\sqrt{a}}{d^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}} (-a + bx^2)} \right)}{3d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-c + d*x + ((2*I)*Sqrt[b]*c*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)) + ((2*I)*Sqrt[a]*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(3*d*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {493, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 493 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{ad+bcx}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{bc \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 508 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( -\frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( -\frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 512
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) + \frac{3d}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

511

$$2 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) + \frac{3d}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

321

$$2 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) + \frac{3d}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - b*x^2]/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*d) + (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(3*d)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 321  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 493  $\text{Int}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{RationalQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, 1]) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[n + 2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{3d} + \frac{ad\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{2(x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}}{2}, \sqrt{-\frac{2\sqrt{ab}}{b(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})}}\right)}{b\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3d} + \frac{4a\left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}\right)}{3\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}} \right)$
default	$2\sqrt{-bx^2+a}\sqrt{dx+c} \left( 2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}}\sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab}+bc}}\sqrt{\frac{(bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}}, \sqrt{-\frac{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}{d\sqrt{ab}+bc}}\right)\sqrt{ab}ad^3 - 2\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}} \right)$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/3*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d+2/3/d*(a*d/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+
1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2
)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c
)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-
2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+c*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/
b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*
(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(
1/2)*((c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/
(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-c/d*Ell
ipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(
1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))**((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1
/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( 6 \sqrt{-bd} bcd \text{weierstrassZeta} \left( \frac{4(bc^2 + 3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3 - 9acd^2)}{27bd^3} \right), \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2 + 3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3 - 9acd^2)}{27bd^3} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

2/9*(6*sqrt(-b*d)*b*c*d*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/
27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/
(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*sqrt(-
b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)*b*d^2 + 2*(b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstras
sPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3)
, 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d))/(b*d^3)

```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - b*x**2)/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(c + d*x),x)`

### 3.303 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2562
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2563
Rubi [A] (verified)	2563
Maple [A] (verified)	2567
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2568
Sympy [F]	2568
Maxima [F]	2569
Giac [F]	2569
Mupad [F(-1)]	2569
Reduce [F]	2570

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 298

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)+4*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x
^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(
1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^2/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/
2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-4*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2
)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2
))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^2/(d*x+
c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 407, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( -1 - \frac{2 \left( d^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} (a - bx^2)} + i\sqrt{b} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{c + dx}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{ad} - dx}{\sqrt{b} - c + dx}} (c + dx)^{3/2} E \left( i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} (a - bx^2)} + i\sqrt{b} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{c + dx}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{ad} - dx}{\sqrt{b} - c + dx}} (c + dx)^{3/2} E \left( i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} (a - bx^2)} + i\sqrt{b} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{c + dx}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{ad} - dx}{\sqrt{b} - c + dx}} (c + dx)^{3/2} E \left( i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) \right)} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} (a - bx^2)} + i\sqrt{b} (\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{c + dx}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{ad} - dx}{\sqrt{b} - c + dx}} (c + dx)^{3/2} E \left( i \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) \right)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a - b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-1 - (2*(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(a - b*x^2) + I*Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 293, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {492, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 492



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 508 \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{bc}+d}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 512 \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 511
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{d}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\
 & \frac{d}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \downarrow 321 \\
 & 2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{d}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\
 & \frac{d}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[a - b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]
```

```
output (-2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - (2*b*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/d
```

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 492  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^n)*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n+1)))*\text{Int}[x*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]))*\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]))*\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)}}{d^2 \sqrt{(x+\frac{c}{d})(-bdx^2+ad)}} \frac{4b \left( \frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}}{d \sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+a}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{dx+c} \sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{2 \sqrt{-bx^2+a} \sqrt{dx+c}} \left( 2 \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}} \sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}} \sqrt{\frac{(bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}, \sqrt{\frac{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}} \right) a d^2 - 2\sqrt{ab} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}} \right)$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)/d^2/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)-4*b/d*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 3 \sqrt{-bx^2 + a} \sqrt{dx + cd^2} + 2 (cdx + c^2) \sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2 + 3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3 - 9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx + c}{3d} \right) + \right.$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(3*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2 + 2*(c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 6*(d^2*x + c*d)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)))/(d^4*x + c*d^3)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - b*x**2)/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - b x^2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)`

### 3.304 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2571
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2572
Rubi [A] (verified)	2572
Maple [B] (verified)	2577
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2578
Sympy [F]	2578
Maxima [F]	2579
Giac [F]	2579
Mupad [F(-1)]	2579
Reduce [F]	2580

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 362

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{4bc\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

$$-\frac{4\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}c\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3d^2(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+\frac{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+4/3*b*c*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d/(-a*d^2+b
*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-4/3*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*
EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1
/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^2/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a
^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+4/3*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b
^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a
^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^2/(d
*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```



### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 456, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( -\frac{bc^2}{c+dx} + \frac{ad^2}{c+dx} + \frac{2ib^{3/2}c(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})\sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x)}{c+dx}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ad}-dx}{\sqrt{b}-c+dx}}(c+dx)^{3/2}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{a-bx^2}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x)}{c+dx}}}\right)}{d^2\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(-a+bx^2)}}}\right)}{3(bc^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a - b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-((b*c^2)/(c + d*x)) + (a*d^2)/(c + d*x) + ((2*I)*b^(3/2)*c*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)) + ((2*I)*Sqrt[a]*b*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(3*(b*c^2*d - a*d^3)*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$ , Rules used = {492, 594, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 492

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{x}{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 594 \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{ad+bcx}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{ad+bcx}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{2b \left( -\frac{bc \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{2b \left( -\frac{bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 508 \\
 & \frac{2b \left( -\frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 327

$$2b \left( \frac{(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2 - ad^2} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{3d}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\ \frac{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 512

$$2b \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2 - ad^2} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{3d}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\ \frac{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 511

$$2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2 - ad^2}$$

$$\frac{3d}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\ \frac{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 321

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[a - b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]
```

```
output (-2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - (2*b*((-2*c*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/
((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - ((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqr
t[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]],
(2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c +
Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(
c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sq
rt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(S
qrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(3*d)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

```
rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 492 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1)) Int[x*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[n, -1]) && NeQ[n, -1] && !LtQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))])*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 594 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(n + 1) + b*c*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 600

```
Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 680 vs. 2(292) = 584.

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 681, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3d^3\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2} - \frac{4(-bdx^2+ad)bc}{3(ad^2-bc^2)d^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)(-bdx^2+ad)}} + 2\left(-\frac{2b}{3d^2} - \frac{2b^2c^2}{3d^2(ad^2-bc^2)}\right)\left(\frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/3/d^3*(-b*d*
x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^2-4/3*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/d^
2*b*c/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)^(1/2)+2*(-2/3*b/d^2-2/3*b^2*c^2/d^2/(a*d^2-
b*c^2))*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))))^(1/2)*((x-1/
b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/
b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)
)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/
2)))^(1/2))-4/3*b^2/d*c/(a*d^2-b*c^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-
1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*
x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/
2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(
1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 2(bc^4 - 3ac^2d^2 + (bc^2d^2 - 3ad^4)x^2 + 2(bc^3d - 3acd^3)x \right) \sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9*(2*(b*c^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2 + (b*c^2*d^2 - 3*a*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(b*c^3*d - 3*a*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 6*(b*c*d^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^2*d^2*x + b*c^3*d)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(2*b*c*d^3*x + b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(b*c^4*d^3 - a*c^2*d^5 + (b*c^2*d^5 - a*d^7)*x^2 + 2*(b*c^3*d^4 - a*c*d^6)*x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - b*x**2)/(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - b x^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)`

### 3.305 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2581
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2582
Rubi [A] (verified)	2583
Maple [B] (verified)	2589
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2590
Sympy [F]	2591
Maxima [F]	2591
Giac [F]	2592
Mupad [F(-1)]	2592
Reduce [F]	2592

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 443

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{4bc\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{15d(bc^2-ad^2)(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{4b(bc^2+3ad^2)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{15d(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

$$-\frac{4\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}(bc^2+3ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{15d^2(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+\frac{4\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}c\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{15d^2(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2/5*(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d/(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}+4/15*b*c*(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d/(-a*d^2+ \\
& b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}+4/15*b*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d/(-a*d^2+b*c \\
& ^2)^2/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}-4/15*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(3/2)}*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(1- \\
& b*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^{(1/2)}*x/a^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*( \\
& a^{(1/2)}*d/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)})/d^2/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x \\
& +c)/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}+4/15*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(3/2)}*c*( \\
& b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)}*(1-b*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(1 \\
& /2*(1-b^{(1/2)}*x/a^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(a^{(1/2)}*d/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)} \\
& *d))^{(1/2)})/d^2/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 486, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( -\frac{3(bc^2-ad^2)^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{2bc(bc^2-ad^2)}{c+dx} - \frac{2ib^2 \sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}(bc^2+3ad^2) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x)}{c+dx}} \sqrt{-\frac{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}-dx}{c+dx}}(c+dx)}}{d^2(-a+bx^2)} \right)}{d^2(-a+bx^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a - b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (2*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]*((-3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2)/(c + d*x)^2 + (2*b*c*(b*c^2 - a \\
& *d^2))/(c + d*x) - ((2*I)*b^2*\text{Sqrt}[-c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*(b*c^2 + 3*a* \\
& d^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(d*(\text{Sqrt}[a]/\text{Sqrt}[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b] \\
& - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)}*\text{EllipticE}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-c + (\text{Sqrt}[a] \\
& *d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]* \\
& d)]/(d^2*(-a + b*x^2)) + ((2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{(3/2)}*(b*c^2 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b] \\
& *c*d + 3*a*d^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(d*(\text{Sqrt}[a]/\text{Sqrt}[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((\text{Sqrt}[a] \\
& *d)/\text{Sqrt}[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)}*\text{EllipticF}[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[- \\
& c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/(\text{Sqrt}[b]* \\
& c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)]/(d*\text{Sqrt}[-c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(15*d*( \\
& b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])
\end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$ , Rules used = {492, 594, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 492 \\
 & -\frac{2b \int \frac{x}{(c+dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 594 \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{3ad-bcx}{2(c+dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{3ad-bcx}{(c+dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( -\frac{\frac{2 \int \frac{b(4acd+(bc^2+3ad^2)x}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( -\frac{\frac{b \int \frac{4acd+(bc^2+3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 600

$$2b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \frac{1}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 509

$$2b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{5d}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \frac{1}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 508

$$\left( \frac{c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2c}{3(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \quad 5d$$

↓ 327

$$\left( \frac{c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2c}{3(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \quad 5d$$

↓ 512

$$2b \left( \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right) \frac{bc^2-ad^2}{3(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

511

$$2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx + d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{\sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}\sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

321

$$\frac{2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} \cdot \frac{1}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} = \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a - b*x^2]/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(5*d*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) - (2*b*((-2*c*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - ((2*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]) + (b*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)))/(5*d)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`



rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 492  $\text{Int}[(c_ + d_*(x_))^{n_}*(a_ + b_*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1)) \text{Int}[x*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \parallel \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \&\& \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \&\& !\text{IntQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 594  $\text{Int}[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{n_}*(a_ + b_*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(n + 1) + b*c*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$

```
rule 600 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

```
rule 688 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 783 vs. 2(367) = 734.

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{5d^4\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^3} - \frac{4bc\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{15d^3(a d^2-b c^2)\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2} + \frac{4(-bdx^2+ad)b(3a d^2+b c^2)}{15(a d^2-b c^2)^2 d^2 \sqrt{\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)(-bdx^2+ad)}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{2b^2}{15d^2(a d^2-b c^2)}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)(-bdx^2+ad)}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/5/d^4*(-b*d*
x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^3-4/15*b/d^3/(a*d^2-b*c^2)*c*(-b*d*x^
3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^2+4/15*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2/d
^2*b*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)+2*(2/15*b^2/d^2*c/(a*d
^2-b*c^2)+2/15*b^2/d^2*c*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(
1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b
*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-
b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))
^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+4/15*b^2/d*(
3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a
b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/
b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(
1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1
/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-
c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))

```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 572, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 2(b^2c^6 - 9abc^4d^2 + (b^2c^3d^3 - 9abcd^5)x^3 + 3(b^2c^4d^2 - 9abc^2d^4)x^2 + 3(b^2c^5d - 9abcd^3)x + 3b^2c^6d^2) \right)}{(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/45*(2*(b^2*c^6 - 9*a*b*c^4*d^2 + (b^2*c^3*d^3 - 9*a*b*c*d^5)*x^3 + 3*(b^2*c^4*d^2 - 9*a*b*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(b^2*c^5*d - 9*a*b*c^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 6*(b^2*c^5*d + 3*a*b*c^3*d^3 + (b^2*c^2*d^4 + 3*a*b*d^6)*x^3 + 3*(b^2*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*b*c*d^5)*x^2 + 3*(b^2*c^4*d^2 + 3*a*b*c^2*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(b^2*c^4*d^2 + 10*a*b*c^2*d^4 - 3*a^2*d^6 + 2*(b^2*c^2*d^4 + 3*a*b*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(3*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 5*a*b*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^2*c^7*d^3 - 2*a*b*c^5*d^5 + a^2*c^3*d^7 + (b^2*c^4*d^6 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^8 + a^2*d^10)*x^3 + 3*(b^2*c^5*d^5 - 2*a*b*c^3*d^7 + a^2*c*d^9)*x^2 + 3*(b^2*c^6*d^4 - 2*a*b*c^4*d^6 + a^2*c^2*d^8)*x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(1/2)/(d*x+c)**(7/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a - b*x**2)/(c + d*x)**(7/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{d^4 x^4 + 4c d^3 x^3 + 6c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4c^3 dx + c^4} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(c**4 + 4*c**3*d*x + 6*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*c*d**3*x**3 + d**4*x**4),x)`

### 3.306 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2593
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2594
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2595
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2602
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2603
Sympy [F] . . . . .	2604
Maxima [F] . . . . .	2604
Giac [F] . . . . .	2605
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2605
Reduce [F] . . . . .	2605

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 512

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{8\left(21ac^2 - \frac{4bc^4}{d^2} + \frac{15a^2d^2}{b}\right) \sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{1155d}$$

$$+ \frac{32c(bc^2 - 4ad^2)(c + dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{1155d^3}$$

$$- \frac{4(c + dx)^{5/2}(4bc^2 - 9ad^2 - 7bcdx)\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{231d^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2}(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{11d}$$

$$+ \frac{32\sqrt{ac}(bc^2 - 9ad^2)(bc^2 + 3ad^2)\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{1155\sqrt{bd^4}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{8\sqrt{a}(4b^3c^6 - 25ab^2c^4d^2 + 6a^2bc^2d^4 + 15a^3d^6)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{a}}}\right)}{1155b^{3/2}d^4\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

output

```

-8/1155*(21*a*c^2-4*b*c^4/d^2+15*a^2*d^2/b)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
/d+32/1155*c*(-4*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3-4/231*(d*
x+c)^(5/2)*(-7*b*c*d*x-9*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3+2/11*(d*x+c)^(
5/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d+32/1155*a^(1/2)*c*(-9*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2
)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2
))*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^4/(b^(
1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-8/1155*a^(1/2)
*(15*a^3*d^6+6*a^2*b*c^2*d^4-25*a*b^2*c^4*d^2+4*b^3*c^6)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/
(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/
a^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(
3/2)/d^4/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 658, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a$$

$$-bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( -((c+dx)(60a^2d^4 - abd^2(47c^2 + 326cdx + 195d^2x^2) + b^2(8c^4 - 6c^3dx + 5c^2d^2) - bx^2) \right)}{dx}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-(c + d*x)*(60*a^2*d^4 - a*b*d^2*(47*c^2 + 326*c*d*x
+ 195*d^2*x^2) + b^2*(8*c^4 - 6*c^3*d*x + 5*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 140*c*d^3*x^3 +
105*d^4*x^4))) + (4*(4*c*d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(b^2*c^4 - 6*a
*b*c^2*d^2 - 27*a^2*d^4)*(a - b*x^2) + (4*I)*Sqrt[b]*c*(b^(5/2)*c^5 - Sqrt
[a]*b^2*c^4*d - 6*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 + 6*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d^3 - 27*a^2*Sqrt[b]
*c*d^4 + 27*a^(5/2)*d^5)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(
((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSin
h[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(
Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*d*(4*b^(5/2)*c^5 - Sqrt[a]*b^2*c^4*d -
24*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 + 114*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d^3 - 108*a^2*Sqrt[b]*c*d^4 + 15
*a^(5/2)*d^5)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d
)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c +
(Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c -
Sqrt[a]*d)))/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(a - b*x^2)))/(1155*b*
d^3*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 682, 27, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{(11bc^2 + 12bdxc + ad^2)(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{11b} - \frac{2d(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(11bc^2 + 12bdxc + ad^2)(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{11b} - \frac{2d(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 682
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2+28bcdx)}{21d} - \frac{4\int -\frac{3bd(ad(29bc^2+3ad^2)+bc(bc^2+31ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{c+dx}}dx}{21bd^2}$$


---


$$\frac{11b}{2d(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2\int \frac{(ad(29bc^2+3ad^2)+bc(bc^2+31ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}}dx}{7d} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2+28bcdx)}{21d}$$


---


$$\frac{11b}{2d(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

↓ 682

$$2\left(\frac{4\int \frac{b(ad(b^2c^4-114abd^2c^2-15a^2d^4)+4bc(bc^2-9ad^2)(bc^2+3ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}dx}{15bd^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-15a^2d^4-3bcdx(31ad^2+bc^2)-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{15d^2}\right)$$


---


$$\frac{11b}{2d(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

↓ 27

$$2\left(\frac{2\int \frac{ad(b^2c^4-114abd^2c^2-15a^2d^4)+4bc(bc^2-9ad^2)(bc^2+3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}dx}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-15a^2d^4-3bcdx(31ad^2+bc^2)-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{15d^2}\right)$$


---


$$\frac{11b}{2d(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

↓ 600

$$2\left(\frac{2\left(\frac{4bc(bc^2-9ad^2)(3ad^2+bc^2)}{d}\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}dx - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(-15a^2d^4-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{d}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}dx\right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-15a^2d^4-3bcdx(31ad^2+bc^2)-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{15d^2}\right)$$


---


$$\frac{11b}{2d(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

↓ 509

$$2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{4bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-9ad^2)(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(-15a^2d^4-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-15a^2d^4-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{15d^2}$$

7d

11b

$$\frac{2d(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{11b}$$

↓ 508

$$2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(-15a^2d^4-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-9ad^2)(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{15d^2} \right) \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-15a^2d^4-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{15d^2}$$

7d

11b

$$\frac{2d(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{11b}$$

↓ 327

$$2 \left( \frac{(bc^2 - ad^2)(-15a^2d^4 - 21abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-9ad^2)(3ad^2+bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}}+d}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)$$

15d<sup>2</sup>

7d

11b

$$\frac{2d(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11b}$$

11b

↓ 512

$$2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(-15a^2d^4-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-9ad^2)(3ad^2+bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}}+d}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)$$

15d<sup>2</sup>

7d

11b

$$\frac{2d(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11b}$$

11b

↓ 511

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(-15a^2d^4-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} dx \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-9ad^2)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{2d(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{11b}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(-15a^2d^4-21abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-9ad^2)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{2d(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{11b}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^{(5/2)})/(11*b) + ((2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(b*c^2 + \\ & 3*a*d^2 + 28*b*c*d*x)*(a - b*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(21*d) + (2*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*( \\ & 4*b^2*c^4 - 21*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 15*a^2*d^4 - 3*b*c*d*(b*c^2 + 31*a*d^2)*x)*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{rt}[a - b*x^2]))/(15*d^2) - (2*((-8*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*(b*c^2 - 9*a*d^2)*(b*c \\ & ^2 + 3*a*d^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - \\ & (\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*d)/((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + d)))/(d*\text{Sqrt}[( \\ & \text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + d*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)]*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]) + (2*\text{Sqrt}[a]* \\ & (b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(4*b^2*c^4 - 21*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 15*a^2*d^4)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(c \\ & + d*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*d)/((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + d)))/(\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[b]*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]))/(15*d^2)))/(7*d))/(11*b) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 497

$$\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}*(a_ + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n-1) + 2*b*c*d*(n+p)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A\_)+(B\_)(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 682  $\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)(x_)]^{(m_)}*((f\_)+(g\_)(x_))*((a\_)+(c\_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^{2*(m + 2*p + 1)}*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(c*e^{2*(m + 2*p + 1)}*(m + 2*p + 2))) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[f*a*c*e^{2*(m + 2*p + 2)} + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^{2*(m + 2*p + 1)}))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] || !\text{RationalQ}[m] || (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 933 vs. 2(430) = 860.

Time = 4.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 934, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

method	result
risch	$-\frac{2(105b^2d^4x^4+140b^2cd^3x^3-195abd^4x^2+5d^2c^2x^2b^2-326abc d^3x-6b^2c^3dx+60a^2d^4-47bc^2d^2a+8b^2c^4)\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{1155bd^3} +$
elliptic	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-2/1155/b*(105*b^2*d^4*x^4+140*b^2*c*d^3*x^3-195*a*b*d^4*x^2+5*b^2*c^2*d^2
*x^2-326*a*b*c*d^3*x-6*b^2*c^3*d*x+60*a^2*d^4-47*a*b*c^2*d^2+8*b^2*c^4)*(d
*x+c)^(1/2)/d^3*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+4/1155/b/d^3*(4*c*(27*a^2*d^4+6*a*b*c^2*d
^2-b^2*c^4)*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^
(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2
))^1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*Ellipti
cE(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^1/2, (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-c/d*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
)*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^1/2, (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+
15*a^3*d^5/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^1/2
*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2
))^1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b
*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^1/2, (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
))^1/2))-a*b*c^4*d*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2)
)^1/2*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a
*b)^(1/2))^1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*
((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^1/2, (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2)))^(1/2))+114*a^2*c^2*d^3*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/
(a*b)^(1/2))^1/2*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*Elliptic...

```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 4(4b^3c^6 - 27ab^2c^4d^2 + 234a^2bc^2d^4 + 45a^3d^6) \sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2 + 3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3 - 9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, 3 \right) \right)$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
-2/3465*(4*(4*b^3*c^6 - 27*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 234*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + 45*a^3*d^6)
*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^
3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 48*(b^3*c^5*d - 6*a*b^2*c^3*d
^3 - 27*a^2*b*c*d^5)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d
^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3
*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) +
3*(105*b^3*d^6*x^4 + 140*b^3*c*d^5*x^3 + 8*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 47*a*b^2*c^2*d^4
+ 60*a^2*b*d^6 + 5*(b^3*c^2*d^4 - 39*a*b^2*d^6)*x^2 - 2*(3*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 1
63*a*b^2*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^2*d^5)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (a - bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*(-b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((a - b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a$$

$$-bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-184\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}a^2d^3}{385} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}abcd}{1155} + \frac{652\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}abcd^2x}{1155} + \frac{26\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}abd}{77}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 276*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**3 - sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a
- b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d + 326*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*x +
195*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**3*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a
- b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x - 5*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d*x**2
- 140*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 - 105*sqrt(c + d*x)*
sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**3*x**4 - 324*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*
x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*b*d**4 - 72*int((sqrt(c
+ d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a*b**
2*c**2*d**2 + 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x -
b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*b**3*c**4 + 138*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2
))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**3*d**4 + 252*int((sqrt(c + d*
x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d*
*2 - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*
x**3),x)*a*b**2*c**4)/(1155*b*d**2)
```

### 3.307 $\int \sqrt{c + dx}(a - bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2607
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2608
Rubi [A] (verified)	2609
Maple [A] (verified)	2615
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2617
Sympy [F]	2618
Maxima [F]	2618
Giac [F]	2618
Mupad [F(-1)]	2619
Reduce [F]	2619

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 445

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx}(a - bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{32c(bc^2 - 3ad^2) \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a - bx^2}}{315d^3} - \frac{4(c + dx)^{3/2} (4bc^2 - 7ad^2 - 5bcdx) \sqrt{a - bx^2}}{105d^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{9d} + \frac{8\sqrt{a}(4b^2c^4 - 15abc^2d^2 - 21a^2d^4) \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{315\sqrt{bd^4} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}}} \sqrt{a - bx^2}} + \frac{32\sqrt{ac}(b^2c^4 - 4abc^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{315\sqrt{bd^4} \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

output

```
32/315*c*(-3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3-4/105*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-5*b*c*d*x-7*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3+2/9*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d+8/315*a^(1/2)*(-21*a^2*d^4-15*a*b*c^2*d^2+4*b^2*c^4)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^4/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-32/315*a^(1/2)*c*(3*a^2*d^4-4*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^4/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 611, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( -\frac{2(c+dx)(-ad^2(29c+77dx)+b(8c^3-6c^2dx+5cd^2x^2+35d^3x^3))}{d^3} + \frac{8}{d^2} \sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}} (4b^2c^4-15abc^2d^2-21c^2d^2) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*((-2*(c + d*x)*(-(a*d^2*(29*c + 77*d*x)) + b*(8*c^3 - 6*c^2*d*x + 5*c*d^2*x^2 + 35*d^3*x^3)))/d^3 + (8*(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(4*b^2*c^4 - 15*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 21*a^2*d^4)*(a - b*x^2) + I*Sqrt[b]*(4*b^(5/2)*c^5 - 4*Sqrt[a]*b^2*c^4*d - 15*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d^3 - 21*a^2*Sqrt[b]*c*d^4 + 21*a^(5/2)*d^5)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d*(4*b^2*c^4 - Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)*c^3*d - 15*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 33*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*c*d^3 - 21*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(b*d^5*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(a - b*x^2)))/(315*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$ , Rules used = {493, 687, 27, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 493 \\
 & \frac{2 \int (ad + bcx) \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a - bx^2} \, dx}{3d} + \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{9d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{b(8acd + (bc^2 + 7ad^2)x) \sqrt{a - bx^2}}{7b} \, dx}{3d} - \frac{2}{7} c (a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{9d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2 \left( \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(8acd + (bc^2 + 7ad^2)x) \sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \, dx - \frac{2}{7} c (a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{9d}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 682

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( - \frac{4 \int \frac{b(acd(bc^2 - 33ad^2) + (4b^2c^4 - 15abd^2c^2 - 21a^2d^4)x}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15bd^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c(bc^2 - 3ad^2) - 3dx(7ad^2 + bc^2))}{15d^2} \right) - \frac{2}{7}c(a - bx^2)^3 \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{9d} \quad 3d$$

↓ 27

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( - \frac{2 \int \frac{acd(bc^2 - 33ad^2) + (4b^2c^4 - 15abd^2c^2 - 21a^2d^4)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c(bc^2 - 3ad^2) - 3dx(7ad^2 + bc^2))}{15d^2} \right) - \frac{2}{7}c(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{9d} \quad 3d$$

↓ 600

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( - \frac{2 \left( \frac{(-21a^2d^4 - 15abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{4c(bc^2 - 3ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c(bc^2 - 3ad^2) - 3dx(7ad^2 + bc^2))}{15d^2} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{9d} \quad 3d$$

↓ 509

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( - \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} (-21a^2d^4 - 15abc^2d^2 + 4b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{4c(bc^2 - 3ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c(bc^2 - 3ad^2) - 3dx(7ad^2 + bc^2))}{15d^2} \right) \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{9d} \quad 3d$$

↓ 508

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{7} \right) \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}+d}}{\sqrt{a}+d}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{4c(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right) \frac{3d}{15d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{9d} \quad 3d$$

↓ 327

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{7} \right) \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{4c(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) \right) \frac{3d}{15d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{9d} \quad 3d$$

↓ 512



$$2 \left( \frac{1}{7} \right) \left( \frac{2}{15d^2} \left( \frac{4c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \right)$$

3d

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{9d}$$

↓ 511

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{7} \right) \left( \frac{2}{15d^2} \left( \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}} + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2) \sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) \right)$$

3d

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{9d}$$

↓ 321

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{7} - \frac{2 \left( \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^2)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}}} \right)}{15d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{9d} \qquad 3d$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(9*d) + (2*((-2*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/7 + ((-2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(4*c*(b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) - 3*d*(b*c^2 + 7*a*d^2)*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(15*d^2) - (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(4*b^2*c^4 - 15*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 21*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (8*Sqrt[a]*c*(b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(15*d^2))/7))/(3*d)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$  &&  $\text{NegQ}[d/c]$  &&  $\text{GtQ}[c, 0]$  &&  $\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 493  $\text{Int}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n*(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{n+1}*(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{p-1}*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x$  &&  $\text{GtQ}[p, 0]$  &&  $\text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0]$  &&  $(! \text{RationalQ}[n] || \text{LtQ}[n, 1])$  &&  $! \text{ILtQ}[n + 2*p, 0]$  &&  $\text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$  &&  $\text{NegQ}[b/a]$  &&  $\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$  &&  $\text{NegQ}[b/a]$  &&  $! \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$  &&  $\text{NegQ}[b/a]$  &&  $\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$  &&  $\text{NegQ}[b/a]$  &&  $! \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A_) + (B_)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x$  &&  $\text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 682

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))]*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])

```

rule 687

```

Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])

```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 715, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(-35bd^3x^3 - 5bc d^2x^2 + 77ax d^3 + 6b^2c^2 dx + 29a d^2c - 8b^2c^3)\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{315d^3} + \frac{(21a^2d^4 + 15bc^2d^2a - 4b^2c^4)\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{\sqrt{ab}}}}{4}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left[ -\frac{2bx^3\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{9} - \frac{2bcx^2\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{63d} - \frac{2\left(-\frac{11dab}{9} - \frac{2b^2c^2}{21d}\right)x\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{5bd} \right]$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/315*(-35*b*d^3*x^3-5*b*c*d^2*x^2+77*a*d^3*x+6*b*c^2*d*x+29*a*c*d^2-8*b*c^3)/d^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+4/315/d^3*((21*a^2*d^4+15*a*b*c^2*d^2-4*b^2*c^4)/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2), (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-c/d*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2), (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+33*d^3*c*a^2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2), (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-a*c^3*d*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2), (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 8(2b^2c^5 - 9abc^3d^2 + 39a^2cd^4)\sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right) + 12(4b^2c^4d - 15a^2d^5)\sqrt{-b} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right) + 3(35b^2d^5x^3 + 5b^2cd^4x^2 + 8b^2c^3d^2 - 29a^2cd^4 - (6b^2c^2d^3 + 77a^2bd^5)x) \sqrt{-b} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right) \right) / (b^2d^5)$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-2/945*(8*(2*b^2*c^5 - 9*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 39*a^2*c*d^4)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 12*(4*b^2*c^4*d - 15*a*b*c^2*d^3 - 21*a^2*d^5)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(35*b^2*d^5*x^3 + 5*b^2*c*d^4*x^2 + 8*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 29*a*b*c*d^4 - (6*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 77*a*b*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b*d^5)

```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (a-bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*(-b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**(3/2)*sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{dx+c} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{dx+c} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (a-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}a^2d^3}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}abc^2d}{315} + \frac{22\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}abcd^2x}{45} + \frac{4\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}b^2c^3x}{105}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*(-42*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**3 - sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d + 77*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*x + 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x - 5*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 - 35*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 - 63*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a**2*b*d**4 - 45*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*b**3*c**4 + 21*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a**3*d**4 + 81*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*b**2*c**4)/(315*b*c*d**2)`



**3.308**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	2620
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2621
Rubi [A] (verified)	2622
Maple [B] (verified)	2628
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2629
Sympy [F]	2630
Maxima [F]	2630
Giac [F]	2630
Mupad [F(-1)]	2631
Reduce [F]	2631

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 390

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-5ad^2-3bcdx)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{35d^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d} + \frac{32\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}(bc^2-2ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{35d^4\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}(4b^2c^4-9abc^2d^2+5a^2d^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{35\sqrt{bd^4}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-4/35*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-3*b*c*d*x-5*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3+2/7*
(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d+32/35*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*(-2*a*d^2+b*c^2)*
(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*
2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^4/(b^(1/2)*(d*x
+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-8/35*a^(1/2)*(5*a^2*d^4-
9*a*b*c^2*d^2+4*b^2*c^4)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-
b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(
a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^4/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+
a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 525, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( -\frac{2(c+dx)(-15ad^2 + b(8c^2 - 6cdx + 5d^2x^2))}{d^3} + \frac{8 \left( 4cd^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(bc^2 - 2ad^2)}(a - bx^2) + 4i\sqrt{bc}(b^3) \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*((-2*(c + d*x)*(-15*a*d^2 + b*(8*c^2 - 6*c*d*x + 5*d^2*x^
2)))/d^3 + (8*(4*c*d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*(a
- b*x^2) + (4*I)*Sqrt[b]*c*(b^(3/2)*c^3 - Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 2*a*Sqrt[b]*c
*d^2 + 2*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-((S
qrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[S
qrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqr
t[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*d*(4*b^(3/2)*c^3 - Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 8*a*
Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 + 5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*S
qrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*
ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a
]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/d^5*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(a - b
*x^2)))/(35*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$ , Rules used = {493, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{493} \\
 & \frac{6 \int \frac{(ad+bcx)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{7d} + \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{682} \\
 & \frac{6 \left( -\frac{4 \int \frac{b(ad(bc^2 - 5ad^2) + 4bc(bc^2 - 2ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15bd^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-5ad^2 + 4bc^2 - 3bcdx)}{15d^2} \right)}{7d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{6 \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{ad(bc^2 - 5ad^2) + 4bc(bc^2 - 2ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-5ad^2 + 4bc^2 - 3bcdx)}{15d^2} \right)}{7d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600} \\
 & \frac{6 \left( -\frac{2 \left( \frac{4bc(bc^2 - 2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(4bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-5ad^2 + 4bc^2 - 3bcdx)}{15d^2} \right)}{7d} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{7d}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 509

$$6 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{4bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-5ad^2+4bc^2-3bcdx)}{15d^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx}}{7d}$$

↓ 508

$$6 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+bc}}}}}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{15d^2} \right) \right) +$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx}}{7d}$$

↓ 327

$$6 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \Big| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{7d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{7d}$$

↓ 512

$$6 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \Big| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{7d} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{7d}$$

↓ 511

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 6 \end{array} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{7d}$$

7d

↓ 321

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 6 \end{array} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{7d}$$

7d

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2})/(7d) + (6((-2\sqrt{c+dx}(4b^2c^2 \\ & - 5a^2d^2 - 3b^2cdx))\sqrt{a-bx^2})/(15d^2) - (2((-8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} \\ & ]*c*(b^2c^2 - 2a^2d^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-(bx^2)/a})\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{S} \\ & \text{qrt}[1-(\sqrt{b}*x)/\sqrt{a}]]/\sqrt{2}], (2d)/((\sqrt{b}*c)/\sqrt{a} + d)))/( \\ & d\sqrt{((\sqrt{b}*(c+dx))/(\sqrt{b}*c + \sqrt{a}*d))\sqrt{a-bx^2}}) + (2* \\ & \sqrt{a}*(4b^2c^2 - 5a^2d^2)*(b^2c^2 - a^2d^2)\sqrt{((\sqrt{b}*(c+dx))/(\sqrt{a} \\ & ]*c + \sqrt{a}*d))\sqrt{1-(bx^2)/a}}\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1-(\sqrt{b} \\ & ]*x)/\sqrt{a}]]/\sqrt{2}], (2d)/((\sqrt{b}*c)/\sqrt{a} + d)))/(\sqrt{b}*d\sqrt{c \\ & + dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}))/((15d^2)))/(7d) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2})\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2}/\sqrt{(c_)+(d_)*(x_)^2}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{a}/(\sqrt{c}\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 493

$$\text{Int}(((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^n)*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c+dx)^{(n+1)}*((a+bx^2)^p/(d*(n+2*p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(d*(n+2*p+1))) \text{Int}[(c+dx)^n*(a+bx^2)^{(p-1)}*(a*d-b*c*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{RationalQ}[n] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, 1]) \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[n+2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A\_)+(B\_)(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 682  $\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)(x_)]^{(m\_)}*((f\_)+(g\_)(x_))*((a\_)+(c\_)(x_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^{2*(m + 2*p + 1)}*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2*(p/(c*e^{2*(m + 2*p + 1)}*(m + 2*p + 2))) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p - 1)}*\text{Simp}[f*a*c*e^{2*(m + 2*p + 2)} + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^{2*(m + 2*p + 1)}))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] || !\text{RationalQ}[m] || (\text{GeQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, 0])) \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 678 vs. 2(320) = 640.

Time = 3.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 679, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(-5bx^2d^2+6bcdx+15ad^2-8bc^2)\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{35d^3} + \frac{4c(2ad^2-bc^2)\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{2(x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}}{\left(\frac{c}{d}\right)}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2bx^2\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{7d} + \frac{12bcx\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{35d^2} - \frac{2\left(-\frac{9ab}{7} + \frac{24b^2c^2}{35d^2}\right)\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3bd} + \dots \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/35*(-5*b*d^2*x^2+6*b*c*d*x+15*a*d^2-8*b*c^2)/d^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a
)^(1/2)+4/35/d^3*(4*c*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1
/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b
*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((c/
d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2
))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-c/d*EllipticF(1/2
*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-
1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+5*a^2*d^3/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1
/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b
*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1
/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-a*c^2*d*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b
)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x
-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*
EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b
)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(
1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 4(4b^2c^4 - 11abc^2d^2 + 15a^2d^4)\sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2 + 3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3 - 9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right) + 48(b^2c^4 - 11abc^2d^2 + 15a^2d^4)\sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4(bc^2 + 3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3 - 9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right) + 3(5b^2d^4x^2 - 6b^2c^2d^3x + 8b^2c^2d^2 - 15ab^2d^4)\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}\sqrt{dx + c} \right) / (bd^5)$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-2/105*(4*(4*b^2*c^4 - 11*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 15*a^2*d^4)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrass
PInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3),
1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 48*(b^2*c^3*d - 2*a*b*c*d^3)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZ
eta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weie
rstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(
b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(5*b^2*d^4*x^2 - 6*b^2*c*d^3*x + 8*b^2*c^2
*d^2 - 15*a*b*d^4)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b*d^5)

```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**(3/2)/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+ad}}{35} + \frac{12\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+ad}bcx}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+ad}bdx^2}{7} - \frac{48\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+ad}x^2}{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}\right)}{35}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*(-sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d + 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c*x - 5*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d*x**2 - 24*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*b*d**2 + 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*b**2*c**2 + 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a**2*d**2 - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*b*c**2))/(35*d**2)`

**3.309** 
$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2632
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2633
Rubi [A] (verified)	2634
Maple [B] (verified)	2640
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2641
Sympy [F]	2641
Maxima [F]	2642
Giac [F]	2642
Mupad [F(-1)]	2642
Reduce [F]	2643

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 386

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{28bc\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d^3} - \frac{12b(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d^3} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

$$- \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(4bc^2-3ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{5d^4\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{32\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{5d^4\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
28/5*b*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3-12/5*b*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3-2*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-8/5*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^4/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+32/5*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^4/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( 5bc^2 - 5ad^2 + 3bc(c + dx) - bdx(c + dx) \right) - \frac{4}{d^2} \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}} (4bc^2 - 3ad^2)(a - bx^2)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(5*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2 + 3*b*c*(c + d*x) - b*d*x*(c + d*x) - (4*(d^2*sqrt[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2) + I*sqrt[b]*(4*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 4*sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 3*a*sqrt[b]*c*d^2 + 3*a^(3/2)*d^3)*sqrt[(d*(sqrt[a]/sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*sqrt[-(((sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]/sqrt[c + d*x]], (sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)/(sqrt[b]*c - sqrt[a]*d)] + I*sqrt[a]*sqrt[b]*d*(4*b*c^2 - sqrt[a]*sqrt[b]*c*d - 3*a*d^2)*sqrt[(d*(sqrt[a]/sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*sqrt[-(((sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]/sqrt[c + d*x]], (sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)/(sqrt[b]*c - sqrt[a]*d)))]/(d^2*sqrt[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]*(a - b*x^2)))/(5*d^3*sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$ , Rules used = {492, 591, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 492 \\
 & -\frac{6b \int \frac{x\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 591 \\
 & -\frac{6b \left( \frac{4 \int -\frac{acd + (4bc^2 - 3ad^2)x}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(4c-3dx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{15d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{6b \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{acd + (4bc^2 - 3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c-3dx)}{15d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & -\frac{6b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{4c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c-3dx)}{15d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{d}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$6b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{4c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c-3dx)}{15d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{1}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

↓ 508

$$6b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{4c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c-3dx)}{15d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \frac{1}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

↓ 327



$$6b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{4c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2 - 3ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}} + d}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c-3d)}{15d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \quad d$$

↓ 512

$$6b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{4c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2 - 3ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}} + d}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{15d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \quad d$$

↓ 511

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 6b \end{array} \right\} \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}$$

15d<sup>2</sup>

d

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

321

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 6b \end{array} \right\} \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}$$

15d<sup>2</sup>

d

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input

```
Int[(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*(a - b*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]) - (6*b*((-2*(4*c - 3*d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[c \\ & + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]))/(15*d^2) - (2*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[ \\ & a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*d)/((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + d)))/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*d*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*( \\ & c + d*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)]*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]) + (8*\text{Sqrt}[a]*c*(b*c^2 \\ & - a*d^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + d*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (b*x^2) \\ & )/a]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*d)/((\text{Sqrt} \\ & [b]*c)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + d)))/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]))/(15*d^2) \\ & ))/d \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{Mat} \\ \text{chQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{S} \\ \text{imp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c \\ /(a*d))], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, \\ 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[ \\ (\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d) \\ )], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 492

$$\text{Int}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[ \\ (c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1)) \\ ) \quad \text{Int}[x*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, \\ d, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IL} \\ \text{tQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q \\ = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c \\ *q))])) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqr} \\ \text{t}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 591 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(2*p + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 1)*x)/(d^2*(n + 2*p + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2)), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d^2*(n + 2*p + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[a*c*d*n + (b*c^2*(2*p + 1) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 750 vs.  $2(312) = 624$ .

Time = 6.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 751, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2(-bdx^2+ad)(ad^2-bc^2)}{d^4\sqrt{(x+\frac{c}{d})(-bdx^2+ad)}} - \frac{2bx\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{5d^2} + \frac{6bc\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{5d^3} + \frac{2\left(\frac{bc(2ad^2-bc^2)}{d^4} - (a\right)}{\dots} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display
risch	Expression too large to display

```
input int((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)*(a*d^2-b*c^2)/d^4/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)-2/5*b/d^2*x*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)+6/5*b/d^3*c*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)+2*(b*c*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)/d^4-(a*d^2-b*c^2)*b/d^4*c-1/5*c/d^2*a*b)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(-b/d^3*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)-(a*d^2-b*c^2)*b/d^3+3/5*a*b/d+6/5*b^2/d^3*c^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 8(2bc^4 - 3ac^2d^2 + (2bc^3d - 3acd^3)x) \sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2 + 3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8}{3} \right) \right)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(8*(2*b*c^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2 + (2*b*c^3*d - 3*a*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 12*(4*b*c^3*d - 3*a*c*d^3 + (4*b*c^2*d^2 - 3*a*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) - 3*(b*d^4*x^2 - 2*b*c*d^3*x - 8*b*c^2*d^2 + 5*a*d^4)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(d^6*x + c*d^5)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}ad}{5} + \frac{4\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}bcx}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}bdx^2}{5} - 8\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{-bd^2x^4 - 2bcdx^3 + ad^2x^2}\right)}{5}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c*x - sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d*x**2 - 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*d**2 - 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*d**3*x + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*b**2*c**3 + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d**2 + 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*d**3*x - 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c**3 - 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c**2*d*x)/(5*d**2*(c + d*x))
```



**3.310**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2644
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2645
Rubi [A] (verified)	2645
Maple [B] (verified)	2651
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2652
Sympy [F]	2653
Maxima [F]	2653
Giac [F]	2653
Mupad [F(-1)]	2654
Reduce [F]	2654

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 374

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{4bc\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{4b\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d^3} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{32\sqrt{a}b^{3/2}c\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3d^4\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(4bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3d^4\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-4*b*c*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-4/3*b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3-2/3*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+32/3*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^4/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-8/3*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^4/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 457, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( 8bc + \frac{bc^2}{c+dx} - \frac{ad^2}{c+dx} - b(c + dx) - \frac{16ib^{3/2}c(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{c+dx}} \sqrt{-\frac{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} - dx}{c+dx}} (c+dx)}{d^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}} \right)}{d^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(8*b*c + (b*c^2)/(c + d*x) - (a*d^2)/(c + d*x) - b*(c + d*x) - ((16*I)*b^(3/2)*c*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)) - ((4*I)*Sqrt[a]*b*(4*Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2))))/(3*d^3*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$ , Rules used = {492, 590, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 492

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2b \int \frac{x\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{590} \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{4 \int -\frac{ad+4bcx}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{ad+4bcx}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600} \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{4bc \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(4bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{509} \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{4bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(4bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{508}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$2b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 512

$$2b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(4c+dx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 511

$$2b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-ad^2) \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}})}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}} - 1 \right) + 1}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) + \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 321

$$2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \frac{d}{3d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - (2*b*((2*(4*c + d*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(3*d^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + (2*((-8*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(3*d^2))/d`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 492  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1)) \text{Int}[x*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 590

```
Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :>
Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(2*p + 1) - d*(n + 1)*x)/(d^2*(
n + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))) Int[(
c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a*d*(n + 1) + b*c*(2*p + 1)*x), x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p +
1, 0]
```

rule 600

```
Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 718 vs. 2(300) = 600.

Time = 8.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 719, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2(ad^2-bc^2)\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3d^5(x+\frac{c}{d})^2} - \frac{16(-bdx^2+ad)bc}{3d^4\sqrt{(x+\frac{c}{d})(-bdx^2+ad)}} - \frac{2b\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3d^3} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{b(2ad^2-3c^2)}{d^4}\right)}{3d^3} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```
((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/3*(a*d^2-b*c^2)/d^5*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^2-16/3*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)/d^4*b*c/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)-2/3*b/d^3*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)+2*(-b*(2*a*d^2-3*b*c^2)/d^4+1/3*(a*d^2-b*c^2)*b/d^4-8/3*b^2/d^4*c^2+1/3*a*b/d^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-32/3*b^2/d^3*c*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2))*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 4(4bc^4 - 3ac^2d^2 + (4bc^2d^2 - 3ad^4)x^2 + 2(4bc^3d - 3acd^3)x) \sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2 + 3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, \right. \right.$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/9*(4*(4*b*c^4 - 3*a*c^2*d^2 + (4*b*c^2*d^2 - 3*a*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(4*b*c^3*d - 3*a*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 48*(b*c*d^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^2*d^2*x + b*c^3*d)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(b*d^4*x^2 + 10*b*c*d^3*x + 8*b*c^2*d^2 + a*d^4)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(d^7*x^2 + 2*c*d^6*x + c^2*d^5)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{3/2}}{(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
(2*(- 5*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d + 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x
**2)*b*c*x - sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d*x**2 + 12*int((sqrt(c + d*
x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**
3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)
*b**2*c**4 + 24*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c*
**2*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3
*b*c*d**2*x**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)*b**2*c**3*d*x + 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqr
t(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3
- b*c**3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)*b**2*
c**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2
*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b
*c*d**2*x**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)*a**2*c**2*d**2 - 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt
(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c
**3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)*a**2*c*d**3
*x - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c
*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x**4
- b*d**3*x**5),x)*a**2*d**4*x**2 - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))
/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**2 - 3*
b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)*a*b*c**4 - 12*int((sqrt(
c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a...
```

**3.311**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2656
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2657
Rubi [A] (verified)	2658
Maple [B] (verified)	2663
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2664
Sympy [F]	2665
Maxima [F]	2665
Giac [F]	2666
Mupad [F(-1)]	2666
Reduce [F]	2666

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 417

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{4bc\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{4b(5bc^2-3ad^2)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5d^3(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{8\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}(4bc^2-3ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{5d^4(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{32\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}c\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{5d^4\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-4/5*b*c*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+4/5*b*(-3*a*d^2+5*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/5*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(5/2)-8/5*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^4/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+32/5*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*c*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^4/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 518, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( b(11bc^2 - 7ad^2) - 4b(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) + \frac{(bc^2 - ad^2)^2}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{4bc(bc^2 - ad^2)}{c+dx} - \frac{4ib^2\sqrt{-c+dx}}{c+dx} \right)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(b*(11*b*c^2 - 7*a*d^2) - 4*b*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2) + (b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2/(c + d*x)^2 - (4*b*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(c + d*x) - ((4*I)*b^2*sqrt[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*sqrt[(d*(sqrt[a]/sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*sqrt[-(((sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[sqrt[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]/sqrt[c + d*x]], (sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)/(sqrt[b]*c - sqrt[a]*d)]/(d^2*(-a + b*x^2)) + ((4*I)*sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)*(4*b*c^2 - sqrt[a]*sqrt[b]*c*d - 3*a*d^2)*sqrt[(d*(sqrt[a]/sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*sqrt[-(((sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[sqrt[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]/sqrt[c + d*x]], (sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)/(sqrt[b]*c - sqrt[a]*d)]/(d*sqrt[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2))))/(5*d^3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$ , Rules used = {492, 589, 25, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 492 \\
 -\frac{6b \int \frac{x\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{5d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow 589 \\
 \frac{6b \left( \frac{2b \int -\frac{acd + (4bc^2 - 3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(5bc^2 - 3ad^2) + 2c(2bc^2 - ad^2))}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{6b \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{acd + (4bc^2 - 3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(5bc^2 - 3ad^2) + 2c(2bc^2 - ad^2))}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow 600 \\
 \frac{6b \left( -\frac{2b \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - 3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{4c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(5bc^2 - 3ad^2) + 2c(2bc^2 - ad^2))}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)}{5d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}} \\
 \downarrow 509 \\
 \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$6b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{4c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(5bc^2-3ad^2)+2c(2bc^2-ad^2))}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 508

$$6b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{4c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{3d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(5bc^2-3ad^2)+2c(2bc^2-ad^2))}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 327



$$6b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{4c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2 - 3ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}} + d}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{3d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(5bc^2 - 3ad^2))}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 512

$$6b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{4c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2 - 3ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}} + d}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{3d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(5bc^2 - 3ad^2))}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c + dx)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 511

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ 6b \end{array} \right\} \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \qquad 5d$$

↓ 321

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ 6b \end{array} \right\} \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \qquad 5d$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(-2(a - bx^2)^{3/2})/(5d(c + dx)^{5/2}) - (6b((-2(2c(2b^2c^2 - a^2d^2) + d(5b^2c^2 - 3ad^2))x)\sqrt{a - bx^2})/(3d^2(b^2c^2 - ad^2))(c + dx)^{3/2}) - (2b((-2\sqrt{a}(4b^2c^2 - 3ad^2))\sqrt{c + dx})\sqrt{1 - (bx^2)/a})\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1 - (\sqrt{b}x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2d)/((\sqrt{b}c)/\sqrt{a} + d)))/(\sqrt{b}d\sqrt{(\sqrt{b}(c + dx))/(\sqrt{b}c + \sqrt{a}d)})\sqrt{a - bx^2}) + (8\sqrt{a}c(b^2c^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{(\sqrt{b}(c + dx))/(\sqrt{b}c + \sqrt{a}d)})\sqrt{1 - (bx^2)/a})\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1 - (\sqrt{b}x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2d)/((\sqrt{b}c)/\sqrt{a} + d))/(\sqrt{b}d\sqrt{c + dx})\sqrt{a - bx^2})/(3d^2(b^2c^2 - ad^2)))/(5d) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 492 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + dx)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1))) Int[x*(c + dx)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[n, -1]) && NeQ[n, -1] && !IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + dx]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + dx)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 589 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(a*d^2 + b*c^2*(2*p + 1)) - d*(a*d^2*(n + 1) + b*c^2*(n - 2*p + 1))*x)/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b*(p/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*d*(n + 2) - (2*a*d^2*(n + 1) - 2*b*c^2*(2*p + 1))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 780 vs.  $2(341) = 682$ .

Time = 3.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 781, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2(ad^2-bc^2)\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{5d^6\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^3} - \frac{8bc\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{5d^5\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2} + \frac{2(-bdx^2+ad)b(7ad^2-11bc^2)}{5(ad^2-bc^2)d^4\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)(-bdx^2+ad)}} + \dots \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/5*(a*d^2-b*c^2)/d^6*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^3-8/5*b/d^5*c*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^2+2/5*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/d^4*b*(7*a*d^2-11*b*c^2)/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)+2*(-11/5*b^2*c/d^4+1/5*b^2*c/d^4*(7*a*d^2-11*b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2))*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)+2*(b^2/d^3+1/5*b^2/d^3*(7*a*d^2-11*b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2))*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 528, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 8(2b^2c^6 - 3abc^4d^2 + (2b^2c^3d^3 - 3abcd^5)x^3 + 3(2b^2c^4d^2 - 3abc^2d^4)x^2 + 3(2b^2c^5 \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(8*(2*b^2*c^6 - 3*a*b*c^4*d^2 + (2*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^5)*x^3 + 3*(2*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 3*a*b*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(2*b^2*c^5*d - 3*a*b*c^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 12*(4*b^2*c^5*d - 3*a*b*c^3*d^3 + (4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 3*a*b*d^6)*x^3 + 3*(4*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^5)*x^2 + 3*(4*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 3*a*b*c^2*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(8*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 5*a*b*c^2*d^4 + a^2*d^6 + (11*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 7*a*b*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(9*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 5*a*b*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(b*c^5*d^5 - a*c^3*d^7 + (b*c^2*d^8 - a*d^10)*x^3 + 3*(b*c^3*d^7 - a*c*d^9)*x^2 + 3*(b*c^4*d^6 - a*c^2*d^8)*x)`

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**(7/2), x)`

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output

```

(2*(7*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d - 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)
)*b*c*x - sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d*x**2 - 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*
sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c
*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x**3 - 6*b*c**2*d**2*x
**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)*a*b*c**3*d**2 - 36*int((sqrt(c + d
*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4
*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x**3 - 6*b*c**2*d*
**2*x**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)*a*b*c**2*d**3*x - 36*int((sqrt
(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c**2*d**2*x*
**2 + 4*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x**3 - 6*b*c
**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)*a*b*c*d**4*x**2 - 12*int
((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c**2*d
**2*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x**3 -
6*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)*a*b*d**5*x**3 - 12
*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c*
**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x*
**3 - 6*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)*b**2*c**5 - 36
*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c*
**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x*
**3 - 6*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)*b**2*c**4*d...

```



**3.312** 
$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2668
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2669
Rubi [A] (verified)	2670
Maple [B] (verified)	2677
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2678
Sympy [F]	2679
Maxima [F]	2680
Giac [F]	2680
Mupad [F(-1)]	2680
Reduce [F]	2681

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 501

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx = -\frac{12bc\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{35d^3(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{4b(7bc^2-5ad^2)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{35d^3(bc^2-ad^2)(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

$$-\frac{32b^2c(bc^2-2ad^2)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{35d^3(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{32\sqrt{ab}^{5/2}c(bc^2-2ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{35d^4(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{8\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}(4bc^2-5ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{35d^4(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-12/35*b*c*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2)+4/35*b*(-5*a*d^2+7*b*c^2)*(-
b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2)-32/35*b^2*c*(-2*a*d^2+b*c^
2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^3/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/7*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2
)/d/(d*x+c)^(7/2)+32/35*a^(1/2)*b^(5/2)*c*(-2*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*
(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)
*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^4/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b^(1/2)*(d
*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-8/35*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*
(-5*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a
)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)
*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^4/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+
a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 540, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( \frac{5(bc^2 - ad^2)^3}{(c+dx)^3} - \frac{16bc(bc^2 - ad^2)^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b(19bc^2 - 15ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)}{c+dx} + \frac{16ib^3c\sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}(bc^2 - 2ad^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*((5*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^3)/(c + d*x)^3 - (16*b*c*(b*c^2 - a
*d^2)^2)/(c + d*x)^2 + (b*(19*b*c^2 - 15*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(c + d*x)
+ ((16*I)*b^3*c*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*
(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c +
d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/
Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d^2*(-a
+ b*x^2)) - ((4*I)*Sqrt[a]*b^2*(4*b^(3/2)*c^3 - Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 8*a*Sqr
t[b]*c*d^2 + 5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*Sqrt
[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*Arc
Sinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d
)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)
)))/(35*d^3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$ , Rules used = {492, 589, 25, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 492 \\
 & -\frac{6b \int \frac{x\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 589 \\
 & -\frac{6b \left( \frac{2b \int -\frac{3acd + (4bc^2 - 5ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(7bc^2 - 5ad^2) + 2c(2bc^2 - ad^2))}{15d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)}{7d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{6b \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{3acd + (4bc^2 - 5ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(7bc^2 - 5ad^2) + 2c(2bc^2 - ad^2))}{15d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)}{7d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & -\frac{6b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{ad(bc^2 - 5ad^2) + 4bc(bc^2 - 2ad^2)x}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2 - ad^2} - \frac{8c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2 - 2ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)}{15d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(7bc^2 - 5ad^2) + 2c(2bc^2 - ad^2))}{15d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$6b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{\int \frac{ad(bc^2-5ad^2)+4bc(bc^2-2ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{8c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-2ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{15d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(7bc^2-5ad^2)+2c(2bc^2-ad^2))}{15d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{7d}{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\ \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 600

$$6b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{4bc(bc^2-2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{8c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-2ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{15d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(7bc^2-5ad^2)+2c(2bc^2-ad^2))}{15d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{7d}{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\ \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 509

$$6b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{4bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{8c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-2ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{15d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(7bc^2-5ad^2)+2c(2bc^2-ad^2))}{15d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{7d}{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\ \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 508

$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ \\ 6b \end{array} \right\}$	$\frac{(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	$8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}$	$\frac{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a}d+\sqrt{bc}}}}{bc^2-ad^2}$	$-\frac{8c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}$
	$15d^2(bc^2-ad^2)$			

7d

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

$\downarrow$  327

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ 6b \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{(4bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d} - \frac{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{8c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-2ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\ 15d^2(bc^2-ad^2) \end{array} \right)$$

7d

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 512

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ 6b \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{8c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-2ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\ 15d^2(bc^2-ad^2) \end{array} \right)$$

7d

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 511

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}} \right. \\
 \left. \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) \\
 6b \left( \frac{15d^2(bc^2-ad^2)}{bc^2-ad^2} \right)
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} \quad 7d$$

↓ 321

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) \right. \\
 \left. \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) \\
 6b \left( \frac{15d^2(bc^2-ad^2)}{bc^2-ad^2} \right)
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} \quad 7d$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*d*(c + d*x)^(7/2)) - (6*b*((-2*(2*c*(2*b*c^2 - a*d^2) + d*(7*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2))*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(15*d^2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) - (2*b*((-8*c*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - ((-8*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(4*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(15*d^2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)))/(7*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`



rule 492  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )^{n_}) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (d \cdot (n+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2 \cdot b \cdot (p / (d \cdot (n+1))) \cdot \text{Int}[x \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[n, -1]) && NeQ[n, -1] && !ILtQ[n + 2\*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)] / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot q \cdot \text{Sqrt}[q \cdot ((c + d \cdot x) / (d + c \cdot q))])) \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 \cdot d \cdot (x^2 / (d + c \cdot q))]] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q \cdot x) / 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)] / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[q \cdot ((c + d \cdot x) / (d + c \cdot q))]] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot q \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x])) \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 \cdot d \cdot (x^2 / (d + c \cdot q))]] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q \cdot x) / 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)]), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]

rule 589  $\text{Int}[(x_ ) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )^{n_}) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (c + d \cdot x)^{n+1}) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p \cdot ((c \cdot (a \cdot d^2 + b \cdot c^2 \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1)) - d \cdot (a \cdot d^2 \cdot (n+1) + b \cdot c^2 \cdot (n - 2 \cdot p + 1)) \cdot x) / (d^2 \cdot (n+1) \cdot (n+2) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[b \cdot (p / (d^2 \cdot (n+1) \cdot (n+2) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2))) \cdot \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p-1} \cdot \text{Simp}[2 \cdot a \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (n+2) - (2 \cdot a \cdot d^2 \cdot (n+1) - 2 \cdot b \cdot c^2 \cdot (2 \cdot p + 1)) \cdot x, x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n + 2\*p, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2\*p + 3, 0]

```
rule 600 Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

```
rule 688 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 875 vs. 2(419) = 838.

Time = 5.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 876, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2(a d^2 - b c^2) \sqrt{-bdx^3 - bcx^2 + adx + ac}}{7d^7 \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^4} - \frac{32bc \sqrt{-bdx^3 - bcx^2 + adx + ac}}{35d^6 \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^3} + \frac{2b(15ad^2 - 19bc^2) \sqrt{-bdx^3 - bcx^2 + adx + ac}}{35(a d^2 - b c^2) d^5 \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/7*(a*d^2-b*c
^2)/d^7*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^4-32/35*b/d^6*c*(-b*d*x
^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^3+2/35*b*(15*a*d^2-19*b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*
c^2)/d^5*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^2+32/35*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)
/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2/d^4*b^2*c*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)+
2*(b^2/d^4-1/35*b^2*(15*a*d^2-19*b*c^2)/d^4/(a*d^2-b*c^2)+16/35*b^3*c^2/d^
4*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b
*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((
x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a
*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+32/35*b^3/d^3*c*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)/(a*
d^2-b*c^2)^2*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*
(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c
/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(
a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*
b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)
)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/
2)))^(1/2))))

```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 814, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-2/105*(4*(4*b^3*c^8 - 11*a*b^2*c^6*d^2 + 15*a^2*b*c^4*d^4 + (4*b^3*c^4*d^
4 - 11*a*b^2*c^2*d^6 + 15*a^2*b*d^8)*x^4 + 4*(4*b^3*c^5*d^3 - 11*a*b^2*c^3
*d^5 + 15*a^2*b*c*d^7)*x^3 + 6*(4*b^3*c^6*d^2 - 11*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 15*a^2*
b*c^2*d^6)*x^2 + 4*(4*b^3*c^7*d - 11*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 15*a^2*b*c^3*d^5)*x)*
sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3
- 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 48*(b^3*c^7*d - 2*a*b^2*c^5*d^
3 + (b^3*c^3*d^5 - 2*a*b^2*c*d^7)*x^4 + 4*(b^3*c^4*d^4 - 2*a*b^2*c^2*d^6)*
x^3 + 6*(b^3*c^5*d^3 - 2*a*b^2*c^3*d^5)*x^2 + 4*(b^3*c^6*d^2 - 2*a*b^2*c^4
*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(
b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d
^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(8*b^3*c^6
*d^2 - 15*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 - 14*a^2*b*c^2*d^6 + 5*a^3*d^8 + 16*(b^3*c^3*d^5 -
2*a*b^2*c*d^7)*x^3 + (29*b^3*c^4*d^4 - 62*a*b^2*c^2*d^6 - 15*a^2*b*d^8)*x
^2 + 2*(13*b^3*c^5*d^3 - 30*a*b^2*c^3*d^5 - 7*a^2*b*c*d^7)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2
+ a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^2*c^8*d^5 - 2*a*b*c^6*d^7 + a^2*c^4*d^9 + (b^2*c^4*
d^9 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^11 + a^2*d^13)*x^4 + 4*(b^2*c^5*d^8 - 2*a*b*c^3*d^10 + a
^2*c*d^12)*x^3 + 6*(b^2*c^6*d^7 - 2*a*b*c^4*d^9 + a^2*c^2*d^11)*x^2 + 4*(b
^2*c^7*d^6 - 2*a*b*c^5*d^8 + a^2*c^3*d^10)*x)

```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + dx)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(3/2)/(d*x+c)**(9/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((a - b*x**2)**(3/2)/(c + d*x)**(9/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)/(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(- 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x
**2)*b*c*x + sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d*x**2 + 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x
)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**5 + 5*a*c**4*d*x + 10*a*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 10
*a*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 5*a*c*d**4*x**4 + a*d**5*x**5 - b*c**5*x**2 - 5*b*c**4
*d*x**3 - 10*b*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 10*b*c**2*d**3*x**5 - 5*b*c*d**4*x**6 - b
*d**5*x**7),x)*a*b*c**4*d**2 + 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)
/(a*c**5 + 5*a*c**4*d*x + 10*a*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 5*a*
c*d**4*x**4 + a*d**5*x**5 - b*c**5*x**2 - 5*b*c**4*d*x**3 - 10*b*c**3*d**2
*x**4 - 10*b*c**2*d**3*x**5 - 5*b*c*d**4*x**6 - b*d**5*x**7),x)*a*b*c**3*d
**3*x + 48*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**5 + 5*a*c**4*d*
x + 10*a*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 5*a*c*d**4*x**4 + a*d**5*x
**5 - b*c**5*x**2 - 5*b*c**4*d*x**3 - 10*b*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 10*b*c**2*d**3
*x**5 - 5*b*c*d**4*x**6 - b*d**5*x**7),x)*a*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 32*int((sqr
t(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**5 + 5*a*c**4*d*x + 10*a*c**3*d**2*
x**2 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 5*a*c*d**4*x**4 + a*d**5*x**5 - b*c**5*x**2 -
5*b*c**4*d*x**3 - 10*b*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 10*b*c**2*d**3*x**5 - 5*b*c*d**4*
x**6 - b*d**5*x**7),x)*a*b*c*d**5*x**3 + 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x
**2)*x**2)/(a*c**5 + 5*a*c**4*d*x + 10*a*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*x
**3 + 5*a*c*d**4*x**4 + a*d**5*x**5 - b*c**5*x**2 - 5*b*c**4*d*x**3 - 10*b
*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 10*b*c**2*d**3*x**5 - 5*b*c*d**4*x**6 - b*d**5*x**7),...
```

### 3.313 $\int \sqrt{c + dx}(a - bx^2)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	2682
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2683
Rubi [A] (verified)	2684
Maple [B] (verified)	2693
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2694
Sympy [F]	2695
Maxima [F]	2695
Giac [F]	2696
Mupad [F(-1)]	2696
Reduce [F]	2696

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 563

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx}(a - bx^2)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{16c(32b^2c^4 - 113abc^2d^2 + 177a^2d^4) \sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{9009d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{8(c + dx)^{3/2} (32b^2c^4 - 73abc^2d^2 + 77a^2d^4 - 20bcd(2bc^2 - 5ad^2) x) \sqrt{a - bx^2}}{3003d^5}$$

$$- \frac{20(c + dx)^{3/2} (8bc^2 - 11ad^2 - 9bcdx) (a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{1287d^3} + \frac{2(c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{13d}$$

$$- \frac{16\sqrt{a}(32b^3c^6 - 137ab^2c^4d^2 + 258a^2bc^2d^4 + 231a^3d^6) \sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc + \sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{9009\sqrt{bd^6}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{ac}(32b^3c^6 - 145ab^2c^4d^2 + 290a^2bc^2d^4 - 177a^3d^6) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{9009\sqrt{bd^6}\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

output

```
-16/9009*c*(177*a^2*d^4-113*a*b*c^2*d^2+32*b^2*c^4)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5+8/3003*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(32*b^2*c^4-73*a*b*c^2*d^2+77*a^2*d^4-20*b*c*d*(-5*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*x)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5-20/1287*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-9*b*c*d*x-11*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3+2/13*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/d-16/9009*a^(1/2)*(231*a^3*d^6+258*a^2*b*c^2*d^4-137*a*b^2*c^4*d^2+32*b^3*c^6)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^6/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+16/9009*a^(1/2)*c*(-177*a^3*d^6+290*a^2*b*c^2*d^4-145*a*b^2*c^4*d^2+32*b^3*c^6)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^6/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 750, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} (a - bx^2)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( (c + dx) (a^2 d^4 (971c + 2387dx) - 2abd^2 (266c^3 - 197c^2 dx + 163cd^2 x^2 + 1078d^3 x^3) - bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \right.$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2),x]
```



output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*((c + d*x)*(a^2*d^4*(971*c + 2387*d*x) - 2*a*b*d^2*(266
*c^3 - 197*c^2*d*x + 163*c*d^2*x^2 + 1078*d^3*x^3) + b^2*(128*c^5 - 96*c^4
*d*x + 80*c^3*d^2*x^2 - 70*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 63*c*d^4*x^4 + 693*d^5*x^5)) - (8
*(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(32*b^3*c^6 - 137*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 258
*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + 231*a^3*d^6)*(a - b*x^2) + I*Sqrt[b]*(32*b^(7/2)*c^7 - 32
*Sqrt[a]*b^3*c^6*d - 137*a*b^(5/2)*c^5*d^2 + 137*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 258
*a^2*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^4 - 258*a^(5/2)*b*c^2*d^5 + 231*a^3*Sqrt[b]*c*d^6 - 231
*a^(7/2)*d^7)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d
)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c +
(Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c -
Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d*(32*b^3*c^6 - 8*Sqrt[a]*b^(5/2)*c^5*d -
137*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 32*a^(3/2)*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^3 + 258*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 - 408*
a^(5/2)*Sqrt[b]*c*d^5 + 231*a^3*d^6)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d
*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Ellipt
icF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c +
Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(b*d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]
]*(a - b*x^2)))/(9009*d^5*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 573, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.636$ , Rules used = {493, 687, 27, 682, 27, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 493$$

$$\frac{10 \int (ad + bcx) \sqrt{c + dx} (a - bx^2)^{3/2} dx}{13d} + \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{13d}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$10 \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{b(12acd+(bc^2+11ad^2)x)(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{11b} - \frac{2}{11}c(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right) + \frac{13d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 27

$$10 \left( \frac{1}{11} \int \frac{(12acd+(bc^2+11ad^2)x)(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx - \frac{2}{11}c(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right) + \frac{13d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 682

$$10 \left( \frac{1}{11} \left( -\frac{4 \int \frac{b(acd(bc^2-97ad^2)+(8b^2c^4-27abd^2c^2-77a^2d^4)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{21bd^2} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c(2bc^2-5ad^2)-7dx(11ad^2+bc^2))}{63d^2} \right) - \frac{13d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$10 \left( \frac{1}{11} \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{(acd(bc^2-97ad^2)+(8b^2c^4-27abd^2c^2-77a^2d^4)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{21d^2} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(4c(2bc^2-5ad^2)-7dx(11ad^2+bc^2))}{63d^2} \right) - \frac{13d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 682

$$10 \left( \frac{1}{11} \left( \frac{2 \left( -\frac{4 \int \frac{b(8acd(b^2c^4-4abd^2c^2+51a^2d^4)+(32b^3c^6-137ab^2d^2c^4+258a^2bd^4c^2+231a^3d^6)x}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15bd^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(c(177a^2d^4-113abc^2d^2+32d^6))}{15d^2} \right)}{21d^2} - \frac{13d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{13d}$$

↓ 27

$$10 \left( \frac{1}{11} \right) \left( 2 \left( - \frac{2 \int \frac{8acd(b^2c^4 - 4abd^2c^2 + 51a^2d^4) + (32b^3c^6 - 137ab^2d^2c^4 + 258a^2bd^4c^2 + 231a^3d^6)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(c(177a^2d^4 - 113abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4))}{15d^2} \right) \right) \frac{1}{21d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{13d}$$

13d

↓ 600

$$10 \left( \frac{1}{11} \right) \left( 2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{(231a^3d^6 + 258a^2bc^2d^4 - 137ab^2c^4d^2 + 32b^3c^6) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{c(bc^2 - ad^2)(177a^2d^4 - 113abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} \right) \right) \frac{1}{21d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{13d}$$

↓ 509

$$10 \left( \frac{1}{11} \right) \left( 2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} (231a^3d^6 + 258a^2bc^2d^4 - 137ab^2c^4d^2 + 32b^3c^6) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c(bc^2 - ad^2)(177a^2d^4 - 113abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} \right) \right) \frac{1}{21d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{13d}$$

↓ 508

10	$\frac{1}{11}$	2	2	$\frac{c(bc^2 - ad^2)(177a^2d^4 - 113abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$	$2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(231a^3d^6 + 258a^2bc^2d^4 - 137ab^2c^4d^2 + 32b^3c^6)$
				$\frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+bc}}}}{15d^2}$	
				$21d^2$	

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{13d}$$

↓ 327

$$\left( \left( \left( \left( \left( \frac{c(bc^2 - ad^2)(177a^2d^4 - 113abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \right) \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(231a^3d^6 + 258a^2bc^2d^4 - 137ab^2c^4d^2 + 32b^3c^6)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{11}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{13d}$$

↓ 512

$$\left( \left( \left( \left( \left( \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2)(177a^2d^4 - 113abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx \right) \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(231a^3d^6 + 258a^2bc^2d^4 - 137ab^2c^4d^2 + 32b^3c^6)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{c}}}}} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{11}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}}{13d}$$

↓ 511

10  $\frac{1}{11}$

2

2

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(177a^2d^4-113abc^2d^2+32b^2c^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}} \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

15d<sup>2</sup>

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{13d}$$

↓ 321

$$\left( \frac{1}{11} \right) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(c(177a^2d^4-113abc^2d^2+32b^2c^4)-3dx(-77a^2d^4-27abc^2d^2+8b^2c^4))}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(177a^2d^4-113abc^2)}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{13d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2))/(13*d) + (10*((-2*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2))/11 + ((-2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(4*c*(2*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2) - 7*d*(b*c^2 + 11*a*d^2)*x)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(63*d^2) - (2*((-2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(c*(32*b^2*c^4 - 113*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 177*a^2*d^4) - 3*d*(8*b^2*c^4 - 27*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 77*a^2*d^4)*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(15*d^2) - (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(32*b^3*c^6 - 137*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 258*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 + 231*a^3*d^6)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(32*b^2*c^4 - 113*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 177*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(15*d^2))/(21*d^2)/11))/(13*d)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 493 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[n] || LtQ[n, 1]) && !ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`



rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 980 vs.  $2(481) = 962$ .

Time = 2.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 981, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(693b^2x^5d^5+63b^2cx^4d^4-2156abd^5x^3-70c^2d^3x^3b^2-326abc d^4x^2+80b^2c^3d^2x^2+2387a^2xd^5+394abc^2d^3x-96b^2c^4dx+971a^2cd^4)}{9009d^5}$
elliptic	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

2/9009*(693*b^2*d^5*x^5+63*b^2*c*d^4*x^4-2156*a*b*d^5*x^3-70*b^2*c^2*d^3*x
^3-326*a*b*c*d^4*x^2+80*b^2*c^3*d^2*x^2+2387*a^2*d^5*x+394*a*b*c^2*d^3*x-9
6*b^2*c^4*d*x+971*a^2*c*d^4-532*a*b*c^3*d^2+128*b^2*c^5)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d^5
*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+8/9009/d^5*((231*a^3*d^6+258*a^2*b*c^2*d^4-137*a*b^2*c^4
*d^2+32*b^3*c^6)/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))
^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*
b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*
EllipticE(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b
)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-c/d*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a
*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(
1/2))+408*a^3*c*d^5/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1
/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b
/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/
2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a
*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-32*c^3*d^3*a^2*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))
*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*
b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*Elliptic
F(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2),(-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/
(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+8*b*c^5*d*a*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b
)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2...

```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a$$

$$-bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \frac{2 \left( 8(32b^3c^7 - 161ab^2c^5d^2 + 354a^2bc^3d^4 - 993a^3cd^6) \sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2} \right. \right.$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/27027*(8*(32*b^3*c^7 - 161*a*b^2*c^5*d^2 + 354*a^2*b*c^3*d^4 - 993*a^3*c*d^6)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 24*(32*b^3*c^6*d - 137*a*b^2*c^4*d^3 + 258*a^2*b*c^2*d^5 + 231*a^3*d^7)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(693*b^3*d^7*x^5 + 63*b^3*c*d^6*x^4 + 128*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 532*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 971*a^2*b*c*d^6 - 14*(5*b^3*c^2*d^5 + 154*a*b^2*d^7)*x^3 + 2*(40*b^3*c^3*d^4 - 163*a*b^2*c*d^6)*x^2 - (96*b^3*c^4*d^3 - 394*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 2387*a^2*b*d^7)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b*d^7)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (a-bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*(-b*x**2+a)**(5/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((a - b*x**2)**(5/2)*sqrt(c + d*x), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-bx^2+a)^{5/2} \sqrt{dx+c} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(d*x + c), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (-bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{dx+c} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \int (a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(- 924*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**3*d**5 - 61*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3 + 2387*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x + 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**4*d + 394*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x - 326*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 2156*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b**2*c*d**4*x**3 - 96*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**3*c**5*x + 80*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**3*c**4*d*x**2 - 70*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**3*c**3*d**2*x**3 + 63*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**3*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 693*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**3*c*d**4*x**5 - 1386*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**3*b*d**6 - 1548*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**4 + 822*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a*b**3*c**4*d**2 - 192*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*b**4*c**6 + 462*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**4*d**6 + 2148*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**3*b*c**2*d**4 - 402*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*b**2*c**4*d**2 + 96*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a*b**3*c**6))/(9009*b*c*d**4)
```

**3.314**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2698
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2699
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2700
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2708
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2710
Sympy [F] . . . . .	2711
Maxima [F] . . . . .	2711
Giac [F] . . . . .	2712
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2712
Reduce [F] . . . . .	2712

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 492

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{c+dx}(32b^2c^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 45a^2d^4 - 24bcd(bc^2 - 2ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{693d^5}$$

$$- \frac{20\sqrt{c+dx}(8bc^2 - 9ad^2 - 7bcdx)(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{693d^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{11d}$$

$$- \frac{16\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}(32b^2c^4 - 93abc^2d^2 + 93a^2d^4)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{693d^6\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{a}(32b^3c^6 - 101ab^2c^4d^2 + 114a^2bc^2d^4 - 45a^3d^6)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{693\sqrt{bd^6}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```

8/693*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(32*b^2*c^4-69*a*b*c^2*d^2+45*a^2*d^4-24*b*c*d*(-2*a*d
^2+b*c^2)*x)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5-20/693*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-7*b*c*d*x-9*a*d^2
+8*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3+2/11*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/d-16/69
3*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*(93*a^2*d^4-93*a*b*c^2*d^2+32*b^2*c^4)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*
(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2),2^(1/2)
*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^6/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+
a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+16/693*a^(1/2)*(-45*a^3*d^6+114*a^2*b*c
^2*d^4-101*a*b^2*c^4*d^2+32*b^3*c^6)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d
))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2),2^(1/
2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/d^6/(d*x+c)^(1
/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 24.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 655, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \left( (c + dx) (333a^2d^4 - 2abd^2(178c^2 - 131cdx + 108d^2x^2) + b^2(128c^4 - 96cd^2x^2)) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/Sqrt[c + d*x], x]
```



output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*((c + d*x)*(333*a^2*d^4 - 2*a*b*d^2*(178*c^2 - 131*c*d*x + 108*d^2*x^2) + b^2*(128*c^4 - 96*c^3*d*x + 80*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 70*c*d^3*x^3 + 63*d^4*x^4)) - (8*(c*d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(32*b^2*c^4 - 93*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 93*a^2*d^4)*(a - b*x^2) + I*Sqrt[b]*c*(32*b^(5/2)*c^5 - 32*Sqrt[a]*b^2*c^4*d - 93*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 + 93*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d^3 + 93*a^2*Sqrt[b]*c*d^4 - 93*a^(5/2)*d^5)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*d*(32*b^(5/2)*c^5 - 8*Sqrt[a]*b^2*c^4*d - 93*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 + 21*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d^3 + 93*a^2*Sqrt[b]*c*d^4 - 45*a^(5/2)*d^5)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(a - b*x^2)))/(693*d^5*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$ , Rules used = {493, 682, 27, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 493$$

$$\frac{10 \int \frac{(ad+bcx)(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{11d} + \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11d}$$

$$\downarrow 682$$

$$10 \left( - \frac{4 \int \frac{b(ad(bc^2-9ad^2)+8bc(bc^2-2ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{21bd^2} dx}{11d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx} (-9ad^2+8bc^2-7bcdx)}{63d^2} \right) + \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11d}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 10 \left( - \frac{2 \int \frac{(ad(bc^2 - 9ad^2) + 8bc(bc^2 - 2ad^2)x) \sqrt{a - bx^2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx}{21d^2} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx} (-9ad^2 + 8bc^2 - 7bcdx)}{63d^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{11d}{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 \downarrow 682 \\
 10 \left( - \frac{2 \left( 4 \int \frac{b(ad(8b^2c^4 - 21abd^2c^2 + 45a^2d^4) + bc(32b^2c^4 - 93abd^2c^2 + 93a^2d^4)x) dx}{2\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx}(45a^2d^4 - 24bcdx(bc^2 - 2ad^2) - 69abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{15d^2} \right)}{21d^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{11d}{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 10 \left( - \frac{2 \left( 2 \int \frac{ad(8b^2c^4 - 21abd^2c^2 + 45a^2d^4) + bc(32b^2c^4 - 93abd^2c^2 + 93a^2d^4)x}{\sqrt{c + dx}\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx}(45a^2d^4 - 24bcdx(bc^2 - 2ad^2) - 69abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{15d^2} \right)}{21d^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{11d}{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 \downarrow 600
 \end{array}$$

$$10 \left( 2 \frac{\left( \frac{bc(93a^2d^4 - 93abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{d} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{(bc^2 - ad^2)(45a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(45a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{21d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11d}$$

11d

↓ 509

$$10 \left( 2 \frac{\left( \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}(93a^2d^4 - 93abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - \frac{(bc^2 - ad^2)(45a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(45a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)}{21d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11d}$$

11d

↓ 508

2

2

10

$$\frac{(bc^2 - ad^2)(45a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(93a^2d^4 - 93abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) \int \sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$


---


$$\frac{15d^2}{21d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11d}$$

11d

↓ 327

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{(bc^2 - ad^2)(45a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(93a^2d^4 - 93abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \\ 15d^2 \\ 21d^2 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11d} \qquad 11d$$

$\downarrow$  512

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2)(45a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(93a^2d^4 - 93abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \\ 15d^2 \\ 21d^2 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c + dx}}{11d} \qquad 11d$$

↓ 511

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(45a^2d^4-69abc^2d^2+32b^2c^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} dx \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}} \\
 \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}}{15d^2} \\
 \frac{21d^2}{10}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \frac{2}{2} \\
 \frac{2}{10}
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{11d}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(45a^2d^4-69abc^2d^2+32b^2c^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(93a^2d^2-10ad^2)}{15d^2} - \frac{21d^2}{10}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{11d}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2))/(11*d) + (10*((-2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(8*b*c^2 - 9*a*d^2 - 7*b*c*d*x)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(63*d^2) - (2*((-2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(32*b^2*c^4 - 69*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 45*a^2*d^4 - 24*b*c*d*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(15*d^2) - (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*(32*b^2*c^4 - 93*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 93*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(32*b^2*c^4 - 69*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 45*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(15*d^2)))/(21*d^2))/(11*d)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 493 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d*(n + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a*d - b*c*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && (!RationalQ[n] || LtQ[n, 1]) && !ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`



rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 926 vs.  $2(416) = 832$ .

Time = 4.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 927, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
risch	$\frac{2(63b^2d^4x^4 - 70b^2cd^3x^3 - 216abd^4x^2 + 80d^2c^2x^2b^2 + 262abc d^3x - 96b^2c^3dx + 333a^2d^4 - 356bc^2d^2a + 128b^2c^4)\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{693d^5} +$
elliptic	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

2/693*(63*b^2*d^4*x^4-70*b^2*c*d^3*x^3-216*a*b*d^4*x^2+80*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2+
262*a*b*c*d^3*x-96*b^2*c^3*d*x+333*a^2*d^4-356*a*b*c^2*d^2+128*b^2*c^4)/d^
5*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+8/693/d^5*(c*(93*a^2*d^4-93*a*b*c^2*d^2+3
2*b^2*c^4)*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*
(x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2)
)^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*Elliptic
E(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2), (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/
(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-c/d*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2), (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+4
5*a^3*d^5/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*
((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2)
)^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*
(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2), (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))
^(1/2))+8*a*b*c^4*d*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2)
)^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a
*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*2^(1/2)*
((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2), (-2/b*(a*b)^(1/2)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2)))^(1/2))-21*a^2*c^2*d^3*(a*b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*b/
(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(-2*(x-1/b*(a*b)^(
1/2))*b/(a*b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*Elliptic...

```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 8(32b^3c^6 - 117ab^2c^4d^2 + 156a^2bc^2d^4 - 135a^3d^6)\sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2}{3}\right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/2079*(8*(32*b^3*c^6 - 117*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 156*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 - 135*a^3*d^6)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 24*(32*b^3*c^5*d - 93*a*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 93*a^2*b*c*d^5)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(63*b^3*d^6*x^4 - 70*b^3*c*d^5*x^3 + 128*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 356*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 + 333*a^2*b*d^6 + 8*(10*b^3*c^2*d^4 - 27*a*b^2*d^6)*x^2 - 2*(48*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 131*a*b^2*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b*d^7)
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((a - b*x**2)**(5/2)/sqrt(c + d*x), x)
```

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{-26\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}a^2d^3}{231} + \frac{32\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}abc^2d}{693} + \frac{524\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}abcd^2x}{693} - \frac{48\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}a^2d^3}{77}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*( - 39*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**3 + 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt
(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d + 262*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*x
- 216*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**3*x**2 - 96*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt
(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x + 80*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d*x
**2 - 70*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + 63*sqrt(c + d*x
)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**3*x**4 - 558*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2
)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*b*d**4 + 558*int((sqrt
(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a*
b**2*c**2*d**2 - 192*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*
x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*b**3*c**4 + 366*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*
x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**3*d**4 - 270*int((sqrt(c
+ d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*b*c**
2*d**2 + 96*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 -
b*d*x**3),x)*a*b**2*c**4)/(693*d**4)
```

**3.315**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2714
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2715
Rubi [A] (verified)	2716
Maple [B] (verified)	2724
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2725
Sympy [F]	2726
Maxima [F]	2726
Giac [F]	2727
Mupad [F(-1)]	2727
Reduce [F]	2727

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 477

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{8b\sqrt{c+dx}(c(32bc^2-33ad^2)-3d(8bc^2-7ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{63d^5}$$

$$+ \frac{100bc\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{21d^3} - \frac{20b(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{9d^3} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(32b^2c^4-57abc^2d^2+21a^2d^4)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{63d^6\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{16\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}(32b^2c^4-65abc^2d^2+33a^2d^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{63d^6\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```

-8/63*b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(c*(-33*a*d^2+32*b*c^2)-3*d*(-7*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*x)*(-
b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5+100/21*b*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3-20/9*b*(d
*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3-2*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)+16/63*
a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(21*a^2*d^4-57*a*b*c^2*d^2+32*b^2*c^4)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*
x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^
(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^6/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1
/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-16/63*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*(33*a^2*d^4-65*a*b*
c^2*d^2+32*b^2*c^4)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2
/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/
2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^6/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 647, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( -63(bc^2 - ad^2)^2 - bc(65bc^2 - 86ad^2)(c + dx) + bd(33bc^2 - 28ad^2)x(c + dx) \right)}{(c + dx)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]
```



output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-63*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2 - b*c*(65*b*c^2 - 86*a*d^2)*(c +
d*x) + b*d*(33*b*c^2 - 28*a*d^2)*x*(c + d*x) - 17*b^2*c*d^2*x^2*(c + d*x)
+ 7*b^2*d^3*x^3*(c + d*x) + (8*(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(32*b^
2*c^4 - 57*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 21*a^2*d^4)*(a - b*x^2) + I*Sqrt[b]*(32*b^(5/2)*c
^5 - 32*Sqrt[a]*b^2*c^4*d - 57*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 + 57*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d^3 +
21*a^2*Sqrt[b]*c*d^4 - 21*a^(5/2)*d^5)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c +
d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Elli
pticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c
+ Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d*(32*b^2*c^4 -
8*Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)*c^3*d - 57*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 12*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*c*d^3 + 21*a
^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt
[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt
[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[
a]*d)))]/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(a - b*x^2)))/(63*d^5*Sqrt[c
+ d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$ , Rules used = {492, 591, 27, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 492 \\
 & -\frac{10b \int \frac{x(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 591 \\
 & -\frac{10b \left( \frac{4 \int -\frac{(acd + (8bc^2 - 7ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{21d^2} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c-7dx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{63d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{10b \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{(acd + (8bc^2 - 7ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{21d^2} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c-7dx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{63d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{682} \\
 & \frac{10b \left( \frac{2 \left( -\frac{4 \int \frac{b(4acd(2bc^2-3ad^2) + (32b^2c^4 - 57abd^2c^2 + 21a^2d^4)x}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15bd^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(c(32bc^2-33ad^2) - 3dx(8bc^2-7ad^2))}{15d^2} \right)}{21d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{63d} \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{10b \left( \frac{2 \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{4acd(2bc^2-3ad^2) + (32b^2c^4 - 57abd^2c^2 + 21a^2d^4)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(c(32bc^2-33ad^2) - 3dx(8bc^2-7ad^2))}{15d^2} \right)}{21d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c-7dx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{63d} \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{600} \\
 & \frac{10b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{(21a^2d^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{c(32bc^2-33ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} \right)}{21d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(c(32bc^2-33ad^2) - 3dx(8bc^2-7ad^2))}{15d^2} \right)}{d} \right)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{509} \\
 & \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} (21a^2d^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c(32bc^2 - 33ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(c(32bc^2 - 33ad^2) - (bc^2 - ad^2)^2)}{21d^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

↓ 508

$d$

10b

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(21a^2d^4-57abc^2d^2+32b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}+d}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1)+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} - \frac{c(32bc^2-33ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

↓ 327

*d*

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{c(32bc^2 - 33ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(21a^2d^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \end{array} \right)$$

10b

15d<sup>2</sup>

21d<sup>2</sup>

d

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

↓ 512

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2 - 33ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(21a^2d^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \end{array} \right)$$

10b

15d<sup>2</sup>

21d<sup>2</sup>

d

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

↓ 511

2

2

10b

$$\int \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-33ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}$$

$$2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(21a^2d^4-15d^2)$$

$$21d^2$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-33ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{ad+bc}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{a}+d}\right)-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(21a^2d^4-57abc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}-\frac{10b}{15d^2}+\frac{21d^2}{21d^2}$$


---


$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

```
input Int[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]
```

```
output (-2*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2))/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - (10*b*((-2*(8*c - 7*d*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(63*d^2) - (2*((-2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(c*(32*b*c^2 - 33*a*d^2) - 3*d*(8*b*c^2 - 7*a*d^2)*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(15*d^2) - (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(32*b^2*c^4 - 57*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 21*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(32*b*c^2 - 33*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(15*d^2))/d
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 321  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_]) + (b_*)(x_)^2 * \text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$
- rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_)] + (b_*)(x_)^2 / \text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 492  $\text{Int}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_)} * ((a_)] + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d * x)^{(n + 1)} * ((a + b * x^2)^p / (d * (n + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2 * b * (p / (d * (n + 1))) \text{ Int}[x * (c + d * x)^{(n + 1)} * (a + b * x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n + 2 * p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)] / \text{Sqrt}[(a_)] + (b_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 * (\text{Sqrt}[c + d * x] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] * q * \text{Sqrt}[q * ((c + d * x) / (d + c * q))])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 * d * (x^2 / (d + c * q))] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q * x) / 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)] / \text{Sqrt}[(a_)] + (b_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b * (x^2 / a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d * x] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + b * (x^2 / a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(a_)] + (b_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 * (\text{Sqrt}[q * ((c + d * x) / (d + c * q))] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] * q * \text{Sqrt}[c + d * x])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 * d * (x^2 / (d + c * q))] * \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q * x) / 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$



rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 591 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(2*p + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 1)*x)/(d^2*(n + 2*p + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d^2*(n + 2*p + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[a*c*d*n + (b*c^2*(2*p + 1) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 1))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1266 vs.  $2(397) = 794$ .

Time = 6.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1267
risch	Expression too large to display	1413
default	Expression too large to display	1656

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-2*(-b*d*x^2+a*d) \\ & * (a^2*d^4-2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/d^6/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^{(1/2)}+2/9* \\ & b^2/d^2*x^3*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}-34/63*b^2/d^3*c*x^2*(-b*d*x \\ & ^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}-2/5*(b^2/d^3*(3*a*d^2-b*c^2)-7/9*b^2/d*a-34/21 \\ & *b^3/d^3*c^2)/b/d*x*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}-2/3*(-b^2*c/d^4*(3* \\ & a*d^2-b*c^2)+43/63*b^2/d^2*a*c-4/5*(b^2/d^3*(3*a*d^2-b*c^2)-7/9*b^2/d*a-34 \\ & /21*b^3/d^3*c^2)/d*c)/b/d*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}+2*(b*c*(3*a^2 \\ & *d^4-3*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/d^6-(a^2*d^4-2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*b/d^6*c+2/ \\ & 5*(b^2/d^3*(3*a*d^2-b*c^2)-7/9*b^2/d*a-34/21*b^3/d^3*c^2)/b/d*a*c+1/3*(-b^ \\ & 2*c/d^4*(3*a*d^2-b*c^2)+43/63*b^2/d^2*a*c-4/5*(b^2/d^3*(3*a*d^2-b*c^2)-7/9 \\ & *b^2/d*a-34/21*b^3/d^3*c^2)/d*c)/b*a*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})*((x+c/d)/(c/d- \\ & 1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)} \\ & *((x+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)})/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d* \\ & x+a*c)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)},((-c/d+1/b*(a \\ & *b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)})+2*(-b/d^5*(3*a^2*d^4-3*a*b*c^2*d \\ & ^2+b^2*c^4)-(a^2*d^4-2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*b/d^5+68/63*b^2/d^3*c^2*a+3/5* \\ & (b^2/d^3*(3*a*d^2-b*c^2)-7/9*b^2/d*a-34/21*b^3/d^3*c^2)/b*a-2/3*(-b^2*c/d^ \\ & 4*(3*a*d^2-b*c^2)+43/63*b^2/d^2*a*c-4/5*(b^2/d^3*(3*a*d^2-b*c^2)-7/9*b^2/d \\ & *a-34/21*b^3/d^3*c^2)/d*c)/d*c*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a \\ & *b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)})*((... \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 8(32b^2c^6 - 81abc^4d^2 + 57a^2c^2d^4 + (32b^2c^5d - 81abc^3d^3 + 57a^2cd^5)x \right) \sqrt{-bd} \text{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2/189*(8*(32*b^2*c^6 - 81*a*b*c^4*d^2 + 57*a^2*c^2*d^4 + (32*b^2*c^5*d -
81*a*b*c^3*d^3 + 57*a^2*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^
2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d
) + 24*(32*b^2*c^5*d - 57*a*b*c^3*d^3 + 21*a^2*c*d^5 + (32*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 5
7*a*b*c^2*d^4 + 21*a^2*d^6)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a
*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*
(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x +
c)/d)) - 3*(7*b^2*d^6*x^4 - 10*b^2*c*d^5*x^3 - 128*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 212*a*b*
c^2*d^4 - 63*a^2*d^6 + 4*(4*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 7*a*b*d^6)*x^2 - 2*(16*b^2*c^3*d
^3 - 29*a*b*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(d^8*x + c*d^7)
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((a - b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)
```

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(- 27*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**3 + 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt
(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d + 58*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*x -
28*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**3*x**2 - 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a
- b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x + 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d*x**
2 - 10*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + 7*sqrt(c + d*x)*s
qrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**3*x**4 - 66*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x*
*2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**
2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c*d**4 - 66*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a
*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4
),x)*a**2*b*d**5*x + 130*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**2
+ 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*
a*b**2*c**3*d**2 + 130*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*
b**2*c**2*d**3*x - 64*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*b**
3*c**5 - 64*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x
+ a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*b**3*c**4*d*x
+ 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x*
*2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**3*c*d**4 + 18*int((sq
rt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**...
```

**3.316**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2729
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2730
Rubi [A] (verified)	2731
Maple [B] (verified)	2738
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2739
Sympy [F]	2740
Maxima [F]	2740
Giac [F]	2741
Mupad [F(-1)]	2741
Reduce [F]	2741

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 451

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8b\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-5ad^2-24bcdx)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{21d^5} - \frac{20bc(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d^3\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{20b\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{21d^3} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{16\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}c(32bc^2-29ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{21d^6\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(32b^2c^4-37abc^2d^2+5a^2d^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{21d^6\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

$$\frac{8}{21}b(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(-24*b*c*d*x-5*a*d^2+32*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}/d^5-20/3*b*c*(-b*x^2+a)^{(3/2)}/d^3/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}-20/21*b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(-b*x^2+a)^{(3/2)}/d^3-2/3*(-b*x^2+a)^{(5/2)}/d/(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}-16/21*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(3/2)}*c*(-29*a*d^2+32*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(1-b*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^{(1/2)}*x/a^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(a^{(1/2)}*d/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)})/d^6/(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}+16/21*a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*(5*a^2*d^4-37*a*b*c^2*d^2+32*b^2*c^4)*(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)}*(1-b*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^{(1/2)}*x/a^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(a^{(1/2)}*d/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)})/d^6/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 583, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( \frac{-14a^2d^4 - 4abd^2(50c^2 + 65cdx + 8d^2x^2) + 2b^2(128c^4 + 160c^3dx + 16c^2d^2x^2 - 6cd^3x^3 + 3d^4x^4)}{d^5(c + dx)} - \frac{16b}{d^5} \right)}{d^5(c + dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]*((-14*a^2*d^4 - 4*a*b*d^2*(50*c^2 + 65*c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2) \\ & + 2*b^2*(128*c^4 + 160*c^3*d*x + 16*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 6*c*d^3*x^3 + 3*d^4*x^4) \\ & ))/(d^5*(c + d*x)) - (16*b*(c*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[-c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*(32*b*c^2 \\ & - 29*a*d^2)*(-a + b*x^2) - I*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*(32*b^{(3/2)}*c^3 - 32*\text{Sqrt}[a]*b*c^2 \\ & *d - 29*a*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*d^2 + 29*a^{(3/2)}*d^3)*\text{Sqrt}[(d*(\text{Sqrt}[a]/\text{Sqrt}[b] + x))/( \\ & c + d*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)}*E \\ & llipticE[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], (\text{Sqrt}[b] \\ & *c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)] - I*\text{Sqrt}[a]*d*(32*b^{(3/2)}*c^3 - 8 \\ & *\text{Sqrt}[a]*b*c^2*d - 29*a*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*d^2 + 5*a^{(3/2)}*d^3)*\text{Sqrt}[(d*(\text{Sqrt}[a]/\text{Sqrt}[b] + x))/( \\ & c + d*x)]*\text{Sqrt}[-(((\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + \\ & d*x)^{(3/2)}*EllipticF[I*\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Sqrt}[-c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d* \\ & x]], (\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)))]/(d^7*\text{Sqrt}[-c + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*d)/\text{Sqrt}[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(21*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$ , Rules used = {492, 590, 27, 682, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 492 \\
 & -\frac{10b \int \frac{x(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 590 \\
 & -\frac{10b \left( \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+dx)}{7d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{12 \int -\frac{(ad+8bcx)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{2\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{7d^2} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{10b \left( \frac{6 \int \frac{(ad+8bcx)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx}{7d^2} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+dx)}{7d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 682 \\
 & -\frac{10b \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{4 \int \frac{b(ad(8bc^2-5ad^2)+bc(32bc^2-29ad^2)x}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{15bd^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-5ad^2+32bc^2-24bcdx)}{15d^2} \right)}{7d^2} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+dx)}{7d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$10b \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{ad(8bc^2-5ad^2)+bc(32bc^2-29ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-5ad^2+32bc^2-24bcdx)}{15d^2} \right)}{7d^2} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+dx)}{7d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} \\ \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 600

$$10b \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{bc(32bc^2-29ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(32bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-5ad^2+32bc^2-24bcdx)}{15d^2} \right)}{7d^2} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+dx)}{7d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} \\ \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 509

$$10b \left( \frac{6 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-29ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(32bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(-5ad^2+32bc^2-24bcdx)}{15d^2} \right)}{7d^2} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+dx)}{7d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} \\ \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 508

$$\left( \frac{(32bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2 - 29ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{15d^2}$$


---


$$\frac{10b}{7d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}}$$

3d

↓ 327

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 6 \\ 10b \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{(32bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2 - 29ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \end{array} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{15d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} \quad 3d$$

↓ 512

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 6 \\ 10b \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2 - 29ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \end{array} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{15d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c + dx)^{3/2}} \quad 3d$$

511

2

---

6

---

10b

---

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} dx \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}$$


---


$$2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-2d^2)\sqrt{a-bx^2}$$


---


$$15d^2$$


---


$$7d^2$$


---

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

3d

321

$$\frac{\left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-29ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{ad}}}} \right)}{15d^2} - \frac{10b}{7d^2}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{3d(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

```
input Int[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(5/2),x]
```

```
output (-2*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2))/(3*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - (10*b*((2*(8*c + d*x)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(7*d^2*sqrt[c + d*x]) + (6*((-2*sqrt[c + d*x]*(32*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2 - 24*b*c*d*x)*sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(15*d^2) - (2*((-2*sqrt[a]*sqrt[b]*c*(32*b*c^2 - 29*a*d^2)*sqrt[c + d*x]*sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a]]/sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((sqrt[b]*c)/sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*sqrt[(sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)]*sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*sqrt[a]*(32*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*sqrt[(sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)]*sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (sqrt[b]*x)/sqrt[a]]/sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((sqrt[b]*c)/sqrt[a] + d)))/(sqrt[b]*d*sqrt[c + d*x]*sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(15*d^2)))/(7*d^2)))/(3*d)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 321  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_]) + (b_*)(x_)^2 * \text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$
- rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_)] + (b_*)(x_)^2 / \text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])) * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2] * x], b * (c / (a * d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 492  $\text{Int}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_)} * ((a_)] + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d * x)^{(n + 1)} * ((a + b * x^2)^p / (d * (n + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2 * b * (p / (d * (n + 1))) \text{ Int}[x * (c + d * x)^{(n + 1)} * (a + b * x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntQ}[n + 2 * p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)] / \text{Sqrt}[(a_)] + (b_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 * (\text{Sqrt}[c + d * x] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] * q * \text{Sqrt}[q * ((c + d * x) / (d + c * q))])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 * d * (x^2 / (d + c * q))] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q * x) / 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)] / \text{Sqrt}[(a_)] + (b_*)(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b * (x^2 / a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d * x] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + b * (x^2 / a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_)] + (d_*)(x_)] * \text{Sqrt}[(a_)] + (b_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 * (\text{Sqrt}[q * ((c + d * x) / (d + c * q))] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] * q * \text{Sqrt}[c + d * x])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 * d * (x^2 / (d + c * q))] * \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q * x) / 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp  
p[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 590 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=  
Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(2*p + 1) - d*(n + 1)*x)/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a*d*(n + 1) + b*c*(2*p + 1)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 682 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p + 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)^(m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1040 vs.  $2(369) = 738$ .

Time = 8.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1041, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1041
risch	Expression too large to display	1971
default	Expression too large to display	2513

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^{1/2}/(d*x+c)^{1/2}/(-b*x^2+a)^{1/2}*(-2/3*(a^2*d^4-2 \\ & *a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/d^7*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{1/2}/(x+c/d)^2-28/ \\ & 3*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)*(a*d^2-b*c^2)*b*c/d^6/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)^{1/2})+2/7* \\ & b^2/d^3*x^2*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{1/2}-8/7*b^2*c/d^4*x*(-b*d*x^3-b \\ & *c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{1/2}-2/3*(3*b^2/d^4*(a*d^2-b*c^2)-5/7*b^2/d^2*a-16/7*b^ \\ & 3*c^2/d^4)/b/d*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{1/2}+2*(-b*(3*a^2*d^4-9*a*b*c \\ & ^2*d^2+5*b^2*c^4)/d^6+1/3*(a^2*d^4-2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*b/d^6-14/3*c^2*( \\ & a*d^2-b*c^2)*b^2/d^6+8/7*b^2*c^2/d^4*a+1/3*(3*b^2/d^4*(a*d^2-b*c^2)-5/7*b^ \\ & 2/d^2*a-16/7*b^3*c^2/d^4)/b*a)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2})*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a* \\ & b)^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((x+1/ \\ & b*(a*b)^{1/2})/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}))^{1/2}/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^ \\ & (1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}))^{1/2},((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}) \\ & )/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}))^{1/2})+2*(-2*b^2*c/d^5*(3*a*d^2-2*b*c^2)-14/3* \\ & c*(a*d^2-b*c^2)/d^5*b^2+8/7*b^2/d^3*a*c-2/3*(3*b^2/d^4*(a*d^2-b*c^2)-5/7*b^ \\ & ^2/d^2*a-16/7*b^3*c^2/d^4)/d*c)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2})*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a \\ & b)^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}))^{1/2}*((x+1 \\ & /b*(a*b)^{1/2})/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}))^{1/2}/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c) \\ & ^{1/2}*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2})*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}))^{1/2}, \\ & ((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{1/2})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}))^{1/2})+1/b*(a*b)^{1/2} \\ & )*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}))^{1/2},((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{1/2}... \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 474, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 8(32b^2c^6 - 53abc^4d^2 + 15a^2c^2d^4 + (32b^2c^4d^2 - 53abc^2d^4 + 15a^2d^6)x^2 + 2(32b^2c^4d^2 - 53abc^2d^4 + 15a^2d^6)x^2 + 2(32b^2c^4d^2 - 53abc^2d^4 + 15a^2d^6)x^2 + 2(32b^2c^4d^2 - 53abc^2d^4 + 15a^2d^6)x^2 \right)}{(c + dx)^{5/2}}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
2/63*(8*(32*b^2*c^6 - 53*a*b*c^4*d^2 + 15*a^2*c^2*d^4 + (32*b^2*c^4*d^2 -
53*a*b*c^2*d^4 + 15*a^2*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(32*b^2*c^5*d - 53*a*b*c^3*d^3 + 15*a
^2*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2),
-8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 24*(32*b^2*c^5*d
- 29*a*b*c^3*d^3 + (32*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 29*a*b*c*d^5)*x^2 + 2*(32*b^2*c^4*d^2
- 29*a*b*c^2*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*
d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 +
3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) +
3*(3*b^2*d^6*x^4 - 6*b^2*c*d^5*x^3 + 128*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 100*a*b*c^2*d^4 -
7*a^2*d^6 + 16*(b^2*c^2*d^4 - a*b*d^6)*x^2 + 10*(16*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 13*a*b*c
*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(d^9*x^2 + 2*c*d^8*x + c^2*d^7)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a - b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**(5/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d*x + c)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2),x)`

output

```

(2*( - 83*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**3 + 80*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt
(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d + 102*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*x
- 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**3*x**2 - 96*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(
a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x + 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d*x*
*2 - 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*s
qrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**3*x**4 + 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x*
*2)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**2 -
3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**4 + 36
*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c*
d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x**4
- b*d**3*x**5),x)*a**2*b*c*d**5*x + 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)
*x**2)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**
2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)*a**2*b*d**6*x**2 +
174*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*
a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x
**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)*a*b**2*c**4*d**2 + 348*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b
*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c*
*3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)*a*b**2*c**3*
d**3*x + 174*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*
d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3...

```

**3.317**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2743
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2744
Rubi [A] (verified)	2745
Maple [B] (verified)	2754
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2755
Sympy [F]	2755
Maxima [F]	2756
Giac [F]	2756
Mupad [F(-1)]	2756
Reduce [F]	2757

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 492

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx = -\frac{8b^2\sqrt{c+dx}(c(32bc^2-17ad^2)-3d(8bc^2-3ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{15d^5(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

$$-\frac{4bc(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{3d^3(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{4b(3bc^2-ad^2)(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{d^3(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}(32bc^2-9ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{15d^6\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{16\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}c(32bc^2-17ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{15d^6\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-8/15*b^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(c*(-17*a*d^2+32*b*c^2)-3*d*(-3*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*x)*
(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)-4/3*b*c*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^(
3/2)+4*b*(-a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2
)-2/5*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(5/2)+16/15*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*(-9*a*d^2+32*
b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))
^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^6/(b^(1/
2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-16/15*a^(1/2)*b^(
3/2)*c*(-17*a*d^2+32*b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*
(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2
))*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^6/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1
/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 513, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( 4b(32bc^2 - 9ad^2) - \frac{3(bc^2 - ad^2)^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{22bc(bc^2 - ad^2)}{c+dx} - 19b^2c(c + dx) + 3b^2dx(c + dx) \right)}{(c + dx)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(4*b*(32*b*c^2 - 9*a*d^2) - (3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2)/(c +
d*x)^2 + (22*b*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(c + d*x) - 19*b^2*c*(c + d*x) + 3*b^2*d
*x*(c + d*x) + ((8*I)*b^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(32*b*c^2 - 9*a*d
^2)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]
- d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*
d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d
)))/(d^2*(-a + b*x^2)) - ((8*I)*Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)*(32*b*c^2 - 8*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt
[b]*c*d - 9*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt
[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt
[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b
]*c - Sqrt[a]*d))/(d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(15*d
^5*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$ , Rules used = {492, 590, 27, 681, 25, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 492 \\
 & -\frac{2b \int \frac{x(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 590 \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+3dx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \int -\frac{(3ad+8bcx)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{2(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{(3ad+8bcx)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+3dx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 681 \\
 & -\frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-9ad^2+32bc^2+8bcdx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(8acd+(32bc^2-9ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d^2} \right)}{5d^2} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+3dx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{b(8acd + (32bc^2 - 9ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-9ad^2 + 32bc^2 + 8bcdx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{5d^2} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+3dx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

27

$$2b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{2b \int \frac{8acd + (32bc^2 - 9ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-9ad^2 + 32bc^2 + 8bcdx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{5d^2} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+3dx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

600

$$2b \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\left( \frac{(32bc^2 - 9ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{c(32bc^2 - 17ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-9ad^2 + 32bc^2 + 8bcdx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{5d^2} + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8c+3dx)}{15d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

509

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & 2b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-9ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c(32bc^2-17ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-9ad^2+32bc^2+8bcdx)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) \\ & 2 \left( \frac{\dots}{3d^2} + \frac{\dots}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) \\ & 2b \left( \frac{\dots}{5d^2} \right) + \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(8\dots)}{15d^2(c+dx)} \end{aligned} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \quad d$$

↓ 508



$$\left( \frac{c(32bc^2 - 17ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-9ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{a})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{a}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{a}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-9ad^2+32bc^2+\dots)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 327

$d$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{c(32bc^2 - 17ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-9ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \\ + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-9ad^2+32bc^2)}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \quad d$$

↓ 512

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ 2 \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-17ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-9ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \right) \\ + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-9ad^2+32bc^2)}{3d^2} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \quad d$$

↓ 511

$$\left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-17ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}-\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}} \right) \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-9ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-9ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}$$

2b

2

3d<sup>2</sup>

2b

5d<sup>2</sup>

d

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-17ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-9ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-9ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{c}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{2b}{5d^2}$$


---


$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{5d(c+dx)^{5/2}} \quad d$$

```
input Int[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x]
```

```
output (-2*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*d*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) - (2*b*((2*(8*c + 3*d*x)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*d^2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) + (2*((2*(32*b*c^2 - 9*a*d^2 + 8*b*c*d*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(3*d^2*Sqrt[c + d*x]) + (2*b*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(32*b*c^2 - 9*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*c*(32*b*c^2 - 17*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2))/d
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 321  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d], x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])]$
- rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d], x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 492  $\text{Int}[((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[x*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d, n], x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{InttQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2)/(d + c*q)]]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d], x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d], x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 590 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(2*p + 1) - d*(n + 1)*x)/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2*p + 2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*(a*d*(n + 1) + b*c*(2*p + 1)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 681 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 906 vs.  $2(412) = 824$ .

Time = 10.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 907, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2(a^2d^4-2bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4)\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{5d^8\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^3} - \frac{44b(a d^2-b c^2)c\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{15d^7\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2} + \frac{8(-bdx^2+ad)(9a}{15d^6\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)(-}}$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/5*(a^2*d^4-2
*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/d^8*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^3-44/
15*b/d^7*(a*d^2-b*c^2)*c*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^2+8/15
*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)*(9*a*d^2-32*b*c^2)*b/d^6/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)+2/
5*b^2/d^4*x*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)-38/15*b^2*c/d^5*(-b*d*x^3-b
*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)+2*(-b^2*c*(9*a*d^2-10*b*c^2)/d^6+22/15*c*(a*d^2-b*
c^2)/d^6*b^2+4/15*(9*a*d^2-32*b*c^2)*b^2*c/d^6+13/15*b^2/d^4*a*c)*(c/d-1/b
*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-
c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(
1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(3
*b^2/d^5*(a*d^2-2*b*c^2)+4/15*(9*a*d^2-32*b*c^2)*b^2/d^5-3/5*b^2/d^3*a-38/
15*b^3*c^2/d^5)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2
)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/
(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/
b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*
(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+
c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left( 8(32b^2c^6 - 33abc^4d^2 + (32b^2c^3d^3 - 33abcd^5)x^3 + 3(32b^2c^4d^2 - 33abc^2d^4)x^2 + 3(32b^2c^5d - 33abc^3d^3) \right)$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2/45*(8*(32*b^2*c^6 - 33*a*b*c^4*d^2 + (32*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 33*a*b*c*d^5)*x^3 + 3*(32*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 33*a*b*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(32*b^2*c^5*d - 33*a*b*c^3*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 24*(32*b^2*c^5*d - 9*a*b*c^3*d^3 + (32*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 9*a*b*d^6)*x^3 + 3*(32*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 9*a*b*c*d^5)*x^2 + 3*(32*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 9*a*b*c^2*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) - 3*(3*b^2*d^6*x^4 - 10*b^2*c*d^5*x^3 - 128*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 20*a*b*c^2*d^4 - 3*a^2*d^6 - 4*(44*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 9*a*b*d^6)*x^2 - 2*(144*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 25*a*b*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(d^10*x^3 + 3*c*d^9*x^2 + 3*c^2*d^8*x + c^3*d^7)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**(7/2), x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d*x + c)^(7/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(7/2), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(7/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(273*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**3 - 560*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d - 230*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*x - 36*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**3*x**2 + 480*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x + 80*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 - 10*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**3*x**4 - 450*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x**3 - 6*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c**3*d**4 - 1350*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x**3 - 6*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**5*x - 1350*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x**3 - 6*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c*d**6*x**2 - 450*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x**3 - 6*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)*a**2*b*d**7*x**3 + 450*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*...
```

**3.318**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2758
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2759
Rubi [A] (verified)	2760
Maple [B] (verified)	2769
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Sympy [F]	2770
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 507

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{8b^2(c(32bc^2-29ad^2)+d(8bc^2-5ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{21d^5(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{4bc(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{7d^3(c+dx)^{5/2}} + \frac{4b(11bc^2-5ad^2)(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{21d^3(bc^2-ad^2)(c+dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

$$- \frac{16\sqrt{ab}^{5/2}c(32bc^2-29ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{21d^6(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}(32bc^2-5ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{21d^6\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```

8/21*b^2*(c*(-29*a*d^2+32*b*c^2)+d*(-5*a*d^2+8*b*c^2)*x)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/
d^5/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-4/7*b*c*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^(5/2)
)+4/21*b*(-5*a*d^2+11*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(
3/2)-2/7*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(7/2)-16/21*a^(1/2)*b^(5/2)*c*(-29*a*d
^2+32*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(
1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^6/
(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1
/2)+16/21*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*(-5*a*d^2+32*b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+
a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1
/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^6/(d*x+c)^(
1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( 2b^2c(79bc^2 - 67ad^2) - 8b^2c(32bc^2 - 29ad^2) - \frac{3(bc^2 - ad^2)^3}{(c+dx)^3} + \frac{18bc(bc^2 - ad^2)^2}{(c+dx)^2} \right)}{(c + dx)^{9/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x]
```

output

```
(2*sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(2*b^2*c*(79*b*c^2 - 67*a*d^2) - 8*b^2*c*(32*b*c^2 - 29
*a*d^2) - (3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^3)/(c + d*x)^3 + (18*b*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2)/(
c + d*x)^2 - (4*b*(13*b*c^2 - 4*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(c + d*x) + 7*b^2*
(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x) - ((8*I)*b^3*c*sqrt[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]*(3
2*b*c^2 - 29*a*d^2)*sqrt[(d*(sqrt[a]/sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*sqrt[-((sqrt
[a]*d)/sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqr
t[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]/sqrt[c + d*x]], (sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)/(sqrt[
b]*c - sqrt[a]*d)]/(d^2*(-a + b*x^2)) + ((8*I)*sqrt[a]*b^2*(32*b^(3/2)*c^
3 - 8*sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 29*a*sqrt[b]*c*d^2 + 5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*sqrt[(d*(sqrt[
a]/sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*sqrt[-((sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]
*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]/sqrt[c
+ d*x]], (sqrt[b]*c + sqrt[a]*d)/(sqrt[b]*c - sqrt[a]*d)]/(d*sqrt[-c + (
sqrt[a]*d)/sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(21*d^5*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 501, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$ , Rules used = {492, 589, 25, 681, 25, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 492 \\
 & -\frac{10b \int \frac{x(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{7/2}} dx}{7d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 589 \\
 & -\frac{10b \left( \frac{2b \int \frac{(3acd + (8bc^2 - 5ad^2)x)\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}(dx(11bc^2 - 5ad^2) + 2c(4bc^2 - ad^2))}{15d^2(c + dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)}{7d} \\
 & \quad \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$10b \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{(3acd + (8bc^2 - 5ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx}{5d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2} (dx(11bc^2 - 5ad^2) + 2c(4bc^2 - ad^2))}{15d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{7d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 681

$$10b \left( -\frac{2b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(8bc^2 - 5ad^2) + c(32bc^2 - 29ad^2))}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{ad(8bc^2 - 5ad^2) + bc(32bc^2 - 29ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d^2} \right)}{5d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2} (dx(11bc^2 - 5ad^2) + 2c(4bc^2 - ad^2))}{15d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)$$

7d

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$10b \left( -\frac{2b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{ad(8bc^2 - 5ad^2) + bc(32bc^2 - 29ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(8bc^2 - 5ad^2) + c(32bc^2 - 29ad^2))}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{5d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2} (dx(11bc^2 - 5ad^2) + 2c(4bc^2 - ad^2))}{15d^2(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)$$

7d

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 600

$$10b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{bc(32bc^2 - 29ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(32bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(8bc^2 - 5ad^2) + c(32bc^2 - 29ad^2))}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{5d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}} \quad 7d$$

↓ 509

$$10b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2 - 29ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(32bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(8bc^2 - 5ad^2) + c(32bc^2 - 29ad^2))}{3d^2\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{5d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}} \quad 7d$$

↓ 508

$$\left( \frac{(32bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2 - 29ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}+d}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx}}{3d^2}$$

10b

$$5d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)$$

7d

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 327



$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ 10b \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \left( \frac{(32bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2 - 29ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \\ + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d^2} \end{array} \right)$$

$$5d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)$$

7d

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 512

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ 10b \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2 - 29ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \\ + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3d^2} \end{array} \right)$$

$$5d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)$$

7d

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c + dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 511

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}} \right. \\
 \left. \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-5ad^2)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \right) \\
 2b \\
 3d^2 \\
 10b \\
 5d^2(bc^2-ad^2)
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2 \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-29ad^2)E\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(32bc^2-29ad^2)E\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}}} \right)}{3d^2} - \frac{10b}{5d^2(bc^2-ad^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{7d(c+dx)^{7/2}} \quad 7d$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(9/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2))/(7*d*(c + d*x)^(7/2)) - (10*b*((-2*(2*c*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2) + d*(11*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2)*x)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(15*d^2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) - (2*b*((2*(c*(32*b*c^2 - 29*a*d^2) + d*(8*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2)*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(3*d^2*Sqrt[c + d*x]) + (2*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*(32*b*c^2 - 29*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(32*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(3*d^2))/(5*d^2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)))/(7*d)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 492 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1))) Int[x*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[n, -1]) && NeQ[n, -1] && !IntegerQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2)/(d + c*q)]]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2)/(d + c*q)]]*Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1+b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2] \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1+b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 589  $\text{Int}[(x\_)*((c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_))^{(n\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c+d*x)^{(n+1)}*(a+b*x^2)^p*((c*(a*d^2+b*c^2*(2*p+1))-d*(a*d^2*(n+1)+b*c^2*(n-2*p+1))*x)/(d^2*(n+1)*(n+2)*(b*c^2+a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b*(p/(d^2*(n+1)*(n+2)*(b*c^2+a*d^2))) \text{ Int}[(c+d*x)^{(n+2)}*(a+b*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[2*a*c*d*(n+2)-(2*a*d^2*(n+1)-2*b*c^2*(2*p+1))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -2] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n+2*p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[n+2*p+3, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A\_)+(B\_)*(x\_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c-A*d)/d \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c+d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a+b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 681  $\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)*(x\_))^{(m\_)}*((f\_)+(g\_)*(x\_))*((a\_)+(c\_)*(x\_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d+e*x)^{(m+1)}*(e*f*(m+2*p+2)-d*g*(2*p+1)+e*g*(m+1)*x)*((a+c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m+1)*(m+2*p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[p/(e^2*(m+1)*(m+2*p+2)) \text{ Int}[(d+e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a+c*x^2)^{(p-1)}*\text{Simp}[g*(2*a*e+2*a*e*m)+(g*(2*c*d+4*c*d*p)-2*c*e*f*(m+2*p+2))*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[p, 1] \ || \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{!RationalQ}[m])) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[m+2*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 938 vs.  $2(425) = 850$ .

Time = 14.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 939, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2(a^2d^4-2bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4)\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{7d^9\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^4} - \frac{12(ad^2-bc^2)bc\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{7d^8\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^3} + \frac{8(4ad^2-13bc^2)b\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{21d^7} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/7*(a^2*d^4-2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/d^9*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^4-12/7/d^8*(a*d^2-b*c^2)*b*c*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^3+8/21*(4*a*d^2-13*b*c^2)*b/d^7*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^2+4/21*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/d^6*b^2*c*(67*a*d^2-79*b*c^2)/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)+2/3*b^2/d^5*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)+2*(b^2*(3*a*d^2-10*b*c^2)/d^6-4/21*b^2*(4*a*d^2-13*b*c^2)/d^6+2/21*b^3*c^2/d^6*(67*a*d^2-79*b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)-1/3*b^2/d^4*a)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(14/3*b^3*c/d^5+2/21*b^3*c/d^5*(67*a*d^2-79*b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2))*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 781, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/63*(8*(32*b^3*c^8 - 53*a*b^2*c^6*d^2 + 15*a^2*b*c^4*d^4 + (32*b^3*c^4*d^4 - 53*a*b^2*c^2*d^6 + 15*a^2*b*d^8)*x^4 + 4*(32*b^3*c^5*d^3 - 53*a*b^2*c^3*d^5 + 15*a^2*b*c*d^7)*x^3 + 6*(32*b^3*c^6*d^2 - 53*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 + 15*a^2*b*c^2*d^6)*x^2 + 4*(32*b^3*c^7*d - 53*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 15*a^2*b*c^3*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 24*(32*b^3*c^7*d - 29*a*b^2*c^5*d^3 + (32*b^3*c^3*d^5 - 29*a*b^2*c*d^7)*x^4 + 4*(32*b^3*c^4*d^4 - 29*a*b^2*c^2*d^6)*x^3 + 6*(32*b^3*c^5*d^3 - 29*a*b^2*c^3*d^5)*x^2 + 4*(32*b^3*c^6*d^2 - 29*a*b^2*c^4*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(128*b^3*c^6*d^2 - 100*a*b^2*c^4*d^4 - 7*a^2*b*c^2*d^6 + 3*a^3*d^8 + 7*(b^3*c^2*d^6 - a*b^2*d^8)*x^4 + 6*(31*b^3*c^3*d^5 - 27*a*b^2*c*d^7)*x^3 + 8*(58*b^3*c^4*d^4 - 47*a*b^2*c^2*d^6 - 2*a^2*b*d^8)*x^2 + 2*(208*b^3*c^5*d^3 - 165*a*b^2*c^3*d^5 - 7*a^2*b*c*d^7)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b*c^6*d^7 - a*c^4*d^9 + (b*c^2*d^11 - a*d^13)*x^4 + 4*(b*c^3*d^10 - a*c*d^12)*x^3 + 6*(b*c^4*d^9 - a*c^2*d^11)*x^2 + 4*(b*c^5*d^8 - a*c^3*d^10)*x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**(9/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a - b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**(9/2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(dx + c)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(dx + c)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d*x + c)^(9/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(9/2),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(9/2), x)`



## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(9/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(- 9*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**3 + 240*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt
(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d + 10*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*x +
8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**3*x**2 - 160*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a
- b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x - 80*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d*x**
2 - 10*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + sqrt(c + d*x)*sqr
t(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**3*x**4 + 30*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2
)/(a*c**5 + 5*a*c**4*d*x + 10*a*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 5*a
*c*d**4*x**4 + a*d**5*x**5 - b*c**5*x**2 - 5*b*c**4*d*x**3 - 10*b*c**3*d**
2*x**4 - 10*b*c**2*d**3*x**5 - 5*b*c*d**4*x**6 - b*d**5*x**7),x)*a**2*b*c*
*4*d**4 + 120*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**5 + 5*a*c**4
*d*x + 10*a*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 5*a*c*d**4*x**4 + a*d**
5*x**5 - b*c**5*x**2 - 5*b*c**4*d*x**3 - 10*b*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 10*b*c**2*d
**3*x**5 - 5*b*c*d**4*x**6 - b*d**5*x**7),x)*a**2*b*c**3*d**5*x + 180*int(
(sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**5 + 5*a*c**4*d*x + 10*a*c**3*d
**2*x**2 + 10*a*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 5*a*c*d**4*x**4 + a*d**5*x**5 - b*c**5*x*
*2 - 5*b*c**4*d*x**3 - 10*b*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 10*b*c**2*d**3*x**5 - 5*b*c*d
**4*x**6 - b*d**5*x**7),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**6*x**2 + 120*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*
sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**5 + 5*a*c**4*d*x + 10*a*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 10*a
*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 5*a*c*d**4*x**4 + a*d**5*x**5 - b*c**5*x**2 - 5*b*c**4*d
*x**3 - 10*b*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 10*b*c**2*d**3*x**5 - 5*b*c*d**4*x**6 - b...
```

**3.319**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{11/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2773
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2774
Rubi [A] (verified)	2775
Maple [A] (verified)	2784
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2785
Sympy [F]	2786
Maxima [F]	2786
Giac [F]	2786
Mupad [F(-1)]	2787
Reduce [F]	2787

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 608

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c+dx)^{11/2}} dx = -\frac{16b^2(32b^2c^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 21a^2d^4) \sqrt{a-bx^2}}{63d^5(bc^2 - ad^2)^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}$$

$$+ \frac{8b^2(c(32bc^2 - 33ad^2) + 3d(8bc^2 - 7ad^2)x) \sqrt{a-bx^2}}{63d^5(bc^2 - ad^2)(c+dx)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{20bc(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{63d^3(c+dx)^{7/2}} + \frac{4b(13bc^2 - 7ad^2)(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{63d^3(bc^2 - ad^2)(c+dx)^{5/2}} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{ab}^{5/2}(32b^2c^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 21a^2d^4) \sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{63d^6(bc^2 - ad^2)^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}} \sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{ab}^{5/2}c(32bc^2 - 33ad^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{63d^6(bc^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```

-16/63*b^2*(21*a^2*d^4-57*a*b*c^2*d^2+32*b^2*c^4)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(-a
*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)+8/63*b^2*(c*(-33*a*d^2+32*b*c^2)+3*d*(-7*a*d^2
+8*b*c^2)*x)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/d^5/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2)-20/63*b*c*(
-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)/d^3/(d*x+c)^(7/2)+4/63*b*(-7*a*d^2+13*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(3
/2)/d^3/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2)-2/9*(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/d/(d*x+c)^(9/2)+
16/63*a^(1/2)*b^(5/2)*(21*a^2*d^4-57*a*b*c^2*d^2+32*b^2*c^4)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)
*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^2^(1/2),2^(1/2)
*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^6/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b^(1/2)*
(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-16/63*a^(1/2)*b^(5/2)
)*c*(-33*a*d^2+32*b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-
b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*
(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/d^6/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(
-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 675, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( 8b^2(32b^2c^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 21a^2d^4) - b^2(193b^2c^4 - 330abc^2d^2 + 105a^2d^4) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(11/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(8*b^2*(32*b^2*c^4 - 57*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 21*a^2*d^4) - b^2
*(193*b^2*c^4 - 330*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 105*a^2*d^4) - (7*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^4)/(c
+ d*x)^4 + (38*b*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^3)/(c + d*x)^3 - (4*b*(22*b*c^2 - 7*a*d
^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2)/(c + d*x)^2 + (2*b^2*c*(61*b*c^2 - 57*a*d^2)*(b*c^2
- a*d^2))/(c + d*x) + ((8*I)*b^3*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(32*b^2*c
^4 - 57*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 21*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)
]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE
[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqr
t[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d^2*(-a + b*x^2)) - ((8*I)*Sqrt[a]*b^(5
/2)*(32*b^2*c^4 - 8*Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)*c^3*d - 57*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 12*a^(3/2)*Sq
rt[b]*c*d^3 + 21*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*Sqrt[-
(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSi
nh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/
(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))
)/(63*d^5*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 572, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$ , Rules used = {492, 589, 25, 680, 25, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 492 \\
 & \frac{10b \int \frac{x(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}{(c + dx)^{9/2}} dx}{9d} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{9d(c + dx)^{9/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 589 \\
 & \frac{10b \left( \frac{6b \int - \frac{(5acd + (8bc^2 - 7ad^2)x)\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx}{35d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{3/2}(dx(13bc^2 - 7ad^2) + 2c(4bc^2 - ad^2))}{35d^2(c + dx)^{7/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)}{9d} \\
 & \quad \frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{9d(c + dx)^{9/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 25 \\
 10b \left( -\frac{6b \int \frac{(5acd + (8bc^2 - 7ad^2)x)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx}{35d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(dx(13bc^2-7ad^2)+2c(4bc^2-ad^2))}{35d^2(c+dx)^{7/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{9d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \frac{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 680 \\
 10b \left( \frac{6b \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(4acd(2bc^2-3ad^2) + (32b^2c^4 - 57abd^2c^2 + 21a^2d^4)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(21a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 40b^2c^4) + c(9a^2d^4 - 49abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4))}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{35d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{9d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \frac{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 25 \\
 10b \left( \frac{6b \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{b(4acd(2bc^2-3ad^2) + (32b^2c^4 - 57abd^2c^2 + 21a^2d^4)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(21a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 40b^2c^4) + c(9a^2d^4 - 49abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4))}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{35d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{9d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \frac{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 27 \\
 10b \left( \frac{6b \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{4acd(2bc^2-3ad^2) + (32b^2c^4 - 57abd^2c^2 + 21a^2d^4)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(21a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 40b^2c^4) + c(9a^2d^4 - 49abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4))}{3d^2(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{35d^2(bc^2-ad^2)} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{9d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \frac{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{9d}{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} \\
 \frac{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}
 \end{array}$$

↓ 600

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 6b \\ 10b \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} 2b \left( \frac{(21a^2d^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{c(32bc^2 - 33ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right) \\ \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(21a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 3d^2(c+dx)))}{3d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\ \hline 35d^2(bc^2 - ad^2) \end{array} \right)$$

9d

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{9d(c + dx)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 509

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 6b \\ 10b \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} 2b \left( \frac{\left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} (21a^2d^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c(32bc^2 - 33ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right) \\ \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(dx(21a^2d^4 - 69abc^2d^2 + 3d^2(c+dx)))}{3d^2(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\ \hline 35d^2(bc^2 - ad^2) \end{array} \right)$$

9d

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{9d(c + dx)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 508

2b	$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(21a^2d^4-57abc^2d^2+32b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}$	$\frac{c(32bc^2-33ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d}$
6b	$3d^2(bc^2-ad^2)$	
10b	$35d^2(bc^2-ad^2)$	

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ 6b \\ 10b \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{c(32bc^2 - 33ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \\ \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(21a^2d^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \\ 3d^2(bc^2 - ad^2) \\ 35d^2(bc^2 - ad^2) \end{array} \right)$$

9d

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{9d(c + dx)^{9/2}}$$

512

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} 2b \\ 6b \\ 10b \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2 - 33ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx \\ \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(21a^2d^4 - 57abc^2d^2 + 32b^2c^4)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \\ 3d^2(bc^2 - ad^2) \\ 35d^2(bc^2 - ad^2) \end{array} \right)$$

9

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{9d(c + dx)^{9/2}}$$



↓ 511

2b

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-33ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}$$

6b

$$3d^2(bc^2-ad^2)$$

10b

$$35d^2(bc^2-ad^2)$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(32bc^2-33ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{ad+bc}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)+2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(21a^2d^4-57abc^2)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$


---


$$\frac{6b}{3d^2(bc^2-ad^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{10b}{35d^2(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{2(a-bx^2)^{5/2}}{9d(c+dx)^{9/2}}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(11/2),x]`

output

```
(-2*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2))/(9*d*(c + d*x)^(9/2)) - (10*b*((-2*(2*c*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2) + d*(13*b*c^2 - 7*a*d^2)*x)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2))/(35*d^2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(7/2)) - (6*b*((-2*(c*(32*b^2*c^4 - 49*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 9*a^2*d^4) + d*(40*b^2*c^4 - 69*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 21*a^2*d^4)*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*d^2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) - (2*b*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(32*b^2*c^4 - 57*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 21*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*c*(32*b*c^2 - 33*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(3*d^2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)))/(35*d^2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)))/(9*d)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 321  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d], x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$
- rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d], x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 492  $\text{Int}[((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1))) \text{ Int}[x*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d, n], x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]) \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2)/(d + c*q)]]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d], x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c_ + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, b, c, d], x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 589 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(a*d^2 + b*c^2*(2*p + 1)) - d*(a*d^2*(n + 1) + b*c^2*(n - 2*p + 1))*x)/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[b*(p/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*d*(n + 2) - (2*a*d^2*(n + 1) - 2*b*c^2*(2*p + 1))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 680 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f*(m + 2*p + 2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m + 1))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 9.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1008, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1008
default	Expression too large to display	7831

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(11/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-2/9*(a^2*d^4-2 \\ & *a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/d^{10}*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}/(x+c/d)^5-76 \\ & /63/d^9*(a*d^2-b*c^2)*b*c*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}/(x+c/d)^4+8/6 \\ & 3*(7*a*d^2-22*b*c^2)*b/d^8*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}/(x+c/d)^3+4/ \\ & 63*b^2*c*(57*a*d^2-61*b*c^2)/d^7/(a*d^2-b*c^2)*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c \\ & )^{(1/2)}/(x+c/d)^2-2/63*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2/d^6*b^2*(105*a^2*d^4 \\ & -330*a*b*c^2*d^2+193*b^2*c^4)/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^{(1/2)}+2*(5*b^3*c/d^ \\ & 6-2/63*b^3*c*(57*a*d^2-61*b*c^2)/d^6/(a*d^2-b*c^2)-1/63*b^3*c/d^6*(105*a^2 \\ & *d^4-330*a*b*c^2*d^2+193*b^2*c^4)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})* \\ & (x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b) \\ & ^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}/(-b*d*x^3 \\ & -b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}, \\ & ((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}))+2*(-b^3/d^5-1/63*b^ \\ & 3/d^5*(105*a^2*d^4-330*a*b*c^2*d^2+193*b^2*c^4)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2*(c/d-1/b* \\ & (a*b)^{(1/2)}*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(- \\ & c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{( \\ & 1/2)}/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})*EllipticE( \\ & ((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)},((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a \\ & *b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}))+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)} \\ & ))^{(1/2)},((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2}))^{(1/2)}))) \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1118 vs.  $2(520) = 1040$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2/189*(8*(32*b^4*c^10 - 81*a*b^3*c^8*d^2 + 57*a^2*b^2*c^6*d^4 + (32*b^4*c^5*d^5 - 81*a*b^3*c^3*d^7 + 57*a^2*b^2*c*d^9)*x^5 + 5*(32*b^4*c^6*d^4 - 81*a*b^3*c^4*d^6 + 57*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^8)*x^4 + 10*(32*b^4*c^7*d^3 - 81*a*b^3*c^5*d^5 + 57*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^7)*x^3 + 10*(32*b^4*c^8*d^2 - 81*a*b^3*c^6*d^4 + 57*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^6)*x^2 + 5*(32*b^4*c^9*d - 81*a*b^3*c^7*d^3 + 57*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 24*(32*b^4*c^9*d - 57*a*b^3*c^7*d^3 + 21*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^5 + (32*b^4*c^4*d^6 - 57*a*b^3*c^2*d^8 + 21*a^2*b^2*d^10)*x^5 + 5*(32*b^4*c^5*d^5 - 57*a*b^3*c^3*d^7 + 21*a^2*b^2*c*d^9)*x^4 + 10*(32*b^4*c^6*d^4 - 57*a*b^3*c^4*d^6 + 21*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^8)*x^3 + 10*(32*b^4*c^7*d^3 - 57*a*b^3*c^5*d^5 + 21*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^7)*x^2 + 5*(32*b^4*c^8*d^2 - 57*a*b^3*c^6*d^4 + 21*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^6)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(128*b^4*c^8*d^2 - 212*a*b^3*c^6*d^4 + 63*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^6 - 18*a^3*b*c^2*d^8 + 7*a^4*d^10 + (193*b^4*c^4*d^6 - 330*a*b^3*c^2*d^8 + 105*a^2*b^2*d^10)*x^4 + 2*(325*b^4*c^5*d^5 - 542*a*b^3*c^3*d^7 + 153*a^2*b^2*c*d^9)*x^3 + 4*(220*b^4*c^6*d^4 - 369*a*b^3*c^4*d^6 + 108*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^8 - 7*a^3*b*d^10)*x^2 + 2*(272*b^4*c^7*d^3 - 453*a*b^3*c^5*d^5 + 126*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^7 - 9*a^3*b*c*d^9)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 ...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**(5/2)/(d*x+c)**(11/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**(5/2)/(c + d*x)**(11/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(dx + c)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}}{(dx + c)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(11/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)/(d*x + c)^(11/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)/(c + d*x)^(11/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}}{(c + dx)^{11/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(11/2), x)`



output

```
(2*( - 55*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**3 - 176*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d + 18*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**2*x + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**3*x**2 + 96*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**3*x + 80*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 30*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**3*x**4 + 198*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**6 + 6*a*c**5*d*x + 15*a*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 20*a*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 15*a*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 6*a*c*d**5*x**5 + a*d**6*x**6 - b*c**6*x**2 - 6*b*c**5*d*x**3 - 15*b*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 20*b*c**3*d**3*x**5 - 15*b*c**2*d**4*x**6 - 6*b*c*d**5*x**7 - b*d**6*x**8),x)*a**2*b*c**5*d**4 + 990*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**6 + 6*a*c**5*d*x + 15*a*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 20*a*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 15*a*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 6*a*c*d**5*x**5 + a*d**6*x**6 - b*c**6*x**2 - 6*b*c**5*d*x**3 - 15*b*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 20*b*c**3*d**3*x**5 - 15*b*c**2*d**4*x**6 - 6*b*c*d**5*x**7 - b*d**6*x**8),x)*a**2*b*c**4*d**5*x + 1980*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**6 + 6*a*c**5*d*x + 15*a*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 20*a*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 15*a*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 6*a*c*d**5*x**5 + a*d**6*x**6 - b*c**6*x**2 - 6*b*c**5*d*x**3 - 15*b*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 20*b*c**3*d**3*x**5 - 15*b*c**2*d**4*x**6 - 6*b*c*d**5*x**7 - b*d**6*x**8),x)*a**2*b*c**3*d**6*x**2 + 1980*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c**6 + 6*a*c**5*d*x + 15*a*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 20*a*c**3*d...
```

### 3.320 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2789
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2790
Rubi [A] (verified)	2791
Maple [B] (verified)	2796
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2797
Sympy [F]	2798
Maxima [F]	2798
Giac [F]	2798
Mupad [F(-1)]	2799
Reduce [F]	2799

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 411

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = -\frac{2d(71bc^2 + 25ad^2) \sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{a-bx^2}}{105b^2}$$

$$- \frac{24cd(c+dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a-bx^2}}{35b} - \frac{2d(c+dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a-bx^2}}{7b}$$

$$- \frac{32\sqrt{ac}(11bc^2 + 13ad^2) \sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{105b^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}} \sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}(71b^2c^4 - 46abc^2d^2 - 25a^2d^4) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{105b^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/105*d*(25*a*d^2+71*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b^2-24/35*c*d*
(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b-2/7*d*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b-32
/105*a^(1/2)*c*(13*a*d^2+11*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a
^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-
b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2/105*a^(1/2)*(-25*a^2*d^4-46*a*b*c^2*d^2+71*b^2*c^4)*(b^(1
/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(
1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d
))^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 536, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( -((c+dx)(25ad^3 + bd(122c^2 + 66cdx + 15d^2x^2))) - \frac{16cd^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(11bc^2 + \dots)}}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(7/2)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2], x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-((c + d*x)*(25*a*d^3 + b*d*(122*c^2 + 66*c*d*x + 15*d
^2*x^2))) - (16*c*d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(11*b*c^2 + 13*a*d^2)
*(a - b*x^2) + (16*I)*Sqrt[b]*c*(11*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 11*Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d + 13*
a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 - 13*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)
]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE
[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqr
t[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] - I*(105*b^2*c^4 - 176*Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)*c^
3*d + 254*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 208*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*c*d^3 + 25*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(d*(S
qrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*
x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sq
rt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d))/(d*Sqrt[-c
+ (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(a - b*x^2)))/(105*b^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 687, 27, 687, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & - \frac{2 \int -\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(7bc^2+12bdxc+5ad^2)}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(7bc^2+12bdxc+5ad^2)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{7b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{7b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & - \frac{2 \int -\frac{b\sqrt{c+dx}(c(35bc^2+61ad^2)+d(71bc^2+25ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{24}{5}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \frac{7b}{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(c(35bc^2+61ad^2)+d(71bc^2+25ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{7b} - \frac{24}{5}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \frac{7b}{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left( - \frac{2 \int -\frac{105b^2c^4+254abd^2c^2+16bd(11bc^2+13ad^2)xc+25a^2d^4}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(25ad^2+71bc^2)}{3b} \right) - \frac{24}{5}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \frac{7b}{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{105b^2c^4 + 254abd^2c^2 + 16bd(11bc^2 + 13ad^2)xc + 25a^2d^4}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(25ad^2 + 71bc^2)}{3b} \right) - \frac{24}{5}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}$$

---


$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 600

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{16bc(13ad^2 + 11bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - (bc^2 - ad^2)(25ad^2 + 71bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(25ad^2 + 71bc^2)}{3b} \right) - \frac{24}{5}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}$$

---


$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{16bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(13ad^2 + 11bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - (bc^2 - ad^2)(25ad^2 + 71bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(25ad^2 + 71bc^2)}{3b} \right) - \frac{24}{5}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}$$

---


$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( - \left( (bc^2 - ad^2)(25ad^2 + 71bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \right) - \frac{32\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(13ad^2 + 11bc^2) \int \sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(25ad^2 + 71bc^2)}{3b} \right) - \frac{24}{5}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}$$

---


$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{-(bc^2 - ad^2)(25ad^2 + 71bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{32\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(13ad^2+11bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{3b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2)(25ad^2 + 71bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - \frac{32\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(13ad^2+11bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{3b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2)(25ad^2 + 71bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} dx - \frac{32\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(13ad^2+11bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{3b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{7b}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(25ad^2+71bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{32\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(13ad^2+11bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}} \right) = \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}}{7b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(7/2)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2], x]`

output `(-2*d*(c + d*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(7*b) + ((-24*c*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/5 + ((-2*d*(71*b*c^2 + 25*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*b) + ((-32*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*(11*b*c^2 + 13*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(71*b*c^2 + 25*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(3*b))/5)/(7*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 497  $\text{Int}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n]*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{n-1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A_) + (B_)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$



rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x]
]; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 736 vs. 2(335) = 670.

Time = 2.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 737, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2d^3x^2\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{7b} - \frac{44cd^2x\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{35b} - \frac{2\left(\frac{122c^2d^2}{35} + \frac{59d^4}{7b}\right)\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3bd} \right)$
risch	$-\frac{2d(15bx^2d^2+66bcdx+25ad^2+122b^2c^2)\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{105b^2} + \frac{16dc(13ad^2+11bc^2)\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{\sqrt{ab}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{-\frac{2(x-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{b})}{\sqrt{ab}}}}{105b^2}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-2/7*d^3/b*x^2* \\ & (-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}-44/35*c*d^2/b*x*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x \\ & +a*c)^{(1/2)}-2/3*(122/35*c^2*d^2+5/7*a/b*d^4)/b/d*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a \\ & *c)^{(1/2)}+2*(c^4+44/35*a/b*c^2*d^2+1/3*a/b*(122/35*c^2*d^2+5/7*a/b*d^4))* \\ & (c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}) \\ & /(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)} \\ & /(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/ \\ & b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)},((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)} \\ & )+2*(4*d*c^3+86/35*a/b*c*d^3-2/3*c/d*(122/35*c^2*d^2+5/7*a/b*d^4))*(c/d-1 \\ & /b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}) \\ & /(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}) \\ & )^{(1/2)}/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})*Ellipti \\ & cE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)},((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b \\ & *(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}) \\ & /(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)},((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})) \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = 2 \left( (139b^2c^4 + 554abc^2d^2 + 75a^2d^4) \sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d} \right) - 48 \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/315*((139*b^2*c^4 + 554*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 75*a^2*d^4)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b*d)*\operatorname{weierstras} \\ & \operatorname{sPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3) \\ & , 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) - 48*(11*b^2*c^3*d + 13*a*b*c*d^3)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b*d)*\operatorname{weierst} \\ & \operatorname{rassZeta}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), \\ & \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d \\ & ^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(15*b^2*d^4*x^2 + 66*b^2*c*d^3*x + 12 \\ & 2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 25*a*b*d^4)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b*x^2 + a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(d*x + c)/(b^3*d) \end{aligned}$$

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(7/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(7/2)/sqrt(a - b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(7/2)/sqrt(-b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(7/2)/sqrt(-b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{-86\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}ad^3 - 140\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}bc^2d - 44\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}}{\dots}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `( - 86*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**3 - 140*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*d - 44*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c*d**2*x - 10*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**3*x**2 - 104*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**4 - 88*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 43*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*d**4 + 114*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 + 35*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)*b**2*c**4)/(35*b**2)`

### 3.321 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2800
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2801
Rubi [A] (verified)	2801
Maple [B] (verified)	2806
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2807
Sympy [F]	2808
Maxima [F]	2808
Giac [F]	2808
Mupad [F(-1)]	2809
Reduce [F]	2809

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 354

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = -\frac{16cd\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{15b} - \frac{2d(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5b}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{a}(23bc^2+9ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{15b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{ac}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{15b^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-16/15*c*d*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b-2/5*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b-2/15*a^(1/2)*(9*a*d^2+23*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+16/15*a^(1/2)*c*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 23.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( -\frac{2d(c+dx)(11c+3dx)}{b} + \frac{2 \left( d^2 \sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}} (23bc^2+9ad^2)(a-bx^2) + i\sqrt{b} (23b^{3/2}c^3 - 23\sqrt{abc^2d} + 9a\sqrt{b}d^2) \right)}{b^2} \right)}{15\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(5/2)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*((-2*d*(c + d*x)*(11*c + 3*d*x))/b + (2*(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(23*b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2) + I*Sqrt[b]*(23*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 23*Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d + 9*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 - 9*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] - I*Sqrt[b]*(15*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 23*Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d + 17*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 - 9*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(b^2*d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(15*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 687, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 497 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(5bc^2+8bdxc+3ad^2)}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(5bc^2+8bdxc+3ad^2)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 687 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(c(15bc^2+17ad^2)+d(23bc^2+9ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{\frac{16}{3}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{5b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{c(15bc^2+17ad^2)+d(23bc^2+9ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{\frac{16}{3}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{5b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 600 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( (9ad^2+23bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - 8c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \right) - \frac{16}{3}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{5b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 509 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(9ad^2+23bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - 8c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \right) - \frac{16}{3}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{5b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 508
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -8c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(9ad^2+23bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{16}{3}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( -8c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(9ad^2+23bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{16}{3}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{8c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(9ad^2+23bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{16}{3}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{16\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(9ad^2+23bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{16}{3}cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

5b



↓ 321

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{16\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(9ad^2+23bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{b}x}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}\right)}{5b} = \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}}{5b}$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)^(5/2)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2], x]
```

```
output (-2*d*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(5*b) + ((-16*c*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/3 + ((-2*Sqrt[a]*(23*b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (16*Sqrt[a]*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/3)/(5*b)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 321 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

```
rule 327 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 $d(c + dx)^{n-1}(a + bx^2)^{p+1}/(b(n + 2p + 1))$ , x] + Simp[1/(b  
 $(n + 2p + 1) \int (c + dx)^{n-2}(a + bx^2)^p \text{Simp}[bc^2(n + 2p + 1) - a^2d^{2(n-1)} + 2b^2cd(n + p)x, x], x]$  /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n  
 , p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2p  
 + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q  
 = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c  
 *q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqr  
 t[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sq  
 rt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)],  
 x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Wit  
 h[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt  
 [c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x]  
 , x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[  
 a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim  
 p[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^  
 2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]  
 ), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp  
 [(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
 b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x]
]; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 630 vs. 2(284) = 568.

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2d^2x\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{5b} - \frac{22cd\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{15b} + \frac{2\left(c^3 + \frac{17ca}{15b}d^2\right)\left(\frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{d-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}}{\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}} \right)$
risch	$d(9ad^2+23bc^2)\sqrt{ab}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{\left(x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)b}{\sqrt{ab}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{d-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{2\left(x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)b}{\sqrt{ab}}}\left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{b\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}\right)$
default	$-\frac{2(3dx+11c)\sqrt{dx+c}d\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{15b} + \dots$ <p>Expression too large to display</p>

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-2/5*d^2/b*x*(- \\ & b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}-22/15*c*d/b*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{ \\ & (1/2)}+2*(c^3+17/15/b*c*a*d^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b) \\ & )^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/b \\ & *(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{( \\ & 1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)},((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2) \\ & ))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}+2*(23/15*c^2*d+3/5*a/b*d^3)*(c/d-1/b*(a* \\ & b)^{(1/2)})*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d \\ & -1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2) \\ & )/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})*EllipticE(((x \\ & +c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)},((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b) \\ & )^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{( \\ & 1/2)},((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})) \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 2(11bc^3 + 21acd^2)\sqrt{-bd} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d} \right) - 3(23bc^2d + 9ad^3) \right)}{...}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/45*(2*(11*b*c^3 + 21*a*c*d^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b*d)*\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2 \\ & + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) \\ & - 3*(23*b*c^2*d + 9*a*d^3)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b*d)*\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2) \\ & )/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b* \\ & c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c) \\ & /d) + 3*(3*b*d^3*x + 11*b*c*d^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(-b*x^2 + a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(d*x + c)/(b^2*d) \end{aligned}$$

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(5/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(5/2)/sqrt(a - b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(-b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/2)/sqrt(-b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int((c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}ad^3 - 30\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}bc^2d - 4\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}bd^3}{10b^2c}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)`output `( - 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**3 - 30*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*d - 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c*d**2*x - 9*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*b*d**4 - 23*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a**2*d**4 + 19*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*b*c**2*d**2 + 10*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*b**2*c**4)/(10*b**2*c)`

### 3.322 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2810
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2811
Rubi [A] (verified)	2811
Maple [B] (verified)	2815
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2816
Sympy [F]	2817
Maxima [F]	2817
Giac [F]	2817
Mupad [F(-1)]	2818
Reduce [F]	2818

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 311

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = -\frac{2d\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3b} - \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-2/3*d*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/b-8/3*a^(1/2)*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2/3*a^(1/2)*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 22.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( -5c-dx + \frac{4i\sqrt{bc}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})\sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x)}{c+dx}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{ad}-dx}{-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{c+dx}}}}{d^2\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(-a+bx^2)}} \right)}{d^2\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(-a+bx^2)}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}}{\sqrt{c+dx}}\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2], x]`

output `(2*d*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-5*c - d*x + ((4*I)*Sqrt[b]*c*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)])/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)) - (I*(3*b*c^2 - 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d + a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)])/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(3*b*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$$

↓ 497



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{3bc^2+4bdxc+ad^2}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{3bc^2+4bdxc+ad^2}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{4bc \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - (bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{4bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - (bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 508 \\
 & - \left( (bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \right) - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 327 \\
 & - (bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 512 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3b}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3b}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3b}$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)/Sqrt[a - b*x^2], x]
```

```
output (-2*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*b) + ((-8*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*b)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 321  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 497  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n-1) + 2*b*c*d*(n+p)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600

```
Int[((A_.) + (B_.)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 581 vs. 2(247) = 494.

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 582, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2d\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3b} + \frac{2(c^2+\frac{d^2a}{3b}) \left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}} \right)}{\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)}}$
risch	$-\frac{2d\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{3b} + \frac{a d^2 \sqrt{ab} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \sqrt{-\frac{2(x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{(x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b})b}{\sqrt{ab}}}}{2}, \sqrt{-\frac{2\sqrt{ab}}{b\left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)}}}\right)}{b\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}$
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a} \left( 4\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}} \sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}} \sqrt{\frac{(bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}}\right) abc d^2 - 4\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)}}$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/3*d/b*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)+2*(c^2+1/3*d^2/b*a)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+8/3*c*d*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 12 \sqrt{-bd}bcd \operatorname{weierstrassZeta} \left( \frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3} \right), \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse} \left( \frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2} \right) \right)}{1}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/9*(12*sqrt(-b*d)*b*c*d*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) - 3*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)*b*d^2 - (5*b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d))/(b^2*d)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)/sqrt(a - b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(-b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)/sqrt(-b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`output `int((c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{-bx^2 + a}d - 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+ax^2}}{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}dx\right)bd^2 + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}dx\right)}{b}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*d - 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*b*d**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*a*d**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3), x)*b*c**2)/b`

### 3.323 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2819
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2819
Rubi [A] (verified)	2820
Maple [B] (verified)	2822
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2822
Sympy [F]	2823
Maxima [F]	2823
Giac [F]	2824
Mupad [F(-1)]	2824
Reduce [F]	2824

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*a^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2i(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})\sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})}{-\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\sqrt{c+dx}\left(E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\right) \middle| \frac{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}{\sqrt{bc-\sqrt{ad}}}\right) - \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\right) \middle| \frac{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}{\sqrt{bc-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{d(-\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$



input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a - b*x^2],x]`

output `((2*I)*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x))/(-(Sqrt[b]*c) + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d))]]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d))]]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x))]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {509, 508, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 508 \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1)+1}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 327
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a - b*x^2],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 378 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

method	result
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}(bc-d\sqrt{ab})\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}}\sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab}+bc}}\sqrt{\frac{(bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}}\left(\sqrt{ab}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}},\sqrt{-\frac{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}{d\sqrt{ab}+bc}}\right)+c\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}},\sqrt{-\frac{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}{d\sqrt{ab}+bc}}\right)\right)}{d(-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac)}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)}\left(2c\left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{d-\sqrt{ab}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\sqrt{ab}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}+\sqrt{ab}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{d-\sqrt{ab}}},\sqrt{\frac{-\frac{c}{d}+\sqrt{ab}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\sqrt{ab}}}\right)+2d\left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{d-\sqrt{ab}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\sqrt{ab}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(b*c-d*(a*b)^(1/2))*(-(d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c))^(1/2)*((-b*x+(a*b)^(1/2))*d/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)+b*c))^(1/2)*((b*x+(a*b)^(1/2))*d/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c))^(1/2)*((a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF((-d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c))^(1/2),(-(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c)/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)+b*c))^(1/2))*d+c*EllipticF((-d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c))^(1/2),(-(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c)/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)+b*c))^(1/2))*b-(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticE((-d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c))^(1/2),(-(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c)/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)+b*c))^(1/2))*d-EllipticE((-d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c))^(1/2),(-(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c)/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)+b*c))^(1/2))*b*c)/d/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)/b^2
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2\left(2\sqrt{-bdc}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2},-\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3},\frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right)-3\sqrt{-bdd}\operatorname{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2},\frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right)\right)}{3bd}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*(2*sqrt(-b*d)*c*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) - 3*sqrt(-b*d)*d*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)))/(b*d)`

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)/sqrt(a - b*x**2), x)`

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{-bx^2+a} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a - b*x**2),x)`

### 3.324 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2825
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2825
Rubi [A] (verified)	2826
Maple [A] (verified)	2828
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2828
Sympy [F]	2829
Maxima [F]	2829
Giac [F]	2829
Mupad [F(-1)]	2830
Reduce [F]	2830

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*a^(1/2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2i\sqrt{\frac{d\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x\right)}{c+dx}}\sqrt{-\frac{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}-dx}{c+dx}}(c+dx)\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}}{\sqrt{c+dx}}\right),\frac{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}{\sqrt{bc-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]`

output `((2*I)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x])*(c + d*x)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)])/(d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.136$ , Rules used = {512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 512$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 511$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

↓ 321

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2(bc-d\sqrt{ab}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}}, \sqrt{-\frac{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}{d\sqrt{ab}+bc}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{(bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}} \sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab}+bc}} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab}-bc}} \sqrt{-bx^2+a} \sqrt{dx+c}}{bd(-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac)}$	194
elliptic	$\frac{2\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{d-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-d-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-d+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{d-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}, \sqrt{\frac{-\frac{c}{d}+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-d-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}$	237

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(b*c-d*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticF((-d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c))^(1/2),(-(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c)/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)+b*c))^(1/2))*((b*x+(a*b)^(1/2))*d/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c))^(1/2)*((-b*x+(a*b)^(1/2))*d/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)+b*c))^(1/2)*(-(d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^(1/2)-b*c))^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b/d/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt{-bd}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right)}{bd}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)/(b*d)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*sqrt(c + d*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}\sqrt{dx+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}\sqrt{dx+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{-bdx^3 - bcx^2 + adx + ac} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c + a*d*x - b*c*x**2 - b*d*x**3),x)`

**3.325**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2831
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	2832
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2832
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2834
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2835
Sympy [F] . . . . .	2836
Maxima [F] . . . . .	2836
Giac [F] . . . . .	2837
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	2837
Reduce [F] . . . . .	2837

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
2*d*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(b^(1/2)*d*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( \frac{d^2(a-bx^2)}{bc^2-ad^2} - i \sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}} \sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})}{-\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}} \right) E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]
```

output

```
(2*((d^2*(a - b*x^2))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2) - I*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[b]*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x))/(-Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d))]*(EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d))]]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] - EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-((Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d))]]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 509, 508, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 498$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2b \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 509 \\
& \frac{b\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 508 \\
& \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1)+1}}} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*d*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - (2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 616 vs.  $2(154) = 308$ .

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 617, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.34

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2(-bdx^2+ad)}{(ad^2-bc^2)\sqrt{(x+\frac{c}{d})(-bdx^2+ad)}} - \frac{2bc\left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}}{(ad^2-bc^2)\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}, \sqrt{\frac{ad^2-bc^2}{(ad^2-bc^2)\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}}\right) \right)$
default	$2\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}}\sqrt{\frac{(bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}}\right)ad^2-\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}}\sqrt{\frac{bx+\sqrt{ab}}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\right)$

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)^(1/2)-2*b*c/(a*d^2-b*c^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-2*b*d/(a*d^2-b*c^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2\left(3\sqrt{-bx^2+a}\sqrt{dx+cd^2}-2(cdx+c^2)\sqrt{-bd}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3cdx+3d^2x^2)}{3bd^2}\right)\right)}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
2/3*(3*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)*d^2 - 2*(c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*wei
erstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/
(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(d^2*x + c*d)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4
/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstra
ssPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3
), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)))/(b*c^3*d - a*c*d^3 + (b*c^2*d^2 - a*d^4)*x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^2} (c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} (dx + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}(dx+c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{-bd^2x^4 - 2bcdx^3 + ad^2x^2 - bc^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - b*d**2*x**4),x)`

### 3.326 $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2838
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2839
Rubi [A] (verified)	2839
Maple [B] (verified)	2844
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2845
Sympy [F]	2846
Maxima [F]	2846
Giac [F]	2847
Mupad [F(-1)]	2847
Reduce [F]	2847

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 380

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(bc^2-ad^2)(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{8bcd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

$$- \frac{8\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}c\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*d*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+8/3*b*c*d*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-8/3*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2/3*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \frac{2d\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( \frac{bc^2}{c+dx} - \frac{ad^2}{c+dx} + \frac{4ib^{3/2}c(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} + x)}{c+dx}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ad} - dx}{\sqrt{b}c+dx}} (c+dx)^{3/2} E\left(i \arcsinh\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}d}{\sqrt{b}c + \sqrt{a}d}\right)\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}} (-a + bx^2)} \right)}{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*d*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*((b*c^2)/(c + d*x) - (a*d^2)/(c + d*x) + ((4*I)*b^(3/2)*c*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)])/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)) - (I*b*(3*b*c^2 - 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d + a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)])/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^2}(c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 498

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2b \int -\frac{3c-dx}{2(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{b \int \frac{3c-dx}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 688 \\
& \frac{b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3bc^2+4bdxc+ad^2}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{8cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{3bc^2+4bdxc+ad^2}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{8cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 600 \\
& \frac{b \left( \frac{4bc \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - (bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{8cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 509 \\
& \frac{b \left( \frac{4bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - (bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + \frac{8cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 508
\end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{-(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{bc}+d} d \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{bc}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{8cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{3(bc^2 - ad^2)}{2d\sqrt{a - bx^2}} \\ \frac{3(c + dx)^{3/2} (bc^2 - ad^2)}{327}$$

327

$$b \left( \frac{-(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d} \right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{bc}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{8cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{3(bc^2 - ad^2)}{2d\sqrt{a - bx^2}} \\ \frac{3(c + dx)^{3/2} (bc^2 - ad^2)}{512}$$

512

$$b \left( \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d} \right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{bc}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{8cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right) +$$

$$\frac{3(bc^2 - ad^2)}{2d\sqrt{a - bx^2}} \\ \frac{3(c + dx)^{3/2} (bc^2 - ad^2)}{511}$$

511

$$b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\left|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right.}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{3(bc^2 - ad^2)}{3(c + dx)^{3/2} (bc^2 - ad^2)} \cdot \frac{2d\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{3(c + dx)^{3/2} (bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

321

$$b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\left|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right.}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}} \right) + \frac{8cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

$$\frac{3(bc^2 - ad^2)}{3(c + dx)^{3/2} (bc^2 - ad^2)} \cdot \frac{2d\sqrt{a - bx^2}}{3(c + dx)^{3/2} (bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

```
input Int[1/((c + d*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]
```

```
output (2*d*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) + (b*((8*c*d*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]) + ((-8*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)])) Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2)/(d + c*q)]]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`



rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 697 vs.  $2(310) = 620$ .

Time = 5.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 698, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3(ad^2-bc^2)d\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2} + \frac{8(-bdx^2+ad)bc}{3(ad^2-bc^2)^2\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)(-bdx^2+ad)}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{b}{3ad^2-3bc^2} + \frac{4b^2c^2}{3(ad^2-bc^2)^2}\right)\left(\frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)}{\dots} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/3/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/d*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^2+8/3*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2*b*c/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)^(1/2)+2*(1/3/(a*d^2-b*c^2)*b+4/3*b^2*c^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+8/3*b^2*c*d/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2\left((5bc^4+3ac^2d^2+(5bc^2d^2+3ad^4)x^2+2(5bc^3d+3acd^3)x\right)\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-2/9*((5*b*c^4 + 3*a*c^2*d^2 + (5*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(5*b*c^3*d + 3*a*c*d^3)*x)*\sqrt{-b*d}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) - 12*(b*c*d^3*x^2 + 2*b*c^2*d^2*x + b*c^3*d)*\sqrt{-b*d}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) - 3*(4*b*c*d^3*x + 5*b*c^2*d^2 - a*d^4)*\sqrt{-b*x^2 + a}*\sqrt{d*x + c)/(b^2*c^6*d - 2*a*b*c^4*d^3 + a^2*c^2*d^5 + (b^2*c^4*d^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^5 + a^2*d^7)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^5*d^2 - 2*a*b*c^3*d^4 + a^2*c*d^6)*x)$$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^2} (c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**(5/2)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} (dx + c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}(dx+c)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{-bd^3x^5 - 3bcd^2x^4 + ad^3x^3 - 3bc^2dx^3 + 3acd^2x^2 - bc^3x^2 + 3ac^2dx + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x + 3*a*c*d**2*x**2 + a*d**3*x**3 - b*c**3*x**2 - 3*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 3*b*c*d**2*x**4 - b*d**3*x**5),x)`

$$3.327 \quad \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2848
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2849
Rubi [A] (verified)	2850
Maple [B] (verified)	2856
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2857
Sympy [F]	2858
Maxima [F]	2858
Giac [F]	2859
Mupad [F(-1)]	2859
Reduce [F]	2859

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 447

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx &= \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(bc^2-ad^2)(c+dx)^{5/2}} \\ &+ \frac{16bcd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{15(bc^2-ad^2)^2(c+dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{2bd(23bc^2+9ad^2)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{15(bc^2-ad^2)^3\sqrt{c+dx}} \\ &- \frac{2\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}(23bc^2+9ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{15(bc^2-ad^2)^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\ &+ \frac{16\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}c\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{15(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

2/5*d*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(5/2)+16/15*b*c*d*(-b*x^2+a)
^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^(3/2)+2/15*b*d*(9*a*d^2+23*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+
a)^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2/15*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*(9*a*d^2+23*b
*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(
1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/(-a*d^2+b*c
^2)^3/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+16/15
*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*c*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/
a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)
)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a
)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{(c+dx)^2} \left( \frac{3(bc^2-ad^2)^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{8bc(bc^2-ad^2)}{c+dx} - \frac{ib^2\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}(23bc^2+9ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x)}{c+dx}}\sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{a}}{c}}}}{d} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]
```

output

```

(2*d*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*((3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2)/(c + d*x)^2 + (8*b*c*(b*c^2 -
a*d^2))/(c + d*x) - (I*b^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(23*b*c^2 + 9*a*
d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]
- d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]
*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*
d)))/(d^2*(-a + b*x^2)) - (I*b^(3/2)*(15*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 23*Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d
+ 17*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 - 9*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c +
d*x])*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Ellip
ticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c +
Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*
(-a + b*x^2)))/(15*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^3*Sqrt[c + d*x])

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 688, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 498 \\
 & \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{2b \int -\frac{5c-3dx}{2(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{5(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{5c-3dx}{(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{5(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{3(5bc^2+3ad^2)-8bcdx}{2(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{16cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{5(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{3(5bc^2+3ad^2)-8bcdx}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{16cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{5(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{b(c(15bc^2+17ad^2)+d(23bc^2+9ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(9ad^2+23bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{16cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{5(bc^2-ad^2)}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & b \left( \frac{c \int \frac{(15bc^2+17ad^2)+d(23bc^2+9ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(9ad^2+23bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right) + \frac{16cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\ & \frac{5(bc^2-ad^2)}{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\ & \frac{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 600 \\ & b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(9ad^2+23bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - 8c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(9ad^2+23bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right) + \frac{16cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\ & \frac{5(bc^2-ad^2)}{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\ & \frac{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 509 \\ & b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{\left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(9ad^2+23bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - 8c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(9ad^2+23bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right) + \frac{16cd\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\ & \frac{5(bc^2-ad^2)}{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\ & \frac{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$\downarrow 508$



$$b \left( \frac{-8c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \sqrt{c+dx} (9ad^2 + 23bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc} + d}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}} - 1) + 1}} d \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a - bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2 - ad^2} \right) + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(9ad^2 + 23bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} + \frac{16ca}{3(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{5(bc^2 - ad^2)}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$b \left( \frac{-8c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \sqrt{c+dx} (9ad^2 + 23bc^2) E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \mid \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc} + d}{\sqrt{a}}} \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a - bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2 - ad^2} \right) + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(9ad^2 + 23bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} + \frac{16ca}{3(c+dx)}$$

$$\frac{5(bc^2 - ad^2)}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 512

$$b \left( \frac{8c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(9ad^2+23bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}+d}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) + \frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}(9ad^2+23bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$


---


$$b \frac{bc^2-ad^2}{3(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

511

$$b \left( \frac{16\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(9ad^2+23bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}+d}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)$$


---


$$b \frac{bc^2-ad^2}{3(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

321

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{16\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(9ad^2+23bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2}$$

$$\frac{b}{3(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{2d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{5(c+dx)^{5/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(7/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]),x]`

output `(2*d*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(5*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(5/2)) + (b*((16*c*d*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)) + ((2*d*(23*b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]) + (b*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(23*b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (16*Sqrt[a]*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)))/(5*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2])*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 498  $\text{Int}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n]*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) \ || \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]) \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[n + 2*p + 3], 0])$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A_) + (B_)*(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \ \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 789 vs. 2(371) = 742.

Time = 7.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 790, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{5(ad^2-bc^2)d^2\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^3} + \frac{16bc\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{15(ad^2-bc^2)^2d\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-bdx^2+ad)b(9ad^2+23bc^2)}{15(ad^2-bc^2)^3\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)(-bdx^2+ad)}} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{8b^2}{15(ad^2-bc^2)}\right)}{15(ad^2-bc^2)^3\sqrt{\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)(-bdx^2+ad)}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/5/(a*d^2-b*c
^2)/d^2*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^3+16/15*b/(a*d^2-b*c^2)
^2*c/d*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^2-2/15*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)/(a
*d^2-b*c^2)^3*b*(9*a*d^2+23*b*c^2)/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)+2*(-8/15
*b^2*c/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2-1/15*b^2*c*(9*a*d^2+23*b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3)*(c/d
-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
)/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(
a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-
2/15*b^2*d*(9*a*d^2+23*b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/
d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*
x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(
a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+
1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b
*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))

```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 639, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/2} \sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left( 2(11b^2c^6 + 21abc^4d^2 + (11b^2c^3d^3 + 21abcd^5)x^3 + 3(11b^2c^4d^2 + 21abc^2d^4)x^2 + 3(11b^2c^5d + 21abc^3) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2/45*(2*(11*b^2*c^6 + 21*a*b*c^4*d^2 + (11*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 21*a*b*c*d^5)*x^
3 + 3*(11*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 21*a*b*c^2*d^4)*x^2 + 3*(11*b^2*c^5*d + 21*a*b*c^3
*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/
27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) - 3*(23*b^2*c^5*d + 9*a
*b*c^3*d^3 + (23*b^2*c^2*d^4 + 9*a*b*d^6)*x^3 + 3*(23*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 9*a*b*
c*d^5)*x^2 + 3*(23*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 9*a*b*c^2*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZ
eta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weie
rstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(
b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) - 3*(34*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 5*a*b*c^2*d^4 + 3*a^2*d^
6 + (23*b^2*c^2*d^4 + 9*a*b*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(27*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 5*a*b*c*d^5)*x)
*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^3*c^9*d - 3*a*b^2*c^7*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^
5*d^5 - a^3*c^3*d^7 + (b^3*c^6*d^4 - 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^6 + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^8 - a
^3*d^10)*x^3 + 3*(b^3*c^7*d^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^5*d^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^7 - a^3*c
d^9)*x^2 + 3*(b^3*c^8*d^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^6*d^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^6 - a^3*c^2*d^
8)*x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{7/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a - bx^2} (c + dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(7/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**(7/2)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{7/2} \sqrt{a - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} (dx + c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-bx^2+a}(dx+c)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^(7/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(7/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(7/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{7/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{-bd^4x^6 - 4bcd^3x^5 + ad^4x^4 - 6bc^2d^2x^4 + 4acd^3x^3 - 4bc^3dx^3 + 6ac^2d^2x^2 - 4c^2d^2x + c^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a*c**4 + 4*a*c**3*d*x + 6*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c*d**3*x**3 + a*d**4*x**4 - b*c**4*x**2 - 4*b*c**3*d*x**3 - 6*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c*d**3*x**5 - b*d**4*x**6),x)`



**3.328**       $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2860
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2861
Rubi [A] (verified)	2862
Maple [B] (verified)	2867
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2868
Sympy [F]	2869
Maxima [F]	2869
Giac [F]	2869
Mupad [F(-1)]	2870
Reduce [F]	2870

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 421

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{5/2}}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{d(3bc^2+5ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3ab^2} + \frac{cd(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{ab} + \frac{c(3bc^2+29ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{(3b^2c^4+2abc^2d^2-5a^2d^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{ab}^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
(b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(5/2)/a/b/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/3*d*(5*a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/b^2+c*d*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/b+1/3*c*(29*a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/3*(-5*a^2*d^4+2*a*b*c^2*d^2+3*b^2*c^4)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 549, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cd^2 \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(3bc^2 + 29ad^2)} (a - bx^2) + d \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(c + dx)} (5a^2d^3 + 3b^2c^3x + ab^2c^2)}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(c*d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(3*b*c^2 + 29*a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2) + d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(c + d*x)*(5*a^2*d^3 + 3*b^2*c^3*x + a*b*d*(9*c^2 + 9*c*d*x - 2*d^2*x^2)) + I*Sqrt[b]*c*(3*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 3*Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d + 29*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 - 29*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*d*(3*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 27*Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d + 29*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 - 5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(3*a*b^2*d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 426, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 687, 27, 687, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{5d(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{3/2}}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{5d \int \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{5d \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{b\sqrt{c+dx}(8acd+(3bc^2+5ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{5b} - \frac{2}{5}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{5d \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(8acd+(3bc^2+5ad^2)x)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2}{5}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 687 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{5d \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{ad(27bc^2+5ad^2)+bc(3bc^2+29ad^2)x}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3b} \right) - \frac{2}{5}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$5d \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\int \frac{ad(27bc^2+5ad^2)+bc(3bc^2+29ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3b} \right) - \frac{2}{5}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2} \right)$$

2ab  
↓ 600

$$5d \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\frac{bc(29ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3b}}{2ab} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3b} \right) - \frac{2}{5}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2} \right)$$

2ab

↓ 509

$$5d \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\frac{bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(29ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3b}}{2ab} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3b} \right) - \frac{2}{5}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2} \right)$$

2ab

↓ 508

$$5d \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{\frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}}{3b}}{2ab} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3b} \right) - \frac{2}{5}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2} \right)$$

2ab

↓ 327

$$5d \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3b} \right) \right)$$

2ab

512

$$5d \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3b} \right) \right)$$

2ab

511

$$5d \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \sqrt{1-\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{a}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx}{\sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}} - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) + \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}{3b} \right) \right)$$

2ab

321

$$5d \left( \frac{1}{5} \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}(ad + bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a - bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2)(5ad^2 + 3bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2 + 3bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}\right)$$

2ab

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(5/2))/(a*b*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) - (5*d*((-2*c*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/5 + ((-2*(3*b*c^2 + 5*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*b) + ((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*(3*b*c^2 + 29*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(3*b*c^2 + 5*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(3*b))/5)/(2*a*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 495  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{n_}*(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(2*a*b*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[a*d^2*(n-1) - b*c^2*(2*p+3) - b*c*d*(n+2*p+2)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A_ + (B_)*(x_))/(\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 781 vs. 2(349) = 698.

Time = 5.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 782, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2(-bdx-bc) \left( \frac{(3ad^2+bc^2)cx}{2b^2a} + \frac{d(ad^2+3bc^2)}{2b^3} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} + \frac{2d^3\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3b^2} + \frac{2 \left( -\frac{d^2(ad^2+6bc^2)}{b^2} + \frac{a^2d^4+6bc^2}{b} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```
((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)
*(1/2*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/b^2*c/a*x+1/2*d*(a*d^2+3*b*c^2)/b^3)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*
d*x-b*c))^(1/2)+2/3*d^3/b^2*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)+2*(-d^2*(a*
d^2+6*b*c^2)/b^2+1/b^2*(a^2*d^4+6*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/a-1/2/b^2*d^2*(a*d^
2+3*b*c^2)-1/b*c^2*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/a-1/3*a/b^2*d^4)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*
((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^
3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
,((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(-10/3*c*d^3/b-1
/2*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*c*d/a/b)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(
1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(
a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/
2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
,((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*El
lipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/
d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(3ab^2c^4 - 52a^2bc^2d^2 - 15a^3d^4 - (3b^3c^4 - 52ab^2c^2d^2 - 15a^2bd^4)x^2)\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrass}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/9*((3*a*b^2*c^4 - 52*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 - 15*a^3*d^4 - (3*b^3*c^4 - 52*a*b^2*
c^2*d^2 - 15*a^2*b*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3
*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3
*(3*a*b^2*c^3*d + 29*a^2*b*c*d^3 - (3*b^3*c^3*d + 29*a*b^2*c*d^3)*x^2)*sqr
t(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*
c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(
b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(2*a*b^2*d^4*x^2 - 9*a
*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 5*a^2*b*d^4 - 3*(b^3*c^3*d + 3*a*b^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2
+ a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(a*b^4*d*x^2 - a^2*b^3*d)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(7/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(7/2)/(a - b*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{7/2}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{7/2}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(34*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**3 + 12*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x*
*2)*b*c**2*d - 20*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c*d**2*x - 2*sqrt(c + d
*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**3*x**2 - 17*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2))*
a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqr
t(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**3*c*d**4 + 14*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a -
b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x
**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c**3*d**2 + 17*int(sqrt(c +
d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*
x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x**2 +
3*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**
2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b**2
*c**5 - 14*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a
*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),
x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 3*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2 -
sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x
**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*b**3*c**5*x**2 - 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**
2)*x**2)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 +
b**2*d*x**5),x)*a**2*b*d**4 + 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)
/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x
**5),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)...
```

**3.329**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2872
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2873
Rubi [A] (verified)	2873
Maple [B] (verified)	2878
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2879
Sympy [F]	2880
Maxima [F]	2880
Giac [F]	2880
Mupad [F(-1)]	2881
Reduce [F]	2881

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 355

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{3/2}}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{cd\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{ab}$$

$$+ \frac{(bc^2+3ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
(b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/a/b/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+c*d*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a/b+(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-c*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 510, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( -\frac{b(c+dx)(bc^2x+ad(2c+dx))}{-a+bx^2} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}(bc^2+3ad^2)(a-bx^2)+i\sqrt{b}(b^{3/2}c^3-\sqrt{abc^2d+3a\sqrt{bc}})}{-a+bx^2} \right)}{1}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-((b*(c + d*x)*(b*c^2*x + a*d*(2*c + d*x)))/(-a + b*x^2)
) - (d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2) + I*
Sqrt[b]*(b^(3/2)*c^3 - Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d + 3*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 - 3*a^(3/2)*d^3
)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] -
d*x)/(c + d*x)])*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)
/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]
+ I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d*(b*c^2 - 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d + 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(
Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d
*x)])*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/S
qrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d*Sqrt[-
c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(a*b^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 687, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 495 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{3d(ad+bcx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{ab} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{3d \int \frac{(ad+bcx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2ab} \\
& \downarrow 687 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{3d \left( -\frac{2 \int -\frac{b(4acd+(bc^2+3ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)}{2ab} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{4acd+(bc^2+3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)}{2ab} \\
& \downarrow 600 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)}{2ab} \\
& \downarrow 509 \\
& \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)}{2ab} \\
& \downarrow 508
\end{aligned}$$

$$3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1)+1}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)$$

2ab

327

$$3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)$$

2ab

512

$$3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)$$

2ab

511

$$3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1)+1}}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx} \right)$$

2ab

321



$$3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{\sqrt{a}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \right) - \frac{\quad}{2ab}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(a*b*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) - (3*d*((-2*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/3 + ((-2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/3)/(2*a*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 495  $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )^{n_ }) \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)^{p_ }, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x) \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1))], x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot \text{Simp}[a \cdot d^2 \cdot (n-1) - b \cdot c^2 \cdot (2 \cdot p+3) - b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (n+2 \cdot p+2) \cdot x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )) / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot q \cdot \text{Sqrt}[q \cdot (c + d \cdot x) / (d + c \cdot q)]))] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 \cdot d \cdot (x^2 / (d + c \cdot q))] / \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q \cdot x) / 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )) / \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / \text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2 \cdot (\text{Sqrt}[q \cdot (c + d \cdot x) / (d + c \cdot q)] / (\text{Sqrt}[a] \cdot q \cdot \text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2 \cdot d \cdot (x^2 / (d + c \cdot q))] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q \cdot x) / 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2] \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 + b \cdot (x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A_ + (B_ \cdot x_ )) / (\text{Sqrt}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_ )) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_ )^2)]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] / \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B \cdot c - A \cdot d) / d \text{Int}[1 / (\text{Sqrt}[c + d \cdot x] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 687

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))
), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp
[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] &&
(IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && Eq
Q[f, 0])
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 677 vs. 2(293) = 586.

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2(-bdx-bc) \left( \frac{(ad^2+bc^2)x}{2ab^2} + \frac{cd}{b^2} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2 - \frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} + \frac{2 \left( -\frac{4cd^2}{b} + \frac{c(3ad^2+bc^2)}{ab} - \frac{c(ad^2+bc^2)}{ba} \right) \left( \frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b} \right) \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \sqrt{\frac{x - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}}{\sqrt{-bdx^3 - bcx^2 + adx + ac}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)
*(1/2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/a/b^2*x+c*d/b^2)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*d*x-b*c))^(1/2)+2*(-4*
c*d^2/b+c*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/a/b-1/b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/a)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))
*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x
^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(-d^3/b-1/2*(a*
d^2+b*c^2)*d/a/b)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1
/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
)/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-
1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/
b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((
x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(abc^3 - 9a^2cd^2 - (b^2c^3 - 9abcd^2)x^2)\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9a^2cd^2)}{27bd^3}\right) + (b^2c^3 - 9abcd^2)x^2\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9a^2cd^2)}{27bd^3}\right) - 3(2a^2b^2cd^2 + (b^2c^2d + a^2b^2d^3)x)\sqrt{-bx^2+a}\sqrt{dx+c}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*((a*b*c^3 - 9*a^2*c*d^2 - (b^2*c^3 - 9*a*b*c*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weie
rstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(
b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(a*b*c^2*d + 3*a^2*d^3 - (b^2*c^2*d + 3*a*b
*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27
*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b
*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) - 3*(2*a*b*c
*d^2 + (b^2*c^2*d + a*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(a*b^3*d*x
^2 - a^2*b^2*d)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(5/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(5/2)/(a - b*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{5/2}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{5/2}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x)`

output

```
( - 3*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a
- b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b
*d**2*x**4),x)*a**3*c*d**4 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a
- b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*
x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c**3*d**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2
)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**
2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b**2
*c**5 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**3)/(a**2*c
+ a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*
a*b**2*c*d**3 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**3)
/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x
**5),x)*b**3*c**3*d - 3*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**
2)*x**2)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 +
b**2*d*x**5),x)*a**2*b*d**4 + 3*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a
- b*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c
*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c
+ d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3
+ b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(
(sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b
*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*a*b**2*c**4 + 3*sqrt(a - b*x**2...
```

**3.330**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2883
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2884
Rubi [A] (verified)	2884
Maple [B] (verified)	2888
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2889
Sympy [F]	2890
Maxima [F]	2890
Giac [F]	2890
Mupad [F(-1)]	2891
Reduce [F]	2891

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 313

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{c\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab^{3/2}}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
(b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/b/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( cd + \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)}{a-bx^2} - \frac{i\sqrt{bc}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x)}{c+dx}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ad}-dx}{\sqrt{b}-c+dx}} (c+dx)^{3/2} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{d\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(-a+bx^2)}}\right)\right)}{d\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(-a+bx^2)}} \right)}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(c*d + ((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x))/(a - b*x^2) - (I*Sqrt[b]*c*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)) + (I*Sqrt[a]*(-(Sqrt[b]*c) + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2))))/(a*b*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 495

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{d(ad+bcx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{ad+bcx}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{bc \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 508 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a}d+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 327 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a}d+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 512
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{d\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}dx-\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}-\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}\right)}{2ab}$$

511

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{d\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}dx-\frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}-\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}\right)}{2ab}$$

321

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{d\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}-\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}\right)}{2ab}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((a*d + b*c*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(a*b*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) - (d*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(2*a*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 511 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Wit
h[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt
[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x]
, x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[
a, 0]
```

```
rule 512 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^
2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 600 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 628 vs. 2(255) = 510.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 629, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2(-bdx-bc)\left(\frac{cx}{2ab} + \frac{d}{2b^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2 - \frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{3d^2}{2b} + \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{ba} - \frac{c^2}{a}\right)\left(\frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d} + \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\dots\right) \right)$
default	$\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}} \sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}} \sqrt{\frac{(bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}}\right) \sqrt{ab} a d^3 - \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}} \sqrt{\dots} \right)$

```
input int((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)
*(1/2*c/a/b*x+1/2*d/b^2)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*d*x-b*c))^(1/2)+2*(-3/2*d^2/b+(a*d
^2+b*c^2)/b/a-c^2/a)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))
^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1
/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-
1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-c*d/a*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*
b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/
b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(
1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1
/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)
*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-
c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(abc^2 - 3a^2d^2 - (b^2c^2 - 3abd^2)x^2)\sqrt{-bd}\operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3}\right)}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*((a*b*c^2 - 3*a^2*d^2 - (b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstr
assPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^
3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) - 3*(b^2*c*d*x^2 - a*b*c*d)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZ
eta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weie
rstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(
b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) - 3*(b^2*c*d*x + a*b*d^2)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sq
rt(d*x + c)/(a*b^3*d*x^2 - a^2*b^2*d)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a - bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a - b*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x)`



output

```

(2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**3)/(a**2*c + a*
**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*a**2*
b*c*d**3 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**3)/(a
**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5
),x)*a*b**2*c**3*d - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2
)*x**3)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b
**2*d*x**5),x)*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*
sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**3)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 +
b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*b**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((s
qrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*
a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*a**3*d**4 - 3*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*
int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**
2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 - 3*sqrt
(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x
- 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*a**2*b*d**4*
x**2 + 3*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**2)/(a**2*
c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)
*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*
x**2))/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b*
**2*d*x**5),x)*a**3*c**2*d**2 + 4*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sq...

```

**3.331**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2893
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2894
Rubi [A] (verified)	2894
Maple [A] (verified)	2898
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2899
Sympy [F]	2899
Maxima [F]	2900
Giac [F]	2900
Mupad [F(-1)]	2900
Reduce [F]	2901

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 291

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
x*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-c*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{a-bx^2} \left( \frac{x(c+dx)}{a-bx^2} - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(a-bx^2)} + i\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x)}{c+dx}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ad}-dx}{\sqrt{b}-c+dx}} (c+dx)^{3/2} E\left(i \arcsinh\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}c + \sqrt{a}d}{\sqrt{b}c - \sqrt{a}d}\right)\right)}{a-bx^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*((x*(c + d*x))/(a - b*x^2) - (d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(a - b*x^2) + I*Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x]))*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])*(Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x]))*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)])/(b*d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(a*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$ , Rules used = {494, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 494

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{dx}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{a}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2a}$$

↓ 600

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2a}$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2a}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1} \sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2a}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{\sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2a}$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2a}$$

511

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} dx - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2a}$$

321

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d} \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2a}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(a*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) - (d*((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(2*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 494 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*(2*p + 3) + d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[n, 1] || (ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, 2])) && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2)/(d + c*q)]]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 511 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With
h[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt
[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x]
, x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[
a, 0]
```

```
rule 512 Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^
2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 600 Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]
), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp
[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 380, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( \frac{(-bdx-bc)x}{ba\sqrt{(x^2-\frac{a}{b})(-bdx-bc)}} - \frac{d\left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{x-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}{-\frac{c}{d}+\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\left(-\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\right)}{a\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}} \right)}{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}$
default	$\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}}\sqrt{\frac{(bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}, \sqrt{-\frac{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}}\right) a d^2 - \sqrt{ab} \sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\right)$

```
input int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^{(1/2)}/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}*(-(-b*d*x-b*c)/b \\ & /a*x/(x^2-a/b)*(-b*d*x-b*c))^{(1/2)}-d/a*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})*((x+c/d)/(c/ \\ & d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}*((x-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)} \\ & *((x+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a* \\ & d*x+a*c)^{(1/2)}*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})*EllipticE((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}, \\ & ((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})+1/b*(a \\ & *b)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)}, ((-c/d+1/b*(a*b) \\ & ^{(1/2)})/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^{(1/2)}))^{(1/2)})) \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{-bx^2+a}\sqrt{dx+cbdx} + (bcx^2-ac)\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right) + 3}{3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/3*(3*\text{sqrt}(-b*x^2+a)*\text{sqrt}(d*x+c)*b*d*x + (b*c*x^2-a*c)*\text{sqrt}(-b*d)* \\ & \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2+3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3-9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), \\ & 1/3*(3*d*x+c)/d) + 3*(b*d*x^2-a*d)*\text{sqrt}(-b*d)*\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(b*c^2+3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), \\ & -8/27*(b*c^3-9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2+3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), \\ & -8/27*(b*c^3-9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x+c)/d)))/(a*b^2*d*x^2-a^2*b*d) \end{aligned}$$

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`



output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)/(a - b*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}x + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}c^2-\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}d^2x^2-\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}bc^2x^2+\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}bd^2x^4} dx \right)}{}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x + int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c**2 - int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**3)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*a*b*d - int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*x**3)/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)*b**2*d*x**2 - int((sqrt(c + d*x)*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c*d + int((sqrt(c + d*x)*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*d*x**2)/(3*a*(a - b*x**2))`

**3.332**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2902
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2903
Rubi [A] (verified)	2903
Maple [B] (verified)	2907
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2908
Sympy [F]	2909
Maxima [F]	2909
Giac [F]	2910
Mupad [F(-1)]	2910
Reduce [F]	2910

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 328

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(ad-bcx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{a(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```

(-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c*(d
*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^
(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c
^2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-(b^(1/2
)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-
b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)
^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
    
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{i \left( -id(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{-c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}x} \sqrt{c+dx} + \sqrt{bc} \sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x)}{c+dx}} \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{ad}-dx}{c+dx}} (c + \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(I*((-I)*d*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*x*Sqrt[c + d*x] + Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^2*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + Sqrt[a]*d*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^2*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(a*d*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.409$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

↓ 496

$$\frac{\int -\frac{d(ad+bcx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{d \int \frac{ad+bcx}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 600

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{bc \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 512

$$d \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}+d}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}$$

$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

511

$$d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}})}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}+d}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}$$

$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

321

$$d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}+d}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}$$

$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a*d - b*c*x)*\sqrt{c + d*x}}{(a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*\sqrt{a - b*x^2}}\right) - (d*((-2*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{b}*c*\sqrt{c + d*x}*\sqrt{1 - (b*x^2)/a})*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1 - (\sqrt{b}*x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2*d)/((\sqrt{b}*c)/\sqrt{a} + d)))/(d*\sqrt{(\sqrt{b}*(c + d*x))/(\sqrt{b}*c + \sqrt{a}*d)}*\sqrt{a - b*x^2}) + (2*\sqrt{a}*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*\sqrt{(\sqrt{b}*(c + d*x))/(\sqrt{b}*c + \sqrt{a}*d)}*\sqrt{1 - (b*x^2)/a})*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1 - (\sqrt{b}*x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2*d)/((\sqrt{b}*c)/\sqrt{a} + d))/(\sqrt{b}*d*\sqrt{c + d*x}*\sqrt{a - b*x^2}))/((2*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^2})*\sqrt{(c_*) + (d_)*(x_)^2}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \&\& \text{!(NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^2}/\sqrt{(c_*) + (d_)*(x_)^2}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{a}/(\sqrt{c}*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 496

$$\text{Int}[((c_*) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_*)}*((a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1})*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1})*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{IntQuadRaticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 508

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(c_*) + (d_)*(x_)]/\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_)*(x_)^2}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\sqrt{c + d*x}/(\sqrt{a}*q*\sqrt{q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))})) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\sqrt{1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))}]/\sqrt{1 - x^2}, x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \text{:> Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \text{:> Wit}h\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \text{:> Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}(((A\_)+(B\_)*(x\_))/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \text{:> Simp}[B/d \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] \text{/; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 667 vs. 2(270) = 540.

Time = 3.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 668, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

method	result
default	$\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}}\sqrt{\frac{(bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}},\sqrt{-\frac{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}}\right)\sqrt{ab}ad^3+\sqrt{-\frac{(dx+c)b}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\sqrt{\frac{(-bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab+bc}}}\sqrt{\frac{(bx+\sqrt{ab})d}{d\sqrt{ab-bc}}}\right)$
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)}\left(-\frac{2(-bdx-bc)\left(-\frac{cx}{2(ad^2-bc^2)a}+\frac{d}{2(ad^2-bc^2)b}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}}+\frac{2\left(\frac{1}{a}-\frac{d^2}{2(ad^2-bc^2)}+\frac{bc^2}{(ad^2-bc^2)a}\right)\left(\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{\frac{c}{d}-\frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}}}\sqrt{\frac{x+\frac{c}{d}}{-bdx^3-bc}}}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}}\right)$



input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( -(-d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^{(1/2)}-b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * \left( (-b*x+(a*b)^{(1/2)}) * d / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} + b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * \left( (b*x+(a*b)^{(1/2)}) * d / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} - b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * \text{EllipticF} \\ & \left( -(-d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^{(1/2)}-b*c) \right)^{(1/2)}, \left( -d*(a*b)^{(1/2)}-b*c / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} + b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * (a*b)^{(1/2)} * a*d^3 + \left( -d*x+c \right)^{(1/2)} * \left( (-b*x+(a*b)^{(1/2)}) * d / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} + b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * \left( (b*x+(a*b)^{(1/2)}) * d / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} - b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * \text{EllipticF} \\ & \left( -(-d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^{(1/2)}-b*c) \right)^{(1/2)}, \left( -d*(a*b)^{(1/2)}-b*c / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} + b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * (a*b)^{(1/2)} * b*c^2*d + \left( -d*x+c \right)^{(1/2)} * \left( (-b*x+(a*b)^{(1/2)}) * d / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} + b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * \left( (b*x+(a*b)^{(1/2)}) * d / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} - b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * \text{EllipticE} \\ & \left( -(-d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^{(1/2)}-b*c) \right)^{(1/2)}, \left( -d*(a*b)^{(1/2)}-b*c / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} + b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * a*b*c*d^2 - \left( -d*x+c \right)^{(1/2)} * \left( (-b*x+(a*b)^{(1/2)}) * d / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} + b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * \left( (b*x+(a*b)^{(1/2)}) * d / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} - b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * \text{EllipticE} \\ & \left( -(-d*x+c)*b/(d*(a*b)^{(1/2)}-b*c) \right)^{(1/2)}, \left( -d*(a*b)^{(1/2)}-b*c / (d*(a*b)^{(1/2)} + b*c) \right)^{(1/2)} * b^2*c^3 - b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + a*b*d^3*x - b^2*c^2*d*x + a*b*c*d^2 * \left( -b*x^2+a \right)^{(1/2)} * (d*x+c)^{(1/2)} / d/b/a / (a*d^2-b*c^2) / \left( -b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c \right) \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx} (a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(abc^2 - 3a^2d^2 - (b^2c^2 - 3abd^2)x^2)\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right) - 3(b^2c^2 - 3abd^2)x^2}{(abc^2 - 3a^2d^2 - (b^2c^2 - 3abd^2)x^2)\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, -\frac{8(bc^3-9acd^2)}{27bd^3}, \frac{3dx+c}{3d}\right) - 3(b^2c^2 - 3abd^2)x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/3*((a*b*c^2 - 3*a^2*d^2 - (b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierst
rassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d
^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) - 3*(b^2*c*d*x^2 - a*b*c*d)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrass
Zeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), wei
erstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/
(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) - 3*(b^2*c*d*x - a*b*d^2)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sq
rt(d*x + c))/(a^2*b^2*c^2*d - a^3*b*d^3 - (a*b^3*c^2*d - a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a - b*x**2)**(3/2)*sqrt(c + d*x)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{dx+c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(d*x + c)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{dx+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*sqrt(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{b^2dx^5 + b^2cx^4 - 2abd x^3 - 2abcx^2 + a^2dx + a^2c} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a**2*c + a**2*d*x - 2*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*a*b*d*x**3 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**5),x)`

**3.333**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2911
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2912
Rubi [A] (verified)	2913
Maple [B] (verified)	2919
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2920
Sympy [F]	2920
Maxima [F]	2921
Giac [F]	2921
Mupad [F(-1)]	2921
Reduce [F]	2922

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 405

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2d}{(bc^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx}(4acd - (bc^2 + 3ad^2)x)}{a(bc^2 - ad^2)^2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(bc^2 + 3ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(bc^2 - ad^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(bc^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

$$2*d/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(4*a*c*d-(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*x)/a/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^{2/2}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}+b^{(1/2)}*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}*(1-b*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^{(1/2)}*x/a^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(a^{(1/2)}*d/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^{2/2}/(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}-b^{(1/2)}*c*(b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)}*(1-b*x^2/a)^{(1/2)}*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^{(1/2)}*x/a^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)},2^{(1/2)}*(a^{(1/2)}*d/(b^{(1/2)}*c+a^{(1/2)}*d))^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/(-b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 479, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \left( bc^2d + ad^3 - \frac{b(c+dx)(bc^2x+ad(-2c+dx))}{-a+bx^2} + \frac{ib\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}(bc^2+3ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{d(\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}})}{c}}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(b*c^2*d + a*d^3 - (b*(c + d*x)*(b*c^2*x + a*d*(-2*c + d*x)))/(-a + b*x^2) + (I*b*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(d*(-a + b*x^2)) - (I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*(b*c^2 - 4*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d + 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{d(3ad-bcx)}{2(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{d \int \frac{3ad-bcx}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & -\frac{d \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{b(4acd+(bc^2+3ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{d \left( \frac{b \int \frac{4acd+(bc^2+3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & -\frac{d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

509

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \\ \frac{1}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

508

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \\ \frac{1}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

327

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a(bc^2 - ad^2)}{ad - bcx} \overline{a\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 512

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(3ad^2+bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a(bc^2 - ad^2)}{ad - bcx} \overline{a\sqrt{a - bx^2}\sqrt{c + dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 511



$$\left( \begin{array}{l} b \\ d \end{array} \right) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} dx \sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{bx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)$$

$$bc^2-ad^2$$

$$2a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

$$\frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

321

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} b \\ d \end{array} \right) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{bx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(3ad^2+bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{bx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right) + \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)$$

$$bc^2-ad^2$$

$$2a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

$$\frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

input

```
Int[1/((c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)), x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{a*d - b*c*x}{a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*\sqrt{c + d*x}}*\sqrt{a - b*x^2}\right) - \left(\frac{d*((2*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*\sqrt{a - b*x^2})/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*\sqrt{c + d*x}) + (b*((-2*\sqrt{a}*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*\sqrt{c + d*x})*\sqrt{1 - (b*x^2)/a})*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1 - (\sqrt{b}*x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2*d)/((\sqrt{b}*c)/\sqrt{a} + d)))/(\sqrt{b}*d*\sqrt{(\sqrt{b}*(c + d*x))/(\sqrt{b}*c + \sqrt{a}*d)})*\sqrt{a - b*x^2}) + (2*\sqrt{a}*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*\sqrt{(\sqrt{b}*(c + d*x))/(\sqrt{b}*c + \sqrt{a}*d)})*\sqrt{1 - (b*x^2)/a})*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{1 - (\sqrt{b}*x)/\sqrt{a}}]/\sqrt{2}], (2*d)/((\sqrt{b}*c)/\sqrt{a} + d)))/(\sqrt{b}*d*\sqrt{c + d*x})*\sqrt{a - b*x^2}\right)/((b*c^2 - a*d^2))/((2*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\sqrt{(a_)} + (b_)*(x_)^2)*\sqrt{(c_)} + (d_)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{c}*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\sqrt{(a_)} + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\sqrt{(c_)} + (d_)*(x_)^2, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{a}/(\sqrt{c}*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 496

$$\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A\_)+(B\_)(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 688  $\text{Int}(((d\_)+(e\_)(x_))^{(m\_)}*((f\_)+(g\_)(x_))*((a\_)+(c\_)(x_)^2)^{(p\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 802 vs. 2(343) = 686.

Time = 5.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 803, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{2bd \left( \frac{(3ad^2+bc^2)x^2}{2a(a^2d^4-2bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4)} - \frac{cx}{2(ad^2-bc^2)ad} - \frac{ad^2+bc^2}{(a^2d^4-2bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4)b} \right)}{\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)}} \frac{2 \left( -\frac{bc(3ad^2-bc^2)}{a(a^2d^4-2bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4)} + \frac{a^2d^2+bc^2}{(a^2d^4-2bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4)b} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^3 + \frac{cx^2}{d} - \frac{ax}{b} - \frac{ac}{bd}\right)bd}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(2*b*d*(1/2/a/(a^2*d^4-2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*x^2-1/2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)*c/a/d*x-(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(a^2*d^4-2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/b)/(-x^3+c/d*x^2-a*x/b-a/b*c/d)*b*d)^(1/2)+2*(-b*c*(3*a*d^2-b*c^2)/a/(a^2*d^4-2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)+1/(a*d^2-b*c^2)*b*c/a)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-1/a/(a^2*d^4-2*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*b*d*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2))*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(abc^4 - 9a^2c^2d^2 - (b^2c^3d - 9abcd^3)x^3 - (b^2c^4 - 9abc^2d^2)x^2 + (abc^3d - 9a^2cd^3)x)\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(a*b*c^3*d + 3*a^2*c*d^3 - (b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b*d^4)*x^3 - (b^2*c^3*d + 3*a*b*c*d^3)*x^2 + (a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4)*x)\sqrt{-b*d}\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*a^2*d^4 - (b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b*d^4)*x^2 - (b^2*c^3*d - a*b*c*d^3)*x)\sqrt{-b*x^2 + a}\sqrt{d*x + c})/(a^2*b^2*c^5*d - 2*a^3*b*c^3*d^3 + a^4*c*d^5 - (a*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 + a^3*b*d^6)*x^3 - (a*b^3*c^5*d - 2*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 + a^3*b*c*d^5)*x^2 + (a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + a^4*d^6)*x)$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/3*((a*b*c^4 - 9*a^2*c^2*d^2 - (b^2*c^3*d - 9*a*b*c*d^3)*x^3 - (b^2*c^4 - 9*a*b*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + (a*b*c^3*d - 9*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(a*b*c^3*d + 3*a^2*c*d^3 - (b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b*d^4)*x^3 - (b^2*c^3*d + 3*a*b*c*d^3)*x^2 + (a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(2*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*a^2*d^4 - (b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a*b*d^4)*x^2 - (b^2*c^3*d - a*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(a^2*b^2*c^5*d - 2*a^3*b*c^3*d^3 + a^4*c*d^5 - (a*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 + a^3*b*d^6)*x^3 - (a*b^3*c^5*d - 2*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 + a^3*b*c*d^5)*x^2 + (a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 + a^4*d^6)*x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a - b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}c^4 - 2\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}c^2d^2x^2 + \sqrt{-bx^2+aa}d^4x^4 - \sqrt{-bx^2+aa}b^2c^4x^2 + 2\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}bd^4x^6} \right. \\ + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}^2}{\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}c^4 - 2\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}c^2d^2x^2 + \sqrt{-bx^2+aa}d^4x^4 - \sqrt{-bx^2+aa}b^2c^4x^2 + 2\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}bd^4x^6} \right) \\ - 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}x}{\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}c^4 - 2\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}c^2d^2x^2 + \sqrt{-bx^2+aa}d^4x^4 - \sqrt{-bx^2+aa}b^2c^4x^2 + 2\sqrt{-bx^2+aa}bd^4x^6} \right)$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**4*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**4*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**4*x**6),x)*c**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**4*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**4*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**4*x**6),x)*d**2 - 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*d**4*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**4*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*d**4*x**6),x)*c*d`

**3.334**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2923
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2924
Rubi [A] (verified)	2925
Maple [B] (verified)	2932
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2933
Sympy [F]	2934
Maxima [F]	2934
Giac [F]	2934
Mupad [F(-1)]	2935
Reduce [F]	2935

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 484

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2d}{3(bc^2-ad^2)(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{16bcd}{3(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(27bc^2+5ad^2)-bc(3bc^2+29ad^2)x)}{3a(bc^2-ad^2)^3\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{b^{3/2}c(3bc^2+29ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{a}(bc^2-ad^2)^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(3bc^2+5ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3\sqrt{a}(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$



output

```

2/3*d/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+16/3*b*c*d/(-a*d^2+b*c
^2)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/3*b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*d*(5*a*d^2+27*
b*c^2)-b*c*(29*a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*x)/a/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/3*b
^(3/2)*c*(29*a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*
(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*
d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)
)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/3*b^(1/2)*(5*a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b
^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^
(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1
/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{d\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{b}}(2a^3d^5+3b^3c^3x(c+dx)^2-a^2bd^3(25c^2+26cdx+5d^2x^2)+c^2d^2(25c+26dx+5d^2x^2))}{(c+dx)^{5/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} + \dots$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c+d*x)^(5/2)*(a-b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```

(d*Sqrt[-c+(Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(2*a^3*d^5+3*b^3*c^3*x*(c+d*x)^2-a
^2*b*d^3*(25*c^2+26*c*d*x+5*d^2*x^2)+a*b^2*c*d*(-9*c^3-9*c^2*d*x+
31*c*d^2*x^2+29*d^3*x^3))+b*(c+d*x)*(c*d^2*Sqrt[-c+(Sqrt[a]*d)/Sq
rt[b]]*(3*b*c^2+29*a*d^2)*(a-b*x^2)+I*Sqrt[b]*c*(3*b^(3/2)*c^3-3*S
qrt[a]*b*c^2*d+29*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2-29*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqr
t[b]+x))/(c+d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]-d*x)/(c+d*x))]*(c+
d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c+(Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c+d*x
]],(Sqrt[b]*c+Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c-Sqrt[a]*d))+I*Sqrt[a]*d*(3*b^(3
/2)*c^3-27*Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d+29*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2-5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d
*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b]+x))/(c+d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]-d*x)/(c+
d*x))]*(c+d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c+(Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]
/Sqrt[c+d*x]],(Sqrt[b]*c+Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c-Sqrt[a]*d)))/(3*a*d
*Sqrt[-c+(Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(b*c^2-a*d^2)^3*(c+d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a-
b*x^2])

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 509, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 688, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{d(5ad-3bcx)}{2(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{d \int \frac{5ad-3bcx}{(c+dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & -\frac{d \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{b(24acd-(3bc^2+5ad^2)x)}{2(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{d \left( \frac{b \int \frac{24acd-(3bc^2+5ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{ad(27bc^2+5ad^2)+bc(3bc^2+29ad^2)x}{bc^2-ad^2} dx + \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(29ad^2+3bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \frac{1}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 27

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \int \frac{ad(27bc^2+5ad^2)+bc(3bc^2+29ad^2)x}{bc^2-ad^2} dx + \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(29ad^2+3bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \frac{1}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 600

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{bc(29ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(29ad^2+3bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

---


$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \frac{1}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 509

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(29ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(29ad^2+3bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{3(bc^2-ad^2)} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(5ad^2+3bc^2)}{3(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

508

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}+d}{\sqrt{a}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} + \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(29ad^2+3bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$

$$\frac{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

327

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} b \\ d \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{(bc^2 - ad^2)(5ad^2 + 3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2 + 3bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d}\right)}{d} \\ \frac{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}(29ad^2 + 3bc^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\ 3(bc^2 - ad^2) \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{ad - bcx}{a\sqrt{a - bx^2}(c + dx)^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \qquad 2a(bc^2 - ad^2)$$

512

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} b \\ d \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - ad^2)(5ad^2 + 3bc^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2 + 3bc^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}} + d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \\ \frac{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{2c\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}} \\ 3(bc^2 - ad^2) \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{ad - bcx}{a\sqrt{a - bx^2}(c + dx)^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)} \qquad 2a(bc^2 - ad^2)$$

511

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}} \right. \\
 \left. \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) \\
 bc^2-ad^2 \\
 d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}} \right) \\
 3(bc^2-ad^2)
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \qquad 2a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

↓ 321

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) \right. \\
 \left. \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(29ad^2+3bc^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) \\
 bc^2-ad^2 \\
 d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)(5ad^2+3bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) \right) \\
 3(bc^2-ad^2)
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{ad-bcx}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(c+dx)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \qquad 2a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-((a*d - b*c*x)/(a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])) - (d*((2*(3*b*c^2 + 5*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/(3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2))) + (b*((2*c*(3*b*c^2 + 29*a*d^2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + ((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*(3*b*c^2 + 29*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(3*b*c^2 + 5*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2)))/(3*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)))/(2*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A\_)+(B\_)(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 688  $\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)(x_)]^{(m\_)}*((f\_)+(g\_)(x_))*((a\_)+(c\_)(x_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 942 vs.  $2(408) = 816$ .

Time = 7.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 943, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( -\frac{2d\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3(a^2d^2-bc^2)^2(x+\frac{c}{d})^2} + \frac{20(-bdx^2+ad)d^2bc}{3(a^2d^2-bc^2)^3\sqrt{(x+\frac{c}{d})(-bdx^2+ad)}} - \frac{2(-bdx-bc)\left(-\frac{bc(3ad^2+bc^2)x}{2a(a^2d^2-bc^2)^3} + \frac{d(a^2d^2+3bc^2)}{2(a^2d^2-bc^2)}\right)}{\sqrt{(x^2-\frac{c}{d})(-bdx-bc)}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(-2/3*d/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x+c/d)^2+20/3*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)*d^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3*b*c/((x+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)*(-1/2*b*c*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/a/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3*x+1/2*d*(a*d^2+3*b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*d*x-b*c))^(1/2)+2*(1/3*b*d^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2+10/3*b^2*c^2*d^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3+b/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/a-1/2*b*d^2*(a*d^2+3*b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3+b^2*c^2*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/a/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(10/3*b^2*c*d^3/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3+1/2*b^2*c*d*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/a/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 925 vs.  $2(408) = 816$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 925, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/9*((3*a*b^2*c^6 - 52*a^2*b*c^4*d^2 - 15*a^3*c^2*d^4 - (3*b^3*c^4*d^2 -
52*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 15*a^2*b*d^6)*x^4 - 2*(3*b^3*c^5*d - 52*a*b^2*c^3*d^3 -
15*a^2*b*c*d^5)*x^3 - (3*b^3*c^6 - 55*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 37*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 +
15*a^3*d^6)*x^2 + 2*(3*a*b^2*c^5*d - 52*a^2*b*c^3*d^3 - 15*a^3*c*d^5)*x)*
sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3
- 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(3*a*b^2*c^5*d + 29*a^2*b*c^3
*d^3 - (3*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 29*a*b^2*c*d^5)*x^4 - 2*(3*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 29*a*b^2*
c^2*d^4)*x^3 - (3*b^3*c^5*d + 26*a*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 29*a^2*b*c*d^5)*x^2 + 2*(
3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 29*a^2*b*c^2*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c
^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInve
rse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*
(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(9*a*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 25*a^2*b*c^2*d^4 - 2*a^3*d^6 - (3*b
^3*c^3*d^3 + 29*a*b^2*c*d^5)*x^3 - (6*b^3*c^4*d^2 + 31*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 5*a
^2*b*d^6)*x^2 - (3*b^3*c^5*d - 9*a*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 26*a^2*b*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-
b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(a^2*b^3*c^8*d - 3*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^3 + 3*a^4*b*c^4
*d^5 - a^5*c^2*d^7 - (a*b^4*c^6*d^3 - 3*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^5 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^
7 - a^4*b*d^9)*x^4 - 2*(a*b^4*c^7*d^2 - 3*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^4 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^3*
d^6 - a^4*b*c*d^8)*x^3 - (a*b^4*c^8*d - 4*a^2*b^3*c^6*d^3 + 6*a^3*b^2*c^4*
d^5 - 4*a^4*b*c^2*d^7 + a^5*d^9)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b^3*c^7*d^2 - 3*a^3*b^2*c^5*
d^4 + 3*a^4*b*c^3*d^6 - a^5*c*d^8)*x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(5/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a - b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)**(5/2)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{5/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)^(5/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/2} (a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^(5/2)), x)`output `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{5/2} (a - bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{-bx^2 - a}}{b^2 d^3 x^7 + 3b^2 c d^2 x^6 - 2ab d^3 x^5 + 3b^2 c^2 d x^5 - 6abc d^2 x^4 + b^2 c^3 x^4 + a^2 d^3}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a**2*c**3 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x + 3*a**2*c*d**2*x**2 + a**2*d**3*x**3 - 2*a*b*c**3*x**2 - 6*a*b*c**2*d*x**3 - 6*a*b*c*d**2*x**4 - 2*a*b*d**3*x**5 + b**2*c**3*x**4 + 3*b**2*c**2*d*x**5 + 3*b**2*c*d**2*x**6 + b**2*d**3*x**7), x)`

**3.335**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2936
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2937
Rubi [A] (verified)	2938
Maple [B] (verified)	2944
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2945
Sympy [F(-1)]	2945
Maxima [F]	2946
Giac [F]	2946
Mupad [F(-1)]	2946
Reduce [F]	2947

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 472

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{7/2}}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad(bc^2-7ad^2)+2bc(2bc^2-5ad^2)x)}{6a^2b^2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{2cd(bc^2-3ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{3a^2b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(4b^2c^4-15abc^2d^2-21a^2d^4)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}b^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2c(b^2c^4-4abc^2d^2+3a^2d^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}b^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```

1/3*(b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(7/2)/a/b/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/6*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(a*d*
(-7*a*d^2+b*c^2)+2*b*c*(-5*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)*x)/a^2/b^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2/3*
c*d*(-3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^2/b^2+1/6*(-21*a^2*d
^4-15*a*b*c^2*d^2+4*b^2*c^4)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2
*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)
*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(5/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/
(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-2/3*c*(3*a^2*d^4-4*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/
(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/
a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^
(3/2)/b^(5/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{a^2b^2(a-bx^2)^2} \left( -\frac{(c+dx)(4b^3c^4x^3+a^3d^3(19c+7dx)-ab^2c^2x(6c^2+cdx+15d^2x^2)-a^2bd(7c^3-3c^2dx+27cd^2x^2+9d^3x^3))}{a^2b^2(a-bx^2)^2} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-(((c + d*x)*(4*b^3*c^4*x^3 + a^3*d^3*(19*c + 7*d*x) - a
*b^2*c^2*x*(6*c^2 + c*d*x + 15*d^2*x^2) - a^2*b*d*(7*c^3 - 3*c^2*d*x + 27*
c*d^2*x^2 + 9*d^3*x^3)))/(a^2*b^2*(a - b*x^2)^2)) + (d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a
]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(4*b^2*c^4 - 15*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 21*a^2*d^4)*(-a + b*x^2) - I*S
qrt[b]*(4*b^(5/2)*c^5 - 4*Sqrt[a]*b^2*c^4*d - 15*a*b^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 + 15*a^
(3/2)*b*c^2*d^3 - 21*a^2*Sqrt[b]*c*d^4 + 21*a^(5/2)*d^5)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/
Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c
+ d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c +
d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b
]*d*(4*b^2*c^4 - Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)*c^3*d - 15*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 33*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[
b]*c*d^3 - 21*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((
Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[
Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sq
rt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(a^2*b^3*d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x
^2)))))/(6*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 684, 27, 687, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^{9/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(4bc^2-3bdxc-7ad^2)}{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(4bc^2-3bdxc-7ad^2)}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(2bcx(2bc^2-5ad^2)+ad(bc^2-7ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \int \frac{3d\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(bc^2+7ad^2)-4bc(bc^2-3ad^2)x)dx}{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{ab} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)} \frac{6ab}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{3d \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(bc^2+7ad^2)-4bc(bc^2-3ad^2)x)dx}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{2ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(2bcx(2bc^2-5ad^2)+ad(bc^2-7ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$\frac{6ab}{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)} \frac{6ab}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 687$$

$$\frac{3d \left( \frac{\frac{8}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-3ad^2) - \int \frac{b(acd(bc^2-33ad^2)+(4b^2c^4-15abd^2c^2-21a^2d^4)x)dx}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{2ab} \right) + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(2bcx(2bc^2-5ad^2)+ad(bc^2-7ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{ab} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)} \frac{6ab}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{3d \left( \frac{\frac{8}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-3ad^2) - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{acd(bc^2-33ad^2)+(4b^2c^4-15abd^2c^2-21a^2d^4)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}dx}{2ab} \right) + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(2bcx(2bc^2-5ad^2)+ad(bc^2-7ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{ab} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)} \frac{6ab}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 600$$

$$\frac{3d \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4c(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)}{d} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}dx - \frac{(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{d} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}dx \right) + \frac{8}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-3ad^2) \right) + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(2bcx(2bc^2-5ad^2)+ad(bc^2-7ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{2ab} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)} \frac{6ab}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow 509$$



$$3d \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4c(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} dx}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} + \frac{8}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-3ad^2)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} \right)}{2ab} \right) + \frac{8}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-3ad^2)$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

508

$$3d \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) \int \sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} d \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} + \frac{4c(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{8}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-3ad^2)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2ab} \right) + \frac{8}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-3ad^2)$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

327

$$3d \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4c(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2ab} \right) + \frac{8}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-3ad^2)$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

512

$$3d \left( \frac{\frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2ab} \right) + \frac{8}{3}c\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-3ad^2)$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 511

$$3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\left|\frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right.}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}} - \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 321

$$3d \left( \frac{1}{3} \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)\left|\frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right.}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}} - \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

```
output ((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(7/2))/(3*a*b*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (((c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a*d*(b*c^2 - 7*a*d^2) + 2*b*c*(2*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2)*x))/(a*b*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (3*d*((8*c*(b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])/3 + (2*Sqrt[a]*(4*b^2*c^4 - 15*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 21*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) - (8*Sqrt[a]*c*(b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(3))/(2*a*b)/(6*a*b)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

rule 687 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g*(d + e*x)^m*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(c*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - a*e*g*m + c*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) + d*g*m)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 2, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p]) && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && EqQ[f, 0])`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 870 vs. 2(396) = 792.

Time = 5.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 871, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( \frac{\left( \frac{(a^2d^4+6bc^2d^2a+b^2c^4)x}{3ab^4} + \frac{4cd(ad^2+bc^2)}{3b^4} \right) \sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-bdx-bc) \left( -\frac{(9a^2d^4+15bc^2d^2a-4b^2c^4)}{12a^2b^3} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(9/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*((1/3*(a^2*d^4+6
*a*b*c^2*d^2+b^2*c^4)/a/b^4*x+4/3*c*d*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/b^4)*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2
+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/b)^2-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)*(-1/12*(9*a^2*d^4+15*a*b*c^2*
d^2-4*b^2*c^4)/a^2/b^3*x-1/12*(27*a*d^2+b*c^2)*c*d/a/b^3)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*d
*x-b*c))^(1/2)+2*(5*c*d^4/b^2-2/3*c*(9*a^2*d^4+4*a*b*c^2*d^2-b^2*c^4)/a^2/
b^2+1/12/b^2*d^2*(27*a*d^2+b*c^2)*c/a+1/6/b^2*c*(9*a^2*d^4+15*a*b*c^2*d^2-
4*b^2*c^4)/a^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/
(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF
(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(
a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(d^5/b^2+1/12*(9*a^2*d^4+15*a*b*c^2*d^2-4*b^2*c^4)*d
/a^2/b^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-
1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+
1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)
)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(
1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(
c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))
)^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 565, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2(2a^2b^2c^5 - 9a^3bc^3d^2 + 39a^4cd^4 + (2b^4c^5 - 9ab^3c^3d^2 + 39a^2b^2cd^4)x^4 - 2(2ab^3c^5 - 9a^2b^2c^3d^2 + 39a^3b^2cd^4)x^2 + 2(2a^2b^2c^5 - 9a^3bc^3d^2 + 39a^4cd^4))\sqrt{-bx^2+a}\sqrt{dx+c} - 2(2ab^3c^5 - 9a^2b^2c^3d^2 + 39a^3b^2cd^4)x^2 + 2(2a^2b^2c^5 - 9a^3bc^3d^2 + 39a^4cd^4)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(9/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/18*(2*(2*a^2*b^2*c^5 - 9*a^3*b*c^3*d^2 + 39*a^4*c*d^4 + (2*b^4*c^5 - 9*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 39*a^2*b^2*c*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(4*a^2*b^2*c^4*d - 15*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 - 21*a^4*d^5 + (4*b^4*c^4*d - 15*a*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 21*a^2*b^2*d^5)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) - 3*(7*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 19*a^3*b*c*d^4 - (4*b^4*c^4*d - 15*a*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 9*a^2*b^2*d^5)*x^3 + (a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 27*a^2*b^2*c*d^4)*x^2 + (6*a*b^3*c^4*d - 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 7*a^3*b*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(a^2*b^5*d*x^4 - 2*a^3*b^4*d*x^2 + a^4*b^3*d)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(9/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{9/2}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(9/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(9/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{9/2}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(9/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(9/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^(9/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{9/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(9/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
(21*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**5*c*d**6 - 39*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**4*b*c**3*d**4 - 42*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**4*b*c*d**6*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**3*b**2*c**5*d**2 + 78*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**3*b**2*c**3*d**4*x**2 + 21*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**...
```



$$3.336 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2948
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2949
Rubi [A] (verified)	2950
Maple [B] (verified)	2954
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2955
Sympy [F(-1)]	2956
Maxima [F]	2956
Giac [F]	2957
Mupad [F(-1)]	2957
Reduce [F]	2957

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 414

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{5/2}}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(3bc^2-5ad^2)+2bc(2bc^2-3ad^2)x)}{6a^2b^2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2c(bc^2-2ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4b^2c^4-9abc^2d^2+5a^2d^4)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}b^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{(b^2 c x + a^2 d) (d x + c)^{5/2}}{a b (-b^2 x^2 + a)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{(d x + c)^{1/2} (a^2 d^2 - 5 a^2 d^2 + 3 b^2 c^2) + 2 b^2 c^2 (-3 a^2 d^2 + 2 b^2 c^2) x}{a^2 b^2 (-b^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2}} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{c^2 (-2 a^2 d^2 + b^2 c^2) (d x + c)^{1/2} (1 - b^2 x^2 / a)^{1/2} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^2}{a}\right)^{1/2}\right)}{a^{3/2} b^{3/2} (b^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2}} + \frac{2^{1/2} (a^{1/2} d / (b^{1/2} c + a^{1/2} d))^{1/2}}{(b^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2}} - \frac{1}{6} \frac{(5 a^2 d^4 - 9 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 4 b^2 c^4) (b^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2} (d x + c)}{(b^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2} (b^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2}} + \frac{(1 - b^2 x^2 / a)^{1/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^2}{a}\right)^{1/2}\right)}{a^{3/2} b^{5/2} (d x + c)^{1/2} (-b^2 x^2 + a)^{1/2}}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 588, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^2} \left( -\frac{(c+dx)(5a^3d^3+4b^3c^3x^3+a^2bd(-5c^2+2cdx-7d^2x^2)-ab^2cx(6c^2+cdx+8d^2x^2))}{a^2b^2(a-bx^2)^2} \right)}{a^2b^2(a-bx^2)^2} + \frac{4cd^2\sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{b}}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-(((c + d*x)*(5*a^3*d^3 + 4*b^3*c^3*x^3 + a^2*b*d*(-5*c^2 + 2*c*d*x - 7*d^2*x^2) - a*b^2*c*x*(6*c^2 + c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2)))/(a^2*b^2*(a - b*x^2)^2)) + (4*c*d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*(-a + b*x^2) - (4*I)*Sqrt[b]*c*(b^(3/2)*c^3 - Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 2*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 + 2*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] - I*Sqrt[a]*d*(4*b^(3/2)*c^3 - Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 8*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 + 5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(a^2*b^2*d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(6*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 422, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 684, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(4bc^2-bdxc-5ad^2)}{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(4bc^2-bdxc-5ad^2)}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 684 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(2bcx(2bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(3bc^2-5ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{6ab} - \frac{\int \frac{d(ad(bc^2-5ad^2)+4bc(bc^2-2ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(2bcx(2bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(3bc^2-5ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{6ab} - \frac{d \int \frac{ad(bc^2-5ad^2)+4bc(bc^2-2ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(2bcx(2bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(3bc^2-5ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{2ab} - \frac{d \left( \frac{4bc(bc^2-2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2ab} + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(2bcx(2bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(3bc^2-5ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{4bc\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2ab} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{3ab} \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

508

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(2bcx(2bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(3bc^2-5ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)}{2ab} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{3ab} \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

327

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(2bcx(2bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(3bc^2-5ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)}{2ab} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{3ab} \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

512

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(2bcx(2bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(3bc^2-5ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} \right) \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)}{2ab} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{3ab} \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

511

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(2bcx(2bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(3bc^2-5ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}} \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}}{6ab} = \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

321

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(2bcx(2bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(3bc^2-5ad^2))}{ab\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}}{6ab} = \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

```
input Int[(c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

```
output ((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(5/2))/(3*a*b*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((Sqrt[c + d*x]
)*(a*d*(3*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2) + 2*b*c*(2*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*x))/(a*b*Sqrt[a - b
*x^2]) - (d*((-8*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1
- (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d
)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqr
t[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(4*b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)
*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*Ell
ipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/S
qrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]))/(2*a*b)/(6*a*b)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 684 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*(e*f + d*g) - (c*d*f - a*e*g)*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*(e*f*(m - 1) + d*g*m) - c*d^2*f*(2*p + 3) + e*(a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && (EqQ[d, 0] || (EqQ[m, 2] && EqQ[p, -3] && RationalQ[a, c, d, e, f, g]) || !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0])`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 805 vs.  $2(344) = 688$ .

Time = 4.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 806, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

method	result
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( \frac{\left( \frac{(3ad^2+bc^2)cx}{3b^3a} + \frac{d(a^2d^2+3bc^2)}{3b^4} \right) \sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{(x^2-\frac{a}{b})^2} - \frac{2(-bdx-bc) \left( -\frac{(2ad^2-bc^2)cx}{3b^2a^2} - \frac{(7ad^2+bc^2)d}{12ab^3} \right)}{\sqrt{(x^2-\frac{a}{b})(-bdx-bc)}} \right)}{\dots}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2))*((1/3*(3*a*d^2+b*c^2)/b^3*c/a*x+1/3*d*(a*d^2+3*b*c^2)/b^4)*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/b)^2-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)*(-1/3*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)/b^2*c/a^2*x-1/12*(7*a*d^2+b*c^2)*d/a/b^3)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*d*x-b*c)^(1/2)+2*(d^4/b^2-1/6/b^2*(7*a^2*d^4+9*a*b*c^2*d^2-4*b^2*c^4)/a^2+1/12/b^2*d^2*(7*a*d^2+b*c^2)/a+2/3/b*c^2*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)/a^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2/3*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)*c*d/a^2/b*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2))*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{7/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$(4a^2b^2c^4 - 11a^3bc^2d^2 + 15a^4d^4 + (4b^4c^4 - 11ab^3c^2d^2 + 15a^2b^2d^4)x^4 - 2(4ab^3c^4 - 11a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 15a^3b^2c^2d^2)) \sqrt{a-bx^2} + \dots$$



input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/18*((4*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 11*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + 15*a^4*d^4 + (4*b^4*c^4 - 11*a* \\ & b^3*c^2*d^2 + 15*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^4 - 2*(4*a*b^3*c^4 - 11*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + \\ & 15*a^3*b*d^4)*x^2)*\sqrt{-b*d}*\text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b \\ & *d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 12*(a^2*b^2 \\ & *c^3*d - 2*a^3*b*c*d^3 + (b^4*c^3*d - 2*a*b^3*c*d^3)*x^4 - 2*(a*b^3*c^3*d \\ & - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x^2)*\sqrt{-b*d}*\text{weierstrassZeta}(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/( \\ & b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), \text{weierstrassPInverse}(4/3*(b*c^2 \\ & + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) \\ & - 3*(5*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 5*a^3*b*d^4 - 4*(b^4*c^3*d - 2*a*b^3*c*d^3)*x^3 \\ & + (a*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 7*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 + 2*(3*a*b^3*c^3*d - a^2*b^2*c*d^3)* \\ & x)*\sqrt{-b*x^2 + a}*\sqrt{d*x + c})/(a^2*b^5*d*x^4 - 2*a^3*b^4*d*x^2 + a^4* \\ & b^3*d) \end{aligned}$$

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(7/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^(7/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{7/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(7/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```

(3*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a
- b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a -
b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)
*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**6*c*d**8 - 9*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sq
rt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b
*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*
b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**5*b*c**3*d**6 - 6*
sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a -
b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x
**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b
**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**5*b*c*d**8*x**2 - 81*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x
)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a
- b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x
**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**4*b**2*c**5*d
**4 + 18*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 -
sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sq
rt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b
*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**4*b**2*c**3*d**6*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*in
t(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x
**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x...

```

**3.337**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2959
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2960
Rubi [A] (verified)	2960
Maple [B] (verified)	2965
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2966
Sympy [F]	2967
Maxima [F]	2967
Giac [F]	2968
Mupad [F(-1)]	2968
Reduce [F]	2968

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 385

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(acd+(4bc^2-3ad^2)x)}{6a^2b\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4bc^2-3ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2c(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}b^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/a/b/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)+1/6*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*c*d+(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*x)/a^2/b/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/6*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2),2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-2/3*c*(-a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2),2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 12.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 549, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( \frac{(c+dx)(-4b^2c^2x^3+a^2d(3c-dx)+abx(6c^2+cdx+3d^2x^2))}{a^2b(a-bx^2)^2} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(4bc^2-3ad^2)}(-a+bx^2)}{a^2b(a-bx^2)^2} \right)}{a^2b(a-bx^2)^2} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}(4bc^2-3ad^2)}(-a+bx^2)}{a^2b(a-bx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(((c + d*x)*(-4*b^2*c^2*x^3 + a^2*d*(3*c - d*x) + a*b*x*(6*c^2 + c*d*x + 3*d^2*x^2)))/(a^2*b*(a - b*x^2)^2) + (d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(-a + b*x^2) - I*Sqrt[b]*(4*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 4*Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 3*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 + 3*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))])*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d*(4*b*c^2 - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d - 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))])*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(a^2*b^2*d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(6*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 685, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2+bdxc-3ad^2)}{2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2+bdxc-3ad^2)}{(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 685 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(x(4bc^2-3ad^2)+acd)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{\int \frac{bd(acd+(4bc^2-3ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{ab}}{6ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(x(4bc^2-3ad^2)+acd)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \int \frac{acd+(4bc^2-3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2a}}{6ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(x(4bc^2-3ad^2)+acd)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{(4bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{4c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2a}}{6ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 509 \\
 & \frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(x(4bc^2-3ad^2)+acd)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{\left( \sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{4c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2a}}{6ab} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 508 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(x(4bc^2-3ad^2)+acd)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{4c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)}{2a} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)} - \frac{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(x(4bc^2-3ad^2)+acd)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{4c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)}{2a} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)} - \frac{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 512

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(x(4bc^2-3ad^2)+acd)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{d \left( \frac{4c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right)}{2a} +$$

$$\frac{6ab}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)} - \frac{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 511

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(x(4bc^2-3ad^2)+acd)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{\frac{6ab}{2a}} = \frac{d \left( \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{\frac{6ab}{2a}}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \downarrow 321$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(x(4bc^2-3ad^2)+acd)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{\frac{6ab}{2a}} = \frac{d \left( \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{\frac{6ab}{2a}}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(3*a*b*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)) + ((Sqrt[c + d*x] *(a*c*d + (4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*x))/(a*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) - (d*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (8*Sqrt[a]*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(2*a))/(6*a*b)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 685 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a*g - c*f*x)/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*e*g*m - c*d*f*(2*p + 3) - c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 745 vs.  $2(315) = 630$ .

Time = 4.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 746, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( \frac{\left( \frac{(ad^2+bc^2)x}{3ab^3} + \frac{2cd}{3b^3} \right) \sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-bdx-bc) \left( -\frac{(3ad^2-4bc^2)x}{12a^2b^2} - \frac{cd}{12ab^2} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} + \frac{2 \left( -\frac{2c(ad^2-bc^2)}{3ba^2} + \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*((1/3*(a*d^2+b*c^2)/a/b^3*x+2/3*c*d/b^3)*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/b)^2-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)*(-1/12*(3*a*d^2-4*b*c^2)/a^2/b^2*x-1/12*c*d/a/b^2)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*d*x-b*c))^(1/2)+2*(-2/3/b*c*(a*d^2-b*c^2)/a^2+1/12/b*d^2*c/a+1/6/b*c*(3*a*d^2-4*b*c^2)/a^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/6*d*(3*a*d^2-4*b*c^2)/a^2/b*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))))^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 423, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$2(2a^2bc^3 - 3a^3cd^2 + (2b^3c^3 - 3ab^2cd^2)x^4 - 2(2ab^2c^3 - 3a^2bcd^2)x^2)\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3bd^2)}{3bd^2}\right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/18*(2*(2*a^2*b*c^3 - 3*a^3*c*d^2 + (2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c*d^2)*x^4 - 2*(2*a*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(4*a^2*b*c^2*d - 3*a^3*d^3 + (4*b^3*c^2*d - 3*a*b^2*d^3)*x^4 - 2*(4*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) - 3*(a*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - (4*b^3*c^2*d - 3*a*b^2*d^3)*x^3 + (6*a*b^2*c^2*d - a^2*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(a^2*b^4*d*x^4 - 2*a^3*b^3*d*x^2 + a^4*b^2*d)`

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(a - bx^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(5/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(5/2)/(a - b*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^(5/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(5/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output

```

(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a -
b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*
x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b
**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**3*c*d**4 - 7*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt
(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x*
*2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b*
**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c**3*d**2 - sqrt
(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**
2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)
*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d
**2*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c*d**4*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sq
rt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*
x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*
b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a*b**2*c**5 + 7*sqrt(
a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**
2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*
a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d*
**2*x**6),x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(
sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a -
b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x...

```

**3.338**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2970
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2971
Rubi [A] (verified)	2971
Maple [B] (verified)	2976
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2977
Sympy [F]	2978
Maxima [F]	2978
Giac [F]	2979
Mupad [F(-1)]	2979
Reduce [F]	2979

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 362

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{(ad-4bcx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{6a^2b\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{2c\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{(4bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}b^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*(b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/b/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/6*(-4*b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x
+c)^(1/2)/a^2/b/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2/3*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*Ell
ipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)
*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(1/2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*
d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/6*(-a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*
c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(
1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(
3/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( \frac{(c+dx)(a^2d-4b^2cx^3+abx(6c+dx))}{a^2b(a-bx^2)^2} + \frac{4cd^2 \sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}(-a+bx^2)-4i\sqrt{bc}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{d\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}+x\right)}}{c+dx} \right)}{1}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(((c + d*x)*(a^2*d - 4*b^2*c*x^3 + a*b*x*(6*c + d*x)))/(a^2*b*(a - b*x^2)^2) + (4*c*d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2) - (4*I)*Sqrt[b]*c*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*d*(-4*Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x])]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(a^2*b*d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(6*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {495, 27, 686, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 495 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{4bc^2+3bdxc-ad^2}{2\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3ab} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4bc^2+3bdxc-ad^2}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6ab} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 686 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{bd(bc^2-ad^2)(ad+4bcx)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{ab(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-4bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & -\frac{d \int \frac{ad+4bcx}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-4bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 600 \\
 & -\frac{d \left( \frac{4bc \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{a} - \frac{(4bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-4bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 509 \\
 & -\frac{d \left( \frac{4bc \sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(4bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-4bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 508
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-4bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{6ab}{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)} \\
 & \frac{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{327} \\
 & \downarrow \\
 & d \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-4bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{6ab}{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)} \\
 & \frac{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{512} \\
 & \downarrow \\
 & d \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-4bcx)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \\
 & \frac{6ab}{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)} \\
 & \frac{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}{511} \\
 & \downarrow
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}} \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{6ab}{2a} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right) \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right) - \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{6ab}{2a} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad+bcx)}{3ab(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2),x]`

output `((a*d + b*c*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(3*a*b*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-(((a*d - 4*b*c*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(a*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])) - (d*((-8*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*c + d*x)/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(4*b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*c + d*x)/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)]/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(2*a))/(6*a*b)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 495 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[a*d^2*(n - 1) - b*c^2*(2*p + 3) - b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 686 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[2*m, 2*p])`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 690 vs.  $2(292) = 584$ .

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 691, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( \frac{\left(\frac{cx}{3ab^2} + \frac{d}{3b^3}\right) \sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-bdx-bc)\left(\frac{cx}{3ba^2} - \frac{d}{12ab^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} + \frac{2\left(-\frac{ad^2-4bc^2}{6ba^2} + \frac{d^2}{12ba} - \frac{2c^2}{3a^2}\right)\left(\frac{c}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{ab}}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*((1/3*c/a/b^2*x+
1/3*d/b^3)*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/b)^2-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)*
(1/3/b/a^2*c*x-1/12*d/a/b^2)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*d*x-b*c))^(1/2)+2*(-1/6/b*(a*d^
2-4*b*c^2)/a^2+1/12/b*d^2/a-2/3*c^2/a^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c
/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1
/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a
*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b
*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-2/3*c*d/a^2*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1
/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*
(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b
*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)
/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2
)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
,((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(4a^2bc^2 - 3a^3d^2 + (4b^3c^2 - 3ab^2d^2)x^4 - 2(4ab^2c^2 - 3a^2bd^2)x^2)\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3ad^2)}{3bd^2}, \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/18*((4*a^2*b*c^2 - 3*a^3*d^2 + (4*b^3*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*d^2)*x^4 - 2*(4*a*b^2*c^2 - 3*a^2*b*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 12*(b^3*c*d*x^4 - 2*a*b^2*c*d*x^2 + a^2*b*c*d)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(4*b^3*c*d*x^3 - a*b^2*d^2*x^2 - 6*a*b^2*c*d*x - a^2*b*d^2)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(a^2*b^4*d*x^4 - 2*a^3*b^3*d*x^2 + a^4*b^2*d)`

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)/(a - b*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{3/2}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-bx^2 + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^(3/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`



output

```
( - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a**2*c*d**2 + 3*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a*b*c**3 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*x**4 - sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**2*x**6),x)*b**2*c**3*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d*x - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d*x**3 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d*x**5),x)*a**2*d**2 + 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d*x - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d*x**3 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c*x**4 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d*x**5),x)*a...
```

**3.339** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2981
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2982
Rubi [A] (verified)	2982
Maple [B] (verified)	2987
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2988
Sympy [F]	2989
Maxima [F]	2989
Giac [F]	2990
Mupad [F(-1)]	2990
Reduce [F]	2990

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 389

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(acd - (4bc^2 - 3ad^2)x)}{6a^2(bc^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(4bc^2 - 3ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}(bc^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2c\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/6*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*c*d-(-3*a*d^2+
4*b*c^2)*x)/a^2/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/6*(-3*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(d*
x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(
1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(1/2)/(-a*
d^2+b*c^2)/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-
2/3*c*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*
c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 573, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( \frac{(c+dx)(4b^2c^2x^3+a^2d(c+5dx)-abx(6c^2+cdx+3d^2x^2))}{a^2(-bc^2+ad^2)(a-bx^2)^2} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}(4bc^2-3ad^2)(-a+bx^2)-i}{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(((c + d*x)*(4*b^2*c^2*x^3 + a^2*d*(c + 5*d*x) - a*b*x*(6*c^2 + c*d*x + 3*d^2*x^2)))/(a^2*(-(b*c^2) + a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2)^2) + (d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(-a + b*x^2) - I*Sqrt[b]*(4*b^(3/2)*c^3 - 4*Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 3*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 + 3*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d*(4*b*c^2 - Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d - 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)))/(a^2*b*d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(-a + b*x^2)))/(6*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {494, 27, 686, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 494 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{4c+3dx}{2\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{4c+3dx}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6a} + \frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 686 \\
& \frac{-\int \frac{bd(acd+(4bc^2-3ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(acd-x(4bc^2-3ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}}{6a} + \frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{-d \int \frac{acd+(4bc^2-3ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(acd-x(4bc^2-3ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}}{6a} + \frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 600 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{(4bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{4c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(acd-x(4bc^2-3ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{6a}{x\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \quad \frac{6a}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 509 \\
& \frac{d \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{4c(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(acd-x(4bc^2-3ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)}}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} + \\
& \quad \frac{6a}{x\sqrt{c+dx}} \\
& \quad \frac{6a}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 508
\end{aligned}$$

$$d \left( \frac{4c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(acd-x(4bc^2-3ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)} +$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \quad 6a$$

↓ 327

$$d \left( \frac{4c(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(acd-x(4bc^2-3ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)} +$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \quad 6a$$

↓ 512

$$d \left( \frac{4c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(acd-x(4bc^2-3ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)} +$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \quad 6a$$

↓ 511

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} dx \sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{2}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{6a}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{321} \\
 & \left( \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(4bc^2-3ad^2)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}} \right) \\
 & \frac{6a}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(3*a*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)) + (-((Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a*c*d - (4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*x))/(a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])) - (d*((-2*Sqrt[a]*(4*b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (8*Sqrt[a]*c*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d)))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])))/(2*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(6*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 321 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 494 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-x)*(c + d*x)^n*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*(2*p + 3) + d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (LtQ[n, 1] || (ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, 2])) && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 508 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]))] Subst[Int[Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 509 `Int[Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 511 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-2*(Sqrt[q*(c + d*x)/(d + c*q)]/(Sqrt[a]*q*Sqrt[c + d*x])) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*Sqrt[1 - x^2]), x], x, Sqrt[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 512 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2] Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 600 `Int[((A_) + (B_)*(x_))/(Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[B/d Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] - Simp[(B*c - A*d)/d Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, A, B}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 686 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 771 vs.  $2(319) = 638$ .

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 772, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98



method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( \frac{x\sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{3b^2a\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-bdx-bc)\left(\frac{(3ad^2-4bc^2)x}{12a^2(ad^2-bc^2)b} + \frac{dc}{12a(ad^2-bc^2)b}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} + \frac{2\left(\frac{2c}{3a^2} - \frac{d^2c}{12a(ad^2-bc^2)} - \frac{c(3a}{6a^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(1/3/b^2/a*x*(-b
*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/b)^2-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)*(1/12*(3*a*d^2-
4*b*c^2)/a^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/b*x+1/12*d*c/a/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/b)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*
d*x-b*c))^(1/2)+2*(2/3*c/a^2-1/12*d^2*c/a/(a*d^2-b*c^2)-1/6*c*(3*a*d^2-4*b
*c^2)/a^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2))*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/
2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)
)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*
EllipticF((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-
c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))-1/6*d*(3*a*d^2-4*b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/a^2*(c/
d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/
2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/
2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*Elli
pticE((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-
1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(2a^2bc^3 - 3a^3cd^2 + (2b^3c^3 - 3ab^2cd^2)x^4 - 2(2ab^2c^3 - 3a^2bcd^2)x^2)\sqrt{-bd}\text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4(bc^2+3}{3bd}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/18*(2*(2*a^2*b*c^3 - 3*a^3*c*d^2 + (2*b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c*d^2)*x^4 - 2*(2*a*b^2*c^3 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(4*a^2*b*c^2*d - 3*a^3*d^3 + (4*b^3*c^2*d - 3*a*b^2*d^3)*x^4 - 2*(4*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) - 3*(a*b^2*c*d^2*x^2 - a^2*b*c*d^2 - (4*b^3*c^2*d - 3*a*b^2*d^3)*x^3 + (6*a*b^2*c^2*d - 5*a^2*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(a^4*b^2*c^2*d - a^5*b*d^3 + (a^2*b^4*c^2*d - a^3*b^3*d^3)*x^4 - 2*(a^3*b^3*c^2*d - a^4*b^2*d^3)*x^2)`

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)/(a - b*x**2)**(5/2), x)`

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{(-bx^2+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{(-bx^2+a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)/(-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^(1/2)/(a - b*x^2)^(5/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{-b^3x^6 + 3ab^2x^4 - 3a^2bx^2 + a^3} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a - b*x**2))/(a**3 - 3*a**2*b*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*x**4 - b**3*x**6),x)`

**3.340**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2991
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2992
Rubi [A] (verified)	2993
Maple [B] (verified)	2998
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2999
Sympy [F]	2999
Maxima [F]	3000
Giac [F]	3000
Mupad [F(-1)]	3000
Reduce [F]	3001

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 449

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(ad-bcx)\sqrt{c+dx}}{3a(bc^2-ad^2)(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(bc^2-5ad^2)-4bc(bc^2-2ad^2)x)}{6a^2(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bc}(bc^2-2ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(4bc^2-5ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/a/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/6*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(a*d*(-5*a*d^2+b*c^2)-4*b*c*(-2*a*d^2+b*c^2)*x)/a^2/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+2/3*b^(1/2)*c*(-2*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)-1/6*(-5*a*d^2+4*b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/b^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 583, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( -\frac{(c+dx)(2a(bc^2-ad^2)(ad-bcx)+(a-bx^2)(-5a^2d^3-4b^2c^3x+abcd(c+8dx))}{(a-bx^2)^2} + \frac{4cd^2}{(a-bx^2)^2} \right)}{(a-bx^2)^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-(((c + d*x)*(2*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(a*d - b*c*x) + (a - b*x^2)*(-5*a^2*d^3 - 4*b^2*c^3*x + a*b*c*d*(c + 8*d*x))))/(a - b*x^2)^2) + (4*c*d^2*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2) + (4*I)*Sqrt[b]*c*(b^(3/2)*c^3 - Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 2*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 + 2*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*d*(4*b^(3/2)*c^3 - Sqrt[a]*b*c^2*d - 8*a*Sqrt[b]*c*d^2 + 5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(a - b*x^2)))/(6*a^2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)^2*Sqrt[c + d*x])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 466, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 686, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4bc^2+3bdxc-5ad^2}{2\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4bc^2+3bdxc-5ad^2}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{bd(ad(bc^2-5ad^2)+4bc(bc^2-2ad^2)x)}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{ab(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(bc^2-5ad^2)-4bcx(bc^2-2ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a(bc^2-ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a(bc^2-ad^2)}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & - \frac{d \int \frac{ad(bc^2-5ad^2)+4bc(bc^2-2ad^2)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(bc^2-5ad^2)-4bcx(bc^2-2ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a(bc^2-ad^2)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)} \\
 & \quad \frac{6a(bc^2-ad^2)}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{4bc(bc^2 - 2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{(4bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(bc^2 - 5ad^2) - 4bcx(bc^2 - 2ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a(bc^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{c+dx}(ad - bcx)}{3a(a - bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 509

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{4bc\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2 - 2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{(4bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{2a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(bc^2 - 5ad^2) - 4bcx(bc^2 - 2ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a(bc^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{c+dx}(ad - bcx)}{3a(a - bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 508

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - 2ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}} - 1\right) + 1}} d\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(bc^2 - 5ad^2) - 4bcx(bc^2 - 2ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a(bc^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{c+dx}(ad - bcx)}{3a(a - bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{d \left( \frac{(4bc^2 - 5ad^2)(bc^2 - ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2 - 2ad^2) E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \middle| \frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc} + d} \right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}}}} \right)}{2a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad(bc^2 - 5ad^2) - 4bcx(bc^2 - 2ad^2))}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{6a(bc^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{c+dx}(ad - bcx)}{3a(a - bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 512

$$d \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx - 8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}+d}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}+d}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 511

$$d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx - \frac{d\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\frac{d(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}})}{1-\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx - 8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}+d}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 321

$$d \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(4bc^2-5ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}+d}{\sqrt{a}}\right) dx - 8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-2ad^2) E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{bc}}+d}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} \right) \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(ad-bcx)}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]`



output

```
-1/3*((a*d - b*c*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(a - b*x^2)^(3/2)) +
  (-((Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a*d*(b*c^2 - 5*a*d^2) - 4*b*c*(b*c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*x))/(a
  *(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[a - b*x^2])) - (d*(-8*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c*(b*c^2 - 2*
  a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]
  ]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d))/(d*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]
  *(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[a - b*x^2]) + (2*Sqrt[a]*(4*b*c^
  2 - 5*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]
  *d)]*Sqrt[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*EllipticF[ArcSin[Sqrt[1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[a]]/Sq
  rt[2]], (2*d)/((Sqrt[b]*c)/Sqrt[a] + d))/(Sqrt[b]*d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*Sqrt[a
  - b*x^2])))/(2*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(6*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))
```

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 321

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c
/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a,
0] && !(NegQ[b/a] && SimplerSqrtQ[-b/a, -d/c])
```

rule 327

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d)
)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

rule 496

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(-(a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2
+ a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a
+ b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2
*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuad
raticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A\_)+(B\_)(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 686  $\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)(x_)]^{(m\_)}*((f\_)+(g\_)(x_))*((a\_)+(c\_)(x_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1})/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p+3) + a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+2*p+4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 861 vs. 2(379) = 758.

Time = 6.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 862, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

method	result
elliptic	$\sqrt{(dx+c)(-bx^2+a)} \left( \frac{\left( -\frac{cx}{3(ad^2-bc^2)ba} + \frac{d}{3(ad^2-bc^2)b^2} \right) \sqrt{-bdx^3-bcx^2+adx+ac}}{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)^2} - \frac{2(-bdx-bc) \left( -\frac{c(2ad^2-bc^2)x}{3a^2(ad^2-bc^2)^2} + \frac{d(5ad^2-bc^2)}{12(ad^2-bc^2)^2} \right)}{\sqrt{\left(x^2-\frac{a}{b}\right)(-bdx-bc)}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*((-1/3/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/b*c/a*x+1/3*d/(a*d^2-b*c^2)/b^2)*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/b)^2-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)*(-1/3*c*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)/a^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2*x+1/12*d*(5*a*d^2-b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2/b/a)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*d*x-b*c))^(1/2)+2*(1/6/(a*d^2-b*c^2)*(5*a*d^2-4*b*c^2)/a^2-1/12*d^2*(5*a*d^2-b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2/a+2/3*b*c^2*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)/a^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2/3*d*b*c*(2*a*d^2-b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2/a^2*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 582, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$(4a^2b^2c^4 - 11a^3bc^2d^2 + 15a^4d^4 + (4b^4c^4 - 11ab^3c^2d^2 + 15a^2b^2d^4)x^4 - 2(4ab^3c^4 - 11a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 15a^3b^4c^4d - 2a^4b^3c^2d^4 + 4a^5b^2c^4d^2 - 2a^6b^4c^4d^4 - 2a^4b^3c^4d^2 + a^5b^2c^4d^4)x^2 - 2(a^4b^3c^4d^2 - 2a^5b^2c^4d^4 + a^6b^4c^4d^4)x) \sqrt{-bx^2+a} \sqrt{dx+c} / (a^4b^3c^4d^2 - 2a^5b^2c^4d^4 + a^6b^4c^4d^4)x^4 - 2(a^3b^4c^4d^2 - 2a^4b^3c^4d^4 + a^5b^2c^4d^4)x^2 - 2(a^4b^3c^4d^2 - 2a^5b^2c^4d^4 + a^6b^4c^4d^4)x$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/18*((4*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 11*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + 15*a^4*d^4 + (4*b^4*c^4 - 11*a*
b^3*c^2*d^2 + 15*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^4 - 2*(4*a*b^3*c^4 - 11*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 +
15*a^3*b*d^4)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b
*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 12*(a^2*b^2
*c^3*d - 2*a^3*b*c*d^3 + (b^4*c^3*d - 2*a*b^3*c*d^3)*x^4 - 2*(a*b^3*c^3*d
- 2*a^2*b^2*c*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(
b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2
+ 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d))
+ 3*(3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 7*a^3*b*d^4 + 4*(b^4*c^3*d - 2*a*b^3*c*d^3)*x^3
- (a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 5*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x^2 - 2*(3*a*b^3*c^3*d - 5*a^2*b^2*c*d^3
)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(dx + c))/(a^4*b^3*c^4*d - 2*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^3 +
a^6*b*d^5 + (a^2*b^5*c^4*d - 2*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^3 + a^4*b^3*d^5)*x^4 - 2*(a^3
*b^4*c^4*d - 2*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^3 + a^5*b^2*d^5)*x^2)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2} \sqrt{c+dx}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(1/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(1/((a - b*x**2)**(5/2)*sqrt(c + d*x)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{dx+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-bx^2+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{dx+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*sqrt(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{-bx^2+a}}{-b^3dx^7 - b^3cx^6 + 3ab^2dx^5 + 3ab^2cx^4 - 3a^2bdx^3 - 3a^2bcx^2 + a^3dx + a^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c+d*x)*sqrt(a-b*x**2))/(a**3*c+a**3*d*x-3*a**2*b*c*x**2-3*a**2*b*d*x**3+3*a*b**2*c*x**4+3*a*b**2*d*x**5-b**3*c*x**6-b**3*d*x**7),x)`

**3.341**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3002
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3003
Rubi [A] (verified)	3004
Maple [B] (verified)	3011
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3012
Sympy [F]	3013
Maxima [F]	3014
Giac [F]	3014
Mupad [F(-1)]	3014
Reduce [F]	3015

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 529

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2d}{(bc^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx}(8acd - (bc^2 + 7ad^2)x)}{3a(bc^2 - ad^2)^2(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx}(acd(bc^2 - 33ad^2) - (4b^2c^4 - 15abc^2d^2 - 21a^2d^4)x)}{6a^2(bc^2 - ad^2)^3\sqrt{a-bx^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(4b^2c^4 - 15abc^2d^2 - 21a^2d^4)\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{6a^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)^3\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{bc}(bc^2 - 3ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bc+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{3a^{3/2}(bc^2 - ad^2)^2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}$$

output

```

2*d/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/3*b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(8*a
*c*d-(7*a*d^2+b*c^2)*x)/a/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(-b*x^2+a)^(3/2)-1/6*b*(d*x+c)^(
1/2)*(a*c*d*(-33*a*d^2+b*c^2)-(-21*a^2*d^4-15*a*b*c^2*d^2+4*b^2*c^4)*x)/a
^2/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)+1/6*b^(1/2)*(-21*a^2*d^4-15*a*b*c^2*d
^2+4*b^2*c^4)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a
^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(
3/2)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^3/(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(-b*x^
2+a)^(1/2)-2/3*b^(1/2)*c*(-3*a*d^2+b*c^2)*(b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1
/2)*d))^(1/2)*(1-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*
2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(-a*d^2+b
*c^2)^2/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 13.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 616, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$\sqrt{a-bx^2} \left( -4b^2c^4d + 15abc^2d^3 + 9a^2d^5 + \frac{2ab(-bc^2+ad^2)(c+dx)(bc^2x+ad(-2c+dx))}{(a-bx^2)^2} + \frac{b(c+dx)(4b^2c^4x+3a^2d^3(7c-3dx))}{-a+bx^2} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)),x]
```



output

```

-1/6*(Sqrt[a - b*x^2]*(-4*b^2*c^4*d + 15*a*b*c^2*d^3 + 9*a^2*d^5 + (2*a*b*
(-(b*c^2) + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)*(b*c^2*x + a*d*(-2*c + d*x)))/(a - b*x^2)^2 +
(b*(c + d*x)*(4*b^2*c^4*x + 3*a^2*d^3*(7*c - 3*d*x) - a*b*c^2*d*(c + 15*d
*x)))/(-a + b*x^2) - (I*b*Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(4*b^2*c^4 - 15*a
*b*c^2*d^2 - 21*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-(
((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSin
h[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(
Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)]/(d*(-a + b*x^2)) + (I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*(4*b^2*c^4
- Sqrt[a]*b^(3/2)*c^3*d - 15*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 33*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*c*d^3 - 21*a
^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]/Sqrt[b] + x))/(c + d*x)]*Sqrt[-((Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt
[b] - d*x)/(c + d*x))]*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt
[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], (Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[
a]*d)]/(Sqrt[-c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]]*(-a + b*x^2)))/(a^2*(b*c^2 - a*d^
2)^3*Sqrt[c + d*x])

```

## Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.591$ , Rules used = {496, 27, 686, 27, 688, 27, 600, 509, 508, 327, 512, 511, 321}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4bc^2 + 5bdxc - 7ad^2}{2(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{3a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{ad - bcx}{3a(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx} (bc^2 - ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4bc^2 + 5bdxc - 7ad^2}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{3/2}} dx}{6a(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{ad - bcx}{3a(a - bx^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{c + dx} (bc^2 - ad^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4bcx(bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(7ad^2+bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{bd(3ad(bc^2+7ad^2)+4bc(bc^2-3ad^2)x)}{2(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{ab(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \frac{6a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \\
 & \frac{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}{\phantom{ad-bcx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d \int \frac{3ad(bc^2+7ad^2)+4bc(bc^2-3ad^2)x}{(c+dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{4bcx(bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(7ad^2+bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \frac{6a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \\
 & \frac{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}{\phantom{ad-bcx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & \frac{d \left( \frac{2 \int -\frac{b(acd(bc^2-33ad^2)+(4b^2c^4-15abd^2c^2-21a^2d^4)x}{2\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}} {bc^2-ad^2} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{4bcx(bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(7ad^2+bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \frac{6a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \\
 & \frac{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}{\phantom{ad-bcx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{d \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{acd(bc^2-33ad^2)+(4b^2c^4-15abd^2c^2-21a^2d^4)x}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}}} {bc^2-ad^2} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{4bcx(bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(7ad^2+bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \frac{6a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \\
 & \frac{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}{\phantom{ad-bcx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 600 \\
 & \frac{d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{4c(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)}{2a(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{4bcx(bc^2-3ad^2)+ad(7ad^2+bc^2)}{a\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \\
 & \frac{6a(bc^2-ad^2)}{ad-bcx} \\
 & \frac{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}{\phantom{ad-bcx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 509

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{4c(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{ad-bcx}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \qquad 6a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

↓ 508

$$d \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4) \int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{a}}} dx}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}} - \frac{4c(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx}{d} \right)}{bc^2-ad^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a-bx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{ad-bcx}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)} \qquad 6a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

↓ 327

$$d \left( b \frac{4c(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a-bx^2}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2-ad^2} \right) - 2\sqrt{a-bx^2}$$

---


$$2a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

$$6a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

$$\frac{ad-bcx}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 512

$$d \left( b \frac{4c\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}} dx + 2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2d}{\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{a}}+d}\right)}{d\sqrt{a-bx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2-ad^2} \right) - 2\sqrt{a-bx^2}$$

---


$$2a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

$$6a(bc^2-ad^2)$$

$$\frac{ad-bcx}{3a(a-bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx}(bc^2-ad^2)}$$

↓ 511

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} b \\ d \end{array} \right) \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}+d}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}-1\right)+1}}} d\sqrt{\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2-ad^2}$$

$$\frac{ad - bcx}{3a(a - bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c + dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

↓ 321

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} b \\ d \end{array} \right) \frac{8\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}(bc^2-3ad^2)(bc^2-ad^2)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{c+dx}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2d}{\sqrt{\frac{bc}{a}+d}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+dx}(-21a^2d^4-15abc^2d^2+4b^2c^4)E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{bd}\sqrt{a-bx^2}\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc}}}}}{bc^2-ad^2}$$

$$\frac{ad - bcx}{3a(a - bx^2)^{3/2}\sqrt{c + dx}(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^(5/2)), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/3*(a*d - b*c*x)/(a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^{(3/2)}) + ( \\
& (a*d*(b*c^2 + 7*a*d^2) + 4*b*c*(b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*x)/(a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*\text{Sqr} \\
& \text{t}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]) + (d*((-2*(4*b^2*c^4 - 15*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 21*a^2 \\
& *d^4)*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2])/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]) - (b*((-2*\text{Sqrt}[a]* \\
& (4*b^2*c^4 - 15*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 21*a^2*d^4)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (b*x^2)/a] \\
& *\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*d)/((\text{Sqrt}[b]* \\
& c)/\text{Sqrt}[a] + d)))/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*d*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + d*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a] \\
& *d)]*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]) + (8*\text{Sqrt}[a]*c*(b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*\text{Sqr} \\
& \text{t}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + d*x))/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d)]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - (b*x^2)/a]*\text{Ellipti} \\
& \text{cF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - (\text{Sqrt}[b]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/\text{Sqrt}[2]], (2*d)/((\text{Sqrt}[b]*c)/\text{Sqrt}[ \\
& a] + d)))/(\text{Sqrt}[b]*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*x^2]))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(2 \\
& *a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))/(6*a*(b*c^2 - a*d^2))
\end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!Ma} \\
\text{tchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 321

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{S} \\
\text{imp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c \\
/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, \\
0] \&\& \text{!(NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{SimplerSqrtQ}[-b/a, -d/c])$$

rule 327

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[ \\
(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d) \\
)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 496

$$\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[ \\
(-(a*d + b*c*x))*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 \\
+ a*d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a \\
+ b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2 \\
*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{IntQuad} \\
\text{raticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 508  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 509  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^2], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 511  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[-2*(\text{Sqrt}[q*((c + d*x)/(d + c*q))]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*q*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - 2*d*(x^2/(d + c*q))]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^2]), x], x, \text{Sqrt}[(1 - q*x)/2]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 512  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*(x^2/a)]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 600  $\text{Int}[(A\_)+(B\_)(x_)]/(\text{Sqrt}[(c\_)+(d\_)(x_)]*\text{Sqrt}[(a\_)+(b\_)(x_)^2]), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[B/d \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2], x], x] - \text{Simp}[(B*c - A*d)/d \text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, A, B\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[b/a]$

rule 686  $\text{Int}[(d\_)+(e\_)(x_)]^{(m\_)}*((f\_)+(g\_)(x_))*((a\_)+(c\_)(x_)^2)^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1})/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{Simp}[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p+3) + a*c*e^2*(m+2*p+3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+2*p+4)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] || \text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1007 vs.  $2(455) = 910$ .

Time = 8.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1008, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result	size
elliptic	Expression too large to display	1008
default	Expression too large to display	3158

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```

((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a))^(1/2)/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*((1/3*(a*d^2+b*c
^2)/a/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2/b*x-2/3*c*d/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2/b)*(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d
*x+a*c)^(1/2)/(x^2-a/b)^2-2*(-b*d*x-b*c)*(1/12*(9*a^2*d^4+15*a*b*c^2*d^2-4
*b^2*c^4)/a^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3*x-1/12*c*d*(21*a*d^2-b*c^2)/a/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^
3)/((x^2-a/b)*(-b*d*x-b*c))^(1/2)-2*(-b*d*x^2+a*d)*d^4/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3/((x
+c/d)*(-b*d*x^2+a*d))^(1/2)+2*(-2/3*b*c*(3*a*d^2-b*c^2)/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^2/a^
2+1/12*b*d^2*c*(21*a*d^2-b*c^2)/a/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3-1/6*b*c*(9*a^2*d^4+15*a*
b*c^2*d^2-4*b^2*c^4)/a^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3-b*c*d^4/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3)*(c/d-1/b
*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-
c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^
(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)
^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+2*(-
1/12*b*d*(9*a^2*d^4+15*a*b*c^2*d^2-4*b^2*c^4)/a^2/(a*d^2-b*c^2)^3-d^5*b/(a
*d^2-b*c^2)^3)*(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))*((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)
*((x-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*((x+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-
c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(-b*d*x^3-b*c*x^2+a*d*x+a*c)^(1/2)*((-c/d-1/b
*(a*b)^(1/2))*EllipticE(((x+c/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(
a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2))+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(((x+c
/d)/(c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(1/2)))^(1/2),((-c/d+1/b*(a*b)^(1/2))/(-c/d-1/b*(a*b)^(
1/2)))^(1/2))))

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1158 vs.  $2(455) = 910$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1158, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-1/18*(2*(2*a^2*b^2*c^6 - 9*a^3*b*c^4*d^2 + 39*a^4*c^2*d^4 + (2*b^4*c^5*d
- 9*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 39*a^2*b^2*c*d^5)*x^5 + (2*b^4*c^6 - 9*a*b^3*c^4*d^2 +
39*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^4 - 2*(2*a*b^3*c^5*d - 9*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 39*a^3*b
*c*d^5)*x^3 - 2*(2*a*b^3*c^6 - 9*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 + 39*a^3*b*c^2*d^4)*x^2 +
(2*a^2*b^2*c^5*d - 9*a^3*b*c^3*d^3 + 39*a^4*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstr
assPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^
3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d) + 3*(4*a^2*b^2*c^5*d - 15*a^3*b*c^3*d^3 - 21*a^4*c*
d^5 + (4*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 15*a*b^3*c^2*d^4 - 21*a^2*b^2*d^6)*x^5 + (4*b^4*c^5
*d - 15*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 - 21*a^2*b^2*c*d^5)*x^4 - 2*(4*a*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 15*a^
2*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 21*a^3*b*d^6)*x^3 - 2*(4*a*b^3*c^5*d - 15*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3
- 21*a^3*b*c*d^5)*x^2 + (4*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2 - 15*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 - 21*a^4*d^6
)*x)*sqrt(-b*d)*weierstrassZeta(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2), -8/27*(b*c^
3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), weierstrassPInverse(4/3*(b*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)/(b*d^2),
-8/27*(b*c^3 - 9*a*c*d^2)/(b*d^3), 1/3*(3*d*x + c)/d)) + 3*(5*a^2*b^2*c^4
*d^2 - 25*a^3*b*c^2*d^4 - 12*a^4*d^6 + (4*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 15*a*b^3*c^2*d^4 -
21*a^2*b^2*d^6)*x^4 + 4*(b^4*c^5*d - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^5)*x
^3 - (7*a*b^3*c^4*d^2 - 36*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 35*a^3*b*d^6)*x^2 - 2*(3*a*b^
3*c^5*d - 10*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 7*a^3*b*c*d^5)*x)*sqrt(-b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(d*x
+ c))/(a^4*b^3*c^7*d - 3*a^5*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 3*a^6*b*c^3*d^5 - a^7*c*d^7 +
(a^2*b^5*c^6*d^2 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^4*d^4 + 3*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^6 - a^5*b^2*d^8)...

```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a - bx^2)^{5/2} (c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)**(3/2)/(-b*x**2+a)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a - b*x**2)**(5/2)*(c + d*x)**(3/2)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-bx^2+a)^{5/2}(dx+c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-bx^2+a)^{5/2}(dx+c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a-bx^2)^{5/2}(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a - b*x^2)^(5/2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^{5/2}} dx = \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a^2 c^4 - 2\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a^2 d^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a b c^4 x^2 + 4\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a b c^2 d^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a b c^2 d^4 x^2 + 4\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a b c^4 x^2 + 4\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a b c^2 d^4 x^2} \right) - 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a^2 c^4 - 2\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a^2 c^2 d^2 x^2 + \sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a^2 d^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a b c^4 x^2 + 4\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a b c^2 d^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a b c^2 d^4 x^2 + 4\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a b c^4 x^2 + 4\sqrt{-bx^2 + a} a b c^2 d^4 x^2} \right)$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(-b*x^2+a)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(c + d*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**4*x**6 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**6 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**4*x**8),x)*c**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x)*x**2)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**4*x**6 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**6 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**4*x**8),x)*d**2 - 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*x)/(sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a**2*d**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**4*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*a*b*d**4*x**6 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**6 + sqrt(a - b*x**2)*b**2*d**4*x**8),x)*c*d`

**3.342**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2 + 3e^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3016
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3016
Rubi [A] (verified)	3017
Maple [F]	3018
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3018
Sympy [F]	3019
Maxima [F]	3019
Giac [F]	3020
Mupad [F(-1)]	3020
Reduce [F]	3020

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2 + 3e^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3}} + \frac{2^{2/3}(d-ex)}{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{d^3+d^2+3e^2x^2}}\right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3}d^{2/3}e} - \frac{\log(d+ex)}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}d^{2/3}e} + \frac{\log\left(3 \cdot 2^{2/3}d^{2/3}e^2(d-ex) - 6de^2\sqrt[3]{d^2 + 3e^2x^2}\right)}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}d^{2/3}e}$$

output

```
-1/6*arctan(1/3*3^(1/2)+1/3*2^(2/3)*(-e*x+d)*3^(1/2)/d^(1/3)/(3*e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/3))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)/d^(2/3)/e-1/4*ln(e*x+d)*2^(1/3)/d^(2/3)/e+1/4*ln(3*2^(2/3)*d^(2/3)*e^2*(-e*x+d)-6*d*e^2*(3*e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/3))*2^(1/3)/d^(2/3)/e
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2 + 3e^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt[3]{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{d^3+d^2+3e^2x^2}}{2^{2/3}d-2^{2/3}ex+\sqrt[3]{d^3+d^2+3e^2x^2}}\right) + 2 \log\left(\sqrt{e}\left(-2^{2/3}d + 2^{2/3}ex + 2\sqrt[3]{d^3+d^2+3e^2x^2}\right)\right) - \log\left(\dots\right)}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}d^{2/3}e}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)*(d^2 + 3*e^2*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(2\sqrt[3]{3}\operatorname{ArcTan}[\sqrt[3]{3}d^{1/3}(d^2 + 3e^2x^2)^{1/3}]/(2^{2/3}d - 2^{2/3}e^2x + d^{1/3}(d^2 + 3e^2x^2)^{1/3})] + 2\operatorname{Log}[\sqrt[3]{e}(-2^{2/3}d + 2^{2/3}e^2x + 2d^{1/3}(d^2 + 3e^2x^2)^{1/3})] - \operatorname{Log}[e(2^{1/3}d^2 - 2*2^{1/3}d^2e^2x + 2^{1/3}e^2x^2 + 2^{2/3}d^{4/3}(d^2 + 3e^2x^2)^{1/3} - 2^{2/3}d^{1/3}e^2x(d^2 + 3e^2x^2)^{1/3} + 2d^{2/3}(d^2 + 3e^2x^2)^{2/3})]}{(6*2^{2/3}d^{2/3}e)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.042$ , Rules used = {501}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2 + 3e^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 501

$$-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(d-ex)}{\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt[3]{d}\sqrt[3]{d^2 + 3e^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3}}\right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3}d^{2/3}e} - \frac{\log(d + ex)}{2^{2/3}d^{2/3}e} + \frac{\log\left(-3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{de^2}\sqrt[3]{d^2 + 3e^2x^2} + 3de^2 - 3e^3x\right)}{2^{2/3}d^{2/3}e}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)*(d^2 + 3*e^2*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output 
$$-\frac{(\operatorname{ArcTan}[1/\sqrt[3]{3} + (2^{2/3}(d - e*x))/(\sqrt[3]{3}d^{1/3}(d^2 + 3e^2x^2)^{1/3})]}{(2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{3}d^{2/3}e)} - \operatorname{Log}[d + e*x]/(2*2^{2/3}d^{2/3}e) + \operatorname{Log}[3*d*e^2 - 3*e^3*x - 3*2^{1/3}d^{1/3}*e^2*(d^2 + 3*e^2*x^2)^{1/3}]/(2*2^{2/3}d^{2/3}e)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 501

```
Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[6*b^2*(d^2/c^2), 3]}, Simp[(-Sqrt[3])*b*d*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*b*(
(c - d*x)/(Sqrt[3]*c*q*(a + b*x^2)^(1/3))]/(c^2*q^2)), x] + (-Simp[3*b*d*(
Log[c + d*x]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x] + Simp[3*b*d*(Log[b*c - b*d*x - c*q*(a + b*x^
2)^(1/3)]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 - 3*a*d
^2, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)(3e^2x^2 + d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(3*e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/3), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x+d)/(3*e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/3), x)
```

## Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs.  $2(122) = 244$ .

Time = 22.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2 + 3e^2x^2}} dx =$$

$$4\sqrt{3}d\sqrt[3]{4\frac{1}{3}(d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2\cdot 4^{\frac{2}{3}}(3e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}(d^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}(ex-d)+4^{\frac{1}{3}}(e^3x^3+3de^2x^2+3d^2ex+d^3)(d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}+4(d^2x^2-2d^2ex+d^3)(3\right)}{6(de^3x^3-9d^2e^2x^2+3d^3ex-3d^4)}}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(3*e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/3), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/24*(4*sqrt(3)*d*sqrt(4^(1/3)*(d^2)^(1/3))*arctan(1/6*sqrt(3)*(2*4^(2/3)
*(3*e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(2/3)*(d^2)^(2/3)*(e*x - d) + 4^(1/3)*(e^3*x^3 + 3*d*e^
2*x^2 + 3*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(d^2)^(1/3) + 4*(d*e^2*x^2 - 2*d^2*e*x + d^3)*(3*
e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(1/3))*sqrt(4^(1/3)*(d^2)^(1/3))/(d*e^3*x^3 - 9*d^2*e^2*x^2
+ 3*d^3*e*x - 3*d^4)) + 4^(2/3)*(d^2)^(2/3)*log((4^(2/3)*(3*e^2*x^2 + d^2)
)^(2/3)*(d^2)^(2/3) + 4^(1/3)*(e^2*x^2 - 2*d*e*x + d^2)*(d^2)^(1/3) - 2*(3
*e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(1/3)*(d*e*x - d^2))/(e^2*x^2 + 2*d*e*x + d^2)) - 2*4^(2/3)
*(d^2)^(2/3)*log((4^(1/3)*(d^2)^(1/3)*(e*x - d) + 2*(3*e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(1/
3)*d)/(e*x + d)))/(d^2*e)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2+3e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2+3e^2x^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(3*e**2*x**2+d**2)**(1/3), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((d + e*x)*(d**2 + 3*e**2*x**2)**(1/3)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2+3e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(3e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(3*e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/3), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((3*e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(1/3)*(e*x + d)), x)
```



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2+3e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(3e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}(ex+d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)/(3*e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((3*e^2*x^2 + d^2)^(1/3)*(e*x + d)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2+3e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(d^2+3e^2x^2)^{1/3}(d+ex)} dx$$

input `int(1/((d^2 + 3*e^2*x^2)^(1/3)*(d + e*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((d^2 + 3*e^2*x^2)^(1/3)*(d + e*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)\sqrt[3]{d^2+3e^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(3e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}d + (3e^2x^2+d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}ex} dx$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)/(3*e^2*x^2+d^2)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(1/((d**2 + 3*e**2*x**2)**(1/3)*d + (d**2 + 3*e**2*x**2)**(1/3)*e*x),x)`

**3.343**  $\int \frac{(2+3x)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3021
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	3022
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	3022
Maple [C] (verified) . . . . .	3027
Fricas [F] . . . . .	3027
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3027
Maxima [F] . . . . .	3028
Giac [F] . . . . .	3028
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3029
Reduce [F] . . . . .	3029

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 558

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{30}(2+3x)^2(4+27x^2)^{2/3} + \frac{4}{35}(7+4x)(4+27x^2)^{2/3} - \frac{96x}{7(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})\sqrt{\frac{2\sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}+(4+27x^2)^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}\right)\right)}{21\sqrt[3]{3}x\sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{32\cdot 2^{5/6}(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})\sqrt{\frac{2\sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}+(4+27x^2)^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}\right)\right)}{63\sqrt[4]{3}x\sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}}}$$

output

```

1/30*(2+3*x)^2*(27*x^2+4)^(2/3)+4/35*(7+4*x)*(27*x^2+4)^(2/3)-96*x/(7*2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-7*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))+16/63*2^(1/3)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*
(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)))^(1/2)*EllipticE((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)))^(1/2)-32/189*2^(5/6)*(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)))^(1/2)*EllipticF((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)))^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 15.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{210} (4+27x^2)^{2/3} (196+180x+63x^2) + \frac{16}{7} \sqrt[3]{2} x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{27x^2}{4} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + 3*x)^3/(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
((4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3)*(196 + 180*x + 63*x^2))/210 + (16*2^(1/3)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 3/2, (-27*x^2)/4])/7
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 631, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 676, 233, 833, 760, 2418}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(3x+2)^3}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 497 \\
& \frac{1}{90} \int \frac{288(3x+1)(3x+2)}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + \frac{1}{30} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} (3x+2)^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{16}{5} \int \frac{(3x+1)(3x+2)}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + \frac{1}{30} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} (3x+2)^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 676 \\
& \frac{16}{5} \left( \frac{10}{7} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + \frac{1}{7} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} x + \frac{1}{4} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} \right) + \frac{1}{30} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} (3x+2)^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 233 \\
& \frac{16}{5} \left( \frac{5\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{7\sqrt{3}x} + \frac{1}{7} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} x + \frac{1}{4} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{30} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} (3x+2)^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 833 \\
& \frac{16}{5} \left( \frac{5\sqrt{x^2} \left( 2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - \int \frac{2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right)}{7\sqrt{3}x} + \frac{1}{7} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} x \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{1}{30} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} (3x+2)^2 \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 760
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{16}{5} \left( 5\sqrt{x^2} \left( - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} dx \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - \frac{2^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3})\left(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)^2}}}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)^2}}}{7\sqrt{3}x} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{30}(27x^2+4)^{2/3}(3x+2)^2$$

↓ 2418

$$\frac{16}{5} \left( 5\sqrt{x^2} \left( - \frac{2^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3})\left(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}+2^3\sqrt{2}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}\right)}{\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)^2}}}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{x^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{30}(27x^2+4)^{2/3}(3x+2)^2$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x)^3/(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((2 + 3x)^2(4 + 27x^2)^{2/3})/30 + (16((4 + 27x^2)^{2/3})/4 + (x(4 + 27x^2)^{2/3})/7 + (5\sqrt{x^2}((-6\sqrt{3})\sqrt{x^2})/(2^{2/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})) + (2^{1/3}\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}})(2^{2/3} - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})\sqrt{(2 \cdot 2^{1/3} + 2^{2/3}(4 + 27x^2)^{1/3} + (4 + 27x^2)^{2/3})/(2^{2/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})^2} * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(2^{2/3}(1 + \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})/(2^{2/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})], -7 + 4\sqrt{3}])/(3 \cdot 3^{1/4}\sqrt{x^2}\sqrt{-(2^{2/3} - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})/(2^{2/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})^2}) - (2 \cdot 2^{1/3}\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}})(1 + \sqrt{3})(2^{2/3} - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})\sqrt{(2 \cdot 2^{1/3} + 2^{2/3}(4 + 27x^2)^{1/3} + (4 + 27x^2)^{2/3})/(2^{2/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})^2} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(2^{2/3}(1 + \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})/(2^{2/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})], -7 + 4\sqrt{3}])/(3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{x^2}\sqrt{-(2^{2/3} - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})/(2^{2/3}(1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})^2}})))/(7\sqrt{3}x))/5 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 233

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/3}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[3*(\sqrt{b*x^2})/(2*b*x) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x/\sqrt{-a + x^3}], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^{1/3}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 497

$$\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^n)^{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{n-1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-2}*(a + b*x^2)^p \text{ Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 676

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*
((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)
) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 760

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-
s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x
] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 833

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 + Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 2418

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :> With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] + S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - S
qrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[
3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[a] &&
EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

method	result
risch	$\frac{(63x^2+180x+196)(27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{210} + \frac{16 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right)}{7}$
meijerg	$4 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right) + \frac{27 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x^4 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, 2\right], [3], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right)}{8} + 9 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right)$

input `int((3*x+2)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/210*(63*x^2+180*x+196)*(27*x^2+4)^(2/3)+16/7*2^(1/3)*x*hypergeom([1/3,1/2],[3/2],-27/4*x^2)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^3}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((27*x^3 + 54*x^2 + 36*x + 8)/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = 9 \cdot \sqrt[3]{2} x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{27x^2 e^{i\pi}}{4}\right) + \frac{3x^2(27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{10} + 4 \cdot \sqrt[3]{2} x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{27x^2 e^{i\pi}}{4}\right) + \frac{14(27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{15}$$



input `integrate((2+3*x)**3/(27*x**2+4)**(1/3),x)`

output `9*2**(1/3)*x**3*hyper((1/3, 3/2), (5/2,), 27*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/4) + 3*x**2*(27*x**2 + 4)**(2/3)/10 + 4*2**(1/3)*x*hyper((1/3, 1/2), (3/2,), 27*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/4) + 14*(27*x**2 + 4)**(2/3)/15`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^3}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x + 2)^3/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^3}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x + 2)^3/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^3}{(27x^2+4)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((3*x + 2)^3/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`output `int((3*x + 2)^3/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(2+3x)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx &= 27 \left( \int \frac{x^3}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) + 54 \left( \int \frac{x^2}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) \\ &+ 36 \left( \int \frac{x}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) + 8 \left( \int \frac{1}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((2+3*x)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3), x)`output `27*int(x**3/(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3), x) + 54*int(x**2/(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3), x)  
+ 36*int(x/(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3), x) + 8*int(1/(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3), x)`

**3.344**  $\int \frac{(2+3x)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3030
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3031
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3031
Maple [C] (verified)	3035
Fricas [F]	3036
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3036
Maxima [F]	3037
Giac [F]	3037
Mupad [F(-1)]	3037
Reduce [F]	3038

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 536

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{21}(7+3x)(4+27x^2)^{2/3} - \frac{72x}{7(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})\sqrt{\frac{2^3\sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}+(4+27x^2)^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}\right)\right)}{7\sqrt[3]{3}x\sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{8\cdot 2^{5/6}(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})\sqrt{\frac{2^3\sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}+(4+27x^2)^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}\right)\right)}{21\sqrt[4]{3}x\sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}}}$$

output

```

1/21*(7+3*x)*(27*x^2+4)^(2/3)-72*x/(7*2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-7*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))+4/21*2^(1/3)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)-8/63*2^(5/6)*(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 15.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{21} \left( (7+3x)(4+27x^2)^{2/3} + 36\sqrt[3]{2x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{27x^2}{4} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + 3*x)^2/(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
((7 + 3*x)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3) + 36*2^(1/3)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 3/2, (-27*x^2)/4])/21
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 455, 233, 833, 760, 2418}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(3x+2)^2}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 497 \\
& \frac{1}{63} \int \frac{108(5x+2)}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + \frac{1}{21} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} (3x+2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{12}{7} \int \frac{5x+2}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + \frac{1}{21} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} (3x+2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 455 \\
& \frac{12}{7} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + \frac{5}{36} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} \right) + \frac{1}{21} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} (3x+2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 233 \\
& \frac{12}{7} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} + \frac{5}{36} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} \right) + \frac{1}{21} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} (3x+2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 833 \\
& \frac{12}{7} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \left( 2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - \int \frac{2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right)}{\sqrt{3}x} + \frac{5}{36} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{1}{21} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} (3x+2) \\
& \quad \downarrow 760
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \frac{12}{7} \sqrt{x^2} \left( - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} dx \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - \frac{2^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3})\left(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{2}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)^2}}}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{2}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)^2}}}{\sqrt{3}x} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{21} (27x^2 + 4)^{2/3} (3x + 2)$$

↓ 2418

$$\left( \frac{12}{7} \sqrt{x^2} \left( - \frac{2^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3})\left(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}+2^3\sqrt{2}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}\right)}{\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)^2}}}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}\right)^2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{21} (27x^2 + 4)^{2/3} (3x + 2)$$

input

```
Int[(2 + 3*x)^2/(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3), x]
```

output

```

((2 + 3*x)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3))/21 + (12*((5*(4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3))/36 + (Sqrt
[x^2]*((-6*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[x^2]))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))
+ (2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/
3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3
]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 +
27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 + 4*Sqrt
[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*
(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2])) - (2*2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1
+ Sqrt[3])*(2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 +
27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(
1/3))^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2
^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(3/4)*S
qrt[x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4
+ 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2])))/(Sqrt[3]*x))/7

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```

Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

rule 233

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[3*(Sqrt[b*x^2]/(2*b*x))
Subst[Int[x/Sqrt[-a + x^3], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/3)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
}, x]

```

rule 455

```

Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]

```

rule 497

```

Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b
*(n + 2*p + 1) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +
1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n
, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p
+ 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]

```

rule 760

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-
s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x
] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 833

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 + Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 2418

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] + S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - S
qrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[
3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[a] &&
EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

method	result
risch	$\frac{(7+3x)(27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{21} + \frac{12 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right)}{7}$
meijerg	$2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right) + \frac{3 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{2}\right], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right)}{2} + 3 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{2}\right], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right)$

input

```
int((3*x+2)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output  $1/21*(7+3*x)*(27*x^2+4)^{(2/3)}+12/7*2^{(1/3)}*x*\text{hypergeom}([1/3,1/2],[3/2],-27/4*x^2)$

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^2}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((9*x^2 + 12*x + 4)/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.13

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \frac{3 \cdot \sqrt[3]{2} x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{27x^2 e^{i\pi}}{4}\right)}{2} + 2$$

$$\cdot \sqrt[3]{2} x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{27x^2 e^{i\pi}}{4}\right) + \frac{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)**2/(27*x**2+4)**(1/3),x)`

output `3*2**(1/3)*x**3*hyper((1/3, 3/2), (5/2,), 27*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/4)/2 + 2*2**(1/3)*x*hyper((1/3, 1/2), (3/2,), 27*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/4) + (27*x**2 + 4)**(2/3)/3`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^2}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x + 2)^2/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^2}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x + 2)^2/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x+2)^2}{(27x^2+4)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((3*x + 2)^2/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

output `int((3*x + 2)^2/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2+3x)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = 9 \left( \int \frac{x^2}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) + 12 \left( \int \frac{x}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) + 4 \left( \int \frac{1}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right)$$

input `int((2+3*x)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

output `9*int(x**2/(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x) + 12*int(x/(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x) + 4*int(1/(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x)`

### 3.345 $\int \frac{2+3x}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3039
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3040
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3040
Maple [C] (verified)	3043
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Maxima [F]	3044
Giac [F]	3045
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3045
Reduce [F]	3045

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 529

$$\int \frac{2+3x}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{12} (4+27x^2)^{2/3} - \frac{6x}{2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}) \sqrt{\frac{2^3\sqrt{2}+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}+(4+27x^2)^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}\right)\right)}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4} x \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \cdot 2^{5/6} (2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}) \sqrt{\frac{2^3\sqrt{2}+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}+(4+27x^2)^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}\right)\right)}{9\sqrt{3}x \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2})^2}}}$$

output

```

1/12*(27*x^2+4)^(2/3)-6*x/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))+1/9*2^(1/3)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3))*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)-2/27*2^(5/6)*(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3))*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{2+3x}{\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{12}(4+27x^2)^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2}x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + 3*x)/(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
(4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3)/12 + 2^(1/3)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 3/2, (-27*x^2)/4]
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 585, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {455, 233, 833, 760, 2418}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{3x+2}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + \frac{1}{12} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{233} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{\sqrt{3}x} + \frac{1}{12} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{833} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \left( 2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right)}{\sqrt{3}x} + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{12} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{760} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \left( - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - \frac{2^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3}) \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{\left( 2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right)^2}}}}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{x^2} \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{\left( 2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right)^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}x} \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{12} (27x^2+4)^{2/3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2418} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \left( - \frac{2^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3}) \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} + 2\sqrt{2}}{\left( 2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} \right)}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{x^2} \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{\left( 2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right)^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}x} \right)}{\frac{1}{12} (27x^2+4)^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x)/(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (4 + 27x^2)^{2/3}/12 + (\sqrt{x^2} * ((-6\sqrt{3} * \sqrt{x^2}) / (2^{2/3} * (1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})) + (2^{1/3} * \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}} * (2^{2/3} - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})) * \sqrt{((2 * 2^{1/3} + 2^{2/3} * (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3} + (4 + 27x^2)^{2/3}) / (2^{2/3} * (1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3}))^2} * \text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(2^{2/3} * (1 + \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3}) / (2^{2/3} * (1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})], -7 + 4\sqrt{3}]) / (3 * 3^{1/4} * \sqrt{x^2} * \sqrt{-(2^{2/3} - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3}) / (2^{2/3} * (1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3}))^2}) - (2 * 2^{1/3} * \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}} * (1 + \sqrt{3}) * (2^{2/3} - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})) * \sqrt{((2 * 2^{1/3} + 2^{2/3} * (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3} + (4 + 27x^2)^{2/3}) / (2^{2/3} * (1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3}))^2} * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(2^{2/3} * (1 + \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3}) / (2^{2/3} * (1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3})], -7 + 4\sqrt{3}]) / (3 * 3^{3/4} * \sqrt{x^2} * \sqrt{-(2^{2/3} - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3}) / (2^{2/3} * (1 - \sqrt{3}) - (4 + 27x^2)^{1/3}))^2}))) / (\sqrt{3} * x) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 233 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[3*(Sqrt[b*x^2]/(2*b*x)) Subst[Int[x/Sqrt[-a + x^3], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/3)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 760 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 833 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 + Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 2418 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] + Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2)/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.05

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{12} + 2^{\frac{1}{3}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right)$	29
meijerg	$2^{\frac{1}{3}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right) + \frac{3 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, 1\right], [2], -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right)}{4}$	37

input `int((3*x+2)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*(27*x^2+4)^(2/3)+2^(1/3)*x*hypergeom([1/3,1/2],[3/2],-27/4*x^2)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x}{\sqrt[3]{4 + 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{3x + 2}{(27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*x + 2)/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x}{\sqrt[3]{4 + 27x^2}} dx = \sqrt[3]{2} x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{27x^2 e^{i\pi}}{4} \right) + \frac{(27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{12}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)/(27*x**2+4)**(1/3),x)`

output `2**(1/3)*x*hyper((1/3, 1/2), (3/2,), 27*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/4) + (27*x**2 + 4)**(2/3)/12`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x}{\sqrt[3]{4 + 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{3x + 2}{(27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x + 2)/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x}{\sqrt[3]{4 + 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{3x + 2}{(27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x + 2)/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.05

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x}{\sqrt[3]{4 + 27x^2}} dx = \frac{(27x^2 + 4)^{2/3}}{12} + 2^{1/3} x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{27x^2}{4}\right)$$

input `int((3*x + 2)/(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3),x)`

output `(27*x^2 + 4)^(2/3)/12 + 2^(1/3)*x*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2], 3/2, -(27*x^2)/4)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{2 + 3x}{\sqrt[3]{4 + 27x^2}} dx = 3 \left( \int \frac{x}{(27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) + 2 \left( \int \frac{1}{(27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right)$$

input `int((2+3*x)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

output `3*int(x/(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x) + 2*int(1/(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x)`

**3.346**  $\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3046
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3046
Rubi [A] (verified)	3047
Maple [F]	3048
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3048
Sympy [F]	3049
Maxima [F]	3049
Giac [F]	3050
Mupad [F(-1)]	3050
Reduce [F]	3050

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}(2-3x)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\log(2+3x)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{\log\left(54\sqrt[3]{2}(2-3x) - 108\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

output

```
1/36*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/2)-1/3*2^(1/3)*(2-3*x)*3^(1/2)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)-1/24*ln(2+3*x)*2^(2/3)+1/24*ln(54*2^(1/3)*(2-3*x)-108*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*2^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}-3\sqrt[3]{2}x+\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}\right) - 2 \log\left(-2\sqrt[3]{2} + 3\sqrt[3]{2}x + 2\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}\right) + \log\left(4 \cdot 2^{2/3} - 12 \cdot 2^{2/3}\right)}{36\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((2 + 3*x)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `-1/36*(2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(2*2^(1/3) - 3*2^(1/3)*x + (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(Sqrt[3]*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))] - 2*Log[-2*2^(1/3) + 3*2^(1/3)*x + 2*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3)] + Log[4*2^(2/3) - 12*2^(2/3)*x + 9*2^(2/3)*x^2 + 4*(4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3) + 2*(2 - 3*x)*(8 + 54*x^2)^(1/3)])/2^(1/3)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$ , Rules used = {501}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3x+2)\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx$$

↓ 501

$$-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2(2-3x)}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\log\left(-27\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - 81x + 54\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{\log(3x+2)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

input `Int[1/((2 + 3*x)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `-1/6*ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + (2^(1/3)*(2 - 3*x))/(Sqrt[3]*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))]/(2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]) - Log[2 + 3*x]/(12*2^(1/3)) + Log[54 - 81*x - 27*2^(2/3)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3)]/(12*2^(1/3))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 501

```
Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[6*b^2*(d^2/c^2), 3]}, Simp[(-Sqrt[3])*b*d*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*b*(
(c - d*x)/(Sqrt[3]*c*q*(a + b*x^2)^(1/3))]/(c^2*q^2)), x] + (-Simp[3*b*d*(
Log[c + d*x]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x] + Simp[3*b*d*(Log[b*c - b*d*x - c*q*(a + b*x^
2)^(1/3)]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 - 3*a*d
^2, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(3x+2)(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(3*x+2)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(3*x+2)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\cdot 2^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} \arctan \left( \frac{2^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} \left( 4 \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}} (27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}} (3x-2) + 2^{\frac{1}{3}} (27x^3+54x^2+36x+8) + 4(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}} (9x^3-54x^2+12x-8) \right)}{3(9x^3-54x^2+12x-8)}} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{72} \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left( \frac{2 \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}} (27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2^{\frac{1}{3}} (9x^2-12x+4) - 2(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}} (3x-2)}{9x^2+12x+4} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{36} \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left( \frac{2^{\frac{1}{3}} (3x-2) + 2(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3x+2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(2+3*x)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*2^(1/6)*sqrt(1/6)*arctan(1/3*2^(1/6)*sqrt(1/6)*(4*2^(2/3)*(27*x^2 + 4)^(2/3)*(3*x - 2) + 2^(1/3)*(27*x^3 + 54*x^2 + 36*x + 8) + 4*(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(9*x^2 - 12*x + 4))/(9*x^3 - 54*x^2 + 12*x - 8)) - 1/72*2^(2/3)*log((2*2^(2/3)*(27*x^2 + 4)^(2/3) + 2^(1/3)*(9*x^2 - 12*x + 4) - 2*(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*x - 2))/(9*x^2 + 12*x + 4)) + 1/36*2^(2/3)*log((2^(1/3)*(3*x - 2) + 2*(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3))/(3*x + 2))
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(2+3*x)/(27*x**2+4)**(1/3),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((3*x + 2)*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3x+2)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(2+3*x)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*x + 2)), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3x+2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*x)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*x + 2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)(27x^2+4)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((3*x + 2)*(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)),x)`

output `int(1/((3*x + 2)*(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{3(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 2(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(2+3*x)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(1/(3*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*x + 2*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)),x)`

**3.347**  $\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3051
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3052
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3053
Maple [F]	3057
Fricas [F]	3057
Sympy [F]	3058
Maxima [F]	3058
Giac [F]	3058
Mupad [F(-1)]	3059
Reduce [F]	3059

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 637

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(4+27x^2)^{2/3}}{48(2+3x)} - \frac{3x}{16 \left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)} - \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2(2-3x)}}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} \right)}{24 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} + (4+27x^2)^{2/3}}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)^2}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} \right) \right)}{48 \cdot 2^{2/3} 3^{3/4} x \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{\left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} + (4+27x^2)^{2/3}}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} \right) \right)}{72 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{3} x \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{\log(2+3x)}{48 \sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{\log \left( 54 \sqrt[3]{2} (2-3x) - 108 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)}{48 \sqrt[3]{2}}$$



output

```

-1/48*(27*x^2+4)^(2/3)/(2+3*x)-3*x/(16*2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-16*(27*x^2+4)^(
1/3))+1/144*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/2)-1/3*2^(1/3)*(2-3*x)*3^(1/2)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/
3))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)+1/288*2^(1/3)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2^(2/3)-(27*x
^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/
3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(
27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(
1/4)/x/(-2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))
^2)^(1/2)-1/432*2^(5/6)*(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(27
*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)
^(1/2)*EllipticF((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)
)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/x/(-2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/
(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)-1/96*ln(2+3*x)*2^(2/3)+1/9
6*ln(54*2^(1/3)*(2-3*x)-108*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*2^(2/3)

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4(4+27x^2) - 8\sqrt[3]{3}(2+3x) \sqrt[3]{\frac{-2i\sqrt{3}+9x}{2+3x}} \sqrt[3]{\frac{2i\sqrt{3}+9x}{2+3x}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{6-2i\sqrt{3}}{6+9x}, \frac{6+2i\sqrt{3}}{6+9x}\right) + \sqrt[3]{6} \sqrt[3]{192(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}}{192(2+3x)\sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((2+3*x)^2*(4+27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]
```

output

```

(-4*(4+27*x^2)-8*3^(1/3)*(2+3*x)*((-2*I)*Sqrt[3]+9*x)/(2+3*x))^(
1/3)*(((2*I)*Sqrt[3]+9*x)/(2+3*x))^(1/3)*AppellF1[2/3,1/3,1/3,5/3,
(6-(2*I)*Sqrt[3])/(6+9*x),(6+(2*I)*Sqrt[3])/(6+9*x)]+6^(1/3)*(
2*Sqrt[3]-(9*I)*x)^(1/3)*(2+3*x)*(-2*I+3*Sqrt[3]*x)*Hypergeometric2F
1[1/3,2/3,5/3,1/2+((3*I)/4)*Sqrt[3]*x]/(192*(2+3*x)*(4+27*x^2)^(
1/3))

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 701, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {498, 25, 719, 233, 501, 833, 760, 2418}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^2 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 498 \\
 & -\frac{3}{16} \int -\frac{x+2}{(3x+2)^3 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{48(3x+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \int \frac{x+2}{(3x+2)^3 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{48(3x+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + \frac{4}{3} \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^3 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx \right) - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{48(3x+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 233 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{4}{3} \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^3 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}}}{6\sqrt{3}x} \right) - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{48(3x+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 501 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}}}{6\sqrt{3}x} + \frac{4}{3} \left( -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2}(2-3x)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\log\left(-27 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - 81x\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{48(3x+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 833
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \left( 2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right)}{6\sqrt{3}x} \right) + \frac{4}{3} \left( -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}}\right)}{6} \right)$$

$$\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{48(3x+2)}$$

↓ 760

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \left( - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - \frac{2^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3}) \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4})}}}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{x^2} \sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4})}}} \right)}{6\sqrt{3}x} \right)$$

$$\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{48(3x+2)}$$

↓ 2418

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} (1+\sqrt{3}) (2^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}) \sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} + 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{(2^{\frac{2}{3}} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{2^{\frac{2}{3}} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} \right)}{3^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{(2^{\frac{2}{3}} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4})^2}} \right)}{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{48(3x+2)}} \right.$$

input `Int[1/((2 + 3*x)^2*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `-1/48*(4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3)/(2 + 3*x) + (3*((Sqrt[x^2]*((-6*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[x^2]))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3)) + (2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3))]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2)] - (2*2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1 + Sqrt[3])*(2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3))]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2)])))/(6*Sqrt[3]*x) + (4*(-1/6*ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + (2^(1/3)*(2 - 3*x))/(Sqrt[3]*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))]/(2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]) - Log[2 + 3*x]/(12*2^(1/3)) + Log[54 - 81*x - 27*2^(2/3)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3)]/(12*2^(1/3))))/3)/16`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 233 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[3*(Sqrt[b*x^2]/(2*b*x))  
Subst[Int[x/Sqrt[-a + x^3], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/3)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`
- rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`
- rule 501 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[6*b^2*(d^2/c^2), 3]}, Simp[(-Sqrt[3])*b*d*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*b*(c - d*x)/(Sqrt[3]*c*q*(a + b*x^2)^(1/3))]/(c^2*q^2)), x] + (-Simp[3*b*d*(Log[c + d*x]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x] + Simp[3*b*d*(Log[b*c - b*d*x - c*q*(a + b*x^2)^(1/3)]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 760 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 833 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 + Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 2418 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] + Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2)/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^2 (27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(3*x+2)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(1/(3*x+2)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}} (3x+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*x)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((27*x^2 + 4)^(2/3)/(243*x^4 + 324*x^3 + 144*x^2 + 48*x + 16), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^2 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*x)**2/(27*x**2+4)**(1/3), x)`

output `Integral(1/((3*x + 2)**2*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3x+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*x)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*x + 2)^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3x+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*x)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*x + 2)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^2 (27x^2+4)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((3*x + 2)^2*(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)),x)`output `int(1/((3*x + 2)^2*(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{9(27x^2+4)^{1/3}x^2 + 12(27x^2+4)^{1/3}x + 4(27x^2+4)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(2+3*x)^2/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`output `int(1/(9*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*x**2 + 12*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*x + 4*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)),x)`



**3.348**  $\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^3 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3060
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3061
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3062
Maple [F]	3066
Fricas [F]	3067
Sympy [F]	3067
Maxima [F]	3067
Giac [F]	3068
Mupad [F(-1)]	3068
Reduce [F]	3068

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 659

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^3 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = -\frac{(4+27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3x)^2} - \frac{(4+27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3x)}$$

$$- \frac{3x}{32 \left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)} - \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2(2-3x)}}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} \right)}{96 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} + (4+27x^2)^{2/3}}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)^2}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} \right)}{96 \cdot 2^{2/3} 3^{3/4} x \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)^2}}}}{ \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} + (4+27x^2)^{2/3}}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} \right)} \right) } ,$$

$$- \frac{144 \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[4]{3} x \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)^2}}}{192 \sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{\log \left( 54 \sqrt[3]{2} (2-3x) - 108 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2} \right)}{192 \sqrt[3]{2}}$$

output

```

-1/96*(27*x^2+4)^(2/3)/(2+3*x)^2-(27*x^2+4)^(2/3)/(192+288*x)-3*x/(32*2^(2
/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-32*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))+1/576*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/2)-1/3*2^(1/3)
*(2-3*x)*3^(1/2)/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)+1/576*2^(1/3)*(1/2*6^(1
/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(27*x^2+4)
^(1/3)+(27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*E
llipticE((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x
^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3
)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)-1/864*2^(5/6)*(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)
^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1
-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(27*x^
2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/
x/(-(2^(2/3)-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(
1/2)-1/384*ln(2+3*x)*2^(2/3)+1/384*ln(54*2^(1/3)*(2-3*x)-108*(27*x^2+4)^(1
/3))*2^(2/3)

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 16.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^3 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12(4+4x+27x^2+27x^3) - 4\sqrt[3]{3}(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{\frac{-2i\sqrt{3}+9x}{2+3x}} \sqrt[3]{\frac{2i\sqrt{3}+9x}{2+3x}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{6-2i\sqrt{3}}{6+9x}, \frac{6}{6+9x}\right)}{384(2+3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((2+3*x)^3*(4+27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]
```

output

```

(-12*(4+4*x+27*x^2+27*x^3)-4*3^(1/3)*(2+3*x)^2*(((2*I)*Sqrt[3]
+9*x)/(2+3*x))^(1/3)*((2*I)*Sqrt[3]+9*x)/(2+3*x))^(1/3)*AppellF1[2
/3,1/3,1/3,5/3,(6-(2*I)*Sqrt[3])/(6+9*x),(6+(2*I)*Sqrt[3])/(6+
9*x)]+6^(1/3)*(2*Sqrt[3]-(9*I)*x)^(1/3)*(2+3*x)^2*(-2*I+3*Sqrt[3]
*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3,2/3,5/3,1/2+((3*I)/4)*Sqrt[3]*x]/(384*(2+
3*x)^2*(4+27*x^2)^(1/3))

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 726, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 688, 27, 719, 233, 501, 833, 760, 2418}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^3 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 498 \\
 & -\frac{3}{32} \int -\frac{2(2-x)}{(3x+2)^2 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{96(3x+2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \int \frac{2-x}{(3x+2)^2 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{96(3x+2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( -\frac{1}{144} \int -\frac{24(3x+4)}{(3x+2)^3 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{18(3x+2)} \right) - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{96(3x+2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{3x+4}{(3x+2)^3 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{18(3x+2)} \right) - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{96(3x+2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + 2 \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^3 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx \right) - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{18(3x+2)} \right) - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{96(3x+2)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 233 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^3 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{2\sqrt{3}x} \right) - \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{18(3x+2)} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{96(3x+2)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 501

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{2\sqrt{3}x} + 2 \left( -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2(2-3x)}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\log\left(-27 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - 8\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{96(3x+2)^2}$$

↓ 833

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \left( 2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right)}{2\sqrt{3}x} + 2 \left( -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2(2-3x)}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\log\left(-27 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - 8\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{96(3x+2)^2}$$

↓ 760

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \left( -\int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - \frac{2^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3}) \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4})}}}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{x^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{3}x} + 2 \left( -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2(2-3x)}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\log\left(-27 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} - 8\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{(27x^2+4)^{2/3}}{96(3x+2)^2}$$

↓ 2418

$$\frac{\frac{3}{16} \sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} (1+\sqrt{3}) (2^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}) \sqrt{\frac{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4} + 2^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{(2^{\frac{2}{3}}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}}(1+\sqrt{3})}{2^{\frac{2}{3}}(1-\sqrt{3})}\right)\right)}{3 \cdot 3^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{x^2} \sqrt{\frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}{(2^{\frac{2}{3}}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4})^2}}}} \right)}{96(3x+2)^2 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}}$$

input `Int[1/((2 + 3*x)^3*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `-1/96*(4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3)/(2 + 3*x)^2 + (3*(-1/18*(4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3)/(2 + 3*x) + ((Sqrt[x^2]*((-6*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[x^2]))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3)) + (2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3))]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]]]/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2)]) - (2*2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1 + Sqrt[3])*(2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 + 27*x^2)^(2/3)]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]]]/(3*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2)])))/(2*Sqrt[3]*x) + 2*(-1/6*ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + (2^(1/3)*(2 - 3*x))/(Sqrt[3]*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3))]/(2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]) - Log[2 + 3*x]/(12*2^(1/3)) + Log[54 - 81*x - 27*2^(2/3)*(4 + 27*x^2)^(1/3)]/(12*2^(1/3)))/6)/16`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 233  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/3}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[3*(\text{Sqrt}[b*x^2]/(2*b*x)) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x/\text{Sqrt}[-a + x^3], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^{1/3}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 498  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) \ || \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]) \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[n + 2*p + 3], 0])$
- rule 501  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{1/3}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[6*b^2*(d^2/c^2), 3]\}, \text{Simp}[(-\text{Sqrt}[3])*b*d*(\text{ArcTan}[1/\text{Sqrt}[3] + 2*b*(c - d*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[3]*c*q*(a + b*x^2)^{1/3})]/(c^2*q^2)), x] + (-\text{Simp}[3*b*d*(\text{Log}[c + d*x]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[3*b*d*(\text{Log}[b*c - b*d*x - c*q*(a + b*x^2)^{1/3}]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x])] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2, 0]$
- rule 688  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 719  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_*)}((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 760

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-
s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x
] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 833

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 + Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 2418

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] + S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((
1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - S
qrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[
3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[a] &&
EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^3 (27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(3*x+2)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(1/(3*x+2)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^3 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3x+2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*x)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((27*x^2 + 4)^(2/3)/(729*x^5 + 1458*x^4 + 1080*x^3 + 432*x^2 + 144*x + 32), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^3 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^3 \sqrt[3]{27x^2+4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*x)**3/(27*x**2+4)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral(1/((3*x + 2)**3*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^3 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3x+2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*x)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*x + 2)^3), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^3 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3x+2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*x)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*x + 2)^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^3 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(3x+2)^3 (27x^2+4)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((3*x + 2)^3*(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)),x)`

output `int(1/((3*x + 2)^3*(27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(2+3x)^3 \sqrt[3]{4+27x^2}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{1}{27(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}x^3 + 54(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2 + 36(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}x + 8(27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(2+3*x)^3/(27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(1/(27*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*x**3 + 54*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*x**2 + 36*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*x + 8*(27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)),x)`

**3.349**  $\int \frac{(2+3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3069
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3070
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3071
Maple [C] (verified)	3075
Fricas [F]	3075
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3076
Maxima [F]	3076
Giac [F]	3077
Mupad [F(-1)]	3077
Reduce [F]	3077

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 564

$$\int \frac{(2+3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = -\frac{4}{35}(7i-4x)(4-27x^2)^{2/3} - \frac{1}{30}i(2+3ix)^2(4-27x^2)^{2/3} - \frac{96x}{7(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})}$$


---


$$16\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})\sqrt{\frac{2\sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}+(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}\right)\right)$$


---


$$21\sqrt[3]{3}x\sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})^2}}$$


---


$$32\sqrt[5]{2}(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})\sqrt{\frac{2\sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}+(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}\right)\right)$$


---


$$+ 63\sqrt[4]{3}x\sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})^2}}$$

output

```
-4/35*(7*I-4*x)*(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3)-1/30*I*(2+3*I*x)^2*(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3)-96*x/(7*2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-7*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))-16/63*2^(1/3)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)+32/189*2^(5/6)*(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = (4 - 27x^2)^{2/3} \left( -\frac{14i}{15} + \frac{6x}{7} + \frac{3ix^2}{10} \right) + \frac{16}{7} \sqrt[3]{2x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{27x^2}{4} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + (3*I)*x)^3/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3)*((-14*I)/15 + (6*x)/7 + ((3*I)/10)*x^2) + (16*2^(1/3)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 3/2, (27*x^2)/4])/7
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 645, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 676, 233, 833, 760, 2418}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(2+3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & -\frac{1}{90} \int -\frac{288(3ix+1)(3ix+2)}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{30} i(4-27x^2)^{2/3} (2+3ix)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{16}{5} \int \frac{(3ix+1)(3ix+2)}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{30} i(2+3ix)^2 (4-27x^2)^{2/3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 676 \\
 & \frac{16}{5} \left( \frac{10}{7} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{7} (4-27x^2)^{2/3} x - \frac{1}{4} i(4-27x^2)^{2/3} \right) - \frac{1}{30} i(2+ \\
 & \quad \quad \quad 3ix)^2 (4-27x^2)^{2/3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 233 \\
 & \frac{16}{5} \left( -\frac{5\sqrt{-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{7\sqrt{3}x} + \frac{1}{7} (4-27x^2)^{2/3} x - \frac{1}{4} i(4-27x^2)^{2/3} \right) - \frac{1}{30} i(2+ \\
 & \quad \quad \quad 3ix)^2 (4-27x^2)^{2/3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 833 \\
 & \frac{16}{5} \left( -\frac{5\sqrt{-x^2} \left( 2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)}{7\sqrt{3}x} + \frac{1}{7} (4-27x^2)^{2/3} \right) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \frac{1}{30} i(2+3ix)^2 (4-27x^2)^{2/3}
 \end{aligned}$$

760

$$\frac{16}{5} \left( 5\sqrt{-x^2} \left( - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - \frac{2^3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3}) \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(4-27x^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})}}}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{-x^2}} \right) \right) - \frac{\dots}{7\sqrt{3}x}$$

$$\frac{1}{30}i(2 + 3ix)^2 (4 - 27x^2)^{2/3}$$

2418

$$\frac{16}{5} \left( 5\sqrt{-x^2} \left( \frac{2^3\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3}) \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(4-27x^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + 2^3\sqrt[3]{2}}{\left( 2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} \right)}{\dots} \right)}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{-x^2} \sqrt{\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\left( 2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{30}i(2 + 3ix)^2 (4 - 27x^2)^{2/3}$$

input `Int[(2 + (3*I)*x)^3/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/30*I)*(2 + (3*I)*x)^2*(4 - 27*x^2)^{(2/3)} + (16*((-1/4*I)*(4 - 27*x^2)^{(2/3)} + (x*(4 - 27*x^2)^{(2/3)))/7 - (5*sqrt[-x^2]*((-6*sqrt[3]*sqrt[-x^2]))/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)}) + (2^{(1/3)}*sqrt[2 + sqrt[3]])*(2^{(2/3)} - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})*sqrt[(2*2^{(1/3)} + 2^{(2/3)}*(4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)} + (4 - 27*x^2)^{(2/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(2^{(2/3)}*(1 + sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})], -7 + 4*sqrt[3]])/(3*3^{(1/4)}*sqrt[-x^2]*sqrt[-((2^{(2/3)} - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})^2]) - (2*2^{(1/3)}*sqrt[2 - sqrt[3]]*(1 + sqrt[3])*(2^{(2/3)} - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})*sqrt[(2*2^{(1/3)} + 2^{(2/3)}*(4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)} + (4 - 27*x^2)^{(2/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(2^{(2/3)}*(1 + sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})], -7 + 4*sqrt[3]])/(3*3^{(3/4)}*sqrt[-x^2]*sqrt[-((2^{(2/3)} - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})^2])]))/(7*sqrt[3]*x))/5 \end{aligned}$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 233

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1/3}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[3*(sqrt[b*x^2]/(2*b*x)) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x/sqrt[-a + x^3], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^{(1/3)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 497

$$\text{Int}(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 676

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 760

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 833

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :> With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 + Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 2418

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] :> With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] + Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

method	result
risch	$-\frac{i(63x^2-180ix-196)(27x^2-4)}{210(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{16 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right)}{7}$
meijerg	$4 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right) + 9i \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, 1\right], [2], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right) - 9 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, 1, 1\right], [3], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right)$

input `int((2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/210*I*(-180*I*x+63*x^2-196)*(27*x^2-4)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+16/7*2^(1/3)*x*hypergeom([1/3,1/2],[3/2],27/4*x^2)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2+3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3ix+2)^3}{(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/630*(630*x*integral(128/63*(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3)/(27*x^4-4*x^2),x)+(189*I*x^3+540*x^2-588*I*x-320)*(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/x`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{(2+3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = -9 \cdot \sqrt[3]{2} x^3 {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{27x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{4} \right) + 4$$

$$\cdot \sqrt[3]{2} x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{27x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{4} \right) - i(4-27x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$- 27i \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^2(27x^2-4)^{\frac{2}{3}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{3}}}{90} + \frac{(27x^2-4)^{\frac{2}{3}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{3}}}{405} & \text{for } |x^2| > \frac{4}{27} \\ -\frac{x^2(4-27x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{90} - \frac{(4-27x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{405} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)**3/(-27*x**2+4)**(1/3),x)`

output `-9*2**(1/3)*x**3*hyper((1/3, 3/2), (5/2,), 27*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/4) + 4*2**(1/3)*x*hyper((1/3, 1/2), (3/2,), 27*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/4) - I*(4 - 27*x**2)**(2/3) - 27*I*Piecewise((x**2*(27*x**2 - 4)**(2/3)*exp(-I*pi/3)/90 + (27*x**2 - 4)**(2/3)*exp(-I*pi/3)/405, Abs(x**2) > 4/27), (-x**2*(4 - 27*x**2)**(2/3)/90 - (4 - 27*x**2)**(2/3)/405, True))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2+3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3ix+2)^3}{(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*I*x + 2)^3/(-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3ix + 2)^3}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*I*x + 2)^3/(-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(2 + x 3i)^3}{(4 - 27x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((x*3i + 2)^3/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3),x)`

output `int((x*3i + 2)^3/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(2 + 3ix)^3}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx &= -27 \left( \int \frac{x^3}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) i - 54 \left( \int \frac{x^2}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) \\ &+ 36 \left( \int \frac{x}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) i + 8 \left( \int \frac{1}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

output `- 27*int(x**3/(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x)*i - 54*int(x**2/(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x) + 36*int(x/(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x)*i + 8*int(1/(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x)`

**3.350**  $\int \frac{(2+3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3078
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3079
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3079
Maple [C] (verified)	3083
Fricas [F]	3084
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3084
Maxima [F]	3085
Giac [F]	3085
Mupad [F(-1)]	3085
Reduce [F]	3086

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 540

$$\int \frac{(2+3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{21}i(7+3ix)(4-27x^2)^{2/3} - \frac{72x}{7\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)}$$


---


$$4\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}\left(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{2^3\sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2+(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}\right)\right)$$


---


$$7\sqrt[3]{3}x\sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)^2}}$$


---


$$8\sqrt[5]{2}\left(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)\sqrt{\frac{2^3\sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3}}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2+(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}\right)\right)$$


---


$$+ 21\sqrt[4]{3}x\sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)^2}}$$

output

```
-1/21*I*(7+3*I*x)*(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3)-72*x/(7*2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-7*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))-4/21*2^(1/3)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)+8/63*2^(5/6)*(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2)))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \left( -\frac{i}{3} + \frac{x}{7} \right) (4 - 27x^2)^{2/3} + \frac{12}{7} \sqrt[3]{2} x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{27x^2}{4} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + (3*I)*x)^2/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(-1/3*I + x/7)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3) + (12*2^(1/3)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 3/2, (27*x^2)/4])/7
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 625, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 455, 233, 833, 760, 2418}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(2+3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 497 \\
& -\frac{1}{63} \int -\frac{108(5ix+2)}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{21} i(4-27x^2)^{2/3} (2+3ix) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{12}{7} \int \frac{5ix+2}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{21} i(2+3ix)(4-27x^2)^{2/3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 455 \\
& \frac{12}{7} \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx - \frac{5}{36} i(4-27x^2)^{2/3} \right) - \frac{1}{21} i(2+3ix)(4-27x^2)^{2/3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 233 \\
& \frac{12}{7} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\sqrt{3}x} - \frac{5}{36} i(4-27x^2)^{2/3} \right) - \frac{1}{21} i(2+3ix)(4-27x^2)^{2/3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 833 \\
& \frac{12}{7} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \left( 2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{3}x} - \frac{5}{36} i(4-27x^2)^{2/3} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{1}{21} i(2+3ix)(4-27x^2)^{2/3} \\
& \quad \downarrow 760
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \frac{12}{7} \sqrt{-x^2} \left( - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} dx \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - \frac{2^3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} (1+\sqrt{3}) (2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}) \sqrt{\frac{(4-27x^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}))^2}}}}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{-x^2}} \right) \right) \sqrt{3}x$$

$$\frac{1}{21} i(2 + 3ix) (4 - 27x^2)^{2/3}$$

↓ 2418

$$\left( \frac{12}{7} \sqrt{-x^2} \left( \frac{2^3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} (1+\sqrt{3}) (2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}) \sqrt{\frac{(4-27x^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}))^2}} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + 2^3 \sqrt[3]{2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})^2} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})} \right) \right)}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{-x^2} \sqrt{\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})^2}}} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{21} i(2 + 3ix) (4 - 27x^2)^{2/3}$$

input `Int[(2 + (3*I)*x)^2/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/21*I)*(2 + (3*I)*x)*(4 - 27*x^2)^{(2/3)} + (12*((-5*I)/36)*(4 - 27*x^2)^{(2/3)} \\ & - (\text{Sqrt}[-x^2]*((-6*\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[-x^2])/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})) \\ & + (2^{(1/3)}*\text{Sqrt}[2 + \text{Sqrt}[3]]*(2^{(2/3)} - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)}))*\text{Sqrt}[(2*2^{(1/3)} + 2^{(2/3)}*(4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)} + (4 - 27*x^2)^{(2/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(2^{(2/3)}*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})], -7 + 4*\text{Sqrt}[3]])/(3*3^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[-x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[-((2^{(2/3)} - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})^2])] - (2*2^{(1/3)}*\text{Sqrt}[2 - \text{Sqrt}[3]]*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])*(2^{(2/3)} - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})*\text{Sqrt}[(2*2^{(1/3)} + 2^{(2/3)}*(4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)} + (4 - 27*x^2)^{(2/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(2^{(2/3)}*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})], -7 + 4*\text{Sqrt}[3]])/(3*3^{(3/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[-x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[-((2^{(2/3)} - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})/(2^{(2/3)}*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^{(1/3)})^2])]))/( \text{Sqrt}[3]*x))/7 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) \text{ /; FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 233

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/3}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[3*(\text{Sqrt}[b*x^2]/(2*b*x)) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x/\text{Sqrt}[-a + x^3], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^{(1/3)}], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 455

$$\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 497

$$\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n - 2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 760

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-
s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])
*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x
] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 833

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 + Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 2418

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = N
umer[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)
]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] + S
imp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(
(1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - S
qrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[
3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[a] &&
EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-7i+3x)(27x^2-4)}{21(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{12 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right)}{7}$
meijerg	$2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right) + 3i \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, 1\right], [2], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right) - \frac{3 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, 1, 1\right], [3], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right)}{2}$

input

```
int((2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output  $-1/21*(-7*I+3*x)*(27*x^2-4)/(-27*x^2+4)^{(1/3)}+12/7*2^{(1/3)}*x*\text{hypergeom}([1/3, 1/2], [3/2], 27/4*x^2)$

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2+3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3ix+2)^2}{(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/21*(21*x*\text{integral}(32/21*(-27*x^2+4)^{(2/3)}/(27*x^4-4*x^2), x) + (3*x^2 - 7*I*x - 8)*(-27*x^2+4)^{(2/3)})/x$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.14

$$\int \frac{(2+3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = -\frac{3 \cdot \sqrt[3]{2} x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{27x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{4}\right)}{2} + 2$$

$$\cdot \sqrt[3]{2} x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{27x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{4}\right) - \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3}$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)**2/(-27*x**2+4)**(1/3),x)`

output  $-3*2^{(1/3)}*x**3*\text{hyper}((1/3, 3/2), (5/2, ), 27*x**2*\text{exp\_polar}(2*I*pi)/4)/2 + 2*2^{(1/3)}*x*\text{hyper}((1/3, 1/2), (3/2, ), 27*x**2*\text{exp\_polar}(2*I*pi)/4) - I*(4 - 27*x**2)**(2/3)/3$

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3ix + 2)^2}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*I*x + 2)^2/(-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3ix + 2)^2}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*I*x + 2)^2/(-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(2 + x 3i)^2}{(4 - 27x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((x*3i + 2)^2/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3), x)`

output `int((x*3i + 2)^2/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3ix)^2}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = -9 \left( \int \frac{x^2}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) + 12 \left( \int \frac{x}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) i + 4 \left( \int \frac{1}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right)$$

input `int((2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

output `- 9*int(x**2/(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x) + 12*int(x/(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x)*i + 4*int(1/(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x)`

### 3.351 $\int \frac{2+3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3087
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3088
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3088
Maple [C] (verified)	3091
Fricas [F]	3092
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3092
Maxima [F]	3092
Giac [F]	3093
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3093
Reduce [F]	3093

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 531

$$\int \frac{2+3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{12}i(4-27x^2)^{2/3} - \frac{6x}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}$$


---


$$\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})\sqrt{\frac{2^3\sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}+(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}\right)\right)$$


---


$$3\sqrt[3]{3}x\sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})^2}}$$


---


$$2\sqrt[5]{6}(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})\sqrt{\frac{2^3\sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}+(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}\right)\right)$$


---


$$+ 9\sqrt[4]{3}x\sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})^2}}$$

output

```
-1/12*I*(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3)-6*x/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))-1/9*
2^(1/3)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+
2^(2/3)*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2
+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(
2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(-
27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)+2/27*2^(
5/6)*(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(-2
7*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF
((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(
1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-
3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{2 + 3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{12}i(4 - 27x^2)^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{2}x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{27x^2}{4}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + (3*I)*x)/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3),x]
```

output

```
(-1/12*I)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3) + 2^(1/3)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/2, 3/2,
(27*x^2)/4]
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 596, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {455, 233, 833, 760, 2418}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{2 + 3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{12} i (4 - 27x^2)^{2/3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{233} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}}{\sqrt{3}x} - \frac{1}{12} i (4 - 27x^2)^{2/3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{833} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \left( 2^{2/3} (1 + \sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2} - \int \frac{2^{2/3} (1 + \sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2} \right)}{\sqrt{3}x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{760} \\
 & \sqrt{-x^2} \left( - \int \frac{2^{2/3} (1 + \sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2} - \frac{2^3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}} (1 + \sqrt{3}) (2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2})}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{-x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(4 - 27x^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}}{(2^{2/3} (1 - \sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2})^2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2418} \\
 & \sqrt{-x^2} \left( - \frac{2^3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}} (1 + \sqrt{3}) (2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2})}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4} \sqrt{-x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{(4 - 27x^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2} + 2^3 \sqrt{2}}{(2^{2/3} (1 - \sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2})^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3} (1 + \sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}}{2^{2/3} (1 - \sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. - \frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}}{(2^{2/3} (1 - \sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2})^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{1}{12} i (4 - 27x^2)^{2/3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 + (3*I)*x)/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3), x]`

output `(-1/12*I)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3) - (Sqrt[-x^2]*((-6*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-x^2])/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)) + (2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3)]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)]], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[-x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2)]) - (2*2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1 + Sqrt[3])*(2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3)]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)]], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[-x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2)])))/(Sqrt[3]*x)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 233 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[3*(Sqrt[b*x^2]/(2*b*x)) Subst[Int[x/Sqrt[-a + x^3], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/3)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 760 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])]*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 833 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 + Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 2418 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] + Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2)/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{i(27x^2-4)}{12(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 2^{\frac{1}{3}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right)$	37
meijerg	$2^{\frac{1}{3}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right) + \frac{3i2^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{3}, 1\right], [2], \frac{27x^2}{4}\right)}{4}$	38

input `int((2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/12*I*(27*x^2-4)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+2^(1/3)*x*hypergeom([1/3,1/2],[3/2],27/4*x^2)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{2 + 3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{3ix + 2}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/36*(36*x*integral(8/9*(-27*x^2 + 4)^(2/3)/(27*x^4 - 4*x^2), x) + (-27*x^2 + 4)^(2/3)*(-3*I*x - 8))/x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

$$\int \frac{2 + 3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \sqrt[3]{2} x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{27x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{4} \right) - \frac{i(4 - 27x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{12}$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)/(-27*x**2+4)**(1/3),x)`

output `2**(1/3)*x*hyper((1/3, 1/2), (3/2,), 27*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/4) - I*(4 - 27*x**2)**(2/3)/12`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{2 + 3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{3ix + 2}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*I*x + 2)/(-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{2 + 3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{3ix + 2}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*I*x + 2)/(-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.05

$$\int \frac{2 + 3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = 2^{1/3} x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{27x^2}{4}\right) - \frac{(4 - 27x^2)^{2/3} \operatorname{li}}{12}$$

input `int((x*3i + 2)/(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3),x)`

output `2^(1/3)*x*hypergeom([1/3, 1/2], 3/2, (27*x^2)/4) - ((4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3)*1i)/12`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{2 + 3ix}{\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = 3 \left( \int \frac{x}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) i + 2 \left( \int \frac{1}{(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right)$$

input `int((2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

output `3*int(x/(-27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x)*i + 2*int(1/(-27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3),x)`

**3.352**  $\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3094
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3094
Rubi [A] (verified)	3095
Maple [F]	3096
Fricas [F(-1)]	3096
Sympy [F]	3097
Maxima [F]	3097
Giac [F]	3097
Mupad [F(-1)]	3098
Reduce [F]	3098

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \frac{i \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}(2-3ix)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{i \log(2+3ix)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{i \log\left(-54\sqrt[3]{2}(2-3ix) + 108\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

output

```
-1/36*I*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/2)-1/3*2^(1/3)*(2-3*I*x)*3^(1/2)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))
)*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)+1/24*I*ln(2+3*I*x)*2^(2/3)-1/24*I*ln(-54*2^(1/3)*(2-3*I
*x)+108*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*2^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \frac{i\left(2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2\sqrt[3]{2}-3i\sqrt[3]{2}x+\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}\right) + 2 \log\left(-2\sqrt[3]{2} + 3i\sqrt[3]{2}x + 2\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right) - \log\left(-42^{2/3} + \dots\right)\right)}{36\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((2 + (3*I)*x)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `((-1/36*I)*(2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[3]*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2*2^(1/3) - (3*I)*2^(1/3)*x + (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)]) + 2*Log[-2*2^(1/3) + (3*I)*2^(1/3)*x + 2*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)] - Log[-4*2^(2/3) + (12*I)*2^(2/3)*x + 9*2^(2/3)*x^2 + 2*(-2 + (3*I)*x)*(8 - 54*x^2)^(1/3) - 4*(4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3)]))/2^(1/3)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$ , Rules used = {501}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + 3ix)\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx$$

↓ 501

$$\frac{i \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}(2-3ix)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}\right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{i \log\left(27 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + 81ix - 54\right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}} + \frac{i \log(2 + 3ix)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

input `Int[1/((2 + (3*I)*x)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `((I/6)*ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + (2^(1/3)*(2 - (3*I)*x))/(Sqrt[3]*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))]/(2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]) + ((I/12)*Log[2 + (3*I)*x])/2^(1/3) - ((I/12)*Log[-54 + (81*I)*x + 27*2^(2/3)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)])/2^(1/3)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 501

```
Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] :> With[
{q = Rt[6*b^2*(d^2/c^2), 3]}, Simp[(-Sqrt[3])*b*d*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*b*(
c - d*x)/(Sqrt[3]*c*q*(a + b*x^2)^(1/3))]/(c^2*q^2)), x] + (-Simp[3*b*d*(
Log[c + d*x]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x] + Simp[3*b*d*(Log[b*c - b*d*x - c*q*(a + b*x^
2)^(1/3)]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 - 3*a*d
^2, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(3ix + 2)(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)
```

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + 3ix)\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = -i \int \frac{1}{3x\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - 2i\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)/(-27*x**2+4)**(1/3), x)`

output `-I*Integral(1/(3*x*(4 - 27*x**2)**(1/3) - 2*I*(4 - 27*x**2)**(1/3)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3ix+2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*I*x + 2)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3ix+2)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*I*x + 2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + 3ix)\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2 + x 3i) (4 - 27x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x*3i + 2)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)),x)`output `int(1/((x*3i + 2)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + 3ix)\sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{3(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}} ix + 2(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(2+3*I*x)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`output `int(1/(3*(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*i*x + 2*(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)),x)`

**3.353**  $\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3099
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3100
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3101
Maple [F]	3105
Fricas [F(-1)]	3105
Sympy [F]	3106
Maxima [F]	3106
Giac [F]	3106
Mupad [F(-1)]	3107
Reduce [F]	3107

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 653

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{48(2+3ix)} - \frac{3x}{16 \left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)} + \frac{i \arctan \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2(2-3ix)}}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} \right)}{24 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt{3}}$$


---


$$\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2^3 \sqrt{2} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + (4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)^2}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} \right) \right)}{48 \cdot 2^{2/3} 3^{3/4} x \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)^2}}}$$


---


$$\frac{\left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2^3 \sqrt{2} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + (4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} \right) \right)}{72 \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[4]{3} x \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)^2}}}$$


---


$$+ \frac{i \log(2+3ix)}{48 \sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{i \log \left( -54 \sqrt[3]{2} (2-3ix) + 108 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)}{48 \sqrt[3]{2}}$$



output

```

1/48*I*(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3)/(2+3*I*x)-3*x/(16*2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-16*(-27*x^2
+4)^(1/3))-1/144*I*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/2)-1/3*2^(1/3)*(2-3*I*x)*3^(1/2)/(-27*
x^2+4)^(1/3))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)-1/288*2^(1/3)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2^(
2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3))*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(-27*x^2+4)^(
2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((2^(2/3)
*(1+3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*
I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/x/(-(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-
(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)+1/432*2^(5/6)*(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*
2^(1/3)+2^(2/3))*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-
(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/
3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/x/(-(2^(
2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)+
1/96*I*ln(2+3*I*x)*2^(2/3)-1/96*I*ln(-54*2^(1/3)*(2-3*I*x)+108*(-27*x^2+4)
^(1/3))*2^(2/3)

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{2\sqrt{3}-9x}{2i-3x}} \sqrt[3]{\frac{2\sqrt{3}+9x}{-2i+3x}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{8}{3}, \frac{2(3i+\sqrt{3})}{6i-9x}, \frac{2(-3i+\sqrt{3})}{-6i+9x}\right)}{5 \cdot 3^{2/3} (-2i+3x) \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((2+(3*I)*x)^2*(4-27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]
```

output

```

(((2*Sqrt[3]-9*x)/(2*I-3*x))^(1/3)*((2*Sqrt[3]+9*x)/(-2*I+3*x))^(1
/3)*AppellF1[5/3, 1/3, 1/3, 8/3, (2*(3*I+Sqrt[3]))/(6*I-9*x), (2*(-3*I
+Sqrt[3]))/(-6*I+9*x)])/((5*3^(2/3)*(-2*I+3*x)*(4-27*x^2)^(1/3))

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 725, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {498, 25, 719, 233, 501, 833, 760, 2418}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 498 \\
 & \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{48(2+3ix)} - \frac{3}{16} \int -\frac{ix+2}{(3ix+2)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \int \frac{ix+2}{(3ix+2)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{48(2+3ix)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx + \frac{4}{3} \int \frac{1}{(3ix+2)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{48(2+3ix)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 233 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt[3]{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{6\sqrt{3}x} + \frac{4}{3} \int \frac{1}{(3ix+2)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{48(2+3ix)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 501 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt[3]{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{6\sqrt{3}x} + \frac{4}{3} \left( \frac{i \arctan \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}(2-3ix)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} \right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{i \log \left( 27 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + 81 \right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}} \right) \right) + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{48(2+3ix)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 833
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \left( 2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d^3\sqrt{4-27x^2} - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d^3\sqrt{4-27x^2} \right)}{6\sqrt{3}x} \right) + \frac{4}{3} \left( i \arctan \left( \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{48(2+3ix)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 760

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \left( - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d^3\sqrt{4-27x^2} - \frac{2^3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3}) \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{(4-27x^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}}{(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2})}}}{3 \cdot 3^{3/4}\sqrt{-x^2}} \right)}{6\sqrt{3}x} \right)$$

↓ 2418

$$\frac{3}{16} \sqrt{-x^2} \left( \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} (1+\sqrt{3}) \left(2^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{(4-27x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + 2^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\left(2^{\frac{2}{3}}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}}(1+\sqrt{3})}{2^{\frac{2}{3}}(1-\sqrt{3})}\right)}{\frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}}(1+\sqrt{3})}{2^{\frac{2}{3}}(1-\sqrt{3})}}\right)}{3 \cdot 3^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{-x^2} \sqrt{\frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\left(2^{\frac{2}{3}}(1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)^2}} \right) - \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{48(2+3ix)}$$

input `Int[1/((2 + (3*I)*x)^2*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `((I/48)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3))/(2 + (3*I)*x) + (3*(-1/6*(Sqrt[-x^2]*((-6*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-x^2])/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)) + (2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3)]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[-x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2)]) - (2*2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1 + Sqrt[3])*(2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3)]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]])/(3*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[-x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2)])))/(Sqrt[3]*x) + (4*(((I/6)*ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + (2^(1/3)*(2 - (3*I)*x))/(Sqrt[3]*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))])/(2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]) + ((I/12)*Log[2 + (3*I)*x])/2^(1/3) - ((I/12)*Log[-54 + (81*I)*x + 27*2^(2/3)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)]/2^(1/3)))/3)/16`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 233 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[3*(Sqrt[b*x^2]/(2*b*x))  
Subst[Int[x/Sqrt[-a + x^3], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/3)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`
- rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`
- rule 501 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[6*b^2*(d^2/c^2), 3]}, Simp[(-Sqrt[3])*b*d*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*b*(c - d*x)/(Sqrt[3]*c*q*(a + b*x^2)^(1/3))]/(c^2*q^2)), x] + (-Simp[3*b*d*(Log[c + d*x]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x] + Simp[3*b*d*(Log[b*c - b*d*x - c*q*(a + b*x^2)^(1/3)]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 - 3*a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 760 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 833 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 + Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 2418 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] + Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/(1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x]^2)/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(3ix + 2)^2 (-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(1/(2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + 3ix)^2 \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{9x^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - 12ix \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - 4 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)**2/(-27*x**2+4)**(1/3),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(9*x**2*(4 - 27*x**2)**(1/3) - 12*I*x*(4 - 27*x**2)**(1/3) - 4*(4 - 27*x**2)**(1/3)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3ix+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*I*x + 2)^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3ix+2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*I*x + 2)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + 3ix)^2 \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2 + x 3i)^2 (4 - 27x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x*3i + 2)^2*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)),x)`output `int(1/((x*3i + 2)^2*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(2 + 3ix)^2 \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{1}{12(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}} ix - 9(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}} x^2 + 4(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(2+3*I*x)^2/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`output `int(1/(12*(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*i*x - 9*(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*x**2 + 4*(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)),x)`



**3.354**  $\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^3 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3108
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3109
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3110
Maple [F]	3115
Fricas [F(-1)]	3115
Sympy [F]	3116
Maxima [F]	3116
Giac [F]	3116
Mupad [F(-1)]	3117
Reduce [F]	3117

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 679

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^3 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2} + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)}$$

$$- \frac{3x}{32 \left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)} + \frac{i \arctan \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2(2-3ix)}}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} \right)}{96 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt{3}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}} \left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + (4-27x^2)^{2/3}}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)^2}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} \right)}{96 \cdot 2^{2/3} 3^{3/4} x \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)^2}}}}{\left( 2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{2 \sqrt[3]{2+2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + (4-27x^2)^{2/3}}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{2^{2/3} (1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} \right)} \right)},$$

$$+ \frac{144 \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[4]{3} x \sqrt{-\frac{2^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\left( 2^{2/3} (1-\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)^2}}}{192 \sqrt[3]{2}} - \frac{i \log \left( -54 \sqrt[3]{2} (2-3ix) + 108 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)}{192 \sqrt[3]{2}}$$

output

```

1/96*I*(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3)/(2+3*I*x)^2+1/96*I*(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3)/(2+3*I*x)-3*
x/(32*2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-32*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))-1/576*I*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/2)
)-1/3*2^(1/3)*(2-3*I*x)*3^(1/2)/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2)-1/576*2
^(1/3)*(1/2*6^(1/2)+1/2*2^(1/2))*(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2
^(2/3)*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(-27*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+
4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2
/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(1/4)/x/(-2^(2/3)-(-2
7*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)+1/864*2^(
5/6)*(2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*((2*2^(1/3)+2^(2/3)*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3)+(-2
7*x^2+4)^(2/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)*EllipticF
((2^(2/3)*(1+3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)
^(1/3)),2*I-I*3^(1/2))*3^(3/4)/x/(-2^(2/3)-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1-
3^(1/2))-(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))^2)^(1/2)+1/384*I*ln(2+3*I*x)*2^(2/3)-1/384*I*ln
(-54*2^(1/3)*(2-3*I*x)+108*(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3))*2^(2/3)

```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^3 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{i \sqrt[3]{\frac{2\sqrt{3}-9x}{2i-3x}} \sqrt[3]{\frac{2\sqrt{3}+9x}{-2i+3x}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{8}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{11}{3}, \frac{2(3i+\sqrt{3})}{6i-9x}, \frac{2(-3i+\sqrt{3})}{-6i+9x}\right)}{8 \cdot 3^{2/3} (2i-3x)^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((2+(3*I)*x)^3*(4-27*x^2)^(1/3)),x]
```

output

```

((-1/8*I)*((2*Sqrt[3]-9*x)/(2*I-3*x))^(1/3)*((2*Sqrt[3]+9*x)/(-2*I+
3*x))^(1/3)*AppellF1[8/3, 1/3, 1/3, 11/3, (2*(3*I+Sqrt[3]))/(6*I-9*x)
, (2*(-3*I+Sqrt[3]))/(-6*I+9*x)])/(3^(2/3)*(2*I-3*x)^2*(4-27*x^2)^(
1/3))

```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 754, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 688, 27, 719, 233, 501, 833, 760, 2418}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^3 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 498 \\
 & \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2} - \frac{3}{32} \int \frac{2(2-ix)}{(3ix+2)^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \int \frac{2-ix}{(3ix+2)^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{144} \int \frac{24(3ix+4)}{(3ix+2) \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{18(2+3ix)} \right) + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{3ix+4}{(3ix+2) \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{18(2+3ix)} \right) + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx + 2 \int \frac{1}{(3ix+2) \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{18(2+3ix)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 233
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2\sqrt{3}x} + 2 \int \frac{1}{(3ix+2)\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx \right) + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{18(2+3ix)} \right) + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2}$$

↓ 501

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2\sqrt{3}x} + 2 \left( \frac{i \arctan \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}(2-3ix)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} \right)}{6\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{i \log \left( 27 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + \dots \right)}{12\sqrt[3]{2}} \right) \right) + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2}$$

↓ 833

$$\frac{3}{16} \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{-x^2} \left( 2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt[3]{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{3}x} + 2 \left( \frac{i \arctan \dots}{\dots} \right) \right) + \frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2}$$

↓ 760

$$\left( \frac{3}{16} \right) \left( \frac{1}{6} \right) \left( \sqrt{-x^2} - \int \frac{2^{2/3}(1+\sqrt{3}) - \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-x^2}} d\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3})\left(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{(4-27x^2)^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)^2}}}{3\sqrt[3]{4}\sqrt{-x^2}} \right) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}x}$$

$$\frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2}$$

↓ 2418

$$\left( \frac{3}{16} \right) \left( \frac{1}{6} \right) \left( \sqrt{-x^2} - \int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3})\left(2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{(4-27x^2)^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + 2\sqrt[3]{2}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}\right)}{\frac{2^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}}{\left(2^{2/3}(1-\sqrt{3})-\sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}\right)^2}} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{4}\sqrt{-x^2}} \right) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}x}$$

$$\frac{i(4-27x^2)^{2/3}}{96(2+3ix)^2}$$

input `Int[1/((2 + (3*I)*x)^3*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)), x]`

output

```

((I/96)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3))/(2 + (3*I)*x)^2 + (3*((I/18)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3)))/(2 + (3*I)*x) + (-1/2*(Sqrt[-x^2]*((-6*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[-x^2])/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))) + (2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3))]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]]]/(3*3^(1/4)*Sqrt[-x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2)]) - (2*2^(1/3)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(1 + Sqrt[3])*(2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)))*Sqrt[(2*2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3) + (4 - 27*x^2)^(2/3))]/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(2^(2/3)*(1 + Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]]]/(3*3^(3/4)*Sqrt[-x^2]*Sqrt[-((2^(2/3) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))/(2^(2/3)*(1 - Sqrt[3]) - (4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))^2)])))/(Sqrt[3]*x) + 2*((I/6)*ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + (2^(1/3)*(2 - (3*I)*x))/(Sqrt[3]*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3))]/(2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]) + ((I/12)*Log[2 + (3*I)*x])/2^(1/3) - ((I/12)*Log[-54 + (81*I)*x + 27*2^(2/3)*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)]/2^(1/3)))/6)/16

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```

Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]

```

rule 233

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[3*(Sqrt[b*x^2]/(2*b*x)) Subst[Int[x/Sqrt[-a + x^3], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/3)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]

```

rule 498

```

Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^n)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])

```

rule 501 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] := With[  
 {q = Rt[6*b^2*(d^2/c^2), 3]}, Simp[(-Sqrt[3])*b*d*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*b*(  
 (c - d*x)/(Sqrt[3]*c*q*(a + b*x^2)^(1/3))]/(c^2*q^2)), x] + (-Simp[3*b*d*(  
 Log[c + d*x]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x] + Simp[3*b*d*(Log[b*c - b*d*x - c*q*(a + b*x^  
 2)^(1/3)]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 - 3*a*d  
 ^2, 0]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
 _), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(  
 (m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +  
 e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m  
 + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]  
 && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
 _), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +  
 Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,  
 d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 760 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],  
 s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s  
 *x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-  
 s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])  
 *s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x  
 ] && NegQ[a]`

rule 833 `Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]  
 ], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 + Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x  
 ^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x  
 ]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 2418

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 + Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] + Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[(-s)*((s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2)])]*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 + 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(3ix + 2)^3 (-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + 3ix)^3 \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^3 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$$

$$= i \int \frac{1}{27x^3 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - 54ix^2 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} - 36x \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2} + 8i \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)**3/(-27*x**2+4)**(1/3),x)`

output `I*Integral(1/(27*x**3*(4 - 27*x**2)**(1/3) - 54*I*x**2*(4 - 27*x**2)**(1/3) - 36*x*(4 - 27*x**2)**(1/3) + 8*I*(4 - 27*x**2)**(1/3)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^3 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3ix+2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*I*x + 2)^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+3ix)^3 \sqrt[3]{4-27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-27x^2+4)^{\frac{1}{3}}(3ix+2)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-27*x^2 + 4)^(1/3)*(3*I*x + 2)^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + 3ix)^3 \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2 + x 3i)^3 (4 - 27x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x*3i + 2)^3*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)),x)`output `int(1/((x*3i + 2)^3*(4 - 27*x^2)^(1/3)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + 3ix)^3 \sqrt[3]{4 - 27x^2}} dx =$$

$$-\left( \int \frac{1}{27(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}} ix^3 - 36(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}} ix + 54(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}} x^2 - 8(-27x^2 + 4)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right)$$

input `int(1/(2+3*I*x)^3/(-27*x^2+4)^(1/3),x)`output `- int(1/(27*(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*i*x**3 - 36*(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*i*x + 54*(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)*x**2 - 8*(- 27*x**2 + 4)**(1/3)),x)`

**3.355**  $\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3118
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3118
Rubi [A] (verified)	3119
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3120
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3121
Sympy [F]	3122
Maxima [F]	3122
Giac [F]	3123
Mupad [F(-1)]	3123
Reduce [F]	3123

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx = -\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2^{2/3}(\sqrt{3}-x)}{3\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}}\right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{3}+x)}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(2^{2/3}(\sqrt{3}-x) - 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}\right)}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}}$$

output

```
1/6*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/2)-1/3*2^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)-x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)-1/4*ln(x+3^(1/2))*2^(1/3)+1/4*ln(2^(2/3)*(3^(1/2)-x)-2*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/3))*2^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}+x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2^{2/3}x - \sqrt{3}\left(2^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{1+x^2}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}}\right) + 2 \log\left(-32^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}x + 6\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}\right) - \log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt[3]{2}\right)}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((Sqrt[3] + x)*(1 + x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(2^(2/3)*x - Sqrt[3]*(2^(2/3) + (1 + x^2)^(1/3)))/(3*(1 + x^2)^(1/3))] + 2*Log[-3*2^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*x + 6*(1 + x^2)^(1/3)] - Log[-(2^(1/3)*x^2) + 2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]*x*(2 + 2^(1/3)*(1 + x^2)^(1/3)) - 3*(2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(1 + x^2)^(1/3) + 2*(1 + x^2)^(2/3))]/(6*2^(2/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$ , Rules used = {501}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

↓ 501

$$-\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(\sqrt{3}-x)}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2+1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{x^2+1} - x + \sqrt{3}\right)}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x + \sqrt{3})}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}}$$

input `Int[1/((Sqrt[3] + x)*(1 + x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `-(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + (2^(2/3)*(Sqrt[3] - x))/(3*(1 + x^2)^(1/3))]/(2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3])) - Log[Sqrt[3] + x]/(2*2^(2/3)) + Log[Sqrt[3] - x - 2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]*(1 + x^2)^(1/3)]/(2*2^(2/3))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 501

```
Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] :> With[
{q = Rt[6*b^2*(d^2/c^2), 3]}, Simp[(-Sqrt[3])*b*d*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*b*(
(c - d*x)/(Sqrt[3]*c*q*(a + b*x^2)^(1/3))]/(c^2*q^2)), x] + (-Simp[3*b*d*(
Log[c + d*x]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x] + Simp[3*b*d*(Log[b*c - b*d*x - c*q*(a + b*x^
2)^(1/3)]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 - 3*a*d
^2, 0]
```

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 26.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2447, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.08

method	result	size
trager	Expression too large to display	2447

input

```
int(1/(3^(1/2)+x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/18*3^(1/2)*(6*ln(-(60*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2)
1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)^2*x^3+2*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2)
)^3*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*x
^3-144*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_
Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(2/3)*x-864*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/
2))*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*(
x^2+1)^(1/3)*x+144*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+
6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/3)*x^2-54*RootOf(_
Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*(x^2+1)^(1/3)*x+9*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1
)^(1/3)*x^2+540*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6
*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)^2*x+18*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^3*RootOf
(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*x+432*RootO
f(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2)
))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*(x^2+1)^(2/3)-30*3^(1/2)*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*
RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*x^3-RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*x^3-
162*(x^2+1)^(2/3)*x+432*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2)
))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/3)+27*RootOf(_
_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/3)-270*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^
2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*3^(1/2)*x+1890*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6
*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*x^2-9*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 282 vs. 2(77) = 154.

Time = 2.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3} + x) \sqrt[3]{1 + x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\cdot 4^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{4^{\frac{1}{6}} \sqrt{3} \left( 6 \cdot 4^{\frac{2}{3}} (x^4 + 8 \sqrt{3} x^3 - 18 x^2 - 27) (x^2 + 1)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^6 + 99 x^4 + 243 x^2 + 12 \sqrt{3} x) \right)}{6 (x^6 - 225 x^4 - 4} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{24}$$

$$\cdot 4^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left( \frac{3 \cdot 4^{\frac{2}{3}} (x^2 - 2 \sqrt{3} x + 3) (x^2 + 1)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^4 + 18 x^2 - 4 \sqrt{3} (x^3 + 3 x) + 9) + 2 (9 x^2 - \sqrt{3} (x^3 + 3 x))}{x^4 - 6 x^2 + 9} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{12} \cdot 4^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left( \frac{4^{\frac{1}{3}} (x^2 - 2 \sqrt{3} x + 3) + 2 (x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} (\sqrt{3} x - 3)}{x^2 - 3} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(3^(1/2)+x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*4^(1/6)*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/6*4^(1/6)*sqrt(3)*(6*4^(2/3)*(x^4 + 8*sqrt(3)
)*x^3 - 18*x^2 - 27)*(x^2 + 1)^(2/3) + 4^(1/3)*(x^6 + 99*x^4 + 243*x^2 + 1
2*sqrt(3)*(x^5 + 10*x^3 + 9*x) + 81) + 4*(21*x^4 + 54*x^2 + sqrt(3)*(x^5 -
42*x^3 - 27*x) + 81)*(x^2 + 1)^(1/3))/(x^6 - 225*x^4 - 405*x^2 - 243)) -
1/24*4^(2/3)*log((3*4^(2/3)*(x^2 - 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3)*(x^2 + 1)^(2/3) + 4^(1
/3)*(x^4 + 18*x^2 - 4*sqrt(3)*(x^3 + 3*x) + 9) + 2*(9*x^2 - sqrt(3)*(x^3 +
9*x) + 9)*(x^2 + 1)^(1/3))/(x^4 - 6*x^2 + 9)) + 1/12*4^(2/3)*log((4^(1/3)
*(x^2 - 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3) + 2*(x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(sqrt(3)*x - 3))/(x^2 - 3))`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3} + x) \sqrt[3]{1 + x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x + \sqrt{3}) \sqrt[3]{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3**(1/2)+x)/(x**2+1)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral(1/((x + sqrt(3))*(x**2 + 1)**(1/3)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3} + x) \sqrt[3]{1 + x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} (x + \sqrt{3})} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3^(1/2)+x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x + sqrt(3))), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3} + x) \sqrt[3]{1 + x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} (x + \sqrt{3})} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3^(1/2)+x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x + sqrt(3))), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3} + x) \sqrt[3]{1 + x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} (x + \sqrt{3})} dx$$

input `int(1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x + 3^(1/2))),x)`

output `int(1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x + 3^(1/2))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3} + x) \sqrt[3]{1 + x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{3} \left( \int \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} x^2 - 3(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) + \int \frac{x}{(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} x^2 - 3(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(3^(1/2)+x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3),x)`

output `- sqrt(3)*int(1/((x**2 + 1)**(1/3)*x**2 - 3*(x**2 + 1)**(1/3)),x) + int(x/((x**2 + 1)**(1/3)*x**2 - 3*(x**2 + 1)**(1/3)),x)`



**3.356**  $\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}-x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3124
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3124
Rubi [A] (verified)	3125
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3126
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3127
Sympy [F]	3128
Maxima [F]	3128
Giac [F]	3129
Mupad [F(-1)]	3129
Reduce [F]	3129

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}-x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2^{2/3}(\sqrt{3}+x)}{3\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}}\right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{3}-x)}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}} - \frac{\log\left(2^{2/3}(\sqrt{3}+x) - 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}\right)}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}}$$

output

```
1/6*arctan(1/3*3^(1/2)+1/3*2^(2/3)*(x+3^(1/2)))/(x^2+1)^(1/3))*2^(1/3)*3^(1/2)+1/4*ln(3^(1/2)-x)*2^(1/3)-1/4*ln(2^(2/3)*(x+3^(1/2))-2*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/3))*2^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}-x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2^{2/3}x + \sqrt{3}\left(2^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{1+x^2}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}}\right) - 2 \log\left(3 \cdot 2^{2/3} + 2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}x - 6\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}\right) + \log\left(\sqrt[3]{2}x^2 + \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}x\right)}{6 \cdot 2^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((Sqrt[3] - x)*(1 + x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(2^(2/3)*x + Sqrt[3]*(2^(2/3) + (1 + x^2)^(1/3)))/(3*(1 + x^2)^(1/3))] - 2*Log[3*2^(2/3) + 2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]*x - 6*(1 + x^2)^(1/3)] + Log[2^(1/3)*x^2 + 2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]*x*(2 + 2^(1/3)*(1 + x^2)^(1/3)) + 3*(2^(1/3) + 2^(2/3)*(1 + x^2)^(1/3) + 2*(1 + x^2)^(2/3))]/(6*2^(2/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$ , Rules used = {501}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3} - x) \sqrt[3]{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

↓ 501

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2^{2/3}(x+\sqrt{3})}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2+1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{x^2+1} + x + \sqrt{3}\right)}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{3} - x)}{2 \cdot 2^{2/3}}$$

input `Int[1/((Sqrt[3] - x)*(1 + x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + (2^(2/3)*(Sqrt[3] + x))/(3*(1 + x^2)^(1/3))]/(2^(2/3)*Sqrt[3]) + Log[Sqrt[3] - x]/(2*2^(2/3)) - Log[Sqrt[3] + x - 2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]*(1 + x^2)^(1/3)]/(2*2^(2/3))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 501

```
Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] :> With[
{q = Rt[6*b^2*(d^2/c^2), 3]}, Simp[(-Sqrt[3])*b*d*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*b*(
(c - d*x)/(Sqrt[3]*c*q*(a + b*x^2)^(1/3))]/(c^2*q^2)), x] + (-Simp[3*b*d*(
Log[c + d*x]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x] + Simp[3*b*d*(Log[b*c - b*d*x - c*q*(a + b*x^
2)^(1/3)]/(2*c^2*q^2)), x]]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 - 3*a*d
^2, 0]
```

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 26.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1625, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.78

method	result	size
trager	Expression too large to display	1625

input

```
int(1/(3^(1/2)-x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/18*3^(1/2)*(6*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*
_Z+36*_Z^2)*ln(-(-72*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2)
)^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(2/3)*x-6*RootOf(
_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2)
)*_Z+36*_Z^2)^2*x^3+4*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^3*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2)
)^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*x^3+270*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*Ro
otOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*(x^2+1)
^(1/3)*x+72*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*(x^2+1)^(1/3)*x+45*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1
/2))*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*
3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/3)*x^2+12*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/3
)*x^2-81*(x^2+1)^(2/3)*x+3*3^(1/2)*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootO
f(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*x^3-2*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^3^(1/2)*x^3-54*
RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3
^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)^2*x+36*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^3*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3
^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*x-216*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2)
)^2*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*(
x^2+1)^(2/3)+135*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*
RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/3)+36*RootOf(_Z^3-6*
3^(1/2))^2*3^(1/2)*(x^2+1)^(1/3)+27*RootOf(RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))^2+6*Root
Of(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*_Z+36*_Z^2)*3^(1/2)*x-18*RootOf(_Z^3-6*3^(1/2))*3^(1...

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 282 vs.  $2(74) = 148$ .

Time = 2.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}-x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\cdot 4^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( -\frac{4^{\frac{1}{6}}\sqrt{3} \left( 6 \cdot 4^{\frac{2}{3}}(x^4 - 8\sqrt{3}x^3 - 18x^2 - 27)(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^6 + 99x^4 + 243x^2 - 12\sqrt{3}) \right)}{6(x^6 - 225x^4 - \dots)} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{24}$$

$$\cdot 4^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left( \frac{3 \cdot 4^{\frac{2}{3}}(x^2 + 2\sqrt{3}x + 3)(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^4 + 18x^2 + 4\sqrt{3}(x^3 + 3x) + 9) + 2(9x^2 + \sqrt{3}(x^3 + \dots)}{x^4 - 6x^2 + 9} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{12} \cdot 4^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left( \frac{4^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^2 + 2\sqrt{3}x + 3) - 2(x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(\sqrt{3}x + 3)}{x^2 - 3} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(3^(1/2)-x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*4^(1/6)*sqrt(3)*arctan(-1/6*4^(1/6)*sqrt(3)*(6*4^(2/3)*(x^4 - 8*sqrt(3)*x^3 - 18*x^2 - 27)*(x^2 + 1)^(2/3) + 4^(1/3)*(x^6 + 99*x^4 + 243*x^2 - 12*sqrt(3)*(x^5 + 10*x^3 + 9*x) + 81) + 4*(21*x^4 + 54*x^2 - sqrt(3)*(x^5 - 42*x^3 - 27*x) + 81)*(x^2 + 1)^(1/3))/(x^6 - 225*x^4 - 405*x^2 - 243)) + 1/24*4^(2/3)*log((3*4^(2/3)*(x^2 + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3)*(x^2 + 1)^(2/3) + 4^(1/3)*(x^4 + 18*x^2 + 4*sqrt(3)*(x^3 + 3*x) + 9) + 2*(9*x^2 + sqrt(3)*(x^3 + 9*x) + 9)*(x^2 + 1)^(1/3))/(x^4 - 6*x^2 + 9)) - 1/12*4^(2/3)*log((4^(1/3)*(x^2 + 2*sqrt(3)*x + 3) - 2*(x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(sqrt(3)*x + 3))/(x^2 - 3))`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}-x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt[3]{x^2+1} - \sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3**(1/2)-x)/(x**2+1)**(1/3),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(x*(x**2 + 1)**(1/3) - sqrt(3)*(x**2 + 1)**(1/3)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}-x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x-\sqrt{3})} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3^(1/2)-x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x - sqrt(3))), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}-x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x-\sqrt{3})} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3^(1/2)-x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x - sqrt(3))), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}-x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx = -\int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x-\sqrt{3})} dx$$

input `int(-1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x - 3^(1/2))),x)`

output `-int(1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x - 3^(1/2))), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{3}-x)\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} dx = -\sqrt{3} \left( \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2-3(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) - \left( \int \frac{x}{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}x^2-3(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right)$$

input `int(1/(3^(1/2)-x)/(x^2+1)^(1/3),x)`

output `-(sqrt(3)*int(1/((x**2 + 1)**(1/3)*x**2 - 3*(x**2 + 1)**(1/3)),x) + int(x/((x**2 + 1)**(1/3)*x**2 - 3*(x**2 + 1)**(1/3)),x))`

$$3.357 \quad \int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3130
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3130
Rubi [A] (verified)	3131
Maple [C] (verified)	3132
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3133
Sympy [F]	3134
Maxima [F]	3134
Giac [F]	3134
Mupad [F(-1)]	3135
Reduce [F]	3135

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1+x}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{4}\log(3-x) \\ - \frac{1}{8}\log(3+3x) + \frac{3}{8}\log\left(3+3x+6\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}\right)$$

output

```
1/4*3^(1/2)*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/2)+1/3*(1+x)*3^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3))-1/4*ln(3-x)-1/8*ln(3+3*x)+3/8*ln(3+3*x+6*(-x^2+1)^(1/3))
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left( -2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}}{1+x-\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}}\right) + 2\log\left(1+x + 2\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}\right) - \log\left(1+2x+x^2-2(1+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}+4(1-x^2)^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((3 - x)*(1 - x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output  $(-2\sqrt{3}\operatorname{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{3}(1-x^2)^{1/3}}{1+x-(1-x^2)^{1/3}}] + 2\operatorname{Log}[1+x+2(1-x^2)^{1/3}] - \operatorname{Log}[1+2x+x^2-2(1+x)(1-x^2)^{1/3}+4(1-x^2)^{2/3}])/8$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {502, 133}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 502$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1-x}(3-x)\sqrt[3]{x+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 133$$

$$-\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{(x+1)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{1-x}}\right) - \frac{1}{4}\log(3-x) + \frac{3}{8}\log\left(-\frac{1}{2}(x+1)^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{1-x}\right)$$

input `Int[1/((3 - x)*(1 - x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output  $-1/4*(\sqrt{3}\operatorname{ArcTan}[1/\sqrt{3} - (1+x)^{2/3}/(\sqrt{3}(1-x)^{1/3})]) - \operatorname{Log}[3-x]/4 + (3*\operatorname{Log}[-(1-x)^{1/3} - (1+x)^{2/3}])/8$



## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 133

```
Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(1/3))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
^(1/3)), x_] := With[{q = Rt[b*((b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d)^2), 3]}, Simp[-Log[
a + b*x]/(2*q*(b*c - a*d)), x] + (-Simp[Sqrt[3]*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*q*((c
+ d*x)^(2/3)/(Sqrt[3]*(e + f*x)^(1/3)))]/(2*q*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[3*(
Log[q*(c + d*x)^(2/3) - (e + f*x)^(1/3)]/(4*q*(b*c - a*d))), x]] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[2*b*d*e - b*c*f - a*d*f, 0]
```

rule 502

```
Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^(1/3) Int[1/((c + d*x)*(1 - 3*d*(x/c))^(1/3)*(1 + 3*d*(x/c))^(1/3)), x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 617, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.62

method	result
trager	$\ln\left(\frac{96 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(4\_Z^2 + 2\_Z + 1\right)^2 x^2 + 864 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(4\_Z^2 + 2\_Z + 1\right) (-x^2 + 1)^{\frac{2}{3}} - 432 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(4\_Z^2 + 2\_Z + 1\right) (-x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + 288}{-}\right)$

input

```
int(1/(3-x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/4*ln(-(96*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)^2*x^2+864*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)
)^(2/3)-432*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)*x+288*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+
1)^2*x+278*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*x^2-516*(-x^2+1)^(2/3)-432*RootOf(4*_Z^2+
2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)+258*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)*x+492*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*x+17
*x^2+258*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)+342*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)-918*x+969)/(-3+x)^2)-1/2
*ln(-(96*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)^2*x^2+864*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(2
/3)-432*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)*x+288*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)^2
*x+278*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*x^2-516*(-x^2+1)^(2/3)-432*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z
+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)+258*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)*x+492*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*x+17*x^2
+258*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)+342*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)-918*x+969)/(-3+x)^2)*RootOf(
4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)+1/2*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*ln((-48*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)^2*x
^2+432*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(2/3)-216*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*(-x^
2+1)^(1/3)*x-144*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)^2*x+91*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*x^2+47
4*(-x^2+1)^(2/3)-216*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)-237*(-x^2+1)^(1/
3)*x+102*RootOf(4*_Z^2+2*_Z+1)*x+49*x^2-237*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)+171*RootOf(4*_Z
^2+2*_Z+1)+546*x-399)/(-3+x)^2)

```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{18031\sqrt{3}(-x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x+1)+\sqrt{3}(5054x^2-8497x+23659)+57889\sqrt{3}(-x^2+1)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{6859x^2+240699x-220122}\right)$$

$$+\frac{1}{8}\log\left(\frac{x^2+6(-x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x+1)-6x+12(-x^2+1)^{\frac{2}{3}}+9}{x^2-6x+9}\right)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(3-x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

-1/4*sqrt(3)*arctan((18031*sqrt(3)*(-x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x + 1) + sqrt(3)*(505
4*x^2 - 8497*x + 23659) + 57889*sqrt(3)*(-x^2 + 1)^(2/3))/(6859*x^2 + 2406
99*x - 220122)) + 1/8*log((x^2 + 6*(-x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x + 1) - 6*x + 12*(-x
^2 + 1)^(2/3) + 9)/(x^2 - 6*x + 9))

```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt[3]{1-x^2} - 3\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-x)/(-x**2+1)**(1/3),x)`

output `-Integral(1/(x*(1 - x**2)**(1/3) - 3*(1 - x**2)**(1/3)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(-x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x-3)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((-x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x - 3)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(-x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x-3)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3-x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((-x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x - 3)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = - \int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)^{1/3} (x-3)} dx$$

input `int(-1/((1 - x^2)^(1/3)*(x - 3)),x)`output `-int(1/((1 - x^2)^(1/3)*(x - 3)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(3-x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = - \left( \int \frac{1}{(-x^2+1)^{1/3} x - 3(-x^2+1)^{1/3}} dx \right)$$

input `int(1/(3-x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3),x)`output `- int(1/((- x**2 + 1)**(1/3)*x - 3*(- x**2 + 1)**(1/3)),x)`

**3.358**  $\int \frac{1}{(3+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3136
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3136
Rubi [A] (verified)	3137
Maple [C] (verified)	3138
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3139
Sympy [F]	3140
Maxima [F]	3140
Giac [F]	3140
Mupad [F(-1)]	3141
Reduce [F]	3141

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{1}{(3+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1-x}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \log(3-3x) + \frac{1}{4} \log(3+x) - \frac{3}{8} \log\left(3-3x+6\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}\right)$$

output

```
1/4*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/2)-1/3*(1-x)*3^(1/2)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3))+1/8*ln(3-3*x)+1/4*ln(3+x)-3/8*ln(3-3*x+6*(-x^2+1)^(1/3))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(3+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left( -2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}}{-1+x+\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}}\right) - 2 \log\left(1-x+2\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}\right) + \log\left(1-2x+x^2+2(-1+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}+4(1-x^2)^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/((3 + x)*(1 - x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[3]*(1 - x^2)^(1/3))/(-1 + x + (1 - x^2)^(1/3))] - 2*Log[1 - x + 2*(1 - x^2)^(1/3)] + Log[1 - 2*x + x^2 + 2*(-1 + x)*(1 - x^2)^(1/3) + 4*(1 - x^2)^(2/3)])/8`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {502, 133}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+3)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{502}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1-x}\sqrt[3]{x+1}(x+3)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{133}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{(1-x)^{2/3}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{x+1}}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \log(x+3) - \frac{3}{8} \log\left(-\frac{1}{2}(1-x)^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{x+1}\right)$$

input `Int[1/((3 + x)*(1 - x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] - (1 - x)^(2/3)/(Sqrt[3]*(1 + x)^(1/3))]/4 + Log[3 + x]/4 - (3*Log[-1/2*(1 - x)^(2/3) - (1 + x)^(1/3)])/8`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 133

```
Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(1/3))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)
^(1/3)), x_] := With[{q = Rt[b*((b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d)^2), 3]}, Simp[-Log[
a + b*x]/(2*q*(b*c - a*d)), x] + (-Simp[Sqrt[3]*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*q*((c
+ d*x)^(2/3)/(Sqrt[3]*(e + f*x)^(1/3)))]/(2*q*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[3*(
Log[q*(c + d*x)^(2/3) - (e + f*x)^(1/3)]/(4*q*(b*c - a*d))), x]] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[2*b*d*e - b*c*f - a*d*f, 0]
```

rule 502

```
Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^(1/3) Int[1/((c + d*x)*(1 - 3*d*(x/c))^(1/3)*(1 + 3*d*(x/c))^(1/3)), x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 616, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.60

method	result
trager	$\text{RootOf}(4\_Z^2 - 2\_Z + 1) \ln \left( -\frac{48 \text{RootOf}(4\_Z^2 - 2\_Z + 1)^2 x^2 + 432 \text{RootOf}(4\_Z^2 - 2\_Z + 1) (-x^2 + 1)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 216 \text{RootOf}(4\_Z^2 - 2\_Z + 1)}{\dots} \right)$

input

```
int(1/(3+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/2*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*ln(-(48*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)^2*x^2+432*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(2/3)+216*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)*x-144*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)^2*x+91*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*x^2-474*(-x^2+1)^(2/3)-216*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)-237*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)*x-102*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*x-49*x^2+237*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)+171*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)+546*x+399)/(3+x)^2)+1/4*ln((-96*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)^2*x^2+864*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(2/3)+432*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)*x+288*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)^2*x+278*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*x^2+516*(-x^2+1)^(2/3)-432*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)+258*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)*x-492*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*x-17*x^2-258*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)+342*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)-918*x-969)/(3+x)^2)-1/2*ln((-96*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)^2*x^2+864*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(2/3)+432*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)*x+288*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)^2*x+278*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*x^2+516*(-x^2+1)^(2/3)-432*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)+258*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)*x-492*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)*x-17*x^2-258*(-x^2+1)^(1/3)+342*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)-918*x-969)/(3+x)^2)*RootOf(4*_Z^2-2*_Z+1)

```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(3+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( -\frac{18031 \sqrt{3}(-x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x-1) - \sqrt{3}(5054x^2 + 8497x + 23659) - 57889 \sqrt{3}(-x^2+1)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{6859x^2 - 240699x - 220122} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{8} \log \left( \frac{x^2 - 6(-x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x-1) + 6x + 12(-x^2+1)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9}{x^2 + 6x + 9} \right)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(3+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/4*sqrt(3)*arctan(-(18031*sqrt(3)*(-x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x - 1) - sqrt(3)*(5054*x^2 + 8497*x + 23659) - 57889*sqrt(3)*(-x^2 + 1)^(2/3))/(6859*x^2 - 240699*x - 220122)) - 1/8*log((x^2 - 6*(-x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x - 1) + 6*x + 12*(-x^2 + 1)^(2/3) + 9)/(x^2 + 6*x + 9))

```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(3+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{-(x-1)(x+1)(x+3)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3+x)/(-x**2+1)**(1/3),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-x - 1)*(x + 1))**(1/3)*(x + 3)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(3+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x+3)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x + 3)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(3+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x+3)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(3+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-x^2 + 1)^(1/3)*(x + 3)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(3+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)^{1/3} (x+3)} dx$$

input `int(1/((1 - x^2)^(1/3)*(x + 3)),x)`output `int(1/((1 - x^2)^(1/3)*(x + 3)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(3+x)\sqrt[3]{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}} x + 3(-x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(3+x)/(-x^2+1)^(1/3),x)`output `int(1/((-x**2 + 1)**(1/3)*x + 3*(-x**2 + 1)**(1/3)),x)`

**3.359**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2 - 9d^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3142
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3142
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3143
Maple [F]	3145
Fricas [F(-1)]	3145
Sympy [F]	3145
Maxima [F]	3146
Giac [F]	3146
Mupad [F(-1)]	3146
Reduce [F]	3147

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2 - 9d^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{c-3dx}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{c^2 - 9d^2x^2}}\right)}{4c^{2/3}d} + \frac{\log(c - 3dx)}{8c^{2/3}d} + \frac{\log(c + dx)}{4c^{2/3}d} - \frac{3 \log\left(c^{2/3}(c - 3dx) + 2c\sqrt[3]{c^2 - 9d^2x^2}\right)}{8c^{2/3}d}$$

output

```
-1/4*3^(1/2)*arctan(-1/3*3^(1/2)+1/3*(-3*d*x+c)*3^(1/2)/c^(1/3)/(-9*d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/3))/c^(2/3)/d+1/8*ln(-3*d*x+c)/c^(2/3)/d+1/4*ln(d*x+c)/c^(2/3)/d-3/8*ln(c^(2/3)*(-3*d*x+c)+2*c*(-9*d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/3))/c^(2/3)/d
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{-6+6i\sqrt{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}}{c-i\sqrt{3}c+3i(i+\sqrt{3})dx+2\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}}\right) + (1+i\sqrt{3})\left(2\log\left(\sqrt{d}(-c+i\sqrt{3}c+3d\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(c^2 - 9*d^2*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(2\sqrt{-6+(6I)\sqrt{3}})\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}}{c-i\sqrt{3}c+3i(i+\sqrt{3})dx+2\sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}}\right] + (1+I\sqrt{3})\left(2\text{Log}\left[\sqrt{d}(-c+I\sqrt{3}c+3d\right)\right] - \text{Log}\left[d(c-3d\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2})\right] - \text{Log}\left[d(c-3d\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2})\right] - \text{Log}\left[d(c-3d\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2})\right] - \text{Log}\left[d(c-3d\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2})\right]\right)}{(16c^{2/3}d)}$$

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {503, 502, 133}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 503$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1-\frac{9d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{1-\frac{9d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 502$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1 - \frac{9d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt[3]{1 - \frac{3dx}{c}} \sqrt[3]{\frac{3dx}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt[3]{c^2 - 9d^2x^2}}$$

↓ 133

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1 - \frac{9d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{(1 - \frac{3dx}{c})^{2/3}}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt[3]{\frac{3dx}{c} + 1}}}{4d} \right) + \frac{\log(c+dx)}{4d} - \frac{3 \log \left( -\frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - \frac{3dx}{c} \right)^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{\frac{3dx}{c} + 1} \right)}{8d}}{\sqrt[3]{c^2 - 9d^2x^2}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{c^2 - 9d^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(c^2 - 9*d^2*x^2)^(1/3)),x]`

output `((1 - (9*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/3)*((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] - (1 - (3*d*x)/c)^(2/3)]/(Sqrt[3]*(1 + (3*d*x)/c)^(1/3)))/(4*d) + Log[c + d*x]/(4*d) - (3*Log[-1/2*(1 - (3*d*x)/c)^(2/3) - (1 + (3*d*x)/c)^(1/3)]/(8*d)))/(c^2 - 9*d^2*x^2)^(1/3)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 133 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(1/3)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(1/3)), x_] := With[{q = Rt[b*((b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d)^2), 3]}, Simp[-Log[a + b*x]/(2*q*(b*c - a*d)), x] + (-Simp[Sqrt[3]*(ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] + 2*q*((c + d*x)^(2/3)/(Sqrt[3]*(e + f*x)^(1/3)))]/(2*q*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[3*(Log[q*(c + d*x)^(2/3) - (e + f*x)^(1/3)]/(4*q*(b*c - a*d))), x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[2*b*d*e - b*c*f - a*d*f, 0]`

rule 502 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^(1/3) Int[1/((c + d*x)*(1 - 3*d*(x/c))^(1/3)*(1 + 3*d*(x/c))^(1/3)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 503

```
Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/3)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(1/3)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/3) Int[1/((c + d*x)*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(
1/3)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 9*a*d^2, 0] && !Gt
Q[a, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(-9d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)/(-9*d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(d*x+c)/(-9*d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2 - 9d^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-9*d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2 - 9d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{-(-c + 3dx)(c + 3dx)(c + dx)}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-9*d**2*x**2+c**2)**(1/3),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((-(-c + 3*d*x)*(c + 3*d*x))**(1/3)*(c + d*x)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-9d^2x^2+c^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-9*d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-9*d^2*x^2 + c^2)^(1/3)*(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-9d^2x^2+c^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-9*d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-9*d^2*x^2 + c^2)^(1/3)*(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c^2-9d^2x^2)^{1/3}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c^2 - 9*d^2*x^2)^(1/3)*(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((c^2 - 9*d^2*x^2)^(1/3)*(c + d*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[3]{c^2-9d^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-9d^2x^2+c^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}c + (-9d^2x^2+c^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}dx} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(-9*d^2*x^2+c^2)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(1/((c**2 - 9*d**2*x**2)**(1/3)*c + (c**2 - 9*d**2*x**2)**(1/3)*d*x),x)`



**3.360**  $\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3148
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3148
Rubi [A] (verified)	3149
Maple [C] (verified)	3150
Fricas [F]	3151
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3151
Maxima [F]	3152
Giac [F]	3152
Mupad [F(-1)]	3152
Reduce [F]	3153

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{7}(1+x)^2(1-2x^2)^{3/4} - \frac{1}{105}(100+33x)(1-2x^2)^{3/4} + \frac{8}{5}\sqrt{2}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(\sqrt{2}x)\middle|2\right)$$

output

```
-1/7*(1+x)^2*(-2*x^2+1)^(3/4)-1/105*(100+33*x)*(-2*x^2+1)^(3/4)+8/5*2^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin(x*2^(1/2))),2^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 17.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{105}(1-2x^2)^{3/4}(115+63x+15x^2) + \frac{8}{5}x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 + x)^3/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4), x]
```

output

$$-1/105*((1 - 2*x^2)^{(3/4)}*(115 + 63*x + 15*x^2)) + (8*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, 2*x^2])/5$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {497, 25, 676, 226}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(x+1)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 497 \\ & -\frac{1}{7} \int -\frac{(x+1)(11x+9)}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{7}(1-2x^2)^{3/4}(x+1)^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(x+1)(11x+9)}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{7}(x+1)^2(1-2x^2)^{3/4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 676 \\ & \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{56}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx - \frac{11}{5}(1-2x^2)^{3/4}x - \frac{20}{3}(1-2x^2)^{3/4} \right) - \frac{1}{7}(x+1)^2(1-2x^2)^{3/4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 226 \\ & \frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{56}{5} \sqrt{2} E \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{2}x) \middle| 2 \right) - \frac{11}{5}(1-2x^2)^{3/4}x - \frac{20}{3}(1-2x^2)^{3/4} \right) - \frac{1}{7}(x+1)^2(1-2x^2)^{3/4} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1+x)^3/(1-2*x^2)^(1/4),x]$$

output

$$-1/7*((1+x)^2*(1-2*x^2)^(3/4)) + ((-20*(1-2*x^2)^(3/4))/3 - (11*x*(1-2*x^2)^(3/4))/5 + (56*sqrt[2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*x]/2, 2])/5)/7$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 226 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(1/4)*Rt[-b/a, 2]))*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]`
- rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`
- rule 676 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
risch	$\frac{(15x^2+63x+115)(2x^2-1)}{105(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{8x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)}{5}$
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right) + \frac{x^4 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, 2\right], [3], 2x^2\right)}{4} + x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{2}\right], 2x^2\right) + \frac{3}{4}$

input `int((x+1)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/105*(15*x^2+63*x+115)*(2*x^2-1)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)+8/5*x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[3/2],2*x^2)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^3}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(x^3 + 3*x^2 + 3*x + 1)*(-2*x^2 + 1)^(3/4)/(2*x^2 - 1), x)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{2}; 2x^2 e^{2i\pi}\right) + x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{3}{2}; 2x^2 e^{2i\pi}\right) - (1-2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$+ \begin{cases} \frac{x^2(2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}}{7} + \frac{2(2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}}{21} & \text{for } |x^2| > \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{x^2(1-2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{7} - \frac{2(1-2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{21} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((1+x)**3/(-2*x**2+1)**(1/4),x)`

output `x**3*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/2,), 2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)) + x*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)) - (1 - 2*x**2)**(3/4) + Piecewise((x**2*(2*x**2 - 1)**(3/4)*exp(-I*pi/4)/7 + 2*(2*x**2 - 1)**(3/4)*exp(-I*pi/4)/21, Abs(x**2) > 1/2), (-x**2*(1 - 2*x**2)**(3/4)/7 - 2*(1 - 2*x**2)**(3/4)/21, True))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^3}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x + 1)^3/(-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^3}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x + 1)^3/(-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^3}{(1-2x^2)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int((x + 1)^3/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((x + 1)^3/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{4}} x^2}{7} - \frac{23(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{21} + 3 \left( \int \frac{x^2}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \right) + \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((1+x)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x)`

output `( - 3*( - 2*x**2 + 1)**(3/4)*x**2 - 23*( - 2*x**2 + 1)**(3/4) + 63*int(x**2/(- 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4),x) + 21*int(1/(- 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4),x))/21`

**3.361**       $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3154
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3154
Rubi [A] (verified)	3155
Maple [C] (verified)	3156
Fricas [F]	3157
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3157
Maxima [F]	3157
Giac [F]	3158
Mupad [F(-1)]	3158
Reduce [F]	3158

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{15}(10+3x)(1-2x^2)^{3/4} + \frac{6}{5}\sqrt{2}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(\sqrt{2}x) \middle| 2\right)$$

output `-1/15*(10+3*x)*(-2*x^2+1)^(3/4)+6/5*2^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin(x*2^(1/2))),2^(1/2))`

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 16.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{15}(10+3x)(1-2x^2)^{3/4} + \frac{6}{5}x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)^2/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4),x]`

output `-1/15*((10 + 3*x)*(1 - 2*x^2)^(3/4)) + (6*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, 2*x^2])/5`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {497, 25, 455, 226}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{497} \\
 & -\frac{1}{5} \int -\frac{7x+6}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{5} (1-2x^2)^{3/4} (x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{7x+6}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{5} (x+1) (1-2x^2)^{3/4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left( 6 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx - \frac{7}{3} (1-2x^2)^{3/4} \right) - \frac{1}{5} (x+1) (1-2x^2)^{3/4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{226} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} \left( 6\sqrt{2}E \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{2}x) \middle| 2 \right) - \frac{7}{3} (1-2x^2)^{3/4} \right) - \frac{1}{5} (x+1) (1-2x^2)^{3/4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^2/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4),x]`

output `-1/5*((1 + x)*(1 - 2*x^2)^(3/4)) + ((-7*(1 - 2*x^2)^(3/4))/3 + 6*Sqrt[2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*x]/2, 2])/5`



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
  
- rule 226 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(1/4)*Rt[-b/a, 2])
 )*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ
 [a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]`
  
- rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((
 a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x]
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`
  
- rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
 d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b
 *(n + 2*p + 1) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +
 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n
 , p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p
 + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(10+3x)(2x^2-1)}{15(-2x^2+1)^{1/4}} + \frac{6x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)}{5}$	3
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right) + \frac{x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}\right], \left[\frac{5}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)}{3} + x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, 1\right], [2], 2x^2\right)$	4

input `int((x+1)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15*(10+3*x)*(2*x^2-1)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)+6/5*x*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], [3/2], 2
 *x^2)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(x^2 + 2*x + 1)*(-2*x^2 + 1)^(3/4)/(2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \frac{x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{2}, 2x^2 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{3} + x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2 e^{2i\pi}\right) - \frac{2(1-2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3}$$

input `integrate((1+x)**2/(-2*x**2+1)**(1/4),x)`

output `x**3*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/2,), 2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/3 + x*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)) - 2*(1 - 2*x**2)**(3/4)/3`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x + 1)^2/(-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x + 1)^2/(-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{(1-2x^2)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int((x + 1)^2/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

output `int((x + 1)^2/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = -\frac{2(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3} + \int \frac{x^2}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx + \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((1+x)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4), x)`

output `( - 2*( - 2*x**2 + 1)**(3/4) + 3*int(x**2/( - 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4),x) + 3*int(1/( - 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4),x))/3`

$$3.362 \quad \int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3159
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3159
Rubi [A] (verified)	3160
Maple [C] (verified)	3161
Fricas [F]	3161
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3161
Maxima [F]	3162
Giac [F]	3162
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3162
Reduce [F]	3163

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}(1-2x^2)^{3/4} + \sqrt{2}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(\sqrt{2}x) \middle| 2\right)$$

output `-1/3*(-2*x^2+1)^(3/4)+2^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin(x*2^(1/2))),2^(1/2))`

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{3}(1-2x^2)^{3/4} + x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output `-1/3*(1 - 2*x^2)^(3/4) + x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, 2*x^2]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {455, 226}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x+1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 455

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{3}(1-2x^2)^{3/4}$$

↓ 226

$$\sqrt{2}E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{2}x) \middle| 2\right) - \frac{1}{3}(1-2x^2)^{3/4}$$

input `Int[(1 + x)/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output `-1/3*(1 - 2*x^2)^(3/4) + Sqrt[2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*x]/2, 2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 226 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(1/4)*Rt[-b/a, 2])*)*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
meijerg	$x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right) + \frac{x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, 1\right], [2], 2x^2\right)}{2}$	31
risch	$\frac{2x^2-1}{3(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)$	33

input `int((x+1)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[3/2],2*x^2)+1/2*x^2*hypergeom([1/4,1],[2],2*x^2)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x+1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(-2*x^2 + 1)^(3/4)*(x + 1)/(2*x^2 - 1), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{3}{2}; 2x^2 e^{2i\pi}\right) - \frac{(1-2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3}$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-2*x**2+1)**(1/4),x)`

output `x*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)) - (1 - 2*x**2)**(3/4)/3`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x+1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x + 1)/(-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x+1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x + 1)/(-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4), x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; 2x^2\right) - \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{3}$$

input `int((x + 1)/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 3/2, 2*x^2) - (1 - 2*x^2)^(3/4)/3`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3} + \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((1+x)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x)`

output `( - ( - 2*x**2 + 1)**(3/4) + 3*int(1/( - 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4),x))/3`



$$3.363 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3164
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3164
Rubi [A] (verified)	3165
Maple [C] (verified)	3165
Fricas [F]	3166
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3166
Maxima [F]	3167
Giac [F]	3167
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3167
Reduce [F]	3168

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \sqrt{2}E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{2}x) \middle| 2\right)$$

output `2^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin(x*2^(1/2))),2^(1/2))`

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)$$

input `Integrate[(1 - 2*x^2)^(-1/4),x]`

output `x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, 2*x^2]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {226}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 226

$$\sqrt{2}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(\sqrt{2}x)\middle|2\right)$$

input `Int[(1 - 2*x^2)^(-1/4), x]`

output `Sqrt[2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*x]/2, 2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 226 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(1/4)*Rt[-b/a, 2]))*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]`

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
meijerg	$x \text{ hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)$	14

input `int(1/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[3/2],2*x^2)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(-2*x^2 + 1)^(3/4)/(2*x^2 - 1), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{3}{2} \right) 2x^2 e^{2i\pi}$$

input `integrate(1/(-2*x**2+1)**(1/4),x)`

output `x*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-2*x^2 + 1)^(-1/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-2*x^2 + 1)^(-1/4), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; 2x^2\right)$$

input `int(1/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `x*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 3/2, 2*x^2)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(-2*x**2+1)**(1/4),x)`

**3.364**  $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3169
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3169
Rubi [A] (verified)	3170
Maple [C] (verified)	3171
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3172
Sympy [F]	3173
Maxima [F]	3173
Giac [F]	3173
Mupad [F(-1)]	3174
Reduce [F]	3174

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x-\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x-(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))/(-2*x^2+
1)^(1/4)-1/2*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*arctanh((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))
)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 13.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{-\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{1+x}}\sqrt[4]{\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{1+x}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}, \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x)*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*(-(Sqrt[2] - 2*x)/(1 + x)))^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2] + 2*x)/(1 + x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/4, 1/4, 3/2, (2 + Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x), (2 - Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x)])/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {500, 499}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 500$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 499$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1+x+1}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1+x+1}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

```
output ((-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)*(ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)/(1 + x - Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]/2 - ArcTanh[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)/(1 + x + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]/2))/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 499 Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTan[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x] - Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTanh[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && NegQ[a]
```

```
rule 500 Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a - b*x^2)^(1/4)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/4) Int[1/((c + d*x)*(-a - b*x^2)^(1/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && PosQ[a]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

method	result
trager	$\frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^4+1) \ln\left(-\frac{2(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \text{RootOf}(\_Z^4+1)^3 x + (-2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{4}} \text{RootOf}(\_Z^4+1) + (-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \text{RootOf}(\_Z^4+1)^3 - \sqrt{-2x^2+1}}{(x+1)^2}\right)}{2}$

```
input int(1/(x+1)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*RootOf(_Z^4+1)*ln(-2*(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)*RootOf(_Z^4+1)^3*x+(-2*x^2+1)^(3/4)*RootOf(_Z^4+1)+(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)*RootOf(_Z^4+1)^3-(-2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*x+3*x*RootOf(_Z^4+1)^2+2*RootOf(_Z^4+1)^2)/(x+1)^2)+1/2*RootOf(_Z^4+1)^3*ln((-2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*RootOf(_Z^4+1)*x-2*(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)*RootOf(_Z^4+1)^2*x-3*RootOf(_Z^4+1)^3*x+(-2*x^2+1)^(3/4)-(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)*RootOf(_Z^4+1)^2-2*RootOf(_Z^4+1)^3)/(x+1)^2)
```



**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 350 vs.  $2(93) = 186$ .

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{x^4 + \sqrt{2}(x^2 - x - 1)(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{4}} - 5x^2 - \sqrt{2}(x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x - 1)(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} - (x^2 + 2x + 1)\sqrt{-2x^2 + 1}}{x^4 - 4x^3 + 2x^2 + 8x + 3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left( -\frac{x^4 - \sqrt{2}(x^2 - x - 1)(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{4}} - 5x^2 + \sqrt{2}(x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x - 1)(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} - (x^2 + 2x + 1)\sqrt{-2x^2 + 1}}{x^4 - 4x^3 + 2x^2 + 8x + 3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2} \log \left( -\frac{x^2 + \sqrt{2}(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x + 1) + \sqrt{2}(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{4}} - 2x - \sqrt{-2x^2 + 1} - 2}{x^2 + 2x + 1} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2} \log \left( -\frac{x^2 - \sqrt{2}(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x + 1) - \sqrt{2}(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{4}} - 2x - \sqrt{-2x^2 + 1} - 2}{x^2 + 2x + 1} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/4*sqrt(2)*arctan((x^4 + sqrt(2)*(x^2 - x - 1)*(-2*x^2 + 1)^(3/4) - 5*x^2
- sqrt(2)*(x^3 - 3*x^2 - 4*x - 1)*(-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4) - (x^2 + 2*x + 1)*sq
rt(-2*x^2 + 1) - 6*x - 2)/(x^4 - 4*x^3 + 2*x^2 + 8*x + 3)) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*a
rctan(-(x^4 - sqrt(2)*(x^2 - x - 1)*(-2*x^2 + 1)^(3/4) - 5*x^2 + sqrt(2)*(
x^3 - 3*x^2 - 4*x - 1)*(-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4) - (x^2 + 2*x + 1)*sqrt(-2*x^2 +
1) - 6*x - 2)/(x^4 - 4*x^3 + 2*x^2 + 8*x + 3)) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*log(-(x^2 + s
qrt(2)*(-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1) + sqrt(2)*(-2*x^2 + 1)^(3/4) - 2*x - sq
rt(-2*x^2 + 1) - 2)/(x^2 + 2*x + 1)) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*log(-(x^2 - sqrt(2)*(-2*
x^2 + 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1) - sqrt(2)*(-2*x^2 + 1)^(3/4) - 2*x - sqrt(-2*x^2 +
1) - 2)/(x^2 + 2*x + 1))
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}(x+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(-2*x**2+1)**(1/4), x)`

output `Integral(1/((1 - 2*x**2)**(1/4)*(x + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1-2x^2)^{1/4} (x+1)} dx$$

input `int(1/((1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*(x + 1)),x)`output `int(1/((1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*(x + 1)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{1/4} x + (-2x^2+1)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int(1/(1+x)/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x)`output `int(1/((- 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4)*x + (- 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4)),x)`

**3.365**  $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3175
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3176
Rubi [A] (verified)	3176
Maple [F]	3179
Fricas [F]	3179
Sympy [F]	3179
Maxima [F]	3180
Giac [F]	3180
Mupad [F(-1)]	3180
Reduce [F]	3181

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{1+x} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x-\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} + \sqrt{2} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{2}x) \middle| 2\right)$$

output

```
(-2*x^2+1)^(3/4)/(1+x)+1/2*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x-(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)-1/2*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*arctanh((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)+2^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin(x*2^(1/2))),2^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 12.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 - 6x^2 - 3\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{1+x}} (1+x) \sqrt[4]{\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{1+x}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}, \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}\right) + 2\sqrt[8]{2}(1+x) \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{2}+2x}}{3(1+x) \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x)^2*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)), x]`

output `(3 - 6*x^2 - 3*Sqrt[2]*(-((Sqrt[2] - 2*x)/(1 + x)))^(1/4)*(1 + x)*((Sqrt[2] + 2*x)/(1 + x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/4, 1/4, 3/2, (2 + Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x), (2 - Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x)] + 2*2^(1/8)*(1 + x)*(Sqrt[2] + 2*x)^(1/4)*(-1 + Sqrt[2]*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 3/4, 7/4, 1/2 - x/Sqrt[2]])/(3*(1 + x)*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 719, 226, 500, 499}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 498$$

$$\frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{x+1} - 2 \int -\frac{x+2}{2(x+1) \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x+2}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx + \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{x+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx + \int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx + \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{x+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{226} \\
& \int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx + \sqrt{2}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(\sqrt{2}x)\middle|2\right) + \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{x+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{500} \\
& \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} + \sqrt{2}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(\sqrt{2}x)\middle|2\right) + \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{x+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{499} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2}E\left(\frac{1}{2}\arcsin(\sqrt{2}x)\middle|2\right) + \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1+x+1}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1+x+1}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} + \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{x+1}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)^2*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `(1 - 2*x^2)^(3/4)/(1 + x) + ((-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)*(ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)/(1 + x - Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2]])/2 - ArcTanh[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)/(1 + x + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2]])/2))/(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4) + Sqrt[2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[2]*x]/2, 2]`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 226  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{1/4})\text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2)\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$
- rule 498  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))}), x] + \text{Simp}[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) \ || \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]) \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[n + 2*p + 3], 0])$
- rule 499  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{1/4}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1/(2*d*q))*\text{ArcTan}[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^{1/4}/(q^2*(c + d*x) - c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])]], x] - \text{Simp}[(1/(2*d*q))*\text{ArcTanh}[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^{1/4}/(q^2*(c + d*x) + c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])]], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a]$
- rule 500  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{1/4}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a - b*x^2)^{1/4}/(a + b*x^2)^{1/4} \text{ Int}[1/((c + d*x)*(-a - b*x^2)^{1/4}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a]$
- rule 719  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))^{(m_)*((f_) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p}, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{ Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)^2 (-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x+1)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(x+1)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(-2*x^2+1)^(3/4)/(2*x^4+4*x^3+x^2-2*x-1),x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}(x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)**2/(-2*x**2+1)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((1-2*x**2)**(1/4)*(x+1)**2),x)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1-2x^2)^{1/4}(x+1)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^2), x)`

output `int(1/((1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x^2 + 2(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x + (-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(1+x)^2/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/((-2*x**2+1)**(1/4)*x**2+2*(-2*x**2+1)**(1/4)*x+(-2*x**2+1)**(1/4)),x)`

**3.366**  $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3182
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3183
Rubi [A] (verified)	3183
Maple [F]	3186
Fricas [F]	3186
Sympy [F]	3187
Maxima [F]	3187
Giac [F]	3187
Mupad [F(-1)]	3188
Reduce [F]	3188

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(1+x)^2} + \frac{5(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(1+x)} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x-\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} + \frac{5E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{2}x) \mid 2\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(-2*x^2+1)^(3/4)/(1+x)^2+5*(-2*x^2+1)^(3/4)/(2+2*x)+(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x-(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)-(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*arctanh((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4)+5/2*2^(1/2)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin(x*2^(1/2))),2^(1/2))
```

### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 19.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{15-30x^2}{1+x} + \frac{3-6x^2}{(1+x)^2} - 12\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{1+x}} \sqrt[4]{\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{1+x}} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}, \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}\right) - 10\sqrt[8]{2} \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{2}+2x}}{6\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x)^3*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `((15 - 30*x^2)/(1 + x) + (3 - 6*x^2)/(1 + x)^2 - 12*Sqrt[2]*(-(Sqrt[2] - 2*x)/(1 + x)))^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2] + 2*x)/(1 + x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/4, 1/4, 3/2, (2 + Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x), (2 - Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x)] - 10*2^(1/8)*(Sqrt[2] + 2*x)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 3/4, 7/4, 1/2 - x/Sqrt[2]] + 10*2^(5/8)*x*(Sqrt[2] + 2*x)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 3/4, 7/4, 1/2 - x/Sqrt[2]])/(6*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 688, 719, 226, 500, 499}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)^3 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 498$$

$$\frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2} - \int -\frac{4-x}{2(x+1)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{4-x}{(x+1)^2 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx + \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 688

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{5x+9}{(x+1)^4 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx + \frac{5(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{x+1} \right) + \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx + 4 \int \frac{1}{(x+1) \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx + \frac{5(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{x+1} \right) + \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 226

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 4 \int \frac{1}{(x+1) \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx + 5\sqrt{2}E \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{2x}) \middle| 2 \right) + \frac{5(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{x+1} \right) + \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 500

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \int \frac{1}{(x+1) \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} + 5\sqrt{2}E \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{2x}) \middle| 2 \right) + \frac{5(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{x+1} \right) + \frac{(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 499

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 5\sqrt{2}E \left( \frac{1}{2} \arcsin(\sqrt{2x}) \middle| 2 \right) + \frac{4 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1+x+1}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1+x+1}} \right) \right)}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} + \frac{5(1-2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)^3*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)), x]`

output

$$\frac{(1 - 2x^2)^{3/4}/(2(1 + x)^2) + ((5(1 - 2x^2)^{3/4})/(1 + x) + (4(-1 + 2x^2)^{1/4}(\text{ArcTan}[-1 + 2x^2]^{1/4}/(1 + x - \sqrt{-1 + 2x^2}))/2 - \text{ArcTanh}[-1 + 2x^2]^{1/4}/(1 + x + \sqrt{-1 + 2x^2}))/2)/(1 - 2x^2)^{1/4} + 5\sqrt{2}\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\sqrt{2}x]/2, 2])/2}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 226

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{1/4})\text{Rt}[-b/a, 2])\text{EllipticE}[(1/2)\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$$

rule 498

$$\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d(c + dx)^{n+1}((a + bx^2)^{p+1}/((n+1)(b^2c + ad^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[b/((n+1)(b^2c + ad^2)) \text{Int}[(c + dx)^{n+1}(a + bx^2)^p(c(n+1) - d(n+2p+3)x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) \ || \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]) \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[n + 2p + 3], 0])$$

rule 499

$$\text{Int}[1/((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{1/4}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1/(2dq))\text{ArcTan}[cq((a + bx^2)^{1/4})/(q^2(c + dx) - c\sqrt{a + bx^2})]], x] - \text{Simp}[(1/(2dq))\text{ArcTanh}[cq((a + bx^2)^{1/4})/(q^2(c + dx) + c\sqrt{a + bx^2})]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2c + 2ad^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a]$$

rule 500

$$\text{Int}[1/((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{1/4}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(a - bx^2)^{1/4}/(a + bx^2)^{1/4} \text{Int}[1/((c + dx)(-a - bx^2)^{1/4})], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b^2c + 2ad^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a]$$

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)^3 (-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x+1)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x+1)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(1+x)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(-(-2*x^2 + 1)^(3/4)/(2*x^5 + 6*x^4 + 5*x^3 - x^2 - 3*x - 1), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2} (x+1)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)**3/(-2*x**2+1)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((1 - 2*x**2)**(1/4)*(x + 1)**3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*x^2 + 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^3), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(1-2x^2)^{1/4} (x+1)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^3), x)`output `int(1/((1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{1-2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x^3 + 3(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x^2 + 3(-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x + (-2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(1+x)^3/(-2*x^2+1)^(1/4), x)`output `int(1/((- 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4)*x**3 + 3*(- 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4)*x**2 + 3*(- 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4)*x + (- 2*x**2 + 1)**(1/4)), x)`

**3.367**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3189
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3190
Rubi [A] (verified)	3190
Maple [F]	3193
Fricas [F]	3193
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3193
Maxima [F]	3194
Giac [F]	3195
Mupad [F(-1)]	3195
Reduce [F]	3195

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx)^2 (ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} - \frac{c(100c + 33dx) (ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{105ad} + \frac{8\sqrt{2}c^4 \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{5d\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/7*(d*x+c)^2*(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(3/4)/a/d-1/105*c*(33*d*x+100*c)*(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(3/4)/a/d+8/5*2^(1/2)*c^4*(1-2*d^2*x^2/c^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin(2^(1/2)*d*x/c)),2^(1/2))/d/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 11.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-115c^4 - 63c^3dx + 215c^2d^2x^2 + 126cd^3x^3 + 30d^4x^4 + 168c^3dx \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{105d^4 \sqrt[4]{a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4),x]
```

output

```
(-115*c^4 - 63*c^3*d*x + 215*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 126*c*d^3*x^3 + 30*d^4*x^4 + 168*c^3*d*x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(105*d*(a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2))^(1/4))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {497, 25, 27, 676, 227, 226}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{acd^2(c+dx)(9c+11dx)}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx}{7ad^2} - \frac{(c + dx)^2 (ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{7ad}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{acd^2(c+dx)(9c+11dx)}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx}{7ad^2} - \frac{(c + dx)^2 (ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{7ad}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{7}c \int \frac{(c+dx)(9c+11dx)}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(c+dx)^2 (ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \\
 & \downarrow 676 \\
 & \frac{1}{7}c \left( \frac{56}{5}c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx - \frac{20c(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} - \frac{11x(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{5a} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 (ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \\
 & \downarrow 227 \\
 & \frac{1}{7}c \left( \frac{56c^2 \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{5\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} - \frac{20c(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} - \frac{11x(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{5a} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 (ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \\
 & \downarrow 226 \\
 & \frac{1}{7}c \left( \frac{56\sqrt{2}c^3 \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{5d\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} - \frac{20c(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} - \frac{11x(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{5a} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2 (ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{7ad}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(c + d*x)^3/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output

`-1/7*((c + d*x)^2*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4))/(a*d) + (c*((-20*c*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4))/(3*a*d) - (11*x*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4))/(5*a) + (56*Sqrt[2]*c^3*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*d*x)/c]/2, 2]))/(5*d*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)))/7`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 226  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{1/4})\text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2)*\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$
- rule 227  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{1/4}/(a + b*x^2)^{1/4} \text{ Int}[1/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{1/4}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a]$
- rule 497  $\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^n * ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{n-1} * ((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-2} * (a + b*x^2)^p * \text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 676  $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_*) * ((f_*) + (g_*)(x_*) * ((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^p), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g) * ((a + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x * ((a + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \text{ Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3)*(-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(3/4)/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 700, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.86

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(-2*a*d**2*x**2+a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output

```

3*c**2*d*Piecewise((zoo*x**2, Eq(a, 0)), (x**2/(2*(a*c**2)**(1/4)), Eq(d**
2, 0)), (-a*c**2 - 2*a*d**2*x**2)**(3/4)/(3*a*d**2), True)) + d**3*Piecw
ise((-2*c**(15/2)*(-1 + 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)**(3/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*
exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)) - 2*c**(15/2)/(-21*a*
*(1/4)*c**4*d**4 + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2) + c**(11/2)*d**2*x**2*(-1 +
2*d**2*x**2/c**2)**(3/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)
)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)) + 4*c**(11/2)*d**2*x**2/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d
**4 + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2) + 6*c**(7/2)*d**4*x**4*(-1 + 2*d**2*x**2
/c**2)**(3/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*
x**2*exp(I*pi/4)), Abs(d**2*x**2/c**2) > 1/2), (2*c**(15/2)*(1 - 2*d**2*x*
**2/c**2)**(3/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4 + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2) - 2*
c**(15/2)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4 + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2) - c**(11/2)
)*d**2*x**2*(1 - 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)**(3/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4 + 42*a**
(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2) + 4*c**(11/2)*d**2*x**2/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4 + 42
*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2) - 6*c**(7/2)*d**4*x**4*(1 - 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)**(
3/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4 + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2), True)) + c**(5
/2)*x*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*d**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/c**2)/a**(1/
4) + sqrt(c)*d**2*x**3*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/2,), 2*d**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I
*pi)/c**2)/a**(1/4)

```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^3/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-23(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}c^2 - 3(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}d^2x^2 + 63\left(\int \frac{x^2}{(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx\right)cd^3 + 21\left(\int \frac{1}{(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx\right)c^3}{21a^{\frac{1}{4}}d}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `( - 23*(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(3/4)*c**2 - 3*(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(3/4)*d**2*x**2 + 63*int(x**2/(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4),x)*c*d**3 + 21*int(1/(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4),x)*c**3*d)/(21*a**(1/4)*d)`



**3.368**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3196
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3196
Rubi [A] (verified)	3197
Maple [F]	3199
Fricas [F]	3199
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3200
Maxima [F]	3200
Giac [F]	3201
Mupad [F(-1)]	3201
Reduce [F]	3201

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(10c + 3dx)(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{15ad} + \frac{6\sqrt{2}c^3 \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{5d\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/15*(3*d*x+10*c)*(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(3/4)/a/d+6/5*2^(1/2)*c^3*(1-2*d^2*x^2/c^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin(2^(1/2)*d*x/c)),2^(1/2))/d/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 11.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{-10c^3 - 3c^2dx + 20cd^2x^2 + 6d^3x^3 + 18c^2dx \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{15d\sqrt[4]{a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4),x]`

output `(-10*c^3 - 3*c^2*d*x + 20*c*d^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*x^3 + 18*c^2*d*x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(15*d*(a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2))^(1/4))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {497, 25, 27, 455, 227, 226}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{acd^2(6c+7dx)}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx}{5ad^2} - \frac{(c + dx)(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{acd^2(6c+7dx)}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx}{5ad^2} - \frac{(c + dx)(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{5}c \int \frac{6c + 7dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(c + dx)(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{1}{5}c \left( 6c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx - \frac{7(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \right) - \frac{(c + dx)(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{5ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 227
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}c \left( \frac{6c \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} - \frac{7(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \right) - \frac{(c + dx)(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{5ad}$$

↓ 226

$$\frac{1}{5}c \left( \frac{6\sqrt{2}c^2 \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} - \frac{7(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \right) - \frac{(c + dx)(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{5ad}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output `-1/5*((c + d*x)*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4))/(a*d) + (c*((-7*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4))/(3*a*d) + (6*sqrt[2]*c^2*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(sqrt[2]*d*x)/c]/2, 2])/(d*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4))))/5`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 226 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(1/4)*Rt[-b/a, 2]))*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 227 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(1/4)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/4) Int[1/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(1/4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(-2a d^2 x^2 + a c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(3/4)*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2), x)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = 2cd \left( \begin{cases} \infty x^2 & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^2}} & \text{for } d^2 = 0 \\ -\frac{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3ad^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + \frac{c^{\frac{3}{2}} x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{2d^2x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{c^2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{d^2 x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{2d^2x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{c^2}\right)}{3\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(-2*a*d**2*x**2+a*c**2)**(1/4), x)`

output `2*c*d*Piecewise((zoo*x**2, Eq(a, 0)), (x**2/(2*(a*c**2)**(1/4)), Eq(d**2, 0)), (- (a*c**2 - 2*a*d**2*x**2)**(3/4)/(3*a*d**2), True)) + c**(3/2)*x*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*d**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/c**2)/a**(1/4) + d**2*x**3*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/2,), 2*d**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/c**2)/(3*a**(1/4)*sqrt(c))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^2/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}c + 3\left(\int \frac{x^2}{(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx\right) d^3 + 3\left(\int \frac{1}{(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx\right) c^2 d}{3a^{\frac{1}{4}}d}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

output `( - 2*(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(3/4)*c + 3*int(x**2/(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4),x)*d**3 + 3*int(1/(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4),x)*c**2*d)/(3*a**(1/4)*d)`

**3.369**  $\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3202
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3202
Rubi [A] (verified)	3203
Maple [F]	3204
Fricas [F]	3205
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3205
Maxima [F]	3205
Giac [F]	3206
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3206
Reduce [F]	3206

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} + \frac{\sqrt{2}c^2 \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(3/4)/a/d+2^(1/2)*c^2*(1-2*d^2*x^2/c^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin(2^(1/2)*d*x/c)),2^(1/2))/d/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 11.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{-c^2 + 2d^2x^2 + 3cdx \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{3d\sqrt[4]{a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output `(-c^2 + 2*d^2*x^2 + 3*c*d*x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(3*d*(a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2)^(1/4))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {455, 227, 226}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 227 \\
 & \frac{c^4 \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} - \frac{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 226 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2}c^2 \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} - \frac{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`



output

```
-1/3*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4)/(a*d) + (Sqrt[2]*c^2*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*d*x)/c]/2, 2])/(d*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 226

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(1/4)*Rt[-b/a, 2])*)*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]
```

rule 227

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(1/4)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/4) Int[1/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(1/4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{dx + c}{(-2a d^2 x^2 + a c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(3/4)*(d*x + c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2), x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = d \left( \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty}x^2 & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^2}} & \text{for } d^2 = 0 \\ -\frac{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3ad^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{cx} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{2d^2x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{c^2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-2*a*d**2*x**2+a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `d*Piecewise((zoo*x**2, Eq(a, 0)), (x**2/(2*(a*c**2)**(1/4)), Eq(d**2, 0)), (- (a*c**2 - 2*a*d**2*x**2)**(3/4)/(3*a*d**2), True)) + sqrt(c)*x*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*d**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/c**2)/a**(1/4)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{cx \left(1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)^{1/4} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{1/4}} - \frac{(a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2))^{3/4}}{3ad}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `(c*x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2))/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4) - (a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2))^(3/4)/(3*a*d)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{-(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} + 3 \left( \int \frac{1}{(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \right) cd}{3a^{\frac{1}{4}}d}$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output  $(-(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)^{3/4} + 3 \int (c^2 - 2d^2x^2)^{1/4} dx)cd / (3a^{1/4}d)$

**3.370**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3208
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3208
Rubi [A] (verified)	3209
Maple [F]	3210
Fricas [F]	3210
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3211
Maxima [F]	3211
Giac [F]	3211
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3212
Reduce [F]	3212

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}c^4 \sqrt{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2dx}}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

output

```
2^(1/2)*c*(1-2*d^2*x^2/c^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcsin(2^(1/2)*d*x/c)),2^(1/2))/d/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(-1/4), x]
```

output  $(x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^{(1/4)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2))^{(1/4)}$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {227, 226}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 227

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

↓ 226

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}c \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^{(-1/4)}, x]$

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[2]*c*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^{(1/4)}*EllipticE[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[2]*d*x)/c]/2, 2])/(d*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^{(1/4)})$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 226 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(1/4)*Rt[-b/a, 2])  
)*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ  
[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 227 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(1/4)/(  
a + b*x^2)^(1/4) Int[1/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(1/4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]  
&& PosQ[a]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(3/4)/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{2d^2x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{c^2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate(1/(-2*a*d**2*x**2+a*c**2)**(1/4), x)`

output `x*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*d**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/c**2)/(a**(1/4)*sqrt(c))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(-1/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(-1/4), x)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x \left(1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)^{1/4} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{1/4}}$$

input `int(1/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4),x)`output `(x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2))/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{(-2d^2x^2+c^2)^{1/4}} dx}{a^{1/4}}$$

input `int(1/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`output `int(1/(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4),x)/a**(1/4)`

**3.371**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3213
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3214
Rubi [A] (verified)	3214
Maple [F]	3215
Fricas [F(-1)]	3216
Sympy [F]	3216
Maxima [F]	3216
Giac [F]	3217
Mupad [F(-1)]	3217
Reduce [F]	3217

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) + c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

output

```
1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)*arctan(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)*c*(d*x+c)-c*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2)/d/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4)-1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)*arctanh(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)*c*(d*x+c)+c*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2)/d/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 7.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d \left( -\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}} + 2x \right)}{c + dx}} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}} + 2x \right)}{c + dx}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2c - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}} d}{2c + 2dx}, \frac{2c + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}} d}{2c + 2dx} \right)}{d^4 \sqrt[4]{a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*((d*(-Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]) + 2*x))/(c + d*x))^(1/4)*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2] + 2*x))/(c + d*x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/4, 1/4, 3/2, (2*c - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]*d)/(2*c + 2*d*x), (2*c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]*d)/(2*c + 2*d*x)])/(d*(a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2))^(1/4))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.074$ , Rules used = {500, 499}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 500

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

↓ 499

$$\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} + \sqrt{ac}(c+dx)}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `((-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*(ArcTan[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2]])/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d) - ArcTanh[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2]])/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d))/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 499 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTan[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x] - Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTanh[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && NegQ[a]`

rule 500 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(a - b*x^2)^(1/4)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/4) Int[1/((c + d*x)*(-a - b*x^2)^(1/4)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && PosQ[a]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-a(-c^2 + 2d^2x^2)}(c + dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-2*a*d**2*x**2+a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-a*(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))**(1/4)*(c + d*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}(dx + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2ad^2x^2+ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{1/4}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{(-2d^2x^2+c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}c+(-2d^2x^2+c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} dx}}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/((c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c + (c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*d*x),x)/a**(1/4)`

**3.372** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3218
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3219
Rubi [A] (verified)	3219
Maple [F]	3222
Fricas [F(-1)]	3222
Sympy [F]	3223
Maxima [F]	3223
Giac [F]	3223
Mupad [F(-1)]	3224
Reduce [F]	3224

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 354

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2}d\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) + c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2}d\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{cd\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

output

```
(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(3/4)/a/c^2/d/(d*x+c)+1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)*a
rctan(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)*c*(d*x+c)-c*(2*a*
d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))/a^(1/4)/c^(3/2)/d/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4)-1/2*(2
*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)*arctanh(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/
(a^(1/2)*c*(d*x+c)+c*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))/a^(1/4)/c^(3/2)/d/(-2*a*d
^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4)+2^(1/2)*(1-2*d^2*x^2/c^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE(sin(1/2*arcs
in(2^(1/2)*d*x/c)),2^(1/2))/c/d/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 8.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d \left( -\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2} + 2x} \right)}{c+dx}} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2} + 2x} \right)}{c+dx}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{2c - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}} d}{2c+2dx}, \frac{2c + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}} d}{2c+2dx} \right)}{3d(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[2]*((d*(-Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]) + 2*x))/(c + d*x))^(1/4)*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2] + 2*x))/(c + d*x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[3/2, 1/4, 1/4, 5/2, (2*c - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]*d)/(2*c + 2*d*x), (2*c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]*d)/(2*c + 2*d*x)]/(d*(c + d*x)*(a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2))^(1/4))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.259$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 719, 227, 226, 500, 499}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

↓ 498

$$\frac{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} - \frac{2 \int -\frac{2c+dx}{2(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx}{c^2}$$

↓ 27



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{2c+dx}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx + c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 227 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}}}{c^2} + \frac{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 226 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{2c} \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2dx}}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}}}{c^2} + \frac{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 500 \\
 & \frac{c \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{2c} \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2dx}}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}}}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} + \frac{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 499 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2c} \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2dx}}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} + \frac{c \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx)-c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{c^2} \\
 & \quad \frac{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4)/(a*c^2*d*(c + d*x)) + ((c*(-a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*(ArcTan[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(-a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2]))/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d) - ArcTanh[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(-a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2]))/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d)))/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4) + (Sqrt[2]*c*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*d*x)/c]/2, 2])/(d*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)))/c^2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 226 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2/(a^(1/4)*Rt[-b/a, 2]))*EllipticE[(1/2)*ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 2]*x], 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 227 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(1/4)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/4) Int[1/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^(1/4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p])) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 499 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := With[  
 {q = Rt[-a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTan[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d  
 *x) - c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x] - Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTanh[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(  
 1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
 && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && NegQ[a]`

rule 500 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 (-a - b*x^2)^(1/4)/(a + b*x^2)^(1/4) Int[1/((c + d*x)*(-a - b*x^2)^(1/4))  
 , x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && PosQ[a]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p  
 _), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +  
 Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,  
 d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (-2a d^2 x^2 + a c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

## Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-a(-c^2 + 2d^2x^2)} (c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(-2*a*d**2*x**2+a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-a*(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))**(1/4)*(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} (dx+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} (dx+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{1/4} (c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`output `int(1/((a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{(-2d^2x^2+c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}c^2+2(-2d^2x^2+c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}cdx+(-2d^2x^2+c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}d^2x^2} dx}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`output `int(1/((c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2 + 2*(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x + (c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*d**2*x**2), x)/a**(1/4)`

**3.373**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3225
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3226
Rubi [A] (verified)	3226
Maple [F]	3230
Fricas [F(-1)]	3230
Sympy [F]	3231
Maxima [F]	3231
Giac [F]	3231
Mupad [F(-1)]	3232
Reduce [F]	3232

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 392

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{5(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^3d(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{ac^5/2}d\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) + c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{ac^5/2}d\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{\sqrt{2}c^2d\sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2}(-2ad^2x^2+ac^2)^{3/4}/ac^2/d/(d*x+c)^2+5/2(-2ad^2x^2+ac^2)^{3/4}/a/c^3/d/(d*x+c)+(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}*\arctan(a^{1/4}*c^{3/2}*(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}/(a^{1/2}*c*(d*x+c)-c*(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/2}))/a^{1/4}/c^{5/2}/d/(-2ad^2x^2+ac^2)^{1/4}-(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}*\operatorname{arctanh}(a^{1/4}*c^{3/2}*(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}/(a^{1/2}*c*(d*x+c)+c*(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/2}))/a^{1/4}/c^{5/2}/d/(-2ad^2x^2+ac^2)^{1/4}+5/2(1-2d^2x^2/c^2)^{1/4}*EllipticE(\sin(1/2*\arcsin(2^{1/2}*d*x/c)),2^{1/2})*2^{1/2}/c^2/d/(-2ad^2x^2+ac^2)^{1/4}$$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 11.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d \left( -\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2} + 2x} \right)}{c+dx}} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2} + 2x} \right)}{c+dx}} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{2c - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}} d}{2c + 2dx}, \frac{2c + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}} d}{2c + 2dx} \right)}{5d(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^3*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `-1/5*(Sqrt[2]*((d*(-Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]) + 2*x))/(c + d*x))^(1/4)*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2] + 2*x))/(c + d*x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[5/2, 1/4, 1/4, 7/2, (2*c - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]*d)/(2*c + 2*d*x), (2*c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]*d)/(2*c + 2*d*x)]/(d*(c + d*x)^2*(a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2))^(1/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 688, 27, 719, 227, 226, 500, 499}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 498$$

$$\frac{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} - \int \frac{\frac{4c-dx}{2(c+dx)^2} \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}{c^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{4c-dx}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} + \frac{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{688} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{acd^2(9c+5dx)}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx}{ac^2d^2} + \frac{5(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)} + \frac{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{9c+5dx}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx}{c} + \frac{5(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)} + \frac{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
& \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx + 4c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx}{c} + \frac{5(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)} + \frac{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{227} \\
& \frac{4c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx + \frac{5 \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}}} dx}{4 \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}}}{c} + \frac{5(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)} + \\
& \quad \frac{2c^2}{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}} \\
& \quad \frac{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2}{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{226} \\
& \frac{4c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}} dx + \frac{5\sqrt{2}c \sqrt[4]{1-\frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt[4]{ac^2-2ad^2x^2}}}{c} + \frac{5(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)} + \\
& \quad \frac{2c^2}{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}} \\
& \quad \frac{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2}{(ac^2-2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{500}
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{\frac{4c \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} dx + \frac{5\sqrt{2}c \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}}{c} + \frac{5(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)} + \frac{2c^2}{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}} \frac{1}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2}$$

↓ 499

$$\frac{\frac{5\sqrt{2}c \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} E\left(\frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}dx}{c}\right) \middle| 2\right)}{d \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} + \frac{4c \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{a\sqrt{cd}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} + \sqrt{ac}}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{a\sqrt{cd}}}\right)}{c \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}}}{2c^2} \frac{1}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^3*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4)/(2*a*c^2*d*(c + d*x)^2) + ((5*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4))/(a*c*d*(c + d*x)) + ((4*c*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*(ArcTan[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2]])/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d) - ArcTanh[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2]])/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d)))/(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4) + (5*Sqrt[2]*c*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[2]*d*x)/c]/2, 2])/(d*(a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)))/c)/(2*c^2)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 226  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2/(a^{1/4})\text{Rt}[-b/a, 2]) * \text{EllipticE}[(1/2) * \text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 2] * x], 2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a]$
- rule 227  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{1/4} / (a + b*x^2)^{1/4} \text{ Int}[1/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^{1/4}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a]$
- rule 498  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)} * ((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} * ((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)} / ((n + 1) * (b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[b / ((n + 1) * (b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)} * (a + b*x^2)^p * (c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ ((\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) \ || \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]) \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[n + 2*p + 3], 0])$
- rule 499  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_)) * ((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{1/4}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1/(2*d*q)) * \text{ArcTan}[c*q * ((a + b*x^2)^{1/4}) / (q^2 * (c + d*x) - c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])], x] - \text{Simp}[(1/(2*d*q)) * \text{ArcTanh}[c*q * ((a + b*x^2)^{1/4}) / (q^2 * (c + d*x) + c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a]$
- rule 500  $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_*)(x_)) * ((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{1/4}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a - b*x^2)^{1/4} / (a + b*x^2)^{1/4} \text{ Int}[1/((c + d*x) * (-a - b*x^2)^{1/4}), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a]$

rule 688

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/
(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d +
e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m
+ 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^3 (-2a d^2 x^2 + a c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-a(-c^2 + 2d^2x^2)} (c+dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**3/(-2*a*d**2*x**2+a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((-a*(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))**(1/4)*(c + d*x)**3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} (dx+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(-2ad^2x^2 + ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} (dx+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((-2*a*d^2*x^2 + a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2)^{1/4} (c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)^3), x)`output `int(1/((a*c^2 - 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)^3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{ac^2 - 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 + 3(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 dx + 3(-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} c d^2 x^2 + (-2d^2x^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^3 x^3} dx}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(-2*a*d^2*x^2+a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`output `int(1/((c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c**3 + 3*(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d*x + 3*(c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d**2*x**2 + (c**2 - 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*d**3*x**3), x)/a**(1/4)`

**3.374**  $\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3233
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3234
Rubi [A] (verified)	3234
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3237
Fricas [F]	3237
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3238
Maxima [F]	3238
Giac [F]	3239
Mupad [F(-1)]	3239
Reduce [F]	3239

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{7}(1+x)^2 (-1+2x^2)^{3/4} + \frac{1}{105}(100+33x) (-1+2x^2)^{3/4} + \frac{16x\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{5(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})}$$

$$- \frac{8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}} (1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5x}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}} (1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5x}$$

output

```
1/7*(1+x)^2*(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)+1/105*(100+33*x)*(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)+16*x*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(5+5*(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))-8/5*2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/x+4/5*2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/x
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 16.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-115 - 63x + 215x^2 + 126x^3 + 30x^4 + 168x\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)}{105\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)^3/(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output `(-115 - 63*x + 215*x^2 + 126*x^3 + 30*x^4 + 168*x*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, 2*x^2])/(105*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$ , Rules used = {497, 676, 228, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^3}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(x+1)(11x+9)}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{1}{7}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}(x+1)^2$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{56}{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{11}{5}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} x + \frac{20}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \right) + \frac{1}{7}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}(x+1)^2$$

$$\downarrow 228$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{56\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{5x} + \frac{11}{5}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}x + \frac{20}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \right) + \frac{1}{7}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}(x+1)^2$$

↓ 834

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{56\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4\sqrt{2x^2-1} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4\sqrt{2x^2-1} \right)}{5x} + \frac{11}{5}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}x + \frac{20}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \right) + \frac{1}{7}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}(x+1)^2$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{56\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}}(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4\sqrt{2x^2-1} \right)}{5x} + \frac{11}{5}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}x + \frac{20}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \right) + \frac{1}{7}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}(x+1)^2$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{1}{7} \left( \frac{56\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}}(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}}(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)E\left(2\arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2}} \right)}{5x} + \frac{11}{5}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}x + \frac{20}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \right) + \frac{1}{7}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}(x+1)^2$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^3/(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`



output

```
((1 + x)^2*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(3/4))/7 + ((20*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(3/4))/3 + (11*x*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(3/4))/5 + (56*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])) - (Sqrt[x^2/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]^2)*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/Sqrt[x^2] + (Sqrt[x^2/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]^2)*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[x^2])))/(5*x))/7
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 228

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(b*x)) Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[1 - x^4/a], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 497

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 676

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 834

```
Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

**Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result
risch	$\frac{(15x^2+63x+115)(2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{105} + \frac{8(-\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)}{5 \operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$
meijerg	$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}}x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)}{\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}}x^4 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, 2\right], [3], 2x^2\right)}{4 \operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}}x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, 2\right], [3], 2x^2\right)}{4 \operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$

input

```
int((x+1)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/105*(15*x^2+63*x+115)*(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)+8/5/signum(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*(-signum
(2*x^2-1))^(1/4)*x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[3/2],2*x^2)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^3}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((1+x)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((x^3 + 3*x^2 + 3*x + 1)/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = x^3 e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{2} ; 2x^2\right) + x e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{3}{2} ; 2x^2\right) + (2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$+ \begin{cases} \frac{x^2(2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{7} + \frac{2(2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{21} & \text{for } |x^2| > \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{x^2(1-2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}}{7} - \frac{2(1-2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}}{21} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((1+x)**3/(2*x**2-1)**(1/4),x)`output `x**3*exp(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/2,), 2*x**2) + x*exp(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*x**2) + (2*x**2 - 1)**(3/4) + Piecewise((x**2*(2*x**2 - 1)**(3/4)/7 + 2*(2*x**2 - 1)**(3/4)/21, Abs(x**2) > 1/2), (-x**2*(1 - 2*x**2)**(3/4)*exp(-I*pi/4)/7 - 2*(1 - 2*x**2)**(3/4)*exp(-I*pi/4)/21, True))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^3}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((x + 1)^3/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^3}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x + 1)^3/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^3}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((x + 1)^3/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

output `int((x + 1)^3/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(1+x)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = & \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1}} \sqrt{2x+2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x} \sqrt{2}x^3}{7} \\ & + \frac{23\sqrt{2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1}} \sqrt{2x+2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x} \sqrt{2}x}{21} \\ & - \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1}} \sqrt{2x+2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x} x^4}{7} \\ & - \frac{43\sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1}} \sqrt{2x+2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x} x^2}{21} \\ & + \frac{23\sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1}} \sqrt{2x+2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x}}{21} \\ & + 3 \left( \int \frac{x^2}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \right) + \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((1+x)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x)*sqrt(2)*x**3 + 23*sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x)*sqrt(2)*x - 6*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x)*x**4 - 43*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x)*x**2 + 23*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x) + 63*int(x**2/(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4),x) + 21*int(1/(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4),x))/21`

**3.375**  $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3241
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3242
Rubi [A] (verified)	3242
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3245
Fricas [F]	3245
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3246
Maxima [F]	3246
Giac [F]	3246
Mupad [F(-1)]	3247
Reduce [F]	3247

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{15}(10+3x)(-1+2x^2)^{3/4} + \frac{12x\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{5(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})}$$

$$- \frac{6\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}} (1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5x}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}} (1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5x}$$

output

```
1/15*(10+3*x)*(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)+12*x*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(5+5*(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))-6
/5*2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*EllipticE
(sin(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/x+3/5*2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-
1)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(
1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/x
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 16.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.32

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10 - 3x + 20x^2 + 6x^3 + 18x\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)}{15\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)^2/(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output `(-10 - 3*x + 20*x^2 + 6*x^3 + 18*x*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, 2*x^2])/(15*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$ , Rules used = {497, 455, 228, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x+1)^2}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{7x+6}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{1}{5} (2x^2-1)^{3/4} (x+1)$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( 6 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{7}{3} (2x^2-1)^{3/4} \right) + \frac{1}{5} (2x^2-1)^{3/4} (x+1)$$

$$\downarrow 228$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{x} + \frac{7}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}(x+1)$$

↓ 834

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4\sqrt{2x^2-1} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4\sqrt{2x^2-1} \right)}{x} + \frac{7}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}(x+1)$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right) - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4\sqrt{2x^2-1} \right)}{x} + \frac{7}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}(x+1)$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)}{E\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}}{\sqrt{x^2}} \right)}{x} + \frac{7}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \right) + \frac{1}{5}(2x^2-1)^{3/4}(x+1)$$

input `Int[(1 + x)^2/(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`



output

```
((1 + x)*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(3/4))/5 + ((7*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(3/4))/3 + (6*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])) - (Sqrt[x^2/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]^2)*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/Sqrt[x^2] + (Sqrt[x^2/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]^2)*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[x^2])))/x)/5
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 228

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(b*x)) Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[1 - x^4/a], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 455

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 497

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 761

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 834

```
Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

**Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result
risch	$\frac{(10+3x)(2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{15} + \frac{6(-\text{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}} x \text{ hypergeom}([\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}], [\frac{3}{2}], 2x^2)}{5 \text{ signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$
meijerg	$\frac{(-\text{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}} x \text{ hypergeom}([\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}], [\frac{3}{2}], 2x^2)}{\text{signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{(-\text{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}} x^3 \text{ hypergeom}([\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}], [\frac{5}{2}], 2x^2)}{3 \text{ signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{(-\text{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}} x^5 \text{ hypergeom}([\frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}], [\frac{7}{2}], 2x^2)}{5 \text{ signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$

input

```
int((x+1)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/15*(10+3*x)*(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)+6/5/signum(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*(-signum(2*x^2-1))
^(1/4)*x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[3/2],2*x^2)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((1+x)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((x^2 + 2*x + 1)/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \frac{x^3 e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{5}{2}, 2x^2\right)}{3} + x e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right) + \frac{2(2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3}$$

input `integrate((1+x)**2/(2*x**2-1)**(1/4),x)`

output `x**3*exp(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/2,), 2*x**2)/3 + x*exp(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*x**2) + 2*(2*x**2 - 1)**(3/4)/3`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x + 1)^2/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x + 1)^2/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(x+1)^2}{(2x^2-1)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int((x + 1)^2/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

output `int((x + 1)^2/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(1+x)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx &= \frac{2\sqrt{2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} \sqrt{2}x + 2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x} \sqrt{2}x}{3} \\ &\quad - \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} \sqrt{2}x + 2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x} x^2}{3} \\ &\quad + \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} \sqrt{2}x + 2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x}}{3} \\ &\quad + \int \frac{x^2}{(2x^2-1)^{1/4}} dx + \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{1/4}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((1+x)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4), x)`

output `(2*sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x)*sqrt(2)*x - 4*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x)*x**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x) + 3*int(x**2/(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4), x) + 3*int(1/(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4), x))/3`

**3.376**  $\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3248
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3249
Rubi [A] (verified)	3249
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3251
Fricas [F]	3252
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3252
Maxima [F]	3252
Giac [F]	3253
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3253
Reduce [F]	3253

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}(-1+2x^2)^{3/4} + \frac{2x\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}} (1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{x}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}} (1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}x}$$

output

```
1/3*(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)+2*x*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))-2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/x+1/2*2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/x
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \frac{-1+2x^2+3x\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)}{3\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x)/(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output `(-1 + 2*x^2 + 3*x*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, 2*x^2])/(3*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {455, 228, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x+1}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 455 \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{1}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 228 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{x} + \frac{1}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 834 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \right)}{x} + \frac{1}{3}(2x^2-1)^{3/4} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \right)}{\frac{1}{3} (2x^2-1)^{3/4}} +$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x^2}} \right)}{\frac{1}{3} (2x^2-1)^{3/4}} \quad x$$

input `Int[(1 + x)/(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output `(-1 + 2*x^2)^(3/4)/3 + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[x^2]/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])^2)*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/Sqrt[x^2] + (Sqrt[x^2]/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])^2)*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[x^2]))/x`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 228 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(b*x)) Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[1 - x^4/a], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

### Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3} + \frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)}{\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$	48
meijerg	$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)}{\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}} x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, 1\right], [2], 2x^2\right)}{2 \operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$	75

input `int((x+1)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)+1/signum(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*(-signum(2*x^2-1))^(1/4)*x*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], [3/2], 2*x^2)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x+1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((x + 1)/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = xe^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{3}{2} \middle| 2x^2\right) + \frac{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3}$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(2*x**2-1)**(1/4),x)`

output `x*exp(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*x**2) + (2*x**2 - 1)**(3/4)/3`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x+1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((x + 1)/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{x+1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((1+x)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((x + 1)/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{3} + \frac{x(1-2x^2)^{1/4} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; 2x^2\right)}{(2x^2-1)^{1/4}}$$

input `int((x + 1)/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4),x)`

output `(2*x^2 - 1)^(3/4)/3 + (x*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 3/2, 2*x^2))/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1+x}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx &= \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} \sqrt{2x+2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x} \sqrt{2}x}}{3} \\ &\quad - \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} \sqrt{2}x + 2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x} x^2}{3} \\ &\quad + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} \sqrt{2}x + 2x^2-1} \sqrt{\sqrt{2x^2-1} + \sqrt{2}x}}{3} \\ &\quad + \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((1+x)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x)`

output `(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x)*sqrt(2)*x - 2*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x)*x**2 + sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + 2*x**2 - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(2*x**2 - 1) + sqrt(2)*x) + 3*int(1/(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4),x))/3`

**3.377**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3255
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3256
Rubi [A] (verified)	3256
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3258
Fricas [F]	3258
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3259
Maxima [F]	3259
Giac [F]	3259
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3260
Reduce [F]	3260

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x\sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}}{1 + \sqrt{-1 + 2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}} (1 + \sqrt{-1 + 2x^2}) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{x}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}} (1 + \sqrt{-1 + 2x^2}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1 + 2x^2}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}x}$$

output

```
2*x*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))-2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/x+1/2*2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/x
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 5.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt[4]{1-2x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2x^2\right)}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(-1/4),x]`

output `(x*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, 2*x^2])/(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {228, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx \\ \downarrow 228 \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{x} \\ \downarrow 834 \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \right)}{x} \\ \downarrow 761 \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \right)$$

$x$   
↓ 1510

$$\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{x^2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(-1/4), x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[x^2/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]^(1/2)*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/Sqrt[x^2] + (Sqrt[x^2/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]^(1/2)*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[x^2])))`/x

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 228 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(b*x)) Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[1 - x^4/a], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

**Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{(-\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1))^{\frac{1}{4}} x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 2x^2\right)}{\operatorname{signum}(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}}$	36

input

```
int(1/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/signum(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*(-signum(2*x^2-1))^(1/4)*x*hypergeom([1/4,1/2],[3/2],2*x^2)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((2*x^2 - 1)^(-1/4), x)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.12

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = xe^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{3}{2} \middle| 2x^2\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(2*x**2-1)**(1/4),x)`

output `x*exp(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*x**2)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((2*x^2 - 1)^(-1/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((2*x^2 - 1)^(-1/4), x)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \frac{x(1-2x^2)^{1/4} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; 2x^2\right)}{(2x^2-1)^{1/4}}$$

input `int(1/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4),x)`output `(x*(1 - 2*x^2)^(1/4)*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 3/2, 2*x^2))/(2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x)`output `int(1/(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4),x)`

**3.378**  $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3261
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3261
Rubi [A] (verified)	3262
Maple [C] (verified)	3263
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3263
Sympy [F]	3264
Maxima [F]	3264
Giac [F]	3265
Mupad [F(-1)]	3265
Reduce [F]	3265

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x-\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right)$$

output

`1/2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x-(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))-1/2*arctanh((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))`

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 12.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{-\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{1+x}}\sqrt[4]{\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{1+x}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}, \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x)*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*(-(Sqrt[2] - 2*x)/(1 + x)))^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2] + 2*x)/(1 + x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/4, 1/4, 3/2, (2 - Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x), (2 + Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x)])/(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {499}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx$$

↓ 499

$$\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1}\right)$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)/(1+ x - Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]/2 - ArcTanh[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)/(1 + x + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]/2`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 499

```
Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] :> With[
{q = Rt[-a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTan[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d
*x) - c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x] - Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTanh[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(
1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && NegQ[a]
```

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

method	result
trager	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}-x\sqrt{2x^2-1}-2(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}x-(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}-3x-2}{(x+1)^2}\right)}{2} + \frac{\text{RootOf}(\_Z^2+1) \ln\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1} \text{RootOf}(\_Z^2+1)x-(2x^2-1)}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$

input

```
int(1/(x+1)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*ln(((2*x^2-1)^(3/4)-x*(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)-2*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*x-(2*x^2-1)^(
1/4)-3*x-2)/(x+1)^2)+1/2*RootOf(_Z^2+1)*ln(-((2*x^2-1)^(1/2)*RootOf(_Z^2+1
)*x-(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)-3*RootOf(_Z^2+1)*x-2*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)*x-2*RootOf(_Z^2+1
)-(2*x^2-1)^(1/4))/(x+1)^2)
```

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1) + (2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{x^2-2x-2}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1}x - (2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(2x+1) + 3x + (2x^2-1)^{\frac{3}{4}} + 2}{x^2+2x+1}\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*arctan(((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1) + (2*x^2 - 1)^(3/4))/(x^2 - 2*x - 2)) + 1/2*log((sqrt(2*x^2 - 1)*x - (2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(2*x + 1) + 3*x + (2*x^2 - 1)^(3/4) + 2)/(x^2 + 2*x + 1))`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(2*x**2-1)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((x + 1)*(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{1/4}(x+1)} dx$$

input `int(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)),x)`

output `int(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}x + (2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(1+x)/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/((2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)*x + (2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)),x)`

**3.379**  $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3266
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3267
Rubi [A] (verified)	3267
Maple [F]	3270
Fricas [F]	3271
Sympy [F]	3271
Maxima [F]	3271
Giac [F]	3272
Mupad [F(-1)]	3272
Reduce [F]	3272

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 243

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(-1+2x^2)^{3/4}}{1+x} + \frac{2x\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x-\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right)$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}} (1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{x}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}} (1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}x}$$

output

```

-(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)/(1+x)+2*x*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/((1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+1/2*arctan(
(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x-(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))-1/2*arctanh((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x+(2
*x^2-1)^(1/2))))-2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/
2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4))),1/2*2^(1/2))/x+1/2*2^(1/2)*(x
^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arct
an((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/x
    
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 12.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 - 6x^2 - 3\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{1+x}} (1+x) \sqrt[4]{\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{1+x}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}, \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}\right) + 2\sqrt[8]{2}(1+x) \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{2}+2x}}{3(1+x) \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x)^2*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `(3 - 6*x^2 - 3*Sqrt[2]*(-((Sqrt[2] - 2*x)/(1 + x)))^(1/4)*(1 + x)*((Sqrt[2] + 2*x)/(1 + x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/4, 1/4, 3/2, (2 - Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x), (2 + Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x)] + 2*2^(1/8)*(1 + x)*(Sqrt[2] + 2*x)^(1/4)*(-1 + Sqrt[2]*x)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 3/4, 7/4, 1/2 - x/Sqrt[2]])/(3*(1 + x)*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.471$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 719, 228, 499, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)^2 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 498$$

$$-2 \int -\frac{x+2}{2(x+1) \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x+2}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
& \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx + \int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{228} \\
& \int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{x} - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{499} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right) - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{834} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \right)}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right) - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{761} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( 2 \arctan \left( \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \right), \frac{1}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \right)}{x} + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right) - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1510}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1}\right) + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{x^2}} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1}\right) - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)^2*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `-((-1 + 2*x^2)^(3/4)/(1 + x)) + ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)/(1 + x - Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]/2 - ArcTanh[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)/(1 + x + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])]/2 + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[x^2/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])^2]*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/Sqrt[x^2] + (Sqrt[x^2/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])^2]*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[x^2])))/x`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 228 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(b*x)) Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[1 - x^4/a], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 499 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTan[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x] - Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTanh[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && NegQ[a]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)^2 (2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x+1)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(x+1)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((2*x^2 - 1)^(3/4)/(2*x^4 + 4*x^3 + x^2 - 2*x - 1), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^2 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)**2/(2*x**2-1)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((x + 1)**2*(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^2), x)`

output `int(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^2 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x^2 + 2(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x + (2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(1+x)^2/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/((2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)*x**2 + 2*(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)*x + (2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)), x)`

**3.380**  $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3273
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	3274
Rubi [A] (verified)	3274
Maple [F]	3278
Fricas [F]	3279
Sympy [F]	3279
Maxima [F]	3279
Giac [F]	3280
Mupad [F(-1)]	3280
Reduce [F]	3280

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 262

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(-1+2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(1+x)^2} - \frac{5(-1+2x^2)^{3/4}}{2(1+x)} + \frac{5x\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}$$

$$+ \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x-\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}{1+x+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}}\right)$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}}(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}) E\left(2\arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}\right)\middle|\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}x}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2})^2}}(1+\sqrt{-1+2x^2}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}x}$$

output

```
-1/2*(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)/(1+x)^2-5*(2*x^2-1)^(3/4)/(2+2*x)+5*x*(2*x^2-1)^(1/4)
/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))+arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x-(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))-arctanh
((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)/(1+x+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))-5/2*2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)
))^2^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4))),1
/2*2^(1/2))/x+5/4*2^(1/2)*(x^2/(1+(2*x^2-1)^(1/2)))^2^(1/2)*(1+(2*x^2-1)^(
1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan((2*x^2-1)^(1/4)),1/2*2^(1/2))/x
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 19.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{15-30x^2}{1+x} + \frac{3-6x^2}{(1+x)^2} - 12\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{-\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{1+x}} \sqrt[4]{\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{1+x}} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}, \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2+2x}\right) - 10\sqrt[8]{2} \sqrt[4]{\sqrt{2}+2x}}{6\sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x)^3*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `((15 - 30*x^2)/(1 + x) + (3 - 6*x^2)/(1 + x)^2 - 12*Sqrt[2]*(-(Sqrt[2] - 2*x)/(1 + x)))^(1/4)*((Sqrt[2] + 2*x)/(1 + x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/4, 1/4, 3/2, (2 - Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x), (2 + Sqrt[2])/(2 + 2*x)] - 10*2^(1/8)*(Sqrt[2] + 2*x)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 3/4, 7/4, 1/2 - x/Sqrt[2]] + 10*2^(5/8)*x*(Sqrt[2] + 2*x)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 3/4, 7/4, 1/2 - x/Sqrt[2]])/(6*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.588$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 688, 25, 719, 228, 499, 834, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)^3 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 498$$

$$-\int -\frac{4-x}{2(x+1)^2 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{4-x}{(x+1)^2 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 688

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( - \int \frac{5x+9}{(x+1)^4 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{5(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1} \right) - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \int \frac{5x+9}{(x+1)^4 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{5(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1} \right) - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 719

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx + 4 \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^4 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx - \frac{5(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1} \right) - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 228

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 4 \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^4 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx + \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{x} - \frac{5(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{x+1} \right) - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 499

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{x} + 4 \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 834

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d^4 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \right)}{x} + 4 \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{(2x^2-1)^{3/4}}{2(x+1)^2}$$

↓ 761



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} - \int \frac{1-\sqrt{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2}} d\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1} \right)}{x} \right) + 4 \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1}\right) \right) + \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right)}{2(x+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{(2x^2 - 1)^{3/4}}{2(x + 1)^2}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( 4 \left( \frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{-\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1}\right) \right) + \frac{5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)^2}} (\sqrt{2x^2-1}+1)}{\sqrt{2x^2-1}+x+1} \right)}{2(x+1)^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{(2x^2 - 1)^{3/4}}{2(x + 1)^2}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)^3*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `-1/2*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(3/4)/(1 + x)^2 + ((-5*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(3/4))/(1 + x) + 4*(ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)/(1 + x - Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2]]]/2 - ArcTanh[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)/(1 + x + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2]]]/2) + (5*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x^2]*(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4))/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[x^2/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])^2]*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/Sqrt[x^2] + (Sqrt[x^2/(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])^2]*(1 + Sqrt[-1 + 2*x^2])*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^2)^(1/4)], 1/2])/(2*Sqrt[x^2])))/x)/2`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 228 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(b*x)) Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[1 - x^4/a], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`
- rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`
- rule 499 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTan[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x] - Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTanh[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && NegQ[a]`
- rule 688 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)^3 (2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x+1)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(x+1)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((2*x^2 - 1)^(3/4)/(2*x^5 + 6*x^4 + 5*x^3 - x^2 - 3*x - 1), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)^3 \sqrt[4]{2x^2-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)**3/(2*x**2-1)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((x + 1)**3*(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}(x+1)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^3), x)`

output `int(1/((2*x^2 - 1)^(1/4)*(x + 1)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(1+x)^3 \sqrt[4]{-1+2x^2}} dx \\ &= \int \frac{1}{(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x^3 + 3(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x^2 + 3(2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} x + (2x^2-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(1+x)^3/(2*x^2-1)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/((2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)*x**3 + 3*(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)*x**2 + 3*(2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)*x + (2*x**2 - 1)**(1/4)), x)`

**3.381**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3281
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3282
Rubi [A] (verified)	3282
Maple [F]	3286
Fricas [F]	3286
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3287
Maxima [F]	3288
Giac [F]	3288
Mupad [F(-1)]	3288
Reduce [F]	3289

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 401

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(c + dx)^2 (-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} + \frac{c(100c + 33dx) (-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{105ad} + \frac{16c^3x\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{5(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})}$$


---


$$\frac{8\sqrt{2}c^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a\sqrt{c}}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5a^{3/4}d^2x}$$


---


$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{2}c^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a\sqrt{c}}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5a^{3/4}d^2x}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{7} \frac{(d^2 x^2 + c^2)^2 (2 a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{3/4}}{a/d + 1/105 c^3 (33 d x + 100 c) (2 a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{3/4}} \frac{1}{a/d + 16 c^3 x (2 a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{1/4}} \frac{1}{(5 a^{1/2} c + 5 (2 a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{1/2}) - 8/5 2^{1/2} c^{7/2} (a d^2 x^2 / (a^{1/2} c + (2 a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{1/2}))^2}^{1/2} (a^{1/2} c + (2 a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{1/2}) \text{EllipticE}(\sin(2 \arctan((2 a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{1/4} / a^{1/4} / c^{1/2})), 1/2 2^{1/2}) / a^{3/4} / d^2 / x + 4/5 2^{1/2} c^{7/2} (a d^2 x^2 / (a^{1/2} c + (2 a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{1/2}))^2}^{1/2} (a^{1/2} c + (2 a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{1/2}) \text{InverseJacobiAM}(2 \arctan((2 a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{1/4} / a^{1/4} / c^{1/2}), 1/2 2^{1/2}) / a^{3/4} / d^2 / x$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 11.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-115c^4 - 63c^3 dx + 215c^2 d^2 x^2 + 126cd^3 x^3 + 30d^4 x^4 + 168c^3 dx \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{105d^4 \sqrt[4]{-a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3/((-a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-115c^4 - 63c^3 d x + 215c^2 d^2 x^2 + 126c d^3 x^3 + 30d^4 x^4 + 168c^3 d x \sqrt[4]{1 - (2d^2 x^2)/c^2}) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, (2d^2 x^2)/c^2]}{(105d^4 (-a(c^2 - 2d^2 x^2)))^{1/4}}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 530, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 676, 228, 834, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{acd^2(c+dx)(9c+11dx)}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx}{7ad^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{1}{7}c \int \frac{(c+dx)(9c+11dx)}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx + \frac{(c+dx)^2(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 676 \\
 & \frac{1}{7}c \left( \frac{56}{5}c^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx + \frac{20c(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} + \frac{11x(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{5a} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 228 \\
 & \frac{1}{7}c \left( \frac{56\sqrt{2}c^2\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{5ad^2x} + \frac{20c(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} + \frac{11x(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{5a} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 834 \\
 & \frac{1}{7}c \left( \frac{56\sqrt{2}c^2\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} - \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \right)}{5ad^2x} + \frac{20c(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} + \frac{11x(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{5a} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{(c+dx)^2(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{7}c \left( \frac{56\sqrt{2}c^2\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \right)}{5ad^2x} + \frac{20c(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \right)$$

761

$$\frac{1}{7}c \left( \frac{56\sqrt{2}c^2\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}}(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} \right)}{5ad^2x} + \frac{20c(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \right)$$

1510

$$\frac{1}{7}c \left( \frac{56\sqrt{2}c^2\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}}(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} \right)}{5ad^2x} + \frac{20c(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{7ad} \right)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3/(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((c + dx)^2(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}/(7ad) + (c((20c(-ac^2) \\ & + 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4})/(3ad) + (11x(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4})/(5a \\ & + (56\sqrt{2}c^2\sqrt{(d^2x^2)/c^2}((ac^2(-ac^2) + 2ad^2x^2)^{1/4} \\ & \sqrt{1 + (-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)/(ac^2)}))/(\sqrt{a}c + \sqrt{-ac^2 \\ & + 2ad^2x^2}) - (\sqrt{2}a^{1/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{(ad^2x^2)/(\sqrt{a}c \\ & + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}(\sqrt{a}c + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) \\ & )^2)*\text{EllipticE}[2\text{ArcTan}[(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{1/4}/(a^{1/4}\sqrt{c})], \\ & 1/2])/(\sqrt{1 + (-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)/(ac^2)} + (a^{1/4}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{( \\ & ad^2x^2)/(\sqrt{a}c + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}(\sqrt{a}c + \sqrt{ \\ & -ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2)*\text{EllipticF}[2\text{ArcTan}[(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{1/4} \\ & ]/(a^{1/4}\sqrt{c})], 1/2))/(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1 + (-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)/(a \\ & c^2)})))/(5ad^2x))/7 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 228

$$\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*(\sqrt{(-b)*(x^2/a)})/(b*x) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^2/\sqrt{1 - x^4/a}], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^{1/4}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a]$$

rule 497

$$\text{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^n)^{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + dx)^{n-1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + dx)^{n-2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$

rule 676

$$\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)(x_)*((f_*) + (g_*)(x_))*((a_*) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (\text{Simp}[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^{p+1}/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \&\& \text{!LeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(2a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3)/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 816, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3/(2*a*d**2*x**2-a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `3*c**2*d*Piecewise((zoo*x**2, Eq(a, 0)), (x**2/(2*(-a*c**2)**(1/4)), Eq(d**2, 0)), ((-a*c**2 + 2*a*d**2*x**2)**(3/4)/(3*a*d**2), True)) + d**3*Piecewise((-2*c**(15/2)*(-1 + 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)**(3/4)*exp(I*pi/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)) - 2*c**(15/2)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)) + c**(11/2)*d**2*x**2*(-1 + 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)**(3/4)*exp(I*pi/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)) + 4*c**(11/2)*d**2*x**2/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)) + 6*c**(7/2)*d**4*x**4*(-1 + 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)**(3/4)*exp(I*pi/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)), Abs(d**2*x**2/c**2) > 1/2), (2*c**(15/2)*(1 - 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)**(3/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)) - 2*c**(15/2)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)) - c**(11/2)*d**2*x**2*(1 - 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)**(3/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)) + 4*c**(11/2)*d**2*x**2/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)) - 6*c**(7/2)*d**4*x**4*(1 - 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)**(3/4)/(-21*a**(1/4)*c**4*d**4*exp(I*pi/4) + 42*a**(1/4)*c**2*d**6*x**2*exp(I*pi/4)), True)) + c**(5/2)*x*exp(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)/a**(1/4) + sqrt(c)*d**2*x...`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^3}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^3}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$23\sqrt{\sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2}} \sqrt{2} dx - c^2 + 2d^2x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2} + \sqrt{2}} dx \sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2} \sqrt{2} c^2 dx + 3\sqrt{\sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2}}$$


---

input `int((d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `(23*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)+sqrt(2)*d*x)*sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(2)*c**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)+sqrt(2)*d*x)*sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(2)*d**3*x**3 + 23*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)+sqrt(2)*d*x)*c**4 - 43*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)+sqrt(2)*d*x)*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)+sqrt(2)*d*x)*d**4*x**4 + 63*int(x**2/(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4),x)*c**3*d**3 + 21*int(1/(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4),x)*c**5*d)/(21*a**(1/4)*c**2*d)`

**3.382**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3290
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3291
Rubi [A] (verified)	3291
Maple [F]	3295
Fricas [F]	3295
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3295
Maxima [F]	3296
Giac [F]	3296
Mupad [F(-1)]	3297
Reduce [F]	3297

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 363

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(10c + 3dx)(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{15ad} + \frac{12c^2x\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{5(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})}$$

$$- \frac{6\sqrt{2}c^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a\sqrt{c}}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5a^{3/4}d^2x}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{2}c^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a\sqrt{c}}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{5a^{3/4}d^2x}$$

output

```
1/15*(3*d*x+10*c)*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(3/4)/a/d+12*c^2*x*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/(5*a^(1/2)*c+5*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))-6/5*2^(1/2)*c^(5/2)*(a*d^2*x^2/(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan((2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/d^2/x+3/5*2^(1/2)*c^(5/2)*(a*d^2*x^2/(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan((2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/d^2/x
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 11.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-10c^3 - 3c^2dx + 20cd^2x^2 + 6d^3x^3 + 18c^2dx \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{15d \sqrt[4]{-a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2/(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4),x]`

output `(-10*c^3 - 3*c^2*d*x + 20*c*d^2*x^2 + 6*d^3*x^3 + 18*c^2*d*x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(15*d*(-(a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2)))^(1/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 495, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 455, 228, 834, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{acd^2(6c+7dx)}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} dx}{5ad^2} + \frac{(c + dx)(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{5ad}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{1}{5}c \int \frac{6c + 7dx}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} dx + \frac{(c + dx)(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{5ad}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 455 \\
& \frac{1}{5}c \left( 6c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} dx + \frac{7(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \right) + \frac{(c + dx)(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{5ad} \\
& \downarrow 228 \\
& \frac{1}{5}c \left( \frac{6\sqrt{2}c\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{ad^2x} + \frac{7(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{(c + dx)(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{5ad} \\
& \downarrow 834 \\
& \frac{1}{5}c \left( \frac{6\sqrt{2}c\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} - \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{\sqrt{ac} - \sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} \right)}{ad^2x} + \frac{7(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{(c + dx)(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{5ad} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{5}c \left( \frac{6\sqrt{2}c\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac} - \sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} \right)}{ad^2x} + \frac{7(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \right) \\
& \quad \frac{(c + dx)(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{5ad} \\
& \downarrow 761
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}c \left( \frac{6\sqrt{2}c\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}}(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} \right) - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx \right)}{ad^2x}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{5ad}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{1}{5}c \left( \frac{6\sqrt{2}c\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}}(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} \right)}{ad^2x}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{5ad}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2/(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output `((c + d*x)*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4))/(5*a*d) + (c*((7*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4))/(3*a*d) + (6*sqrt[2]*c*sqrt[(d^2*x^2)/c^2]*((a*c^2*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)]))/(sqrt[a]*c + sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2]) - (sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*sqrt[c]*sqrt[(a*d^2*x^2)/(sqrt[a]*c + sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])]^(2)*(sqrt[a]*c + sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])*ellipticE[2*ArcTan[(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/4)*sqrt[c]]), 1/2])/sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)] + (a^(1/4)*sqrt[c]*sqrt[(a*d^2*x^2)/(sqrt[a]*c + sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])]^(2)*(sqrt[a]*c + sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])*ellipticF[2*ArcTan[(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/4)*sqrt[c]]), 1/2])/(sqrt[2]*sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)])))/(a*d^2*x))/5`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 228  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1/4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*(\text{Sqrt}[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(b*x)) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^2/\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^4/a], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^{1/4}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a]$
- rule 455  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_*)(x_))*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(2*b*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{LeQ}[p, -1]$
- rule 497  $\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_*)(x_))^{n_*}*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{n-1}*((a + b*x^2)^{p+1}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{n-2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$
- rule 761  $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(2*q*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 834  $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b/a, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x] - \text{Simp}[1/q \text{ Int}[(1 - q*x^2)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 1510  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)^2)/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (c_*)(x_)^4], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[c/a, 4]\}, \text{Simp}[(-d)*x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\text{Sqrt}[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2])/(q*\text{Sqrt}[a + c*x^4]))*\text{EllipticE}[2*\text{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x] /; \text{EqQ}[e + d*q^2, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[c/a]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(2a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = 2cd \left( \begin{cases} \infty x^2 & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2\sqrt[4]{-ac^2}} & \text{for } d^2 = 0 \\ \frac{(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3ad^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + \frac{c^{\frac{3}{2}} x e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{d^2 x^3 e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2} \middle| \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{3\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2/(2*a*d**2*x**2-a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output

```
2*c*d*Piecewise((zoo*x**2, Eq(a, 0)), (x**2/(2*(-a*c**2)**(1/4)), Eq(d**2,
0)), ((-a*c**2 + 2*a*d**2*x**2)**(3/4)/(3*a*d**2), True)) + c**(3/2)*x*ex
p(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)/a**(1/4) + d**2*x**
3*exp(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 3/2), (5/2,), 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)/(3*a**(1/4)*sq
r(c))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^2}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{1/4}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`output `int((c + d*x)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^2}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$2\sqrt{\sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2}} \sqrt{2} dx - c^2 + 2d^2x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2} + \sqrt{2} dx} \sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2} \sqrt{2} dx + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2}} \sqrt{2}$$

=

input `int((d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`output `(2*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2) + sqrt(2)*d*x)*sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(2)*d*x + 2*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2) + sqrt(2)*d*x)*c**2 - 4*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2) + sqrt(2)*d*x)*d**2*x**2 + 3*int(x**2/(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4), x)*c*d**3 + 3*int(1/(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4), x)*c**3*d)/(3*a**(1/4)*c*d)`

**3.383**  $\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3298
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3299
Rubi [A] (verified)	3299
Maple [F]	3302
Fricas [F]	3302
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3302
Maxima [F]	3303
Giac [F]	3303
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3304
Reduce [F]	3304

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 26, antiderivative size = 346

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} + \frac{2cx\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{a^{3/4}d^2x}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}d^2x}$$

output

```
1/3*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(3/4)/a/d+2*c*x*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)
*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))-2^(1/2)*c^(3/2)*(a*d^2*x^2/(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d
^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))*Ellipt
icE(sin(2*arctan((2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))/
a^(3/4)/d^2/x+1/2*c^(3/2)*(a*d^2*x^2/(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))
^2)^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan((
2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/d^2
/x
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 11.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-c^2 + 2d^2x^2 + 3cdx \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{3d \sqrt[4]{-a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)/((-a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4),x]
```

output

```
(-c^2 + 2*d^2*x^2 + 3*c*d*x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(3*d*(-a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2))^(1/4))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 453, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {455, 228, 834, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} dx + \frac{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad}$$

$$\downarrow 228$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}c \sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{ad^2x} + \frac{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad}$$



↓ 834

$$\frac{\sqrt{2c}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} - \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \right)}{\frac{ad^2x}{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}} \cdot 3ad} +$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{2c}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \right)}{\frac{ad^2x}{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}} \cdot 3ad} +$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{\sqrt{2c}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}} (\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} \right)}{\frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \cdot ad^2x}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{\sqrt{2c}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}} (\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1} \right)}{\frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{3ad} \cdot ad^2x}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)/(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( -\frac{a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2}{3 a d} + \frac{\sqrt{2} c \sqrt{\frac{d^2 x^2}{c^2}} \left( \left( \frac{a^2 c^2 (-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2)^{1/4} \sqrt{1 + (-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2) / (a^2 c^2)}}{\sqrt{a} c + \sqrt{-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2}} \right) - \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} a^{1/4} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2}{(\sqrt{a} c + \sqrt{-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2})^2}} (\sqrt{a} c + \sqrt{-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2}) \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2)^{1/4}}{a^{1/4} \sqrt{c}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{1 + (-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2) / (a^2 c^2)}} + \frac{a^{1/4} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2}{(\sqrt{a} c + \sqrt{-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2})^2}} (\sqrt{a} c + \sqrt{-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{(-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2)^{1/4}}{a^{1/4} \sqrt{c}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1 + (-a^2 c^2 + 2 a d^2 x^2) / (a^2 c^2)}} \right)}{a d^2 x} \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F x_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F x, (b_*)(G x_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 228

$$\operatorname{Int}[\left( (a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2 \right)^{-1/4}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[ 2 \sqrt{(-b)(x^2/a)} / (b x) \operatorname{Subst}\left[ \operatorname{Int}\left[ x^2 / \sqrt{1 - x^4/a} \right], x, (a + b x^2)^{1/4} \right], x \right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a]$$

rule 455

$$\operatorname{Int}[\left( (c_*) + (d_*)(x_*) \right) \left( (a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2 \right)^{p\_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[ d \left( (a + b x^2)^{p+1} / (2 b (p+1)) \right), x \right] + \operatorname{Simp}\left[ c \operatorname{Int}\left[ (a + b x^2)^p, x \right], x \right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!LeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 761

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4}}, x\_Symbol \right] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\left[ \{q = \operatorname{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \operatorname{Simp}\left[ \frac{1 + q^2 x^2}{\sqrt{(a + b x^4) / (a(1 + q^2 x^2)^2)}} / (2 q \sqrt{a + b x^4}) \right] \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[ 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}[q x], \frac{1}{2} \right], x \right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 834

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[ \frac{(x_)^2}{\sqrt{(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^4}}, x\_Symbol \right] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\left[ \{q = \operatorname{Rt}[b/a, 2]\}, \operatorname{Simp}\left[ \frac{1}{q} \operatorname{Int}\left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b x^4}}, x \right], x \right] - \operatorname{Simp}\left[ \frac{1}{q} \operatorname{Int}\left[ \frac{1 - q x^2}{\sqrt{a + b x^4}}, x \right], x \right] \right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[b/a]$$

rule 1510

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q =
  Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*
  (1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*E
  llipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e
  }, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{dx + c}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x + c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.24

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = d \left( \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty}x^2 & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2^4\sqrt{-ac^2}} & \text{for } d^2 = 0 \\ \frac{(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{3ad^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c}xe^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(2*a*d**2*x**2-a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `d*Piecewise((zoo*x**2, Eq(a, 0)), (x**2/(2*(-a*c**2)**(1/4)), Eq(d**2, 0)), ((-a*c**2 + 2*a*d**2*x**2)**(3/4)/(3*a*d**2), True)) + sqrt(c)*x*exp(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)/a**(1/4)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{dx + c}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{(-a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2))^{3/4}}{3ad} + \frac{cx \left(1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)^{1/4} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{1/4}}$$

input `int((c + d*x)/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`output `(-a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2))^(3/4)/(3*a*d) + (c*x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2))/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2}} \sqrt{2} dx - c^2 + 2d^2x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2} + \sqrt{2}} dx \sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2} \sqrt{2} dx + \sqrt{\sqrt{2d^2x^2 - c^2}} \sqrt{2} dx$$

$$=$$

input `int((d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`output `(sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2) + sqrt(2)*d*x)*sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(2)*d*x + sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2) + sqrt(2)*d*x)*c**2 - 2*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))*sqrt(2)*d*x - c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2) + sqrt(2)*d*x)*d**2*x**2 + 3*int(1/(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4),x)*c**3*d)/(3*a**(1/4)*c**2*d)`

**3.384**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3305
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3306
Rubi [A] (verified)	3306
Maple [F]	3308
Fricas [F]	3309
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3309
Maxima [F]	3309
Giac [F]	3310
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3310
Reduce [F]	3310

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 315

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{a^{3/4}d^2x} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}} (\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) \text{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}d^2x}$$

output

```
2*x*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))-2^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2/(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan((2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/d^2/x+1/2*c^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2/(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan((2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/d^2/x
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt[4]{1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{-a(c^2 - 2d^2x^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(-1/4), x]`

output `(x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(-(a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2)))^(1/4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 421, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$ , Rules used = {228, 834, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 228 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{ad^2x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 834 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} - \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{\sqrt{ac - \sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}}{\sqrt{ac} \sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} \right)}{ad^2x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \right)}{ad^2x}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}} (\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} \right)}{ad^2x}$$

↓ 1510

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}} (\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}} (\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} \right)}{ad^2x}$$

input `Int[(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(-1/4), x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(d^2*x^2)/c^2]*((a*c^2*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)])/(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(a*d^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])^2]*(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]]), 1/2])/Sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)] + (a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(a*d^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])^2]*(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]]), 1/2])/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2])]))/(a*d^2*x)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 228 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(b*x)) Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[1 - x^4/a], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]`
- rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2]]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`
- rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2]]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(-1/4), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate(1/(2*a*d**2*x**2-a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `x*exp(-I*pi/4)*hyper((1/4, 1/2), (3/2,), 2*d**2*x**2/c**2)/(a**(1/4)*sqrt(c))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(-1/4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(-1/4), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{x \left(1 - \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)^{1/4} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{2d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{1/4}}$$

input `int(1/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `(x*(1 - (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2)^(1/4)*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2], 3/2, (2*d^2*x^2)/c^2))/(2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{(2d^2x^2 - c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

input `int(1/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4),x)/a**(1/4)`

**3.385**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3311
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3312
Rubi [A] (verified)	3312
Maple [F]	3313
Fricas [F(-1)]	3313
Sympy [F]	3314
Maxima [F]	3314
Giac [F]	3314
Mupad [F(-1)]	3315
Reduce [F]	3315

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 174

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^{3/2}}\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^{3/2}}\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) + c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}}$$

output

```
1/2*arctan(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)*c*(d*x+c)-c*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2)/d-1/2*arctanh(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)*c*(d*x+c)+c*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2)/d
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}+2x}\right)}{c+dx}} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}+2x}\right)}{c+dx}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2c-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}}d}{2c+2dx}, \frac{2c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}}d}{2c+2dx}\right)}{d\sqrt[4]{-a(c^2-2d^2x^2)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((c + d*x)*(-a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2]*((d*(-Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2] + 2*x))/(c + d*x))^(1/4)*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2] + 2*x))/(c + d*x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/4, 1/4, 3/2, (2*c - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]*d)/(2*c + 2*d*x), (2*c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]*d)/(2*c + 2*d*x)])/(d*(-a*(c^2 - 2*d^2*x^2)))^(1/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.036$ , Rules used = {499}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx \quad \downarrow \quad 499$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^{3/2}}\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx)-c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^{3/2}}\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}(c+dx)}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `ArcTan[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])]/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d) - ArcTanh[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4))/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])]/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 499 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTan[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x] - Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTanh[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && NegQ[a]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)(2a d^2 x^2 - a c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{a(-c^2+2d^2x^2)}(c+dx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d**2*x**2-a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a*(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))**(1/4)*(c + d*x)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}(dx+c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{1/4} (c + dx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{(2d^2x^2 - c^2)^{1/4} c + (2d^2x^2 - c^2)^{1/4} dx}}{a^{1/4}}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/((-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c + (-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*d*x),x)/a**(1/4)`



**3.386**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3316
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3317
Rubi [A] (verified)	3318
Maple [F]	3322
Fricas [F(-1)]	3322
Sympy [F]	3322
Maxima [F]	3323
Giac [F]	3323
Mupad [F(-1)]	3323
Reduce [F]	3324

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 529

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = -\frac{(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} + \frac{2x\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{c^2(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})}$$

$$+ \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^{3/2}}\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2}d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^{3/2}}\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) + c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2}d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}}(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) E\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{a^{3/4}c^{3/2}d^2x}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}}(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{3/2}d^2x}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{a/c^2/d/(dx+c)} + 2x \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}}{c} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{a^{1/4}c^{3/2}(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}}{a^{1/2}c+(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/2}}\right)}{a^{1/4}/c^{3/2}/d-1/2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a^{1/4}c^{3/2}(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}}{a^{1/2}c+(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/2}}\right)} \\
& \frac{1}{a^{1/4}/c^{3/2}/d-2^{1/2}(ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{a^{1/2}c+(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/2}} \\
& \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sin\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}}{a^{1/4}/c^{1/2}}\right)\right), \frac{1}{2}2^{1/2}\right) \frac{1}{a^{3/4}/c^{3/2}/d^2/x} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{a^{1/2}c+(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/2}} \frac{1}{a^{1/2}c+(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/2}} \\
& \operatorname{InverseJacobiAM}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}}{a^{1/4}/c^{1/2}}\right), \frac{1}{2}2^{1/2}\right) \\
& \frac{1}{a^{3/4}/c^{3/2}/d^2/x}
\end{aligned}$$

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}+2x}\right)}{c+dx}} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}+2x}\right)}{c+dx}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{2c-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}}d}{2c+2dx}, \frac{2c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}}d}{2c+2dx}\right)}{3d(c+dx)\sqrt[4]{-a(c^2-2d^2x^2)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c + d*x)^2*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{3} \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( (d(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c^2/d^2}) + 2x) \right)^{1/4} \left( (d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c^2/d^2} + 2x)) \right)^{1/4}}{(c+dx)^{1/4}} \\
& \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{(2c-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c^2/d^2})d}{(2c+2dx)}, \frac{(2c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{c^2/d^2})d}{(2c+2dx)}\right] \\
& \frac{1}{(d(c+dx)(-a(c^2-2d^2x^2)))^{1/4}}
\end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 641, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.321$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 719, 228, 499, 834, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 498 \\
 & -\frac{2 \int -\frac{2c+dx}{2(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2c+dx}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx + c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 228 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{ad^2x}}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 499 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{ad^2x} + c \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac(c+dx)-c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac(c+dx)}}\right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 834

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} - \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \right)}{ad^2x} + c \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2}\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx)-c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}} \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \right)}{ad^2x} + c \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2}\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx)-c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} \right)$$


---

$$\frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)}$$

↓ 761

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}} (\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d^4\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \right)}{ad^2x}$$


---

$$\frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{ac^2d(c+dx)}$$

↓ 1510

$$c \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac(c+dx) - c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^3/2} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} + \sqrt{ac(c+dx)}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} + \sqrt{ac})}}}}{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} + \sqrt{ac}} \right)}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4} / ac^2d(c + dx)}$$

```
input Int[1/((c + d*x)^2*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]
```

```
output -((- (a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4)/(a*c^2*d*(c + d*x))) + (c*(ArcTan[(a^(1/4)
)*c^(3/2)*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[-(
a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])]/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d) - ArcTanh[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*
(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*
a*d^2*x^2])]/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d) + (Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(d^2*x^2)/c^2]*((a*c^2
)*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)]
)/(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqr
t[(a*d^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])^2]*(Sqrt[a]*c +
Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(
1/4)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]]], 1/2])/Sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)]
+ (a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(a*d^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*
x^2])^2]*(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[(-(
a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]]], 1/2)]/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + (
-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)])))/(a*d^2*x)/c^2
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 228 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(
b*x)) Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[1 - x^4/a], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 499 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_)*)((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTan[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x] - Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTanh[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && NegQ[a]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx + c)^2 (2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{a(-c^2 + 2d^2x^2)}(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**2/(2*a*d**2*x**2-a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a*(-c**2 + 2*d**2*x**2))**(1/4)*(c + d*x)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}(dx+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}(dx+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}(c+dx)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)^2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{(2d^2x^2-c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 + 2(2d^2x^2-c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} cdx + (2d^2x^2-c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^2x^2} dx}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^2/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/((-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2+2*(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d*x+(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*d**2*x**2),x)/a**(1/4)`

**3.387**  $\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3325
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3326
Rubi [A] (verified)	3327
Maple [F]	3332
Fricas [F(-1)]	3332
Sympy [F]	3332
Maxima [F]	3333
Giac [F]	3333
Mupad [F(-1)]	3333
Reduce [F]	3334

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 569

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} - \frac{5(-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^3d(c+dx)} + \frac{5x\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{c^3(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})}$$

$$+ \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac}c^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{ac}c^{5/2}d} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{ac}c^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) + c\sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{ac}c^{5/2}d}$$

$$- \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}}(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) E\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{5/2}d^2x}$$

$$+ \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2})^2}}(\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-ac^2 + 2ad^2x^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}c^{5/2}d^2x}$$

output

```
-1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(3/4)/a/c^2/d/(d*x+c)^2-5/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(3/4)/a/c^3/d/(d*x+c)+5*x*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/c^3/(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))+arctan(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)*c*(d*x+c)-c*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))/a^(1/4)/c^(5/2)/d-arctanh(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)*c*(d*x+c)+c*(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))/a^(1/4)/c^(5/2)/d-5/2*(a*d^2*x^2/(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))*EllipticE(sin(2*arctan((2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2))),1/2*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(5/2)/d^2/x+5/4*(a*d^2*x^2/(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*c+(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/2))*InverseJacobiAM(2*arctan((2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4)/a^(1/4)/c^(1/2)),1/2*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(3/4)/c^(5/2)/d^2/x
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 11.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}}+2x\right)}{c+dx}} \sqrt[4]{\frac{d\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}}+2x\right)}{c+dx}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{2c-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}}d}{2c+2dx}, \frac{2c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{c^2}{d^2}}d}{2c+2dx}\right)}{5d(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{-a(c^2-2d^2x^2)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((c+d*x)^3*(-(a*c^2)+2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]
```

output

```
-1/5*(Sqrt[2]*((d*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2])+2*x))/(c+d*x))^(1/4)*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]+2*x))/(c+d*x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[5/2,1/4,1/4,7/2,(2*c-Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]*d)/(2*c+2*d*x),(2*c+Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[c^2/d^2]*d)/(2*c+2*d*x)]/(d*(c+d*x)^2*(-(a*(c^2-2*d^2*x^2)))^(1/4))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 691, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {498, 27, 688, 25, 27, 719, 228, 499, 834, 27, 761, 1510}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 498 \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{4c-dx}{2(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{4c-dx}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 688 \\
 & -\frac{\int -\frac{acd^2(9c+5dx)}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx}{ac^2d^2} - \frac{5(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)} - \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{acd^2(9c+5dx)}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx}{ac^2d^2} - \frac{5(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)} - \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{9c+5dx}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx}{c} - \frac{5(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)} - \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 719 \\
 & \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx + 4c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{5(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)} - \frac{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 228 \\ & \frac{4c \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} dx + \frac{5\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{ad^2x} - \frac{5(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{acd(c+dx)}}{c} - \frac{2c^2}{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}} \\ & \frac{2c^2}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 499 \\ & \frac{5\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{ad^2x} + 4c \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^{3/2}} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} \right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^{3/2}} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2} + \sqrt{ac}(c+dx)} \right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} \right) \\ & \frac{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \frac{2c^2}{2c^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 834 \\ & \frac{5\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{ad^2x} - \frac{\sqrt{ac} \int \frac{\sqrt{ac} - \sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{ad^2x} \right) + 4c \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^{3/2}} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} \right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{c} \\ & \frac{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \frac{2c^2}{2c^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{5\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt{ac} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{ad^2x} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac} - \sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}{ac^2} + 1}} d \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{ad^2x} \right) + 4c \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{ac^{3/2}} \sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx) - c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2 - ac^2}} \right)}{2 \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{c} \\ & \frac{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2} \frac{2c^2}{2c^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 761$$

$$\frac{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c+dx)^2}$$

$$5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}} (\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \right)$$


---


$$ad^2x$$


---


$$c$$


---


$$2c^2$$

$$\frac{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c + dx)^2}$$

↓ 1510

$$4c \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}c^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{ac}(c+dx)-c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{a}c^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{c\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}(c+dx)}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{cd}} \right) + 5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2}{(\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac})^2}} (\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}+\sqrt{ac}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}}{\sqrt{\frac{2ad^2x^2-ac^2}{ac^2}+1}} d\sqrt[4]{2ad^2x^2-ac^2} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{(2ad^2x^2 - ac^2)^{3/4}}{2ac^2d(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Int[1/((c + d*x)^3*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output

```

-1/2*(-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4)/(a*c^2*d*(c + d*x)^2) + ((-5*(-(a*c^2)
+ 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(3/4))/(a*c*d*(c + d*x)) + (4*c*(ArcTan[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*
-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*
a*d^2*x^2)])/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d) - ArcTanh[(a^(1/4)*c^(3/2)*(-(a*c^2) +
2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[a]*c*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)
]/(2*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*d)) + (5*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(d^2*x^2)/c^2]*((a*c^2*(-(a*c^2)
) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)*Sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)])/(Sqrt[a
]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2]) - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(a*d^2
*x^2)/(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])]^2*(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*
c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)/(a^
(1/4)*Sqrt[c]]], 1/2])/Sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)] + (a^(1/
4)*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(a*d^2*x^2)/(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])]^2*
(Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[-(a*c^2) + 2*a*d^2*x^2])*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[-(a*c^2) +
2*a*d^2*x^2)^(1/4)/(a^(1/4)*Sqrt[c]]], 1/2))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[1 + (-(a*c^2) +
2*a*d^2*x^2)/(a*c^2)])))/(a*d^2*x)/c)/(2*c^2)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 228

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1/4), x_Symbol] := Simp[2*(Sqrt[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(
b*x)) Subst[Int[x^2/Sqrt[1 - x^4/a], x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a]
```

rule 498

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + S
imp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n
+ 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n
, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])
```

rule 499 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(1/4)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTan[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) - c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x] - Simp[(1/(2*d*q))*ArcTanh[c*q*((a + b*x^2)^(1/4)/(q^2*(c + d*x) + c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[b*c^2 + 2*a*d^2, 0] && NegQ[a]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 761 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 834 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Simp[1/q Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Simp[1/q Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]`

rule 1510 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx+c)^3 (2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{a(-c^2+2d^2x^2)}(c+dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)**3/(2*a*d**2*x**2-a*c**2)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a*(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2))**(1/4)*(c+d*x)**3),x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}(dx+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{\frac{1}{4}}(dx+c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(d*x + c)^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(2ad^2x^2-ac^2)^{1/4}(c+dx)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)^3),x)`

output `int(1/((2*a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)^(1/4)*(c + d*x)^3), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt[4]{-ac^2+2ad^2x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\int \frac{1}{(2d^2x^2-c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^3 + 3(2d^2x^2-c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} c^2 dx + 3(2d^2x^2-c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} c d^2 x^2 + (2d^2x^2-c^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} d^3 x^3} dx}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

input `int(1/(d*x+c)^3/(2*a*d^2*x^2-a*c^2)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/((-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c**3+3*(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c**2*d*x+3*(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*c*d**2*x**2+(-c**2+2*d**2*x**2)**(1/4)*d**3*x**3),x)/a**(1/4)`

**3.388**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3335
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3336
Rubi [A] (verified)	3336
Maple [F]	3340
Fricas [F(-1)]	3341
Sympy [F]	3341
Maxima [F]	3341
Giac [F]	3342
Mupad [F(-1)]	3342
Reduce [F]	3342

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 278

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{b^2c+a^2d}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{b^2c+a^2d}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{b^2c+a^2d}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{b^2c+a^2d}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{b^2c+a^2d}}$$

$$- \frac{a\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{b\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b^2c+a^2d}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), -1\right)}{b\sqrt{b^2c+a^2d}}$$

$$+ \frac{a\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b^2c+a^2d}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), -1\right)}{b\sqrt{b^2c+a^2d}}$$

output

```
arctan(b^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)^(1/4)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/4))/b^(1/2)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/4)-arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)^(1/4)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/4))/b^(1/2)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/4)-a*c^(1/4)*(-d*x^2/c)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((d*x^2+c)^(1/4)/c^(1/4),-b*c^(1/2)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/2),I)/b/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/2)/x+a*c^(1/4)*(-d*x^2/c)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((d*x^2+c)^(1/4)/c^(1/4),b*c^(1/2)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/2),I)/b/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/2)/x
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 6.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt[4]{\frac{b(-\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}+x)}}{a+bx}}\sqrt[4]{\frac{b(\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}+x)}}{a+bx}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{a-b\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{a+bx}, \frac{a+b\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{a+bx}\right)}{b\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `(-2*((b*(-Sqrt[-(c/d)] + x))/(a + b*x))^(1/4)*((b*(Sqrt[-(c/d)] + x))/(a + b*x))^(1/4)*AppellF1[1/2, 1/4, 1/4, 3/2, (a - b*Sqrt[-(c/d)])/(a + b*x), (a + b*Sqrt[-(c/d)])/(a + b*x)])/b*(c + d*x^2)^(1/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {504, 310, 353, 73, 27, 827, 218, 221, 993, 1542}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 504$$

$$a \int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)\sqrt[4]{dx^2 + c}} dx - b \int \frac{x}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)\sqrt[4]{dx^2 + c}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 310$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{(da^2+b^2c-b^2(dx^2+c))\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{x} - b \int \frac{x}{(a^2-b^2x^2)\sqrt[4]{dx^2+c}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 353 \\
& \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{(da^2+b^2c-b^2(dx^2+c))\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{x} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{(a^2-b^2x^2)\sqrt[4]{dx^2+c}} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{(da^2+b^2c-b^2(dx^2+c))\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{x} - \frac{2b \int \frac{dx^4}{(a^2+\frac{b^2c}{d})d-b^2x^8} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{(da^2+b^2c-b^2(dx^2+c))\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{x} - 2b \int \frac{x^4}{-b^2x^8+b^2c+a^2d} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 827 \\
& \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{(da^2+b^2c-b^2(dx^2+c))\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{x} - \\
& 2b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{da^2+b^2c-bx^4}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{2b} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{bx^4+\sqrt{da^2+b^2c}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{2b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{(da^2+b^2c-b^2(dx^2+c))\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{x} - \\
& 2b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{da^2+b^2c-bx^4}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{2b} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 221
\end{aligned}$$

$$2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{(da^2+b^2c-b^2(dx^2+c))\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}$$

$$2b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}} \right)$$

↓ 993

$$2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{da^2+b^2c-b\sqrt{dx^2+c}})\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{2b} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{dx^2+cb+\sqrt{da^2+b^2c}})\sqrt{1-\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{2b} \right)$$

$$2b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}} \right)$$

↓ 1542

$$2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \left( \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{da^2+b^2c}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2+c}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), -1\right)}{2b\sqrt{a^2d+b^2c}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{c}\operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{b\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{da^2+b^2c}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2+c}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), -1\right)}{2b\sqrt{a^2d+b^2c}} \right)$$

$$2b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x^2)^(1/4)), x]`

output 
$$\frac{-2*b*(-1/2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x^2)^(1/4))/(b^2*c + a^2*d)^(1/4)]/(b^(3/2)*(b^2*c + a^2*d)^(1/4)) + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x^2)^(1/4))/(b^2*c + a^2*d)^(1/4)]/(2*b^(3/2)*(b^2*c + a^2*d)^(1/4))) + (2*a*Sqrt[-((d*x^2)/c)]*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*EllipticPi[-((b*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[b^2*c + a^2*d)], ArcSin[(c + d*x^2)^(1/4)/c^(1/4)], -1)]/(b*Sqrt[b^2*c + a^2*d]) + (c^(1/4)*EllipticPi[(b*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[b^2*c + a^2*d], ArcSin[(c + d*x^2)^(1/4)/c^(1/4)], -1)]/(2*b*Sqrt[b^2*c + a^2*d])))/x$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 73 
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 218 
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$$

rule 221 
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 310 
$$\text{Int}[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(1/4))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*(\text{Sqrt}[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/x) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^2/(\text{Sqrt}[1 - x^4/a]*(b*c - a*d + d*x^4)), x], x, (a + b*x^2)^(1/4)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$$

rule 353 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$$



rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

rule 827 `Int[(x_)^2/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numerator[Rt[-a/b, 2]], s = Denominator[Rt[-a/b, 2]]}, Simp[s/(2*b) Int[1/(r + s*x^2), x], x] - Simp[s/(2*b) Int[1/(r - s*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a/b, 0]`

rule 993 `Int[(x_)^2/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numerator[Rt[-a/b, 2]], s = Denominator[Rt[-a/b, 2]]}, Simp[s/(2*b) Int[1/((r + s*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^4]), x], x] - Simp[s/(2*b) Int[1/((r - s*x^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^4]), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 1542 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(d*Sqrt[a]*q))*EllipticPi[-e/(d*q^2), ArcSin[q*x], -1], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(bx+a)(dx^2+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(1/4),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)\sqrt[4]{c + dx^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(1/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)\sqrt[4]{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx)\sqrt[4]{c + dx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x**2+c)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x**2)**(1/4)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)\sqrt[4]{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx^2 + c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((d*x^2 + c)^(1/4)*(b*x + a)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx^2+c)^{\frac{1}{4}}(bx+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*x^2 + c)^(1/4)*(b*x + a)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx^2+c)^{1/4}(a+bx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c + d*x^2)^(1/4)*(a + b*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((c + d*x^2)^(1/4)*(a + b*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx^2+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} a + (dx^2+c)^{\frac{1}{4}} bx} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(1/4),x)`

output `int(1/((c + d*x**2)**(1/4)*a + (c + d*x**2)**(1/4)*b*x),x)`

**3.389**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(c+dx^2)^{3/4}} dx$

Optimal result	3343
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3344
Rubi [A] (verified)	3344
Maple [F]	3348
Fricas [F(-1)]	3349
Sympy [F]	3349
Maxima [F]	3349
Giac [F]	3350
Mupad [F(-1)]	3350
Reduce [F]	3350

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 268

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(c+dx^2)^{3/4}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{b^2c+a^2d}}\right)}{(b^2c+a^2d)^{3/4}} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{b^2c+a^2d}}\right)}{(b^2c+a^2d)^{3/4}} + \frac{a\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{b\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b^2c+a^2d}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), -1\right)}{(b^2c+a^2d)x} + \frac{a\sqrt[4]{c}\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{b^2c+a^2d}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), -1\right)}{(b^2c+a^2d)x}$$

output

```
-b^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)^(1/4)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/4))/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(3/4)-b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)^(1/4)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/4))/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(3/4)+a*c^(1/4)*(-d*x^2/c)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((d*x^2+c)^(1/4)/c^(1/4),-b*c^(1/2)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/2),I)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)/x+a*c^(1/4)*(-d*x^2/c)^(1/2)*EllipticPi((d*x^2+c)^(1/4)/c^(1/4),b*c^(1/2)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)^(1/2),I)/(a^2*d+b^2*c)/x
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(c+dx^2)^{3/4}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{b^2c+a^2}dx \left( \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{b^2c+a^2}d}\right) + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{b^2c+a^2}d}\right) \right) + a\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x^2)^(3/4)),x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[b]*(b^2*c + a^2*d)^(1/4)*x*(ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x^2)^(1/4))/(b^2*c + a^2*d] + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x^2)^(1/4))/(b^2*c + a^2*d]^(1/4)])) + a*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[-((d*x^2)/c)]*EllipticPi[-((b*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[b^2*c + a^2*d]), ArcSin[(c + d*x^2)^(1/4)/c^(1/4)], -1] + a*c^(1/4)*Sqrt[-((d*x^2)/c)]*EllipticPi[(b*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[b^2*c + a^2*d], ArcSin[(c + d*x^2)^(1/4)/c^(1/4)], -1])/((b^2*c + a^2*d)*x)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {504, 312, 118, 25, 353, 73, 756, 218, 221, 925, 1542}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(c+dx^2)^{3/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 504$$

$$a \int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)(dx^2 + c)^{3/4}} dx - b \int \frac{x}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)(dx^2 + c)^{3/4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 312$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}}(a^2 - b^2x^2)(dx^2 + c)^{3/4}} dx^2}{2x} - b \int \frac{x}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)(dx^2 + c)^{3/4}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 118 \\
 & -b \int \frac{x}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)(dx^2 + c)^{3/4}} dx - \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^8 + b^2c + a^2d)\sqrt{1-\frac{x^8}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{x} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^8 + b^2c + a^2d)\sqrt{1-\frac{x^8}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{x} - b \int \frac{x}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)(dx^2 + c)^{3/4}} dx \\
 & \downarrow 353 \\
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^8 + b^2c + a^2d)\sqrt{1-\frac{x^8}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{x} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{1}{(a^2 - b^2x^2)(dx^2 + c)^{3/4}} dx^2 \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^8 + b^2c + a^2d)\sqrt{1-\frac{x^8}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{x} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{-\frac{b^2x^8}{d} + a^2 + \frac{b^2c}{d}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{d} \\
 & \downarrow 756 \\
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^8 + b^2c + a^2d)\sqrt{1-\frac{x^8}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{x} - \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{da^2 + b^2c - bx^4}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{2\sqrt{a^2d + b^2c}} + \frac{d \int \frac{1}{bx^4 + \sqrt{da^2 + b^2c}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{2\sqrt{a^2d + b^2c}} \right)}{d} \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^8 + b^2c + a^2d)\sqrt{1-\frac{x^8}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{x} - \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{da^2 + b^2c - bx^4}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{2\sqrt{a^2d + b^2c}} + \frac{d \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{b} \sqrt[4]{c + dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d + b^2c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a^2d + b^2c)^{3/4}} \right)}{d} \\
 & \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \int \frac{1}{(-b^2x^8+b^2c+a^2d)\sqrt{1-\frac{x^8}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{2b \left( \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a^2d+b^2c)^{3/4}} + \frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a^2d+b^2c)^{3/4}} \right)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{925} \\
 & 2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(1-\frac{bx^4}{\sqrt{da^2+b^2c}}\right)\sqrt{1-\frac{x^8}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{2(a^2d+b^2c)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{bx^4}{\sqrt{da^2+b^2c}}+1\right)\sqrt{1-\frac{x^8}{c}}} d^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{2(a^2d+b^2c)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1542} \\
 & 2a\sqrt{-\frac{dx^2}{c}} \left( -\frac{{}^4\sqrt{c} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(-\frac{b\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{da^2+b^2c}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2+c}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), -1\right)}{2(a^2d+b^2c)} - \frac{{}^4\sqrt{c} \operatorname{EllipticPi}\left(\frac{b\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{da^2+b^2c}}, \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{dx^2+c}}{\sqrt[4]{c}}\right), -1\right)}{2(a^2d+b^2c)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & 2b \left( \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a^2d+b^2c)^{3/4}} + \frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a^2d+b^2c)^{3/4}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a^2d+b^2c)^{3/4}} + \frac{d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2d+b^2c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(a^2d+b^2c)^{3/4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x^2)^(3/4)), x]`

output

```
(-2*b*((d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x^2)^(1/4))/(b^2*c + a^2*d)^(1/4)]/(2*Sqrt[b]*(b^2*c + a^2*d)^(3/4)) + (d*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x^2)^(1/4))/(b^2*c + a^2*d)^(1/4)]/(2*Sqrt[b]*(b^2*c + a^2*d)^(3/4))))/d - (2*a*Sqrt[-((d*x^2)/c)]*(-1/2*(c^(1/4)*EllipticPi[-((b*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[b^2*c + a^2*d]), ArcSin[(c + d*x^2)^(1/4)/c^(1/4)], -1)]/(b^2*c + a^2*d) - (c^(1/4)*EllipticPi[(b*Sqrt[c])/Sqrt[b^2*c + a^2*d], ArcSin[(c + d*x^2)^(1/4)/c^(1/4)], -1)]/(2*(b^2*c + a^2*d))))/x
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 118

```
Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(3/4)), x_] := Simp[-4 Subst[Int[1/((b*e - a*f - b*x^4)*Sqrt[c - d*(e/f) + d*(x^4/f)]), x], x, (e + f*x)^(1/4)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[-f/(d*e - c*f), 0]
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 312

```
Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/4))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Sqrt[(-b)*(x^2/a)]/(2*x) Subst[Int[1/(Sqrt[(-b)*(x/a)]*(a + b*x)^(3/4)*(c + d*x)), x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```



rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c Int
[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c
^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

rule 756 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{r = Numerator[Rt[-a/b, 2
]], s = Denominator[Rt[-a/b, 2]]}, Simp[r/(2*a) Int[1/(r - s*x^2), x], x]
+ Simp[r/(2*a) Int[1/(r + s*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a
/b, 0]`

rule 925 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^4)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
1/(2*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 - Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] + Simp[1/(2
*c) Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^4]*(1 + Rt[-d/c, 2]*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 1542 `Int[1/(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4]), x_Symbol] :> With[
{q = Rt[-c/a, 4]}, Simp[(1/(d*Sqrt[a]*q))*EllipticPi[-e/(d*q^2), ArcSin[q*x
], -1], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(bx+a)(dx^2+c)^{\frac{3}{4}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(3/4),x)`

output `int(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(3/4),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)(c + dx^2)^{3/4}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(3/4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)(c + dx^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx)(c + dx^2)^{3/4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x**2+c)**(3/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x**2)**(3/4)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)(c + dx^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx^2 + c)^{3/4}(bx + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(3/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((d*x^2 + c)^(3/4)*(b*x + a)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(c+dx^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx^2+c)^{3/4}(bx+a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(3/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((d*x^2 + c)^(3/4)*(b*x + a)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(c+dx^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx^2+c)^{3/4}(a+bx)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c + d*x^2)^(3/4)*(a + b*x)),x)`

output `int(1/((c + d*x^2)^(3/4)*(a + b*x)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)(c+dx^2)^{3/4}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx^2+c)^{3/4} a + (dx^2+c)^{3/4} bx} dx$$

input `int(1/(b*x+a)/(d*x^2+c)^(3/4),x)`

output `int(1/((c + d*x**2)**(3/4)*a + (c + d*x**2)**(3/4)*b*x),x)`

**3.390**  $\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3351
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3352
Rubi [A] (verified)	3352
Maple [F]	3353
Fricas [F]	3353
Sympy [F]	3354
Maxima [F]	3354
Giac [F]	3354
Mupad [F(-1)]	3355
Reduce [F]	3355

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx}) \sqrt[4]{-\frac{(\sqrt{cd}+\sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{cx})}{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\left(d+\frac{\sqrt{-ae}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \sqrt{d+ex} \sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}}$$

output

```
-2*((-a)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x)*(-(c^(1/2)*d+(-a)^(1/2)*e)*((-a)^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*x)
)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/((-a)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x)^(1/4)*hypergeom([-1/2,
1/4],[1/2],2*(-a)^(1/2)*c^(1/2)*(e*x+d)/(c^(1/2)*d-(-a)^(1/2)*e)/((-a)^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*x))/c^(1/2)/(d+(-a)^(1/2)*e/c^(1/2))/(e*x+d)^(1/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/4)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 20.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{(-ae+cdx)(a+cx^2)^{3/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{(ae-cdx)^2}{ac(d+ex)^2}\right)}{ac(d+ex)^{5/2} \left(\frac{cd^2+ae^2}{ac(d+ex)^2}(a+cx^2)\right)^{3/4}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output `((-(a*e) + c*d*x)*(a + c*x^2)^(3/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 3/2, -((a*e - c*d*x)^2/(a*c*(d + e*x)^2))]/(a*c*(d + e*x)^(5/2)*(((c*d^2 + a*e^2)*(a + c*x^2))/(a*c*(d + e*x)^2))^(3/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$ , Rules used = {489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}(d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 489

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx}) \sqrt[4]{-\frac{(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})}{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{c}(d+ex)}{(\sqrt{cd}-\sqrt{-ae})(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{cx})}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}\sqrt{d+ex}(\sqrt{-ae}+\sqrt{cd})}$$

input `Int[1/((d + e*x)^(3/2)*(a + c*x^2)^(1/4)),x]`

output

```
(-2*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x)*(-(((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[c]*x))/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x))))^(1/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1/4, 1/2, (2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[c]*(d + e*x))/((Sqrt[c]*d - Sqrt[-a]*e)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[c]*x))]/((Sqrt[c]*d + Sqrt[-a]*e)*Sqrt[d + e*x]*(a + c*x^2)^(1/4))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)]*Hypergeometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x))), x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(ex + d)^{\frac{3}{2}} (cx^2 + a)^{\frac{1}{4}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/4), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/4), x)
```

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(d + ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a + cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2 + a)^{1/4} (ex + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/4), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((c*x^2 + a)^(3/4)*sqrt(e*x + d)/(c*e^2*x^4 + 2*c*d*e*x^3 + 2*a*d*e*x + a*d^2 + (c*d^2 + a*e^2)*x^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{a+cx^2} (d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)**(3/2)/(c*x**2+a)**(1/4),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + c*x**2)**(1/4)*(d + e*x)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^{1/4} (ex+d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^{1/4} (ex+d)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((c*x^2 + a)^(1/4)*(e*x + d)^(3/2)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx^2+a)^{1/4} (d+ex)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^(1/4)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + c*x^2)^(1/4)*(d + e*x)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{ex+d}(cx^2+a)^{1/4}ae + 2\sqrt{ex+d}(cx^2+a)^{1/4}cdx - 2\sqrt{cx^2+a} \left( \int \frac{1}{c^2e^2x} \right)}{(d+ex)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{a+cx^2}}$$

input `int(1/(e*x+d)^(3/2)/(c*x^2+a)^(1/4),x)`



output

```
( - 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(a + c*x**2)**(1/4)*a*e + 2*sqrt(d + e*x)*(a + c*x**2)
**(1/4)*c*d*x - 2*sqrt(a + c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*(a + c*x**2)**(3/4)*
x**3)/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c
*d*e*x**3 + 2*a*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5 + c**2*e**2
*x**6),x)*c**2*d**2*e - 2*sqrt(a + c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*(a + c*x**2)
**(3/4)*x**3)/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*c*d**2*x**2
+ 4*a*c*d*e*x**3 + 2*a*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5 + c
**2*e**2*x**6),x)*c**2*d*e**2*x - sqrt(a + c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*(a +
c*x**2)**(3/4))/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*c*d**2*x
**2 + 4*a*c*d*e*x**3 + 2*a*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5
+ c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**2*d*e**2 - sqrt(a + c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*(a
+ c*x**2)**(3/4))/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*c*d**2*
x**2 + 4*a*c*d*e*x**3 + 2*a*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5
+ c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a**2*e**3*x + sqrt(a + c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*(a
+ c*x**2)**(3/4))/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*c*d**2
*x**2 + 4*a*c*d*e*x**3 + 2*a*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**
5 + c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a*c*d**3 + sqrt(a + c*x**2)*int((sqrt(d + e*x)*(a +
c*x**2)**(3/4))/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a**2*d*e*x + a**2*e**2*x**2 + 2*a*c*d**2*x
**2 + 4*a*c*d*e*x**3 + 2*a*c*e**2*x**4 + c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*c**2*d*e*x**5
+ c**2*e**2*x**6),x)*a*c*d**2*e*x)/(3*sqrt(a + c*x**2)*c*d**2*(d + e*x)...
```

**3.391**  $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3357
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3358
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3358
Maple [F]	3363
Fricas [F(-2)]	3363
Sympy [F]	3363
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Reduce [F]	3365

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}} dx = x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2\right) - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2^{5/6}\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt[6]{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1+2^{5/6}\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{2\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}}{\sqrt[6]{2}}\right)}{\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[6]{2}\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}}{\sqrt[3]{2}+\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt[6]{2}}$$

output

```
x*AppellF1(1/2,1,1/6,3/2,x^2,-x^2)-1/4*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(1-2^(5/6))*(x^2+1)^(1/6))*3^(1/2))*2^(5/6)+1/4*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(1+2^(5/6))*(x^2+1)^(1/6))*3^(1/2))*2^(5/6)-1/2*arctanh(1/2*2^(5/6)*(x^2+1)^(1/6))*2^(5/6)-1/4*arctanh(2^(1/6)*(x^2+1)^(1/6)/(2^(1/3)+(x^2+1)^(1/3)))*2^(5/6)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 15.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt[6]{\frac{-i+x}{1+x}}\sqrt[6]{\frac{i+x}{1+x}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1-i}{1+x}, \frac{1+i}{1+x}\right)}{\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x)*(1 + x^2)^(1/6)),x]`

output `(-3*((-I + x)/(1 + x))^(1/6)*((I + x)/(1 + x))^(1/6)*AppellF1[1/3, 1/6, 1/6, 4/3, (1 - I)/(1 + x), (1 + I)/(1 + x)])/(1 + x^2)^(1/6)`

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.867$ , Rules used = {504, 333, 353, 73, 825, 27, 219, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{504} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}} dx - \int \frac{x}{(1-x^2)\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\ & x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2\right) - \int \frac{x}{(1-x^2)\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\ & x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2\right) - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{(1-x^2)\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}} dx^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2 \right) - 3 \int \frac{x^8}{2-x^{12}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1} \\
 & \downarrow 825 \\
 & x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2 \right) - \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}-x^4} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1} + \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[6]{2}}{2(x^4-\sqrt[6]{2}\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[3]{2})} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{3\sqrt[6]{2}} + \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt[6]{2}-\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{2(x^4+\sqrt[6]{2}\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[3]{2})} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{3\sqrt[6]{2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2 \right) - \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}-x^4} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[6]{2}}{x^4-\sqrt[6]{2}\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[6]{2}-\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{x^4+\sqrt[6]{2}\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2 \right) - \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[6]{2}}{x^4-\sqrt[6]{2}\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[6]{2}-\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{x^4+\sqrt[6]{2}\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{\sqrt[6]{2}} \right)}{3\sqrt[6]{2}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1142 \\
 & x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2 \right) - \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^4-\sqrt[6]{2}\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{2^{5/6}} + \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt[6]{2}(1-2^{5/6}\sqrt[6]{x^2+1})}{x^4-\sqrt[6]{2}\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^4+\sqrt[6]{2}\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}+\sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{2^{5/6}} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left( \frac{x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2 \right) - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^4 - \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{2^{5/6}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[6]{2} (1 - 2^{5/6} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1})}{x^4 - \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^4 + \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{2^{5/6}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( \frac{x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2 \right) - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^4 - \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{2^{5/6}} - \int \frac{1 - 2^{5/6} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{x^4 - \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^4 + \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{2^{5/6}} \right)$$

↓ 1082

$$3 \left( \frac{x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2 \right) - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - 3} d(1 - 2^{5/6} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1})}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1 - 2^{5/6} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{x^4 - \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{2^{5/6}}}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{-3 \int \frac{1}{-x^4 - 3} d(2^{5/6} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + 1)}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} \right)$$

↓ 217

$$3 \left( \frac{x \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2 \right) - \frac{\int \frac{1 - 2^{5/6} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{x^4 - \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{2^{5/6}} - \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1 - 2^{5/6} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2^{5/6} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{\int}{x^4 + \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt[6]{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{2}}}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{2}, x^2, -x^2\right) - 3 \left( -\frac{\frac{1}{2} \log\left(x^4 - \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt{x^2+1} + \sqrt[3]{2}\right) - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2^{5/6} \sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2^{5/6} \sqrt[6]{x^2+1}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(x^4 - \sqrt[6]{2} \sqrt{x^2+1} + \sqrt[3]{2}\right)}{6\sqrt[6]{2}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x)*(1 + x^2)^(1/6)),x]`

output `x*AppellF1[1/2, 1, 1/6, 3/2, x^2, -x^2] - 3*(ArcTanh[(1 + x^2)^(1/6)/2^(1/6)]/(3*2^(1/6)) - (-(Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - 2^(5/6)*(1 + x^2)^(1/6))/Sqrt[3]]) + Log[2^(1/3) + x^4 - 2^(1/6)*(1 + x^2)^(1/6)]/2)/(6*2^(1/6)) - (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + 2^(5/6)*(1 + x^2)^(1/6))/Sqrt[3]] - Log[2^(1/3) + x^4 + 2^(1/6)*(1 + x^2)^(1/6)]/2)/(6*2^(1/6)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^( -1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 333  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ ) + (d_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{q_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \cdot c^q \cdot x \cdot \text{AppellF1}[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b) \cdot (x^2/a), (-d) \cdot (x^2/c)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]) \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[q] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 353  $\text{Int}[(x_ ) \cdot ((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ ) + (d_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{q_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 504  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_} / ((c_ ) + (d_ \cdot)(x_ )), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (c^2 - d^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[d \ \text{Int}[x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (c^2 - d^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x]$

rule 825  $\text{Int}[(x_ )^{m_} / ((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^{n_}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}\{r = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, n]], s = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, n]], k, u\}, \text{Simp}[u = \text{Int}[(r \cdot \text{Cos}[2 \cdot k \cdot m \cdot (\text{Pi}/n)] - s \cdot \text{Cos}[2 \cdot k \cdot (m + 1) \cdot (\text{Pi}/n)] \cdot x) / (r^2 - 2 \cdot r \cdot s \cdot \text{Cos}[2 \cdot k \cdot (\text{Pi}/n)] \cdot x + s^2 \cdot x^2), x] + \text{Int}[(r \cdot \text{Cos}[2 \cdot k \cdot m \cdot (\text{Pi}/n)] + s \cdot \text{Cos}[2 \cdot k \cdot (m + 1) \cdot (\text{Pi}/n)] \cdot x) / (r^2 + 2 \cdot r \cdot s \cdot \text{Cos}[2 \cdot k \cdot (\text{Pi}/n)] \cdot x + s^2 \cdot x^2), x]; 2 \cdot (r^{m+2} / (a \cdot n \cdot s^m)) \ \text{Int}[1 / (r^2 - s^2 \cdot x^2), x] + 2 \cdot (r^{m+1} / (a \cdot n \cdot s^m)) \ \text{Sum}[u, \{k, 1, (n - 2)/4\}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[(n - 2)/4, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, n - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot s \ \text{implify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_ )) / ((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot)(x_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{6}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x+1)/(x^2+1)^(1/6),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x+1)/(x^2+1)^(1/6),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(1+x)/(x^2+1)^(1/6),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: Not
integrable (provided residues have no relations)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x+1)\sqrt[6]{x^2+1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(1+x)/(x**2+1)**(1/6),x)
```



output `Integral(1/((x + 1)*(x**2 + 1)**(1/6)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{6}}(x+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(x^2+1)^(1/6),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/6)*(x + 1)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{6}}(x+1)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x)/(x^2+1)^(1/6),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/6)*(x + 1)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)^{1/6}(x+1)} dx$$

input `int(1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/6)*(x + 1)),x)`

output `int(1/((x^2 + 1)^(1/6)*(x + 1)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{6}}x + (x^2+1)^{\frac{1}{6}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(1+x)/(x^2+1)^(1/6),x)`

output `int(1/((x**2 + 1)**(1/6)*x + (x**2 + 1)**(1/6)),x)`

### 3.392 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(bc^2 + ad^2)^3 (c + dx)^{1+m}}{d^7(1+m)} - \frac{6bc(bc^2 + ad^2)^2 (c + dx)^{2+m}}{d^7(2+m)} + \frac{3b(bc^2 + ad^2)(5bc^2 + ad^2)(c + dx)^{3+m}}{d^7(3+m)} - \frac{4b^2c(5bc^2 + 3ad^2)(c + dx)^{4+m}}{d^7(4+m)} + \frac{3b^2(5bc^2 + ad^2)(c + dx)^{5+m}}{d^7(5+m)} - \frac{6b^3c(c + dx)^{6+m}}{d^7(6+m)} + \frac{b^3(c + dx)^{7+m}}{d^7(7+m)}$$

output  $(a*d^2+b*c^2)^3*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d^7/(1+m)-6*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2*(d*x+c)^(2+m)/d^7/(2+m)+3*b*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(a*d^2+5*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(3+m)/d^7/(3+m)-4*b^2*c*(3*a*d^2+5*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(4+m)/d^7/(4+m)+3*b^2*(a*d^2+5*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(5+m)/d^7/(5+m)-6*b^3*c*(d*x+c)^(6+m)/d^7/(6+m)+b^3*(d*x+c)^(7+m)/d^7/(7+m)$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 379, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} \left( (a + bx^2)^3 + \frac{6((bc^2 + ad^2)(6+m)(d^4(1+m)(2+m)(3+m)(4+m)(a+bx^2)^2 + 4(bc^2 + ad^2)(4+m)(ad^2(6+5m+m^2) + b($$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output

```
((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*((a + b*x^2)^3 + (6*((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(6 + m)*(d^4*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(a + b*x^2)^2 + 4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(4 + m)*(a*d^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2) + b*(2*c^2 - 2*c*d*(1 + m)*x + d^2*(2 + 3*m + m^2)*x^2)) - 4*b*c*(1 + m)*(c + d*x)*(a*d^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2) + b*(2*c^2 - 2*c*d*(2 + m)*x + d^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*x^2))) - b*c*(1 + m)*(c + d*x)*(d^4*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(a + b*x^2)^2 + 4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(5 + m)*(a*d^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2) + b*(2*c^2 - 2*c*d*(2 + m)*x + d^2*(6 + 5*m + m^2)*x^2)) - 4*b*c*(2 + m)*(c + d*x)*(a*d^2*(20 + 9*m + m^2) + b*(2*c^2 - 2*c*d*(3 + m)*x + d^2*(12 + 7*m + m^2)*x^2)))))/(d^6*(1 + m)*(2 + m)*(3 + m)*(4 + m)*(5 + m)*(6 + m)))/(d*(7 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^3 (c + dx)^m dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( -\frac{4b^2c(3ad^2 + 5bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+3}}{d^6} + \frac{3b^2(ad^2 + 5bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+4}}{d^6} + \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)^3(c + dx)^m}{d^6} - \frac{6bc(ad^2 + bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+1}}{d^6} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{4b^2c(3ad^2 + 5bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+4}}{d^7(m+4)} + \frac{3b^2(ad^2 + 5bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+5}}{d^7(m+5)} + \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)^3(c + dx)^{m+1}}{d^7(m+1)} - \frac{6bc(ad^2 + bc^2)^2(c + dx)^{m+2}}{d^7(m+2)} + \frac{3b(ad^2 + bc^2)(ad^2 + 5bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+3}}{d^7(m+3)} - \frac{6b^3c(c + dx)^{m+6}}{d^7(m+6)} + \frac{b^3(c + dx)^{m+7}}{d^7(m+7)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^3,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)^3(c + dx)^{1+m}}{d^7(1+m)} - \frac{6b^2c^2(a^2d^2 + b^2c^2)(c + dx)^{2+m}}{d^7(2+m)} + \frac{3b^2(b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)(5b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)(c + dx)^{3+m}}{d^7(3+m)} - \frac{4b^2c^2(5b^2c^2 + 3a^2d^2)(c + dx)^{4+m}}{d^7(4+m)} + \frac{3b^2(5b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)(c + dx)^{5+m}}{d^7(5+m)} - \frac{6b^3c(c + dx)^{6+m}}{d^7(6+m)} + \frac{b^3(c + dx)^{7+m}}{d^7(7+m)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 953 vs.  $2(223) = 446$ .

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 954, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.28

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^3 x^7 e^{m \ln(dx+c)}}{7+m} + \frac{c(a^3 d^6 m^6 + 27 a^3 d^6 m^5 + 295 a^3 d^6 m^4 + 6 a^2 b c^2 d^4 m^4 + 1665 a^3 d^6 m^3 + 132 a^2 b c^2 d^4 m^3 + 5104 a^3 d^6 m^2 + 1074 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4 m^2 + 72 a^2 b^2 c^4 d^2 m^2 + 8028 a^3 d^6 m + 3828 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4 m + 936 a^2 b^2 c^4 d^2 m + 5040 a^3 d^6 + 5040 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4 + 3024 a^2 b^2 c^4 d^2 + 720 b^3 c^6)}{d^7 (m^7 + 28 m^6 + 322 m^5 + 1960 m^4 + 6769 m^3 + 13132 m^2 + 13068 m + 5040)} \exp(m \ln(dx+c)) + (a^3 d^6 m^6 + 27 a^3 d^6 m^5 - 6 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4 m^5 + 295 a^3 d^6 m^4 - 132 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4 m^4 + 1665 a^3 d^6 m^3 - 1074 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4 m^3 - 72 a^2 b^2 c^4 d^2 m^3 + 5104 a^3 d^6 m^2 - 3828 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4 m^2 - 936 a^2 b^2 c^4 d^2 m^2 + 8028 a^3 d^6 m - 5040 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^4 m - 3024 a^2 b^2 c^4 d^2 m - 720 b^3 c^6 m + 5040 a^3 d^6) / d^6 (m^7 + 28 m^6 + 322 m^5 + 1960 m^4 + 6769 m^3 + 13132 m^2 + 13068 m + 5040) * x * \exp(m \ln(dx+c)) + b^3 c m / d (m^2 + 13 m + 42) * x^6 * \exp(m \ln(dx+c)) + 3 * (a * d^2 m^2 + 13 a * d^2 m - 2 b^2 c^2 m + 42 a * d^2) / d^2 b^2 (m^3 + 18 m^2 + 107 m + 210) * x^5 * \exp(m \ln(dx+c)) + 3 * (a^2 d^4 m^4 + 22 a^2 d^4 m^3 - 4 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 m^3 + 179 a^2 d^4 m^2 - 52 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 m^2 + 638 a^2 d^4 m - 168 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 m - 40 b^2 c^4 m + 840 a^2 d^4) / d^4 b (m^5 + 25 m^4 + 245 m^3 + 1175 m^2 + 2754 m + 2520) * x^3 * \exp(m \ln(dx+c)) + 3 * (a * d^2 m^2 + 13 a * d^2 m + 42 a * d^2 + 10 b^2 c^2) * b^2 c / d^3 m (m^4 + 22 m^3 + 179 m^2 + 638 m + 840) * x^4 * \exp(m \ln(dx+c)) + 3 * (a^2 d^4 m^4 + 22 a^2 d^4 m^3 + 179 a^2 d^4 m^2 + 12 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 m^2 + 638 a^2 d^4 m + 156 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 m + 840 a^2 d^4 + 504 a^2 b^2 c^2 d^2 + 120 b^2 c^4) * b^2 c / d^5 m (m^6 + 27 m^5 + 295 m^4 + 1665 m^3 + 5104 m^2 + 8028 m + 5040) * x^2 * \exp(m \ln(dx+c))$
gospers	Expression too large to display
orering	Expression too large to display
risch	Expression too large to display
paralelrisch	Expression too large to display

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
b^3/(7+m)*x^7*exp(m*ln(d*x+c))+c*(a^3*d^6*m^6+27*a^3*d^6*m^5+295*a^3*d^6*m^4+6*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*m^4+1665*a^3*d^6*m^3+132*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*m^3+5104*a^3*d^6*m^2+1074*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*m^2+72*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*m^2+8028*a^3*d^6*m+3828*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*m+936*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*m+5040*a^3*d^6+5040*a^2*b*c^2*d^4+3024*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2+720*b^3*c^6)/d^7/(m^7+28*m^6+322*m^5+1960*m^4+6769*m^3+13132*m^2+13068*m+5040)*exp(m*ln(d*x+c))+(a^3*d^6*m^6+27*a^3*d^6*m^5-6*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*m^5+295*a^3*d^6*m^4-132*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*m^4+1665*a^3*d^6*m^3-1074*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*m^3-72*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*m^3+5104*a^3*d^6*m^2-3828*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*m^2-936*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*m^2+8028*a^3*d^6*m-5040*a^2*b*c^2*d^4*m-3024*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^2*m-720*b^3*c^6*m+5040*a^3*d^6)/d^6/(m^7+28*m^6+322*m^5+1960*m^4+6769*m^3+13132*m^2+13068*m+5040)*x*exp(m*ln(d*x+c))+b^3*c*m/d/(m^2+13*m+42)*x^6*exp(m*ln(d*x+c))+3*(a*d^2*m^2+13*a*d^2*m-2*b*c^2*m+42*a*d^2)/d^2*b^2/(m^3+18*m^2+107*m+210)*x^5*exp(m*ln(d*x+c))+3*(a^2*d^4*m^4+22*a^2*d^4*m^3-4*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*m^3+179*a^2*d^4*m^2-52*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*m^2+638*a^2*d^4*m-168*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*m-40*b^2*c^4*m+840*a^2*d^4)/d^4*b/(m^5+25*m^4+245*m^3+1175*m^2+2754*m+2520)*x^3*exp(m*ln(d*x+c))+3*(a*d^2*m^2+13*a*d^2*m+42*a*d^2+10*b*c^2)*b^2*c/d^3*m/(m^4+22*m^3+179*m^2+638*m+840)*x^4*exp(m*ln(d*x+c))+3*(a^2*d^4*m^4+22*a^2*d^4*m^3+179*a^2*d^4*m^2+12*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*m^2+638*a^2*d^4*m+156*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*m+840*a^2*d^4+504*a^2*b*c^2*d^2+120*b^2*c^4)*b^2*c/d^5*m/(m^6+27*m^5+295*m^4+1665*m^3+5104*m^2+8028*m+5040)*x^2*exp(m*ln(d*x+c))
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1250 vs.  $2(223) = 446$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1250, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.61

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
(a^3*c*d^6*m^6 + 27*a^3*c*d^6*m^5 + 720*b^3*c^7 + 3024*a*b^2*c^5*d^2 + 504
0*a^2*b*c^3*d^4 + 5040*a^3*c*d^6 + (b^3*d^7*m^6 + 21*b^3*d^7*m^5 + 175*b^3
*d^7*m^4 + 735*b^3*d^7*m^3 + 1624*b^3*d^7*m^2 + 1764*b^3*d^7*m + 720*b^3*d
^7)*x^7 + (b^3*c*d^6*m^6 + 15*b^3*c*d^6*m^5 + 85*b^3*c*d^6*m^4 + 225*b^3*c
*d^6*m^3 + 274*b^3*c*d^6*m^2 + 120*b^3*c*d^6*m)*x^6 + 3*(a*b^2*d^7*m^6 + 1
008*a*b^2*d^7 - (2*b^3*c^2*d^5 - 23*a*b^2*d^7)*m^5 - (20*b^3*c^2*d^5 - 207
*a*b^2*d^7)*m^4 - 5*(14*b^3*c^2*d^5 - 185*a*b^2*d^7)*m^3 - 4*(25*b^3*c^2*d
^5 - 536*a*b^2*d^7)*m^2 - 12*(4*b^3*c^2*d^5 - 201*a*b^2*d^7)*m)*x^5 + (6*a
^2*b*c^3*d^4 + 295*a^3*c*d^6)*m^4 + 3*(a*b^2*c*d^6*m^6 + 19*a*b^2*c*d^6*m^
5 + (10*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 131*a*b^2*c*d^6)*m^4 + (60*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 401*a*b^2*c
*d^6)*m^3 + 10*(11*b^3*c^3*d^4 + 54*a*b^2*c*d^6)*m^2 + 12*(5*b^3*c^3*d^4 +
21*a*b^2*c*d^6)*m)*x^4 + 3*(44*a^2*b*c^3*d^4 + 555*a^3*c*d^6)*m^3 + 3*(a^
2*b*d^7*m^6 + 1680*a^2*b*d^7 - (4*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 25*a^2*b*d^7)*m^5 - (64*
a*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 247*a^2*b*d^7)*m^4 - (40*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 332*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 -
1219*a^2*b*d^7)*m^3 - 8*(15*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 76*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 389*a^2*b*d^
7)*m^2 - 4*(20*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 84*a*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 949*a^2*b*d^7)*m)*x^3 + 2*
(36*a*b^2*c^5*d^2 + 537*a^2*b*c^3*d^4 + 2552*a^3*c*d^6)*m^2 + 3*(a^2*b*c*d
^6*m^6 + 23*a^2*b*c*d^6*m^5 + 3*(4*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 67*a^2*b*c*d^6)*m^4 + (
168*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 817*a^2*b*c*d^6)*m^3 + 2*(60*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 330*a*b^2*c
^3*d^4 + 739*a^2*b*c*d^6)*m^2 + 24*(5*b^3*c^5*d^2 + 21*a*b^2*c^3*d^4 + ...
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 15990 vs.  $2(207) = 414$ .

Time = 3.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15990, normalized size of antiderivative = 71.70

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(b*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((c**m*(a**3*x + a**2*b*x**3 + 3*a*b**2*x**5/5 + b**3*x**7/7), Eq
(d, 0)), (-10*a**3*d**6/(60*c**6*d**7 + 360*c**5*d**8*x + 900*c**4*d**9*x**
*2 + 1200*c**3*d**10*x**3 + 900*c**2*d**11*x**4 + 360*c*d**12*x**5 + 60*d**
*13*x**6) - 3*a**2*b*c**2*d**4/(60*c**6*d**7 + 360*c**5*d**8*x + 900*c**4*
d**9*x**2 + 1200*c**3*d**10*x**3 + 900*c**2*d**11*x**4 + 360*c*d**12*x**5
+ 60*d**13*x**6) - 18*a**2*b*c*d**5*x/(60*c**6*d**7 + 360*c**5*d**8*x + 90
0*c**4*d**9*x**2 + 1200*c**3*d**10*x**3 + 900*c**2*d**11*x**4 + 360*c*d**1
2*x**5 + 60*d**13*x**6) - 45*a**2*b*d**6*x**2/(60*c**6*d**7 + 360*c**5*d**
8*x + 900*c**4*d**9*x**2 + 1200*c**3*d**10*x**3 + 900*c**2*d**11*x**4 + 36
0*c*d**12*x**5 + 60*d**13*x**6) - 6*a*b**2*c**4*d**2/(60*c**6*d**7 + 360*c
**5*d**8*x + 900*c**4*d**9*x**2 + 1200*c**3*d**10*x**3 + 900*c**2*d**11*x*
*4 + 360*c*d**12*x**5 + 60*d**13*x**6) - 36*a*b**2*c**3*d**3*x/(60*c**6*d*
*7 + 360*c**5*d**8*x + 900*c**4*d**9*x**2 + 1200*c**3*d**10*x**3 + 900*c**
2*d**11*x**4 + 360*c*d**12*x**5 + 60*d**13*x**6) - 90*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**
2/(60*c**6*d**7 + 360*c**5*d**8*x + 900*c**4*d**9*x**2 + 1200*c**3*d**10*x
**3 + 900*c**2*d**11*x**4 + 360*c*d**12*x**5 + 60*d**13*x**6) - 120*a*b**2
*c*d**5*x**3/(60*c**6*d**7 + 360*c**5*d**8*x + 900*c**4*d**9*x**2 + 1200*c
**3*d**10*x**3 + 900*c**2*d**11*x**4 + 360*c*d**12*x**5 + 60*d**13*x**6) -
90*a*b**2*d**6*x**4/(60*c**6*d**7 + 360*c**5*d**8*x + 900*c**4*d**9*x**2
+ 1200*c**3*d**10*x**3 + 900*c**2*d**11*x**4 + 360*c*d**12*x**5 + 60*d**...
```



**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 472 vs.  $2(223) = 446$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^3 dx = \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a^3}{d(m+1)} + \frac{3((m^2 + 3m + 2)d^3 x^3 + (m^2 + m)cd^2 x^2 - 2c^2 dm x + 2c^3)(dx + c)^m a^2 b}{(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)d^3} + \frac{3((m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)d^5 x^5 + (m^4 + 6m^3 + 11m^2 + 6m)cd^4 x^4 - 4(m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)c^2 d^3 x^3 + 12(m^2 + m)c^3 d^2 x^2 - 24c^4 d m x + 24c^5)(dx + c)^m a b^2}{(m^5 + 15m^4 + 85m^3 + 225m^2 + 274m + 120)d^5} + \frac{((m^6 + 21m^5 + 175m^4 + 735m^3 + 1624m^2 + 1764m + 720)d^7 x^7 + (m^6 + 15m^5 + 85m^4 + 225m^3 + 274m^2 + 120m)c^2 d^6 x^6 - 6(m^5 + 10m^4 + 35m^3 + 50m^2 + 24m)c^3 d^5 x^5 + 30(m^4 + 6m^3 + 11m^2 + 6m)c^4 d^4 x^4 - 120(m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)c^5 d^3 x^3 + 360(m^2 + m)c^6 d^2 x^2 - 720c^7 d m x + 720c^8)(dx + c)^m b^3}{(m^7 + 28m^6 + 322m^5 + 1960m^4 + 6769m^3 + 13132m^2 + 13068m + 5040)d^7}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a^3/(d*(m + 1)) + 3*((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*d^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*c*d^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d*m*x + 2*c^3)*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*b/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*d^3) + 3*((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*d^5*x^5 + (m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*c*d^4*x^4 - 4*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 12*(m^2 + m)*c^3*d^2*x^2 - 24*c^4*d*m*x + 24*c^5)*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2/((m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)*d^5) + ((m^6 + 21*m^5 + 175*m^4 + 735*m^3 + 1624*m^2 + 1764*m + 720)*d^7*x^7 + (m^6 + 15*m^5 + 85*m^4 + 225*m^3 + 274*m^2 + 120*m)*c*d^6*x^6 - 6*(m^5 + 10*m^4 + 35*m^3 + 50*m^2 + 24*m)*c^2*d^5*x^5 + 30*(m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*c^3*d^4*x^4 - 120*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*c^4*d^3*x^3 + 360*(m^2 + m)*c^5*d^2*x^2 - 720*c^6*d*m*x + 720*c^7)*(d*x + c)^m*b^3/((m^7 + 28*m^6 + 322*m^5 + 1960*m^4 + 6769*m^3 + 13132*m^2 + 13068*m + 5040)*d^7)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2085 vs.  $2(223) = 446$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2085, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.35

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
((d*x + c)^m*b^3*d^7*m^6*x^7 + (d*x + c)^m*b^3*c*d^6*m^6*x^6 + 21*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*d^7*m^5*x^7 + 3*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*d^7*m^6*x^5 + 15*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c*d^6*m^5*x^6 + 175*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*d^7*m^4*x^7 + 3*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*c*d^6*m^6*x^4 - 6*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c^2*d^5*m^5*x^5 + 69*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*d^7*m^5*x^5 + 85*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c*d^6*m^4*x^6 + 735*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*d^7*m^3*x^7 + 3*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*b*d^7*m^6*x^3 + 57*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*c*d^6*m^5*x^4 - 60*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c^2*d^5*m^4*x^5 + 621*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*d^7*m^4*x^5 + 225*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c*d^6*m^3*x^6 + 1624*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*d^7*m^2*x^7 + 3*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*b*c*d^6*m^6*x^2 - 12*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*c^2*d^5*m^5*x^3 + 75*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*b*d^7*m^5*x^3 + 30*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c^3*d^4*m^4*x^4 + 393*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*c*d^6*m^4*x^4 - 210*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c^2*d^5*m^3*x^5 + 2775*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*d^7*m^3*x^5 + 274*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c*d^6*m^2*x^6 + 1764*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*d^7*m*x^7 + (d*x + c)^m*a^3*d^7*m^6*x + 69*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*b*c*d^6*m^5*x^2 - 192*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*c^2*d^5*m^4*x^3 + 741*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*b*d^7*m^4*x^3 + 180*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c^3*d^4*m^3*x^4 + 1203*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*c*d^6*m^3*x^4 - 300*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c^2*d^5*m^2*x^5 + 6432*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*d^7*m^2*x^5 + 120*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c*d^6*m*x^6 + 720*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*d^7*x^7 + (d*x + c)^m*a^3*c*d^6*m^6 - 6*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*m^5*x + 27*(d*x + c)^m*a^3*d^7*m^5*x + 36*(d*x + c)^m*a*b^2*c^3*d^4*m^4*x^2 + 603*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*b*c*d^6*m^4*x^2 - 120*(d*x + c)^m*b^3*c^4*d^3*m...
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1144, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.13

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^3*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output

```
((c + d*x)^m*(720*b^3*c^7 + 5040*a^3*c*d^6 + 3024*a*b^2*c^5*d^2 + 5040*a^2
*b*c^3*d^4 + 5104*a^3*c*d^6*m^2 + 1665*a^3*c*d^6*m^3 + 295*a^3*c*d^6*m^4 +
27*a^3*c*d^6*m^5 + a^3*c*d^6*m^6 + 8028*a^3*c*d^6*m + 936*a*b^2*c^5*d^2*m
+ 3828*a^2*b*c^3*d^4*m + 72*a*b^2*c^5*d^2*m^2 + 1074*a^2*b*c^3*d^4*m^2 +
132*a^2*b*c^3*d^4*m^3 + 6*a^2*b*c^3*d^4*m^4))/(d^7*(13068*m + 13132*m^2 +
6769*m^3 + 1960*m^4 + 322*m^5 + 28*m^6 + m^7 + 5040)) - (x*(c + d*x)^m*(72
0*b^3*c^6*d*m - 8028*a^3*d^7*m - 5104*a^3*d^7*m^2 - 1665*a^3*d^7*m^3 - 295
*a^3*d^7*m^4 - 27*a^3*d^7*m^5 - a^3*d^7*m^6 - 5040*a^3*d^7 + 3024*a*b^2*c^
4*d^3*m + 5040*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*m + 936*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*m^2 + 3828*a^2*b*c^2*d^
5*m^2 + 72*a*b^2*c^4*d^3*m^3 + 1074*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*m^3 + 132*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*
m^4 + 6*a^2*b*c^2*d^5*m^5))/(d^7*(13068*m + 13132*m^2 + 6769*m^3 + 1960*m^
4 + 322*m^5 + 28*m^6 + m^7 + 5040)) + (b^3*x^7*(c + d*x)^m*(1764*m + 1624*
m^2 + 735*m^3 + 175*m^4 + 21*m^5 + m^6 + 720))/(13068*m + 13132*m^2 + 6769
*m^3 + 1960*m^4 + 322*m^5 + 28*m^6 + m^7 + 5040) + (3*b^2*x^5*(c + d*x)^m*
(42*a*d^2 + a*d^2*m^2 + 13*a*d^2*m - 2*b*c^2*m)*(50*m + 35*m^2 + 10*m^3 +
m^4 + 24))/(d^2*(13068*m + 13132*m^2 + 6769*m^3 + 1960*m^4 + 322*m^5 + 28*
m^6 + m^7 + 5040)) + (3*b*x^3*(c + d*x)^m*(3*m + m^2 + 2)*(840*a^2*d^4 + 6
38*a^2*d^4*m - 40*b^2*c^4*m + 179*a^2*d^4*m^2 + 22*a^2*d^4*m^3 + a^2*d^4*m
^4 - 168*a*b*c^2*d^2*m - 52*a*b*c^2*d^2*m^2 - 4*a*b*c^2*d^2*m^3))/(d^4*(13
068*m + 13132*m^2 + 6769*m^3 + 1960*m^4 + 322*m^5 + 28*m^6 + m^7 + 5040...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1411, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.33

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^3,x)
```

output

```

((c + d*x)**m*(a**3*c*d**6*m**6 + 27*a**3*c*d**6*m**5 + 295*a**3*c*d**6*m*
**4 + 1665*a**3*c*d**6*m**3 + 5104*a**3*c*d**6*m**2 + 8028*a**3*c*d**6*m +
5040*a**3*c*d**6 + a**3*d**7*m**6*x + 27*a**3*d**7*m**5*x + 295*a**3*d**7*
m**4*x + 1665*a**3*d**7*m**3*x + 5104*a**3*d**7*m**2*x + 8028*a**3*d**7*m*
x + 5040*a**3*d**7*x + 6*a**2*b*c**3*d**4*m**4 + 132*a**2*b*c**3*d**4*m**3
+ 1074*a**2*b*c**3*d**4*m**2 + 3828*a**2*b*c**3*d**4*m + 5040*a**2*b*c**3
*d**4 - 6*a**2*b*c**2*d**5*m**5*x - 132*a**2*b*c**2*d**5*m**4*x - 1074*a**
2*b*c**2*d**5*m**3*x - 3828*a**2*b*c**2*d**5*m**2*x - 5040*a**2*b*c**2*d**
5*m*x + 3*a**2*b*c*d**6*m**6*x**2 + 69*a**2*b*c*d**6*m**5*x**2 + 603*a**2*
b*c*d**6*m**4*x**2 + 2451*a**2*b*c*d**6*m**3*x**2 + 4434*a**2*b*c*d**6*m**
2*x**2 + 2520*a**2*b*c*d**6*m*x**2 + 3*a**2*b*d**7*m**6*x**3 + 75*a**2*b*d
**7*m**5*x**3 + 741*a**2*b*d**7*m**4*x**3 + 3657*a**2*b*d**7*m**3*x**3 + 9
336*a**2*b*d**7*m**2*x**3 + 11388*a**2*b*d**7*m*x**3 + 5040*a**2*b*d**7*x*
**3 + 72*a*b**2*c**5*d**2*m**2 + 936*a*b**2*c**5*d**2*m + 3024*a*b**2*c**5*
d**2 - 72*a*b**2*c**4*d**3*m**3*x - 936*a*b**2*c**4*d**3*m**2*x - 3024*a*b
**2*c**4*d**3*m*x + 36*a*b**2*c**3*d**4*m**4*x**2 + 504*a*b**2*c**3*d**4*m
**3*x**2 + 1980*a*b**2*c**3*d**4*m**2*x**2 + 1512*a*b**2*c**3*d**4*m*x**2
- 12*a*b**2*c**2*d**5*m**5*x**3 - 192*a*b**2*c**2*d**5*m**4*x**3 - 996*a*b
**2*c**2*d**5*m**3*x**3 - 1824*a*b**2*c**2*d**5*m**2*x**3 - 1008*a*b**2*c
**2*d**5*m*x**3 + 3*a*b**2*c*d**6*m**6*x**4 + 57*a*b**2*c*d**6*m**5*x**4...

```

### 3.393 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3376
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3376
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(bc^2 + ad^2)^2 (c + dx)^{1+m}}{d^5(1 + m)} - \frac{4bc(bc^2 + ad^2) (c + dx)^{2+m}}{d^5(2 + m)} + \frac{2b(3bc^2 + ad^2) (c + dx)^{3+m}}{d^5(3 + m)} - \frac{4b^2c(c + dx)^{4+m}}{d^5(4 + m)} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^{5+m}}{d^5(5 + m)}$$

output  $(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d^5/(1+m)-4*b*c*(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(2+m)/d^5/(2+m)+2*b*(a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(3+m)/d^5/(3+m)-4*b^2*c*(d*x+c)^(4+m)/d^5/(4+m)+b^2*(d*x+c)^(5+m)/d^5/(5+m)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} \left( (a + bx^2)^2 + \frac{4(bc^2 + ad^2)(ad^2(6 + 5m + m^2) + b(2c^2 - 2cd(1 + m)x + d^2(2 + 3m + m^2)x^2))}{d^4(1 + m)(2 + m)(3 + m)} - \frac{4bc(c + dx)(ad^2(12 + 7m + m^2) + b(2c^2 - 2cd(1 + m)x + d^2(2 + 3m + m^2)x^2))}{d^4} \right)}{d(5 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((c + dx)^{(1 + m)}((a + bx^2)^2 + (4(bc^2 + ad^2)(ad^2(6 + 5m + m^2) + b(2c^2 - 2cd(1 + m)x + d^2(2 + 3m + m^2)x^2))))/(d^4(1 + m)(2 + m)(3 + m)) - (4b*c*(c + dx)*(ad^2(12 + 7m + m^2) + b(2c^2 - 2cd(2 + m)x + d^2(6 + 5m + m^2)x^2)))/(d^4(2 + m)(3 + m)(4 + m)))/(d(5 + m))$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^2 (c + dx)^m dx$$

↓ 476

$$\int \left( \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)^2 (c + dx)^m}{d^4} - \frac{4bc(ad^2 + bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+1}}{d^4} + \frac{2b(ad^2 + 3bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+2}}{d^4} - \frac{4b^2c(c + dx)^{m+3}}{d^4} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)^2 (c + dx)^{m+1}}{d^5(m + 1)} - \frac{4bc(ad^2 + bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+2}}{d^5(m + 2)} + \frac{2b(ad^2 + 3bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+3}}{d^5(m + 3)} - \frac{4b^2c(c + dx)^{m+4}}{d^5(m + 4)} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^{m+5}}{d^5(m + 5)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)^2(c + dx)^{(1+m)}}{d^{5(1+m)}} - \frac{4b^2c^2(b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)(c + dx)^{(2+m)}}{d^{5(2+m)}} + \frac{2b^2(3b^2c^2 + a^2d^2)(c + dx)^{(3+m)}}{d^{5(3+m)}} - \frac{4b^2c^2(c + dx)^{(4+m)}}{d^{5(4+m)}} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^{(5+m)}}{d^{5(5+m)}}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 419 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

method	result
gospers	$(dx+c)^{1+m}(b^2d^4m^4x^4+10b^2d^4m^3x^4+2abd^4m^4x^2-4b^2cd^3m^3x^3+35b^2d^4m^2x^4+24abd^4m^3x^2-24b^2cd^3m^2x^3+50b^2d^4m^4x^2)$
orering	$(dx+c)(b^2d^4m^4x^4+10b^2d^4m^3x^4+2abd^4m^4x^2-4b^2cd^3m^3x^3+35b^2d^4m^2x^4+24abd^4m^3x^2-24b^2cd^3m^2x^3+50b^2d^4m^4x^2)$
norman	$\frac{b^2x^5e^{m \ln(dx+c)}}{5+m} + \frac{c(a^2d^4m^4+14a^2d^4m^3+71a^2d^4m^2+4abc^2d^2m^2+15a^2d^4m+36abc^2d^2m+120a^2d^4+80bc^2d^2a+24b^2c^2d^2m)}{d^5(m^5+15m^4+85m^3+225m^2+274m+120)}$
risch	$(b^2d^5m^4x^5+b^2cd^4m^4x^4+10b^2d^5m^3x^5+2abd^5m^4x^3+6b^2cd^4m^3x^4+35b^2d^5m^2x^5+2abc d^4m^4x^2+24abd^5m^3x^3-4b^2c^2d^3m^4x^2)$
parallelrisch	$x^5(dx+c)^mb^2cd^5m^4+10x^5(dx+c)^mb^2cd^5m^3+x^4(dx+c)^mb^2c^2d^4m^4+35x^5(dx+c)^mb^2cd^5m^2+6x^4(dx+c)^mb^2c^2d^4m^3+50x^5(dx+c)^mb^2cd^5m$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/d^5*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/(m^5+15*m^4+85*m^3+225*m^2+274*m+120)*(b^2*d^4*m^4*x^4
+10*b^2*d^4*m^3*x^4+2*a*b*d^4*m^4*x^2-4*b^2*c*d^3*m^3*x^3+35*b^2*d^4*m^2*x
^4+24*a*b*d^4*m^3*x^2-24*b^2*c*d^3*m^2*x^3+50*b^2*d^4*m*x^4+a^2*d^4*m^4-4*
a*b*c*d^3*m^3*x+98*a*b*d^4*m^2*x^2+12*b^2*c^2*d^2*m^2*x^2-44*b^2*c*d^3*m*x
^3+24*b^2*d^4*x^4+14*a^2*d^4*m^3-40*a*b*c*d^3*m^2*x+156*a*b*d^4*m*x^2+36*b
^2*c^2*d^2*m*x^2-24*b^2*c*d^3*x^3+71*a^2*d^4*m^2+4*a*b*c^2*d^2*m^2-116*a*b
*c*d^3*m*x+80*a*b*d^4*x^2-24*b^2*c^3*d*m*x+24*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2+154*a^2*d^4*
m+36*a*b*c^2*d^2*m-80*a*b*c*d^3*x-24*b^2*c^3*d*x+120*a^2*d^4+80*a*b*c^2*d
^2+24*b^2*c^4)
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 520 vs.  $2(140) = 280$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 520, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(a^2cd^4m^4 + 14a^2cd^4m^3 + 24b^2c^5 + 80abc^3d^2 + 120a^2cd^4 + (b^2d^5m^4 + 10b^2d^5m^3 + 35b^2d^5m^2 + 50b^2d^5m + 24b^2d^5)x^5 + (b^2cd^4m^4 + 6b^2cd^4m^3 + 11b^2cd^4m^2 + 6b^2cd^4m)x^4 + 2(a^2bd^5m^4 + 40a^2bd^5 - 2(b^2c^2d^3 - 6a^2bd^5)m^3 - (6b^2c^2d^3 - 49a^2bd^5)m^2 - 2(2b^2c^2d^3 - 39a^2bd^5)m)x^3 + (4a^2bc^3d^2 + 71a^2cd^4)m^2 + 2(a^2bc^3d^4 + 10a^2bc^3d^4m^3 + (6b^2c^3d^2 + 29a^2bc^3d^4)m^2 + 2(3b^2c^3d^2 + 10a^2bc^3d^4)m)x^2 + 2(18a^2bc^3d^2 + 77a^2cd^4)m + (a^2d^5m^4 + 120a^2d^5 - 2(2a^2bc^2d^3 - 7a^2d^5)m^3 - (36a^2bc^2d^3 - 71a^2d^5)m^2 - 2(12b^2c^4d + 40a^2bc^2d^3 - 77a^2d^5)m)x)(d^5 + 15d^5m^4 + 85d^5m^3 + 225d^5m^2 + 274d^5m + 120d^5)}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(a^2*c*d^4*m^4 + 14*a^2*c*d^4*m^3 + 24*b^2*c^5 + 80*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 120*a^2*c
*d^4 + (b^2*d^5*m^4 + 10*b^2*d^5*m^3 + 35*b^2*d^5*m^2 + 50*b^2*d^5*m + 24
*b^2*d^5)*x^5 + (b^2*c*d^4*m^4 + 6*b^2*c*d^4*m^3 + 11*b^2*c*d^4*m^2 + 6*b^
2*c*d^4*m)*x^4 + 2*(a*b*d^5*m^4 + 40*a*b*d^5 - 2*(b^2*c^2*d^3 - 6*a*b*d^5)
)*m^3 - (6*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 49*a*b*d^5)*m^2 - 2*(2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 39*a*b*d^5)*m
)*x^3 + (4*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 71*a^2*c*d^4)*m^2 + 2*(a*b*c^3*d^4 + 10*a*b*c^3*d
^4*m^3 + (6*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 29*a*b*c^3*d^4)*m^2 + 2*(3*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 10*a*b*c^
3*d^4)*m)*x^2 + 2*(18*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 77*a^2*c*d^4)*m + (a^2*d^5*m^4 + 120*a^2
*d^5 - 2*(2*a*b*c^2*d^3 - 7*a^2*d^5)*m^3 - (36*a*b*c^2*d^3 - 71*a^2*d^5)*m
^2 - 2*(12*b^2*c^4*d + 40*a*b*c^2*d^3 - 77*a^2*d^5)*m)*x*(d^5 + c)^m/(d^5
*m^5 + 15*d^5*m^4 + 85*d^5*m^3 + 225*d^5*m^2 + 274*d^5*m + 120*d^5)
```



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5097 vs.  $2(128) = 256$ .

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5097, normalized size of antiderivative = 36.41

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((c**m*(a**2*x + 2*a*b*x**3/3 + b**2*x**5/5), Eq(d, 0)), (-3*a**2*d**4/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) - 2*a*b*c**2*d**2/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) - 8*a*b*c*d**3*x/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) - 12*a*b*d**4*x**2/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) + 12*b**2*c**4*log(c/d + x)/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) + 25*b**2*c**4/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) + 48*b**2*c**3*d*x*log(c/d + x)/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) + 88*b**2*c**3*d*x/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) + 72*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2*log(c/d + x)/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) + 108*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) + 48*b**2*c*d**3*x**3*log(c/d + x)/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) + 48*b**2*c*d**3*x**3/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4) + 12*b**2*d**4*x**4*log(c/d + x)/(12*c**4*d**5 + 48*c**3*d**6*x + 72*c**2*d**7*x**2 + 48*c*d**8*x**3 + 12*d**9*x**4), Eq...`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx = \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a^2}{d(m+1)} + \frac{2((m^2 + 3m + 2)d^3 x^3 + (m^2 + m)cd^2 x^2 - 2c^2 dmx + 2c^3)(dx + c)^m ab}{(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)d^3} + \frac{((m^4 + 10m^3 + 35m^2 + 50m + 24)d^5 x^5 + (m^4 + 6m^3 + 11m^2 + 6m)cd^4 x^4 - 4(m^3 + 3m^2 + 2m)c^2 d^3 x^3 + 12(m^2 + m)c^3 d^2 x^2 - 24c^4 d m x + 24c^5)(dx + c)^m b^2}{(m^5 + 15m^4 + 85m^3 + 225m^2 + 274m + 120)d^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(d*x + c)^(m + 1)*a^2/(d*(m + 1)) + 2*((m^2 + 3*m + 2)*d^3*x^3 + (m^2 + m)*c*d^2*x^2 - 2*c^2*d*m*x + 2*c^3)*(d*x + c)^m*a*b/((m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)*d^3) + ((m^4 + 10*m^3 + 35*m^2 + 50*m + 24)*d^5*x^5 + (m^4 + 6*m^3 + 11*m^2 + 6*m)*c*d^4*x^4 - 4*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 2*m)*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 12*(m^2 + m)*c^3*d^2*x^2 - 24*c^4*d*m*x + 24*c^5)*(d*x + c)^m*b^2/((m^5 + 15*m^4 + 85*m^3 + 225*m^2 + 274*m + 120)*d^5)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 851 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 851, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.08

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

((d*x + c)^m*b^2*d^5*m^4*x^5 + (d*x + c)^m*b^2*c*d^4*m^4*x^4 + 10*(d*x + c)
)^m*b^2*d^5*m^3*x^5 + 2*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*d^5*m^4*x^3 + 6*(d*x + c)^m*b^2*c*
d^4*m^3*x^4 + 35*(d*x + c)^m*b^2*d^5*m^2*x^5 + 2*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*c*d^4*m^4
*x^2 - 4*(d*x + c)^m*b^2*c^2*d^3*m^3*x^3 + 24*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*d^5*m^3*x^3
+ 11*(d*x + c)^m*b^2*c*d^4*m^2*x^4 + 50*(d*x + c)^m*b^2*d^5*m*x^5 + (d*x +
c)^m*a^2*d^5*m^4*x + 20*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*c*d^4*m^3*x^2 - 12*(d*x + c)^m*b^
2*c^2*d^3*m^2*x^3 + 98*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*d^5*m^2*x^3 + 6*(d*x + c)^m*b^2*c*d
^4*m*x^4 + 24*(d*x + c)^m*b^2*d^5*x^5 + (d*x + c)^m*a^2*c*d^4*m^4 - 4*(d*x
+ c)^m*a*b*c^2*d^3*m^3*x + 14*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*d^5*m^3*x + 12*(d*x + c)^m*
b^2*c^3*d^2*m^2*x^2 + 58*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*c*d^4*m^2*x^2 - 8*(d*x + c)^m*b^2
*c^2*d^3*m*x^3 + 156*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*d^5*m*x^3 + 14*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*c*d^4*
m^3 - 36*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*c^2*d^3*m^2*x + 71*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*d^5*m^2*x + 12
*(d*x + c)^m*b^2*c^3*d^2*m*x^2 + 40*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*c*d^4*m*x^2 + 80*(d*x
+ c)^m*a*b*d^5*x^3 + 4*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*c^3*d^2*m^2 + 71*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*c*
d^4*m^2 - 24*(d*x + c)^m*b^2*c^4*d*m*x - 80*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*c^2*d^3*m*x +
154*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*d^5*m*x + 36*(d*x + c)^m*a*b*c^3*d^2*m + 154*(d*x + c)
^m*a^2*c*d^4*m + 120*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*d^5*x + 24*(d*x + c)^m*b^2*c^5 + 80*(
d*x + c)^m*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 120*(d*x + c)^m*a^2*c*d^4)/(d^5*m^5 + 15*d^5*m^4
+ 85*d^5*m^3 + 225*d^5*m^2 + 274*d^5*m + 120*d^5)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 496, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.54

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx \\
&= (c + dx)^m \left( \frac{c(a^2 d^4 m^4 + 14 a^2 d^4 m^3 + 71 a^2 d^4 m^2 + 154 a^2 d^4 m + 120 a^2 d^4 + 4 a b c^2 d^2 m^2 + 36 a b c^2 d^2 m + 120 a^2 d^5)}{d^5 (m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120)} \right. \\
&\quad + \frac{b^2 x^5 (m^4 + 10 m^3 + 35 m^2 + 50 m + 24)}{m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120} \\
&\quad + \frac{x(a^2 d^5 m^4 + 14 a^2 d^5 m^3 + 71 a^2 d^5 m^2 + 154 a^2 d^5 m + 120 a^2 d^5 - 4 a b c^2 d^3 m^3 - 36 a b c^2 d^3 m^2 - 80 a b c^2 d^3 m - 120 a^2 d^5)}{d^5 (m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120)} \\
&\quad + \frac{2 b x^3 (m^2 + 3 m + 2) (-2 b c^2 m + a d^2 m^2 + 9 a d^2 m + 20 a d^2)}{d^2 (m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120)} \\
&\quad + \frac{b^2 c m x^4 (m^3 + 6 m^2 + 11 m + 6)}{d (m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120)} \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{2 b c m x^2 (m + 1) (6 b c^2 + a d^2 m^2 + 9 a d^2 m + 20 a d^2)}{d^3 (m^5 + 15 m^4 + 85 m^3 + 225 m^2 + 274 m + 120)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$



output

```

((c + d*x)**m*(a**2*c*d**4*m**4 + 14*a**2*c*d**4*m**3 + 71*a**2*c*d**4*m**
2 + 154*a**2*c*d**4*m + 120*a**2*c*d**4 + a**2*d**5*m**4*x + 14*a**2*d**5*
m**3*x + 71*a**2*d**5*m**2*x + 154*a**2*d**5*m*x + 120*a**2*d**5*x + 4*a*b
*c**3*d**2*m**2 + 36*a*b*c**3*d**2*m + 80*a*b*c**3*d**2 - 4*a*b*c**2*d**3*
m**3*x - 36*a*b*c**2*d**3*m**2*x - 80*a*b*c**2*d**3*m*x + 2*a*b*c*d**4*m**
4*x**2 + 20*a*b*c*d**4*m**3*x**2 + 58*a*b*c*d**4*m**2*x**2 + 40*a*b*c*d**4
*m*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**5*m**4*x**3 + 24*a*b*d**5*m**3*x**3 + 98*a*b*d**5*m**2*
x**3 + 156*a*b*d**5*m*x**3 + 80*a*b*d**5*x**3 + 24*b**2*c**5 - 24*b**2*c**
4*d*m*x + 12*b**2*c**3*d**2*m**2*x**2 + 12*b**2*c**3*d**2*m*x**2 - 4*b**2*
c**2*d**3*m**3*x**3 - 12*b**2*c**2*d**3*m**2*x**3 - 8*b**2*c**2*d**3*m*x**
3 + b**2*c*d**4*m**4*x**4 + 6*b**2*c*d**4*m**3*x**4 + 11*b**2*c*d**4*m**2*
x**4 + 6*b**2*c*d**4*m*x**4 + b**2*d**5*m**4*x**5 + 10*b**2*d**5*m**3*x**5
+ 35*b**2*d**5*m**2*x**5 + 50*b**2*d**5*m*x**5 + 24*b**2*d**5*x**5))/(d**
5*(m**5 + 15*m**4 + 85*m**3 + 225*m**2 + 274*m + 120))

```

### 3.394 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2) dx$

Optimal result	3385
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3385
Rubi [A] (verified)	3386
Maple [A] (verified)	3387
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3387
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3388
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3389
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3390
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3390

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2) dx = \frac{(bc^2 + ad^2)(c + dx)^{1+m}}{d^3(1+m)} - \frac{2bc(c + dx)^{2+m}}{d^3(2+m)} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{3+m}}{d^3(3+m)}$$

output

```
(a*d^2+b*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/d^3/(1+m)-2*b*c*(d*x+c)^(2+m)/d^3/(2+m)+b*(d*x+c)^(3+m)/d^3/(3+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2) dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} \left( \frac{bc^2 + ad^2}{1+m} - \frac{2bc(c+dx)}{2+m} + \frac{b(c+dx)^2}{3+m} \right)}{d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2),x]
```

output

```
((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*((b*c^2 + a*d^2)/(1 + m) - (2*b*c*(c + d*x))/(2 + m) + (b*(c + d*x)^2)/(3 + m))/d^3
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 476$$

$$\int \left( \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)(c + dx)^m}{d^2} - \frac{2bc(c + dx)^{m+1}}{d^2} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{m+2}}{d^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(ad^2 + bc^2)(c + dx)^{m+1}}{d^3(m+1)} - \frac{2bc(c + dx)^{m+2}}{d^3(m+2)} + \frac{b(c + dx)^{m+3}}{d^3(m+3)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2),x]`

output `((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(d^3*(1 + m)) - (2*b*c*(c + d*x)^(2 + m))/(d^3*(2 + m)) + (b*(c + d*x)^(3 + m))/(d^3*(3 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
gospers	$\frac{(dx+c)^{1+m}(bd^2m^2x^2+3bd^2mx^2+ad^2m^2-2bcdmx+2bx^2d^2+5ad^2m-2bcdx+6ad^2+2bc^2)}{d^3(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)}$
orering	$\frac{(dx+c)(bd^2m^2x^2+3bd^2mx^2+ad^2m^2-2bcdmx+2bx^2d^2+5ad^2m-2bcdx+6ad^2+2bc^2)(dx+c)^m}{d^3(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)}$
risch	$\frac{(bd^3m^2x^3+bcd^2m^2x^2+3bd^3mx^3+a d^3m^2x+bcmx^2d^2+2bd^3x^3+acd^2m^2+5ad^3mx-2bc^2dmx+5acd^2m+6axd^3+6ad^2c^2)}{(2+m)(3+m)(1+m)d^3}$
norman	$\frac{bx^3e^{m \ln(dx+c)}}{3+m} + \frac{c(ad^2m^2+5ad^2m+6ad^2+2bc^2)e^{m \ln(dx+c)}}{d^3(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)} + \frac{(ad^2m^2+5ad^2m-2bc^2m+6ad^2)x e^{m \ln(dx+c)}}{d^3(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)} + \frac{bcx^2e^{m \ln(dx+c)}}{d^3(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{x^3(dx+c)^mbd^3m^2+3x^3(dx+c)^mbd^3m+x^2(dx+c)^mbcd^2m^2+2x^3(dx+c)^mbd^3+x^2(dx+c)^mbcd^2m+x(dx+c)^ma d^3m^2+5x^3(dx+c)^mbd^3m^2+3x^3(dx+c)^mbd^3m+x^2(dx+c)^mbcd^2m^2+2x^3(dx+c)^mbd^3+x^2(dx+c)^mbcd^2m}{d^3(m^3+6m^2+11m+6)}$

```
input int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d^3*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/(m^3+6*m^2+11*m+6)*(b*d^2*m^2*x^2+3*b*d^2*m*x^2+a*d^2*m^2-2*b*c*d*m*x+2*b*d^2*x^2+5*a*d^2*m-2*b*c*d*x+6*a*d^2+2*b*c^2)
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2) dx = \frac{(acd^2m^2 + 5acd^2m + 2bc^3 + 6acd^2 + (bd^3m^2 + 3bd^3m + 2bd^3)x^3 + (bcd^2m^2 + bcd^2m)x^2 + (ad^3m^2 + 6ad^3m + 6ad^3)x)}{d^3m^3 + 6d^3m^2 + 11d^3m + 6d^3}$$

```
input integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output (a*c*d^2*m^2 + 5*a*c*d^2*m + 2*b*c^3 + 6*a*c*d^2 + (b*d^3*m^2 + 3*b*d^3*m + 2*b*d^3)*x^3 + (b*c*d^2*m^2 + b*c*d^2*m)*x^2 + (a*d^3*m^2 + 6*a*d^3 - (2*b*c^2*d - 5*a*d^3)*m)*x)*(d*x + c)^m/(d^3*m^3 + 6*d^3*m^2 + 11*d^3*m + 6*d^3)
```



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 952 vs.  $2(61) = 122$ .

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 952, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.60

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(b*x**2+a),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((c**m*(a*x + b*x**3/3), Eq(d, 0)), (-a*d**2/(2*c**2*d**3 + 4*c*d
**4*x + 2*d**5*x**2) + 2*b*c**2*log(c/d + x)/(2*c**2*d**3 + 4*c*d**4*x + 2
*d**5*x**2) + 3*b*c**2/(2*c**2*d**3 + 4*c*d**4*x + 2*d**5*x**2) + 4*b*c*d*
x*log(c/d + x)/(2*c**2*d**3 + 4*c*d**4*x + 2*d**5*x**2) + 4*b*c*d*x/(2*c**
2*d**3 + 4*c*d**4*x + 2*d**5*x**2) + 2*b*d**2*x**2*log(c/d + x)/(2*c**2*d*
**3 + 4*c*d**4*x + 2*d**5*x**2), Eq(m, -3)), (-a*d**2/(c*d**3 + d**4*x) - 2
*b*c**2*log(c/d + x)/(c*d**3 + d**4*x) - 2*b*c**2/(c*d**3 + d**4*x) - 2*b*
c*d*x*log(c/d + x)/(c*d**3 + d**4*x) + b*d**2*x**2/(c*d**3 + d**4*x), Eq(m
, -2)), (a*log(c/d + x)/d + b*c**2*log(c/d + x)/d**3 - b*c*x/d**2 + b*x**2
/(2*d), Eq(m, -1)), (a*c*d**2*m**2*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3*m**3 + 6*d**3*m**2 +
11*d**3*m + 6*d**3) + 5*a*c*d**2*m*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3*m**3 + 6*d**3*m**2 +
11*d**3*m + 6*d**3) + 6*a*c*d**2*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3*m**3 + 6*d**3*m**2 +
11*d**3*m + 6*d**3) + a*d**3*m**2*x*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3*m**3 + 6*d**3*m**2
+ 11*d**3*m + 6*d**3) + 5*a*d**3*m*x*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3*m**3 + 6*d**3*m**
2 + 11*d**3*m + 6*d**3) + 6*a*d**3*x*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3*m**3 + 6*d**3*m**2
+ 11*d**3*m + 6*d**3) + 2*b*c**3*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3*m**3 + 6*d**3*m**2 +
11*d**3*m + 6*d**3) - 2*b*c**2*d*m*x*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3*m**3 + 6*d**3*m**2
+ 11*d**3*m + 6*d**3) + b*c*d**2*m**2*x**2*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3*m**3 + 6*d*
**3*m**2 + 11*d**3*m + 6*d**3) + b*c*d**2*m*x**2*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3*m**3 +
6*d**3*m**2 + 11*d**3*m + 6*d**3) + b*d**3*m**2*x**3*(c + d*x)**m/(d**3...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx + c)^{m+1} a}{d(m + 1)} + \frac{((m^2 + 3m + 2)d^3 x^3 + (m^2 + m)cd^2 x^2 - 2c^2 dmx + 2c^3)(dx + c)^m b}{(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)d^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $(dx + c)^{(m + 1)} * a / (d * (m + 1)) + ((m^2 + 3 * m + 2) * d^3 * x^3 + (m^2 + m) * c * d^2 * x^2 - 2 * c^2 * d * m * x + 2 * c^3) * (dx + c)^m * b / ((m^3 + 6 * m^2 + 11 * m + 6) * d^3)$

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2) dx$$

$$= \frac{(dx + c)^m b d^3 m^2 x^3 + (dx + c)^m b c d^2 m^2 x^2 + 3 (dx + c)^m b d^3 m x^3 + (dx + c)^m a d^3 m^2 x + (dx + c)^m b c d^2 m x}{(d^3 m^3 + 6 d^3 m^2 + 11 d^3 m + 6 d^3)}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $((dx + c)^m * b * d^3 * m^2 * x^3 + (dx + c)^m * b * c * d^2 * m^2 * x^2 + 3 * (dx + c)^m * b * d^3 * m * x^3 + (dx + c)^m * a * d^3 * m^2 * x + (dx + c)^m * b * c * d^2 * m * x^2 + 2 * (dx + c)^m * b * d^3 * x^3 + (dx + c)^m * a * c * d^2 * m^2 - 2 * (dx + c)^m * b * c^2 * d * m * x + 5 * (dx + c)^m * a * d^3 * m * x + 5 * (dx + c)^m * a * c * d^2 * m + 6 * (dx + c)^m * a * d^3 * x + 2 * (dx + c)^m * b * c^3 + 6 * (dx + c)^m * a * c * d^2) / (d^3 * m^3 + 6 * d^3 * m^2 + 11 * d^3 * m + 6 * d^3)$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2) dx = (c + dx)^m \left( \frac{bx^3(m^2 + 3m + 2)}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6} + \frac{x(-2bc^2dm + ad^3m^2 + 5ad^3m + 6ad^3)}{d^3(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)} + \frac{c(2bc^2 + ad^2m^2 + 5ad^2m + 6ad^2)}{d^3(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)} + \frac{bcmx^2(m + 1)}{d(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)} \right)$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `(c + d*x)^m*((b*x^3*(3*m + m^2 + 2))/(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6) + (x*(6*a*d^3 + a*d^3*m^2 + 5*a*d^3*m - 2*b*c^2*d*m))/(d^3*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6)) + (c*(6*a*d^2 + 2*b*c^2 + a*d^2*m^2 + 5*a*d^2*m))/(d^3*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6)) + (b*c*m*x^2*(m + 1))/(d*(11*m + 6*m^2 + m^3 + 6)))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2) dx = \frac{(dx + c)^m (bd^3m^2x^3 + bcd^2m^2x^2 + 3bd^3mx^3 + ad^3m^2x + bcd^2mx^2 + 2bd^3x^3 + acd^2m^2 + 5ad^3mx - d^3(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6))}{d^3(m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a),x)`output `((c + d*x)**m*(a*c*d**2*m**2 + 5*a*c*d**2*m + 6*a*c*d**2 + a*d**3*m**2*x + 5*a*d**3*m*x + 6*a*d**3*x + 2*b*c**3 - 2*b*c**2*d*m*x + b*c*d**2*m**2*x**2 + b*c*d**2*m*x**2 + b*d**3*m**2*x**3 + 3*b*d**3*m*x**3 + 2*b*d**3*x**3))/(d**3*(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6))`

### 3.395 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	3391
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3392
Rubi [A] (verified)	3392
Maple [F]	3393
Fricas [F]	3394
Sympy [F]	3394
Maxima [F]	3394
Giac [F]	3395
Mupad [F(-1)]	3395
Reduce [F]	3395

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{a+bx^2} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bc}+ad\right)(1+m)} + \frac{(c+dx)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{2a\left(\frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-a}}+d\right)(1+m)}$$

output

```
1/2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)/((-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c+a*d)/(1+m)+1/2*(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d))/a/(b^(1/2)*c/(-a)^(1/2)+d)/(1+m)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} \left( \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}} - \frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2), x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)]/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d) - Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)]/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d))/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(1 + m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {485, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 485$$

$$\int \left( \frac{\sqrt{-a}(c + dx)^m}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})} + \frac{\sqrt{-a}(c + dx)^m}{2a(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(m+1)\left(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}\right)} -$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)^{m+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m + 1, m + 2, \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(m+1)\left(\sqrt{-ad}+\sqrt{bc}\right)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2), x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)]/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)*(1 + m)) - ((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)]/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(1 + m)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 485 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[Expand Integrand[(c + d*x)^n, 1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a), x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + bx^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(b*x**2+a),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(a + b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{a + bx^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)**m/(a + b*x**2),x)`



**3.396**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3396
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3397
Rubi [A] (verified)	3397
Maple [F]	3399
Fricas [F]	3400
Sympy [F]	3400
Maxima [F]	3400
Giac [F]	3401
Mupad [F(-1)]	3401
Reduce [F]	3401

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 304

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{1+m}}{2a(bc^2+ad^2)(a+bx^2)}$$

$$- \frac{\left( bc^2 + ad^2(1-m) + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcdm} \right) (c+dx)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}} \right)}{4(-a)^{3/2} \left( \sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad} \right) (bc^2 + ad^2) (1+m)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left( bc^2 + ad^2(1-m) - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcdm} \right) (c+dx)^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{b(c+dx)}}{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad}} \right)}{4(-a)^{3/2} \left( \sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad} \right) (bc^2 + ad^2) (1+m)}$$

output

```
1/2*(b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)-1/4*(b*c^2+a*d^2*(1-m)+(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*d*m)*(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d))/(-a)^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(1+m)+1/4*(b*c^2+a*d^2*(1-m)-(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*d*m)*(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d))/(-a)^(3/2)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(1+m)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c+dx)^{1+m} \left( \frac{2(ad+bcx)}{a+bx^2} + \frac{(bc^2-ad^2(-1+m)+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcdm}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+m, 2+m, \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad})(1+m)} + \frac{(-bc^2+ad^2(-1+m))}{4a(bc^2+ad^2)} \right)}{4a(bc^2+ad^2)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output

```
((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*((2*(a*d + b*c*x))/(a + b*x^2) + ((b*c^2 - a*d^2*(-1 + m) + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)])/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)*(1 + m)) + ((-(b*c^2) + a*d^2*(-1 + m) + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d*m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)])/(Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(1 + m))))/(4*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 496$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)}{2a(a+bx^2)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^m(bc^2-bdmcx+ad^2(1-m))}{bx^2+a} dx}{2a(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m (bc^2 - bdmxc + ad^2(1-m))}{bx^2 + a} dx + \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)}{2a(a+bx^2)(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left( \frac{(\sqrt{-a}(bc^2 + ad^2(1-m)) + a\sqrt{bcdm})(c+dx)^m}{2a(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})} + \frac{(\sqrt{-a}(bc^2 + ad^2(1-m)) - a\sqrt{bcdm})(c+dx)^m}{2a(\sqrt{bx} + \sqrt{-a})} \right) dx$$


---


$$\frac{2a(ad^2 + bc^2)}{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)} + \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)}{2a(a+bx^2)(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcdm} + ad^2(1-m) + bc^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(m+1)(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})} - \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcdm} + ad^2(1-m) + bc^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-a}(m+1)(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-a})}$$


---


$$\frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)}{2a(a+bx^2)(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(2*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)) + (((b*c^2 + a*d^2*(1 - m) + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d*m)*(c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)*(1 + m)) - ((b*c^2 + a*d^2*(1 - m) - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*c*d*m)*(c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)])/(2*Sqrt[-a]*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(1 + m)))/(2*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 496 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Simp[b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + b*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(b^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*x^2 + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(a + b*x**2)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*x^2 + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{b^2x^4 + 2abx^2 + a^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)**m/(a**2 + 2*a*b*x**2 + b**2*x**4),x)`

**3.397**       $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3402
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3403
Rubi [A] (verified)	3404
Maple [F]	3407
Fricas [F]	3407
Sympy [F(-1)]	3407
Maxima [F]	3408
Giac [F]	3408
Mupad [F(-1)]	3408
Reduce [F]	3409

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 474

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx = \frac{(ad+bcx)(c+dx)^{1+m}}{4a(bc^2+ad^2)(a+bx^2)^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^{1+m}(ad(ad^2(3-m)+bc^2(1+m))+bc(3bc^2+ad^2(5-2m))x)}{8a^2(bc^2+ad^2)^2(a+bx^2)} + \frac{(3b^2c^4+\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcd}(3bc^2+ad^2(5-2m))m+abc^2d^2(6-2m-m^2)+a^2d^4(3-4m+m^2))(c+dx)}{16(-a)^{5/2}(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad})(bc^2+ad^2)^2(1+m)} - \frac{(3b^2c^4-\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bcd}(3bc^2+ad^2(5-2m))m+abc^2d^2(6-2m-m^2)+a^2d^4(3-4m+m^2))(c+dx)}{16(-a)^{5/2}(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad})(bc^2+ad^2)^2(1+m)}$$

output

```

1/4*(b*c*x+a*d)*(d*x+c)^(1+m)/a/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(b*x^2+a)^2+1/8*(d*x+c)^(1+m)
)*(a*d*(a*d^2*(3-m)+b*c^2*(1+m))+b*c*(3*b*c^2+a*d^2*(5-2*m))*x)/a^2/(a*d^2
+b*c^2)^2/(b*x^2+a)+1/16*(3*b^2*c^4+(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c*d*(3*b*c^2+a*d^2*
(5-2*m))*m+a*b*c^2*d^2*(-m^2-2*m+6)+a^2*d^4*(m^2-4*m+3))*(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hyp
ergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)/(-a)^(5/2)
/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(1+m)-1/16*(3*b^2*c^4+(-a)^(1/2)
*b^(1/2)*c*d*(3*b*c^2+a*d^2*(5-2*m))*m+a*b*c^2*d^2*(-m^2-2*m+6)+a^2*d^4*(m
^2-4*m+3))*(d*x+c)^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 1+m], [2+m], b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)
*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)/(-a)^(5/2)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(1+m
)

```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 396, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx$$

$$(c + dx)^{1+m} \left( \frac{4a(bc^2 + ad^2)(ad + bcx)}{(a + bx^2)^2} + \frac{2(-a^2d^3(-3+m) + 3b^2c^3x + abcd(c(1+m) + d(5-2m)x))}{a + bx^2} + \frac{(a\sqrt{bcd}(3bc^2 + ad^2(5-2m))m + \sqrt{-a}(\dots))}{\dots} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```

((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*((4*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(a*d + b*c*x))/(a + b*x^2)^2 + (2
*(-a^2*d^3*(-3 + m)) + 3*b^2*c^3*x + a*b*c*d*(c*(1 + m) + d*(5 - 2*m)*x)
))/(a + b*x^2) + (((a*Sqrt[b]*c*d*(3*b*c^2 + a*d^2*(5 - 2*m))*m + Sqrt[-a]*
(-3*b^2*c^4 - a^2*d^4*(3 - 4*m + m^2) + a*b*c^2*d^2*(-6 + 2*m + m^2)))*Hyp
ergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*
d)]/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d) + ((a*Sqrt[b]*c*d*(3*b*c^2 + a*d^2*(5 - 2*m)
)*m + Sqrt[-a]*(3*b^2*c^4 + a^2*d^4*(3 - 4*m + m^2) - a*b*c^2*d^2*(-6 + 2*
m + m^2)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]
*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)]/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d))/(a*(1 + m)))/(16*a^2*(b*c^2
+ a*d^2)^2)

```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$ , Rules used = {496, 25, 686, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 496 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)}{4a(a+bx^2)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^m(3bc^2+bd(2-m)xc+ad^2(3-m))}{(bx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^m(3bc^2+bd(2-m)xc+ad^2(3-m))}{(bx^2+a)^2} dx}{4a(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)}{4a(a+bx^2)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 686 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(bcx(ad^2(5-2m)+3bc^2)+ad(ad^2(3-m)+bc^2(m+1)))}{2a(a+bx^2)(ad^2+bc^2)} - \frac{\int -\frac{b(c+dx)^m(3b^2c^4+abd^2(-m^2-2m+6)c^2-bd(3bc^2+ad^2(5-2m))mxc+a^2d^4)}{bx^2+a} dx}{2ab(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4a(ad^2+bc^2)}{4a(a+bx^2)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{b(c+dx)^m(3b^2c^4+abd^2(-m^2-2m+6)c^2-bd(3bc^2+ad^2(5-2m))mxc+a^2d^4(m^2-4m+3))}{bx^2+a} dx}{2ab(ad^2+bc^2)} + \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(bcx(ad^2(5-2m)+3bc^2)+ad(ad^2(3-m)+bc^2(m+1)))}{2a(a+bx^2)(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \frac{4a(ad^2+bc^2)}{4a(a+bx^2)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)}{4a(a+bx^2)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m (3b^2c^4+abd^2(-m^2-2m+6)c^2-bd(3bc^2+ad^2(5-2m))mxc+a^2d^4(m^2-4m+3))}{2a(ad^2+bc^2)} dx + \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(bcx(ad^2(5-2m)+3bc^2)+ad(ad^2(3-m)-ad^2(5-2m)))}{2a(a+bx^2)(ad^2+bc^2)}$$


---


$$\frac{4a(ad^2+bc^2)}{4a(a+bx^2)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)}{4a(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

↓ 657

$$\int \left( \frac{(a\sqrt{bc}d(3bc^2+ad^2(5-2m))m+\sqrt{-a}(3b^2c^4+abd^2(-m^2-2m+6)c^2+a^2d^4(m^2-4m+3)))(c+dx)^m}{2a(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bx})} + \frac{(\sqrt{-a}(3b^2c^4+abd^2(-m^2-2m+6)c^2+a^2d^4(m^2-4m+3)))(c+dx)^{m+1}}{2a(\sqrt{bx}+\sqrt{-a})} \right) dx$$


---


$$\frac{4a(ad^2+bc^2)}{4a(a+bx^2)^2(ad^2+bc^2)} \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)}{4a(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{m+1} \left( a\sqrt{bc}dm(ad^2(5-2m)+3bc^2) - \sqrt{-a}(a^2d^4(m^2-4m+3)+abc^2d^2(-m^2-2m+6)+3b^2c^4) \right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, m+1, m+2, \frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{2a(m+1)(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad})} + \frac{(c+dx)^{m+1} \left( a\sqrt{bc}dm(ad^2(5-2m)+3bc^2) - \sqrt{-a}(a^2d^4(m^2-4m+3)+abc^2d^2(-m^2-2m+6)+3b^2c^4) \right)}{2a(m+1)(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-ad})}$$


---


$$\frac{(c+dx)^{m+1}(ad+bcx)}{4a(a+bx^2)^2(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^3,x]
```

output

```
((a*d + b*c*x)*(c + d*x)^(1 + m))/(4*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)^2) + ((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(a*d*(a*d^2*(3 - m) + b*c^2*(1 + m)) + b*c*(3*b*c^2 + a*d^2*(5 - 2*m))*x)/(2*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(a + b*x^2)) + (((a*Sqrt[b]*c*d*(3*b*c^2 + a*d^2*(5 - 2*m))*m - Sqrt[-a]*(3*b^2*c^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2*(6 - 2*m - m^2) + a^2*d^4*(3 - 4*m + m^2)))*(c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)]/(2*a*(Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)*(1 + m)) + ((a*Sqrt[b]*c*d*(3*b*c^2 + a*d^2*(5 - 2*m))*m + Sqrt[-a]*(3*b^2*c^4 + a*b*c^2*d^2*(6 - 2*m - m^2) + a^2*d^4*(3 - 4*m + m^2)))*(c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, (Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)]/(2*a*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(1 + m)))/(2*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))/(4*a*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 496  $\text{Int}[((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_)}*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{a}*d + \text{b}*c*x))*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{b}*c^2*(2*p + 3) + \text{a}*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3) + \text{b}*c*d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[\text{a}, 0, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$
- rule 657  $\text{Int}[(((\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{f}_.) + (\text{g}_.)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_.)})/((\text{a}_.) + (\text{c}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^m*((\text{f} + \text{g}*x)^n/(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{n}]$
- rule 686  $\text{Int}[((\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{f}_.) + (\text{g}_.)*(\text{x}_))^{(\text{p}_.)*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{c}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2)^{(\text{p}_.)}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^{(m + 1)}*(\text{f}*a*c*e - \text{a}*g*c*d + \text{c}*(\text{c}*d*f + \text{a}*e*g)*x))*((\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^m*(\text{a} + \text{c}*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{f}*(\text{c}^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + \text{a}*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - \text{a}*c*d*e*g*m + \text{c}*e*(\text{c}*d*f + \text{a}*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*m, 2*p])$
- rule 2009  $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; SumQ}[\text{u}]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m/(b^3*x^6 + 3*a*b^2*x^4 + 3*a^2*b*x^2 + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(b*x**2+a)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*x^2 + a)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*x^2 + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^3} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^3,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{b^3x^6 + 3ab^2x^4 + 3a^2bx^2 + a^3} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^3,x)`

output `int((c + d*x)**m/(a**3 + 3*a**2*b*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*x**4 + b**3*x**6),x)`

### 3.398 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3410
Mathematica [F]	3410
Rubi [A] (verified)	3411
Maple [F]	3412
Fricas [F]	3412
Sympy [F]	3413
Maxima [F]	3413
Giac [F]	3413
Mupad [F(-1)]	3414
Reduce [F]	3414

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} (a + bx^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-ad}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{d(1+m) \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-ad}}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-ad}}\right)^{3/2}}$$

output

$$(d*x+c)^{(1+m)}*(b*x^2+a)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}(1+m, -3/2, -3/2, 2+m, (d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}), (d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))/d/(1+m)/(1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^{(3/2)}/(1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^{(3/2)}$$

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{514}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \int (c + dx)^m \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{150}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^{3/2} (c + dx)^{m+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, m + 2, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(m + 1) \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*AppellF1[1 + m, -3/2, -3/2, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]) / (d*(1 + m)*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^(3/2)*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^(3/2))`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(b*x**2+a)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**(3/2)*(c + d*x)**m, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^{3/2} (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^m, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^{3/2} dx = \int (dx + c)^m (bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`output `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

### 3.399 $\int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$

Optimal result	3415
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3415
Rubi [A] (verified)	3416
Maple [F]	3417
Fricas [F]	3418
Sympy [F]	3418
Maxima [F]	3418
Giac [F]	3419
Mupad [F(-1)]	3419
Reduce [F]	3419

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-ad}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{d(1+m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-ad}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-ad}}}}$$

```
output (d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1+m,-1/2,-1/2,2+m,(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(1+m)/(1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^(1/2)/(1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d(1+m) \sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}} \sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*AppellF1[1 + m, -1/2, -1/2, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)]/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2} \int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}} d(c + dx)}{d \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}}}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^2}(c + dx)^{m+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, m + 2, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(m + 1) \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output

```
((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*AppellF1[1 + m, -1/2, -1/2, 2 + m, (c +
d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])])/(
d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x
)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_
] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (
c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 -
x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m \sqrt{bx^2 + adx}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{a + bx^2} (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*(c + d*x)**m, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m \sqrt{a + bx^2} dx = \int (dx + c)^m \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)**m*sqrt(a + b*x**2),x)`



**3.400**       $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3420
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3420
Rubi [A] (verified)	3421
Maple [F]	3422
Fricas [F]	3422
Sympy [F]	3423
Maxima [F]	3423
Giac [F]	3423
Mupad [F(-1)]	3424
Reduce [F]	3424

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^{1+m} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^(1/2)*(1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1+m,1/2,1/2,2+m,(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(1+m)/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}} \sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}} (c+dx)^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `((Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d])*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)]*(c + d*x)^(1 + m)*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)]/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}} \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}}} d(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)^{m+1} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, m + 2, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)}{d(m + 1)\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^2],x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(b*x**2+a)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/sqrt(a + b*x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(b*x^2 + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(1/2),x)`output `int((c + d*x)**m/sqrt(a + b*x**2),x)`

**3.401**  $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3425
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3425
Rubi [A] (verified)	3426
Maple [F]	3427
Fricas [F]	3427
Sympy [F]	3428
Maxima [F]	3428
Giac [F]	3428
Mupad [F(-1)]	3429
Reduce [F]	3429

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 154

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^{1+m} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{3/2} \text{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2+m, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(1+m)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^(3/2)*(1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^(3/2)*AppellF1(1+m,3/2,3/2,2+m,(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(1+m)/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{3/2} (c+dx)^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2+m, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d(1+m)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\left( \frac{(d \sqrt{-a/b} - x)/(c + \sqrt{-a/b} d)^{3/2} \cdot (d \sqrt{-a/b} + x)/(-c + \sqrt{-a/b} d)^{3/2} \cdot (c + dx)^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}[1+m, 3/2, 3/2, 2+m, (c+dx)/(c - \sqrt{-a/b} d), (c+dx)/(c + \sqrt{-a/b} d)]}{d(1+m)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{514}$$

$$\frac{\left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{3/2} \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{150}$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{3/2} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(m+1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, m+2, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)}{d(m+1)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(c + dx)^m / (a + bx^2)^{3/2}, x]$$

output

$$\left( \frac{(c+dx)^{1+m} \cdot (1 - (c+dx)/(c - (\sqrt{-a}d)/\sqrt{b}))^{3/2} \cdot (1 - (c+dx)/(c + (\sqrt{-a}d)/\sqrt{b}))^{3/2} \cdot \operatorname{AppellF1}[1+m, 3/2, 3/2, 2+m, (c+dx)/(c - (\sqrt{-a}d)/\sqrt{b}), (c+dx)/(c + (\sqrt{-a}d)/\sqrt{b})]}{d(1+m)(a+bx^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(d*x + c)^m/(b^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*x^2 + a^2), x)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(b*x**2+a)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/(a + b*x**2)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(bx^2 + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int((c + d*x)^m/(a + b*x^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{(a + bx^2)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} bx^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+a)^(3/2), x)`output `int((c + d*x)**m/(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*x**2), x)`

### 3.402 $\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3430
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3430
Rubi [A] (verified)	3431
Maple [F]	3432
Fricas [F]	3432
Sympy [F]	3433
Maxima [F]	3433
Giac [F]	3433
Mupad [F(-1)]	3434
Reduce [F]	3434

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx = -2^{-\frac{1}{2}+m} 11^m \sqrt{2-x} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4(2-x)}{11}, \frac{2-x}{4}\right)$$

```
output -2^(-1/2+m)*11^m*(2-x)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/2,1/2,-m,3/2,1/2-1/4*x,8/11-4/11*x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx = \frac{2^{-\frac{1}{2}+m} (3+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{1}{5}(-3-4x), \frac{1}{11}(3+4x)\right)}{\sqrt{55}(1+m)}$$

```
input Integrate[(6 + 8*x)^m/Sqrt[8 - 2*x^2],x]
```

```
output (2^(-1/2 + m)*(3 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (-3 - 4*x)/5, (3 + 4*x)/11])/(Sqrt[55]*(1 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {513, 27, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(8x+6)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\
 & \int \frac{2(8x+6)^m}{\sqrt{2-x}\sqrt{x+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(8x+6)^m}{\sqrt{2-x}\sqrt{x+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & -2^{m-\frac{1}{2}} 11^m \sqrt{2-x} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2-x}{4}, \frac{4(2-x)}{11} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(6 + 8*x)^m/Sqrt[8 - 2*x^2],x]`

output `-(2^(-1/2 + m)*11^m*Sqrt[2 - x]*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -m, 3/2, (2 - x)/4, (4*(2 - x))/11])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 155

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simpl
ify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplrQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplrQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])
```

rule 513

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(8x + 6)^m}{\sqrt{-2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `int((8*x+6)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)`output `int((8*x+6)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)`**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(6 + 8x)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(8x + 6)^m}{\sqrt{-2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `integrate((6+8*x)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(-1/2*sqrt(-2*x^2 + 8)*(8*x + 6)^m/(x^2 - 4), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \cdot 2^m \int \frac{(4x+3)^m}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx}{2}$$

input `integrate((6+8*x)**m/(-2*x**2+8)**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(2)*2**m*Integral((4*x + 3)**m/sqrt(4 - x**2), x)/2`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(8x+6)^m}{\sqrt{-2x^2+8}} dx$$

input `integrate((6+8*x)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((8*x + 6)^m/sqrt(-2*x^2 + 8), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(8x+6)^m}{\sqrt{-2x^2+8}} dx$$

input `integrate((6+8*x)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((8*x + 6)^m/sqrt(-2*x^2 + 8), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(6 + 8x)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(8x + 6)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((8*x + 6)^m/(8 - 2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int((8*x + 6)^m/(8 - 2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(6 + 8x)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(8x+6)^m}{\sqrt{-x^2+4}} dx}{\sqrt{2}}$$

input `int((6+8*x)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)`output `int((8*x + 6)**m/sqrt(- x**2 + 4),x)/sqrt(2)`

### 3.403 $\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8+2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3435
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3435
Rubi [A] (verified)	3436
Maple [F]	3437
Fricas [F]	3437
Sympy [F]	3438
Maxima [F]	3438
Giac [F]	3438
Mupad [F(-1)]	3439
Reduce [F]	3439

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8+2x^2}} dx = \frac{i73^m \sqrt{2-ix}((3+8i)(3+4x))^{-m} (6+8x)^m \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \left(\frac{32}{73} - \frac{12i}{73}\right)(2-ix), \frac{1}{4}(2-ix)\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

```
output 1/2*I*73^m*(2-I*x)^(1/2)*(6+8*x)^m*AppellF1(1/2,-m,1/2,3/2,(32/73-12/73*I)
*(2-I*x),1/2-1/4*I*x)*2^(1/2)/(((3+8*I)*(3+4*x))^m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(6+8x)^m}{\sqrt{8+2x^2}} dx = \frac{2^{-\frac{1}{2}+m} \sqrt{(8+3i)(2+ix)} \sqrt{(-3-8i)(2i+x)} (3+4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \left(\frac{3}{73} + \frac{8i}{73}\right)(3+4x)\right)}{73(1+m)\sqrt{4+x^2}}$$

```
input Integrate[(6 + 8*x)^m/Sqrt[8 + 2*x^2],x]
```



output

```
(2^(-1/2 + m)*Sqrt[(8 + 3*I)*(2 + I*x)]*Sqrt[(-3 - 8*I)*(2*I + x)]*(3 + 4*x)^(1 + m)*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (3/73 + (8*I)/73)*(3 + 4*x), (3/73 - (8*I)/73)*(3 + 4*x)]/(73*(1 + m)*Sqrt[4 + x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(8x+6)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2+8}} dx$$

↓ 514

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{73} + \frac{8i}{73}\right)(4x+3)} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{73} - \frac{8i}{73}\right)(4x+3)} \int \frac{(8x+6)^m}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{146} + \frac{4i}{73}\right)(8x+6)} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{146} - \frac{4i}{73}\right)(8x+6)}} d(8x+6)}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x^2+4}}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{73} + \frac{8i}{73}\right)(4x+3)} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{73} - \frac{8i}{73}\right)(4x+3)} (8x+6)^{m+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, m+2, \left(\frac{3}{146} + \frac{4i}{73}\right)(8x+6), \left(\frac{3}{146} - \frac{4i}{73}\right)(8x+6)\right)}{8\sqrt{2}(m+1)\sqrt{x^2+4}}$$

input

```
Int[(6 + 8*x)^m/Sqrt[8 + 2*x^2],x]
```

output

```
((6 + 8*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (3/73 + (8*I)/73)*(3 + 4*x)]*Sqrt[1 - (3/73 - (8*I)/73)*(3 + 4*x)]*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (3/146 + (4*I)/73)*(6 + 8*x), (3/146 - (4*I)/73)*(6 + 8*x)]/(8*Sqrt[2]*(1 + m)*Sqrt[4 + x^2])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(8x + 6)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `int((8*x+6)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((8*x+6)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(6 + 8x)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(8x + 6)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `integrate((6+8*x)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/2*sqrt(2*x^2 + 8)*(8*x + 6)^m/(x^2 + 4), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(6 + 8x)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \cdot 2^m \int \frac{(4x+3)^m}{\sqrt{x^2+4}} dx}{2}$$

input `integrate((6+8*x)**m/(2*x**2+8)**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(2)*2**m*Integral((4*x + 3)**m/sqrt(x**2 + 4), x)/2`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(6 + 8x)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(8x + 6)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `integrate((6+8*x)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((8*x + 6)^m/sqrt(2*x^2 + 8), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(6 + 8x)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(8x + 6)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `integrate((6+8*x)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((8*x + 6)^m/sqrt(2*x^2 + 8), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(6 + 8x)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(8x + 6)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `int((8*x + 6)^m/(2*x^2 + 8)^(1/2),x)`output `int((8*x + 6)^m/(2*x^2 + 8)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(6 + 8x)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(8x+6)^m}{\sqrt{x^2+4}} dx}{\sqrt{2}}$$

input `int((6+8*x)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)`output `int((8*x + 6)**m/sqrt(x**2 + 4),x)/sqrt(2)`

### 3.404 $\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3440
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3440
Rubi [A] (verified)	3441
Maple [F]	3442
Fricas [F]	3442
Sympy [F]	3442
Maxima [F]	3443
Giac [F]	3443
Mupad [F(-1)]	3443
Reduce [F]	3444

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \sqrt{2} 7^m \sqrt{1+x} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4(1+x)}{7}, \frac{1+x}{2} \right)$$

output `2^(1/2)*7^m*(1+x)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/2, 1/2, -m, 3/2, 1/2+1/2*x, 4/7+4/7*x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = -\frac{(3-4x)^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( 1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{1}{7}(3-4x), -3+4x \right)}{\sqrt{7}(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(3 - 4*x)^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2], x]`

output `-(((3 - 4*x)^(1 + m)*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (3 - 4*x)/7, -3 + 4*x])/(Sqrt[7]*(1 + m)))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {513, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

↓ 513

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1-x}\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

↓ 155

$$\sqrt{2}7^m \sqrt{x+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{4(x+1)}{7}, \frac{x+1}{2}\right)$$

input `Int[(3 - 4*x)^m/Sqrt[1 - x^2],x]`

output `Sqrt[2]*7^m*Sqrt[1 + x]*AppellF1[1/2, -m, 1/2, 3/2, (4*(1 + x))/7, (1 + x)/2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] :> Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 513 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
 $a^p \int (c + dx)^n (1 + R[-b/a, 2]x)^p (1 - R[-b/a, 2]x)^p dx, x] /$   
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(3 - 4x)^m}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((3-4*x)^m/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((3-4*x)^m/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(3 - 4x)^m}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-4x + 3)^m}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*x)^m/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-x^2 + 1)*(-4*x + 3)^m/(x^2 - 1), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(3 - 4x)^m}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3 - 4x)^m}{\sqrt{-(x - 1)(x + 1)}} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*x)**m/(-x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((3 - 4*x)**m/sqrt(-(x - 1)*(x + 1)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-4x+3)^m}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*x)^m/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-4*x + 3)^m/sqrt(-x^2 + 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-4x+3)^m}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*x)^m/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-4*x + 3)^m/sqrt(-x^2 + 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

input `int((3 - 4*x)^m/(1 - x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((3 - 4*x)^m/(1 - x^2)^(1/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3 - 4x)^m}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-4x + 3)^m}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((3-4*x)^m/(-x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-4*x + 3)**m/sqrt(-x**2 + 1),x)`

### 3.405 $\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3445
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3445
Rubi [A] (verified)	3446
Maple [F]	3447
Fricas [F]	3447
Sympy [F]	3448
Maxima [F]	3448
Giac [F]	3448
Mupad [F(-1)]	3449
Reduce [F]	3449

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = i\sqrt{2}25^m(3-4x)^m((3-4i)(3-4x))^{-m}\sqrt{1-ix} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \left(\frac{16}{25} + \frac{12i}{25}\right)(1-ix), \frac{1}{2}(1-ix)\right)$$

output

```
I*2^(1/2)*25^m*(3-4*x)^m*(1-I*x)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/2,-m,1/2,3/2,(16/25+12/25*I)*(1-I*x),1/2-1/2*I*x)/(((3-4*I)*(3-4*x))^m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \frac{(3-4x)^{1+m} \sqrt{(4+3i)(1-ix)} \sqrt{(3+4i)(-i+x)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \left(\frac{3}{25} - \frac{4i}{25}\right)(3-4x), \left(\frac{3}{25} + \frac{4i}{25}\right)(3-4x)\right)}{25(1+m)\sqrt{1+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(3 - 4*x)^m/Sqrt[1 + x^2],x]
```

output

```
-1/25*((3 - 4*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[(4 + 3*I)*(1 - I*x)]*Sqrt[(3 + 4*I)*(-I + x)]*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (3/25 - (4*I)/25)*(3 - 4*x), (3/25 + (4*I)/25)*(3 - 4*x)]/((1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

↓ 514

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{25} + \frac{4i}{25}\right)(3-4x)} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{25} - \frac{4i}{25}\right)(3-4x)} \int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{25} + \frac{4i}{25}\right)(3-4x)} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{25} - \frac{4i}{25}\right)(3-4x)}} d(3-4x)}{4\sqrt{x^2+1}}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{25} + \frac{4i}{25}\right)(3-4x)} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{25} - \frac{4i}{25}\right)(3-4x)} (3-4x)^{m+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(m+1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, m+2, \left(\frac{3}{25} + \frac{4i}{25}\right)(3-4x), \left(\frac{3}{25} - \frac{4i}{25}\right)(3-4x)\right)}{4(m+1)\sqrt{x^2+1}}$$

input

```
Int[(3 - 4*x)^m/Sqrt[1 + x^2],x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(Sqrt[1 - (3/25 + (4*I)/25)*(3 - 4*x)]*Sqrt[1 - (3/25 - (4*I)/25)*(3 - 4*x)]*(3 - 4*x)^(1 + m)*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (3/25 + (4*I)/25)*(3 - 4*x), (3/25 - (4*I)/25)*(3 - 4*x)]/((1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + x^2])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3 - 4x)^m}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `int((3-4*x)^m/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((3-4*x)^m/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3 - 4x)^m}{\sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-4x + 3)^m}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*x)^m/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-4*x + 3)^m/sqrt(x^2 + 1), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*x)**m/(x**2+1)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((3 - 4*x)**m/sqrt(x**2 + 1), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-4x+3)^m}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*x)^m/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-4*x + 3)^m/sqrt(x^2 + 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-4x+3)^m}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

input `integrate((3-4*x)^m/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-4*x + 3)^m/sqrt(x^2 + 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

input `int((3 - 4*x)^m/(x^2 + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `int((3 - 4*x)^m/(x^2 + 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3-4x)^m}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(-4x+3)^m}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx$$

input `int((3-4*x)^m/(x^2+1)^(1/2),x)`output `int((-4*x + 3)**m/sqrt(x**2 + 1),x)`

### 3.406 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3450
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3450
Rubi [A] (verified)	3451
Maple [F]	3453
Fricas [F]	3453
Sympy [F]	3453
Maxima [F]	3454
Giac [F]	3454
Mupad [F(-1)]	3454
Reduce [F]	3455

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2-x}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{c+dx}{c+2d}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{d(2-x)}{c+2d}, \frac{2-x}{4}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

output `-1/2*(2-x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^m*AppellF1(1/2, -m, 1/2, 3/2, d*(2-x)/(c+2*d), 1/2-1/4*x)*2^(1/2)/(((d*x+c)/(c+2*d))^m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{8-2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{d(-2+x)}{c+2d}} \sqrt{-\frac{d(2+x)}{c-2d}} (c+dx)^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{c+dx}{c-2d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+2d}\right)}{d(1+m)\sqrt{8-2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/Sqrt[8 - 2*x^2], x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[-((d*(-2 + x))/(c + 2*d))]*Sqrt[-((d*(2 + x))/(c - 2*d))]*(c + d*x)^(1 + m)*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - 2*d), (c + d*x)/(c + 2*d)])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[8 - 2*x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {513, 27, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\
 & \int \frac{2(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{2-x}\sqrt{x+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2-x}\sqrt{x+2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{2-x}\sqrt{x+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2-x}\sqrt{x+2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & \frac{(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{c+dx}{c+2d}\right)^{-m} \int \frac{\left(\frac{c}{c+2d} + \frac{dx}{c+2d}\right)^m}{\sqrt{2-x}\sqrt{x+2}} dx}{\sqrt{2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2-x}(c + dx)^m \left(\frac{c+dx}{c+2d}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2-x}{4}, \frac{d(2-x)}{c+2d}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^m/Sqrt[8 - 2*x^2],x]
```



output

$$-\left(\frac{\sqrt{2-x}(c+d*x)^m \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{(2-x)}{4}, \frac{d*(2-x)}{(c+2*d)}\right]}{\sqrt{2-x} \left(\frac{c+d*x}{c+2*d}\right)^m}\right)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 155

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}), x_] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\left(\frac{(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}}{b*(m+1)*\operatorname{Simplify}[b/(b*c - a*d)]^{n*} \operatorname{Simplify}[b/(b*e - a*f)]^{p*}\right) * \operatorname{AppellF1}[m+1, -n, -p, m+2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] \ \&\& \ !(\operatorname{GtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{SimplerQ}[c + d*x, a + b*x]) \ \&\& \ !(\operatorname{GtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{SimplerQ}[e + f*x, a + b*x])$$

rule 156

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(m_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}((e_*) + (f_*)(x_))^{(p_*)}), x_] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(e + f*x)^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]} / (\operatorname{Simplify}[b/(b*e - a*f)]^{\operatorname{IntPart}[p]} * (b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^{\operatorname{FracPart}[p]}) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x)^m (c + d*x)^n \operatorname{Simp}[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{GtQ}[\operatorname{Simplify}[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]$$

rule 513

$$\operatorname{Int}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_*)}((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a^p \operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^n (1 + \operatorname{Rt}[-b/a, 2]*x)^p (1 - \operatorname{Rt}[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[b/a]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{-2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{-2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-1/2*sqrt(-2*x^2 + 8)*(d*x + c)^m/(x^2 - 4), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx}{2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(-2*x**2+8)**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(2)*Integral((c + d*x)**m/sqrt(4 - x**2), x)/2`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{-2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(-2*x^2 + 8), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{-2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(-2*x^2 + 8), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(8 - 2*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/(8 - 2*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 - 2x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(dx+c)^m}{\sqrt{-x^2+4}} dx}{\sqrt{2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(-2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)**m/sqrt(- x**2 + 4),x)/sqrt(2)`

### 3.407 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{8+2x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3456
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3456
Rubi [A] (verified)	3457
Maple [F]	3458
Fricas [F]	3458
Sympy [F]	3459
Maxima [F]	3459
Giac [F]	3459
Mupad [F(-1)]	3460
Reduce [F]	3460

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{8+2x^2}} dx = \frac{i\sqrt{2-ix}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{c+dx}{c-2id}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{d(2-ix)}{ic+2d}, \frac{1}{4}(2-ix)\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

output

```
1/2*I*(2-I*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^m*AppellF1(1/2,-m,1/2,3/2,d*(2-I*x)/(I*c+2*d),
1/2-1/4*I*x)*2^(1/2)/(((d*x+c)/(c-2*I*d))^m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{8+2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{d(-2i+x)}{c+2id}} \sqrt{-\frac{d(2i+x)}{c-2id}} (c+dx)^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{c+dx}{c-2id}, \frac{c+dx}{c+2id}\right)}{\sqrt{2}d(1+m)\sqrt{4+x^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/Sqrt[8 + 2*x^2],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-((d*(-2*I + x))/(c + (2*I)*d))]*Sqrt[-((d*(2*I + x))/(c - (2*I)*d))
]*(c + d*x)^(1 + m)*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - (2*I)*
d), (c + d*x)/(c + (2*I)*d)]/(Sqrt[2]*d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[4 + x^2])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{514}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-2id}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+2id}} \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-2id}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+2id}}} d(c + dx)}{\sqrt{2}d\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{150}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-2id}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+2id}} (c + dx)^{m+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, m + 2, \frac{c+dx}{c-2id}, \frac{c+dx}{c+2id}\right)}{\sqrt{2}d(m + 1)\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^m/Sqrt[8 + 2*x^2],x]
```

output

```
((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (2*I)*d)]*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)/(c
+ (2*I)*d)]*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - (2*I)*d), (c
+ d*x)/(c + (2*I)*d)]/(Sqrt[2]*d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[4 + x^2])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
  tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (
  c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 -
  x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &&
  NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(1/2*sqrt(2*x^2 + 8)*(d*x + c)^m/(x^2 + 4), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{x^2+4}} dx}{2}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(2*x**2+8)**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(2)*Integral((c + d*x)**m/sqrt(x**2 + 4), x)/2`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(2*x^2 + 8), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(2*x^2 + 8), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 8}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(2*x^2 + 8)^(1/2),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^m/(2*x^2 + 8)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{8 + 2x^2}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(dx+c)^m}{\sqrt{x^2+4}} dx}{\sqrt{2}}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(2*x^2+8)^(1/2),x)`output `int((c + d*x)**m/sqrt(x**2 + 4),x)/sqrt(2)`

### 3.408 $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{4-bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3461
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3461
Rubi [A] (verified)	3462
Maple [F]	3464
Fricas [F]	3464
Sympy [F]	3464
Maxima [F]	3465
Giac [F]	3465
Mupad [F(-1)]	3465
Reduce [F]	3466

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{4-bx^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{bx}}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{bc+2d}}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{d(2-\sqrt{bx})}{\sqrt{bc+2d}}, \frac{1}{4}(2-\sqrt{bx})\right)}{\sqrt{b}}$$

output

$$-(2-b^{(1/2)*x})^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)^m*\text{AppellF1}(1/2,-m,1/2,3/2,d*(2-b^{(1/2)*x})/(b^{(1/2)*c+2*d}),1/2-1/4*b^{(1/2)*x}/b^{(1/2)}/((b^{(1/2)}*(d*x+c)/(b^{(1/2)*c+2*d}))^m)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{4-bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}-x)}{c+2\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}} \sqrt{\frac{d(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}+x)}{-c+2\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}} (c+dx)^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{c+dx}{c-2\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+2\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)}{d(1+m)\sqrt{4-bx^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/Sqrt[4 - b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(d*(2*Sqrt[b^(-1)] - x))/(c + 2*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d)]*Sqrt[(d*(2*Sqrt[b^(-1)] + x))/(-c + 2*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d)]*(c + d*x)^(1 + m)*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - 2*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + 2*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d)])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[4 - b*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {513, 27, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 - bx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{bx}} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx} + 2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{bx}} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx} + 2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & (c + dx)^m \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{bc + 2d}} \right)^{-m} \int \frac{\left( \frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{bc + 2d}} + \frac{\sqrt{bdx}}{\sqrt{bc + 2d}} \right)^m}{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{bx}} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx} + 2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{bx}} (c + dx)^m \left( \frac{\sqrt{b}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{bc + 2d}} \right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{4} (2 - \sqrt{bx}), \frac{d(2 - \sqrt{bx})}{\sqrt{bc + 2d}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/Sqrt[4 - b*x^2],x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[b]*x]*(c + d*x)^m*AppellF1[1/2, 1/2, -m, 3/2, (2 - Sqrt[b]*x)/4, (d*(2 - Sqrt[b]*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + 2*d)])/(Sqrt[b]*((Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b]*c + 2*d))^m))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 155 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c - e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])`

rule 156 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Simp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]`

rule 513 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(-b*x^2+4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(-b*x^2+4)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(-b*x^2+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-sqrt(-b*x^2 + 4)*(d*x + c)^m/(b*x^2 - 4), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(-b*x**2+4)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/sqrt(-b*x**2 + 4), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(-b*x^2+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(-b*x^2 + 4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(-b*x^2+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(-b*x^2 + 4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 - bx^2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(4 - b*x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)^m/(4 - b*x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 - bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{-bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(-b*x^2+4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x)**m/sqrt(- b*x**2 + 4),x)`

**3.409**       $\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{4+bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	3467
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3467
Rubi [A] (verified)	3468
Maple [F]	3469
Fricas [F]	3469
Sympy [F]	3470
Maxima [F]	3470
Giac [F]	3470
Mupad [F(-1)]	3471
Reduce [F]	3471

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{4+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{-bx}}(c+dx)^m \left(\frac{\sqrt{-b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{-bc+2d}}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{-bd}(2-\sqrt{-bx})}{bc-2\sqrt{-bd}}, \frac{1}{4}(2-\sqrt{-bx})\right)}{\sqrt{-b}}$$

output

```
-(2-(-b)^(1/2)*x)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)^m*AppellF1(1/2,-m,1/2,3/2,-(-b)^(1/2)*d*(2-(-b)^(1/2)*x)/(b*c-2*(-b)^(1/2)*d),1/2-1/4*(-b)^(1/2)*x)/(-b)^(1/2)/(((b)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/((-b)^(1/2)*c+2*d))^m)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{4+bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d(2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}-x)}{c+2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}} \sqrt{\frac{d(2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}+x)}{-c+2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}} (c+dx)^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left(1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 2+m, \frac{c+dx}{c-2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)}{d(1+m)\sqrt{4+bx^2}}$$



input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m/Sqrt[4 + b*x^2],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(d*(2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)] - x))/(c + 2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d)]*Sqrt[(d*(2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)] + x))/(-c + 2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d)]*(c + d*x)^(1 + m)*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - 2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + 2*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d)])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[4 + b*x^2])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{2d}{\sqrt{-b}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}} \int \frac{(c+dx)^m}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{2d}{\sqrt{-b}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}}} d(c + dx)}{d\sqrt{bx^2 + 4}}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{2d}{\sqrt{-b}}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}} (c + dx)^{m+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, m + 2, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{2d}{\sqrt{-b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{\frac{2d}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)}{d(m + 1)\sqrt{bx^2 + 4}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m/Sqrt[4 + b*x^2],x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (2*d)/Sqrt[-b])]*Sqrt[1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (2*d)/Sqrt[-b])]*AppellF1[1 + m, 1/2, 1/2, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - (2*d)/Sqrt[-b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (2*d)/Sqrt[-b])])/(d*(1 + m)*Sqrt[4 + b*x^2])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]  
 ] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2  
 , (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In  
 tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[  
 {q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+4)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+4)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(b*x^2 + 4), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m/(b*x**2+4)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**m/sqrt(b*x**2 + 4), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+4)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(b*x^2 + 4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+4)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m/sqrt(b*x^2 + 4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x)^m/(b*x^2 + 4)^(1/2),x)`output `int((c + d*x)^m/(b*x^2 + 4)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx)^m}{\sqrt{4 + bx^2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx + c)^m}{\sqrt{bx^2 + 4}} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m/(b*x^2+4)^(1/2),x)`output `int((c + d*x)**m/sqrt(b*x**2 + 4),x)`

### 3.410 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3472
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3473
Rubi [A] (verified)	3473
Maple [F]	3475
Fricas [F]	3476
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3476
Maxima [F]	3477
Giac [F]	3477
Mupad [F(-1)]	3478
Reduce [F]	3478

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 169

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx \\ &= \frac{d(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b(2 + p)} \\ & \quad - \frac{d((3 + 2p)(ad^2 - bc^2(5 + 2p)) - 2bcd(1 + p)(3 + p)x)(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^2(2 + p)(3 + 5p + 2p^2)} \\ & \quad + c \left( c^2 - \frac{3ad^2}{3b + 2bp} \right) x (a + bx^2)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/2*d*(d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(2+p)-1/2*d*((3+2*p)*(a*d^2-b*c^2*(5+2*p))
)-2*b*c*d*(p+1)*(3+p)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^2/(2+p)/(2*p^2+5*p+3)+c*(c^2-3
*a*d^2/(2*b*p+3*b))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+
b*x^2/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(2b^2c^3(2 + 3p + p^2)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + d\left(b^2x^2\left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output  $((a + b*x^2)^p*(2*b^2*c^3*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a] + d*(b^2*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p*(3*c^2*(2 + p) + d^2*(1 + p)*x^2) - a^2*d^2*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + a*b*(d^2*p*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + 3*c^2*(2 + p)*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + 2*b^2*c*d*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^3*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, -p, 5/2, -(b*x^2)/a]))/(2*b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 676, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int -2(c + dx) (-b(p + 2)c^2 - bd(p + 3)xc + ad^2) (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{2b(p + 2)} + \frac{d(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{d(c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p + 2)} - \frac{\int (c + dx) (-b(p + 2)c^2 - bd(p + 3)xc + ad^2) (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{b(p + 2)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 676 \\
 \frac{d(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+2)} - \frac{c(p+2)(3ad^2-bc^2(2p+3)) \int (bx^2+a)^p dx}{2p+3} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ad^2-bc^2(2p+5))}{2b(p+1)} - \frac{cd^2(p+3)x(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3} \\
 \hline
 b(p+2) \\
 \downarrow 238 \\
 \frac{d(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+2)} - \frac{c(p+2)(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (3ad^2-bc^2(2p+3)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^p dx}{2p+3} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ad^2-bc^2(2p+5))}{2b(p+1)} - \frac{cd^2(p+3)x(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3} \\
 \hline
 b(p+2) \\
 \downarrow 237 \\
 \frac{d(c+dx)^2(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+2)} - \frac{c(p+2)x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a}+1\right)^{-p} (3ad^2-bc^2(2p+3)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{2p+3} + \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(ad^2-bc^2(2p+5))}{2b(p+1)} - \frac{cd^2(p+3)x(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3} \\
 \hline
 b(p+2)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*b*(2 + p)) - ((d*(a*d^2 - b*c^2*(5 + 2*p))*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*b*(1 + p)) - (c*d^2*(3 + p)*x*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(3 + 2*p) + (c*(2 + p)*(3*a*d^2 - b*c^2*(3 + 2*p))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(3 + 2*p)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/(b*(2 + p))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs. 2(146) = 292.

Time = 5.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = a^p c^3 x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right) + a^p c d^2 x^3 {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{3}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)$$

$$+ 3c^2 d \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \quad \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \frac{\log(a + bx^2)}{2b} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ d^3 \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^4}{4} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{a}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} \quad \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2b^2} - \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}})}{2b^2} + \frac{x^2}{2b} \quad \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{a^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{abpx^2(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 px^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4(a+bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output

```
a**p*c**3*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2, ), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + a**p*c*d*
*2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2, ), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + 3*c**2*d*Piec
ewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1),
Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True)))/(2*b), True)) + d**3*Piecewise((a**p*
x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a*log
(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + a/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b
*x**2*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x + sqrt(-
a/b))/(2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x - sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**
2) - a*log(x + sqrt(-a/b))/(2*b**2) + x**2/(2*b), Eq(p, -1)), (-a**2*(a +
b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + a*b*p*x**2*(a + b*x**2)**p/
(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p*
*2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a + b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*
p + 4*b**2), True))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)^3*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a + b*x**2)**p*a**2*d**3*p**2 - 8*(a + b*x**2)**p*a**2*d**3*p - 3*(
a + b*x**2)**p*a**2*d**3 + 12*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*b*c**2*d*p**3 + 48*(a + b*
x**2)**p*a*b*c**2*d*p**2 + 57*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*b*c**2*d*p + 18*(a + b*x**
2)**p*a*b*c**2*d + 12*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*d**2*p**3*x + 36*(a + b*x**2)*
*p*a*b*c*d**2*p**2*x + 24*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*d**2*p*x + 4*(a + b*x**2)*
*p*a*b*d**3*p**3*x**2 + 8*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*b*d**3*p**2*x**2 + 3*(a + b*x*
**2)**p*a*b*d**3*p*x**2 + 4*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**3*p**3*x + 18*(a + b*x*
**2)**p*b**2*c**3*p**2*x + 26*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**3*p*x + 12*(a + b*x**
2)**p*b**2*c**3*x + 12*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**2*d*p**3*x**2 + 48*(a + b*x
**2)**p*b**2*c**2*d*p**2*x**2 + 57*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**2*d*p*x**2 + 18
*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 12*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*d**2*p**3*x*
*3 + 42*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*d**2*p**2*x**3 + 42*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*
d**2*p*x**3 + 12*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + 4*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2
*d**3*p**3*x**4 + 12*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*d**3*p**2*x**4 + 11*(a + b*x**2)
**p*b**2*d**3*p*x**4 + 3*(a + b*x**2)**p*b**2*d**3*x**4 - 48*int((a + b*x*
**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)
*a**2*b*c*d**2*p**5 - 240*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*
b*p**2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*p**4 - 420*int((a +
b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2
),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*p**3 - 300*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3...
```

### 3.411 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3480
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3480
Rubi [A] (verified)	3481
Maple [F]	3483
Fricas [F]	3483
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3484
Maxima [F]	3484
Giac [F]	3485
Mupad [F(-1)]	3485
Reduce [F]	3485

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{d(c(3 + 2p) + d(1 + p)x) (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(3 + 5p + 2p^2)} + \left(c^2 - \frac{ad^2}{3b + 2bp}\right) x(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

output

```
d*(c*(3+2*p)+d*(p+1)*x)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(2*p^2+5*p+3)+(c^2-a*d^2/(2*b*p+3*b))*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p],[3/2],-b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(3bc^2(1 + p)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + d\left(3c\left(bx^2\left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p + a\right)\right)}{3b(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output  $((a + b*x^2)^p*(3*b*c^2*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)] + d*(3*c*(b*x^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p + a*(-1 + (1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)) + b*d*(1 + p)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])))/(3*b*(1 + p)*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {497, 25, 455, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{\int -((-b(2p+3)c^2 - 2bd(p+2)xc + ad^2) (bx^2 + a)^p) dx}{b(2p+3)} + \frac{d(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{d(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{\int (-b(2p+3)c^2 - 2bd(p+2)xc + ad^2) (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{b(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{d(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{(ad^2 - bc^2(2p+3)) \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx - \frac{cd(p+2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 238 \\
 & \frac{\frac{d(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - (a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ad^2 - bc^2(2p+3)) \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx - \frac{cd(p+2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{b(2p+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 237 \\ \frac{d(c+dx)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \\ \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (ad^2 - bc^2(2p+3)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - \frac{cd(p+2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(3 + 2*p)) - (-((c*d*(2 + p)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(1 + p)) + ((a*d^2 - b*c^2*(3 + 2*p))*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p)/(b*(3 + 2*p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 497

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b
*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +
1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n
, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p
+ 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (dx + c)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = a^p c^2 x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right) + \frac{a^p d^2 x^3 {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{3}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{3}$$

$$+ 2cd \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \right. \\ \left. \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(a + bx^2) & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \right) \\ \left. \frac{\log(a + bx^2)}{2b} \right) \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`output `a**p*c**2*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + a**p*d**2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/3 + 2*c*d*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True)))/(2*b), True))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```

(4*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*c*d*p**2 + 8*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*c*d*p + 3*(a + b*x**2)
**p*a*c*d + 2*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*d**2*p**2*x + 2*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*d**2*p*x
+ 2*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*c**2*p**2*x + 5*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*c**2*p*x + 3*(a +
b*x**2)**p*b*c**2*x + 4*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*c*d*p**2*x**2 + 8*(a + b*x**2)*
*p*b*c*d*p*x**2 + 3*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*d**2*
p**2*x**3 + 3*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*d**2*p*x**3 + (a + b*x**2)**p*b*d**2*x**3
- 8*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x*
*2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d**2*p**4 - 24*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*
p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d**2*p**3 - 22*in
t((a + b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x**2 + 3
*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d**2*p**2 - 6*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a
+ 4*b*p**2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d**2*p + 16*int((a + b*x
**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x
)*a*b*c**2*p**5 + 72*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**
2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c**2*p**4 + 116*int((a + b*x**2)**p
/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c
**2*p**3 + 78*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**2
+ 8*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c**2*p**2 + 18*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p*
*2 + 8*a*p + 3*a + 4*b*p**2*x**2 + 8*b*p*x**2 + 3*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c**2*p)/(
b*(4*p**3 + 12*p**2 + 11*p + 3))

```

### 3.412 $\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3487
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3487
Rubi [A] (verified)	3488
Maple [F]	3489
Fricas [F]	3489
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3490
Maxima [F]	3490
Giac [F]	3491
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3491
Reduce [F]	3491

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b(1 + p)} + cx(a + bx^2)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right)$$

output

```
1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(p+1)+c*x*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \left( bdx^2 \left( 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^p + ad \left( -1 + \left( 1 + \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^p \right) + 2bc(1 + p)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a} \right) \right)}{2b(1 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a + bx^2)^p (b dx^2 (1 + (bx^2)/a))^p + a d (-1 + (1 + (bx^2)/a))^p + 2 b c (1 + p) x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((bx^2)/a)])}{(2 b (1 + p) (1 + (bx^2)/a))^p}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {455, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\ & c \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{238} \\ & c(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{237} \\ & cx(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]$$

output

$$\frac{d*(a + b*x^2)^{(1 + p)}}{(2*b*(1 + p))} + \frac{c*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]}{(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (dx + c) (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p dx = a^p c x {}_2F_1 \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \right) + d \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{a^p x^2}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{(a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \frac{\log(a + bx^2)}{2b} & \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`output `a**p*c*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a) + d*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (Piecewise(((a + b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a + b*x**2), True)))/(2*b), True))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{d(bx^2 + a)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} + \frac{cx(bx^2 + a)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x),x)`

output `(d*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*b*(p + 1)) + (c*x*(a + b*x^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a))/((b*x^2)/a + 1)^p`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2(bx^2 + a)^p adp + (bx^2 + a)^p ad + 2(bx^2 + a)^p bcpx + 2(bx^2 + a)^p bcx + 2(bx^2 + a)^p bdp x^2 + (bx^2 + a)^p bdp x^2 + (bx^2 + a)^p bdp x^2 + (bx^2 + a)^p bdp x^2}{2b(2p^2)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`



output

```
(2*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*d*p + (a + b*x**2)**p*a*d + 2*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*c*p*x
+ 2*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*c*x + 2*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*d*p*x**2 + (a + b*x**2)**
p*b*d*x**2 + 8*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**2 + b*x**2),x)*a*
b*c*p**3 + 12*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**2 + b*x**2),x)*a*b
*c*p**2 + 4*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**2 + b*x**2),x)*a*b*c
*p)/(2*b*(2*p**2 + 3*p + 1))
```

### 3.413 $\int (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3493
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3493
Rubi [A] (verified)	3494
Maple [F]	3495
Fricas [F]	3495
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3495
Maxima [F]	3496
Giac [F]	3496
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3496
Reduce [F]	3497

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{x(a + bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2} + p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{a}$$

output `x*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, 3/2+p], [3/2], -b*x^2/a)/a`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p dx = x(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{238}$$

$$(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{237}$$

$$x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p dx = a^p x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \mid \frac{bx^2 e^{i\pi}}{a} \mid \frac{3}{2}\right)$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{x (bx^2 + a)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p,x)`

output `(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a))/((b*x^2)/a + 1)^p`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p x + 4 \left( \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{2bp x^2 + bx^2 + 2ap + a} dx \right) a p^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{(bx^2+a)^p}{2bp x^2 + bx^2 + 2ap + a} dx \right) ap}{2p + 1}$$

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
((a + b*x**2)**p*x + 4*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**2 + b*x**2),x)*a*p**2 + 2*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(2*a*p + a + 2*b*p*x**2 + b*x**2),x)*a*p)/(2*p + 1)
```

### 3.414 $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	3498
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3498
Rubi [A] (verified)	3499
Maple [F]	3501
Fricas [F]	3501
Sympy [F]	3501
Maxima [F]	3502
Giac [F]	3502
Mupad [F(-1)]	3502
Reduce [F]	3503

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{c+dx} dx = \frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - \frac{d(a+bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)}{bc^2+ad^2}\right)}{2(bc^2+ad^2)(1+p)}$$

output

```
x*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,d^2*x^2/c^2,-b*x^2/a)/c/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], d^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*d^2+b*c^2))/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(p+1)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (a+bx^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1-2p, \frac{c-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}, \frac{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}\right)}{2dp}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x),x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)/(c + d*x), (c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)/(c + d*x)]/(2*d*p*((d*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(c + d*x))^p*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(c + d*x))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{504} \\
 & c \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx - d \int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & c(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx - d \int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
 & \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - d \int \frac{x(bx^2 + a)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
 & \frac{x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{d^2(bx^2+a)}{bc^2+ad^2}\right)} - \frac{c}{2(p+1)(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x), x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a], (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/ (c*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(1 + p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((a + b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x),x)`

**3.415**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3504
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3505
Rubi [A] (verified)	3505
Maple [F]	3506
Fricas [F]	3507
Sympy [F]	3507
Maxima [F]	3507
Giac [F]	3508
Mupad [F(-1)]	3508
Reduce [F]	3508

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{2bpx^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - p, 1, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{3ac^2} + \frac{bc(a + bx^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{d^2(a+bx^2)}{bc^2+ad^2}\right)}{d(bc^2 + ad^2)}$$

output

```

-(b*x^2+a)^p/d/(d*x+c)-2/3*b*p*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2,1,1-p,5/2,d^2*x^2/c^2,-b*x^2/a)/a/c^2/((1+b*x^2/a)^p)+b*c*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1, p],[p+1],d^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*d^2+b*c^2))/d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)
    
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{d(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{c-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}, \frac{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}\right)}{d(-1 + 2p)(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)/(c + d*x), (c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)/(c + d*x)]/(d*(-1 + 2*p)*((d*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(c + d*x))^p*(c + d*x))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {505, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{505}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{c^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^2)^2} - \frac{2cdx(a + bx^2)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^2)^2} + \frac{d^2x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(d^2x^2 - c^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{x(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{d^2x^3(a+bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{3c^4} - \frac{bcd(a+bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{d^2(bx^2+a)}{bc^2+ad^2}\right)}{(p+1)(ad^2+bc^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 2, 3/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(c^2*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (d^2*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -((b*x^2)/a), (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(3*c^4*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) - (b*c*d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)])/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^2*(1 + p)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 505 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)))^(-n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^2, x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```

((a + b*x**2)**p*x + 4*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*
p*x + 2*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d**2*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 + 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 + b*c**2
*x**2 + 4*b*c*d*p*x**3 + 2*b*c*d*x**3 + 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*
a*c**2*p**2 + 2*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2
*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d**2*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 + 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 + b*c**2*x**2 +
4*b*c*d*p*x**3 + 2*b*c*d*x**3 + 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*c**2*
p + 4*int((a + b*x**2)**p/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2*a*c*d*x +
2*a*d**2*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 + 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 + b*c**2*x**2 + 4*b*c*d*p
*x**3 + 2*b*c*d*x**3 + 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*c*d*p**2*x + 2*
int((a + b*x**2)**p/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d
**2*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 + 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 + b*c**2*x**2 + 4*b*c*d*p*x**3
+ 2*b*c*d*x**3 + 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*c*d*p*x - 4*int(((a +
b*x**2)**p*x**3)/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d**
2*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 + 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 + b*c**2*x**2 + 4*b*c*d*p*x**3 +
2*b*c*d*x**3 + 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*b*c*d*p**2 - 2*int(((a +
b*x**2)**p*x**3)/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d**2
*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 + 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 + b*c**2*x**2 + 4*b*c*d*p*x**3 + 2
*b*c*d*x**3 + 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*b*c*d*p - 4*int(((a + b*x*
*2)**p*x**3)/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d**2*p*x
**2 + a*d**2*x**2 + 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 + b*c**2*x**2 + 4*b*c*d*p*x**3 + 2*...

```

**3.416**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3510
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3511
Rubi [A] (verified)	3511
Maple [F]	3513
Fricas [F]	3513
Sympy [F]	3513
Maxima [F]	3514
Giac [F]	3514
Mupad [F(-1)]	3514
Reduce [F]	3515

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{2d(c + dx)^2} + \frac{p(a + bx^2)^p}{2d(1 - p)(c^2 - d^2x^2)}$$

$$- \frac{2bpx^3(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{3ac^3}$$

$$- \frac{b(ad^2 - bc^2(1 - 2p))(a + bx^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p, 1 + p, \frac{d^2(a + bx^2)}{bc^2 + ad^2}\right)}{2d(bc^2 + ad^2)^2(1 - p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(b*x^2+a)^p/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/2*p*(b*x^2+a)^p/d/(1-p)/(-d^2*x^2+c^2)-2/3*
b*p*x^3*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(3/2,2,1-p,5/2,d^2*x^2/c^2,-b*x^2/a)/a/c^3/((1
+b*x^2/a)^p)-1/2*b*(a*d^2-b*c^2*(1-2*p))*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([2, p], [p+1
],d^2*(b*x^2+a)/(a*d^2+b*c^2))/d/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(1-p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{d(-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, \frac{c - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}, \frac{c + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}\right)}{2d(-1 + p)(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `((a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)/(c + d*x), (c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)/(c + d*x)]/(2*d*(-1 + p)*((d*(-Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(c + d*x))^p*(c + d*x)^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {505, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 505$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3cd^2x^2(a + bx^2)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^2)^3} - \frac{3c^2dx(a + bx^2)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^2)^3} + \frac{d^3x^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(d^2x^2 - c^2)^3} + \frac{c^3(a + bx^2)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^2)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^3 (a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2 x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c^5} +$$

$$\frac{x(a + bx^2)^p \left(\frac{bx^2}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2 x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c^3} -$$

$$\frac{3b^2 c^2 d (a + bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, p+1, p+2, \frac{d^2 (bx^2+a)}{bc^2+ad^2}\right)}{2(p+1)(ad^2 + bc^2)^3} +$$

$$\frac{bd(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (2ad^2 + bc^2(p+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{d^2 (bx^2+a)}{bc^2+ad^2}\right)}{4(p+1)(ad^2 + bc^2)^3}$$

$$\frac{c^2 d (a + bx^2)^{p+1}}{4(c^2 - d^2 x^2)^2 (ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(c^2*d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(c^2 - d^2*x^2)^2) + (x*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 3, 3/2, -(b*x^2)/a, (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(c^3*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (d^2*x^3*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 3, 5/2, -(b*x^2)/a, (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(c^5*(1 + (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (b*d*(2*a*d^2 + b*c^2*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)])/(4*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3*(1 + p)) - (3*b^2*c^2*d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d^2*(a + b*x^2))/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)])/(2*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)^3*(1 + p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 505 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)))^(-n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x**2)**p/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)`



### 3.417 $\int (c + dx)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3516
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3517
Rubi [A] (verified)	3517
Maple [A] (verified)	3519
Fricas [F]	3519
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3520
Maxima [F]	3520
Giac [F]	3521
Mupad [F(-1)]	3521
Reduce [F]	3521

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{d(c + dx)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^{1+p}}{6(2 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{d((3 + 2p)(2d^2 - 3c^2(5 + 2p)) - 6cd(1 + p)(3 + p)x)(2 + 3x^2)^{1+p}}{18(6 + 13p + 9p^2 + 2p^3)}$$

$$- \frac{2^p c(2d^2 - c^2(3 + 2p))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)}{3 + 2p}$$

output

```
d*(d*x+c)^2*(3*x^2+2)^(p+1)/(12+6*p)-d*((3+2*p)*(2*d^2-3*c^2*(5+2*p))-6*c*d*(p+1)*(3+p)*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(p+1)/(36*p^3+162*p^2+234*p+108)-2^p*c*(2*d^2-c^2*(3+2*p))*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -3/2*x^2)/(3+2*p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{9 \cdot 2^{1+p} c^3 (2 + 3p + p^2) x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + d\left(-9c^2(2 + p)(2^{1+p} - 2(2 + 3x^2)^p - 3\right)}{18(1 + p)(2 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(9*2^(1 + p)*c^3*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (-3*x^2)/2] + d*(-9*c^2*(2 + p)*(2^(1 + p) - 2*(2 + 3*x^2)^p - 3*x^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^p) + d^2*(2^(2 + p) - 4*(2 + 3*x^2)^p + 9*x^4*(2 + 3*x^2)^p + 3*p*x^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p)) + 9*2^(1 + p)*c*d*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (-3*x^2)/2]))/(18*(1 + p)*(2 + p))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 676, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int -2(c + dx) (-3(p + 2)c^2 - 3d(p + 3)xc + 2d^2) (3x^2 + 2)^p dx}{6(p + 2)} + \frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^2}{6(p + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^2}{6(p + 2)} - \frac{\int (c + dx) (-3(p + 2)c^2 - 3d(p + 3)xc + 2d^2) (3x^2 + 2)^p dx}{3(p + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{\frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^2}{6(p+2)} - \frac{3c(p+2)(2d^2 - c^2(2p+3)) \int (3x^2+2)^p dx}{2p+3} + \frac{d(3x^2+2)^{p+1} (2d^2 - 3c^2(2p+5))}{6(p+1)} - \frac{cd^2(p+3)x(3x^2+2)^{p+1}}{2p+3}}{3(p+2)}$$

↓ 237

$$\frac{\frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^2}{6(p+2)} - \frac{3c2^p(p+2)x(2d^2 - c^2(2p+3)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)}{2p+3} + \frac{d(3x^2+2)^{p+1} (2d^2 - 3c^2(2p+5))}{6(p+1)} - \frac{cd^2(p+3)x(3x^2+2)^{p+1}}{2p+3}}{3(p+2)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(6*(2 + p)) - ((d*(2*d^2 - 3*c^2*(5 + 2*p))*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(6*(1 + p)) - (c*d^2*(3 + p)*x*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(3 + 2*p) + (3*2^p*c*(2 + p)*(2*d^2 - c^2*(3 + 2*p))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (-3*x^2)/2])/(3 + 2*p))/(3*(2 + p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 676

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp
p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
meijerg	$2^{-2+p} d^3 x^4 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[2, -p\right], [3], -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + c d^2 2^p x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{5}{2}\right], -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + 3 2^{p-}$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*(3*x^2+2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2^(-2+p)*d^3*x^4*hypergeom([2,-p],[3],-3/2*x^2)+c*d^2*2^p*x^3*hypergeom([3
/2,-p],[5/2],-3/2*x^2)+3*2^(p-1)*c^2*d*x^2*hypergeom([1,-p],[2],-3/2*x^2)+
c^3*2^p*x*hypergeom([1/2,-p],[3/2],-3/2*x^2)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= 2^p c^3 x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3x^2 e^{i\pi}}{2}\right) + 2^p c d^2 x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3x^2 e^{i\pi}}{2}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{c^2 d \left( \begin{cases} \frac{(3x^2+2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(3x^2 + 2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2}$$

$$+ d^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{3x^2 \log(3x^2+2)}{54x^2+36} + \frac{2 \log(3x^2+2)}{54x^2+36} + \frac{2}{54x^2+36} & \text{for } p = -2 \\ \frac{x^2}{6} - \frac{\log(3x^2+2)}{9} & \text{for } p = -1 \\ \frac{9px^4(3x^2+2)^p}{18p^2+54p+36} + \frac{6px^2(3x^2+2)^p}{18p^2+54p+36} + \frac{9x^4(3x^2+2)^p}{18p^2+54p+36} - \frac{4(3x^2+2)^p}{18p^2+54p+36} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(3*x**2+2)**p,x)`output

```
2**p*c**3*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), 3*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/2) + 2**p*c*d*
*2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), 3*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/2) + c**2*d*Piecew
ise(((3*x**2 + 2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(3*x**2 + 2), True))/2
+ d**3*Piecewise((3*x**2*log(3*x**2 + 2)/(54*x**2 + 36) + 2*log(3*x**2 +
2)/(54*x**2 + 36) + 2/(54*x**2 + 36), Eq(p, -2)), (x**2/6 - log(3*x**2 + 2
)/9, Eq(p, -1)), (9*p*x**4*(3*x**2 + 2)**p/(18*p**2 + 54*p + 36) + 6*p*x**
2*(3*x**2 + 2)**p/(18*p**2 + 54*p + 36) + 9*x**4*(3*x**2 + 2)**p/(18*p**2
+ 54*p + 36) - 4*(3*x**2 + 2)**p/(18*p**2 + 54*p + 36), True))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```

(36*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**3*p**3*x + 162*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**3*p**2*x + 234*(3
*x**2 + 2)**p*c**3*p*x + 108*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**3*x + 108*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*
c**2*d*p**3*x**2 + 72*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*p**3 + 432*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*
**2*d*p**2*x**2 + 288*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*p**2 + 513*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**
2*d*p*x**2 + 342*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*p + 162*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*x**
2 + 108*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d + 108*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p**3*x**3 + 72
*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p**3*x + 378*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p**2*x**3 + 21
6*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p**2*x + 378*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p*x**3 + 144*
(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p*x + 108*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*x**3 + 36*(3*x**2
+ 2)**p*d**3*p**3*x**4 + 24*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*p**3*x**2 + 108*(3*x**2 +
2)**p*d**3*p**2*x**4 + 48*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*p**2*x**2 - 16*(3*x**2 + 2
)**p*d**3*p**2 + 99*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*p*x**4 + 18*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*
p*x**2 - 32*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*p + 27*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*x**4 - 12*(3*
x**2 + 2)**p*d**3 + 576*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*
x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*c**3*p**6 + 3744*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2
*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*c**3*p**5 + 9360*int((3
*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*c
**3*p**4 + 11160*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 +
16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*c**3*p**3 + 6264*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 +
8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*c**3*p**2 + 1296*int((3*x**...

```

### 3.418 $\int (c + dx)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3523
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3523
Rubi [A] (verified)	3524
Maple [A] (verified)	3525
Fricas [F]	3526
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3526
Maxima [F]	3527
Giac [F]	3527
Mupad [F(-1)]	3527
Reduce [F]	3528

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{d(c(3 + 2p) + d(1 + p)x) (2 + 3x^2)^{1+p}}{3(3 + 5p + 2p^2)} - \frac{2^p(2d^2 - 3c^2(3 + 2p)) x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)}{3(3 + 2p)}$$

output

```
d*(c*(3+2*p)+d*(p+1)*x)*(3*x^2+2)^(p+1)/(6*p^2+15*p+9)-2^p*(2*d^2-3*c^2*(3+2*p))*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -3/2*x^2)/(9+6*p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p c^2 x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + \frac{d\left(3cx^2(2 + 3x^2)^p - 2c(2^p - (2 + 3x^2)^p) + 2^p d(1 + p)x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)\right)}{3(1 + p)}$$



input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output  $2^p c^2 x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{-3x^2}{2}\right] + \frac{d(3c^2 x^2 (2 + 3x^2)^p - 2c(2^p - (2 + 3x^2)^p) + 2^p d(1 + p)x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{-3x^2}{2}\right])}{3(1 + p)}$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {497, 25, 455, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int -\left(-((6p+9)c^2) - 6d(p+2)xc + 2d^2\right) (3x^2 + 2)^p dx}{3(2p+3)} + \frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} (c + dx)}{3(2p+3)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} (c + dx)}{3(2p+3)} - \frac{\int (-3(2p+3)c^2 - 6d(p+2)xc + 2d^2) (3x^2 + 2)^p dx}{3(2p+3)}$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$\frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} (c + dx)}{3(2p+3)} - \frac{(2d^2 - 3c^2(2p+3)) \int (3x^2 + 2)^p dx - \frac{cd(p+2)(3x^2+2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{3(2p+3)}$$

$$\downarrow 237$$

$$\frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} (c + dx)}{3(2p+3)} - \frac{2^p x (2d^2 - 3c^2(2p+3)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right) - \frac{cd(p+2)(3x^2+2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{3(2p+3)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(3*(3 + 2*p)) - ((c*d*(2 + p)*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(1 + p)) + 2^p*(2*d^2 - 3*c^2*(3 + 2*p))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (-3*x^2)/2]/(3*(3 + 2*p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{d^2 2^p x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{5}{2}\right], -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)}{3} + cd 2^p x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[1, -p\right], \left[2\right], -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + c^2 2^p x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(3*x^2+2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*d^2*2^p*x^3*hypergeom([3/2,-p],[5/2],-3/2*x^2)+c*d*2^p*x^2*hypergeom([1,-p],[2],-3/2*x^2)+c^2*2^p*x*hypergeom([1/2,-p],[3/2],-3/2*x^2)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p c^2 x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3x^2 e^{i\pi}}{2} \right) + \frac{2^p d^2 x^3 {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{3}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3x^2 e^{i\pi}}{2} \right)}{3} + \frac{cd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{(3x^2+2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(3x^2 + 2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `2**p*c**2*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2, ), 3*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/2) + 2**p*d**2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2, ), 3*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/2)/3 + c*d*Piecewise(((3*x**2 + 2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(3*x**2 + 2), True))/3`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{6(3x^2 + 2)^p c^2 p^2 x + 15(3x^2 + 2)^p c^2 p x + 9(3x^2 + 2)^p c^2 x + 12(3x^2 + 2)^p c d p^2 x^2 + 8(3x^2 + 2)^p c d p^2 + 24(3x^2 + 2)^p c d p x + 12(3x^2 + 2)^p c d x + 6(3x^2 + 2)^p d^2 p^2 x^3 + 4(3x^2 + 2)^p d^2 p^2 x + 9(3x^2 + 2)^p d^2 p x^3 + 4(3x^2 + 2)^p d^2 p^2 x + 3(3x^2 + 2)^p d^2 p x^3 + 96 \int (3x^2 + 2)^p / (12p^2 x^2 + 8p^2 + 24p x^2 + 16p + 9x^2 + 6), x) c^2 p^5 + 432 \int (3x^2 + 2)^p / (12p^2 x^2 + 8p^2 + 24p x^2 + 16p + 9x^2 + 6), x) c^2 p^4 + 696 \int (3x^2 + 2)^p / (12p^2 x^2 + 8p^2 + 24p x^2 + 16p + 9x^2 + 6), x) c^2 p^3 + 468 \int (3x^2 + 2)^p / (12p^2 x^2 + 8p^2 + 24p x^2 + 16p + 9x^2 + 6), x) c^2 p^2 + 108 \int (3x^2 + 2)^p / (12p^2 x^2 + 8p^2 + 24p x^2 + 16p + 9x^2 + 6), x) c^2 p - 32 \int (3x^2 + 2)^p / (12p^2 x^2 + 8p^2 + 24p x^2 + 16p + 9x^2 + 6), x) d^2 p^4 - 96 \int (3x^2 + 2)^p / (12p^2 x^2 + 8p^2 + 24p x^2 + 16p + 9x^2 + 6), x) d^2 p^3 - 88 \int (3x^2 + 2)^p / (12p^2 x^2 + 8p^2 + 24p x^2 + 16p + 9x^2 + 6), x) d^2 p^2 - 24 \int (3x^2 + 2)^p / (12p^2 x^2 + 8p^2 + 24p x^2 + 16p + 9x^2 + 6), x) d^2 p / (3(4p^3 + 12p^2 + 11p + 3))$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```
(6*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*p**2*x + 15*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*p*x + 9*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*x + 12*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d*p**2*x**2 + 8*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d*p**2 + 24*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d*p*x**2 + 16*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d*p + 9*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d*x**2 + 6*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d + 6*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**2*p**2*x**3 + 4*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**2*p**2*x + 9*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**2*p*x**3 + 4*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**2*p*x + 3*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**2*x**3 + 96*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*c**2*p**5 + 432*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*c**2*p**4 + 696*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*c**2*p**3 + 468*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*c**2*p**2 + 108*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*c**2*p - 32*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*d**2*p**4 - 96*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*d**2*p**3 - 88*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*d**2*p**2 - 24*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 + 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 + 16*p + 9*x**2 + 6),x)*d**2*p)/(3*(4*p**3 + 12*p**2 + 11*p + 3))
```

### 3.419 $\int (c + dx) (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3529
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3529
Rubi [A] (verified)	3530
Maple [A] (verified)	3531
Fricas [F]	3531
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3531
Maxima [F]	3532
Giac [F]	3532
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3532
Reduce [F]	3533

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (c + dx) (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{d(2 + 3x^2)^{1+p}}{6(1 + p)} + 2^p c x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2} \right)$$

output `d*(3*x^2+2)^(p+1)/(6*p+6)+2^p*c*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p],[3/2],-3/2*x^2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (c + dx) (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{3dx^2(2 + 3x^2)^p - 2d(2^p - (2 + 3x^2)^p) + 3 \cdot 2^{1+p} c(1 + p)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2} \right)}{6(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(3*d*x^2*(2 + 3*x^2)^p - 2*d*(2^p - (2 + 3*x^2)^p) + 3*2^(1 + p)*c*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (-3*x^2)/2])/6*(1 + p)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {455, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$c \int (3x^2 + 2)^p dx + \frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1}}{6(p+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 237$$

$$c 2^p x \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2} \right) + \frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1}}{6(p+1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(6*(1 + p)) + 2^p*c*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (-3*x^2)/2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
meijerg	$2^{p-1} dx^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left([1, -p], [2], -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + 2^p cx \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)$	44

input `int((d*x+c)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2^(p-1)*d*x^2*hypergeom([1,-p],[2],-3/2*x^2)+2^p*c*x*hypergeom([1/2,-p],[3/2],-3/2*x^2)`**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((d*x + c)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (c + dx) (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p cx {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3x^2 e^{i\pi}}{2}\right) + \frac{d \left( \begin{cases} \frac{(3x^2+2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(3x^2 + 2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{6}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(3*x**2+2)**p,x)`



output `2**p*c*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), 3*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/2) + d*Piecewise(((3*x**2 + 2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(3*x**2 + 2), True))/6`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx) (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int (c + dx) (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (c + dx) (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1}}{6(p+1)} + 2^p c x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x),x)`

output `(d*(3*x^2 + 2)^(p + 1))/(6*(p + 1)) + 2^p*c*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, -(3*x^2)/2)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{6(3x^2 + 2)^p cpx + 6(3x^2 + 2)^p cx + 6(3x^2 + 2)^p dp x^2 + 4(3x^2 + 2)^p dp + 3(3x^2 + 2)^p dx^2 + 2(3x^2 + 2)^p}{12p^2 + 18p + 1}$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output

```
(6*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*p*x + 6*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*x + 6*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*p*x
**2 + 4*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*p + 3*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*x**2 + 2*(3*x**2 + 2)**p
*d + 48*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*p*x**2 + 4*p + 3*x**2 + 2),x)*c*p**3 + 72*i
nt((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*p*x**2 + 4*p + 3*x**2 + 2),x)*c*p**2 + 24*int((3*x**
2 + 2)**p/(6*p*x**2 + 4*p + 3*x**2 + 2),x)*c*p)/(6*(2*p**2 + 3*p + 1))
```

### 3.420 $\int (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3534
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3534
Rubi [A] (verified)	3535
Maple [A] (verified)	3535
Fricas [F]	3536
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3536
Maxima [F]	3536
Giac [F]	3537
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3537
Reduce [F]	3537

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2} \right)$$

output `2^p*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -3/2*x^2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `2^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (-3*x^2)/2]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

↓ 237

$$2^p x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `2^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (-3*x^2)/2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 237

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
meijerg	$2^p x \text{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)$	19

input `int((3*x^2+2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2^p*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], -3/2*x^2)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p \mid \frac{3x^2 e^{i\pi}}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `2**p*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), 3*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi)/2)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{3x^2}{2}\right)$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p,x)`

output `2^p*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, -(3*x^2)/2)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p x + 8 \left( \int \frac{(3x^2+2)^p}{6px^2+3x^2+4p+2} dx \right) p^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{(3x^2+2)^p}{6px^2+3x^2+4p+2} dx \right) p}{2p + 1}$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```
((3*x**2 + 2)**p*x + 8*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*p*x**2 + 4*p + 3*x**2 + 2),x)
)*p**2 + 4*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*p*x**2 + 4*p + 3*x**2 + 2),x)*p)/(2*p +
1)
```

**3.421**       $\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	3539
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3539
Rubi [A] (verified)	3540
Maple [F]	3542
Fricas [F]	3542
Sympy [F]	3542
Maxima [F]	3543
Giac [F]	3543
Mupad [F(-1)]	3543
Reduce [F]	3544

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \frac{2^p x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2 x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - \frac{d(2 + 3x^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{d^2(2+3x^2)}{3c^2+2d^2}\right)}{2(3c^2 + 2d^2)(1 + p)}$$

output

```
2^p*x*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,d^2*x^2/c^2,-3/2*x^2)/c-1/2*d*(3*x^2+2)^(p+1)*
hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], d^2*(3*x^2+2)/(3*c^2+2*d^2))/(3*c^2+2*d^2)/(p+1)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \frac{9^p \left(\frac{d(-i\sqrt{6}+3x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(i\sqrt{6}+3x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (2 + 3x^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}, \frac{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}\right)}{2dp}$$



input `Integrate[(2 + 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x),x]`

output  $(9^p(2 + 3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}[-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, (3c - \sqrt{6}d)/(3c + 3dx), (3c + \sqrt{6}d)/(3c + 3dx)]) / (2d^p((d(-1)\sqrt{6} + 3x)/(c + dx))^p((d(\sqrt{6} + 3x))/(c + dx))^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {504, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{504} \\
 & c \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx - d \int \frac{x(3x^2 + 2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
 & \frac{2^p x \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - d \int \frac{x(3x^2 + 2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
 & \frac{2^p x \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\
 & \frac{2^p x \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - \\
 & \frac{d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{d^2(3x^2 + 2)}{3c^2 + 2d^2}\right)}{2(p + 1)(3c^2 + 2d^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(2^p*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, (-3*x^2)/2, (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/c - (d*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d^2*(2 + 3*x^2))/(3*c^2 + 2*d^2)])/(2*(3*c^2 + 2*d^2)*(1 + p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(c + d*x),x)`

**3.422**  $\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3545
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3545
Rubi [A] (verified)	3546
Maple [F]	3547
Fricas [F]	3547
Sympy [F]	3548
Maxima [F]	3548
Giac [F]	3548
Mupad [F(-1)]	3549
Reduce [F]	3549

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = -\frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{d(c + dx)} - \frac{2^p p x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 - p, 1, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2 x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{3c(2 + 3x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{d^2(2 + 3x^2)}{3c^2 + 2d^2}\right)}{d(3c^2 + 2d^2)}$$

output

```
- (3*x^2+2)^p/d/(d*x+c)-2^p*p*x^3*AppellF1(3/2,1,1-p,5/2,d^2*x^2/c^2,-3/2*x^2)/c^2+3*c*(3*x^2+2)^p*hypergeom([1, p],[p+1],d^2*(3*x^2+2)/(3*c^2+2*d^2))/d/(3*c^2+2*d^2)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \frac{9^p \left(\frac{d(-i\sqrt{6}+3x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(i\sqrt{6}+3x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (2 + 3x^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}, \frac{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}\right)}{d(-1 + 2p)(c + dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `(9^p*(2 + 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (3*c - I*Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*c + 3*d*x), (3*c + I*Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*c + 3*d*x)]/(d*(-1 + 2*p)*((d*((-I)*Sqrt[6] + 3*x))/(c + d*x))^p*((d*(I*Sqrt[6] + 3*x))/(c + d*x))^p*(c + d*x))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {505, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 505

$$\int \left( \frac{c^2(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^2)^2} - \frac{2cdx(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^2)^2} + \frac{d^2x^2(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(d^2x^2 - c^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2^p x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{d^2 2^p x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{3c^4} - \frac{3cd(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{d^2(3x^2 + 2)}{3c^2 + 2d^2}\right)}{(p + 1)(3c^2 + 2d^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `(2^p*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 2, 3/2, (-3*x^2)/2, (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/c^2 + (2^p*d^2*x^3*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, (-3*x^2)/2, (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(3*c^4) - (3*c*d*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d^2*(2 + 3*x^2))/(3*c^2 + 2*d^2)]/((3*c^2 + 2*d^2)^2*(1 + p))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 505 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)))^(-n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^2, x)`



output

```

((3*x**2 + 2)**p*x + 8*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*c**2*p*x**2 + 4*c**2*p + 3*c
**2*x**2 + 2*c**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 + 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 + 4*c*d*x + 6*d
**2*p*x**4 + 4*d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*x**2),x)*c**2*p**2 + 4*i
nt((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*c**2*p*x**2 + 4*c**2*p + 3*c**2*x**2 + 2*c**2 + 12*c
*d*p*x**3 + 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 + 4*c*d*x + 6*d**2*p*x**4 + 4*d**2*p*x*
*2 + 3*d**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*x**2),x)*c**2*p + 8*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*c**2*
p*x**2 + 4*c**2*p + 3*c**2*x**2 + 2*c**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 + 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c
*d*x**3 + 4*c*d*x + 6*d**2*p*x**4 + 4*d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*x
**2),x)*c*d*p**2*x + 4*int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*c**2*p*x**2 + 4*c**2*p + 3*c
**2*x**2 + 2*c**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 + 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 + 4*c*d*x + 6*d
**2*p*x**4 + 4*d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*p*x - 12*in
t(((3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**3)/(6*c**2*p*x**2 + 4*c**2*p + 3*c**2*x**2 + 2*c**2
+ 12*c*d*p*x**3 + 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 + 4*c*d*x + 6*d**2*p*x**4 + 4*d**
2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*p**2 - 6*int(((3*x**2 + 2)**p
*x**3)/(6*c**2*p*x**2 + 4*c**2*p + 3*c**2*x**2 + 2*c**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 +
8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 + 4*c*d*x + 6*d**2*p*x**4 + 4*d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*
x**4 + 2*d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*p - 12*int(((3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**3)/(6*c**2*p*x**
2 + 4*c**2*p + 3*c**2*x**2 + 2*c**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 + 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x*
*3 + 4*c*d*x + 6*d**2*p*x**4 + 4*d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 + 2*d**2*x**2),
x)*d**2*p**2*x - 6*int(((3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**3)/(6*c**2*p*x**2 + 4*c**2*p...

```

**3.423**  $\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3551
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3552
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3552
Maple [F]	3554
Fricas [F]	3554
Sympy [F]	3554
Maxima [F]	3555
Giac [F]	3555
Mupad [F(-1)]	3555
Reduce [F]	3556

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 186

$$\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx = -\frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{2d(c+dx)^2} + \frac{p(2+3x^2)^p}{2d(1-p)(c^2-d^2x^2)} - \frac{2^p p x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1-p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2 x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c^3} - \frac{3(2d^2 - c^2(3-6p))(2+3x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p, 1+p, \frac{d^2(2+3x^2)}{3c^2+2d^2}\right)}{2d(3c^2+2d^2)^2(1-p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(3*x^2+2)^p/d/(d*x+c)^2+1/2*p*(3*x^2+2)^p/d/(1-p)/(-d^2*x^2+c^2)^-2^p*
p*x^3*AppellF1(3/2,2,1-p,5/2,d^2*x^2/c^2,-3/2*x^2)/c^3-3/2*(2*d^2-c^2*(3-6
*p))*(3*x^2+2)^p*hypergeom([2, p],[p+1],d^2*(3*x^2+2)/(3*c^2+2*d^2))/d/(3*
c^2+2*d^2)^2/(1-p)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{9^p \left( \frac{d(-i\sqrt{6}+3x)}{c+dx} \right)^{-p} \left( \frac{d(i\sqrt{6}+3x)}{c+dx} \right)^{-p} (2 + 3x^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left( 2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, \frac{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}, \frac{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx} \right)}{2d(-1 + p)(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `(9^p*(2 + 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (3*c - I*Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*c + 3*d*x), (3*c + I*Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*c + 3*d*x)])/(2*d*(-1 + p)*((d*((-I)*Sqrt[6] + 3*x))/(c + d*x))^p*((d*(I*Sqrt[6] + 3*x))/(c + d*x))^p*(c + d*x)^2)`

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {505, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 505$$

$$\int \left( \frac{3cd^2x^2(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^2)^3} - \frac{3c^2dx(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^2)^3} + \frac{d^3x^3(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(d^2x^2 - c^2)^3} + \frac{c^3(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c^2 - d^2x^2)^3} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{d^2 2^p x^3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2 x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c^5} + \frac{2^p x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 3, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2 x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c^3} +$$

$$\frac{3d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} (3c^2(p+1) + 4d^2) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{d^2(3x^2+2)}{3c^2+2d^2}\right)}{4(p+1)(3c^2+2d^2)^3} -$$

$$\frac{27c^2 d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, p+1, p+2, \frac{d^2(3x^2+2)}{3c^2+2d^2}\right)}{2(p+1)(3c^2+2d^2)^3} -$$

$$\frac{c^2 d(3x^2 + 2)^{p+1}}{4(3c^2 + 2d^2)(c^2 - d^2 x^2)^2}$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(c^2*d*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/((3*c^2 + 2*d^2)*(c^2 - d^2*x^2)^2) + (2^p*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 3, 3/2, (-3*x^2)/2, (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/c^3 + (2^p*d^2*x^3*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 3, 5/2, (-3*x^2)/2, (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/c^5 + (3*d*(4*d^2 + 3*c^2*(1 + p))*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d^2*(2 + 3*x^2))/(3*c^2 + 2*d^2)]/(4*(3*c^2 + 2*d^2)^3*(1 + p))) - (27*c^2*d*(2 + 3*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, (d^2*(2 + 3*x^2))/(3*c^2 + 2*d^2)]/(2*(3*c^2 + 2*d^2)^3*(1 + p)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 505 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)))^(-n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x)^3, x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 + 3c^2 dx + c^3} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)`

### 3.424 $\int (c + dx)^3 (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3557
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3557
Rubi [A] (verified)	3558
Maple [F]	3560
Fricas [F]	3560
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3561
Maxima [F]	3562
Giac [F]	3562
Mupad [F(-1)]	3562
Reduce [F]	3563

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a - bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{d(3bc^2 + ad^2)(a - bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b^2(1+p)} - \frac{3cd^2x(a - bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(3+2p)} + \frac{d^3(a - bx^2)^{2+p}}{2b^2(2+p)} + c\left(c^2 + \frac{3ad^2}{3b+2bp}\right)x(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

output

```
-1/2*d*(a*d^2+3*b*c^2)*(-b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b^2/(p+1)-3*c*d^2*x*(-b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(3+2*p)+1/2*d^3*(-b*x^2+a)^(2+p)/b^2/(2+p)+c*(c^2+3*a*d^2/(2*b*p+3*b))*x*(-b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], b*x^2/a)/((1-b*x^2/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(2b^2c^3(2 + 3p + p^2)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + d\left(b^2x^2\left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p\right)\right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a - b*x^2)^p*(2*b^2*c^3*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (b*x^2)/a] + d*(b^2*x^2*(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p*(3*c^2*(2 + p) + d^2*(1 + p)*x^2) - a^2*d^2*(-1 + (1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p) - a*b*(d^2*p*x^2*(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p + 3*c^2*(2 + p)*(-1 + (1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p)) + 2*b^2*c*d*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (b*x^2)/a])}{(2*b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 676, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^3 (a - bx^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 497 \\ & \frac{\int -2(c + dx) (b(p + 2)c^2 + bd(p + 3)xc + ad^2) (a - bx^2)^p dx}{2b(p + 2)} - \frac{d(c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p + 2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int (c + dx) (b(p + 2)c^2 + bd(p + 3)xc + ad^2) (a - bx^2)^p dx}{b(p + 2)} - \frac{d(c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p + 2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 676 \\ & \frac{\frac{c(p+2)(3ad^2+bc^2(2p+3)) \int (a-bx^2)^p dx}{2p+3} - \frac{d(a-bx^2)^{p+1}(ad^2+bc^2(2p+5))}{2b(p+1)} - \frac{cd^2(p+3)x(a-bx^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3}}{b(p+2)} - \frac{d(c+dx)^2(a-bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 238 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{c(p+2)(a-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} (3ad^2 + bc^2(2p+3)) \int \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p dx - \frac{d(a-bx^2)^{p+1} (ad^2 + bc^2(2p+5))}{2b(p+1)} - \frac{cd^2(p+3)x(a-bx^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3}}{b(p+2) \frac{d(c+dx)^2 (a-bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+2)}} \quad \downarrow \quad 237$$

$$\frac{c(p+2)x(a-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} (3ad^2 + bc^2(2p+3)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - \frac{d(a-bx^2)^{p+1} (ad^2 + bc^2(2p+5))}{2b(p+1)} - \frac{cd^2(p+3)x(a-bx^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3}}{b(p+2) \frac{d(c+dx)^2 (a-bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+2)}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*(d*(c + d*x)^2*(a - b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(2 + p)) + (-1/2*(d*(a*d^2 + b*c^2*(5 + 2*p))*(a - b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + p)) - (c*d^2*(3 + p)*x*(a - b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(3 + 2*p) + (c*(2 + p)*(3*a*d^2 + b*c^2*(3 + 2*p))*x*(a - b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (b*x^2)/a])/((3 + 2*p)*(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p))/(b*(2 + p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 497

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b
*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +
1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n
, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p
+ 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

rule 676

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Sim
p[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p
+ 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g
, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (dx + c)^3 (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^3*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^3*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 328 vs.  $2(133) = 266$ .

Time = 6.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a - bx^2)^p dx = a^p c^3 x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right. \right) + a^p c d^2 x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)$$

$$+ 3c^2 d \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \quad \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(a - bx^2) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right. \\ - \frac{\quad}{2b} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$+ d^3 \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{a^p x^4}{4} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ - \frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{a/b})}{-2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} - \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{a/b})}{-2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} - \frac{a}{-2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x - \sqrt{a/b})}{-2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} + \frac{bx^2 \log(x + \sqrt{a/b})}{-2ab^2 + 2b^3 x^2} \quad \text{for } p = -2 \\ - \frac{a \log(x - \sqrt{a/b})}{2b^2} - \frac{a \log(x + \sqrt{a/b})}{2b^2} - \frac{x^2}{2b} \quad \text{for } p = -1 \\ - \frac{a^2 (a - bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} - \frac{abpx^2 (a - bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 px^4 (a - bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} + \frac{b^2 x^4 (a - bx^2)^p}{2b^2 p^2 + 6b^2 p + 4b^2} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(-b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output

```
a**p*c**3*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a) + a**p*c*
d**2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a) + 3*c**2*d*
Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (-Piecewise(((a - b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p +
1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a - b*x**2), True))/(2*b), True)) + d**3*Piecewise((
a**p*x**4/4, Eq(b, 0)), (-a*log(x - sqrt(a/b))/(-2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) -
a*log(x + sqrt(a/b))/(-2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) - a/(-2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x*
*2) + b*x**2*log(x - sqrt(a/b))/(-2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2) + b*x**2*log(x +
sqrt(a/b))/(-2*a*b**2 + 2*b**3*x**2), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(x - sqrt(a/b))/
(2*b**2) - a*log(x + sqrt(a/b))/(2*b**2) - x**2/(2*b), Eq(p, -1)), (-a**2*
(a - b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) - a*b*p*x**2*(a - b*x**2
)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*p*x**4*(a - b*x**2)**p/(2*b*
*2*p**2 + 6*b**2*p + 4*b**2) + b**2*x**4*(a - b*x**2)**p/(2*b**2*p**2 + 6*
b**2*p + 4*b**2), True))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^3, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a - b*x**2)**p*a**2*d**3*p**2 - 8*(a - b*x**2)**p*a**2*d**3*p - 3*(
a - b*x**2)**p*a**2*d**3 - 12*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*b*c**2*d*p**3 - 48*(a - b*
x**2)**p*a*b*c**2*d*p**2 - 57*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*b*c**2*d*p - 18*(a - b*x**
2)**p*a*b*c**2*d - 12*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*d**2*p**3*x - 36*(a - b*x**2)*
*p*a*b*c*d**2*p**2*x - 24*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*b*c*d**2*p*x - 4*(a - b*x**2)*
*p*a*b*d**3*p**3*x**2 - 8*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*b*d**3*p**2*x**2 - 3*(a - b*x*
**2)**p*a*b*d**3*p*x**2 + 4*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**3*p**3*x + 18*(a - b*x*
**2)**p*b**2*c**3*p**2*x + 26*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**3*p*x + 12*(a - b*x**
2)**p*b**2*c**3*x + 12*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**2*d*p**3*x**2 + 48*(a - b*x
**2)**p*b**2*c**2*d*p**2*x**2 + 57*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**2*d*p*x**2 + 18
*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 12*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*d**2*p**3*x*
*3 + 42*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*d**2*p**2*x**3 + 42*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*
d**2*p*x**3 + 12*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 + 4*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2
*d**3*p**3*x**4 + 12*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*d**3*p**2*x**4 + 11*(a - b*x**2)
**p*b**2*d**3*p*x**4 + 3*(a - b*x**2)**p*b**2*d**3*x**4 + 48*int((a - b*x*
**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a - 4*b*p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p*x**2 - 3*b*x**2),x)
*a**2*b*c*d**2*p**5 + 240*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a - 4*
b*p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p*x**2 - 3*b*x**2),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*p**4 + 420*int((a -
b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a - 4*b*p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p*x**2 - 3*b*x**2
),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*p**3 + 300*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3...
```



### 3.425 $\int (c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3564
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3564
Rubi [A] (verified)	3565
Maple [F]	3567
Fricas [F]	3567
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3568
Maxima [F]	3568
Giac [F]	3569
Mupad [F(-1)]	3569
Reduce [F]	3569

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{d(c(3 + 2p) + d(1 + p)x) (a - bx^2)^{1+p}}{b(3 + 5p + 2p^2)} + \left(c^2 + \frac{ad^2}{3b + 2bp}\right) x(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

output

```
-d*(c*(3+2*p)+d*(p+1)*x)*(-b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(2*p^2+5*p+3)+(c^2+a*d^2/(2*b*p+3*b))*x*(-b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], b*x^2/a)/((1-b*x^2/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(3bc^2(1 + p)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right) + d\left(3c\left(a - a\left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p + b\right)\right)}{3b(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((a - b*x^2)^p*(3*b*c^2*(1 + p)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (b*x^2)/a] + d*(3*c*(a - a*(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p + b*x^2*(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p) + b*d*(1 + p)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -p, 5/2, (b*x^2)/a]))/(3*b*(1 + p)*(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$ , Rules used = {497, 25, 455, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & \frac{\int -((b(2p+3)c^2 + 2bd(p+2)xc + ad^2) (a - bx^2)^p) dx}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{d(c+dx)(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int (b(2p+3)c^2 + 2bd(p+2)xc + ad^2) (a - bx^2)^p dx}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{d(c+dx)(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2(2p+3)) \int (a - bx^2)^p dx - \frac{cd(p+2)(a-bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{d(c+dx)(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 238 \\
 & \frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} (ad^2 + bc^2(2p+3)) \int \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p dx - \frac{cd(p+2)(a-bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{b(2p+3)} - \frac{d(c+dx)(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{b(2p+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 237

$$\frac{x(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} (ad^2 + bc^2(2p + 3)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - \frac{cd(p+2)(a-bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{\frac{b(2p+3)}{d(c+dx)(a-bx^2)^{p+1}} - \frac{b(2p+3)}{b(2p+3)}}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-((d*(c + d*x)*(a - b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(3 + 2*p))) + (-((c*d*(2 + p)*(a - b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(1 + p)) + ((a*d^2 + b*c^2*(3 + 2*p))*x*(a - b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (b*x^2)/a])/(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p)/(b*(3 + 2*p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 497

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b
*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p +
1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n
, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p
+ 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (dx + c)^2 (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^2*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^2*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^p dx = a^p c^2 x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right. \frac{3}{2}\right) + \frac{a^p d^2 x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \left| \frac{bx^2 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right. \frac{5}{2}\right)}{3}$$

$$+ 2cd \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \right. \quad \left. \text{for } b = 0 \right) \\ \left( \frac{(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} \right. \quad \left. \text{for } p \neq -1 \right) \\ \left( -\frac{\log(a - bx^2)}{2b} \right. \quad \left. \text{otherwise} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(-b*x**2+a)**p,x)`output `a**p*c**2*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a) + a**p*d**2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)/3 + 2*c*d*Piecewise((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (-Piecewise(((a - b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a - b*x**2), True))/(2*b), True))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (a - bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```
( - 4*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*c*d*p**2 - 8*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*c*d*p - 3*(a - b*x*
**2)**p*a*c*d - 2*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*d**2*p**2*x - 2*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*d**2*
p*x + 2*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*c**2*p**2*x + 5*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*c**2*p*x + 3*(
a - b*x**2)**p*b*c**2*x + 4*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*c*d*p**2*x**2 + 8*(a - b*x**
2)**p*b*c*d*p*x**2 + 3*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*d*
**2*p**2*x**3 + 3*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*d**2*p*x**3 + (a - b*x**2)**p*b*d**2*x*
**3 + 8*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a - 4*b*p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p
*x**2 - 3*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d**2*p**4 + 24*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8
*a*p + 3*a - 4*b*p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p*x**2 - 3*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d**2*p**3 + 22
*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a - 4*b*p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p*x**2
- 3*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d**2*p**2 + 6*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p +
3*a - 4*b*p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p*x**2 - 3*b*x**2),x)*a**2*d**2*p + 16*int((a -
b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a - 4*b*p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p*x**2 - 3*b*x**2
),x)*a*b*c**2*p**5 + 72*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a - 4*b*
p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p*x**2 - 3*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c**2*p**4 + 116*int((a - b*x**2)
**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a - 4*b*p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p*x**2 - 3*b*x**2),x)*a*
b*c**2*p**3 + 78*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(4*a*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a - 4*b*p**2*x*
**2 - 8*b*p*x**2 - 3*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c**2*p**2 + 18*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(4*a
*p**2 + 8*a*p + 3*a - 4*b*p**2*x**2 - 8*b*p*x**2 - 3*b*x**2),x)*a*b*c**2*p
)/(b*(4*p**3 + 12*p**2 + 11*p + 3))
```

### 3.426 $\int (c + dx) (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3571
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3571
Rubi [A] (verified)	3572
Maple [F]	3573
Fricas [F]	3573
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3574
Maxima [F]	3574
Giac [F]	3575
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3575
Reduce [F]	3575

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int (c + dx) (a - bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{d(a - bx^2)^{1+p}}{2b(1+p)} + cx(a - bx^2)^p \left( 1 - \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)$$

output

```
-1/2*d*(-b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/b/(p+1)+c*x*(-b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], b*x^2/a)/((1-b*x^2/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (c + dx) (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left( 1 - \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \left( d \left( a - a \left( 1 - \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^p + bx^2 \left( 1 - \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)^p \right) + 2bc(1+p)x \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a} \right)}{2b(1+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x)*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]
```



output

$$\frac{((a - bx^2)^p (d(a - a(1 - (bx^2)/a))^p + bx^2(1 - (bx^2)/a)^p) + 2*bx^2(1 + p) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, (bx^2)/a])}{(2b(1 + p)(1 - (bx^2)/a)^p)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$ , Rules used = {455, 238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx) (a - bx^2)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 455 \\ & c \int (a - bx^2)^p dx - \frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 238 \\ & c(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p dx - \frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 237 \\ & cx(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right) - \frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x)*(a - b*x^2)^p, x]$$

output

$$-1/2*(d*(a - b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + p)) + (c*x*(a - b*x^2)^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -p, 3/2, (b*x^2)/a])/(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (dx + c) (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c) (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (c + dx) (a - bx^2)^p dx = a^p c x {}_2F_1 \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}, -p \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right) + d \left( \begin{matrix} \left( \frac{a^p x^2}{2} \right) & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{matrix} \frac{(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(a - bx^2) & \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \right. & \text{otherwise} \\ -\frac{\log(a - bx^2)}{2b} & \text{otherwise} \end{matrix} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-b*x**2+a)**p,x)`output `a**p*c*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a) + d*Piecewise(e((a**p*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0)), (-Piecewise(((a - b*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(a - b*x**2), True)))/(2*b), True))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (c + dx) (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{cx(a - bx^2)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p} - \frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1}}{2b(p+1)}$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x),x)`

output `(c*x*(a - b*x^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, (b*x^2)/a))/(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p - (d*(a - b*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*b*(p + 1))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{-2(-bx^2 + a)^p adp - (-bx^2 + a)^p ad + 2(-bx^2 + a)^p bcpx + 2(-bx^2 + a)^p bcx + 2(-bx^2 + a)^p bdp x^2}{2b(p+1)}$$

input `int((d*x+c)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```
( - 2*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*d*p - (a - b*x**2)**p*a*d + 2*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*c*
p*x + 2*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*c*x + 2*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*d*p*x**2 + (a - b*x**2
)**p*b*d*x**2 + 8*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(2*a*p + a - 2*b*p*x**2 - b*x**2),x)
*a*b*c*p**3 + 12*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(2*a*p + a - 2*b*p*x**2 - b*x**2),x)*
a*b*c*p**2 + 4*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(2*a*p + a - 2*b*p*x**2 - b*x**2),x)*a*
b*c*p)/(2*b*(2*p**2 + 3*p + 1))
```

### 3.427 $\int (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3577
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3577
Rubi [A] (verified)	3578
Maple [F]	3579
Fricas [F]	3579
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3579
Maxima [F]	3580
Giac [F]	3580
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3580
Reduce [F]	3581

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p dx = x(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

output `x*(-b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], b*x^2/a)/((1-b*x^2/a)^p)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p dx = x(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a - b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (b*x^2)/a])/(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {238, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{238}$$

$$(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{237}$$

$$x(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a - b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (b*x^2)/a])/(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 238 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p dx = a^p x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^2 e^{2i\pi}}{a} \right)$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), b*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/a)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{x(a - bx^2)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p}$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p,x)`

output `(x*(a - b*x^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, (b*x^2)/a))/(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p x + 4 \left( \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{-2bp x^2 - bx^2 + 2ap + a} dx \right) ap^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{-2bp x^2 - bx^2 + 2ap + a} dx \right) ap}{2p + 1}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `((a - b*x**2)**p*x + 4*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(2*a*p + a - 2*b*p*x**2 - b*x**2),x)*a*p**2 + 2*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(2*a*p + a - 2*b*p*x**2 - b*x**2),x)*a*p)/(2*p + 1)`

**3.428**       $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	3582
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3582
Rubi [A] (verified)	3583
Maple [F]	3585
Fricas [F]	3585
Sympy [F]	3585
Maxima [F]	3586
Giac [F]	3586
Mupad [F(-1)]	3586
Reduce [F]	3587

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{c+dx} dx = \frac{x(a-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} + \frac{d(a-bx^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{d^2(a-bx^2)}{bc^2-ad^2}\right)}{2(bc^2-ad^2)(1+p)}$$

output

```
x*(-b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2,-p,1,3/2,b*x^2/a,d^2*x^2/c^2)/c/((1-b*x^2/a)^p
)+1/2*d*(-b*x^2+a)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1],[2+p],-d^2*(-b*x^2+a)/(-a*d^2+
b*c^2))/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(p+1)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{c+dx} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(-\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (a-bx^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1-2p, \frac{c-\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}, \frac{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}\right)}{2dp}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x),x]`

output `((a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (c - Sqrt[a/b]*d)/(c + d*x), (c + Sqrt[a/b]*d)/(c + d*x)]/(2*d*p*((d*(-Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(c + d*x))^p*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(c + d*x))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.278$ , Rules used = {504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{504} \\
 & c \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx - d \int \frac{x(a - bx^2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & c(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx - d \int \frac{x(a - bx^2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
 & \frac{x(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - d \int \frac{x(a - bx^2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
 & \frac{x(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - \frac{1}{2}d \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{bx^2}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{bx^2}{a}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} + \frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, -\frac{d^2(a - bx^2)}{bc^2 - ad^2}\right)}{2(p + 1)(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(x*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, (b*x^2)/a, (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/(c*(1 - (b*x^2)/a)^p) + (d*(a - b*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, -(d^2*(a - b*x^2))/(b*c^2 - a*d^2)])/(2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(1 + p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((a - b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x),x)`



**3.429**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3588
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3588
Rubi [A] (verified)	3589
Maple [F]	3590
Fricas [F]	3590
Sympy [F]	3591
Maxima [F]	3591
Giac [F]	3591
Mupad [F(-1)]	3592
Reduce [F]	3592

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{2^p \sqrt{b} \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^{-p} (a-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right) \text{AppellF1}\left(1+p, 2, -p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})(1+p)}$$

output

```
-2^p*b^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p*(1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))*AppellF1(p+1,-
p,2,2+p,1/2*(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2),1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d
/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)/(p+1)/((1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(-\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (a-bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{c-\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}, \frac{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}\right)}{d(-1+2p)(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `((a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (c - Sqrt[a/b]*d)/(c + d*x), (c + Sqrt[a/b]*d)/(c + d*x)]/(d*(-1 + 2*p)*((d*(-Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(c + d*x))^p*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(c + d*x))^p*(c + d*x))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {506, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 506$$

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right)^{2p} \left(1 - \frac{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right)^{-2p} \left(1 - \frac{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}, \frac{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}\right)}{d(1 - 2p)(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-(((a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])/(c + d*x), (c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])/(c + d*x)]/(d*(1 - 2*p)*(c + d*x))*(1 - (c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])/(c + d*x))^p*(1 - (c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])/(c + d*x))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]
  && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 506

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(-(a + b*x^2)^p)*((1/(c + d*x))^(2*p)/(d*(1 - (c -
  d*q)/(c + d*x))^p*(1 - (c + d*q)/(c + d*x))^p)) Subst[Int[(1 - (c - d*q)*
  x)^p*((1 - (c + d*q)*x)^p/x^(n + 2*p + 2)), x], x, 1/(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[
  {a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && NegQ[a/b]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**p/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```

((a - b*x**2)**p*x + 4*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*
p*x + 2*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d**2*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 - 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 - b*c**2
*x**2 - 4*b*c*d*p*x**3 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*
a*c**2*p**2 + 2*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2
*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d**2*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 - 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 -
4*b*c*d*p*x**3 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*c**2*
p + 4*int((a - b*x**2)**p/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2*a*c*d*x +
2*a*d**2*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 - 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 4*b*c*d*p
*x**3 - 2*b*c*d*x**3 - 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*c*d*p**2*x + 2*
int((a - b*x**2)**p/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d
**2*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 - 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 4*b*c*d*p*x**3
- 2*b*c*d*x**3 - 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*c*d*p*x + 4*int(((a -
b*x**2)**p*x**3)/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d**
2*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 - 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 4*b*c*d*p*x**3 -
2*b*c*d*x**3 - 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*b*c*d*p**2 + 2*int(((a -
b*x**2)**p*x**3)/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d**2
*p*x**2 + a*d**2*x**2 - 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 4*b*c*d*p*x**3 - 2
*b*c*d*x**3 - 2*b*d**2*p*x**4 - b*d**2*x**4),x)*b*c*d*p + 4*int(((a - b*x*
*2)**p*x**3)/(2*a*c**2*p + a*c**2 + 4*a*c*d*p*x + 2*a*c*d*x + 2*a*d**2*p*x
**2 + a*d**2*x**2 - 2*b*c**2*p*x**2 - b*c**2*x**2 - 4*b*c*d*p*x**3 - 2*...

```

**3.430**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3594
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3594
Rubi [A] (verified)	3595
Maple [F]	3596
Fricas [F]	3596
Sympy [F]	3597
Maxima [F]	3597
Giac [F]	3597
Mupad [F(-1)]	3598
Reduce [F]	3598

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{2^p b \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^{-p} (a-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right) \text{AppellF1}\left(1+p, 3, -p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d \left(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}\right)^2 (1+p)}$$

output `-2^p*b*(-b*x^2+a)^p*(1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))*AppellF1(p+1,-p,3,2+p,1/2*(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/a^(1/2),1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^2/(p+1)/((1-b^(1/2)*x/a^(1/2))^p)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(-\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (a-bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(2-2p, -p, -p, 3-2p, \frac{c-\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}, \frac{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}{c+dx}\right)}{2d(-1+p)(c+dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `((a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (c - Sqrt[a/b]*d)/(c + d*x), (c + Sqrt[a/b]*d)/(c + d*x)]/(2*d*(-1 + p)*((d*(-Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(c + d*x))^p*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(c + d*x))^p*(c + d*x)^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {506, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

↓ 506

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right)^{2p} \left(1 - \frac{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right)^{1-2p} \left(1 - \frac{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}\right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, \frac{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}, \frac{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}{c+dx}\right)}{2d(1 - p)(c + dx)^2}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])/(c + d*x), (c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])/(c + d*x)]/(d*(1 - p)*(c + d*x)^2*(1 - (c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])/(c + d*x))^p*(1 - (c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])/(c + d*x))^p)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 506 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(-(a + b*x^2)^p)*((1/(c + d*x))^(2*p)/(d*(1 - (c - d*q)/(c + d*x))^p*(1 - (c + d*q)/(c + d*x))^p)) Subst[Int[(1 - (c - d*q)*x)^p*((1 - (c + d*q)*x)^p/x^(n + 2*p + 2)), x], x, 1/(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && NegQ[a/b]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

output `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**p/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)`output `int((a - b*x**2)**p/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)`

### 3.431 $\int (c + dx)^3 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3599
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3599
Rubi [A] (verified)	3600
Maple [A] (verified)	3602
Fricas [F]	3602
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3603
Maxima [F]	3603
Giac [F]	3604
Mupad [F(-1)]	3604
Reduce [F]	3604

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(9c^2 + 2d^2)(2 - 3x^2)^{1+p}}{18(1 + p)} - \frac{cd^2x(2 - 3x^2)^{1+p}}{3 + 2p} + \frac{d^3(2 - 3x^2)^{2+p}}{18(2 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2^p c(2d^2 + c^2(3 + 2p)) x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)}{3 + 2p}$$

output

```
-1/18*d*(9*c^2+2*d^2)*(-3*x^2+2)^(p+1)/(p+1)-c*d^2*x*(-3*x^2+2)^(p+1)/(3+2
*p)+d^3*(-3*x^2+2)^(2+p)/(36+18*p)+2^p*c*(2*d^2+c^2*(3+2*p))*x*hypergeom([
1/2, -p], [3/2], 3/2*x^2)/(3+2*p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{9 \cdot 2^{1+p} c^3 (2 + 3p + p^2) x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + d\left(9c^2(2 + p)(2^{1+p} - 2(2 - 3x^2)^p + 3x^2(2 - 3x^2)^p\right)}{18(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^3*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(9*2^{(1+p)}*c^3*(2+3*p+p^2)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2,-p,3/2,(3*x^2)/2] + d*(9*c^2*(2+p)*(2^{(1+p)} - 2*(2-3*x^2)^p + 3*x^2*(2-3*x^2)^p) + d^2*(2^{(2+p)} - 4*(2-3*x^2)^p + 9*x^4*(2-3*x^2)^p - 3*p*x^2*(2-3*x^2)^{(1+p)}) + 9*2^{(1+p)}*c*d*(2+3*p+p^2)*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2,-p,5/2,(3*x^2)/2])}{(18*(1+p)*(2+p))}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {497, 27, 676, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p (c + dx)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 497$$

$$\frac{\int -2(c + dx) (3(p + 2)c^2 + 3d(p + 3)xc + 2d^2) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx}{6(p + 2)} - \frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^2}{6(p + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx) (3(p + 2)c^2 + 3d(p + 3)xc + 2d^2) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx}{3(p + 2)} - \frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^2}{6(p + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 676$$

$$\frac{\frac{3c(p+2)(c^2(2p+3)+2d^2)}{2p+3} \int (2-3x^2)^p dx - \frac{d(2-3x^2)^{p+1}(3c^2(2p+5)+2d^2)}{6(p+1)} - \frac{cd^2(p+3)x(2-3x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3}}{3(p+2)}$$

$$\frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^2}{6(p + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 237$$

$$\frac{3c^{2p}(p+2)x(c^2(2p+3)+2d^2)}{2p+3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) - \frac{d(2-3x^2)^{p+1}(3c^2(2p+5)+2d^2)}{6(p+1)} - \frac{cd^2(p+3)x(2-3x^2)^{p+1}}{2p+3}$$


---


$$\frac{3(p+2)}{6(p+2)} \frac{d(2-3x^2)^{p+1}(c+dx)^2}{6(p+2)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^3*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/6*(d*(c + d*x)^2*(2 - 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2 + p) + (-1/6*(d*(2*d^2 + 3*c^2*(5 + 2*p))*(2 - 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(1 + p) - (c*d^2*(3 + p)*x*(2 - 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(3 + 2*p) + (3*2^p*c*(2 + p)*(2*d^2 + c^2*(3 + 2*p))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (3*x^2)/2])/(3 + 2*p))/(3*(2 + p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 676 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f + d*g)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + (Simp[e*g*x*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(c*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*e*g - c*d*f*(2*p + 3))/(c*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
meijerg	$2^{-2+p} d^3 x^4 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[2, -p\right], [3], \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + c d^2 2^p x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{5}{2}\right], \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + 3 2^{p-1} c^2 c$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2^{-(2+p)} d^3 x^4 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[2, -p\right], [3], \frac{3}{2} x^2\right) + c d^2 2^p x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{5}{2}\right], \frac{3}{2} x^2\right) + 3 \cdot 2^{p-1} c^2 d x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[1, -p\right], [2], \frac{3}{2} x^2\right) + c^3 2^p x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], \frac{3}{2} x^2\right)$

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= 2^p c^3 x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{2}\right) + 2^p c d^2 x^3 {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{2}\right)$$

$$- \frac{c^2 d \left( \begin{cases} \frac{(2-3x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(2-3x^2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2}$$

$$+ d^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{3x^2 \log(3x^2-2)}{54x^2-36} - \frac{2 \log(3x^2-2)}{54x^2-36} - \frac{2}{54x^2-36} & \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{x^2}{6} - \frac{\log(3x^2-2)}{9} & \text{for } p = -1 \\ \frac{9px^4(2-3x^2)^p}{18p^2+54p+36} - \frac{6px^2(2-3x^2)^p}{18p^2+54p+36} + \frac{9x^4(2-3x^2)^p}{18p^2+54p+36} - \frac{4(2-3x^2)^p}{18p^2+54p+36} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**3*(-3*x**2+2)**p,x)`output 

```
2**p*c**3*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), 3*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/2) + 2**p*c*d**2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), 3*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/2) - c**2*d*Pi
ecwise(((2 - 3*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(2 - 3*x**2), True
))/2 + d**3*Piecewise((3*x**2*log(3*x**2 - 2)/(54*x**2 - 36) - 2*log(3*x**
2 - 2)/(54*x**2 - 36) - 2/(54*x**2 - 36), Eq(p, -2)), (-x**2/6 - log(3*x**
2 - 2)/9, Eq(p, -1)), (9*p*x**4*(2 - 3*x**2)**p/(18*p**2 + 54*p + 36) - 6*
p*x**2*(2 - 3*x**2)**p/(18*p**2 + 54*p + 36) + 9*x**4*(2 - 3*x**2)**p/(18*
p**2 + 54*p + 36) - 4*(2 - 3*x**2)**p/(18*p**2 + 54*p + 36), True))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^3 (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^3*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^3*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (2 - 3x^2)^p (c + dx)^3 dx$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^3,x)`

output `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^3 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^3*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```

(36*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**3*p**3*x + 162*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**3*p**2*x +
234*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**3*p*x + 108*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**3*x + 108*( -
3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*p**3*x**2 - 72*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*p**3 + 432*
( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*p**2*x**2 - 288*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*p**2 +
513*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*p*x**2 - 342*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*p +
162*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d*x**2 - 108*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c**2*d + 108*(
- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p**3*x**3 - 72*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p**3*x +
378*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p**2*x**3 - 216*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p
**2*x + 378*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*p*x**3 - 144*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d*
**2*p*x + 108*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*d**2*x**3 + 36*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*p
**3*x**4 - 24*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*p**3*x**2 + 108*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d
**3*p**2*x**4 - 48*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*p**2*x**2 - 16*( - 3*x**2 + 2)*
*p*d**3*p**2 + 99*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*p*x**4 - 18*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d
**3*p*x**2 - 32*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*p + 27*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3*x**
4 - 12*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d**3 - 576*int(( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2
- 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 - 16*p + 9*x**2 - 6),x)*c**3*p**6 - 3744*int(( - 3*x*
**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 - 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 - 16*p + 9*x**2 - 6),x)*c**3
*p**5 - 9360*int(( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2 - 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 - 1
6*p + 9*x**2 - 6),x)*c**3*p**4 - 11160*int(( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p/(12*p**2*x**
2 - 8*p**2 + 24*p*x**2 - 16*p + 9*x**2 - 6),x)*c**3*p**3 - 6264*int(( - ...

```

### 3.432 $\int (c + dx)^2 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3606
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3606
Rubi [A] (verified)	3607
Maple [A] (verified)	3608
Fricas [F]	3609
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3609
Maxima [F]	3610
Giac [F]	3610
Mupad [F(-1)]	3610
Reduce [F]	3611

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 90

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^2 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx \\ &= -\frac{d(c(3 + 2p) + d(1 + p)x)(2 - 3x^2)^{1+p}}{3(3 + 5p + 2p^2)} \\ & \quad + \frac{2^p(2d^2 + c^2(9 + 6p))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)}{3(3 + 2p)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/3*d*(c*(3+2*p)+d*(p+1)*x)*(-3*x^2+2)^(p+1)/(2*p^2+5*p+3)+2^p*(2*d^2+c^2*(9+6*p))*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], 3/2*x^2)/(9+6*p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^2 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p c^2 x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) \\ & \quad + \frac{d\left(c(2^{1+p} - 2(2 - 3x^2)^p + 3x^2(2 - 3x^2)^p) + 2^p d(1 + p)x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)\right)}{3(1 + p)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^2*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output  $2^p c^2 x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right] + (d(c(2^{1+p}) - 2(2 - 3x^2)^p + 3x^2(2 - 3x^2)^p) + 2^p d(1+p)x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right]) / (3(1+p))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {497, 25, 455, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (2 - 3x^2)^p (c + dx)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 497 \\
 & -\frac{\int -((3(2p+3)c^2 + 6d(p+2)xc + 2d^2)(2 - 3x^2)^p) dx}{3(2p+3)} - \frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1}(c + dx)}{3(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int ((6p+9)c^2 + 6d(p+2)xc + 2d^2)(2 - 3x^2)^p dx}{3(2p+3)} - \frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1}(c + dx)}{3(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 455 \\
 & \frac{(c^2(6p+9) + 2d^2) \int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx - \frac{cd(p+2)(2-3x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{3(2p+3)} - \frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1}(c + dx)}{3(2p+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 237 \\
 & \frac{2^p x (c^2(6p+9) + 2d^2) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) - \frac{cd(p+2)(2-3x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1}}{3(2p+3)} - \frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1}(c + dx)}{3(2p+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^2*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/3*(d*(c + d*x)*(2 - 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(3 + 2*p) + (-((c*d*(2 + p)*(2 - 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(1 + p)) + 2^p*(2*d^2 + c^2*(9 + 6*p))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (3*x^2)/2])/(3*(3 + 2*p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
meijerg	$\frac{d^2 2^p x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{3}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{5}{2}\right], \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)}{3} + cd 2^p x^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left([1, -p], [2], \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + c^2 2^p x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\right.\right.$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*d^2*2^p*x^3*hypergeom([3/2,-p],[5/2],3/2*x^2)+c*d*2^p*x^2*hypergeom([1,-p],[2],3/2*x^2)+c^2*2^p*x*hypergeom([1/2,-p],[3/2],3/2*x^2)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p c^2 x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{2} \right) + \frac{2^p d^2 x^3 {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{3}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{2} \right)}{3}$$

$$- \frac{cd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{(2-3x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(2-3x^2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**2*(-3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `2**p*c**2*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), 3*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/2) + 2**p*d**2*x**3*hyper((3/2, -p), (5/2,), 3*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/2)/3 - c*d*Piecewise(((2 - 3*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(2 - 3*x**2), True))/3`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^2 (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^2*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^2*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (2 - 3x^2)^p (c + dx)^2 dx$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^2,x)`

output `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^2 (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{6(-3x^2 + 2)^p c^2 p^2 x + 15(-3x^2 + 2)^p c^2 p x + 9(-3x^2 + 2)^p c^2 x + 12(-3x^2 + 2)^p c d p^2 x^2 - 8(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^2*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```
(6*(-3*x**2+2)**p*c**2*p**2*x + 15*(-3*x**2+2)**p*c**2*p*x + 9*(-3*x**2+2)**p*c**2*x + 12*(-3*x**2+2)**p*c*d*p**2*x**2 - 8*(-3*x**2+2)**p*c*d*p**2*x**2 + 24*(-3*x**2+2)**p*c*d*p*x**2 - 16*(-3*x**2+2)**p*c*d*p + 9*(-3*x**2+2)**p*c*d*x**2 - 6*(-3*x**2+2)**p*c*d + 6*(-3*x**2+2)**p*d**2*p**2*x**3 - 4*(-3*x**2+2)**p*d**2*p**2*x + 9*(-3*x**2+2)**p*d**2*p*x**3 - 4*(-3*x**2+2)**p*d**2*p*x + 3*(-3*x**2+2)**p*d**2*x**3 - 96*int((-3*x**2+2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2-8*p**2+24*p*x**2-16*p+9*x**2-6),x)*c**2*p**5 - 432*int((-3*x**2+2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2-8*p**2+24*p*x**2-16*p+9*x**2-6),x)*c**2*p**4 - 696*int((-3*x**2+2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2-8*p**2+24*p*x**2-16*p+9*x**2-6),x)*c**2*p**3 - 468*int((-3*x**2+2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2-8*p**2+24*p*x**2-16*p+9*x**2-6),x)*c**2*p**2 - 108*int((-3*x**2+2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2-8*p**2+24*p*x**2-16*p+9*x**2-6),x)*c**2*p - 32*int((-3*x**2+2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2-8*p**2+24*p*x**2-16*p+9*x**2-6),x)*d**2*p**4 - 96*int((-3*x**2+2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2-8*p**2+24*p*x**2-16*p+9*x**2-6),x)*d**2*p**3 - 88*int((-3*x**2+2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2-8*p**2+24*p*x**2-16*p+9*x**2-6),x)*d**2*p**2 - 24*int((-3*x**2+2)**p/(12*p**2*x**2-8*p**2+24*p*x**2-16*p+9*x**2-6),x)*d**2*p)/(3*(4*p**3+12*p**2+11*p+3))
```



### 3.433 $\int (c + dx) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3612
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3612
Rubi [A] (verified)	3613
Maple [A] (verified)	3614
Fricas [F]	3614
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3614
Maxima [F]	3615
Giac [F]	3615
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3615
Reduce [F]	3616

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int (c + dx) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = -\frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{1+p}}{6(1 + p)} + 2^p c x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)$$

output `-1/6*d*(-3*x^2+2)^(p+1)/(p+1)+2^p*c*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p],[3/2],3/2*x^2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (c + dx) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{d(2^{1+p} - 2(2 - 3x^2)^p + 3x^2(2 - 3x^2)^p)}{6(1 + p)} + 2^p c x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(d*(2^(1 + p) - 2*(2 - 3*x^2)^p + 3*x^2*(2 - 3*x^2)^p)/(6*(1 + p)) + 2^p*c*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (3*x^2)/2]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {455, 237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p (c + dx) dx$$

$$\downarrow 455$$

$$c \int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx - \frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1}}{6(p+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 237$$

$$c^2 x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) - \frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1}}{6(p+1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/6*(d*(2 - 3*x^2)^(1 + p))/(1 + p) + 2^p*c*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (3*x^2)/2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 237 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
meijerg	$2^{p-1} dx^2 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[1, -p\right], \left[2\right], \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) + 2^p cx \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, -p\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)$	44

input `int((d*x+c)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2^(p-1)*d*x^2*hypergeom([1,-p],[2],3/2*x^2)+2^p*c*x*hypergeom([1/2,-p],[3/2],3/2*x^2)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int (c + dx) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p cx {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p \middle| \frac{3x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{2}\right) - \frac{d \left( \begin{cases} \frac{(2-3x^2)^{p+1}}{p+1} & \text{for } p \neq -1 \\ \log(2-3x^2) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{6}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)*(-3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output

```
2**p*c*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), 3*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/2) - d*Piecewis
e(((2 - 3*x**2)**(p + 1)/(p + 1), Ne(p, -1)), (log(2 - 3*x**2), True))/6
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)(-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x + c)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (c + dx) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{cx(2 - 3x^2)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)^p} - \frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1}}{6(p+1)}$$

input

```
int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x),x)
```

output  $(c*x*(2 - 3*x^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, (3*x^2)/2))/(1 - (3*x^2)/2)^p - (d*(2 - 3*x^2)^(p + 1))/(6*(p + 1))$

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx) (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{6(-3x^2 + 2)^p cpx + 6(-3x^2 + 2)^p cx + 6(-3x^2 + 2)^p dp x^2 - 4(-3x^2 + 2)^p dp + 3(-3x^2 + 2)^p dx^2 - 2(-3x^2 + 2)^p d}{12p^2 + 1}$$

input  $int((d*x+c)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)$

output  $(6*(-3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*p*x + 6*(-3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*x + 6*(-3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*p*x**2 - 4*(-3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*p + 3*(-3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*x**2 - 2*(-3*x**2 + 2)**p*d - 48*int((-3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*p*x**2 - 4*p + 3*x**2 - 2),x)*c*p**3 - 72*int((-3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*p*x**2 - 4*p + 3*x**2 - 2),x)*c*p**2 - 24*int((-3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*p*x**2 - 4*p + 3*x**2 - 2),x)*c*p)/(6*(2*p**2 + 3*p + 1))$

### 3.434 $\int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3617
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3617
Rubi [A] (verified)	3618
Maple [A] (verified)	3618
Fricas [F]	3619
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3619
Maxima [F]	3619
Giac [F]	3620
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3620
Reduce [F]	3620

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2} \right)$$

output `2^p*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], 3/2*x^2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `2^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (3*x^2)/2]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {237}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$$

↓ 237

$$2^p x \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2} \right)$$

input `Int[(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `2^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, (3*x^2)/2]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 237

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
meijerg	$2^p x \text{hypergeom} \left( \left[ \frac{1}{2}, -p \right], \left[ \frac{3}{2} \right], \frac{3x^2}{2} \right)$	19

input `int((-3*x^2+2)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2^p*x*hypergeom([1/2, -p], [3/2], 3/2*x^2)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = 2^p x {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{1}{2}, -p \mid \frac{3x^2 e^{2i\pi}}{2} \right)$$

input `integrate((-3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `2**p*x*hyper((1/2, -p), (3/2,), 3*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi)/2)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{x(2 - 3x^2)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p; \frac{3}{2}; \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{3x^2}{2}\right)^p}$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p,x)`

output `(x*(2 - 3*x^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2, -p], 3/2, (3*x^2)/2))/(1 - (3*x^2)/2)^p`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p x - 8 \left( \int \frac{(-3x^2+2)^p}{6px^2+3x^2-4p-2} dx \right) p^2 - 4 \left( \int \frac{(-3x^2+2)^p}{6px^2+3x^2-4p-2} dx \right) p}{2p + 1}$$

input `int((-3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```
(( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x - 8*int(( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*p*x**2 - 4*p + 3*x**2 - 2),x)*p**2 - 4*int(( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*p*x**2 - 4*p + 3*x**2 - 2),x)*p)/(2*p + 1)
```

**3.435**       $\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{c+dx} dx$

Optimal result	3622
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3622
Rubi [A] (verified)	3623
Maple [F]	3625
Fricas [F]	3625
Sympy [F]	3625
Maxima [F]	3626
Giac [F]	3626
Mupad [F(-1)]	3626
Reduce [F]	3627

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{c+dx} dx = \frac{2^p x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2 x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} + \frac{d(2-3x^2)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{d^2(2-3x^2)}{3c^2-2d^2}\right)}{2(3c^2-2d^2)(1+p)}$$

output

```
2^p*x*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,d^2*x^2/c^2,3/2*x^2)/c+1/2*d*(-3*x^2+2)^(p+1)*
hypergeom([1, p+1],[2+p],-d^2*(-3*x^2+2)/(3*c^2-2*d^2))/(3*c^2-2*d^2)/(p+1)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{c+dx} dx = \frac{9^p \left(-\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (2-3x^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1-2p, \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}, \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}\right)}{2dp}$$

input `Integrate[(2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(9^p*(2 - 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (3*c - Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*c + 3*d*x), (3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*c + 3*d*x)]/(2*d*p*(-((d*(Sqrt[6] - 3*x))/(c + d*x)))^p*((d*(Sqrt[6] + 3*x))/(c + d*x))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {504, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{504} \\
 & c \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx - d \int \frac{x(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
 & \frac{2^p x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - d \int \frac{x(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{353} \\
 & \frac{2^p x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} - \frac{1}{2} d \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c^2 - d^2x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\
 & \frac{2^p x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3x^2}{2}, \frac{d^2x^2}{c^2}\right)}{c} + \\
 & \frac{d(2 - 3x^2)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, -\frac{d^2(2 - 3x^2)}{3c^2 - 2d^2}\right)}{2(p + 1)(3c^2 - 2d^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x),x]`

output `(2^p*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, (3*x^2)/2, (d^2*x^2)/c^2])/c + (d*(2 - 3*x^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, -((d^2*(2 - 3*x^2))/(3*c^2 - 2*d^2))]/(2*(3*c^2 - 2*d^2)*(1 + p)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 353 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 504 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d Int[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `Integral((2 - 3*x**2)**p/(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x),x)`

output `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{c + dx} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c),x)`

output `int((- 3*x**2 + 2)**p/(c + d*x),x)`



**3.436**  $\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3628
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3628
Rubi [A] (verified)	3629
Maple [F]	3630
Fricas [F]	3630
Sympy [F]	3631
Maxima [F]	3631
Giac [F]	3631
Mupad [F(-1)]	3632
Reduce [F]	3632

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{3^p (2-3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6}d}\right) \left(\frac{(\sqrt{6}c+2d)\left(1-\frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6}d}\right)}{d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1+p, 2, -p, 2+p, 1-\frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6}d}, -\frac{(\sqrt{6}c+2d)\left(1-\frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6}d}\right)}{d}\right)}{d(3c-\sqrt{6}d)(1+p)}$$

output

```
-3*4^p*(-3*x^2+2)^p*(1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d))*AppellF1(p+1,-p,2,2+p,-1/4*(6^(1/2)*c-2*d)*(1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d))/d,1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d))/d/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d)/(p+1)/(((6^(1/2)*c+2*d)*(1-3*(d*x+c)/(6^(1/2)*d+3*c))/d)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^2} dx = \frac{9^p \left(-\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (2-3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1-2p, -p, -p, 2-2p, \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}, \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}\right)}{d(-1+2p)(c+dx)}$$

input `Integrate[(2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `(9^p*(2 - 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (3*c - Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*c + 3*d*x), (3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*c + 3*d*x)]/(d*(-1 + 2*p)*(-(d*(Sqrt[6] - 3*x))/(c + d*x)))^p*((d*(Sqrt[6] + 3*x))/(c + d*x))^p*(c + d*x))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {506, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

↓ 506

$$\frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p \left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right)^{2p} \left(1 - \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right)^{-2p} \left(1 - \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}, \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)}{d(1 - 2p)(c + dx)}$$

input `Int[(2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x]`

output `-(((2 - 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (3*c - Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*(c + d*x)), (3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*(c + d*x))]/(d*(1 - 2*p)*(c + d*x)*(1 - (3*c - Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*(c + d*x)))^p*(1 - (3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*(c + d*x)))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]
  && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 506

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(-(a + b*x^2)^p)*((1/(c + d*x))^(2*p)/(d*(1 - (c -
  d*q)/(c + d*x))^p*(1 - (c + d*q)/(c + d*x))^p) Subst[Int[(1 - (c - d*q)*
  x)^p*((1 - (c + d*q)*x)^p/x^(n + 2*p + 2)), x], x, 1/(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[
  {a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && NegQ[a/b]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input

```
int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

output

```
int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**2,x)`

output `Integral((2 - 3*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx = \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2,x)`output `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p x - 8 \left( \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{6d^2 p x^4 + 12cdp x^3 + 3d^2 x^4 + 6c^2 p x^2 + 6cd x^3 - 4d^2 p x^2 + 3c^2 x^2 - 8cdpx - 2d^2 x^2 - 4c^2 p - 4cdx - 2c^2} dx \right) c^2 p^2 - 4}{1}$$

input `int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^2,x)`

output

```

(( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x - 8*int(( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*c**2*p*x**2 - 4*c**2*p
+ 3*c**2*x**2 - 2*c**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 - 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 - 4*c*d*x
+ 6*d**2*p*x**4 - 4*d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*x**2),x)*c**2*p**2
- 4*int(( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*c**2*p*x**2 - 4*c**2*p + 3*c**2*x**2 - 2*c*
**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 - 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 - 4*c*d*x + 6*d**2*p*x**4 - 4*
d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*x**2),x)*c**2*p - 8*int(( - 3*x**2 + 2)
**p/(6*c**2*p*x**2 - 4*c**2*p + 3*c**2*x**2 - 2*c**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 - 8*c
*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 - 4*c*d*x + 6*d**2*p*x**4 - 4*d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**
4 - 2*d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*p**2*x - 4*int(( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p/(6*c**2*p*x**2 -
4*c**2*p + 3*c**2*x**2 - 2*c**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 - 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3
- 4*c*d*x + 6*d**2*p*x**4 - 4*d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*x**2),x)*
c*d*p*x - 12*int((( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**3)/(6*c**2*p*x**2 - 4*c**2*p + 3*c
**2*x**2 - 2*c**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 - 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 - 4*c*d*x + 6*d
**2*p*x**4 - 4*d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*p**2 - 6*in
t((( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**3)/(6*c**2*p*x**2 - 4*c**2*p + 3*c**2*x**2 - 2*c*
**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**3 - 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 - 4*c*d*x + 6*d**2*p*x**4 - 4*
d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*x**2),x)*c*d*p - 12*int((( - 3*x**2 + 2)
)**p*x**3)/(6*c**2*p*x**2 - 4*c**2*p + 3*c**2*x**2 - 2*c**2 + 12*c*d*p*x**
3 - 8*c*d*p*x + 6*c*d*x**3 - 4*c*d*x + 6*d**2*p*x**4 - 4*d**2*p*x**2 + 3*d
**2*x**4 - 2*d**2*x**2),x)*d**2*p**2*x - 6*int((( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**3...

```

**3.437**       $\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3634
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3634
Rubi [A] (verified)	3635
Maple [F]	3636
Fricas [F]	3636
Sympy [F]	3637
Maxima [F]	3637
Giac [F]	3637
Mupad [F(-1)]	3638
Reduce [F]	3638

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{9 \cdot 4^p (2-3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6}d}\right) \left(\frac{(\sqrt{6}c+2d)\left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6}d}\right)}{d}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+p, 3, -p, 2+p, 1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6}d}, -\frac{(\sqrt{6}c+2d)\left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6}d}\right)}{d}\right)}{d(3c-\sqrt{6}d)^2(1+p)}$$

output

```
-9*4^p*(-3*x^2+2)^p*(1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d))*AppellF1(p+1,-p,3,2+p,-1/4*(6^(1/2)*c-2*d)*(1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d))/d,1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d))/d/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d)^2/(p+1)/(((6^(1/2)*c+2*d)*(1-3*(d*x+c)/(6^(1/2)*d+3*c))/d)^p
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^3} dx = \frac{9^p \left(-\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3x)}{c+dx}\right)^{-p} (2-3x^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(2-2p, -p, -p, 3-2p, \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}, \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3c+3dx}\right)}{2d(-1+p)(c+dx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `(9^p*(2 - 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (3*c - Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*c + 3*d*x), (3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*c + 3*d*x)]/(2*d*(-1 + p)*(-(d*(Sqrt[6] - 3*x))/(c + d*x)))^p*((d*(Sqrt[6] + 3*x))/(c + d*x))^p*(c + d*x)^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {506, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{506}$$

$$\frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p \left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right)^{2p} \left(1 - \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right)^{1-2p} \left(1 - \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{150}$$

$$\frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(2 - 2p, -p, -p, 3 - 2p, \frac{3c-\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}, \frac{3c+\sqrt{6}d}{3(c+dx)}\right)}{2d(1-p)(c+dx)^2}$$

input `Int[(2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((2 - 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (3*c - Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*(c + d*x)), (3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*(c + d*x))]/(d*(1 - p)*(c + d*x)^2*(1 - (3*c - Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*(c + d*x)))^p*(1 - (3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)/(3*(c + d*x)))^p)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]
  && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 506

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(-(a + b*x^2)^p)*((1/(c + d*x))^(2*p)/(d*(1 - (c -
  d*q)/(c + d*x))^p*(1 - (c + d*q)/(c + d*x))^p)) Subst[Int[(1 - (c - d*q)*
  x)^p*((1 - (c + d*q)*x)^p/x^(n + 2*p + 2)), x], x, 1/(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[
  {a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && NegQ[a/b]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d^3*x^3 + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*c^2*d*x + c^3), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**3,x)`

output `Integral((2 - 3*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3,x)`output `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^3} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{d^3x^3 + 3cd^2x^2 + 3c^2dx + c^3} dx$$

input `int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^3,x)`output `int((- 3*x**2 + 2)**p/(c**3 + 3*c**2*d*x + 3*c*d**2*x**2 + d**3*x**3),x)`

### 3.438 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3639
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3639
Rubi [A] (verified)	3640
Maple [F]	3641
Fricas [F]	3641
Sympy [F]	3642
Maxima [F]	3642
Giac [F]	3642
Mupad [F(-1)]	3643
Reduce [F]	3643

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} (a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \sqrt{-ad}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \sqrt{-ad}}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \sqrt{-ad}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{5d}$$

output

```
2/5*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(5/2,-p,-p,7/2,(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{ab}{d^2}}d - bx)}{bc + \sqrt{-\frac{ab}{d^2}}d^2}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{5/2} \left(\frac{a - \sqrt{-\frac{ab}{d^2}}dx}{a + c\sqrt{-\frac{ab}{d^2}}}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{a}{\sqrt{-\frac{ab}{d^2}}}}, \frac{c+dx}{bc + \sqrt{-\frac{ab}{d^2}}d^2}\right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, (c + d*x)/(c + a/Sqrt[-((a*b)/d^2)]), (b*(c + d*x))/(b*c + Sqrt[-((a*b)/d^2)]*d^2)]/(5*d*((d*(Sqrt[-((a*b)/d^2)]*d - b*x))/(b*c + Sqrt[-((a*b)/d^2)]*d^2))^p*((a - Sqrt[-((a*b)/d^2)]*d*x)/(a + c*Sqrt[-((a*b)/d^2)]))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} (a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{5d}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(5*d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p*(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p, x)`



output

```
(16*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*d*p + 18*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p
*a*d + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*c*p*x + 12*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x
**2)**p*b*c*x + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*d*p*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c + d*
x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*d*x**2 - 256*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)
/(16*a*c*p**2 + 32*a*c*p + 15*a*c + 16*a*d*p**2*x + 32*a*d*p*x + 15*a*d*x
+ 16*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b
*d*p*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p**4 - 1024*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b
*x**2)**p*x**2)/(16*a*c*p**2 + 32*a*c*p + 15*a*c + 16*a*d*p**2*x + 32*a*d*
p*x + 15*a*d*x + 16*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*p
**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p**3 - 1408*int((sqrt(
c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(16*a*c*p**2 + 32*a*c*p + 15*a*c + 16*a*d*p
**2*x + 32*a*d*p*x + 15*a*d*x + 16*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*
x**2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p**2 -
768*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(16*a*c*p**2 + 32*a*c*p + 15*
a*c + 16*a*d*p**2*x + 32*a*d*p*x + 15*a*d*x + 16*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*
x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3),x)*a*
b*d**2*p - 135*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(16*a*c*p**2 + 32*
a*c*p + 15*a*c + 16*a*d*p**2*x + 32*a*d*p*x + 15*a*d*x + 16*b*c*p**2*x**2
+ 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*x**3 + 15*b*d*
x**3),x)*a*b*d**2 + 48*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(16*a*c...
```

### 3.439 $\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a+bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3645
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3645
Rubi [A] (verified)	3646
Maple [F]	3647
Fricas [F]	3647
Sympy [F]	3648
Maxima [F]	3648
Giac [F]	3648
Mupad [F(-1)]	3649
Reduce [F]	3649

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{3d}$$

output

$$\frac{2/3*(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*(b*x^2+a)^p*\text{AppellF1}(3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}), (d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^p)}{3d}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c+dx)^{3/2}(a+bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)]/(3*d*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(a+bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int \sqrt{c+dx} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c+dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2} (a+bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{3d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(3*d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
  tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 -
  (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 -
  x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &&
  NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{dx + c} (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (a+bx^2)^p \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p*sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(bx^2+a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(bx^2+a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a+bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2+a)^p \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a+bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p, x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*d + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*c
*x - 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*
p*x + 3*a*d*x + 4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3),x)*
a*b*d**2*p**2 - 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a
*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x + 4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*
d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(4*a*c*
p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x + 4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3
+ 3*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2 + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(4
*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x + 4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p
*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3),x)*b**2*c**2*p + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p*
x**2)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x + 4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 +
4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3),x)*b**2*c**2 - 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**
2)**p)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x + 4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2
+ 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*d**2*p - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b
*x**2)**p)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x + 4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x*
*2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*d**2 + 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a +
b*x**2)**p)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x + 4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*
x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*c**2*p**2 + 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)
*(a + b*x**2)**p)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x + 4*b*c*p*x**2 +
3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*c**2*p + 3*int((sqrt(c +...

```

**3.440**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	3651
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3651
Rubi [A] (verified)	3652
Maple [F]	3653
Fricas [F]	3654
Sympy [F]	3654
Maxima [F]	3654
Giac [F]	3655
Mupad [F(-1)]	3655
Reduce [F]	3655

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx}(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d}$$

output

```
2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)), (d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \sqrt{c + dx}(a + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d}$$



input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{514}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{150}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{c + dx}(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input

```
int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} (bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p)/(c + d*x),x)`

**3.441**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3656
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3656
Rubi [A] (verified)	3657
Maple [F]	3658
Fricas [F]	3658
Sympy [F]	3659
Maxima [F]	3659
Giac [F]	3659
Mupad [F(-1)]	3660
Reduce [F]	3660

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-ad}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-ad}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-ad}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-ad}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

output

```
-2*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(-1/2,-p,-p,1/2,(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (a + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, -p, 1/2, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{514}$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{150}$$

$$\frac{2(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, -p, 1/2, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + a)^p/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/(d*x+c)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} (bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a + b*x**2)**p)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x)`

### 3.442 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3661
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3661
Rubi [A] (verified)	3662
Maple [F]	3663
Fricas [F]	3664
Sympy [F]	3664
Maxima [F]	3664
Giac [F]	3665
Mupad [F(-1)]	3665
Reduce [F]	3665

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} (2 + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2}d}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2}bd}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2}bd}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)}{5d}$$

output `2/5*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p*AppellF1(5/2,-p,-p,7/2,(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/(-b)^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*b*d/(-b)^(3/2)))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/(-b)^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*b*d/(-b)^(3/2)))^p)`

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d^2}}d - bx)}{bc + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d^2}}d^2}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{d^2}}dx}{\sqrt{2} + c\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d^2}}}\right)^{-p} (2 + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{d^2}}}}\right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(2 + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(2 + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[2]/Sqrt[-(b/d^2)]), (b*(c + d*x))/(b*c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-(b/d^2)]*d^2)]/(5*d*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-(b/d^2)]*d - b*x))/(b*c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-(b/d^2)]*d^2))^p*((Sqrt[2] - Sqrt[-(b/d^2)]*d*x)/(Sqrt[2] + c*Sqrt[-(b/d^2)]))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2(bx^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^{5/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)}{5d}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(2 + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output

```
(2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(2 + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, (c + d*x)/(c +
(Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[-b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*b*d)/(-b)^(3/2))]/(5*d*(1
- (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[-b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*b*
d)/(-b)^(3/2))))^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_
] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (
c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 -
x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*(b*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```

(8*sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*b*c*p*x + 12*sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**
p*b*c*x + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*b*d*p*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*
x**2 + 2)**p*b*d*x**2 + 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*d*p + 36*sqrt(c +
d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*d + 48*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16*
b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*
x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3 + 32*c*p**2 + 64*c*p + 30*c + 32*d*p**2*x + 64*d*p*x +
30*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2*p**2 + 96*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(1
6*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*
p*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3 + 32*c*p**2 + 64*c*p + 30*c + 32*d*p**2*x + 64*d*p*x
+ 30*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2*p + 45*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16
*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p
*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3 + 32*c*p**2 + 64*c*p + 30*c + 32*d*p**2*x + 64*d*p*x +
30*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2 - 512*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16*b
*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*x
**3 + 15*b*d*x**3 + 32*c*p**2 + 64*c*p + 30*c + 32*d*p**2*x + 64*d*p*x + 3
0*d*x),x)*b*d**2*p**4 - 2048*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16*
b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*
x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3 + 32*c*p**2 + 64*c*p + 30*c + 32*d*p**2*x + 64*d*p*x +
30*d*x),x)*b*d**2*p**3 - 2816*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16
*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*...

```

### 3.443 $\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3667
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3667
Rubi [A] (verified)	3668
Maple [F]	3669
Fricas [F]	3670
Sympy [F]	3670
Maxima [F]	3670
Giac [F]	3671
Mupad [F(-1)]	3671
Reduce [F]	3671

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2}(2+bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)}{3d}$$

```
output 2/3*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p*AppellF1(3/2,-p,-p,5/2,(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/(-b)^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*b*d/(-b)^(3/2)))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/(-b)^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*b*d/(-b)^(3/2)))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c+dx)^{3/2}(2+bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}(-\frac{1}{b})^{3/2}bd}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)}{3d}$$



input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output  $(2*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)}*(2 + b*x^2)^p*\text{AppellF1}[3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (c + d*x)/(c + \text{Sqrt}[2]*(-b^{(-1)})^{(3/2)}*b*d), (c + d*x)/(c + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[-b^{(-1)}]*d)])/(3*d*((d*(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[-b^{(-1)}] - x))/(c + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[-b^{(-1)}]*d))^p*((d*(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[-b^{(-1)}] + x))/(-c + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[-b^{(-1)}]*d))^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx^2 + 2)^p \sqrt{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int \sqrt{c + dx} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2(bx^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)}{3d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output

```
(2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(2 + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (c + d*x)/(c +
(Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[-b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*b*d)/(-b)^(3/2))]/(3*d*(1
- (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[-b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*b*
d)/(-b)^(3/2))))^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_
] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (
c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 -
x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx + c} (bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx}(2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c}(bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx}(2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{c + dx}(bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*(b*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx}(2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c}(bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(bx^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2+2)^p \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}(bx^2+2)^p bcx + 4\sqrt{dx+c}(bx^2+2)^p d + 4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}(bx^2+2)^p x^2}{4bdpx^3+4bcpx^2+3bdx^3+3bcx^2+8dp+8cp+6dx+6c} dx\right) b^2}{1}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*b*c*x + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*d
+ 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 +
4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 + 8*c*p + 6*c + 8*d*p*x + 6*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2*p
+ 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 +
4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 + 8*c*p + 6*c + 8*d*p*x + 6*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2 -
32*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 +
4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 + 8*c*p + 6*c + 8*d*p*x + 6*d*x),x)*b*d**2*p**2
- 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 +
4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 + 8*c*p + 6*c + 8*d*p*x + 6*d*x),x)*b*d**2*p -
6*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*
b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 + 8*c*p + 6*c + 8*d*p*x + 6*d*x),x)*b*d**2 + 32*in
t((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**
3 + 3*b*d*x**3 + 8*c*p + 6*c + 8*d*p*x + 6*d*x),x)*b*c**2*p**2 + 32*int((s
qrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 +
3*b*d*x**3 + 8*c*p + 6*c + 8*d*p*x + 6*d*x),x)*b*c**2*p + 6*int((sqrt(c +
d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**
*3 + 8*c*p + 6*c + 8*d*p*x + 6*d*x),x)*b*c**2 - 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x
**2 + 2)**p)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 + 8*c*
p + 6*c + 8*d*p*x + 6*d*x),x)*d**2*p - 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)*
*p)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 + 8*c*p + 6*...

```

**3.444**  $\int \frac{(2+bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	3673
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3673
Rubi [A] (verified)	3674
Maple [F]	3675
Fricas [F]	3676
Sympy [F]	3676
Maxima [F]	3676
Giac [F]	3677
Mupad [F(-1)]	3677
Reduce [F]	3677

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(2+bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx}(2+bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)}{d}$$

output

```
2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(b*x^2+2)^p*AppellF1(1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/(-b)^(1/2)), (d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*b*d/(-b)^(3/2)))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/(-b)^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*b*d/(-b)^(3/2)))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(2+bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \sqrt{c+dx}(2+bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}(-\frac{1}{b})^{3/2}bd}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + b*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2(bx^2 + 2)^p \sqrt{c + dx} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(2 + b*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[-b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*b*d)/(-b)^(3/2))]/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[-b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*b*d)/(-b)^(3/2)))^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input

```
int((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*x**2 + 2)**p/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} (bx^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(c + d*x),x)`

**3.445**  $\int \frac{(2+bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3678
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3678
Rubi [A] (verified)	3679
Maple [F]	3680
Fricas [F]	3681
Sympy [F]	3681
Maxima [F]	3681
Giac [F]	3682
Mupad [F(-1)]	3682
Reduce [F]	3682

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(2 + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

output

```
-2*(b*x^2+2)^p*AppellF1(-1/2,-p,-p,1/2,(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/(-b)^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*b*d/(-b)^(3/2)))/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/(-b)^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*b*d/(-b)^(3/2)))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (2 + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}(-\frac{1}{b})^{3/2}bd}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(2 + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, -p, 1/2, (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[2]*(-b^(-1))^(3/2)*b*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-b^(-1)]*d))^p*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{514}$$

$$\frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{150}$$

$$\frac{2(bx^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input `Int[(2 + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(-2*(2 + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, -p, 1/2, (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[-b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*b*d)/(-b)^(3/2))]/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[-b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*b*d)/(-b)^(3/2))))^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(b*x^2 + 2)^p/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*x**2 + 2)**p/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} (bx^2 + 2)^p}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)`

### 3.446 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3683
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3683
Rubi [A] (verified)	3684
Maple [F]	3685
Fricas [F]	3685
Sympy [F]	3686
Maxima [F]	3686
Giac [F]	3686
Mupad [F(-1)]	3687
Reduce [F]	3687

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{5d}$$

output

$$\frac{2/5*(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}*(3*x^2+2)^p*\text{AppellF1}(5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, 3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-I*6^{(1/2)}*(1/2)*d), 3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+I*6^{(1/2)}*d))/d/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-I*6^{(1/2)}*d))^{-p})/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+I*6^{(1/2)}*d))^{-p})}{5d}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^2}d-3x})}{3c+\sqrt{6}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^2}d^2}}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}-3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^2}dx}}{\sqrt{6+3c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{d^2}d^2}}}\right)^{-p} (2 + 3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{5d}$$



input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(2*(c + d*x)^{(5/2)}*(2 + 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]/Sqrt[-d^(-2)]), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*Sqrt[-d^(-2)]*d^2)]/(5*d*((d*(Sqrt[6]*Sqrt[-d^(-2)]*d - 3*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*Sqrt[-d^(-2)]*d^2))^p*((Sqrt[6] - 3*Sqrt[-d^(-2)]*d*x)/(Sqrt[6] + 3*c*Sqrt[-d^(-2)]))^p)}{5d}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2(3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^{5/2} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} AppellF1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{5d}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(2*(c + d*x)^{(5/2)}*(2 + 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - I*Sqrt[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + I*Sqrt[6]*d)]/(5*d*(1 - (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - I*Sqrt[6]*d))^p*(1 - (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + I*Sqrt[6]*d))^p)}{5d}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
  tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 -
  (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 -
  x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &&
  NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*(3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p, x)`

output

```
(24*sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*p*x + 36*sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p
*c*x + 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*p*x**2 + 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**
2 + 2)**p*d*p + 18*sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*x**2 + 36*sqrt(c + d*x)
*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d + 432*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(48*c*p*
*2*x**2 + 32*c*p**2 + 96*c*p*x**2 + 64*c*p + 45*c*x**2 + 30*c + 48*d*p**2*
x**3 + 32*d*p**2*x + 96*d*p*x**3 + 64*d*p*x + 45*d*x**3 + 30*d*x),x)*c**2*
p**2 + 864*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(48*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*c
*p**2 + 96*c*p*x**2 + 64*c*p + 45*c*x**2 + 30*c + 48*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*d*p*
*2*x + 96*d*p*x**3 + 64*d*p*x + 45*d*x**3 + 30*d*x),x)*c**2*p + 405*int((s
qrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(48*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*c*p**2 + 96*c*p*x*
*2 + 64*c*p + 45*c*x**2 + 30*c + 48*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*d*p**2*x + 96*d*p*x**
3 + 64*d*p*x + 45*d*x**3 + 30*d*x),x)*c**2 - 1536*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x*
*2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(48*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*c*p**2 + 96*c*p*x**2 + 64*c*p + 45*c
*x**2 + 30*c + 48*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*d*p**2*x + 96*d*p*x**3 + 64*d*p*x + 45*
d*x**3 + 30*d*x),x)*d**2*p**4 - 6144*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x*
*2)/(48*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*c*p**2 + 96*c*p*x**2 + 64*c*p + 45*c*x**2 + 30*c
+ 48*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*d*p**2*x + 96*d*p*x**3 + 64*d*p*x + 45*d*x**3 + 30*d
*x),x)*d**2*p**3 - 8448*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(48*c*p**
2*x**2 + 32*c*p**2 + 96*c*p*x**2 + 64*c*p + 45*c*x**2 + 30*c + 48*d*p**2*x
**3 + 32*d*p**2*x + 96*d*p*x**3 + 64*d*p*x + 45*d*x**3 + 30*d*x),x)*d**...
```

### 3.447 $\int \sqrt{c + dx}(2 + 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3689
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3689
Rubi [A] (verified)	3690
Maple [F]	3691
Fricas [F]	3691
Sympy [F]	3692
Maxima [F]	3692
Giac [F]	3692
Mupad [F(-1)]	3693
Reduce [F]	3693

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx}(2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{3d}$$

output

$$\frac{2/3*(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*(3*x^2+2)^p*\text{AppellF1}(3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, 3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-I*6^{(1/2)*d}), 3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+I*6^{(1/2)*d}))/d/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-I*6^{(1/2)*d}))^p)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+I*6^{(1/2)*d}))^p)}{3d}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx}(2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3ix)}{3ic+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3ix)}{-3ic+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 + 3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{3d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

$$(2*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)}*(2 + 3*x^2)^p*\text{AppellF1}[3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - I*\text{Sqrt}[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + I*\text{Sqrt}[6]*d)]/(3*d*((d*\text{Sqrt}[6] - (3*I)*x))/((3*I)*c + \text{Sqrt}[6]*d))^p*((d*(\text{Sqrt}[6] + (3*I)*x))/((-3*I)*c + \text{Sqrt}[6]*d))^p)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (3x^2 + 2)^p \sqrt{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \int \sqrt{c + dx} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2(3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)}{3d}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(2 + 3*x^2)^p, x]$$

output

$$(2*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)}*(2 + 3*x^2)^p*\text{AppellF1}[3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - I*\text{Sqrt}[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + I*\text{Sqrt}[6]*d)]/(3*d*(1 - (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - I*\text{Sqrt}[6]*d))^p*(1 - (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + I*\text{Sqrt}[6]*d))^p)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx + c} (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+3x^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{c+dx}(3x^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*(3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+3x^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(3x^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+3x^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(3x^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+3x^2)^p dx = \int (3x^2+2)^p \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2+3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{dx+c}(3x^2+2)^p cx + 4\sqrt{dx+c}(3x^2+2)^p d + 36 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}(3x^2+2)^p x^2}{12dp x^3 + 12cp x^2 + 9d x^3 + 9c x^2 + 8dp x + 8cp + 6dx + 6c} dx \right) c^2 p}{1}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p, x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*x + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d +
36*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(12*c*p*x**2 + 8*c*p + 9*c*x**
2 + 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 + 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 + 6*d*x),x)*c**2*p + 27*int((s
qrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(12*c*p*x**2 + 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 + 6*c +
12*d*p*x**3 + 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 + 6*d*x),x)*c**2 - 96*int((sqrt(c + d*x)
*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(12*c*p*x**2 + 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 + 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3
+ 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 + 6*d*x),x)*d**2*p**2 - 96*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**
2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(12*c*p*x**2 + 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 + 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 + 8*d*
p*x + 9*d*x**3 + 6*d*x),x)*d**2*p - 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*
x**2)/(12*c*p*x**2 + 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 + 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 + 8*d*p*x + 9*d*
x**3 + 6*d*x),x)*d**2 + 96*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(12*c*p*x**
2 + 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 + 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 + 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 + 6*d*x),x)*
c**2*p**2 + 96*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(12*c*p*x**2 + 8*c*p +
9*c*x**2 + 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 + 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 + 6*d*x),x)*c**2*p + 18*
int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(12*c*p*x**2 + 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 + 6*c
+ 12*d*p*x**3 + 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 + 6*d*x),x)*c**2 - 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)
)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(12*c*p*x**2 + 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 + 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 + 8
*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 + 6*d*x),x)*d**2*p - 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)*
*p)/(12*c*p*x**2 + 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 + 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 + 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x*
*3 + 6*d*x),x)*d**2)/(3*c*(4*p + 3))
```

**3.448**  $\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	3695
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3695
Rubi [A] (verified)	3696
Maple [F]	3697
Fricas [F]	3697
Sympy [F]	3698
Maxima [F]	3698
Giac [F]	3698
Mupad [F(-1)]	3699
Reduce [F]	3699

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx}(2 + 3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d}$$

output

$$2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(3*x^2+2)^p*\text{AppellF1}(1/2,-p,-p,3/2,3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-I*6^(1/2)*d),3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+I*6^(1/2)*d))/d/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-I*6^(1/2)*d))^p)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+I*6^(1/2)*d))^p)$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3ix)}{3ic+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3ix)}{-3ic+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \sqrt{c + dx}(2 + 3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + 3*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 + 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - I*Sqrt[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + I*Sqrt[6]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[6] - (3*I)*x))/((3*I)*c + Sqrt[6]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[6] + (3*I)*x))/((-3*I)*c + Sqrt[6]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

↓ 514

$$\frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{2(3x^2 + 2)^p \sqrt{c + dx} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 + 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - I*Sqrt[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + I*Sqrt[6]*d)]/(d*(1 - (3*(c + d*x))/((3*c - I*Sqrt[6]*d))^p*(1 - (3*(c + d*x))/((3*c + I*Sqrt[6]*d))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral((3*x**2 + 2)**p/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} (3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(c + d*x), x)`



**3.449**  $\int \frac{(2+3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3700
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3700
Rubi [A] (verified)	3701
Maple [F]	3702
Fricas [F]	3702
Sympy [F]	3703
Maxima [F]	3703
Giac [F]	3703
Mupad [F(-1)]	3704
Reduce [F]	3704

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(2 + 3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

output

$$-2*(3*x^2+2)^p*\text{AppellF1}(-1/2,-p,-p,1/2,3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-I*6^(1/2)*d),3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+I*6^(1/2)*d))/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-I*6^(1/2)*d))^p)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+I*6^(1/2)*d))^p)$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3ix)}{3ic+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3ix)}{-3ic+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} (2 + 3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input `Integrate[(2 + 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(2 + 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, -p, 1/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - I*Sqrt[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + I*Sqrt[6]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[6] - (3*I)*x))/((3*I)*c + Sqrt[6]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[6] + (3*I)*x))/((-3*I)*c + Sqrt[6]*d))^p*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2(3x^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Int[(2 + 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(2 + 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, -p, 1/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - I*Sqrt[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + I*Sqrt[6]*d)]/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(1 - (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - I*Sqrt[6]*d))^p*(1 - (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + I*Sqrt[6]*d))^p)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
  tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (
  c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 -
  x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &&
  NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral((3*x**2 + 2)**p/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 + 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} (3x^2 + 2)^p}{d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx$$

input `int((3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2), x)`

### 3.450 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3705
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3705
Rubi [A] (verified)	3706
Maple [F]	3707
Fricas [F]	3707
Sympy [F]	3708
Maxima [F]	3708
Giac [F]	3708
Mupad [F(-1)]	3709
Reduce [F]	3709

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} (a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{5d}$$

output

```
2/5*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(5/2,-p,-p,7/2,(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{ab}{d^2}}d - bx)}{bc + \sqrt{\frac{ab}{d^2}}d^2}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{ab}{d^2}}d + bx)}{-bc + \sqrt{\frac{ab}{d^2}}d^2}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{5/2} (a - bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{b(c+dx)}{bc + \sqrt{\frac{ab}{d^2}}d^2}, \frac{b(c+dx)}{-bc + \sqrt{\frac{ab}{d^2}}d^2}\right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, (b*(c + d*x))/(b*c + Sqrt[(a*b)/d^2]*d^2), (b*(c + d*x))/(b*c - Sqrt[(a*b)/d^2]*d^2)]/(5*d*((d*(Sqrt[(a*b)/d^2]*d - b*x))/(b*c + Sqrt[(a*b)/d^2]*d^2))^p*((d*(Sqrt[(a*b)/d^2]*d + b*x))/(-(b*c) + Sqrt[(a*b)/d^2]*d^2))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} (a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)}{5d}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(5*d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_]
  := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2,
  (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
  tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
  {q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (
  c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 -
  x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &&
  NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)
```



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*(-b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**p*(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p, x)`

output

```
( - 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*d*p - 18*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)
**p*a*d + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*c*p*x + 12*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a -
b*x**2)**p*b*c*x + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*d*p*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c +
d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*d*x**2 - 256*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*x*
*2)/(16*a*c*p**2 + 32*a*c*p + 15*a*c + 16*a*d*p**2*x + 32*a*d*p*x + 15*a*d
*x - 16*b*c*p**2*x**2 - 32*b*c*p*x**2 - 15*b*c*x**2 - 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 - 3
2*b*d*p*x**3 - 15*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p**4 - 1024*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a
- b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(16*a*c*p**2 + 32*a*c*p + 15*a*c + 16*a*d*p**2*x + 32*a
*d*p*x + 15*a*d*x - 16*b*c*p**2*x**2 - 32*b*c*p*x**2 - 15*b*c*x**2 - 16*b*
d*p**2*x**3 - 32*b*d*p*x**3 - 15*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p**3 - 1408*int((sq
rt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(16*a*c*p**2 + 32*a*c*p + 15*a*c + 16*a*
d*p**2*x + 32*a*d*p*x + 15*a*d*x - 16*b*c*p**2*x**2 - 32*b*c*p*x**2 - 15*b
*c*x**2 - 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 - 32*b*d*p*x**3 - 15*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p**2
- 768*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(16*a*c*p**2 + 32*a*c*p +
15*a*c + 16*a*d*p**2*x + 32*a*d*p*x + 15*a*d*x - 16*b*c*p**2*x**2 - 32*b*c
*p*x**2 - 15*b*c*x**2 - 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 - 32*b*d*p*x**3 - 15*b*d*x**3),x)
*a*b*d**2*p - 135*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(16*a*c*p**2 +
32*a*c*p + 15*a*c + 16*a*d*p**2*x + 32*a*d*p*x + 15*a*d*x - 16*b*c*p**2*x*
*2 - 32*b*c*p*x**2 - 15*b*c*x**2 - 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 - 32*b*d*p*x**3 - 15*b
*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2 - 48*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(16*...
```

### 3.451 $\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3711
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3711
Rubi [A] (verified)	3712
Maple [F]	3713
Fricas [F]	3713
Sympy [F]	3714
Maxima [F]	3714
Giac [F]	3714
Mupad [F(-1)]	3715
Reduce [F]	3715

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{\frac{ad}{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{\frac{ad}{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{\frac{ad}{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{\frac{ad}{b}}}\right)}{3d}$$

output  $2/3*(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*(-b*x^2+a)^p*\text{AppellF1}(3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (d*x+c)/(c-a^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}), (d*x+c)/(c+a^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+a^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^p)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c+dx)^{3/2}(a-bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[a/b]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d)]/(3*d*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] - x))/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(a-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int \sqrt{c+dx} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c+dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2} (a-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{3d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(3*d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx + c} (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx + c} (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p dx = \int (a-bx^2)^p \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*(-b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**p*sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(-bx^2+a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(-bx^2+a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p dx = \int (a-bx^2)^p \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p, x)`



output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*d + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*
b*c*x - 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a
*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x - 4*b*c*p*x**2 - 3*b*c*x**2 - 4*b*d*p*x**3 - 3*b*d*x**3),
x)*a*b*d**2*p**2 - 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(4*a*c*p +
3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x - 4*b*c*p*x**2 - 3*b*c*x**2 - 4*b*d*p*x**3 - 3
*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(4*a
*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x - 4*b*c*p*x**2 - 3*b*c*x**2 - 4*b*d*p*x
**3 - 3*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2 - 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)
/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x - 4*b*c*p*x**2 - 3*b*c*x**2 - 4*b*
d*p*x**3 - 3*b*d*x**3),x)*b**2*c**2*p - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)*
*p*x**2)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x - 4*b*c*p*x**2 - 3*b*c*x**
2 - 4*b*d*p*x**3 - 3*b*d*x**3),x)*b**2*c**2 + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*
x**2)**p)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x - 4*b*c*p*x**2 - 3*b*c*x*
*2 - 4*b*d*p*x**3 - 3*b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*d**2*p + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a -
b*x**2)**p)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x - 4*b*c*p*x**2 - 3*b*c
*x**2 - 4*b*d*p*x**3 - 3*b*d*x**3),x)*a**2*d**2 + 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a
- b*x**2)**p)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x - 4*b*c*p*x**2 - 3*b
*c*x**2 - 4*b*d*p*x**3 - 3*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*c**2*p**2 + 16*int((sqrt(c + d
*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p)/(4*a*c*p + 3*a*c + 4*a*d*p*x + 3*a*d*x - 4*b*c*p*x**2
- 3*b*c*x**2 - 4*b*d*p*x**3 - 3*b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*c**2*p + 3*int((sqrt(...
```

**3.452**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	3717
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3717
Rubi [A] (verified)	3718
Maple [F]	3719
Fricas [F]	3719
Sympy [F]	3720
Maxima [F]	3720
Giac [F]	3720
Mupad [F(-1)]	3721
Reduce [F]	3721

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d}$$

output

```
2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)), (d*x+c)/(c+a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \sqrt{c+dx}(a-bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[a/b]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] - x))/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

↓ 514

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

↓ 150

$$\frac{2\sqrt{c + dx}(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)}{d}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**p/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**p/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} (-bx^2 + a)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p)/(c + d*x),x)`

**3.453**  $\int \frac{(a-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3722
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3722
Rubi [A] (verified)	3723
Maple [F]	3724
Fricas [F]	3724
Sympy [F]	3725
Maxima [F]	3725
Giac [F]	3725
Mupad [F(-1)]	3726
Reduce [F]	3726

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

output

```
-2*(-b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(-1/2,-p,-p,1/2,(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(((1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2))))^p)/(((1-(d*x+c)/(c+a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2))))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (a - bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, -p, 1/2, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[a/b]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] - x))/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{514}$$

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{150}$$

$$\frac{2(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)}{d\sqrt{c + dx}}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, -p, 1/2, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**p/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c}(-bx^2 + a)^p}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(a - b*x**2)**p)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)`

### 3.454 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3727
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3727
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3728
Maple [F]	3729
Fricas [F]	3730
Sympy [F]	3730
Maxima [F]	3730
Giac [F]	3731
Mupad [F(-1)]	3731
Reduce [F]	3731

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} (2 - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{5d}$$

output

$$\frac{2/5*(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}*(-b*x^2+2)^p*\text{AppellF1}(5/2,-p,-p,7/2,(d*x+c)/(c-2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}),(d*x+c)/(c+2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^p)}{5d}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{\frac{b}{d^2}} dx}{\sqrt{2} + c\sqrt{\frac{b}{d^2}}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{\frac{b}{d^2}} dx}{\sqrt{2} - c\sqrt{\frac{b}{d^2}}}\right)^{-p} (2 - bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{d^2}}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\frac{b}{d^2}}}}\right)}{5d}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(2 - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `(2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(2 - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[2]/Sqrt[b/d^2]), (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[2]/Sqrt[b/d^2])]/(5*d*((Sqrt[2] - Sqrt[b/d^2]*d*x)/(Sqrt[2] + c*Sqrt[b/d^2]))^p*((Sqrt[2] + Sqrt[b/d^2]*d*x)/(Sqrt[2] - c*Sqrt[b/d^2]))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (2 - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\
 & 2^p \int \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & \frac{2^{p-\frac{1}{4}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}} + c\right) \sqrt{c + dx} \int \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bdx}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & \frac{2^{2p+\frac{1}{4}} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}} + c\right) \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{p+1} \sqrt{c + dx} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -p, -\frac{3}{2}, p + 2, \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{bx}}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{d(2\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{bx})}{2(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{2d})}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(p+1)\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(2 - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output

```

-((2^(1/4 + 2*p)*(c + (Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[b])*(1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[2])^(1 +
p)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*AppellF1[1 + p, -p, -3/2, 2 + p, (Sqrt[2] - Sqrt[b]*x)/(2
*Sqrt[2]), (d*(2*Sqrt[2] - 2*Sqrt[b]*x))/(2*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[2]*d))]/(Sqr
t[b]*(1 + p)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*c + 2*d]))

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])

```

rule 156

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p
]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]

```

rule 513

```

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \int (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*(-b*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x)**(3/2)*(-b*x**2 + 2)**p, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \int (2 - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((2 - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((2 - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x)`



output

```
(8*sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*b*c*p*x + 12*sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2
+ 2)**p*b*c*x + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*b*d*p*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c +
d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*b*d*x**2 - 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*d*
p - 36*sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*d + 48*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**
2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16*b*d*
p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3 - 32*c*p**2 - 64*c*p - 30*c - 32*d
*p**2*x - 64*d*p*x - 30*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2*p**2 + 96*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(-
b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 + 16
*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3 - 32*c*p**2 - 64*c*p - 30*c -
32*d*p**2*x - 64*d*p*x - 30*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2*p + 45*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(-
b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 +
16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3 - 32*c*p**2 - 64*c*p - 30*c
- 32*d*p**2*x - 64*d*p*x - 30*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2 + 512*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*
(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x**2 +
16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3 - 32*c*p**2 - 64*c*p - 30*
c - 32*d*p**2*x - 64*d*p*x - 30*d*x),x)*b*d**2*p**4 + 2048*int((sqrt(c + d
*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15*b*c*x*
*2 + 16*b*d*p**2*x**3 + 32*b*d*p*x**3 + 15*b*d*x**3 - 32*c*p**2 - 64*c*p -
30*c - 32*d*p**2*x - 64*d*p*x - 30*d*x),x)*b*d**2*p**3 + 2816*int((sqrt(c
+ d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(16*b*c*p**2*x**2 + 32*b*c*p*x**2 + 15...
```

### 3.455 $\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	3733
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3734
Maple [F]	3735
Fricas [F]	3736
Sympy [F]	3736
Maxima [F]	3736
Giac [F]	3737
Mupad [F(-1)]	3737
Reduce [F]	3737

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2}(2-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{3d}$$

output

$$\frac{2/3*(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*(-b*x^2+2)^p*\text{AppellF1}(3/2,-p,-p,5/2,(d*x+c)/(c-2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}),(d*x+c)/(c+2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^p)}{3d}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c+dx)^{3/2}(2-bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)}{3d}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output  $(2*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)}*(2 - b*x^2)^p*\text{AppellF1}[3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (c + d*x)/(c - \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}]*d])/(3*d*((d*(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}] - x))/(c + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}]*d))^p*((d*(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}] + x))/(-c + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}]*d))^p)$

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (2 - bx^2)^p \sqrt{c + dx} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\
 & 2^p \int \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)^p \sqrt{c + dx} \, dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & \frac{2^{2p-\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{c + dx} \int \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)^p \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bdx}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}} \, dx}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & \frac{2^{2p+\frac{1}{4}} \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{p+1} \sqrt{c + dx} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, p + 2, \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{bx}}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{d(2\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{bx})}{2(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{2d})}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(p+1) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output

```

-((2^(1/4 + 2*p)*(1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[2])^(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*AppellF1[
1 + p, -p, -1/2, 2 + p, (Sqrt[2] - Sqrt[b]*x)/(2*Sqrt[2]), (d*(2*Sqrt[2] -
2*Sqrt[b]*x))/(2*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[2]*d))]/(Sqrt[b]*(1 + p)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]
]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*c + 2*d]))

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])

```

rule 156

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]
*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]

```

rule 513

```

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx + c} (-bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(-bx^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{c+dx}(-bx^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*(-b*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*x)*(-b*x**2 + 2)**p, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(-bx^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(-bx^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p dx = \int (2-bx^2)^p \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `int((2 - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((2 - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}(-bx^2+2)^p bcx - 4\sqrt{dx+c}(-bx^2+2)^p d + 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}(-bx^2+2)^p x^2}{4bdpx^3+4bcpx^2+3bdx^3+3bcx^2-8dpx-8cp-6dx-6c} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*b*c*x - 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)
)**p*d + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b
*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 - 8*c*p - 6*c - 8*d*p*x - 6*d*x),x)*b
**2*c**2*p + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 +
3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 - 8*c*p - 6*c - 8*d*p*x - 6*d*x),x)
*b**2*c**2 + 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*b*c*p*x**2
+ 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 - 8*c*p - 6*c - 8*d*p*x - 6*d*x),
x)*b*d**2*p**2 + 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*b*c*p*x
**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 - 8*c*p - 6*c - 8*d*p*x - 6*d
*x),x)*b*d**2*p + 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(4*b*c*p*x
**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 - 8*c*p - 6*c - 8*d*p*x - 6*d
*x),x)*b*d**2 - 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 +
3*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 - 8*c*p - 6*c - 8*d*p*x - 6*d*x),x)
*b*c**2*p**2 - 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3
*b*c*x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 - 8*c*p - 6*c - 8*d*p*x - 6*d*x),x)*
b*c**2*p - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*
x**2 + 4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 - 8*c*p - 6*c - 8*d*p*x - 6*d*x),x)*b*c**
2 - 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 +
4*b*d*p*x**3 + 3*b*d*x**3 - 8*c*p - 6*c - 8*d*p*x - 6*d*x),x)*d**2*p - 12
*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(4*b*c*p*x**2 + 3*b*c*x**2 + 4*...

```

**3.456**  $\int \frac{(2-bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	3739
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3739
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3740
Maple [F]	3741
Fricas [F]	3742
Sympy [F]	3742
Maxima [F]	3742
Giac [F]	3743
Mupad [F(-1)]	3743
Reduce [F]	3743

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{(2-bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d}$$

output

```
2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-b*x^2+2)^p*AppellF1(1/2,-p,-p,3/2,(d*x+c)/(c-2^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-2^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(2-bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \sqrt{c+dx}(2-bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)}{d}$$



input `Integrate[(2 - b*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\
 & 2^p \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & \frac{2^{p+\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)^p}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bdx}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & \frac{2^{2p+\frac{3}{4}} \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{p+1} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -p, \frac{1}{2}, p + 2, \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{bx}}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{d(2\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{bx})}{2(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{2d})}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(p + 1)\sqrt{c + dx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 - b*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output

```

-((2^(3/4 + 2*p)*(1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[2])^(1 + p)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)
)/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*c + 2*d)]*AppellF1[1 + p, -p, 1/2, 2 + p, (Sqrt[2] - Sq
rt[b]*x)/(2*Sqrt[2]), (d*(2*Sqrt[2] - 2*Sqrt[b]*x))/(2*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[2
]*d))])/(Sqrt[b]*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d*x]))

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])

```

rule 156

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p
]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]

```

rule 513

```

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```

output `int((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((-b*x**2 + 2)**p/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int((2 - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((2 - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} (-bx^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(c + d*x),x)`

**3.457**  $\int \frac{(2-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3744
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3744
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3745
Maple [F]	3746
Fricas [F]	3747
Sympy [F]	3747
Maxima [F]	3747
Giac [F]	3748
Mupad [F(-1)]	3748
Reduce [F]	3748

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{(2-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(2-bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{b}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{b}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{b}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2d}\sqrt{b}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

output

```
-2*(-b*x^2+2)^p*AppellF1(-1/2,-p,-p,1/2,(d*x+c)/(c-2^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/(((1-(d*x+c)/(c-2^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2))))^p)/(((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2))))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(2-bx^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (2-bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Integrate[(2 - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(-2*(2 - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, -p, 1/2, (c + d*x)/(c - \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}]*d])/(d*((d*(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}] - x))/(c + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}]*d))^p*((d*(\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}] + x))/(-c + \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{(-1)}]*d))^p*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])}{(p + 1) (\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc + 2d}) \sqrt{c + dx}}$$

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\ & 2^p \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{b}2^{p+\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}} \int \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)^p}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bdx}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}\right)^{3/2}} dx}{(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc + 2d}) \sqrt{c + dx}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\ & \frac{2^{2p+\frac{5}{4}} \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{p+1} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc+2d}}} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, p + 2, \frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{bx}}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{d(2\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{bx})}{2(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{2d})}\right)}{(p + 1) (\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc + 2d}) \sqrt{c + dx}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

```

-((2^(5/4 + 2*p)*(1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[2])^(1 + p)*Sqrt[(Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)
)/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*c + 2*d)]*AppellF1[1 + p, -p, 3/2, 2 + p, (Sqrt[2] - Sqr
t[b]*x)/(2*Sqrt[2]), (d*(2*Sqrt[2] - 2*Sqrt[b]*x))/(2*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[2
]*d))])/((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*c + 2*d)*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d*x]))

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])

```

rule 156

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p
]*b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]

```

rule 513

```

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

output `int((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-b*x^2 + 2)^p/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((-b*x**2 + 2)**p/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((2 - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((2 - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c}(-bx^2 + 2)^p}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)`

### 3.458 $\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3749
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3749
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3750
Maple [F]	3751
Fricas [F]	3752
Sympy [F]	3752
Maxima [F]	3752
Giac [F]	3753
Mupad [F(-1)]	3753
Reduce [F]	3753

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{5d}$$

output

$$2/5*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p*\text{AppellF1}(5/2,-p,-p,7/2,3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-\sqrt{6*d}),3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+\sqrt{6*d}))/d/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-\sqrt{6*d}))^p)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+\sqrt{6*d}))^p)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}-3\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^2}}dx}{\sqrt{6}+3c\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^2}}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}+3\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^2}}dx}{\sqrt{6}-3c\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^2}}}\right)^{-p} (2 - 3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^2}}(c+dx)}{\sqrt{6}+3c\sqrt{\frac{1}{d^2}}}\right)}{5d}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]$$

output

```
(2*(c + d*x)^(5/2)*(2 - 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[5/2, -p, -p, 7/2, (3*Sqrt[d^(-2)]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[6] + 3*c*Sqrt[d^(-2)]), (-3*Sqrt[d^(-2)]*(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[6] - 3*c*Sqrt[d^(-2)])])/(5*d*((Sqrt[6] - 3*Sqrt[d^(-2)]*d*x)/(Sqrt[6] + 3*c*Sqrt[d^(-2)]))^p*((Sqrt[6] + 3*Sqrt[d^(-2)]*d*x)/(Sqrt[6] - 3*c*Sqrt[d^(-2)]))^p)
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{513}$$

$$2^p \int \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^p \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x + 1\right)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{156}$$

$$\frac{2^{p-\frac{1}{4}}(\sqrt{3}c + \sqrt{2}d) \sqrt{c + dx} \int \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^p \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}c}{\sqrt{6c+2d}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}dx}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}\right)^{3/2} dx}{3^{3/4} \sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{155}$$

$$\frac{2^{2p+\frac{1}{4}}(\sqrt{3}c + \sqrt{2}d) \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^{p+1} \sqrt{c + dx} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -p, -\frac{3}{2}, p + 2, \frac{1}{4}(2 - \sqrt{6}x), \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}d(2 - \sqrt{6}x)}{3c + \sqrt{6}d}\right)}{3^4 \sqrt{3}(p + 1) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}}}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x)^(3/2)*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(2^(1/4 + 2*p)*(Sqrt[3]*c + Sqrt[2]*d)*(1 - Sqrt[3/2]*x)^(1 + p)*Sqrt
[c + d*x]*AppellF1[1 + p, -p, -3/2, 2 + p, (2 - Sqrt[6]*x)/4, (Sqrt[3/2]*d
*(2 - Sqrt[6]*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)]/(3^(1/4)*(1 + p)*Sqrt[(c + d*x)/(Sqr
t[6]*c + 2*d]))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])
```

rule 156

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p
]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]
```

rule 513

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (2 - 3x^2)^p (c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(3/2)*(-3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((2 - 3*x**2)**p*(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^(3/2)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (2 - 3x^2)^p (c + dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(3/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```
(24*sqrt(c + d*x)*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*p*x + 36*sqrt(c + d*x)*( - 3*x**2 +
2)**p*c*x + 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*p*x**2 - 32*sqrt(c + d*
x)*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*p + 18*sqrt(c + d*x)*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d*x**2 - 3
6*sqrt(c + d*x)*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*d + 432*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*( - 3*x**2 +
2)**p*x**2)/(48*c*p**2*x**2 - 32*c*p**2 + 96*c*p*x**2 - 64*c*p + 45*c*x**
2 - 30*c + 48*d*p**2*x**3 - 32*d*p**2*x + 96*d*p*x**3 - 64*d*p*x + 45*d*x**
*3 - 30*d*x),x)*c**2*p**2 + 864*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2
)/(48*c*p**2*x**2 - 32*c*p**2 + 96*c*p*x**2 - 64*c*p + 45*c*x**2 - 30*c +
48*d*p**2*x**3 - 32*d*p**2*x + 96*d*p*x**3 - 64*d*p*x + 45*d*x**3 - 30*d*x
),x)*c**2*p + 405*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(48*c*p**2*x
**2 - 32*c*p**2 + 96*c*p*x**2 - 64*c*p + 45*c*x**2 - 30*c + 48*d*p**2*x**3
- 32*d*p**2*x + 96*d*p*x**3 - 64*d*p*x + 45*d*x**3 - 30*d*x),x)*c**2 + 15
36*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(48*c*p**2*x**2 - 32*c*p**2
+ 96*c*p*x**2 - 64*c*p + 45*c*x**2 - 30*c + 48*d*p**2*x**3 - 32*d*p**2*x
+ 96*d*p*x**3 - 64*d*p*x + 45*d*x**3 - 30*d*x),x)*d**2*p**4 + 6144*int((sq
rt(c + d*x)*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(48*c*p**2*x**2 - 32*c*p**2 + 96*c*p*
x**2 - 64*c*p + 45*c*x**2 - 30*c + 48*d*p**2*x**3 - 32*d*p**2*x + 96*d*p*x
**3 - 64*d*p*x + 45*d*x**3 - 30*d*x),x)*d**2*p**3 + 8448*int((sqrt(c + d*x
)*( - 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(48*c*p**2*x**2 - 32*c*p**2 + 96*c*p*x**2 - 64*
c*p + 45*c*x**2 - 30*c + 48*d*p**2*x**3 - 32*d*p**2*x + 96*d*p*x**3 - 6...
```

### 3.459 $\int \sqrt{c + dx}(2 - 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3755
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3755
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3756
Maple [F]	3757
Fricas [F]	3758
Sympy [F]	3758
Maxima [F]	3758
Giac [F]	3759
Mupad [F(-1)]	3759
Reduce [F]	3759

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx}(2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{3d}$$

output

$$\frac{2/3*(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}*(-3*x^2+2)^p*\text{AppellF1}(3/2,-p,-p,5/2,3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-\sqrt{6*d}),3*(d*x+c)/(6^{(1/2)}*d+3*c))/d/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-\sqrt{6*d}))^p)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(6^{(1/2)}*d+3*c))^p)}{3d}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \sqrt{c + dx}(2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3x)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3x)}{-3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{3/2} (2 - 3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{3d}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]$$



output

$$\frac{(2*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)}*(2 - 3*x^2)^p*\text{AppellF1}[3/2, -p, -p, 5/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - \text{Sqrt}[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + \text{Sqrt}[6]*d))]/(3*d*((d*(\text{Sqrt}[6] - 3*x))/(3*c + \text{Sqrt}[6]*d))^p*((d*(\text{Sqrt}[6] + 3*x))/(-3*c + \text{Sqrt}[6]*d))^p)}$$
**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p \sqrt{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 513$$

$$2^p \int \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^p \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x + 1\right)^p \sqrt{c + dx} dx$$

$$\downarrow 156$$

$$\frac{2^{p-\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{c + dx} \int \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^p \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x + 1\right)^p \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{6}c}{\sqrt{6c+2d}} + \frac{\sqrt{6}dx}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}} dx}{\sqrt[4]{3} \sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}}}$$

$$\downarrow 155$$

$$\frac{2^{2p+\frac{1}{4}} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^{p+1} \sqrt{c + dx} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, p + 2, \frac{1}{4}(2 - \sqrt{6}x), \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}d(2 - \sqrt{6}x)}{3c + \sqrt{6}d}\right)}{3^{3/4}(p + 1) \sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(2 - 3*x^2)^p, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{2^{1/4 + 2p} (1 - \text{Sqrt}[3/2]*x)^{(1 + p)} \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x] \text{AppellF1}[1 + p, -p, -1/2, 2 + p, (2 - \text{Sqrt}[6]*x)/4, (\text{Sqrt}[3/2]*d*(2 - \text{Sqrt}[6]*x))/(3*c + \text{Sqrt}[6]*d)]}{3^{3/4}*(1 + p)*\text{Sqrt}[(c + d*x)/(\text{Sqrt}[6]*c + 2*d)]}\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 155

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simpl
ify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])
```

rule 156

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p
]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]
```

rule 513

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx + c} (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-3x^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(-3x^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-3x^2)^p dx = \int (2-3x^2)^p \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(1/2)*(-3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((2 - 3*x**2)**p*sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-3x^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(-3x^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-3x^2)^p dx = \int \sqrt{dx+c}(-3x^2+2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-3x^2)^p dx = \int (2-3x^2)^p \sqrt{c+dx} dx$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c+dx}(2-3x^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{dx+c}(-3x^2+2)^p cx - 4\sqrt{dx+c}(-3x^2+2)^p d + 36 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}(-3x^2+2)^p x^2}{12dp x^3 + 12cp x^2 + 9d x^3 + 9c x^2 - 8dp x - 8cp - 6dx - 6c} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*x - 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)*
*p*d + 36*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(12*c*p*x**2 - 8*c*p
+ 9*c*x**2 - 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 - 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 - 6*d*x),x)*c**2*p +
27*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(12*c*p*x**2 - 8*c*p + 9*c*
x**2 - 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 - 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 - 6*d*x),x)*c**2 + 96*int((s
qrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(12*c*p*x**2 - 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 - 6*
c + 12*d*p*x**3 - 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 - 6*d*x),x)*d**2*p**2 + 96*int((sqrt(
c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(12*c*p*x**2 - 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 - 6*c +
12*d*p*x**3 - 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 - 6*d*x),x)*d**2*p + 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x
)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(12*c*p*x**2 - 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 - 6*c + 12*d*p*
x**3 - 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 - 6*d*x),x)*d**2 - 96*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x
**2 + 2)**p)/(12*c*p*x**2 - 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 - 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 - 8*d*p*x
+ 9*d*x**3 - 6*d*x),x)*c**2*p**2 - 96*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)*
*p)/(12*c*p*x**2 - 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 - 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 - 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x*
*3 - 6*d*x),x)*c**2*p - 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(12*c*p*
x**2 - 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 - 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 - 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 - 6*d*x),
x)*c**2 - 16*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(12*c*p*x**2 - 8*c*p +
9*c*x**2 - 6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 - 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 - 6*d*x),x)*d**2*p - 12
*int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(12*c*p*x**2 - 8*c*p + 9*c*x**2 -
6*c + 12*d*p*x**3 - 8*d*p*x + 9*d*x**3 - 6*d*x),x)*d**2)/(3*c*(4*p + 3)...
```

**3.460**  $\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	3761
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3761
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3762
Maple [F]	3763
Fricas [F]	3764
Sympy [F]	3764
Maxima [F]	3764
Giac [F]	3765
Mupad [F(-1)]	3765
Reduce [F]	3765

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx}(2-3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d}$$

output

```
2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)*(-3*x^2+2)^p*AppellF1(1/2,-p,-p,3/2,3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d),3*(d*x+c)/(6^(1/2)*d+3*c))/d/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d))^p)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(6^(1/2)*d+3*c))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3x)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3x)}{-3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \sqrt{c+dx}(2-3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(2 - 3*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2 - 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -p, 3/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - Sqrt[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[6] - 3*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[6] + 3*x))/(-3*c + Sqrt[6]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\
 & 2^p \int \frac{\left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^p \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x + 1\right)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{3} 2^{p+\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}} \int \frac{\left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^p \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x + 1\right)^p}{\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{6c}}{\sqrt{6c+2d}} + \frac{\sqrt{6dx}}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & \frac{2^{2p+\frac{3}{4}} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^{p+1} \sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}} \text{AppellF1}\left(p+1, -p, \frac{1}{2}, p+2, \frac{1}{4}(2 - \sqrt{6}x), \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}d(2 - \sqrt{6}x)}{3c + \sqrt{6}d}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{3}(p+1)\sqrt{c + dx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 - 3*x^2)^p/Sqrt[c + d*x],x]`

output

```

-((2^(3/4 + 2*p)*(1 - Sqrt[3/2]*x)^(1 + p)*Sqrt[(c + d*x)/(Sqrt[6]*c + 2*d
)]*AppellF1[1 + p, -p, 1/2, 2 + p, (2 - Sqrt[6]*x)/4, (Sqrt[3/2]*d*(2 - Sq
rt[6]*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)])/(3^(1/4)*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d*x])

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplierQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplierQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])

```

rule 156

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p
]*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]

```

rule 513

```

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input

```
int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)
```



output `int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((2 - 3*x**2)**p/sqrt(c + d*x), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{\sqrt{dx + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/sqrt(d*x + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c}(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{dx + c} dx$$

input `int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(c + d*x),x)`

**3.461**  $\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3766
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3766
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3767
Maple [F]	3768
Fricas [F]	3769
Sympy [F]	3769
Maxima [F]	3769
Giac [F]	3770
Mupad [F(-1)]	3770
Reduce [F]	3770

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(2-3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

output

```
-2*(-3*x^2+2)^p*AppellF1(-1/2,-p,-p,1/2,3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d),3*(d*x+c)/(6^(1/2)*d+3*c))/d/(d*x+c)^(1/2)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d))^p)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(6^(1/2)*d+3*c))^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(2-3x^2)^p}{(c+dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3x)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3x)}{-3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} (2-3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d\sqrt{c+dx}}$$

input `Integrate[(2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*(2 - 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, -p, -p, 1/2, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - Sqrt[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)]/(d*((d*(Sqrt[6] - 3*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[6] + 3*x))/(-3*c + Sqrt[6]*d))^p*Sqrt[c + d*x])`

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\
 & 2^p \int \frac{\left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^p \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x + 1\right)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & \frac{3^{3/4} 2^{p+\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}} \int \frac{\left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^p \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x + 1\right)^p}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{6c} + \sqrt{6dx}}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}\right)^{3/2}} dx}{(\sqrt{6c+2d}) \sqrt{c+dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt[4]{3} 2^{2p+\frac{5}{4}} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^{p+1} \sqrt{\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{6c+2d}}} \text{AppellF1}\left(p+1, -p, \frac{3}{2}, p+2, \frac{1}{4}(2 - \sqrt{6}x), \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}d(2 - \sqrt{6}x)}{3c + \sqrt{6}d}\right)}{(p+1)(\sqrt{6c+2d}) \sqrt{c+dx}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output

```

-((2^(5/4 + 2*p)*3^(1/4)*(1 - Sqrt[3/2]*x)^(1 + p)*Sqrt[(c + d*x)/(Sqrt[6]
*c + 2*d])*AppellF1[1 + p, -p, 3/2, 2 + p, (2 - Sqrt[6]*x)/4, (Sqrt[3/2]*d
*(2 - Sqrt[6]*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)])/((Sqrt[6]*c + 2*d)*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c +
d*x]))

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])

```

rule 156

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]
*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]

```

rule 513

```

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)
```

output `int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x + c)*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x**2+2)**p/(d*x+c)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((2 - 3*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**(3/2), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-3*x^2 + 2)^p/(d*x + c)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(2 - 3x^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx + c}(-3x^2 + 2)^p}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} dx$$

input `int((-3*x^2+2)^p/(d*x+c)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2),x)`

### 3.462 $\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3771
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3771
Rubi [A] (verified)	3772
Maple [F]	3773
Fricas [F]	3773
Sympy [F(-1)]	3774
Maxima [F]	3774
Giac [F]	3774
Mupad [F(-1)]	3775
Reduce [F]	3775

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} (a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1+m, -p, -p, 2+m, (d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)), (d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(1+m)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{1+m} (a + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$



input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d])/(d*(1 + m)*((d*Sqrt[-(a/b)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^m \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, -p, -p, m + 2, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(d*(1 + m)*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^m, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output

```

((c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*a*d + (c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*b*c*x - i
nt(((c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x +
2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x + b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*
b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*m**2 - 4*int(((c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)
**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x + b*c*m*x**
2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3),x)*a*b
*d**2*m*p - int(((c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c
+ a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x + b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*
d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*m - 4*int(((c + d*x)**m*(a
+ b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x +
b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x*
*3),x)*a*b*d**2*p**2 - 2*int(((c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m +
2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x + b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 +
b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p + int(((c +
d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*
x + a*d*x + b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x*
*3 + b*d*x**3),x)*b**2*c**2*m**2 + 2*int(((c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**
2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x + b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b
*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3),x)*b**2*c**2*
m*p + int(((c + d*x)**m*(a + b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + ...

```

### 3.463 $\int (c + dx)^m (2 + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3777
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3777
Rubi [A] (verified)	3778
Maple [F]	3779
Fricas [F]	3780
Sympy [F(-1)]	3780
Maxima [F]	3780
Giac [F]	3781
Mupad [F(-1)]	3781
Reduce [F]	3781

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} (2 + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2}d}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2}bd}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2}bd}{(-b)^{3/2}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2}d}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$

output  $(d*x+c)^{(1+m)}*(b*x^2+2)^p*\text{AppellF1}(1+m, -p, -p, 2+m, (d*x+c)/(c+2^{(1/2)}*d/(-b)^{(1/2)}), (d*x+c)/(c+2^{(1/2)}*b*d/(-b)^{(3/2)}))/d/(1+m)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^{(1/2)}*d/(-b)^{(1/2)}))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^{(1/2)}*b*d/(-b)^{(3/2)}))^p)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{1+m} (2 + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}(-\frac{1}{b})^{3/2}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(2 + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output  $((c + dx)^{(1+m)}(2 + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (c + dx)/(c + \sqrt{2}(-b)^{3/2}bd), (c + dx)/(c + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-b}d)])/((d(1+m)((d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-b}) - x)/(c + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-b}d))^p((d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-b}) + x)/(-c + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-b}d))^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{514}$$

$$\frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^m \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{150}$$

$$\frac{(bx^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, -p, -p, m + 2, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{-b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{2bd}}{(-b)^{3/2}}}\right)}{d(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(2 + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output

```
((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(2 + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/
(c + (Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[-b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*b*d)/(-b)^(3/2))]/(d*
(1 + m)*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[2]*d)/Sqrt[-b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (
Sqrt[2]*b*d)/(-b)^(3/2)))^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150

```
Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_
] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2
, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !In
tegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])
```

rule 514

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (
c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 -
x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+2)^p,x)
```



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + 2)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + 2)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(b*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + 2)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 2)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + 2)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + 2)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((b*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((b*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + bx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(b*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```

((c + d*x)**m*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*b*c*x + 2*(c + d*x)**m*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*d + i
nt(((c + d*x)**m*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x*
*2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3 + 2*c*m + 4*c*p + 2*c + 2*d*m*x
+ 4*d*p*x + 2*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2*m**2 + 2*int(((c + d*x)**m*(b*x**2 + 2)**
p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 +
b*d*x**3 + 2*c*m + 4*c*p + 2*c + 2*d*m*x + 4*d*p*x + 2*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2*
m*p + int(((c + d*x)**m*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 +
b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3 + 2*c*m + 4*c*p + 2*c + 2
*d*m*x + 4*d*p*x + 2*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2*m - 2*int(((c + d*x)**m*(b*x**2 + 2
)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x*
*3 + b*d*x**3 + 2*c*m + 4*c*p + 2*c + 2*d*m*x + 4*d*p*x + 2*d*x),x)*b*d**2
*m**2 - 8*int(((c + d*x)**m*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x*
*2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3 + 2*c*m + 4*c*p + 2*c
+ 2*d*m*x + 4*d*p*x + 2*d*x),x)*b*d**2*m*p - 2*int(((c + d*x)**m*(b*x**2
+ 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p
*x**3 + b*d*x**3 + 2*c*m + 4*c*p + 2*c + 2*d*m*x + 4*d*p*x + 2*d*x),x)*b*d
**2*m - 8*int(((c + d*x)**m*(b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x*
*2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3 + 2*c*m + 4*c*p + 2*c
+ 2*d*m*x + 4*d*p*x + 2*d*x),x)*b*d**2*p**2 - 4*int(((c + d*x)**m*(b*x**2
+ 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b...

```

### 3.464 $\int (c + dx)^m (2 + 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3783
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3783
Rubi [A] (verified)	3784
Maple [F]	3785
Fricas [F]	3785
Sympy [F(-1)]	3786
Maxima [F]	3786
Giac [F]	3786
Mupad [F(-1)]	3787
Reduce [F]	3787

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} (2 + 3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(3*x^2+2)^p*AppellF1(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-I*6^(1/2)*d),3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+I*6^(1/2)*d))/d/(1+m)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-I*6^(1/2)*d))^p)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c+I*6^(1/2)*d))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3ix)}{3ic+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3ix)}{-3ic+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{1+m} (2 + 3x^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output  $((c + dx)^{(1 + m)}(2 + 3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{3(c + dx)}{3c - I\sqrt{6}d}, \frac{3(c + dx)}{3c + I\sqrt{6}d}]) / (d(1 + m) ((d(\sqrt{6} - (3I)x)) / ((3I)c + \sqrt{6}d))^p ((d(\sqrt{6} + (3I)x)) / (-3I)c + \sqrt{6}d))^p$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^m \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, -p, -p, m + 2, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-i\sqrt{6}d}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+i\sqrt{6}d}\right)}{d(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(2 + 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output  $((c + dx)^{(1 + m)}(2 + 3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{3(c + dx)}{3c - I\sqrt{6}d}, \frac{3(c + dx)}{3c + I\sqrt{6}d}]) / (d(1 + m) (1 - \frac{3(c + dx)}{3c - I\sqrt{6}d})^p (1 - \frac{3(c + dx)}{3c + I\sqrt{6}d})^p)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^m (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^m (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^m (3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \int (3x^2 + 2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int((3*x^2 + 2)^p*(c + d*x)^m, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 + 3x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(3*x^2+2)^p,x)`



output

```

(3*(c + d*x)**m*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*x + 2*(c + d*x)**m*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*d + 9
*int(((c + d*x)**m*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 + 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2
+ 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 + 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 + 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 + 4*d*p*x + 3
*d*x**3 + 2*d*x),x)*c**2*m**2 + 18*int(((c + d*x)**m*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)
/(3*c*m*x**2 + 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2 + 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 + 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 +
2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 + 4*d*p*x + 3*d*x**3 + 2*d*x),x)*c**2*m*p + 9*int(((c
+ d*x)**m*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 + 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2 + 4*c*p
+ 3*c*x**2 + 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 + 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 + 4*d*p*x + 3*d*x**3
+ 2*d*x),x)*c**2*m - 6*int(((c + d*x)**m*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2
+ 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2 + 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 + 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 + 2*d*m*x + 6*
d*p*x**3 + 4*d*p*x + 3*d*x**3 + 2*d*x),x)*d**2*m**2 - 24*int(((c + d*x)**m
*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 + 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2 + 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2
+ 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 + 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 + 4*d*p*x + 3*d*x**3 + 2*d*x),x
)*d**2*m*p - 6*int(((c + d*x)**m*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 + 2*c*m
+ 6*c*p*x**2 + 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 + 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 + 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3
+ 4*d*p*x + 3*d*x**3 + 2*d*x),x)*d**2*m - 24*int(((c + d*x)**m*(3*x**2 +
2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 + 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2 + 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 + 2*c + 3*
d*m*x**3 + 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 + 4*d*p*x + 3*d*x**3 + 2*d*x),x)*d**2*p**2
- 12*int(((c + d*x)**m*(3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 + 2*c*m + 6*c*p*
x**2 + 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 + 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 + 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 + 4*d...

```

### 3.465 $\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3789
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3789
Rubi [A] (verified)	3790
Maple [F]	3791
Fricas [F]	3791
Sympy [F(-1)]	3792
Maxima [F]	3792
Giac [F]	3792
Mupad [F(-1)]	3793
Reduce [F]	3793

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(1 - 2p)}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^(1-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1-2*p,-p,-p,2-2*p,(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(1-2*p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c}{c + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d(-1 + 2p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p),x]`

output `-(((c + d*x)^(1 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d]))/(d*(-1 + 2*p)*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^{-2p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{1-2p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(1 - 2p)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p),x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])])/(d*(1 - 2*p)*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x)`

output `int((b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^(2*p), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((b*x**2+a)**p/((d*x+c)**(2*p)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^(2*p), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^(2*p), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p),x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p}} dx$$

input `int((b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x)`output `int((a + b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**(2*p),x)`

### 3.466 $\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3794
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3794
Rubi [A] (verified)	3795
Maple [F]	3796
Fricas [F]	3796
Sympy [F]	3797
Maxima [F]	3797
Giac [F]	3797
Mupad [F(-1)]	3798
Reduce [F]	3798

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{2dp}$$

output

$$-1/2*(b*x^2+a)^p*\text{AppellF1}(-2*p,-p,-p,1-2*p,(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/p/((d*x+c)^(2*p))/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+(-a)^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{-2p} (a + bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{2dp}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d)]/(d*p*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[-(a/b)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[-(a/b)]*d))^p*(c + d*x)^(2*p))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^{-2p-1} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{-ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{2dp}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(d*p*(c + d*x)^(2*p))*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[-a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{-1-2p} (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(-1-2*p)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**2)**p*(c + d*x)**(-2*p - 1), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 1), x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p} c + (dx + c)^{2p} dx} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`output `int((a + b*x**2)**p/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d*x), x)`

### 3.467 $\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3799
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3799
Rubi [A] (verified)	3800
Maple [F]	3801
Fricas [F]	3801
Sympy [F(-1)]	3802
Maxima [F]	3802
Giac [F]	3802
Mupad [F(-1)]	3803
Reduce [F]	3803

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx}) \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})}{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})} \right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -1 - 2p, \dots \right)}{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad}) (1 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x)*(d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p], [-2*p], 2*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)/((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x))/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)/(1+2*p)/((-b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)*((-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)/((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x)^p
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(-\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx}) (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p \left( 1 - \frac{b(c+dx)}{bc - \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} \left( 1 - \frac{b(c+dx)}{bc + \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bd}} \right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -1 - 2p, \dots \right)}{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad}) (1 + 2p)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-2 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((-Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*x)*(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(1 - (b*(c + d*x))/(b*c + Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*d))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x))])/((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(1 + 2*p)*(1 - (b*(c + d*x))/(b*c - Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$ , Rules used = {489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-2} dx$$

↓ 489

$$\frac{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx}) (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-1} \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -2p - 1, -p, -2p - 1, \frac{(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})} \right)}{(2p + 1) (\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(-2 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-(((Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x)*(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x))])/((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(1 + 2*p)*(-(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x))))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n +
1)*(b*c + d*q)*(b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)*Hyper
geometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]],
x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{-2p-2} (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(-2*p-2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(-2*p-2)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(-2-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 2), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(-2-2*p)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-2-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-2-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p+2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 2), x)`output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p} c^2 + 2(dx + c)^{2p} cdx + (dx + c)^{2p} d^2x^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(-2-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`output `int((a + b*x**2)**p/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**2 + 2*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c*d*x + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d**2*x**2), x)`



### 3.468 $\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3804
Mathematica [F]	3805
Rubi [A] (verified)	3805
Maple [F]	3806
Fricas [F]	3807
Sympy [F(-1)]	3807
Maxima [F]	3807
Giac [F]	3808
Mupad [F(-1)]	3808
Reduce [F]	3808

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = -\frac{d(c + dx)^{-2(1+p)} (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{2(bc^2 + ad^2)(1 + p)} - \frac{bc(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx}) \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})}{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})} \right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -1 - 2p, 1, 2, \frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})(bc^2 + ad^2)(1 + 2p)}{2(bc^2 + ad^2)(1 + p)} \right)}{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})(bc^2 + ad^2)(1 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*d*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(p+1)/((d*x+c)^(2*p+2))-b*c*((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x)*(d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p], [-2*p], 2, (-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)/((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x))/((b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(1+2*p)/((-b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)*((-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)/((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x)^p)
```

**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {491, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 491$$

$$\frac{bc \int (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)} (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{ad^2 + bc^2} - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)}}{2(p+1)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 489$$

$$\frac{bc(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx}) (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-1} \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc})}{(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -2p - 1, -p, (2p + 1) (\sqrt{-ad} + \sqrt{bc}) (ad^2 + bc^2) \right)}{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)}} - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)}}{2(p+1)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p,x]`

output

```
-1/2*(d*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(1 + p)*(c + d*x)^(2*(1 + p)
)) - (b*c*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x)*(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hyperg
eometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c
- Sqrt[-a]*d)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x))]/((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(b*c^2
+ a*d^2)*(1 + 2*p)*(-(((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*x))/((
Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x))))^p)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n +
1)*(b*c + d*q)*(b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)*Hyper
geometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 491

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + S
imp[b*(c/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{-3-2p} (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(-3-2*p)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p+3}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 3), x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx \\ &= \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p} c^3 + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c^2 dx + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c d^2 x^2 + (dx + c)^{2p} d^3 x^3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((a + b*x**2)**p/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**3 + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**2*d*x + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c*d**2*x**2 + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d**3*x**3), x)`

### 3.469 $\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3809
Mathematica [F]	3810
Rubi [A] (verified)	3810
Maple [F]	3812
Fricas [F]	3812
Sympy [F(-1)]	3812
Maxima [F]	3813
Giac [F]	3813
Mupad [F(-1)]	3813
Reduce [F]	3814

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 347

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{(bc^2 + ad^2)(3 + 2p)} - \frac{bcd(2 + p)(c + dx)^{-2(1+p)} (a + bx^2)^{1+p}}{(bc^2 + ad^2)^2 (1 + p)(3 + 2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{b(ad^2 - bc^2(3 + 2p)) \left(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx}\right) \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad})(\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{bx})}{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{-ad})(\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bx})}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a + bx^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric}}{\left(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{-ad}\right) (bc^2 + ad^2)^2 (1 + 2p)(3 + 2p)}$$

output

```
-d*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)/(3+2*p)-b*c*d*(2+p)*(b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(p+1)/(3+2*p)/((d*x+c)^(2*p+2))+b*(a*d^2-b*c^2*(3+2*p))*((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x)*(d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p], [-2*p], 2*(-a)^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)/((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)/(a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(1+2*p)/(3+2*p)/((-b^(1/2)*c+(-a)^(1/2)*d)*((-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/2)*c-(-a)^(1/2)*d)/((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*x)^p
```

**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {498, 25, 679, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 498$$

$$-\frac{b \int -((c(2p+3) - dx)(c + dx)^{-2p-3} (bx^2 + a)^p) dx}{(2p+3)(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2p-3}}{(2p+3)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{b \int (c(2p+3) - dx)(c + dx)^{-2p-3} (bx^2 + a)^p dx}{(2p+3)(ad^2 + bc^2)} - \frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2p-3}}{(2p+3)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 679$$

$$b \left( -\frac{(ad^2 - bc^2(2p+3)) \int (c+dx)^{-2(p+1)} (bx^2+a)^p dx}{ad^2+bc^2} - \frac{cd(p+2)(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(c+dx)^{-2(p+1)}}{(p+1)(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$

$$-\frac{(2p+3)(ad^2 + bc^2)}{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2p-3}}$$

$$\frac{d(a + bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2p-3}}{(2p+3)(ad^2 + bc^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 489$$

$$b \left( \frac{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bx})(a+bx^2)^p(c+dx)^{-2p-1}(ad^2-bc^2(2p+3)) \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{-ad}+\sqrt{bc})}{(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-ad})} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -2p-1, -p, -2p, \frac{2\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{(2p+1)(\sqrt{-ad}+\sqrt{bc})(ad^2+bc^2)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{d(a+bx^2)^{p+1}(c+dx)^{-2p-3}}{(2p+3)(ad^2+bc^2)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]`

output `-((d*(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(3 + 2*p)) + (b*(-((c*d*(2 + p)*(a + b*x^2)^(1 + p))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(1 + p)*(c + d*x)^(2*(1 + p)))) + ((a*d^2 - b*c^2*(3 + 2*p))*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x)*(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x))])))/((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(1 + 2*p)*(-((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[-a]*d)*(Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[-a]*d)*(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*x))))^p))/((b*c^2 + a*d^2)*(3 + 2*p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 489 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c + d*q)*(b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)*Hypergeometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`



rule 679

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (dx + c)^{-4-2p} (bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 4), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(-4-2*p)*(b*x**2+a)**p,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int (bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p+4}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 4),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a + bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p} c^4 + 4(dx + c)^{2p} c^3 dx + 6(dx + c)^{2p} c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4(dx + c)^{2p} c d^3 x^3 + (dx + c)^{2p} d^4 x^4} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((a + b*x**2)**p/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**4 + 4*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**3*d*x + 6*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c*d**3*x**3 + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d**4*x**4),x)`

### 3.470 $\int (c + dx)^m (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3815
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3815
Rubi [A] (verified)	3816
Maple [F]	3817
Fricas [F]	3817
Sympy [F(-1)]	3818
Maxima [F]	3818
Giac [F]	3818
Mupad [F(-1)]	3819
Reduce [F]	3819

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} (a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(-b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(1+m)/(((1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{1+m} (a - bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c - \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[a/b]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d)]/(d*(1 + m)*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] - x))/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^m \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{m+1} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(m + 1, -p, -p, m + 2, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(d*(1 + m)*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a - bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(-b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^m,x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^m, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (a - bx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`



output

```
( - (c + d*x)**m*(a - b*x**2)**p*a*d + (c + d*x)**m*(a - b*x**2)**p*b*c*x
- int(((c + d*x)**m*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x
+ 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x - b*c*m*x**2 - 2*b*c*p*x**2 - b*c*x**2 - b*d*m*x**3 -
2*b*d*p*x**3 - b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*m**2 - 4*int(((c + d*x)**m*(a - b*x*
*2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x - b*c*m*
x**2 - 2*b*c*p*x**2 - b*c*x**2 - b*d*m*x**3 - 2*b*d*p*x**3 - b*d*x**3),x)*
a*b*d**2*m*p - int(((c + d*x)**m*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p +
a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x - b*c*m*x**2 - 2*b*c*p*x**2 - b*c*x**2 -
b*d*m*x**3 - 2*b*d*p*x**3 - b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*m - 4*int(((c + d*x)**m
*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*
x - b*c*m*x**2 - 2*b*c*p*x**2 - b*c*x**2 - b*d*m*x**3 - 2*b*d*p*x**3 - b*d
*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p**2 - 2*int(((c + d*x)**m*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m
+ 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x - b*c*m*x**2 - 2*b*c*p*x**2
- b*c*x**2 - b*d*m*x**3 - 2*b*d*p*x**3 - b*d*x**3),x)*a*b*d**2*p - int(((
c + d*x)**m*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d
*p*x + a*d*x - b*c*m*x**2 - 2*b*c*p*x**2 - b*c*x**2 - b*d*m*x**3 - 2*b*d*p
*x**3 - b*d*x**3),x)*b**2*c**2*m**2 - 2*int(((c + d*x)**m*(a - b*x**2)**p*
x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c + a*d*m*x + 2*a*d*p*x + a*d*x - b*c*m*x**2 -
2*b*c*p*x**2 - b*c*x**2 - b*d*m*x**3 - 2*b*d*p*x**3 - b*d*x**3),x)*b**2*c*
*2*m*p - int(((c + d*x)**m*(a - b*x**2)**p*x**2)/(a*c*m + 2*a*c*p + a*c...
```

### 3.471 $\int (c + dx)^m (2 - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3821
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3821
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3822
Maple [F]	3823
Fricas [F]	3824
Sympy [F(-1)]	3824
Maxima [F]	3824
Giac [F]	3825
Mupad [F(-1)]	3825
Reduce [F]	3825

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} (2 - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c-\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\frac{\sqrt{2d}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$

output

$$\frac{(d*x+c)^{(1+m)}*(-b*x^2+2)^p*\text{AppellF1}(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,(d*x+c)/(c-2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}), (d*x+c)/(c+2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))/d/(1+m)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+2^{(1/2)}*d/b^{(1/2)}))^p)}{d(1+m)}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{1+m} (2 - bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{-c+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}d}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(2 - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(2 - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d)]/(d*(1 + m)*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)] - x))/(c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(-1)]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$ , Rules used = {513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (2 - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{513} \\
 & 2^p \int \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)^p (c + dx)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{156} \\
 & dx^m \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc + 2d}}\right)^{-m} \int \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc + 2d}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bd}x}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc + 2d}}\right)^m dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{155} \\
 & \frac{2^{-\frac{m}{2} + 2p + \frac{1}{2}} \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{bx}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{p+1} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{bc + 2d}}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -p, -m, p + 2, \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{bx}}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{d(2\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{bx})}{2(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{2d})}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(p + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(2 - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output

```

-((2^(1/2 - m/2 + 2*p)*(1 - (Sqrt[b]*x)/Sqrt[2])^(1 + p)*(c + d*x)^m*Appell
lF1[1 + p, -p, -m, 2 + p, (Sqrt[2] - Sqrt[b]*x)/(2*Sqrt[2]), (d*(2*Sqrt[2]
- 2*Sqrt[b]*x))/(2*(Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[2]*d))]/(Sqrt[b]*(1 + p)*((Sqrt[b]*
(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b]*c + 2*d))^m))

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplerQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])

```

rule 156

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]
*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]

```

rule 513

```

Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (-bx^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output `int((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + 2)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b*x^2 + 2)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(-b*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + 2)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + 2)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + 2)^p (dx + c)^m dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + 2)^p*(d*x + c)^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \int (2 - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((2 - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((2 - b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - bx^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(-b*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```

((c + d*x)**m*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*b*c*x - 2*(c + d*x)**m*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p
*d + int(((c + d*x)**m*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2
+ b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3 - 2*c*m - 4*c*p - 2*c -
2*d*m*x - 4*d*p*x - 2*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2*m**2 + 2*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- b*
x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*
b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3 - 2*c*m - 4*c*p - 2*c - 2*d*m*x - 4*d*p*x - 2*d*x),x
)*b**2*c**2*m*p + int(((c + d*x)**m*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 +
2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3 - 2*c*m -
4*c*p - 2*c - 2*d*m*x - 4*d*p*x - 2*d*x),x)*b**2*c**2*m + 2*int(((c + d*x)
**m*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m
*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3 - 2*c*m - 4*c*p - 2*c - 2*d*m*x - 4*d*p*x
- 2*d*x),x)*b*d**2*m**2 + 8*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*
c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3
- 2*c*m - 4*c*p - 2*c - 2*d*m*x - 4*d*p*x - 2*d*x),x)*b*d**2*m*p + 2*int((
(c + d*x)**m*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**
2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d*x**3 - 2*c*m - 4*c*p - 2*c - 2*d*m*x -
4*d*p*x - 2*d*x),x)*b*d**2*m + 8*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**
2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d*m*x**3 + 2*b*d*p*x**3 + b*d
*x**3 - 2*c*m - 4*c*p - 2*c - 2*d*m*x - 4*d*p*x - 2*d*x),x)*b*d**2*p**2 +
4*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- b*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(b*c*m*x**2 + 2*b*c*p*x**2...

```

### 3.472 $\int (c + dx)^m (2 - 3x^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3827
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3827
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3828
Maple [F]	3829
Fricas [F]	3830
Sympy [F(-1)]	3830
Maxima [F]	3830
Giac [F]	3831
Mupad [F(-1)]	3831
Reduce [F]	3831

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{1+m} (2 - 3x^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^(1+m)*(-3*x^2+2)^p*AppellF1(1+m,-p,-p,2+m,3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d),3*(d*x+c)/(6^(1/2)*d+3*c))/d/(1+m)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(3*c-6^(1/2)*d))^p)/((1-3*(d*x+c)/(6^(1/2)*d+3*c))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}-3x)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{6}+3x)}{-3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{1+m} (2 - 3x^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c-\sqrt{6d}}, \frac{3(c+dx)}{3c+\sqrt{6d}}\right)}{d(1 + m)}$$



input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^m*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 + m)*(2 - 3*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 + m, -p, -p, 2 + m, (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c - Sqrt[6]*d), (3*(c + d*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)]/(d*(1 + m)*((d*(Sqrt[6] - 3*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[6] + 3*x))/(-3*c + Sqrt[6]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {513, 156, 155}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (2 - 3x^2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 513$$

$$2^p \int \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^p \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x + 1\right)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 156$$

$$3^{-m/2} 2^{p - \frac{m}{2}} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{6c + 2d}}\right)^{-m} \int \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^p \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{\sqrt{6c}}{\sqrt{6c + 2d}} + \frac{\sqrt{6dx}}{\sqrt{6c + 2d}}\right)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 155$$

$$\frac{3^{-\frac{m}{2} - \frac{1}{2}} 2^{-\frac{m}{2} + 2p + \frac{1}{2}} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}x\right)^{p+1} (c + dx)^m \left(\frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{6c + 2d}}\right)^{-m} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -p, -m, p + 2, \frac{1}{4}(2 - \sqrt{6}x), \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}d}{3c + 2d}\right)}{p + 1}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^m*(2 - 3*x^2)^p,x]`

output

```

-((2^(1/2 - m/2 + 2*p)*3^(-1/2 - m/2)*(1 - Sqrt[3/2]*x)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x)^
m*AppellF1[1 + p, -p, -m, 2 + p, (2 - Sqrt[6]*x)/4, (Sqrt[3/2]*d*(2 - Sqrt
[6]*x))/(3*c + Sqrt[6]*d)])/((1 + p)*((c + d*x)/(Sqrt[6]*c + 2*d))^m)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 155

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n*
Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^p))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/
(b*c - a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f,
m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Sim
plify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simpl
ify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*e - c*f)], 0] && SimplierQ[c + d
*x, a + b*x]) && !(GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*a - e*b)], 0] && GtQ[Simplify[f/(f*c
- e*d)], 0] && SimplierQ[e + f*x, a + b*x])

```

rule 156

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(e + f*x)^FracPart[p]/(Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)]^IntPart[p]
*(b*((e + f*x)/(b*e - a*f)))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*Si
mp[b*(e/(b*e - a*f)) + b*f*(x/(b*e - a*f)), x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !IntegerQ[p] &
& GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !GtQ[Simplify[b/(b*e - a*f)], 0]

```

rule 513

```

Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
a^p Int[(c + d*x)^n*(1 + Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p*(1 - Rt[-b/a, 2]*x)^p, x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b/a]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^m (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^m*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^m*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^m (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x + c)^m*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**m*(-3*x**2+2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^m (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (dx + c)^m (-3x^2 + 2)^p dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^m*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x + c)^m*(-3*x^2 + 2)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \int (2 - 3x^2)^p (c + dx)^m dx$$

input `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^m,x)`

output `int((2 - 3*x^2)^p*(c + d*x)^m, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^m (2 - 3x^2)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^m*(-3*x^2+2)^p,x)`

output

```
(3*(c + d*x)**m*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*c*x - 2*(c + d*x)**m*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p
*d + 9*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 - 2*c*m + 6*
c*p*x**2 - 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 - 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 - 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 - 4*
d*p*x + 3*d*x**3 - 2*d*x),x)*c**2*m**2 + 18*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- 3*x**2 +
2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 - 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2 - 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 - 2*c + 3
*d*m*x**3 - 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 - 4*d*p*x + 3*d*x**3 - 2*d*x),x)*c**2*m*p
+ 9*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 - 2*c*m + 6*c*
p*x**2 - 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 - 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 - 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 - 4*d*
p*x + 3*d*x**3 - 2*d*x),x)*c**2*m + 6*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p
*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 - 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2 - 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 - 2*c + 3*d*m*x
**3 - 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 - 4*d*p*x + 3*d*x**3 - 2*d*x),x)*d**2*m**2 + 24
*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 - 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x*
*2 - 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 - 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 - 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 - 4*d*p*x
+ 3*d*x**3 - 2*d*x),x)*d**2*m*p + 6*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x
**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 - 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2 - 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 - 2*c + 3*d*m*x**
3 - 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 - 4*d*p*x + 3*d*x**3 - 2*d*x),x)*d**2*m + 24*int(
((c + d*x)**m*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2)/(3*c*m*x**2 - 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2 -
4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 - 2*c + 3*d*m*x**3 - 2*d*m*x + 6*d*p*x**3 - 4*d*p*x + 3*d
*x**3 - 2*d*x),x)*d**2*p**2 + 12*int(((c + d*x)**m*(- 3*x**2 + 2)**p*x**2
)/(3*c*m*x**2 - 2*c*m + 6*c*p*x**2 - 4*c*p + 3*c*x**2 - 2*c + 3*d*m*x**...
```

### 3.473 $\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3833
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3833
Rubi [A] (verified)	3834
Maple [F]	3835
Fricas [F]	3835
Sympy [F(-1)]	3836
Maxima [F]	3836
Giac [F]	3836
Mupad [F(-1)]	3837
Reduce [F]	3837

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(1 - 2p)}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)^(1-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p*AppellF1(1-2*p,-p,-p,2-2*p,(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)),(d*x+c)/(c+a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))/d/(1-2*p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+a^(1/2)*d/b^(1/2)))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c - \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{d(-1 + 2p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p),x]`

output `-(((c + d*x)^(1 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[a/b]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d)])/(d*(-1 + 2*p)*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] - x))/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^{-2p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{1-2p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, 2 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{d(1 - 2p)}$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p),x]`

output `((c + d*x)^(1 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(d*(1 - 2*p)*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x)`

output `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^(2*p), x)`



**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-b*x**2+a)**p/((d*x+c)**(2*p)),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^(2*p), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p}} dx$$

input `integrate((-b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p/(d*x + c)^(2*p), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p),x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p}} dx$$

input `int((-b*x^2+a)^p/((d*x+c)^(2*p)),x)`output `int((a - b*x**2)**p/(c + d*x)**(2*p),x)`

### 3.474 $\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3838
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3838
Rubi [A] (verified)	3839
Maple [F]	3840
Fricas [F]	3840
Sympy [F]	3841
Maxima [F]	3841
Giac [F]	3841
Mupad [F(-1)]	3842
Reduce [F]	3842

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{(c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{ad}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{ad}}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{2dp}$$

output

$$-1/2*(-b*x^2+a)^p \text{AppellF1}(-2*p, -p, -p, 1-2*p, (d*x+c)/(c-a^{(1/2)*d/b^{(1/2)}}), (d*x+c)/(c+a^{(1/2)*d/b^{(1/2)}}))/d/p/((d*x+c)^{(2*p)})/((1-(d*x+c)/(c-a^{(1/2)*d/b^{(1/2)}}))^p)/((1-(d*x+c)/(c+a^{(1/2)*d/b^{(1/2)}}))^p)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{\left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}-x)}{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{d(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}+x)}{-c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{-2p} (a - bx^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c-\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}, \frac{c+dx}{c+\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}d}\right)}{2dp}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*((a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (c + d*x)/(c - Sqrt[a/b]*d), (c + d*x)/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d)]/(d*p*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] - x))/(c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p*((d*(Sqrt[a/b] + x))/(-c + Sqrt[a/b]*d))^p*(c + d*x)^(2*p))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {514, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 514$$

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \int (c + dx)^{-2p-1} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{c+dx}{\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}} + c}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - 2p, \frac{c+dx}{c - \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}, \frac{c+dx}{c + \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{b}}}\right)}{2dp}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*((a - b*x^2)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]), (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b])]/(d*p*(c + d*x)^(2*p)*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + (Sqrt[a]*d)/Sqrt[b]))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 514 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-a/b, 2]}, Simp[(a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c - d*q))^p*(1 - (c + d*x)/(c + d*q))^p) Subst[Int[x^n*Simp[1 - x/(c + d*q), x]^p*Simp[1 - x/(c - d*q), x]^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{-1-2p} (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(-1-2*p)*(-b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**2)**p*(c + d*x)**(-2*p - 1), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-1} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p+1}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 1), x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p} c + (dx + c)^{2p} dx} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`output `int((a - b*x**2)**p/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d*x), x)`

### 3.475 $\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3843
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3843
Rubi [A] (verified)	3844
Maple [F]	3845
Fricas [F]	3845
Sympy [F(-1)]	3846
Maxima [F]	3846
Giac [F]	3846
Mupad [F(-1)]	3847
Reduce [F]	3847

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\left( -\frac{(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})}{(\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})} \right)^{-p} (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx}) (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -1 - 2p, -p, - \right)}{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) (1 + 2p)}$$

output

```
(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)*(d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p],[
-2*p],2*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)
/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)/(1+2*p)/((-b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)*(-b^(1/2)*x+a^(1/2
)))/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x))^p
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx}) (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p \left( 1 + \frac{b(c+dx)}{-bc+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bd}} \right)^p \left( 1 - \frac{b(c+dx)}{bc+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -1 - 2p, -p, - \right)}{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad}) (1 + 2p)}$$



input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-2 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x)*(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p*(1 + (b*(c + d*x)))/(- (b*c) + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x)))]/((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(1 + 2*p)*(1 - (b*(c + d*x))/(b*c + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*d))^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.045$ , Rules used = {489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-2} dx$$

↓ 489

$$\frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx}) (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-1} \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -2p-1, -p, -2p, \frac{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})} \right)}{(2p+1)(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(-2 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p,x]`

output `((Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x)*(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x)))]/((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(1 + 2*p)*(-(((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[b]*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x))))^p)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n +
1)*(b*c + d*q)*(b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)*Hyper
geometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))],
x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{-2p-2} (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(-2*p-2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(-2*p-2)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(-2-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 2), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(-2-2*p)*(-b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-2-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-2-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p+2}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 2), x)`output `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-2-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p} c^2 + 2(dx + c)^{2p} cdx + (dx + c)^{2p} d^2x^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(-2-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`output `int((a - b*x**2)**p/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**2 + 2*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c*d*x + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d**2*x**2), x)`

### 3.476 $\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3848
Mathematica [F]	3849
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3849
Maple [F]	3850
Fricas [F]	3851
Sympy [F(-1)]	3851
Maxima [F]	3851
Giac [F]	3852
Mupad [F(-1)]	3852
Reduce [F]	3852

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 256

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \frac{d(c + dx)^{-2(1+p)} (a - bx^2)^{1+p}}{2(bc^2 - ad^2)(1 + p)}$$

$$\frac{bc(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx}) \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx})}{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx})} \right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -1 - 2p, - \right)}{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad})(bc^2 - ad^2)(1 + 2p)}$$

output

```
1/2*d*(-b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(p+1)/((d*x+c)^(2*p+2))-b*c*(-b^(1/2)
)*x+a^(1/2))*(d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p], [-2*p], 2
*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)/(-b^(1/2)*x+a^(1/2)))/(b^(1
/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(1+2*p)/((-b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)*(a^(1/2)+
b^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)/(-b^(1/2)*x+a^(1/2)))^p
```

**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p, x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p, x]`

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {491, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 491$$

$$\frac{bc \int (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)} (a - bx^2)^p dx}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)}}{2(p+1)(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

$$\downarrow 489$$

$$\frac{bc(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx}) (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-1} \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})}{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{ad}+\sqrt{bc})} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -2p-1, -p, -2p, \right)}{(2p+1)(\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{ad})(bc^2-ad^2)} + \frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2(p+1)}}{2(p+1)(bc^2 - ad^2)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p, x]`

output

```
(d*(a - b*x^2)^(1 + p))/(2*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(1 + p)*(c + d*x)^(2*(1 + p)))
+ (b*c*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x)*(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p*Hypergeome
tric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c + Sq
rt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x))]/((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)
*(1 + 2*p)*(-((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[b]*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c
+ Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x))))^p
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 489

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[
{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n +
1)*(b*c + d*q)*((b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)*Hyper
geometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]
```

rule 491

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + S
imp[b*(c/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int (dx + c)^{-3-2p} (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)**(-3-2*p)*(-b*x**2+a)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-3} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p+3}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 3),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx \\ &= \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p} c^3 + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c^2 dx + 3(dx + c)^{2p} c d^2 x^2 + (dx + c)^{2p} d^3 x^3} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((a - b*x**2)**p/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**3 + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**2*d*x + 3*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c*d**2*x**2 + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d**3*x**3),x)`

### 3.477 $\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$

Optimal result	3853
Mathematica [F]	3854
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	3854
Maple [F]	3856
Fricas [F]	3856
Sympy [F(-1)]	3856
Maxima [F]	3857
Giac [F]	3857
Mupad [F(-1)]	3857
Reduce [F]	3858

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 335

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{d(c + dx)^{-3-2p} (a - bx^2)^{1+p}}{(bc^2 - ad^2)(3 + 2p)} + \frac{bcd(2 + p)(c + dx)^{-2(1+p)} (a - bx^2)^{1+p}}{(bc^2 - ad^2)^2 (1 + p)(3 + 2p)}$$

$$- \frac{b(ad^2 + bc^2(3 + 2p)) \left(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx}\right) \left(-\frac{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx})}{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx})}\right)^{-p} (c + dx)^{-1-2p} (a - bx^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric}}{(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})^2 (\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad})^3 (3 + 8p + 4p^2)}$$

output

```
d*(d*x+c)^(-3-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)/(3+2*p)+b*c*d*(2+p)*(-b*x^2+a)^(p+1)/(-a*d^2+b*c^2)^2/(p+1)/(3+2*p)/((d*x+c)^(2*p+2))-b*(a*d^2+b*c^2*(3+2*p))*(-b^(1/2)*x+a^(1/2))*(d*x+c)^(-1-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1-2*p], [-2*p], 2*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)/(-b^(1/2)*x+a^(1/2)))/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)^2/(b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)^3/(4*p^2+8*p+3)/((-b^(1/2)*c+a^(1/2)*d)*(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/2)*c-a^(1/2)*d)/(-b^(1/2)*x+a^(1/2))^p
```

**Mathematica [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p, x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p, x]`

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {498, 25, 679, 489}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 498 \\ & \frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2p-3}}{(2p + 3)(bc^2 - ad^2)} - \frac{b \int -((c(2p + 3) - dx)(c + dx)^{-2p-3} (a - bx^2)^p) dx}{(2p + 3)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{b \int (c(2p + 3) - dx)(c + dx)^{-2p-3} (a - bx^2)^p dx}{(2p + 3)(bc^2 - ad^2)} + \frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2p-3}}{(2p + 3)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 679 \\ & \frac{b \left( \frac{(ad^2 + bc^2(2p+3)) \int (c+dx)^{-2(p+1)} (a-bx^2)^p dx}{bc^2 - ad^2} + \frac{cd(p+2)(a-bx^2)^{p+1}(c+dx)^{-2(p+1)}}{(p+1)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)}{(2p + 3)(bc^2 - ad^2)} + \\ & \quad \frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2p-3}}{(2p + 3)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 489 \end{aligned}$$

$$b \left( \frac{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx})(a - bx^2)^p (c + dx)^{-2p-1} (ad^2 + bc^2(2p+3)) \left( -\frac{(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})}{(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx})(\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc})} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -2p-1, -p, -2p, \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(c+dx)}{(\sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ad})(\sqrt{bx})} \right)}{(2p+1)(\sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{ad})(bc^2 - ad^2)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{d(a - bx^2)^{p+1} (c + dx)^{-2p-3}}{(2p+3)(bc^2 - ad^2)} \quad (2p+3)(bc^2 - ad^2)$$

input `Int[(c + d*x)^(-4 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p, x]`

output `(d*(c + d*x)^(-3 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^(1 + p))/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(3 + 2*p)) + (b*((c*d*(2 + p)*(a - b*x^2)^(1 + p))/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(1 + p)*(c + d*x)^(2*(1 + p))) + ((a*d^2 + b*c^2*(3 + 2*p))*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x)*(c + d*x)^(-1 - 2*p)*(a - b*x^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1 - 2*p, -p, -2*p, (2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x))])/((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(1 + 2*p)*(-(((Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[b]*x))/((Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*x))))^p)))/((b*c^2 - a*d^2)*(3 + 2*p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 489 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(-a)*b, 2]}, Simp[(q - b*x)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((n + 1)*(b*c + d*q)*(b*c + d*q)*((q + b*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(-q + b*x))))^p)*Hypergeometric2F1[n + 1, -p, n + 2, 2*b*q*((c + d*x)/((b*c - d*q)*(q - b*x)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 2, 0]`

rule 498 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c*(n + 1) - d*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n, -1] && ((LtQ[n, -1] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]) || (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[p]) || ILtQ[Simplify[n + 2*p + 3], 0])`

rule 679

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (dx + c)^{-4-2p} (-bx^2 + a)^p dx$$

input

```
int((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 4), x)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((d*x+c)**(-4-2*p)*(-b*x**2+a)**p,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 4), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int (-bx^2 + a)^p (dx + c)^{-2p-4} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((-b*x^2 + a)^p*(d*x + c)^(-2*p - 4), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(a - bx^2)^p}{(c + dx)^{2p+4}} dx$$

input `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 4),x)`

output `int((a - b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)^(2*p + 4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx)^{-4-2p} (a - bx^2)^p dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(-bx^2 + a)^p}{(dx + c)^{2p} c^4 + 4(dx + c)^{2p} c^3 dx + 6(dx + c)^{2p} c^2 d^2 x^2 + 4(dx + c)^{2p} c d^3 x^3 + (dx + c)^{2p} d^4 x^4} dx$$

input `int((d*x+c)^(-4-2*p)*(-b*x^2+a)^p,x)`

output `int((a - b*x**2)**p/((c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**4 + 4*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**3*d*x + 6*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*(c + d*x)**(2*p)*c*d**3*x**3 + (c + d*x)**(2*p)*d**4*x**4),x)`

# CHAPTER 4

## APPENDIX

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4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	3877

### 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

#### Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```



```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
        ]
      ],(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ],
  ]

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType, expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], 2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], ExpnType[expn[[2]], 3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]], ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3, ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

  Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
  If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
  If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
  If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
  9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

## Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product.  rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```



```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

## Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```



```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## 4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file