

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.1-Binomial/1.1.5-Nested-general-
binomial/77-1.1.5.2

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3.177	$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	1650

3.178	$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	1659
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3.192	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1794
3.193	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1803
3.194	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1810
3.195	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1818
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3.197	$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1834
3.198	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1844
3.199	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1853
3.200	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1860
3.201	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1869
3.202	$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1880
3.203	$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1890

3.204	$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1900
3.205	$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1907
3.206	$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1917
3.207	$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1925
3.208	$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1935
3.209	$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1947
3.210	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1957
3.211	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1966
3.212	$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1977
3.213	$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p dx$	1989
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3.219	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p dx$	2019
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3.223	$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2039
3.224	$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2044
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3.227	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx$	2059
3.228	$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2064
3.229	$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2070
3.230	$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2076

3.231	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$	2082
3.232	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx$	2087
3.233	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx$	2093
3.234	$\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2099
3.235	$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2108
3.236	$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2115
3.237	$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$	2121
3.238	$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$	2128
3.239	$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2136
3.240	$\int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2145
3.241	$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2154
3.242	$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2162
3.243	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$	2170
3.244	$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$	2179
3.245	$\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$	2187
3.246	$\int x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$	2194
3.247	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x} dx$	2200
3.248	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^3} dx$	2208
3.249	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^5} dx$	2214
3.250	$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$	2220
3.251	$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$	2225
3.252	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^2} dx$	2230
3.253	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^4} dx$	2235
3.254	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^6} dx$	2240
3.255	$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx$	2246
3.256	$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx$	2254

3.257	$\int x(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx$	2261
3.258	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx$	2268
3.259	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	2277
3.260	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	2283
3.261	$\int x^2(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx$	2289
3.262	$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx$	2295
3.263	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	2301
3.264	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	2307
3.265	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$	2313
3.266	$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$	2319
3.267	$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx$	2324
3.268	$\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx$	2329
3.269	$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx$	2334
3.270	$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2339
3.271	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2346
3.272	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2353
3.273	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2359
3.274	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2366
3.275	$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2372
3.276	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2378
3.277	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2384
3.278	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2389
3.279	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2394
3.280	$\int \frac{x^5}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2399
3.281	$\int \frac{x^3}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2407
3.282	$\int \frac{x}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2414
3.283	$\int \frac{1}{x(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2420
3.284	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2428

3.285	$\int \frac{x^4}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2434
3.286	$\int \frac{x^2}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2440
3.287	$\int \frac{1}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2446
3.288	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2451
3.289	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2457
3.290	$\int x^5(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2463
3.291	$\int x^3(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2471
3.292	$\int x(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2479
3.293	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x} dx$	2485
3.294	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx$	2491
3.295	$\int x^4(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2498
3.296	$\int x^2(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2503
3.297	$\int (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2508
3.298	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx$	2513
3.299	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx$	2517
3.300	$\int \left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p x dx$	2521
3.301	$\int \left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p dx$	2529
3.302	$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx$	2535
3.303	$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$	2541
3.304	$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$	2547
3.305	$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$	2553
3.306	$\int \left(a+\frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p x dx$	2559
3.307	$\int \left(a+\frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p dx$	2568
3.308	$\int \frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx$	2575
3.309	$\int \frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$	2582

3.310	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$	2588
3.311	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$	2595
3.312	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}} dx$	2604
3.313	$\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx$	2611
3.314	$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx$	2618
3.315	$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx$	2623
3.316	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x} dx$	2628
3.317	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x^2} dx$	2635
3.318	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x^3} dx$	2640
3.319	$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2} dx$	2645
3.320	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2} dx$	2652
3.321	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	2659
3.322	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	2668
3.323	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	2674
3.324	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$	2680
3.325	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$	2685
3.326	$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$	2690
3.327	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$	2697
3.328	$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$	2703
3.329	$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	2709
3.330	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	2716
3.331	$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	2723
3.332	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	2732
3.333	$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	2739
3.334	$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2746
3.335	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2751

3.336	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx$	2756
3.337	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$	2761
3.338	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$	2766
3.339	$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2771
3.340	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2776
3.341	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2783
3.342	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2789
3.343	$\int \frac{\left(a + b(c+dx^n)^2\right)^p}{ex} dx$	2795
3.344	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2801
3.345	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2808
3.346	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2815
3.347	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2821
3.348	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2827
3.349	$\int \frac{\left(a + b(c+dx^n)^2\right)^p}{ex} dx$	2832
3.350	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2837
3.351	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2842
3.352	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2848
3.353	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2853
3.354	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2858
3.355	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx$	2864
3.356	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2869
3.357	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2874
3.358	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p dx$	2879
3.359	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p dx$	2887
3.360	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p dx$	2894
3.361	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$	2900
3.362	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p dx$	2906
3.363	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p dx$	2912
3.364	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p dx$	2917
3.365	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p dx$	2922
3.366	$\int \frac{\left(a + b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$	2926
3.367	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p dx$	2932

3.368	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx$	2937
3.369	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$	2942
3.370	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$	2947
3.371	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$	2952
3.372	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n})^p}{e^{ax}} dx$	2956
3.373	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$	2962
3.374	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$	2967
3.375	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$	2972
3.376	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$	2977
3.377	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$	2982
3.378	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p}{e^{ax}} dx$	2986
3.379	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$	2993
3.380	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$	2998
3.381	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^q \right)^p dx$	3003
3.382	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^q \right)^p dx$	3008
3.383	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^q \right)^p dx$	3013
3.384	$\int \frac{(a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p}{e^{ax}} dx$	3018
3.385	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^q \right)^p dx$	3024
3.386	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^q \right)^p dx$	3029
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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [386]. This is test number [77].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	84.20 (325)	15.80 (61)
Mathematica	83.42 (322)	16.58 (64)
Fricas	63.47 (245)	36.53 (141)
Maple	59.59 (230)	40.41 (156)
Reduce	54.15 (209)	45.85 (177)
Giac	46.63 (180)	53.37 (206)
Maxima	29.27 (113)	70.73 (273)
Mupad	27.72 (107)	72.28 (279)
Sympy	20.47 (79)	79.53 (307)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

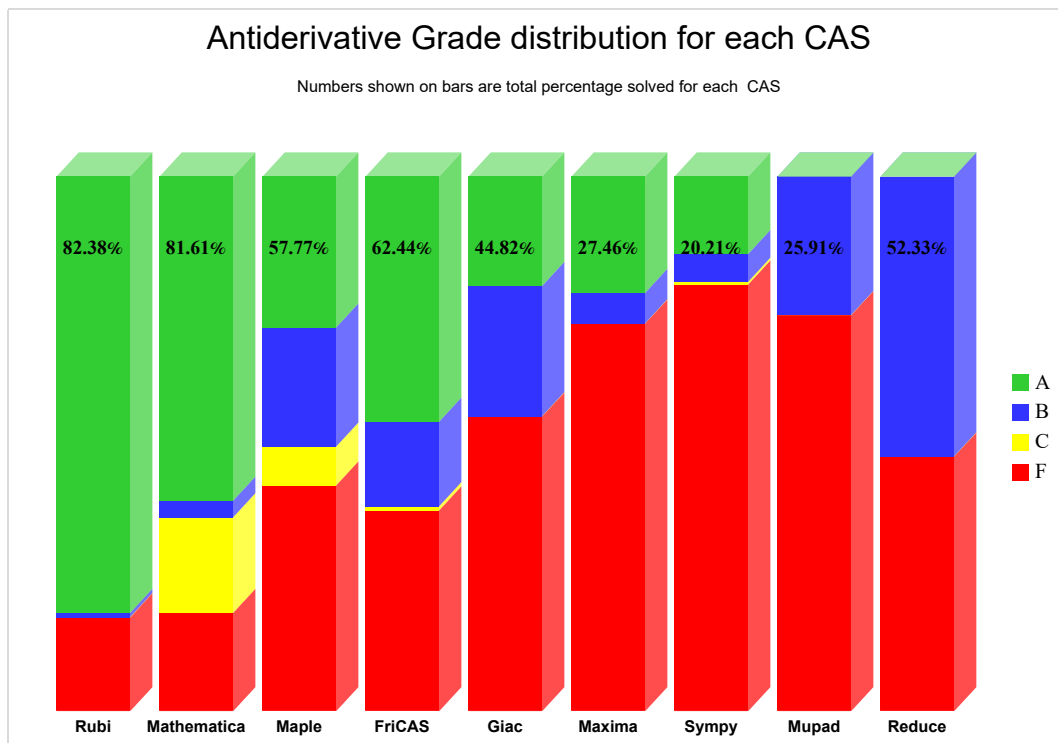
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

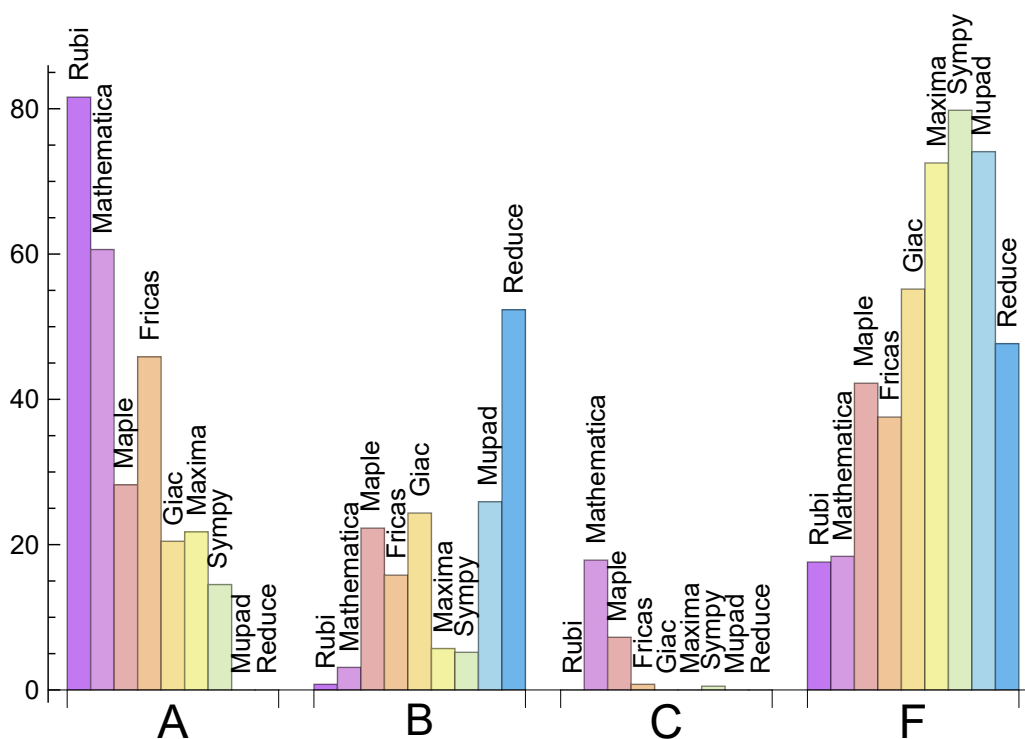
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	81.606	0.777	0.000	17.617
Mathematica	60.622	3.109	17.876	18.394
Fricas	45.855	15.803	0.777	37.565
Maple	28.238	22.280	7.254	42.228
Maxima	21.762	5.699	0.000	72.539
Giac	20.466	24.352	0.000	55.181
Sympy	14.508	5.181	0.518	79.793
Mupad	0.000	25.907	0.000	74.093
Reduce	0.000	52.332	0.000	47.668

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	61	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	64	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	141	65.96	9.93	24.11
Maple	156	100.00	0.00	0.00
Reduce	177	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	206	80.58	3.40	16.02
Maxima	273	100.00	0.00	0.00
Mupad	279	0.00	100.00	0.00
Sympy	307	77.52	22.15	0.33

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.10
Giac	0.38
Reduce	0.48
Rubi	0.80
Fricas	1.26
Maple	1.29
Sympy	3.55
Mathematica	5.41
Mupad	7.48

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Maxima	156.82	1.28	113.00	1.11
Rubi	205.36	1.10	137.00	1.04
Sympy	239.52	2.44	124.00	1.25
Mathematica	259.54	1.29	140.50	1.00
Mupad	422.06	2.42	89.00	1.16
Reduce	438.25	2.90	260.00	1.78
Giac	495.61	2.90	232.00	1.76
Maple	512.81	3.26	195.50	1.43
Fricas	3293.39	7.35	284.00	2.24

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

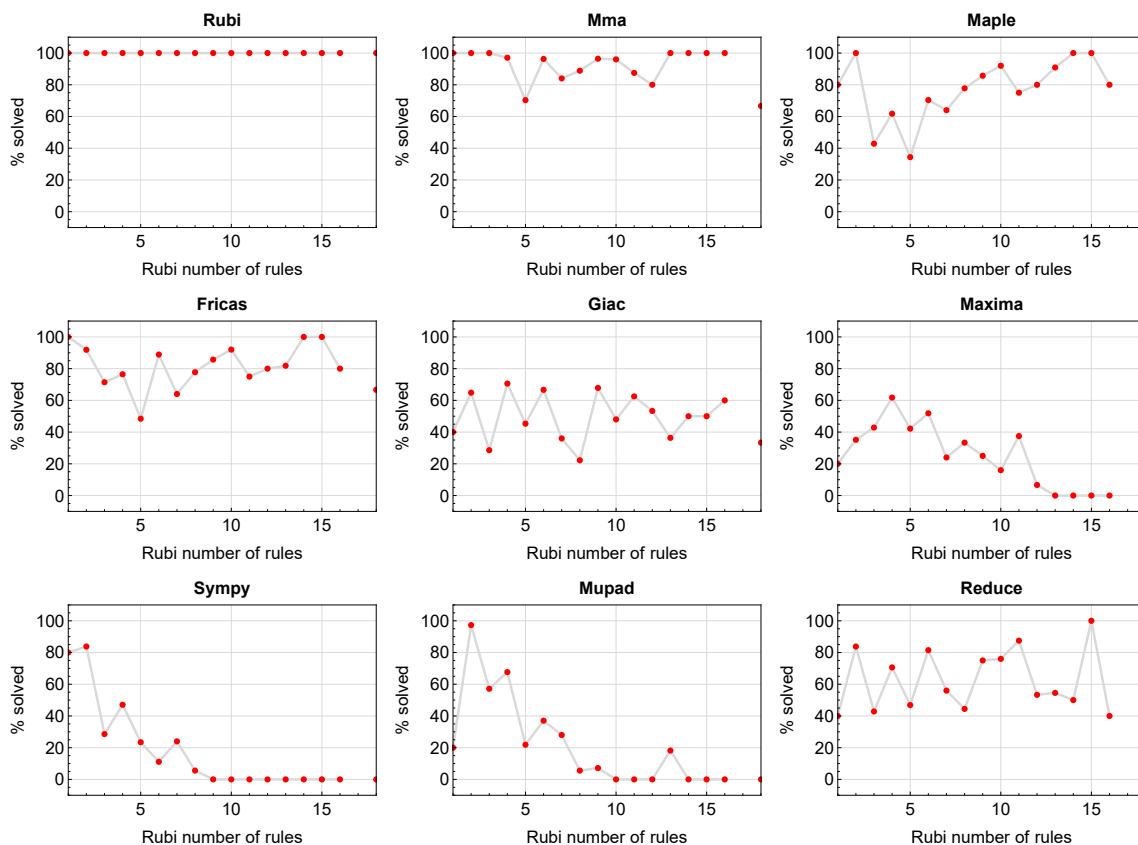


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

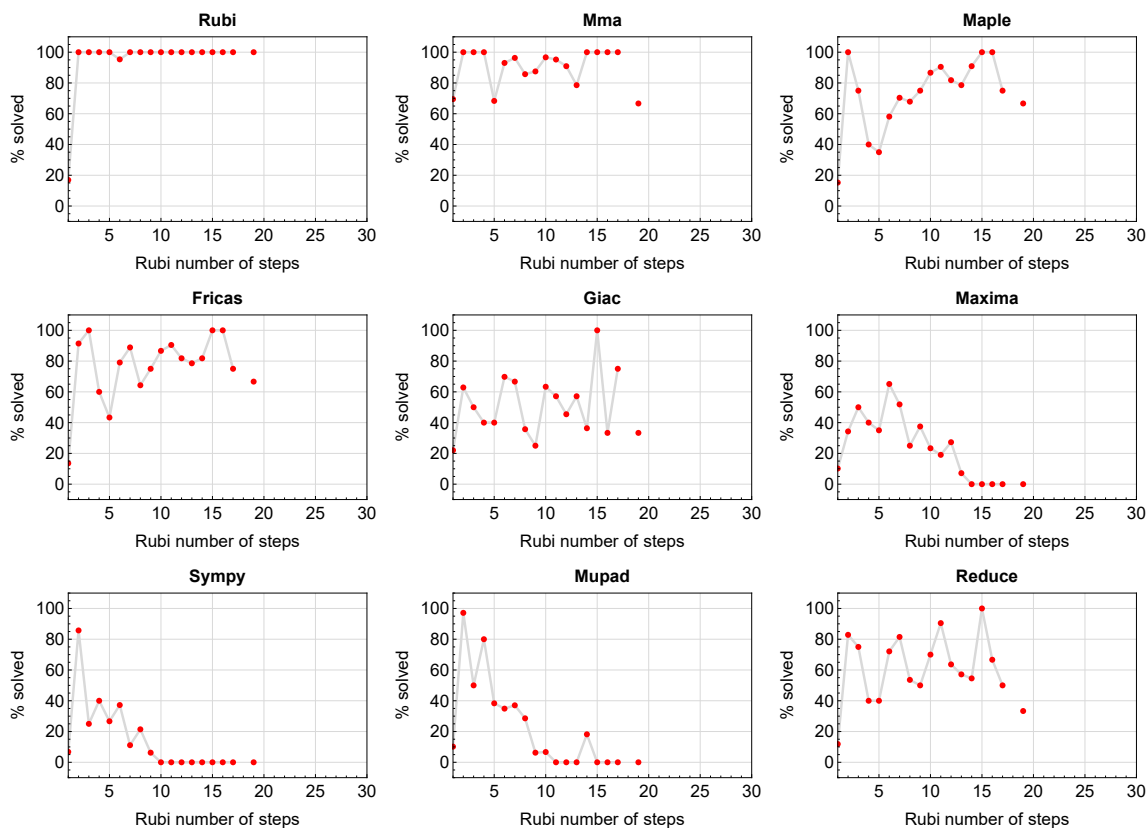


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

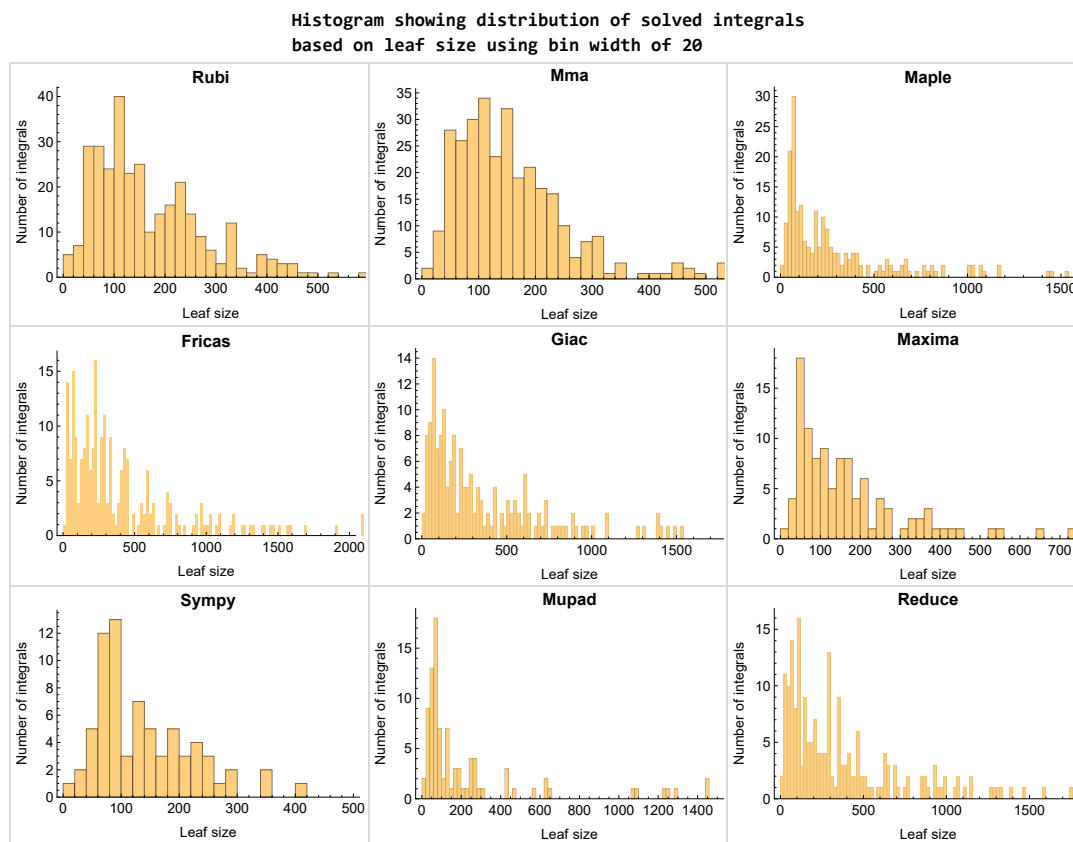


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

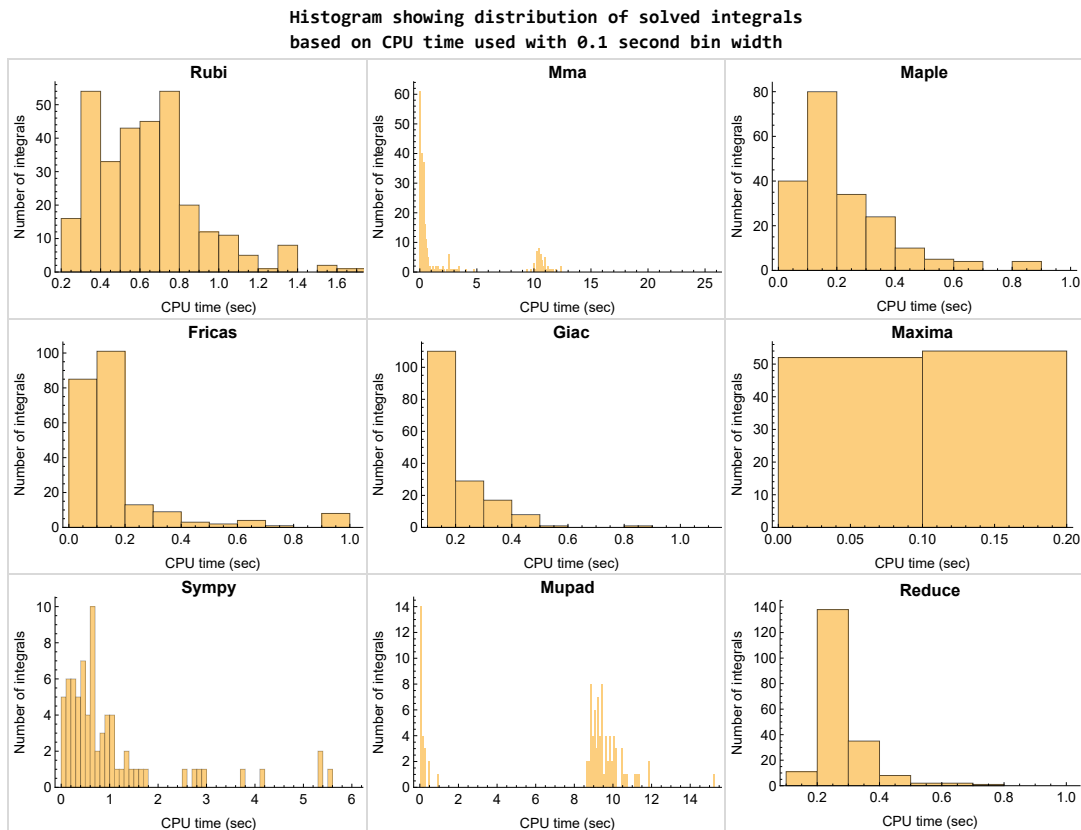


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

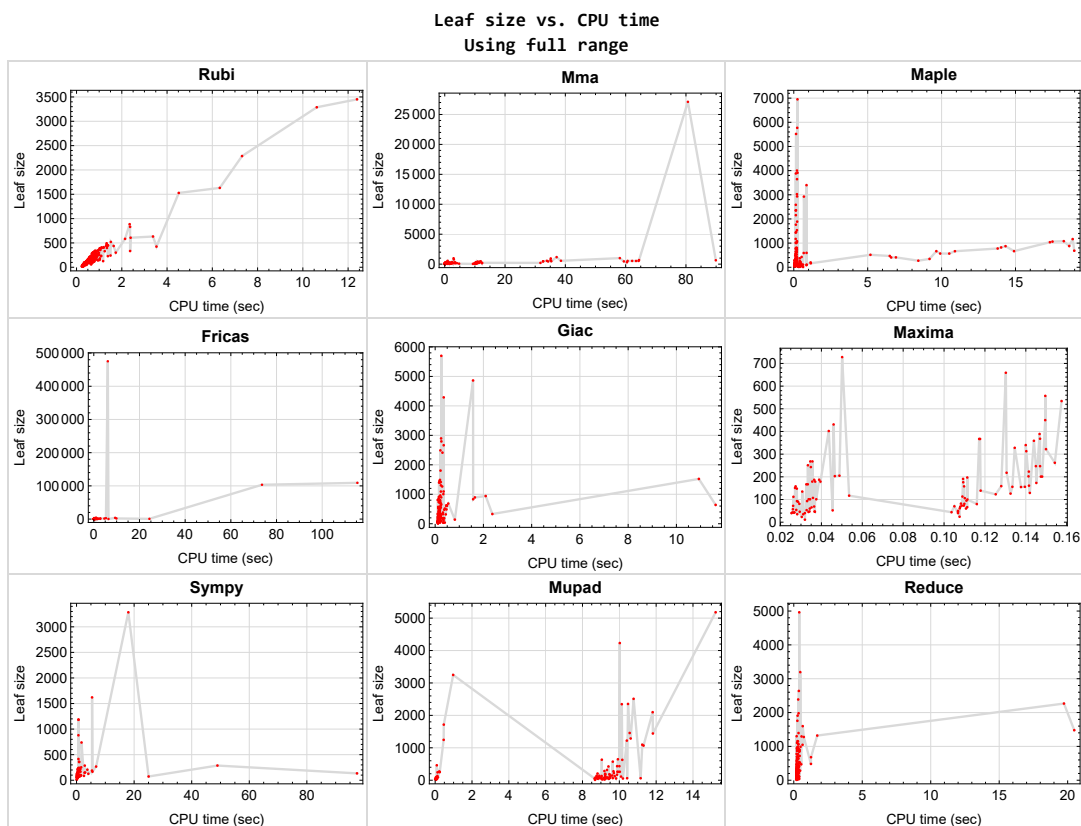


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{103, 366, 367, 368, 384, 385, 386}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 96, 130, 131, 137, 138, 163, 164, 167, 168, 169, 176, 177, 180, 181, 182, 191, 192, 195, 196, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 234, 235, 258, 283, 294, 306, 307, 310, 311, 312, 313, 331, 354, 358, 359, 360}

Mathematica {275, 319, 320, 322, 323, 329, 330, 332, 333, 344, 345}

Maple {8, 225}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Reduce Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

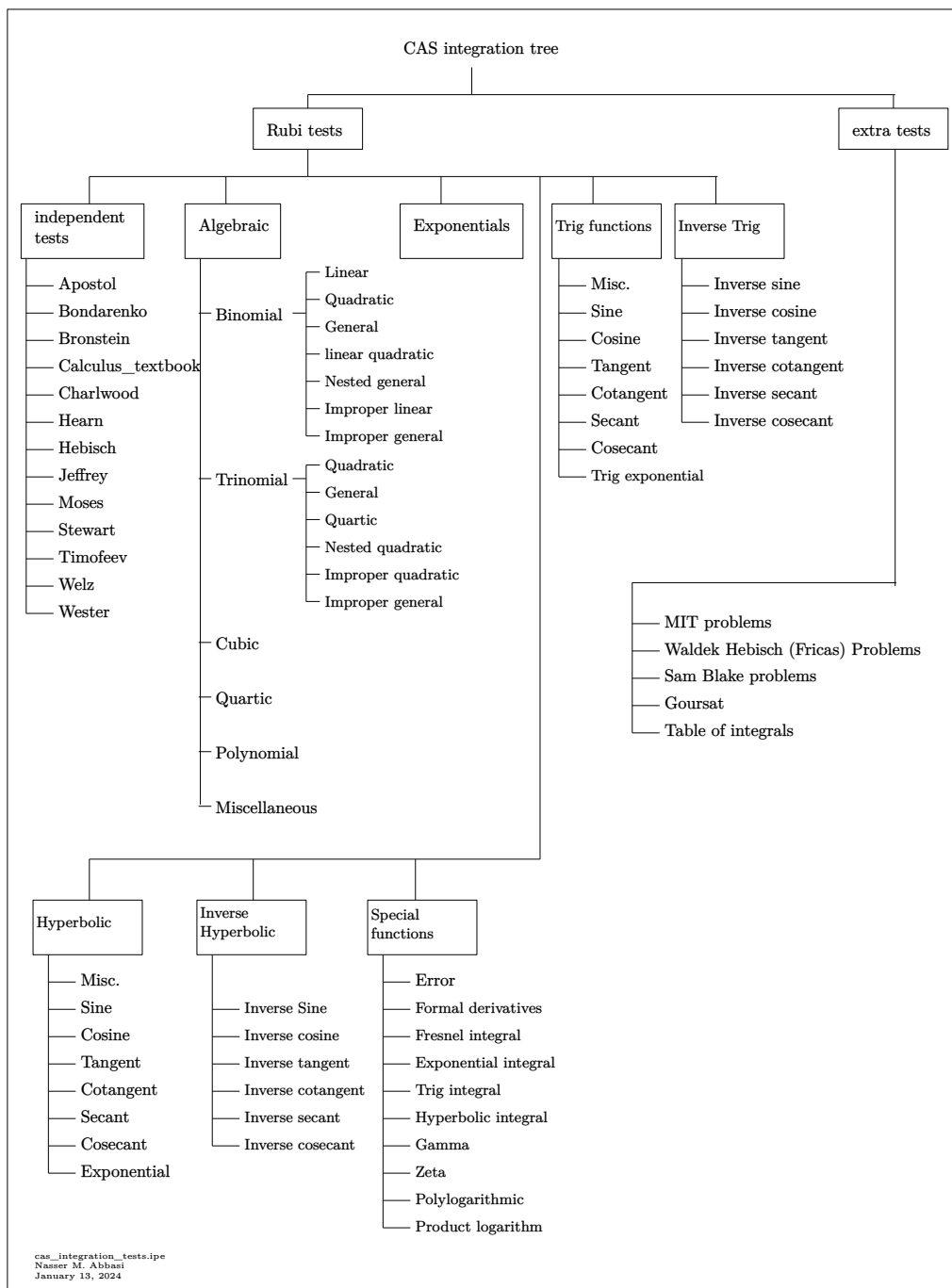
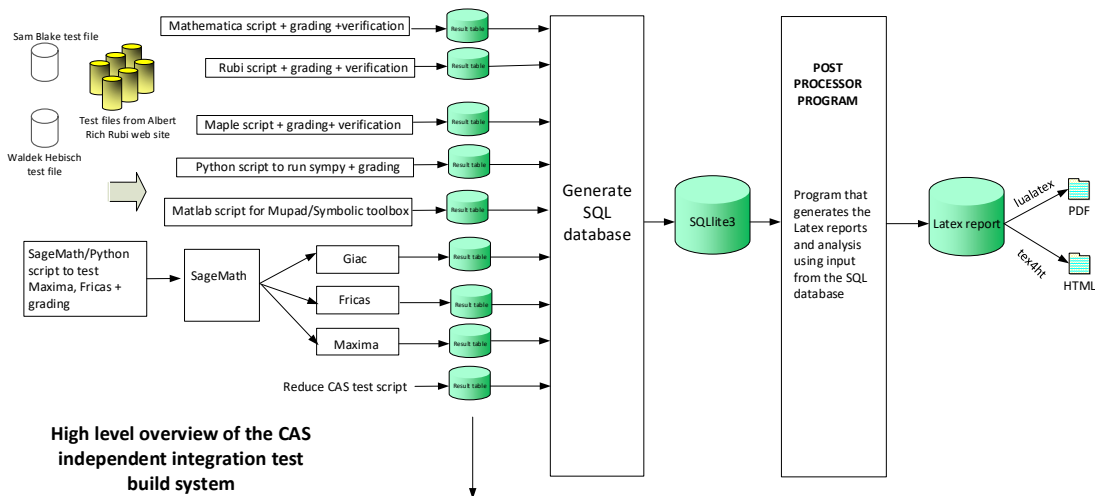


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi
January 13, 2024
Design note

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	37
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2.3	Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results	142

2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi	37
Mma	38
Maple	39
Fricas	39
Maxima	40
Giac	41
Mupad	42
Sympy	42
Reduce	43

Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 158, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 214, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 255, 256, 257, 258, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 280, 281, 282, 283, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 354, 358, 359, 360, 372, 378 }

B grade { 156, 157, 159 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 61, 62, 213, 215, 216, 217, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 336, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 369, 370, 371, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 56, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 98, 99, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 172, 173, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 199, 200, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 214, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 236, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 316, 321, 322, 323, 326, 331, 342, 343, 344, 345, 348, 349, 350, 351, 354, 360, 365, 371, 372, 373, 377, 378, 383 }

B grade { 10, 31, 189, 190, 319, 320, 329, 330, 332, 333, 346, 347 }

C grade { 74, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 170, 171, 174, 175, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 197, 198, 201, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 234, 235, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 340, 341 }

F normal fail { 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 96, 97, 100, 101, 102, 213, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 306, 307, 314, 315, 317, 318, 324, 325, 327, 328, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 352, 353, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 361, 362, 363, 364, 369, 370, 374, 375, 376, 379, 380, 381, 382 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35, 63, 64, 68, 71, 72, 76, 77, 79, 80, 82, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 138, 163, 164, 168, 169, 171, 172, 173, 176, 177, 181, 182, 191, 192, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 207, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 246, 257, 272, 282, 312 }

B grade { 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 30, 31, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 67, 69, 70, 73, 74, 75, 78, 81, 83, 84, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 131, 137, 165, 166, 167, 170, 174, 175, 178, 179, 180, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 193, 194, 195, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 316, 321, 326, 331 }

C grade { 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 266, 267, 268, 313 }

F normal fail { 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 244, 245, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 269, 270, 271, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 314, 315, 317, 318, 319, 320, 322, 323, 324, 325, 327, 328, 329, 330, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383 }

F(-1) timeout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 49, 63, 64, 70, 71, 72, 74, 77, 79, 80, 81, 86, 87, 88, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 125, 126, 127, 128, 132, 133, 134, 135, 142, 144, 145, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 163, 164, 165, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 191, 192, 193, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 241, 244, 245, 246, 255, 256, 257, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 280, 281, 282, 292, 303, 312, 313, 316, 321, 326, 346, 347, 348 }

B grade { 17, 30, 31, 41, 48, 50, 51, 52, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 73, 75, 76, 78, 82, 83, 84, 85, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 123, 124, 129, 130, 131, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 146, 166, 167, 179, 189, 190, 194, 195, 196, 204, 205, 206, 207, 239, 240, 242, 243, 290, 291, 304, 305, 331 }

C grade { 157, 158, 160 }

F normal fail { 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 143, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 381, 382, 383 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 156, 159, 161, 162, 247, 248, 249, 258, 259, 260, 273, 274, 283, 284 }

F(-2) exception fail { 314, 315, 317, 318, 319, 320, 322, 323, 324, 325, 327, 328, 329, 330, 332, 333, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380 }

Maxima

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 125, 126, 127, 128, 132, 133, 134, 135, 140, 141, 142, 163, 176, 177, 178, 191, 202, 203, 204, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 244, 245, 246, 255, 256, 257, 270, 271, 272, 280, 281, 282, 290, 291, 292, 312, 313, 346, 347, 348 }

B grade { 10, 11, 124, 139, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 179, 180, 181, 182, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 205, 206, 207 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 129, 130, 131, 136, 137, 138, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310,

311, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Giac

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 28, 29, 36, 37, 38, 66, 74, 76, 79, 80, 81, 82, 87, 88, 89, 90, 104, 105, 106, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 129, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 163, 164, 191, 192, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 266, 272, 312 }

B grade { 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 77, 84, 85, 86, 92, 93, 94, 95, 107, 125, 126, 127, 128, 130, 131, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 165, 167, 168, 169, 176, 177, 178, 193, 195, 196, 202, 203, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 270, 271, 273, 274, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 290, 291, 292, 303, 313 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 25, 26, 27, 49, 50, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 143, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 267, 268, 269, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 51, 52, 63, 64, 65, 78, 156 }

F(-2) exception fail { 16, 24, 40, 48, 53, 54, 55, 57, 67, 75, 83, 91, 166, 179, 194, 204, 205, 213, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289 }

Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 15, 23, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 39, 47, 56, 66, 74, 82, 90, 99, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 128, 135, 142, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 165, 178, 193, 204, 214, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 246, 257, 272, 282, 292, 303, 309 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 100, 101, 102, 125, 126, 127, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 143, 163, 164, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 244, 245, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

Sympy

A grade { 8, 9, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 118, 119, 120, 122, 125, 126, 127, 128, 132, 133, 134, 135, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 154, 155, 157, 160, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 232, 233, 234, 236, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 282, 312 }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 121, 151, 152, 153, 231, 235, 237, 257, 267, 268, 313 }

C grade { 30, 266 }

F normal fail { 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 99, 100, 116, 117, 123, 124, 129, 130, 136, 137, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 218, 219, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 314, 315, 316, 317, 321, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 336, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 355, 361, 372 }

F(-1) timedout fail { 96, 97, 98, 101, 102, 103, 131, 138, 156, 158, 159, 161, 162, 216, 217, 220, 221, 222, 238, 310, 311, 318, 319, 320, 322, 323, 334, 335, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 352, 353, 354, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 385, 386 }

F(-2) exception fail { 295 }

Reduce

A grade { }

B grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 255, 256, 257, 258, 266, 270, 271, 272, 273, 280, 281, 282, 283, 291, 292, 312, 313, 346, 347, 348 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 71, 79, 87, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 143, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264,

265, 267, 268, 269, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	73	111	81	198	209	77	105	87
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	1.50	1.09	2.68	2.82	1.04	1.42	1.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.051	0.529	0.110	0.105	0.375	0.121	0.224	0.153

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	47	54	70	61	157	153	54	67	206
N.S.	1	0.94	1.08	1.40	1.22	3.14	3.06	1.08	1.34	4.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.033	0.513	0.108	0.080	0.237	0.128	0.223	8.818

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	39	38	54	50	136	124	43	45	46
N.S.	1	0.95	0.93	1.32	1.22	3.32	3.02	1.05	1.10	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.018	0.468	0.107	0.080	0.107	0.121	0.214	8.809

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	28	24	83	54	17	20	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.33	1.14	3.95	2.57	0.81	0.95	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.006	0.454	0.108	0.076	0.079	0.118	0.219	0.037

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	57	48	74	68	154	738	62	55	173
N.S.	1	0.97	0.81	1.25	1.15	2.61	12.51	1.05	0.93	2.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.041	0.473	0.108	0.090	1.727	0.119	0.220	9.473

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	93	81	96	123	229	1620	117	102	425
N.S.	1	1.18	1.03	1.22	1.56	2.90	20.51	1.48	1.29	5.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.052	0.537	0.125	0.092	5.394	0.119	0.233	9.410

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	134	106	151	197	371	3284	195	199	573
N.S.	1	1.11	0.88	1.25	1.63	3.07	27.14	1.61	1.64	4.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.524	0.144	0.499	0.111	0.107	17.993	0.134	0.241	9.646

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	65	64	61	54	54	58	62	63	55
N.S.	1	1.10	1.08	1.03	0.92	0.92	0.98	1.05	1.07	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.030	0.531	0.028	0.106	0.071	0.119	0.233	0.056

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	11	11	12	11	11	10	11	11	11
N.S.	1	1.10	1.10	1.20	1.10	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.010	0.628	0.032	0.097	0.034	0.117	0.209	8.682

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	63	163	107	139	92	231	64	75	0
N.S.	1	0.94	2.43	1.60	2.07	1.37	3.45	0.96	1.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.443	0.628	0.118	0.282	0.730	0.130	0.223	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	60	86	87	135	70	228	87	103	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.37	1.38	2.14	1.11	3.62	1.38	1.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.317	0.858	0.031	0.101	0.607	0.132	0.261	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	260	182	803	0	443	0	350	409	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.75	3.29	0.00	1.82	0.00	1.43	1.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.701	0.444	0.204	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.166	0.350	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	155	131	545	0	328	0	249	258	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.78	3.26	0.00	1.96	0.00	1.49	1.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.501	0.310	0.124	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.153	0.226	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	100	95	333	0	229	0	168	139	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.89	3.11	0.00	2.14	0.00	1.57	1.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.178	0.120	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.149	0.244	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	58	69	136	0	172	0	115	56	136
N.S.	1	1.02	1.21	2.39	0.00	3.02	0.00	2.02	0.98	2.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.127	0.106	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.169	0.233	8.768

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	95	521	0	459	0	0	185	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	6.77	0.00	5.96	0.00	0.00	2.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.199	0.125	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.000	0.260	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	85	96	766	0	276	0	279	217	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.25	9.95	0.00	3.58	0.00	3.62	2.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.242	0.125	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.155	0.283	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	152	139	1434	0	425	0	729	857	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.99	10.24	0.00	3.04	0.00	5.21	6.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.440	0.128	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.160	0.419	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	224	200	2156	0	602	0	1447	1294	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	10.17	0.00	2.84	0.00	6.83	6.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.611	0.573	0.140	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.178	0.566	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	296	187	2361	0	443	0	560	680	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.71	8.94	0.00	1.68	0.00	2.12	2.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.783	0.429	0.148	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.198	1.257	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	177	138	1762	0	332	0	461	474	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.72	9.23	0.00	1.74	0.00	2.41	2.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.535	0.334	0.141	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.196	0.222	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	122	103	1173	0	239	0	425	284	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.80	9.09	0.00	1.85	0.00	3.29	2.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.231	0.128	0.000	0.105	0.000	0.191	0.207	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	80	76	359	0	174	0	340	151	70
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	4.49	0.00	2.18	0.00	4.25	1.89	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.135	0.118	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.186	0.208	9.236

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	105	129	2584	0	591	0	0	753	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.32	26.37	0.00	6.03	0.00	0.00	7.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.313	0.136	0.000	0.107	0.000	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	113	108	2349	0	238	0	0	928	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.03	22.37	0.00	2.27	0.00	0.00	8.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.300	0.133	0.000	0.086	0.000	0.000	0.325	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	180	143	3882	0	405	0	0	1598	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.88	23.96	0.00	2.50	0.00	0.00	9.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.535	0.306	0.142	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.652	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	252	212	5518	0	580	0	0	2266	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.91	23.58	0.00	2.48	0.00	0.00	9.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.694	0.525	0.155	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	19.729	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	92	83	74	0	72	0	84	56	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.97	0.86	0.00	0.84	0.00	0.98	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.120	0.145	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.132	0.242	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	78	69	0	67	0	72	41	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.24	1.10	0.00	1.06	0.00	1.14	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.093	0.102	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.130	0.218	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	C	B	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	39	72	64	0	62	90	59	28	57
N.S.	1	1.05	1.95	1.73	0.00	1.68	2.43	1.59	0.76	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.073	0.089	0.000	0.071	0.829	0.137	0.256	9.202

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	16	52	40	0	39	0	34	15	0
N.S.	1	1.14	3.71	2.86	0.00	2.79	0.00	2.43	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.049	0.086	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.136	0.244	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	17	15	24	0	24	0	42	21	21
N.S.	1	0.81	0.71	1.14	0.00	1.14	0.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.026	0.058	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.121	0.236	9.195

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	33	25	29	0	29	0	73	36	28
N.S.	1	0.70	0.53	0.62	0.00	0.62	0.00	1.55	0.77	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.071	0.060	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.130	0.214	9.088

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	48	30	34	0	34	0	101	51	33
N.S.	1	0.69	0.43	0.49	0.00	0.49	0.00	1.44	0.73	0.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.092	0.065	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.136	0.277	9.053

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	62	35	39	0	39	0	135	66	85
N.S.	1	0.67	0.38	0.42	0.00	0.42	0.00	1.45	0.71	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.091	0.063	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.136	0.246	8.708

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	249	217	184	1078	0	446	0	339	409	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.74	4.33	0.00	1.79	0.00	1.36	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.680	0.451	0.220	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.177	0.393	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	161	134	721	0	329	0	245	258	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.76	4.10	0.00	1.87	0.00	1.39	1.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.318	0.211	0.000	0.101	0.000	0.168	0.228	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	104	96	418	0	238	0	170	140	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.84	3.67	0.00	2.09	0.00	1.49	1.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.184	0.212	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.158	0.237	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	60	73	140	0	170	0	122	57	53
N.S.	1	0.98	1.20	2.30	0.00	2.79	0.00	2.00	0.93	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.128	0.187	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.181	0.219	8.656

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	95	526	0	481	0	0	227	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	6.83	0.00	6.25	0.00	0.00	2.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.177	0.201	0.000	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	88	100	629	0	294	0	282	227	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.22	7.67	0.00	3.59	0.00	3.44	2.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.265	0.205	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.136	0.262	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	153	135	1030	0	440	0	737	866	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.94	7.20	0.00	3.08	0.00	5.15	6.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.419	0.211	0.000	0.110	0.000	0.149	0.395	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	225	198	1534	0	621	0	1397	1278	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.92	7.13	0.00	2.89	0.00	6.50	5.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.635	0.512	0.211	0.000	0.114	0.000	0.163	0.731	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	280	269	217	3910	0	734	0	685	482	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.78	13.96	0.00	2.62	0.00	2.45	1.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.733	0.645	0.251	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.229	1.253	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	190	167	2932	0	571	0	599	335	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.81	14.16	0.00	2.76	0.00	2.89	1.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.572	0.482	0.225	0.000	0.094	0.000	0.217	0.225	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	133	130	1888	0	438	0	500	211	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.91	13.20	0.00	3.06	0.00	3.50	1.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.323	0.229	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.199	0.219	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	89	95	652	0	290	0	420	112	89
N.S.	1	1.05	1.12	7.67	0.00	3.41	0.00	4.94	1.32	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.205	0.196	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.187	0.246	9.324

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	124	129	3024	0	938	0	0	417	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.23	28.80	0.00	8.93	0.00	0.00	3.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.617	0.214	0.000	0.131	0.000	0.000	0.301	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	125	128	3646	0	417	0	0	649	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.17	33.45	0.00	3.83	0.00	0.00	5.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	0.332	0.219	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.335	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	190	176	4002	0	810	0	0	1046	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.05	23.82	0.00	4.82	0.00	0.00	6.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	0.477	0.215	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.640	0.000

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	288	252	5770	0	1085	0	0	1479	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.03	23.65	0.00	4.45	0.00	0.00	6.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.703	0.713	0.233	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.000	20.481	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	329	332	351	6950	0	1398	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.07	21.12	0.00	4.25	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.805	1.279	0.249	0.000	0.146	0.000	0.000	200.031	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	283	259	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.722	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	162	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	96	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	69	0	0	0	0	0	23	70
N.S.	1	1.00	1.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.101	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.188	9.399

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	105	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	120	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.415	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	203	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.594	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.239	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	197	198	320	0	1166	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.99	1.59	0.00	5.80	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.868	10.695	0.226	0.000	0.556	0.000	0.000	200.039	0.000

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	144	235	235	0	1028	0	0	260	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.58	1.58	0.00	6.90	0.00	0.00	1.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.597	10.217	0.149	0.000	0.224	0.000	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	115	155	213	0	989	0	0	197	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.34	1.84	0.00	8.53	0.00	0.00	1.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.510	10.424	0.140	0.000	0.177	0.000	0.000	0.250	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	63	106	133	0	272	0	107	116	64
N.S.	1	0.98	1.66	2.08	0.00	4.25	0.00	1.67	1.81	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	10.159	0.132	0.000	0.117	0.000	0.139	0.300	8.828

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	125	177	249	0	2695	0	0	179	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.43	2.01	0.00	21.73	0.00	0.00	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.674	10.478	0.132	0.000	0.918	0.000	0.000	0.275	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	142	207	224	0	1334	0	299	289	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.54	1.67	0.00	9.96	0.00	2.23	2.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.549	10.465	0.151	0.000	0.195	0.000	0.196	0.264	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	212	236	402	0	1687	0	685	638	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.90	0.00	7.96	0.00	3.23	3.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.716	10.331	0.164	0.000	0.316	0.000	0.544	0.248	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	293	298	312	603	0	2097	0	1521	1061	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.06	2.06	0.00	7.16	0.00	5.19	3.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.874	10.563	0.175	0.000	0.485	0.000	10.931	0.341	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	255	234	436	0	1509	0	940	19	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.87	1.61	0.00	5.59	0.00	3.48	0.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.996	10.326	0.181	0.000	1.582	0.000	2.094	200.039	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	220	211	352	0	1307	0	893	986	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.01	1.69	0.00	6.28	0.00	4.29	4.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.730	10.235	0.183	0.000	0.977	0.000	1.646	0.287	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	146	181	284	0	1189	0	832	643	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.17	1.83	0.00	7.67	0.00	5.37	4.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	10.788	0.167	0.000	0.607	0.000	1.575	0.242	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	97	66	184	0	347	0	34	436	56
N.S.	1	1.00	0.68	1.90	0.00	3.58	0.00	0.35	4.49	0.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	10.050	0.152	0.000	0.381	0.000	0.334	0.225	9.440

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	211	239	1455	0	3665	0	0	1155	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.28	7.78	0.00	19.60	0.00	0.00	6.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.870	11.212	0.162	0.000	9.350	0.000	0.000	0.272	0.000

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	192	235	349	0	1562	0	330	930	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.18	1.75	0.00	7.85	0.00	1.66	4.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	10.412	0.174	0.000	0.725	0.000	2.371	0.226	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	320	238	277	390	0	2095	0	639	1757	0
N.S.	1	0.74	0.87	1.22	0.00	6.55	0.00	2.00	5.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.747	10.471	0.187	0.000	2.889	0.000	11.626	0.262	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	360	355	345	792	0	2690	0	0	2639	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.96	2.20	0.00	7.47	0.00	0.00	7.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.053	10.999	0.204	0.000	5.319	0.000	0.000	0.370	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	185	183	128	243	0	409	0	232	19	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.69	1.31	0.00	2.21	0.00	1.25	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.841	10.335	0.103	0.000	0.163	0.000	0.128	200.044	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	134	104	213	0	346	0	172	163	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.76	1.55	0.00	2.53	0.00	1.26	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.599	10.275	0.092	0.000	0.119	0.000	0.308	0.221	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	95	105	196	0	325	0	131	104	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.08	2.02	0.00	3.35	0.00	1.35	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.476	10.319	0.087	0.000	0.103	0.000	0.138	0.199	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	40	49	0	54	0	38	29	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.48	1.81	0.00	2.00	0.00	1.41	1.07	2.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	9.347	0.065	0.000	0.081	0.000	0.121	0.209	8.867

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	84	152	203	0	1089	0	0	1148	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.81	2.42	0.00	12.96	0.00	0.00	13.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.549	10.412	0.078	0.000	0.148	0.000	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	101	117	205	0	498	0	220	154	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.18	2.07	0.00	5.03	0.00	2.22	1.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	10.346	0.092	0.000	0.164	0.000	0.134	0.322	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	161	168	152	230	0	620	0	575	304	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.94	1.43	0.00	3.85	0.00	3.57	1.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.607	10.491	0.092	0.000	0.301	0.000	0.127	0.233	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	260	205	289	0	789	0	1005	588	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.85	1.20	0.00	3.27	0.00	4.17	2.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.830	10.267	0.102	0.000	0.611	0.000	0.339	0.206	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	241	178	399	0	791	0	320	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.74	1.66	0.00	3.28	0.00	1.33	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.502	10.288	0.152	0.000	1.702	0.000	0.258	200.030	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	180	145	278	0	638	0	263	508	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.79	1.51	0.00	3.47	0.00	1.43	2.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.025	10.257	0.118	0.000	0.990	0.000	0.194	0.366	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	133	114	230	0	545	0	223	442	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.86	1.74	0.00	4.13	0.00	1.69	3.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.723	10.355	0.112	0.000	0.581	0.000	0.173	0.375	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	59	42	72	0	122	0	99	75	55
N.S.	1	1.04	0.74	1.26	0.00	2.14	0.00	1.74	1.32	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	10.043	0.093	0.000	0.330	0.000	0.144	0.303	9.823

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	149	193	474	0	2298	0	0	4963	0
N.S.	1	1.17	1.52	3.73	0.00	18.09	0.00	0.00	39.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.699	10.755	0.099	0.000	0.697	0.000	0.000	0.399	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	183	176	373	0	1022	0	523	842	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.04	2.21	0.00	6.05	0.00	3.09	4.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.645	10.406	0.124	0.000	0.922	0.000	0.208	0.395	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	242	244	574	0	1260	0	961	1394	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.04	2.45	0.00	5.38	0.00	4.11	5.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.768	10.532	0.129	0.000	2.169	0.000	0.214	0.346	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	321	334	336	805	0	1599	0	1804	1979	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.05	2.51	0.00	4.98	0.00	5.62	6.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.368	10.671	0.151	0.000	4.623	0.000	0.222	0.351	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	406	425	428	1001	0	1916	0	2896	2386	0
N.S.	1	1.05	1.05	2.47	0.00	4.72	0.00	7.13	5.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	3.532	10.945	0.159	0.000	9.910	0.000	0.246	0.323	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	214	211	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.260	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	165	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.580	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	117	132	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.578	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.289	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	63	0	0	0	0	0	46	76
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.73	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.149	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.314	9.182

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	194	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.665	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.257	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	222	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.720	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.248	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	375	356	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.971	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.291	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	21	19	21	50	0	21	53	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	1.00	1.11	2.63	0.00	1.11	2.79	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	1.033	0.057	0.093	0.099	0.000	0.164	0.238	9.228

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	171	105	78	151	94	177	151	120	167
N.S.	1	1.51	0.93	0.69	1.34	0.83	1.57	1.34	1.06	1.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.656	0.108	0.381	0.027	0.073	0.565	0.130	0.214	9.233

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	129	93	66	112	81	133	127	101	124
N.S.	1	1.40	1.01	0.72	1.22	0.88	1.45	1.38	1.10	1.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.084	0.365	0.026	0.073	0.537	0.115	0.224	9.232

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	85	68	54	72	67	88	131	82	79
N.S.	1	0.96	0.76	0.61	0.81	0.75	0.99	1.47	0.92	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.413	0.058	0.369	0.026	0.100	0.530	0.161	0.228	0.030

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	47	41	35	35	49	68	82	55	36
N.S.	1	1.15	1.00	0.85	0.85	1.20	1.66	2.00	1.34	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.027	0.336	0.028	0.080	0.096	0.145	0.233	0.046

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	71	63	51	70	115	87	59	64	130
N.S.	1	1.25	1.11	0.89	1.23	2.02	1.53	1.04	1.12	2.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.082	0.358	0.105	0.085	1.480	0.123	0.242	9.042

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	66	64	63	73	144	73	62	79	131
N.S.	1	1.22	1.19	1.17	1.35	2.67	1.35	1.15	1.46	2.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.139	0.363	0.110	0.107	25.038	0.125	0.263	0.121

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	91	77	81	113	178	134	105	106	80
N.S.	1	1.14	0.96	1.01	1.41	2.22	1.68	1.31	1.32	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.265	0.372	0.109	0.140	97.423	0.110	0.263	9.028

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	230	216	235	288	243	228	252	341	349	317
N.S.	1	0.94	1.02	1.25	1.06	0.99	1.10	1.48	1.52	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.683	0.298	0.043	0.035	0.307	1.612	0.108	0.281	9.331

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	143	151	166	148	138	167	203	202	184
N.S.	1	0.95	1.00	1.10	0.98	0.91	1.11	1.34	1.34	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	0.169	0.040	0.028	0.099	1.366	0.112	0.250	9.462

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	88	85	85	81	71	104	105	95	89
N.S.	1	0.98	0.94	0.94	0.90	0.79	1.16	1.17	1.06	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	0.093	0.036	0.029	0.083	1.250	0.224	0.222	0.054

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	39	40	36	35	33	49	38	31	33
N.S.	1	0.95	0.98	0.88	0.85	0.80	1.20	0.93	0.76	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.011	0.033	0.031	0.078	0.285	0.204	0.225	0.003

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	79	62	69	95	122	97	88	85	181
N.S.	1	0.96	0.76	0.84	1.16	1.49	1.18	1.07	1.04	2.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.411	0.076	0.070	0.111	0.116	1.553	0.257	0.217	9.229

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	151	118	128	191	280	0	191	231	220
N.S.	1	1.16	0.91	0.98	1.47	2.15	0.00	1.47	1.78	1.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	0.247	0.080	0.109	0.227	0.000	0.218	0.259	9.704

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	244	198	227	367	531	0	375	458	1094
N.S.	1	1.20	0.97	1.11	1.80	2.60	0.00	1.84	2.25	5.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.761	0.552	0.088	0.118	0.460	0.000	0.148	0.298	11.248

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	228	283	277	251	392	267	324	463	461
N.S.	1	0.95	1.18	1.15	1.05	1.63	1.11	1.35	1.93	1.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.739	0.285	0.054	0.033	0.114	6.796	0.324	0.278	0.089

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	158	194	161	158	269	189	195	288	197
N.S.	1	0.95	1.17	0.97	0.95	1.62	1.14	1.17	1.73	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	0.194	0.046	0.027	0.106	5.373	0.122	0.241	9.233

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	95	108	87	90	163	126	102	151	98
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.92	0.95	1.72	1.33	1.07	1.59	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.451	0.088	0.044	0.029	0.108	4.105	0.117	0.230	0.062

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	44	43	41	43	75	124	44	62	43
N.S.	1	0.94	0.91	0.87	0.91	1.60	2.64	0.94	1.32	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.054	0.043	0.027	0.097	0.542	0.113	0.228	0.055

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	152	107	118	176	441	167	174	408	125
N.S.	1	1.18	0.83	0.91	1.36	3.42	1.29	1.35	3.16	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.576	0.243	0.083	0.109	0.132	5.527	0.113	0.240	9.752

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	219	177	182	367	851	0	311	696	275
N.S.	1	1.12	0.91	0.93	1.88	4.36	0.00	1.59	3.57	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.678	0.398	0.095	0.117	0.311	0.000	0.116	0.224	9.683

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	299	336	301	303	659	1249	0	521	1103	1441
N.S.	1	1.12	1.01	1.01	2.20	4.18	0.00	1.74	3.69	4.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.945	0.839	0.114	0.130	0.950	0.000	0.129	0.238	11.823

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	326	307	232	385	268	286	359	915	354	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.71	1.18	0.82	0.88	1.10	2.81	1.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.727	0.260	0.204	0.036	0.120	0.883	0.155	0.235	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	211	147	184	167	184	241	549	212	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.66	0.82	0.75	0.82	1.08	2.45	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.579	0.182	0.204	0.033	0.122	0.739	0.128	0.242	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	126	84	93	93	103	156	279	110	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.63	0.70	0.70	0.77	1.17	2.10	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.462	0.092	0.201	0.033	0.117	0.661	0.165	0.219	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	55	55	41	43	50	70	99	47	44
N.S.	1	0.98	0.98	0.73	0.77	0.89	1.25	1.77	0.84	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.048	0.141	0.026	0.113	0.422	0.151	0.229	9.251

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	134	124	154	0	194	0	157	108	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.07	1.33	0.00	1.67	0.00	1.35	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.636	0.351	0.398	0.000	0.131	0.000	0.135	0.236	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	186	144	166	0	1003	0	250	281	0
N.S.	1	1.36	1.05	1.21	0.00	7.32	0.00	1.82	2.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.586	0.514	0.398	0.000	0.143	0.000	0.224	0.285	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	336	217	372	0	2856	0	895	719	0
N.S.	1	1.50	0.97	1.66	0.00	12.75	0.00	4.00	3.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.913	2.501	0.409	0.000	0.319	0.000	0.250	0.430	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	324	305	232	384	268	231	357	409	287	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.72	1.19	0.83	0.71	1.10	1.26	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.733	0.283	0.224	0.035	0.127	0.905	0.154	0.236	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	209	147	184	167	140	240	238	162	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.66	0.83	0.75	0.63	1.08	1.07	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	0.144	0.216	0.033	0.120	0.949	0.111	0.233	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	124	84	92	93	71	155	115	77	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.64	0.70	0.71	0.54	1.18	0.88	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.089	0.146	0.028	0.112	0.700	0.347	0.233	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	53	42	41	42	34	68	38	31	44
N.S.	1	0.98	0.78	0.76	0.78	0.63	1.26	0.70	0.57	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.038	0.096	0.027	0.110	0.383	0.398	0.243	9.430

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	112	105	92	0	743	0	140	214	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.08	0.95	0.00	7.66	0.00	1.44	2.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.482	0.209	0.395	0.000	0.128	0.000	0.816	0.225	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	235	170	259	0	2493	0	637	469	0
N.S.	1	1.44	1.04	1.59	0.00	15.29	0.00	3.91	2.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.682	0.740	0.401	0.000	0.202	0.000	0.241	0.270	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	269	391	249	427	0	4390	0	1303	987	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.93	1.59	0.00	16.32	0.00	4.84	3.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.027	2.028	0.529	0.000	0.970	0.000	0.237	0.491	0.000

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	350	330	555	0	728	1416	0	5699	1909	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.59	0.00	2.08	4.05	0.00	16.28	5.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.846	0.947	0.000	0.050	0.210	0.000	0.255	0.279	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	227	284	0	402	712	0	2490	865	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.17	0.00	1.66	2.94	0.00	10.29	3.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	0.546	0.000	0.044	0.222	0.000	0.217	0.239	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	137	128	0	187	294	0	806	300	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.88	0.00	1.29	2.03	0.00	5.56	2.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.261	0.000	0.039	0.116	0.000	0.106	0.234	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	60	53	0	60	81	0	129	70	146
N.S.	1	0.97	0.85	0.00	0.97	1.31	0.00	2.08	1.13	2.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.123	0.000	0.034	0.108	0.000	0.172	0.273	9.612

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	145	136	0	0	0	0	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.520	0.219	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	219	264	187	76	0	284	92	619	351	261
N.S.	1	1.21	0.85	0.35	0.00	1.30	0.42	2.83	1.60	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.946	0.368	0.244	0.000	0.091	1.069	0.460	0.320	10.027

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	212	257	180	71	0	302	87	612	346	256
N.S.	1	1.21	0.85	0.33	0.00	1.42	0.41	2.89	1.63	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.796	0.263	0.109	0.000	0.091	1.036	0.488	0.281	0.229

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	254	167	68	0	299	85	609	343	253
N.S.	1	1.22	0.80	0.33	0.00	1.43	0.41	2.91	1.64	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.781	0.304	0.098	0.000	0.117	1.019	0.475	0.257	0.249

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	254	172	68	0	262	85	609	343	256
N.S.	1	1.22	0.82	0.33	0.00	1.25	0.41	2.91	1.64	1.22
time (sec)	N/A	0.795	0.277	0.099	0.000	0.089	2.569	0.472	0.259	9.950

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	246	149	62	0	229	71	485	282	170
N.S.	1	1.22	0.74	0.31	0.00	1.14	0.35	2.41	1.40	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.689	0.269	0.101	0.000	0.091	0.916	0.468	0.238	9.878

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	250	140	62	0	268	71	317	343	262
N.S.	1	1.20	0.67	0.30	0.00	1.28	0.34	1.52	1.64	1.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.671	0.082	0.092	0.000	0.084	1.018	0.440	0.239	9.897

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	228	275	176	71	0	262	90	610	362	267
N.S.	1	1.21	0.77	0.31	0.00	1.15	0.39	2.68	1.59	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.786	0.337	0.101	0.000	0.085	0.811	0.476	0.300	0.220

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	182	223	77	68	0	232	1187	190	263	1287
N.S.	1	1.23	0.42	0.37	0.00	1.27	6.52	1.04	1.45	7.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.790	0.070	0.280	0.000	0.083	0.672	0.359	0.253	10.615

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	229	84	68	0	234	1182	185	260	1222
N.S.	1	1.37	0.50	0.41	0.00	1.40	7.08	1.11	1.56	7.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.717	0.059	0.161	0.000	0.088	0.683	0.349	0.248	10.409

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	215	77	68	0	206	879	190	262	243
N.S.	1	1.22	0.44	0.39	0.00	1.17	4.99	1.08	1.49	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.699	0.063	0.155	0.000	0.078	0.655	0.335	0.287	0.129

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	237	85	68	0	218	65	185	259	1069
N.S.	1	1.37	0.49	0.39	0.00	1.26	0.38	1.07	1.50	6.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.692	0.063	0.150	0.000	0.105	0.369	0.264	0.274	11.315

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	246	90	73	0	203	71	187	286	1457
N.S.	1	1.22	0.45	0.36	0.00	1.01	0.35	0.93	1.42	7.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.743	0.078	0.194	0.000	0.083	0.416	0.372	0.232	10.563

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	636	2285	112	107	0	0	0	0	22	2511
N.S.	1	3.59	0.18	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	3.95
time (sec)	N/A	7.314	0.059	0.296	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.050	10.775

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	F	C	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	550	1527	110	107	0	103351	150	0	22	646
N.S.	1	2.78	0.20	0.19	0.00	187.91	0.27	0.00	0.04	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	4.518	0.051	0.096	0.000	73.642	2.983	0.000	200.043	9.924

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	F(-1)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	607	831	111	104	0	475271	0	0	18	433
N.S.	1	1.37	0.18	0.17	0.00	782.98	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	2.366	0.048	0.105	0.000	6.136	0.000	0.000	200.021	10.004

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	B	C	C	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	752	3288	176	156	0	0	0	0	22	2353
N.S.	1	4.37	0.23	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	3.13
time (sec)	N/A	10.616	0.115	0.125	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.022	10.473

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	C	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1845	1631	108	103	0	109156	148	0	55	629
N.S.	1	0.88	0.06	0.06	0.00	59.16	0.08	0.00	0.03	0.34
time (sec)	N/A	6.329	0.048	0.311	0.000	115.395	2.777	0.000	0.183	10.161

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1693	885	109	100	0	0	0	0	51	433
N.S.	1	0.52	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.26
time (sec)	N/A	2.347	0.039	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.193	9.881

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	F(-1)	F(-1)	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	2262	3451	174	149	0	0	0	0	1074	2345
N.S.	1	1.53	0.08	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.47	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	12.394	0.097	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.210	10.135

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	203	145	237	328	423	0	218	295	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.80	1.31	1.81	2.34	0.00	1.20	1.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.748	0.308	0.241	0.135	0.113	0.000	0.161	0.388	0.000

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	144	107	193	218	325	0	158	156	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.91	1.65	1.86	2.78	0.00	1.35	1.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.608	0.195	0.125	0.131	0.095	0.000	0.162	0.307	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	66	85	137	126	267	0	123	64	120
N.S.	1	0.96	1.23	1.99	1.83	3.87	0.00	1.78	0.93	1.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	0.129	0.198	0.133	0.095	0.000	0.172	0.226	9.516

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	104	102	235	159	927	0	0	108	0
N.S.	1	1.30	1.28	2.94	1.99	11.59	0.00	0.00	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.619	0.197	0.096	0.128	0.138	0.000	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	109	110	189	156	433	0	281	144	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.25	2.15	1.77	4.92	0.00	3.19	1.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.551	0.310	0.144	0.133	0.120	0.000	0.178	0.236	0.000

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	184	152	239	322	577	0	713	381	0
N.S.	1	1.23	1.01	1.59	2.15	3.85	0.00	4.75	2.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.699	0.384	0.155	0.150	0.185	0.000	0.203	0.292	0.000

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	226	263	216	317	557	755	0	1414	691	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.96	1.40	2.46	3.34	0.00	6.26	3.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.827	0.555	0.170	0.150	0.366	0.000	0.233	0.294	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	328	403	294	665	0	238	0	0	471	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.90	2.03	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.198	10.884	9.644	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.564	0.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	329	243	406	0	166	0	0	276	0
N.S.	1	1.32	0.97	1.62	0.00	0.66	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.891	10.565	6.589	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.440	0.000

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	281	98	199	0	148	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.49	0.52	1.05	0.00	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.674	10.077	1.139	0.000	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	328	136	272	0	196	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.64	0.68	1.36	0.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.842	10.641	8.425	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	273	394	307	568	0	292	0	0	697	0
N.S.	1	1.44	1.12	2.08	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00	2.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.076	11.128	9.907	0.000	0.098	0.000	0.000	0.783	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	357	493	400	776	0	411	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.38	1.12	2.17	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.331	11.673	13.792	0.000	0.097	0.000	0.000	1.902	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	236	150	295	368	427	0	517	469	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.72	1.43	1.78	2.06	0.00	2.50	2.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.795	0.322	0.182	0.147	0.212	0.000	0.402	0.547	0.000

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	175	113	242	247	335	0	475	281	0
N.S.	1	1.25	0.81	1.73	1.76	2.39	0.00	3.39	2.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.640	0.250	0.161	0.147	0.142	0.000	0.376	0.463	0.000

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	90	87	187	156	269	0	381	160	61
N.S.	1	0.97	0.94	2.01	1.68	2.89	0.00	4.10	1.72	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.146	0.242	0.140	0.137	0.000	0.320	0.269	10.424

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	140	139	652	201	1073	0	0	427	0
N.S.	1	1.37	1.36	6.39	1.97	10.52	0.00	0.00	4.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.678	0.314	0.127	0.147	0.202	0.000	0.000	0.245	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	122	124	251	202	404	0	0	292	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.06	2.15	1.73	3.45	0.00	0.00	2.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.577	0.303	0.171	0.141	0.190	0.000	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	212	153	274	313	557	0	0	640	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.88	1.58	1.81	3.22	0.00	0.00	3.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.774	0.329	0.178	0.140	0.405	0.000	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	297	226	371	534	733	0	0	1063	0
N.S.	1	1.19	0.90	1.48	2.14	2.93	0.00	0.00	4.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.991	0.650	0.210	0.157	0.675	0.000	0.000	0.328	0.000

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	357	434	312	1062	0	233	0	0	1049	0
N.S.	1	1.22	0.87	2.97	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	2.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.341	10.929	17.503	0.000	0.093	0.000	0.000	1.093	0.000

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	291	371	256	820	0	204	0	0	1024	0
N.S.	1	1.27	0.88	2.82	0.00	0.70	0.00	0.00	3.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.023	10.615	14.029	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.938	0.000

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	325	229	515	0	160	0	0	245	0
N.S.	1	1.66	1.17	2.63	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.793	10.654	5.186	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.651	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	393	270	873	0	251	0	0	642	0
N.S.	1	1.67	1.15	3.71	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.00	2.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.090	10.705	14.325	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.899	0.000

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	298	440	352	1037	0	284	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.48	1.18	3.48	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.307	11.484	17.328	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.000	1.846	0.000

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	378	521	472	1166	0	393	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.38	1.25	3.08	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.516	11.928	18.869	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	2.774	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	57	110	0	74	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.00	5.79	0.00	3.89	0.00	0.00	1.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	1.466	0.872	0.000	0.092	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	57	110	0	74	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.00	5.79	0.00	3.89	0.00	0.00	1.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.008	0.411	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	227	148	239	340	425	0	225	292	0
N.S.	1	1.19	0.78	1.26	1.79	2.24	0.00	1.18	1.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.722	0.345	0.142	0.140	0.105	0.000	0.174	0.371	0.000

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	F	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	146	108	195	223	333	0	166	156	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.87	1.57	1.80	2.69	0.00	1.34	1.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.558	0.208	0.127	0.141	0.102	0.000	0.162	0.272	0.000

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	68	88	134	129	267	0	128	63	111
N.S.	1	0.94	1.22	1.86	1.79	3.71	0.00	1.78	0.88	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.138	0.428	0.142	0.104	0.000	0.163	0.245	10.094

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	104	101	312	155	972	0	0	147	0
N.S.	1	1.30	1.26	3.90	1.94	12.15	0.00	0.00	1.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.575	0.195	0.101	0.138	0.144	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	113	114	197	173	451	0	292	157	0
N.S.	1	1.23	1.24	2.14	1.88	4.90	0.00	3.17	1.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.537	0.355	0.145	0.145	0.138	0.000	0.166	0.253	0.000

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	188	149	236	359	593	0	778	392	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.97	1.54	2.35	3.88	0.00	5.08	2.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.629	0.391	0.157	0.144	0.212	0.000	0.192	0.350	0.000

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	403	413	298	664	0	240	0	0	472	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.74	1.65	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.198	10.950	10.903	0.000	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.704	0.000

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	322	335	248	409	0	168	0	0	280	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.77	1.27	0.00	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.910	10.234	6.909	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.411	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	287	107	164	0	127	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.48	0.73	0.00	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.695	9.704	1.151	0.000	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.214	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	231	329	151	345	0	239	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.42	0.65	1.49	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.854	12.356	9.184	0.000	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.265	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	402	299	567	0	297	0	0	581	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.89	1.69	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	1.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.116	10.941	10.520	0.000	0.089	0.000	0.000	0.813	0.000

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	254	183	303	389	675	0	663	538	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.82	1.36	1.75	3.04	0.00	2.99	2.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.734	0.394	0.209	0.147	0.199	0.000	0.251	0.393	0.000

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	170	144	248	262	541	0	552	351	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.93	1.60	1.69	3.49	0.00	3.56	2.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.712	0.262	0.171	0.154	0.174	0.000	0.233	0.292	0.000

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	99	114	217	161	395	0	0	207	61
N.S.	1	1.02	1.18	2.24	1.66	4.07	0.00	0.00	2.13	0.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.392	0.145	0.461	0.142	0.157	0.000	0.000	0.264	11.158

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	F(-2)	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	137	140	1015	201	1477	0	0	627	0
N.S.	1	1.25	1.27	9.23	1.83	13.43	0.00	0.00	5.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.707	0.494	0.128	0.148	0.215	0.000	0.000	0.317	0.000

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	112	148	244	247	599	0	0	519	0
N.S.	1	0.93	1.23	2.03	2.06	4.99	0.00	0.00	4.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.628	0.282	0.182	0.145	0.192	0.000	0.000	0.451	0.000

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	B	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	199	192	279	450	961	0	0	896	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.07	1.55	2.50	5.34	0.00	0.00	4.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.765	0.384	0.196	0.149	0.920	0.000	0.000	0.432	0.000

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	434	450	296	879	0	436	0	0	1284	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.68	2.03	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	2.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.392	10.724	18.634	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.000	1.061	0.000

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	284	386	253	667	0	326	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.36	0.89	2.35	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.034	10.594	14.902	0.000	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.820	0.000

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	339	240	467	0	327	0	0	930	0
N.S.	1	1.44	1.02	1.99	0.00	1.39	0.00	0.00	3.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.822	10.699	6.493	0.000	0.091	0.000	0.000	0.581	0.000

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	251	405	261	686	0	432	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.61	1.04	2.73	0.00	1.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.106	10.805	18.975	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.780	0.000

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	392	470	306	1080	0	601	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.78	2.76	0.00	1.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.328	11.254	18.266	0.000	0.133	0.000	0.000	1.321	0.000

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	79	0	0	0	0	0	28	78
N.S.	1	1.00	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.174	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	9.496

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	118	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.201	0.000

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	95	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.412	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	93	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.197	0.000

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	95	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.480	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	112	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.495	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	51	50	57	81	51	68	79	72
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.91	1.04	1.47	0.93	1.24	1.44	1.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.056	0.309	0.026	0.091	0.143	0.128	0.195	0.079

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	40	38	40	59	39	38	66	37
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.88	0.93	1.37	0.91	0.88	1.53	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.025	0.305	0.025	0.078	0.309	0.123	0.197	0.063

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	33	23	23	34	20	22	31	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	0.88	0.88	1.31	0.77	0.85	1.19	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.015	0.305	0.030	0.089	0.100	0.117	0.208	0.045

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	44	42	46	65	42	57	84	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.89	0.98	1.38	0.89	1.21	1.79	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.040	0.295	0.029	0.091	0.385	0.123	0.206	9.058

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	51	64	69	92	70	70	104	70
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	1.08	1.17	1.56	1.19	1.19	1.76	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.066	0.307	0.036	0.075	0.272	0.118	0.201	8.807

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	77	65	73	214	121	75	107	103
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.84	0.95	2.78	1.57	0.97	1.39	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.383	0.088	0.316	0.109	0.085	0.162	0.119	0.205	8.840

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	59	55	60	184	95	60	92	69
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.89	0.97	2.97	1.53	0.97	1.48	1.11
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.067	0.309	0.111	0.080	0.163	0.124	0.193	8.804

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	45	44	174	88	43	89	41
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.80	3.16	1.60	0.78	1.62	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.046	0.328	0.104	0.077	0.127	0.346	0.202	0.058

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	50	41	40	168	85	40	84	38
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.80	3.36	1.70	0.80	1.68	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.045	0.325	0.107	0.103	0.127	0.110	0.197	0.055

Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	65	53	66	173	112	66	92	64
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.84	1.05	2.75	1.78	1.05	1.46	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.093	0.309	0.111	0.097	0.206	0.113	0.235	8.873

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	75	64	82	210	136	67	109	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.83	1.06	2.73	1.77	0.87	1.42	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.088	0.382	0.108	0.099	0.282	0.115	0.208	8.952

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	102	138	108	106	237	233	0	496	633
N.S.	1	0.78	1.05	0.82	0.81	1.81	1.78	0.00	3.79	4.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.704	0.119	0.112	0.110	0.103	0.928	0.000	0.220	9.050

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	78	112	86	80	205	182	0	290	135
N.S.	1	0.81	1.17	0.90	0.83	2.14	1.90	0.00	3.02	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.628	0.091	0.077	0.116	0.092	0.494	0.000	0.205	8.917

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	50	54	44	46	142	71	0	197	39
N.S.	1	1.06	1.15	0.94	0.98	3.02	1.51	0.00	4.19	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.025	0.092	0.107	0.101	0.236	0.000	0.211	0.101

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	B	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	100	113	99	100	217	287	0	294	2098
N.S.	1	1.11	1.26	1.10	1.11	2.41	3.19	0.00	3.27	23.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.718	0.109	0.096	0.111	0.089	48.940	0.000	0.205	11.812

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	117	127	186	124	158	296	0	0	546	5179
N.S.	1	1.09	1.59	1.06	1.35	2.53	0.00	0.00	4.67	44.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.789	0.198	0.109	0.110	0.119	0.000	0.000	0.211	15.230

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	448	632	224	111	0	1444	286	0	1301	3247
N.S.	1	1.41	0.50	0.25	0.00	3.22	0.64	0.00	2.90	7.25
time (sec)	N/A	3.379	0.229	0.253	0.000	0.135	2.853	0.000	0.209	0.978

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	414	607	199	89	0	962	184	0	957	1715
N.S.	1	1.47	0.48	0.21	0.00	2.32	0.44	0.00	2.31	4.14
time (sec)	N/A	2.389	0.213	0.165	0.000	0.114	1.123	0.000	0.237	0.468

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	342	449	185	67	0	405	76	0	632	285
N.S.	1	1.31	0.54	0.20	0.00	1.18	0.22	0.00	1.85	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	1.382	0.178	0.155	0.000	0.105	0.407	0.000	0.261	9.190

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	370	158	158	61	0	903	100	0	962	1245
N.S.	1	0.43	0.43	0.16	0.00	2.44	0.27	0.00	2.60	3.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.908	0.199	0.170	0.000	0.107	0.615	0.000	0.252	0.462

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	F	B	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	444	584	200	243	0	2314	206	0	1320	4231
N.S.	1	1.32	0.45	0.55	0.00	5.21	0.46	0.00	2.97	9.53
time (sec)	N/A	2.144	0.481	0.169	0.000	0.100	3.758	0.000	1.713	10.025

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	222	202	0	179	198	0	855	607	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.86	0.00	0.76	0.84	0.00	3.62	2.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.872	0.460	0.000	0.037	0.167	0.000	0.145	0.266	0.000

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	134	121	0	101	112	0	433	342	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.86	0.00	0.72	0.79	0.00	3.07	2.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.728	0.248	0.000	0.037	0.150	0.000	0.142	0.191	0.000

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	58	61	45	47	56	0	133	163	65
N.S.	1	0.97	1.02	0.75	0.78	0.93	0.00	2.22	2.72	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.129	0.316	0.034	0.137	0.000	0.121	0.194	9.646

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	139	130	0	0	0	0	288	392	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.36	3.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.948	0.456	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.153	0.191	0.000

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	0	150	0	0	0	0	1093	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.54	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.728	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.236	5.458	0.000

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	0	262	0	0	0	0	2413	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.31	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	3.257	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.302	24.588	0.000

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	406	0	551	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	33.878	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	300	0	454	0	0	0	0	0	15	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	32.593	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	0	207	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	31.736	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	357	0	474	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	32.656	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.240	0.000

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	478	0	665	0	0	0	0	0	19	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	35.092	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	236	222	254	0	179	247	0	2794	770	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.08	0.00	0.76	1.05	0.00	11.84	3.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.843	0.716	0.000	0.036	0.197	0.000	0.258	0.309	0.000

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	134	162	0	101	148	0	1488	461	0
N.S.	1	0.95	1.15	0.00	0.72	1.05	0.00	10.55	3.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.730	0.476	0.000	0.034	0.171	0.000	0.199	0.224	0.000

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	58	80	45	47	77	223	552	238	65
N.S.	1	0.97	1.33	0.75	0.78	1.28	3.72	9.20	3.97	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.382	0.323	0.037	0.177	0.449	0.142	0.224	9.372

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	150	147	0	0	0	0	420	924	0
N.S.	1	1.03	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.88	6.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.019	0.692	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.161	0.351	0.000

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	0	157	0	0	0	0	1265	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.72	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.850	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.292	4.535	0.000

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	0	215	0	0	0	0	2664	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.75	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	2.600	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.354	12.161	0.000

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	455	0	1169	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	37.108	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.562	0.000

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	335	0	950	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	35.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.559	0.000

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	0	445	0	0	0	0	0	784	0
N.S.	1	0.00	2.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	34.297	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.667	0.000

Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	326	0	485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	35.346	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.433	0.000

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	429	0	559	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	38.544	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.824	0.000

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	C	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	45	35	60	0	34	415	25	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	1.33	0.00	0.76	9.22	0.56	0.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.068	0.042	0.000	0.098	0.657	0.121	0.178	0.000

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	31	55	0	28	197	0	11	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	1.34	0.00	0.68	4.80	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.079	0.041	0.000	0.091	0.611	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	41	31	64	0	30	197	0	11	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	1.56	0.00	0.73	4.80	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.062	0.045	0.000	0.106	0.620	0.000	0.176	0.000

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	66	72	0	0	70	0	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.06	1.16	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	4.772	0.000	0.000	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.186	0.000

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	220	163	0	179	150	0	514	461	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.70	0.00	0.76	0.64	0.00	2.20	1.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.877	0.277	0.000	0.040	0.176	0.000	0.146	0.205	0.000

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	132	94	0	101	79	0	253	240	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.68	0.00	0.73	0.57	0.00	1.82	1.73	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.768	0.177	0.000	0.034	0.156	0.000	0.235	0.182	0.000

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	56	46	45	46	38	0	66	105	65
N.S.	1	0.97	0.79	0.78	0.79	0.66	0.00	1.14	1.81	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.072	0.278	0.037	0.144	0.000	0.112	0.196	9.473

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	116	107	0	0	0	0	227	778	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.25	7.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.779	0.246	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.133	0.207	0.000

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	0	178	0	0	0	0	798	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.61	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.744	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	8.341	0.000

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	458	0	27114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	59.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	80.648	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.670	0.000

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	336	0	540	0	0	0	0	0	1489	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	64.286	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.529	0.000

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	262	0	458	0	0	0	0	0	88	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	59.411	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	189	0	1005	0	0	0	0	0	100	0
N.S.	1	0.00	5.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	58.065	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.453	0.000

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	418	0	535	0	0	0	0	0	100	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	60.650	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.892	0.000

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	232	218	161	0	187	225	0	736	628	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.69	0.00	0.81	0.97	0.00	3.17	2.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.898	0.612	0.000	0.036	0.387	0.000	0.214	0.265	0.000

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	128	85	0	107	139	0	388	362	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.63	0.00	0.79	1.03	0.00	2.87	2.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.768	0.442	0.000	0.036	0.292	0.000	0.185	0.234	0.000

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	54	44	42	45	76	92	127	182	53
N.S.	1	0.96	0.79	0.75	0.80	1.36	1.64	2.27	3.25	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.333	0.282	0.034	0.231	0.466	0.140	0.206	10.196

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	171	143	0	0	0	0	1095	3195	0
N.S.	1	1.27	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.11	23.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.031	0.621	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.351	0.471	0.000

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F(-1)	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	0	208	0	0	0	0	4863	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.05	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	1.529	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.571	59.995	0.000

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	448	0	646	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	89.909	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.461	0.000

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	337	0	538	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	62.154	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.273	0.000

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	309	0	315	0	0	0	0	0	310	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	60.435	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.911	0.000

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	367	0	529	0	0	0	0	0	337	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	63.443	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.134	0.000

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	C	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	492	0	678	0	0	0	0	0	347	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	64.442	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.569	0.000

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	B	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	238	299	0	431	740	0	4289	21	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.19	0.00	1.71	2.94	0.00	17.02	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.923	0.640	0.000	0.046	24.358	0.000	0.355	200.030	0.000

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	F	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	145	137	0	203	304	0	1396	372	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.91	0.00	1.34	2.01	0.00	9.25	2.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.737	0.361	0.000	0.047	6.432	0.000	0.186	0.323	0.000

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	63	56	0	65	86	0	232	120	69
N.S.	1	0.97	0.86	0.00	1.00	1.32	0.00	3.57	1.85	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.369	0.196	0.000	0.035	1.532	0.000	0.122	0.367	8.954

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	151	144	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.767	0.303	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.328	0.000

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	261	203	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.53	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.876	0.392	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.484	0.000

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	200.051	0.000

Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.531	0.000

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.399	0.000

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.359	0.000

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.686	0.000

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	262	397	300	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.52	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.343	2.381	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.333	0.000

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	257	195	0	0	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	1.55	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.701	0.138	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.365	0.000

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	153	141	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.746	1.817	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.387	0.000

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	F	B	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	64	56	0	0	93	0	161	28	69
N.S.	1	0.97	0.85	0.00	0.00	1.41	0.00	2.44	0.42	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.639	1.617	0.000	0.000	0.289	0.000	0.125	0.544	8.994

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	144	139	0	0	309	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.91	0.00	0.00	2.02	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.740	2.708	0.000	0.000	0.909	0.000	0.000	0.652	0.000

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	254	239	303	0	0	726	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.19	0.00	0.00	2.86	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.912	3.450	0.000	0.000	2.815	0.000	0.000	0.581	0.000

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	386	437	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.640	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.390	0.000

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	268	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.882	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.443	0.000

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	228	176	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.080	2.104	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.404	0.000

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	61	0	0	0	0	0	32	83
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	1.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	2.088	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.565	9.451

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	168	174	122	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.846	3.430	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.762	0.000

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	316	330	158	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.245	4.046	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.957	0.000

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	61	58	54	53	35	71	82	32	0
N.S.	1	0.73	0.70	0.65	0.64	0.42	0.86	0.99	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.456	0.063	0.338	0.033	0.104	0.410	0.143	0.318	0.000

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	B	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	48	62	17	40	39	216	268	35	0
N.S.	1	0.75	0.97	0.27	0.62	0.61	3.38	4.19	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	0.062	0.409	0.032	0.133	1.330	0.200	0.387	0.000

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	107	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.653	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.488	0.000

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	98	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.517	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.456	0.000

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	108	107	590	0	581	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.23	6.78	0.00	6.68	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.644	0.357	0.672	0.000	0.149	0.000	0.000	0.366	0.000

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	108	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.710	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.437	0.000

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.725	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.393	0.000

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	115	219	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.638	12.389	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.771	0.000

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	106	983	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	10.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	2.927	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.865	0.000

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	144	143	2925	0	723	0	0	902	0
N.S.	1	1.27	1.27	25.88	0.00	6.40	0.00	0.00	7.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.719	1.123	0.685	0.000	0.125	0.000	0.000	0.487	0.000

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	116	216	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.723	2.551	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.813	0.000

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	118	220	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.707	2.600	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.957	0.000

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	107	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.612	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.489	0.000

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	98	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.452	0.000

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	108	106	595	0	599	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.22	6.84	0.00	6.89	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.615	0.335	0.865	0.000	0.102	0.000	0.000	0.372	0.000

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	108	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.686	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.483	0.000

Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.677	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.462	0.000

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	115	228	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.643	11.512	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.649	0.000

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	106	784	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.08	8.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	3.019	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.627	0.000

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	143	145	3399	0	1187	0	0	837	0
N.S.	1	1.19	1.21	28.32	0.00	9.89	0.00	0.00	6.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.709	1.574	0.861	0.000	0.143	0.000	0.000	0.332	0.000

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	116	237	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.721	2.501	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.683	0.000

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	110	118	229	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	2.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.713	2.537	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.750	0.000

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	101	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.551	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.352	0.000

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.443	0.000

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.410	0.000

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	102	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.584	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.370	0.000

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	104	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.579	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.347	0.000

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	113	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.624	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.291	0.000

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	311	278	187	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.922	1.455	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.453	0.000

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	205	187	0	0	0	0	0	547	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.645	1.175	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.418	0.000

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	157	88	0	0	0	0	0	348	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.550	0.253	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.454	0.000

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	195	195	179	0	0	0	0	0	248	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.693	0.393	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.385	0.000

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	208	206	183	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.703	1.740	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.418	0.000

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	208	184	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.708	1.926	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.459	0.000

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	A	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	114	395	0	205	222	0	0	214	0
N.S.	1	0.77	2.65	0.00	1.38	1.49	0.00	0.00	1.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	0.637	0.000	0.049	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.378	0.000

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	A	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	80	249	0	117	124	0	0	103	0
N.S.	1	0.82	2.57	0.00	1.21	1.28	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	0.542	0.000	0.054	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.401	0.000

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	44	0	52	49	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	1.21	1.14	0.00	0.00	1.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.072	0.000	0.046	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.383	0.000

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	58	0	0	0	0	0	99	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.103	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.371	0.000

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	89	0	0	0	0	0	74	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.532	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.293	0.000

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	89	0	0	0	0	0	374	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.528	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.324	0.000

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.455	0.000

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.420	0.000

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	101	94	0	0	0	0	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.42	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.643	0.491	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.426	0.000

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.405	0.000

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.355	0.000

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.315	0.000

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	301	0	0	0	0	0	0	71	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.734	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.364	0.000

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	228	0	0	0	0	0	0	71	0
N.S.	1	1.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.385	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.405	0.000

Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	126	88	0	0	0	0	0	67	0
N.S.	1	1.45	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.175	0.325	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.417	0.000

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	230	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.362	0.000

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	296	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	71	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.301	0.000

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	319	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.399	0.000

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.434	0.000

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	0	94	0	0	0	0	0	45	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.329	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.428	0.000

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	27	22	25	0	0	24	39	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.92	1.04	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.62	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.376	0.289	0.012	0.386	0.000	0.000	0.483	0.389	8.813

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	29	25	27	0	0	27	49	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	0.93	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.81	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.582	0.694	0.015	0.403	0.000	0.000	0.526	0.375	8.859

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	29	25	27	0	0	27	53	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	0.93	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.96	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.574	0.587	0.014	0.405	0.000	0.000	0.506	0.324	8.862

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	362	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.383	0.000

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	225	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.438	0.000

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	0	73	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.189	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.434	0.000

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	159	148	0	0	0	0	0	24	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.856	0.180	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.389	0.000

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	0	213	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.322	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.318	0.000

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	323	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.459	0.000

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	406	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.427	0.000

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.437	0.000

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	0	103	0	0	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.211	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.452	0.000

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	240	234	220	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.089	0.403	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.406	0.000

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	241	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.370	0.000

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	483	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.419	0.000

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	294	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.881	0.000

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	834	0
N.S.	1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.445	0.000

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	0	90	0	0	0	0	0	190	0
N.S.	1	0.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.000	0.104	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.391	0.000

Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	25	22	25	24	17	24	242	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.09	0.77	1.09	11.00	1.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.670	0.285	0.027	0.357	0.088	9.223	0.182	0.420	8.780

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	25	27	27	0	27	114	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.00	1.08	1.08	0.00	1.08	4.56	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.584	1.099	0.354	0.094	0.000	0.234	0.426	8.532

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-1)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	27	25	27	27	0	27	397	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	1.00	1.08	1.08	0.00	1.08	15.88	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.466	0.523	0.121	0.359	0.096	0.000	0.239	0.457	9.056

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [102] had the largest ratio of [1.05882000000000009]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	5	4	1.00	15	0.267
2	A	4	3	0.94	15	0.200
3	A	6	5	0.95	13	0.385
4	A	3	2	1.00	11	0.182
5	A	7	6	0.97	15	0.400
6	A	5	4	1.18	15	0.267
7	A	6	5	1.11	15	0.333
8	A	5	4	1.10	15	0.267
9	A	4	3	1.10	13	0.231
10	A	6	5	0.94	19	0.263
11	A	6	5	0.95	17	0.294
12	A	13	12	1.07	19	0.632
13	A	10	9	0.93	19	0.474
14	A	10	9	0.93	17	0.529
15	A	6	5	1.02	15	0.333
16	A	9	8	1.00	19	0.421
17	A	7	6	1.10	19	0.316
18	A	10	9	1.09	19	0.474
19	A	10	9	1.06	19	0.474
20	A	15	14	1.12	19	0.737
21	A	11	10	0.93	19	0.526

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	11	10	0.95	17	0.588
23	A	7	6	1.00	15	0.400
24	A	11	10	1.07	19	0.526
25	A	8	7	1.08	19	0.368
26	A	11	10	1.11	19	0.526
27	A	11	10	1.08	19	0.526
28	A	8	7	1.07	19	0.368
29	A	7	6	1.00	17	0.353
30	A	6	5	1.05	15	0.333
31	A	5	4	1.14	19	0.211
32	A	5	4	0.81	19	0.211
33	A	8	7	0.70	19	0.368
34	A	7	6	0.69	19	0.316
35	A	8	7	0.67	19	0.368
36	A	12	11	0.87	19	0.579
37	A	10	9	0.91	19	0.474
38	A	10	9	0.91	17	0.529
39	A	6	5	0.98	15	0.333
40	A	9	8	1.00	19	0.421
41	A	7	6	1.07	19	0.316
42	A	10	9	1.07	19	0.474
43	A	10	9	1.05	19	0.474
44	A	13	12	0.96	19	0.632
45	A	11	10	0.92	19	0.526
46	A	11	10	0.93	17	0.588
47	A	7	6	1.05	15	0.400
48	A	11	10	1.18	19	0.526
49	A	8	7	1.15	19	0.368
50	A	11	10	1.13	19	0.526
51	A	11	10	1.18	19	0.526
52	A	13	12	1.01	19	0.632
53	A	10	9	0.92	17	0.529

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	8	7	1.03	17	0.412
55	A	8	7	1.00	15	0.467
56	A	4	3	1.00	13	0.231
57	A	9	8	1.00	17	0.471
58	A	5	4	1.00	17	0.235
59	A	8	7	1.04	17	0.412
60	A	7	6	1.10	17	0.353
61	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
62	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
63	A	17	16	0.98	19	0.842
64	A	14	13	0.97	19	0.684
65	A	14	13	0.99	17	0.765
66	A	6	5	0.98	15	0.333
67	A	16	15	1.01	19	0.789
68	A	10	9	1.06	19	0.474
69	A	13	12	1.00	19	0.632
70	A	13	12	1.02	19	0.632
71	A	19	18	0.94	19	0.947
72	A	14	13	1.06	19	0.684
73	A	16	15	0.94	17	0.882
74	A	7	6	1.00	15	0.400
75	A	19	18	1.13	19	0.947
76	A	11	10	0.96	19	0.526
77	A	15	14	0.74	19	0.737
78	A	14	13	0.99	19	0.684
79	A	14	13	0.99	19	0.684
80	A	11	10	0.98	19	0.526
81	A	11	10	0.98	17	0.588
82	A	3	2	1.00	15	0.133
83	A	8	7	1.00	19	0.368
84	A	7	6	1.02	19	0.316
85	A	10	9	1.04	19	0.474

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	11	10	1.08	19	0.526
87	A	17	16	1.00	19	0.842
88	A	13	12	0.98	19	0.632
89	A	13	12	1.01	17	0.706
90	A	5	4	1.04	15	0.267
91	A	8	7	1.17	19	0.368
92	A	10	9	1.08	19	0.474
93	A	13	12	1.03	19	0.632
94	A	14	13	1.04	19	0.684
95	A	17	16	1.05	19	0.842
96	A	13	12	0.99	17	0.706
97	A	11	10	0.98	17	0.588
98	A	11	10	0.98	15	0.667
99	A	5	4	1.00	13	0.308
100	A	13	12	1.00	17	0.706
101	A	6	5	0.99	17	0.294
102	A	19	18	0.95	17	1.059
103	N/A	1	0	1.00	19	0.000
104	A	6	5	1.51	19	0.263
105	A	5	4	1.40	19	0.211
106	A	6	5	0.96	17	0.294
107	A	5	4	1.15	15	0.267
108	A	8	7	1.25	19	0.368
109	A	8	7	1.22	19	0.368
110	A	8	7	1.14	19	0.368
111	A	6	5	0.94	19	0.263
112	A	5	4	0.95	19	0.211
113	A	6	5	0.98	17	0.294
114	A	5	4	0.95	15	0.267
115	A	9	8	0.96	19	0.421
116	A	7	6	1.16	19	0.316
117	A	10	9	1.20	19	0.474

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	6	5	0.95	19	0.263
119	A	5	4	0.95	19	0.211
120	A	6	5	1.00	17	0.294
121	A	5	4	0.94	15	0.267
122	A	8	7	1.18	19	0.368
123	A	7	6	1.12	19	0.316
124	A	10	9	1.12	19	0.474
125	A	6	5	0.94	21	0.238
126	A	5	4	0.94	21	0.190
127	A	6	5	0.95	19	0.263
128	A	5	4	0.98	17	0.235
129	A	11	10	1.16	21	0.476
130	A	10	9	1.36	21	0.429
131	A	12	11	1.50	21	0.524
132	A	6	5	0.94	21	0.238
133	A	5	4	0.94	21	0.190
134	A	6	5	0.95	19	0.263
135	A	5	4	0.98	17	0.235
136	A	8	7	1.15	21	0.333
137	A	10	9	1.44	21	0.429
138	A	12	11	1.45	21	0.524
139	A	6	5	0.94	19	0.263
140	A	5	4	0.94	19	0.211
141	A	6	5	0.94	17	0.294
142	A	5	4	0.97	15	0.267
143	A	6	5	1.04	19	0.263
144	A	2	2	1.21	17	0.118
145	A	2	2	1.21	17	0.118
146	A	2	2	1.22	17	0.118
147	A	2	2	1.22	17	0.118
148	A	2	2	1.22	17	0.118
149	A	2	2	1.20	13	0.154

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	2	2	1.21	17	0.118
151	A	2	2	1.23	15	0.133
152	A	2	2	1.37	15	0.133
153	A	2	2	1.22	15	0.133
154	A	2	2	1.37	11	0.182
155	A	2	2	1.22	15	0.133
156	B	2	2	3.59	20	0.100
157	B	2	2	2.78	20	0.100
158	A	14	13	1.37	16	0.812
159	B	2	2	4.37	20	0.100
160	A	2	2	0.88	19	0.105
161	A	14	13	0.52	15	0.867
162	A	2	2	1.53	19	0.105
163	A	11	10	1.12	21	0.476
164	A	9	8	1.23	21	0.381
165	A	6	5	0.96	19	0.263
166	A	9	8	1.30	21	0.381
167	A	6	5	1.24	21	0.238
168	A	10	9	1.23	21	0.429
169	A	11	10	1.16	21	0.476
170	A	10	10	1.23	21	0.476
171	A	7	7	1.32	21	0.333
172	A	6	6	1.49	17	0.353
173	A	8	8	1.64	21	0.381
174	A	12	12	1.44	21	0.571
175	A	14	14	1.38	21	0.667
176	A	11	10	1.14	21	0.476
177	A	12	11	1.25	21	0.524
178	A	7	6	0.97	19	0.316
179	A	10	9	1.37	21	0.429
180	A	7	6	1.04	21	0.286
181	A	11	10	1.23	21	0.476

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	12	11	1.19	21	0.524
183	A	12	12	1.22	21	0.571
184	A	9	9	1.27	21	0.429
185	A	8	8	1.66	17	0.471
186	A	12	12	1.67	21	0.571
187	A	14	14	1.48	21	0.667
188	A	16	16	1.38	21	0.762
189	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
190	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
191	A	10	9	1.19	21	0.429
192	A	9	8	1.18	21	0.381
193	A	6	5	0.94	19	0.263
194	A	9	8	1.30	21	0.381
195	A	6	5	1.23	21	0.238
196	A	9	8	1.23	21	0.381
197	A	9	9	1.02	21	0.429
198	A	7	7	1.04	21	0.333
199	A	6	6	1.28	17	0.353
200	A	8	8	1.42	21	0.381
201	A	10	10	1.20	21	0.476
202	A	10	9	1.14	21	0.429
203	A	13	12	1.10	21	0.571
204	A	7	6	1.02	19	0.316
205	A	10	9	1.25	21	0.429
206	A	7	6	0.93	21	0.286
207	A	12	11	1.11	21	0.524
208	A	13	13	1.04	21	0.619
209	A	10	10	1.36	21	0.476
210	A	8	8	1.44	17	0.471
211	A	10	10	1.61	21	0.476
212	A	13	13	1.20	21	0.619
213	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
215	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
216	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
217	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
218	A	5	5	1.09	19	0.263
219	A	5	5	1.10	15	0.333
220	A	5	5	1.09	19	0.263
221	A	5	5	1.09	19	0.263
222	A	5	5	1.08	21	0.238
223	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
224	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
225	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
226	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
227	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
228	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
229	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
230	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
231	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
232	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
233	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
234	A	8	7	0.78	19	0.368
235	A	7	6	0.81	19	0.316
236	A	5	4	1.06	17	0.235
237	A	2	2	1.11	19	0.105
238	A	2	2	1.09	19	0.105
239	A	2	2	1.41	19	0.105
240	A	2	2	1.47	19	0.105
241	A	2	2	1.31	19	0.105
242	A	2	2	0.43	15	0.133
243	A	2	2	1.32	19	0.105
244	A	6	5	0.94	23	0.217
245	A	7	6	0.95	23	0.261

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	5	4	0.97	21	0.190
247	A	14	13	1.14	23	0.565
248	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
249	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
250	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
251	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
252	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
253	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
254	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
255	A	6	5	0.94	23	0.217
256	A	7	6	0.95	23	0.261
257	A	5	4	0.97	21	0.190
258	A	17	16	1.03	23	0.696
259	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
260	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
261	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
262	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
263	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
264	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
265	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
266	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
267	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
268	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
269	A	1	1	1.06	25	0.040
270	A	6	5	0.94	23	0.217
271	A	7	6	0.95	23	0.261
272	A	5	4	0.97	21	0.190
273	A	10	9	1.15	23	0.391
274	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
275	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
276	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
277	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
278	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
279	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
280	A	6	5	0.94	23	0.217
281	A	7	6	0.95	23	0.261
282	A	5	4	0.96	21	0.190
283	A	12	11	1.27	23	0.478
284	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
285	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
286	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
287	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
288	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
289	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
290	A	6	5	0.94	21	0.238
291	A	7	6	0.96	21	0.286
292	A	5	4	0.97	19	0.211
293	A	7	6	1.00	21	0.286
294	A	8	7	1.53	21	0.333
295	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
296	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
297	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
298	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
299	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
300	A	9	8	1.52	19	0.421
301	A	6	5	1.55	17	0.294
302	A	5	4	1.06	21	0.190
303	A	5	4	0.97	21	0.190
304	A	5	4	0.94	21	0.190
305	A	4	3	0.94	21	0.143

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
306	A	13	12	1.13	19	0.632
307	A	8	7	1.49	17	0.412
308	A	8	7	1.03	21	0.333
309	A	5	4	1.00	21	0.190
310	A	9	8	1.04	21	0.381
311	A	10	9	1.04	21	0.429
312	A	7	6	0.73	17	0.353
313	A	8	7	0.75	17	0.412
314	A	5	5	1.08	19	0.263
315	A	5	5	1.09	17	0.294
316	A	9	8	1.24	21	0.381
317	A	5	5	1.08	21	0.238
318	A	5	5	1.08	21	0.238
319	A	5	5	1.07	19	0.263
320	A	5	5	1.08	17	0.294
321	A	10	9	1.27	21	0.429
322	A	5	5	1.07	21	0.238
323	A	5	5	1.07	21	0.238
324	A	5	5	1.08	19	0.263
325	A	5	5	1.09	17	0.294
326	A	9	8	1.24	21	0.381
327	A	5	5	1.08	21	0.238
328	A	5	5	1.08	21	0.238
329	A	5	5	1.07	19	0.263
330	A	5	5	1.08	17	0.294
331	A	10	9	1.19	21	0.429
332	A	5	5	1.07	21	0.238
333	A	5	5	1.07	21	0.238
334	A	5	5	1.09	17	0.294
335	A	5	5	1.10	15	0.333
336	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
337	A	5	5	1.09	19	0.263

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
338	A	5	5	1.08	19	0.263
339	A	5	5	1.08	21	0.238
340	A	8	7	0.89	25	0.280
341	A	6	5	0.92	25	0.200
342	A	5	4	1.00	23	0.174
343	A	6	5	1.00	22	0.227
344	A	6	5	0.99	25	0.200
345	A	6	5	0.99	25	0.200
346	A	6	5	0.77	23	0.217
347	A	6	5	0.82	23	0.217
348	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
349	A	5	4	1.00	20	0.200
350	A	5	4	1.00	23	0.174
351	A	5	4	1.00	23	0.174
352	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
353	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
354	A	7	6	1.42	23	0.261
355	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
356	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
357	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
358	A	12	11	1.26	25	0.440
359	A	9	8	1.37	25	0.320
360	A	8	7	1.45	23	0.304
361	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
362	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
363	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
364	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
365	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
366	N/A	8	0	1.00	24	0.000
367	N/A	1	0	1.00	27	0.000
368	N/A	1	0	1.00	27	0.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
369	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
370	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
371	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
372	A	8	7	1.00	24	0.292
373	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
374	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
375	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
376	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
377	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
378	A	10	9	0.98	24	0.375
379	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
380	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
381	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
382	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
383	F	0	0	N/A	0.000	N/A
384	N/A	6	0	1.00	22	0.000
385	N/A	1	0	1.00	25	0.000
386	N/A	1	0	1.00	25	0.000

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int \frac{x^3}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx$	170
3.2	$\int \frac{x^2}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx$	176
3.3	$\int \frac{x}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx$	182
3.4	$\int \frac{1}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx$	188
3.5	$\int \frac{1}{x(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx$	193
3.6	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx$	200
3.7	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx$	207
3.8	$\int \frac{(1+(a+bx)^2)^2}{x} dx$	215
3.9	$\int \frac{x^3}{1+(-1+x)^2} dx$	221
3.10	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} dx$	226
3.11	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+(a+bx)^2}} dx$	233
3.12	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx$	240
3.13	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx$	250
3.14	$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx$	259
3.15	$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx$	267
3.16	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx$	274
3.17	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx$	282
3.18	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx$	290
3.19	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx$	299
3.20	$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} dx$	310
3.21	$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} dx$	321

3.22	$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} dx$	330
3.23	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} dx$	339
3.24	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	346
3.25	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	355
3.26	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	363
3.27	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	373
3.28	$\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx$	384
3.29	$\int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx$	390
3.30	$\int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx$	396
3.31	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x} dx$	402
3.32	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^2} dx$	408
3.33	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^3} dx$	414
3.34	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^4} dx$	420
3.35	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^5} dx$	426
3.36	$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}$	433
3.37	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$	443
3.38	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$	452
3.39	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$	460
3.40	$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$	466
3.41	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$	474
3.42	$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$	481
3.43	$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$	491
3.44	$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	502
3.45	$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	513
3.46	$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	524
3.47	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	534

3.48	$\int \frac{1}{x\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	542
3.49	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	550
3.50	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	558
3.51	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	568
3.52	$\int \frac{1}{x^5\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	578
3.53	$\int x^3\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$	589
3.54	$\int x^2\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$	596
3.55	$\int x\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$	602
3.56	$\int \left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$	608
3.57	$\int \frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx$	613
3.58	$\int \frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$	619
3.59	$\int \frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$	624
3.60	$\int \frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$	631
3.61	$\int x^m\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$	638
3.62	$\int (ex)^m\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$	642
3.63	$\int x^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$	646
3.64	$\int x^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$	656
3.65	$\int x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$	666
3.66	$\int \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$	675
3.67	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx$	682
3.68	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx$	692
3.69	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx$	701
3.70	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx$	712
3.71	$\int x^3\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	724
3.72	$\int x^2\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	736
3.73	$\int x\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	747
3.74	$\int \left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	758

3.75	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	765
3.76	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	776
3.77	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	787
3.78	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	800
3.79	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$	814
3.80	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$	824
3.81	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$	833
3.82	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$	841
3.83	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$	846
3.84	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$	854
3.85	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$	861
3.86	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$	870
3.87	$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	881
3.88	$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	892
3.89	$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	902
3.90	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	911
3.91	$\int \frac{1}{x\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	917
3.92	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	925
3.93	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	935
3.94	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	947
3.95	$\int \frac{1}{x^5\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	960
3.96	$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p dx$	974
3.97	$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p dx$	982
3.98	$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p dx$	989
3.99	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p dx$	996

3.100	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$	1001
3.101	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$	1009
3.102	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$	1015
3.103	$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p dx$	1027
3.104	$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c+dx})^2 dx$	1032
3.105	$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c+dx})^2 dx$	1039
3.106	$\int x (a + b\sqrt{c+dx})^2 dx$	1045
3.107	$\int (a + b\sqrt{c+dx})^2 dx$	1052
3.108	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x} dx$	1058
3.109	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x^2} dx$	1065
3.110	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x^3} dx$	1072
3.111	$\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	1079
3.112	$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	1087
3.113	$\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	1094
3.114	$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	1100
3.115	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx$	1106
3.116	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx$	1113
3.117	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx$	1121
3.118	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$	1131
3.119	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$	1141
3.120	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$	1149
3.121	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$	1156
3.122	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$	1162
3.123	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$	1170
3.124	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$	1179
3.125	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	1190
3.126	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	1199
3.127	$\int x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	1207
3.128	$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$	1214
3.129	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x} dx$	1220
3.130	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx$	1228
3.131	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx$	1236

3.132	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$	1246
3.133	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$	1254
3.134	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$	1261
3.135	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$	1268
3.136	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$	1274
3.137	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$	1282
3.138	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$	1291
3.139	$\int x^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^p dx$	1301
3.140	$\int x^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^p dx$	1310
3.141	$\int x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^p dx$	1318
3.142	$\int (a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^p dx$	1325
3.143	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^p}{x} dx$	1331
3.144	$\int \frac{x^{10}}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx$	1337
3.145	$\int \frac{x^8}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx$	1348
3.146	$\int \frac{x^6}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx$	1359
3.147	$\int \frac{x^4}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx$	1369
3.148	$\int \frac{x^2}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx$	1379
3.149	$\int \frac{1}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx$	1387
3.150	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(4-(1+x^2)^4)} dx$	1398
3.151	$\int \frac{x^6}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx$	1407
3.152	$\int \frac{x^4}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx$	1416
3.153	$\int \frac{x^2}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx$	1425
3.154	$\int \frac{1}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx$	1434
3.155	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(4+(1+x^2)^4)} dx$	1442
3.156	$\int \frac{x^4}{a-b(c+dx^2)^4} dx$	1450
3.157	$\int \frac{x^2}{a-b(c+dx^2)^4} dx$	1460
3.158	$\int \frac{1}{a-b(c+dx^2)^4} dx$	1469
3.159	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a-b(c+dx^2)^4)} dx$	1482
3.160	$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b(c+dx^2)^4} dx$	1492
3.161	$\int \frac{1}{a+b(c+dx^2)^4} dx$	1501
3.162	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b(c+dx^2)^4)} dx$	1514
3.163	$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$	1523

3.164	$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$	1532
3.165	$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$	1540
3.166	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx$	1547
3.167	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx$	1555
3.168	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx$	1563
3.169	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx$	1572
3.170	$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$	1582
3.171	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$	1592
3.172	$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$	1600
3.173	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx$	1607
3.174	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^4} dx$	1615
3.175	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx$	1626
3.176	$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	1640
3.177	$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	1650
3.178	$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	1659
3.179	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	1667
3.180	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	1676
3.181	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	1684
3.182	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$	1694
3.183	$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	1705
3.184	$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	1717
3.185	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2} dx$	1727
3.186	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	1736
3.187	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	1747
3.188	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$	1759
3.189	$\int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3-4x^2)}} dx$	1774
3.190	$\int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx$	1780

3.191	$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1785
3.192	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1794
3.193	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1803
3.194	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1810
3.195	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1818
3.196	$\int \frac{1}{x^5\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1825
3.197	$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1834
3.198	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1844
3.199	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1853
3.200	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1860
3.201	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$	1869
3.202	$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1880
3.203	$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1890
3.204	$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1900
3.205	$\int \frac{1}{x\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1907
3.206	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1917
3.207	$\int \frac{1}{x^5\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1925
3.208	$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1935
3.209	$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1947
3.210	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1957
3.211	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1966
3.212	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	1977
3.213	$\int x^3\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p dx$	1989
3.214	$\int x\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p dx$	1994
3.215	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$	1999
3.216	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$	2004

3.217	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx$	2009
3.218	$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p dx$	2014
3.219	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p dx$	2019
3.220	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$	2024
3.221	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$	2029
3.222	$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p dx$	2034
3.223	$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2039
3.224	$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2044
3.225	$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2049
3.226	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx$	2054
3.227	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx$	2059
3.228	$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2064
3.229	$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2070
3.230	$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2076
3.231	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right) dx$	2082
3.232	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx$	2087
3.233	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx$	2093
3.234	$\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2099
3.235	$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2108
3.236	$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2115
3.237	$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right)} dx$	2121
3.238	$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}\right)} dx$	2128
3.239	$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2136
3.240	$\int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2145
3.241	$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2154

3.242	$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$	2162
3.243	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$	2170
3.244	$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$	2179
3.245	$\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$	2187
3.246	$\int x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$	2194
3.247	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x} dx$	2200
3.248	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^3} dx$	2208
3.249	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^5} dx$	2214
3.250	$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$	2220
3.251	$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$	2225
3.252	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^2} dx$	2230
3.253	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^4} dx$	2235
3.254	$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^6} dx$	2240
3.255	$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx$	2246
3.256	$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx$	2254
3.257	$\int x (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx$	2261
3.258	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx$	2268
3.259	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	2277
3.260	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$	2283
3.261	$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx$	2289
3.262	$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx$	2295
3.263	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	2301
3.264	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$	2307
3.265	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$	2313
3.266	$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$	2319
3.267	$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx$	2324
3.268	$\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx$	2329
3.269	$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx$	2334
3.270	$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2339

3.271	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2346
3.272	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2353
3.273	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2359
3.274	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2366
3.275	$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2372
3.276	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2378
3.277	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2384
3.278	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2389
3.279	$\int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$	2394
3.280	$\int \frac{x^5}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2399
3.281	$\int \frac{x^3}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2407
3.282	$\int \frac{x}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2414
3.283	$\int \frac{1}{x(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2420
3.284	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2428
3.285	$\int \frac{x^4}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2434
3.286	$\int \frac{x^2}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2440
3.287	$\int \frac{1}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2446
3.288	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2451
3.289	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$	2457
3.290	$\int x^5(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2463
3.291	$\int x^3(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2471
3.292	$\int x(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2479
3.293	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x} dx$	2485
3.294	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx$	2491
3.295	$\int x^4(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2498
3.296	$\int x^2(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2503
3.297	$\int (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p dx$	2508
3.298	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx$	2513
3.299	$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx$	2517

3.300	$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p x dx$	2521
3.301	$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p dx$	2529
3.302	$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx$	2535
3.303	$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$	2541
3.304	$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$	2547
3.305	$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$	2553
3.306	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p x dx$	2559
3.307	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p dx$	2568
3.308	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx$	2575
3.309	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$	2582
3.310	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$	2588
3.311	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$	2595
3.312	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}} dx$	2604
3.313	$\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx$	2611
3.314	$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx$	2618
3.315	$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx$	2623
3.316	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x} dx$	2628
3.317	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x^2} dx$	2635
3.318	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x^3} dx$	2640
3.319	$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2} dx$	2645
3.320	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2} dx$	2652
3.321	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	2659
3.322	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	2668

3.323	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	2674
3.324	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$	2680
3.325	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$	2685
3.326	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$	2690
3.327	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$	2697
3.328	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$	2703
3.329	$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	2709
3.330	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	2716
3.331	$\int \frac{1}{x\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	2723
3.332	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	2732
3.333	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	2739
3.334	$\int x\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2746
3.335	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2751
3.336	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx$	2756
3.337	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$	2761
3.338	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$	2766
3.339	$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2771
3.340	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2776
3.341	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2783
3.342	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2789
3.343	$\int \frac{\left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p}{ex} dx$	2795
3.344	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2801
3.345	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2\right)^p dx$	2808
3.346	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)\right)^p dx$	2815
3.347	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)\right)^p dx$	2821
3.348	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)\right)^p dx$	2827
3.349	$\int \frac{\left(a + b(c + dx^n)\right)^p}{ex} dx$	2832
3.350	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)\right)^p dx$	2837
3.351	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)\right)^p dx$	2842
3.352	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2848
3.353	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$	2853

3.354	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2858
3.355	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx \dots\dots\dots$	2864
3.356	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2869
3.357	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2874
3.358	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2879
3.359	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2887
3.360	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2894
3.361	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx \dots\dots\dots$	2900
3.362	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2906
3.363	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2912
3.364	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2917
3.365	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2922
3.366	$\int \frac{\left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p}{ex} dx \dots\dots\dots$	2926
3.367	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2932
3.368	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2937
3.369	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2942
3.370	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2947
3.371	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2952
3.372	$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx \dots\dots\dots$	2956
3.373	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2962
3.374	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2967
3.375	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2972
3.376	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2977
3.377	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2982
3.378	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx \dots\dots\dots$	2986
3.379	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2993
3.380	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	2998
3.381	$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^q\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3003
3.382	$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^q\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3008
3.383	$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^q\right)^p dx \dots\dots\dots$	3013

3.384	$\int \frac{(a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p}{e^x} dx$	3018
3.385	$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p dx$	3024
3.386	$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p dx$	3029

3.1 $\int \frac{x^3}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{x^3}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{2ax}{b^3} + \frac{x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{a(a^2-3c)\arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{(3a^2-c)\log(c+(a+bx)^2)}{2b^4}$$

output

```
-2*a*x/b^3+1/2*x^2/b^2-a*(a^2-3*c)*arctan((b*x+a)/c^(1/2))/b^4/c^(1/2)+1/2
*(3*a^2-c)*ln(c+(b*x+a)^2)/b^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^3}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{bx(-4a+bx) - \frac{2(a^3-3ac)\arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + (3a^2-c)\log(a^2+c+2abx+b^2x^2)}{2b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(c+(a+b*x)^2),x]
```

output

$$(b*x*(-4*a + b*x) - (2*(a^3 - 3*a*c)*ArcTan[(a + b*x)/Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[c] + (3*a^2 - c)*Log[a^2 + c + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/(2*b^4)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$, Rules used = {896, 25, 478, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx)^2+c} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 896 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{b^3 x^3}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx)}{b^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{b^3 x^3}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx)}{b^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 478 \\ & -\frac{\int \left(2a - bx + \frac{a^3 - 3ca - (3a^2 - c)(a+bx)}{(a+bx)^2+c}\right) d(a+bx)}{b^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{-\frac{a(a^2-3c) \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2}(3a^2 - c) \log((a+bx)^2+c) + \frac{1}{2}(a+bx)^2 - 3a(a+bx)}{b^4} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^3/(c + (a + b*x)^2), x]$$

output

$$(-3*a*(a + b*x) + (a + b*x)^2/2 - (a*(a^2 - 3*c)*ArcTan[(a + b*x)/Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[c] + ((3*a^2 - c)*Log[c + (a + b*x)^2])/2/b^4$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$

rule 478 $\text{Int}[\text{((c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_)} / \text{((a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{Expand} \\ \text{Integrand}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n}} / (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IGtQ} \\ [\text{n}, 1]$

rule 896 $\text{Int}[\text{((a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{v}_)^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{p}_)} * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{m}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{c} = \text{Coeff} \\ \text{icient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 0], \text{d} = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/\text{d}^{(\text{m} + 1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Si} \\ \text{mplifyIntegrand}[(\text{x} - \text{c})^{\text{m}} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{v}], \text{x}] /; \text{NeQ}[\text{c}, 0]] /; \\ \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{LinearQ}[\text{v}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{SumQ}[\text{u}]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
default	$-\frac{-\frac{1}{2}bx^2+2ax}{b^3} + \frac{(3a^2b-bc) \ln(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+c)}{2b^2} + \frac{\left(2a^3+2ac-\frac{(3a^2b-bc)a}{b}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{2b^2x+2ab}{2b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^3 b\sqrt{c}}$
risch	$\frac{x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{2ax}{b^3} + \frac{3 \ln\left(-ca^3 - \sqrt{-a^2c(a^2-3c)^2}bx + 3ac^2 - \sqrt{-a^2c(a^2-3c)^2}a\right) a^2}{2b^4} - \frac{c \ln\left(-ca^3 - \sqrt{-a^2c(a^2-3c)^2}bx + 3ac^2 - \sqrt{-a^2c(a^2-3c)^2}a\right)}{2b^4}$

input $\text{int}(x^3/(c+(b*x+a)^2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $-1/b^3 * (-1/2 * b * x^2 + 2 * a * x) + 1/b^3 * (1/2 * (3 * a^2 * b - b * c) / b^2 * \ln(b^2 * x^2 + 2 * a * b * x + a^2 + c) + (2 * a^3 + 2 * a * c - (3 * a^2 * b - b * c) * a / b) / b / c^{(1/2)} * \arctan(1/2 * (2 * b^2 * x + 2 * a * b) / b / c^{(1/2)}))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{x^3}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{b^2 cx^2 - 4 abcx + (a^3 - 3 ac)\sqrt{-c} \log\left(\frac{b^2 x^2 + 2 abx + a^2 - 2(bx+a)\sqrt{-c} - c}{b^2 x^2 + 2 abx + a^2 + c}\right) + (3 a^2 c - c^2) \log(b^2 x^2 + 2 abx + a^2)}{2 b^4 c} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(b^2*c*x^2 - 4*a*b*c*x + (a^3 - 3*a*c)*sqrt(-c)*log((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 2*(b*x + a)*sqrt(-c) - c)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)) + (3*a^2*c - c^2)*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c))/(b^4*c), 1/2*(b^2*c*x^2 - 4*a*b*c*x - 2*(a^3 - 3*a*c)*sqrt(c)*arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c)) + (3*a^2*c - c^2)*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c))/(b^4*c)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{x^3}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{2ax}{b^3} + \left(-\frac{a\sqrt{-c}(a^2 - 3c)}{2b^4c} + \frac{3a^2 - c}{2b^4} \right) \log\left(x + \frac{a^4 - 2b^4c\left(-\frac{a\sqrt{-c}(a^2 - 3c)}{2b^4c} + \frac{3a^2 - c}{2b^4}\right) - c^2}{a^3b - 3abc} \right)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{a\sqrt{-c}(a^2 - 3c)}{2b^4c} + \frac{3a^2 - c}{2b^4} \right) \log\left(x + \frac{a^4 - 2b^4c\left(\frac{a\sqrt{-c}(a^2 - 3c)}{2b^4c} + \frac{3a^2 - c}{2b^4}\right) - c^2}{a^3b - 3abc} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{x^2}{2b^2}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(c+(b*x+a)**2),x)`

output

```
-2*a*x/b**3 + (-a*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - 3*c)/(2*b**4*c) + (3*a**2 - c)/(2*b**4)
)*log(x + (a**4 - 2*b**4*c*(-a*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - 3*c)/(2*b**4*c) + (3*a**2
- c)/(2*b**4)) - c**2)/(a**3*b - 3*a*b*c)) + (a*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - 3*c)/(2*b
**4*c) + (3*a**2 - c)/(2*b**4))*log(x + (a**4 - 2*b**4*c*(a*sqrt(-c)*(a**2
- 3*c)/(2*b**4*c) + (3*a**2 - c)/(2*b**4)) - c**2)/(a**3*b - 3*a*b*c)) +
x**2/(2*b**2)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^3}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{bx^2 - 4ax}{2b^3} + \frac{(3a^2 - c) \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2b^4} - \frac{(a^3 - 3ac) \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^4\sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(b*x^2 - 4*a*x)/b^3 + 1/2*(3*a^2 - c)*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)
/b^4 - (a^3 - 3*a*c)*arctan((b^2*x + a*b)/(b*sqrt(c)))/(b^4*sqrt(c))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^3}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{(3a^2 - c) \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2b^4} - \frac{(a^3 - 3ac) \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^4\sqrt{c}} + \frac{b^2x^2 - 4abx}{2b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*(3*a^2 - c)*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)/b^4 - (a^3 - 3*a*c)*arcta
n((b*x + a)/sqrt(c))/(b^4*sqrt(c)) + 1/2*(b^2*x^2 - 4*a*b*x)/b^4
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^3}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{x^2}{2b^2} - \frac{2ax}{b^3} - \frac{\ln(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2 + c)(4b^4c^2 - 12a^2b^4c)}{8b^8c} + \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)(3c - a^2)}{b^4\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int(x^3/(c + (a + b*x)^2),x)`output `x^2/(2*b^2) - (2*a*x)/b^3 - (log(c + a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)*(4*b^4*c^2 - 12*a^2*b^4*c))/(8*b^8*c) + (a*atan((a + b*x)/c^(1/2))*(3*c - a^2))/(b^4*c^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{x^3}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) a^3 + 6\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) ac + 3 \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c) a^2c - \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c) a^2c}{2b^4c}$$

input `int(x^3/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c)*atan((a + b*x)/sqrt(c))*a**3 + 6*sqrt(c)*atan((a + b*x)/sqrt(c))*a*c + 3*log(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + c)*a**2*c - log(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + c)*c**2 - 4*a*b*c*x + b**2*c*x**2)/(2*b**4*c)`

3.2 $\int \frac{x^2}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx$

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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	180
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	180
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	181
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	181

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{x^2}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{x}{b^2} + \frac{(a^2-c) \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^3 \sqrt{c}} - \frac{a \log(c+(a+bx)^2)}{b^3}$$

output

```
x/b^2+(a^2-c)*arctan((b*x+a)/c^(1/2))/b^3/c^(1/2)-a*ln(c+(b*x+a)^2)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^2}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{bx + \frac{(a^2-c) \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - a \log(a^2+c+2abx+b^2x^2)}{b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/(c+(a+b*x)^2),x]
```

output

```
(b*x + ((a^2 - c)*ArcTan[(a + b*x)/Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[c] - a*Log[a^2 + c + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2])/b^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {896, 478, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx)^2+c} dx \\
 \downarrow 896 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{b^2 x^2}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx)}{b^3} \\
 \downarrow 478 \\
 \frac{\int \left(\frac{a^2-2(a+bx)a-c}{(a+bx)^2+c} + 1 \right) d(a+bx)}{b^3} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{(a^2-c) \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + a(-\log((a+bx)^2+c)) + a+bx}{b^3}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^2/(c + (a + b*x)^2),x]`

output `(a + b*x + ((a^2 - c)*ArcTan[(a + b*x)/Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[c] - a*Log[c + (a + b*x)^2])/b^3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 478 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
default	$\frac{x}{b^2} + \frac{-\frac{a \ln(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{b} + \frac{(a^2 - c) \arctan\left(\frac{2b^2 x + 2ab}{2b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^2 b\sqrt{c}}$
risch	$\frac{x}{b^2} - \frac{\ln\left(-\sqrt{-c(a^2 - c)^2} bx + a^2 c - \sqrt{-c(a^2 - c)^2} a - c^2\right) a}{b^3} + \frac{\ln\left(-\sqrt{-c(a^2 - c)^2} bx + a^2 c - \sqrt{-c(a^2 - c)^2} a - c^2\right) \sqrt{-c(a^2 - c)^2}}{2b^3 c}$

input `int(x^2/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x/b^2+1/b^2*(-a/b*ln(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2+c)+(a^2-c)/b/c^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b^2*x+2*a*b)/b/c^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{x^2}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2bcx - 2ac \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c) + (a^2 - c)\sqrt{-c} \log\left(\frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 2(bx+a)\sqrt{-c} - c}{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c}\right)}{2b^3c}, \frac{bcx - ac \log(t)}{2b^3c} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(2*b*c*x - 2*a*c*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c) + (a^2 - c)*sqrt(-c)*log((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 2*(b*x + a)*sqrt(-c) - c)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)))/(b^3*c), (b*c*x - a*c*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c) + (a^2 - c)*sqrt(c)*arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c)))/(b^3*c)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 153 vs. 2(44) = 88.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{x^2}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \left(-\frac{a}{b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-c}(a^2 - c)}{2b^3c} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{a^3 + ac + 2b^3c \left(-\frac{a}{b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-c}(a^2 - c)}{2b^3c} \right)}{a^2b - bc} \right)$$

$$+ \left(-\frac{a}{b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c}(a^2 - c)}{2b^3c} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{a^3 + ac + 2b^3c \left(-\frac{a}{b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c}(a^2 - c)}{2b^3c} \right)}{a^2b - bc} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{x}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(c+(b*x+a)**2),x)`

output

```
(-a/b**3 - sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*b**3*c))*log(x + (a**3 + a*c + 2*b**3*c*
(-a/b**3 - sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*b**3*c)))/(a**2*b - b*c)) + (-a/b**3 + s
qrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*b**3*c))*log(x + (a**3 + a*c + 2*b**3*c*(-a/b**3 + s
qrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*b**3*c)))/(a**2*b - b*c)) + x/b**2
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^2}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{x}{b^2} - \frac{a \log(b^2 x^2 + 2 abx + a^2 + c)}{b^3} + \frac{(a^2 - c) \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^3 \sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
x/b^2 - a*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)/b^3 + (a^2 - c)*arctan((b^2*x +
a*b)/(b*sqrt(c)))/(b^3*sqrt(c))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^2}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{x}{b^2} - \frac{a \log(b^2 x^2 + 2 abx + a^2 + c)}{b^3} + \frac{(a^2 - c) \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^3 \sqrt{c}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
x/b^2 - a*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)/b^3 + (a^2 - c)*arctan((b*x + a
)/sqrt(c))/(b^3*sqrt(c))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.12

$$\int \frac{x^2}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{x}{b^2} - \frac{a \ln(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2 + c)}{b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^3}{\sqrt{c}(c-a^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\frac{c}{b} - \frac{a^2}{b}} - \frac{a\sqrt{c}}{c-a^2} + \frac{a^2x}{\sqrt{c}\left(\frac{c}{b} - \frac{a^2}{b}\right)}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^3}{\sqrt{c}(c-a^2)} - \frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\frac{c}{b} - \frac{a^2}{b}} - \frac{a\sqrt{c}}{c-a^2} + \frac{a^2x}{\sqrt{c}\left(\frac{c}{b} - \frac{a^2}{b}\right)}\right)}{b^3 \sqrt{c}}$$

input `int(x^2/(c + (a + b*x)^2),x)`output `x/b^2 - (a*log(c + a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x))/b^3 + (c^(1/2)*atan(a^3/(c^(1/2)*(c - a^2)) - (c^(1/2)*x)/(c/b - a^2/b) - (a*c^(1/2))/(c - a^2) + (a^2*x)/(c^(1/2)*(c/b - a^2/b))))/b^3 - (a^2*atan(a^3/(c^(1/2)*(c - a^2)) - (c^(1/2)*x)/(c/b - a^2/b) - (a*c^(1/2))/(c - a^2) + (a^2*x)/(c^(1/2)*(c/b - a^2/b))))/(b^3*c^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^2}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) a^2 - \sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) c - \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c) ac + bcx}{b^3c}$$

input `int(x^2/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x)`output `(sqrt(c)*atan((a + b*x)/sqrt(c))*a**2 - sqrt(c)*atan((a + b*x)/sqrt(c))*c - log(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + c)*a*c + b*c*x)/(b**3*c)`

3.3 $\int \frac{x}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	182
Mathematica [A] (verified)	182
Rubi [A] (verified)	183
Maple [A] (verified)	184
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	185
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	185
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	186
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	186
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	187
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	187

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{x}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx = -\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\log(c+(a+bx)^2)}{2b^2}$$

output

```
-a*arctan((b*x+a)/c^(1/2))/b^2/c^(1/2)+1/2*ln(c+(b*x+a)^2)/b^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \log(c+(a+bx)^2)}{2b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(c+(a+b*x)^2),x]
```

output

```
((-2*a*ArcTan[(a+b*x)/Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[c]+Log[c+(a+b*x)^2])/(2*b^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.385$, Rules used = {896, 25, 452, 216, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a+bx)^2+c} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{\frac{bx}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{bx}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{452} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a+bx}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx) - a \int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{a+bx}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx) - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{240} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \log((a+bx)^2+c) - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(c + (a + b*x)^2), x]`

output `((-(a*ArcTan[(a + b*x)/Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[c]) + Log[c + (a + b*x)^2])/2/b^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 216 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \parallel \text{GtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 240 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2, \text{x}]] / (2 * \text{b}), \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 452 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)] / ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c} \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{d} \quad \text{Int}[\text{x}/(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c}^2 + \text{a} * \text{d}^2, 0]$
- rule 896 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{v}_)^{\text{n}_})^{\text{p}_}) * (\text{x}_)^{\text{m}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{c} = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 0], \text{d} = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/\text{d}^{\text{m} + 1} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(\text{x} - \text{c})^{\text{m}} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{v}], \text{x}] /; \text{NeQ}[\text{c}, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{LinearQ}[\text{v}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+c)}{2b^2} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{2b^2x+2ab}{2b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{c}}$	54
risch	$\frac{\ln(-\sqrt{-c}bx-a\sqrt{-c}-c)a\sqrt{-c}}{2cb^2} + \frac{\ln(-\sqrt{-c}bx-a\sqrt{-c}-c)}{2b^2} - \frac{\ln(\sqrt{-c}bx+a\sqrt{-c}-c)a\sqrt{-c}}{2cb^2} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{-c}bx+a\sqrt{-c}-c)}{2b^2}$	124

input $\text{int}(x/(c+(b*x+a)^2), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$ output $1/2/b^2 * \ln(b^2 * x^2 + 2 * a * b * x + a^2 + c) - a/b^2 / c^{(1/2)} * \arctan(1/2 * (2 * b^2 * x + 2 * a * b) / b / c^{(1/2)})$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{x}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \left[\frac{a\sqrt{-c} \log\left(\frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 2(bx+a)\sqrt{-c} - c}{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c}\right) - c \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2b^2c}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2a\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) - c \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2b^2c} \right]$$

input `integrate(x/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(a*sqrt(-c)*log((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 2*(b*x + a)*sqrt(-c) - c)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)) - c*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c))/(b^2*c), -1/2*(2*a*sqrt(c)*arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c)) - c*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c))/(b^2*c)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. 2(36) = 72.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{x}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \left(-\frac{a\sqrt{-c}}{2b^2c} + \frac{1}{2b^2} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{a^2 - 2b^2c \left(-\frac{a\sqrt{-c}}{2b^2c} + \frac{1}{2b^2} \right) + c}{ab} \right) \\ + \left(\frac{a\sqrt{-c}}{2b^2c} + \frac{1}{2b^2} \right) \log \left(x + \frac{a^2 - 2b^2c \left(\frac{a\sqrt{-c}}{2b^2c} + \frac{1}{2b^2} \right) + c}{ab} \right)$$

input `integrate(x/(c+(b*x+a)**2),x)`

output

```
(-a*sqrt(-c)/(2*b**2*c) + 1/(2*b**2))*log(x + (a**2 - 2*b**2*c*(-a*sqrt(-c)
)/(2*b**2*c) + 1/(2*b**2)) + c)/(a*b)) + (a*sqrt(-c)/(2*b**2*c) + 1/(2*b**
2))*log(x + (a**2 - 2*b**2*c*(a*sqrt(-c)/(2*b**2*c) + 1/(2*b**2)) + c)/(a*
b))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-a*arctan((b^2*x + a*b)/(b*sqrt(c)))/(b^2*sqrt(c)) + 1/2*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a
*b*x + a^2 + c)/b^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = -\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^2\sqrt{c}} + \frac{\log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-a*arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c))/(b^2*sqrt(c)) + 1/2*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a
^2 + c)/b^2
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\ln(a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2 + c)}{2b^2} - \frac{a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^2 \sqrt{c}}$$

input `int(x/(c + (a + b*x)^2),x)`output `log(c + a^2 + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x)/(2*b^2) - (a*atan(a/c^(1/2) + (b*x)/c^(1/2)))/(b^2*c^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) a + \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c) c}{2b^2c}$$

input `int(x/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c)*atan((a + b*x)/sqrt(c))*a + log(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + c)*c)/(2*b**2*c)`

3.4 $\int \frac{1}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx$

Optimal result	188
Mathematica [A] (verified)	188
Rubi [A] (verified)	189
Maple [A] (verified)	190
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	190
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	190
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	191
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	191
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	192
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	192

Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{1}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}}$$

output `arctan((b*x+a)/c^(1/2))/b/c^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + (a + b*x)^2)^(-1),x]`

output `ArcTan[(a + b*x)/Sqrt[c]]/(b*Sqrt[c])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {239, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2+c} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{239}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2+c} \frac{d(a+bx)}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{216}$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Int[(c + (a + b*x)^2)^(-1),x]`

output `ArcTan[(a + b*x)/Sqrt[c]]/(b*Sqrt[c])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2b^2x+2ab}{2b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}}$	28
risch	$-\frac{\ln(bx+\sqrt{-c+a})}{2\sqrt{-c}b} + \frac{\ln(-bx+\sqrt{-c-a})}{2\sqrt{-c}b}$	47

input `int(1/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/c^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b^2*x+2*a*b)/b/c^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.95

$$\int \frac{1}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx = \left[-\frac{\sqrt{-c} \log\left(\frac{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-2(bx+a)\sqrt{-c}-c}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+c}\right)}{2bc}, \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*sqrt(-c)*log((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 - 2*(b*x + a)*sqrt(-c) - c)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c))/(b*c), arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c))/(b*sqrt(c))]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 54 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{1}{c+(a+bx)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c}} \log\left(x + \frac{a-c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c}}}{b}\right)}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c}} \log\left(x + \frac{a+c\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c}}}{b}\right)}{2}}{b}$$

input `integrate(1/(c+(b*x+a)**2),x)`

output `(-sqrt(-1/c)*log(x + (a - c*sqrt(-1/c))/b)/2 + sqrt(-1/c)*log(x + (a + c*sqrt(-1/c))/b)/2)/b`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{b^2x+ab}{b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate(1/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `arctan((b^2*x + a*b)/(b*sqrt(c)))/(b*sqrt(c))`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}}$$

input `integrate(1/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c))/(b*sqrt(c))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}}$$

input `int(1/(c + (a + b*x)^2),x)`

output `atan((a + b*x)/c^(1/2))/(b*c^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{c + (a + bx)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{bc}$$

input `int(1/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*atan((a + b*x)/sqrt(c)))/(b*c)`

3.5 $\int \frac{1}{x(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx = -\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(a^2+c)} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2+c} - \frac{\log(c+(a+bx)^2)}{2(a^2+c)}$$

output

```
-a*arctan((b*x+a)/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a^2+c)+ln(x)/(a^2+c)-ln(c+(b*x+a)^2)/(2*a^2+2*c)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx = -\frac{\frac{2a \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 2 \log(bx) + \log(c+(a+bx)^2)}{2(a^2+c)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(c+(a+b*x)^2)),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((2*a*ArcTan[(a+b*x)/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[c]-2*Log[b*x]+Log[c+(a+b*x)^2])/(a^2+c))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {896, 25, 479, 452, 216, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x((a+bx)^2+c)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{bx((a+bx)^2+c)} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int -\frac{1}{bx((a+bx)^2+c)} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{479} \\
 & \frac{\log(-bx)}{a^2+c} - \int \frac{2a+bx}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{452} \\
 & \frac{\log(-bx)}{a^2+c} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx) + \int \frac{a+bx}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx)}{a^2+c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & \frac{\log(-bx)}{a^2+c} - \frac{\int \frac{a+bx}{(a+bx)^2+c} d(a+bx) + \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}}{a^2+c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{240} \\
 & \frac{\log(-bx)}{a^2+c} - \frac{\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{1}{2} \log((a+bx)^2+c)}{a^2+c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(c + (a + b*x)^2)),x]`

output $\text{Log}[-(b*x)]/(a^2 + c) - ((a*\text{ArcTan}[(a + b*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]])/\text{Sqrt}[c] + \text{Log}[c + (a + b*x)^2/2])/(a^2 + c)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F*x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F*x, x], x]$

rule 216 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[b, 2]))*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 240 $\text{Int}[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 452 $\text{Int}(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \quad \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \quad \text{Int}[x/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$

rule 479 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[c + d*x, x]]/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) \quad \text{Int}[(c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 896 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^n)^{p_}*(x_)^{m_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m + 1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; \text{NeQ}[c, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{b \left(\frac{\ln(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2b} + \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{2bx + 2ab}{2b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}} \right)}{a^2 + c} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^2 + c}$	74
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a^2 + c} + \frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(1+(a^2c+c^2)Z^2+2Zc)} -R \ln\left(\frac{(-a^2b+3bc)R+3b}{(-a^3-ac)R+2a}\right) \right)}{2}$	75

input `int(1/x/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-b/(a^2+c)*(1/2/b*ln(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2+c)+a/b/c^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b^2*x+2*a*b)/b/c^(1/2)))+ln(x)/(a^2+c)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \left[\begin{aligned} &-\frac{a\sqrt{-c} \log\left(\frac{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+2(bx+a)\sqrt{-c}-c}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+c}\right) + c \log(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+c) - 2c \log(x)}{2(a^2c+c^2)}, \\ &-\frac{2a\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + c \log(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+c) - 2c \log(x)}{2(a^2c+c^2)} \end{aligned} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(a*sqrt(-c)*log((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 2*(b*x + a)*sqrt(-c) - c)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)) + c*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c) - 2*c*log(x))/(a^2*c + c^2), -1/2*(2*a*sqrt(c)*arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c)) + c*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c) - 2*c*log(x))/(a^2*c + c^2)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 738 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 738, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.51

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c + (a + bx)^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c+(b*x+a)**2),x)`

output

```
(-a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c)))*log(x + (-4*a**6*c*(-a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c)))**2 + 4*a**4*c**2*(-a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c)))**2 - 6*a**4*c*(-a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c))) + 20*a**2*c**3*(-a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c)))**2 - 12*a**2*c**2*(-a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c))) + 10*a**2*c + 12*c**4*(-a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c)))**2 - 6*c**3*(-a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c))) - 6*c**2)/(a**3*b + 9*a*b*c)) + (a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c)))*log(x + (-4*a**6*c*(a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c)))**2 + 4*a**4*c**2*(a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c)))**2 - 6*a**4*c*(a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c))) + 20*a**2*c**3*(a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c)))**2 - 12*a**2*c**2*(a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c))) + 10*a**2*c + 12*c**4*(a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c)))**2 - 6*c**3*(a*sqrt(-c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c)) - 1/(2*(a**2 + c))) - 6*c**2)/(a**3*b + 9*a*b*c)) + log(x + (-4*a**6*c/(a**2 + c)**2 + 4*a**4*c**2/(a**2 + c)**2 - 6*a**4*c/(a**2 + c) + 20*a**2*c**3/(a**2 + c)**2 - 12*a**2*c**2/(a**2 + c) + 10*a**2*c + 12*c**4/(a**2 + c)**2 - 6*c**3/(a**2 + c) - 6*c**2)/(a**3*b + 9*a*b*c))/(a**2 + c)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c + (a + bx)^2)} dx = -\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{b^2x+ab}{b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a^2 + c)\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2(a^2 + c)} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2 + c}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-a*arctan((b^2*x + a*b)/(b*sqrt(c)))/((a^2 + c)*sqrt(c)) - 1/2*log(b^2*x^2
+ 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)/(a^2 + c) + log(x)/(a^2 + c)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c + (a + bx)^2)} dx = -\frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a^2 + c)\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2(a^2 + c)} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a^2 + c}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-a*arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c)))/((a^2 + c)*sqrt(c)) - 1/2*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b
*x + a^2 + c)/(a^2 + c) + log(abs(x))/(a^2 + c)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x(c + (a + bx)^2)} dx \\ &= \frac{\ln(x)}{a^2 + c} - \frac{\ln\left(2ab^3 + 3b^4x + \frac{b^3(c+a\sqrt{-c})(a^3+bx a^2+ca-3bcx)}{c(a^2+c)}\right)(c+a\sqrt{-c})}{2(a^2c + c^2)} \\ & \quad - \frac{\ln\left(2ab^3 + 3b^4x + \frac{b^3(c-a\sqrt{-c})(a^3+bx a^2+ca-3bcx)}{c(a^2+c)}\right)(c-a\sqrt{-c})}{2(a^2c + c^2)} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(1/(x*(c + (a + b*x)^2)),x)
```

output

```
log(x)/(c + a^2) - (log(2*a*b^3 + 3*b^4*x + (b^3*(c + a*(-c)^(1/2))*(a*c +
a^3 - 3*b*c*x + a^2*b*x))/(c*(c + a^2)))*(c + a*(-c)^(1/2)))/(2*(a^2*c +
c^2)) - (log(2*a*b^3 + 3*b^4*x + (b^3*(c - a*(-c)^(1/2))*(a*c + a^3 - 3*b*
c*x + a^2*b*x))/(c*(c + a^2)))*(c - a*(-c)^(1/2)))/(2*(a^2*c + c^2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c + (a + bx)^2)} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) a - \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c) c + 2\log(x) c}{2c(a^2 + c)}$$

input `int(1/x/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(c)*atan((a + b*x)/sqrt(c))*a - log(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + c)*c + 2*log(x)*c)/(2*c*(a**2 + c))`

3.6 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx$

Optimal result	200
Mathematica [A] (verified)	200
Rubi [A] (verified)	201
Maple [A] (verified)	202
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	203
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	203
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	204
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	205
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	205
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	206

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{(a^2+c)x} + \frac{b(a^2-c)\arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(a^2+c)^2} - \frac{2ab\log(x)}{(a^2+c)^2} + \frac{ab\log(c+(a+bx)^2)}{(a^2+c)^2}$$

output

```
-1/(a^2+c)/x+b*(a^2-c)*arctan((b*x+a)/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a^2+c)^2-2*a*b*ln(x)/(a^2+c)^2+a*b*ln(c+(b*x+a)^2)/(a^2+c)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx = \frac{b(a^2-c)x\arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right) - \sqrt{c}(a^2+c+2abx\log(x) - abx\log(a^2+c+2abx+b^2x^2))}{\sqrt{c}(a^2+c)^2x}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(c+(a+b*x)^2)),x]
```

output $(b*(a^2 - c)*x*\text{ArcTan}[(a + b*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]] - \text{Sqrt}[c]*(a^2 + c + 2*a*b*x*\text{Log}[x] - a*b*x*\text{Log}[a^2 + c + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]))/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(a^2 + c)^{2*x})$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$, Rules used = {896, 480, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2((a+bx)^2+c)} dx$$

↓ 896

$$b \int \frac{1}{b^2 x^2 ((a+bx)^2+c)} d(a+bx)$$

↓ 480

$$b \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2a+bx}{bx((a+bx)^2+c)} d(a+bx)}{a^2+c} - \frac{1}{bx(a^2+c)} \right)$$

↓ 657

$$b \left(\frac{\int \left(\frac{a^2+2(a+bx)a-c}{(a^2+c)((a+bx)^2+c)} - \frac{2a}{b(a^2+c)x} \right) d(a+bx)}{a^2+c} - \frac{1}{bx(a^2+c)} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$b \left(\frac{\frac{(a^2-c) \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c(a^2+c)}} - \frac{2a \log(-bx)}{a^2+c} + \frac{a \log((a+bx)^2+c)}{a^2+c}}{a^2+c} - \frac{1}{bx(a^2+c)} \right)$$

input $\text{Int}[1/(x^2*(c + (a + b*x)^2)), x]$

output

```
b*(-(1/(b*(a^2 + c)*x)) + ((a^2 - c)*ArcTan[(a + b*x)/Sqrt[c]]/(Sqrt[c]*(a^2 + c)) - (2*a*Log[-(b*x)])/(a^2 + c) + (a*Log[c + (a + b*x)^2])/(a^2 + c))/(a^2 + c)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 480

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))], x] + Simp[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1]
```

rule 657

```
Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

rule 896

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
default	$\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{a \ln(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{b} + \frac{(a^2 - c) \arctan\left(\frac{2b^2 x + 2ab}{2b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}} \right)}{(a^2 + c)^2} - \frac{1}{(a^2 + c)x} - \frac{2ab \ln(x)}{(a^2 + c)^2}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{(a^2 + c)x} + \frac{b \ln\left(\left(a^6 b - 15a^4 bc - 8\sqrt{-c(a^2 - c)^2} a^3 b + 15a^2 b^2 c^2 + 8\sqrt{-c(a^2 - c)^2} abc - b^3 c^3\right)x + a^7 - 7ca^5 - 7\sqrt{-c(a^2 - c)^2} a^4 - c^2 a^3\right)}{a^4 + 2a^2 c + c^2}$

input `int(1/x^2/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2/(a^2+c)^2*(a/b*ln(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2+c)+(a^2-c)/b/c^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b^2*x+2*a*b)/b/c^(1/2)))-1/(a^2+c)/x-2*a*b*ln(x)/(a^2+c)^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2abcx \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c) - 4abcx \log(x) + (a^2b - bc)\sqrt{-c} \log\left(\frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 2(bx+a)\sqrt{-c} - c}{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c}\right)}{2(a^4c + 2a^2c^2 + c^3)x} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(2*a*b*c*x*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c) - 4*a*b*c*x*log(x) + (a^2*b - b*c)*sqrt(-c)*x*log((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 2*(b*x + a)*sqrt(-c) - c)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)) - 2*a^2*c - 2*c^2)/((a^4*c + 2*a^2*c^2 + c^3)*x), (a*b*c*x*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c) - 2*a*b*c*x*log(x) + (a^2*b - b*c)*sqrt(c)*x*arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c)) - a^2*c - c^2)/((a^4*c + 2*a^2*c^2 + c^3)*x)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1620 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 5.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1620, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.51

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(c+(b*x+a)**2),x)`

output

```

-2*a*b*log(x + (-16*a**13*b**2*c/(a**2 + c)**4 + 48*a**11*b**2*c**2/(a**2
+ c)**4 + 352*a**9*b**2*c**3/(a**2 + c)**4 - 20*a**9*b**2*c/(a**2 + c)**2
+ 608*a**7*b**2*c**4/(a**2 + c)**4 - 64*a**7*b**2*c**2/(a**2 + c)**2 + 432
*a**5*b**2*c**5/(a**2 + c)**4 - 72*a**5*b**2*c**3/(a**2 + c)**2 + 36*a**5*
b**2*c + 112*a**3*b**2*c**6/(a**2 + c)**4 - 32*a**3*b**2*c**4/(a**2 + c)**
2 - 88*a**3*b**2*c**2 - 4*a*b**2*c**5/(a**2 + c)**2 + 4*a*b**2*c**3)/(a**6
*b**3 + 33*a**4*b**3*c - 33*a**2*b**3*c**2 - b**3*c**3))/(a**2 + c)**2 + (
a*b/(a**2 + c)**2 - b*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*c*(a**4 + 2*a**2*c + c**2)))*
log(x + (-4*a**11*c*(a*b/(a**2 + c)**2 - b*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*c*(a**4
+ 2*a**2*c + c**2)))**2 + 12*a**9*c**2*(a*b/(a**2 + c)**2 - b*sqrt(-c)*(a
**2 - c)/(2*c*(a**4 + 2*a**2*c + c**2)))**2 + 10*a**8*b*c*(a*b/(a**2 + c)**
2 - b*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*c*(a**4 + 2*a**2*c + c**2))) + 88*a**7*c**3*(
a*b/(a**2 + c)**2 - b*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*c*(a**4 + 2*a**2*c + c**2)))*
**2 + 32*a**6*b*c**2*(a*b/(a**2 + c)**2 - b*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*c*(a**4
+ 2*a**2*c + c**2))) + 36*a**5*b**2*c + 152*a**5*c**4*(a*b/(a**2 + c)**2 -
b*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*c*(a**4 + 2*a**2*c + c**2)))**2 + 36*a**4*b*c**3
*(a*b/(a**2 + c)**2 - b*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*c*(a**4 + 2*a**2*c + c**2))
) - 88*a**3*b**2*c**2 + 108*a**3*c**5*(a*b/(a**2 + c)**2 - b*sqrt(-c)*(a**
2 - c)/(2*c*(a**4 + 2*a**2*c + c**2)))**2 + 16*a**2*b*c**4*(a*b/(a**2 + c)
**2 - b*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - c)/(2*c*(a**4 + 2*a**2*c + c**2))) + 4*a*b**2*...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(c + (a + bx)^2)} dx = \frac{ab \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{a^4 + 2a^2c + c^2} - \frac{2ab \log(x)}{a^4 + 2a^2c + c^2} + \frac{(a^2b^2 - b^2c) \arctan\left(\frac{b^2x + ab}{b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a^4 + 2a^2c + c^2)b\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{(a^2 + c)x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

a*b*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)/(a^4 + 2*a^2*c + c^2) - 2*a*b*log(x)/
(a^4 + 2*a^2*c + c^2) + (a^2*b^2 - b^2*c)*arctan((b^2*x + a*b)/(b*sqrt(c))
)/((a^4 + 2*a^2*c + c^2)*b*sqrt(c)) - 1/((a^2 + c)*x)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + (a + bx)^2)} dx = \frac{ab \log(b^2 x^2 + 2 abx + a^2 + c)}{a^4 + 2 a^2 c + c^2} - \frac{2 ab \log(|x|)}{a^4 + 2 a^2 c + c^2} + \frac{(a^2 b^2 - b^2 c) \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a^4 + 2 a^2 c + c^2) b \sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{(a^2 + c)x}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `a*b*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)/(a^4 + 2*a^2*c + c^2) - 2*a*b*log(abs(x))/(a^4 + 2*a^2*c + c^2) + (a^2*b^2 - b^2*c)*arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c))/(a^4 + 2*a^2*c + c^2)*b*sqrt(c) - 1/((a^2 + c)*x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.38

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + (a + bx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln\left((-c)^{13/2} - 35 a^2 (-c)^{11/2} + 34 a^4 (-c)^{9/2} + 34 a^6 (-c)^{7/2} - 35 a^8 (-c)^{5/2} + a^{10} (-c)^{3/2} + a c^6 - a^{11} c\right)}{x (a^2 + c)} - \frac{\ln\left((-c)^{13/2} - 35 a^2 (-c)^{11/2} + 34 a^4 (-c)^{9/2} + 34 a^6 (-c)^{7/2} - 35 a^8 (-c)^{5/2} + a^{10} (-c)^{3/2} - a c^6 + a^{11} c\right)}{(a^2 + c)^2} - \frac{2 a b \ln(x)}{(a^2 + c)^2}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(c + (a + b*x)^2)),x)`

output

```
(log((-c)^(13/2) - 35*a^2*(-c)^(11/2) + 34*a^4*(-c)^(9/2) + 34*a^6*(-c)^(7/2) - 35*a^8*(-c)^(5/2) + a^10*(-c)^(3/2) + a*c^6 - a^11*c + 35*a^3*c^5 + 34*a^5*c^4 - 34*a^7*c^3 - 35*a^9*c^2 + b*c^6*x - a^10*b*c*x + 35*a^2*b*c^5*x + 34*a^4*b*c^4*x - 34*a^6*b*c^3*x - 35*a^8*b*c^2*x)*(b*(-c)^(3/2) + 2*a*b*c + a^2*b*(-c)^(1/2)))/(2*(a^4*c + c^3 + 2*a^2*c^2)) - 1/(x*(c + a^2)) - (log((-c)^(13/2) - 35*a^2*(-c)^(11/2) + 34*a^4*(-c)^(9/2) + 34*a^6*(-c)^(7/2) - 35*a^8*(-c)^(5/2) + a^10*(-c)^(3/2) - a*c^6 + a^11*c - 35*a^3*c^5 - 34*a^5*c^4 + 34*a^7*c^3 + 35*a^9*c^2 - b*c^6*x + a^10*b*c*x - 35*a^2*b*c^5*x - 34*a^4*b*c^4*x + 34*a^6*b*c^3*x + 35*a^8*b*c^2*x)*(b*(-c)^(3/2) - 2*a*b*c + a^2*b*(-c)^(1/2)))/(2*(a^4*c + c^3 + 2*a^2*c^2)) - (2*a*b*log(x))/(c + a^2)^2
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(c + (a + bx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) a^2bx - \sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) bcx + \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c) abcx - 2\log(x) abcx - a^2c - c^2}{cx(a^4 + 2a^2c + c^2)}$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c)*atan((a + b*x)/sqrt(c))*a**2*b*x - sqrt(c)*atan((a + b*x)/sqrt(c))*b*c*x + log(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + c)*a*b*c*x - 2*log(x)*a*b*c*x - a**2*c - c**2)/(c*x*(a**4 + 2*a**2*c + c**2))
```

3.7 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx = -\frac{1}{2(a^2+c)x^2} + \frac{2ab}{(a^2+c)^2x} - \frac{ab^2(a^2-3c)\arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(a^2+c)^3} + \frac{b^2(3a^2-c)\log(x)}{(a^2+c)^3} - \frac{b^2(3a^2-c)\log(c+(a+bx)^2)}{2(a^2+c)^3}$$

output

```
-1/2/(a^2+c)/x^2+2*a*b/(a^2+c)^2/x-a*b^2*(a^2-3*c)*arctan((b*x+a)/c^(1/2))
/c^(1/2)/(a^2+c)^3+b^2*(3*a^2-c)*ln(x)/(a^2+c)^3-1/2*b^2*(3*a^2-c)*ln(c+(b
*x+a)^2)/(a^2+c)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx = \frac{(a^2+c)(a^2+c-4abx)}{x^2} + \frac{2ab^2(a^2-3c)\arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2b^2(-3a^2+c)\log(x) + b^2(3a^2-c)\log(a^2+c+2abx+b^2x^2)}{2(a^2+c)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(c + (a + b*x)^2)),x]`

output
$$-1/2*((a^2 + c)*(a^2 + c - 4*a*b*x))/x^2 + (2*a*b^2*(a^2 - 3*c)*ArcTan[(a + b*x)/Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[c] + 2*b^2*(-3*a^2 + c)*Log[x] + b^2*(3*a^2 - c)*Log[a^2 + c + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2]/(a^2 + c)^3$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {896, 25, 480, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3((a+bx)^2+c)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 896 \\ & b^2 \int \frac{1}{b^3 x^3 ((a+bx)^2+c)} d(a+bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & -b^2 \int -\frac{1}{b^3 x^3 ((a+bx)^2+c)} d(a+bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 480 \\ & b^2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{2a+bx}{b^2 x^2 ((a+bx)^2+c)} d(a+bx)}{a^2+c} - \frac{1}{2b^2 x^2 (a^2+c)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 657 \\ & b^2 \left(-\frac{\int \left(\frac{2a}{b^2(a^2+c)x^2} - \frac{3a^2-c}{b(a^2+c)^2 x} + \frac{a(a^2-3c)+(3a^2-c)(a+bx)}{(a^2+c)^2((a+bx)^2+c)} \right) d(a+bx)}{a^2+c} - \frac{1}{2b^2 x^2 (a^2+c)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \end{aligned}$$

$$b^2 \left(-\frac{\frac{a(a^2-3c) \arctan\left(\frac{a+bx}{\sqrt{c}}\right) - \frac{2a}{bx(a^2+c)} - \frac{(3a^2-c) \log(-bx)}{(a^2+c)^2} + \frac{(3a^2-c) \log((a+bx)^2+c)}{2(a^2+c)^2}}{a^2+c} - \frac{1}{2b^2x^2(a^2+c)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(c + (a + b*x)^2)),x]`

output `b^2*(-1/2*1/(b^2*(a^2 + c)*x^2) - ((-2*a)/(b*(a^2 + c)*x) + (a*(a^2 - 3*c)*ArcTan[(a + b*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(Sqrt[c]*(a^2 + c)^2) - ((3*a^2 - c)*Log[-(b*x)])/((a^2 + c)^2 + ((3*a^2 - c)*Log[c + (a + b*x)^2])/(2*(a^2 + c)^2))/(a^2 + c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 480 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[b/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((c - d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
default	$-\frac{b^3 \left(\frac{(3a^2b-bc) \ln(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+c)}{2b^2} + \frac{(4a^3-4ac-\frac{(3a^2b-bc)a}{b}) \arctan(\frac{2b^2x+2ab}{2b\sqrt{c}})}{b\sqrt{c}} \right)}{(a^2+c)^3} - \frac{1}{2(a^2+c)x^2} + \frac{b^2(3a^2-c) \ln(x)}{(a^2+c)^3} + \frac{1}{(a^2+c)^2}$
risch	$\frac{\frac{2abx}{a^4+2a^2c+c^2} - \frac{1}{2(a^2+c)}}{x^2} + \frac{3b^2 \ln(x)a^2}{a^6+3ca^4+3a^2c^2+c^3} - \frac{b^2 \ln(x)c}{a^6+3ca^4+3a^2c^2+c^3} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((a^6c+3a^4c^2+3a^2c^3+c^4)_Z^2+(6a^2b^2c}}$

input `int(1/x^3/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-b^3/(a^2+c)^3*(1/2*(3*a^2*b-b*c)/b^2*ln(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2+c)+(4*a^3-4*a*c-(3*a^2*b-b*c)*a/b)/b/c^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*b^2*x+2*a*b)/b/c^(1/2)))-1/2/(a^2+c)/x^2+b^2*(3*a^2-c)*ln(x)/(a^2+c)^3+2*a*b/(a^2+c)^2/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{a^4c - (a^3b^2 - 3ab^2c)\sqrt{-c}x^2 \log\left(\frac{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-2(bx+a)\sqrt{-c-c}}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+c}\right) + 2a^2c^2 + (3a^2b^2c - b^2c^2)x^2 \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2(a^6c + 3a^4c^2 + 3a^2c^3 + c^4)x^2} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{a^4c + 2(a^3b^2 - 3ab^2c)\sqrt{c}x^2 \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + 2a^2c^2 + (3a^2b^2c - b^2c^2)x^2 \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2(a^6c + 3a^4c^2 + 3a^2c^3 + c^4)x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2*(a^4*c - (a^3*b^2 - 3*a*b^2*c)*sqrt(-c)*x^2*log((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x +
a^2 - 2*(b*x + a)*sqrt(-c) - c)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)) + 2*a^2*c^
2 + (3*a^2*b^2*c - b^2*c^2)*x^2*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c) - 2*(3*a^
2*b^2*c - b^2*c^2)*x^2*log(x) + c^3 - 4*(a^3*b*c + a*b*c^2)*x)/((a^6*c + 3
*a^4*c^2 + 3*a^2*c^3 + c^4)*x^2), -1/2*(a^4*c + 2*(a^3*b^2 - 3*a*b^2*c)*sq
rt(c)*x^2*arctan((b*x + a)/sqrt(c)) + 2*a^2*c^2 + (3*a^2*b^2*c - b^2*c^2)*
x^2*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c) - 2*(3*a^2*b^2*c - b^2*c^2)*x^2*log(x
) + c^3 - 4*(a^3*b*c + a*b*c^2)*x)/((a^6*c + 3*a^4*c^2 + 3*a^2*c^3 + c^4)*
x^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3284 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 17.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3284, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(c + (a + bx)^2)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**3/(c+(b*x+a)**2),x)
```


output

```

b**2*(3*a**2 - c)*log(x + (-4*a**16*b**4*c*(3*a**2 - c)**2/(a**2 + c)**6 +
24*a**14*b**4*c**2*(3*a**2 - c)**2/(a**2 + c)**6 + 216*a**12*b**4*c**3*(3
*a**2 - c)**2/(a**2 + c)**6 - 14*a**12*b**4*c*(3*a**2 - c)/(a**2 + c)**3 +
568*a**10*b**4*c**4*(3*a**2 - c)**2/(a**2 + c)**6 - 44*a**10*b**4*c**2*(3
*a**2 - c)/(a**2 + c)**3 + 720*a**8*b**4*c**5*(3*a**2 - c)**2/(a**2 + c)**
6 - 42*a**8*b**4*c**3*(3*a**2 - c)/(a**2 + c)**3 + 78*a**8*b**4*c + 456*a*
*6*b**4*c**6*(3*a**2 - c)**2/(a**2 + c)**6 - 8*a**6*b**4*c**4*(3*a**2 - c)
/(a**2 + c)**3 - 464*a**6*b**4*c**2 + 104*a**4*b**4*c**7*(3*a**2 - c)**2/(
a**2 + c)**6 - 2*a**4*b**4*c**5*(3*a**2 - c)/(a**2 + c)**3 + 380*a**4*b**4
*c**3 - 24*a**2*b**4*c**8*(3*a**2 - c)**2/(a**2 + c)**6 - 12*a**2*b**4*c**
6*(3*a**2 - c)/(a**2 + c)**3 - 96*a**2*b**4*c**4 - 12*b**4*c**9*(3*a**2 -
c)**2/(a**2 + c)**6 - 6*b**4*c**7*(3*a**2 - c)/(a**2 + c)**3 + 6*b**4*c**5
)/(a**9*b**5 + 72*a**7*b**5*c - 270*a**5*b**5*c**2 + 144*a**3*b**5*c**3 -
27*a*b**5*c**4))/(a**2 + c)**3 + (-a*b**2*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - 3*c)/(2*c*(a**6
+ 3*a**4*c + 3*a**2*c**2 + c**3)) - b**2*(3*a**2 - c)/(2*(a**2 + c)**3))*
log(x + (-4*a**16*c*(-a*b**2*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - 3*c)/(2*c*(a**6 + 3*a**4*c +
3*a**2*c**2 + c**3)) - b**2*(3*a**2 - c)/(2*(a**2 + c)**3))**2 + 24*a**14
*c**2*(-a*b**2*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - 3*c)/(2*c*(a**6 + 3*a**4*c + 3*a**2*c**2 +
c**3)) - b**2*(3*a**2 - c)/(2*(a**2 + c)**3))**2 - 14*a**12*b**2*c*(-a*b*
*2*sqrt(-c)*(a**2 - 3*c)/(2*c*(a**6 + 3*a**4*c + 3*a**2*c**2 + c**3)) - ...

```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(c + (a + bx)^2)} dx = -\frac{(3a^2b^2 - b^2c) \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2(a^6 + 3a^4c + 3a^2c^2 + c^3)} \\
 + \frac{(3a^2b^2 - b^2c) \log(x)}{a^6 + 3a^4c + 3a^2c^2 + c^3} \\
 - \frac{(a^3b^3 - 3ab^3c) \arctan\left(\frac{b^2x+ab}{b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a^6 + 3a^4c + 3a^2c^2 + c^3)b\sqrt{c}} + \frac{4abx - a^2 - c}{2(a^4 + 2a^2c + c^2)x^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-1/2*(3*a^2*b^2 - b^2*c)*\log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)/(a^6 + 3*a^4*c + 3*a^2*c^2 + c^3) + (3*a^2*b^2 - b^2*c)*\log(x)/(a^6 + 3*a^4*c + 3*a^2*c^2 + c^3) - (a^3*b^3 - 3*a*b^3*c)*\arctan((b^2*x + a*b)/(b*\sqrt{c}))/((a^6 + 3*a^4*c + 3*a^2*c^2 + c^3)*b*\sqrt{c}) + 1/2*(4*a*b*x - a^2 - c)/((a^4 + 2*a^2*c + c^2)*x^2)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx = -\frac{(3a^2b^2 - b^2c) \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c)}{2(a^6 + 3a^4c + 3a^2c^2 + c^3)} + \frac{(3a^2b^2 - b^2c) \log(|x|)}{a^6 + 3a^4c + 3a^2c^2 + c^3} - \frac{(a^3b^3 - 3ab^3c) \arctan\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a^6 + 3a^4c + 3a^2c^2 + c^3)b\sqrt{c}} - \frac{a^4 + 2a^2c + c^2 - 4(a^3b + abc)x}{2(a^2 + c)^3x^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/2*(3*a^2*b^2 - b^2*c)*\log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + c)/(a^6 + 3*a^4*c + 3*a^2*c^2 + c^3) + (3*a^2*b^2 - b^2*c)*\log(\text{abs}(x))/(a^6 + 3*a^4*c + 3*a^2*c^2 + c^3) - (a^3*b^3 - 3*a*b^3*c)*\arctan((b*x + a)/\sqrt{c})/((a^6 + 3*a^4*c + 3*a^2*c^2 + c^3)*b*\sqrt{c}) - 1/2*(a^4 + 2*a^2*c + c^2 - 4*(a^3*b + a*b*c)*x)/((a^2 + c)^3*x^2)$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 573, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(c+(a+bx)^2)} dx = \ln(x) \left(\frac{3b^2}{(a^2+c)^2} - \frac{4b^2c}{(a^2+c)^3} \right) - \frac{\frac{1}{2(a^2+c)} - \frac{2abx}{(a^2+c)^2}}{x^2} - \frac{\ln\left(27(-c)^{15/2} + 90a^2(-c)^{13/2} + 9a^4(-c)^{11/2} - 324a^6(-c)^{9/2} + 125a^8(-c)^{7/2} + 74a^{10}(-c)^{5/2} - a^{12}\right)}{2(a^2+c)^3x^2} + \frac{\ln\left(27(-c)^{15/2} + 90a^2(-c)^{13/2} + 9a^4(-c)^{11/2} - 324a^6(-c)^{9/2} + 125a^8(-c)^{7/2} + 74a^{10}(-c)^{5/2} - a^{12}\right)}{2(a^2+c)^3x^2}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(c + (a + b*x)^2)),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \log(x) * ((3*b^2)/(c + a^2)^2 - (4*b^2*c)/(c + a^2)^3 - (1/(2*(c + a^2)) - \\ & (2*a*b*x)/(c + a^2)^2)/x^2 - (\log(27*(-c)^{(15/2)} + 90*a^2*(-c)^{(13/2)} + 9* \\ & a^4*(-c)^{(11/2)} - 324*a^6*(-c)^{(9/2)} + 125*a^8*(-c)^{(7/2)} + 74*a^{10}*(-c)^{(5/2)} - \\ & a^{12}*(-c)^{(3/2)} - 27*a*c^7 + a^{13}*c + 90*a^3*c^6 - 9*a^5*c^5 - 324* \\ & a^7*c^4 - 125*a^9*c^3 + 74*a^{11}*c^2 - 27*b*c^7*x + a^{12}*b*c*x + 90*a^2*b*c \\ & ^6*x - 9*a^4*b*c^5*x - 324*a^6*b*c^4*x - 125*a^8*b*c^3*x + 74*a^{10}*b*c^2*x) \\ & *(a^3*b^2*(-c)^{(1/2)} - b^2*c^2 + 3*a^2*b^2*c + 3*a*b^2*(-c)^{(3/2)}))/(2*(a \\ & ^6*c + c^4 + 3*a^2*c^3 + 3*a^4*c^2)) + (\log(27*(-c)^{(15/2)} + 90*a^2*(-c)^{(13/2)} + \\ & 9*a^4*(-c)^{(11/2)} - 324*a^6*(-c)^{(9/2)} + 125*a^8*(-c)^{(7/2)} + 74*a \\ & ^{10}*(-c)^{(5/2)} - a^{12}*(-c)^{(3/2)} + 27*a*c^7 - a^{13}*c - 90*a^3*c^6 + 9*a^5* \\ & c^5 + 324*a^7*c^4 + 125*a^9*c^3 - 74*a^{11}*c^2 + 27*b*c^7*x - a^{12}*b*c*x - \\ & 90*a^2*b*c^6*x + 9*a^4*b*c^5*x + 324*a^6*b*c^4*x + 125*a^8*b*c^3*x - 74*a^{10} \\ & *b*c^2*x)*(b^2*c^2 + a^3*b^2*(-c)^{(1/2)} - 3*a^2*b^2*c + 3*a*b^2*(-c)^{(3/2)} \\ &))/(2*(a^6*c + c^4 + 3*a^2*c^3 + 3*a^4*c^2)) \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3(c + (a + bx)^2)} dx \\ & = \frac{-2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) a^3 b^2 x^2 + 6\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{bx+a}{\sqrt{c}}\right) a b^2 c x^2 - 3 \log(b^2 x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + c) a^2 b^2 c x^2 + \log(b^2 x^2 - 2c x^2 (a^6 + 3a^4 c + \dots)}{2c x^2 (a^6 + 3a^4 c + \dots)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(c+(b*x+a)^2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*\sqrt{c)*\operatorname{atan}((a + b*x)/\sqrt{c})*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 6*\sqrt{c)*\operatorname{atan}((a + \\ & b*x)/\sqrt{c})*a*b**2*c*x**2 - 3*\log(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + c)*a**2* \\ & b**2*c*x**2 + \log(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + c)*b**2*c**2*x**2 + 6*\log(x) \\ & *a**2*b**2*c*x**2 - 2*\log(x)*b**2*c**2*x**2 - a**4*c + 4*a**3*b*c*x - 2*a \\ & **2*c**2 + 4*a*b*c**2*x - c**3)/(2*c*x**2*(a**6 + 3*a**4*c + 3*a**2*c**2 + \\ & c**3)) \end{aligned}$$

3.8 $\int \frac{(1+(a+bx)^2)^2}{x} dx$

Optimal result	215
Mathematica [A] (verified)	215
Rubi [A] (verified)	216
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	217
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	218
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	219
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	219
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	220

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(1+(a+bx)^2)^2}{x} dx = a(2+a^2)bx + \frac{1}{2}(2+a^2)(a+bx)^2 + \frac{1}{3}a(a+bx)^3 + \frac{1}{4}(a+bx)^4 + (1+a^2)^2 \log(x)$$

output

```
a*(a^2+2)*b*x+1/2*(a^2+2)*(b*x+a)^2+1/3*a*(b*x+a)^3+1/4*(b*x+a)^4+(a^2+1)^2*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(1+(a+bx)^2)^2}{x} dx = a(2+a^2)(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2}(2+a^2)(a+bx)^2 + \frac{1}{3}a(a+bx)^3 + \frac{1}{4}(a+bx)^4 + (1+a^2)^2 \log(bx)$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 + (a + b*x)^2)^2/x,x]
```

output

$$a*(2 + a^2)*(a + b*x) + ((2 + a^2)*(a + b*x)^2)/2 + (a*(a + b*x)^3)/3 + (a + b*x)^4/4 + (1 + a^2)^2*\text{Log}[b*x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$, Rules used = {896, 25, 476, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{((a + bx)^2 + 1)^2}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \int \frac{((a + bx)^2 + 1)^2}{bx} d(a + bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & - \int -\frac{((a + bx)^2 + 1)^2}{bx} d(a + bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{476} \\ & - \int \left(-(a + bx)^3 - a(a + bx)^2 - (a^2 + 2)(a + bx) - a(a^2 + 2) - \frac{(a^2 + 1)^2}{bx} \right) d(a + bx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{1}{2}(a^2 + 2)(a + bx)^2 + a(a^2 + 2)(a + bx) + (a^2 + 1)^2 \log(-bx) + \frac{1}{4}(a + bx)^4 + \frac{1}{3}a(a + bx)^3 \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(1 + (a + b*x)^2)^2/x, x]$$

output

$$a*(2 + a^2)*(a + b*x) + ((2 + a^2)*(a + b*x)^2)/2 + (a*(a + b*x)^3)/3 + (a + b*x)^4/4 + (1 + a^2)^2*\text{Log}[-(b*x)]$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 476 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
norman	$(3a^2b^2 + b^2)x^2 + (4a^3b + 4ab)x + \frac{b^4x^4}{4} + \frac{4ab^3x^3}{3} + (a^4 + 2a^2 + 1)\ln(x)$	61
default	$\frac{b^4x^4}{4} + \frac{4ab^3x^3}{3} + 3a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + b^2x^2 + 4abx + (a^4 + 2a^2 + 1)\ln(x)$	62
risch	$\frac{b^4x^4}{4} + \frac{4ab^3x^3}{3} + 3a^2b^2x^2 + b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + 4abx + \ln(x)a^4 + 2\ln(x)a^2 + \ln(x)$	64
parallelrisch	$\frac{b^4x^4}{4} + \frac{4ab^3x^3}{3} + 3a^2b^2x^2 + b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + 4abx + \ln(x)a^4 + 2\ln(x)a^2 + \ln(x)$	64

input `int((1+(b*x+a)^2)^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(3*a^2*b^2+b^2)*x^2+(4*a^3*b+4*a*b)*x+1/4*b^4*x^4+4/3*a*b^3*x^3+(a^4+2*a^2+1)*ln(x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(1 + (a + bx)^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4 + \frac{4}{3} ab^3 x^3 + (3a^2 + 1)b^2 x^2 + 4(a^3 + a)bx + (a^4 + 2a^2 + 1) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+(b*x+a)^2)^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*b^4*x^4 + 4/3*a*b^3*x^3 + (3*a^2 + 1)*b^2*x^2 + 4*(a^3 + a)*b*x + (a^4 + 2*a^2 + 1)*log(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(1 + (a + bx)^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{4ab^3x^3}{3} + \frac{b^4x^4}{4} + x^2 \cdot (3a^2b^2 + b^2) + x(4a^3b + 4ab) + (a^2 + 1)^2 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+(b*x+a)**2)**2/x,x)`output `4*a*b**3*x**3/3 + b**4*x**4/4 + x**2*(3*a**2*b**2 + b**2) + x*(4*a**3*b + 4*a*b) + (a**2 + 1)**2*log(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(1 + (a + bx)^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} b^4 x^4 + \frac{4}{3} ab^3 x^3 + (3a^2 + 1)b^2 x^2 + 4(a^3 + a)bx + (a^4 + 2a^2 + 1) \log(x)$$

input `integrate((1+(b*x+a)^2)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $\frac{1}{4}b^4x^4 + \frac{4}{3}ab^3x^3 + (3a^2 + 1)b^2x^2 + 4(a^3 + a)bx + (a^4 + 2a^2 + 1)\log(x)$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(1 + (a + bx)^2)^2}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4}b^4x^4 + \frac{4}{3}ab^3x^3 + 3a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + b^2x^2 + 4abx + (a^4 + 2a^2 + 1)\log(|x|)$$

input `integrate((1+(b*x+a)^2)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4}b^4x^4 + \frac{4}{3}ab^3x^3 + 3a^2b^2x^2 + 4a^3bx + b^2x^2 + 4abx + (a^4 + 2a^2 + 1)\log(\text{abs}(x))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(1 + (a + bx)^2)^2}{x} dx = \ln(x) (a^4 + 2a^2 + 1) + \frac{b^4x^4}{4} + \frac{4ab^3x^3}{3} + b^2x^2(3a^2 + 1) + 4abx(a^2 + 1)$$

input `int(((a + b*x)^2 + 1)^2/x,x)`

output $\log(x)*(2a^2 + a^4 + 1) + (b^4x^4)/4 + (4ab^3x^3)/3 + b^2x^2*(3a^2 + 1) + 4abx*(a^2 + 1)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(1 + (a + bx)^2)^2}{x} dx = \log(x) a^4 + 2 \log(x) a^2 + \log(x) + 4a^3bx + 3a^2b^2x^2 + \frac{4ab^3x^3}{3} + 4abx + \frac{b^4x^4}{4} + b^2x^2$$

input `int((1+(b*x+a)^2)^2/x,x)`

output `(12*log(x)*a**4 + 24*log(x)*a**2 + 12*log(x) + 48*a**3*b*x + 36*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 16*a*b**3*x**3 + 48*a*b*x + 3*b**4*x**4 + 12*b**2*x**2)/12`

3.9 $\int \frac{x^2}{1+(-1+x)^2} dx$

Optimal result	221
Mathematica [A] (verified)	221
Rubi [A] (verified)	222
Maple [A] (verified)	223
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	223
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	224
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	224
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	224
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	225
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	225

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1+(-1+x)^2} dx = x + \log(1+(-1+x)^2)$$

output `x+ln(1+(-1+x)^2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1+(-1+x)^2} dx = x + \log(2-2x+x^2)$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(1+(-1+x)^2),x]`

output `x + Log[2 - 2*x + x^2]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {896, 478, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(x-1)^2+1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(x-1)^2+1} d(x-1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 478 \\
 & \int \left(\frac{2(x-1)}{(x-1)^2+1} + 1 \right) d(x-1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & x + \log((x-1)^2+1) - 1
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(1 + (-1 + x)^2),x]`

output `-1 + x + Log[1 + (-1 + x)^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 478 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Int[Expand Integrand[(c + d*x)^n/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ [n, 1]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
default	$x + \ln(x^2 - 2x + 2)$	12
norman	$x + \ln(x^2 - 2x + 2)$	12
risch	$x + \ln(x^2 - 2x + 2)$	12
parallelrisch	$x + \ln(x^2 - 2x + 2)$	12

input `int(x^2/(1+(x-1)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x+ln(x^2-2*x+2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 + (-1 + x)^2} dx = x + \log(x^2 - 2x + 2)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+(x-1)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `x + log(x^2 - 2*x + 2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 + (-1 + x)^2} dx = x + \log(x^2 - 2x + 2)$$

input `integrate(x**2/(1+(x-1)**2),x)`output `x + log(x**2 - 2*x + 2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 + (-1 + x)^2} dx = x + \log(x^2 - 2x + 2)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+(x-1)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `x + log(x^2 - 2*x + 2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 + (-1 + x)^2} dx = x + \log(x^2 - 2x + 2)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+(x-1)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `x + log(x^2 - 2*x + 2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 + (-1 + x)^2} dx = x + \ln(x^2 - 2x + 2)$$

input `int(x^2/((x - 1)^2 + 1),x)`

output `x + log(x^2 - 2*x + 2)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{1 + (-1 + x)^2} dx = \log(x^2 - 2x + 2) + x$$

input `int(x^2/(1+(x-1)^2),x)`

output `log(x**2 - 2*x + 2) + x`

3.10 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} dx = \frac{3a\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2b^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{2b^2} + \frac{(1+2a^2)\arcsin(a+bx)}{2b^3}$$

output

$\frac{3}{2}a*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3-1/2*x*(1-(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^2+1/2*(2*a^2+1)*\arcsin(b*x+a)/b^3$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. 2(67) = 134.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} dx = \frac{-2b(-3a+bx)\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}-2(1+2a^2)b\arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{-b^2x+\sqrt{1-a^2-2abx-b^2x^2}}}{a}\right)+(1+2a^2)\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}}{4b^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2],x]`

output `(-2*b*(-3*a + b*x)*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2] - 2*(1 + 2*a^2)*b*ArcTan[(-(Sqrt[-b^2]*x) + Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2])/a] + (1 + 2*a^2)*Sqrt[-b^2]*Log[-1 + 2*a*b*x + 2*b^2*x^2 + 2*Sqrt[-b^2]*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2 - 2*a*b*x - b^2*x^2]])/(4*b^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {896, 497, 25, 455, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{b^2 x^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{497} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{2a^2 - 3(a + bx)a + 1}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} bx \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2a^2 - 3(a + bx)a + 1}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) - \frac{1}{2} bx \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left((2a^2 + 1) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} d(a + bx) + 3a \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} bx \sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left((2a^2 + 1) \arcsin(a + bx) + 3a\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}bx\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}}{b^3}$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2],x]`

output `(-1/2*(b*x*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2]) + (3*a*Sqrt[1 - (a + b*x)^2] + (1 + 2*a^2)*ArcSin[a + b*x])/2)/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 455 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[c Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && !LeQ[p, -1]`

rule 497 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && If[RationalQ[n], GtQ[n, 1], SumSimplerQ[n, -2]] && NeQ[n + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-bx+3a)(b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1)}{2b^3\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}} + \frac{(2a^2+1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2}\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}\right)}{2b^2\sqrt{b^2}}$
default	$-\frac{x\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{2b^2} - \frac{3a\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}{b^2} - \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2}\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}\right)}{b\sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{2b} + \frac{(-a^2+1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2}\left(x+\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}}\right)}{2b^2\sqrt{b^2}}$

input `int(x^2/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$-1/2*(-b*x+3*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1)/b^3/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2) + 1/2/b^2*(2*a^2+1)/(b^2)^(1/2)*\arctan((b^2)^(1/2)*(x+a/b)/(-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1)^(1/2))$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-(a+bx)^2}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(2a^2+1) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}(bx+a)}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2-1}\right) + \sqrt{-b^2x^2-2abx-a^2+1}(bx-3a)}{2b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$-1/2*((2*a^2+1)*\arctan(\sqrt{-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1}*(b*x+a)/(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2-1)) + \sqrt{-b^2*x^2-2*a*b*x-a^2+1}*(b*x-3*a))/b^3$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \left(\frac{3a}{2b^3} - \frac{x}{2b^2} \right) \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1} + \frac{\left(\frac{3a^2}{2b^2} + \frac{1-a^2}{2b^2} \right) \log\left(\frac{-2ab - 2b^2x + 2\sqrt{-b^2}\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx - b^2x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{-b^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{-b^2}} & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{a^4\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx + 1} - 2a^2\sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx + 1} + \frac{(2a^2 - 2)(-a^2 - 2abx + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4a^3b^3} + \frac{(-a^2 - 2abx + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \sqrt{-a^2 - 2abx + 1}}{3\sqrt{1 - a^2}} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3}{3\sqrt{1 - a^2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(1-(b*x+a)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Piecewise(((3*a/(2*b**3) - x/(2*b**2))*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1) + (3*a**2/(2*b**2) + (1 - a**2)/(2*b**2))*log(-2*a*b - 2*b**2*x + 2*sqrt(-b**2)*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1))/sqrt(-b**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), (-a**4*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x + 1) - 2*a**2*sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x + 1) + (2*a**2 - 2)*(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x + 1)**(3/2)/3 + (-a**2 - 2*a*b*x + 1)**(5/2)/5 + sqrt(-a**2 - 2*a*b*x + 1))/(4*a**3*b**3), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x**3/(3*sqrt(1 - a**2)), True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. $2(57) = 114$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} dx = -\frac{3a^2 \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{2b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}x}{2b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(a^2 - 1) \arcsin\left(-\frac{b^2x+ab}{\sqrt{a^2b^2-(a^2-1)b^2}}\right)}{2b^3}$$

$$+ \frac{3\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1}a}{2b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/2*a^2*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^3 - 1/2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*x/b^2 + 1/2*(a^2 - 1)*arcsin(-(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(a^2*b^2 - (a^2 - 1)*b^2))/b^3 + 3/2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*a/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-b^2 x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} \left(\frac{x}{b^2} - \frac{3a}{b^3} \right) - \frac{(2a^2 + 1) \arcsin(-bx - a) \operatorname{sgn}(b)}{2b^2|b|}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*sqrt(-b^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*x - a^2 + 1)*(x/b^2 - 3*a/b^3) - 1/2*(2*a^2 + 1)*arcsin(-b*x - a)*sgn(b)/(b^2*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(1 - (a + b*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - (a + bx)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a \sin(bx + a) a^2 + a \sin(bx + a) + 3\sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} a - \sqrt{-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2 + 1} bx - 4a}{2b^3}$$

input `int(x^2/(1-(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*asin(a + b*x)*a**2 + asin(a + b*x) + 3*sqrt(- a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*a - sqrt(- a**2 - 2*a*b*x - b**2*x**2 + 1)*b*x - 4*a)/(2*b**3)`

3.11 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+(a+bx)^2}} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	234
Maple [A] (verified)	236
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	236
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	237
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	237
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	238
Mupad [F(-1)]	238
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	239

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+(a+bx)^2}} dx = -\frac{3a\sqrt{1+(a+bx)^2}}{2b^3} + \frac{x\sqrt{1+(a+bx)^2}}{2b^2} - \frac{(1-2a^2)\operatorname{arcsinh}(a+bx)}{2b^3}$$

output

```
-3/2*a*(1+(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^3+1/2*x*(1+(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2-1/2*(-2*a^2+1)*arcsinh(b*x+a)/b^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+(a+bx)^2}} dx = \frac{(-3a+bx)\sqrt{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}{2b^3} + \frac{(1-2a^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{bx}{\sqrt{1+a^2}-\sqrt{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}}\right)}{b^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[1+(a+b*x)^2],x]
```

output

$$\frac{((-3a + bx)\sqrt{1 + a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2})/(2b^3) + ((1 - 2a^2)\operatorname{Arctanh}[(bx)/(\sqrt{1 + a^2} - \sqrt{1 + a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2})])}{b^3}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {896, 497, 25, 455, 222}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{b^2x^2}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1}} d(a+bx)}{b^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{497} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{-2a^2+3(a+bx)a+1}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1}} d(a+bx) + \frac{1}{2}bx\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1}}{b^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2}bx\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-2a^2+3(a+bx)a+1}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1}} d(a+bx)}{b^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{455} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(-(1-2a^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1}} d(a+bx) - 3a\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1} \right) + \frac{1}{2}bx\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1}}{b^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{222} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(-(1-2a^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(a+bx) - 3a\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1} \right) + \frac{1}{2}bx\sqrt{(a+bx)^2+1}}{b^3} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[x^2/\sqrt{1+(a+bx)^2},x]$$

output
$$\frac{((b*x*\sqrt{1 + (a + b*x)^2})/2 + (-3*a*\sqrt{1 + (a + b*x)^2} - (1 - 2*a^2)*\text{ArcSinh}[a + b*x])/2)/b^3}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$
- rule 222
$$\text{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{ArcSinh}[\text{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\sqrt{a})]/\text{Rt}[b, 2], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b]$$
- rule 455
$$\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[c \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!LeQ}[p, -1]$$
- rule 497
$$\text{Int}[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(b*(n + 2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n + 2*p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n - 2)*((a + b*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[b*c^2*(n + 2*p + 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1) + 2*b*c*d*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[n], \text{GtQ}[n, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[n, -2]] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$$
- rule 896
$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)*(x_)^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m + 1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] \text{ /; NeQ}[c, 0]] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-bx+3a)\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}}{2b^3} + \frac{(2a^2-1)\ln\left(\frac{b^2x+ab+\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}}{\sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{2b^2\sqrt{b^2}}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}}{2b^2} - \frac{3a\left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}}{b^2} - \frac{a\ln\left(\frac{b^2x+ab+\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}}{\sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{b\sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{2b} - \frac{(a^2+1)\ln\left(\frac{b^2x+ab+\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}}{\sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{2b^2\sqrt{b^2}}$

input `int(x^2/(1+(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*(-b*x+3*a)*(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2+1)^(1/2)/b^3+1/2/b^2*(2*a^2-1)*\ln((b^2*x+a*b)/(b^2)^(1/2)+(b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2+1)^(1/2))/(b^2)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+(a+bx)^2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{(2a^2-1)\log(-bx-a+\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1})-\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}(bx-3a)}{2b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/2*((2*a^2-1)*\log(-b*x-a+\sqrt{b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2+1})-\sqrt{b^2*x^2+2*a*b*x+a^2+1}*(b*x-3*a))/b^3$$

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+(a+bx)^2}} dx = \begin{cases} \left(-\frac{3a}{2b^3} + \frac{x}{2b^2}\right) \sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2+1} + \frac{\left(\frac{3a^2}{2b^2} - \frac{a^2+1}{2b^2}\right) \log\left(\frac{2ab+2b^2x+2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+b^2x^2+1}\sqrt{b^2}}{\sqrt{b^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2}} & \text{for } b^2 \neq 0 \\ \frac{a^4\sqrt{a^2+2abx+1}+2a^2\sqrt{a^2+2abx+1}+\frac{(-2a^2-2)(a^2+2abx+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4a^3b^3}+\frac{(a^2+2abx+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}+\sqrt{a^2+2abx+1}}{3\sqrt{a^2+1}} & \text{for } ab \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3}{3\sqrt{a^2+1}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(1+(b*x+a)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Piecewise((((-3*a/(2*b**3) + x/(2*b**2))*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + 1) + (3*a**2/(2*b**2) - (a**2 + 1)/(2*b**2))*log(2*a*b + 2*b**2*x + 2*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + 1)*sqrt(b**2))/sqrt(b**2), Ne(b**2, 0)), ((a**4*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + 1) + 2*a**2*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + 1) + (-2*a**2 - 2)*(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + 1)**(3/2)/3 + (a**2 + 2*a*b*x + 1)**(5/2)/5 + sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + 1))/(4*a**3*b**3), Ne(a*b, 0)), (x**3/(3*sqrt(a**2 + 1))), True))`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+(a+bx)^2}} dx = \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{2(b^2x+ab)}{\sqrt{-4a^2b^2+4(a^2+1)b^2}}\right)}{2b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}x}{2b^2} - \frac{(a^2+1) \operatorname{arsinh}\left(\frac{2(b^2x+ab)}{\sqrt{-4a^2b^2+4(a^2+1)b^2}}\right)}{2b^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}a}{2b^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/2*a^2*arcsinh(2*(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(-4*a^2*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 1)*b^2))/b^3 + 1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)*x/b^2 - 1/2*(a^2 + 1)*arcsinh(2*(b^2*x + a*b)/sqrt(-4*a^2*b^2 + 4*(a^2 + 1)*b^2))/b^3 - 3/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)*a/b^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + (a + bx)^2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 abx + a^2 + 1} \left(\frac{x}{b^2} - \frac{3a}{b^3} \right) - \frac{(2a^2 - 1) \log(|-ab - (x|b| - \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 abx + a^2 + 1})|b|)}{2b^2|b|}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)*(x/b^2 - 3*a/b^3) - 1/2*(2*a^2 - 1)*log(abs(-a*b - (x*abs(b) - sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1))*abs(b)))/(b^2*abs(b))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + (a + bx)^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{(a + bx)^2 + 1}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/((a + b*x)^2 + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/((a + b*x)^2 + 1)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + (a + bx)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}a + \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}bx + 2\log(\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1} + a + bx)a^2 - \log(\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1} + a + bx)a^2}{2b^3}$$

input `int(x^2/(1+(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- 3*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + 1)*a + sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + 1)*b*x + 2*log(sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + 1) + a + b*x)*a**2 - log(sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2 + 1) + a + b*x))/(2*b**3)`

3.12 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx = \frac{(5b^3 + 24ab^2c + 48a^2bc^2 - 64a^3c^3)(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{64a^3d^4} - \frac{(5b^2 + 24abc - 144a^2c^2)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{96a^2d^4} + \frac{(b - 24ac)(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{24ad^4} + \frac{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4d^4} - \frac{b(5b^3 + 24ab^2c + 48a^2bc^2 + 64a^3c^3)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{7/2}d^4}$$

output

```
1/64*(-64*a^3*c^3+48*a^2*b*c^2+24*a*b^2*c+5*b^3)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d^4-1/96*(-144*a^2*c^2+24*a*b*c+5*b^2)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^4+1/24*(-24*a*c+b)*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d^4+1/4*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^4-1/64*b*(64*a^3*c^3+48*a^2*b*c^2+24*a*b^2*c+5*b^3)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}} (15b^3 + 2ab^2(31c - 5dx) + 8a^2b(13c^2 - 4cdx + d^2x^2) - 48a^3(c^3 - c^2dx + cd^2x^2 - d^3x^3)) - 3*b*(5*b^3 + 24*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2 + 64*a^3*c^3)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/\text{Sqrt}[a]]}{192a^{7/2}d^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(15*b^3 + 2*a*b^2*(31*c - 5*d*x) + 8*a^2*b*(13*c^2 - 4*c*d*x + d^2*x^2) - 48*a^3*(c^3 - c^2*d*x + c*d^2*x^2 - d^3*x^3)) - 3*b*(5*b^3 + 24*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2 + 64*a^3*c^3)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(7/2)*d^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 108, 27, 166, 27, 162, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$\frac{\int d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^4}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$-\frac{\int -d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 941 \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3 d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 948 \\ & \frac{\int -(c+dx)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 108 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \left(-\frac{7cb}{c+dx} + b - 6ac\right)}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} - \frac{1}{8} \int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \left(-\frac{7cb}{c+dx} + b - 6ac\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 166 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{(b-6ac)(c+dx)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3a} - \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(5b^2 + 16acb - \frac{c(b+36ac)b}{c+dx} - 24a^2c^2\right)}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 (c+dx)}{d^4}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(5b^2 + 16acb - \frac{c(b+36ac)b}{c+dx} - 24a^2c^2\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{6a} + \frac{(b-6ac) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 (c+dx)}{d^4}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 162 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{3b(64a^3c^3 + 48a^2bc^2 + 24ab^2c + 5b^3) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{8a^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(2a(-24a^2c^2 + 16abc + 5b^2) - \frac{-96a^3c^3 + 136a^2bc^2 + 72ab^2c + 15b^3}{c+dx} \right)}{6a \cdot 4a^2} \right) + \frac{(b-}{d^4}$$

73

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{3(64a^3c^3 + 48a^2bc^2 + 24ab^2c + 5b^3) \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4a^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(2a(-24a^2c^2 + 16abc + 5b^2) - \frac{-96a^3c^3 + 136a^2bc^2 + 72ab^2c + 15b^3}{c+dx} \right)}{6a \cdot 4a^2} \right) + \frac{(b-}{d^4}$$

221

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(2a(-24a^2c^2 + 16abc + 5b^2) - \frac{-96a^3c^3 + 136a^2bc^2 + 72ab^2c + 15b^3}{c+dx} \right)}{4a^2 \cdot 6a} - \frac{3b(64a^3c^3 + 48a^2bc^2 + 24ab^2c + 5b^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}} \right) + \frac{(b-}{d^4}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output `((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3/4 + ((b - 6*a*c) * (c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2)/(3*a) + (-1/4*((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(2*a*(5*b^2 + 16*a*b*c - 24*a^2*c^2) - (15*b^3 + 72*a*b^2*c + 136*a^2*b*c^2 - 96*a^3*c^3)/(c + d*x)))/a^2 - (3*b*(5*b^3 + 24*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2 + 64*a^3*c^3)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(5/2)))/(6*a))/8/d^4`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 108 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^(p - 1)*Simp[d*e*n + c*f*p + d*f*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`
- rule 162 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[((b^3*c*e*g*(m + 2) - a^3*d*f*h*(n + 2) - a^2*b*(c*f*h*m - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) - a*b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h) + d*e*g*(2*m + n + 4)) + b*(a^2*d*f*h*(m - n) - a*b*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(n + 1)) + b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) - d*e*g*(m + n + 2)))*x]/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1), x] + Simp[(f*(h/b^2) - (d*(m + n + 3)*(a^2*d*f*h*(m - n) - a*b*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(n + 1)) + b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) - d*e*g*(m + n + 2)))/ (b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 2)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && (LtQ[m, -2] || (EqQ[m + n + 3, 0] && !LtQ[n, -2]))`

rule 166 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[b*c*(f*g - e*h)*(m + 1) + (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*n + c*f*(p + 1)) + d*(b*(f*g - e*h))*(m + 1) + f*(b*g - a*h)*(n + p + 1)]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 802 vs. $2(220) = 440$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 803, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}(dx+c)\left(192\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x+2acd+2\sqrt{(adx+ac+b)(dx+c)}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)a^3bc^3d-576\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+bdx+bc}a^3\right)}{a^3bc^3d-576\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+bdx+bc}a^3}$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/384*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/d^4*(192*\ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2* \\
 & a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^ \\
 & 3*b*c^3*d-576*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^ \\
 & 3*c^2*d*x+384*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^3*c^3+144*\ln(1 \\
 & /2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2 \\
 &)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*c^2*d-96*x*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+ \\
 & b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a^2*d*(a*d^2)^(1/2)-576*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d* \\
 & x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c^3-288*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a* \\
 & c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c*d*x+72*\ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2 \\
 & +2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^3* \\
 & c*d+288*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a^2*c-57 \\
 & 6*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^2-60*(\\
 & a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*d*x+15*\ln(1 \\
 & /2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2 \\
 &)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b^4*d+80*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a* \\
 & c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a*b-204*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d* \\
 & x+b*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*c-30*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c) \\
 &)^(1/2)*b^3)/((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^3/(a*d^2)^(1/2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(64 a^3 b c^3 + 48 a^2 b^2 c^2 + 24 a b^3 c + 5 b^4) \sqrt{a} \log \left(2 a d x + 2 a c - 2 (d x + c) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a d x + a c + b}{d x + c}} + b \right) + 2 (48 a^3 b c^3 + 48 a^2 b^2 c^2 + 24 a b^3 c + 5 b^4) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a d x + a c + b}{d x + c}} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/384*(3*(64*a^3*b*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 24*a*b^3*c + 5*b^4)*sqrt(a)*log
(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) +
b) + 2*(48*a^4*d^4*x^4 + 8*a^3*b*d^3*x^3 - 48*a^4*c^4 + 104*a^3*b*c^3 + 6
2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 15*a*b^3*c - 2*(12*a^3*b*c + 5*a^2*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + (72*a^3*
b*c^2 + 52*a^2*b^2*c + 15*a*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(
a^4*d^4), 1/192*(3*(64*a^3*b*c^3 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 24*a*b^3*c + 5*b^4)*sq
rt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x
+ a*c + b)) + (48*a^4*d^4*x^4 + 8*a^3*b*d^3*x^3 - 48*a^4*c^4 + 104*a^3*b*c
^3 + 62*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 15*a*b^3*c - 2*(12*a^3*b*c + 5*a^2*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + (7
2*a^3*b*c^2 + 52*a^2*b^2*c + 15*a*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x +
c)))/(a^4*d^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx + b}{c + dx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx + c}} x^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))*x^3, x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 350, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(2 \left(4x \left(\frac{6x \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{d} - \frac{6a^3cd^5 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) - a^2bd^5 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{a^3d^7} \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left. (64a^3bc^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + 48a^2b^2c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + 24ab^3c \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + 5b^4 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)) \log \left(\left| 2acd + 2 \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right| \right) \right) \right) \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{1}{128a^{7/2}d^3|d|} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/192*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*(4*x*(6*x*sgn(d*x + c)/d - (6*a^3*c*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - a^2*b*d^5*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^3*d^7)) + (24*a^3*c^2*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) - 16*a^2*b*c*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) - 5*a*b^2*d^4*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^3*d^7))*x - (48*a^3*c^3*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) - 104*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) - 62*a*b^2*c*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) - 15*b^3*d^3*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^3*d^7) + 1/128*(64*a^3*b*c^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 48*a^2*b^2*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 24*a*b^3*c*sgn(d*x + c) + 5*b^4*sgn(d*x + c))*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d))/(a^(7/2)*d^3*abs(d))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-48\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}a^4c^3 + 48\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}a^4c^2dx - 48\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}a^4cd}{\dots}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 48*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c**3 + 48*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c**2*d*x - 48*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c*d**2*x**2 + 48*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*d**3*x**3 + 104*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**2 - 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c*d*x + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*d**2*x**2 + 62*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c - 10*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*d*x + 15*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3 - 192*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b*c**3 - 144*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2*c**2 - 72*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3*c - 15*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**4)/(192*a**4*d**4)
```

3.13 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	250
Mathematica [A] (verified)	251
Rubi [A] (verified)	251
Maple [B] (verified)	254
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	255
Sympy [F]	256
Maxima [F]	256
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	257
Mupad [F(-1)]	257
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	258

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx = -\frac{(b^2 + 4abc - 8a^2c^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8a^2d^3} + \frac{(b - 12ac)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{12ad^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3d^3} + \frac{b(b^2 + 4abc + 8a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}d^3}$$

output

```
-1/8*(-8*a^2*c^2+4*a*b*c+b^2)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^3+1/12*(-1
2*a*c+b)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(
1/2)/d^3+1/8*b*(8*a^2*c^2+4*a*b*c+b^2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)
)/a^(5/2)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}} (-3b^2 + 2ab(-5c + dx) + 8a^2(c^2 - cdx + d^2x^2)) + 3b(b^2 + 4abc + 8a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c + dx)}{\sqrt{b+ac+adx}}\right)}{24a^{5/2}d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(-3*b^2 + 2*a*b*(-5*c + d*x) + 8*a^2*(c^2 - c*d*x + d^2*x^2)) + 3*b*(b^2 + 4*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(24*a^(5/2)*d^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 941, 948, 100, 27, 87, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$\frac{\int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{941}$$

$$\frac{\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2 d(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{948}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 100 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3}{2}(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(-\frac{2ac^2}{c+dx} + 4ac + b\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(-\frac{2ac^2}{c+dx} + 4ac + b\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2) \int (c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} - \frac{(4ac+b)(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2a}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(4ac+b)(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2a}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2) \left(\int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} - \frac{a}{b} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} - (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(4ac+b)(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2a}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2) \left((c+dx) \left(-\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \right) - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(4ac+b)(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2a}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^2*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)], x]`

output

$$-\left(-\frac{1}{3}((c + dx)^3(a + b/(c + dx))^{3/2})/a - (-\frac{1}{2}((b + 4ac)(c + dx)^2(a + b/(c + dx))^{3/2})/a - ((b^2 + 4abc + 8a^2c^2)*(-(c + dx)*\sqrt{a + b/(c + dx)})) - (b*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b/(c + dx)}/\sqrt{a}]]/\sqrt{a}))/4a)/(2a)/d^3$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 51

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 73

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \!(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ \!(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))2((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_)((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)2(c + d*x)(n + 1)((e + f*x)(p + 1)/(d2(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d2(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)(n + 1)(e + f*x)pSimp[a2d2f*(n + p + 2) + b2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)2)(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)(n_))(p_)(x_)(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)m(a + b*xn)p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(mn_))(q_)((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*xn)p((d + c*xn)q/x(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)(m_)((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_)((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_))(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)(a + b*x)p(c + d*x)q, x], x, xn], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 544 vs. 2(147) = 294.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}(dx+c) \left(-48\sqrt{a^2d^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+bdx+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}a^2cdx+24\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x+2acd+2\sqrt{(adx+ac+b)(dx+c)}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)a^2bc^2 \right)}{a^2bc^2}$

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{48} \left(\frac{(a*d*x+a*c+b)}{(d*x+c)} \right)^{(1/2)} * (d*x+c) / d^3 * (-48*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^{(1/2)} * (a*d^2)^{(1/2)} * a^2*c*d*x+24*\ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}+b*d)/(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}) * a^2*b*c^2*d+48*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c^2-48*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^{(1/2)}*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c^2-12*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^{(1/2)}*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a*b*d*x+12*\ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}+b*d)/(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}) * a*b^2*c*d+16*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^{(3/2)}*a*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}-36*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^{(1/2)}*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a*b*c+3*\ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}+b*d)/(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}) * b^3*d-6*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^{(1/2)}*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2)/((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/a^2/(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^2bc^2 + 4ab^2c + b^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2adx + 2ac + 2(dx+c)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b\right) + 2(8a^3d^3x^3 + 2a^2bd^2x^2 + 8a^3c^3 - 10a^2bd^2x)}{48a^3d^3} - \frac{3(8a^2bc^2 + 4ab^2c + b^3)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx+ac+b}\right) - (8a^3d^3x^3 + 2a^2bd^2x^2 + 8a^3c^3 - 10a^2bd^2x)}{24a^3d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 4*a*b^2*c + b^3)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(8*a^3*d^3*x^3 + 2*a^2*b*d^2*x^2 + 8*a^3*c^3 - 10*a^2*b*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c - (8*a^2*b*c + 3*a*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d^3), -1/24*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 4*a*b^2*c + b^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) - (8*a^3*d^3*x^3 + 2*a^2*b*d^2*x^2 + 8*a^3*c^3 - 10*a^2*b*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c - (8*a^2*b*c + 3*a*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx + b}{c + dx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx + c}} x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))*x^2, x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(2x \left(\frac{4x \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{d} - \frac{4a^2cd^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) - abd^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{a^2d^5} \right) - \frac{(8a^2bc^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + 4ab^2c \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)) \log \left(\left| 2acd + 2 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx} \right) \right|}{16a^{\frac{5}{2}}d^2|d|} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/24*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*x*(4*x*sgn(d*x + c)/d - (4*a^2*c*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) - a*b*d^3*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^2*d^5)) + (8*a^2*c^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) - 10*a*b*c*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) - 3*b^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^2*d^5) - 1/16*(8*a^2*b*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 4*a*b^2*c*sgn(d*x + c) + b^3*sgn(d*x + c))*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d))/(a^(5/2)*d^2*abs(d))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 258, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$8\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a^3 c^2 - 8\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a^3 cdx + 8\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a^3 d^2 x^2 - 10$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*c**2 - 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*
c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*c*d*x + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*d**
2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*c + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)
*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*d*x - 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*
a*b**2 + 24*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sq
rt(b))*a**2*b*c**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(
c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c + 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(
a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**3)/(24*a**3*d**3)
```

3.14 $\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx = \frac{(b-4ac)(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4ad^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2d^2} - \frac{b(b+4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}d^2}$$

output

```
1/4*(-4*a*c+b)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d^2+1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2-1/4*b*(4*a*c+b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(b-2ac+2adx)}{4ad^2} - \frac{b(b+4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output `((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(b - 2*a*c + 2*a*d*x))/(4*a*d^2) - (b*(b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(3/2)*d^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.529$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 87, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int -dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & -\frac{\int (c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} \left(\frac{c}{c + dx} - 1\right) d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{\int -(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c + dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c + dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int (c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c + dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c + dx}}{d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(4ac+b) \int (c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2a} \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{(4ac+b) \left(\frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - (c+dx) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2a} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(4ac+b) \left(\int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} - (c+dx) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2a} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{(4ac+b) \left((c+dx) \left(-\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \right) - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2a} \\
 & \downarrow
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output `((c + d*x)^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2))/(2*a) + ((b + 4*a*c)*(-(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]) - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]]))/Sqrt[a])/ (4*a))/d^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 332 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}(dx+c)\left(-4\sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+bdx+bc}\sqrt{a d^2}adx+4\ln\left(\frac{2a d^2 x+2acd+2\sqrt{(adx+ac+b)(dx+c)}\sqrt{a d^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{a d^2}}\right)abcd+8\right)}{8 a^2 d^2}$

input

```
int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/d^2*(-4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*
c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*d*x+4*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a
*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b*c*d+8*((a
*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*c-4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+
b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*c+b^2*d*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^
2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))-2
*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b)/((a*d*x+a*c+
b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/(a*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(4abc + b^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2adx + 2ac - 2(dx + c)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b\right) + 2(2a^2d^2x^2 - 2a^2c^2 + abdx + abc)}{8a^2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*((4*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(2*a^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 + a*b*d*x + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d^2), 1/4*((4*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) + (2*a^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 + a*b*d*x + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int x \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx + b}{c + dx}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx + c}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))*x, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(\frac{2x \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{d} - \frac{2ac \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) - b \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{ad^3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{(4abc \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)) \log \left(\left| 2acd + 2 \left(\sqrt{ad^2}x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) \sqrt{a} \right. \right.}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}d|d|}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*x*sgn(d*x + c)/d - (2*a*c*d*sgn(d*x + c) - b*d*sgn(d*x + c))/(a*d^3)) + 1/8*(4*a*b*c*sgn(d*x + c) + b^2*sgn(d*x + c))*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d))/(a^(3/2)*d*abs(d))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a^2 c + 2\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a^2 dx + \sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} ab - 4\sqrt{a} \log}{4a^2 d^2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*c + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*
c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*d*x + sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b - 4*sqrt
(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c - s
qrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**2)/
(4*a**2*d**2)
```

3.15 $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{d} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

output $(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/d+b*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b/(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/d$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{d} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad}}$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)], x]$

output

$$\frac{((c + d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/d + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]]/\text{Sqrt}[a])/(d*\text{Sqrt}[a])}{d}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {239, 773, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{239} \\ & \frac{\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\ & -\frac{\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} d \frac{1}{c + dx}}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\ & -\frac{\frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}}} d \frac{1}{c + dx} - (c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}}}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{b(c + dx)^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} - (c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}}}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & -\frac{(c + dx) \left(-\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} \right) - \frac{\text{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{d} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output `-((-((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]) - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} (dx+c) \left(bd \ln \left(\frac{2a d^2 x + 2acd + 2\sqrt{(dx+c)\sqrt{a d^2 + bd}}}{2\sqrt{a d^2}} \right) + 2\sqrt{(dx+c)\sqrt{a d^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{(dx+c)\sqrt{a d^2}}}$	136

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(a d x + a c + b)}{(d x + c)} \right)^{1/2} (d x + c) \left(b d \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2 a d^2 x + 2 a c d + 2 \sqrt{(d x + c) \sqrt{a d^2 + b d}} \right) + 2 \sqrt{(d x + c) \sqrt{a d^2}} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{(a d x + a c + b) (d x + c)^{1/2} (a d^2)^{1/2} + b d}{(a d^2)^{1/2}} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{(a d x + a c + b) (d x + c)^{1/2} (a d^2)^{1/2}}{(a d x + a c + b) (d x + c)^{1/2} / d} \right)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{ab} \log \left(2 adx + 2 ac + 2 (dx + c) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b \right) + 2 (adx + ac) \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{2 ad}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{-ab} \arctan \left(\frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx+ac+b} \right) - (adx + ac) \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{ad} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(a)*b*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(a*d*x + a*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d), -(sqrt(-a)*b*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b)) - (a*d*x + a*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b/(c + d*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx + c}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs. $2(49) = 98$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{b \log \left(\left| 2acd + 2 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) \sqrt{a}|d| + bd \right| \right) \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{2\sqrt{a}|d|}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*b*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d))*sgn(d*x + c)/(sqrt(a)*abs(d)) + sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*sgn(d*x + c)/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a(c+dx)^2 + b(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^2}} (c + dx)}{d}$$

$$+ \frac{b \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a(c+dx)^2 + b(c+dx)} + a(c+dx)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a(c+dx)^2 + b(c+dx)}{(c+dx)^2}} (c + dx)}{2\sqrt{a}d \sqrt{a(c+dx)^2 + b(c+dx)}}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
((a*(c + d*x)^2 + b*(c + d*x))/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/d + (b*log((
b/2 + a^(1/2)*(a*(c + d*x)^2 + b*(c + d*x))^(1/2) + a*(c + d*x))/a^(1/2))*
((a*(c + d*x)^2 + b*(c + d*x))/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(2*a^(1/2)*d*
(a*(c + d*x)^2 + b*(c + d*x))^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a + \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{adx + ac + b} + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{dx + c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b}{ad}$$

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a + sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)
) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b)/(a*d)
```

3.16 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	275
Maple [B] (verified)	277
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	278
Sympy [F]	279
Maxima [F]	279
Giac [F(-2)]	280
Mupad [F(-1)]	280
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	280

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx = 2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{b+ac}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

output `2*a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))-2*(a*c+b)^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{-b-ac}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + 2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/x,x]`

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[-b - a*c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt
[-b - a*c]])/Sqrt[c] + 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]
/Sqrt[a]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 94, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{dx} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int -\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{dx} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(c + dx) \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \int -\frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d\frac{1}{c + dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d\frac{1}{c + dx}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 94 \\
& -a \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - (ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{b} - \frac{2(ac+b) \int \frac{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} + 1}{b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{b} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{ac+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/x,x]`

output `2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]] - (2*Sqrt[b + a*c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x))]/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/Sqrt[c]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 94 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^(p - 1)/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^(p - 1)/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[0, p, 1]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 520 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.77

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}(dx+c)\left(-2\sqrt{(ac+b)c}\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+bdx+bc}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)acd+2\sqrt{ad^2}\ln\left(\frac{2adxc+2ae^2+bdx}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(-2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2
*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/
2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2
*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a
*c^2-((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*
c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b*d+((a*c+b)*c)^(1/
2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b*d+2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a
*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*b*c+2
*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)-2*(a*d^2*x^
2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2))/((a*d*
x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c/(a*d^2)^(1/2)/((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 459, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx = \left[\sqrt{a} \log \left(2 adx + 2 ac + 2 (dx + c) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{adx + ac + b}{dx + c}} + b \right) \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{\frac{ac + b}{c}} \log \left(-\frac{2 ac^2 + (2 ac + b)dx + 2 bc - 2 (cdx + c^2) \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}}}{x} \right), \right. \\ \left. -2 \sqrt{-a} \arctan \left(\frac{(dx + c) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx + ac + b} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{\frac{ac + b}{c}} \log \left(-\frac{2 ac^2 + (2 ac + b)dx + 2 bc - 2 (cdx + c^2) \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}}}{x} \right), 2 \sqrt{-\frac{ac + b}{c}} \arctan \left(\right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \sqrt{a} \log \left(2 adx + 2 ac + 2 (dx + c) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{adx + ac + b}{dx + c}} + b \right), \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. -2 \sqrt{-a} \arctan \left(\frac{(dx + c) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx + ac + b} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + 2 \sqrt{-\frac{ac + b}{c}} \arctan \left(\frac{c \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} \sqrt{-\frac{ac+b}{c}}}{ac + b} \right) \right] \right.$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*(c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))/x), -2*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) + sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*(c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)))/x), 2*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(c*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)/(a*c + b)) + sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b), -2*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) + 2*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(c*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)/(a*c + b))]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))/x, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b} \log\left(\sqrt{adx + ac + b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{ac + b} + 2ac + b + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{dx + c}}\right) + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b} \log\left(\sqrt{a} \sqrt{dx + c}\right)}{1}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)) + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)) - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x) + 2*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*c)/c`

3.17 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx$

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Mupad [F(-1)]	288
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	289

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{cx} + \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{b+ac}}$$

output

```
-(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c/x+b*d*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{cx} - \frac{bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{-b-ac}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/x^2,x]
```

output

```

-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/(c*x)) - (b*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt
[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(c^(3/2)*Sqrt[-b -
a*c])

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {896, 941, 946, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & d \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{d^2 x^2} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & d \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(c + dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{946} \\
 & -d \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c + dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & -d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} + 1}{c} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$-d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+b}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/x^2,x]`

output `-(d*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/(c*(1 - c/(c + d*x)))) - (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[b + a*c])]/(c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c])))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))*Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 946 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 765 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 766, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.95

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} (dx+c) \left(2\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2adxc + a^2 c^2 + bdx + bc} \sqrt{a d^2} \sqrt{(ac+b)c} a d^2 x^2 - \ln \left(\frac{2a d^2 x + 2acd + 2\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2adxc + a^2 c^2 + bdx + bc} \sqrt{a d^2}}{2\sqrt{a d^2}} \right) \right)}{1}$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*
d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*d^2*x^2-ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x
+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/
(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b*c*d^2*x+(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2
*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/
2)+2*b*c)/x)*a*b*c^2*d*x+((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a
*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b*c*d^2*x+2
*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*c*d*x+2*(
a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)
*a*c*d*x-ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)
^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^2*d^2*x+(a*d^
2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*
d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*b^2*c*d*x+((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2
*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2
)^(1/2))*b^2*d^2*x+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*
c)^(1/2)*b*d*x-2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2))/((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^2/(a*c+b)/x/(a*d^2)^(1
/2)/((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 276, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{ac^2 + bc} dx \log \left(-\frac{2ac^2 + (2ac+b)dx + 2bc + 2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{x} \right) - 2(ac^3 + bc^2 + (ac^2 + bc)dx)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{2(ac^3 + bc^2)x} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc} dx \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-ac^2-bc}(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{acdx+ac^2+bc} \right) + (ac^3 + bc^2 + (ac^2 + bc)dx)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{(ac^3 + bc^2)x} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*b*d*x*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c + 2*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/x) - 2*(a*c^3 + b*c^2 + (a*c^2 + b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a*c^3 + b*c^2)*x), -(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*b*d*x*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c)) + (a*c^3 + b*c^2 + (a*c^2 + b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a*c^3 + b*c^2)*x)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2)/x**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))/x**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))/x^2, x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 279 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{bd \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}} - \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + 2\left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}\right)ac d \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + 2\sqrt{abc}|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{\left(ac^2 - \left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}\right)\right)^2 + bc}c$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b*d*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c))*sgn(d*x + c)/(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*c) - (2*a^(3/2)*c^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a*c*d*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*b*d*sgn(d*x + c))/((a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2 + b*c)*c)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}ac^2 - 2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}bc - \sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+b}\log\left(\sqrt{adx+ac+b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{c^2}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*c**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b*d*x - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b*d*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x)*b*d*x)/(2*c**2*x*(a*c + b))`

3.18 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	290
Mathematica [A] (verified)	290
Rubi [A] (verified)	291
Maple [B] (verified)	294
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	295
Sympy [F]	296
Maxima [F]	296
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	297
Mupad [F(-1)]	297
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	298

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{(5b + 4ac)d(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4c^2(b + ac)x} - \frac{(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{b(3b + 4ac)d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{4c^{5/2}(b + ac)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/4*(4*a*c+5*b)*d*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^2/(a*c+b)/x-1/2*(d*x+c)^2*
(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^2/x^2-1/4*b*(4*a*c+3*b)*d^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*
x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(a*c+b)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(-2ac(c-dx)+b(-2c+3dx))}{(b+ac)x^2} - \frac{b(3b+4ac)d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{(-b-ac)^{3/2}}$$

$4c^{5/2}$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/x^3,x]`

output `((Sqrt[c]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(-2*a*c*(c - d*x) + b*(-2*c + 3*d*x)))/((b + a*c)*x^2) - (b*(3*b + 4*a*c)*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])]/Sqrt[-b - a*c])/(-b - a*c)^(3/2))/(4*c^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 87, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & d^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{d^3 x^3} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -d^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{d^3 x^3} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & -d^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(c + dx)^3 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & d^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(c + dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c + dx}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & -d^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac + 3b) \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac + 3b) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c} \right)}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac + 3b) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{\frac{ae}{b} - \frac{1}{c}}{b(c+dx)^2 + 1} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c} \right)}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac + 3b) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/x^3,x]`

output

```
d^2*(-1/2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(c*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + ((3*
b + 4*a*c)*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/(c*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt
[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c]))/(4*c*
(b + a*c))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 51

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x
] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p
_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p
+ 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p
+ 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^q(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1433 vs. $2(120) = 240$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1434, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.24

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1434

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/8*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(12*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+
b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*c*d^3*x^3-4*ln(1/2*(2
*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/
2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*x^2+4*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^
2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a^2*b*c^3*d^2*x^2+4*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*
(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d
^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*x^2+12*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)
*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^2+10*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+
a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b*d^3*x^3-8*ln(1/
2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)
^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*c*d^3*x^2+8*(a*d^2)^(1/
2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^2+7*(a*d^
2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*
d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2+8*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)
*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b
*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^2*c*d^3*x^2+12*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c
)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b*c*d^2*x^2-4*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+
2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(
a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^3*d^3*x^2+16*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[(4abc + 3b^2)\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^2}x^2 \log\left(-\frac{2ac^2 + (2ac+b)dx + 2bc - 2\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^2}(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{x}\right) - 2(2a^2c^5 + 4abc^4 + 2b^2c^3)x^2 \right]}{8(a^2c^5 + 2abc^4 + b^2c^3)x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*((4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^2*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c +
b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*
x + c)))/x) - 2*(2*a^2*c^5 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 - (2*a^2*c^3 + 5*a*b*c^2
+ 3*b^2*c)*d^2*x^2 - (a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*
x + c)))/((a^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^3)*x^2), 1/4*((4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*sqr
t(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^2*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x +
a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c)) - (2*a^2*c^5 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*
b^2*c^3 - (2*a^2*c^3 + 5*a*b*c^2 + 3*b^2*c)*d^2*x^2 - (a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*
d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^3)*x
^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2)/x**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))/x**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))/x^3, x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 729 vs. $2(120) = 240$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 729, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*(4*a*b*c*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*b^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c))*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c))/((a*c^3 + b*c^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)) + 1/4*(8*a^(7/2)*c^5*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 16*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^3*c^4*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^(5/2)*c^3*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 24*a^(5/2)*b*c^4*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 36*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^2*b*c^3*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 24*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^3*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) - 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*a*b*c*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 25*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 8*sqrt(a)*b^3*c^2*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) - 3*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*b^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 5*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*b^3*c*d^2*sgn(d*x + c))/((a*c^3 + b*c^2)*(a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2 + b*c)^2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 857, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*c**5 + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt
(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*c**4*d*x - 20*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a
**2*b*c**4 + 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*c**3*d*x - 16*s
qrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*c**3 + 22*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x - 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**3
*c**2 + 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**3*c*d*x + 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b)
+ 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c +
b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c +
b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**3*d**2*x**2 + 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b)
+ 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c +
b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*s
qrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c +
b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**3*d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a*c + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a...
```

3.19 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	299
Mathematica [A] (verified)	300
Rubi [A] (verified)	300
Maple [B] (verified)	304
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	305
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{(11b^2 + 20abc + 8a^2c^2) d^2(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8c^3(b + ac)^2x} + \frac{(13b + 12ac)d(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{12c^3(b + ac)x^2} - \frac{(c + dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c^3x^3} + \frac{b(5b^2 + 12abc + 8a^2c^2) d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}(b + ac)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(8*a^2*c^2+20*a*b*c+11*b^2)*d^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^3/(a*c+b)^2/x+1/12*(12*a*c+13*b)*d*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^3/(a*c+b)/x^2-1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^3/x^3+1/8*b*(8*a^2*c^2+12*a*b*c+5*b^2)*d^3*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/(a*c+b)^(5/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(8a^2c^2(c^2 - cdx + d^2x^2) + 2abc(8c^2 - 9cdx + 13d^2x^2) + b^2(8c^2 - 10cdx + 15d^2x^2))}{24c^3(b + ac)^2x^3}$$

$$- \frac{b(5b^2 + 12abc + 8a^2c^2)d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}(-b - ac)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/x^4,x]`

output `-1/24*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(8*a^2*c^2*(c^2 - c*d*x + d^2*x^2) + 2*a*b*c*(8*c^2 - 9*c*d*x + 13*d^2*x^2) + b^2*(8*c^2 - 10*c*d*x + 15*d^2*x^2)))/(c^3*(b + a*c)^2*x^3) - (b*(5*b^2 + 12*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*d^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(8*c^(7/2)*(-b - a*c)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 941, 948, 100, 27, 87, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$d^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{d^4 x^4} d(c + dx)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 941 \\
d^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(c+dx)^4 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^4} d(c+dx) \\
\downarrow 948 \\
-d^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
\downarrow 100 \\
-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(b+2ac + \frac{2c(b+ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
\downarrow 27 \\
-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(b+2ac + \frac{2c(b+ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
\downarrow 87 \\
-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(4ac+3b)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(8a^2c^2+12abc+5b^2) \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{4(ac+b)}}{2c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
\downarrow 51
\end{array}$$

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3c^2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(4ac+3b)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(8a^2c^2+12abc+5b^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c}\right)}{4(ac+b)}}{2c^2(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3c^2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(4ac+3b)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(8a^2c^2+12abc+5b^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{ac - \frac{1}{b} \frac{c}{b(c+dx)^2+1} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c}\right)}{4(ac+b)}}{2c^2(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{3c^2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(4ac+3b)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(8a^2c^2+12abc+5b^2)\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{4(ac+b)}}{2c^2(ac+b)} \right)$$

input

Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/x^4,x]

output

$$-(d^3*((a + b/(c + d*x))^{3/2}/(3*c^2*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) - (((3*b + 4*a*c)*(a + b/(c + d*x))^{3/2})/(2*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) - ((5*b^2 + 12*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/(c*(1 - c/(c + d*x)))) - (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])]/Sqrt[b + a*c])/((c^{3/2}*Sqrt[b + a*c])))/(4*(b + a*c)))/(2*c^2*(b + a*c)))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 51

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 73

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(c_.)} + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (!\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n])))$$

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)2*(c + d*x)(n + 1)*((e + f*x)(p + 1)/(d2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)(n + 1)*(e + f*x)p*Simp[a2*d2*f*(n + p + 2) + b2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)2)(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)(n_))(p_)*(x_)(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)m*(a + b*xn)p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(mn_))(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*xn)p*((d + c*xn)q/x(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_))(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)p*(c + d*x)q, x], x, xn], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2155 vs. 2(188) = 376.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2156, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.17

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2156

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))(1/2)/x4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/48*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(-72*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+
2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(
1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b^3*c*d^4*x^3+51*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a
*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c))^(1/2)
+2*b*c)/x)*a*b^3*c^2*d^3*x^3+72*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*
d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^3*
c*d^4*x^3-96*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a
*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^2+48*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3
/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*c^3*d*x+36*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a
c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^2*c*d*x-66*(a*d^2*x
^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^2*d^
2*x^2-32*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b
)*c)^(1/2)*a*b*c^3+96*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(
1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c^2*d^4*x^4+15*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a
*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c))^(1/2)
+2*b*c)/x)*b^4*c*d^3*x^3-72*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d
*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1
/2)*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4*x^3+60*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a
*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c))^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a^2*b
^2*c^3*d^3*x^3+72*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 602, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^2bc^2 + 12ab^2c + 5b^3)\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^3}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{2ac^2+(2ac+b)dx+2bc+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{x}\right) - 2(8a^3c^7 + 24a^2bc^6 + 24a^2b^2c^5 + 8a^2b^3c^4 + 24a^2b^4c^3 + 8a^2b^5c^2 + 24a^2b^6c + 8a^2b^7)}{3(8a^2bc^2 + 12ab^2c + 5b^3)\sqrt{-ac^2 - bcd^3}x^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ac^2-bc}(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{acdx+ac^2+bc}\right) + (8a^3c^7 + 24a^2bc^6 + 24a^2b^2c^5 + 8a^2b^3c^4 + 24a^2b^4c^3 + 8a^2b^5c^2 + 24a^2b^6c + 8a^2b^7)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^3*x^3*log(
-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c + 2*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*(d*x + c))*sqrt((
a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/x) - 2*(8*a^3*c^7 + 24*a^2*b*c^6 + 24*a*b^2*c
^5 + 8*b^3*c^4 + (8*a^3*c^4 + 34*a^2*b*c^3 + 41*a*b^2*c^2 + 15*b^3*c)*d^3*x
^3 + (8*a^2*b*c^4 + 13*a*b^2*c^3 + 5*b^3*c^2)*d^2*x^2 - 2*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*
a*b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^3*c^7 + 3
*a^2*b*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^5 + b^3*c^4)*x^3), -1/24*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2
*c + 5*b^3)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^3*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d*x + c)
*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c)) + (8*a^3*c^7 +
24*a^2*b*c^6 + 24*a*b^2*c^5 + 8*b^3*c^4 + (8*a^3*c^4 + 34*a^2*b*c^3 + 41*
a*b^2*c^2 + 15*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3 + (8*a^2*b*c^4 + 13*a*b^2*c^3 + 5*b^3*c^2)*d
^2*x^2 - 2*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)
/(d*x + c)))/((a^3*c^7 + 3*a^2*b*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^5 + b^3*c^4)*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2)/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))/x**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))/x^4, x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1447 vs. $2(188) = 376$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1447, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*(8*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 12*a*b^2*c*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 5*b^3*d^3*sgn(d*x + c))*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c))/((a^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^3)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)) - 1/24*(64*a^(11/2)*c^8*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 192*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^5*c^7*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 192*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^(9/2)*c^6*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 304*a^(9/2)*b*c^7*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 64*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*a^4*c^5*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 744*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^4*b*c^6*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 528*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^(7/2)*b*c^5*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 576*a^(7/2)*b^2*c^6*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 64*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*a^3*b*c^4*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 1116*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 480*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^(5/2)*b^2*c^4*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 544*a^(5/2)*b^3*c^5*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 24*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^5*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) - 96*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3*sgn(d*x + c)...
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^4,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/x^4, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1294, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.10

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/x^4,x)`

3.20 $\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	310
Mathematica [A] (verified)	311
Rubi [A] (verified)	311
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Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	317
Sympy [F]	317
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	318
Mupad [F(-1)]	319
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	319

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2bc^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{d^4} - \frac{(3b^3 + 24ab^2c - 240a^2bc^2 + 64a^3c^3)(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{64a^2d^4} + \frac{(b^2 - 56abc + 48a^2c^2)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{32ad^4} + \frac{(3b - 8ac)(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8d^4} + \frac{a(c+dx)^4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4d^4} + \frac{3b(b^3 + 8ab^2c + 48a^2bc^2 - 64a^3c^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{5/2}d^4}$$

output

```
2*b*c^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^4-1/64*(64*a^3*c^3-240*a^2*b*c^2+24*a*b^2*c+
3*b^3)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^4+1/32*(48*a^2*c^2-56*a*b*c+b^2)*
(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d^4+1/8*(-8*a*c+3*b)*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c
))^(1/2)/d^4+1/4*a*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^4+3/64*b*(-64*a^3*c^3+4
8*a^2*b*c^2+8*a*b^2*c+b^3)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^
4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}} (-3b^3(c+dx) + 2ab^2(-11c^2 - 10cdx + d^2x^2) + 8a^2b(35c^3 + 11c^2dx - 5c^2d^2x^2) - 16a^3c^3(c^4 - d^4x^4)) + 3*b*(b^3 + 8*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right]}{64*a^{5/2}*d^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(-3*b^3*(c + d*x) + 2*a*b^2*(-11*c^2 - 10*c*d*x + d^2*x^2) + 8*a^2*b*(35*c^3 + 11*c^2*d*x - 5*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*x^3) - 16*a^3*c*(c^4 - d^4*x^4)) + 3*b*(b^3 + 8*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(64*a^(5/2)*d^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.737$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 108, 27, 166, 27, 166, 27, 163, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & - \frac{\int -d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 941 \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3 d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 948 \\ & \frac{\int -(c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 108 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{3}{2}(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \left(-\frac{3cb}{c+dx} + b - 2ac\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} \int (c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \left(-\frac{3cb}{c+dx} + b - 2ac\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 166 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{b(c+dx)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \left(b - 20ac - \frac{c(19b-2ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{1}{3}(b-2ac)(c+dx)\right)}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6} b \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \left(b - 20ac - \frac{c(19b-2ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{1}{3}(b-2ac)(c+dx)\right)}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 166 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(\frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(3b^2 + 20acb - 88a^2c^2 + \frac{c(b^2 - 96acb + 8a^2c^2)}{c+dx}\right)}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}\right) d - \frac{1}{c+dx} \right)}{2a} - \frac{(b-2)}{d^4}$$

27

$$\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(3b^2 + 20acb - 88a^2c^2 + \frac{c(b^2 - 96acb + 8a^2c^2)}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}\right) d - \frac{1}{c+dx} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(b-2)}{d^4}$$

163

$$\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3(-64a^3c^3 + 48a^2bc^2 + 8ab^2c + b^3) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d - \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(\frac{2ac^2}{4a}\right)}{4a} \right)}{4a} \right)$$

73

$$\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3(-64a^3c^3 + 48a^2bc^2 + 8ab^2c + b^3) \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{ab} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4a} \right)}{4a} \right)$$

221

$$\frac{1}{4}(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{8} \left(\frac{1}{6}b \left(-\frac{3(-64a^3c^3 + 48a^2bc^2 + 8ab^2c + b^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(\frac{2a}{4a}\right)}{4a} \right)}{4a} \right)$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x]`

output `((((c + d*x)^4*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3)/4 - (3*(-1/3*((b - 2*a*c)*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) + (b*(-1/2*((b - 20*a*c)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2)/a - (-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(b*(3*b^2 + 20*a*b*c - 88*a^2*c^2) + (2*a*c^2*(b^2 - 96*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2))/(c + d*x)))/(a*b)) + (3*(b^3 + 8*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]]/a^(3/2))/(4*a)))/6))/8)/d^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 108 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^(p - 1)*Simp[d*e*n + c*f*p + d*f*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`

rule 163

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[((a^2*d*f*h*(n + 2) + b^2*d*e*g*(m + n
+ 3) + a*b*(c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) + b*f*h*(b*c - a*d)*
(m + 1)*x)/(b^2*d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3))*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c +
d*x)^(n + 1), x] - Simp[(a^2*d^2*f*h*(n + 1)*(n + 2) + a*b*d*(n + 1)*(2*c*f
*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) + b^2*(c^2*f*h*(m + 1)*(m + 2) - c*
d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3) + d^2*e*g*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3))/(b^2*
d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && ((GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -
1]) || SumSimplerQ[m, 1]) && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m + n + 3, 0]
```

rule 166

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c +
d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(b*e -
a*f)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[b*
c*(f*g - e*h)*(m + 1) + (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*n + c*f*(p + 1)) + d*(b*(f*g - e*h)
)*(m + 1) + f*(b*g - a*h)*(n + p + 1)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e, f, g, h, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 896

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Simp
lifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 941

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Sym
bol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.),
x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```


Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2360 vs. $2(238) = 476$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2361, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.94

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2361

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/128*(-192*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*
b*c^2*d^2*x^2+768*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^3*d*
x-96*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^3*d
*x-84*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2*c*d^
2*x^2+32*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*c*d
*x+16*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*c^2-13
2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2*c^2*d*x-
48*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)
*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^2-384*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2
*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)
))*a^3*b*c^4*d^2*x+192*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))
^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^2-96*(a*d^2*x^2
+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c*d^3*x^3+384*((a*d*
x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*x^2+6*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*
x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)
/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b^4*c*d^2*x+3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c
*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b^4*d^3*x^2+
256*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*c^3-96*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*
c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*c^3+3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a
*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 443, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(64a^3bc^3 - 48a^2b^2c^2 - 8ab^3c - b^4)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2adx + 2ac - 2(dx + c)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/128*(3*(64*a^3*b*c^3 - 48*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - b^4)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(16*a^4*d^4*x^4 + 24*a^3*b*d^3*x^3 - 16*a^4*c^4 + 280*a^3*b*c^3 - 22*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b^3*c - 2*(20*a^3*b*c - a^2*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + (88*a^3*b*c^2 - 20*a^2*b^2*c - 3*a*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d^4), 1/64*(3*(64*a^3*b*c^3 - 48*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - b^4)*sqrt(-a)*arc tan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))/(a*d*x + a*c + b)) + (16*a^4*d^4*x^4 + 24*a^3*b*d^3*x^3 - 16*a^4*c^4 + 280*a^3*b*c^3 - 22*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 3*a*b^3*c - 2*(20*a^3*b*c - a^2*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + (88*a^3*b*c^2 - 20*a^2*b^2*c - 3*a*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 \left(\frac{ac + adx + b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^{3/2} x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)*x^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 560 vs. 2(240) = 480.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 560, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(2 \left(4 \left(\frac{2ax\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{d} - \frac{2a^4cd^{11}\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{a^3c} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{(64a^3bc^3\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) - 48a^2b^2c^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) - 8ab^3c\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) - b^4\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)) \log \left(\left| 2a^2c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) \right| \right)}{2a^2c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right)} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/64*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*(4*(2*a*x*sgn(d*
x + c)/d - (2*a^4*c*d^11*sgn(d*x + c) - 3*a^3*b*d^11*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^3*d^
13))*x + (8*a^4*c^2*d^10*sgn(d*x + c) - 32*a^3*b*c*d^10*sgn(d*x + c) + a^2
*b^2*d^10*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^3*d^13))*x - (16*a^4*c^3*d^9*sgn(d*x + c) - 152
*a^3*b*c^2*d^9*sgn(d*x + c) + 22*a^2*b^2*c*d^9*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*a*b^3*d^9*
sgn(d*x + c))/(a^3*d^13)) + 1/128*(64*a^3*b*c^3*sgn(d*x + c) - 48*a^2*b^2*
c^2*sgn(d*x + c) - 8*a*b^3*c*sgn(d*x + c) - b^4*sgn(d*x + c))*log(abs(2*a^
2*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x +
b*c))*a^(3/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x +
a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a*c*d + a*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2
*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)
*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d)
+ (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*b
*d))/(a^(5/2)*d^3*abs(d))

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 680, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.58

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-20\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a^2 b^2 c dx - 192\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{adx + ac + b} + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{dx + c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a^3 b c^3 dx + 144\sqrt{a} b^2 c^2 dx}{1}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c**4 + 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*d**4*x**4 + 280*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**3 + 88*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**2*d*x - 40*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*d**3*x**3 - 22*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c**2 - 20*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c*d*x + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3*c - 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3*d*x - 192*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b*c**4 - 192*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b*c**3*d*x + 144*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2*c**3 + 144*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x + 24*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3*c**2 + 24*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**4*c + 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**4*d*x + 144*sqrt(a)*a**3*b*c**4 + 144*sqrt(a)*a**3*b*c**3*d*x - 48*sqrt(a)*a**2*b**2*c**3 - 48*sqrt(a)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x - 3*sqrt(a)*a*b**3*c**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*a*b**3*c*d*x)/(64...
```

3.21 $\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2bc^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{d^3} + \frac{(b^2 - 20abc + 8a^2c^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8ad^3} + \frac{(7b - 12ac)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{12d^3} + \frac{a(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3d^3} - \frac{b(b^2 + 12abc - 24a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d^3}$$

output

```
-2*b*c^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^3+1/8*(8*a^2*c^2-20*a*b*c+b^2)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d^3+1/12*(-12*a*c+7*b)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^3+1/3*a*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^3-1/8*b*(-24*a^2*c^2+12*a*b*c+b^2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}} (3b^2(c+dx) - 2ab(47c^2 + 16cdx - 7d^2x^2) + 8a^2(c^3 + d^3x^3)) - 3b(b^2 + 12a^2c^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right]}{24a^{3/2}d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(3*b^2*(c + d*x) - 2*a*b*(47*c^2 + 16*c*d*x - 7*d^2*x^2) + 8*a^2*(c^3 + d^3*x^3)) - 3*b*(b^2 + 12*a*b*c - 24*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(24*a^(3/2)*d^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 941, 948, 100, 27, 87, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int d^2 x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\ & \frac{\int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c + dx} - 1 \right)^2 d(c + dx)}{d^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 948 \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 100 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{6ac^2}{c+dx} + 12ac + b\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{6ac^2}{c+dx} + 12ac + b\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{6a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(-24a^2c^2 + 12abc + b^2)}{4a} \int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{6a} - \frac{(12ac+b)(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2a}}{d^3} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3a} \\
 & \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(-24a^2c^2 + 12abc + b^2)}{4a} \left(\frac{3}{2} b \int (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}\right)}{6a} - \frac{(12ac+b)(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2a}}{d^3} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3a} \\
 & \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(-24a^2c^2 + 12abc + b^2)}{4a} \left(\frac{3}{2} b \left(a \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}\right) - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}\right)}{6a} - \frac{(12ac+b)(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2a}}{d^3} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3a} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(-24a^2c^2 + 12abc + b^2)}{4a} \left(\frac{3}{2} b \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}\right) - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}\right)}{6a} - \frac{(12ac+b)(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2a}}{d^3} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3a} \\
 & \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(-24a^2c^2+12abc+b^2)\left(\frac{3}{2}b\left(2\sqrt{\frac{b}{c+dx}}-2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a+b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)-(c+dx)\left(\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{(12ac+b)(c+dx)^2\left(\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3\left(\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{a}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x]`

output `-((-1/3*((c + d*x)^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(5/2))/a - (-1/2*((b + 12*a*c)*(c + d*x)^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(5/2))/a + ((b^2 + 12*a*b*c - 24*a^2*c^2)*(-(c + d*x)*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)) + (3*b*(2*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)] - 2*sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/sqrt[a]]))/2))/(4*a))/(6*a))/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))]`

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^p_.*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^q_.*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_.*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1761 vs. $2(169) = 338$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1762, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1762

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/48*(-16*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a*d^2
*x^2+48*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(
1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^2*c^3*d-6*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x
+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*b^2*d^2*x^2-12*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*
x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b
^2*c^3*d+96*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*c*d^2*x^2-12*(
a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a*b*c*d^2*x^2+192
*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*c^2*d*x+12*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*
(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a*b*c^2*d*x+96*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2
*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2
))*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x+144*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)
^(1/2)*a^2*c^3*d*x+48*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(
1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^2*c*d^3*x^2-32*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(
a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a*c*d*x+6*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a
*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d
^2)^(1/2))*b^3*c*d^2*x+96*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*
c^3+12*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a*b*c^3-2
4*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*
(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x+48*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*
x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^2*c*d^3*x^3-144*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(24a^2bc^2 - 12ab^2c - b^3)\sqrt{a} \log \left(2adx + 2ac + 2(dx + c)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b \right) + 2(8a^3d^3x^3 + 14a^2bd^2x^2 + 8a^3c^3 - 94a^2bd^2x) \sqrt{a} \arctan \left(\frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx+ac+b} \right) - (8a^3d^3x^3 + 14a^2bd^2x^2 + 8a^3c^3 - 94a^2bd^2x) \sqrt{a}}{48a^2d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(3*(24*a^2*b*c^2 - 12*a*b^2*c - b^3)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(8*a^3*d^3*x^3 + 14*a^2*b*d^2*x^2 + 8*a^3*c^3 - 94*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c - (32*a^2*b*c - 3*a*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d^3), -1/24*(3*(24*a^2*b*c^2 - 12*a*b^2*c - b^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) - (8*a^3*d^3*x^3 + 14*a^2*b*d^2*x^2 + 8*a^3*c^3 - 94*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c - (32*a^2*b*c - 3*a*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^2*d^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 \left(\frac{ac + adx + b}{c + dx} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output

`Integral(x**2*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)*x^2, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 461 vs. $2(171) = 342$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(2 \left(\frac{4ax\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{d} - \frac{4a^3cd^6\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) - 7a^2cd^7\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{a^2d^8} \right) \right. \\ \left. (24a^2bc^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) - 12ab^2c\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) - b^3\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)) \log \left(\left| 2a^2c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2}x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) \right| \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*(4*a*x*sgn(d*x + c)/d - (4*a^3*c*d^6*sgn(d*x + c) - 7*a^2*b*d^6*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^2*d^8))*x + (8*a^3*c^2*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - 46*a^2*b*c*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*a*b^2*d^5*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^2*d^8) - 1/48*(24*a^2*b*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) - 12*a*b^2*c*sgn(d*x + c) - b^3*sgn(d*x + c))*log(abs(2*a^2*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^(3/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a*c*d + a*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*b*d))/(a^(3/2)*d^2*abs(d))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 474, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{64\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}a^3c^3 + 64\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}a^3d^3x^3 - 752\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{ad}}{192a^2d^3(c + dx)}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(64*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*c**3 + 64*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*d**3*x**3 - 752*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*c**2 - 256*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*c*d*x + 112*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*d**2*x**2 + 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*c + 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*d*x + 576*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b*c**3 + 576*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b*c**2*d*x - 288*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c**2 - 288*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c*d*x - 24*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**3*c - 24*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**3*d*x - 432*sqrt(a)*a**2*b*c**3 - 432*sqrt(a)*a**2*b*c**2*d*x + 96*sqrt(a)*a*b**2*c**2 + 96*sqrt(a)*a*b**2*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(a)*b**3*c + 3*sqrt(a)*b**3*d*x)/(192*a**2*d**3*(c + d*x))`

3.22 $\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	330
Mathematica [A] (verified)	330
Rubi [A] (verified)	331
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	338

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2bc\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{d^2} + \frac{(5b - 4ac)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{a(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2d^2} + \frac{3b(b - 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ad^2}}$$

output

```
2*b*c*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2+1/4*(-4*a*c+5*b)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)
/d^2+1/2*a*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d^2+3/4*b*(-4*a*c+b)*arctanh((a+b
/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}} (13bc - 2ac^2 + 5bdx + 2ad^2x^2)}{4d^2}$$

$$- \frac{3b(-b + 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4\sqrt{ad^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(13*b*c - 2*a*c^2 + 5*b*d*x + 2*a*d^2*x^2)/(4*d^2) - (3*b*(-b + 4*a*c)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(4*\text{Sqrt}[a]*d^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.588$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 87, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int dx \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int -dx \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & \frac{\int (c + dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1 \right) d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{\int -(c + dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2a} - \frac{(b-4ac) \int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2a} - \frac{(b-4ac) \left(\frac{3}{2} \int (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}\right)}{4a}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2a} - \frac{(b-4ac) \left(\frac{3}{2} b \left(a \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}\right) - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}\right)}{4a}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2a} - \frac{(b-4ac) \left(\frac{3}{2} b \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} - 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}\right) - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}\right)}{4a}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2a} - \frac{(b-4ac) \left(\frac{3}{2} b \left(2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right) - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}\right)}{4a}}{d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x]`

output

`((c + d*x)^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(5/2))/(2*a) - ((b - 4*a*c)*(-(c + d*x)*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)) + (3*b*(2*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)] - 2*sqrt[a]*ArcTan h[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/sqrt[a]]))/2)/(4*a))/d^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))] Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1172 vs. $2(111) = 222$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1173, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.09

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1173

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/8*(4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*d^3*x^3
-12*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b*c*d^3*x^2-24*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^
2)^(1/2)*a*c*d^2*x^2+12*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2
)^(1/2)*a*c*d^2*x^2-ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2
+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b^2*d^3*x^2-24*ln(1/2*
(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d
^2)^(1/2))*a*b*c^2*d^2*x+4*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x
+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b^2*d^3*x^2-48*((a*d*x+a*c+b)
*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*c^2*d*x+8*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a
*d^2)^(1/2)*b*d^2*x^2+12*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^
2)^(1/2)*a*c^2*d*x+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(
1/2)*b*d^2*x^2-2*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*
d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b^2*c*d^2*x-12*ln(1/2*(2*
a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)
^(1/2))*a*b*c^3*d+8*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1
/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b^2*c*d^2*x-24*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c
))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*c^3+16*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
)*b*c*d*x+4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*c^
3+4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b*c*d*x-1...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(4abc - b^2)\sqrt{a} \log \left(2adx + 2ac - 2(dx + c)\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b \right) + 2(2a^2d^2x^2 - 2a^2d^2x + 2a^2c^2)}{8ad^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(3*(4*a*b*c - b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*
sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(2*a^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 + 5*
a*b*d*x + 13*a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d^2), 1/4*(3*(4*
a*b*c - b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*
x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) + (2*a^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*d*x + 13*a
*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x \left(\frac{ac + adx + b}{c + dx} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)*x, x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 425 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(\frac{2ax\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{d} - \frac{2a^2cd^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) - 5abd^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{ad^4} \right) + \frac{(4abcs\operatorname{gn}(dx + c) - b^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)) \log \left(\left| 2a^2c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2}x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2 \right| \right)}{4\sqrt{ad^5}} + \frac{(4abcd^2|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) - b^2d^2|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)) \log(48)}{4\sqrt{ad^5}}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*a*x*sgn(d*x + c)/d - (2*a^2*c*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) - 5*a*b*d^2*sgn(d*x + c))/(a*d^4)) + 1/8*(4*a*b*c*sgn(d*x + c) - b^2*sgn(d*x + c))*log(abs(2*a^2*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^(3/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a*c*d + a*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*b*d)/(sqrt(a)*d*abs(d)) + 1/4*(4*a*b*c*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) - b^2*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))*log(48)/(sqrt(a)*d^5)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a^2 c^2 + 2\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a^2 d^2 x^2 + 13\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a^2 d^2 x^2}{4a^2 d^2 (c + dx)}$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*c**2 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 13*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b*c + 5*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b*d*x - 12*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c**2 - 12*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**2*c + 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**2*d*x + 9*sqrt(a)*a*b*c**2 + 9*sqrt(a)*a*b*c*d*x - sqrt(a)*b**2*c - sqrt(a)*b**2*d*x)/(4*a*d**2*(c + d*x))`

3.23 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	339
Mathematica [A] (verified)	339
Rubi [A] (verified)	340
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{d} + \frac{a(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{d} + \frac{3\sqrt{ab}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d}$$

output

```
-2*b*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+a*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/d+3*a^(1/2)*b*arc
tanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(-2b + ac + adx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{d} + \frac{3\sqrt{ab}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x]
```


output

```
((-2*b + a*c + a*d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/d + (3*Sqrt[a]*b*
ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/d
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {239, 773, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{239} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & - \frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{3}{2} b \int (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{3}{2} b \left(a \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \right) - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{3}{2} b \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{b} + 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \right) - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left(2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) - (c + dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2}}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x]`

output `-(((c + d*x)*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)) + (3*b*(2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]]))/2)/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \left[\frac{3\sqrt{ab} \log \left(2adx + 2ac + 2(dx + c)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b \right) + 2(adx + ac - 2b)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{2d} - \frac{3\sqrt{-ab} \arctan \left(\frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx+ac+b} \right) - (adx + ac - 2b)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{d} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(3*sqrt(a)*b*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(a*d*x + a*c - 2*b)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/d, -(3*sqrt(-a)*b*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) - (a*d*x + a*c - 2*b)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/d]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b/(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 340 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.25

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ab}|d| \log(12) \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{d^2}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{ab} \log \left(\left| 2a^2c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2|d \right| + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) \right)}{d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sqrt(a)*b*abs(d)*log(12)*sgn(d*x + c)/d^2 - 1/2*sqrt(a)*b*log(abs(2*a^2*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)))*a^(3/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a*c*d + a*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*b*d)*sgn(d*x + c)/abs(d) + sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*a*sgn(d*x + c)/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{a} b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d} - \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}}}{d} + \frac{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx}}(c + dx)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)`output `(3*a^(1/2)*b*atanh((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/d - (2*b*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2))/d + (a*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/d`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}ac + 4\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}adx - 8\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}}{4d^2}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`output `(4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*c + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*d*x - 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b + 12*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b*c + 12*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b*d*x - 9*sqrt(a)*b*c - 9*sqrt(a)*b*d*x)/(4*d*(c + d*x))`

3.24
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c} + 2a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2(b+ac)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
2*b*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c+2*a^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))-2*(a*c+b)^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{c} - \frac{2(-b-ac)^{3/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-b-ac}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{b+ac}\right)}{c^{3/2}} + 2a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `(2*b*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/c - (2*(-b - a*c)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-b - a*c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/(b + a*c)]/c^(3/2) + 2*a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 95, 25, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{dx} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{dx} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)\left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \int -\frac{(c+dx)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \frac{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{95} \\
& \frac{\int - \frac{(c+dx) \left(ca^2 + \frac{b(b+2ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx) \left(ca^2 + \frac{b(b+2ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{174} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c} - \frac{a^2c \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + (ac+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c} - \frac{2a^2c \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{b} + \frac{2(ac+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} + 1} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c} - \frac{2(ac+b)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - 2a^{3/2} \operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `(2*b*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/c - (-2*a^(3/2)*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]]/Sqrt[a]) + (2*(b + a*c)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]]/Sqrt[b + a*c])/Sqrt[c])/c`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_}) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]\}, \text{Simp}[p/\text{b} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(p*(\text{m} + 1) - 1)} * (\text{c} - \text{a}*(\text{d}/\text{b}) + \text{d}*(\text{x}^p/\text{b})^{\text{n}}], \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x})^{(1/p)}], \text{x}]] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, \text{m}, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, \text{n}, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[\text{n}], \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{x}]$
- rule 95 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{p}_}) / ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{q}_})), \text{x}_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f * (\text{e} + \text{f}*\text{x})^{(p - 1)} / (\text{b}*\text{d}*(p - 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{b}*\text{d}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{b}*\text{d}*\text{e}^2 - \text{a}*\text{c}*\text{f}^2 + \text{f}*(2*\text{b}*\text{d}*\text{e} - \text{b}*\text{c}*\text{f} - \text{a}*\text{d}*\text{f})*\text{x}) * (\text{e} + \text{f}*\text{x})^{(p - 2)} / ((\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}) * (\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}))], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[p, 1]$
- rule 174 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{p}_}) * ((\text{g}_.) + (\text{h}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{q}_}) / ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{r}_})), \text{x}_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*\text{g} - \text{a}*\text{h}) / (\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} + \text{f}*\text{x})^p / (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{d}*\text{g} - \text{c}*\text{h}) / (\text{b}*\text{c} - \text{a}*\text{d}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} + \text{f}*\text{x})^p / (\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{h}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^2]^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2] / \text{a}) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{x} / \text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 896 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{v}_.)^{\text{n}_})]^{(\text{p}_.)} * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{c} = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 0], \text{d} = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/\text{d}^{(\text{m} + 1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(\text{x} - \text{c})^{\text{m}} * (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{v}], \text{x}] \text{ /}; \text{NeQ}[\text{c}, 0]] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{LinearQ}[\text{v}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$
- rule 941 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{mn}_})]^{(\text{q}_.)} * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_})^{(\text{p}_.), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}} * ((\text{d} + \text{c}*\text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{q}} / \text{x}^{(\text{n}*\text{q})}), \text{x}] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{mn}, -\text{n}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \&\& (\text{PosQ}[\text{n}] \text{ || } !\text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}])$

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2583 vs. $2(80) = 160$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2584, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.37

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2584

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*(-3*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+
c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b*c^3*d+3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+
2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(
a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b*c*d^3*x^2-4*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*
c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(
1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2-3*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*
c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b*
c*d^3*x^2+2*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*
c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^2*c*d^2*x+
2*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*
(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d^3*x^2+4*(a*d
^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*
c^2*d*x-12*(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a
*c^2*d*x+4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c
+b)*c)^(1/2)*b*c*d*x+ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^
2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^2
*c^2*d-2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*
d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*b^2*c*d^2*x^2+2*(a*d^2*
x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b*d^2
*x^2+3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 591, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.03

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \left[\frac{a^{3/2}c \log\left(2adx + 2ac + 2(dx+c)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b\right) + (ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}} \log\left(-\frac{2ac^2}{c}\right)}{c} \right.$$

$$\left. 2\sqrt{-aac} \arctan\left(\frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx+ac+b}\right) - (ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}} \log\left(-\frac{2ac^2+(2ac+b)dx+2bc-2(cdx+c^2)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}}}{x}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. 2\left(\sqrt{-aac} \arctan\left(\frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx+ac+b}\right) - (ac+b)\sqrt{-\frac{ac+b}{c}} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}\sqrt{-\frac{ac+b}{c}}}{ac+b}\right) - b\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}\right) \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[(a^(3/2)*c*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c +
b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + (a*c + b)*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c +
b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*(c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt((a
*c + b)/c))/x) + 2*b*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))/c, -(2*sqrt(-a)*a*
c*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))/(a*d*x + a*c
+ b)) - (a*c + b)*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b
*c - 2*(c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))/
x) - 2*b*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))/c, (a^(3/2)*c*log(2*a*d*x + 2*
a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(a*c
+ b)*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(c*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(-
(a*c + b)/c)/(a*c + b)) + 2*b*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))/c, -2*(sqr
t(-a)*a*c*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))/(a*d
*x + a*c + b)) - (a*c + b)*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(c*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c +
b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)/(a*c + b)) - b*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d
*x + c)))/c]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)/x, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 753, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.68

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x,x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*c**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*c*d*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b*d*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*c**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*c*d*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b*d*x - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x)*a*c**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x)*a*c*d*x - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d...
```

3.25
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	355
Mathematica [A] (verified)	355
Rubi [A] (verified)	356
Maple [B] (verified)	359
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	360
Sympy [F]	360
Maxima [F]	361
Giac [F]	361
Mupad [F(-1)]	361
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	362

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2bd\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c^2} - \frac{(b + ac)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c^2x} + \frac{3b\sqrt{b + ac}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{c^{5/2}}$$

output
$$-2*b*d*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^2-(a*c+b)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^2/x+3*b*(a*c+b)^(1/2)*d*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(ac(c + dx) + b(c + 3dx))}{c^2x} + \frac{3b\sqrt{-b - ac}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{c^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `-((Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(a*c*(c + d*x) + b*(c + 3*d*x)))/(c^2*x) + (3*b*Sqrt[-b - a*c]*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])]/Sqrt[-b - a*c]))/c^(5/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 941, 946, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{d^2 x^2} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{946} \\
 & -d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & -d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 60$$

$$-d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} dx - \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c}}{c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$-d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{2(ac+b) \int \frac{\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 + 1} dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{bc} - \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c}}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$-d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ac+b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `-(d*((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(c*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (3*b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/c + (2*Sqrt[b + a*c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/c^(3/2)))/(2*c))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]`
`Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]`
`] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)))]`
`Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 946

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2348 vs. $2(91) = 182$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2349, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.37

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2349

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*d^2*x^2-3*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^3-3*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b*c*d^4*x^3-6*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*c*d^3*x^3+6*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2-6*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a*c*d^3*x^3-6*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a*b*c^3*d^2*x^2-6*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^2-6*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*c^2*d^2*x^2+3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b*c*d^4*x^3-2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*c^3*d*x+4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b*c*d^2*x^2-6*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a*c^3*d*x-8*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((a*d*x...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \left[\frac{3 b d x \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}} \log\left(-\frac{2 ac^2+(2 ac+b)dx+2 bc+2 (cdx+c^2)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}}}{x}\right) - 2 (ac^2 + (ac + 3 b)dx + bc) \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{2 c^2 x} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3 b d x \sqrt{-\frac{ac+b}{c}} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}\sqrt{-\frac{ac+b}{c}}}{ac+b}\right) + (ac^2 + (ac + 3 b)dx + bc) \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{c^2 x} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(3*b*d*x*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c + 2*(c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))/x - 2*(a*c^2 + (a*c + 3*b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(c^2*x), -(3*b*d*x*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(c*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)/(a*c + b)) + (a*c^2 + (a*c + 3*b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(c^2*x)]`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2)/x**2,x)`output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 928, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.84

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*c**4 - 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt
(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*c**3*d*x - 14*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a
*b*c**3 - 30*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b*c**2*d*x - 6*sqrt(c +
d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**2*c**2 - 18*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x
+ b)*b**2*c*d*x - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqr
t(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*
b*c**2*d*x - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*s
qrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b*c*d
**2*x**2 - 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**2*c*d*x
- 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 1
2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b*c**2*d*x - 12*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt
(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 9*sqrt(c
)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*
c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**2*c*d*x - 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) +
2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a...
```

3.26 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	363
Mathematica [A] (verified)	364
Rubi [A] (verified)	364
Maple [B] (verified)	369
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	370
Sympy [F]	370
Maxima [F]	371
Giac [F]	371
Mupad [F(-1)]	371
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	372

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2bd^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c^3} + \frac{(9b + 4ac)d(c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4c^3x} - \frac{(b + ac)(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2c^3x^2} - \frac{3b(5b + 4ac)d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{4c^{7/2} \sqrt{b + ac}}$$

output

```
2*b*d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^3+1/4*(4*a*c+9*b)*d*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^3/x-1/2*(a*c+b)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^3/x^2-3/4*b*(4*a*c+5*b)*d^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(-2bc^2 - 2ac^3 + 5bcdx + 15bd^2x^2 + 2acd^2x^2)}{4c^3x^2} + \frac{3b(5b + 4ac)d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{4c^{7/2}\sqrt{-b-ac}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(-2*b*c^2 - 2*a*c^3 + 5*b*c*d*x + 15*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d^2*x^2))/(4*c^3*x^2) + (3*b*(5*b + 4*a*c)*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[-b - a*c])]/(4*c^(7/2)*Sqrt[-b - a*c])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 87, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 896

$$d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{d^3 x^3} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
& -d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{d^3 x^3} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
& d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac + 5b) \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac + 5b) \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c} \right)}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{60}
\end{aligned}$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac + 5b) \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} dx} - 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \right)}{2c} \right)}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac + 5b) \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{2(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 + 1} dx} - 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \right)}{2c} \right)}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac + 5b) \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{ac+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right) - 2\sqrt{\frac{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}{c}}}{e^{3/2}} \right)}{2c} \right)}{4c(ac+b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2c(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `d^2*(-1/2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(c*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + ((5*b + 4*a*c)*((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(c*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (3*b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/c + (2*Sqrt[b + a*c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[b + a*c])/c^(3/2)))/(2*c)))/(4*c*(b + a*c)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))*Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3881 vs. $2(140) = 280$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3882, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.96

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3882

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(24*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x
+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))
*b^3*c*d^4*x^3-18*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b*d^3*x^3-12*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*
a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*
c)^(1/2)*b^3*c^2*d^3*x^2-32*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a
*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b*c*d^2*x^2-6*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d
*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2-16*(a*d^2)^(
1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2))*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*b*c*d^2*x^2+24*(a*d^2
)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2))*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2-10
*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/
2)*b*c^2*d*x-12*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*
((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*c*d^3*x^3+12*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/
2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*c^4*d^2*x^2-24*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*
a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*
d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*c^3*d^3*x^2+24*(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*
c)^(1/2))*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a^2*c^4*d^2*x^2+27*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln
((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b
*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a*b^2*c^4*d^2*x^2+15*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c
+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \left[\frac{3(4abc + 5b^2)\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^2}x^2 \log\left(-\frac{2ac^2 + (2ac+b)dx + 2bc - 2\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^2}(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{x}\right)}{8(\dots)} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(3*(4*a*b*c + 5*b^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^2*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*(d*x + c))*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/x) - 2*(2*a^2*c^5 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 - (2*a^2*c^3 + 17*a*b*c^2 + 15*b^2*c)*d^2*x^2 - 5*(a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a*c^5 + b*c^4)*x^2), 1/4*(3*(4*a*b*c + 5*b^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^2*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d*x + c))*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c) - (2*a^2*c^5 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 - (2*a^2*c^3 + 17*a*b*c^2 + 15*b^2*c)*d^2*x^2 - 5*(a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a*c^5 + b*c^4)*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output

```
Integral(((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2)/x**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1598, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.86

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*c**6 + 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 84*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*c**5 + 80*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*c**4*d*x + 292*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 72*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*c**4 + 130*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*c**3*d*x + 410*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 20*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**3*c**3 + 50*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**3*c**2*d*x + 150*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 96*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*b*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 96*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 180*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 180*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**3 + 75*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 75*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2...
```

3.27 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2bd^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{c^4} - \frac{(29b^2 + 36abc + 8a^2c^2) d^2 (c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8c^4 (b + ac)x} + \frac{(19b + 12ac)d(c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{12c^4 x^2} - \frac{(b + ac)(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c^4 x^3} + \frac{b(35b^2 + 60abc + 24a^2c^2) d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{8c^{9/2} (b + ac)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*b*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^4-1/8*(8*a^2*c^2+36*a*b*c+29*b^2)*d^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^4/(a*c+b)/x+1/12*(12*a*c+19*b)*d*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^4/x^2-1/3*(a*c+b)*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^4/x^3+1/8*b*(24*a^2*c^2+60*a*b*c+35*b^2)*d^3*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/(a*c+b)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(8a^2c^2(c^3 + d^3x^3) + 2abc(8c^3 - 7c^2dx + 16cd^2x^2 + 55d^3x^3) + b^2(8c^3 - 14c^2dx + 35cd^2x^2 + 10d^3x^3))}{24c^4(b+ac)x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{b(35b^2 + 60abc + 24a^2c^2)d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{8c^{9/2}(-b-ac)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^4,x]`

output

```
-1/24*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(8*a^2*c^2*(c^3 + d^3*x^3) + 2*a*
b*c*(8*c^3 - 7*c^2*d*x + 16*c*d^2*x^2 + 55*d^3*x^3) + b^2*(8*c^3 - 14*c^2*
d*x + 35*c*d^2*x^2 + 105*d^3*x^3)))/(c^4*(b + a*c)*x^3) + (b*(35*b^2 + 60*
a*b*c + 24*a^2*c^2)*d^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]]
/Sqrt[-b - a*c])]/(8*c^(9/2)*(-b - a*c)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 941, 948, 100, 27, 87, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$d^3 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{d^4 x^4} d(c+dx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 941 \\
 & d^3 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^4 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^4} d(c+dx) \\
 & \downarrow 948 \\
 & -d^3 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \downarrow 100 \\
 & -d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(5b+6ac + \frac{6c(b+ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & -d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(5b+6ac + \frac{6c(b+ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{6c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & -d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(12ac+11b)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(24a^2c^2+60abc+35b^2) \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{4(ac+b)}}{6c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 51
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3c^2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{(12ac+11b)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(24a^2c^2+60abc+35b^2) \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} d - \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c} \right)}{4(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 60

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3c^2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{(12ac+11b)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(24a^2c^2+60abc+35b^2) \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \int \frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} dx}{c} \right)}{4(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3c^2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{(12ac+11b)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(24a^2c^2+60abc+35b^2) \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \int \frac{2(ac+b) \int \frac{\frac{1}{ac} - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} + \frac{1}{bc}}{2c} dx}{4(ac+b)} \right)}{4(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\left(\frac{-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(12ac+11b)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{5/2}}{2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(24a^2c^2+60abc+35b^2) \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}}{4(ac+b)} - \frac{\frac{3b}{c^{3/2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c+dx}}\right)}{2c}\right)}{6c^2(ac+b)} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-(d^3*((a + b/(c + d*x))^(5/2)/(3*c^2*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) - (((11*b + 12*a*c)*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(5/2))/(2*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) - ((35*b^2 + 60*a*b*c + 24*a^2*c^2)*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/(c*(1 - c/(c + d*x)))) - (3*b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/c + (2*Sqrt[b + a*c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[b + a*c])/c^(3/2)))/(2*c)))/(4*(b + a*c)))/(6*c^2*(b + a*c)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)2*((c + d*x)(n + 1)*((e + f*x)(p + 1)/(d2*d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d2*d*e - c*f)*(n + 1) Int[(c + d*x)(n + 1)*((e + f*x)p*Simp[a2*d2*f*(n + p + 2) + b2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)2)(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)(n_))(p_)*((x_)(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)m*(a + b*xn)p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(mn_))(q_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*xn)p*((d + c*xn)q/x(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_))(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)p*((c + d*x)q, x], x, xn], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5517 vs. 2(208) = 416.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5518, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.58

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5518

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))(3/2)/x4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output result too large to display

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 580, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{3(24a^2bc^2 + 60ab^2c + 35b^3)\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^3}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{2ac^2 + (2ac+b)dx + 2bc + 2\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^3}(dx+c)}{x}\right) + (8a^3c^7 + 24a^2bc^6 + 24ab^2c^5 + 8b^3c^4 + (8a^3c^4 + 118a^2b^2c^3 + 215ab^2c^2 + 105b^3c)c^5)d^3x^3 + (32a^2b^2c^4 + 67a^2b^2c^3 + 35b^3c^2)d^2x^2 - 14(a^2b^2c^5 + 2ab^2c^4 + b^3c^3)d^2x + (a^2c^7 + 2ab^2c^6 + b^2c^5)x^3}{(8a^3c^7 + 24a^2bc^6 + 24ab^2c^5 + 8b^3c^4 + (8a^3c^4 + 118a^2b^2c^3 + 215ab^2c^2 + 105b^3c)c^5)d^3x^3 + (32a^2b^2c^4 + 67a^2b^2c^3 + 35b^3c^2)d^2x^2 - 14(a^2b^2c^5 + 2ab^2c^4 + b^3c^3)d^2x + (a^2c^7 + 2ab^2c^6 + b^2c^5)x^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bcd^3}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{acdx+ac^2+bc}\right) + (8a^3c^7 + 24a^2bc^6 + 24ab^2c^5 + 8b^3c^4 + (8a^3c^4 + 118a^2b^2c^3 + 215ab^2c^2 + 105b^3c)c^5)d^3x^3 + (32a^2b^2c^4 + 67a^2b^2c^3 + 35b^3c^2)d^2x^2 - 14(a^2b^2c^5 + 2ab^2c^4 + b^3c^3)d^2x + (a^2c^7 + 2ab^2c^6 + b^2c^5)x^3]$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(3*(24*a^2*b*c^2 + 60*a*b^2*c + 35*b^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^3*x^3*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c + 2*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*(d*x + c))*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/x) - 2*(8*a^3*c^7 + 24*a^2*b*c^6 + 24*a*b^2*c^5 + 8*b^3*c^4 + (8*a^3*c^4 + 118*a^2*b*c^3 + 215*a*b^2*c^2 + 105*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3 + (32*a^2*b*c^4 + 67*a*b^2*c^3 + 35*b^3*c^2)*d^2*x^2 - 14*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^2*c^7 + 2*a*b*c^6 + b^2*c^5)*x^3), -1/24*(3*(24*a^2*b*c^2 + 60*a*b^2*c + 35*b^3)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^3*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c)) + (8*a^3*c^7 + 24*a^2*b*c^6 + 24*a*b^2*c^5 + 8*b^3*c^4 + (8*a^3*c^4 + 118*a^2*b*c^3 + 215*a*b^2*c^2 + 105*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3 + (32*a^2*b*c^4 + 67*a*b^2*c^3 + 35*b^3*c^2)*d^2*x^2 - 14*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^2*c^7 + 2*a*b*c^6 + b^2*c^5)*x^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^4,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)/x^4, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2266, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.68

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2)/x^4,x)`

output

```
( - 192*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c**8 - 192*sqrt(c + d*x)*
sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c**5*d**3*x**3 - 688*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a
*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**7 + 336*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**
6*d*x - 768*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**5*d**2*x**2 - 29
44*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**4*d**3*x**3 - 912*sqrt(c
+ d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c**6 + 868*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c +
a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c**5*d*x - 2056*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*
a**2*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 6812*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b
**2*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 528*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3*c**5 +
728*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3*c**4*d*x - 1778*sqrt(c + d
*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 5530*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(
a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3*c**2*d**3*x**3 - 112*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*
x + b)*b**4*c**4 + 196*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**4*c**3*d*x -
490*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 1470*sqrt(c
+ d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**4*c*d**3*x**3 - 864*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)
*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c
+ b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**3*b*c**4*d**3*x**3 - 864*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c
+ b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2
*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**3*b*c**3*d**4*x**4 - 2664*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c...
```

3.28 $\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+2x}}{32\sqrt{2}} - \frac{5x^{3/2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{24\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{3\sqrt{2}} - \frac{5}{64}\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x})$$

output

$5/64*x^{(1/2)}*(1+2*x)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}-5/48*x^{(3/2)}*(1+2*x)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}+1/6*x^{(5/2)}*(1+2*x)^{(1/2)}*2^{(1/2)}-5/64*\operatorname{arcsinh}(2^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2)})$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}(15 + 10x - 8x^2 + 64x^3) + 15\sqrt{1+2x} \log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1+2x}))}{192\sqrt{x}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[x/(1 + 2*x)]*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x]*(15 + 10*x - 8*x^2 + 64*x^3) + 15*Sqrt
[1 + 2*x]*Log[-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[1 + 2*x]]))/(192*Sqrt[x])
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 798, 51, 51, 51, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \int (2x+1)^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}\right)^{5/2} d(2x+1)$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \int 4\sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}(2x+1)^4 d\frac{1}{2x+1}$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{5}{6} \int 2\sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}(2x+1)^3 d\frac{1}{2x+1} + \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}(2x+1)^3 \right)$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{5}{6} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1)^2 d\frac{1}{2x+1} - \sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}(2x+1)^2 \right) + \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}(2x+1)^3 \right)$$

$$\downarrow 51$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{5}{6} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}} d\frac{1}{2x+1} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1) \right) - \sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}(2x+1)^2 \right) + \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}(2x+1)^3 \right)$$

$$\downarrow 73$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{5}{6} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \left(\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{(2x+1)^2}} d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}) - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1) \right) - \sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}(2x+1)^2 \right) + \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}(2x+1)^3 \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{5}{6} \left(-\frac{3}{4} \left(\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}) - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1) \right) - \sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}(2x+1)^2 \right) + \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}(2x+1)^3 \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)],x]`

output `((4*Sqrt[2]*(-x)^(5/2)*(1 + 2*x)^3)/3 + (5*(-(Sqrt[2]*(-x)^(3/2)*(1 + 2*x)^2) - (3*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-x]*(1 + 2*x)) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-x]]))/4))/6)/8`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 896

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
trager	$\frac{(1+2x)(32x^2-20x+15)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{192} - \frac{5\ln\left(4x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}+4x+1}\right)}{128}$	74
risch	$\frac{(1+2x)(32x^2-20x+15)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{192} - \frac{5\ln\left(\frac{(\frac{1}{2}+2x)\sqrt{2}}{2}+\sqrt{2x^2+x}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}\sqrt{x(1+2x)}}{128x}$	79
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(1+2x)\left(-64(2x^2+x)^{\frac{3}{2}}+15\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}+x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2x^2+x}\right)\sqrt{2}+144\sqrt{2x^2+x}x-60\sqrt{2x^2+x}\right)}{768\sqrt{x(1+2x)}}$	92

input

```
int(x^2*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/192*(1+2*x)*(32*x^2-20*x+15)*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)-5/128*ln(4*x*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)+2*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)+4*x+1)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{2} (64x^3 - 8x^2 + 10x + 15) \sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} - \frac{5}{128} \log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} + 1\right) + \frac{5}{128} \log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} - 1\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output $1/192*\sqrt{2}*(64*x^3 - 8*x^2 + 10*x + 15)*\sqrt{x/(2*x + 1)} - 5/128*\log(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{x/(2*x + 1)} + 1) + 5/128*\log(\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{x/(2*x + 1)} - 1)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \sqrt{2} \int x^2 \sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(1-1/(1+2*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(2)*Integral(x**2*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2x+1} + 1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2*sqrt(-1/(2*x + 1) + 1), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{1}{768} \sqrt{2} \left(15 \sqrt{2} \log \left(\left| -2 \sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2 + x} \right) - 1 \right| \right) \operatorname{sgn}(2x+1) + 4 \left(4(8x \operatorname{sgn}(2x+1) - 5 \operatorname{sgn}(2x+1)) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/768*sqrt(2)*(15*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x))
- 1))*sgn(2*x + 1) + 4*(4*(8*x*sgn(2*x + 1) - 5*sgn(2*x + 1))*x + 15*sgn(
2*x + 1))*sqrt(2*x^2 + x))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{2x+1} \sqrt{2} x^2}{6} - \frac{5\sqrt{x} \sqrt{2x+1} \sqrt{2} x}{48} + \frac{5\sqrt{x} \sqrt{2x+1} \sqrt{2}}{64} - \frac{5 \log(\sqrt{2x+1} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{2})}{64}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(32*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2)*x**2 - 20*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2)*
x + 15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2) - 15*log(sqrt(2*x + 1) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(
2)))/192
```

3.29 $\int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx$

Optimal result	390
Mathematica [A] (verified)	390
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	391
Maple [A] (verified)	393
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	393
Sympy [F]	394
Maxima [F]	394
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	394
Mupad [F(-1)]	395
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	395

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+2x}}{8\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^{3/2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3}{16} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x})$$

output

```
-3/16*x^(1/2)*(1+2*x)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+1/4*x^(3/2)*(1+2*x)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+3/16
*arcsinh(2^(1/2)*x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}(-3 - 2x + 8x^2) - 3\sqrt{1+2x} \log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1+2x}))}{16\sqrt{x}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x/(1 + 2*x)]*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x]*(-3 - 2*x + 8*x^2) - 3*Sqrt[1 + 2*x]*Log[-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[1 + 2*x]]))/(16*Sqrt[x])
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {896, 798, 51, 51, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \int (2x+1) \left(1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}\right)^{3/2} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4} \int 2\sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}(2x+1)^3 d\frac{1}{2x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{3}{4} \int \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1)^2 d\frac{1}{2x+1} + \sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}(2x+1)^2 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}} d\frac{1}{2x+1} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1) \right) + \sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}(2x+1)^2 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{(2x+1)^2}} d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}) - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1) \right) + \sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}(2x+1)^2 \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{3}{4} \left(\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}) - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1) \right) + \sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}(2x+1)^2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*(-x)^(3/2)*(1 + 2*x)^2 + (3*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-x]*(1 + 2*x)) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-x]]))/4)/4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
trager	$\frac{(1+2x)(4x-3)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{16} + \frac{3\ln\left(4x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}+4x+1}\right)}{32}$	69
risch	$\frac{(1+2x)(4x-3)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{16} + \frac{3\ln\left(\frac{(\frac{1}{2}+2x)\sqrt{2}}{2}+\sqrt{2x^2+x}\right)\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}\sqrt{x(1+2x)}}{32x}$	74
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(1+2x)\left(3\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}+x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2x^2+x}\right)\sqrt{2}+16\sqrt{2x^2+x}x-12\sqrt{2x^2+x}\right)}{64\sqrt{x(1+2x)}}$	81

input `int(x*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*(1+2*x)*(4*x-3)*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)+3/32*ln(4*x*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)+2*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)+4*x+1)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{1+2x}}dx = \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{2}(8x^2-2x-3)\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} + \frac{3}{32}\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}+1\right) - \frac{3}{32}\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}-1\right)$$

input `integrate(x*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*sqrt(2)*(8*x^2 - 2*x - 3)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1)) + 3/32*log(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1)) + 1) - 3/32*log(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1)) - 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \sqrt{2} \int x \sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1-1/(1+2*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(2)*Integral(x*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \int x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2x+1} + 1} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x*sqrt(-1/(2*x + 1) + 1), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = -\frac{1}{64} \sqrt{2} \left(3 \sqrt{2} \log \left(\left| -2 \sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2 + x} \right) - 1 \right| \right) \operatorname{sgn}(2x+1) - 4 \sqrt{2x^2 + x} (4x \operatorname{sgn}(2x+1) - 3 \operatorname{sgn}(2x+1)) \right)$$

input `integrate(x*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/64*sqrt(2)*(3*sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x)) - 1))*sgn(2*x + 1) - 4*sqrt(2*x^2 + x)*(4*x*sgn(2*x + 1) - 3*sgn(2*x + 1)))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}} dx$$

input `int(x*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2),x)`output `int(x*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{2x+1} \sqrt{2} x}{4} - \frac{3\sqrt{x} \sqrt{2x+1} \sqrt{2}}{16} + \frac{3 \log(\sqrt{2x+1} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{2})}{16}$$

input `int(x*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2)*x - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2) + 3*log(sqrt(2*x + 1) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(2)))/16`

$$3.30 \quad \int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx$$

Optimal result	396
Mathematica [A] (verified)	396
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	397
Maple [B] (verified)	399
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	399
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	400
Maxima [F]	400
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	400
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	401
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	401

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{1+2x}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x})$$

output

```
1/2*x^(1/2)*(1+2*x)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)-1/2*arcsinh(2^(1/2)*x^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}(1+2x) + \sqrt{1+2x} \log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1+2x}))}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x/(1 + 2*x)]*(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x]*(1 + 2*x) + Sqrt[1 + 2*x]*Log[-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[1 + 2*x]]))/(2*Sqrt[x])
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {239, 773, 51, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{239} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1)^2 d\frac{1}{2x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}} d\frac{1}{2x+1} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1) - \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{(2x+1)^2}} d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}(2x+1) - \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-x]*(1 + 2*x) - ArcTanh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-x]])/2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
 (a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))
 Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x
] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
 ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
 Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1
] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && Lin
 earQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^
 2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 63 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

method	result	size
trager	$3\left(\frac{1}{6} + \frac{x}{3}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}} - \frac{\ln\left(4x\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}} + 2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}} + 4x + 1\right)}{4}$	64
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}} (1+2x) \left(-\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} + x\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2x^2+x}\right) \sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{2x^2+x}\right)}{8\sqrt{x(1+2x)}}$	69
risch	$\frac{(1+2x)\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{2} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{(\frac{1}{2}+2x)\sqrt{2}}{2} + \sqrt{2x^2+x}\right) \sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}} \sqrt{x(1+2x)}}{4x}$	69

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3*(1/6+1/3*x)*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)-1/4*ln(4*x*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)+2*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)+4*x+1)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 62 vs. $2(26) = 52$.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}(2x+1) \sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} - \frac{1}{4} \log\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} + 1\right) + \frac{1}{4} \log\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} - 1\right)$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1)) - 1/4*log(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1)) + 1) + 1/4*log(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1)) - 1)`

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{acosh}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+\frac{1}{2}}\right)}{2} & \text{for } \left|x + \frac{1}{2}\right| > \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{i \operatorname{asin}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x+\frac{1}{2}}\right)}{2} - \frac{i\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sqrt{-x}} + \frac{i\sqrt{x+\frac{1}{2}}}{2\sqrt{-x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((sqrt(x)*sqrt(x + 1/2) - acosh(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1/2))/2, Abs(x + 1/2) > 1/2), (I*asin(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x + 1/2))/2 - I*(x + 1/2)**(3/2)/sqrt(-x) + I*sqrt(x + 1/2)/(2*sqrt(-x)), True))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \int \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2x+1} + 1} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-1/(2*x + 1) + 1), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 59 vs. 2(26) = 52.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{2} \log \left(\left| -2\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2 + x} \right) - 1 \right| \right) \operatorname{sgn}(2x+1) + 4\sqrt{2x^2 + x} \operatorname{sgn}(2x+1) \right)$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x)) - 1)
)*sgn(2*x + 1) + 4*sqrt(2*x^2 + x)*sgn(2*x + 1))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = -\frac{(2x+1) \left(\frac{\ln\left(2x + \sqrt{(2x+1)^2 - 2x - \frac{1}{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{(2x+1)^2 - 2x - 1}} - 2 \right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{4}$$

input `int((1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2),x)`

output `-((2*x + 1)*(log(2*x + ((2*x + 1)^2 - 2*x - 1)^(1/2) + 1/2)/((2*x + 1)^2 -
2*x - 1)^(1/2) - 2)*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2))/4`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{2x+1} \sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\log(\sqrt{2x+1} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{2})}{2}$$

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2) - log(sqrt(2*x + 1) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(2)))/2`

$$3.31 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	402
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Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	405
Sympy [F]	405
Maxima [F]	406
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	406
Mupad [F(-1)]	406
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	407

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x} dx = 2\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x})$$

output `2*arcsinh(2^(1/2)*x^(1/2))`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 52 vs. $2(14) = 28$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}\sqrt{1+2x}\log(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1+2x})}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]/x,x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[x/(1 + 2*x)]*Sqrt[1 + 2*x]*Log[-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[x]) + Sqrt[1 + 2*x]])/Sqrt[x]`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {896, 798, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(2x+1)\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & - \int \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}} d\frac{1}{2x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{(2x+1)^2}} d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x}) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & 2\text{arctanh}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-x})
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]/x,x]`

output `2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-x]]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs. $2(10) = 20$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

method	result	size
trager	$\ln\left(4x\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}} + 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}} + 4x + 1\right)$	40
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(1+2x)\ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+x\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2x^2+x}}{4}\right)}{\sqrt{x(1+2x)}}$	48

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `ln(4*x*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)+2*2^(1/2)*(x/(1+2*x))^(1/2)+4*x+1)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs. 2(10) = 20.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x} dx = \log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} + 1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}} - 1\right)$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `log(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1)) + 1) - log(sqrt(2)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1)) - 1)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x} dx = \sqrt{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `sqrt(2)*Integral(sqrt(x/(2*x + 1))/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2x+1} + 1}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-1/(2*x + 1) + 1)/x, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 34 vs. 2(10) = 20.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x} dx = -\log \left(\left| -2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2 + x}) - 1 \right| \right) \operatorname{sgn}(2x + 1)$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-log(abs(-2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x)) - 1))*sgn(2*x + 1)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2)/x, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x} dx = 2 \log(\sqrt{2x+1} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{2})$$

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `2*log(sqrt(2*x + 1) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(2))`

$$3.32 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	408
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Rubi [A] (verified)	409
Maple [A] (verified)	410
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	411
Sympy [F]	411
Maxima [F]	412
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	412
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	412
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	413

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

output `-2*2^(1/2)*(1+2*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{2+4x}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]/x^2,x]`

output `-2/Sqrt[x/(2 + 4*x)]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {896, 941, 281, 793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{4x^2} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{(2x+1)^2 \left(\frac{1}{2x+1} - 1\right)^2} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{281} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{(2x+1)^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}\right)^{3/2}} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{793} \\
 & -\frac{4}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-4/Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 281 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^p Int[u*(c + d*x^n)^(p + q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && !(IntegerQ[q] && SimplifierQ[a + b*x^n, c + d*x^n])`

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result	size
orering	$-\frac{2(1+2x)\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x}$	24
gospers	$-\frac{2(1+2x)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{x}$	25
trager	$-\frac{2(1+2x)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{x}$	25
risch	$-\frac{2(1+2x)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{x}$	25
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(1+2x)\sqrt{2x^2+x}}{x\sqrt{x(1+2x)}}$	43

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/x*(1+2*x)*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}(2x+1)\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}}{x}$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + 1)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1))/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^2} dx = \sqrt{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `sqrt(2)*Integral(sqrt(x/(2*x + 1))/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2x+1} + 1}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-1/(2*x + 1) + 1)/x^2, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 42 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^2} dx = 2\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{2} \operatorname{sgn}(2x + 1) + \frac{\operatorname{sgn}(2x + 1)}{\sqrt{2x} - \sqrt{2x^2 + x}} \right)$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*sgn(2*x + 1) + sgn(2*x + 1)/(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x)))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{4(x + \frac{1}{2})}{x} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}$$

input `int((1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `-(4*(x + 1/2)*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2))/x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x} \sqrt{2x+1} \sqrt{2} - 4x}{x}$$

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `(2*(- sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x))/x`

$$3.33 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	414
Mathematica [A] (verified)	414
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	415
Maple [A] (verified)	417
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	417
Sympy [F]	418
Maxima [F]	418
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	418
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	419
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	419

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{3x^{3/2}} + \frac{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{3\sqrt{x}}$$

output `-2/3*2^(1/2)*(1+2*x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)+8/3*2^(1/2)*(1+2*x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2(-1 + 4x)}{3x\sqrt{\frac{x}{2+4x}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]/x^3,x]`

output `(2*(-1 + 4*x))/(3*x*Sqrt[x/(2 + 4*x)])`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 281, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & 4 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{8x^3} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -4 \int -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{8x^3} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & -4 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{(2x+1)^3 \left(\frac{1}{2x+1} - 1\right)^3} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{281} \\
 & 4 \int \frac{1}{(2x+1)^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}\right)^{5/2}} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & -4 \int \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}(2x+1)} d\frac{1}{2x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & -4 \int \left(\frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}} \right) d\frac{1}{2x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-4 \left(\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{-x}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]/x^3,x]`

output `-4*(1/(3*Sqrt[2]*(-x)^(3/2)) - Sqrt[2]/Sqrt[-x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 281 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^p Int[u*(c + d*x^n)^(p + q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && !(IntegerQ[q] & & SimplerQ[a + b*x^n, c + d*x^n])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{2(4x-1)(1+2x)\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{1+2x}}}{3x^2}$	29
gospers	$\frac{2(1+2x)(4x-1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{3x^2}$	30
trager	$\frac{2(1+2x)(4x-1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{3x^2}$	30
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(8x^2+2x-1)}{3x^2}$	30
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(1+2x)\sqrt{2x^2+x}(4x-1)}{3x^2\sqrt{x(1+2x)}}$	48

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(4*x-1)*(1+2*x)/x^2*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}(8x^2+2x-1)\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}}{3x^2}$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(2)*(8*x^2 + 2*x - 1)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1))/x^2`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^3} dx = \sqrt{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `sqrt(2)*Integral(sqrt(x/(2*x + 1))/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2x+1} + 1}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-1/(2*x + 1) + 1)/x^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. $2(31) = 62$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{2} \left(4 \sqrt{2} \operatorname{sgn}(2x + 1) - \frac{3 \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2 + x}) \operatorname{sgn}(2x + 1) + \operatorname{sgn}(2x + 1)}{(\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2 + x})^3} \right)$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{2}\cdot(4\sqrt{2}\cdot\text{sgn}(2x+1) - (3\sqrt{2}\cdot(\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2+x})\cdot\text{sgn}(2x+1) + \text{sgn}(2x+1)))/(\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2+x})^3$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}(8x^2 + 2x - 1)}{3x^2}$$

input `int((1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output
$$(2*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2)*(2*x + 8*x^2 - 1))/(3*x^2)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\frac{8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2x+1}\sqrt{2}x}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2x+1}\sqrt{2}}{3} - \frac{16x^2}{3}}{x^2}$$

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output
$$(2*(4*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{2*x + 1}*\sqrt{2}*x - \sqrt{x}*\sqrt{2*x + 1}*\sqrt{2} - 8*x**2))/(3*x**2)$$

3.34 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	420
Mathematica [A] (verified)	420
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	421
Maple [A] (verified)	423
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	423
Sympy [F]	424
Maxima [F]	424
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	424
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	425
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	425

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{5x^{5/2}} + \frac{16\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{15x^{3/2}} - \frac{64\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{15\sqrt{x}}$$

output
$$-2/5*2^{(1/2)}*(1+2*x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(5/2)}+16/15*2^{(1/2)}*(1+2*x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)}-64/15*2^{(1/2)}*(1+2*x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2(3 - 8x + 32x^2)}{15x^2 \sqrt{\frac{x}{2+4x}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]/x^4,x]`

output
$$(-2*(3 - 8*x + 32*x^2))/(15*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[x/(2 + 4*x)])$$

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {896, 941, 281, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & 8 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{16x^4} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & 8 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{(2x+1)^4 \left(\frac{1}{2x+1} - 1\right)^4} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{281} \\
 & 8 \int \frac{1}{(2x+1)^4 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}\right)^{7/2}} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & -8 \int \frac{1}{8\sqrt{2}(-x)^{7/2}(2x+1)^2} d\frac{1}{2x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & -8 \int \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}} + \frac{1}{8\sqrt{2}(-x)^{7/2}} \right) d\frac{1}{2x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -8 \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{-x}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3(-x)^{3/2}} + \frac{1}{10\sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]/x^4,x]
```

output $-8*(1/(10*\text{Sqrt}[2]*(-x)^{(5/2)}) - \text{Sqrt}[2]/(3*(-x)^{(3/2)}) + \text{Sqrt}[2]/\text{Sqrt}[-x])$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) \ || \ \text{LtQ}[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[m + n + 2, 0])$

rule 281 $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b/d)^p \ \text{Int}[u*(c + d*x^n)^{(p+q)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerQ}[a + b*x^n, c + d*x^n])$

rule 798 $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(v_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*(x_.)^{(m_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m+1)} \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; \text{NeQ}[c, 0] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 941 $\text{Int}[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(mn_.)})^{(q_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^{(n*q)}), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[mn, -n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[n] \ || \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

method	result	size
orering	$-\frac{2(32x^2-8x+3)(1+2x)\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{1+2x}}}{15x^3}$	34
gosper	$-\frac{2(1+2x)(32x^2-8x+3)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{15x^3}$	35
trager	$-\frac{2(1+2x)(32x^2-8x+3)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{15x^3}$	35
risch	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(64x^3+16x^2-2x+3)}{15x^3}$	35
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(1+2x)\sqrt{2x^2+x}(32x^2-8x+3)}{15x^3\sqrt{x(1+2x)}}$	53

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/15*(32*x^2-8*x+3)*(1+2*x)/x^3*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}(64x^3+16x^2-2x+3)\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}}{15x^3}$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2/15*sqrt(2)*(64*x^3 + 16*x^2 - 2*x + 3)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1))/x^3`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^4} dx = \sqrt{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))**(1/2)/x**4,x)`

output `sqrt(2)*Integral(sqrt(x/(2*x + 1))/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2x+1} + 1}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-1/(2*x + 1) + 1)/x^4, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 101 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{2} \left(32 \sqrt{2} \operatorname{sgn}(2x + 1) + \frac{40 (\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2 + x})^2 \operatorname{sgn}(2x + 1) + 15 \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2 + x}) \operatorname{sgn}(2x + 1)}{(\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2 + x})^5} \right)$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/15*sqrt(2)*(32*sqrt(2)*sgn(2*x + 1) + (40*(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x))^2*sgn(2*x + 1) + 15*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x))*sgn(2*x + 1) + 3*sgn(2*x + 1))/(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x))^5
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}(64x^3 + 16x^2 - 2x + 3)}{15x^3}$$

input

```
int((1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
-(2*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2)*(16*x^2 - 2*x + 64*x^3 + 3))/(15*x^3)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-\frac{64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2x+1}\sqrt{2}x^2}{15} + \frac{16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2x+1}\sqrt{2}x}{15} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2x+1}\sqrt{2}}{5} + \frac{128x^3}{15}}{x^3}$$

input

```
int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
(2*(- 32*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2)*x**2 + 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2)*x - 3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2) + 64*x**3))/(15*x**3)
```

3.35 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	426
Mathematica [A] (verified)	426
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	427
Maple [A] (verified)	429
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	429
Sympy [F]	430
Maxima [F]	430
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	430
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	431
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	431

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{7x^{7/2}} + \frac{24\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{35x^{5/2}} - \frac{64\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{35x^{3/2}} + \frac{256\sqrt{2}\sqrt{1+2x}}{35\sqrt{x}}$$

output
$$-2/7*2^{(1/2)}*(1+2*x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(7/2)}+24/35*2^{(1/2)}*(1+2*x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(5/2)}-64/35*2^{(1/2)}*(1+2*x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)}+256/35*2^{(1/2)}*(1+2*x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2(-5 + 12x - 32x^2 + 128x^3)}{35x^3 \sqrt{\frac{x}{2+4x}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]/x^5,x]`

output
$$(2*(-5 + 12*x - 32*x^2 + 128*x^3))/(35*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[x/(2 + 4*x)])$$

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 281, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & 16 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{32x^5} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -16 \int -\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{32x^5} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & -16 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{(2x+1)^5 \left(\frac{1}{2x+1} - 1\right)^5} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{281} \\
 & 16 \int \frac{1}{(2x+1)^5 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}\right)^{9/2}} d(2x+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & -16 \int \frac{1}{16\sqrt{2}(-x)^{9/2}(2x+1)^3} d\frac{1}{2x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & -16 \int \left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}} + \frac{3}{4\sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{8\sqrt{2}(-x)^{7/2}} + \frac{1}{16\sqrt{2}(-x)^{9/2}} \right) d\frac{1}{2x+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-16 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{-x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}(-x)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{10\sqrt{2}(-x)^{5/2}} + \frac{1}{28\sqrt{2}(-x)^{7/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 - (1 + 2*x)^(-1)]/x^5,x]`

output `-16*(1/(28*Sqrt[2]*(-x)^(7/2)) - 3/(10*Sqrt[2]*(-x)^(5/2)) + 1/(Sqrt[2]*(-x)^(3/2)) - Sqrt[2]/Sqrt[-x])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 281 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b/d)^p Int[u*(c + d*x^n)^(p + q), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[p] && !(IntegerQ[q] & & SimplerQ[a + b*x^n, c + d*x^n])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{2(128x^3 - 32x^2 + 12x - 5)(1+2x)\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{35x^4}$	39
gospser	$\frac{2(1+2x)(128x^3 - 32x^2 + 12x - 5)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{35x^4}$	40
trager	$\frac{2(1+2x)(128x^3 - 32x^2 + 12x - 5)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}}{35x^4}$	40
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(256x^4 + 64x^3 - 8x^2 + 2x - 5)}{35x^4}$	40
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x}{1+2x}}(1+2x)\sqrt{2x^2+x}(128x^3 - 32x^2 + 12x - 5)}{35x^4\sqrt{x(1+2x)}}$	58

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/35*(128*x^3-32*x^2+12*x-5)*(1+2*x)/x^4*(1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^5} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{2}(256x^4 + 64x^3 - 8x^2 + 2x - 5)\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}}{35x^4}$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/35*sqrt(2)*(256*x^4 + 64*x^3 - 8*x^2 + 2*x - 5)*sqrt(x/(2*x + 1))/x^4`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^5} dx = \sqrt{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{x}{2x+1}}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))**(1/2)/x**5,x)`

output `sqrt(2)*Integral(sqrt(x/(2*x + 1))/x**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2x+1} + 1}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(-1/(2*x + 1) + 1)/x^5, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^5} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{35} \sqrt{2} \left(256 \sqrt{2} \operatorname{sgn}(2x+1) - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(280 (\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2+x})^3 \operatorname{sgn}(2x+1) + 168 \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2x^2+x}) \right)}{(\sqrt{2}x - \dots)} \right)$$

input `integrate((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/35*sqrt(2)*(256*sqrt(2)*sgn(2*x + 1) - sqrt(2)*(280*(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x))^3*sgn(2*x + 1) + 168*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x))^2*sgn(2*x + 1) + 70*(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x))*sgn(2*x + 1) + 5*sqrt(2)*sgn(2*x + 1))/(sqrt(2)*x - sqrt(2*x^2 + x))^7)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^5} dx = \frac{512 \left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{35 x} - \frac{128 \left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{35 x^2} + \frac{48 \left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{35 x^3} - \frac{4 \left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2x+1}}}{7 x^4}$$

input `int((1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output `(512*(x + 1/2)*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2))/(35*x) - (128*(x + 1/2)*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2))/(35*x^2) + (48*(x + 1/2)*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2))/(35*x^3) - (4*(x + 1/2)*(1 - 1/(2*x + 1))^(1/2))/(7*x^4)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{1+2x}}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\frac{256\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2x+1}\sqrt{2}x^3}{35} - \frac{64\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2x+1}\sqrt{2}x^2}{35} + \frac{24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2x+1}\sqrt{2}x}{35} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{2x+1}\sqrt{2}}{7} - \frac{512x^4}{35}}{x^4}$$

input `int((1-1/(1+2*x))^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output

```
(2*(128*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2)*x**3 - 32*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2)*x**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2)*x - 5*sqrt(x)*sqrt(2*x + 1)*sqrt(2) - 256*x**4))/(35*x**4)
```

3.36 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$

Optimal result	433
Mathematica [A] (verified)	434
Rubi [A] (verified)	434
Maple [B] (verified)	438
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	439
Sympy [F]	440
Maxima [F]	440
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	441
Mupad [F(-1)]	441
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	442

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 249

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{(35b^3 + 120ab^2c + 144a^2bc^2 + 64a^3c^3)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{64a^4d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(35b^2 + 120abc + 144a^2c^2)(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{96a^3d^4}$$

$$- \frac{(7b + 24ac)(c + dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{24a^2d^4} + \frac{(c + dx)^4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4ad^4}$$

$$+ \frac{b(35b^3 + 120ab^2c + 144a^2bc^2 + 64a^3c^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{9/2}d^4}$$

output

```
-1/64*(64*a^3*c^3+144*a^2*b*c^2+120*a*b^2*c+35*b^3)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^4/d^4+1/96*(144*a^2*c^2+120*a*b*c+35*b^2)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d^4-1/24*(24*a*c+7*b)*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^4+1/4*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d^4+1/64*b*(64*a^3*c^3+144*a^2*b*c^2+120*a*b^2*c+35*b^3)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{a}(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(105b^3 + 10ab^2(29c - 7dx) + 8a^2b(31c^2 - 16cdx + 7d^2x^2) + 48a^3(c^3 - c^2dx + cdx^2 - d^3x^3)) + 3b(35b^3 + 120a^2b^2c + 144a^3b^2c^2 + 64a^3c^3)\text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{b+ac+adx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right]}{192a^{9/2}d^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output

```
(-(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(105*b^3 + 10*a*b^2*(29*c - 7*d*x) + 8*a^2*b*(31*c^2 - 16*c*d*x + 7*d^2*x^2) + 48*a^3*(c^3 - c^2*d*x + c*d^2*x^2 - d^3*x^3))) + 3*b*(35*b^3 + 120*a*b^2*c + 144*a^2*b*c^2 + 64*a^3*c^3)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(9/2)*d^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 109, 27, 162, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\int \frac{d^3x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c+dx)$$

$$\frac{\quad}{d^4}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{d^3 x^3}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx}-1\right)^3}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^5 \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^5 \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{109} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(7b+12ac-\frac{c(3b+8ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} + \frac{\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 (c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4a}}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(7b+12ac-\frac{c(3b+8ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{8a} + \frac{\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 (c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4a}}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{162} \\
 & \frac{\left(64a^3c^3+144a^2bc^2+120ab^2c+35b^3\right) \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{8a^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(4a(12ac+7b)-\frac{5(24a^2c^2+24abc+7b^2)}{c+dx}\right)}{12a^2}}{8a} + \frac{\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 (c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4a}}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(64a^3c^3+144a^2bc^2+120ab^2c+35b^3) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(4a(12ac+7b) - \frac{5(24a^2c^2+24abc+7b^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{12a^2} + (1)$$

73

$$\frac{(64a^3c^3+144a^2bc^2+120ab^2c+35b^3) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(4a(12ac+7b) - \frac{5(24a^2c^2+24abc+7b^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{12a^2} + (1)$$

221

$$\frac{(64a^3c^3+144a^2bc^2+120ab^2c+35b^3) \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \right)}{8a^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(4a(12ac+7b) - \frac{5(24a^2c^2+24abc+7b^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{12a^2} + (1)$$

```
input Int[x^3/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]
```

```
output (((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2)/(4*a) + (-1/12*((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(4*a*(7*b + 12*a*c) - (5*(7*b^2 + 24*a*b*c + 24*a^2*c^2)))/(c + d*x)))/a^2 + ((35*b^3 + 120*a*b^2*c + 144*a^2*b*c^2 + 64*a^3*c^3)*(-((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/a) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(8*a^2))/(8*a))/d^4
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 109 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*(d*e*(n - 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m - n + 2) - c*f*(m + p + 2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n + p) + b*(d*e*(m + 1) - c*f*(m + n + p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`
- rule 162 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[((b^3*c*e*g*(m + 2) - a^3*d*f*h*(n + 2) - a^2*b*(c*f*h*m - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) - a*b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h) + d*e*g*(2*m + n + 4)) + b*(a^2*d*f*h*(m - n) - a*b*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(n + 1)) + b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) - d*e*g*(m + n + 2)))*x]/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1), x] + Simp[(f*(h/b^2) - (d*(m + n + 3)*(a^2*d*f*h*(m - n) - a*b*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(n + 1)) + b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) - d*e*g*(m + n + 2)))/((b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 2)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && (LtQ[m, -2] || (EqQ[m + n + 3, 0] && !LtQ[n, -2]))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1077 vs. $2(225) = 450$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1078, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1078

input `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/384*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/a^4/d^4*(-576*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(
a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c^2*d*x-192*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2
*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2
))*a^3*b*c^3*d+384*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^3*c^3-96*
x*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a^2*d*(a*d^2)^(1/2)-576*(a*d
^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c^3-864*(a*d^2)^(
1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c*d*x+144*ln(1/2*(
2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1
/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*c^2*d-576*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a
d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*c^2*d+
1152*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^2+288*(a*d^2)^(1/
2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a^2*c-1152*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a
d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^2-348*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d
^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*d*x+216*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*
a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*
d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^3*c*d-576*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+
c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^3*c*d+1152*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*
(a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a*b^2*c+208*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*
x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a*b-780*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+
b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*c+87*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 446, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(64a^3bc^3 + 144a^2b^2c^2 + 120ab^3c + 35b^4)\sqrt{a} \log \left(2adx + 2ac + 2(dx+c)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b \right) + 2(48a^4d^4x^4 - 56a^3bd^3x^3 + 24a^2b^2c^2d^2x^2 - 24ab^3cdx + 8b^4c^2)}{3(64a^3bc^3 + 144a^2b^2c^2 + 120ab^3c + 35b^4)\sqrt{-a} \arctan \left(\frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx+ac+b} \right) - (48a^4d^4x^4 - 56a^3bd^3x^3 + 24a^2b^2c^2d^2x^2 - 24ab^3cdx + 8b^4c^2)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/384*(3*(64*a^3*b*c^3 + 144*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 120*a*b^3*c + 35*b^4)*sqrt(a)*
log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)
) + b) + 2*(48*a^4*d^4*x^4 - 56*a^3*b*d^3*x^3 - 48*a^4*c^4 - 248*a^3*b*c^3
- 290*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 105*a*b^3*c + 2*(36*a^3*b*c + 35*a^2*b^2)*d^2*x^2 - 5
*(24*a^3*b*c^2 + 44*a^2*b^2*c + 21*a*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x
+ c)))/(a^5*d^4), -1/192*(3*(64*a^3*b*c^3 + 144*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 120*a*b^3*c
+ 35*b^4)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x
+ c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b)) - (48*a^4*d^4*x^4 - 56*a^3*b*d^3*x^3 - 48*a^4*c^4
- 248*a^3*b*c^3 - 290*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 105*a*b^3*c + 2*(36*a^3*b*c + 35*a^2*
b^2)*d^2*x^2 - 5*(24*a^3*b*c^2 + 44*a^2*b^2*c + 21*a*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x
+ a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^5*d^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3/sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^3/sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{192} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(2 \left(4x \left(\frac{6x}{ad\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} - \frac{6a^3cd^5\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 7a^2bd^5\operatorname{sgn}(dx-c)}{a^4d^7} \right) \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. - \frac{(64a^3bc^3 + 144a^2b^2c^2 + 120ab^3c + 35b^4) \log \left(\left| 2acd + 2 \left(\sqrt{ad^2}x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) \right| \right)}{128a^{\frac{9}{2}}d^3|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/192*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*(4*x*(6*x/(a*d*sgn(d*x + c)) - (6*a^3*c*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 7*a^2*b*d^5*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^4*d^7)) + (24*a^3*c^2*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 64*a^2*b*c*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 35*a*b^2*d^4*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^4*d^7))*x - (48*a^3*c^3*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 248*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 290*a*b^2*c*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 105*b^3*d^3*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^4*d^7) - 1/128*(64*a^3*b*c^3 + 144*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 120*a*b^3*c + 35*b^4)*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d))/(a^(9/2)*d^3*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-48\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}a^4c^3 + 48\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}a^4c^2dx - 48\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}a^4cd^2}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 48*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c**3 + 48*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c**2*d*x - 48*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c*d**2*x**2 + 48*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*d**3*x**3 - 248*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**2 + 128*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c*d*x - 56*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*d**2*x**2 - 290*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c + 70*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*d*x - 105*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3 + 192*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b*c**3 + 432*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2*c**2 + 360*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3*c + 105*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**4)/(192*a**5*d**4)
```

3.37 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$

Optimal result	443
Mathematica [A] (verified)	444
Rubi [A] (verified)	444
Maple [B] (verified)	448
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	449
Sympy [F]	449
Maxima [F]	450
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	450
Mupad [F(-1)]	451
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	451

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{(5b^2 + 12abc + 8a^2c^2)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8a^3d^3} - \frac{(5b + 12ac)(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{12a^2d^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3ad^3} - \frac{b(5b^2 + 12abc + 8a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}d^3}$$

output

```
1/8*(8*a^2*c^2+12*a*b*c+5*b^2)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d^3-1/12*(1
2*a*c+5*b)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c
))^(1/2)/a/d^3-1/8*b*(8*a^2*c^2+12*a*b*c+5*b^2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2
)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d^3
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(15b^2 + 2ab(13c - 5dx) + 8a^2(c^2 - cdx + d^2x^2)) - 3b(5b^2 + 12abc + 8a^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24a^{7/2}d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(15*b^2 + 2*a*b*(13*c - 5*d*x) + 8*a^2*(c^2 - c*d*x + d^2*x^2)) - 3*b*(5*b^2 + 12*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(24*a^(7/2)*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 941, 948, 100, 27, 87, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$\int \frac{d^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c+dx)$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{d^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c+dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{941}$$

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c+dx)$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c+dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 948 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 100 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(-\frac{6ac^2}{c+dx} + 12ac + 5b\right)}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(-\frac{6ac^2}{c+dx} + 12ac + 5b\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{6a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{3(8a^2c^2 + 12abc + 5b^2) \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} - \frac{(12ac + 5b)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3a}}{6a} \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{3(8a^2c^2 + 12abc + 5b^2) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} - \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{6a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{(12ac + 5b)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{3(8a^2c^2 + 12abc + 5b^2) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} - \frac{a}{b} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4a} - \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{6a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{(12ac + 5b)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3(8a^2c^2 + 12abc + 5b^2) \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \right) - \frac{(12ac+5b)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3a}}{d^3}$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output `-((-1/3*((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/a - (-1/2*((5*b + 12*a*c)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/a - (3*(5*b^2 + 12*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*(-((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/a) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a))/(6*a))/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))
```

rule 100

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 896

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^p_.*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 941

```
Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^q_.*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])
```

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_.*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 720 vs. $2(156) = 312$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 721, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}(dx+c)\left(24\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x+2acd+2\sqrt{(adx+ac+b)(dx+c)}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)a^2bc^2d+48\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+bdx+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}a^2cd\right)}{a^2bc^2d+48\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+bdx+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}a^2cd}$

input `int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/48*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/a^3/d^3*(24*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+
2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*
a^2*b*c^2*d+48*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a
^2*c*d*x+48*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d
^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^2*c*d+48*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*
x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*c^2+36*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c
)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*d*x-48*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/
2)*a^2*c^2-12*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x
+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^2*c*d+24*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2
*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2
))*b^3*d-16*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+60
*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*c-96*(a*d^2
)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a*b*c-9*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*
(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/
2))*b^3*d+18*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b^2
-48*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*b^2)/((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c
))^(1/2)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^2bc^2 + 12ab^2c + 5b^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2adx + 2ac - 2(dx+c)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b\right) + 2(8a^3d^3x^3 - 10a^2bd^2x^2 + 8a^3c^3 + 26a^2b^2c^2 + 15a^2b^2c + (16a^2b^2c + 15a^2b^2)d^2x)\sqrt{(a+dx+c)/dx}}{48a^4d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(8*a^3*d^3*x^3 - 10*a^2*b*d^2*x^2 + 8*a^3*c^3 + 26*a^2*b*c^2 + 15*a*b^2*c + (16*a^2*b*c + 15*a*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^4*d^3), 1/24*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))/(a*d*x + a*c + b)) + (8*a^3*d^3*x^3 - 10*a^2*b*d^2*x^2 + 8*a^3*c^3 + 26*a^2*b*c^2 + 15*a*b^2*c + (16*a^2*b*c + 15*a*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^4*d^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(2x \left(\frac{4x}{ad\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} - \frac{4a^2cd^3\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 5abd^3\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{a^3d^5} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{(8a^2bc^2 + 12ab^2c + 5b^3) \log \left(\left| 2acd + 2 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) \sqrt{a|d| + bd} \right| \right)}{16a^{\frac{7}{2}}d^2|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/24*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*x*(4*x/(a*d*sgn(d*x + c)) - (4*a^2*c*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 5*a*b*d^3*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^3*d^5)) + (8*a^2*c^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 26*a*b*c*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 15*b^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^3*d^5) + 1/16*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d))/(a^(7/2)*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))`

3.38 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{(3b + 4ac)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4a^2d^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2ad^2} + \frac{b(3b + 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}d^2}$$

output

```
-1/4*(4*a*c+3*b)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^2+1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d^2+1/4*b*(4*a*c+3*b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(c + dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(-3b - 2ac + 2adx) + b(3b + 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(-3*b - 2*a*c + 2*a*d*x) + b*(3*b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(5/2)*d^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.529$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 87, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)\left(\frac{c}{c+dx}-1\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^3\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 87 \\
& \frac{(4ac+3b) \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 52 \\
& \frac{(4ac+3b) \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \right)}{4a d^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{(4ac+3b) \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} \frac{a}{b} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} - \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \right)}{4a d^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{(4ac+3b) \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \right)}{4a d^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output `((((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/(2*a) + ((3*b + 4*a*c)*(-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/a) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))))/(4*a))/d^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F x), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F x, x], x]$
- rule 52 $\text{Int}[(a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b x)^{m+1} (c + d x)^{n+1} / ((b c - a d)(m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d * ((m + n + 2) / ((b c - a d)(m + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b x)^{m+1} (c + d x)^n, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p(m+1)-1} (c - a(d/b) + d(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b x)^{1/p}], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n (e + f x)^p, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b e - a f) (c + d x)^{n+1} (e + f x)^{p+1} / (f (p + 1) (c f - d e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a d f (n + p + 2) - b (d e (n + 1) + c f (p + 1))) / (f (p + 1) (c f - d e)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d x)^n (e + f x)^{p+1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{!LtQ}[n, -1] \ \|\ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \|\ \text{!(IntegerQ}[n] \ \|\ \text{!(EqQ}[e, 0] \ \|\ \text{!(EqQ}[c, 0] \ \|\ \text{LtQ}[p, n])}))$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a + b x^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTanh}[x / \text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a + b v)^n (v)^p (x)^m, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{m+1} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m (a + b x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /;$ $\text{NeQ}[c, 0] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 941 $\text{Int}[(c + d x^{mn})^q (a + b x^n)^p, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a + b x^n)^p ((d + c x^n)^q / x^{nq}), x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[mn, -n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[n] \ \|\ \text{!IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 417 vs. $2(98) = 196$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}(dx+c)\left(-4\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2c^2+bdx+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}adx-4\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x+2acd+2\sqrt{(adx+ac+b)(dx+c)}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)abcd+8\right)}{...}$

input

```
int(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/d^2*(-4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*
c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*d*x-4*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a
*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b*c*d+8*((a
*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*c-4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+
b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*c+b^2*d*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^
2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))-4
*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b
*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b^2*d+8*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b-2
*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b)/((a*d*x+a*c+
b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/(a*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{(4abc + 3b^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2adx + 2ac + 2(dx+c)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b\right) + 2(2a^2d^2x^2 - 2a^2c^2 - 3abdx - 3abc)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{8a^3d^2} - \frac{(4abc + 3b^2)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx+ac+b}\right) - (2a^2d^2x^2 - 2a^2c^2 - 3abdx - 3abc)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{4a^3d^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/8*((4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(2*a^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*d*x - 3*a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d^2), -1/4*((4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) - (2*a^2*d^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*d*x - 3*a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^3*d^2)]`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x/sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(\frac{2x}{ad\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} - \frac{2acd\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 3bd\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{a^2d^3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{(4abc + 3b^2) \log \left(\left| 2acd + 2 \left(\sqrt{ad^2}x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) \sqrt{a}|d| + bd \right| \right)}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}}d|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*x/(a*d*sgn(d*x + c)) - (2*a*c*d*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*b*d*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^2*d^3)) - 1/8*(4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d))/(a^(5/2)*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`output `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}a^2c + 2\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}a^2dx - 3\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{adx + ac + b}ab + 4\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)a*b*c + 3\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)*b*c}{4a^3d^2}$$

input `int(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*c + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*d*x - 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b + 4*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c + 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b*c)/(4*a**3*d**2)`

3.39 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$

Optimal result	460
Mathematica [A] (verified)	460
Rubi [A] (verified)	461
Maple [B] (verified)	463
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	463
Sympy [F]	464
Maxima [F]	464
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	464
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	465
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	465

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{ad} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d}$$

output

$(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/a/d-b*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b/(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}/d$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{ad} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d}$$

input

`Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output

$$\frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{(b + ac + adx)/(c + dx)}}{ad} - \frac{(b \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{(b + ac + adx)/(c + dx)}/\sqrt{a}])}{a^{3/2}d}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {239, 773, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{239} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{b(c+dx)^2}{a} - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)],x]`

output `-((-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/a) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} (dx+c) \left(-bd \ln \left(\frac{2a d^2 x + 2acd + 2\sqrt{(adx+ac+b)(dx+c)} \sqrt{a d^2 + bd}}{2\sqrt{a d^2}} \right) + 2\sqrt{(adx+ac+b)(dx+c)} \sqrt{a d^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{(adx+ac+b)(dx+c)} ad\sqrt{a d^2}}$	140

input `int(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(-b*d*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+
2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))+2*((a*d*
x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))/((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a/d/(
a*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{ab} \log \left(2 adx + 2 ac - 2 (dx + c) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b \right) + 2 (adx + ac) \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{2 a^2 d}, \sqrt{-ab} \arctan \left(\frac{(dx+c)}{\dots} \right) \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(a)*b*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*
c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(a*d*x + a*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))
)/(a^2*d), (sqrt(-a)*b*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d
*x + c))/(a*d*x + a*c + b)) + (a*d*x + a*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x +
c)))/(a^2*d)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b/(c + d*x)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs. 2(53) = 106.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx \\ &= \frac{b \log \left(\left| 2acd + 2 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}} \right) \sqrt{a}|d| + bd \right| \right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} \\ & \quad + \frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}}{ad\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*b*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d)/(a^(3/2)*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c)) + sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)/(a*d*sgn(d*x + c))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} (c + dx)}{ad} - \frac{b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2} d}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)*(c + d*x))/(a*d) - (b*atanh((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/(a^(3/2)*d)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx + c} \sqrt{adx + ac + b} a - \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{adx+ac+b} + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b}{a^2 d}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a - sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b)/(a**2*d)`

$$3.40 \quad \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

Optimal result	466
Mathematica [A] (verified)	466
Rubi [A] (verified)	467
Maple [B] (verified)	469
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	470
Sympy [F]	471
Maxima [F]	471
Giac [F(-2)]	472
Mupad [F(-1)]	472
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	472

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b+ac}}$$

output

```
2*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)-2*c^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(
a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/(a*c+b)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b-ac}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]),x]
```

output

```
(2*sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])/sqrt[-b - a*c]])/sqrt[-b - a*c] + (2*ArcTanh[sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])/sqrt[a])/sqrt[a]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 97, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int - \frac{1}{dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & - \int \frac{1}{(c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1 \right)} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \int - \frac{c + dx}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c + dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int \frac{c + dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c + dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{97}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{b} - \frac{2c \int \frac{1}{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{c}{b(c+dx)^2} + 1} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac+b}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]),x]`

output `(2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a] - (2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[b + a*c])/Sqrt[b + a*c])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 97 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 525 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 526, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.83

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}(dx+c)\left(-2\sqrt{(ac+b)}c\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+bdx+bc}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)acd+2\sqrt{ad^2}\ln\left(\frac{2adxc+2ae^2+bdx}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(-2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2
*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/
2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2
*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a
*c^2-((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a
c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b*d+2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^
2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*b*c-((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c
*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b*d+2
*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)-2*(a*d^2*x^
2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2))/((a*d*
x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)/((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.25

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[a\sqrt{\frac{c}{ac+b}} \log \left(-\frac{2ac^2+(2ac+b)dx+2bc-2(ac^2+(ac+b)dx+bc)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}\sqrt{\frac{c}{ac+b}}}{x} \right) + \sqrt{a} \log \left(2adx + 2ac + 2(dx + c) \right) \right]}{a}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[(a*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*(a*c^2 +
(a*c + b)*d*x + b*c))*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))
/x) + sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c
+ b)/(d*x + c)) + b)/a, (2*a*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(sqrt((a*d*x + a*c
+ b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))) + sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x
+ c))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b))/a, (a*sqrt(c/(a*c +
b))*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*(a*c^2 + (a*c + b)*d*x + b
*c))*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))/x) - 2*sqrt(-a)*a
rctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))/(a*d*x + a*c +
b)))/a, 2*(a*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*s
qrt(-c/(a*c + b))) - sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c
+ b)/(d*x + c))/(a*d*x + a*c + b)))/a]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}}x} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))*x), x)
```

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b} \log\left(\sqrt{adx + ac + b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{ac + b} + 2ac + b + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{dx + c}}\right) a + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b} \log\left(\sqrt{adx + ac + b} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{ac + b} + 2ac + b + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{dx + c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b}}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*
sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c +
b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a
*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a
*d*x)*a + 2*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sq
rt(b))*a*c + 2*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))
/sqrt(b))*b)/(a*(a*c + b))
```

3.41
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

Optimal result	474
Mathematica [A] (verified)	474
Rubi [A] (verified)	475
Maple [B] (verified)	477
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	478
Sympy [F]	478
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Mupad [F(-1)]	480
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	480

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(b + ac)x} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(b + ac)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)/x-b*d*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{(c + dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{(b + ac)x} - \frac{bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(-b - ac)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]),x]
```

output

```

-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])/((b + a*c)*x)) - (b*d*ArcT
an[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(Sqrt[c]*(
-b - a*c)^(3/2))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {896, 941, 946, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
& d \int \frac{1}{d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
& d \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{946} \\
& -d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
& -d \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& -d \left(\frac{\int \frac{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} + 1}{ac+b} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{ac+b} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 221$$

$$-d \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}(ac+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]),x]`

output `-(d*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/((b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[b + a*c])/Sqrt[c]*(b + a*c)^(3/2)))/((b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs. $2(70) = 140$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ac^2 + bcdx} \log\left(-\frac{2ac^2 + (2ac+b)dx + 2bc - 2\sqrt{ac^2 + bc(dx+c)}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{x}\right) - 2(ac^3 + bc^2 + (ac^2 + bc)dx)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{2(a^2c^3 + 2abc^2 + b^2c)x}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*b*d*x*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/x) - 2*(a*c^3 + b*c^2 + (a*c^2 + b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*x), (sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*b*d*x*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c)) - (a*c^3 + b*c^2 + (a*c^2 + b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))*x^2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 282 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{bd \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}(ac \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + b \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c))}$$

$$-\frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2|d| + 2\left(\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}}\right)acd + 2\sqrt{abc}|d| + \left(\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}}\right)^2}{\left(ac^2 - \left(\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}}\right)^2 + bc\right)(ac \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + b \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c))}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b*d*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c))/(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(a*c*sgn(d*x + c) + b*sgn(d*x + c))) - (2*a^(3/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a*c*d + 2*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*b*d)/((a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2 + b*c)*(a*c*sgn(d*x + c) + b*sgn(d*x + c)))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}ac^2 - 2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}bc + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+b}\log\left(\sqrt{adx+ac+b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{2c^2}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*c**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b*d*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b*d*x - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x)*b*d*x)/(2*c*x*(a**2*c**2 + 2*a*b*c + b**2))`

3.42
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{(b + 4ac)d(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4c(b + ac)^2x} - \frac{(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2c(b + ac)x^2} + \frac{b(b + 4ac)d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}(b + ac)^{5/2}}$$

output `1/4*(4*a*c+b)*d*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c/(a*c+b)^2/x-1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c/(a*c+b)/x^2+1/4*b*(4*a*c+b)*d^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(a*c+b)^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(2ac(c-dx) + b(2c+dx))}{4c(b+ac)^2 x^2} - \frac{b(b+4ac)d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}(-b-ac)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]),x]`

output

```
-1/4*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(2*a*c*(c - d*x) + b*(2*c + d*x)))/(c*(b + a*c)^2*x^2) - (b*(b + 4*a*c)*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(4*c^(3/2)*(-b - a*c)^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 87, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & d^2 \int \frac{1}{d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -d^2 \int -\frac{1}{d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c+dx) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 941 \\
 & -d^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3} d(c+dx) \\
 & \downarrow 948 \\
 & d^2 \int -\frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & -d^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4c(ac+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2c(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac+b) \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{4c(ac+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2c(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac+b) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} + 1}{ac+b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{ac+b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{4c(ac+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2c(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{(4ac + b) \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}(ac+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} \right)}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]),x]`

output

```
d^2*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/(c*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + ((b +
4*a*c)*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/((b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) + (b*ArcTanh[(
Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[b + a*c]]/(Sqrt[c]*(b + a*c)^(3/2))))
/(4*c*(b + a*c)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1029 vs. $2(123) = 246$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1030, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.20

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1030

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/8*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(12*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+
b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*c*d^3*x^3+4*ln(1/2*(2
*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/
2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*x^2-4*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^
2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a^2*b*c^3*d^2*x^2-4*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*
(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d
^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*x^2+8*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c
+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^2+12*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c
)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^2+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c
*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b*d^3*x^3-5*
(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2
*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2+12*(a*d^2*x^2+
2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b*c*d^2
*x^2-(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*
x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*b^3*c*d^2*x^2-12*(a*d^2*x^2
+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*c*d*x+
2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1
/2)*b^2*d^2*x^2+4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*c^2-2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left((4abc + b^2) \sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^2} x^2 \log \left(-\frac{2ac^2 + (2ac+b)dx + 2bc + 2\sqrt{ac^2 + bc}(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{x} \right) - 2(2a^2c^5 + 4abc^4 + 2b^2c^3) x^2 \right)}{8(a^3c^5 + 3a^2bc^4 + 3ab^2c^3 + b^3c^2) x^2}$$

$$- \frac{\left((4abc + b^2) \sqrt{-ac^2 - bcd^2} x^2 \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}(dx+c) \sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{acd^2x + ac^2 + bc} \right) + (2a^2c^5 + 4abc^4 + 2b^2c^3 - (2a^2c^3 + 2abc^2) x^2) \right)}{4(a^3c^5 + 3a^2bc^4 + 3ab^2c^3 + b^3c^2) x^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*((4*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^2*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c + 2*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))))/x) - 2*(2*a^2*c^5 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 - (2*a^2*c^3 + a*b*c^2 - b^2*c)*d^2*x^2 + 3*(a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^3*c^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^2)*x^2), -1/4*((4*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^2*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c)) + (2*a^2*c^5 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 - (2*a^2*c^3 + a*b*c^2 - b^2*c)*d^2*x^2 + 3*(a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^3*c^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^2)*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**3/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}} x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))*x^3), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 737 vs. $2(123) = 246$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 737, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(4abcd^2 + b^2d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}}\right)}{4(a^2c^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + 2abc^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + b^2c \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c))\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}}$$

$$+ \frac{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}c^5d|d| + 16\left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}\right)a^3c^4d^2 + 8\left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx}\right)a^3c^4d^2}{4(a^2c^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + 2abc^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + b^2c \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c))\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*(4*a*b*c*d^2 + b^2*d^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a
*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c))/((a^2*c^3*sgn(d*x + c)
+ 2*a*b*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + b^2*c*sgn(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)) + 1/4*(
8*a^(7/2)*c^5*d*abs(d) + 16*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x +
a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^3*c^4*d^2 + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*
a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^(5/2)*c^3*d*abs(d) + 16*a^(5/2)*b*c^4*
d*abs(d) + 28*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x
+ b*c))*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 + 16*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a
*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d*abs(d) + 8*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^3*d*abs(d)
+ 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3
*a*b*c*d^2 + 13*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*
x + b*c))*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x +
a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*sqrt(a)*b^2*c*d*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d
^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*b^2*d^2 + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sq
rt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*b^3*c*d^2)/((a^2*c^3*sgn(
d*x + c) + 2*a*b*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + b^2*c*sgn(d*x + c))*(a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d
^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2 + b*c)^2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 866, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*c**5 + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt
(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*c**4*d*x - 20*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a
**2*b*c**4 + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*c**3*d*x - 16*sq
rt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*c**3 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c +
a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x - 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**3*c
**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**3*c*d*x - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) +
2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b)
+ 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) +
2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**3*d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c +
b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a
*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*
c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) +
2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c
+ b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*
a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**3*d**2*x**2 + 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)
*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sq
rt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*1...
```

$$3.43 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

Optimal result	491
Mathematica [A] (verified)	492
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	499
Mupad [F(-1)]	500
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	500

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{(b^2 + 4abc + 8a^2c^2) d^2 (c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8c^2 (b + ac)^3 x} + \frac{(7b + 12ac) d (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{12c^2 (b + ac)^2 x^2} - \frac{(c + dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c^2 (b + ac) x^3} - \frac{b(b^2 + 4abc + 8a^2c^2) d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{8c^{5/2} (b + ac)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(8*a^2*c^2+4*a*b*c+b^2)*d^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^2/(a*c+b)^3
/x+1/12*(12*a*c+7*b)*d*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^2/(a*c+b)^2/x^2-1/3
*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c^2/(a*c+b)/x^3-1/8*b*(8*a^2*c^2+4*a*b*c+b^
2)*d^3*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(a*c+b)^(
7/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(c + dx) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}} (2abc(8c^2 - 3cdx - 5d^2x^2) + b^2(8c^2 + 2cdx - 3d^2x^2) + 8a^2c^2(c^2 - cdx + d^2x^2))}{24c^2(b + ac)^3x^3}$$

$$- \frac{b(b^2 + 4abc + 8a^2c^2) d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}(-b - ac)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]),x]`

output `-1/24*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(2*a*b*c*(8*c^2 - 3*c*d*x - 5*d^2*x^2) + b^2*(8*c^2 + 2*c*d*x - 3*d^2*x^2) + 8*a^2*c^2*(c^2 - c*d*x + d^2*x^2)))/(c^2*(b + a*c)^3*x^3) - (b*(b^2 + 4*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*d^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])]/Sqrt[-b - a*c])/(8*c^(5/2)*(-b - a*c)^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 941, 948, 100, 27, 87, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$d^3 \int \frac{1}{d^4 x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d(c + dx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 941 \\
 & d^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^4} d(c+dx) \\
 & \downarrow 948 \\
 & -d^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \downarrow 100 \\
 & -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{b+6ac+\frac{6c(b+ac)}{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{3c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{b+6ac+\frac{6c(b+ac)}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{6c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(12ac+7b)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3(8a^2c^2+4abc+b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4(ac+b)}}{6c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(12ac+7b)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3(8a^2c^2+4abc+b^2) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{4(ac+b)}}{6c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{(12ac+7b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3(8a^2c^2+4abc+b^2) \left(\frac{\int \frac{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} + 1}{ac+b} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{4(ac+b)} \right) \frac{1}{6c^2(ac+b)}$$

221

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{(12ac+7b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3(8a^2c^2+4abc+b^2) \left(\frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(ac+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{4(ac+b)} \right) \frac{1}{6c^2(ac+b)}$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]),x]`

output `-(d^3*(sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/(3*c^2*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) - (((7*b + 12*a*c)*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/(2*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) - (3*(b^2 + 4*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*(sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/((b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x)))) + (b*ArcTanh[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/sqrt[b + a*c])/sqrt[c]*(b + a*c)^(3/2))]/(4*(b + a*c)))/(6*c^2*(b + a*c))))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1533 vs. $2(191) = 382$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1534, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.13

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1534

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/48*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(-96*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c^2*d^4*x^4-24*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*b*c^3*d^4*x^3+24*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a^3*b*c^4*d^3*x^3+24*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^3*b*c^3*d^4*x^3-96*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c^3*d^3*x^3-36*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c*d^4*x^4-48*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c^3*d^3*x^3+36*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3*x^3-108*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*x^3-6*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*d^4*x^4+15*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a*b^3*c^2*d^3*x^3+96*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^2-36*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*c*d^3*...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 621, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(8a^2bc^2 + 4ab^2c + b^3)\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^3}x^3 \log\left(-\frac{2ac^2+(2ac+b)dx+2bc-2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}(dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{x}\right) - 2(8a^3c^7 + \dots}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 4*a*b^2*c + b^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^3*x^3*log(-(2
*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d
*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/x) - 2*(8*a^3*c^7 + 24*a^2*b*c^6 + 24*a*b^2*c^5
+ 8*b^3*c^4 + (8*a^3*c^4 - 2*a^2*b*c^3 - 13*a*b^2*c^2 - 3*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3 -
(16*a^2*b*c^4 + 17*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^2)*d^2*x^2 + 10*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2
*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^4*c^7 + 4*a^3*
b*c^6 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^5 + 4*a*b^3*c^4 + b^4*c^3)*x^3), 1/24*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2
+ 4*a*b^2*c + b^3)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^3*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d
*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c)) - (8*a^
3*c^7 + 24*a^2*b*c^6 + 24*a*b^2*c^5 + 8*b^3*c^4 + (8*a^3*c^4 - 2*a^2*b*c^3
- 13*a*b^2*c^2 - 3*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3 - (16*a^2*b*c^4 + 17*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^
2)*d^2*x^2 + 10*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c
+ b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^4*c^7 + 4*a^3*b*c^6 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^5 + 4*a*b^3*c^4 +
b^4*c^3)*x^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**4/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**4*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx+c}} x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c))*x^4), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1397 vs. $2(191) = 382$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1397, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.50

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*(8*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + 4*a*b^2*c*d^3 + b^3*d^3)*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x -
sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c))/((a^
3*c^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*a^2*b*c^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*a*b^2*c^3*sgn(d*x + c) +
b^3*c^2*sgn(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)) - 1/24*(64*a^(11/2)*c^8*d^2*abs
(d) + 192*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*
c))*a^5*c^7*d^3 + 192*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2
+ b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^(9/2)*c^6*d^2*abs(d) + 208*a^(9/2)*b*c^7*d^2*abs(d) +
64*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*a
^4*c^5*d^3 + 600*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d
*x + b*c))*a^4*b*c^6*d^3 + 624*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x
+ a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^(7/2)*b*c^5*d^2*abs(d) + 240*a^(7/2)*b^2*c^6*
d^2*abs(d) + 256*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d
*x + b*c))^3*a^3*b*c^4*d^3 + 684*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d
*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 720*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d
^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^(5/2)*b^2*c^4*d^2*abs(d) +
112*a^(5/2)*b^3*c^5*d^2*abs(d) - 24*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*
c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^5*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + 288*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(
a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 339*(sqr
t(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^2*b^3*c^
4*d^3 + 336*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x...
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1278, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c**7 + 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c**6*d*x - 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*c**5*d**2*x**2 - 112*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**6 + 72*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**5*d*x - 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 144*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c**5 + 44*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c**4*d*x + 56*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 80*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3*c**4 + 38*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**4*c**3 - 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**4*c**2*d*x + 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**4*c*d**2*x**2 + 48*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**3*b*c**3*d**3*x**3 + 48*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**3*c*d**3*x**3 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**4*d**3*x**3 + 48*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt...
```

3.44 $\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	502
Mathematica [A] (verified)	503
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Mupad [F(-1)]	512
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	512

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 280

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b(b+ac)^3}{a^5 d^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{(187b^3 + 456ab^2c + 336a^2bc^2 + 64a^3c^3)(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{64a^5 d^4} + \frac{(41b^2 + 88abc + 48a^2c^2)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{32a^4 d^4} - \frac{(5b + 8ac)(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8a^3 d^4} + \frac{(c+dx)^4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4a^2 d^4} + \frac{3b(105b^3 + 280ab^2c + 240a^2bc^2 + 64a^3c^3) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{11/2} d^4}$$

output

```
-2*b*(a*c+b)^3/a^5/d^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/64*(64*a^3*c^3+336*a^2*b*c^2+
456*a*b^2*c+187*b^3)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^5/d^4+1/32*(48*a^2*c^2+
88*a*b*c+41*b^2)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^4/d^4-1/8*(8*a*c+5*b)*(d*
x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d^4+1/4*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d
^4+3/64*b*(64*a^3*c^3+240*a^2*b*c^2+280*a*b^2*c+105*b^3)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x
+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(11/2)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(315b^4+105ab^3(9c+dx)+2a^2b^2(479c^2+98cdx-21d^2x^2))+8a^3b(43c^3+11c^2dx-5cd^2x^2+3d^3x^3)}{b+a(c+dx)} + \frac{64a^{11/2}d^4}{b+a(c+dx)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-((Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(315*b^4 + 105*a*b^3*(9*c + d*x) + 2*a^2*b^2*(479*c^2 + 98*c*d*x - 21*d^2*x^2) + 8*a^3*b*(43*c^3 + 11*c^2*d*x - 5*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*x^3) + 16*a^4*(c^4 - d^4*x^4)))/(b + a*(c + d*x))) + 3*b*(105*b^3 + 280*a*b^2*c + 240*a^2*b*c^2 + 64*a^3*c^3)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(64*a^(11/2)*d^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 109, 27, 161, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \int \frac{d^3x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \int -\frac{d^3x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 941 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 948 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^5 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^5 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 109 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(3(3b+4ac) - \frac{c(5b+8ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 (c+dx)^4}{4a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(3(3b+4ac) - \frac{c(5b+8ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 (c+dx)^4}{4a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 161 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(64a^3c^3 + 240a^2bc^2 + 280ab^2c + 105b^3) \int \frac{(c+dx)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a^2b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{16a^3c^3 + 50a^2bc^2 + 56ab^2c + 21b^3}{c+dx} + ab(4ac+3b)\right)}{a^2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}}{8a} + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 (c+dx)^4}{4a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 52
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(64a^3c^3 + 240a^2bc^2 + 280ab^2c + 105b^3) \left(\frac{3b \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a} \right)}{2a^2b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{16a^3c^3 + 50a^2bc^2 + 56ab^2c + 21b^3}{c+dx} + ab(4ac+3b) \right)}{a^2b\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}$$

$8a$

d^4

↓ 52

$$\frac{(64a^3c^3 + 240a^2bc^2 + 280ab^2c + 105b^3) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a} \right)}{2a^2b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{16a^3c^3 + 50a^2bc^2 + 56ab^2c + 21b^3}{c+dx} + ab(4ac+3b) \right)}{a^2b\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}$$

$8a$

d^4

↓ 73

$$\frac{(64a^3c^3 + 240a^2bc^2 + 280ab^2c + 105b^3) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a} \right)}{2a^2b} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{16a^3c^3 + 50a^2bc^2 + 56ab^2c + 21b^3}{c+dx} + ab(4ac+3b) \right)}{a^2b\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}$$

$8a$

d^4

↓ 221

$$\frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{16a^3c^3+50a^2bc^2+56ab^2c+21b^3}{c+dx} + ab(4ac+3b) \right)}{a^2b\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{(64a^3c^3+240a^2bc^2+280ab^2c+105b^3)}{4a} \frac{\left(\frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a} \right)}{2a^2b}$$

$$\frac{\hspace{15em}}{8a} \frac{\hspace{15em}}{d^4}$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x]`

output `((((c + d*x)^4*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2)/(4*a*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]) + (-(((c + d*x)^3*(a*b*(3*b + 4*a*c) + (21*b^3 + 56*a*b^2*c + 50*a^2*b*c^2 + 16*a^3*c^3)/(c + d*x)))/(a^2*b*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])) - ((105*b^3 + 280*a*b^2*c + 240*a^2*b*c^2 + 64*a^3*c^3)*(-1/2*((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/a - (3*b*(-((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/a) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/(2*a^2*b))/(8*a))/d^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 109 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
 ^p_, x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((e + f
 x)^(p + 1)/(b(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))
 Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*(d*e*(n - 1)
 + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m - n + 2) - c*f*(m + p + 2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n + p)
 + b*(d*e*(m + 1) - c*f*(m + n + p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
 d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] ||
 IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`
- rule 161 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
 ((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)), x_] := Simp[((b^2*c*d*e*g*(n + 1) + a^2*c*d*f*h*(n +
 1) + a*b*(d^2*e*g*(m + 1) + c^2*f*h*(m + 1) - c*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 2))
 + (a^2*d^2*f*h*(n + 1) - a*b*d^2*(f*g + e*h)*(n + 1) + b^2*(c^2*f*h*(m + 1)
) - c*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) + d^2*e*g*(m + n + 2))*x)/(b*d*(b*c - a*d)^2*(
 m + 1)*(n + 1))*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1), x] - Simp[(a^2*d^2*f*
 h*(2 + 3*n + n^2) + a*b*d*(n + 1)*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n +
 3)) + b^2*(c^2*f*h*(2 + 3*m + m^2) - c*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3) +
 d^2*e*g*(6 + m^2 + 5*n + n^2 + m*(2*n + 5)))/(b*d*(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(
 n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
 d, e, f, g, h}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
 icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
 mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /;
 FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3909 vs. $2(254) = 508$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3910, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.96

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3910

input `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/128*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/a^5/d^4*(378*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*
x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)
/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^4*c*d^2*x-276*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(
1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b^2*d^3*x^3-576*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b
*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^5*c^4*d*x+6912*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x
+c))^(1/2)*a^3*b^2*c^2*d*x-2340*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2
)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*c*d*x+5376*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(
1/2)*a^2*b^3*c*d*x+96*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c
^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^2*x-26
88*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^4*c*d^2*x+768*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x
+c))^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*d^2*x^2+336*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*
c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^3*b^3*c^2
*d^2*x-768*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^
2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^2-552*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+
a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b^4*d*x+1536*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+
a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a*b^4*d*x+357*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2
+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^
4*c^2*d+138*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b
*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^5*d^2*x-768*(a*d^2)^(1/...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 734, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/128*(3*(64*a^4*b*c^4 + 304*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 520*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 385*a*b^4*c
+ 105*b^5 + (64*a^4*b*c^3 + 240*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 280*a^2*b^3*c + 105*a*b^4)*d
*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c +
b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(16*a^5*d^5*x^5 - 16*a^5*c^5 - 344*a^4*b*c^4 + 8*(2
*a^5*c - 3*a^4*b)*d^4*x^4 - 958*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 945*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 2*(8*a^4*b
*c + 21*a^3*b^2)*d^3*x^3 - 315*a*b^4*c - (48*a^4*b*c^2 + 154*a^3*b^2*c + 1
05*a^2*b^3)*d^2*x^2 - (16*a^5*c^4 + 432*a^4*b*c^3 + 1154*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 105
0*a^2*b^3*c + 315*a*b^4)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^7*d^5*
x + (a^7*c + a^6*b)*d^4), -1/64*(3*(64*a^4*b*c^4 + 304*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 520*a
^2*b^3*c^2 + 385*a*b^4*c + 105*b^5 + (64*a^4*b*c^3 + 240*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 280
*a^2*b^3*c + 105*a*b^4)*d*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*
x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b)) - (16*a^5*d^5*x^5 - 16*a^5*c^5
- 344*a^4*b*c^4 + 8*(2*a^5*c - 3*a^4*b)*d^4*x^4 - 958*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 945*a^
2*b^3*c^2 + 2*(8*a^4*b*c + 21*a^3*b^2)*d^3*x^3 - 315*a*b^4*c - (48*a^4*b*c
^2 + 154*a^3*b^2*c + 105*a^2*b^3)*d^2*x^2 - (16*a^5*c^4 + 432*a^4*b*c^3 +
1154*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 1050*a^2*b^3*c + 315*a*b^4)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)
/(d*x + c)))/(a^7*d^5*x + (a^7*c + a^6*b)*d^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3/((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate(x^3/(a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 685 vs. $2(254) = 508$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 685, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/64*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*(4*x*(2*x/(a^2*d
*sgn(d*x + c)) - (2*a^17*c*d^11 + 5*a^16*b*d^11)/(a^19*d^13*sgn(d*x + c)))
+ (8*a^17*c^2*d^10 + 48*a^16*b*c*d^10 + 41*a^15*b^2*d^10)/(a^19*d^13*sgn(
d*x + c)))*x - (16*a^17*c^3*d^9 + 200*a^16*b*c^2*d^9 + 374*a^15*b^2*c*d^9
+ 187*a^14*b^3*d^9)/(a^19*d^13*sgn(d*x + c))) - 1/128*(64*a^3*b*c^3 + 240*
a^2*b^2*c^2 + 280*a*b^3*c + 105*b^4)*log(abs(2*a^3*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*
x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^(5/2)*c^2*abs(d)
+ 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*
a^2*c*d + 5*a^2*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x +
a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*a^(3/2)*abs(d) + 10*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^
2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^(3/2)*b*c*abs(d) + 5*(sqrt(a*d^2)*
x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a*b*d + 4*a*b^2*c
*d + 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))
*sqrt(a)*b^2*abs(d) + b^3*d))/(a^(11/2)*d^3*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c)) - 1/128*(
64*a^(17/2)*b*c^3*d^4*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 240*a^(15/2)*b^2*c^2*d^4*abs(d)
)*sgn(d*x + c) + 280*a^(13/2)*b^3*c*d^4*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 105*a^(11/2)
*b^4*d^4*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))*log(abs(a))/(a^11*d^9)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 482, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{192\sqrt{a}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{adx+ac+b}+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a^3 b c^3 + 720\sqrt{a}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{adx+ac+b}+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(192*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b*c**3 + 720*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2*c**2 + 840*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3*c + 315*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**4 - 144*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*b*c**3 - 480*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c**2 - 525*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**3*c - 189*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**4 - 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*c**4 + 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*d**4*x**4 - 344*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b*c**3 - 88*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b*c**2*d*x + 40*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b*d**3*x**3 - 958*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**2*c**2 - 196*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**2*c*d*x + 42*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**2*d**2*x**2 - 945*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c - 105*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x - 315*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**4)/(64*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**6*d**4)
```

3.45
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	513
Mathematica [A] (verified)	514
Rubi [A] (verified)	514
Maple [B] (verified)	519
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	520
Sympy [F]	520
Maxima [F]	521
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	521
Mupad [F(-1)]	522
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	522

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b(b+ac)^2}{a^4 d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} + \frac{(19b^2 + 28abc + 8a^2c^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8a^4 d^3} - \frac{(11b + 12ac)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{12a^3 d^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3a^2 d^3} - \frac{b(35b^2 + 60abc + 24a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{9/2} d^3}$$

output

```
2*b*(a*c+b)^2/a^4/d^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(8*a^2*c^2+28*a*b*c+19*b^2)*
(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^4/d^3-1/12*(12*a*c+11*b)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x
+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^3-1/8*b*(24*a^2
*c^2+60*a*b*c+35*b^2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(c+dx)}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(105b^3+5ab^2(43c+7dx)+2a^2b(59c^2+16cdx-7d^2x^2)+8a^3(c^3+d^3x^3))}{b+a(c+dx)} - \frac{3b(35b^2+60a^2c)}{24a^{9/2}d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x]`

output `((Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(105*b^3 + 5*a*b^2*(43*c + 7*d*x) + 2*a^2*b*(59*c^2 + 16*c*d*x - 7*d^2*x^2) + 8*a^3*(c^3 + d^3*x^3)))/(b + a*(c + d*x)) - 3*b*(35*b^2 + 60*a*b*c + 24*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]]/Sqrt[a]]/(24*a^(9/2)*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 941, 948, 100, 27, 87, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \int \frac{d^2 x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\ & \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\ & \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c + dx) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 948 \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 100 \\
 & \int -\frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(-\frac{6ac^2}{c+dx} + 12ac + 7b\right)}{2\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(-\frac{6ac^2}{c+dx} + 12ac + 7b\right)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(24a^2c^2 + 60abc + 35b^2) \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} - \frac{(12ac + 7b)(c+dx)^2}{2a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{(24a^2c^2 + 60abc + 35b^2) \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{c+dx}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(12ac + 7b)(c+dx)^2}{2a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(24a^2c^2+60abc+35b^2) \left(\frac{3b \left(\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(12ac+7b)(c+dx)^2}{2a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}$$

d^3
↓ 73

$$\frac{(24a^2c^2+60abc+35b^2) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(12ac+7b)(c+dx)^2}{2a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}$$

d^3
↓ 221

$$\frac{(24a^2c^2+60abc+35b^2) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(12ac+7b)(c+dx)^2}{2a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}$$

input `Int [x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x]`

output

$$-\left(-\frac{1}{3}(c + dx)^3/\sqrt{a + b/(c + dx)}\right) - \left(-\frac{1}{2}((7b + 12ac)(c + dx)^2)/\sqrt{a + b/(c + dx)}\right) - \left(\frac{35b^2 + 60ab^2c + 24a^2c^2}{(c + dx)\sqrt{a + b/(c + dx)}}\right) - \left(\frac{3b(2/\sqrt{a + b/(c + dx)}) - (2\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b/(c + dx)}/\sqrt{a}])}{2a}\right)/(4a)/(6a)/d^3$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 52

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \&\& \operatorname{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \operatorname{FractionQ}[n] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 61

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \operatorname{!(LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& (\operatorname{EqQ}[a, 0] \operatorname{||} (\operatorname{NeQ}[c, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[n]))) \&\& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[p/b \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !EqQ[e, 0] || !EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))]`

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^p_.*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^q_.*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p_.*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2931 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2932, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.16

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	2932

input `int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/48*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/a^4/d^3*(72*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+
2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*
a^4*b*c^2*d^3*x^2+624*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(
1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^3*c*d^2*x-32*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(
a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a^3*c*d*x-32*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d
^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*a^2*b*d*x-480*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+
c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b^3*d*x+150*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a
*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*d^2*x^2-54*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^
2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a
^2*b^3*c*d^2*x-288*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^4*c^3*d*x
-384*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*c*d^2*x^2+300*(a*d^
2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^3*b*c*d^2*x^2-1056*
((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*c^2*d*x+420*(a*d^2)^(1/2
)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^3*b*c^2*d*x-1248*((a*d*x+a
*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*c*d*x+396*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*
x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*c*d*x+192*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2
*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a
^3*b^2*c*d^3*x^2-16*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3
/2)*a*b^2+144*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a
*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^4*b*c^3*d^2*x+120*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 571, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(24a^3bc^3 + 84a^2b^2c^2 + 95ab^3c + 35b^4 + (24a^3bc^2 + 60a^2b^2c + 35ab^3)dx)\sqrt{a} \log}{\dots} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(3*(24*a^3*b*c^3 + 84*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 95*a*b^3*c + 35*b^4 + (24*a^3*b*c^2 + 60*a^2*b^2*c + 35*a*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(8*a^4*d^4*x^4 + 8*a^4*c^4 + 118*a^3*b*c^3 + 2*(4*a^4*c - 7*a^3*b)*d^3*x^3 + 215*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 105*a*b^3*c + (18*a^3*b*c + 35*a^2*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + (8*a^4*c^3 + 150*a^3*b*c^2 + 250*a^2*b^2*c + 105*a*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^6*d^4*x + (a^6*c + a^5*b)*d^3), 1/24*(3*(24*a^3*b*c^3 + 84*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 95*a*b^3*c + 35*b^4 + (24*a^3*b*c^2 + 60*a^2*b^2*c + 35*a*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) + (8*a^4*d^4*x^4 + 8*a^4*c^4 + 118*a^3*b*c^3 + 2*(4*a^4*c - 7*a^3*b)*d^3*x^3 + 215*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 105*a*b^3*c + (18*a^3*b*c + 35*a^2*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + (8*a^4*c^3 + 150*a^3*b*c^2 + 250*a^2*b^2*c + 105*a*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^6*d^4*x + (a^6*c + a^5*b)*d^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2/((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/(a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 599 vs. 2(185) = 370.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{24} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(2x \left(\frac{4x}{a^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} - \frac{4a^{11}cd^6 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{a} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{(24a^2bc^2 + 60ab^2c + 35b^3) \log \left(\left| 2a^3c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2|d \right| + 6 \right)}{48a^9d^7} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{\left(24a^{\frac{13}{2}}bc^2d^3|d \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 60a^{\frac{11}{2}}b^2cd^3|d \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 35a^{\frac{9}{2}}b^3d^3|d \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) \right) \log(|a|)}{48a^9d^7} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/24*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*x*(4*x/(a^2*d*sgn(d*x + c)) - (4*a^11*c*d^6*sgn(d*x + c) + 11*a^10*b*d^6*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^13*d^8)) + (8*a^11*c^2*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 62*a^10*b*c*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 57*a^9*b^2*d^5*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^13*d^8)) + 1/48*(24*a^2*b*c^2 + 60*a*b^2*c + 35*b^3)*log(abs(2*a^3*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^(5/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^2*c*d + 5*a^2*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*a^(3/2)*abs(d) + 10*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^(3/2)*b*c*abs(d) + 5*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a*b*d + 4*a*b^2*c*d + 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b^2*abs(d) + b^3*d))/a^(9/2)*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c)) + 1/48*(24*a^(13/2)*b*c^2*d^3*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 60*a^(11/2)*b^2*c*d^3*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 35*a^(9/2)*b^3*d^3*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))*log(abs(a))/(a^9*d^7)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-576\sqrt{a}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{adx+ac+b}+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)a^2bc^2 - 1440\sqrt{a}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{adx+ac+b}+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
( - 576*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)
*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b*c**2 - 1440*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*
log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c - 84
0*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(
c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**3 + 432*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*c**2 +
960*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*c + 525*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x
+ b)*b**3 + 64*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*c**3 + 64*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*d**3*x**3 +
944*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b*c**2 + 256*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b*c*d*x - 112*sqrt
(c + d*x)*a**3*b*d**2*x**2 + 1720*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c + 280*sqrt(c +
d*x)*a**2*b**2*d*x + 840*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**3)/(192*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)
*a**5*d**3)
```


3.46
$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	524
Mathematica [A] (verified)	525
Rubi [A] (verified)	525
Maple [B] (verified)	529
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	530
Sympy [F]	530
Maxima [F]	531
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	531
Mupad [F(-1)]	532
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	532

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b(b+ac)}{a^3 d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{(7b+4ac)(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4a^3 d^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2a^2 d^2} + \frac{3b(5b+4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{7/2} d^2}$$

output `-2*b*(a*c+b)/a^3/d^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/4*(4*a*c+7*b)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d^2+1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^2+3/4*b*(4*a*c+5*b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(15b^2+ab(17c+5dx)+2a^2(c^2-d^2x^2))}{b+a(c+dx)} + 3b(5b+4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{7/2}d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x]`output `(-((Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(15*b^2 + a*b*(17*c + 5*d*x) + 2*a^2*(c^2 - d^2*x^2)))/(b + a*(c + d*x))) + 3*b*(5*b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(7/2)*d^2)`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.588$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 87, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{dx}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{dx}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)\left(\frac{c}{c+dx}-1\right)}{\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^3\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{(4ac+5b) \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{(4ac+5b) \left(-\frac{3b \int \frac{c+dx}{\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{(4ac+5b) \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(4ac+5b) \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}$$

d^2

↓ 221

$$\frac{(4ac+5b) \left(\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}$$

d^2

input `Int[x/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x]`

output `((c + d*x)^2/(2*a*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]) + ((5*b + 4*a*c)*(-(c + d*x)/(a*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])) - (3*b*(2/(a*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(2*a)))/(4*a))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1887 vs. $2(125) = 250$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1888, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.20

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1888

input

```
int(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/a^3/d^2*(20*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2
*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c*d*x-112*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*
x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a^2*b*c*d*x+12*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+
a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c^2*d*x+8*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*
c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*d*x+56*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+
b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*x-64*(a*
d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a*b^2*d*x+40*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*
a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^
2*b^2*c^2*d-80*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^2+44*ln
(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)
/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^3*c*d-ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x
+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*c^2*d-2*
ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a
*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^3*c*d+10*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*
c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^2+8*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*
x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*c-24*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(
1/2)*a^3*c^3+4*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*
a^3*c^3+12*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^
2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^3*b*c*d^3*x^2+16*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+
b)*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*a^2*c+16*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left[\frac{3(4a^2bc^2 + 9ab^2c + 5b^3 + (4a^2bc + 5ab^2)dx)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2adx + 2ac + 2(dx+c)\sqrt{a}\right)}{3(4a^2bc^2 + 9ab^2c + 5b^3 + (4a^2bc + 5ab^2)dx)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{(dx+c)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}}{adx+ac+b}\right) - (2a^3d^3x^3 - 2a^3c^3 - 17a^2b^2c^2 + (2a^3c - 5a^2b)d^2x^2 - 15ab^2c - (2a^3c^2 + 22a^2bc + 15ab^2)d^2x)\sqrt{(a^5d^3x + (a^5c + a^4b)d^2)}\right]}{4(a^5d^3x + (a^5c + a^4b)d^2)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/8*(3*(4*a^2*b*c^2 + 9*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3 + (4*a^2*b*c + 5*a*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(2*a^3*d^3*x^3 - 2*a^3*c^3 - 17*a^2*b*c^2 + (2*a^3*c - 5*a^2*b)*d^2*x^2 - 15*a*b^2*c - (2*a^3*c^2 + 22*a^2*b*c + 15*a*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^5*d^3*x + (a^5*c + a^4*b)*d^2), -1/4*(3*(4*a^2*b*c^2 + 9*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3 + (4*a^2*b*c + 5*a*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) - (2*a^3*d^3*x^3 - 2*a^3*c^3 - 17*a^2*b*c^2 + (2*a^3*c - 5*a^2*b)*d^2*x^2 - 15*a*b^2*c - (2*a^3*c^2 + 22*a^2*b*c + 15*a*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^5*d^3*x + (a^5*c + a^4*b)*d^2)]`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(x/((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 500 vs. 2(125) = 250.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \left(\frac{2x}{a^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} - \frac{2a^6cd^2 + 7a^5bd^2}{a^8d^4 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} \right) \\ + \frac{(4abc + 5b^2) \log \left(\left| 2a^3c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2|d| + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) \right. \right.}{8a^7d^5} \\ \left. \left. \left(4a^{\frac{9}{2}}bcd^2|d| \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 5a^{\frac{7}{2}}b^2d^2|d| \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) \right) \log(|a|) \right)}{8a^7d^5}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/4*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)*(2*x/(a^2*d*sgn(d*x
+ c)) - (2*a^6*c*d^2 + 7*a^5*b*d^2)/(a^8*d^4*sgn(d*x + c))) - 1/8*(4*a*b*c
+ 5*b^2)*log(abs(2*a^3*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*
d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^(5/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a
*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^2*c*d + 5*a^2*b*c^2*d + 2
*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*a^(
3/2)*abs(d) + 10*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d
*x + b*c))*a^(3/2)*b*c*abs(d) + 5*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*
d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a*b*d + 4*a*b^2*c*d + 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqr
t(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b^2*abs(d) + b^3*d
))/(a^(7/2)*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c)) - 1/8*(4*a^(9/2)*b*c*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x
+ c) + 5*a^(7/2)*b^2*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))*log(abs(a))/(a^7*d^5)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{a}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{adx+ac+b}+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abc + 15\sqrt{a}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{adx+ac+b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c + 15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 9*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b*c - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*c**2 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*d**2*x**2 - 17*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c - 5*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b*d*x - 15*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**2)/(4*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**4*d**2)
```

$$3.47 \quad \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	534
Mathematica [A] (verified)	534
Rubi [A] (verified)	535
Maple [B] (verified)	537
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	538
Sympy [F]	539
Maxima [F]	539
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	539
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	540
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	540

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b}{a^2 d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} + \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{a^2 d} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2} d}$$

output `2*b/a^2/d/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)+(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d-3*b*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(3b+ac+adx)}{a^2 d(b+ac+adx)} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2} d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^-3/2, x]`

output

```
((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(3*b + a*c + a*d*x))/(a^2*d*(
b + a*c + a*d*x)) - (3*b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a
])/ (a^(5/2)*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {239, 773, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{239} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{3b \int \frac{c+dx}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{3b \left(\frac{\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} + \frac{2}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{3b \left(\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x))(-3/2), x]`

output `-((-(c + d*x)/(a*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])) - (3*b*(2/(a*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]]/a^(3/2)))/(2*a))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)(m + 1)*((c + d*x)(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)(m + 1)*(c + d*x)n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)(m + 1)*((c + d*x)(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)(m + 1)*(c + d*x)n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1
] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && Lin
 earQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`
- rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^
 2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 651 vs. $2(75) = 150$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 652, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.67

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}}(dx+c)\left(3\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x+2acd+2\sqrt{(adx+ac+b)(dx+c)}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)a^2bd^3x^2-6\sqrt{(adx+ac+b)(dx+c)}\sqrt{ad^2}a^2d^2x^2+6\ln\left(\right)\right)}{1}$

input `int(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/a^2/d*(3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*
c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*
b*d^3*x^2-6*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*d^2*x^2+6*ln(1
/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(
a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b*c*d^2*x-12*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
*a^2*c*d*x+3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*
d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b*c^2*d+6*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(
(a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^2*d^2*x
-6*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*c^2-12*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(
d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*d*x+6*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+
a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^2*c*d+4*a*((a*
d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)-12*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d
*x+c))^(1/2)*a*b*c+3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(
1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b^3*d-6*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b
)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*b^2)/((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*d*x+a*c+b)^2/(a*d^2
)^(1/2)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(abdx + abc + b^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2adx + 2ac - 2(dx+c)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{adx+ac+b}{dx+c}} + b\right) + 2(a^2d^2}{2(a^4d^2x + (a^4c + a^3b)d)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[1/2*(3*(a*b*d*x + a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c - 2*(d*x + c)*
sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + 2*(a^2*d^2*x^2 + a^2*c^2
+ 3*a*b*c + (2*a^2*c + 3*a*b)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^4
*d^2*x + (a^4*c + a^3*b)*d), (3*(a*b*d*x + a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d
*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b) + (a
^2*d^2*x^2 + a^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c + (2*a^2*c + 3*a*b)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c
+ b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^4*d^2*x + (a^4*c + a^3*b)*d)]

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b/(c + d*x))**(-3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 420 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b \log \left(\left| 2a^3c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2}x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2|d \right| + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2}x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc} \right) \right)}{2a^{\frac{5}{2}}d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} + \frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + bdx + bc}}{a^2d \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2*b*log(abs(2*a^3*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x
+ a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*a^(5/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2
*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a^2*c*d + 5*a^2*b*c^2*d + 2*(sq
rt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^3*a^(3/2)
*abs(d) + 10*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x +
b*c))*a^(3/2)*b*c*abs(d) + 5*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x
+ a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))^2*a*b*d + 4*a*b^2*c*d + 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a
d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b^2*abs(d) + b^3*d))/(
a^(5/2)*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c)) + 1/2*b*abs(d)*log(abs(a))/(a^(5/2)*d^2*sgn(d
*x + c)) + sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*d*x + b*c)/(a^2*d*sgn(d
x + c))

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\frac{2b}{a} - \frac{3b\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{a^2}}{d\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} - ad\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}d}$$

input

```
int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```

- ((2*b)/a - (3*b*(a + b/(c + d*x)))/a^2)/(d*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2) - a*d
*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)) - (3*b*atanh((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/(
a^(5/2)*d)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-12\sqrt{a}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{adx+ac+b}+\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b + 9\sqrt{a}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}b + 4\sqrt{dx-c}}{4\sqrt{adx+ac+b}a^3d}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*  
sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b + 9*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b + 4*sqrt(c +  
d*x)*a**2*c + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*d*x + 12*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b)/(4*sqrt(a*  
c + a*d*x + b)*a**3*d)
```

3.48
$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b}{a(b+ac)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}} + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2c^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{(b+ac)^{3/2}}$$

output

$$-2*b/a/(a*c+b)/(a+b/(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}+2*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b/(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}-2*c^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/2)}*(a+b/(d*x+c))^{(1/2)}/(a*c+b)^{(1/2)})/(a*c+b)^{(3/2)}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b}{a(b+ac)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}} - \frac{2c^{3/2}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{(-b-ac)^{3/2}} + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x]`

output $(-2*b)/(a*(b + a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]) - (2*c^{3/2}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/\text{Sqrt}[-b - a*c]])/(-b - a*c)^{3/2} + (2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{3/2}$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 96, 25, 174, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 896 \\ & \int \frac{1}{dx \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & - \int -\frac{1}{dx \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 941 \\ & - \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 948 \\ & \int -\frac{c+dx}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \frac{c+dx}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{96} \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)\left(-\frac{cb}{c+dx} + b + ac\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{2b}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)\left(-\frac{cb}{c+dx} + b + ac\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{2b}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{174} \\
& - \frac{ac^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + (ac+b) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{2b}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& - \frac{2ac^2 \int \frac{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 + 1}}{b} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} + \frac{2(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{b}}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{2b}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& - \frac{2ac^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac+b}} - \frac{2(ac+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2b}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(-2*b)/(a*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]) - ((-2*(b + a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a] + (2*a*c^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/Sqrt[b + a*c])/(a*(b + a*c))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 96 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[f*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((p + 1)*(b*e - a*f)*(d*e - c*f)), x] + Simp[1/((b*e - a*f)*(d*e - c*f)) Int[(b*d*e - b*c*f - a*d*f - b*d*f*x)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((a + b*x)*(c + d*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`
- rule 174 `Int[(((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3023 vs. $2(87) = 174$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3024, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.80

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3024

input

```
int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/a*(4*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2
*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1
/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^4*c^3*d^2*x-4*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2
+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c))^(1/2)+2*b
*c)/x)*a^4*c^4*d*x+4*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(
1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c^2*d*x+ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+
2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b
)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*b*c*d^3*x^2+7*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2
*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^b^3*c*d
-8*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^b^2*d*x
+2*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c))^(1/2)
*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^4*c^2*d^3*x^2-8*(a
d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a
c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c))^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a^3*b*c^3*d*x+6*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*l
n(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d
)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*x-12*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(
1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c^2*d*x-4*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2
)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*d^2*x^2+10*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d
^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1
/2))*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*x+3*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. $2(87) = 174$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 938, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[[(a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + (a^2*c + a*b)*d*x + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) + (a^3*c*d*x + a^3*c^2 + a^2*b*c)*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*(a*c^2 + (a*c + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))/x) - 2*(a*b*d*x + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^4*c^2 + 2*a^3*b*c + a^2*b^2 + (a^4*c + a^3*b)*d*x), (2*(a^3*c*d*x + a^3*c^2 + a^2*b*c)*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))) + (a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + (a^2*c + a*b)*d*x + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x + 2*a*c + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)) + b) - 2*(a*b*d*x + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^4*c^2 + 2*a^3*b*c + a^2*b^2 + (a^4*c + a^3*b)*d*x), -(2*(a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + (a^2*c + a*b)*d*x + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b)) - (a^3*c*d*x + a^3*c^2 + a^2*b*c)*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*(a*c^2 + (a*c + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))/x) + 2*(a*b*d*x + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a^4*c^2 + 2*a^3*b*c + a^2*b^2 + (a^4*c + a^3*b)*d*x), -2*((a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + (a^2*c + a*b)*d*x + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*d*x + a*c + b)) - (a^3*c*d*x + a^3*c^2 + a^2*b*c)*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b)))...

```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)*x), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac+b} \sqrt{adx+ac+b} \log\left(\sqrt{adx+ac+b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac+b}+2ac+b}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`output `(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x)*a**2*c + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a**2*c**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))/sqrt(b))*b**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*b*c - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**2)/(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*(a**2*c**2 + 2*a*b*c + b**2))`

3.49
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	550
Mathematica [A] (verified)	550
Rubi [A] (verified)	551
Maple [B] (verified)	554
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	555
Sympy [F]	555
Maxima [F]	556
Giac [F]	556
Mupad [F(-1)]	556
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	557

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2bd}{(b+ac)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{c(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(b+ac)^2 x} - \frac{3b\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{(b+ac)^{5/2}}$$

output

$2*b*d/(a*c+b)^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)-c*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^2/x-3*b*c^(1/2)*d*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/(a*c+b)^(5/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}} (b(c-2dx) + ac(c+dx))}{(b+ac)^2 x (b+a(c+dx))} + \frac{3b\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{(-b-ac)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x]`

output `-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(b*(c - 2*d*x) + a*c*(c + d*x)))/((b + a*c)^2*x*(b + a*(c + d*x)))) + (3*b*Sqrt[c]*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x])]/Sqrt[-b - a*c])]/(-b - a*c)^(5/2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 941, 946, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & d \int \frac{1}{d^2 x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 941 \\
 & d \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 946 \\
 & -d \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -d \left(\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{1}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -d \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{ac+b} - \frac{2}{(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{1}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -d \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{c}{b(c+dx)^2 + 1}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{b(ac+b)} - \frac{2}{(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{1}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & -d \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{(ac+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{1}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x]`

output `-(d*(1/((b + a*c)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) + (3*b*(-2/((b + a*c)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]) + (2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(b + a*c)^(3/2)))/(2*(b + a*c)))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 946

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n
+ 1, 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3645 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3646, normalized size of antiderivative = 33.45

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	3646

input

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)*(-10*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2
+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*d^2*x^2-5*ln(1/2*(
2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1
/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b^3*c*d^2*x+9*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln
((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b
*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a*b^3*c^2*d*x+5*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^
2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1
/2))*a*b^3*c*d^2*x-3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2
+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*
b*c*d^4*x^3+3*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2
)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a^3*b*c^2*d^3*x^3+
3*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1
/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^3*b*c*d^4*x^3-6*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*
x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*c*d^3*x^3-2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a
*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*d^4*x^4-
ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a
*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*d^4*x^3+((a*c+b)
*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2
)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*d^4*x^3+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b
*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*d^2*x^2-2*((a*d*x+a...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 417, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(abd^2x^2 + (abc + b^2)dx)\sqrt{\frac{c}{ac+b}} \log\left(-\frac{2ac^2 + (2ac+b)dx + 2bc - 2(ac^2 + (ac+b)dx + bc)\sqrt{\frac{adx}{d}}}{x}\right)}{2((a^3c^2 + 2a^2bc + ab^2)dx^2 + (a^3c^2 + 2a^2bc + ab^2))} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(3*(a*b*d^2*x^2 + (a*b*c + b^2)*d*x)*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*(a*c^2 + (a*c + b)*d*x + b*c))*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))/x - 2*((a*c - 2*b)*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + b*c^2 + (2*a*c^2 - b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*c + a*b^2)*d*x^2 + (a^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c + b^3)*x), (3*(a*b*d^2*x^2 + (a*b*c + b^2)*d*x)*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))) - ((a*c - 2*b)*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + b*c^2 + (2*a*c^2 - b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*c + a*b^2)*d*x^2 + (a^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c + b^3)*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 649, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.95

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+b}\sqrt{adx+ac+b}\log\left(\sqrt{adx+ac+b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac+b}+2ac+b}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)
- sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x
))*a**2*b*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a
*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt
(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**2*d*x + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x
+ b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*
a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*b*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*s
qrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sq
rt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**2*d*x - 12*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c +
a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x)*a**2*b*c*d*x - 3*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sq
rt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x)*a*b**2*d*
x - 18*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a**2*b*c**2*d*x - 30*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x + b)*a*b**2*c*d*x - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*b**3*d*x - 8
*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*c**4 - 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*c**3*d*x - 18*sqrt(c + d*x
)*a**3*b*c**3 + 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b*c**2*d*x - 12*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b*
*2*c**2 + 18*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**2*c*d*x - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c + 4*
sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**3*d*x)/(2*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*a*x*(4*a**4*c**4 + 13*a
**3*b*c**3 + 15*a**2*b**2*c**2 + 7*a*b**3*c + b**4))
```

3.50 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	558
Mathematica [A] (verified)	559
Rubi [A] (verified)	559
Maple [B] (verified)	564
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	565
Sympy [F]	565
Maxima [F]	566
Giac [F]	566
Mupad [F(-1)]	566
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	567

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2abd^2}{(b+ac)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{(3b-4ac)d(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4(b+ac)^3 x}$$

$$-\frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2(b+ac)^2 x^2} - \frac{3b(b-4ac)d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}(b+ac)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2*a*b*d^2/(a*c+b)^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)-1/4*(-4*a*c+3*b)*d*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^3/x-1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^2/x^2-3/4*b*(-4*a*c+b)*d^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}(b^2(2c+5dx) + 2a^2c(c^2 - d^2x^2) + ab(4c^2 + 5cdx + 13d^2x^2))}{4(b+ac)^3x^2(b+a(c+dx))}$$

$$- \frac{3b(b-4ac)d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{4\sqrt{c}(-b-ac)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
-1/4*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(b^2*(2*c + 5*d*x) + 2*a^2*c*(c^2 - d^2*x^2) + a*b*(4*c^2 + 5*c*d*x + 13*d^2*x^2))/((b + a*c)^3*x^2*(b + a*(c + d*x))) - (3*b*(b - 4*a*c)*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(4*Sqrt[c]*(-b - a*c)^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 87, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$d^2 \int \frac{1}{d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -d^2 \int -\frac{1}{d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
& d^2 \int -\frac{1}{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
& d^2 \left(-\frac{(b-4ac) \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4c(ac+b)} - \frac{1}{2c(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
& d^2 \left(-\frac{(b-4ac) \left(\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{1}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4c(ac+b)} - \frac{1}{2c(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{61}
\end{aligned}$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{(b - 4ac) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d - \frac{1}{c+dx}}}{ac+b} - \frac{2}{(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{1}{(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{1}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)$$

73

$$d^2 \left(\frac{(b - 4ac) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2c \int \frac{1}{b(c+dx)^2 + 1} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} - \frac{2}{(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{1}{(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4c(ac + b)} - \frac{1}{2c(ac + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)$$

221

$$d^2 \frac{(b - 4ac) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{(ac+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{2}{(ac+b)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{1}{(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right)}{4c(ac+b)} - \frac{1}{2c(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}$$

```
input Int[1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x]
```

```
output d^2*(-1/2*1/(c*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) - ((b - 4*a*c)*(1/((b + a*c)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) + (3*b*(-2/((b + a*c)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]) + (2*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(b + a*c)^(3/2)))/(2*(b + a*c)))/(4*c*(b + a*c)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 52 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4001 vs. $2(146) = 292$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4002, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.82

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	4002

input

```
int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*((a*d*x+a*c+b)/(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/c*(6*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x*
c+2*a*c^2+b*d*x+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(
1/2)+2*b*c)/x)*a*b^4*c*d^3*x^3-12*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a
*c*d+2*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2
*b^3*c^2*d^3*x^2+30*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1
/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^2+48*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/
2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a^3*b*c^2*d^3*x^3-8*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+
a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c*d^2*x^2+24*
(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+c))^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*c^2*
d^2*x^2+66*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c
+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*b*c^2*d^3*x^3+24*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1
/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^3*b*c*d^4*x^4-18*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*
x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b^3*d^3*x^3+36*
(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2
)*a^3*b*c^3*d^2*x^2+24*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*
c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a
^3*b^2*c^3*d^3*x^2+48*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((a*d*x+a*c+b)*(d*x+
c))^(1/2)*a^3*b*c^3*d^2*x^2-2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*
(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a^2*b*c^2*d*x+8*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2
+b*d*x+b*c)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*a*b^2*c*d*x+12*(a*d^2...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 401 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 810, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(3*((4*a^2*b*c - a*b^2)*d^3*x^3 + (4*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c - b^3)*d^2*x^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c + 2*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*(d*x + c))*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/x) - 2*(2*a^3*c^6 + 6*a^2*b*c^5 + 6*a*b^2*c^4 - (2*a^3*c^3 - 11*a^2*b*c^2 - 13*a*b^2*c)*d^3*x^3 + 2*b^3*c^3 - (2*a^3*c^4 - 16*a^2*b*c^3 - 23*a*b^2*c^2 - 5*b^3*c)*d^2*x^2 + (2*a^3*c^5 + 11*a^2*b*c^4 + 16*a*b^2*c^3 + 7*b^3*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^5*c^5 + 4*a^4*b*c^4 + 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a*b^4*c)*d*x^3 + (a^5*c^6 + 5*a^4*b*c^5 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5*c)*x^2), -1/4*(3*((4*a^2*b*c - a*b^2)*d^3*x^3 + (4*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c - b^3)*d^2*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c)) + (2*a^3*c^6 + 6*a^2*b*c^5 + 6*a*b^2*c^4 - (2*a^3*c^3 - 11*a^2*b*c^2 - 13*a*b^2*c)*d^3*x^3 + 2*b^3*c^3 - (2*a^3*c^4 - 16*a^2*b*c^3 - 23*a*b^2*c^2 - 5*b^3*c)*d^2*x^2 + (2*a^3*c^5 + 11*a^2*b*c^4 + 16*a*b^2*c^3 + 7*b^3*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^5*c^5 + 4*a^4*b*c^4 + 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a*b^4*c)*d*x^3 + (a^5*c^6 + 5*a^4*b*c^5 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5*c)*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1046, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.23

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 96*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x +
b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c +
d*x))*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x +
b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*
c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c +
b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**3*d**2*x**2 - 96*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sq
rt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a
**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(
sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b)
+ sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt
(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(
a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**3*d**2*x**2 + 96*sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2
*x**2 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(
c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*d*x
)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(2
*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a...
```

3.51 $\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	568
Mathematica [A] (verified)	569
Rubi [A] (verified)	569
Maple [B] (verified)	574
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	574
Sympy [F]	575
Maxima [F]	576
Giac [F(-1)]	576
Mupad [F(-1)]	576
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	577

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a^2bd^3}{(b+ac)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} + \frac{(b^2 + 12abc - 8a^2c^2) d^2(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8c(b+ac)^4x} + \frac{(b+12ac)d(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{12c(b+ac)^3x^2} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c(b+ac)^2x^3} + \frac{b(b^2 + 12abc - 24a^2c^2) d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}(b+ac)^{9/2}}$$

output

```
2*a^2*b*d^3/(a*c+b)^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)+1/8*(-8*a^2*c^2+12*a*b*c+b^2)*d^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c/(a*c+b)^4/x+1/12*(12*a*c+b)*d*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c/(a*c+b)^3/x^2-1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/c/(a*c+b)^2/x^3+1/8*b*(-24*a^2*c^2+12*a*b*c+b^2)*d^3*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(a*c+b)^(9/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}} (b^3(8c^2 + 14cdx + 3d^2x^2) + 2a^2bc(12c^3 + 7c^2dx - 16cd^2x^2 - 47d^3x^3) + 8a^3c^2(c^3 + d^3x^3))}{24c(b+ac)^4x^3(b+a(c+dx))} -$$

$$\frac{b(b^2 + 12abc - 24a^2c^2) d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}(-b-ac)^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/24*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)]*(b^3*(8*c^2 + 14*c*d*x + 3*d^2*x^2) + 2*a^2*b*c*(12*c^3 + 7*c^2*d*x - 16*c*d^2*x^2 - 47*d^3*x^3) + 8*a^3*c^2*(c^3 + d^3*x^3) + a*b^2*(24*c^3 + 28*c^2*d*x - 29*c*d^2*x^2 + 3*d^3*x^3)))/(c*(b + a*c)^4*x^3*(b + a*(c + d*x))) - (b*(b^2 + 12*a*b*c - 24*a^2*c^2)*d^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x)/(c + d*x)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(8*c^(3/2)*(-b - a*c)^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 941, 948, 100, 27, 87, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 896

$$\begin{aligned}
 & d^3 \int \frac{1}{d^4 x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & d^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^4} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & -d^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{100} \\
 & -d^3 \left(\frac{2 \int -\frac{a(b-6ac) - \frac{b(b+ac)}{c+dx}}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{b^2(ac+b)} - \frac{2a^2}{b^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -d^3 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{a(b-6ac) - \frac{b(b+ac)}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{b^2(ac+b)} - \frac{2a^2}{b^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & -d^3 \left(-\frac{\frac{b(-24a^2c^2 + 12abc + b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{6c(ac+b)} - \frac{(6a^2c^2 + b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}}{b^2(ac+b)} - \frac{2a^2}{b^2(ac+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{b(-24a^2c^2+12abc+b^2) \left(\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4(ac+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)}{6c(ac+b)} - \frac{(6a^2c^2+b^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} \right)}{b^2(ac+b)} - \frac{1}{b^2(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 52

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{b(-24a^2c^2+12abc+b^2) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{4(ac+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)}{6c(ac+b)} - \frac{(6a^2c^2+b^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} \right)}{b^2(ac+b)} - \frac{1}{b^2(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{b(-24a^2c^2+12abc+b^2) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{\int \frac{\frac{ac}{b} - \frac{1}{c}}{b(c+dx)^2+1} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{ac+b} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{4(ac+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)}{6c(ac+b)} - \frac{(6a^2c^2+b^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} \right)}{b^2(ac+b)} - \frac{1}{b^2(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 221

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{b(-24a^2c^2+12abc+b^2)}{4(ac+b)} \left(\frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(ac+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
 & - \frac{d^3}{6c(ac+b)} - \frac{(6a^2c^2+b^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{3c(ac+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{b^2(ac+b)}{b^2(ac+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x]`

output `-(d^3*((-2*a^2)/(b^2*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) - (-1/3*((b^2 + 6*a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)])/(c*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) + (b*(b^2 + 12*a*b*c - 24*a^2*c^2)*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/(2*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + (3*b*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/((b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(Sqrt[c]*(b + a*c)^(3/2))))/(4*(b + a*c)))/(6*c*(b + a*c)))/(b^2*(b + a*c))))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(2)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^(2)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^(2)*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^(2)*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5769 vs. 2(218) = 436.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5770, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.65

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	5770

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `result too large to display`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 539 vs. 2(222) = 444.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1085, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.45

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(3*((24*a^3*b*c^2 - 12*a^2*b^2*c - a*b^3)*d^4*x^4 + (24*a^3*b*c^3 +
12*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 13*a*b^3*c - b^4)*d^3*x^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*log(-(2*a*c^
2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c - 2*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x +
a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/x) - 2*(8*a^4*c^8 + 32*a^3*b*c^7 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^6 + 3
2*a*b^3*c^5 + (8*a^4*c^4 - 86*a^3*b*c^3 - 91*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 3*a*b^3*c)*d^4*
x^4 + 8*b^4*c^4 + (8*a^4*c^5 - 118*a^3*b*c^4 - 152*a^2*b^2*c^3 - 23*a*b^3*
c^2 + 3*b^4*c)*d^3*x^3 - (18*a^3*b*c^5 + 19*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 16*a*b^3*c^3 - 1
7*b^4*c^2)*d^2*x^2 + 2*(4*a^4*c^7 + 23*a^3*b*c^6 + 45*a^2*b^2*c^5 + 37*a*b
^3*c^4 + 11*b^4*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^6*c^7 + 5
*a^5*b*c^6 + 10*a^4*b^2*c^5 + 10*a^3*b^3*c^4 + 5*a^2*b^4*c^3 + a*b^5*c^2)*
d*x^4 + (a^6*c^8 + 6*a^5*b*c^7 + 15*a^4*b^2*c^6 + 20*a^3*b^3*c^5 + 15*a^2*
b^4*c^4 + 6*a*b^5*c^3 + b^6*c^2)*x^3), 1/24*(3*((24*a^3*b*c^2 - 12*a^2*b^2
*c - a*b^3)*d^4*x^4 + (24*a^3*b*c^3 + 12*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 13*a*b^3*c - b^4)*d
^3*x^3)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x
+ a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c)) - (8*a^4*c^8 + 32*a^3*b*c^
7 + 48*a^2*b^2*c^6 + 32*a*b^3*c^5 + (8*a^4*c^4 - 86*a^3*b*c^3 - 91*a^2*b^2
*c^2 + 3*a*b^3*c)*d^4*x^4 + 8*b^4*c^4 + (8*a^4*c^5 - 118*a^3*b*c^4 - 152*a
^2*b^2*c^3 - 23*a*b^3*c^2 + 3*b^4*c)*d^3*x^3 - (18*a^3*b*c^5 + 19*a^2*b^2*
c^4 - 16*a*b^3*c^3 - 17*b^4*c^2)*d^2*x^2 + 2*(4*a^4*c^7 + 23*a^3*b*c^6 + 4
5*a^2*b^2*c^5 + 37*a*b^3*c^4 + 11*b^4*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**4/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**4*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)*x^4), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 20.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1479, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(864*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)
- sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*
x))*a**3*b*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 72*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)
*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c
+ b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**3 - 216*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*
sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a*b**3*c*d**3*
x**3 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x
+ b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c
+ d*x))*b**4*d**3*x**3 + 864*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*
log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c +
b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**3*b*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 72*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c +
b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(
a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3
*x**3 - 216*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d
*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt
(c + d*x))*a*b**3*c*d**3*x**3 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x
+ b)*log(sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + b) + 2*
a*c + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x))*b**4*d**3*x**3 - 864*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c +
b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x + b)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x +...
```

3.52
$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	578
Mathematica [A] (verified)	579
Rubi [A] (verified)	579
Maple [B] (verified)	585
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	585
Sympy [F]	586
Maxima [F]	587
Giac [F(-1)]	587
Mupad [F(-1)]	587
Reduce [F]	588

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 329

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2a^3bd^4}{(b+ac)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} - \frac{(3b^3 + 24ab^2c + 144a^2bc^2 - 64a^3c^3) d^3 (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{64c^2(b+ac)^5x} - \frac{(b^2 + 8abc + 48a^2c^2) d^2 (c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{32c^2(b+ac)^4x^2} + \frac{(3b + 8ac)d(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{8c^2(b+ac)^3x^3} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{4c^2(b+ac)^2x^4} - \frac{3b(b^3 + 8ab^2c + 48a^2bc^2 - 64a^3c^3) d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{64c^{5/2}(b+ac)^{11/2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2a^3bd^4/(a+c+b)^5/(a+b/(d*x+c))^{1/2}-1/64*(-64a^3c^3+144a^2b*c^2 \\
& +24a*b^2*c+3b^3)*d^3*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^{1/2}/c^2/(a+c+b)^5/x-1/32*(4 \\
& 8a^2*c^2+8a*b*c+b^2)*d^2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^{1/2}/c^2/(a+c+b)^4/x^2 \\
& +1/8*(8a*c+3b)*d*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^{1/2}/c^2/(a+c+b)^3/x^3-1/4*(d* \\
& x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c))^{1/2}/c^2/(a+c+b)^2/x^4-3/64*b*(-64a^3c^3+48a^2*b* \\
& c^2+8a*b^2*c+b^3)*d^4*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{1/2}*(a+b/(d*x+c))^{1/2}/(a+c+b)^{1/2})/ \\
& c^{5/2}/(a+c+b)^{11/2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c+dx} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}} (b^4(16c^3+24c^2dx+2cd^2x^2-3d^3x^3)+2a^2b^2c(48c^4+36c^3dx-39c^2d^2x^2+34cd^3x^3-11d^4x^4)+a^3b^2c^2(8c^4+3c^3dx-5c^2d^2x^2+11cd^3x^3+35d^4x^4))}{(b+ac+adx)^{5/2}(c+dx)^4} - \frac{3b(b^3+8a^2b^2c+48a^2b^2c^2-64a^3c^3)d^4 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx}{c+dx}}}{(b+ac+adx)^{1/2}}\right]}{(b+ac+adx)^{11/2}(64c^{5/2})}$$

input

Integrate[1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*(c+d*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(b+a*c+a*d*x)/(c+d*x)]*(b^4*(16*c^3+24* \\
& c^2*d*x+2*c*d^2*x^2-3*d^3*x^3)+2*a^2*b^2*c*(48*c^4+36*c^3*d*x-39 \\
& *c^2*d^2*x^2+34*c*d^3*x^3-11*d^4*x^4)+a*b^3*(64*c^4+72*c^3*d*x-3 \\
& 6*c^2*d^2*x^2-23*c*d^3*x^3-3*d^4*x^4)+16*a^4*c^3*(c^4-d^4*x^4)+8 \\
& *a^3*b*c^2*(8*c^4+3*c^3*d*x-5*c^2*d^2*x^2+11*c*d^3*x^3+35*d^4*x^4) \\
&))/((b+a*c)^5*x^4*(b+a*(c+d*x))))-(3*b*(b^3+8*a^2*b^2*c+48*a^2*b \\
& *c^2-64*a^3*c^3)*d^4*\operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[c]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(b+a*c+a*d*x)/(c+d*x)]]/ \\
& \operatorname{Sqrt}[-b-a*c])]/(-b-a*c)^{11/2})/(64*c^{5/2})
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 109, 27, 162, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
& d^4 \int \frac{1}{d^5 x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -d^4 \int -\frac{1}{d^5 x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
& -d^4 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^5} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
& d^4 \int -\frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^5} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -d^4 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^5} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{109} \\
& d^4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{4a - \frac{b-4ac}{c+dx}}{2(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^5} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{b(ac+b)} - \frac{2a}{b(ac+b)(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& d^4 \left(\frac{\int \frac{4a - \frac{b-4ac}{c+dx}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^5} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{b(ac+b)} - \frac{2a}{b(ac+b)(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{162}
\end{aligned}$$

$$d^4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left((b-2ac)(8ac+b) - \frac{c(-32a^2c^2-8abc+3b^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{8c^2(ac+b)^2 \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} - \frac{(-64a^3c^3+48a^2bc^2+8ab^2c+b^3) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{16c^2(ac+b)^2} - \frac{1}{b(ac+b)} - \frac{1}{b(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 52

$$d^4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left((b-2ac)(8ac+b) - \frac{c(-32a^2c^2-8abc+3b^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{8c^2(ac+b)^2 \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} - \frac{(-64a^3c^3+48a^2bc^2+8ab^2c+b^3) \left(\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4(ac+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{2(ac+b)} \right)}{16c^2(ac+b)^2} - \frac{1}{b(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 52

$$d^4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left((b-2ac)(8ac+b) - \frac{c(-32a^2c^2-8abc+3b^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{8c^2(ac+b)^2 \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} - \frac{(-64a^3c^3+48a^2bc^2+8ab^2c+b^3) \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}} \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b)} \right)}{4(ac+b)} \right)}{16c^2(ac+b)^2} - \frac{1}{b(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$d^4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left((b-2ac)(8ac+b) - \frac{c(-32a^2c^2 - 8abc + 3b^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{8c^2(ac+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} - \frac{(-64a^3c^3 + 48a^2bc^2 + 8ab^2c + b^3)}{16c^2(ac+b)^2} \right) \frac{3b \left(\frac{\int \frac{ac - \frac{1}{b(c+dx)} + 1}{ac+b} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b)(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx})} \right)}{4(ac+b)}$$

221

$$d^4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}} \left((b-2ac)(8ac+b) - \frac{c(-32a^2c^2 - 8abc + 3b^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{8c^2(ac+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} - \frac{(-64a^3c^3 + 48a^2bc^2 + 8ab^2c + b^3)}{16c^2(ac+b)^2} \right) \frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}(ac+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx}}}{(ac+b)(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx})} \right)}{4(ac+b)}$$

input `Int[1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
d^4*((-2*a)/(b*(b + a*c)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^4) + ((Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]*((b - 2*a*c)*(b + 8*a*c) - (c*(3*b^2 - 8*a*b*c - 32*a^2*c^2))/(c + d*x)))/(8*c^2*(b + a*c)^2*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^4) - ((b^3 + 8*a*b^2*c + 48*a^2*b*c^2 - 64*a^3*c^3)*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/(2*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + (3*b*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/((b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x)))) + (b*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)]/Sqrt[b + a*c])/Sqrt[c]*(b + a*c)^(3/2)))/(4*(b + a*c)))/(16*c^2*(b + a*c)^2)/(b*(b + a*c)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 52

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 109 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*(d*e*(n - 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m - n + 2) - c*f*(m + p + 2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n + p) + b*(d*e*(m + 1) - c*f*(m + n + p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`

rule 162 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[((b^3*c*e*g*(m + 2) - a^3*d*f*h*(n + 2) - a^2*b*(c*f*h*m - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) - a*b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h) + d*e*g*(2*m + n + 4)) + b*(a^2*d*f*h*(m - n) - a*b*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(n + 1)) + b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) - d*e*g*(m + n + 2)))*x]/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1), x] + Simp[(f*(h/b^2) - (d*(m + n + 3)*(a^2*d*f*h*(m - n) - a*b*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(n + 1)) + b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) - d*e*g*(m + n + 2))))/(b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 2)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && (LtQ[m, -2] || (EqQ[m + n + 3, 0] && !LtQ[n, -2]))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^
p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 6949 vs. $2(299) = 598$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6950, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.12

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	6950

input

```
int(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
result too large to display
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 695 vs. $2(301) = 602$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1398, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.25

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/128*(3*((64*a^4*b*c^3 - 48*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^2*b^3*c - a*b^4)*d^5*x^5 +
(64*a^4*b*c^4 + 16*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 56*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 9*a*b^4*c - b^5)*d^4*x^
4)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x + 2*b*c + 2*sqrt(a*c^
2 + b*c))*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/x) - 2*(16*a^5*c^10
+ 80*a^4*b*c^9 + 160*a^3*b^2*c^8 + 160*a^2*b^3*c^7 + 80*a*b^4*c^6 - (16*a^
5*c^5 - 264*a^4*b*c^4 - 258*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 25*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 3*a*b^4*c)*d^5*x
^5 + 16*b^5*c^5 - (16*a^5*c^6 - 352*a^4*b*c^5 - 414*a^3*b^2*c^4 - 20*a^2*b
^3*c^3 + 29*a*b^4*c^2 + 3*b^5*c)*d^4*x^4 + (48*a^4*b*c^6 + 38*a^3*b^2*c^5
- 69*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 60*a*b^4*c^3 - b^5*c^2)*d^3*x^3 - 2*(8*a^4*b*c^7 + 11*
a^3*b^2*c^6 - 15*a^2*b^3*c^5 - 31*a*b^4*c^4 - 13*b^5*c^3)*d^2*x^2 + 8*(2*a
^5*c^9 + 13*a^4*b*c^8 + 32*a^3*b^2*c^7 + 38*a^2*b^3*c^6 + 22*a*b^4*c^5 + 5
*b^5*c^4)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c)))/((a^7*c^9 + 6*a^6*b*c^8
+ 15*a^5*b^2*c^7 + 20*a^4*b^3*c^6 + 15*a^3*b^4*c^5 + 6*a^2*b^5*c^4 + a*b^6
*c^3)*d*x^5 + (a^7*c^10 + 7*a^6*b*c^9 + 21*a^5*b^2*c^8 + 35*a^4*b^3*c^7 +
35*a^3*b^4*c^6 + 21*a^2*b^5*c^5 + 7*a*b^6*c^4 + b^7*c^3)*x^4), -1/64*(3*((
64*a^4*b*c^3 - 48*a^3*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^2*b^3*c - a*b^4)*d^5*x^5 + (64*a^4*b*c
^4 + 16*a^3*b^2*c^3 - 56*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 9*a*b^4*c - b^5)*d^4*x^4)*sqrt(-a*c
^2 - b*c)*arctan(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x
+ c)))/(a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b*c)) + (16*a^5*c^10 + 80*a^4*b*c^9 + 160*a^3*b^2
*c^8 + 160*a^2*b^3*c^7 + 80*a*b^4*c^6 - (16*a^5*c^5 - 264*a^4*b*c^4 - 2...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**5/(a+b/(d*x+c))**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**5*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x + c))^(3/2)*x^5), x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x+c))^(3/2),x)`

3.53 $\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	589
Mathematica [F]	590
Rubi [A] (verified)	590
Maple [F]	593
Fricas [F]	593
Sympy [F]	594
Maxima [F]	594
Giac [F(-2)]	594
Mupad [F(-1)]	595
Reduce [F]	595

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 283

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx = -\frac{cx^2(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p}}{bd^2(1-p)} - \frac{(24a^2c^2 + 12abc(1-p) + b^2(3-4p+p^2))(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p}}{12a^2bd^4(1-p)} + \frac{(4ac + b(1-p))(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p}}{4abd^4(1-p)} + \frac{b(24a^3c^3 + 36a^2bc^2(1-p) + 12ab^2c(2-3p+p^2) + b^3(6-11p+6p^2-p^3)) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p}}{12a^5d^4(1-p^2)} \text{ Hypergeom}$$

output

```
-c*x^2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)/b/d^2/(1-p)-1/12*(24*a^2*c^2+12*a*b*c
*(1-p)+b^2*(p^2-4*p+3))*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)/a^2/b/d^4/(1-p)+1/4*
(4*a*c+b*(1-p))*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)/a/b/d^4/(1-p)+1/12*b*(24*a^3
*c^3+36*a^2*b*c^2*(1-p)+12*a*b^2*c*(p^2-3*p+2)+b^3*(-p^3+6*p^2-11*p+6))*(a
+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([3, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d*x+c))/a^5/d^4/(-p^2+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.529$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 111, 25, 162, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p d(c + dx)}{d^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int -d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p d(c + dx)}{d^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\ & \frac{\int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p \left(\frac{c}{c + dx} - 1 \right)^3 d(c + dx)}{d^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & \frac{\int -(c + dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c + dx} \right)^3 d \frac{1}{c + dx}}{d^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 111 \\
 & \frac{\int -(c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(4ac + \frac{(pb+b-2ac)c}{c+dx} + b(1-p)\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{b(1-p)} - \frac{c(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1}}{b(1-p)}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(-pb + b + 4ac + \frac{c(pb+b-2ac)}{c+dx}\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{b(1-p)} - \frac{c(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1}}{b(1-p)}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 162 \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{24a^3c^3 + 36a^2bc^2(1-p) + 12ab^2c(p^2 - 3p + 2) + b^3(-p^3 + 6p^2 - 11p + 6)}{12a^2}\right) \int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1} \left(3a(4ac + b(-p) + b) - \frac{24a^2c^2 + 12abc(1-p) + b^2(p^2 - 4p + 3)}{c+dx}\right)}{12a^2}}{b(1-p)}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 75 \\
 & \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(3a(4ac + b(-p) + b) - \frac{24a^2c^2 + 12abc(1-p) + b^2(p^2 - 4p + 3)}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1} - b^2 \left(\frac{24a^3c^3 + 36a^2bc^2(1-p) + 12ab^2c(p^2 - 3p + 2) + b^3(-p^3 + 6p^2 - 11p + 6)}{12a^2}\right) \int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{b(1-p)}}{d^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x]`

output `((-((c*(c + d*x)^4*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2)/(b*(1 - p))) - (-1/12*((c + d*x)^4*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p)*(3*a*(b + 4*a*c - b*p) - (24*a^2*c^2 + 12*a*b*c*(1 - p) + b^2*(3 - 4*p + p^2))/(c + d*x)))/a^2 - (b^2*(24*a^3*c^3 + 36*a^2*b*c^2*(1 - p) + 12*a*b^2*c*(2 - 3*p + p^2) + b^3*(6 - 11*p + 6*p^2 - p^3))*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*(c + d*x))])/(12*a^5*(1 + p)))/(b*(1 - p)))/d^4`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 75 $\text{Int}[(\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.}) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n} + 1} / (\text{d} * (\text{n} + 1) * (-\text{d} / (\text{b} * \text{c}))^{\text{m}}) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-\text{m}, \text{n} + 1, \text{n} + 2, 1 + \text{d} * (\text{x} / \text{c})], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{n}] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[-\text{d} / (\text{b} * \text{c}), 0])$
- rule 111 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.}) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.}) * ((\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{p}_.}), \text{x}_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{b} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m} - 1} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n} + 1} * ((\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{p} + 1}) / (\text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{m} + \text{n} + \text{p} + 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (\text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{m} + \text{n} + \text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m} - 2} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n}} * (\text{e} + \text{f} * \text{x})^{\text{p}} * \text{Simp}[\text{a}^2 * \text{d} * \text{f} * (\text{m} + \text{n} + \text{p} + 1) - \text{b} * (\text{b} * \text{c} * \text{e} * (\text{m} - 1) + \text{a} * (\text{d} * \text{e} * (\text{n} + 1) + \text{c} * \text{f} * (\text{p} + 1))) + \text{b} * (\text{a} * \text{d} * \text{f} * (2 * \text{m} + \text{n} + \text{p}) - \text{b} * (\text{d} * \text{e} * (\text{m} + \text{n}) + \text{c} * \text{f} * (\text{m} + \text{p}))) * \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + \text{n} + \text{p} + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$
- rule 162 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.}) * ((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.}) * ((\text{e}_.) + (\text{f}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{p}_.}) * ((\text{g}_.) + (\text{h}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{q}_.}), \text{x}_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}^3 * \text{c} * \text{e} * \text{g} * (\text{m} + 2) - \text{a}^3 * \text{d} * \text{f} * \text{h} * (\text{n} + 2) - \text{a}^2 * \text{b} * (\text{c} * \text{f} * \text{h} * \text{m} - \text{d} * (\text{f} * \text{g} + \text{e} * \text{h})) * (\text{m} + \text{n} + 3)) - \text{a} * \text{b}^2 * (\text{c} * (\text{f} * \text{g} + \text{e} * \text{h}) + \text{d} * \text{e} * \text{g} * (2 * \text{m} + \text{n} + 4)) + \text{b} * (\text{a}^2 * \text{d} * \text{f} * \text{h} * (\text{m} - \text{n}) - \text{a} * \text{b} * (2 * \text{c} * \text{f} * \text{h} * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{d} * (\text{f} * \text{g} + \text{e} * \text{h})) * (\text{n} + 1)) + \text{b}^2 * (\text{c} * (\text{f} * \text{g} + \text{e} * \text{h})) * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{d} * \text{e} * \text{g} * (\text{m} + \text{n} + 2))] * \text{x} / (\text{b}^2 * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d})^2 * (\text{m} + 1) * (\text{m} + 2)) * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 1} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n} + 1}, \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{f} * (\text{h} / \text{b}^2) - (\text{d} * (\text{m} + \text{n} + 3) * (\text{a}^2 * \text{d} * \text{f} * \text{h} * (\text{m} - \text{n}) - \text{a} * \text{b} * (2 * \text{c} * \text{f} * \text{h} * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{d} * (\text{f} * \text{g} + \text{e} * \text{h})) * (\text{n} + 1)) + \text{b}^2 * (\text{c} * (\text{f} * \text{g} + \text{e} * \text{h})) * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{d} * \text{e} * \text{g} * (\text{m} + \text{n} + 2)))] / (\text{b}^2 * (\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d})^2 * (\text{m} + 1) * (\text{m} + 2)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x})^{\text{m} + 2} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{n}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{g}, \text{h}, \text{m}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -2] \ || \ (\text{EqQ}[\text{m} + \text{n} + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!LtQ}[\text{n}, -2]))$
- rule 896 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{v}_.)^{\text{n}_.})^{\text{p}_.} * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{c} = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 0], \text{d} = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1 / \text{d}^{\text{m} + 1} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(\text{x} - \text{c})^{\text{m}} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{v}], \text{x}] /;$ $\text{NeQ}[\text{c}, 0]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[\text{v}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^3*((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int x^3 \left(\frac{ac + adx + b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b/(d*x+c))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p*x^3, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-1,[
0,3,1,0]%%} / %%{1,[0,0,0,3]%%} Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x)`output `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(adx + ac + b)^p x^3}{(dx + c)^p} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`output `int(((a*c + a*d*x + b)**p*x**3)/(c + d*x)**p,x)`

3.54 $\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	596
Mathematica [F]	596
Rubi [A] (verified)	597
Maple [F]	599
Fricas [F]	600
Sympy [F]	600
Maxima [F]	600
Giac [F(-2)]	601
Mupad [F(-1)]	601
Reduce [F]	601

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = -\frac{(6ac + b(2-p))(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{1+p}}{6a^2d^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{1+p}}{3ad^3} - \frac{b(6a^2c^2 + b(6ac + b(2-p))(1-p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)} \right)}{6a^4d^3(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/6*(6*a*c+b*(2-p))*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)/a^2/d^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)/a/d^3-1/6*b*(6*a^2*c^2+b*(6*a*c+b*(2-p))*(1-p))*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d*x+c))/a^4/d^3/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$, Rules used = {896, 941, 948, 100, 25, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int d^2 x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p d(c + dx)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & \frac{\int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1 \right)^2 d(c + dx)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & - \frac{\int (c + dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2 d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{100} \\
 & - \frac{\int -(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p \left(-\frac{3ac^2}{c+dx} + 6ac + b(2-p) \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a d^3} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{p+1}}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p \left(-\frac{3ac^2}{c+dx} + 6ac + b(2-p) \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a d^3} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{p+1}}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87}
 \end{aligned}$$

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)2*(c + d*x)(n + 1)*((e + f*x)(p + 1)/(d2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)(n + 1)*(e + f*x)p*Simp[a2*d2*f*(n + p + 2) + b2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)(n_))(p_)*(x_)(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)m*(a + b*xn)p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(mn_))(q_)*(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*xn)p*((d + c*xn)q/x(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_))(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)p*(c + d*x)q, x], x, xn], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x2*(a+b/(d*x+c))p,x)`

output `int(x2*(a+b/(d*x+c))p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2*((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int x^2 \left(\frac{ac + adx + b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b/(d*x+c))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p*x^2, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,2,1,0]%%} / %%{1,[0,0,0,2]%%} Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(adx + ac + b)^p x^2}{(dx + c)^p} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

output `int(((a*c + a*d*x + b)**p*x**2)/(c + d*x)**p,x)`

3.55 $\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	602
Mathematica [F]	602
Rubi [A] (verified)	603
Maple [F]	605
Fricas [F]	605
Sympy [F]	606
Maxima [F]	606
Giac [F(-2)]	606
Mupad [F(-1)]	607
Reduce [F]	607

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{1+p}}{2ad^2} + \frac{b(b+2ac-bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)} \right)}{2a^3d^2(1+p)}$$

output

```
1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)/a/d^2+1/2*b*(2*a*c-b*p+b)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d*x+c))/a^3/d^2/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x]
```

output

Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x]

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.467$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int dx \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int -dx \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & - \frac{\int (c + dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p \left(\frac{c}{c + dx} - 1 \right) d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \frac{\int -(c + dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c + dx} \right) d \frac{1}{c + dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int (c + dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c + dx} \right) d \frac{1}{c + dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{(2ac + b(1-p)) \int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p d \frac{1}{c + dx}}{2a} + \frac{(c + dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{p+1}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \\
 & \frac{\quad}{d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 75

$$\frac{b(2ac+b(1-p))\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2,p+1,p+2,\frac{b}{a(c+dx)}+1\right)}{2a^3(p+1)} + \frac{(c+dx)^2\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1}}{2a}$$

d^2

input `Int[x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x]`

output `((c + d*x)^2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p))/(2*a) + (b*(2*a*c + b*(1 - p))*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*(c + d*x))])/(2*a^3*(1 + p))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

output `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x*((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int x \left(\frac{ac + adx + b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p*x, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-1,[0,1,1,0]%%} / %%{1,[0,0,0,1]%%} Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x)`output `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(adx + ac + b)^p x}{(dx + c)^p} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`output `int(((a*c + a*d*x + b)**p*x)/(c + d*x)**p,x)`

3.56 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	608
Mathematica [A] (verified)	608
Rubi [A] (verified)	609
Maple [F]	610
Fricas [F]	610
Sympy [F]	611
Maxima [F]	611
Giac [F]	611
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	612
Reduce [F]	612

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx = -\frac{b\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)}\right)}{a^2 d(1+p)}$$

output

```
-b*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d*x+c))/a^2/d/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx = \frac{(c+dx)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{a(c+dx)}{b}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{a(c+dx)}{b}\right)}{d(-1+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{(c + dx)(a + b/(c + dx))^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -(a*(c + dx))/b]}{(d*(-1 + p)*(1 + (a*(c + dx))/b))^p}\right)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$, Rules used = {239, 773, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx}\right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{239} \\ & \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx}\right)^p d(c + dx)}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\ & \frac{\int (c + dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx}\right)^p d \frac{1}{c + dx}}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\ & \frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{b}{a(c + dx)} + 1\right)}{a^2 d (p + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{b*(a + b/(c + d*x))^{(1 + p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*(c + d*x))]}{a^2*d*(1 + p)}\right)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`
- rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b/(c + d*x))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p (c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(1-p, -p; 2-p; -\frac{a(c+dx)}{b} \right)}{d(p-1) \left(\frac{a(c+dx)}{b} + 1 \right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x)`output `-((a + b/(c + d*x))^p*(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1 - p, -p], 2 - p, -(a*(c + d*x))/b))/(d*(p - 1)*((a*(c + d*x))/b + 1)^p)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(adx + ac + b)^p}{(dx + c)^p} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`output `int((a*c + a*d*x + b)**p/(c + d*x)**p,x)`

3.57 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx$

Optimal result	613
Mathematica [F]	613
Rubi [A] (verified)	614
Maple [F]	616
Fricas [F]	617
Sympy [F]	617
Maxima [F]	617
Giac [F(-2)]	618
Mupad [F(-1)]	618
Reduce [F]	618

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx = -\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{(b+ac)(1+p)} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)}\right)}{a(1+p)}$$

output

```
-c*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], c*(a+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c+b))/(a*c+b)/(p+1)+(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d*x+c))/a/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x, x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.471$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 97, 75, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{dx} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{dx} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{(c+dx) \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\
 & \int - \frac{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int \frac{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{97}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int (c + dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p d \frac{1}{c + dx} - c \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p}{1 - \frac{c}{c + dx}} d \frac{1}{c + dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 75 \\
& \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{b}{a(c + dx)} + 1 \right)}{a(p + 1)} - c \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p}{1 - \frac{c}{c + dx}} d \frac{1}{c + dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 78 \\
& \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{b}{a(c + dx)} + 1 \right)}{a(p + 1)} - \\
& \frac{c \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{c \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)}{b + ac} \right)}{(p + 1)(ac + b)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x,x]`

output `-((c*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c*(a + b/(c + d*x)))/(b + a*c)]/(b + a*c)*(1 + p)) + ((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*(c + d*x))]/(a*(1 + p)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^(n)*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`

rule 97 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))^p/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**p/x,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**p/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p/x, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-1,[0,1,1,0]%%} / %%{1,[0,0,0,1]%%} Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(adx + ac + b)^p}{(dx + c)^p x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a*c + a*d*x + b)**p/((c + d*x)**p*x),x)`

3.58 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	619
Mathematica [F]	619
Rubi [A] (verified)	620
Maple [F]	621
Fricas [F]	622
Sympy [F]	622
Maxima [F]	622
Giac [F]	623
Mupad [F(-1)]	623
Reduce [F]	623

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{bd\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{(b + ac)^2(1 + p)}$$

output

`-b*d*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], c*(a+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c+b)) / (a*c+b)^2/(p+1)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^2,x]`

output

`Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^2, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {896, 941, 946, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{d^2 x^2} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\
 & d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{946} \\
 & -d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{78} \\
 & \frac{bd \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{c \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{(p+1)(ac+b)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^2,x]`

output `-((b*d*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c*(a + b/(c + d*x)))/(b + a*c)])/(b + a*c)^2*(1 + p))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`
- rule 946 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[m - n + 1, 0]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{dx+c})^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))^p/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**p/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**p/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(adx + ac + b)^p}{(dx + c)^p x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((a*c + a*d*x + b)**p/((c + d*x)**p*x**2),x)`

3.59
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	624
Mathematica [F]	625
Rubi [A] (verified)	625
Maple [F]	628
Fricas [F]	628
Sympy [F]	628
Maxima [F]	629
Giac [F]	629
Mupad [F(-1)]	629
Reduce [F]	630

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p}}{2c(b+ac)x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{bd^2(b+2ac+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{2c(b+ac)^3(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)/c/(a*c+b)/x^2+1/2*b*d^2*(2*a*c+b*p+b)*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], c*(a+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c+b))/c/(a*c+b)^3/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^3,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^3, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$, Rules used = {896, 25, 941, 948, 25, 87, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{d^3 x^3} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{d^3 x^3} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\ & -d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{(c+dx)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{(c+dx)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 87 \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{(2ac + bp + b) \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c(ac + b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1}}{2c(ac + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 78 \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{b(2ac + bp + b)\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{b + ac}\right)}{2c(p + 1)(ac + b)^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1}}{2c(ac + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^3,x]`

output `d^2*(-1/2*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p)/(c*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + (b*(b + 2*a*c + b*p)*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c*(a + b/(c + d*x)))/(b + a*c)]/(2*c*(b + a*c)^3*(1 + p)))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 78 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^n*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(n + 1)*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[n]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(p_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 941 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*((d + c*x^n)^q/x^(n*q)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[mn, -n] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n] || !IntegerQ[p])`
- rule 948 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))^p/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**p/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**p/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(adx + ac + b)^p}{(dx + c)^p x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((a*c + a*d*x + b)**p/((c + d*x)**p*x**3),x)`

3.60 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	631
Mathematica [F]	632
Rubi [A] (verified)	632
Maple [F]	635
Fricas [F]	635
Sympy [F]	635
Maxima [F]	636
Giac [F]	636
Mupad [F(-1)]	636
Reduce [F]	637

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{d(6ac + b(4 + p))(c + dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p}}{6c^2(b + ac)^2x^2} - \frac{(c + dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p}}{3c^2(b + ac)x^3} - \frac{bd^3(6a^2c^2 + 6abc(1 + p) + b^2(2 + 3p + p^2)) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{b + ac}\right)}{6c^2(b + ac)^4(1 + p)}$$

output

```
1/6*d*(6*a*c+b*(4+p))*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)/c^2/(a*c+b)^2/x^2-1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)/c^2/(a*c+b)/x^3-1/6*b*d^3*(6*a^2*c^2+6*a*b*c*(p+1)+b^2*(p^2+3*p+2))*(a+b/(d*x+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], c*(a+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c+b))/c^2/(a*c+b)^4/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^4,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^4, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {896, 941, 948, 100, 87, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & d^3 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{d^4 x^4} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{941} \\ & d^3 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{(c+dx)^4 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^4} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{948} \\ & -d^3 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{100} \end{aligned}$$

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1}}{3c^2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p \left(pb+b+3ac + \frac{3c(b+ac)}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{3c^2(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 87

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1}}{3c^2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(6ac+b(p+4))\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(6a^2c^2+6abc(p+1)+b^2(p^2+3p+2)) \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac+b)}}{3c^2(ac+b)} \right)$$

↓ 78

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1}}{3c^2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(6ac+b(p+4))\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1}}{2(ac+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{b(6a^2c^2+6abc(p+1)+b^2(p^2+3p+2))\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric}}{2(p+1)(ac+b)^3}}{3c^2(ac+b)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^4,x]`

output `-(d^3*((a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p))/(3*c^2*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) - ((6*a*c + b*(4 + p))*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p))/(2*(b + a*c)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) - (b*(6*a^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*(1 + p) + b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2))*(a + b/(c + d*x))^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c*(a + b/(c + d*x)))/(b + a*c)]/(2*(b + a*c)^3*(1 + p)))/(3*c^2*(b + a*c)))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 78 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^m) \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)^n \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^{m+1} / (b^{n+1} \cdot (m+1))] \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d) \cdot (a + b \cdot x) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x]$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[m]$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[n]$
- rule 87 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)^n) \cdot (e_ + (f_ \cdot x_)^p), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot e - a \cdot f) \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot (e + f \cdot x)^{p+1} / (f \cdot (p+1) \cdot (c \cdot f - d \cdot e)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (n+p+2) - b \cdot (d \cdot e \cdot (n+1) + c \cdot f \cdot (p+1))) / (f \cdot (p+1) \cdot (c \cdot f - d \cdot e)) \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n \cdot (e + f \cdot x)^{p+1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x]$ && $\text{LtQ}[p, -1]$ && $(\text{!LtQ}[n, -1] \text{|| IntegerQ}[p] \text{|| !IntegerQ}[n] \text{|| !EqQ}[e, 0] \text{|| !EqQ}[c, 0] \text{|| LtQ}[p, n])$
- rule 100 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2 \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)^n) \cdot (e_ + (f_ \cdot x_)^p), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)^2 \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot (e + f \cdot x)^{p+1} / (d^2 \cdot (d \cdot e - c \cdot f) \cdot (n+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (d^2 \cdot (d \cdot e - c \cdot f) \cdot (n+1)) \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot (e + f \cdot x)^p \cdot \text{Simp}[a^2 \cdot d^2 \cdot f \cdot (n+p+2) + b^2 \cdot c \cdot (d \cdot e \cdot (n+1) + c \cdot f \cdot (p+1)) - 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot d \cdot (d \cdot e \cdot (n+1) + c \cdot f \cdot (p+1)) - b^2 \cdot d \cdot (d \cdot e - c \cdot f) \cdot (n+1) \cdot x, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x]$ && $(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \text{|| EqQ}[n+p+3, 0] \text{|| NeQ}[n, -1] \text{|| SumSimplerQ}[n, 1] \text{|| !SumSimplerQ}[p, 1])$
- rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot v_)^n)^p \cdot (x_)^m, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{m+1} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /;$ $\text{NeQ}[c, 0]$ /; $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x]$ && $\text{LinearQ}[v, x]$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[m]$
- rule 941 $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)^{mn})^q \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^n)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^n)^p \cdot (d + c \cdot x^n)^q / x^{n \cdot q}], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$ && $\text{EqQ}[mn, -n]$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[q]$ && $(\text{PosQ}[n] \text{|| !IntegerQ}[p])$
- rule 948 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^n)^p \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)^n)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x \cdot (\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1) \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^q, x], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q\}, x]$ && $\text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))^p/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))**p/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**p/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x))^p/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(adx + ac + b)^p}{(dx + c)^p x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((a*c + a*d*x + b)**p/((c + d*x)**p*x**4),x)`

3.61 $\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	638
Mathematica [F]	638
Rubi [F]	639
Maple [F]	639
Fricas [F]	640
Sympy [F]	640
Maxima [F]	640
Giac [F]	641
Mupad [F(-1)]	641
Reduce [F]	641

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \left(1 + \frac{dx}{c}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx}{b+ac}\right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+m, p, -p, 2+m, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{adx}{b+ac}\right)}{1+m}$$

output `x^(1+m)*(1+d*x/c)^p*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p*AppellF1(1+m,p,-p,2+m,-d*x/c,-a*d*x/(a*c+b))/(1+m)/((1+a*d*x/(a*c+b))^p)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx = \int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x^m*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[x^m*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

output `int(x^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^m*((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int x^m \left(\frac{ac + adx + b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b/(d*x+c))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**m*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p*x^m, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx + c} \right)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c))^p*x^m, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x)`

output `int(x^m*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{x^m (adx + ac + b)^p}{(dx + c)^p} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

output `int((x**m*(a*c + a*d*x + b)**p)/(c + d*x)**p,x)`

3.62 $\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	642
Mathematica [F]	642
Rubi [F]	643
Maple [F]	643
Fricas [F]	644
Sympy [F]	644
Maxima [F]	644
Giac [F]	645
Mupad [F(-1)]	645
Reduce [F]	645

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m} \left(1 + \frac{dx}{c}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx}{b+ac}\right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(1+m, p, -p, 2+m, -\frac{dx}{c}, -\frac{adx}{b+ac}\right)}{e(1+m)}$$

output $(e*x)^{(1+m)}*(1+d*x/c)^p*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p*\text{AppellF1}(1+m,p,-p,2+m,-d*x/c,-a*d*x/(a*c+b))/e/(1+m)/((1+a*d*x/(a*c+b))^p)$

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^m*((a*d*x + a*c + b)/(d*x + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(\frac{ac+adx+b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b/(d*x+c))**p,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**m*((a*c + a*d*x + b)/(c + d*x))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(a + b/(d*x + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx+c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(a + b/(d*x + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)^p dx = e^m \left(\int \frac{x^m (adx + ac + b)^p}{(dx + c)^p} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c))^p,x)`

output `e**m*int((x**m*(a*c + a*d*x + b)**p)/(c + d*x)**p,x)`

3.63 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$

Optimal result	646
Mathematica [A] (verified)	647
Rubi [A] (verified)	647
Maple [A] (verified)	652
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	653
Sympy [F]	654
Maxima [F]	654
Giac [F(-1)]	654
Mupad [F(-1)]	655
Reduce [F]	655

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = -\frac{c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{ad^4} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4ad^4} - \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(b - 12ac^2 + \frac{8ac^3}{c+dx}\right)}{8ad^4} + \frac{\sqrt{bc^3} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{d^4} - \frac{b(b - 12ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d^4}$$

output

```
-c*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/a/d^4+1/4*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/a/d^4-1/8*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(b-12*a*c^2+8*a*c^3/(d*x+c))/a/d^4+b^(1/2)*c^3*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^4-1/8*b*(-12*a*c^2+b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}c^3 \log(c+dx) - b(b-12ac^2) \log\left((c+dx)\left(a + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}\right)\right) + \sqrt{a}\left((-7bc^2 - 2ac^4 - 6b^2c)\right)}{8a^{3/2}d^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2],x]`

output `(-8*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]*c^3*Log[c + d*x] - b*(b - 12*a*c^2)*Log[(c + d*x)*(a + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2))] + Sqrt[a]*((-7*b*c^2 - 2*a*c^4 - 6*b*c*d*x + b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*d^4*x^4)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2] + 8*a*Sqrt[b]*c^3*Log[b + Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2]]))/(8*a^(3/2)*d^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.842$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 540, 2338, 27, 537, 25, 538, 224, 219, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\frac{\int -d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1774 \\
& \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3 d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\
& \downarrow 1803 \\
& \frac{\int -(c+dx)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\int (c+dx)^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
& \downarrow 540 \\
& \frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{4ac^3}{(c+dx)^2} + 12ac + \frac{b-12ac^2}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4a}}{d^4} \\
& \downarrow 2338 \\
& \frac{\int -3a(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{4ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4a}}{d^4} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{4ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4a}}{d^4} \\
& \downarrow 537 \\
& \frac{-\frac{1}{2}b \int -\frac{(c+dx) \left(\frac{8ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{8ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b\right) - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4a}}{d^4} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx) \left(\frac{8ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{8ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b\right) - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{4a}}{d^4} \\
& \downarrow 538
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b \left(8ac^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} + (b-12ac^2) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{8ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b \right) - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b \left(8ac^3 \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d\frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} + (b-12ac^2) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{8ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b \right) - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b \left((b-12ac^2) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{8ac^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{8ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b \right) - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{2}(b-12ac^2) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{8ac^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{8ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b \right) - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{(b-12ac^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\frac{b}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} + \frac{8ac^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{8ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b \right) - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{8ac^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right) - (b-12ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{8ac^3}{c+dx} - 12ac^2 + b \right) - 4c(c+dx)^3}{d^4}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2],x]`

output `((c + d*x)^4*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2))/(4*a) + (-4*c*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2) - ((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(b - 12*a*c^2 + (8*a*c^3)/(c + d*x)))/2 + (b*((8*a*c^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]])/Sqrt[b] - ((b - 12*a*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/2)/(4*a))/d^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] && GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`


```
rule 1774 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
])
```

```
rule 1803 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-2ax^3d^3+2ad^2x^2c-2adxc^2+2c^3a-bdx+7bc)\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}{8ad^4} + \frac{\left(\frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{ad^2x+acd}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}\right)}{8d^3a\sqrt{ad^2}} \right)}{1}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c) \left(-12\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}\sqrt{ad^2}ac^2dx - 8\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{b} \ln\left(\frac{2(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}+b)d}{dx+c}\right) \right)}{1}$

```
input int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*(-2*a*d^3*x^3+2*a*c*d^2*x^2-2*a*c^2*d*x+2*a*c^3-b*d*x+7*b*c)/a/d^4*((
a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+(-1/8*b^2/d^3/a*ln((
a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(
1/2)+3/2*b/d^3*c^2*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+
a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)/d^4*c^3*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+
c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
*(d*x+c)/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1166, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.80

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(8*a^2*sqrt(b)*c^3*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)
*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)
)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + (12*a*b*c^2 - b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a
*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(
(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 2*(2
*a^2*d^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^4 + a*b*d^2*x^2 - 6*a*b*c*d*x - 7*a*b*c^2)*sqrt((a*
d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*d^4), 1/
8*(4*a^2*sqrt(b)*c^3*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*sqr
t(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) +
2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - (12*a*b*c^2 - b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d^2
*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d
^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)) + (2*a^2*d^4
*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^4 + a*b*d^2*x^2 - 6*a*b*c*d*x - 7*a*b*c^2)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2
+ 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*d^4), -1/16*(16*
a^2*sqrt(-b)*c^3*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a
*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) - (12*a*b*c^2 - b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-
2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sq
rt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) - 2
*(2*a^2*d^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^4 + a*b*d^2*x^2 - 6*a*b*c*d*x - 7*a*b*c^2)*sqrt(
(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*d^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ac^2 + 2acdx + ad^2x^2 + b}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2}} x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)*x^3, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`

3.64 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$

Optimal result	656
Mathematica [A] (verified)	657
Rubi [A] (verified)	657
Maple [A] (verified)	662
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	662
Sympy [F]	663
Maxima [F]	664
Giac [F(-1)]	664
Mupad [F(-1)]	664
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	665

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3ad^3} - \frac{c(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{\sqrt{bc^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ad^3}}$$

output

```
1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/a/d^3-c*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)
*(1-c/(d*x+c))/d^3-b^(1/2)*c^2*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^3-b*c*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{bc \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} + ac^3 \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} + bdx \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} + ad^3 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} + 3a\sqrt{bc^2} \log(c+dx) - 3\sqrt{abc}}{3ad^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2],x]`

output `(b*c*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2] + a*c^3*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2] + b*d*x*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2] + a*d^3*x^3*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2] + 3*a*Sqrt[b]*c^2*Log[c + d*x] - 3*Sqrt[a]*b*c*Log[(c + d*x)*(a + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2])] - 3*a*Sqrt[b]*c^2*Log[b + Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]])/(3*a*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1803, 540, 27, 537, 27, 538, 224, 219, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1774$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2 d(c+dx)}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
& - \frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{3ac(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(2 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{c \int (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(2 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{537} \\
& - \frac{c \left(\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) (c+dx)^2 \left(-\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} b \int -\frac{2(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& - \frac{c \left(b \int \frac{(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - (c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{538} \\
& - \frac{c \left(b \left(\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
& - \frac{c \left(b \left(\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d\frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right) - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -c \left(b \left(\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{d^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & -c \left(b \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{d^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -c \left(b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{a}{b}}{\frac{b}{b}} - \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{d^3} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -c \left(b \left(\frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{d^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2],x]`

output `-((-1/3*((c + d*x)^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2))/a - c*(-((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) + b*(-((c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]]))/Sqrt[b]) - ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a])))/d^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^m*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 537 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{m+1}*(c*(m+2) + d*(m+1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m+1)*(m+2))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/((m+1)*(m+2))) \text{ Int}[x^{m+2}*(c*(m+2) + d*(m+1)*x)*(a + b*x^2)^{p-1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -2] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
])`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
risch	$\frac{(a d^2 x^2 - a d x c + a c^2 + b) \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}{3 a d^3} + \left(-\frac{b c \ln\left(\frac{a d^2 x + a c d}{\sqrt{a d^2}} + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{a d^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{b} c^2 \ln\left(\frac{2 b + 2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a d^2}}{x + \frac{c}{d}}\right)}{d^3} \right)$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c) \left(-3 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2} a c d x - 3 \sqrt{a d^2} \sqrt{b} \ln\left(\frac{2(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} + b) d}{d x + c}\right) \right) a c^2 -}{3 d^3 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} a \sqrt{a d^2}}$

```
input int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*(a*d^2*x^2-a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/a/d^3*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+(-b*c/d^2*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c^2/d^3*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1028, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.90

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(3*a*sqrt(b)*c^2*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 3*sqrt(a)*b*c*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 + 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 2*(a*d^3*x^3 + a*c^3 + b*d*x + b*c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^3), 1/6*(3*a*sqrt(b)*c^2*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 6*sqrt(-a)*b*c*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b) + 2*(a*d^3*x^3 + a*c^3 + b*d*x + b*c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^3), 1/6*(6*a*sqrt(-b)*c^2*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) + 3*sqrt(a)*b*c*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 + 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 2*(a*d^3*x^3 + a*c^3 + b*d*x + b*c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^3), 1/3*(3*a*sqrt(-b)*c^2*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) + 3*sqrt(-a)*b*c*arctan((d^2*x^2...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac^2 + 2acdx + ad^2x^2 + b}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)*x^2, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a c^2 - \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a c d x + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a d^2 x^2}{3 a d^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c*d*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b - 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*b*c + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x - sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x + sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c**2)/(3*a*d**3)`

3.65 $\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$

Optimal result	666
Mathematica [A] (verified)	666
Rubi [A] (verified)	667
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Giac [F(-1)]	673
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	674

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)}{2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}d^2}$$

output

```
1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-2*c/(d*x+c))/d^2+b^(1/2)*c*arctanh(
b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^2+1/2*b*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(
1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\sqrt{a}(c-dx)\sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2} + 4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx) - \sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right) + b \log}{2\sqrt{a}d^2 \sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2],x]`

output
$$-1/2*((c + d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(\text{Sqrt}[a]*(c - d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*(c + d*x)^2] + 4*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[b]*c*\text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]*(c + d*x) - \text{Sqrt}[b + a*(c + d*x)^2])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]) + b*\text{Log}[-(\text{Sqrt}[a]*(c + d*x)) + \text{Sqrt}[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*d^2*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*(c + d*x)^2])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.765$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 537, 25, 538, 224, 219, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 896 \\ & \frac{\int dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & -\frac{\int -dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1774 \\ & -\frac{\int (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right) d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1803 \\ & \frac{\int -(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2}$$

↓ 537

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}b \int -\frac{(c+dx)\left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{1}{2}\left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) (c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{d^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{(c+dx)\left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2}$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{1}{2}b \left(\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - 2c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{1}{2}b \left(\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - 2c \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d\frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{1}{2}b \left(\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{2c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{2c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}-\frac{1}{2}b\left(\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}-d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\frac{a}{b}}-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}-\frac{1}{2}b\left(-\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^2}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2],x]`

output `((((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(1 - (2*c)/(c + d*x)))/2 - (b*((-2*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]]))/Sqrt[b] - ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a]))/2)/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_ \cdot)} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_ \cdot)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{-(m-1)/2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 537 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_ \cdot)} \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)) \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_ \cdot)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)} \cdot (c \cdot (m+2) + d \cdot (m+1) \cdot x) \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^p / ((m+1) \cdot (m+2))), x] - \text{Simp}[2 \cdot b \cdot (p / ((m+1) \cdot (m+2))) \ \text{Int}[x^{(m+2)} \cdot (c \cdot (m+2) + d \cdot (m+1) \cdot x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p-1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -2] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 3, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot p]$

rule 538 $\text{Int}[(c_ + (d_ \cdot)(x_)) / ((x_) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \ \text{Int}[1/(x \cdot \text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \ \text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2], x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(v_)^{(n_ \cdot)})^{(p_ \cdot)} \cdot (x_)^{(m_ \cdot)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m+1)} \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] \text{ ; NeQ}[c, 0]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1774 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^{(mn_ \cdot)})^{(q_ \cdot)} \cdot ((a_ + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^{(n2_ \cdot)})^{(p_ \cdot)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(mn \cdot q)} \cdot (e + d/x^{mn})^q \cdot (a + c \cdot x^{n2})^p, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, mn, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, -2 \cdot mn] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[n2] \ || \ \text{!IntegerQ}[p])]$

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^(q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-dx+c)\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2+2a d x c+a c^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}{2d^2} + \left(\frac{b \ln\left(\frac{a d^2 x+acd + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2a d x c+a c^2+b}}{\sqrt{a d^2}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{a d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{b} c \ln\left(\frac{2b+2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{a d^2(x+\frac{c}{d})^2+b}}}{x+\frac{c}{d}}\right)}{d^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2+2a d x c+a c^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2+2a d x c+a c^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c) \left(-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2a d x c+a c^2+b} \sqrt{a d^2} dx - 2\sqrt{a d^2} \sqrt{b} \ln\left(\frac{2(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2a d x c+a c^2+b+b})d}{dx+c}\right) c + \sqrt{a d^2} \right)}{2d^2 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2a d x c+a c^2+b} \sqrt{a d^2}}$

```
input int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-d*x+c)/d^2*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+
(1/2*b/d*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1
/2)))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)/d^2*c*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/
2))/(x+c/d)))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d
^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 229 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 989, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.53

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(2*a*sqrt(b)*c*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b))*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + sqrt(a)*b*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 2*(a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2), 1/2*(a*sqrt(b)*c*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b))*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - sqrt(-a)*b*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b) + (a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2), -1/4*(4*a*sqrt(-b)*c*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) - sqrt(a)*b*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) - 2*(a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2), -1/2*(2*a*sqrt(-b)*c*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) + sqrt(-a)*b*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \int x \sqrt{\frac{ac^2 + 2acdx + ad^2x^2 + b}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)*x, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} ac + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} adx + \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} + \sqrt{a} c + \sqrt{a} dx}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a}$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*d*x + sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*b - 2*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x - sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c + 2*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x + sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c)/(2*a*d**2)`

3.66 $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx$

Optimal result	675
Mathematica [A] (verified)	675
Rubi [A] (verified)	676
Maple [B] (verified)	678
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	678
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	680
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	680
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	681

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{d}$$

output

```
(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d-b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\sqrt{a}(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{a(c+dx)^2}} - \sqrt{b}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{ad}\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2], x]
```


output

```
(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(a*(c + d*x)^2)] - Sqrt[b]*ArcSinh[Sqrt[b]/(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x))]))/(Sqrt[a]*d*Sqrt[1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {239, 773, 247, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{239} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & - \frac{\int (c + dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - (c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - (c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right) - (c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2],x]`

output `-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]) + Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]))/d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

rule 247 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 132 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} - \sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{2(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} + b) d}{d x + c} \right)}{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} d} \right)}{d}$	133
risch	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{2 b + 2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a d^2 \left(x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 + b}}{x + \frac{c}{d}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}{d \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}$	147

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\left(\frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b)^{1/2}}{(d x + c)^2} \right)^{1/2} (d x + c) / (a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b)^{1/2} / d * \left(\frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b)^{1/2}}{(d x + c)^2} - b^{1/2} * \ln(2 * (b^{1/2} * (a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b)^{1/2} + b) * d / (d x + c)) \right)$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 116 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.25

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2(dx + c) \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2}} + \sqrt{b} \log \left(-\frac{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 - 2(dx + c)\sqrt{b} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2}} + 2b}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2} \right)}{2d}, \frac{(dx + c) \sqrt{\dots}}{d} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(2*(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/d, ((d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + sqrt(-b)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b))/d]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b/(c + d*x)**2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \frac{2b \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ac}|d| + (\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}})d}{\sqrt{-bd}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{-bd}} + \frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*b*arctan(-(sqrt(a)*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*d)/(sqrt(-b)*d))*sgn(d*x + c)/(sqrt(-b)*d) + sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)*sgn(d*x + c)/d`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(c + dx + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b} 1i}{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}\right) 1i}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1}} \right)}{d}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x + (b^(1/2)*asin((b^(1/2)*1i)/(a^(1/2)*(c + d*x)))*1i)/(a^(1/2)*(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2) + 1)^(1/2)))/d`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} + \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} + \sqrt{a} c + \sqrt{a} d x - \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} + \sqrt{a} c + \sqrt{a} d x + \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{d}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x - sqrt(b))/sqrt(b)) - sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x + sqrt(b))/sqrt(b)))/d`

3.67 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	682
Mathematica [A] (verified)	683
Rubi [A] (verified)	683
Maple [B] (verified)	687
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	688
Sympy [F]	689
Maxima [F]	690
Giac [F(-2)]	690
Mupad [F(-1)]	690
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	691

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c} + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{b + ac^2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c}$$

output `b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c+a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))- (a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx = \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(2\sqrt{-b-ac^2} \arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{adx+\sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac^2}}\right) + 2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx) - \sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{c\sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/x,x]`

output `-(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(2*Sqrt[-b - a*c^2]*ArcTan[(-(Sqrt[a]*d*x) + Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2])/Sqrt[-b - a*c^2]] + 2*Sqrt[b]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x) - Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[a]*c*Log[-(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)) + Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]]))/(c*Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.789$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 606, 25, 243, 73, 221, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{dx} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & - \int -\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{dx} d(c+dx) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1774 \\
& - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(c+dx) \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1 \right)} d(c+dx) \\
& \downarrow 1803 \\
& \int - \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& - \int \frac{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 606 \\
& \int - \frac{\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - a \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -a \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \int \frac{\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 243 \\
& -\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} - \int \frac{\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& - \int \frac{\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\frac{a}{b}} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - \int \frac{\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 719
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{(ac^2 + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} + \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 224 \\
& -\frac{(ac^2 + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} + \frac{b \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d\frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}}{c} + \\
& \quad \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& -\frac{(ac^2 + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{c} + \\
& \quad \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 488 \\
& \frac{(ac^2 + b) \int \frac{1}{ac^2 + b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d\frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{c} + \\
& \quad \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{ac^2 + b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2 + b}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{c} + \\
& \quad \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/x,x]

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{b} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{b}/((c+dx)\sqrt{a+b/(c+dx)^2}])]/c + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a+b/(c+dx)^2}/\sqrt{a}] + (\sqrt{b+a^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(-(a^2c-b/(c+dx))/(\sqrt{b+a^2}\sqrt{a+b/(c+dx)^2}))]/c$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\operatorname{Int}[-(Fx), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 73

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) \cdot (x_.)^{(m_)} \cdot ((c_.) + (d_.) \cdot (x_.)^{(n_)}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[p/b \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(p(m+1)-1)} \cdot (c - a(d/b) + d \cdot (x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b \cdot x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 219

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) \cdot (x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \&\& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \mid \mid \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 221

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) \cdot (x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \operatorname{ArcTanh}[x/\operatorname{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 224

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.) \cdot (x_.)^2}], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(1 - b \cdot x^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + b \cdot x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{!GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 243

$$\operatorname{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_)} \cdot ((a_.) + (b_.) \cdot (x_.)^2)^{(p_)}], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)} \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$$

rule 488

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/(((c_.) + (d_.) \cdot (x_.) \cdot \sqrt{(a_.) + (b_.) \cdot (x_.)^2})], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x)/\sqrt{a + b \cdot x^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 606 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a/c Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] - Simp[1/c Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 248 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c) \left(-a c d \ln \left(\frac{a d^2 x + a c d + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2}}{\sqrt{a d^2}} \right) + \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \ln \left(\frac{2 a c^2 + 2 b + 2 a d x c + 2 \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2}}{x} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} c \sqrt{a d^2}}$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^{1/2}*(d*x+c)*(-a*c*d*\ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^{1/2}*(a*d^2)^{1/2}))/((a*d^2)^{1/2})+(a*c^2+b)^{1/2}*\ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^{1/2}*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^{1/2}+b)/x*(a*d^2)^{1/2}-(a*d^2)^{1/2}*b^{1/2}*\ln(2*(b^{1/2}*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^{1/2}+b)*d/(d*x+c)))/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^{1/2}/c/(a*d^2)^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 317 vs. $2(106) = 212$.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2695, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(a)*c*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2))/c, 1/2*(sqrt(a)*c*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) - 2*sqrt(-b)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) + sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2))/c, -1/2*(2*sqrt(-a)*c*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)) - sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}}}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))/x, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)/x, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)/x, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ac^2 + b} \log(\sqrt{ac^2 + b} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} - ac^2 - acdx - b) - 2\sqrt{ac^2 + b} \log(x) + 2\sqrt{a} \log(\dots)}{2c}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `(2*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b) - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x) + 2*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c - a*d*x)*c - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b)) + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(b)))/(2*c)`

3.68 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	692
Mathematica [A] (verified)	693
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	700

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{b}d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{bd\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{b+ac^2}}$$

output

```
-d*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c/(1-c/(d*x+c))-b^(1/2)*d*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)
/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^2+b*d*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a
+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^2/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{d\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x} - \frac{bd \log(x)}{c^2\sqrt{b+ac^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{bd} \log(c+dx)}{c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{bd} \log\left(b + \sqrt{b}(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}\right)}{c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \log\left(b + (c+dx)\left(ac + \sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}\right)\right)}{c^2\sqrt{b+ac^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/x^2,x]`

output `-((d*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2])/c) - Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]/x - (b*d*Log[x])/(c^2*Sqrt[b + a*c^2]) + (Sqrt[b]*d*Log[c + d*x])/c^2 - (Sqrt[b]*d*Log[b + Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]])/c^2 + (b*d*Log[b + (c + d*x)*(a*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]])/(c^2*Sqrt[b + a*c^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1799, 492, 605, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$d \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{d^2 x^2} d(c+dx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1774 \\
 & d \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2} d(c+dx) \\
 & \downarrow 1799 \\
 & -d \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \downarrow 492 \\
 & -d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 605 \\
 & -d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \right)}{c} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 224 \\
 & -d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \right)}{c} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 219 \\
 & -d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 488 \\
 -d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{ac^2+b} \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} dx - \frac{\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{c} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 -d \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c\sqrt{ac^2+b}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{c} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/x^2,x]`

output `-(d*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/(c*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (b*(-(ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]])/(Sqrt[b]*c)) - ArcTanh[(-(a*c) - b/(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])]/(c*Sqrt[b + a*c^2])))/c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 492 $\text{Int}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(d*(n + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*b*(p/(d*(n + 1)) \text{Int}[x*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x]$ $\&\&$ $\text{GtQ}[p, 0]$ $\&\&$ $(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \parallel \text{LtQ}[n, -1])$ $\&\&$ $\text{NeQ}[n, -1]$ $\&\&$ $!\text{LtQ}[n + 2*p + 1, 0]$ $\&\&$ $\text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 605 $\text{Int}[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/d \text{Int}[x^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] - \text{Simp}[c/d \text{Int}[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c + d*x)), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x]$ $\&\&$ $\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$ $\&\&$ $\text{LtQ}[-1, p, 0]$

rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_)]^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^(m + 1) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /;$ $\text{NeQ}[c, 0]$ $/;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x]$ $\&\&$ $\text{LinearQ}[v, x]$ $\&\&$ $\text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1774 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_)]^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, mn, p\}, x]$ $\&\&$ $\text{EqQ}[n2, -2*mn]$ $\&\&$ $\text{IntegerQ}[q]$ $\&\&$ $(\text{PosQ}[n2] \parallel !\text{IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 1799 $\text{Int}[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)]^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(q_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x]$ $\&\&$ $\text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n]$ $\&\&$ $\text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m - n + 1], 0]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result
risch	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}{c x} + \frac{\left(\frac{d b \ln \left(\frac{2 a c^2 + 2 b + 2 a d x c + 2 \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}{x} \right)}{c^2 \sqrt{a c^2 + b}} - \frac{d \sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{2 b + 2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a d^2 \left(x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 + b}}{x + \frac{c}{d}} \right)}{c^2} \right) \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}} \left(-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} a c d^2 x^2 + \sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} + b \right) d}{d x + c} \right) a c^2 d x - 2 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} \right)$

```
input int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/c/x*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+(1/c^2*d*b/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)-1/c^2*d*b^(1/2)*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 313 vs. 2(118) = 236.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1334, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((a*c^2 + b)*sqrt(b)*d*x*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 - 2*(d*x
+ c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x
+ c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*b*d*x*log(-(2*
a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x
+ 2*b^2 + 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b
)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2
) - 2*(a*c^4 + b*c^2 + (a*c^3 + b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*
c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a*c^4 + b*c^2)*x), 1/2*(2*(a*c^2 +
b)*sqrt(-b)*d*x*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*
c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) + sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*b*d*x*log(-(2*a^2
*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2
*b^2 + 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*s
qrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) -
2*(a*c^4 + b*c^2 + (a*c^3 + b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2
+ b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a*c^4 + b*c^2)*x), -1/2*(2*sqrt(-a*c^2
- b)*b*d*x*arctan((a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(-a
*c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^
2)))/(a^2*c^4 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d
*x + b^2)) - (a*c^2 + b)*sqrt(b)*d*x*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 -
2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2)/x**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**
2*x**2))/x**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)/x^2, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 299 vs. 2(118) = 236.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2bd \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - b}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc^2}} + \frac{2bd \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ac}|d| + (\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}})d}{\sqrt{-bd}}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}{\sqrt{-bc^2}} - \frac{2\left(a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2c^2d^4|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + \left(\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}\right)ab^2cd^5\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + \sqrt{ab^3d^4}|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)\right)}{\left(ac^2 - \left(\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}\right)^2 + b\right)b^2cd^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*b*d*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))*sgn(d*x + c)/(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*c^2) + 2*b*d*arctan(-(sqrt(a)*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*d)/(sqrt(-b)*d))*sgn(d*x + c)/(sqrt(-b)*c^2) - 2*(a^(3/2)*b^2*c^2*d^4*abs(d))*sgn(d*x + c) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a*b^2*c*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*b^3*d^4*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c)/((a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2 + b)*b^2*c*d^4)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} a c^3 - 2\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} bc + 2\sqrt{a c^2 + b} \log(-\sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b})}{(2c^2 x (a c^2 + b))}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c**3 - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b*c + 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(- sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*b*d*x - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*b*d*x + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b))*a*c**2*d*x + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b))*b*d*x - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(b))*a*c**2*d*x - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(b))*b*d*x)/(2*c**2*x*(a*c**2 + b))`

3.69
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 212

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} + \frac{(3b + 2ac^2) d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^2 (b + ac^2) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b} d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c^3}$$

$$- \frac{b(2b + 3ac^2) d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2c^3 (b + ac^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^2/(1-c/(d*x+c))^2+1/2*(2*a*c^2+3*b)*d^2*(
a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^2/(a*c^2+b)/(1-c/(d*x+c))+b^(1/2)*d^2*arctanh(b^(1/
2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^3-1/2*b*(3*a*c^2+2*b)*d^2*arctanh((a*c
+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^3/(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{c(c+dx)(b(c-2dx)+ac^2(c-dx))\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(b+ac^2)x^2} - \frac{b(2b+3ac^2)d^2 \log(x)}{(b+ac^2)^{3/2}} + 2\sqrt{b}d^2 \log(c+dx) - 2\sqrt{b}d^2 \log\left(b + \sqrt{b}(c+dx)\right) \frac{1}{2c^3}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/x^3,x]`

output

```
-1/2*((c*(c + d*x)*(b*(c - 2*d*x) + a*c^2*(c - d*x))*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2])/((b + a*c^2)*x^2) - (b*(2*b + 3*a*c^2)*d^2*Log[x])/((b + a*c^2)^(3/2) + 2*Sqrt[b]*d^2*Log[c + d*x] - 2*Sqrt[b]*d^2*Log[b + Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2]]) + (b*(2*b + 3*a*c^2)*d^2*Log[b + (c + d*x)*(a*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2])]/(b + a*c^2)^(3/2))/c^3
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 589, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 896

$$d^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{d^3 x^3} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
& -d^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{d^3 x^3} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
& d^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{589} \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{c(2ac^2+3b)}{c+dx} + ac^2 + 2b\right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{b \int \frac{2\left(ac + \frac{2(ac^2+b)}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4c^2 (ac^2 + b)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{c(2ac^2+3b)}{c+dx} + ac^2 + 2b\right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{b \int \frac{ac + \frac{2(ac^2+b)}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{c(2ac^2+3b)}{c+dx} + ac^2 + 2b\right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(3ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{2(ac^2+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 224$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{c(2ac^2+3b)}{c+dx} + ac^2 + 2b \right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(3ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{2(ac^2+b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx)}}{c} \right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{c(2ac^2+3b)}{c+dx} + ac^2 + 2b \right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(3ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{2(ac^2+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 488$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{c(2ac^2+3b)}{c+dx} + ac^2 + 2b \right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(3ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{ac^2+b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{2(ac^2+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b)} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{c(2ac^2+3b)}{c+dx} + ac^2 + 2b \right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2} - \frac{b \left(\frac{2(ac^2+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{bc}} - \frac{(3ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b}} \right)}{c \sqrt{ac^2+b}} \right)}{2c^2 (ac^2 + b)} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/x^3,x]`

output `d^2*((Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(2*b + a*c^2 - (c*(3*b + 2*a*c^2))/(c + d*x)))/(2*c^2*(b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) - (b*((-2*(b + a*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])])/(Sqrt[b]*c) - ((2*b + 3*a*c^2)*ArcTanh[(-(a*c) - b/(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])])/(c*Sqrt[b + a*c^2])))/(2*c^2*(b + a*c^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 589 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(-(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c*(a*d^2 + b*c^2*(2*p + 1)) - d*(
a*d^2*(n + 1) + b*c^2*(n - 2*p + 1))*x)/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2
)), x] + Simp[b*(p/(d^2*(n + 1)*(n + 2)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))] Int[(c + d*x)^(
n + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*d*(n + 2) - (2*a*d^2*(n + 1) - 2*b*c
^2*(2*p + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[n
, -2] && LtQ[n + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
)`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 401 vs. 2(190) = 380.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-adx^2+c^3a-2bdx+bc)\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2c^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}{2(ac^2+b)c^2x^2} + \left(-\frac{3d^2b \ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2b+2adxc+2\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2c^2+b}}{x}\right)a}{2c(ac^2+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2c^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)\left(3\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2c^2+b}a^2c^3d^3x^3-2\sqrt{b} \ln\left(\frac{2(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2c^2+b})d}{dx+c}\right)\right)}{a^2c^4d^2x^2+5}$

```
input int((a+b/(d*x+c))^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-a*c^2*d*x+a*c^3-2*b*d*x+b*c)/(a*c^2+b)/c^2/x^2*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+(-3/2/c*d^2*b/(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)*a-1/c^3*d^2*b^2/(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)+1/c*d^2*b^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b)*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))*a+1/c^3*d^2*b^(3/2)/(a*c^2+b)*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 402 vs. 2(188) = 376.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1687, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/(d*x+c))^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/4*(2*(a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2)*sqrt(b)*d^2*x^2*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*
c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 +
b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + (3*a*b*c
^2 + 2*b^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*d^2*x^2*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^
2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c
^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x
+ a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(a^2*c^7 + 2*a*b*c^5 + b
^2*c^3 - (a^2*c^5 + 3*a*b*c^3 + 2*b^2*c)*d^2*x^2 - (a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^2)*d*x
)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a
^2*c^7 + 2*a*b*c^5 + b^2*c^3)*x^2), -1/4*(4*(a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2)*sq
rt(-b)*d^2*x^2*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c
^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) - (3*a*b*c^2 + 2*b^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b
)*d^2*x^2*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2
*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b
*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*
c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) + 2*(a^2*c^7 + 2*a*b*c^5 + b^2*c^3 - (a^2*c^5 + 3*a*b*
c^3 + 2*b^2*c)*d^2*x^2 - (a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*
d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^2*c^7 + 2*a*b*c^5 + b^2*c
^3)*x^2), 1/2*((3*a*b*c^2 + 2*b^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*d^2*x^2*arctan((a*c*d^
2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2)/x**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**
2*x**2))/x**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)/x^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 685 vs. $2(188) = 376$.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 685, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*b*d^2*arctan(-(sqrt(a)*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*d)/(sqrt(-b)*d))*sgn(d*x + c)/(sqrt(-b)*c^3) + (3*a*b^4*c^2*d^8*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*b^5*d^8*sgn(d*x + c))*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))/((a*b^3*c^5*d^6 + b^4*c^3*d^6)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)) + (2*a^(7/2)*b^3*c^6*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^3*b^3*c^5*d^8*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(5/2)*b^3*c^4*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 6*a^(5/2)*b^4*c^4*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 7*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^8*sgn(d*x + c) - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a*b^4*c*d^8*sgn(d*x + c) + 6*a^(3/2)*b^5*c^2*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a*b^5*c*d^8*sgn(d*x + c) - 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*sqrt(a)*b^5*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*sqrt(a)*b^6*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))/((a*b^3*c^4*d^6 + b^4*c^2*d^6)*(a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2 + b)^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)/x^3, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 638, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} a^2 c^6 + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} a^2 c^5 dx - 2\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b}}{\dots}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**6 + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2
*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**5*d*x - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a
*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b*c**4 + 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b
*c**3*d*x - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**2*c**2 + 2*sqrt(
a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**2*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(
sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c
*d*x - b)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqr
t(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*b**2*d**2*
x**2 - 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*l
og(x)*b**2*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 +
b) - sqrt(b))*a**2*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x
+ a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b))*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**
2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b))*b**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(b)*log(s
qrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(b))*a**2*c**4*d**2*x**2 +
2*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(b))*a*b*c
**2*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + s
qrt(b))*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(2*c**3*x**2*(a**2*c**4 + 2*a*b*c**2 + b**2))
```

3.70 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	712
Mathematica [A] (verified)	713
Rubi [A] (verified)	713
Maple [B] (verified)	719
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	719
Sympy [F]	720
Maxima [F]	721
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	721
Mupad [F(-1)]	722
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	723

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 293

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3c^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} + \frac{(7b + 6ac^2) d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{6c^3 (b + ac^2) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}$$

$$- \frac{(11b^2 + 20abc^2 + 6a^2c^4) d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{6c^3 (b + ac^2)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{b} d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{b(2b^2 + 5abc^2 + 4a^2c^4) d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2c^4 (b + ac^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^3/(1-c/(d*x+c))^3+1/6*(6*a*c^2+7*b)*d^3*(
a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^3/(a*c^2+b)/(1-c/(d*x+c))^2-1/6*(6*a^2*c^4+20*a*b*c
^2+11*b^2)*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^3/(a*c^2+b)^2/(1-c/(d*x+c))-b^(1/2)
*d^3*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^4+1/2*b*(4*a^2*c^4+5
*a*b*c^2+2*b^2)*d^3*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2
)^(1/2))/c^4/(a*c^2+b)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx = \frac{c(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}(2a^2c^4(c^2-cdx+d^2x^2)+b^2(2c^2-3cdx+6d^2x^2)+abc^2(4c^2-5cdx+11d^2x^2))}{(b+ac^2)^2x^3} + \frac{3b(2b^2+5abc^2+4a^2c^4)d^3 \log(x)}{(b+ac^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/x^4,x]`

output `-1/6*((c*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2]*(2*a^2*c^4*(c^2 - c*d*x + d^2*x^2) + b^2*(2*c^2 - 3*c*d*x + 6*d^2*x^2) + a*b*c^2*(4*c^2 - 5*c*d*x + 11*d^2*x^2)))/(b + a*c^2)^2*x^3) + (3*b*(2*b^2 + 5*a*b*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^4)*d^3*Log[x])/(b + a*c^2)^(5/2) - 6*Sqrt[b]*d^3*Log[c + d*x] + 6*Sqrt[b]*d^3*Log[b + Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2]] - (3*b*(2*b^2 + 5*a*b*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^4)*d^3*Log[b + (c + d*x)*(a*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2])])/(b + a*c^2)^(5/2))/c^4`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1803, 603, 27, 680, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 896

$$d^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{d^4 x^4} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 1774

$$\begin{aligned}
& d^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(c+dx)^4 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^4} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
& -d^3 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{603} \\
& -d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(a + \frac{\frac{b}{c} + ac}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3(ac^2 + b)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(a + \frac{\frac{b}{c} + ac}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{ac^2 + b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{680} \\
& -d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{2b \left(\frac{2(ac^2+b)^2}{c+dx} + ac(2ac^2+b)\right)}{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(b \left(3ac + \frac{2b}{c}\right) - \frac{2a^2c^4 + 6abc^2 + 3b^2}{c+dx}\right)}{2c^2(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{ac^2 + b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{b \int \frac{\frac{2(ac^2+b)^2}{c+dx} + ac(2ac^2+b)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c^3(ac^2+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(b\left(3ac + \frac{2b}{c}\right) - \frac{2a^2c^4 + 6abc^2 + 3b^2}{c+dx}\right)}{2c^2(ac^2+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{ac^2 + b} \right)$$

↓ 719

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(4a^2c^4 + 5abc^2 + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{2(ac^2+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \right)}{2c^3(ac^2+b)}}{ac^2 + b} - \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}$$

↓ 224

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(4a^2c^4 + 5abc^2 + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{2(ac^2+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}}{c} \right)}{2c^3(ac^2+b)}}{ac^2 + b}$$

↓ 219

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(4a^2c^4 + 5abc^2 + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{2(ac^2 + b)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{2c^3(ac^2 + b)} \right) \frac{1}{ac^2 + b}$$

↓ 488

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(4a^2c^4 + 5abc^2 + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{ac^2 + b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{2(ac^2 + b)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{2c^3(ac^2 + b)} \right) \frac{1}{ac^2 + b}$$

↓ 219

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(4a^2c^4 + 5abc^2 + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2 + b} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c\sqrt{ac^2 + b}} - \frac{2(ac^2 + b)^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{2c^3(ac^2 + b)} \right) \frac{1}{ac^2 + b}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/x^4,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -(d^3*((a + b/(c + d*x))^2)^{3/2}/(3*c*(b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) - (\\
& -1/2*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(b*((2*b)/c + 3*a*c) - (3*b^2 + 6*a*b*c^2 + \\
& 2*a^2*c^4)/(c + d*x)))/(c^2*(b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + (b*((-2*(b \\
& + a*c^2)^2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[b]/((c + d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])])/(\text{Sqrt}[b]* \\
& c) - ((2*b^2 + 5*a*b*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^4)*\text{ArcTanh}[(-a*c) - b/(c + d*x)]/(\text{Sqrt} \\
& [b + a*c^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]))/(c*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c^2]))/(2*c^3*(b + a \\
& *c^2))/(b + a*c^2))
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 488

$$\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$$

rule 603

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}}, x_Symbol \\
&] \rightarrow \text{With}\{\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainde} \\
& \text{r}[x^m, c + d*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[d*R*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1))/((n + \\
& 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x) \\
& ^{(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*\text{ExpandToSum}[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + \\
& 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
\end{aligned}$$

rule 680

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m
+ 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)))*((d*g - e*f*(m + 2))*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) - 2*c*d^2*p*(e*
f - d*g) - e*(g*(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) + 2*c*d*p*(e*f - d*g))*x), x] - Sim
p[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + c*x^
2)^(p - 1)*Simp[2*a*c*e*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2) - c*(2*c*d*(d*g*(2*p + 1) - e*f
*(m + 2*p + 2)) - 2*a*e^2*g*(m + 1))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f,
g}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3
, 0]
```

rule 719

```
Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]
```

rule 896

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Simpli
fyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1774

```
Int[((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
])
```

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 602 vs. $2(267) = 534$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 603, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(2a^2c^4d^2x^2-2a^2c^5dx+2a^2c^6+11abc^2d^2x^2-5abc^3dx+4abc^4+6b^2d^2x^2-3b^2cxd+2b^2c^2)\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}{6(a^2+b)^2c^3x^3} + \dots$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*(2*a^2*c^4*d^2*x^2-2*a^2*c^5*d*x+2*a^2*c^6+11*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2-5*a*b*c^3*d*x+4*a*b*c^4+6*b^2*d^2*x^2-3*b^2*c*d*x+2*b^2*c^2)/(a*c^2+b)^2/c^3/x^3*
((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+(2*d^3*b/(a*c^2+b)^(5/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)*a^2+5/2*d^3*b^2/c^2/(a*c^2+b)^(5/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)*a*d^3*b^3/c^4/(a*c^2+b)^(5/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)-d^3*b^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b)^2*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))*a^2-2*d^3*b^(3/2)/c^2/(a*c^2+b)^2*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))*a-d^3*b^(5/2)/c^4/(a*c^2+b)^2*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2097, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/12*(6*(a^3*c^6 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + b^3)*sqrt(b)*d^3*x^3*log(-
(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a
*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x +
c^2)) + 3*(4*a^2*b*c^4 + 5*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*b^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*d^3*x^3*log
(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)
*d*x + 2*b^2 + 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^
2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))
)/x^2) - 2*(2*a^3*c^10 + 6*a^2*b*c^8 + 6*a*b^2*c^6 + 2*b^3*c^4 + (2*a^3*c^
7 + 13*a^2*b*c^5 + 17*a*b^2*c^3 + 6*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3 + 3*(2*a^2*b*c^6 + 3*a*
b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^2)*d^2*x^2 - (a^2*b*c^7 + 2*a*b^2*c^5 + b^3*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt
((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^3*c^1
0 + 3*a^2*b*c^8 + 3*a*b^2*c^6 + b^3*c^4)*x^3), 1/12*(12*(a^3*c^6 + 3*a^2*b
*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + b^3)*sqrt(-b)*d^3*x^3*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt(
(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))/b) + 3*(4*a
^2*b*c^4 + 5*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*b^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*d^3*x^3*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 +
(2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 +
2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*
d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(2*a
^3*c^10 + 6*a^2*b*c^8 + 6*a*b^2*c^6 + 2*b^3*c^4 + (2*a^3*c^7 + 13*a^2*b*c^
5 + 17*a*b^2*c^3 + 6*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3 + 3*(2*a^2*b*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^4 + b^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2)/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**
2*x**2))/x**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)/x^4, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1521 vs. 2(264) = 528.

Time = 10.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1521, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*b*d^3*arctan(-(sqrt(a)*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*
c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*d)/(sqrt(-b)*d))*sgn(d*x + c)/(sqrt(-b)*c^4) - (4*a^2*
b^5*c^4*d^11*sgn(d*x + c) + 5*a*b^6*c^2*d^11*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*b^7*d^11*sgn
(d*x + c))*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b
))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))/((a^2*b^4*c^8*d^8 + 2*a*b^5*c^6*d^8 + b^6*c^4*d^8)*sq
rt(-a*c^2 - b)) - 1/3*(8*a^(11/2)*b^4*c^10*d^10*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 24*(
sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^5*b^4*c^9*d^11*
sgn(d*x + c) + 24*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b
))^2*a^(9/2)*b^4*c^8*d^10*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d
^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a^4*b^4*c^7*d^11*sgn(d*x + c) + 38*a^(9
/2)*b^5*c^8*d^10*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 78*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2
+ 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^4*b^5*c^7*d^11*sgn(d*x + c) + 36*(sqrt(a*d^2)*
x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(7/2)*b^5*c^6*d^10*abs(d)
*sgn(d*x + c) - 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b
))^3*a^3*b^5*c^5*d^11*sgn(d*x + c) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*
a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^4*a^(5/2)*b^5*c^4*d^10*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 72*a^(7
/2)*b^6*c^6*d^10*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^5*a^2*b^5*c^3*d^11*sgn(d*x + c) + 93*(sqrt(a*d^2)
*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^3*b^6*c^5*d^11*sgn(d*x + c
) - 12*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(5...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)/x^4, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1061, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/x^4,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**9 + 2*sqrt(a*c**2
+ 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**8*d*x - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x
+ a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**7*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**
2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**7 + 7*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**
2*b*c**6*d*x - 13*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**5*d
**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**5 + 8*sq
rt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**4*d*x - 17*sqrt(a*c**2
+ 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a
*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3*c**3 + 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x
**2 + b)*b**3*c**2*d*x - 6*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3
*c*d**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log( - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2
*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a**2*b*c**4*d**3*x**3
+ 15*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log( - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a
d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 6*sqrt(a*c
**2 + b)*log( - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)
- a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*b**3*d**3*x**3 - 12*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*a**2*
b*c**4*d**3*x**3 - 15*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**3 - 6*sq
rt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*b**3*d**3*x**3 + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d
*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b))*a**3*c**6*d**3*x**3 + 9*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(
a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b))*a**2*b*c**4*d**3*x**3 ...
```


$$3.71 \quad \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal result	724
Mathematica [A] (verified)	725
Rubi [A] (verified)	725
Maple [A] (verified)	731
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	732
Sympy [F]	732
Maxima [F]	733
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	733
Mupad [F(-1)]	734
Reduce [F]	735

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 270

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx &= -\frac{c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{5/2}}{ad^4} \\ &+ \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{5/2}}{4ad^4} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} \left(b + 12ac^2 - \frac{8c(2b+ac^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{8ad^4} \\ &- \frac{3b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(b + 12ac^2 - \frac{4c(2b+ac^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{8ad^4} \\ &+ \frac{3\sqrt{b}c(2b + ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{2d^4} + \frac{3b(b + 12ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{8\sqrt{a}d^4} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-c*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2)/a/d^4+1/4*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2)/a/d^4+1/8*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)*(b+12*a*c^2-8*c*(a*c^2+2*b)/(d*x+c))/a/d^4-3/8*b*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(b+12*a*c^2-4*c*(a*c^2+2*b)/(d*x+c))/a/d^4+3/2*b^(1/2)*c*(a*c^2+2*b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^4+3/8*b*(12*a*c^2+b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} (b(47c^3+73c^2dx+17cd^2x^2-5d^3x^3)+2a(c^5+c^4dx-cd^4x^4-d^5x^5))}{c+dx} - 12\sqrt{bc}(2b+ac^2)\log(\dots)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]*(b*(47*c^3 + 73*c^2*d*x + 17*c*d^2*x^2 - 5*d^3*x^3) + 2*a*(c^5 + c^4*d*x - c*d^4*x^4 - d^5*x^5)))/(c + d*x)) - 12*Sqrt[b]*c*(2*b + a*c^2)*Log[c + d*x] + (3*b*(b + 12*a*c^2)*Log[(c + d*x)*(a + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]])/Sqrt[a] + 12*Sqrt[b]*c*(2*b + a*c^2)*Log[b + Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]])/(8*d^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.947$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 540, 2338, 27, 537, 25, 535, 27, 538, 224, 219, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 896

$$\frac{\int d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} d(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int -d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\
& \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3 d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
& \frac{\int -(c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\int (c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{540} \\
& \frac{\frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{4ac^3}{(c+dx)^2} + 12ac - \frac{12ac^2+b}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{4a}}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
& \frac{\frac{\int 3a(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(12ac^2 - \frac{4(ac^2+2b)c}{c+dx} + b\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{4a}}{4a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{-\int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(12ac^2 - \frac{4(ac^2+2b)c}{c+dx} + b\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{4a}}{4a} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{537} \\
& \frac{\frac{3}{2}b \int -\left((c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(12ac^2 - \frac{8(ac^2+2b)c}{c+dx} + b\right)\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{8c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right) - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{4a}}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2}b \int (c+dx) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(12ac^2 - \frac{8(ac^2+2b)c}{c+dx} + b\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{8c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right) - 4c(c+dx)^3 \left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^5}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 535

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{2(c+dx) \left(12ac^2 - \frac{4(ac^2+2b)c}{c+dx} + b\right)}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{4c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{8c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right)}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \int \frac{(c+dx) \left(12ac^2 - \frac{4(ac^2+2b)c}{c+dx} + b\right)}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{4c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{8c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right)}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 538

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \left((12ac^2+b) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - 4c(ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \right) + \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{4c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{8c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right)}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 224

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \left((12ac^2+b) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - 4c(ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d\frac{1}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right) + \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{4c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{8c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right)}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{-\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \left((12ac^2+b) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{4c(ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) + \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{4c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{8c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2 + b\right)}{4a} \quad d^4$$

↓ 243

$$-\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}(12ac^2+b) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{4c(ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}}{4a} + \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{4c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2+b \right) + \frac{1}{2} \right) \right) d^4$$

73

$$-\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \left(\frac{\frac{(12ac^2+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{4c(ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}}{\frac{b}{b}}}{4a} + \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{4c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2+b \right) \right) \right) d^4$$

221

$$-\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \left(-\frac{4c(ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{(12ac^2+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(-\frac{4c(ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} + 12ac^2+b \right) + \frac{1}{2} \right) d^4$$

input `Int [x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `((c + d*x)^4*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(5/2))/(4*a) + (-4*c*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(5/2) + ((c + d*x)^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)*(b + 12*a*c^2 - (8*c*(2*b + a*c^2))/(c + d*x)))/2 - (3*b*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(b + 12*a*c^2 - (4*c*(2*b + a*c^2))/(c + d*x)) + a*((-4*c*(2*b + a*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]])/Sqrt[b] - ((b + 12*a*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]))/2)/(4*a))/d^4`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{p} = \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{p}/\text{b} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{p}*(\text{m} + 1) - 1)}*(\text{c} - \text{a}*(\text{d}/\text{b}) + \text{d}*(\text{x}^{\text{p}/\text{b}})^{\text{n}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x})^{(1/\text{p})}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, \text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, \text{n}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[\text{n}], \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*\text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_)^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{((\text{m} - 1)/2)*(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x})^{\text{p}}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^2], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2]$
- rule 535 $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_))*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}]/(\text{x}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{p}[(\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 1) + 2*\text{d}*\text{p}*\text{x})*((\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}/(2*\text{p}*(2*\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{a}/(2*\text{p} + 1) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c}*(2*\text{p} + 1) + 2*\text{d}*\text{p}*\text{x})*((\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} - 1)}/\text{x}), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*\text{p}]$

rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
x)(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
)]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2338

```
Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2ax^3d^3+2ad^2x^2c-2adxc^2+2c^3a-5bdx+27bc)\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}{8d^4} + \left(\frac{3b^2 \ln\left(\frac{ad^2x+acd}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2}\right)}{8d^3\sqrt{ad^2}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*(-2*a*d^3*x^3+2*a*c*d^2*x^2-2*a*c^2*d*x+2*a*c^3-5*b*d*x+27*b*c)/d^4*(
(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+(3/8*b^2/d^3*ln((a*
d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1
/2)+9/2*b/d^3*a*c^2*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+
a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)-3*b/d^5*c^2/(x+c/d)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2
)+1/2*b/d^6*c^3/(x+c/d)^2*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2)+3/2*b^(1/2)/d^4*c^3*ln
((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))*a+3*b^(3/2)/d^4*c*ln((
2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a
*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1509, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.59

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(3*(12*a*b*c^3 + b^2*c + (12*a*b*c^2 + b^2)*d*x)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 12*(a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(2*a^2*d^5*x^5 + 2*a^2*c*d^4*x^4 + 5*a*b*d^3*x^3 - 2*a^2*c^5 - 17*a*b*c*d^2*x^2 - 47*a*b*c^3 - (2*a^2*c^4 + 73*a*b*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^5*x + a*c*d^4), -1/8*(3*(12*a*b*c^3 + b^2*c + (12*a*b*c^2 + b^2)*d*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)) - 6*(a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - (2*a^2*d^5*x^5 + 2*a^2*c*d^4*x^4 + 5*a*b*d^3*x^3 - 2*a^2*c^5 - 17*a*b*c*d^2*x^2 - 47*a*b*c^3 - (2*a^2*c^4 + 73*a*b*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^5*x + a*c*d^4), -1/16*(24*(a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) - 3*(12*a*b*c...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 \left(\frac{ac^2 + 2acdx + ad^2x^2 + b}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Integral(x**3*((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d*
*2*x**2))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)*x^3, x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 940 vs. $2(240) = 480$.

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 940, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

1/8*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)*((2*(a*x*sgn(d*x + c)/d - a*c*
sgn(d*x + c)/d^2)*x + (2*a^3*c^2*d^10*sgn(d*x + c) + 5*a^2*b*d^10*sgn(d*x
+ c))/(a^2*d^13))*x - (2*a^3*c^3*d^9*sgn(d*x + c) + 27*a^2*b*c*d^9*sgn(d*x
+ c))/(a^2*d^13)) - 3/56*(12*a*b*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + b^2*sgn(d*x + c))*log
(abs(16*a^(7/2)*c^7*d + 112*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x +
a*c^2 + b))*a^3*c^6*abs(d) + 336*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d
*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(5/2)*c^5*d + 560*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2
*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a^2*c^4*abs(d) + 560*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*
x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^4*a^(3/2)*c^3*d - 48*a^(5/2)*b*c^5*d + 336*(
sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^5*a*c^2*abs(d) -
240*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^2*b*c^4*ab
s(d) + 112*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^6*sq
rt(a)*c*d - 480*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2
*a^(3/2)*b*c^3*d + 16*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2
+ b))^7*abs(d) - 480*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 +
b))^3*a*b*c^2*abs(d) - 240*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x +
a*c^2 + b))^4*sqrt(a)*b*c*d + 48*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^3*d - 48*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - s
qrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^5*b*abs(d) + 144*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x -
sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a*b^2*c^2*abs(d) + 144*(sqrt(a*d^
2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*sqrt(a)*b^2*c*d + 48*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)`

$$3.72 \quad \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal result	736
Mathematica [A] (verified)	737
Rubi [A] (verified)	737
Maple [A] (verified)	742
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	742
Sympy [F]	743
Maxima [F]	744
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	744
Mupad [F(-1)]	745
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	746

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 208

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{(c+dx)(2b-3acdx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}}{3ad^3} \\ &+ \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{5/2}}{3ad^3} - \frac{b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}(2b+3ac(c-2(c+dx)))}{2ad^3(c+dx)} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt{b}(2b+3ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2d^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{abc} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{d^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/3*(d*x+c)*(-3*a*c*d*x+2*b)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/a/d^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(5/2)/a/d^3-1/2*b*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(2*b+3*a*c*(-2*d*x-c))/a/d^3/(d*x+c)-1/2*b^(1/2)*(3*a*c^2+2*b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^3-3*a^(1/2)*b*c*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2} (2a(c+dx)^2 (c^2 - cdx + d^2x^2) + b(17c^2 + 28cdx + 8d^2x^2))}}{c+dx} + 3\sqrt{b}(2b + 3ac^2) \log(c + dx) - 1$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]*(2*a*(c + d*x)^2*(c^2 - c*d*x + d^2*x^2) + b*(17*c^2 + 28*c*d*x + 8*d^2*x^2)))/(c + d*x) + 3*Sqrt[b]*(2*b + 3*a*c^2)*Log[c + d*x] - 18*Sqrt[a]*b*c*Log[(c + d*x)*(a + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2])] - 3*Sqrt[b]*(2*b + 3*a*c^2)*Log[b + Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]])/(6*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1803, 540, 537, 27, 535, 538, 224, 219, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 896 \\ & \frac{\int d^2 x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} d(c+dx)}{d^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1774 \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1 \right)^2 d(c+dx)}{d^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1803 \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^3} \\ & \downarrow 540 \\ & \frac{\frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(6ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\ & \downarrow 537 \\ & \frac{\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(-\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}\right) \left(3ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right) - \frac{3}{2}b \int -2(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(3ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\frac{3b \int (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(3ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx} - (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(3ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right)}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\ & \downarrow 535 \\ & \frac{\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{(c+dx) \left(6ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(6ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(3ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right)\right)}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3a}}{d^3} \\ & \downarrow 538 \\ & \frac{\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(6ac \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - (3ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(6ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right)\right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(3ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right)}{3a}}{d^3} \\ & \downarrow 224 \\ & \frac{\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(6ac \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - (3ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(6ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right)\right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(3ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right)}{3a}}{d^3} \\ & \downarrow 219 \end{aligned}$$

$$3b \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}a \left(6ac \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{(3ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(6ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{3a} \right)}{d^3}$$

↓ 243

$$3b \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}a \left(3ac \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{(3ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(6ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{3a} \right)}{d^3}$$

↓ 73

$$3b \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{6ac \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{a}{b} - \frac{(3ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(6ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{3a} \right)}{d^3}$$

↓ 221

$$3b \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}a \left(-\frac{(3ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - 6\sqrt{ac} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(6ac - \frac{3ac^2+2b}{c+dx}\right) - (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)}{3a} \right)}{d^3}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-((-1/3*((c + d*x)^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(5/2))/a - (-((c + d*x)^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)*(3*a*c - (2*b + 3*a*c^2)/(c + d*x))) + 3*b*((Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(6*a*c - (2*b + 3*a*c^2)/(c + d*x)))/2 + (a*(-(((2*b + 3*a*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]]))/Sqrt[b]) - 6*Sqrt[a]*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]]))/2))/(3*a))/d^3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 224 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{GtQ}[a, 0]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 535 $\text{Int}[(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)})/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[a/(2*p + 1) \text{ Int}[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p-1)}/x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$

rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
x)(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1)))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
)]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

method	result
risch	$\frac{(a d^2 x^2 - a d x c + a c^2 + 4b) \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}{3 d^3} + \frac{\left(\frac{3 \sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{2 b + 2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a d^2 \left(x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 + b}}{x + \frac{c}{d}} \right) a c^2}{2 d^3} - \frac{b^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln \left(\frac{2 b + 2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a d^2 \left(x + \frac{c}{d} \right)^2 + b}}{x + \frac{c}{d}} \right)}{d^3} \right)}{d^3}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/3*(a*d^2*x^2-a*c*d*x+a*c^2+4*b)/d^3*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+(-3/2*b^(1/2)/d^3*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))*a*c^2-b^(3/2)/d^3*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))-3*b/d^2*a*c*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+2*b/d^4*c/(x+c/d)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2)-1/2*b/d^5*c^2/(x+c/d)^2*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1307, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.28

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(18*(b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2
+ 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2
+ b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 3*(3*a*c^3 + (3*a*c^2 + 2*b)*d*x +
2*b*c)*sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*
sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)
/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(2*a*d^4*x^4 + 2*a*c*d^3*x^3 + 2*a*c^4 + 8
*b*d^2*x^2 + 17*b*c^2 + 2*(a*c^3 + 14*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*
x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(d^4*x + c*d^3), 1/12*(36*(b*c*
d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^
2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a
*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)) + 3*(3*a*c^3 + (3*a*c^2 + 2*b)*d*x + 2*b*c)*sqrt(b)*l
og(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d
*x + c^2)) + 2*(2*a*d^4*x^4 + 2*a*c*d^3*x^3 + 2*a*c^4 + 8*b*d^2*x^2 + 17*b
*c^2 + 2*(a*c^3 + 14*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d
^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(d^4*x + c*d^3), 1/6*(3*(3*a*c^3 + (3*a*c^2 + 2*
b)*d*x + 2*b*c)*sqrt(-b)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c
*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))/b) + 9*(b*c*d*x + b*c^2)*sqrt
(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 + 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*s
qrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 \left(\frac{ac^2 + 2acdx + ad^2x^2 + b}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d*
**2*x**2))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)*x^2, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 893 vs. $2(179) = 358$.

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 893, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.29

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/3*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)*((a*x*sgn(d*x + c)/d - a*c*sgn
(d*x + c)/d^2)*x + (a^2*c^2*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 4*a*b*d^5*sgn(d*x + c))/(a*
d^8)) + 18/7*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d)*log(28)*sgn(d*x + c)/d^4 + 3/7*sqrt(a)*b*c
*log(abs(-a^(7/2)*c^7*d - 7*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x +
a*c^2 + b))*a^3*c^6*abs(d) - 21*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*
x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(5/2)*c^5*d - 35*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a
*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a^2*c^4*abs(d) - 35*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2
+ 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^4*a^(3/2)*c^3*d + 3*a^(5/2)*b*c^5*d - 21*(sqrt(
a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^5*a*c^2*abs(d) + 15*(s
qrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*b*c^4*abs(d) -
7*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^6*sqrt(a)*c*d
+ 30*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(3/2)*
b*c^3*d - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^7*abs(
d) + 30*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a*b*c^
2*abs(d) + 15*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^4*
sqrt(a)*b*c*d - 3*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^3*d + 3*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^5*b*abs(d) - 9*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2
*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a*b^2*c^2*abs(d) - 9*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^
2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*sqrt(a)*b^2*c*d - 3*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*
d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*b^2*abs(d) + sqrt(a)*b^3*c*d + (sqr...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```


3.73 $\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	747
Mathematica [A] (verified)	748
Rubi [A] (verified)	748
Maple [B] (verified)	753
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	753
Sympy [F]	754
Maxima [F]	755
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	755
Mupad [F(-1)]	756
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	757

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx} \right)}{2d^2} - \frac{3b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{3a\sqrt{b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{2d^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{ab} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{2d^2}$$

output

```
1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)*(1-2*c/(d*x+c))/d^2-3/2*b*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(1-c/(d*x+c))/d^2+3/2*a*b^(1/2)*c*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^2+3/2*a^(1/2)*b*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d^2
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\sqrt{b + a(c+dx)^2} (a(c-dx)(c+dx)^2 + b(c+2dx)) + 6a\sqrt{bc}(c+dx)^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx) - \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a(c+dx)^2 + b}} \right) \right)}{2d^2(c+dx)\sqrt{b + a(c+dx)^2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]*(a*(c - d*x)*(c + d*x)^2 + b*(c + 2*d*x)) + 6*a*Sqrt[b]*c*(c + d*x)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x) - Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2])/Sqrt[b]] + 3*Sqrt[a]*b*(c + d*x)^2*Log[-(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)) + Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]])/(d^2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.882$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 537, 25, 535, 27, 538, 224, 219, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int dx \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{\int -dx \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1774 \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right) d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\ & \downarrow 1803 \\ & \frac{\int -(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\ & \downarrow 537 \\ & \frac{\frac{3}{2}b \int -\left((c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{1}{2}\left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d^2} \\ & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int (c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\ & \downarrow 535 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{2(c+dx)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\right)}{d^2} \\ & \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left(a \int \frac{(c+dx)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\right)}{d^2} \\ & \downarrow 538 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left(a \left(\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}\right) + \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\right)}{d^2} \\ & \downarrow 224 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}-\frac{3}{2}b\left(a\left(\int\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\frac{d}{c+dx}-c\int\frac{1}{1-\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\frac{d}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)+\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}-\frac{3}{2}b\left(a\left(\int\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\frac{d}{c+dx}-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)+\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 243

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}-\frac{3}{2}b\left(a\left(\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\frac{d}{(c+dx)^2}-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)+\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}-\frac{3}{2}b\left(a\left(\frac{\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\frac{d}{\frac{b}{c+dx}}-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)+\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(c+dx)^2\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}-\frac{3}{2}b\left(a\left(-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}}-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)+\left(1-\frac{2c}{c+dx}\right)\right)}{d^2}$$

input

`Int[x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\left(\frac{\left((c + dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{2c}{c + dx} \right) \right)^{1/2} - \left(3b \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c + dx} \right) + a \left(-\frac{c \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c + dx)^2} \right] + \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{b}} \right) - \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right]}{2} \right) / d^2$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\operatorname{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 73
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m) * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[p/b \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(p(m+1)-1)}(c - a(d/b) + d(x^p/b))^n], x], x, (a + bx)^{1/p}], x]] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 219
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2] * \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x/\operatorname{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 221
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[x/\operatorname{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 224
$$\operatorname{Int}[1/\sqrt{(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[1/(1 - bx^2), x], x, x/\sqrt{a + bx^2}] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0]$$

rule 243
$$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[1/2 \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2) * (a + bx)^p}, x], x, x^2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$$

rule 535 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp
p[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p*(2*p + 1))), x] + Simp[a/(2*p
+ 1) Int[(c*(2*p + 1) + 2*d*p*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] /; Free
Q[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 537 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[x^(m + 1)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)*x)*((a + b*x^2)^p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))),
x] - Simp[2*b*(p/((m + 1)*(m + 2))) Int[x^(m + 2)*(c*(m + 2) + d*(m + 1)
x)(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !LtQ[m, -2] &&
GtQ[p, 0] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 538 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((x_)*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp
[c Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[d Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^2], x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
)]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 283 vs. 2(131) = 262.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-dx+c)a\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}{2d^2} + \left(\frac{3ba \ln\left(\frac{a d^2 x+acd}{\sqrt{a d^2}} + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}\right)}{2d\sqrt{a d^2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{a d^2}\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)^2+b}{d^3\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)} + \frac{3\sqrt{b}ac \ln\left(\frac{2b+2\sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}}{a d^2}\right)}{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}} $
default	$-\frac{\left(-2(a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a d^2} a d^3 x^3 - 5(a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a d^2} ac d^2 x^2 - 3\sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}\sqrt{a d^2} ab d^3\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*(-d*x+c)*a/d^2*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)
+(3/2*b/d*a*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)-b/d^3/(x+c/d)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2)+3/2*b^(1/2)
/d^2*a*c*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))+1/2*b/d^4*c
/(x+c/d)^2*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 279 vs. 2(130) = 260.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1189, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.67

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(3*(b*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 3*(a*c*d*x + a*c^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(a*d^3*x^3 + a*c*d^2*x^2 - a*c^3 - (a*c^2 + 2*b)*d*x - b*c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(d^3*x + c*d^2), -1/4*(6*(b*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)) - 3*(a*c*d*x + a*c^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - 2*(a*d^3*x^3 + a*c*d^2*x^2 - a*c^3 - (a*c^2 + 2*b)*d*x - b*c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(d^3*x + c*d^2), -1/4*(6*(a*c*d*x + a*c^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))/b) - 3*(b*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) - 2*(a*d^3*x^3 + a*c*d^2*x^2 - a*c^3 - (a*c^2 + 2*b)*d*x - b*c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x \left(\frac{ac^2 + 2acdx + ad^2x^2 + b}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))**3/2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)*x, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 832 vs. 2(130) = 260.

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 832, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.37

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)*(a*x*sgn(d*x + c)/d - a*c*sgn(
d*x + c)/d^2) - 3/14*sqrt(a)*b*log(abs(-a^(7/2)*c^7*d - 7*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x -
sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^3*c^6*abs(d) - 21*(sqrt(a*d^2)
*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(5/2)*c^5*d - 35*(sqrt(a
*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a^2*c^4*abs(d) - 35*(
sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^4*a^(3/2)*c^3*d +
3*a^(5/2)*b*c^5*d - 21*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^
2 + b))^5*a*c^2*abs(d) + 15*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x +
a*c^2 + b))*a^2*b*c^4*abs(d) - 7*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d
*x + a*c^2 + b))^6*sqrt(a)*c*d + 30*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*
c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(3/2)*b*c^3*d - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^7*abs(d) + 30*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*
a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a*b*c^2*abs(d) + 15*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^
2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^4*sqrt(a)*b*c*d - 3*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^3*d + 3*(sqr
t(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^5*b*abs(d) - 9*(sqr
t(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a*b^2*c^2*abs(d) - 9*
(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*sqrt(a)*b^2*c*
d - 3*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*b^2*abs(
d) + sqrt(a)*b^3*c*d + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2
+ b))*b^3*abs(d))*sgn(d*x + c)/(d*abs(d))

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 643, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.15

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} a c^3 - \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} a c^2 dx + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 +$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c**3 - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c**2*d*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*d**3*x**3 - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b*c - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b*d*x + 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*b*c**2 + 6*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*b*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*b*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x - sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c**3 - 6*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x - sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c**2*d*x - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x - sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c*d**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x + sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c**3 + 6*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x + sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x + sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c*d**2*x**2)/(2*d**2*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))
```

3.74 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2d(c+dx)} + \frac{(c+dx)\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d} - \frac{3a\sqrt{b}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2d}$$

output

```
-3/2*b*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d/(d*x+c)+(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/d-3/2
*a*b^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 10.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{d\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -1/2, 1/2, -(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))]/(d*Sqrt[1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {239, 773, 247, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{239} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & -\frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{247} \\
 & -\frac{3b \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & -\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(c+dx)} \right) - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(c+dx)} \right) - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}}{d}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{3b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(c+dx)} \right) - (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `-(((c + d*x)*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)) + 3*b*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/(2*(c + d*x)) + (a*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

```
rule 247 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*b*(p/(c^2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]
```

```
rule 773 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 183 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

method	result
risch	$a \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c) + \frac{\left(-\frac{b \sqrt{a d^2 \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 + b}}{2 d^3 \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \sqrt{b} a \ln\left(\frac{2 b + 2 \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a d^2 \left(x + \frac{c}{d}\right)^2 + b}}{x + \frac{c}{d}}\right)}{2 d} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-\left(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a d^2 x^2 + 3 b^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{2\left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} + b\right) d}{d x + c}\right) \right) a d^2 x^2 - 2\left(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a c d x - 3 \sqrt{b} a d^2 x^2}{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}$

```
input int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/d*a*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+(-1/2*b/d^3/(x+c/d)^2*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2)-3/2*b^(1/2)*a/d*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(adx+ac)\sqrt{b} \log \left(-\frac{ad^2x^2+2acdx+ac^2-2(dx+c)\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2acdx+ac^2+b}{d^2x^2+2cdx+c^2}+2b}}{d^2x^2+2cdx+c^2} \right) + 2(2ad^2x^2 + 4ad^2x + 2ac^2)\sqrt{b}}{4(d^2x+cd)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(3*(a*d*x + a*c)*sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*(2*a*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*c*d*x + 2*a*c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(d^2*x + c*d), 1/2*(3*(a*d*x + a*c)*sqrt(-b)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))/b) + (2*a*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*c*d*x + 2*a*c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(d^2*x + c*d)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b/(c + d*x)**2)**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{d}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)*a*sgn(d*x + c)/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} (c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{d \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1 \right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)*hypergeom([-3/2, -1/2], 1/2, -b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)))/(d*(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2) + 1)^(3/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.49

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + a^2} + b a c^2 + 4\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + a^2} + b acdx + 2\sqrt{ad^2x^2 +$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c**2 + 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c*d*x + 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x - sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x - sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x - sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x + sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c**2 - 6*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x + sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*c*d*x - 3*sqrt(b)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x + sqrt(b))/sqrt(b))*a*d**2*x**2)/(2*d*(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))
```

3.75
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	765
Mathematica [A] (verified)	766
Rubi [A] (verified)	766
Maple [B] (verified)	772
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	773
Sympy [F]	773
Maxima [F]	773
Giac [F(-2)]	774
Mupad [F(-1)]	774
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	774

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c(c+dx)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{b}(2b + 3ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2c^3}$$

$$+ a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{(b + ac^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c^3}$$

output

```
b*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^2+1/2*b*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c/(d*x+c)+1/2*b^(1/2)*(3*a*c^2+2*b)*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^3+a^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))-(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(bc(3c+2dx)\sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2} + 4(-b-ac^2)^{3/2}(c+dx)\right)}{2c^3(b+a(c+dx)^2)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x,x]`

output

```
((c + d*x)*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)*(b*c*(3*c + 2*d*x)*Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2] + 4*(-b - a*c^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)^2*ArcTan[(-(Sqrt[a]*d*x) + Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2])/Sqrt[-b - a*c^2]] - 2*Sqrt[b]*(2*b + 3*a*c^2)*(c + d*x)^2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x) - Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2])/Sqrt[b]] - 2*a^(3/2)*c^3*(c + d*x)^2*Log[-(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)) + Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]])/(2*c^3*(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.947$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 606, 25, 243, 60, 73, 221, 682, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 896

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{dx} d(c + dx)$$

↓ 25

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{dx} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1774 \\
& - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx) \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1803 \\
& \int - \frac{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& - \int \frac{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 606 \\
& \int - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac\right)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - a \int (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& -a \int (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac\right)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 243 \\
& -\frac{1}{2}a \int (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac\right)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 60 \\
& -\frac{1}{2}a \left(a \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} + 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right) - \\
& \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac\right)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac \right)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \\
& \frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{b} + 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{b}{c+dx} + ac \right)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \\
& \frac{1}{2} a \left(2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 2 \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 682 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{b \left(ac(2ac^2+b) + \frac{b(3ac^2+2b)}{c+dx} \right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2bc^2} - \\
& \frac{1}{2} a \left(2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 2 \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(2(ac^2 + b) + \frac{bc}{c+dx} \right)}{2c^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& - \frac{\int \frac{ac(2ac^2+b) + \frac{b(3ac^2+2b)}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c^2} - \frac{1}{2} a \left(2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 2 \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(2(ac^2 + b) + \frac{bc}{c+dx} \right)}{2c^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 719 \\
& - \frac{2(ac^2+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{b(3ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \\
& \frac{1}{2} a \left(2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 2 \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(2(ac^2 + b) + \frac{bc}{c+dx} \right)}{2c^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 224
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2(ac^2+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{b(3ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{1-\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \frac{d}{(c+dx)} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c}}{c} \\
& \frac{1}{2}a \left(2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(2(ac^2+b) + \frac{bc}{c+dx} \right)}{2c^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{2(ac^2+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{c} \\
& \frac{1}{2}a \left(2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(2(ac^2+b) + \frac{bc}{c+dx} \right)}{2c^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 488 \\
& \frac{2(ac^2+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{ac^2+b-\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d\frac{-\frac{c+dx}{c+dx}-ac}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{c} \\
& \frac{1}{2}a \left(2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(2(ac^2+b) + \frac{bc}{c+dx} \right)}{2c^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 219 \\
& \frac{2(ac^2+b)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-ac-\frac{c+dx}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{b}(3ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{c} \\
& \frac{1}{2}a \left(2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(2(ac^2+b) + \frac{bc}{c+dx} \right)}{2c^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(2*(b + a*c^2) + (b*c)/(c + d*x)))/(2*c^2) - (a*(2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]]))/2 - (-((Sqrt[b]*(2*b + 3*a*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]]))/c) - (2*(b + a*c^2)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(-a*c) - b/(c + d*x)]/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]))/c)/(2*c^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[
Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 606 `Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)/(x_), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[a/c Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)/x), x], x] - Simp[1
/c Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a*d - b*c*x)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

rule 682 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*c*d*(2*p
+ 1) + g*c*e*(m + 2*p + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p
+ 2))), x] + Simp[2*(p/(c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))) Int[(d + e*x)
^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[f*a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 2) + a*c*d*e*g*m - (c^2*f*
d*e*(m + 2*p + 2) - g*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 1) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 1))*x, x], x
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || !
RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 0])) && !ILtQ[m + 2*p, 0] && (Intege
rQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] +
Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c,
d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[(((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_))*((x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
)`

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^(q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1454 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1455, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.78

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1455

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*(2*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b*c^5*d-2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a*d*x*c
+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*b^2*c^2+6
*ln(2*(b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)*d/(d*x+c))*(a*d^2)^(
1/2)*b^(3/2)*a*c^3*d*x+3*ln(2*(b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
+b)*d/(d*x+c))*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^2*x^2-4*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+
b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)
^(1/2)+b)/x)*b^2*c*d*x-7*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)
*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2-8*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*c
^3*d*x+4*ln(2*(b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)*d/(d*x+c))*
(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b^(5/2)*c*d*x+3*ln(2*(b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(
1/2)+b)*d/(d*x+c))*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*a*c^4+2*ln(2*(b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+
2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)*d/(d*x+c))*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b^(5/2)*d^2*x^2-7*(a
d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*c^2*d^2*x^2-4*(a*d^2)^(1/
2)*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*
x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*a*b*c^3*d*x-2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a
d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*a*b
*c^2*d^2*x^2-2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*c*d^3
*x^3-2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*
(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*a*b*c^4-2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*c^2...
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 439 vs. $2(161) = 322$.

Time = 9.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3665, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.60

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac^2+2acd+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))**(3/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)/x, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1155, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.18

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x,x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b*c**2 + 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a
*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b*c*d*x + 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + b
)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a*c**
4 + 8*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d*
**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a*c**3*d*x + 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(s
qrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*
d*x - b)*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a
*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*b*c**2 + 8*sq
rt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2
+ b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*b*c*d*x + 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2
+ b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*b*
d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*a*c**4 - 8*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*a
*c**3*d*x - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + b
)*log(x)*b*c**2 - 8*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*b*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*l
og(x)*b*d**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*log(- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d
**2*x**2 + b) - a*c - a*d*x)*a*c**5 + 8*sqrt(a)*log(- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2
+ 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c - a*d*x)*a*c**4*d*x + 4*sqrt(a)*log(
- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c - a*d*x)*a*c**
3*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - s
qrt(b))*a*c**4 - 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + ...
```

3.76 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	776
Mathematica [A] (verified)	777
Rubi [A] (verified)	777
Maple [A] (verified)	782
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	782
Sympy [F]	783
Maxima [F]	784
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	784
Mupad [F(-1)]	785
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	785

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3bd\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c^3} - \frac{3bd\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^2(c+dx)}$$

$$- \frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3\sqrt{b}(2b + ac^2) \operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{3b\sqrt{b + ac^2} \operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c^4}$$

output

```
-3*b*d*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^3-3/2*b*d*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^2/(d*x+c)
-d*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/c/(1-c/(d*x+c))-3/2*b^(1/2)*(a*c^2+2*b)*d*arctanh
(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^4+3*b*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*d*arctanh(
(a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}(2ac^2(c+dx)^2+b(2c^2+9cdx+6d^2x^2))}{x(c+dx)} + 6b\sqrt{b+ac^2}d\log(x) - 3\sqrt{b}(2b+ac^2)d\log(c+dx) + 3\sqrt{b}(2b+$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((c*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]*(2*a*c^2*(c + d*x)^2 + b*(2*c^2 + 9*c*d*x + 6*d^2*x^2)))/(x*(c + d*x)) + 6*b*Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*d*Log[x] - 3*Sqrt[b]*(2*b + a*c^2)*d*Log[c + d*x] + 3*Sqrt[b]*(2*b + a*c^2)*d*Log[b + Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]] - 6*b*Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*d*Log[b + (c + d*x)*(a*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2])]/c^4`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1799, 492, 591, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 896

$$d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d^2x^2} d(c+dx)$$

↓ 1774

$$\begin{aligned}
& d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1799} \\
& -d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{492} \\
& -d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{591} \\
& -d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\int \frac{ac + \frac{ac^2+2b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{c}{c+dx} + 2\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^2} \right)}{c} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{719} \\
& -d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{2(ac^2+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{(ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{\left(\frac{c}{c+dx} + 2\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^2} \right)}{c} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{224}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{2(ac^2+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{(ac^2+2b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{c}{c+dx} + 2\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^2}}{c} \right)}{c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$-d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{2(ac^2+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{(ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} - \frac{\left(\frac{c}{c+dx} + 2\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^2}}{c} \right)}{c} \right)$$

↓ 488

$$-d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{2(ac^2+b) \int \frac{1}{ac^2+b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{(ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} - \frac{\left(\frac{c}{c+dx} + 2\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^2}}{c} \right)}{c} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$-d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{c \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{(ac^2+2b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} - \frac{2\sqrt{ac^2+b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-ac-\frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{c} - \frac{\left(\frac{c}{c+dx}+2\right)}{2} \right)}{c} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `-(d*((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/(c*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (3*b*(-1/2*(Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(2 + c/(c + d*x)))/c^2 + (-(((2*b + a*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]])/(Sqrt[b]*c)) - (2*Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*ArcTanh[(-a*c) - b/(c + d*x)]/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])))/c)/(2*c^2))/c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 492 $\text{Int}[(c + d x)^n (a + b x^2)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d x)^{n+1} (a + b x^2)^p / (d(n+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[2 b x (a + b x^2)^p / (d(n+1)), x] + \text{Int}[x (c + d x)^n (a + b x^2)^{p-1}, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || LtQ[n, -1]) && NeQ[n, -1] && !IntegerQ[n + 2p + 1, 0] && IntQuadraticQ[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]

rule 591 $\text{Int}[(c + d x)^n (a + b x^2)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c + d x)^{n+1} (a + b x^2)^p ((c(2p+1) - d(n+2p+1)x) / (d^2(n+2p+1)(n+2p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[2 p (a + b x^2)^{p-1} (c + d x)^n (a + b x^2)^p / (d^2(n+2p+1)(n+2p+2)), x] + \text{Int}[(c + d x)^n (a + b x^2)^{p-1} (a c d n + (b c^2 (2p+1) + a d^2 (n+2p+1)) x), x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && !IntegerQ[n + 2p, 0]

rule 719 $\text{Int}[(d + e x)^m (a + c x^2)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{Int}[(d + e x)^{m+1} (a + c x^2)^p, x] + \text{Simp}[(e f - d g)/e \text{Int}[(d + e x)^m (a + c x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m, 0]

rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a + b x)^n (c + d x)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{With}[c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]], \text{Simp}[1/d^{m+1} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m (a + b x^n)^p, x], x], v], x] /;$ NeQ[c, 0] && FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]

rule 1774 $\text{Int}[(d + e x)^{mn} (a + c x^2)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{mn} (e + d/x)^q (a + c x^2)^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])

rule 1799 $\text{Int}[(c + d x)^n (a + b x^2)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(d + e x)^q (a + c x^2)^p, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(ac^2+b)\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}{c^3x} + \left(\frac{3db\sqrt{ac^2+b} \ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2b+2adxc+2\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}}{x}\right)}{c^4} - \frac{2b\sqrt{ad^2\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)}}{c^3\left(x+\frac{c}{d}\right)} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-\frac{(a*c^2+b)}{c^3/x} \left(\frac{(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)}{(d*x+c)^2} \right)^{1/2} (d*x+c) + \left(\frac{3*d/c^4*b*(a*c^2+b)^{1/2}*\ln\left(\frac{(2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^{1/2}*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^{1/2}}{x}\right)-2/c^3*b/(x+c/d)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^{1/2}}{(d*x+c)^2} - \frac{1/2/d/c^2*b/(x+c/d)^2*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^{1/2}-3/2*d/c^2*b^{1/2}*\ln\left(\frac{2*b+2*b^{1/2}*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^{1/2}}{(x+c/d)}\right)*a-3*d/c^4*b^{3/2}*\ln\left(\frac{2*b+2*b^{1/2}*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^{1/2}}{(x+c/d)}\right)}{(d*x+c)^2} \right) * \left(\frac{(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)}{(d*x+c)^2} \right)^{1/2} (d*x+c) / \left(\frac{(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)}{(d*x+c)^2} \right)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs. 2(175) = 350.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1562, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.85

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(3*((a*c^2 + 2*b)*d^2*x^2 + (a*c^3 + 2*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 6*(b*d^2*x^2 + b*c*d*x)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 + 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(2*a*c^5 + 2*(a*c^3 + 3*b*c)*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c^3 + (4*a*c^4 + 9*b*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(c^4*d*x^2 + c^5*x), 1/2*(3*((a*c^2 + 2*b)*d^2*x^2 + (a*c^3 + 2*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt(-b)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) + 3*(b*d^2*x^2 + b*c*d*x)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 + 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - (2*a*c^5 + 2*(a*c^3 + 3*b*c)*d^2*x^2 + 2*b*c^3 + (4*a*c^4 + 9*b*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(c^4*d*x^2 + c^5*x), -1/4*(12*(b*d^2*x^2 + b*c*d*x)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*arctan((a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*c^4 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2)/x**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))**3/2)/x**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{6(ab^7c^2d^5\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + b^8d^5\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c))\arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - b}}\right) - 2\left(a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^6c^4d^4|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + \left(\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}\right)a^2b^6c^3d^5\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 2a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^7c^2d^4|d|\right)}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - b}b^6c^4d^4\left(ac^2 - \left(\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}\right)\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-6*(a*b^7*c^2*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + b^8*d^5*sgn(d*x + c))*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*b^6*c^4*d^4) - 2*(a^(5/2)*b^6*c^4*d^4*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^2*b^6*c^3*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*a^(3/2)*b^7*c^2*d^4*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a*b^7*c^3*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + sqrt(a)*b^8*d^4*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))/((a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2 + b)*b^6*c^3*d^4)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 930, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.67

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c**5 - 8*sqrt(a*c**2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c**4*d*x - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d
**2*x**2 + b)*a*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 +
b)*b*c**3 - 18*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b*c**2*d*x - 12*
sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a*c**2
+ b)*log( - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) -
a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*b*c**2*d*x + 24*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log( - sqrt(a*c**2
+ b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*b*
c*d**2*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log( - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*
a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*b*d**3*x**3 - 12*sqrt(a
*c**2 + b)*log(x)*b*c**2*d*x - 24*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*b*c*d**2*x**2 -
12*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*b*d**3*x**3 + 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c
*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b))*a*c**4*d*x + 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2
+ 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b))*a*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*log
(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b))*a*c**2*d**3*x**3 +
6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b))*b*c**2
*d*x + 12*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(b)
)*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)
- sqrt(b))*b*d**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x
**2 + b) + sqrt(b))*a*c**4*d*x - 6*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x ...
```

3.77
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	787
Mathematica [A] (verified)	788
Rubi [A] (verified)	788
Maple [A] (verified)	795
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	795
Sympy [F]	796
Maxima [F]	797
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	797
Mupad [F(-1)]	798
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	798

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 320

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{3b(4b + 3ac^2) d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^4 (b + ac^2)} + \frac{3b(2b + ac^2) d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^3 (b + ac^2) (c + dx)} - \frac{d^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{2c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} + \frac{(5b + 2ac^2) d^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{2c^2 (b + ac^2) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} + \frac{3\sqrt{b}(4b + ac^2) d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2c^5} - \frac{3b(4b + 3ac^2) d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2c^5 \sqrt{b + ac^2}}$$

output

```
3/2*b*(3*a*c^2+4*b)*d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^4/(a*c^2+b)+3/2*b*(a*c^2+2
*b)*d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^3/(a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)-1/2*d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2
)^(3/2)/c^2/(1-c/(d*x+c))^2+1/2*(2*a*c^2+5*b)*d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/c^
2/(a*c^2+b)/(1-c/(d*x+c))+3/2*b^(1/2)*(a*c^2+4*b)*d^2*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x
+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^5-3/2*b*(3*a*c^2+4*b)*d^2*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x
+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^5/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}(ac^2(c-dx)(c+dx)^2+b(c^3-4c^2dx-18cd^2x^2-12d^3x^3))}{x^2(c+dx)} - \frac{3b(4b+3ac^2)d^2 \log(x)}{\sqrt{b+ac^2}} + 3\sqrt{b}(4b+ac^2)d^2 \log(c+dx) - 2c^5$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output
$$-1/2*((c*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]*(a*c^2*(c - d*x)*(c + d*x)^2 + b*(c^3 - 4*c^2*d*x - 18*c*d^2*x^2 - 12*d^3*x^3)))/(x^2*(c + d*x)) - (3*b*(4*b + 3*a*c^2)*d^2*\text{Log}[x])/ \text{Sqrt}[b + a*c^2] + 3*\text{Sqrt}[b]*(4*b + a*c^2)*d^2*\text{Log}[c + d*x] - 3*\text{Sqrt}[b]*(4*b + a*c^2)*d^2*\text{Log}[b + \text{Sqrt}[b]*(c + d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]] + (3*b*(4*b + 3*a*c^2)*d^2*\text{Log}[b + (c + d*x)*(a*c + \text{Sqrt}[b + a*c^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2])])/\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c^2])/c^5$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.737$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 590, 27, 681, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 896

$$d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d^3 x^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d^3 x^3} d(c+dx) \\
& \downarrow 1774 \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3} d(c+dx) \\
& \downarrow 1803 \\
& d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 590 \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{2b}{c+dx} + ac\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4c^2} - \frac{\left(2 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{2c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{2b}{c+dx} + ac\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c^2} - \frac{\left(2 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{2c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 681
\end{aligned}$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} (ac^2 - \frac{2bc}{c+dx} + 4b)}{c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{2b \left(2ac + \frac{ac^2 + 4b}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c^2} \right)}{2c^2} - \frac{\left(2 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{2c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$d^2 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} (ac^2 - \frac{2bc}{c+dx} + 4b)}{c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \int \frac{2ac + \frac{ac^2 + 4b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c^2} \right)}{2c^2} - \frac{\left(2 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{2c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)$$

↓ 719

$$d^2 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} (ac^2 - \frac{2bc}{c+dx} + 4b)}{c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(3ac^2 + 4b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{(ac^2 + 4b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \right)}{c^2} \right)}{2c^2} - \frac{\left(2 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{2c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)$$

↓ 224

$$d^2 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} (ac^2 - \frac{2bc}{c+dx} + 4b)}{c^2 (1 - \frac{c}{c+dx})} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(3ac^2 + 4b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} (1 - \frac{c}{c+dx})} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{(ac^2 + 4b) \int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$d^2 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} (ac^2 - \frac{2bc}{c+dx} + 4b)}{c^2 (1 - \frac{c}{c+dx})} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(3ac^2 + 4b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} (1 - \frac{c}{c+dx})} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{(ac^2 + 4b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{\sqrt{bc}} \right)}{c^2} \right)}{2c^2} \right)$$

↓ 488

$$\left(\frac{3}{d^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} (ac^2 - \frac{2bc}{c+dx} + 4b)}{c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(3ac^2 + 4b) \int \frac{1}{ac^2 + b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d - \frac{\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} (ac^2 + 4b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right)} \right)}{c^2 \sqrt{bc}} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$\left(\frac{3}{d^2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} (ac^2 - \frac{2bc}{c+dx} + 4b)}{c^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(ac^2 + 4b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right)} (3ac^2 + 4b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2 + b} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right)} \right)}{c^2 \sqrt{ac^2 + b}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output

$$d^2 * (-1/2 * ((a + b/(c + d*x))^2)^{(3/2)} * (2 - c/(c + d*x))) / (c^2 * (1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + (3 * ((\text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)^2] * (4*b + a*c^2 - (2*b*c)/(c + d*x))) / (c^2 * (1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (b * (-((4*b + a*c^2) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[b]/((c + d*x) * \text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]])) / (\text{Sqrt}[b]*c)) - ((4*b + 3*a*c^2) * \text{ArcTanh}[(-(a*c - b/(c + d*x)) / (\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c^2] * \text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])]) / (c * \text{Sqrt}[b + a*c^2])))) / c^2)) / (2*c^2)$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) * (\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_) * (\text{Gx}_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$$

rule 224

$$\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(1 - \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$$

rule 488

$$\text{Int}[1/(((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)) * \text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(\text{b}*c^2 + \text{a}*d^2 - \text{x}^2), \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a}*d - \text{b}*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}]$$

rule 590

$$\text{Int}[(\text{x}_) * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_))^{(\text{n}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{(\text{n} + 1)}) * (\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}} * ((\text{c} * (2*\text{p} + 1) - \text{d} * (\text{n} + 1) * x) / (\text{d}^2 * (\text{n} + 1) * (\text{n} + 2*\text{p} + 2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[2 * (\text{p} / (\text{d}^2 * (\text{n} + 1) * (\text{n} + 2*\text{p} + 2))) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{(\text{n} + 1)} * (\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} - 1)} * (\text{a}*d * (\text{n} + 1) + \text{b}*c * (2*\text{p} + 1) * x), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{n}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[\text{n} + 2*\text{p} + 1, 0]$$

rule 681 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-adx^2+c^3a-6bdx+bc)\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}{2c^4x^2} + \frac{bd^2}{c\sqrt{ac^2+b}} \left[\frac{3(3ac^2+4b)\ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2b+2adxc+2\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}}{x}\right)}{c\sqrt{ac^2+b}} \right]$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/2*(-a*c^2*d*x+a*c^3-6*b*d*x+b*c)/c^4/x^2*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+1/2*b/c^4*d^2*(-3/c*(3*a*c^2+4*b)/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))*\ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)+6/d/(x+c/d)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2)-2/d^2*b*c*(-1/2/b/(x+c/d)^2*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2)+1/2*a*d^2/b^(3/2)*\ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))+4*(a*c^2+3*b)/c/b^(1/2)*\ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d)))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2095, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.55

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/4*(3*((a^2*c^4 + 5*a*b*c^2 + 4*b^2)*d^3*x^3 + (a^2*c^5 + 5*a*b*c^3 + 4*
b^2*c)*d^2*x^2)*sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + 2*(d*x + c)*
sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)
) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 3*((3*a*b*c^2 + 4*b^2)*d^3*x^3 + (3*
a*b*c^3 + 4*b^2*c)*d^2*x^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 +
a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x
^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*
a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(a^2*c^8 + 2*a*b
*c^6 - (a^2*c^5 + 13*a*b*c^3 + 12*b^2*c)*d^3*x^3 + b^2*c^4 - (a^2*c^6 + 19
*a*b*c^4 + 18*b^2*c^2)*d^2*x^2 + (a^2*c^7 - 3*a*b*c^5 - 4*b^2*c^3)*d*x)*sq
rt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a*c^7
+ b*c^5)*d*x^3 + (a*c^8 + b*c^6)*x^2), -1/4*(6*((a^2*c^4 + 5*a*b*c^2 + 4*
b^2)*d^3*x^3 + (a^2*c^5 + 5*a*b*c^3 + 4*b^2*c)*d^2*x^2)*sqrt(-b)*arctan((d
*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d
*x + c^2)))/b) - 3*((3*a*b*c^2 + 4*b^2)*d^3*x^3 + (3*a*b*c^3 + 4*b^2*c)*d^2
*x^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*
c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2
+ b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(
d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) + 2*(a^2*c^8 + 2*a*b*c^6 - (a^2*c^5 + 13*a
*b*c^3 + 12*b^2*c)*d^3*x^3 + b^2*c^4 - (a^2*c^6 + 19*a*b*c^4 + 18*b^2*c...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2)/x**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x*
*2))**3/2)/x**3, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 639 vs. $2(286) = 572$.

Time = 11.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 639, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{3(3ab^{10}c^2d^8\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 4b^{11}d^8\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - b}b^9c^5d^6} + \frac{2a^{\frac{7}{2}}b^9c^6d^7|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 4\left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}\right)a^3b^9c^5d^8\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 2\left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - b}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

3*(3*a*b^10*c^2*d^8*sgn(d*x + c) + 4*b^11*d^8*sgn(d*x + c))*arctan(-(sqrt(
a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))/(sq
rt(-a*c^2 - b)*b^9*c^5*d^6) + (2*a^(7/2)*b^9*c^6*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) +
4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^3*b^9*c^5*d^
8*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b
))^2*a^(5/2)*b^9*c^4*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 10*a^(5/2)*b^10*c^4*d^7*abs
(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 11*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2
+ b))*a^2*b^10*c^3*d^8*sgn(d*x + c) - 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(3/2)*b^10*c^2*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) - 5*(sq
rt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a*b^10*c*d^8*sgn(
d*x + c) + 14*a^(3/2)*b^11*c^2*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 7*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x
- sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a*b^11*c*d^8*sgn(d*x + c) - 6*(
sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*sqrt(a)*b^11*d^
7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c) + 6*sqrt(a)*b^12*d^7*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))/((a*c^2 -
(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2 + b)^2*b^9*c^4
*d^6)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^3, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1757, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.49

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^3,x)
```


$$3.78 \quad \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	800
Mathematica [A] (verified)	801
Rubi [A] (verified)	802
Maple [B] (verified)	809
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	810
Sympy [F]	811
Maxima [F]	811
Giac [F(-1)]	811
Mupad [F(-1)]	812
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	812

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 360

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = & -\frac{4bd^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{c^5} - \frac{bd^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c^4(c+dx)} \\ & - \frac{(b+ac^2)d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3c^5 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} + \frac{(13b+6ac^2)d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{6c^5 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \\ & - \frac{(47b^2 + 50abc^2 + 6a^2c^4)d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{6c^5 (b+ac^2) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{b}(20b+3ac^2)d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}}{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2c^6} \\ & + \frac{b(20b^2 + 33abc^2 + 12a^2c^4)d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2c^6 (b+ac^2)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-4*b*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^5-1/2*b*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^4/(d*
x+c)-1/3*(a*c^2+b)*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^5/(1-c/(d*x+c))^3+1/6*(6*a*
c^2+13*b)*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^5/(1-c/(d*x+c))^2-1/6*(6*a^2*c^4+50*
a*b*c^2+47*b^2)*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c^5/(a*c^2+b)/(1-c/(d*x+c))-1/2*
b^(1/2)*(3*a*c^2+20*b)*d^3*arctanh(b^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/
c^6+1/2*b*(12*a^2*c^4+33*a*b*c^2+20*b^2)*d^3*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^
2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/c^6/(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 11.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx =$$

$$c \left(\frac{(60b^2+59abc^2+2a^2c^4)d^3}{b+ac^2} + \frac{2c^3(b+ac^2)}{x^3} - \frac{7bc^2d}{x^2} + \frac{3bc(9b+8ac^2)d^2}{(b+ac^2)x} + \frac{3bcd^3}{c+dx} \right) \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{3b(20b^2+33abc^2+12a^2c^4)d^3 \log}{(b+ac^2)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(c*(((60*b^2 + 59*a*b*c^2 + 2*a^2*c^4)*d^3)/(b + a*c^2) + (2*c^3*(b +
a*c^2))/x^3 - (7*b*c^2*d)/x^2 + (3*b*c*(9*b + 8*a*c^2)*d^2)/((b + a*c^2)*
x) + (3*b*c*d^3)/(c + d*x))*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2] + (3*b*(
20*b^2 + 33*a*b*c^2 + 12*a^2*c^4)*d^3*Log[x])/(b + a*c^2)^(3/2) - 3*Sqrt[b
]*(20*b + 3*a*c^2)*d^3*Log[c + d*x] + 3*Sqrt[b]*(20*b + 3*a*c^2)*d^3*Log[b
+ Sqrt[b]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]] - (3*b*(20*b^2
+ 33*a*b*c^2 + 12*a^2*c^4)*d^3*Log[b + (c + d*x)*(a*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*S
qrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]))/(b + a*c^2)^(3/2))/c^6
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1803, 603, 681, 27, 681, 27, 719, 224, 219, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & d^3 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{d^4 x^4} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\
 & d^3 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^4 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^4} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
 & -d^3 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{(c+dx)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{603} \\
 & -d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(3a + \frac{5b}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3(ac^2 + b)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{681}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3ac^2+5b}{c+dx} + 9ac + \frac{10b}{c}\right)}{2c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(ac(3ac^2+5b) + \frac{b(9ac^2+10b)}{c+dx}\right)}{c\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{8c^2} \right) \frac{1}{3(ac^2 + b)}$$

↓ 27

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3ac^2+5b}{c+dx} + 9ac + \frac{10b}{c}\right)}{2c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(ac(3ac^2+5b) + \frac{b(9ac^2+10b)}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c^3} \right) \frac{1}{3(ac^2 + b)}$$

↓ 681

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3ac^2+5b}{c+dx} + 9ac + \frac{10b}{c}\right)}{2c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left((ac^2+b)(3ac^2+20b) - \frac{bc(9ac^2+10b)}{c+dx}\right)}{c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{2c^2} \right) \frac{1}{3(ac^2 + b)}$$

↓ 27

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3ac^2+5b}{c+dx} + 9ac + \frac{10b}{c}\right)}{2c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left((ac^2+b)(3ac^2+20b) - \frac{bc(9ac^2+10b)}{c+dx} \right)}{c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{2c^3} \right) \frac{1}{3(ac^2 + b)}$$

↓ 719

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3ac^2+5b}{c+dx} + 9ac + \frac{10b}{c}\right)}{2c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left((ac^2+b)(3ac^2+20b) - \frac{bc(9ac^2+10b)}{c+dx} \right)}{c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{3c^3} \right)$$

↓ 224

$$\left(-d^3 \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3ac^2+5b}{c+dx} + 9ac + \frac{10b}{c}\right)}{2c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left((ac^2+b)(3ac^2+20b) - \frac{bc(9ac^2+10b)}{c+dx}\right)}{c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}}{} \right)$$

219

$$\left(-d^3 \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3ac^2+5b}{c+dx} + 9ac + \frac{10b}{c}\right)}{2c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left((ac^2+b)(3ac^2+20b) - \frac{bc(9ac^2+10b)}{c+dx}\right)}{c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}}{} \right)$$

488

$$\left(-d^3 \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3ac^2+5b}{c+dx} + 9ac + \frac{10b}{c}\right)}{2c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left((ac^2+b)(3ac^2+20b) - \frac{bc(9ac^2+10b)}{c+dx}\right)}{3c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)$$

219

$$\left(-d^3 \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{5/2}}{3c(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{3ac^2+5b}{c+dx} + 9ac + \frac{10b}{c}\right)}{2c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left((ac^2+b)(3ac^2+20b) - \frac{bc(9ac^2+10b)}{c+dx}\right)}{3c^2\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x]`

output `-(d^3*((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(5/2)/(3*c*(b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) - ((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)*((10*b)/c + 9*a*c - (5*b + 3*a*c^2)/(c + d*x)))/(2*c^2*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) - (3*((Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*((b + a*c^2)*(20*b + 3*a*c^2) - (b*c*(10*b + 9*a*c^2))/(c + d*x)))/(c^2*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (b*(-((b + a*c^2)*(20*b + 3*a*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[b]/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]]))/(Sqrt[b]*c)) - ((20*b^2 + 33*a*b*c^2 + 12*a^2*c^4)*ArcTanh[(-(a*c) - b/(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]]))/(c*Sqrt[b + a*c^2]))/c^2)/(2*c^3)/(3*(b + a*c^2)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 603 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[x^m, c + d*x, x]}, Simp[d*R*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n + 1) - b*d*R*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 681 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(e*f*(m + 2*p + 2) - d*g*(2*p + 1) + e*g*(m + 1)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2))), x] + Simp[p/(e^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2*p + 2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^(p - 1)*Simp[g*(2*a*e + 2*a*e*m) + (g*(2*c*d + 4*c*d*p) - 2*c*e*f*(m + 2*p + 2))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || EqQ[p, 1] || (IntegerQ[p] && !RationalQ[m])) && NeQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 719 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[g/e Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + Simp[(e*f - d*g)/e Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^(q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 791 vs. 2(326) = 652.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 792, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(2a^2c^4d^2x^2 - 2a^2c^5dx + 2a^2c^6 + 35abc^2d^2x^2 - 11ab^2c^3dx + 4abc^4 + 36b^2d^2x^2 - 9b^2cxd + 2b^2c^2) \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2 + 2adxc + a^2c^2 + b}{(dx+c)^2}} (dx+c)}{6(a^2c^2+b)c^5x^3} +$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/6*(2*a^2*c^4*d^2*x^2-2*a^2*c^5*d*x+2*a^2*c^6+35*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2-11*a*b*c
^3*d*x+4*a*b*c^4+36*b^2*d^2*x^2-9*b^2*c*d*x+2*b^2*c^2)/(a*c^2+b)/c^5/x^3*
((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)+(6*b*d^3/c^2/(a*c^
2+b)^(3/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*
x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)*a^2+33/2*b^2*d^3/c^4/(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+
2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)*a+10*b
^3*d^3/c^6/(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*
d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)-4*b*d^2/c^3/(a*c^2+b)/(x+c/d)*(a*d^2*
(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2)*a-4*b^2*d^2/c^5/(a*c^2+b)/(x+c/d)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(
1/2)-3/2*b^(1/2)*d^3/c^2/(a*c^2+b)*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(
1/2))/(x+c/d))*a^2-23/2*b^(3/2)*d^3/c^4/(a*c^2+b)*ln((2*b+2*b^(1/2)*(a*d^2
*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))*a-10*b^(5/2)*d^3/c^6/(a*c^2+b)*ln((2*b+2*b^(
1/2)*(a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2))/(x+c/d))-1/2*b*d/c^2/(a*c^2+b)/(x+c/d)^2*(
a*d^2*(x+c/d)^2+b)^(1/2)*a-1/2*b^2*d/c^4/(a*c^2+b)/(x+c/d)^2*(a*d^2*(x+c/d
)^2+b)^(1/2))*((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)*(d*x+c)/(a*d
^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 652 vs. $2(323) = 646$.

Time = 5.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2690, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.47

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(3*((3*a^3*c^6 + 26*a^2*b*c^4 + 43*a*b^2*c^2 + 20*b^3)*d^4*x^4 + (3*a^3*c^7 + 26*a^2*b*c^5 + 43*a*b^2*c^3 + 20*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3)*sqrt(b)*log(-(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 2*b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) + 3*((12*a^2*b*c^4 + 33*a*b^2*c^2 + 20*b^3)*d^4*x^4 + (12*a^2*b*c^5 + 33*a*b^2*c^3 + 20*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 + 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(2*a^3*c^11 + 6*a^2*b*c^9 + 6*a*b^2*c^7 + (2*a^3*c^7 + 61*a^2*b*c^5 + 119*a*b^2*c^3 + 60*b^3*c)*d^4*x^4 + 2*b^3*c^5 + 2*(a^3*c^8 + 44*a^2*b*c^6 + 88*a*b^2*c^4 + 45*b^3*c^2)*d^3*x^3 + (17*a^2*b*c^7 + 37*a*b^2*c^5 + 20*b^3*c^3)*d^2*x^2 + (2*a^3*c^10 - a^2*b*c^8 - 8*a*b^2*c^6 - 5*b^3*c^4)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^2*c^10 + 2*a*b*c^8 + b^2*c^6)*d*x^4 + (a^2*c^11 + 2*a*b*c^9 + b^2*c^7)*x^3), 1/12*(6*((3*a^3*c^6 + 26*a^2*b*c^4 + 43*a*b^2*c^2 + 20*b^3)*d^4*x^4 + (3*a^3*c^7 + 26*a^2*b*c^5 + 43*a*b^2*c^3 + 20*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3)*sqrt(-b)*arctan((d*x + c)*sqrt(-b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/b) + 3*((12*a^2*b*c^4 + 33*a*b^2*c^2 + 20*b^3)*d^4*x^4 + (12*a^2*b*c^5 + 33*a*b^2*c^3 + 20*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac^2+2acd+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2)/x**4, x)`

output `Integral(((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))**(3/2)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

Giac [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Timed out`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^4, x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)/x^4, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2639, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.33

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**11 - 4*sqrt(a*c**
2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**10*d*x - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*
x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**8*d**3*x**3 - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d
**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**7*d**4*x**4 - 12*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x*
*2 + b)*a**2*b*c**9 + 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*
c**8*d*x - 34*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**7*d**2*
x**2 - 176*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**6*d**3*x**
3 - 122*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**5*d**4*x**4 -
12*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**7 + 16*sqrt(a*c**
2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**6*d*x - 74*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*
d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**5*d**2*x**2 - 352*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x
+ a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**4*d**3*x**3 - 238*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x +
a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**3*d**4*x**4 - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**
2*x**2 + b)*b**3*c**5 + 10*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3
*c**4*d*x - 40*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3*c**3*d**2*x
**2 - 180*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3*c**2*d**3*x**3 -
120*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3*c*d**4*x**4 + 72*sqrt
(a*c**2 + b)*log( - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2
+ b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a**2*b*c**6*d**3*x**3 + 144*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)
*log( - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a...
```

3.79
$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	814
Mathematica [A] (verified)	815
Rubi [A] (verified)	815
Maple [A] (verified)	820
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	820
Sympy [F]	821
Maxima [F]	821
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	822
Mupad [F(-1)]	822
Reduce [F]	823

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 185

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{c(2b - ac^2)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a^2d^4} - \frac{3(b - 4ac^2)(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{8a^2d^4} - \frac{c(c + dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{ad^4} + \frac{(c + dx)^4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4ad^4} + \frac{3b(b - 4ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}d^4}$$

output

```
c*(-a*c^2+2*b)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^4-3/8*(-4*a*c^2+b)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^4-c*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a/d^4+1/4*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a/d^4+3/8*b*(-4*a*c^2+b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(13bc^2 - 2ac^4 + 10bcdx - 3bd^2x^2 + 2ad^4x^4) \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} + 3b(b - 4ac^2) \log((c + dx) \left(a + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a}{(c+dx)^2}}\right))}{8a^{5/2}d^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(13*b*c^2 - 2*a*c^4 + 10*b*c*d*x - 3*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*d^4*x^4)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2] + 3*b*(b - 4*a*c^2)*Log[(c + d*x)*(a + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2])])/(8*a^(5/2)*d^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 540, 2338, 27, 539, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{d^3 x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c + dx)}{d^4}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{d^3 x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c + dx)}{d^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1774 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 1803 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^5 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^5 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
 & \downarrow 540 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(\frac{4ac^3}{(c+dx)^2} + 12ac + \frac{3(b-4ac^2)}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} \\
 & \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{3a(c+dx)^3 \left(3(b-4ac^2) - \frac{4c(2b-ac^2)}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(3(b-4ac^2) - \frac{4c(2b-ac^2)}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - 4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} \\
 & \downarrow 539 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{3b(b-4ac^2)}{c+dx} + 8ac(2b-ac^2)\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{3(b-4ac^2)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - 4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} \\
 & \downarrow
 \end{aligned}$$

534

$$\frac{3b(b-4ac^2) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - 8c(2b-ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} - \frac{3(b-4ac^2)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} - 4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a}$$

243

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b(b-4ac^2) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} - 8c(2b-ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} - \frac{3(b-4ac^2)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} - 4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a}$$

73

$$\frac{3(b-4ac^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - d \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 8c(2b-ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} - \frac{3(b-4ac^2)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} - 4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a}$$

221

$$\frac{3b(b-4ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - 8c(2b-ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{3(b-4ac^2)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} - 4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a}$$

input `Int [x^3/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2], x]`

output `((c + d*x)^4*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/(4*a) + ((-3*(b - 4*a*c^2)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/(2*a) - 4*c*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2] - (-8*c*(2*b - a*c^2)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2] - (3*b*(b - 4*a*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/(2*a))/(4*a)/d^4`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`
- rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 540

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]},
    Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] +
    Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m + 1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 896

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]},
  Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /;
  NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1774

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol]
  := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /;
  FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])
```

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;
  FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2338

```
Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]},
  Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] +
  Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```


Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2ax^3d^3+2ad^2x^2c-2adxc^2+2c^3a+3bdx-13bc)(ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b)}{8a^2d^4\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)} - \frac{3b(4ac^2-b)\ln\left(\frac{ad^2x+acd}{\sqrt{ad^2}}+\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}\right)}{8d^3a^2\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}\left(-2x^3\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}d^3a\sqrt{ad^2}+2\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}\sqrt{ad^2}ac d^2x^2-2\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8*(-2*a*d^3*x^3+2*a*c*d^2*x^2-2*a*c^2*d*x+2*a*c^3+3*b*d*x-13*b*c)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/a^2/d^4/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(d*x+c)-3/8*b/d^3*(4*a*c^2-b)/a^2*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(d*x+c)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{3(4abc^2 - b^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(-2ad^2x^2 - 4acdx - 2ac^2 + 2(d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2acdx+ac^2+b}{d^2x^2+2cdx+c^2}} - b\right)}{16a^3d^4} + \dots \right]$$

```
input integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(3*(4*a*b*c^2 - b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2
+ 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2
+ b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 2*(2*a^2*d^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^4 - 3*a*
b*d^2*x^2 + 10*a*b*c*d*x + 13*a*b*c^2)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2
+ b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^3*d^4), 1/8*(3*(4*a*b*c^2 - b^2)*sqrt
(-a)*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x
+ a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 +
b)) + (2*a^2*d^4*x^4 - 2*a^2*c^4 - 3*a*b*d^2*x^2 + 10*a*b*c*d*x + 13*a*b*c
^2)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(
a^3*d^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3/sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x
+ d**2*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^3/sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} \left(\left(2x \left(\frac{x}{ad\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} - \frac{c}{ad^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} \right) + \frac{2a^3c^2d^4\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) - 3a^2b}{a^4d^7} \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. + \frac{3(4abc^2 - b^2) \log \left(\left| -acd - \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} \right) \sqrt{a}|d| \right| \right)}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)*((2*x*(x/(a*d*sgn(d*x + c)) - c/(a*d^2*sgn(d*x + c)))) + (2*a^3*c^2*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) - 3*a^2*b*d^4*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^4*d^7))*x - (2*a^3*c^3*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) - 13*a^2*b*c*d^3*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^4*d^7) + 3/8*(4*a*b*c^2 - b^2)*log(abs(-a*c*d - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*sqrt(a)*abs(d)))/(a^(5/2)*d^3*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`

3.80 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	824
Mathematica [A] (verified)	825
Rubi [A] (verified)	825
Maple [A] (verified)	829
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	829
Sympy [F]	830
Maxima [F]	830
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	831
Mupad [F(-1)]	831
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	832

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = -\frac{(2b - 3ac^2)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a^2d^3} - \frac{c(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{ad^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(c + dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3ad^3} + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}d^3}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-3*a*c^2+2*b)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^3-c*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a/d^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a/d^3+b*c*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} (-2b(c+dx) + a(c^3 + d^3x^3)) + 3\sqrt{abc} \log\left((c+dx) \left(a + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}\right)\right)}{3a^2d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2], x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]*(-2*b*(c + d*x) + a*(c^3 + d^3*x^3)) + 3*Sqrt[a]*b*c*Log[(c + d*x)*(a + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2])]/(3*a^2*d^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1803, 540, 539, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{d^2x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c+dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1774$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c+dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\frac{3bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(2b-3ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a} - \frac{3c(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{d^3} - \frac{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a}$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2], x]`

output `-((-1/3*((c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/a - (-(((2*b - 3*a*c^2)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/a - 3*c*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2] + (3*b*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]))/(3*a))/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 539 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[c*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1))
Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 540 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(c + d*x)^n, x, x], R = PolynomialRemain
der[(c + d*x)^n, x, x]}, Simp[R*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))
, x] + Simp[1/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*(m +
1)*Qx - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IG
tQ[n, 1] && ILtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
])`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
risch	$\frac{(a d^2 x^2 - a d x c + a c^2 - 2b)(a d^2 x^2 + 2a d x c + a c^2 + b)}{3a^2 d^3 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)} + \frac{b c \ln\left(\frac{a d^2 x + a c d}{\sqrt{a d^2}} + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2a d x c + a c^2 + b}\right) \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2a d x c + a c^2 + b}}{a d^2 \sqrt{a d^2} \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2a d x c + a c^2 + b} \left(x^2 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2a d x c + a c^2 + b} a d^2 \sqrt{a d^2} - \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2a d x c + a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2} a c d x + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2a d x c + a c^2 + b} \right)}{3d^3 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c) a^2}$

input `int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(a*d^2*x^2-a*c*d*x+a*c^2-2*b)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/a^2/d^3/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)+1/a*b*c/d^2*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \sqrt{abc} \log\left(-2 a d^2 x^2 - 4 a c d x - 2 a c^2 - 2 (d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b}{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2}} - b\right) + 2 (a d^3 x^3 - b c^2)}{6 a^2 d^3}$$

$$- \frac{3 \sqrt{-abc} \arctan\left(\frac{(d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b}{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2}}}{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b}\right) - (a d^3 x^3 + a c^3 - 2 b d x - 2 b c) \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b}{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2}}}{3 a^2 d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/6*(3*sqrt(a)*b*c*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 2*(a*d^3*x^3 + a*c^3 - 2*b*d*x - 2*b*c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*d^3), -1/3*(3*sqrt(-a)*b*c*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b) - (a*d^3*x^3 + a*c^3 - 2*b*d*x - 2*b*c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*d^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} \left(x \left(\frac{x}{ad\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} - \frac{c}{ad^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} \right) + \frac{a^2c^2d^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) - 2abd^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{a^3d^5} \right)$$

$$- \frac{bc \log \left(\left| -acd - \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} \right) \sqrt{a|d|} \right| \right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)*(x*(x/(a*d*sgn(d*x + c)) - c/(a*d^2*sgn(d*x + c))) + (a^2*c^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) - 2*a*b*d^2*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^3*d^5)) - b*c*log(abs(-a*c*d - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*sqrt(a)*abs(d)))/(a^(3/2)*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a c^2 - \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a c d x + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a d^2 x^2}{3 a^2 d^3}$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c**2 - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c*d*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b + 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*b*c)/(3*a**2*d**3)
```

3.81 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	833
Mathematica [A] (verified)	833
Rubi [A] (verified)	834
Maple [B] (verified)	837
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	838
Sympy [F]	838
Maxima [F]	839
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	839
Mupad [F(-1)]	840
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	840

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = -\frac{c(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{ad^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2ad^2} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^2}$$

output

```
-c*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a/d^2+1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a/d^2-1/2*b*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a}(c-dx)(b+a(c+dx)^2) + b\sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2} \log\left(-\sqrt{a}(c+dx) + \sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^2(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2], x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[a]*(c - d*x)*(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)) + b*Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]*Log[-(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)) + Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]])/(2*a^(3/2)*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.588$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 539, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx \\
 \downarrow 896 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\int -\frac{dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 \downarrow 1774 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)\left(\frac{c}{c+dx}-1\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 \downarrow 1803 \\
 \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^3\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
 \downarrow 25
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d^2}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{539} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{b}{c+dx} + 2ac\right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
& \frac{b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - 2c(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& \frac{\frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} - 2c(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{a}{b}}{2a} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 2c(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - 2c(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a}}{d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x/Sqrt [a + b/(c + d*x)^2], x]`

output `((c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/(2*a) + (-2*c*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2] - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/(2*a)/d^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_))^{(m_)}((c_ + (d_)(x_))^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p(m+1)-1)}(c - a(d/b) + d(x^p/b))^{n}], x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTanh}[x / \text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}((a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2}(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 534 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}((c_ + (d_)(x_))((a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c)*x^{(m+1)}((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)} / (2*a*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[d \quad \text{Int}[x^{(m+1)}(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$
- rule 539 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}((c_ + (d_)(x_))((a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*x^{(m+1)}((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)} / (a*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*(m+1)) \quad \text{Int}[x^{(m+1)}(a + b*x^2)^p * (a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+2*p+3)*x), x], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(v_)^{(n_))}^{(p_)}(x_)^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m+1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m * (a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] \text{ /}; \text{NeQ}[c, 0]] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1774

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
])
```

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 195 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-dx+c)(a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b)}{2a d^2 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}} (dx+c)} - \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{a d^2 x+acd}{\sqrt{a d^2}} + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}\right) \sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}}{2da \sqrt{a d^2} \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}} (dx+c)}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b} \left(-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b} \sqrt{a d^2} dx + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b} \sqrt{a d^2} c + bd \ln\left(\frac{a d^2 x+acd + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}}{\sqrt{a d^2}}\right) \right)}{2d^2 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2+2adxc+a c^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}} (dx+c) a \sqrt{a d^2}}$

input

```
int(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(-d*x+c)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/a/d^2/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*
c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)-1/2*b/d/a*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)
+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+
a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ab} \log\left(-2ad^2x^2 - 4acdx - 2ac^2 + 2(d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2}} - b\right) + 2(ad^2x^2 - a^2)}{4a^2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/4*(sqrt(a)*b*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 + 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 2*(a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*d^2), 1/2*(sqrt(-a)*b*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)) + (a*d^2*x^2 - a*c^2)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*d^2)]`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{ac^2 + 2acdx + ad^2x^2 + b}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x/sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} \left(\frac{x}{ad\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} - \frac{c}{ad^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} \right) + \frac{b \log \left(\left| -acd - \left(\sqrt{ad^2}x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} \right) \sqrt{a}|d| \right| \right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}d|d|\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)*(x/(a*d*sgn(d*x + c)) - c/(a*d^2*sgn(d*x + c))) + 1/2*b*log(abs(-a*c*d - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*sqrt(a)*abs(d)))/(a^(3/2)*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} ac + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} adx - \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} + \sqrt{a} c + \sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^2 d^2}$$

input `int(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*d*x - sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*b)/(2*a**2*d**2)`

$$3.82 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	841
Mathematica [A] (verified)	841
Rubi [A] (verified)	842
Maple [A] (verified)	843
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	843
Sympy [F]	844
Maxima [F]	844
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	844
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	845
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	845

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{ad}$$

output `(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 9.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{b + a(c+dx)^2}{ad(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2], x]`

output `(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(a*d*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {239, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

↓ 239

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c+dx)}{d}$$

↓ 746

$$\frac{(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{ad}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2],x]`

output `((c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/(a*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 239

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1]
] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]
```

rule 746

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)
/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{a d (d x + c) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(d x + c)^2}}}$	49
trager	$\frac{(d x + c) \sqrt{-\frac{-a d^2 x^2 - 2 a d x c - a c^2 - b}{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2}}}{a d}$	60
gospers	$\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{d a \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}$	67
default	$\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{d a \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}$	67
risch	$\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{d a \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}$	67

input `int(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/a/d/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 54 vs. 2(25) = 50.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{(dx + c) \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}{d^2x^2 + 2cdx + c^2}}}{ad}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(d*x + c)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))/(a*d)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b/(c + d*x)**2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}{ad\operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(a*d*sgn(d*x + c))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a(c+dx)^2}{b} + 1} (c + dx)}{d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\sqrt{\frac{a(c+dx)^2}{b} + 1} + 1 \right)}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `((a*(c + d*x)^2)/b + 1)^(1/2)*(c + d*x)/(d*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)*(((a*(c + d*x)^2)/b + 1)^(1/2) + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b}}{ad}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(a*d)`

3.83
$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	846
Mathematica [A] (verified)	846
Rubi [A] (verified)	847
Maple [B] (verified)	849
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	850
Sympy [F]	851
Maxima [F]	851
Giac [F(-2)]	851
Mupad [F(-1)]	852
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	852

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b+ac^2}}$$

output

```
arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)-c*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2} \left(2\sqrt{ac} \arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{adx+\sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac^2}}\right) - \sqrt{-b-ac^2} \log\left(-\sqrt{a}(c+dx) + \sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-b-ac^2}(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]*(2*Sqrt[a]*c*ArcTan[-(Sqrt[a]*d*x) + Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2])/Sqrt[-b - a*c^2]] - Sqrt[-b - a*c^2]*Log[-(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x) + Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]))/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-b - a*c^2]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & \int \frac{1}{dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & - \int - \frac{1}{dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1774 \\
 & - \int \frac{1}{(c + dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1 \right)} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1803 \\
 & \int - \frac{c + dx}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c + dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{617} \\
& - \int \left(\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{c}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx}-1\right)} \right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{ac+\frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac^2+b}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]),x]`

output `ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a] - (c*ArcTanh[(a*c + b/(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])]/Sqrt[b + a*c^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 617 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
])
```

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} \left(d \ln \left(\frac{a d^2 x + a c d + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2}}{\sqrt{a d^2}} \right) \sqrt{a c^2 + b} - c \ln \left(\frac{2 a c^2 + 2 b + 2 a d x c + 2 \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}{x} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c) \sqrt{a d^2} \sqrt{a c^2 + b}}$

input

```
int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(d*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*
d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)-c*ln(2*(a
*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*(a*
d^2)^(1/2))/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)/(a*d^2
)^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 271 vs. $2(72) = 144$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1089, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*a*c*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*
a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*
c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 +
b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) + (a*c^2 + b)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2
- 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x
^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b))/(a^2*c^2 + a*
b), 1/2*(sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*a*c*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 +
4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2
*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2
+ b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d^
2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(
d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)))/(a^2*c^2 +
a*b), 1/2*(2*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*a*c*arctan((a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2
+ b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/
(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*c^4 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2
+ 2*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + b^2)) + (a*c^2 + b)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 -
4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2
+ 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b))/(a^2*c^2 + a*b)
, (sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*a*c*arctan((a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x +
b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{\frac{ac^2+2acd+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)*x), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1148, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b)*sqrt(a*c**
2 + b)*atan((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt
(a)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b))*a*c**2 - 2*sqr
t(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b)*atan((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d
*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**
2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b))*a**2*c**3 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c
- 2*a*c**2 - b)*atan((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)
*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b))*a*b*c
- sqrt(a)*sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c + 2*a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 +
b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a
*c**2 + b)*c + 2*a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)*a*c**2 + sqrt(a)*s
qrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c + 2*a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt
(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c
+ 2*a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)*a*c**2 + sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(
sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 +
b)*c + 2*a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)*a*b*c + sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*l
og(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2
+ b)*c + 2*a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)*a*b*c - sqrt(a*c**2 + b
)*log(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*c + 2*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*d*x + 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + ...
```

3.84 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	854
Mathematica [A] (verified)	854
Rubi [A] (verified)	855
Maple [B] (verified)	857
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	858
Sympy [F]	858
Maxima [F]	859
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	859
Mupad [F(-1)]	860
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	860

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = -\frac{cd\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(b + ac^2) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{(b + ac^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-c*d*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b)/(1-c/(d*x+c))-b*d*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{-c\sqrt{b + ac^2}(c + dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} + bdx \log(x) - bdx \log\left(b + (c + dx) \left(ac + \sqrt{b + ac^2} \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}\right)\right)}{(b + ac^2)^{3/2} x}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-c\sqrt{b+ac^2}(c+dx)\sqrt{(b+a(c+dx)^2)/(c+dx)^2})+b*d*x*\text{Log}[x]-b*d*x*\text{Log}[b+(c+dx)*(a*c+\sqrt{b+a*c^2})*\sqrt{(b+a*(c+dx)^2)/(c+dx)^2}])}{(b+a*c^2)^{(3/2)*x}}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1799, 491, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 896 \\ & d \int \frac{1}{d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1774 \\ & d \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1799 \\ & -d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow 491 \\ & -d \left(\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{ac^2 + b} + \frac{c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 488 \end{aligned}$$

$$-d \left(\frac{c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ac^2 + b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}}{ac^2 + b} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$-d \left(\frac{c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2 + b} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{(ac^2 + b)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]),x]`

output `-(d*((c*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/((b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (b*ArcTanh[(-(a*c) - b/(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])])/(b + a*c^2)^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 491 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + Simp[b*(c/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n + 2*p + 3, 0]`

```
rule 896 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 1774 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])
```

```
rule 1799 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 204 vs. 2(91) = 182.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result
risch	$-\frac{c(a^2d^2x^2+2adxc+a^2+b)}{(ac^2+b)x\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)} - \frac{bd \ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2b+2adxc+2\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2+b}}{x}\right)\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2+b}}{(ac^2+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2+b}\left(\ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2b+2adxc+2\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2+b}}{x}\right)ab^2c^2dx+\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2+b}(ac^2+b)^{\frac{3}{2}}c\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+a^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)(ac^2+b)^{\frac{5}{2}}x}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/(a*c^2+b)*c*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/x/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)-b*d/(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 247 vs. 2(89) = 178.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 498, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.03

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ac^2 + b} dx \log \left(-\frac{2a^2c^4 + (2a^2c^2 + ab)d^2x^2 + 4abc^2 + 4(a^2c^3 + abc)dx + 2b^2 - 2(acd^2x^2 + ac^3 + (2ac^2 + b)dx + bc)\sqrt{ac^2 + b} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2 + 2acd^2x + a^2d^2}{d^2x^2 + c^2}}}{x^2} \right)}{2(a^2c^4 + 2abc^2 + b^2)x}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*b*d*x*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(a*c^4 + b*c^2 + (a*c^3 + b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2)*x), (sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*b*d*x*arctan((a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*c^4 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + b^2)) - (a*c^4 + b*c^2 + (a*c^3 + b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2)*x]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac^2 + 2acdx + ad^2x^2 + b}{c^2 + 2cdx + d^2x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}} x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)*x^2), x)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 220 vs. 2(89) = 178.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \frac{2bd \arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - b}}\right)}{(ac^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + b \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c)) \sqrt{-ac^2 - b}}$$

$$- \frac{2\left(a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3|d| + \left(\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}\right)ac^2d + \sqrt{abc}|d|\right)}{(ac^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + b \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c))\left(ac^2 - \left(\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}\right)^2 + b\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*b*d*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))/((a*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + b*sgn(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b) - 2*(a^(3/2)*c^3*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a*c^2*d + sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d))/((a*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + b*sgn(d*x + c))*(a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2 + b))
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} a c^3 - \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} bc + \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \log(\sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b})}{x (a^2 c^4 + 2ab c^2 + b^2)}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*c**3 - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b*c + sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*b*d*x - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*b*d*x)/(x*(a**2*c**4 + 2*a*b*c**2 + b**2))`

3.85
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	861
Mathematica [A] (verified)	862
Rubi [A] (verified)	862
Maple [A] (verified)	865
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	866
Sympy [F]	867
Maxima [F]	867
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	868
Mupad [F(-1)]	869
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	869

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 161

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = -\frac{d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(b + ac^2) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{(b - 2ac^2) d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(b + ac^2)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} + \frac{3abcd^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2(b + ac^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b)/(1-c/(d*x+c))^2-1/2*(-2*a*c^2+b)*
d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b)^2/(1-c/(d*x+c))+3/2*a*b*c*d^2*arctanh(
(a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/(a*c^2+b)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{b+ac^2}(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}(ac^2(c-dx)+b(c+2dx)) - 3abcd^2x^2 \log(x) + 3abcd^2x^2 \log(b+(c+dx)^2)}{2(b+ac^2)^{5/2}x^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]),x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2]*(a*c^2*(c - d*x) + b*(c + 2*d*x))) - 3*a*b*c*d^2*x^2*Log[x] + 3*a*b*c*d^2*x^2*Log[b + (c + d*x)*(a*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2])]/(2*(b + a*c^2)^(5/2)*x^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 594, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$d^2 \int \frac{1}{d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c+dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$-d^2 \int -\frac{1}{d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c+dx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1774 \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3} d(c+dx) \\
& \downarrow 1803 \\
& d^2 \int -\frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 594 \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac^2 + b)} - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 679 \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{3abc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac^2 + b)} - \frac{(b-2ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 488 \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{3abc \int \frac{1}{ac^2 + b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d\frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{(b-2ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 219
\end{aligned}$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{3abc \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{(ac^2+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(b-2ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]),x]`

output `d^2*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/((b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + (-((b - 2*a*c^2)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/((b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x)))) - (3*a*b*c*ArcTanh[(-a*c) - b/(c + d*x)]/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]))/(b + a*c^2)^(3/2))/(2*(b + a*c^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 594 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1))/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(n + 1) + b*c*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

```
rule 679 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1
))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2)
Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m,
p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]
```

```
rule 896 Int[((a_) + (b._)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[{c, 0}] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 1774 Int[((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
])
```

```
rule 1803 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(a^2d^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b)(-adx^2+c^3a+2bdx+bc)}{2(ac^2+b)^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)} + \frac{3abcd^2\ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2b+2adxc+2\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}}{x}\right)\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}}{2(ac^2+b)^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}\left(-3\ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2b+2adxc+2\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}}{x}\right)a^2bc^3d^2x^2-\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}(ac^2\right)}{2(ac^2+b)^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}$

```
input int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)*(-a*c^2*d*x+a*c^3+2*b*d*x+b*c)/(a*c^2+b
)^2/x^2/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)+3/2/(a*c^2
+b)^(5/2)*a*b*c*d^2*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2
+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1
/2)/(d*x+c)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 308 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 620, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.85

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \sqrt{ac^2 + b} b a b c d^2 x^2 \log \left(-\frac{2 a^2 c^4 + (2 a^2 c^2 + a b) d^2 x^2 + 4 a b c^2 + 4 (a^2 c^3 + a b c) d x + 2 b^2 + 2 (a c d^2 x^2 + a c^3 + (2 a c^2 + b) d x + b c) \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a^2 c^4 + (2 a^2 c^2 + a b) d^2 x^2 + 4 a b c^2 + 4 (a^2 c^3 + a b c) d x + 2 b^2 + 2 (a c d^2 x^2 + a c^3 + (2 a c^2 + b) d x + b c) \sqrt{a c^2 + b}}{x^2}}{4 (a^3 c^6 + 3 a^2 b c^4 + 3 a b^2 c^2 + b^3) x} \right) + (a^2 c^6 + 2 a b c^4 - (a^2 c^3 + a b c) d x + b^2)}{2 (a^3 c^6 + 3 a^2 b c^4 + 3 a b^2 c^2 + b^3) x} + 3 \sqrt{-a c^2 - b} b a b c d^2 x^2 \arctan \left(\frac{(a c d^2 x^2 + a c^3 + (2 a c^2 + b) d x + b c) \sqrt{-a c^2 - b} \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b}{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2}}}{a^2 c^4 + (a^2 c^2 + a b) d^2 x^2 + 2 a b c^2 + 2 (a^2 c^3 + a b c) d x + b^2} \right) + (a^2 c^6 + 2 a b c^4 - (a^2 c^3 + a b c) d x + b^2)}{2 (a^3 c^6 + 3 a^2 b c^4 + 3 a b^2 c^2 + b^3) x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(3*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*a*b*c*d^2*x^2*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*
d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 + 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a
*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*
x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(a^2*c^6 + 2*a*b*c^4 -
(a^2*c^4 - a*b*c^2 - 2*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + b^2*c^2 + 3*(a*b*c^3 + b^2*c)*d*x)*
sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^3
*c^6 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + b^3)*x^2), -1/2*(3*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*a*b
*c*d^2*x^2*arctan((a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(-a*
c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2
)))/(a^2*c^4 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*
x + b^2)) + (a^2*c^6 + 2*a*b*c^4 - (a^2*c^4 - a*b*c^2 - 2*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + b
^2*c^2 + 3*(a*b*c^3 + b^2*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)
/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^3*c^6 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + b^3)*
x^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**3/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d
*x + d**2*x**2))), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}} x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)*x^3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 575 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 575, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3abcd^2 \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - b}}\right)}{(a^2c^4 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + 2abc^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c) + b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx + c))\sqrt{-ac^2 - b}}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^{\frac{7}{2}}c^6d|d| + 4\left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}\right)a^3c^5d^2 + 2\left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3*a*b*c*d^2*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))/((a^2*c^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*a*b*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + b^2*sgn(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)) + (2*a^(7/2)*c^6*d*abs(d) + 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^3*c^5*d^2 + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(5/2)*c^4*d*abs(d) + 2*a^(5/2)*b*c^4*d*abs(d) + 3*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 + 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d*abs(d) + 3*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^2*d*abs(d) - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*sqrt(a)*b^2*d*abs(d) - 2*sqrt(a)*b^3*d*abs(d))/((a^2*c^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*a*b*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + b^2*sgn(d*x + c))*(a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2 + b)^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a^2 c^5 + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a^2 c^4 d x - 2 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b}}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**5 + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**4*d*x - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b*c**3 - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b*c**2*d*x - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**2*c - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(- sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*a*b*c*d**2*x**2)/(2*x**2*(a**3*c**6 + 3*a**2*b*c**4 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 + b**3))`

3.86
$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

Optimal result	870
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 241

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = -\frac{d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3c(b+ac^2) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} + \frac{(b+6ac^2) d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{6c(b+ac^2)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{(b^2 + 10abc^2 - 6a^2c^4) d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{6c(b+ac^2)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{ab(b-4ac^2) d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2(b+ac^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c/(a*c^2+b)/(1-c/(d*x+c))^3+1/6*(6*a*c^2+b)
*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c/(a*c^2+b)^2/(1-c/(d*x+c))^2+1/6*(-6*a^2*c^4+1
0*a*b*c^2+b^2)*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/c/(a*c^2+b)^3/(1-c/(d*x+c))+1/2*a
*b*(-4*a*c^2+b)*d^3*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2
)^(1/2))/(a*c^2+b)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{b+ac^2} \left(2c^2(b+ac^2)^2 + 5bc(b+ac^2) dx + 3b(b-4ac^2) d^2x^2 + ac(-13b+2ac^2) d^3x^3 \right) \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}}{6(b+ac^2)^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]),x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*(2*c^2*(b + a*c^2)^2 + 5*b*c*(b + a*c^2)*d*x + 3*b*(b - 4*a*c^2)*d^2*x^2 + a*c*(-13*b + 2*a*c^2)*d^3*x^3)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]) - 3*a*b*(b - 4*a*c^2)*d^3*x^3*Log[x] + 3*a*b*(b - 4*a*c^2)*d^3*x^3*Log[b + (c + d*x)*(a*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]])/(6*(b + a*c^2)^(7/2)*x^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1803, 603, 688, 25, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$d^3 \int \frac{1}{d^4 x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d(c+dx)$$

$$\downarrow 1774$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& d^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^4} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
& -d^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{603} \\
& -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3c(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3a + \frac{b}{c+dx} + 3ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3(ac^2+b)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{688} \\
& -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3c(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(6ac^2+b) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{2ac(2b-3ac^2) + \frac{b(6ac^2+b)}{c+dx}}{c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac^2+b)}}{3(ac^2+b)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3c(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{2ac(2b-3ac^2) + \frac{b(6ac^2+b)}{c+dx}}{c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac^2+b)} + \frac{(6ac^2+b) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{3(ac^2+b)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3c(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{2ac(2b-3ac^2) + \frac{b(6ac^2+b)}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2c(ac^2+b)} + \frac{(6ac^2+b) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{3(ac^2+b)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 679 \\
 -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3c(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{3abc(b-4ac^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{ac^2+b}}{2c(ac^2+b)} + \frac{(-6a^2c^4+10abc^2+b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} + \frac{(6ac^2+b) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right) \\
 \frac{3(ac^2 + b)}{3(ac^2 + b)}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 488 \\
 -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3c(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(-6a^2c^4+10abc^2+b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3abc(b-4ac^2) \int \frac{1}{ac^2+b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}}{ac^2+b}}{2c(ac^2+b)} + \frac{(6ac^2+b) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right) \\
 \frac{3(ac^2 + b)}{3(ac^2 + b)}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 219 \\
 -d^3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3c(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{\frac{(-6a^2c^4+10abc^2+b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3abc(b-4ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{(ac^2+b)^{3/2}}}{2c(ac^2+b)} + \frac{(6ac^2+b) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2c(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right) \\
 \frac{3(ac^2 + b)}{3(ac^2 + b)}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int [1/(x^4*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]), x]`

output

$$-(d^3 * (\text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)] / (3*c*(b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) - (((b + 6*a*c^2)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)] / (2*c*(b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + (((b^2 + 10*a*b*c^2 - 6*a^2*c^4)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)] / ((b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (3*a*b*c*(b - 4*a*c^2)*\text{ArcTanh}[(-(a*c) - b/(c + d*x)) / (\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c^2]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/(c + d*x)])])) / (b + a*c^2)^{3/2}) / (2*c*(b + a*c^2))) / (3*(b + a*c^2)))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_)*(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 488

$$\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$$

rule 603

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^m * ((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^n * ((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[x^m, c + d*x, x], R = \text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m, c + d*x, x]\}, \text{Simp}[d*R*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)} * ((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1}) / ((n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n+1)} * (a + b*x^2)^p * \text{ExpandToSum}[(n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*Qx + b*c*R*(n+1) - b*d*R*(n+2*p+3)*x, x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$$

rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 688 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b)(2 a^2 c^3 d^2 x^2 - 2 a^2 c^4 d x + 2 a^2 c^5 - 13 a b c d^2 x^2 + a b c^2 d x + 4 a b c^3 + 3 b^2 d x + 2 b^2 c)}{6(a c^2 + b)^3 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)} - \frac{d^3 b a (4 a c^2 - b) \ln\left(\frac{2 a c^2}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} \left(12 \ln\left(\frac{2 a c^2 + 2 b + 2 a d x c + 2 \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}{x}\right) a^3 b c^4 d^3 x^3 + 2 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} (a c^2 + b)\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/6*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)*(2*a^2*c^3*d^2*x^2-2*a^2*c^4*d*x+2*a^2*c^5-13*a*b*c*d^2*x^2+a*b*c^2*d*x+4*a*b*c^3+3*b^2*d*x+2*b^2*c)/(a*c^2+b)^3/x^3/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)-1/2*d^3*b*a*(4*a*c^2-b)/(a*c^2+b)^(7/2)*\ln((2*a*c^2+2*b+2*a*d*x*c+2*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2))/x)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 789, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(3*(4*a^2*b*c^2 - a*b^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*d^3*x^3*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(2*a^3*c^8 + 6*a^2*b*c^6 + 6*a*b^2*c^4 + (2*a^3*c^5 - 11*a^2*b*c^3 - 13*a*b^2*c)*d^3*x^3 + 2*b^3*c^2 - 3*(4*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 - b^3)*d^2*x^2 + 5*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^4*c^8 + 4*a^3*b*c^6 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4 + 4*a*b^3*c^2 + b^4)*x^3), 1/6*(3*(4*a^2*b*c^2 - a*b^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*d^3*x^3*arctan((a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*c^4 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + b^2) - (2*a^3*c^8 + 6*a^2*b*c^6 + 6*a*b^2*c^4 + (2*a^3*c^5 - 11*a^2*b*c^3 - 13*a*b^2*c)*d^3*x^3 + 2*b^3*c^2 - 3*(4*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 - b^3)*d^2*x^2 + 5*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^4*c^8 + 4*a^3*b*c^6 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4 + 4*a*b^3*c^2 + b^4)*x^3)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**4/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**4*sqrt((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} x^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)*x^4), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1005 vs. 2(222) = 444.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1005, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(4*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 - a*b^2*d^3)*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*
a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))/((a^3*c^6*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*a^2*b*c
^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*a*b^2*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + b^3*sgn(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a*c^2
- b)) - 1/3*(8*a^(11/2)*c^9*d^2*abs(d) + 24*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x
^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^5*c^8*d^3 + 24*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*
x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(9/2)*c^7*d^2*abs(d) + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x
- sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a^4*c^6*d^3 + 8*a^(9/2)*b*c^7
*d^2*abs(d) + 36*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))
*a^4*b*c^6*d^3 + 72*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 +
b))^2*a^(7/2)*b*c^5*d^2*abs(d) + 56*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*
c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a^3*b*c^4*d^3 - 24*a^(7/2)*b^2*c^5*d^2*abs(d) - 12*(
sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^5*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 -
3*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^3*b^2*c^4*d
^3 + 72*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(5/2)
*b^2*c^3*d^2*abs(d) + 48*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*
c^2 + b))^3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 40*a^(5/2)*b^3*c^3*d^2*abs(d) + 3*(sqrt(a*d
^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^5*a*b^2*d^3 - 18*(sqrt(a*d
^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^3 + 24*(sqr
t(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(3/2)*b^3*c*d^2*
abs(d) - 16*a^(3/2)*b^4*c*d^2*abs(d) - 3*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 588, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} a^3 c^7 + 2\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} a^3 c^6 dx - 2\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} a^3 c^5 dx^2 + \dots}{(a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**7 + 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**6*d*x - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**5*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**5 + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**4*d*x + 11*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**3 - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x + 13*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3*c - 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3*d*x + 12*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a*b**2*d**3*x**3 - 12*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log(x)*a*b**2*d**3*x**3)/(6*x**3*(a**4*c**8 + 4*a**3*b*c**6 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**4 + 4*a*b**3*c**2 + b**4))
```

$$3.87 \quad \int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	881
Mathematica [A] (verified)	882
Rubi [A] (verified)	882
Maple [A] (verified)	887
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	888
Sympy [F]	889
Maxima [F]	890
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	890
Mupad [F(-1)]	891
Reduce [F]	891

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 241

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c(5b - ac^2)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a^3d^4} - \frac{(7b - 12ac^2)(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{8a^3d^4} - \frac{c(c + dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a^2d^4} + \frac{(c + dx)^4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a^2d^4} - \frac{b\left(b - 3ac^2 - \frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx}\right)}{a^3d^4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} + \frac{3b(5b - 12ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}d^4}$$

output

```
c*(-a*c^2+5*b)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^3/d^4-1/8*(-12*a*c^2+7*b)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^3/d^4-c*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^4+1/4*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^4-b*(b-3*a*c^2-c*(-a*c^2+3*b)/(d*x+c))/a^3/d^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3/8*b*(-12*a*c^2+5*b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(b^2(49c-15dx)+ab(47c^3+85c^2dx+17cd^2x^2-5d^3x^3))-2a^2(c^5+c^4dx-cd^4x^4-d^5x^5)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}} + 3b(5b-12ac^2) \frac{1}{8a^{7/2}d^4}$$

input

Integrate[x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x]

output

```
((Sqrt[a]*(b^2*(49*c - 15*d*x) + a*b*(47*c^3 + 85*c^2*d*x + 17*c*d^2*x^2 - 5*d^3*x^3) - 2*a^2*(c^5 + c^4*d*x - c*d^4*x^4 - d^5*x^5)))/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2]) + 3*b*(5*b - 12*a*c^2)*Log[(c + d*x)*(a + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2])]/(8*a^(7/2)*d^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.842$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 532, 25, 2338, 2338, 27, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d^3 x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{d^3 x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d^4} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1774

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

↓ 1803

$$\frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^5 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^5 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4}$$

↓ 532

$$\frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^5 \left(-\frac{3c}{c+dx} + \frac{\left(\frac{3b}{a} - c^2\right)c}{(c+dx)^3} - \frac{b-3c^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b(b-3ac^2)}{a^2(c+dx)^4} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - 3ac^2 + b\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

d^4

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^5 \left(-\frac{3c}{c+dx} + \frac{\left(\frac{3b}{a} - c^2\right)c}{(c+dx)^3} - \frac{b-3c^2}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{b(b-3ac^2)}{a^2(c+dx)^4} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - 3ac^2 + b\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

d^4

↓ 2338

$$\frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(12ac - \frac{4(3b-ac^2)c}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{7b-12ac^2}{c+dx} - \frac{4b(b-3ac^2)}{a(c+dx)^3}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{4a} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - \frac{b \left(-\frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - 3ac^2 + b\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

d^4

↓ 2338

$$\int \frac{3(c+dx)^3 \left(a(7b-12ac^2) - \frac{4ac(5b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - \frac{4b(b-3ac^2)}{(c+dx)^2} \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - b \left(-\frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - 3ac^2 + b \right)$$

d^4

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a(7b-12ac^2) - \frac{4ac(5b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - \frac{4b(b-3ac^2)}{(c+dx)^2} \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - b \left(-\frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - 3ac^2 + b \right)$$

d^4

↓ 2338

$$\int \frac{a(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{3b(5b-12ac^2)}{c+dx} + 8ac(5b-ac^2) \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}(7b-12ac^2)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - \frac{4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - b \left(-\frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - 3ac^2 + b \right)$$

d^4

↓ 27

$$-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{3b(5b-12ac^2)}{c+dx} + 8ac(5b-ac^2) \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}(7b-12ac^2)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - \frac{4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - b \left(-\frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - 3ac^2 + b \right)$$

d^4

↓ 534

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(8c(5b-ac^2)(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 3b(5b-12ac^2) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \right) - \frac{\frac{1}{2}(7b-12ac^2)(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - \frac{4c(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - \frac{(c+dx)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} - b \left(-\frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - 3ac^2 + b \right)$$

d^4

↓ 243

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(8c(5b-ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{3}{2}b(5b-12ac^2) \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(7b-12ac^2)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 4c(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} \frac{d^4}{a}$$

73

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(8c(5b-ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 3(5b-12ac^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(7b-12ac^2)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 4c(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4a} \frac{d^4}{a}$$

221

$$\frac{b \left(-\frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx} - 3ac^2 + b \right)}{a^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3b(5b-12ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + 8c(5b-ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}(7b-12ac^2)(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a}}{4a} \frac{d^4}{a}$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-((b*(b - 3*a*c^2 - (c*(3*b - a*c^2))/(c + d*x)))/(a^3*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])) - (-1/4*((c + d*x)^4*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/a - (-4*c*(c + d*x)^3*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2] + (-1/2*((7*b - 12*a*c^2)*(c + d*x)^2*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]) + (8*c*(5*b - a*c^2)*(c + d*x)*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2] + (3*b*(5*b - 12*a*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a])/2)/a)/(4*a))/a)/d^4`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{((m-1)/2)}(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 532 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(2*a*b*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*a*(p+1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p+3)/x^m), x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p]$
- rule 534 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c)*x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1})/(2*a*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[d \quad \text{Int}[x^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2*p + 3, 0]$

```
rule 896 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 1774 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])
```

```
rule 1803 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2338 Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 399, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
default	$\frac{(a^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b)\left(-2x^5d^5a^2\sqrt{ad^2}-2\sqrt{ad^2}a^2cd^4x^4+2\sqrt{ad^2}a^2c^4dx+5x^3d^3ab\sqrt{ad^2}+2\sqrt{ad^2}a^2c^5-17\sqrt{ad^2}abcd^2x^2\right)}{\dots}$
risch	$-\frac{(-2ax^3d^3+2ad^2x^2c-2adxc^2+2c^3a+7bdx-33bc)(ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b)}{8d^4a^3\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)} + \left(\frac{3bx^2}{a^2d^3\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}} - \frac{b^2x}{a^3d^3\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}}\right)$

input `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/8*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/d^4*(-2*x^5*d^5*a^2*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}-2*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c*d^4*x^4+2*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c^4*d*x+5*x^3*d^3*a*b*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}+2*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2*c^5-17*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a*b*c*d^2*x^2+36*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)}*\ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)}*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)})/(a*d^2)^{(1/2)})*a*b*c^2*d-85*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a*b*c^2*d*x-47*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*a*b*c^3-15*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)}*\ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)}*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)})/(a*d^2)^{(1/2)})*b^2*d+15*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2*d*x-49*(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}*b^2*c)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^{(3/2)}/(d*x+c)^3/a^3/(a*d^2)^{(1/2)}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 791, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/16*(3*(12*a^2*b*c^4 + 7*a*b^2*c^2 + (12*a^2*b*c^2 - 5*a*b^2)*d^2*x^2 -
5*b^3 + 2*(12*a^2*b*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c)*d*x)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c
*d*x - 2*a*c^2 + 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a
*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 2*(2*a^3*d^6*x^6 + 4
*a^3*c*d^5*x^5 + 12*a^2*b*c*d^3*x^3 - 2*a^3*c^6 + (2*a^3*c^2 - 5*a^2*b)*d^
4*x^4 + 47*a^2*b*c^4 + 49*a*b^2*c^2 - (2*a^3*c^4 - 102*a^2*b*c^2 + 15*a*b^
2)*d^2*x^2 - 2*(2*a^3*c^5 - 66*a^2*b*c^3 - 17*a*b^2*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^
2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^5*d^6*x^2 + 2*a^
5*c*d^5*x + (a^5*c^2 + a^4*b)*d^4), 1/8*(3*(12*a^2*b*c^4 + 7*a*b^2*c^2 + (
12*a^2*b*c^2 - 5*a*b^2)*d^2*x^2 - 5*b^3 + 2*(12*a^2*b*c^3 - 5*a*b^2*c)*d*x
)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a
*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*
c^2 + b)) + (2*a^3*d^6*x^6 + 4*a^3*c*d^5*x^5 + 12*a^2*b*c*d^3*x^3 - 2*a^3*
c^6 + (2*a^3*c^2 - 5*a^2*b)*d^4*x^4 + 47*a^2*b*c^4 + 49*a*b^2*c^2 - (2*a^3
*c^4 - 102*a^2*b*c^2 + 15*a*b^2)*d^2*x^2 - 2*(2*a^3*c^5 - 66*a^2*b*c^3 - 1
7*a*b^2*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*
x + c^2)))/(a^5*d^6*x^2 + 2*a^5*c*d^5*x + (a^5*c^2 + a^4*b)*d^4)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\left(\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3/((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d*
*2*x**2))** (3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 320, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(\left(2x\left(\frac{dx}{\operatorname{asgn}(dx+c)} + \frac{c}{\operatorname{asgn}(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{5b}{a^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}\right)x + \frac{17bc}{a^2 d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}\right)x - \frac{2a^5 bc^4 d^6 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{8\sqrt{ad^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a^2 c^2}}\right)}{8a^{7/2} d^3 |d| \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} + \frac{3(12abc^2 - 5b^2) \log\left(\left|-acd - \left(\sqrt{ad^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a^2 c^2}\right)\sqrt{a}|d|\right|\right)}{8a^{7/2} d^3 |d| \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*(((2*x*(d*x/(a*sgn(d*x + c)) + c/(a*sgn(d*x + c))) - 5*b/(a^2*d*sgn(d*x + c)))*x + 17*b*c/(a^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c)))*x - (2*a^5*b*c^4*d^6*sgn(d*x + c) - 85*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^6*sgn(d*x + c) + 15*a^3*b^3*d^6*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^6*b*d^9))*x - (2*a^5*b*c^5*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - 47*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - 49*a^3*b^3*c*d^5*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^6*b*d^9))/sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b) + 3/8*(12*a*b*c^2 - 5*b^2)*log(abs(-a*c*d - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*sqrt(a)*abs(d)))/(a^(7/2)*d^3*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2), x)`

3.88
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	892
Mathematica [A] (verified)	893
Rubi [A] (verified)	893
Maple [A] (verified)	897
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	898
Sympy [F]	899
Maxima [F]	899
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	900
Mupad [F(-1)]	900
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	901

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(5b - 3ac^2)(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a^3d^3} - \frac{c(c + dx)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a^2d^3} + \frac{(c + dx)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a^2d^3} - \frac{b(b - ac(c - 2(c + dx)))}{a^3d^3(c + dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} + \frac{3b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}d^3}$$

output

```
-1/3*(-3*a*c^2+5*b)*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^3/d^3-c*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^3+1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^3-b*(b-a*c*(-2*d*x-c))/a^3/d^3/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+3*b*c*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{-8b^2+a^2(c+dx)^2(c^2-cdx+d^2x^2)-ab(7c^2+17cdx+4d^2x^2)}{(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}} + 9\sqrt{abc} \log\left((c+dx)\left(a + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}\right)\right)}{3a^3d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((-8*b^2 + a^2*(c + d*x)^2*(c^2 - c*d*x + d^2*x^2) - a*b*(7*c^2 + 17*c*d*x + 4*d^2*x^2))/(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2] + 9*Sqrt[a]*b*c*Log[(c + d*x)*(a + Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(c + d*x)^2])])/(3*a^3*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1803, 532, 25, 2338, 2338, 27, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d^2x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1803 \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 532 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{b-ac^2}{c+dx} + 2ac\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(-\frac{2c}{c+dx} + \frac{2bc}{a(c+dx)^3} - \frac{\frac{b}{a} - c^2}{(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^3} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \int \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(-\frac{2c}{c+dx} + \frac{2bc}{a(c+dx)^3} - \frac{\frac{b}{a} - c^2}{(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{b \left(\frac{b-ac^2}{c+dx} + 2ac\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(6ac - \frac{6bc}{(c+dx)^2} + \frac{5b-3ac^2}{c+dx}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a} + \frac{b \left(\frac{b-ac^2}{c+dx} + 2ac\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 2338 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{2a(c+dx)^2 \left(-3ac^2 - \frac{9bc}{c+dx} + 5b\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{3c(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a} + \frac{b \left(\frac{b-ac^2}{c+dx} + 2ac\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(-3ac^2 - \frac{9bc}{c+dx} + 5b\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{3c(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a} + \frac{b \left(\frac{b-ac^2}{c+dx} + 2ac\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \\
 & \hline
 & \downarrow 534
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{-9bc \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{(5b-3ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a} - 3c(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a}}{d^3} + \frac{b\left(\frac{b-ac^2}{c+dx}+2ac\right)}{a^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{9}{2}bc \int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} - \frac{(5b-3ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a} - 3c(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a}}{d^3} + \frac{b\left(\frac{b-ac^2}{c+dx}+2ac\right)}{a^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{-9c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{(5b-3ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a} - 3c(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a}}{d^3} + \frac{b\left(\frac{b-ac^2}{c+dx}+2ac\right)}{a^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{b\left(\frac{b-ac^2}{c+dx}+2ac\right)}{a^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} + \frac{9bc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{(5b-3ac^2)(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a} - \frac{3c(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a} - \frac{(c+dx)^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3a}}{d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x]`

output

`-(((b*(2*a*c + (b - a*c^2)/(c + d*x)))/(a^3*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])) + (-1/3*((c + d*x)^3*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/a - (((5*b - 3*a*c^2)*(c + d*x)*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/a) - 3*c*(c + d*x)^2*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2] + (9*b*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]))/(3*a))/a/d^3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 73 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^{(\text{n}_)}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{p} = \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{p}/\text{b} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{p}*(\text{m} + 1) - 1)*(\text{c} - \text{a}*(\text{d}/\text{b}) + \text{d}*(\text{x}^{\text{p}/\text{b}})^{\text{n}}), \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x})^{(1/\text{p})}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, \text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, \text{n}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[\text{n}], \text{Denominator}[\text{m}]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{x}]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2)^{(-1)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 243 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_.)^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{((\text{m} - 1)/2)*(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x})^{\text{p}}}], \text{x}, \text{x}^2], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(\text{m} - 1)/2]$
- rule 532 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_.)^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^{(\text{n}_)})*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{Qx} = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[\text{x}^{\text{m}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x})^{\text{n}}, \text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{e} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[\text{x}^{\text{m}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x})^{\text{n}}, \text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}, 0], \text{f} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[\text{x}^{\text{m}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*\text{x})^{\text{n}}, \text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2, \text{x}], \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*\text{f} - \text{b}*\text{e}*\text{x}) * ((\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}/(2*\text{a}*\text{b}*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{m}} * (\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1)*(\text{Qx}/\text{x}^{\text{m}}) + \text{e}*((2*\text{p} + 3)/\text{x}^{\text{m}}), \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*\text{p}]$
- rule 534 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_.)^{(\text{m}_)}*((\text{c}_.) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^{(\text{n}_)})*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_.)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{c})*\text{x}^{(\text{m} + 1)}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}/(2*\text{a}*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{d} \quad \text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{m} + 1)}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*\text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{m}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3, 0]$

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2338 `Int[(Pq_)*((c_)*(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, Simp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

method	result
default	$\frac{(a^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b) \left(x^4 a^2 d^4 \sqrt{a d^2 + \sqrt{a d^2} a^2 c d^3 x^3 + \sqrt{a d^2} a^2 c^3 d x + \sqrt{a d^2} a^2 c^4 - 4 x^2 a d^2 b \sqrt{a d^2} + 9 \ln \left(\frac{a d^2 x + a c d + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b}}{\sqrt{a d^2}} \right) \right)}{3 d^3 \left(\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} (d x + c)^3 a^3 \sqrt{a d^2 + \sqrt{a d^2} a^2 c^2 + b}}$
risch	$\frac{(a^2 d^2 x^2 - a d x c + a^2 c^2 - 5 b) (a^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b)}{3 a^3 d^3 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)} + \left(-\frac{b c^2}{a^2 d^3 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b}} - \frac{b^2}{a^3 d^3 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b}} - \frac{2}{a^2 d^2 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}}$

input `int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{(a^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 a^2 c d x + a^2 c^2 + b) d^3 (x^4 a^2 d^4 (a d^2)^{1/2} + (a d^2)^{1/2} a^2 c d^3 x^3 + (a d^2)^{1/2} a^2 c^3 d x + (a d^2)^{1/2} a^2 c^4 - 4 x^2 a d^2 b (a d^2)^{1/2} + 9 \ln((a d^2 x + a c d + (a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b)^{1/2} (a d^2)^{1/2})) / (a d^2)^{1/2} (a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b)^{1/2} a b c d - 17 (a d^2)^{1/2} a b c d x - 7 (a d^2)^{1/2} a b c^2 - 8 (a d^2)^{1/2} b^2)}{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b) (d x + c)^2 (3/2) (d x + c)^3 / a^3 (a d^2)^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 638, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.47

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{9 (abcd^2 x^2 + 2 abc^2 dx + abc^3 + b^2 c) \sqrt{a} \log\left(-2 ad^2 x^2 - 4 acdx - 2 ac^2 - 2 (d^2 x^2 + 2 cdx + c^2) \sqrt{-a}\right) + 9 (abcd^2 x^2 + 2 abc^2 dx + abc^3 + b^2 c) \sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{(d^2 x^2 + 2 cdx + c^2) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{ad^2 x^2 + 2 acdx + ac^2 + b}{d^2 x^2 + 2 cdx + c^2}}}{ad^2 x^2 + 2 acdx + ac^2 + b}\right) - (a^2 d^5 x^5 + 2 a^2 c d^4 x^4 + 5 a^2 c^2 d^3 x^3 + 5 a^2 c^3 d^2 x^2 + 3 a^2 c^4 d x + a^2 c^5)}{3 (a^4 d^5 x^2 + \dots)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/6*(9*(a*b*c*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d*x + a*b*c^3 + b^2*c)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a
*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(
(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 2*(a
^2*d^5*x^5 + 2*a^2*c*d^4*x^4 + a^2*c^5 + (a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b)*d^3*x^3 - 7*a*b
*c^3 + (a^2*c^3 - 21*a*b*c)*d^2*x^2 - 8*b^2*c + 2*(a^2*c^4 - 12*a*b*c^2 -
4*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x +
c^2)))/(a^4*d^5*x^2 + 2*a^4*c*d^4*x + (a^4*c^2 + a^3*b)*d^3), -1/3*(9*(a*b
*c*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2*d*x + a*b*c^3 + b^2*c)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2
*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 +
2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)) - (a^2*d^5*x^5 + 2*a
^2*c*d^4*x^4 + a^2*c^5 + (a^2*c^2 - 4*a*b)*d^3*x^3 - 7*a*b*c^3 + (a^2*c^3
- 21*a*b*c)*d^2*x^2 - 8*b^2*c + 2*(a^2*c^4 - 12*a*b*c^2 - 4*b^2)*d*x)*sqrt
((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^4*d^5*
x^2 + 2*a^4*c*d^4*x + (a^4*c^2 + a^3*b)*d^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2/((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d*
*2*x**2))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```


output `integrate(x^2/(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\left(x\left(\frac{dx}{a\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} + \frac{c}{a\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{4b}{a^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}\right)x + \frac{a^4 b c^3 d^5 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) - 17 a^3 b^2 c d^5 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{a^5 b d^7}\right)}{3 \sqrt{ad^2 x^2 + 2 acdx + ac^2 + b}} - \frac{3 bc \log\left(\left| -acd - \left(\sqrt{ad^2 x^2 + 2 acdx + ac^2 + b}\right) \sqrt{a} |d| \right|\right)}{a^{5/2} d^2 |d| \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*((x*(d*x/(a*sgn(d*x + c)) + c/(a*sgn(d*x + c))) - 4*b/(a^2*d*sgn(d*x + c)))*x + (a^4*b*c^3*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - 17*a^3*b^2*c*d^5*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^5*b*d^7))*x + (a^4*b*c^4*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) - 7*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) - 8*a^2*b^3*d^4*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^5*b*d^7))/sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b) - 3*b*c*log(abs(-a*c*d - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*sqrt(a)*abs(d)))/(a^(5/2)*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b a^2 c^4} + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b a^2 c^3} dx + \sqrt{a d^2 x^2}}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**4 + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**3*d*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*d**4*x**4 - 7*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b*c**2 - 17*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b*d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**2 + 9*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*a*b*c**3 + 18*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*a*b*c**2*d*x + 9*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 9*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*b**2*c - 6*sqrt(a)*a*b*c**3 - 12*sqrt(a)*a*b*c**2*d*x - 6*sqrt(a)*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(a)*b**2*c)/(3*a**3*d**3*(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b))
```

3.89
$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a^2 d^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a^2 d^2} + \frac{b\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{a^2 d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{5/2} d^2}$$

output

```
-c*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^2+1/2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d^2+b*(1-c/(d*x+c))/a^2/d^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/2*b*arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}(-b(c-3dx) - a(c-dx)(c+dx)^2) + 3b\sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2} \log\left(-\sqrt{a}(c+dx)\right)}{2a^{5/2}d^2(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*(-(b*(c - 3*d*x)) - a*(c - d*x)*(c + d*x)^2) + 3*b*Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2])*Log[-(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)) + Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]]/(2*a^(5/2)*d^2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.706$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 532, 25, 2338, 534, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ \downarrow 896 \\ \int \frac{dx}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\ \hline d^2 \\ \downarrow 25 \\ \int -\frac{dx}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\ \hline d^2 \\ \downarrow 1774 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)\left(\frac{c}{c+dx}-1\right)}{\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^3\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{532} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(c+dx)^3\left(-\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}-\frac{c}{c+dx}+1\right)}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} + \frac{b\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{b\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^3\left(-\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}-\frac{c}{c+dx}+1\right)}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2338} \\
 & \frac{b\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2\left(\frac{3b}{c+dx}+2ac\right)}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{534} \\
 & \frac{b\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{3b\int \frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} d\frac{1}{c+dx} - 2c(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{b\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}b\int\frac{c+dx}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}d-\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}-2c(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a}}{d^2}}{\frac{b\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{3\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}-\frac{a}{b}}{2a}d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}-2c(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a}}{d^2}}{\frac{b\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{3b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{-2c(c+dx)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a} - \frac{(c+dx)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2a}}{d^2}}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `((b*(1 - c/(c + d*x)))/(a^2*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]) - (-1/2*((c + d*x)^2*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/a - (-2*c*(c + d*x)*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2] - (3*b*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/sqrt[a]]/sqrt[a]))/(2*a))/a)/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 532 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p + 1)*(Qx/x^m) + e*((2*p + 3)/x^m), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 534 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[d Int[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[p, -1] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^(q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2338

```
Int[(Pq_)*((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{
Q = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, c*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, c*x, x]}, S
imp[R*(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*(
m + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m + 1)*Q - b*R*(
m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && Lt
Q[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq, x], 1])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-dx+c)(ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b)}{2a^2d^2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)} + \frac{\left(\frac{bx}{a^2d\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}} - \frac{3b\ln\left(\frac{ad^2x+acd}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}\right)}{2a^2d\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}}{\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}}(dx+c)}$
default	$-\frac{(ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b)\left(-x^3d^3a\sqrt{ad^2}-\sqrt{ad^2}acd^2x^2+\sqrt{ad^2}ac^2dx+c^3a\sqrt{ad^2}+3\ln\left(\frac{ad^2x+acd+\sqrt{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}}{\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)\right)}{2d^2\left(\frac{ad^2x^2+2adxc+ac^2+b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx+c)^3a^2\sqrt{ad^2}}$

input

```
int(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(-d*x+c)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/a^2/d^2/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+
a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(d*x+c)+(b/a^2/d*x/(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)
^(1/2)-3/2*b/a^2/d*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a
*c^2+b)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2))/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(1
/2)/(d*x+c)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
```


Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. $2(116) = 232$.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 545, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.13

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(abd^2x^2 + 2abcdx + abc^2 + b^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(-2ad^2x^2 - 4acdx - 2ac^2 + 2(d^2x^2 + \dots)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(3*(a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2 + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 + 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + 2*(a^2*d^4*x^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^3*x^3 - a^2*c^4 + 3*a*b*d^2*x^2 - a*b*c^2 - 2*(a^2*c^3 - a*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^4*d^4*x^2 + 2*a^4*c*d^3*x + (a^4*c^2 + a^3*b)*d^2), 1/2*(3*(a*b*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*x + a*b*c^2 + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)) + (a^2*d^4*x^4 + 2*a^2*c*d^3*x^3 - a^2*c^4 + 3*a*b*d^2*x^2 - a*b*c^2 - 2*(a^2*c^3 - a*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^4*d^4*x^2 + 2*a^4*c*d^3*x + (a^4*c^2 + a^3*b)*d^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Integral(x/((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x/(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(x \left(\frac{dx}{a \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} + \frac{c}{a \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}\right) - \frac{a^3 bc^2 d^4 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) - 3 a^2 b^2 d^4 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{a^4 b d^5}\right) x - \frac{a^3 bc^3 d^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + a^4 b d^5}{a^4 b d^5}}{2 \sqrt{ad^2 x^2 + 2 acdx + ac^2 + b}} + \frac{3 b \log\left(\left|-acd - \left(\sqrt{ad^2 x^2 + 2 acdx + ac^2 + b}\right) \sqrt{a} |d|\right|\right)}{2 a^{5/2} d |d| \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*((x*(d*x/(a*sgn(d*x + c)) + c/(a*sgn(d*x + c))) - (a^3*b*c^2*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) - 3*a^2*b^2*d^4*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^4*b*d^5))*x - (a^3*b*c^3*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + a^2*b^2*c*d^3*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^4*b*d^5))/sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b) + 3/2*b*log(abs(-a*c*d - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*sqrt(a)*abs(d)))/(a^(5/2)*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x + c))
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`output `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 442, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.35

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a^2 c^2} + b a^2 c^3 - 4\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a^2 c^2} + b a^2 c^2 dx + 4\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a^2 c^2}}{\dots}$$

input `int(x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2), x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**3 - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**2*d*x + 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*d**3*x**3 - 4*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b*c + 12*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b*d*x - 12*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*a*b*c**2 - 24*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*a*b*c*d*x - 12*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*a*b*d**2*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(b))*b**2 + 9*sqrt(a)*a*b*c**2 + 18*sqrt(a)*a*b*c*d*x + 9*sqrt(a)*a*b*d**2*x**2 + 9*sqrt(a)*b**2)/(8*a**3*d**2*(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b))
```

$$3.90 \quad \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	911
Mathematica [A] (verified)	911
Rubi [A] (verified)	912
Maple [A] (verified)	913
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	914
Sympy [F]	914
Maxima [F]	915
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	915
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	915
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	916

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c+dx}{ad\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} + \frac{2(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a^2d}$$

output `-(d*x+c)/a/d/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+2*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^2/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2b + a(c+dx)^2}{a^2d(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(-3/2), x]`

output `(2*b + a*(c + d*x)^2)/(a^2*d*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$, Rules used = {239, 773, 245, 208}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{239} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c+dx)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{208} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{2b}{a^2(c+dx)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{c+dx}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(-3/2),x]
```

output

```
-((( -2*b)/(a^2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]) - (c + d*x)/(a*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]))/d)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 208 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x/(a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$

rule 239 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/\text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[v, x]$

rule 245 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(a*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*((m+2*(p+1)+1)/(a*(m+1))) \text{Int}[x^{(m+2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/2 + p + 1], 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 773 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + 2 b)(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b)}{a^2 d (d x + c)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(d x + c)^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	72
gospers	$\frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b)(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + 2 b)}{a^2 d (d x + c)^3 \left(\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	90
default	$\frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b)(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + 2 b)}{a^2 d (d x + c)^3 \left(\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	90
trager	$\frac{(d x + c)(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + 2 b) \sqrt{-\frac{a d^2 x^2 - 2 a d x c - a c^2 - b}{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2}}}{a^2 d (a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b)}$	106
risch	$\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{d a^2 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)} + \frac{b}{a^2 d \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}$	114

input $\text{int}(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(3/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output $(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+2*b)/a^2/d*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(3/2)}$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 122 vs. $2(53) = 106$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(ad^3x^3 + 3acd^2x^2 + ac^3 + (3ac^2 + 2b)dx + 2bc)\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+2acdx+ac^2+b}{d^2x^2+2cdx+c^2}}}{a^3d^3x^2 + 2a^3cd^2x + (a^3c^2 + a^2b)d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $(a*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (3*a*c^2 + 2*b)*d*x + 2*b*c)*\text{sqrt}((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))/(a^3*d^3*x^2 + 2*a^3*c*d^2*x + (a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d)$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b/(c + d*x)**2)**(-3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(-3/2), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\left(\frac{dx}{a\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)} + \frac{2c}{a\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}\right) + \frac{a^2bc^2d^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)+2ab^2d^2\operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)}{a^3bd^3}}{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(x*(d*x/(a*sgn(d*x + c)) + 2*c/(a*sgn(d*x + c))) + (a^2*b*c^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*a*b^2*d^2*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^3*b*d^3))/sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a^2(c+dx)^4 + 2b^2 + 3ab(c+dx)^2}{a^2d\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}(c+dx)^3}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

$$(a^2(c + dx)^4 + 2b^2 + 3ab(c + dx)^2)/(a^2d(a + b/(c + dx)^2)^{3/2}(c + dx)^3)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b} (a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + 2b)}{a^2 d (a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b)}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + 2*b))/(a**2*d*(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b))
```

3.91
$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	917
Mathematica [A] (verified)	918
Rubi [A] (verified)	918
Maple [B] (verified)	920
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	921
Sympy [F]	922
Maxima [F]	923
Giac [F(-2)]	923
Mupad [F(-1)]	923
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	924

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b \left(1 + \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)}{a (b + ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{c^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{(b + ac^2)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-b*(1+c/(d*x+c))/a/(a*c^2+b)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)+arctanh((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)-c^3*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2a^{3/2}c^3 \sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2} \arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{a}dx + \sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2}}{\sqrt{-b-ac^2}}\right) - \sqrt{-b-ac^2} \left(\sqrt{ab}(2c+dx) + (b+ac^2) \sqrt{b+a(c+dx)^2} \right)}{a^{3/2}(-b-ac^2)^{3/2}(c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output

```

-((2*a^(3/2)*c^3*Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]*ArcTan[(-(Sqrt[a]*d*x) + Sqrt[b +
a*(c + d*x)^2])/Sqrt[-b - a*c^2]] - Sqrt[-b - a*c^2]*(Sqrt[a]*b*(2*c + d*
x) + (b + a*c^2)*Sqrt[b + a*(c + d*x)^2]*Log[-(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x)) + Sqrt[b
+ a*(c + d*x)^2]]))/(a^(3/2)*(-b - a*c^2)^(3/2)*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[a + b/(c +
d*x)^2])

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 617, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{dx \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int - \frac{1}{dx \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1774 \\
& - \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1 \right)} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1803 \\
& \int - \frac{c+dx}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& - \int \frac{c+dx}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 617 \\
& - \int \left(\frac{c+dx}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} - \frac{c}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1 \right)} \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{c^3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2 + b} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{(ac^2 + b)^{3/2}} + \frac{c \left(ac - \frac{b}{c+dx} \right)}{a(ac^2 + b) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \\
& \quad \frac{1}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-(1/(a*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])) + (c*(a*c - b/(c + d*x)))/(a*(b + a*c^2)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]/Sqrt[a]]/a^(3/2) - (c^3*ArcTanh[(a*c + b/(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]))/(b + a*c^2)^(3/2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 617 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, x^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m] && IntegerQ[2*p]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`
- rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 473 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 474, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.73

method	result
default	$\frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b) \left(-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} \ln \left(\frac{2 a c^2 + 2 b + 2 a d x c + 2 \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}{x} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)*(-(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*c^5+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*c^2*d-(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b*c^3+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*ln((a*d^2*x+a*c*d+(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b*d-(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b*d*x-2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b*c)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3/(a*c^2+b)^(5/2)/a/(a*d^2)^(1/2)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 573 vs. $2(113) = 226$.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2298, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*((a^3*c^6 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + (a^3*c^4 + 2*a^2*b*c^2 + a*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + b^3 + 2*(a^3*c^5 + 2*a^2*b*c^3 + a*b^2*c)*d*x)*sqrt(a)*log(-2*a*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*c*d*x - 2*a*c^2 - 2*(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)) - b) + (a^3*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^3*c^4*d*x + a^3*c^5 + a^2*b*c^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(2*a^2*b*c^4 + 2*a*b^2*c^2 + (a^2*b*c^2 + a*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + 3*(a^2*b*c^3 + a*b^2*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^5*c^6 + 3*a^4*b*c^4 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b^3 + (a^5*c^4 + 2*a^4*b*c^2 + a^3*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + 2*(a^5*c^5 + 2*a^4*b*c^3 + a^3*b^2*c)*d*x), -1/2*(2*(a^3*c^6 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + (a^3*c^4 + 2*a^2*b*c^2 + a*b^2)*d^2*x^2 + b^3 + 2*(a^3*c^5 + 2*a^2*b*c^3 + a*b^2*c)*d*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)) - (a^3*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 2*a^3*c^4*d*x + a^3*c^5 + a^2*b*c^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \left(\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x*((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)*x), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4963, normalized size of antiderivative = 39.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*atan((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b))*a**3*c**6 - 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*atan((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b))*a**3*c**5*d*x - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*atan((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b))*a**3*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*atan((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b))*a**2*b*c**4 - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b)*atan((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b))*a**4*c**7 - 4*sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b)*atan((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b))*a**4*c**6*d*x - 2*sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b)*atan((sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*c + sqrt(a)*d*x)/sqrt(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*c - 2*a*c**2 - b))*a**4*c**5*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt...
```

3.92 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	925
Mathematica [A] (verified)	926
Rubi [A] (verified)	926
Maple [B] (verified)	930
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	931
Sympy [F]	932
Maxima [F]	932
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	932
Mupad [F(-1)]	933
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	933

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c(b - 2ac^2) d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{a (b + ac^2)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{d(ac - \frac{b}{c+dx})}{a (b + ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} - \frac{3bc^2 d \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \right)}{(b + ac^2)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
c*(-2*a*c^2+b)*d*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/a/(a*c^2+b)^2/(1-c/(d*x+c))+d*(a*c-
b/(d*x+c))/a/(a*c^2+b)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(1-c/(d*x+c))-3*b*c^2*d*arcta
nh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/(a*c^2+b)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b^2 dx + a^2 c^3 (c+dx)^2 + abc(c^2 - 3cdx - 2d^2 x^2)}{a(b+ac^2)^2 x(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}} + \frac{3bc^2 d \log(x)}{(b+ac^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3bc^2 d \log\left(b + (c+dx) \left(ac + \sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} \right)\right)}{(b+ac^2)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output
$$-\left(\frac{b^2 dx + a^2 c^3 (c+dx)^2 + abc(c^2 - 3cdx - 2d^2 x^2)}{a(b+ac^2)^2 x(c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right) + \frac{3bc^2 d \log(x)}{(b+ac^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3bc^2 d \log\left(b + (c+dx) \left(ac + \sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} \right)\right)}{(b+ac^2)^{5/2}}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1799, 496, 25, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$d \int \frac{1}{d^2 x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx)$$

$$\downarrow 1774$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& d \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1799 \\
& -d \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow 496 \\
& -d \left(\frac{\int -\frac{c(2ac - \frac{b}{c+dx})}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{a(ac^2 + b)} - \frac{ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{a(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& -d \left(\frac{\int \frac{c(2ac - \frac{b}{c+dx})}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{a(ac^2 + b)} - \frac{ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{a(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -d \left(\frac{c \int \frac{2ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{a(ac^2 + b)} - \frac{ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{a(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 679 \\
& -d \left(\frac{c \left(\frac{3abc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{ac^2 + b} - \frac{(b-2ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{a(ac^2 + b)} - \frac{ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{a(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 488
\end{aligned}$$

$$-d \left(\frac{c \left(-\frac{3abc \int \frac{1}{ac^2+b-\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx}-ac}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}}{ac^2+b} - \frac{(b-2ac^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{a(ac^2+b)} - \frac{ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{a(ac^2+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)$$

↓ 219

$$-d \left(\frac{c \left(-\frac{3abc \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-ac-\frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{(ac^2+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{(b-2ac^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \right)}{a(ac^2+b)} - \frac{ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{a(ac^2+b)\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-(d*(-((a*c - b/(c + d*x))/(a*(b + a*c^2)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(1 - c/(c + d*x)))) + (c*(-(((b - 2*a*c^2)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/((b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x)))) - (3*a*b*c*ArcTanh[(-(a*c) - b/(c + d*x))/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])])/(b + a*c^2)^(3/2)))/(a*(b + a*c^2)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 488 $\text{Int}[1/(((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_) \cdot \text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_ \cdot x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b \cdot x^2]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$

rule 496 $\text{Int}(((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^{n_ }) \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(a \cdot d + b \cdot c \cdot x) \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1) \cdot (b \cdot c^2 + a \cdot d^2)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d \cdot x)^n \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot \text{Simp}[b \cdot c^2 \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3) + a \cdot d^2 \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 3) + b \cdot c \cdot d \cdot (n + 2 \cdot p + 4) \cdot x, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntQuadraticQ}[a, 0, b, c, d, n, p, x]$

rule 679 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_ \cdot x_)^{m_ }) \cdot ((f_) + (g_ \cdot x_) \cdot ((a_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_ }), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(e \cdot f - d \cdot g) \cdot (d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + c \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2))), x] + \text{Simp}[(c \cdot d \cdot f + a \cdot e \cdot g) / (c \cdot d^2 + a \cdot e^2) \ \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + c \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 2 \cdot p + 3], 0]$

rule 896 $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_ \cdot v_)^{n_ })^{p_ } \cdot (x_)^{m_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{m+1} \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /;$ $\text{NeQ}[c, 0] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1774 $\text{Int}(((d_) + (e_ \cdot x_)^{mn_ })^{q_ } \cdot ((a_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^{n2_ })^{p_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{mn \cdot q} \cdot (e + d/x^{mn})^q \cdot (a + c \cdot x^{n2})^p, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, mn, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, -2 \cdot mn] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{PosQ}[n2] \ || \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 1799

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 372 vs. 2(159) = 318.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 373, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

method	result
default	$-\frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b) \left((a c^2 + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 c^3 d^2 x^2 + 3 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} \ln \left(\frac{2 a c^2 + 2 b + 2 a d x c + 2 \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}{x} \right) \right)}{(a c^2 + b)^2 x \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}$
risch	$-\frac{c^3 (a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b)}{(a c^2 + b)^2 x \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)} + \left(-\frac{b^2 d}{(a c^2 + b)^2 a \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}} + \frac{2 b d^2 c x}{(a c^2 + b)^2 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}} + \frac{1}{(a c^2 + b)^2} \right)$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)*((a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*c^3*d^2*x^2+3*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*a^2*b*c^4*d*x+2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*c^4*d*x+(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*c^5-2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b*c*d^2*x^2+3*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*a*b^2*c^2*d*x-3*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2*d*x+(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b*c^3+(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^2*d*x)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3/(a*c^2+b)^(7/2)/x/a
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 509 vs. $2(160) = 320$.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1022, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(3*(a^2*b*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 2*a^2*b*c^3*d^2*x^2 + (a^2*b*c^4 + a*b^2*c^2)
*d*x)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*
c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2
+ b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(
d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(a^3*c^8 + 2*a^2*b*c^6 + a*b^2*c^4 + (
a^3*c^5 - a^2*b*c^3 - 2*a*b^2*c)*d^3*x^3 + (3*a^3*c^6 - 2*a^2*b*c^4 - 4*a*
b^2*c^2 + b^3)*d^2*x^2 + (3*a^3*c^7 + a^2*b*c^5 - a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c)*d*x)*
sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^5
*c^6 + 3*a^4*b*c^4 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b^3)*d^2*x^3 + 2*(a^5*c^7 + 3*a^4
*b*c^5 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^2*b^3*c)*d*x^2 + (a^5*c^8 + 4*a^4*b*c^6 + 6*a^3
*b^2*c^4 + 4*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a*b^4)*x), (3*(a^2*b*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 2*a^2*b*c^3*
d^2*x^2 + (a^2*b*c^4 + a*b^2*c^2)*d*x)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*arctan((a*c*d^2*x^
2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*
a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a^2*c^4 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b)
*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + b^2)) - (a^3*c^8 + 2*a^2*
b*c^6 + a*b^2*c^4 + (a^3*c^5 - a^2*b*c^3 - 2*a*b^2*c)*d^3*x^3 + (3*a^3*c^6
- 2*a^2*b*c^4 - 4*a*b^2*c^2 + b^3)*d^2*x^2 + (3*a^3*c^7 + a^2*b*c^5 - a*b
^2*c^3 + b^3*c)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2
*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^5*c^6 + 3*a^4*b*c^4 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b^3)*d^2*x^3
+ 2*(a^5*c^7 + 3*a^4*b*c^5 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^2*b^3*c)*d*x^2 + (a^5*c...
```


Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} \right)^{3/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 523 vs. 2(160) = 320.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 523, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6bc^2d \arctan \left(-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - b}} \right)}{(a^2c^4 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 2abc^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)) \sqrt{-ac^2 - b}}$$

$$+ \frac{\frac{2(a^3b^2c^5d^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 2a^2b^3c^3d^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + ab^4cd^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c))x}{a^5bc^8d + 4a^4b^2c^6d + 6a^3b^3c^4d + 4a^2b^4c^2d + ab^5d} + \frac{3a^3b^2c^6d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 5a^2b^3c^4d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + ab^4c^2d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) - b^5d^2}{a^5bc^8d + 4a^4b^2c^6d + 6a^3b^3c^4d + 4a^2b^4c^2d + ab^5d}}{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b}}$$

$$- \frac{2 \left(a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^5|d| + \left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} \right) ac^4d + \sqrt{abc^3|d|} \right)}{(a^2c^4 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + 2abc^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c) + b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx+c)) \left(ac^2 - \left(\sqrt{ad^2x} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2 + 2acdx + ac^2 + b} \right) \right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{6*b*c^2*d*\arctan(-(\sqrt{a*d^2}*x - \sqrt{a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b})/\sqrt{-a*c^2 - b})/((a^2*c^4*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c) + 2*a*b*c^2*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c) + b^2*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c))*\sqrt{-a*c^2 - b}) + (2*(a^3*b^2*c^5*d^3*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c) + 2*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^3*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c) + a*b^4*c*d^3*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c)))*x/(a^5*b*c^8*d + 4*a^4*b^2*c^6*d + 6*a^3*b^3*c^4*d + 4*a^2*b^4*c^2*d + a*b^5*d) + (3*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^2*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c) + 5*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^2*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c) + a*b^4*c^2*d^2*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c) - b^5*d^2*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c))/(a^5*b*c^8*d + 4*a^4*b^2*c^6*d + 6*a^3*b^3*c^4*d + 4*a^2*b^4*c^2*d + a*b^5*d)/\sqrt{a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b} - 2*(a^{3/2}*c^5*\operatorname{abs}(d) + (\sqrt{a*d^2}*x - \sqrt{a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b}))*a*c^4*d + \sqrt{a}*b*c^3*\operatorname{abs}(d)/((a^2*c^4*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c) + 2*a*b*c^2*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c) + b^2*\operatorname{sgn}(d*x + c))*(a*c^2 - (\sqrt{a*d^2}*x - \sqrt{a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b})^2 + b))$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 842, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a^3 c^7 - 2 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a^3 c^6 d x - \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d x + a c^2 + b} a^3 c^5 d^2 x^2 + \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**7 - 2*sqrt(a**2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**6*d*x - sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*
d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**5*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x*
*2 + b)*a**2*b*c**5 + sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c*
*4*d*x + sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**3*d**2*x**2
- sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**3 + 2*sqrt(a**2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x + 2*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x
+ a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x
**2 + b)*b**3*d*x + 3*sqrt(a**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a**2 + b)*sqrt(a**2 +
2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a**2*b*c**4*d*x + 6*s
qrt(a**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a**2 + b)*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2
+ b) - a**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a**2*b*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a**2 + b)*l
og(sqrt(a**2 + b)*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a**2 -
a*c*d*x - b)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*x**3 + 3*sqrt(a**2 + b)*log(sqrt(a**2 +
b)*sqrt(a**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a*b*
*2*c**2*d*x - 3*sqrt(a**2 + b)*log(x)*a**2*b*c**4*d*x - 6*sqrt(a**2 +
b)*log(x)*a**2*b*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a**2 + b)*log(x)*a**2*b*c**2*d*
*3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a**2 + b)*log(x)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x)/(a*x*(a**4*c**8 + 2*a
**4*c**7*d*x + a**4*c**6*d**2*x**2 + 4*a**3*b*c**6 + 6*a**3*b*c**5*d*x + 3
*a**3*b*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**3*d*x + 3*a...
```

3.93
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	935
Mathematica [A] (verified)	936
Rubi [A] (verified)	936
Maple [B] (verified)	941
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	942
Sympy [F]	943
Maxima [F]	944
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	944
Mupad [F(-1)]	945
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	946

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c^2 d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2 (b + ac^2)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2}$$

$$- \frac{c^2 (5b - 2ac^2) d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2 (b + ac^2)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} + \frac{bd^2 \left(b - 3ac^2 + \frac{c(3b-ac^2)}{c+dx} \right)}{(b + ac^2)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{3bc(2b - 3ac^2) d^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{2 (b + ac^2)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*c^2*d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b)^2/(1-c/(d*x+c))^2-1/2*c^2*(-2
*a*c^2+5*b)*d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b)^3/(1-c/(d*x+c))+b*d^2*(b-3
*a*c^2+c*(-a*c^2+3*b)/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)-3/2*b*c*(
-3*a*c^2+2*b)*d^2*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(
1/2))/(a*c^2+b)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{a^2 c^4 (c-dx)(c+dx)^2 + b^2 (c^3 + 6c^2 dx - 8cd^2 x^2 - 2d^3 x^3) + abc^2 (2c^3 + 7cd^2 x^2 + 12d^3 x^3)}{(b+ac^2)^3 x^2 (c+dx) \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{3bc(2b-3ac^2)d^2 \log(x)}{(b+ac^2)^{7/2}} - \frac{3bc(2b-3ac^2)d^2 \log\left(b+(c+dx)\left(ac+\sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}}\right)\right)}{(b+ac^2)^{7/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `((-(a^2*c^4*(c - d*x)*(c + d*x)^2 + b^2*(c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x - 8*c*d^2*x^2 - 2*d^3*x^3) + a*b*c^2*(2*c^3 + 7*c^2*d*x + 21*c*d^2*x^2 + 12*d^3*x^3))/((b + a*c^2)^3*x^2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2]) + (3*b*c*(2*b - 3*a*c^2)*d^2*Log[x])/(b + a*c^2)^(7/2) - (3*b*c*(2*b - 3*a*c^2)*d^2*Log[b + (c + d*x)*(a*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2])])/(b + a*c^2)^(7/2))/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 593, 25, 688, 25, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 896

$$\begin{aligned}
& d^2 \int \frac{1}{d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -d^2 \int -\frac{1}{d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
& d^2 \int -\frac{1}{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{593} \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{c \int -\frac{\frac{2c}{c+dx} + 3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{ac^2 + b} + \frac{\frac{c}{c+dx} + 1}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{\frac{c}{c+dx} + 1}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\frac{2c}{c+dx} + 3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{ac^2 + b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{688}
\end{aligned}$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{c}{c+dx} + 1}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{ac^2 + b} - \frac{c \left(\frac{5c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{5bc}{c+dx} + 2(3b - 2ac^2)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac^2 + b)} \right)}{ac^2 + b} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$d^2 \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{c}{c+dx} + 1}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{ac^2 + b} - \frac{c \left(\frac{\int \frac{\frac{5bc}{c+dx} + 2(3b - 2ac^2)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac^2 + b)} + \frac{5c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right)}{ac^2 + b} \right)$$

↓ 679

$$d^2 \left(\frac{\frac{\frac{c}{c+dx} + 1}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{ac^2 + b} - \frac{c \left(\frac{3b(2b - 3ac^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{ac^2 + b} + \frac{c(11b - 4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} + \frac{5c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2 + b)} \right)}{ac^2 + b} \right)$$

↓ 488

$$d^2 \left(\frac{\frac{c}{c+dx} + 1}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{c \left(\frac{c(11b-4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b(2b-3ac^2) \int \frac{1}{ac^2+b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} + \frac{5c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)} \right)}{ac^2 + b} \right)$$

219

$$d^2 \left(\frac{\frac{c}{c+dx} + 1}{(ac^2 + b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{c \left(\frac{c(11b-4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \frac{3b(2b-3ac^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{(ac^2+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{5c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)} \right)}{ac^2 + b} \right)$$

input `Int [1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `d^2*((1 + c/(c + d*x))/(b + a*c^2)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) - (c*((5*c*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/(2*(b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + ((c*(11*b - 4*a*c^2)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/(b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (3*b*(2*b - 3*a*c^2)*ArcTanh[(-a*c) - b/(c + d*x)]/(Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]))/(b + a*c^2)^(3/2))/(2*(b + a*c^2)))/(b + a*c^2)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 593 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(c - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[d/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*n - d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 679 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`
- rule 688 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[1/(m + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p*Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m + 1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 573 vs. $2(216) = 432$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 574, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

method	result
default	$\frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b) \left((a c^2 + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 c^4 d^3 x^3 + 9 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b} \ln \left(\frac{2 a c^2 + 2 b + 2 a d x c + 2 \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}{x} \right) \right)}{2(a c^2 + b)^3 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)}$
risch	$-\frac{c^2 (a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b) (-a d x c^2 + c^3 a + 6 b d x + b c)}{2(a c^2 + b)^3 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}{(d x + c)^2}} (d x + c)} + \left(\frac{d^3 b^2 x}{(a c^2 + b)^3 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}} + \frac{d^2 b^2 c}{(a c^2 + b)^3 \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}} \right)$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)*((a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*c^4*d^3*x^3+9*(a*d^
2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*
x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*a^2*b*c^5*d^2*x^2+(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*c
^5*d^2*x^2-(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*c^6*d*x-12*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2*d^3*x^3+
3*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*
(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*x^2-(a*c^2+b)^(3/2
)*a^2*c^7-21*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b*c^3*d^2*x^2-7*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b*c^4*d*x
+2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^2*d^3*x^3-6*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*ln(2*
(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*b
^3*c*d^2*x^2-2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b*c^5+8*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^2*c*d^2*x^2-6*(
a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^2*c^2*d*x-(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^2*c^3)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+
a*c^2+b)/(d*x+c)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3/(a*c^2+b)^(9/2)/x^2

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 628 vs. $2(216) = 432$.

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1260, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.38

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(3*((3*a^2*b*c^3 - 2*a*b^2*c)*d^4*x^4 + 2*(3*a^2*b*c^4 - 2*a*b^2*c^2)
*d^3*x^3 + (3*a^2*b*c^5 + a*b^2*c^3 - 2*b^3*c)*d^2*x^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*lo
g(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c
)*d*x + 2*b^2 + 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c
^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)
))/x^2) - 2*(a^3*c^10 + 3*a^2*b*c^8 + 3*a*b^2*c^6 - (a^3*c^6 - 11*a^2*b*c^
4 - 10*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*b^3)*d^4*x^4 + b^3*c^4 - (2*a^3*c^7 - 31*a^2*b*c^5 -
23*a*b^2*c^3 + 10*b^3*c)*d^3*x^3 + 2*(14*a^2*b*c^6 + 13*a*b^2*c^4 - b^3*c^
2)*d^2*x^2 + (2*a^3*c^9 + 11*a^2*b*c^7 + 16*a*b^2*c^5 + 7*b^3*c^3)*d*x)*sq
rt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^5*c
^8 + 4*a^4*b*c^6 + 6*a^3*b^2*c^4 + 4*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a*b^4)*d^2*x^4 + 2*(a^5
*c^9 + 4*a^4*b*c^7 + 6*a^3*b^2*c^5 + 4*a^2*b^3*c^3 + a*b^4*c)*d*x^3 + (a^5
*c^10 + 5*a^4*b*c^8 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^6 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^4 + 5*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)
*x^2), -1/2*(3*((3*a^2*b*c^3 - 2*a*b^2*c)*d^4*x^4 + 2*(3*a^2*b*c^4 - 2*a*b
^2*c^2)*d^3*x^3 + (3*a^2*b*c^5 + a*b^2*c^3 - 2*b^3*c)*d^2*x^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2
- b)*arctan((a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 -
b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/(a
^2*c^4 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*c^2 + 2*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + b
^2)) + (a^3*c^10 + 3*a^2*b*c^8 + 3*a*b^2*c^6 - (a^3*c^6 - 11*a^2*b*c^4 - 1
0*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*b^3)*d^4*x^4 + b^3*c^4 - (2*a^3*c^7 - 31*a^2*b*c^5 - 23...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**3/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**3*((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x +
d**2*x**2))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} \right)^{3/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 961 vs. 2(216) = 432.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 961, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-((3*a^4*b^2*c^8*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 8*a^3*b^3*c^6*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 6*a^2
*b^4*c^4*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) - b^6*d^4*sgn(d*x + c))*x/(a^6*b*c^12*d + 6*a^5*
b^2*c^10*d + 15*a^4*b^3*c^8*d + 20*a^3*b^4*c^6*d + 15*a^2*b^5*c^4*d + 6*a*
b^6*c^2*d + b^7*d) + 4*(a^4*b^2*c^9*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*a^3*b^3*c^7*d^3*s
gn(d*x + c) - 2*a*b^5*c^3*d^3*sgn(d*x + c) - b^6*c*d^3*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^6*
b*c^12*d + 6*a^5*b^2*c^10*d + 15*a^4*b^3*c^8*d + 20*a^3*b^4*c^6*d + 15*a^2
*b^5*c^4*d + 6*a*b^6*c^2*d + b^7*d))/sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 +
b) - 3*(3*a*b*c^3*d^2 - 2*b^2*c*d^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^
^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))/((a^3*c^6*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*
a^2*b*c^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*a*b^2*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + b^3*sgn(d*x + c))*sqrt
(-a*c^2 - b)) + (2*a^(7/2)*c^8*d*abs(d) + 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^
2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^3*c^7*d^2 + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^
2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(5/2)*c^6*d*abs(d) - 2*a^(5/2)*b*c^6*d*abs
(d) - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^2*b*c^5*
d^2 + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(3/2
)*b*c^4*d*abs(d) + 7*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 +
b))^3*a*b*c^3*d^2 - 10*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^4*d*abs(d) - 5*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt
(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sq
rt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*sqrt(a)*b^2*c^2*d*abs(d) - 6*sqrt
(a)*b^3*c^2*d*abs(d))/((a^3*c^6*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*a^2*b*c^4*sgn(d*x + c)...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1394, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**9 - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2
*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**8*d*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d
*2*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**7*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)
*a**3*c**6*d**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2
*b*c**7 - 8*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**6*d*x -
20*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**5*d**2*x**2 - 11*s
qrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**4*d**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a
*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**5 - 13*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*
d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**4*d*x - 13*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d
*2*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x
**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**3 - sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)
)*b**3*c**3 - 6*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3*c**2*d*x +
8*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a*
c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**3*d**3*x**3 + 9*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*lo
g( - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2
- a*c*d*x - b)*a**2*b*c**5*d**2*x**2 + 18*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log( - sqrt(a*c
**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)
)*a**2*b*c**4*d**3*x**3 + 9*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log( - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(
a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b) - a*c**2 - a*c*d*x - b)*a**2*b*c**3*
d**4*x**4 + 3*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*log( - sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*...
```

3.94
$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	947
Mathematica [A] (verified)	948
Rubi [A] (verified)	949
Maple [B] (verified)	954
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	955
Sympy [F]	956
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	957
Mupad [F(-1)]	958
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	959

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 321

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{cd^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3(b+ac^2)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}$$

$$-\frac{c(5b - 6ac^2) d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{6(b+ac^2)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{c(11b^2 - 40abc^2 + 6a^2c^4) d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{6(b+ac^2)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}$$

$$-\frac{bd^3 \left(4ac(b - ac^2) - \frac{b^2 - 6abc^2 + a^2c^4}{c+dx}\right)}{(b+ac^2)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

$$-\frac{b(2b^2 - 21abc^2 + 12a^2c^4) d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{2(b+ac^2)^{9/2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/3*c*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a*c^2+b)^2/(1-c/(d*x+c))^3-1/6*c*(-6*a*c \\
& ^2+5*b)*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a*c^2+b)^3/(1-c/(d*x+c))^2-1/6*c*(6*a^2 \\
& *c^4-40*a*b*c^2+11*b^2)*d^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a*c^2+b)^4/(1-c/(d*x+c) \\
&)-b*d^3*(4*a*c*(-a*c^2+b)-(a^2*c^4-6*a*b*c^2+b^2)/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^4/(a+ \\
& b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}-1/2*b*(12*a^2*c^4-21*a*b*c^2+2*b^2)*d^3*\operatorname{arctanh}((a*c+b/ \\
& (d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)}/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)))/(a*c^2+b)^{(9/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left(-\frac{2a^3c^5(c+dx)^2(c^2-cdx+d^2x^2) + b^3(2c^3+9c^2dx+18cd^2x^2-6d^3x^3)}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} \right. \\
& + \frac{3b(2b^2-21abc^2+12a^2c^4)d^3 \log(x)}{(b+ac^2)^{9/2}} \\
& \left. - \frac{3b(2b^2-21abc^2+12a^2c^4)d^3 \log \left(b + (c+dx) \left(ac + \sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} \right) \right)}{(b+ac^2)^{9/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-(2*a^3*c^5*(c+d*x)^2*(c^2-c*d*x+d^2*x^2)+b^3*(2*c^3+9*c^2*d*x \\
& +18*c*d^2*x^2-6*d^3*x^3)+a^2*b*c^3*(6*c^4+13*c^3*d*x-17*c^2*d^2*x \\
& x^2-97*c*d^3*x^3-61*d^4*x^4)+a*b^2*c*(6*c^4+20*c^3*d*x+c^2*d^2*x \\
& ^2+105*c*d^3*x^3+42*d^4*x^4))/(b+a*c^2)^4*x^3*(c+d*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(b+a \\
& *(c+d*x)^2)/(c+d*x)^2])+(3*b*(2*b^2-21*a*b*c^2+12*a^2*c^4)*d^3* \\
& \operatorname{Log}[x])/(b+a*c^2)^{(9/2)}-(3*b*(2*b^2-21*a*b*c^2+12*a^2*c^4)*d^3*\operatorname{Log} \\
& [b+(c+d*x)*(a*c+\operatorname{Sqrt}[b+a*c^2]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(b+a*(c+d*x)^2)/(c+d*x)^2 \\
&])]/(b+a*c^2)^{(9/2)})/6
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.684$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1803, 601, 25, 2182, 25, 2182, 25, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & d^3 \int \frac{1}{d^4 x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1774 \\
 & d^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^4} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1803 \\
 & -d^3 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 601 \\
 & -d^3 \left(\frac{b(4ac(b-ac^2) - \frac{a^2c^4 - 6abc^2 + b^2}{c+dx})}{(ac^2 + b)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\frac{4a^2b(b-ac^2)c^5}{(ac^2+b)^4(c+dx)^3} - \frac{a^2(-a^2c^4 - 10abc^2 + 15b^2)c^4}{(ac^2+b)^4(c+dx)^2} + \frac{4a^2b(5b-ac^2)c^3}{(ac^2+b)^4(c+dx)} + \frac{ab(a^2c^4 - 6abc^2 + b^2)}{(ac^2+b)^4}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{4a^2b(b-ac^2)c^5}{(ac^2+b)^4(c+dx)^3} - \frac{a^2(-a^2c^4-10abc^2+15b^2)c^4}{(ac^2+b)^4(c+dx)^2} + \frac{4a^2b(5b-ac^2)c^3}{(ac^2+b)^4(c+dx)} + \frac{ab(a^2c^4-6abc^2+b^2)}{(ac^2+b)^4}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} d\frac{1}{c+dx}} \right) + \frac{b\left(4ac(b-ac^2) - \frac{a^2c^4-6abc^2}{c+dx}\right)}{(ac^2+b)^4\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

2182

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\frac{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3(ac^2+b)^2\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \int \frac{-\frac{12a^2b(b-ac^2)c^4}{(ac^2+b)^3(c+dx)^2} + \frac{a(-3a^3c^6-16a^2bc^4+37ab^2c^2+2b^3)c}{(ac^2+b)^3(c+dx)} + \frac{3a(-a^3c^6-a^2bc^4-7ab^2c^2+b^3)}{(ac^2+b)^3}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} \right) + \frac{b\left(4ac(b-ac^2) - \frac{a^2c^4-6abc^2}{c+dx}\right)}{(ac^2+b)^4\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

25

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{-\frac{12a^2b(b-ac^2)c^4}{(ac^2+b)^3(c+dx)^2} + \frac{a(-3a^3c^6-16a^2bc^4+37ab^2c^2+2b^3)c}{(ac^2+b)^3(c+dx)} + \frac{3a(-a^3c^6-a^2bc^4-7ab^2c^2+b^3)}{(ac^2+b)^3}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} + \frac{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3(ac^2+b)^2\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} \right) + \frac{b\left(4ac(b-ac^2) - \frac{a^2c^4-6abc^2}{c+dx}\right)}{(ac^2+b)^4\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

2182

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{\frac{ac(5b-6ac^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \int \frac{a\left(\frac{bc(-30a^2c^4+23abc^2+5b^2)}{c+dx} + 2(3a^3c^6-2a^2bc^4-26ab^2c^2+3b^3)\right)}{(ac^2+b)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{3(ac^2+b)} + \frac{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3(ac^2+b)^2\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} \right) + \frac{b\left(4ac(b-ac^2) - \frac{a^2c^4-6abc^2}{c+dx}\right)}{(ac^2+b)^4\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}$$

↓ 25

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{bc(-30a^2c^4 + 23abc^2 + 5b^2)}{c+dx} + 2(3a^3c^6 - 2a^2bc^4 - 26ab^2c^2 + 3b^3) \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{\frac{(ac^2+b)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{2(ac^2+b)}} + \frac{ac(5b-6ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} + \frac{ac \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} + \frac{b(4ac^2 + \dots)}{3(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{bc(-30a^2c^4 + 23abc^2 + 5b^2)}{c+dx} + 2(3a^3c^6 - 2a^2bc^4 - 26ab^2c^2 + 3b^3) \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{2(ac^2+b)^3}} + \frac{ac(5b-6ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} + \frac{ac \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} + \frac{b(4ac^2 + \dots)}{3(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} \right)$$

↓ 679

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{a \left(3b(12a^2c^4 - 21abc^2 + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{c(6a^2c^4 - 40abc^2 + 11b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} \right)}{2(ac^2+b)^3} + \frac{ac(5b-6ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} + \frac{ac \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{3(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} \right)$$

↓ 488

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{c(6a^2c^4 - 40abc^2 + 11b^2)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - 3b(12a^2c^4 - 21abc^2 + 2b^2) \int \frac{1}{ac^2+b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right)}{2(ac^2+b)^3} + \frac{ac(5b-6ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} + \frac{ac}{3(ac^2+b)} \right)$$

219

$$-d^3 \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{c(6a^2c^4 - 40abc^2 + 11b^2)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} - \frac{3b(12a^2c^4 - 21abc^2 + 2b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac^2+b}} \right)}{2(ac^2+b)^3} + \frac{ac(5b-6ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} + \frac{ac}{3(ac^2+b)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-(d^3*((b*(4*a*c*(b - a*c^2) - (b^2 - 6*a*b*c^2 + a^2*c^4)/(c + d*x)))/(b + a*c^2)^4*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]) + ((a*c*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/(3*(b + a*c^2)^2*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3) + ((a*c*(5*b - 6*a*c^2)*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/(2*(b + a*c^2)^2*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + (a*((c*(11*b^2 - 40*a*b*c^2 + 6*a^2*c^4)*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/(1 - c/(c + d*x)) - (3*b*(2*b^2 - 21*a*b*c^2 + 12*a^2*c^4)*ArcTanh[(-a*c) - b/(c + d*x)]/(sqrt[b + a*c^2]*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2]))/sqrt[b + a*c^2]))/(2*(b + a*c^2)^3))/(3*(b + a*c^2)))/a)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 601 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coefficient[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coefficient[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Qx)/(c + d*x)^n + (e*(2*p + 3))/(c + d*x)^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2182 `Int[(Pq_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Pq, d + e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Pq, d + e*x, x]}, Simp[e*R*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*d^2 + a*e^2)*Qx + b*d*R*(m + 1) - b*e*R*(m + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, d, e, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && NeQ[b*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 804 vs. $2(299) = 598$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 805, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

method	result
default	$-\frac{(a^2 d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b) \left(2 (a c^2 + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3 c^5 d^4 x^4 + 2 (a c^2 + b)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3 c^6 d^3 x^3 + 36 \ln \left(\frac{2 a c^2 + 2 b + 2 a d x c + 2 \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \sqrt{a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a c^2 + b}}{x} \right) \right)}{(a d^2 x^2 + 2 a d x c + a^2 c^2 + b)}$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/6*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)*(2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^3*c^5*d^4*x^4+2*(a
*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^3*c^6*d^3*x^3+36*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^
2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*a
^3*b*c^6*d^3*x^3-61*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*b*c^3*d^4*x^4+2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^
3*c^8*d*x-97*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*b*c^4*d^3*x^3-27*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c
^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x
+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^3*x^3+2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^3*c^9-17*(a*c^2+b)
^(3/2)*a^2*b*c^5*d^2*x^2+42*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c*d^4*x^4+13*(a*c^2+b)^(
3/2)*a^2*b*c^6*d*x+105*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c^2*d^3*x^3-57*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+
a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*(a*d^2*x^2
+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*a*b^3*c^2*d^3*x^3+6*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*b*c^7+(a
*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*x^2+20*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c^4*d*x-6*(a*c^2+
b)^(3/2)*b^3*d^3*x^3+6*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*
c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*b^4*d^3*x^3
+6*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c^5+18*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^3*c*d^2*x^2+9*(a*c^2+b)^(
3/2)*b^3*c^2*d*x+2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^3*c^3)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b
)/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2)/(d*x+c)^3/(a*c^2+b)^(11/2)/x^3

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 798 vs. $2(295) = 590$.

Time = 4.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1599, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
[1/12*(3*((12*a^3*b*c^4 - 21*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b^3)*d^5*x^5 + 2*(12*a^3*b*c^5 - 21*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 2*a*b^3*c)*d^4*x^4 + (12*a^3*b*c^6 - 9*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 19*a*b^3*c^2 + 2*b^4)*d^3*x^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^2 - 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*(2*a^4*c^12 + 8*a^3*b*c^10 + 12*a^2*b^2*c^8 + (2*a^4*c^7 - 59*a^3*b*c^5 - 19*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 42*a*b^3*c)*d^5*x^5 + 8*a*b^3*c^6 + (4*a^4*c^8 - 154*a^3*b*c^6 - 11*a^2*b^2*c^4 + 141*a*b^3*c^2 - 6*b^4)*d^4*x^4 + 2*b^4*c^4 + 2*(a^4*c^9 - 56*a^3*b*c^7 - 4*a^2*b^2*c^5 + 59*a*b^3*c^3 + 6*b^4*c)*d^3*x^3 + (2*a^4*c^10 - 2*a^3*b*c^8 + 17*a^2*b^2*c^6 + 48*a*b^3*c^4 + 27*b^4*c^2)*d^2*x^2 + (4*a^4*c^11 + 23*a^3*b*c^9 + 45*a^2*b^2*c^7 + 37*a*b^3*c^5 + 11*b^4*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^6*c^10 + 5*a^5*b*c^8 + 10*a^4*b^2*c^6 + 10*a^3*b^3*c^4 + 5*a^2*b^4*c^2 + a*b^5)*d^2*x^5 + 2*(a^6*c^11 + 5*a^5*b*c^9 + 10*a^4*b^2*c^7 + 10*a^3*b^3*c^5 + 5*a^2*b^4*c^3 + a*b^5*c)*d*x^4 + (a^6*c^12 + 6*a^5*b*c^10 + 15*a^4*b^2*c^8 + 20*a^3*b^3*c^6 + 15*a^2*b^4*c^4 + 6*a*b^5*c^2 + b^6)*x^3), 1/6*(3*((12*a^3*b*c^4 - 21*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b^3)*d^5*x^5 + 2*(12*a^3*b*c^5 - 21*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 2*a*b^3*c)*d^4*x^4 + (12*a^3*b*c^6 - 9*a^2*b^2*c^4 - 19*a*b^3*c^2 + 2*b^4)*d^3*x^3)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)*arctan((a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**4/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**4*((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))** (3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} \right)^{3/2} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)*x^4), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1804 vs. $2(295) = 590$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1804, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.62

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(4*(a^6*b^2*c^11*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*a^5*b^3*c^9*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 2*a^4
*b^4*c^7*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - 2*a^3*b^5*c^5*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - 3*a^2*b^6*c^3
*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - a*b^7*c*d^5*sgn(d*x + c))*x/(a^8*b*c^16*d + 8*a^7*b^2*
c^14*d + 28*a^6*b^3*c^12*d + 56*a^5*b^4*c^10*d + 70*a^4*b^5*c^8*d + 56*a^3
*b^6*c^6*d + 28*a^2*b^7*c^4*d + 8*a*b^8*c^2*d + b^9*d) + (5*a^6*b^2*c^12*d
^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 10*a^5*b^3*c^10*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) - 9*a^4*b^4*c^8*d^4*sgn
(d*x + c) - 36*a^3*b^5*c^6*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) - 29*a^2*b^6*c^4*d^4*sgn(d*x +
c) - 6*a*b^7*c^2*d^4*sgn(d*x + c) + b^8*d^4*sgn(d*x + c))/(a^8*b*c^16*d +
8*a^7*b^2*c^14*d + 28*a^6*b^3*c^12*d + 56*a^5*b^4*c^10*d + 70*a^4*b^5*c^8
*d + 56*a^3*b^6*c^6*d + 28*a^2*b^7*c^4*d + 8*a*b^8*c^2*d + b^9*d)/sqrt(a*
d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b) + (12*a^2*b*c^4*d^3 - 21*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 +
2*b^3*d^3)*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b
))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))/(a^4*c^8*sgn(d*x + c) + 4*a^3*b*c^6*sgn(d*x + c) + 6
*a^2*b^2*c^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 4*a*b^3*c^2*sgn(d*x + c) + b^4*sgn(d*x + c))*s
qrt(-a*c^2 - b) - 1/3*(8*a^(11/2)*c^11*d^2*abs(d) + 24*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - s
qrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))*a^5*c^10*d^3 + 24*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x -
sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^2*a^(9/2)*c^9*d^2*abs(d) + 8*(sq
rt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))^3*a^4*c^8*d^3 - 22*
a^(9/2)*b*c^9*d^2*abs(d) - 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x +
a*c^2 + b))*a^4*b*c^8*d^3 + 108*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1979, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**4*c**11 - 2*sqrt(a*c**
2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**4*c**10*d*x - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*
x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**4*c**8*d**3*x**3 - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d
**2*x**2 + b)*a**4*c**7*d**4*x**4 - 8*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**
2 + b)*a**3*b*c**9 - 15*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*b*
c**8*d*x + 17*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*b*c**7*d**2*
x**2 + 95*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*b*c**6*d**3*x**3
+ 59*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*b*c**5*d**4*x**4 - 1
2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**2*c**7 - 33*sqrt(a*c*
*2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**2*c**6*d*x + 16*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*
a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**2*c**5*d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*
c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**2*c**4*d**3*x**3 + 19*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c
*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**4*x**4 - 8*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d
*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**3*c**5 - 29*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x*
*2 + b)*a*b**3*c**4*d*x - 19*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*
b**3*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 99*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**3
*c**2*d**3*x**3 - 42*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a*b**3*c*d
**4*x**4 - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**4*c**3 - 9*sqrt
(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**4*c**2*d*x - 18*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*
a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*b**4*c*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x...
```

3.95
$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	960
Mathematica [A] (verified)	961
Rubi [A] (verified)	962
Maple [B] (verified)	968
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	969
Sympy [F]	970
Maxima [F]	971
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	971
Mupad [F(-1)]	972
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	973

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 406

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx &= -\frac{d^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4(b+ac^2)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4} \\ &- \frac{(b-4ac^2) d^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{4(b+ac^2)^3 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} - \frac{(2b^2 - 27abc^2 + 12a^2c^4) d^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{8(b+ac^2)^4 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \\ &- \frac{(2b^3 - 77ab^2c^2 + 100a^2bc^4 - 8a^3c^6) d^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{8(b+ac^2)^5 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{abd^4(10abc^2(2c+dx) - b^2(6c+dx) - a^2c^4(c+5(c+dx)))}{(b+ac^2)^5 (c+dx) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \\ &+ \frac{15abc(4b^2 - 13abc^2 + 4a^2c^4) d^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{ac + \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}\right)}{8(b+ac^2)^{11/2}} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1/4*d^4*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a*c^2+b)^2/(1-c/(d*x+c))^4-1/4*(-4*a*c^2+b) \\
& *d^4*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a*c^2+b)^3/(1-c/(d*x+c))^3-1/8*(12*a^2*c^4-27 \\
& *a*b*c^2+2*b^2)*d^4*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a*c^2+b)^4/(1-c/(d*x+c))^2-1/8* \\
& (-8*a^3*c^6+100*a^2*b*c^4-77*a*b^2*c^2+2*b^3)*d^4*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}/(a \\
& *c^2+b)^5/(1-c/(d*x+c))+a*b*d^4*(10*a*b*c^2*(d*x+2*c)-b^2*(d*x+6*c)-a^2*c^ \\
& 4*(5*d*x+6*c))/(a*c^2+b)^5/(d*x+c)/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)}+15/8*a*b*c*(4*a^2 \\
& *c^4-13*a*b*c^2+4*b^2)*d^4*arctanh((a*c+b/(d*x+c))/(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)}/(a+b/(d \\
& *x+c)^2)^{(1/2)))/(a*c^2+b)^{(11/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 428, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left(-\frac{2b^4(c^3 + 4c^2dx + 6cd^2x^2 + 4d^3x^3) + 3a^2b^2c^2(4c^5 + 10c^4dx - 2c^3d^2x^2 - 1}{15abc(4b^2 - 13abc^2 + 4a^2c^4) d^4 \log(x)} \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{15abc(4b^2 - 13abc^2 + 4a^2c^4) d^4 \log(x)}{(b + ac^2)^{11/2}} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{15abc(4b^2 - 13abc^2 + 4a^2c^4) d^4 \log \left(b + (c + dx) \left(ac + \sqrt{b + ac^2} \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx)^2}{(c+dx)^2}} \right) \right)}{(b + ac^2)^{11/2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (-(2*b^4*(c^3 + 4*c^2*d*x + 6*c*d^2*x^2 + 4*d^3*x^3) + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*(4*c \\
& ^5 + 10*c^4*d*x - 2*c^3*d^2*x^2 - 13*c^2*d^3*x^3 - 125*c*d^4*x^4 - 60*d^5* \\
& x^5) + 2*a^4*c^6*(c^5 + c^4*d*x - c*d^4*x^4 - d^5*x^5) + a*b^3*(8*c^5 + 26 \\
& *c^4*d*x + 15*c^3*d^2*x^2 - 60*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 76*c*d^4*x^4 + 16*d^5*x^5) + \\
& a^3*b*c^4*(8*c^5 + 14*c^4*d*x - 9*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 29*c^2*d^3*x^3 + 177*c*d^4 \\
& *x^4 + 117*d^5*x^5))/((b + a*c^2)^5*x^4*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2) \\
& /((c + d*x)^2)]) - (15*a*b*c*(4*b^2 - 13*a*b*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^4)*d^4*Log[x])/ \\
& (b + a*c^2)^{(11/2)} + (15*a*b*c*(4*b^2 - 13*a*b*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^4)*d^4*Log[b + \\
& (c + d*x)*(a*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x)^2]/(c + d*x)^2] \\
&)]/(b + a*c^2)^{(11/2)))/8
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.842$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 601, 2182, 25, 2182, 27, 2182, 25, 27, 679, 488, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & d^4 \int \frac{1}{d^5 x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -d^4 \int -\frac{1}{d^5 x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2}} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\
 & -d^4 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^5} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
 & d^4 \int -\frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^5} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -d^4 \int \frac{1}{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^5} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{601}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d^4 \left(\int \frac{\frac{a^2 b (5a^2 c^4 - 10abc^2 + b^2) c^5}{(ac^2 + b)^5 (c+dx)^4} - \frac{a^2 (a^3 c^6 + 15a^2 bc^4 - 45ab^2 c^2 + 5b^3) c^4}{(ac^2 + b)^5 (c+dx)^3} + \frac{2a^2 b (5a^2 c^4 - 38abc^2 + 5b^2) c^3}{(ac^2 + b)^5 (c+dx)^2} + \frac{a^2 b (a^2 c^4 - 10abc^2 + 5b^2) c}{(ac^2 + b)^5} - \frac{ab (5a^3 c^6 - 45a^2 bc^4 + 33a^2 c^2 - 3b^3) c}{(ac^2 + b)^5 (c+dx)} \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^5}} \frac{1}{a}$$

↓ 2182

$$d^4 \left(\int -\frac{4a^2 b (5a^2 c^4 - 10abc^2 + b^2) c^4}{(ac^2 + b)^4 (c+dx)^3} + \frac{4a^2 (a^3 c^6 + 10a^2 bc^4 - 35ab^2 c^2 + 4b^3) c^3}{(ac^2 + b)^4 (c+dx)^2} + \frac{4a^2 (a^3 c^6 + 4a^2 bc^4 - 7ab^2 c^2 + 6b^3) c}{(ac^2 + b)^4} - \frac{a (-4a^4 c^8 + 3a^3 bc^6 - 155a^2 b^2 c^4 + 33ab^3 c^2 - 3b^4)}{(ac^2 + b)^4 (c+dx)} \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4}} \frac{1}{4(ac^2 + b)} \frac{1}{a}$$

↓ 25

$$d^4 \left(\int \frac{4a^2 b (5a^2 c^4 - 10abc^2 + b^2) c^4}{(ac^2 + b)^4 (c+dx)^3} + \frac{4a^2 (a^3 c^6 + 10a^2 bc^4 - 35ab^2 c^2 + 4b^3) c^3}{(ac^2 + b)^4 (c+dx)^2} + \frac{4a^2 (a^3 c^6 + 4a^2 bc^4 - 7ab^2 c^2 + 6b^3) c}{(ac^2 + b)^4} - \frac{a (-4a^4 c^8 + 3a^3 bc^6 - 155a^2 b^2 c^4 + 33ab^3 c^2 - 3b^4)}{(ac^2 + b)^4 (c+dx)} \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^4}} \frac{1}{4(ac^2 + b)} \frac{1}{a}$$

↓ 2182

$$d^4 \left(\int -\frac{3 \left(\frac{4a^2 b (5a^2 c^4 - 10abc^2 + b^2) c^3}{(ac^2 + b)^3 (c+dx)^2} + \frac{a^2 (-8a^3 c^6 - 5a^2 bc^4 - 34ab^2 c^2 + 27b^3) c}{(ac^2 + b)^3} - \frac{2a (2a^4 c^8 + 6a^3 bc^6 - 57a^2 b^2 c^4 + 4ab^3 c^2 + b^4)}{(ac^2 + b)^3 (c+dx)} \right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}} \frac{1}{3(ac^2 + b)} d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{a (b - 4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}}{(ac^2 + b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} \right) \frac{1}{4(ac^2 + b)} \frac{1}{a}$$

↓ 27

$$d^4 \left(\int \frac{\frac{4a^2b(5a^2c^4 - 10abc^2 + b^2)c^3}{(ac^2+b)^3(c+dx)^2} + \frac{a^2(-8a^3c^6 - 5a^2bc^4 - 34ab^2c^2 + 27b^3)c}{(ac^2+b)^3} - \frac{2a(2a^4c^8 + 6a^3bc^6 - 57a^2b^2c^4 + 4ab^3c^2 + b^4)}{(ac^2+b)^3(c+dx)} - d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}}{\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}{ac^2+b}} - \frac{4(ac^2+b)}{a}$$

↓ 2182

$$d^4 \left(\int \frac{a\left(2ac(4a^3c^6 - 20a^2bc^4 - 59ab^2c^2 + 29b^3) - \frac{b(52a^3c^6 - 95a^2bc^4 - 17ab^2c^2 + 2b^3)}{c+dx}\right)}{(ac^2+b)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}}{\frac{ac^2+b}{4(ac^2+b)}} - \frac{a}{a}$$

↓ 25

$$d^4 \left(\int \frac{a\left(2ac(4a^3c^6 - 20a^2bc^4 - 59ab^2c^2 + 29b^3) - \frac{b(52a^3c^6 - 95a^2bc^4 - 17ab^2c^2 + 2b^3)}{c+dx}\right)}{(ac^2+b)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - d \frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2\left(1-\frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3}}{\frac{ac^2+b}{4(ac^2+b)}} - \frac{a}{a}$$

↓ 27

$$d^4 \left(\frac{a \int \frac{2ac(4a^3c^6 - 20a^2bc^4 - 59ab^2c^2 + 29b^3) - b(52a^3c^6 - 95a^2bc^4 - 17ab^2c^2 + 2b^3)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{2(ac^2+b)^3} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{ac^2+b} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{4(ac^2+b)} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{a}$$

↓ 679

$$d^4 \left(\frac{a \left(15abc(4a^2c^4 - 13abc^2 + 4b^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{(-8a^3c^6 + 100a^2bc^4 - 77ab^2c^2 + 2b^3) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} \right)}{2(ac^2+b)^3} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{(-8a^3c^6 + 100a^2bc^4 - 77ab^2c^2 + 2b^3) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}}}{ac^2+b} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{4(ac^2+b)} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{a}$$

↓ 488

$$d^4 \left(\frac{a \left(-15abc(4a^2c^4 - 13abc^2 + 4b^2) \int \frac{1}{ac^2+b - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{-\frac{b}{c+dx} - ac}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} - \frac{(-8a^3c^6 + 100a^2bc^4 - 77ab^2c^2 + 2b^3) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} \right)}{2(ac^2+b)^3} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{(-8a^3c^6 + 100a^2bc^4 - 77ab^2c^2 + 2b^3) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}}}{ac^2+b} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{4(ac^2+b)} \frac{d}{c+dx} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{2(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} - \frac{a(b-4ac^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{(ac^2+b)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2}}{a}$$

↓ 219

$$d^4 \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{15abc(4a^2c^4 - 13abc^2 + 4b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{-ac - \frac{b}{c+dx}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}} \right) - \frac{(-8a^3c^6 + 100a^2bc^4 - 77ab^2c^2 + 2b^3) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}}}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{ac^2+b}} \right)}{2(ac^2+b)^3} - \frac{a(12a^2c^4 - 27abc^2 + 2b^2)}{2(ac^2+b)^2(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx})} \right) \frac{ac^2+b}{4(ac^2+b)} \frac{a}{a}$$

input `Int[1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x]`

output `d^4*(-((a*b*(b^2 - 10*a*b*c^2 + 5*a^2*c^4 + (c*(5*b^2 - 10*a*b*c^2 + a^2*c^4))/(c + d*x)))/((b + a*c^2)^5*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])) + (-1/4*(a*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/((b + a*c^2)^2*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^4) + (-((a*(b - 4*a*c^2)*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/((b + a*c^2)^2*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^3)) + (-1/2*(a*(2*b^2 - 27*a*b*c^2 + 12*a^2*c^4)*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/((b + a*c^2)^2*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) + (a*(-(((2*b^3 - 77*a*b^2*c^2 + 100*a^2*b*c^4 - 8*a^3*c^6)*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])/(1 - c/(c + d*x))) - (15*a*b*c*(4*b^2 - 13*a*b*c^2 + 4*a^2*c^4)*ArcTanh[(-a*c) - b/(c + d*x)]/(sqrt[b + a*c^2]*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x)^2])))/sqrt[b + a*c^2]))/(2*(b + a*c^2)^3))/(b + a*c^2)/(4*(b + a*c^2)))/a`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 488 `Int[1/(((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2 - x^2), x], x, (a*d - b*c*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 601 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m*(c + d*x)^n, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[(2*a*(p + 1)*Qx)/(c + d*x)^n + (e*(2*p + 3))/(c + d*x)^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 1] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 679 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(e*f - d*g))*(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1))/(2*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + Simp[(c*d*f + a*e*g)/(c*d^2 + a*e^2) Int[(d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + 2*p + 3], 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

output

```

-1/8*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)*(-2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^4*c^6*d^5*x^5-2*(
a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^4*c^7*d^4*x^4+2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^4*c^10*d*x+16*(a*c^2+b)
^(3/2)*a*b^3*d^5*x^5+12*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^4*c*d^2*x^2+8*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^
4*c^2*d*x+135*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c
^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^4*x^4-
60*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)
+b)/x)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*a*b^4*c*d^4*x^4-60*ln(2*(a*d*x*
c+a*c^2+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*(a*d^2*x
^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*a^4*b*c^7*d^4*x^4+135*ln(2*(a*d*x*c+a*c^2+(a*c
^2+b)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+b)/x)*(a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d*x
+a*c^2+b)^(1/2)*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^4*x^4+8*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^3*b*c^9+12*(a*c^2+
b)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*c^7+8*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^4*d^3*x^3+8*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b^3
*c^5+76*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b^3*c*d^4*x^4+30*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*c^6*d*x
-60*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b^3*c^2*d^3*x^3+15*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b^3*c^3*d^2*x^2
+26*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a*b^3*c^4*d*x+117*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^3*b*c^4*d^5*x^5+17
7*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^3*b*c^5*d^4*x^4+29*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^3*b*c^6*d^3*x^3-1
80*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^5*x^5-9*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^3*b*c^7*d^2*x^2
-375*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^4*x^4+14*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^3*b*c^8*d*x-
39*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^3*x^3-6*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^2*x
^2+2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*b^4*c^3+2*(a*c^2+b)^(3/2)*a^4*c^11)/((a*d^2*x^2+2*...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 956 vs. $2(376) = 752$.

Time = 9.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1916, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.72

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/16*(15*((4*a^4*b*c^5 - 13*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^2*b^3*c)*d^6*x^6 + 2*(4*a^4
*b*c^6 - 13*a^3*b^2*c^4 + 4*a^2*b^3*c^2)*d^5*x^5 + (4*a^4*b*c^7 - 9*a^3*b^
2*c^5 - 9*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 4*a*b^4*c)*d^4*x^4)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*log(-(2*a^2*c^
4 + (2*a^2*c^2 + a*b)*d^2*x^2 + 4*a*b*c^2 + 4*(a^2*c^3 + a*b*c)*d*x + 2*b^
2 + 2*(a*c*d^2*x^2 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + b)*d*x + b*c)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b)*sqrt
((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/x^2) - 2*
(2*a^5*c^14 + 10*a^4*b*c^12 + 20*a^3*b^2*c^10 + 20*a^2*b^3*c^8 - (2*a^5*c^
8 - 115*a^4*b*c^6 + 63*a^3*b^2*c^4 + 164*a^2*b^3*c^2 - 16*a*b^4)*d^6*x^6 +
10*a*b^4*c^6 - (4*a^5*c^9 - 290*a^4*b*c^7 + 261*a^3*b^2*c^5 + 463*a^2*b^3
*c^3 - 92*a*b^4*c)*d^5*x^5 + 2*b^5*c^4 - 2*(a^5*c^10 - 102*a^4*b*c^8 + 104
*a^3*b^2*c^6 + 199*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 12*a*b^4*c^2 - 4*b^5)*d^4*x^4 + 5*(4*a^4*
b*c^9 - 5*a^3*b^2*c^7 - 18*a^2*b^3*c^5 - 5*a*b^4*c^3 + 4*b^5*c)*d^3*x^3 +
(2*a^5*c^12 + 7*a^4*b*c^10 + 29*a^3*b^2*c^8 + 65*a^2*b^3*c^6 + 61*a*b^4*c^
4 + 20*b^5*c^2)*d^2*x^2 + 2*(2*a^5*c^13 + 13*a^4*b*c^11 + 32*a^3*b^2*c^9 +
38*a^2*b^3*c^7 + 22*a*b^4*c^5 + 5*b^5*c^3)*d*x)*sqrt((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d
*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2)))/((a^7*c^12 + 6*a^6*b*c^10 + 15
*a^5*b^2*c^8 + 20*a^4*b^3*c^6 + 15*a^3*b^4*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^5*c^2 + a*b^6)*d^
2*x^6 + 2*(a^7*c^13 + 6*a^6*b*c^11 + 15*a^5*b^2*c^9 + 20*a^4*b^3*c^7 + 15*
a^3*b^4*c^5 + 6*a^2*b^5*c^3 + a*b^6*c)*d*x^5 + (a^7*c^14 + 7*a^6*b*c^12 +
21*a^5*b^2*c^10 + 35*a^4*b^3*c^8 + 35*a^3*b^4*c^6 + 21*a^2*b^5*c^4 + 7*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(\frac{ac^2+2acdx+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**5/(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**5*((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x +
d**2*x**2))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} \right)^{3/2} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^(3/2)*x^5), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2896 vs. $2(376) = 752$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2896, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.13

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-((5*a^8*b^2*c^14*d^6*sgn(d*x + c) + 15*a^7*b^3*c^12*d^6*sgn(d*x + c) + a^
6*b^4*c^10*d^6*sgn(d*x + c) - 45*a^5*b^5*c^8*d^6*sgn(d*x + c) - 65*a^4*b^6
*c^6*d^6*sgn(d*x + c) - 35*a^3*b^7*c^4*d^6*sgn(d*x + c) - 5*a^2*b^8*c^2*d^
6*sgn(d*x + c) + a*b^9*d^6*sgn(d*x + c)))/(a^10*b*c^20*d + 10*a^9*b^2*c^1
8*d + 45*a^8*b^3*c^16*d + 120*a^7*b^4*c^14*d + 210*a^6*b^5*c^12*d + 252*a^
5*b^6*c^10*d + 210*a^4*b^7*c^8*d + 120*a^3*b^8*c^6*d + 45*a^2*b^9*c^4*d +
10*a*b^10*c^2*d + b^11*d) + 2*(3*a^8*b^2*c^15*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 5*a^7*b^3
*c^13*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - 17*a^6*b^4*c^11*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - 55*a^5*b^5*c^9
*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - 55*a^4*b^6*c^7*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) - 17*a^3*b^7*c^5*d^5*sg
n(d*x + c) + 5*a^2*b^8*c^3*d^5*sgn(d*x + c) + 3*a*b^9*c*d^5*sgn(d*x + c))
/(a^10*b*c^20*d + 10*a^9*b^2*c^18*d + 45*a^8*b^3*c^16*d + 120*a^7*b^4*c^14
*d + 210*a^6*b^5*c^12*d + 252*a^5*b^6*c^10*d + 210*a^4*b^7*c^8*d + 120*a^3
*b^8*c^6*d + 45*a^2*b^9*c^4*d + 10*a*b^10*c^2*d + b^11*d)/sqrt(a*d^2*x^2
+ 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b) - 15/4*(4*a^3*b*c^5*d^4 - 13*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^4 + 4*
a*b^3*c*d^4)*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 +
b))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b))/((a^5*c^10*sgn(d*x + c) + 5*a^4*b*c^8*sgn(d*x + c)
+ 10*a^3*b^2*c^6*sgn(d*x + c) + 10*a^2*b^3*c^4*sgn(d*x + c) + 5*a*b^4*c^2*
sgn(d*x + c) + b^5*sgn(d*x + c))*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b)) + 1/4*(16*a^(15/2)*c^14
*d^3*abs(d) + 64*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b))
*a^7*c^13*d^4 + 96*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x - sqrt(a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 ...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2386, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**5*c**13 - 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**5*c**12*d*x + 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**5*c**9*d**4*x**4 + 2*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**5*c**8*d**5*x**5 - 10*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**4*b*c**11 - 16*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**4*b*c**10*d*x + 9*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**4*b*c**9*d**2*x**2 - 29*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**4*b*c**8*d**3*x**3 - 175*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**4*b*c**7*d**4*x**4 - 115*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**4*b*c**6*d**5*x**5 - 20*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*b**2*c**9 - 44*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*b**2*c**8*d*x + 15*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*b**2*c**7*d**2*x**2 + 10*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*b**2*c**6*d**3*x**3 + 198*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*b**2*c**5*d**4*x**4 + 63*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**3*b**2*c**4*d**5*x**5 - 20*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**3*c**7 - 56*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**3*c**6*d*x - 9*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**3*c**5*d**2*x**2 + 99*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**3*c**4*d**3*x**3 + 299*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**3*c**3*d**4*x**4 + 164*sqrt(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**...
```

3.96 $\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	974
Mathematica [F]	975
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	975
Maple [F]	979
Fricas [F]	979
Sympy [F(-1)]	979
Maxima [F]	980
Giac [F]	980
Mupad [F(-1)]	980
Reduce [F]	981

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 214

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = -\frac{c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{1+p}}{ad^4} + \frac{(c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{1+p}}{4ad^4} - \frac{c(ac^2 - b(1-2p))(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)}{ad^4} - \frac{b(6ac^2 - b(1-p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)}{4a^3d^4(1+p)}$$

output

```
-c*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)/a/d^4+1/4*(d*x+c)^4*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)/a/d^4-c*(a*c^2-b*(1-2*p))*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/a/d^4/((1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)^p)-1/4*b*(6*a*c^2-b*(1-p))*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/a^3/d^4/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.706$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 543, 354, 87, 75, 359, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & \frac{\int -d^3 x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1 \right)^3 d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\ & \frac{\int -(c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^3 d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3 d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 543 \\ & \frac{-\int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(-\frac{c^3}{(c+dx)^2} - 3c\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \int (c+dx)^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{3c^2}{(c+dx)^2} + 1\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 354 \\ & \frac{-\int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(-\frac{c^3}{(c+dx)^2} - 3c\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{1}{2} \int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{3c^2}{(c+dx)^2} + 1\right) d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 87 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1}}{2a} - \frac{(6ac^2 - b(1-p)) \int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}}{2a} \right) - \int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(-\frac{c^3}{(c+dx)^2} - 3c\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 75 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1}}{2a} - \frac{b(6ac^2 - b(1-p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{2a^3(p+1)} \right) - \int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(-\frac{c^3}{(c+dx)^2} - 3c\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 359 \\ & \frac{\frac{c(ac^2 - b(1-2p)) \int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1}}{2a} - \frac{b(6ac^2 - b(1-p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{2a^3(p+1)} \right)}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 279 \\ & \frac{\frac{c(ac^2 - b(1-2p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{a} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1}}{2a} - \frac{b(6ac^2 - b(1-p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{2a^3(p+1)} \right)}{d^4} \\ & \downarrow 278 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{(c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1}}{2a} - \frac{b(6ac^2 - b(1-p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{2a^3(p+1)} \right) - \frac{c(c+dx)(ac^2 - b(1-2p))}{d^4}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x]`

output `((-((c*(c + d*x)^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p))/a) - (c*(a*c^2 - b*(1 - 2*p))*(c + d*x)*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))])/a*(1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))^p) + (((c + d*x)^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p))/(2*a) - (b*(6*a*c^2 - b*(1 - p))*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)]/(2*a^3*(1 + p)))/2)/d^4`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 354 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p*(c + d*x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 359 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^p_.*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^q_.*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^(q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p x^3 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(x^3*((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2
))^p, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**p,x)
```


output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p*x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p*x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b)^p x^3}{(d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)^p} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)**p,x)`

3.97 $\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	982
Mathematica [F]	983
Rubi [A] (verified)	983
Maple [F]	986
Fricas [F]	987
Sympy [F(-1)]	987
Maxima [F]	987
Giac [F]	988
Mupad [F(-1)]	988
Reduce [F]	988

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{1+p}}{3ad^3} + \frac{(3ac^2 - b(1-2p))(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)}{3ad^3} + \frac{bc \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)}{a^2 d^3 (1+p)}$$

output

```
1/3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)/a/d^3+1/3*(3*a*c^2-b*(1-2*p))*(d*x+c)*
(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/a/d^3/((1+b/a
/(d*x+c)^2)^p)+b*c*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d
*x+c)^2)/a^2/d^3/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.588$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1803, 543, 27, 243, 75, 359, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int d^2 x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d(c+dx)}{d^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\ & \frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1 \right)^2 d(c+dx)}{d^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\ & - \frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2 d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{543} \\ & - \frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2} + 1 \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx} + \int -2c(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2} + 1\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} - 2c \int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 243 \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2} + 1\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} - c \int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 75 \\
 & \frac{\int (c+dx)^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2} + 1\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{bc \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{a^2(p+1)}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 359 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3ac^2 - b(1-2p)) \int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{bc \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{a^2(p+1)} - \frac{(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{3a}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 279 \\
 & \frac{\frac{(3ac^2 - b(1-2p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{3a} - \frac{bc \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{a^2(p+1)}}{d^3} \\
 & \downarrow 278 \\
 & \frac{\frac{bc \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{a^2(p+1)} - \frac{(c+dx)(3ac^2 - b(1-2p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{3a}}{d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x]`

output `-((-1/3*((c + d*x)^3*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p))/a - ((3*a*c^2 - b*(1 - 2*p))*(c + d*x)*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))])/(3*a*(1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))^p - (b*c*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)])/(a^2*(1 + p)))/d^3)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^((m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 359 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]`

rule 543 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Module[{k}, Int[x^m*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k]*c^(n - 2*k)*d^(2*k)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, n/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] + Int[x^(m + 1)*Sum[Binomial[n, 2*k + 1]*c^(n - 2*k - 1)*d^(2*k + 1)*x^(2*k), {k, 0, (n - 1)/2}]*(a + b*x^2)^p, x]] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[2*p] && !(EqQ[m, 1] && EqQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0])`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(mn_.))^(q_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2*((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p*x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b)^p x^2}{(d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)^p} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)**p,x)`

$$3.98 \quad \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

Optimal result	989
Mathematica [A] (verified)	990
Rubi [A] (verified)	990
Maple [F]	993
Fricas [F]	993
Sympy [F(-1)]	994
Maxima [F]	994
Giac [F]	994
Mupad [F(-1)]	995
Reduce [F]	995

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx =$$

$$\frac{c(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)}{d^2}$$

$$- \frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)}{2a^2 d^2 (1+p)}$$

output

```
-c*(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/d^2/((1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)^p)-1/2*b*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/a^2/d^2/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{a(c+dx)^2}{b} \right)^{-p} \left(2c(-1+p) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2} - p, -p, \frac{3}{2} - p, -\frac{a(c+dx)^2}{b} \right) \right)}{2d^2(-1+p)(-1+2p)}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x]`

output $((c + dx) * (a + b / (c + dx)^2)^p * (2 * c * (-1 + p) * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2 - p, -p, 3/2 - p, -((a * (c + dx)^2) / b)] - (-1 + 2 * p) * (c + dx) * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -((a * (c + dx)^2) / b)])) / (2 * d^2 * (-1 + p) * (-1 + 2 * p) * (1 + (a * (c + dx)^2) / b)^p)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 542, 243, 75, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int dx \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d(c+dx)}{d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{\int -dx \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d(c+dx)}{d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1774$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int (c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right) d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
& \frac{\int -(c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& -\frac{\int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right) d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{542} \\
& \frac{c \int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \int (c+dx)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
& \frac{c \int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{1}{2} \int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
& \frac{c \int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{2a^2(p+1)}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
& \frac{c \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^p d\frac{1}{c+dx} - \frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{2a^2(p+1)}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
& -\frac{\frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{2a^2(p+1)}}{d^2} - c(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

Int [x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p, x]

output
$$\frac{-((c*(c + d*x)*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2))^p * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))]) / (1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))^p - (b*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)]) / (2*a^2*(1 + p))}{d^2}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 75 $\text{Int}[(b \cdot x)^m \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d \cdot x)^{n+1} / (d \cdot (n+1) \cdot (-d/(b \cdot c))^m) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-m, n+1, n+2, 1 + d \cdot (x/c)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[-d/(b \cdot c), 0])$

rule 243 $\text{Int}(x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$

rule 278 $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m+1} / (c \cdot (m+1)) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2 + 1, (-b) \cdot (x^2/a)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 279 $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \quad \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 542 $\text{Int}(x^m \cdot (c + d \cdot x) \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x_Symbol) \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \quad \text{Int}[x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[d \quad \text{Int}[x^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[2 \cdot p]$

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

output `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x*((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))
^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x)`output `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b)^p x}{(d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)^p} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`output `int(((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)**p*x)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)**p,x)`

3.99 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	996
Mathematica [A] (verified)	996
Rubi [A] (verified)	997
Maple [F]	998
Fricas [F]	999
Sympy [F]	999
Maxima [F]	999
Giac [F]	1000
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1000
Reduce [F]	1000

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)}{d}$$

output `(d*x+c)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/d/((1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)^p)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)}{d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x]`

output $((c + dx)*(a + b/(c + dx)^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b/(a*(c + dx)^2))]) / (d*(1 + b/(a*(c + dx)^2))^p)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$, Rules used = {239, 773, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{239} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d(c+dx)}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & - \frac{\int (c+dx)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{279} \\
 & - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int (c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1 \right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{278} \\
 & \frac{(c+dx) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} \right)}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b/(c + dx)^2)^p, x]$

output $((c + dx)*(a + b/(c + dx)^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b/(a*(c + dx)^2))]) / (d*(1 + b/(a*(c + dx)^2))^p)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b/(c + d*x)**2)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p (c+dx) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2} - p, -p; \frac{3}{2} - p; -\frac{a(c+dx)^2}{b}\right)}{d(2p-1) \left(\frac{a(c+dx)^2}{b} + 1 \right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `-((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p*(c + d*x)*hypergeom([1/2 - p, -p], 3/2 - p, -(a*(c + d*x)^2)/b))/(d*(2*p - 1)*((a*(c + d*x)^2)/b + 1)^p)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b)^p}{(d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)^p} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)**p/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)**p,x)`

3.100
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1001
Mathematica [F]	1002
Rubi [A] (verified)	1002
Maple [F]	1006
Fricas [F]	1006
Sympy [F]	1007
Maxima [F]	1007
Giac [F]	1007
Mupad [F(-1)]	1008
Reduce [F]	1008

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{c \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}, \frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c + dx}$$

$$- \frac{c^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{c^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{b + ac^2}\right)}{2(b + ac^2)(1 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{2a(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-c*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,c^2/(d*x+c)^2,-b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/(
d*x+c)/((1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)^p)-1/2*c^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p
+1],[2+p],c^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)/(a*c^2+b))/(a*c^2+b)/(p+1)+1/2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^
2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1],[2+p],1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/a/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.706$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 621, 334, 333, 354, 97, 75, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{dx} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & - \int - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{dx} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\ & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{(c+dx) \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int -\frac{(c+dx)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1-\frac{c}{c+dx}}d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\int\frac{(c+dx)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1-\frac{c}{c+dx}}d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 621 \\
 & -c\int\frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1-\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}}d\frac{1}{c+dx}-\int\frac{(c+dx)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1-\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}}d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 334 \\
 & -c\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p\left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}+1\right)^{-p}\int\frac{\left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}+1\right)^p}{1-\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}}d\frac{1}{c+dx}- \\
 & \quad \int\frac{(c+dx)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1-\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}}d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 333 \\
 & -\int\frac{(c+dx)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1-\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}}d\frac{1}{c+dx}- \\
 & \frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p\left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}+1\right)^{-p}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2},-p,1,\frac{3}{2},-\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2},\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 354 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{(c+dx)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1-\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}}d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}- \\
 & \frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p\left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}+1\right)^{-p}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2},-p,1,\frac{3}{2},-\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2},\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 97 \\
 & \frac{1}{2}\left(c^2\left(-\int\frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1-\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}}d\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}\right)-\int(c+dx)\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^pd\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}\right)- \\
 & \frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p\left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}+1\right)^{-p}\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2},-p,1,\frac{3}{2},-\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2},\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c+dx}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 75

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{a(p+1)} - c^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1 - \frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2} \right) - \frac{c \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}, \frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c+dx}$$

↓ 78

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{a(p+1)} - \frac{c^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{(p+1) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1}} \right) - \frac{c \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}, \frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c+dx}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x,x]`

output

```

-((c*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1, 3/2, -(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)),
c^2/(c + d*x)^2])/((c + d*x)*(1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))^p) + (-((c^2*(a + b/
/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c^2*(a + b/(c +
d*x)^2))/(b + a*c^2)])/(b + a*c^2)*(1 + p))) + ((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 +
p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)]/(a*(1 + p)))
/2

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b._)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

- rule 78 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^m) \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)^n), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)^n \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^{m+1} / (b^{n+1} \cdot (m+1))] \cdot \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-n, m+1, m+2, (-d) \cdot (a + b \cdot x) / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, x\}$ && $! \text{IntegerQ}[m]$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[n]$
- rule 97 $\text{Int}[(e_ + (f_ \cdot x_)^p) / ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_))), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{Int}[(e + f \cdot x)^p / (a + b \cdot x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[d / (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{Int}[(e + f \cdot x)^p / (c + d \cdot x), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, x\}$ && $! \text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 333 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^p \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \cdot c^q \cdot \text{AppellF1}[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b) \cdot (x^2/a), (-d) \cdot (x^2/c)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q, x\}$ && $\text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$ && $(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$ && $(\text{IntegerQ}[q] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$
- rule 334 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^p \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \cdot \text{IntPart}[p] \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]} \text{Int}[(1 + b \cdot (x^2/a))^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^q, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q, x\}$ && $\text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$ && $!(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$
- rule 354 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^p \cdot (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(m-1)/2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x)^p \cdot (c + d \cdot x)^q, x], x, x^2], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q, x\}$ && $\text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[(m-1)/2]$
- rule 621 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^p] / (c_ + (d_ \cdot x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{Int}[x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (c^2 - d^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[d \text{Int}[x^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p / (c^2 - d^2 \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, p, x\}$
- rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot v_)^n)^p \cdot (x_)^{m_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{m+1} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /;$ $\text{NeQ}[c, 0]$ /; $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p, x\}$ && $\text{LinearQ}[v, x]$ && $\text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1774

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Sy
mbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d,
e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p
])
```

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))^p
/x, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac^2+2acd+ad^2x^2+b}{c^2+2cdx+d^2x^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**p/x,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2))**p/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b)^p}{(d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)^p x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x,x)`output `int((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)**p/((c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)**p*x),x)`

3.101
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1009
Mathematica [F]	1010
Rubi [A] (verified)	1010
Maple [F]	1012
Fricas [F]	1012
Sympy [F(-1)]	1013
Maxima [F]	1013
Giac [F]	1013
Mupad [F(-1)]	1014
Reduce [F]	1014

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}, \frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c + dx}$$

$$- \frac{c^2 d\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}, \frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{3(c + dx)^3}$$

$$- \frac{bcd\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{c^2\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{b + ac^2}\right)}{(b + ac^2)^2 (1 + p)}$$

output

```
-d*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p*AppellF1(1/2,2,-p,3/2,c^2/(d*x+c)^2,-b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/(
d*x+c)/((1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)^p)-1/3*c^2*d*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p*AppellF1(3/2,2,-p
,5/2,c^2/(d*x+c)^2,-b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/(d*x+c)^3/((1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)^p)-b*c*d*(
a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1],[2+p],c^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)/(a*c^2+b
))/ (a*c^2+b)^2/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x^2, x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x^2, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {896, 1774, 1799, 505, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{d^2 x^2} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\ & d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^2} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1799} \\ & -d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{c+dx} \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 505$$

$$-d \int \left(\frac{2c \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p}{(c+dx) \left(\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2} - 1 \right)^2} + \frac{c^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p}{(c+dx)^2 \left(\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2} - 1 \right)^2} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p}{\left(\frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2} - 1 \right)^2} \right) d \frac{1}{c+dx}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-d \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}, \frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2} \right)}{c+dx} + \frac{c^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1 \right)^{-p}}{c+dx} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x^2,x]`

output `-(d*((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 2, 3/2, -(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)), c^2/(c + d*x)^2])/((c + d*x)*(1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))^p) + (c^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p*AppellF1[3/2, -p, 2, 5/2, -(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)), c^2/(c + d*x)^2])/((3*(c + d*x)^3*(1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))^p) + (b*c*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2))/(b + a*c^2)]/((b + a*c^2)^2*(1 + p))))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 505 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^2)^p, (c/(c^2 - d^2*x^2) - d*(x/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)))^(-n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, -1] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1774 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(mn_))^(q_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(mn*q)*(e + d/x^mn)^q*(a + c*x^n2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, mn, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, -2*mn] && IntegerQ[q] && (PosQ[n2] || !IntegerQ[p])`

rule 1799 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))^p/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**p/x**2,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p/x^2, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b)^p}{(d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)^p x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^2,x)`output `int((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)**p/((c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)**p*x**2),x)`

3.102 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1015
Mathematica [F]	1016
Rubi [A] (verified)	1016
Maple [F]	1024
Fricas [F]	1024
Sympy [F(-1)]	1025
Maxima [F]	1025
Giac [F]	1025
Mupad [F(-1)]	1026
Reduce [F]	1026

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 375

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{d^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{1+p}}{2(b+ac^2) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} + \frac{d^2(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{1+p}}{(b+ac^2)^2 \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)}$$

$$-\frac{bd^2p(b+3ac^2+2bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}, \frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c(b+ac^2)^2(c+dx)}$$

$$+\frac{bd^2(1+2p)(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c(b+ac^2)^2(c+dx)}$$

$$-\frac{bd^2p(b+3ac^2+2bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c^2\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{b+ac^2}\right)}{2(b+ac^2)^3(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*d^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)/(a*c^2+b)/(1-c/(d*x+c))^2+d^2*(a*c^2+b*p)*(
a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)/(a*c^2+b)^2/(1-c/(d*x+c))-b*d^2*p*(3*a*c^2+2*b*p+b)*(
a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,c^2/(d*x+c)^2,-b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/c/(a*
c^2+b)^2/(d*x+c)/((1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)^p)+b*d^2*(1+2*p)*(a*c^2+b*p)*(a+b/(d*x
+c)^2)^p*hypergeom([1/2,-p],[3/2],-b/a/(d*x+c)^2)/c/(a*c^2+b)^2/(d*x+c)/((
1+b/a/(d*x+c)^2)^p)-1/2*b*d^2*p*(3*a*c^2+2*b*p+b)*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^(p+1)*h
ypergeom([1,p+1],[2+p],c^2*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)/(a*c^2+b))/(a*c^2+b)^3/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x^3, x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x^3, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 356, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 19, number of rules used = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.059$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1774, 1803, 25, 594, 27, 688, 25, 27, 719, 238, 237, 504, 334, 333, 353, 78}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{d^3 x^3} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{d^3 x^3} d(c+dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1774} \\ & -d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{(c+dx)^3 \left(\frac{c}{c+dx} - 1\right)^3} d(c+dx) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1803 \\
& d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{(c+dx)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{(c+dx)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 594 \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(ac + \frac{bp}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{2(ac^2 + b)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1}}{2(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(ac + \frac{bp}{c+dx}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{ac^2 + b} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1}}{2(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 688 \\
& d^2 \left(\frac{\frac{(ac^2+bp)\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1}}{(ac^2+b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)} - \int -\frac{b\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(ac(1-p) - \frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp)}{c+dx}\right)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d\frac{1}{c+dx}}{ac^2 + b} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^{p+1}}{2(ac^2 + b)\left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}\right)^2} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25
\end{aligned}$$

$$d^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(ac(1-p) - \frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp)}{c+dx} \right)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{p+1}}{(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{p+1}}{2(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2}}{ac^2+b}$$

↓ 27

$$d^2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(ac(1-p) - \frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp)}{c+dx} \right)}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + \frac{(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{p+1}}{(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{p+1}}{2(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2}}{ac^2+b}$$

↓ 719

$$d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{p(3ac^2+2bp+b) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \right)}{ac^2+b} + \frac{(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{p+1}}{(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{p+1}}{2(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2}}{ac^2+b}$$

↓ 238

$$d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1 \right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} - \frac{p(3ac^2+2bp+b) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \right)}{ac^2+b} + \frac{(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{p+1}}{(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^{p+1}}{2(ac^2+b) \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx} \right)^2}}{ac^2+b}$$

↓ 237

$$d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c(c+dx)} - \frac{p(3ac^2+2bp+b) \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1 - \frac{c}{c+dx}} d \frac{1}{c+dx}}{c} \right)}{ac^2+b} \right) + \frac{\quad}{ac^2+b}$$

↓ 504

$$d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c(c+dx)} - \frac{p(3ac^2+2bp+b) \left(\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1 - \frac{c}{(c+dx)^2}} d \frac{1}{c+dx} + c \int \frac{1}{c+dx} \right)}{c} \right)}{ac^2+b} \right) + \frac{\quad}{ac^2+b}$$

↓ 334

$$d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c(c+dx)} - \frac{p(3ac^2+2bp+b) \left(\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right) \right)}{c} \right)}{ac^2+b} \right) + \frac{\quad}{ac^2+b}$$

↓ 333

$$d^2 \left(b \frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c(c+dx)} - \frac{p(3ac^2+2bp+b) \left(c \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{(c+dx) \left(1 - \frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}\right)} dx - \frac{1}{c+dx}\right)}{ac^2+b} \right) \frac{1}{ac^2+b}$$

↓ 353

$$d^2 \left(b \frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c(c+dx)} - \frac{p(3ac^2+2bp+b) \left(\frac{1}{2} c \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{1 - \frac{c^2}{(c+dx)^2}} dx - \frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}\right)}{ac^2+b} \right) \frac{1}{ac^2+b}$$

↓ 78

$$\left(\frac{b}{d^2} \frac{(2p+1)(ac^2+bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2}\right)}{c(c+dx)} \right)^{p(3ac^2+2bp+b)} \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{a(c+dx)^2} + 1\right)}{ac^2+b} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x^3,x]
```

output

```
d^2*(-1/2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p)/((b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x))^2) +
(((a*c^2 + b*p)*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p))/((b + a*c^2)*(1 - c/(c + d*x)
)) + (b*(((1 + 2*p)*(a*c^2 + b*p)*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[
1/2, -p, 3/2, -(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))]/(c*(c + d*x)*(1 + b/(a*(c + d*x)^2))^
p) - (p*(b + 3*a*c^2 + 2*b*p)*((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p*AppellF1[1/2, -p, 1,
3/2, -(b/(a*(c + d*x)^2)), c^2/(c + d*x)^2])/((c + d*x)*(1 + b/(a*(c + d*
x)^2))^p) + (c*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 +
p, (c^2*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2))/(b + a*c^2)]/(2*(b + a*c^2)*(1 + p))))/c)/
(b + a*c^2))/(b + a*c^2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 78 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^{\text{n}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)^{\text{n}_}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x)^{\text{m} + 1}/(\text{b}^{\text{n} + 1}*(\text{m} + 1)))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-\text{n}, \text{m} + 1, \text{m} + 2, (-\text{d})*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x)/(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{m}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{n}]$
- rule 237 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}^{\text{p}_}*x*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-\text{p}, 1/2, 1/2 + 1, (-\text{b})*(x^2/\text{a})], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[2*\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 238 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}^{\text{IntPart}[\text{p}_]}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}_]}/(1 + \text{b}*(x^2/\text{a}))^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}_]}) \quad \text{Int}[(1 + \text{b}*(x^2/\text{a}))^{\text{p}_}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[2*\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{!GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]$
- rule 333 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p}_}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}^{\text{p}_}*c^{\text{q}_}*x*\text{AppellF1}[1/2, -\text{p}, -\text{q}, 3/2, (-\text{b})*(x^2/\text{a}), (-\text{d})*(x^2/\text{c})], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0]) \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{q}] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{c}, 0])$
- rule 334 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p}_}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a}^{\text{IntPart}[\text{p}_]}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}_]}/(1 + \text{b}*(x^2/\text{a}))^{\text{FracPart}[\text{p}_]}) \quad \text{Int}[(1 + \text{b}*(x^2/\text{a}))^{\text{p}_}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!(IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0])$
- rule 353 $\text{Int}[(x_)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p}_}*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/2 \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x)^{\text{p}_}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{\text{q}_}, \text{x}], \text{x}, x^2], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0]$

rule 504 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2]^{(p_.)}/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[d \text{ Int}[x*(a + b*x^2)^p/(c^2 - d^2*x^2)], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x]$

rule 594 $\text{Int}[(x_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^n)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c)*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)})/((n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((n+1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(n+1) + b*c*(n+2*p+3)*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$

rule 688 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^m]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)*(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + c*x^2)^{(p+1)})/((m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p*\text{Simp}[(c*d*f + a*e*g)*(m+1) - c*(e*f - d*g)*(m+2*p+3)*x], x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \parallel \text{IntegerQ}[p] \parallel \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 719 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^m]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(p_.)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(v_.)^n]^{(p_.)}*(x_.)^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m+1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; \text{NeQ}[c, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1774 $\text{Int}[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^{(mn_.)}]^{(q_.)}*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^{(n2_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(mn*q)}*(e + d/x^{mn})^q*(a + c*x^{n2})^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, mn, p\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, -2*mn] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[q] \&\& (\text{PosQ}[n2] \parallel !\text{IntegerQ}[p])$

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^(q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^3,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))^p
/x^3, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**p/x**3,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p/x^3, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x^3,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b)^p}{(d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)^p x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p/x^3,x)`output `int((a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)**p/((c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)**p*x**3),x)`

$$3.103 \quad \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

Optimal result	1027
Mathematica [N/A]	1027
Rubi [N/A]	1028
Maple [N/A]	1028
Fricas [N/A]	1029
Sympy [F(-1)]	1029
Maxima [N/A]	1030
Giac [N/A]	1030
Mupad [N/A]	1030
Reduce [N/A]	1031

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{x^{-1-m} (ex)^{1+m} \text{Int} \left(x^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p, x \right)}{e}$$

output `x(-1-m)*(e*x)(1+m)*Defer(Int)(xm*(a+b/(d*x+c)2)p,x)/e`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)m*(a + b/(c + d*x)2)p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)m*(a + b/(c + d*x)2)p, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^m*((a*d^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b/(d*x+c)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p, x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(a + b/(d*x + c)^2)^p, x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx)^2} \right)^p dx = e^m \left(\int \frac{x^m (a d^2 x^2 + 2acdx + a c^2 + b)^p}{(d^2 x^2 + 2cdx + c^2)^p} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x+c)^2)^p,x)`

output `e**m*int((x**m*(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x + a*d**2*x**2 + b)**p)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x + d**2*x**2)**p,x)`

3.104 $\int x^3(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$

Optimal result	1032
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1032
Rubi [A] (verified)	1033
Maple [A] (verified)	1035
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1035
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1036
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1036
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1037
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1037
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1038

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int x^3(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{1}{20}(5a^2 + b^2c)x^4 + \frac{1}{5}b^2x^4(c + dx) - \frac{4abc^3(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3d^4} + \frac{12abc^2(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5d^4} - \frac{12abc(c + dx)^{7/2}}{7d^4} + \frac{4ab(c + dx)^{9/2}}{9d^4}$$

output

```
1/20*(b^2*c+5*a^2)*x^4+1/5*b^2*x^4*(d*x+c)-4/3*a*b*c^3*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/d^4+1
2/5*a*b*c^2*(d*x+c)^(5/2)/d^4-12/7*a*b*c*(d*x+c)^(7/2)/d^4+4/9*a*b*(d*x+c)
^(9/2)/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{16ab\sqrt{c + dx}(16c^4 - 8c^3dx + 6c^2d^2x^2 - 5cd^3x^3 - 35d^4x^4) + 315a^2(c^4 - d^4x^4) + 63b^2(c^5 - 5cd^4x^4 - 4d^5x^5)}{1260d^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/1260*(16*a*b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(16*c^4 - 8*c^3*d*x + 6*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 5*c*d^3*x^3 - 35*d^4*x^4) + 315*a^2*(c^4 - d^4*x^4) + 63*b^2*(c^5 - 5*c*d^4*x^4 - 4*d^5*x^5))/d^4}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int d^3 x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 d(c + dx)}{d^4}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\frac{\int -d^3 x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 d(c + dx)}{d^4}$$

$$\downarrow 1732$$

$$-\frac{2 \int -d^3 x^3 \sqrt{c + dx} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^4}$$

$$\downarrow 522$$

$$-\frac{2 \int (-b^2(c + dx)^{9/2} - 2ab(c + dx)^4 - (a^2 - 3b^2c)(c + dx)^{7/2} + 6abc(c + dx)^3 - 3c(b^2c - a^2)(c + dx)^{5/2} - 6a^2c^2(c + dx)^{3/2}) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^4}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2(-\frac{1}{4}c^2(3a^2 - b^2c)(c + dx)^2 - \frac{1}{8}(a^2 - 3b^2c)(c + dx)^4 + \frac{1}{2}c(a^2 - b^2c)(c + dx)^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^2c^3(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3}abc^3(c + dx))}{d^4}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^3*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^2, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*((a^2*c^3*(c + d*x))/2 + (2*a*b*c^3*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)})/3 - (c^2*(3*a^2 - \\ & b^2*c)*(c + d*x)^2)/4 - (6*a*b*c^2*(c + d*x)^{(5/2)})/5 + (c*(a^2 - b^2*c)* \\ & (c + d*x)^3)/2 + (6*a*b*c*(c + d*x)^{(7/2)})/7 - ((a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(c + d*x)^4)/8 - \\ & (2*a*b*(c + d*x)^{(9/2)})/9 - (b^2*(c + d*x)^5/10))/d^4 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 522

$$\text{Int}[\text{((e_)*(x_))^{\text{(m_)}}*((c_)+(d_)*(x_))^{\text{(n_)}}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2)^{\text{(p_)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 896

$$\text{Int}[\text{((a_)+(b_)*(v_)^{\text{(n_)}})^{\text{(p_)}}*(x_)^{\text{(m_)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{\text{(m+1)}} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(\text{x} - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{v}], \text{x}] \text{ /; NeQ}[c, 0]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[\text{v}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 1732

$$\text{Int}[\text{((a_)+(c_)*(x_)^{\text{(n2_)}})^{\text{(p_)}}*((d_)+(e_)*(x_)^{\text{(n_)}})^{\text{(q_)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{With}[\{g = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[g \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{(g-1)}}*(d + e*x^{\text{(g*n)})}^q*(a + c*x^{\text{(2*g*n)})}^p, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^{\text{(1/g)}}, \text{x}]] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p, q\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; SumQ}[\text{u}]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
default	$b^2\left(\frac{1}{5}dx^5 + \frac{1}{4}cx^4\right) + \frac{4ab\left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{3c(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{3c^2(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{c^3(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}\right)}{d^4} + \frac{x^4a^2}{4}$
trager	$\frac{(4b^2dx+5b^2c+5a^2)x^4}{20} - \frac{4ab(-35d^4x^4-5cd^3x^3+6d^2c^2x^2-8c^3dx+16c^4)\sqrt{dx+c}}{315d^4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2(dx+c)^5}{5} + \frac{4ab(dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{(-3b^2c+a^2)(dx+c)^4}{4} - \frac{12cab(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(3b^2c^2-3a^2c)(dx+c)^3}{3} + \frac{12c^2ab(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(-c^3b^2+3a^2c^2)}{2}$
oring	$-\frac{(476b^2x^5d^5+523b^2cx^4d^4-525a^2d^4x^4-34c^2d^3x^3b^2+30a^2cd^3x^3+80b^2c^3d^2x^2-48a^2c^2d^2x^2-416b^2c^4dx+96a^2d^3c^3)}{1260d^4(-b^2dx-b^2c+a^2)}$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2*(1/5*d*x^5+1/4*c*x^4)+4*a*b/d^4*(1/9*(d*x+c)^(9/2)-3/7*c*(d*x+c)^(7/2)+3/5*c^2*(d*x+c)^(5/2)-1/3*c^3*(d*x+c)^(3/2))+1/4*x^4*a^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^3 \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{252b^2d^5x^5 + 315(b^2c + a^2)d^4x^4 + 16(35abd^4x^4 + 5abcd^3x^3 - 6abc^2d^2x^2 + 8abc^3dx - 16abc^4)\sqrt{dx + c}}{1260d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/1260*(252*b^2*d^5*x^5 + 315*(b^2*c + a^2)*d^4*x^4 + 16*(35*a*b*d^4*x^4 + 5*a*b*c*d^3*x^3 - 6*a*b*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 8*a*b*c^3*d*x - 16*a*b*c^4)*sqrt(d*x + c))/d^4`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(-\frac{a^2 e^3 (c+dx)}{2} - \frac{2abc^3 (c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{6abc^2 (c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{6abc (c+dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{2ab (c+dx)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{b^2 (c+dx)^5}{10} + \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2c)(c+dx)^4}{8} + \frac{(c+dx)^3 (-3a^2c + 3b^2c^2)}{6} + \frac{(c+dx)^2 (-3a^2c + 3b^2c^2)}{2} \right)}{d^4}$$

$$= \frac{x^4 (a+b\sqrt{c})^2}{4}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-a**2*c**3*(c + d*x)/2 - 2*a*b*c**3*(c + d*x)**(3/2)/3 + 6*a*b*c**2*(c + d*x)**(5/2)/5 - 6*a*b*c*(c + d*x)**(7/2)/7 + 2*a*b*(c + d*x)**(9/2)/9 + b**2*(c + d*x)**5/10 + (a**2 - 3*b**2*c)*(c + d*x)**4/8 + (c + d*x)**3*(-3*a**2*c + 3*b**2*c**2)/6 + (c + d*x)**2*(3*a**2*c**2 - b**2*c**3)/4)/d**4, Ne(d, 0)), (x**4*(a + b*sqrt(c))**2/4, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{252(dx + c)^5 b^2 + 560(dx + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} ab - 2160(dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} abc + 3024(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} abc^2 - 1680(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} abc^3 - 1260(dx + c) a^2 c^3 - 315(3b^2c - a^2)(dx + c)^4 + 1260(b^2c^2 - a^2c)(dx + c)^3 - 630(b^2c^3 - 3a^2c^2)(dx + c)^2}{d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/1260*(252*(d*x + c)^5*b^2 + 560*(d*x + c)^(9/2)*a*b - 2160*(d*x + c)^(7/2)*a*b*c + 3024*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*a*b*c^2 - 1680*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b*c^3 - 1260*(d*x + c)*a^2*c^3 - 315*(3*b^2*c - a^2)*(d*x + c)^4 + 1260*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c)*(d*x + c)^3 - 630*(b^2*c^3 - 3*a^2*c^2)*(d*x + c)^2)/d^4`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{252 b^2 d^2 x^5 + 315 b^2 c d x^4 + 315 a^2 d x^4 + \frac{144 (5 (dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} c + 35 (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 - 35 \sqrt{dx+cc^3}) abc}{d^3} + \frac{16 (35 (dx+c)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} c + 378 (dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} c^2 - 420 (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 + 315 \sqrt{dx+c} c^4) a b d^3}{1260 d}}{1260 d}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/1260*(252*b^2*d^2*x^5 + 315*b^2*c*d*x^4 + 315*a^2*d*x^4 + 144*(5*(d*x +
c)^(7/2) - 21*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*c + 35*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*c^2 - 35*sqrt(d*x +
c)*c^3)*a*b*c/d^3 + 16*(35*(d*x + c)^(9/2) - 180*(d*x + c)^(7/2)*c + 378*(d
*x + c)^(5/2)*c^2 - 420*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*c^3 + 315*sqrt(d*x + c)*c^4)*a*b/d
^3)/d
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^5}{5 d^4} - \frac{(6 b^2 c - 2 a^2) (c + dx)^4}{8 d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{(6 a^2 c^2 - 2 b^2 c^3) (c + dx)^2}{4 d^4} - \frac{a^2 c^3 x}{d^3} + \frac{4 a b (c + dx)^{9/2}}{9 d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{c (b^2 c - a^2) (c + dx)^3}{d^4} - \frac{4 a b c^3 (c + dx)^{3/2}}{3 d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{12 a b c^2 (c + dx)^{5/2}}{5 d^4} - \frac{12 a b c (c + dx)^{7/2}}{7 d^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output

```
(b^2*(c + d*x)^5)/(5*d^4) - ((6*b^2*c - 2*a^2)*(c + d*x)^4)/(8*d^4) + ((6*
a^2*c^2 - 2*b^2*c^3)*(c + d*x)^2)/(4*d^4) - (a^2*c^3*x)/d^3 + (4*a*b*(c +
d*x)^(9/2))/(9*d^4) + (c*(b^2*c - a^2)*(c + d*x)^3)/d^4 - (4*a*b*c^3*(c +
d*x)^(3/2))/(3*d^4) + (12*a*b*c^2*(c + d*x)^(5/2))/(5*d^4) - (12*a*b*c*(c
+ d*x)^(7/2))/(7*d^4)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-256\sqrt{dx + c} ab c^4 + 128\sqrt{dx + c} ab c^3 dx - 96\sqrt{dx + c} ab c^2 d^2 x^2 + 80\sqrt{dx + c} abc d^3 x^3 + 560\sqrt{dx + c} a b^2 d^4 x^4}{1260d^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)`output `(- 256*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*c**4 + 128*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*c**3*d*x - 96*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 80*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d**3*x**3 + 560*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*d**4*x**4 + 315*a**2*d**4*x**4 + 315*b**2*c*d**4*x**4 + 252*b**2*d**5*x**5)/(1260*d**4)`

3.105 $\int x^2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$

Optimal result	1039
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1039
Rubi [A] (verified)	1040
Maple [A] (verified)	1041
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1042
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1042
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1043
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1043
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1044
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1044

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int x^2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{1}{12}(4a^2 + b^2c)x^3 + \frac{1}{4}b^2x^3(c + dx) + \frac{4abc^2(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3d^3} - \frac{8abc(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5d^3} + \frac{4ab(c + dx)^{7/2}}{7d^3}$$

output `1/12*(b^2*c+4*a^2)*x^3+1/4*b^2*x^3*(d*x+c)+4/3*a*b*c^2*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/d^3-8/5*a*b*c*(d*x+c)^(5/2)/d^3+4/7*a*b*(d*x+c)^(7/2)/d^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{140a^2(c^3 + d^3x^3) + 16ab\sqrt{c + dx}(8c^3 - 4c^2dx + 3cd^2x^2 + 15d^3x^3) + 35b^2(c^4 + 4cd^3x^3 + 3d^4x^4)}{420d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output $(140*a^2*(c^3 + d^3*x^3) + 16*a*b*sqrt[c + d*x]*(8*c^3 - 4*c^2*d*x + 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 15*d^3*x^3) + 35*b^2*(c^4 + 4*c*d^3*x^3 + 3*d^4*x^4))/(420*d^3)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int d^2 x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 d(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1732$$

$$\frac{2 \int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{c + dx} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow 522$$

$$\frac{2 \int (b^2(c + dx)^{7/2} + 2ab(c + dx)^3 + (a^2 - 2b^2c)(c + dx)^{5/2} - 4abc(c + dx)^2 + c(b^2c - 2a^2)(c + dx)^{3/2} + 2abc^2)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(\frac{1}{6}(a^2 - 2b^2c)(c + dx)^3 - \frac{1}{4}c(2a^2 - b^2c)(c + dx)^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^2c^2(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3}abc^2(c + dx)^{3/2} + \frac{2}{7}ab(c + dx)^{7/2} - \frac{4}{5}a^2c^2)}{d^3}$$

input $\text{Int}[x^2*(a + b*sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]$

output $(2*((a^2*c^2*(c + d*x))/2 + (2*a*b*c^2*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/3 - (c*(2*a^2 - b^2*c)*(c + d*x)^2)/4 - (4*a*b*c*(c + d*x)^(5/2))/5 + ((a^2 - 2*b^2*c)*(c + d*x)^3)/6 + (2*a*b*(c + d*x)^(7/2))/7 + (b^2*(c + d*x)^4)/8))/d^3$

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 522 Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_))^(n._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_.
), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 896 Int[((a_) + (b._)*(v_)^(n_))^(p._)*(x_)^(m._), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 1732 Int[((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2._))^(p._)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symb
ol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*
n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}
, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
default	$b^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} d x^4 + \frac{1}{3} c x^3 \right) + \frac{4ab \left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{2c(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{c^2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right)}{d^3} + \frac{a^2 x^3}{3}$
trager	$\frac{(3b^2 dx + 4b^2 c + 4a^2) x^3}{12} + \frac{4ab(15d^3 x^3 + 3c d^2 x^2 - 4c^2 dx + 8c^3) \sqrt{dx+c}}{105d^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2(dx+c)^4}{4} + \frac{4ab(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(-2b^2c+a^2)(dx+c)^3}{3} - \frac{8cab(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5d^3} + \frac{(b^2c^2-2a^2c)(dx+c)^2}{2} + \frac{4c^2ab(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + c^2a^2(dx+c)$
oring	$\frac{(-195b^2d^4x^4 - 224b^2cd^3x^3 + 220a^2d^3x^3 + 32d^2c^2x^2b^2 - 16a^2cd^2x^2 - 160b^2c^3dx + 32a^2c^2dx - 192b^2c^4 + 192a^2c^3)(a+bv)}{420d^3(-b^2dx - b^2c + a^2)}$

```
input int(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $b^2*(1/4*d*x^4+1/3*c*x^3)+4*a*b/d^3*(1/7*(d*x+c)^(7/2)-2/5*c*(d*x+c)^(5/2)+1/3*c^2*(d*x+c)^(3/2))+1/3*a^2*x^3$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{105 b^2 d^4 x^4 + 140 (b^2 c + a^2) d^3 x^3 + 16 (15 a b d^3 x^3 + 3 a b c d^2 x^2 - 4 a b c^2 d x + 8 a b c^3) \sqrt{d x + c}}{420 d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/420*(105*b^2*d^4*x^4 + 140*(b^2*c + a^2)*d^3*x^3 + 16*(15*a*b*d^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*c*d^2*x^2 - 4*a*b*c^2*d*x + 8*a*b*c^3)*sqrt(d*x + c))/d^3$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(\frac{a^2 c^2 (c+dx)}{2} + \frac{2abc^2(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{4abc(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2ab(c+dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{b^2(c+dx)^4}{8} + \frac{(a^2-2b^2c)(c+dx)^3}{6} + \frac{(c+dx)^2(-2a^2c+b^2c^2)}{4} \right)}{d^3} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3(a+b\sqrt{c})^2}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((2*(a**2*c**2*(c + d*x)/2 + 2*a*b*c**2*(c + d*x)**(3/2)/3 - 4*a*b*c*(c + d*x)**(5/2)/5 + 2*a*b*(c + d*x)**(7/2)/7 + b**2*(c + d*x)**4/8 + (a**2 - 2*b**2*c)*(c + d*x)**3/6 + (c + d*x)**2*(-2*a**2*c + b**2*c**2)/4)/d**3, Ne(d, 0)), (x**3*(a + b*sqrt(c))**2/3, True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{105 (dx + c)^4 b^2 + 240 (dx + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} ab - 672 (dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} abc + 560 (dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} abc^2 + 420 (dx + c) a^2 c^2 - 140 (2b^2 c - a^2) (dx + c)^3 + 210 (b^2 c^2 - 2a^2 c) (dx + c)^2}{420 d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/420*(105*(d*x + c)^4*b^2 + 240*(d*x + c)^(7/2)*a*b - 672*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*a*b*c + 560*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b*c^2 + 420*(d*x + c)*a^2*c^2 - 140*(2*b^2*c - a^2)*(d*x + c)^3 + 210*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*c)*(d*x + c)^2)/d^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{105 b^2 d^2 x^4 + 140 b^2 c d x^3 + 140 a^2 d x^3 + \frac{112 (3 (dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} c + 15 \sqrt{dx+cc^2}) abc}{d^2} + \frac{48 (5 (dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} c + 35 \sqrt{dx+cc^2}) a^2 c^2}{d^2}}{420 d}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/420*(105*b^2*d^2*x^4 + 140*b^2*c*d*x^3 + 140*a^2*d*x^3 + 112*(3*(d*x + c)^(5/2) - 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*c + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*c^2)*a*b*c/d^2 + 48*(5*(d*x + c)^(7/2) - 21*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*c + 35*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*c^2 - 35*sqrt(d*x + c)*c^3)*a*b/d^2)/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^2 \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^4}{4d^3} - \frac{(4a^2c - 2b^2c^2)(c + dx)^2}{4d^3} - \frac{(4b^2c - 2a^2)(c + dx)^3}{6d^3} + \frac{a^2c^2x}{d^2} + \frac{4ab(c + dx)^{7/2}}{7d^3} + \frac{4abc^2(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3d^3} - \frac{8abc(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5d^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2,x)`output
$$\frac{b^2(c + dx)^4}{4d^3} - \frac{(4a^2c - 2b^2c^2)(c + dx)^2}{4d^3} - \frac{(4b^2c - 2a^2)(c + dx)^3}{6d^3} + \frac{a^2c^2x}{d^2} + \frac{4ab(c + dx)^{7/2}}{7d^3} + \frac{4abc^2(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3d^3} - \frac{8abc(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5d^3}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^2 \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^2 dx = \frac{128\sqrt{dx + c}abc^3 - 64\sqrt{dx + c}abc^2dx + 48\sqrt{dx + c}abcd^2x^2 + 240\sqrt{dx + c}abd^3x^3 + 140a^2d^3x^3 + 140b^2c^3 + 105b^2cd^3x^3 + 105b^2d^4x^4}{420d^3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)`output
$$\frac{(128*\sqrt{c + dx})*a*b*c**3 - 64*\sqrt{c + dx})*a*b*c**2*d*x + 48*\sqrt{c + dx})*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 240*\sqrt{c + dx})*a*b*d**3*x**3 + 140*a**2*d**3*x**3 + 140*b**2*c*d**3*x**3 + 105*b**2*d**4*x**4}{(420*d**3)}$$

3.106 $\int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$

Optimal result	1045
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1045
Rubi [A] (verified)	1046
Maple [A] (verified)	1048
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1048
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1049
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1049
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1050
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1050
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1051

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = -\frac{a^2cx}{d} - \frac{4abc(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3d^2} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2c)(c + dx)^2}{2d^2} + \frac{4ab(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5d^2} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^3}{3d^2}$$

output

```
-a^2*c*x/d-4/3*a*b*c*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/d^2+1/2*(-b^2*c+a^2)*(d*x+c)^2/d^2+4/5*a*b*(d*x+c)^(5/2)/d^2+1/3*b^2*(d*x+c)^3/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{(c + dx)(-15a^2(c - dx) - 8ab(2c - 3dx)\sqrt{c + dx} + 5b^2(-c^2 + cdx + 2d^2x^2))}{30d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{((c + dx)*(-15*a^2*(c - dx) - 8*a*b*(2*c - 3*dx)*\text{Sqrt}[c + dx] + 5*b^2*(-c^2 + c*dx + 2*d^2*x^2)))/(30*d^2)}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int dx(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 d(c + dx)}{d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\frac{\int -dx(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 d(c + dx)}{d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1732$$

$$-\frac{2 \int -dx\sqrt{c + dx}(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 522$$

$$-\frac{2 \int (-b^2(c + dx)^{5/2} - 2ab(c + dx)^2 - (a^2 - b^2c)(c + dx)^{3/2} + 2abc(c + dx) + a^2c\sqrt{c + dx}) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{2(-\frac{1}{4}(a^2 - b^2c)(c + dx)^2 + \frac{1}{2}a^2c(c + dx) - \frac{2}{5}ab(c + dx)^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3}abc(c + dx)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{6}b^2(c + dx)^3)}{d^2}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{-2((a^2c(c + dx))/2 + (2ab*c*(c + dx)^{(3/2)})/3 - ((a^2 - b^2c)*(c + dx)^2)/4 - (2ab*(c + dx)^{(5/2)})/5 - (b^2*(c + dx)^3)/6)}{d^2}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 522

$$\text{Int}[(e_)(x_)]^{(m_)}((c_ + (d_)(x_)]^{(n_)}((a_ + (b_)(x_)]^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}\{p, 0\}$$

rule 896

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(v_)]^{(n_)]^{(p_)}(x_)]^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{With}\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m + 1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] \text{ /; } \text{NeQ}\{c, 0\} \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 1732

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (c_)(x_)]^{(n2_)]^{(p_)}((d_ + (e_)(x_)]^{(n_)]^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{With}\{g = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[g \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(g - 1)}*(d + e*x^{(g*n)})^q*(a + c*x^{(2*g*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/g)}], x]] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, p, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}\{n2, 2*n\} \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{SumQ}[u]$$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
default	$b^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d x^3 + \frac{1}{2} c x^2 \right) + \frac{4ab \left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{c(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{2}$
trager	$\frac{(2b^2 dx + 3b^2 c + 3a^2) x^2}{6} - \frac{4ab(-3d^2 x^2 - cdx + 2c^2) \sqrt{dx+c}}{15d^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{b^2(dx+c)^3}{3} + \frac{4ab(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(-b^2c+a^2)(dx+c)^2}{2} - \frac{4abc(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - ca^2(dx+c)}{d^2}$
oring	$-\frac{(18b^2 d^3 x^3 + 23b^2 c d^2 x^2 - 21a^2 d^2 x^2 - 14b^2 c^2 dx + 2a^2 cdx - 16c^3 b^2 + 16a^2 c^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^2}{30d^2(-b^2 dx - b^2 c + a^2)} + \frac{(2b^2 d^2 x^2 + b^2 cxd - 3a^2)}{30d^2(-b^2 dx - b^2 c + a^2)}$

input `int(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `b^2*(1/3*d*x^3+1/2*c*x^2)+4*a*b/d^2*(1/5*(d*x+c)^(5/2)-1/3*c*(d*x+c)^(3/2))+1/2*a^2*x^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{10b^2 d^3 x^3 + 15(b^2 c + a^2) d^2 x^2 + 8(3abd^2 x^2 + abcdx - 2abc^2) \sqrt{dx+c}}{30d^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/30*(10*b^2*d^3*x^3 + 15*(b^2*c + a^2)*d^2*x^2 + 8*(3*a*b*d^2*x^2 + a*b*c*d*x - 2*a*b*c^2)*sqrt(d*x + c))/d^2`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(-\frac{a^2 c (c+dx)}{2} - \frac{2abc(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{2ab(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{b^2(c+dx)^3}{6} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2c)(c+dx)^2}{4} \right)}{d^2} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2(a+b\sqrt{c})^2}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-a**2*c*(c + d*x)/2 - 2*a*b*c*(c + d*x)**(3/2)/3 + 2*a*b*(c + d*x)**(5/2)/5 + b**2*(c + d*x)**3/6 + (a**2 - b**2*c)*(c + d*x)**2/4)/d**2, Ne(d, 0)), (x**2*(a + b*sqrt(c))**2/2, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{10(dx+c)^3 b^2 + 24(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} ab - 40(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} abc - 30(dx+c)a^2 c - 15(b^2 c - a^2)(dx+c)^2}{30 d^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/30*(10*(d*x + c)^3*b^2 + 24*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*a*b - 40*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b*c - 30*(d*x + c)*a^2*c - 15*(b^2*c - a^2)*(d*x + c)^2)/d^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{10 b^2 d^2 x^3 + \frac{40 \left((dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{dx+cc} \right) abc}{d} + \frac{15 \left((dx+c)^2 - 2(dx+c)c \right) b^2 c}{d} + \frac{15 \left((dx+c)^2 - 2(dx+c)c \right) a^2}{d} + \frac{8 \left(3(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(dx+c) \right)}{d}}{30 d}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/30*(10*b^2*d^2*x^3 + 40*((d*x + c)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(d*x + c))*a*b*c/d +
15*((d*x + c)^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*c)*b^2*c/d + 15*((d*x + c)^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*c)
)*a^2/d + 8*(3*(d*x + c)^(5/2) - 10*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*c + 15*sqrt(d*x + c)*c
^2)*a*b/d)/d
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 (c + dx)^3}{3 d^2} - \frac{(2 b^2 c - 2 a^2) (c + dx)^2}{4 d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{4 a b (c + dx)^{5/2}}{5 d^2} - \frac{a^2 c x}{d} - \frac{4 a b c (c + dx)^{3/2}}{3 d^2}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output

```
(b^2*(c + d*x)^3)/(3*d^2) - ((2*b^2*c - 2*a^2)*(c + d*x)^2)/(4*d^2) + (4*a
*b*(c + d*x)^(5/2))/(5*d^2) - (a^2*c*x)/d - (4*a*b*c*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(3*d
^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-16\sqrt{dx + c}abc^2 + 8\sqrt{dx + c}abcdx + 24\sqrt{dx + c}abd^2x^2 + 15a^2d^2x^2 + 15b^2cd^2x^2 + 10b^2d^3x^3}{30d^2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)`output `(- 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2 + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d*x + 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*d**2*x**2 + 15*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 15*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 10*b**2*d**3*x**3)/(30*d**2)`

3.107 $\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx$

Optimal result	1052
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1052
Rubi [A] (verified)	1053
Maple [A] (verified)	1054
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1055
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1055
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1055
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1056
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1056
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1057

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{4ab(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3d} + \frac{b^2(c + dx)^2}{2d}$$

output `a^2*x+4/3*a*b*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/d+1/2*b^2*(d*x+c)^2/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{(c + dx)(6a^2 + 8ab\sqrt{c + dx} + 3b^2(c + dx))}{6d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `((c + d*x)*(6*a^2 + 8*a*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] + 3*b^2*(c + d*x)))/(6*d)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$, Rules used = {239, 774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx \\
 \downarrow 239 \\
 \frac{\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow 774 \\
 \frac{2 \int \sqrt{c + dx} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \frac{2 \int (\sqrt{c + dx}a^2 + 2b(c + dx)a + b^2(c + dx)^{3/2}) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{2(\frac{1}{2}a^2(c + dx) + \frac{2}{3}ab(c + dx)^{3/2} + \frac{1}{4}b^2(c + dx)^2)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(2*((a^2*(c + d*x))/2 + (2*a*b*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/3 + (b^2*(c + d*x)^2)/4))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
default	$b^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} d x^2 + c x \right) + \frac{4 a b (d x + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3 d} + a^2 x$	35
trager	$\frac{(b^2 d x + 2 b^2 c + 2 a^2) x}{2} + \frac{4 a b (d x + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3 d}$	37
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2 (d x + c)^2 + \frac{4 a b (d x + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + a^2 (d x + c)}{d}$	40
orering	$\frac{(-5 b^2 d^2 x^2 - 10 b^2 c x d + 6 a^2 d x - 4 b^2 c^2 + 4 a^2 c) (a + b \sqrt{d x + c})^2}{6 d (-b^2 d x - b^2 c + a^2)} - \frac{x (-b^2 d x - 2 b^2 c + 2 a^2) \sqrt{d x + c} (a + b \sqrt{d x + c}) b}{3 (-b^2 d x - b^2 c + a^2)}$	140

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2*(1/2*d*x^2+c*x)+4/3*a*b*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/d+a^2*x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{3b^2d^2x^2 + 6(b^2c + a^2)dx + 8(abdx + abc)\sqrt{dx + c}}{6d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(3*b^2*d^2*x^2 + 6*(b^2*c + a^2)*d*x + 8*(a*b*d*x + a*b*c)*sqrt(d*x + c))/d`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \begin{cases} a^2x + \frac{4abc\sqrt{c+dx}}{3d} + \frac{4abx\sqrt{c+dx}}{3} + b^2cx + \frac{b^2dx^2}{2} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ x(a + b\sqrt{c})^2 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*x + 4*a*b*c*sqrt(c + d*x)/(3*d) + 4*a*b*x*sqrt(c + d*x)/3 + b**2*c*x + b**2*d*x**2/2, Ne(d, 0)), (x*(a + b*sqrt(c))**2, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{1}{2}(dx^2 + 2cx)b^2 + a^2x + \frac{4(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}ab}{3d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(d*x^2 + 2*c*x)*b^2 + a^2*x + 4/3*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b/d`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{6(dx + c)b^2c + 24\sqrt{dx + c}abc + 6(dx + c)a^2 + 8\left((dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{dx + c}c\right)ab + 3\left((dx + c)^2 - 2(dx + c)c\right)b^2}{6d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*(6*(d*x + c)*b^2*c + 24*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b*c + 6*(d*x + c)*a^2 + 8*((d*x + c)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(d*x + c)*c)*a*b + 3*((d*x + c)^2 - 2*(d*x + c)*c)*b^2)/d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2 dx = \frac{3b^2(c + dx)^2 + 8ab(c + dx)^{3/2} + 6a^2dx}{6d}$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output `(3*b^2*(c + d*x)^2 + 8*a*b*(c + d*x)^(3/2) + 6*a^2*d*x)/(6*d)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^2 dx = \frac{8\sqrt{dx + c} abc + 8\sqrt{dx + c} abdx + 6a^2 dx + 6b^2 cdx + 3b^2 d^2 x^2}{6d}$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output `(8*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*c + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*d*x + 6*a**2*d*x + 6*b**2*c*d*x + 3*b**2*d**2*x**2)/(6*d)`

$$3.108 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1058
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1058
Rubi [A] (verified)	1059
Maple [A] (verified)	1061
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1061
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1062
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1062
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1063
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1063
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1064

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x} dx = b^2 dx + 4ab\sqrt{c+dx} - 4ab\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + (a^2 + b^2c)\log(x)$$

output

```
b^2*d*x+4*a*b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-4*a*b*c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))+
b^2*c+a^2)*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x} dx = b(bc + bdx + 4a\sqrt{c+dx}) - 4ab\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + (a^2 + b^2c)\log(-dx)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2/x,x]
```

output

```
b*(b*c + b*d*x + 4*a*Sqrt[c + d*x]) - 4*a*b*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/
Sqrt[c]] + (a^2 + b^2*c)*Log[-(d*x)]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 525, 25, 523, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{dx} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{dx} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & -2 \int - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{dx} d\sqrt{c + dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{525} \\
 & -2 \left(- \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}(a^2 + 2b\sqrt{c + dx}a + b^2c)}{dx} d\sqrt{c + dx} - \frac{1}{2}b^2(c + dx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -2 \left(\int - \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}(a^2 + 2b\sqrt{c + dx}a + b^2c)}{dx} d\sqrt{c + dx} - \frac{1}{2}b^2(c + dx) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{523} \\
 & -2 \left(\int \left(-2ab - \frac{2abc + (a^2 + b^2c)\sqrt{c + dx}}{dx} \right) d\sqrt{c + dx} - \frac{1}{2}b^2(c + dx) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 2009 \\ -2\left(-\frac{1}{2}(a^2 + b^2c) \log(-dx) + 2ab\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) - 2ab\sqrt{c+dx} - \frac{1}{2}b^2(c+dx)\right) \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2/x,x]`

output `-2*(-2*a*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] - (b^2*(c + d*x))/2 + 2*a*b*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]] - ((a^2 + b^2*c)*Log[-(d*x)]))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 523 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*((c + d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 525 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(x^(m + n - 1)/(b*(m + n - 1))), x] + Simp[1/b Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[b*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*x^n - a*d^n*x^(n - 2), x]/(a + b*x^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && NeQ[m + n - 1, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
default	$b^2(dx + c \ln(x)) + 2ab\left(2\sqrt{dx + c} - 2\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\right) + \ln(x) a^2$	51
derivativedivides	$b^2(dx + c) + 4ab\sqrt{dx + c} - (-b^2c - a^2) \ln(-dx) - 4ab\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)$	60

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2*(d*x+c*ln(x))+2*a*b*(2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-2*c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))+ln(x)*a^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x} dx = \left[b^2 dx + 2 ab\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{dx - 2\sqrt{dx + c}\sqrt{c} + 2c}{x}\right) + 4\sqrt{dx + c} cab \right. \\ \left. + (b^2c + a^2) \log(x), b^2 dx + 4 ab\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c}}{\sqrt{dx + c}}\right) \right. \\ \left. + 4\sqrt{dx + c} cab + (b^2c + a^2) \log(x) \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[b^2*d*x + 2*a*b*sqrt(c)*log((d*x - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x) + 4*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b + (b^2*c + a^2)*log(x), b^2*d*x + 4*a*b*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x + c)) + 4*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b + (b^2*c + a^2)*log(x)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{4abc \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c}} + 4ab\sqrt{c + dx} + b^2(c + dx) - 2\left(-\frac{a^2}{2} - \frac{b^2c}{2}\right) \log(-dx) & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ (a + b\sqrt{c})^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2/x,x)`output `Piecewise((4*a*b*c*atan(sqrt(c + d*x)/sqrt(-c))/sqrt(-c) + 4*a*b*sqrt(c + d*x) + b**2*(c + d*x) - 2*(-a**2/2 - b**2*c/2)*log(-d*x), Ne(d, 0)), ((a + b*sqrt(c))**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x} dx = 2ab\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx + c} - \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{dx + c} + \sqrt{c}}\right) + (dx + c)b^2 + 4\sqrt{dx + c}cab + (b^2c + a^2) \log(dx)$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*a*b*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(d*x + c) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(c))) + (d*x + c)*b^2 + 4*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b + (b^2*c + a^2)*log(d*x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x} dx = \frac{4abc \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c}} + (dx + c)b^2 + 4\sqrt{dx + cab} + (b^2c + a^2) \log(dx)$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4*a*b*c*arctan(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c))/sqrt(-c) + (d*x + c)*b^2 + 4*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b + (b^2*c + a^2)*log(d*x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x} dx = \ln\left(\left(2a^2 + 2cb^2\right) \sqrt{c + dx} - 2(a + b\sqrt{c})^2 \sqrt{c + dx} + 4abc\right) (a + b\sqrt{c})^2 + \ln\left(\left(2a^2 + 2cb^2\right) \sqrt{c + dx} - 2(a - b\sqrt{c})^2 \sqrt{c + dx} + 4abc\right) (a - b\sqrt{c})^2 + 4ab\sqrt{c + dx} + b^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2/x,x)`

output `log((2*b^2*c + 2*a^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - 2*(a + b*c^(1/2))^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2) + 4*a*b*c)*(a + b*c^(1/2))^2 + log((2*b^2*c + 2*a^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - 2*(a - b*c^(1/2))^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2) + 4*a*b*c)*(a - b*c^(1/2))^2 + 4*a*b*(c + d*x)^(1/2) + b^2*d*x`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x} dx = 4\sqrt{dx + c} ab + 2\sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} - \sqrt{c}) ab \\ - 2\sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} + \sqrt{c}) ab + \log(x) a^2 + \log(x) b^2 c + b^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x,x)`

output `4*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b + 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a*b - 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a*b + log(x)*a**2 + log(x)*b**2*c + b**2*d*x`

$$3.109 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1065
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1065
Rubi [A] (verified)	1066
Maple [A] (verified)	1068
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1069
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1069
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1070
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1070
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1071
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1071

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x} - \frac{2abd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + b^2 d \log(x)$$

output

```
-(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x-2*a*b*d*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+b^2*d*ln(x)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{a^2+b^2c+2ab\sqrt{c+dx}}{x} - \frac{2abd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + b^2 d \log(-dx) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2/x^2,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{a^2 + b^2c + 2ab\sqrt{c + dx}}{x}\right) - \left(\frac{2abd \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{c + dx}]/\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c}} + b^2d \operatorname{Log}[-dx]\right)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 531, 27, 452, 219, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & d \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{d^2 x^2} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\ & 2d \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{d^2 x^2} d\sqrt{c + dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{531} \\ & 2d \left(\int \frac{\frac{2bc(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{dx} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{2c} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{2dx} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & 2d \left(-b \int -\frac{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}{dx} d\sqrt{c + dx} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{2dx} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{452} \\ & 2d \left(-b \left(a \int -\frac{1}{dx} d\sqrt{c + dx} + b \int -\frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{dx} d\sqrt{c + dx} \right) - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{2dx} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \end{aligned}$$

$$2d \left(-b \left(b \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx} d\sqrt{c+dx} + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{2dx} \right)$$

↓ 240

$$2d \left(-b \left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{1}{2} b \log(-dx) \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{2dx} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2/x^2,x]`

output `2*d*(-1/2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2/(d*x) - b*((a*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[c] - (b*Log[-(d*x)]))/2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 452 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + Simp[d Int[x/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 531

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(c + d*x)^n*(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*b*(p + 1)*(c + d*x)*Qx - a*d*f*n + b*c*e*(2*p + 3) + b*d*e*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 896

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1732

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
:= With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

method	result	size
default	$b^2 \left(d \ln(x) - \frac{c}{x} \right) + 4abd \left(-\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{2dx} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}} \right) - \frac{a^2}{x}$	63
derivativedivides	$2d \left(-\frac{ab\sqrt{dx+c} + \frac{b^2c}{2} + \frac{a^2}{2}}{dx} + b \left(\frac{b \ln(-dx)}{2} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)$	64

input

```
int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
b^2*(d*ln(x)-1/x*c)+4*a*b*d*(-1/2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/d/x-1/2/c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))-a^2/x
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{b^2 c dx \log(x) + ab\sqrt{c} dx \log\left(\frac{dx - 2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x}\right) - b^2 c^2 - 2\sqrt{dx+c} abc - a^2 c}{cx}, \frac{b^2 c dx \log(x) + 2ab\sqrt{-cd}}{cx} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(b^2*c*d*x*log(x) + a*b*sqrt(c)*d*x*log((d*x - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x) - b^2*c^2 - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b*c - a^2*c)/(c*x), (b^2*c*d*x*log(x) + 2*a*b*sqrt(-c)*d*x*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x + c)) - b^2*c^2 - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b*c - a^2*c)/(c*x)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 25.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{2ab\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{c}{dx} + 1}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2abd \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{b^2 c}{x} + b^2 d \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2/x**2,x)`

output `-a**2/x - 2*a*b*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c/(d*x) + 1)/sqrt(x) - 2*a*b*d*asinh(sqrt(c)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(x)))/sqrt(c) - b**2*c/x + b**2*d*log(x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left(b^2 \log(dx) + \frac{ab \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{dx+c}+\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} - \frac{b^2c + 2\sqrt{dx+c}ab + a^2}{dx} \right) d$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b^2*log(d*x) + a*b*log((sqrt(d*x + c) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(c)))/sqrt(c) - (b^2*c + 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b + a^2)/(d*x))*d`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left(b^2 \log(dx) + \frac{2ab \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c}} - \frac{b^2c + 2\sqrt{dx+c}ab + a^2}{dx} \right) d$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(b^2*log(d*x) + 2*a*b*arctan(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c))/sqrt(-c) - (b^2*c + 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b + a^2)/(d*x))*d`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^2} dx = bd \ln \left(2bd \left(b + \frac{a}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{c + dx} - 2b^2 d \sqrt{c + dx} - 2abd \right) \left(b + \frac{a}{\sqrt{c}} \right) - \frac{a^2 d + b^2 cd + 2abd \sqrt{c + dx}}{dx} + bd \ln \left(2bd \left(b - \frac{a}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \sqrt{c + dx} - 2b^2 d \sqrt{c + dx} - 2abd \right) \left(b - \frac{a}{\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2/x^2,x)`output `b*d*log(2*b*d*(b + a/c^(1/2))*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - 2*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - 2*a*b*d)*(b + a/c^(1/2)) - (a^2*d + b^2*c*d + 2*a*b*d*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/(d*x) + b*d*log(2*b*d*(b - a/c^(1/2))*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - 2*b^2*d*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - 2*a*b*d)*(b - a/c^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx + c} abc + \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} - \sqrt{c}) abdx - \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} + \sqrt{c}) abdx + \log(x) b^2 c dx - a^2 c - b^2 c^2}{cx}$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^2,x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*c + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a*b*d*x - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a*b*d*x + log(x)*b**2*c*d*x - a**2*c - b**2*c**2)/(c*x)`

3.110 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1072
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1072
Rubi [A] (verified)	1073
Maple [A] (verified)	1075
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1076
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1076
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1077
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1077
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1078
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1078

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bd(bc + a\sqrt{c + dx})}{2cx} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{2x^2} + \frac{abd^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*d*(b*c+a*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/c/x-1/2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^2+1/2*a*b*d
^2*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2c + ab\sqrt{c + dx}(2c + dx) + b^2c(c + 2dx)}{2cx^2} + \frac{abd^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2/x^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/2*(a^2*c + a*b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(2*c + d*x) + b^2*c*(c + 2*d*x))/(c*x^2) + (a*b*d^2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c]])/(2*c^(3/2))$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 531, 27, 454, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & d^2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{d^3 x^3} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -d^2 \int -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{d^3 x^3} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\ & -2d^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c + dx}(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{d^3 x^3} d\sqrt{c + dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{531} \\ & -2d^2 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{2bc(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{d^2 x^2} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{4c} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{4d^2 x^2} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & -2d^2 \left(\frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{4d^2 x^2} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2 x^2} d\sqrt{c + dx} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{454} \end{aligned}$$

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{4d^2x^2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{a \int -\frac{1}{dx} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{2c} - \frac{a\sqrt{c + dx} + bc}{2cdx} \right) \right)$$

↓ 219

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{4d^2x^2} - \frac{1}{2}b \left(\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2c^{3/2}} - \frac{a\sqrt{c + dx} + bc}{2cdx} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2/x^3,x]`

output `-2*d^2*((a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2/(4*d^2*x^2) - (b*(-1/2*(b*c + a*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(c*d*x) + (a*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]])/(2*c^(3/2))))/2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 454 `Int[((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a*d - b*c*x)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x] + Simp[c*((2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[p, -3/2]`

```
rule 531 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol]
  :=> With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], e = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 0], f = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[x^m, a + b*x^2, x], x, 1]}, Simp[(c + d*x)^n*(a*f - b*e*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*b*(p + 1)*(c + d*x)*Qx - a*d*f*n + b*c*e*(2*p + 3) + b*d*e*(n + 2*p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

```
rule 896 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=> With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 1732 Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
  :=> With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$2d^2 \left(-\frac{ab(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c} + \frac{b^2(dx+c)}{2} + \frac{ab\sqrt{dx+c}}{4} - \frac{b^2c}{4} + \frac{a^2}{4} + \frac{ab \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$	81
default	$b^2 \left(-\frac{c}{2x^2} - \frac{d}{x} \right) + 4ab d^2 \left(-\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{8} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8c^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{a^2}{2x^2}$	82

```
input int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*d^2*(-(1/4*a*b/c*(d*x+c)^(3/2)+1/2*b^2*(d*x+c)+1/4*a*b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/4*b^2*c+1/4*a^2)/d^2/x^2+1/4*a*b/c^(3/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))
```


Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{ab\sqrt{cd^2x^2} \log\left(\frac{dx+2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x}\right) - 4b^2c^2dx - 2b^2c^3 - 2a^2c^2 - 2(abcdx + 2abc^2)\sqrt{dx+c}}{4c^2x^2}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{ab\sqrt{-cd^2x^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c}}{\sqrt{dx+c}}\right) + 2b^2c^2dx + b^2c^3 + a^2c^2 + (abcdx + 2abc^2)\sqrt{dx+c}}{2c^2x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/4*(a*b*sqrt(c)*d^2*x^2*log((d*x + 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x) - 4*b^2*c^2*d*x - 2*b^2*c^3 - 2*a^2*c^2 - 2*(a*b*c*d*x + 2*a*b*c^2)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(c^2*x^2), -1/2*(a*b*sqrt(-c)*d^2*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x + c)) + 2*b^2*c^2*d*x + b^2*c^3 + a^2*c^2 + (a*b*c*d*x + 2*a*b*c^2)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(c^2*x^2)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 97.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{abc}{\sqrt{dx}^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{c}{dx} + 1}} - \frac{3ab\sqrt{d}}{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{c}{dx} + 1}}$$

$$- \frac{abd^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2c\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{c}{dx} + 1}} + \frac{abd^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{2c^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b^2c}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2d}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2/x**3,x)`

output

```
-a**2/(2*x**2) - a*b*c/(sqrt(d)*x**(5/2)*sqrt(c/(d*x) + 1)) - 3*a*b*sqrt(d)
)/(2*x**(3/2)*sqrt(c/(d*x) + 1)) - a*b*d**(3/2)/(2*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(c/(d*x)
+ 1)) + a*b*d**2*asinh(sqrt(c)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(x)))/(2*c**(3/2)) - b**2*c/(2
*x**2) - b**2*d/x
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{ab \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{dx+c}+\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2\left(2(dx+c)b^2c - b^2c^2 + (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}ab + \sqrt{dx+c}cab + a^2c\right)}{(dx+c)^2c - 2(dx+c)c^2 + c^3} \right) d^2$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/4*(a*b*log((sqrt(d*x + c) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(c)))/c^(3/2)
+ 2*(2*(d*x + c)*b^2*c - b^2*c^2 + (d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b + sqrt(d*x + c)*a*
b*c + a^2*c)/((d*x + c)^2*c - 2*(d*x + c)*c^2 + c^3))*d^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{abd^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right) + \frac{2(dx+c)b^2cd^3 - b^2c^2d^3 + (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}abd^3 + \sqrt{dx+c}abcd^3 + a^2cd^3}{cd^2x^2}}{2d}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*b*d^3*arctan(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c))/(sqrt(-c)*c) + (2*(d*x + c)*
^2*c*d^3 - b^2*c^2*d^3 + (d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b*d^3 + sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b*c*d^3
+ a^2*c*d^3)/(c*d^2*x^2))/d
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{ab d^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2 c}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2 d}{x} - \frac{ab\sqrt{c+dx}}{2x^2} - \frac{ab(c+dx)^{3/2}}{2cx^2} - \frac{a^2}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2/x^3,x)`output `(a*b*d^2*atanh((c + d*x)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(3/2)) - (b^2*c)/(2*x^2) - (b^2*d)/x - (a*b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/(2*x^2) - (a*b*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(2*c*x^2) - a^2/(2*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{dx + c} ab c^2 - 2\sqrt{dx + c} abcdx - \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} - \sqrt{c}) ab d^2 x^2 + \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} + \sqrt{c}) ab d^2 x^2}{4c^2 x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2/x^3,x)`output `(- 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*c**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*c*d*x - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a*b*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a*b*d**2*x**2 - 2*a**2*c**2 - 2*b**2*c**3 - 4*b**2*c**2*d*x)/(4*c**2*x**2)`

3.111 $\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	1079
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1080
Rubi [A] (verified)	1080
Maple [A] (verified)	1082
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1083
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1083
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1084
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1084
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1085
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1086

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 230

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = -\frac{a(a^4 - 3a^2b^2c + 3b^4c^2)x}{b^6d^3} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2c)^3\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^7d^4} + \frac{2(a^4 - 3a^2b^2c + 3b^4c^2)(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3b^5d^4} - \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2c)(c+dx)^2}{2b^4d^4} + \frac{2(a^2 - 3b^2c)(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5b^3d^4} - \frac{a(c+dx)^3}{3b^2d^4} + \frac{2(c+dx)^{7/2}}{7bd^4} - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2c)^3 \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^8d^4}$$

output

```
-a*(3*b^4*c^2-3*a^2*b^2*c+a^4)*x/b^6/d^3+2*(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^7/d^4+2/3*(3*b^4*c^2-3*a^2*b^2*c+a^4)*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/b^5/d^4-1/2*a*(-3*b^2*c+a^2)*(d*x+c)^2/b^4/d^4+2/5*(-3*b^2*c+a^2)*(d*x+c)^(5/2)/b^3/d^4-1/3*a*(d*x+c)^3/b^2/d^4+2/7*(d*x+c)^(7/2)/b/d^4-2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^8/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{b(420a^6\sqrt{c + dx} - 140a^4b^2(8c - dx)\sqrt{c + dx} - 210a^5b(c + dx) + 105a^3b^3(5c^2 + 4cdx - d^2x^2) + 84a^2b^4}{210b^8d^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]),x]`

output `(b*(420*a^6*Sqrt[c + d*x] - 140*a^4*b^2*(8*c - d*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x] - 210*a^5*b*(c + d*x) + 105*a^3*b^3*(5*c^2 + 4*c*d*x - d^2*x^2) + 84*a^2*b^4*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(11*c^2 - 3*c*d*x + d^2*x^2) - 35*a*b^5*(11*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x - 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 2*d^3*x^3) + 12*b^6*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(-16*c^3 + 8*c^2*d*x - 6*c*d^2*x^2 + 5*d^3*x^3)) - 420*a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^3*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(210*b^8*d^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\int \frac{\frac{d^3x^3}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}d(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-\int \frac{\frac{d^3x^3}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}d(c+dx)}{d^4}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1732 \\
 2 \int \frac{-\frac{d^3 x^3 \sqrt{c+dx}}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
 \downarrow 522 \\
 2 \int \left(\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^3}{b^7(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{(b^2c-a^2)^3}{b^7} - \frac{(c+dx)^3}{b} + \frac{a(c+dx)^{5/2}}{b^2} + \frac{(3b^2c-a^2)(c+dx)^2}{b^3} + \frac{a(a^2-3b^2c)(c+dx)^{3/2}}{b^4} - \frac{(a^4-3b^2ca^2+3b^4c^2)}{b^5} \right) \frac{dx}{d^4} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 2 \left(\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^3 \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^8} - \frac{(a^2-b^2c)^3 \sqrt{c+dx}}{b^7} + \frac{a(a^2-3b^2c)(c+dx)^2}{4b^4} - \frac{(a^2-3b^2c)(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5b^3} + \frac{a(a^4-3a^2b^2c+3b^4c^2)(c+dx)}{2b^6} \right) \frac{dx}{d^4}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned}
 & (-2*((((a^2 - b^2*c)^3*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])/b^7) + (a*(a^4 - 3*a^2*b^2*c + 3*b^4*c^2)*(c + d*x))/(2*b^6) - ((a^4 - 3*a^2*b^2*c + 3*b^4*c^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^5) + (a*(a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(c + d*x)^2)/(4*b^4) - ((a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(c + d*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^3) + (a*(c + d*x)^3)/(6*b^2) - (c + d*x)^(7/2)/(7*b) + (a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^3*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]])/b^8))/d^4
 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

```
rule 896 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 1732 Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^6}{7} - \frac{a(dx+c)^3 b^5}{6} - \frac{3b^6 c(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{a^2 b^4 (dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{3a b^5 c(dx+c)^2}{4} + b^6 c^2 (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a^3 b^3 (dx+c)^2}{4} - a^2 b^4 c(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3}{4} \right)}{b^7}$
default	$\frac{2 \left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^6}{7} - \frac{a(dx+c)^3 b^5}{6} - \frac{3b^6 c(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{a^2 b^4 (dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{3a b^5 c(dx+c)^2}{4} + b^6 c^2 (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{a^3 b^3 (dx+c)^2}{4} - a^2 b^4 c(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3}{4} \right)}{b^7}$

```
input int(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d^4*(1/b^7*(1/7*(d*x+c)^(7/2)*b^6-1/6*a*(d*x+c)^3*b^5-3/5*b^6*c*(d*x+c)^(5/2)+1/5*a^2*b^4*(d*x+c)^(5/2)+3/4*a*b^5*c*(d*x+c)^2+b^6*c^2*(d*x+c)^(3/2))-1/4*a^3*b^3*(d*x+c)^2-a^2*b^4*c*(d*x+c)^(3/2)-3/2*a*b^5*c^2*(d*x+c)-b^6*c^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+1/3*a^4*b^2*(d*x+c)^(3/2)+3/2*a^3*b^3*c*(d*x+c)+3*a^2*b^4*c^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/2*a^5*b*(d*x+c)-3*a^4*b^2*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+a^6*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-a*(-b^6*c^3+3*a^2*b^4*c^2-3*a^4*b^2*c+a^6)/b^8*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{70 ab^6 d^3 x^3 - 105 (ab^6 c - a^3 b^4) d^2 x^2 + 210 (ab^6 c^2 - 2 a^3 b^4 c + a^5 b^2) dx - 420 (ab^6 c^3 - 3 a^3 b^4 c^2 + 3 a^5 b^2 c - a^7) \log(\sqrt{d x + c}) b + a - 4 (15 b^7 d^3 x^3 - 48 b^7 c^3 + 231 a^2 b^5 c^2 - 280 a^4 b^3 c + 105 a^6 b - 3 (6 b^7 c - 7 a^2 b^5) d^2 x^2 + (24 b^7 c^2 - 63 a^2 b^5 c + 35 a^4 b^3) d x) \sqrt{d x + c}}{b^8 d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/210*(70*a*b^6*d^3*x^3 - 105*(a*b^6*c - a^3*b^4)*d^2*x^2 + 210*(a*b^6*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^4*c + a^5*b^2)*d*x - 420*(a*b^6*c^3 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*c - a^7)*log(sqrt(d*x + c))*b + a - 4*(15*b^7*d^3*x^3 - 48*b^7*c^3 + 231*a^2*b^5*c^2 - 280*a^4*b^3*c + 105*a^6*b - 3*(6*b^7*c - 7*a^2*b^5)*d^2*x^2 + (24*b^7*c^2 - 63*a^2*b^5*c + 35*a^4*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^8*d^4)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 252, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{\begin{cases} a(a^2 - b^2 c)^3 \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ -\frac{a(c+dx)^3}{6b^2} \end{cases}}{d^4} + \frac{(c+dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b} + \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2 c)(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b^3} + \frac{(-a^3 + 3ab^2 c)(c+dx)^2}{4b^4} + \frac{(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a^4 - 3ab^2 c)}{3b^5} + \frac{x^4}{4(a+b\sqrt{c})}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2)),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-a*(c + d*x)**3/(6*b**2) - a*(a**2 - b**2*c)**3*Piecewise((s
qrt(c + d*x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/b, True))/b**7 + (c +
d*x)**(7/2)/(7*b) + (a**2 - 3*b**2*c)*(c + d*x)**(5/2)/(5*b**3) + (-a**3
+ 3*a*b**2*c)*(c + d*x)**2/(4*b**4) + (c + d*x)**(3/2)*(a**4 - 3*a**2*b**2
*c + 3*b**4*c**2)/(3*b**5) + (c + d*x)*(-a**5 + 3*a**3*b**2*c - 3*a*b**4*c
**2)/(2*b**6) + sqrt(c + d*x)*(a**6 - 3*a**4*b**2*c + 3*a**2*b**4*c**2 - b
**6*c**3)/b**7)/d**4, Ne(d, 0)), (x**4/(4*(a + b*sqrt(c))), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{60(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}b^6 - 70(dx+c)^3ab^5 - 84(3b^6c - a^2b^4)(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 105(3ab^5c - a^3b^3)(dx+c)^2 + 140(3b^6c^2 - 3a^2b^4c + a^4b^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 210(3ab^5c^2 - 3a^3b^3c + a^5b)(dx+c) - 420(b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6)*\sqrt{dx+c}}{b^7} - \frac{210d^4 \log(\sqrt{dx+c}*b+a)}{b^8d^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/210*((60*(d*x + c)^(7/2)*b^6 - 70*(d*x + c)^3*a*b^5 - 84*(3*b^6*c - a^2*
b^4)*(d*x + c)^(5/2) + 105*(3*a*b^5*c - a^3*b^3)*(d*x + c)^2 + 140*(3*b^6*
c^2 - 3*a^2*b^4*c + a^4*b^2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2) - 210*(3*a*b^5*c^2 - 3*a^3*b^
3*c + a^5*b)*(d*x + c) - 420*(b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c - a^6)
*sqrt(d*x + c))/b^7 + 420*(a*b^6*c^3 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*c - a^7)*
log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^8)/d^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{2(ab^6c^3 - 3a^3b^4c^2 + 3a^5b^2c - a^7) \log(|\sqrt{dx+cb} + a|)}{b^8d^4} + \frac{60(dx+c)^{\frac{7}{2}}b^6d^{24} - 252(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^6cd^{24} + 420(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^6c^2d^{24} - 420\sqrt{dx+cb}b^6c^3d^{24} - 70(dx+c)^3}{b^8d^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2*(a*b^6*c^3 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*c - a^7)*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b
+ a))/(b^8*d^4) + 1/210*(60*(d*x + c)^(7/2)*b^6*d^24 - 252*(d*x + c)^(5/2)
*b^6*c*d^24 + 420*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b^6*c^2*d^24 - 420*sqrt(d*x + c)*b^6*c^3
*d^24 - 70*(d*x + c)^3*a*b^5*d^24 + 315*(d*x + c)^2*a*b^5*c*d^24 - 630*(d*
x + c)*a*b^5*c^2*d^24 + 84*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*a^2*b^4*d^24 - 420*(d*x + c)^(3
/2)*a^2*b^4*c*d^24 + 1260*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^24 - 105*(d*x + c)^2
*a^3*b^3*d^24 + 630*(d*x + c)*a^3*b^3*c*d^24 + 140*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a^4*b^2
*d^24 - 1260*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^4*b^2*c*d^24 - 210*(d*x + c)*a^5*b*d^24 + 420
*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^6*d^24)/(b^7*d^28)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx &= \frac{2(c + dx)^{7/2}}{7bd^4} - \left(\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{6c}{bd^4} - \frac{2a^2}{b^3d^4} \right) - \frac{6c^2}{bd^4}}{b^2} + \frac{2c^3}{bd^4} \right) \sqrt{c + dx} \\
 &\quad - \left(\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{6c}{bd^4} - \frac{2a^2}{b^3d^4} \right) - \frac{2c^2}{bd^4}}{3b^2} - \frac{2c^2}{bd^4} \right) (c + dx)^{3/2} \\
 &\quad - \left(\frac{6c}{5bd^4} - \frac{2a^2}{5b^3d^4} \right) (c + dx)^{5/2} \\
 &\quad + \frac{a \left(\frac{6c}{bd^4} - \frac{2a^2}{b^3d^4} \right) (c + dx)^2}{4b} - \frac{a(c + dx)^3}{3b^2d^4} \\
 &\quad - \frac{\ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) (2a^7 - 6a^5b^2c + 6a^3b^4c^2 - 2ab^6c^3)}{b^8d^4} \\
 &\quad + \frac{adx \left(\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{6c}{bd^4} - \frac{2a^2}{b^3d^4} \right) - \frac{6c^2}{bd^4}}{b^2} \right)}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^3/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*(c + d*x)^{(7/2)})/(7*b*d^4) - ((a^2*((a^2*((6*c)/(b*d^4) - (2*a^2)/(b^3*d^4))))/b^2 - (6*c^2)/(b*d^4))/b^2 + (2*c^3)/(b*d^4))*(c + d*x)^{(1/2)} - ((a^2*((6*c)/(b*d^4) - (2*a^2)/(b^3*d^4)))/(3*b^2) - (2*c^2)/(b*d^4))*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)} - ((6*c)/(5*b*d^4) - (2*a^2)/(5*b^3*d^4))*(c + d*x)^{(5/2)} + (a*((6*c)/(b*d^4) - (2*a^2)/(b^3*d^4))*(c + d*x)^2)/(4*b) - (a*(c + d*x)^3)/(3*b^2*d^4) - (\log(a + b*(c + d*x)^{(1/2)})*(2*a^7 - 6*a^5*b^2*c - 2*a*b^6*c^3 + 6*a^3*b^4*c^2))/(b^8*d^4) + (a*d*x*((a^2*((6*c)/(b*d^4) - (2*a^2)/(b^3*d^4))))/b^2 - (6*c^2)/(b*d^4))/(2*b) \end{aligned}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{420\sqrt{dx + c}a^6b - 1120\sqrt{dx + c}a^4b^3c + 140\sqrt{dx + c}a^4b^3dx + 924\sqrt{dx + c}a^2b^5c^2 - 252\sqrt{dx + c}a^2b^5cda}{\dots}$$

input

`int(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (420*\sqrt{c + d*x}*a**6*b - 1120*\sqrt{c + d*x}*a**4*b**3*c + 140*\sqrt{c + d*x}*a**4*b**3*d*x + 924*\sqrt{c + d*x}*a**2*b**5*c**2 - 252*\sqrt{c + d*x}*a**2*b**5*c*d*x + 84*\sqrt{c + d*x}*a**2*b**5*d**2*x**2 - 192*\sqrt{c + d*x}*b**7*c**3 + 96*\sqrt{c + d*x}*b**7*c**2*d*x - 72*\sqrt{c + d*x}*b**7*c*d**2*x**2 + 60*\sqrt{c + d*x}*b**7*d**3*x**3 - 420*\log(\sqrt{c + d*x}*b + a)*a**7 + 1260*\log(\sqrt{c + d*x}*b + a)*a**5*b**2*c - 1260*\log(\sqrt{c + d*x}*b + a)*a**3*b**4*c**2 + 420*\log(\sqrt{c + d*x}*b + a)*a*b**6*c**3 - 210*a**5*b**2*c - 210*a**5*b**2*d*x + 525*a**3*b**4*c**2 + 420*a**3*b**4*c*d*x - 105*a**3*b**4*d**2*x**2 - 385*a*b**6*c**3 - 210*a*b**6*c**2*d*x + 105*a*b**6*c*d**2*x**2 - 70*a*b**6*d**3*x**3)/(210*b**8*d**4) \end{aligned}$$

3.112 $\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	1087
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1087
Rubi [A] (verified)	1088
Maple [A] (verified)	1089
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1090
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1091
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1091
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1092
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1092
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1093

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = -\frac{a(a^2-2b^2c)x}{b^4d^2} + \frac{2(a^2-b^2c)^2\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^5d^3} + \frac{2(a^2-2b^2c)(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3b^3d^3} - \frac{a(c+dx)^2}{2b^2d^3} + \frac{2(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5bd^3} - \frac{2a(a^2-b^2c)^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^6d^3}$$

output

```
-a*(-2*b^2*c+a^2)*x/b^4/d^2+2*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^5/d^3+2/3*(-2
*b^2*c+a^2)*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/b^3/d^3-1/2*a*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d^3+2/5*(d*x+c)^(5/2
)/b/d^3-2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^6/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{b(60a^4\sqrt{c+dx} - 20a^2b^2(5c-dx)\sqrt{c+dx} - 30a^3b(c+dx) + 15ab^3(3c^2+2cdx-d^2x^2) + 4b^4\sqrt{c+dx})}{30b^6d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]),x]
```

output

```
(b*(60*a^4*Sqrt[c + d*x] - 20*a^2*b^2*(5*c - d*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x] - 30*a^3*b
*(c + d*x) + 15*a*b^3*(3*c^2 + 2*c*d*x - d^2*x^2) + 4*b^4*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(8
*c^2 - 4*c*d*x + 3*d^2*x^2)) - 60*a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x
]])/(30*b^6*d^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{d^2 x^2}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1732}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{d^2 x^2 \sqrt{c + dx}}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{522}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{a(a^2 - b^2 c)^2}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} + \frac{(b^2 c - a^2)^2}{b^5} + \frac{(c + dx)^2}{b} - \frac{a(c + dx)^{3/2}}{b^2} - \frac{(2b^2 c - a^2)(c + dx)}{b^3} - \frac{a(a^2 - 2b^2 c)\sqrt{c + dx}}{b^4} \right) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{a(a^2 - b^2 c)^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^6} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2 c)^2 \sqrt{c + dx}}{b^5} - \frac{a(a^2 - 2b^2 c)(c + dx)}{2b^4} + \frac{(a^2 - 2b^2 c)(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3b^3} - \frac{a(c + dx)^2}{4b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5b} \right)}{d^3}$$

input

```
Int[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]),x]
```

output

```
(2*(((a^2 - b^2*c)^2*sqrt[c + d*x])/b^5 - (a*(a^2 - 2*b^2*c)*(c + d*x))/(2
*b^4) + ((a^2 - 2*b^2*c)*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^3) - (a*(c + d*x)^2)/(4*b^2
) + (c + d*x)^(5/2)/(5*b) - (a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*Log[a + b*sqrt[c + d*x]])/b
^6))/d^3
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_
), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 896

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Simp
lifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1732

```
Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symb
ol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*
n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}
, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4}{5} - \frac{a(dx+c)^2 b^3}{4} - \frac{2b^4 c(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{a^2 b^2 (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + a b^3 c(dx+c) + b^4 c^2 \sqrt{dx+c} - \frac{a^3 b(dx+c)}{2} - 2a^2 b^2 c \sqrt{dx+c} + a^4 \sqrt{dx+c} \right)}{b^5 d^3}$
default	$\frac{2 \left(\frac{(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4}{5} - \frac{a(dx+c)^2 b^3}{4} - \frac{2b^4 c(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{a^2 b^2 (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + a b^3 c(dx+c) + b^4 c^2 \sqrt{dx+c} - \frac{a^3 b(dx+c)}{2} - 2a^2 b^2 c \sqrt{dx+c} + a^4 \sqrt{dx+c} \right)}{b^5 d^3}$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2/d^3*(1/b^5*(1/5*(d*x+c)^{(5/2)}*b^4-1/4*a*(d*x+c)^2*b^3-2/3*b^4*c*(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}+1/3*a^2*b^2*(d*x+c)^{(3/2)}+a*b^3*c*(d*x+c)+b^4*c^2*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}-1/2*a^3*b*(d*x+c)-2*a^2*b^2*c*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}+a^4*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})-a*(b^4*c^2-2*a^2*b^2*c+a^4)/b^6*\ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})}{30 b^6 d^3}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{15 ab^4 d^2 x^2 - 30 (ab^4 c - a^3 b^2) dx + 60 (ab^4 c^2 - 2 a^3 b^2 c + a^5) \log(\sqrt{dx + c} + a) - 4 (3 b^5 d^2 x^2 + 8 b^5 c^2)}{30 b^6 d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$-1/30*(15*a*b^4*d^2*x^2 - 30*(a*b^4*c - a^3*b^2)*d*x + 60*(a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^5)*\log(\sqrt{d*x + c}*b + a) - 4*(3*b^5*d^2*x^2 + 8*b^5*c^2 - 25*a^2*b^3*c + 15*a^4*b - (4*b^5*c - 5*a^2*b^3)*d*x)*\sqrt{d*x + c})/(b^6*d^3)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{x^3}{3(a+b\sqrt{c})} \\ \frac{2 \left(-\frac{a(c+dx)^2}{4b^2} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a} \text{ for } b=0 \\ \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b} \text{ otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{b^5} + \frac{(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b} + \frac{(a^2-2b^2c)(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^3} + \frac{(-a^3+2ab^2c)(c+dx)}{2b^4} + \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(a^4-2a^2b^2c+b^4)}{b^5} \right)}{d^3} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2)),x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-a*(c + d*x)**2/(4*b**2) - a*(a**2 - b**2*c)**2*Piecewise((sqrt(c + d*x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/b, True))/b**5 + (c + d*x)**(5/2)/(5*b) + (a**2 - 2*b**2*c)*(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(3*b**3) + (-a**3 + 2*a*b**2*c)*(c + d*x)/(2*b**4) + sqrt(c + d*x)*(a**4 - 2*a**2*b**2*c + b**4*c**2)/b**5)/d**3, Ne(d, 0)), (x**3/(3*(a + b*sqrt(c))), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{12(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4 - 15(dx+c)^2ab^3 - 20(2b^4c - a^2b^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 30(2ab^3c - a^3b)(dx+c) + 60(b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4)\sqrt{dx+c}}{30d^3} - \frac{60(ab^4c^2 - 2a^3b^2c + a^5)}{b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/30*((12*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^4 - 15*(d*x + c)^2*a*b^3 - 20*(2*b^4*c - a^2*b^2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2) + 30*(2*a*b^3*c - a^3*b)*(d*x + c) + 60*(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)*sqrt(d*x + c))/b^5 - 60*(a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^5)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^6/d^3
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx =$$

$$\frac{60(ab^4c^2 - 2a^3b^2c + a^5) \log(|\sqrt{dx+cb}+a|)}{b^6d} - \frac{12(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4d^4 - 40(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4cd^4 + 60\sqrt{dx+cb^4c^2d^4} - 15(dx+c)^2ab^3d^4 + 60(dx+c)ab^3cd^4}{30d^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/30*(60*(a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^5)*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^6*d) - (12*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*b^4*d^4 - 40*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b^4*c*d^4 + 60*sqrt(d*x + c)*b^4*c^2*d^4 - 15*(d*x + c)^2*a*b^3*d^4 + 60*(d*x + c)*a*b^3*c*d^4 + 20*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*d^4 - 120*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^2*b^2*c*d^4 - 30*(d*x + c)*a^3*b*d^4 + 60*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^4*d^4)/(b^5*d^5)/d^2
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5bd^3} - \left(\frac{a^2 \left(\frac{4c}{bd^3} - \frac{2a^2}{b^3d^3} \right)}{b^2} - \frac{2c^2}{bd^3} \right) \sqrt{c + dx} - \left(\frac{4c}{3bd^3} - \frac{2a^2}{3b^3d^3} \right) (c + dx)^{3/2} - \frac{\ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) (2a^5 - 4a^3b^2c + 2ab^4c^2)}{b^6d^3} - \frac{a(c + dx)^2}{2b^2d^3} + \frac{adx \left(\frac{4c}{bd^3} - \frac{2a^2}{b^3d^3} \right)}{2b}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output
$$\frac{(2*(c + d*x)^{(5/2)})/(5*b*d^3) - ((a^2*((4*c)/(b*d^3) - (2*a^2)/(b^3*d^3)))/b^2 - (2*c^2)/(b*d^3))*(c + d*x)^{(1/2)} - ((4*c)/(3*b*d^3) - (2*a^2)/(3*b^3*d^3))*(c + d*x)^{(3/2)} - (\log(a + b*(c + d*x)^{(1/2)})*(2*a^5 - 4*a^3*b^2*c + 2*a*b^4*c^2))/(b^6*d^3) - (a*(c + d*x)^2)/(2*b^2*d^3) + (a*d*x*((4*c)/(b*d^3) - (2*a^2)/(b^3*d^3)))/(2*b)}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{60\sqrt{dx + c}a^4b - 100\sqrt{dx + c}a^2b^3c + 20\sqrt{dx + c}a^2b^3dx + 32\sqrt{dx + c}b^5c^2 - 16\sqrt{dx + c}b^5cdx + 12\sqrt{dx + c}b^5cd^2x}{(30b^6d^3)}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x)`

output
$$\frac{(60*\sqrt{c + d*x})*a^{**4}*b - 100*\sqrt{c + d*x})*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*c + 20*\sqrt{c + d*x})*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*d*x + 32*\sqrt{c + d*x})*b^{**5}*c^{**2} - 16*\sqrt{c + d*x})*b^{**5}*c*d*x + 12*\sqrt{c + d*x})*b^{**5}*d^{**2}*x^{**2} - 60*\log(\sqrt{c + d*x})*b + a)*a^{**5} + 120*\log(\sqrt{c + d*x})*b + a)*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*c - 60*\log(\sqrt{c + d*x})*b + a)*a*b^{**4}*c^{**2} - 30*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*c - 30*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*d*x + 45*a*b^{**4}*c^{**2} + 30*a*b^{**4}*c*d*x - 15*a*b^{**4}*d^{**2}*x^{**2})/(30*b^{**6}*d^{**3})}$$

3.113 $\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	1094
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1094
Rubi [A] (verified)	1095
Maple [A] (verified)	1096
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1097
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1097
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1098
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1098
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1099
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1099

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = -\frac{ax}{b^2d} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^3d^2} + \frac{2(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3bd^2} - \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2c)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^4d^2}$$

output

```
-a*x/b^2/d+2*(-b^2*c+a^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^3/d^2+2/3*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/b/d^2-2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^4/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{b(6a^2\sqrt{c+dx} + 2b^2(-2c+dx)\sqrt{c+dx} - 3ab(c+dx)) - 6(a^3 - ab^2c)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{3b^4d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]),x]
```

output

$$(b*(6*a^2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x] + 2*b^2*(-2*c + d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x] - 3*a*b*(c + d*x)) - 6*(a^3 - a*b^2*c)*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]])/(3*b^4*d^2)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 896 \\ & \int \frac{dx}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} \frac{d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 25 \\ & - \int \frac{dx}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} \frac{d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1732 \\ & - \frac{2 \int - \frac{dx\sqrt{c + dx}}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 522 \\ & - \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{c + dx}a}{b^2} + \frac{b^2c - a^2}{b^3} - \frac{c + dx}{b} + \frac{a^3 - ab^2c}{b^3(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} \right) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & - \frac{2 \left(\frac{a(a^2 - b^2c) \log(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^4} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2c)\sqrt{c + dx}}{b^3} + \frac{a(c + dx)}{2b^2} - \frac{(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3b} \right)}{d^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x/(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]), x]$$

output $(-2*(-((a^2 - b^2*c)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])/b^3) + (a*(c + d*x))/(2*b^2) - (c + d*x)^{(3/2)}/(3*b) + (a*(a^2 - b^2*c)*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]])/b^4)/d^2$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 522 $\text{Int}[(e_*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}\{p, 0\}$

rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(v_)^{(n_)}]^{(p_)}*(x_)^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m+1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; \text{NeQ}\{c, 0\} /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1732 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)}]^{(p_)}*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)}]^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{g = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[g \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(g-1)}*(d + e*x^{(g*n)})^q*(a + c*x^{(2*g*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/g)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, c, d, e, p, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\left(\frac{b^2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{a(dx+c)b}{2} - b^2c\sqrt{dx+c} + a^2\sqrt{dx+c}\right)}{b^3} \frac{1}{d^2} - \frac{2a(-b^2c+a^2)\ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^4}$	85
default	$\frac{2\left(\frac{b^2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{a(dx+c)b}{2} - b^2c\sqrt{dx+c} + a^2\sqrt{dx+c}\right)}{b^3} \frac{1}{d^2} - \frac{2a(-b^2c+a^2)\ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^4}$	85

input `int(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{2}{d^2} \left(\frac{1}{b^3} \left(\frac{1}{3} b^2 (d*x+c)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2} a (d*x+c) b - b^2 c (d*x+c)^{1/2} + a^2 (d*x+c)^{1/2} \right) - a (-b^2 c + a^2) / b^4 \ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^{1/2}) \right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3ab^2dx - 6(ab^2c - a^3) \log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) - 2(b^3dx - 2b^3c + 3a^2b)\sqrt{dx + c}}{3b^4d^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/3*(3*a*b^2*d*x - 6*(a*b^2*c - a^3)*\log(\sqrt{d*x + c}*b + a) - 2*(b^3*d*x - 2*b^3*c + 3*a^2*b)*\sqrt{d*x + c})}{b^4*d^2}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(-\frac{a(c+dx)}{2b^2} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2c)}{b^3} \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3b} + \frac{(a^2-b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^3} \right)}{d^2} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2(a+b\sqrt{c})} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2)),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-a*(c + d*x)/(2*b**2) - a*(a**2 - b**2*c)*Piecewise((sqrt(c
+ d*x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/b, True))/b**3 + (c + d*x)*
*(3/2)/(3*b) + (a**2 - b**2*c)*sqrt(c + d*x)/b**3)/d**2, Ne(d, 0)), (x**2/
(2*(a + b*sqrt(c))), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{\frac{2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2 - 3(dx+c)ab - 6(b^2c - a^2)\sqrt{dx+c}}{b^3} + \frac{6(ab^2c - a^3)\log(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})}{b^4}}{3d^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/3*((2*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*b^2 - 3*(d*x + c)*a*b - 6*(b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(d*x +
c))/b^3 + 6*(a*b^2*c - a^3)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^4)/d^2
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{\frac{6(ab^2c - a^3)\log(|\sqrt{dx+cb+a}|)}{b^4d} + \frac{2(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2d^2 - 6\sqrt{dx+cb^2}cd^2 - 3(dx+c)abd^2 + 6\sqrt{dx+ca^2}d^2}{b^3d^3}}{3d}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/3*(6*(a*b^2*c - a^3)*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^4*d) + (2*(d*x +
c)^(3/2)*b^2*d^2 - 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*b^2*c*d^2 - 3*(d*x + c)*a*b*d^2 + 6*sqrt
(d*x + c)*a^2*d^2)/(b^3*d^3))/d
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{2(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3bd^2} - \left(\frac{2c}{bd^2} - \frac{2a^2}{b^3d^2} \right) \sqrt{c + dx} - \frac{\ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) (2a^3 - 2ab^2c)}{b^4d^2} - \frac{ax}{b^2d}$$

input `int(x/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `(2*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(3*b*d^2) - ((2*c)/(b*d^2) - (2*a^2)/(b^3*d^2))*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - (log(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))*(2*a^3 - 2*a*b^2*c))/(b^4*d^2) - (a*x)/(b^2*d)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{dx + c}a^2b - 4\sqrt{dx + c}b^3c + 2\sqrt{dx + c}b^3dx - 6\log(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a)a^3 + 6\log(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a)ab^2c}{3b^4d^2}$$

input `int(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x)`output `(6*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b - 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**3*c + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**3*d*x - 6*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**3 + 6*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a*b**2*c - 3*a*b**2*c - 3*a*b**2*d*x)/(3*b**4*d**2)`

3.114 $\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	1100
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1100
Rubi [A] (verified)	1101
Maple [A] (verified)	1102
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1103
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1103
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1103
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1104
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1104
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1104

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c+dx}}{bd} - \frac{2a \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d}$$

output $2*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b/d-2*a*\ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)})/b^2/d$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{c+dx} - 2a \log(bd(a+b\sqrt{c+dx}))}{b^2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(-1), x]`

output $(2*b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x] - 2*a*\text{Log}[b*d*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])])/(b^2*d)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$, Rules used = {239, 774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 \downarrow 239 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow 774 \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{1}{b} - \frac{a}{b(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \right) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{b} - \frac{a \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2} \right)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(-1),x]`

output `(2*(Sqrt[c + d*x]/b - (a*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/b^2))/d`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`
- rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`
- rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}}{b} - \frac{2a \ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^2}$	36
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{dx+c}}{bd} - \frac{a \ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^2d} + \frac{a \ln(b\sqrt{dx+c}-a)}{b^2d} - \frac{a \ln(b^2dx+b^2c-a^2)}{b^2d}$	87

input `int(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*((d*x+c)^(1/2)/b-a/b^2*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = -\frac{2(a \log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) - \sqrt{dx + cb})}{b^2 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2*(a*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - sqrt(d*x + c)*b)/(b^2*d)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge (b = 0 \vee d = 0) \\ \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{c}} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ -\frac{2a \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{c + dx}\right)}{b^2 d} + \frac{2\sqrt{c + dx}}{bd} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2)),x)`output `Piecewise((x/a, Eq(b, 0) & (Eq(b, 0) | Eq(d, 0))), (x/(a + b*sqrt(c)), Eq(d, 0)), (-2*a*log(a/b + sqrt(c + d*x))/(b**2*d) + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)/(b*d), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = -\frac{2\left(\frac{a \log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{b^2} - \frac{\sqrt{dx + c}}{b}\right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-2*(a*\log(\sqrt{d*x + c})*b + a)/b^2 - \sqrt{d*x + c}/b)/d$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = -\frac{2a \log(|\sqrt{dx + cb} + a|)}{b^2 d} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx + c}}{bd}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-2*a*\log(\text{abs}(\sqrt{d*x + c})*b + a)/(b^2*d) + 2*\sqrt{d*x + c}/(b*d)$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = -\frac{2(a \ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) - b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output $-(2*(a*\log(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)) - b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)))/(b^2*d)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{dx + cb} - 2\log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) a}{b^2 d}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x)`

output $(2*\sqrt{c + d*x}*b - \log(\sqrt{c + d*x}*b + a)*a)/(b**2*d)$

3.115 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx$

Optimal result	1106
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1106
Rubi [A] (verified)	1107
Maple [A] (verified)	1109
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1110
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1110
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1111
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1111
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1112
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1112

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a^2 - b^2c} + \frac{a \log(x)}{a^2 - b^2c} - \frac{2a \log(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{a^2 - b^2c}$$

output

```
2*b*c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)+a*ln(x)/(-b^2*c+a^2)-2*a*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + a \log(-dx) - 2a \log(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{a^2 - b^2c}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])),x]
```

output

```
(2*b*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]] + a*Log[-(d*x)] - 2*a*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(a^2 - b^2*c)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 587, 16, 452, 219, 240}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{dx(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int -\frac{1}{dx(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & -2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} d\sqrt{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{587} \\
 & -2 \left(\frac{ab \int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{\int -\frac{bc-a\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2-b^2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & -2 \left(\frac{a \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{\int -\frac{bc-a\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2-b^2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{452} \\
 & -2 \left(\frac{a \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{bc \int -\frac{1}{dx} d\sqrt{c+dx} - a \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2-b^2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & -2 \left(\frac{a \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) - a \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2-b^2c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 240 \\
 -2 \left(\frac{a \log(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{a^2 - b^2c} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}a \log(-dx) + b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a^2 - b^2c} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])),x]`

output `-2*((-(b*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]] + (a*Log[-(d*x)])/2)/(a^2 - b^2*c)) + (a*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(a^2 - b^2*c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 240 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^2, x]]/(2*b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 452 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[c Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + Simp[d Int[x/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 587 `Int[(x_)/(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c)*(d/(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(b*c^2 + a*d^2) Int[(a*d + b*c*x)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a \ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{-b^2c+a^2} + \frac{a \ln(-dx)+2b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{-b^2c+a^2}$	69
default	$-\frac{2a \ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{-b^2c+a^2} + \frac{a \ln(-dx)+2b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{-b^2c+a^2}$	69

input `int(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*a*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)+2/(-b^2*c+a^2)*(1/2*a*ln(-d*x)+b*c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{b\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{dx - 2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x}\right) + 2a \log(\sqrt{dx+cb} + a) - a \log(x)}{b^2c - a^2}, \frac{2b\sqrt{-c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c}}{\sqrt{dx+c}}\right) + 2a \log(\sqrt{dx+cb} + a)}{b^2c - a^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[(b*sqrt(c)*log((d*x - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x) + 2*a*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - a*log(x))/(b^2*c - a^2), (2*b*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x + c)) + 2*a*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - a*log(x))/(b^2*c - a^2)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2ab \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{a^2 - b^2c} - \frac{2 \left(-\frac{a \log(-dx)}{2} + \frac{bc \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c}} \right)}{a^2 - b^2c} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b\sqrt{c}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2)),x)`output `Piecewise((-2*a*b*Piecewise((sqrt(c + d*x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/b, True))/(a**2 - b**2*c) - 2*(-a*log(-d*x)/2 + b*c*atan(sqrt(c + d*x)/sqrt(-c))/sqrt(-c))/(a**2 - b**2*c), Ne(d, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b*sqrt(c)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{dx+c}+\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^2c - a^2} - \frac{a \log(dx)}{b^2c - a^2} + \frac{2a \log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{b^2c - a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(d*x + c) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(c)))/(b^2*c - a^2) - a*log(d*x)/(b^2*c - a^2) + 2*a*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^2*c - a^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx = \frac{2ab \log(|\sqrt{dx + cb} + a|)}{b^3c - a^2b} + \frac{2bc \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{(b^2c - a^2)\sqrt{-c}} - \frac{a \log(dx)}{b^2c - a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*a*b*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^3*c - a^2*b) + 2*b*c*arctan(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c))/((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(-c)) - a*log(d*x)/(b^2*c - a^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx$$

$$= \frac{\ln(2b^3c^{3/2} - 2b^3c\sqrt{c+dx} - 6ab^2c + 6ab^2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c+dx})}{a+b\sqrt{c}}$$

$$+ \frac{\ln(-2b^3c^{3/2} - 2b^3c\sqrt{c+dx} - 6ab^2c - 6ab^2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{c+dx})}{a-b\sqrt{c}}$$

$$+ \frac{2a \ln(4b^5c^2\sqrt{c+dx} - 36a^3b^2c + 4ab^4c^2 - 36a^2b^3c\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2c - a^2}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))),x)`output `log(2*b^3*c^(3/2) - 2*b^3*c*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c + 6*a*b^2*c^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/(a + b*c^(1/2)) + log(- 2*b^3*c^(3/2) - 2*b^3*c*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - 6*a*b^2*c - 6*a*b^2*c^(1/2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/(a - b*c^(1/2)) + (2*a*log(4*b^5*c^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2) - 36*a^3*b^2*c + 4*a*b^4*c^2 - 36*a^2*b^3*c*(c + d*x)^(1/2)))/(b^2*c - a^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx+c} - \sqrt{c}) b + \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx+c} + \sqrt{c}) b + \log(\sqrt{dx+c} - \sqrt{c}) a + \log(\sqrt{dx+c} + \sqrt{c}) a}{-b^2c + a^2}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x)`output `(- sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*b + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*b + log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a + log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a - 2*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a)/(a**2 - b**2*c)`

3.116 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx$

Optimal result	1113
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1113
Rubi [A] (verified)	1114
Maple [A] (verified)	1116
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1117
Sympy [F]	1117
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1118
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1118
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1119
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1119

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx = -\frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a^2-b^2c)x} + \frac{b(a^2+b^2c) \operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(a^2-b^2c)^2} + \frac{ab^2d \log(x)}{(a^2-b^2c)^2} - \frac{2ab^2d \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{(a^2-b^2c)^2}$$

output

```
-(a-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)/x+b*(b^2*c+a^2)*d*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2+a*b^2*d*ln(x)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2-2*a*b^2*d*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx = \frac{b(a^2+b^2c) dx \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + \sqrt{c}(-((a^2-b^2c)(a-b\sqrt{c+dx})) + ab^2 dx \log(-dx) - 2ab^2 dx \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx}))}{\sqrt{c}(a^2-b^2c)^2 x}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])),x]`

output `(b*(a^2 + b^2*c)*d*x*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]] + Sqrt[c]*(-((a^2 - b^2*c)*(a - b*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + a*b^2*d*x*Log[-(d*x)] - 2*a*b^2*d*x*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]))/(Sqrt[c]*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 593, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & d \int \frac{1}{d^2 x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1732 \\
 & 2d \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2 x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} d\sqrt{c + dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 593 \\
 & 2d \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{a - b\sqrt{c + dx}}{dx(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{2(a^2 - b^2c)} - \frac{a - b\sqrt{c + dx}}{2dx(a^2 - b^2c)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & 2d \left(\frac{b \int -\frac{a - b\sqrt{c + dx}}{dx(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{2(a^2 - b^2c)} - \frac{a - b\sqrt{c + dx}}{2dx(a^2 - b^2c)} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 657
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2d \left(\frac{b \int \left(-\frac{2ab^2}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{a^2-2b\sqrt{c+dx}+b^2c}{(a^2-b^2c)dx} \right) d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2(a^2-b^2c)} - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{2dx(a^2-b^2c)} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{(a^2+b^2c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{ab \log(-dx)}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{2ab \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{a^2-b^2c} \right)}{2(a^2-b^2c)} - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{2dx(a^2-b^2c)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])),x]`

output `2*d*(-1/2*(a - b*Sqrt[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2*c)*d*x) + (b*(((a^2 + b^2*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]])/(Sqrt[c]*(a^2 - b^2*c)) + (a*b*Log[-(d*x)])/(a^2 - b^2*c) - (2*a*b*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(a^2 - b^2*c)))/(2*(a^2 - b^2*c))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 593 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(c - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[d/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*n - d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
derivativedivides	$2d \left(-\frac{ab^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{(-b^2c+a^2)^2} + \frac{-\left(\frac{1}{2}b^3c - \frac{1}{2}a^2b\right)\sqrt{dx+c} - \frac{ca}{2}b^2 + \frac{a^3}{2}}{dx} + \frac{b \left(ab \ln(-dx) + \frac{(b^2c+a^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{(-b^2c+a^2)^2} \right)$
default	$2d \left(-\frac{ab^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{(-b^2c+a^2)^2} + \frac{-\left(\frac{1}{2}b^3c - \frac{1}{2}a^2b\right)\sqrt{dx+c} - \frac{ca}{2}b^2 + \frac{a^3}{2}}{dx} + \frac{b \left(ab \ln(-dx) + \frac{(b^2c+a^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{(-b^2c+a^2)^2} \right)$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*d*(-a*b^2/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+1/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*(-((1/2*b^3*c-1/2*a^2*b)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-1/2*c*a*b^2+1/2*a^3)/d/x+1/2*b*(a*b*ln(-d*x)+(b^2*c+a^2)/c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4 ab^2 c dx \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) - 2 ab^2 c dx \log(x) - 2 ab^2 c^2 - (b^3 c + a^2 b) \sqrt{c} dx \log\left(\frac{dx + 2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x}\right) +}{2 (b^4 c^3 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 + a^4 c) x} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2 ab^2 c dx \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) - ab^2 c dx \log(x) - ab^2 c^2 + (b^3 c + a^2 b) \sqrt{-c} dx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c}}{\sqrt{dx+c}}\right) + a^3 c + (b^3 c + a^2 b) \sqrt{c}}{(b^4 c^3 - 2 a^2 b^2 c^2 + a^4 c) x} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*(4*a*b^2*c*d*x*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - 2*a*b^2*c*d*x*log(x) - 2*a*b^2*c^2 - (b^3*c + a^2*b)*sqrt(c)*d*x*log((d*x + 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x) + 2*a^3*c + 2*(b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*c)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c)*x), -(2*a*b^2*c*d*x*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - a*b^2*c*d*x*log(x) - a*b^2*c^2 + (b^3*c + a^2*b)*sqrt(-c)*d*x*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x + c)) + a^3*c + (b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*c)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c)*x)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2ab^2 \log(dx)}{b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4} - \frac{4ab^2 \log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4} - \frac{(b^3c + a^2b) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{dx+c}+\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4)\sqrt{c}} + \frac{2(\sqrt{dx + cb}}{b^2c^2 - a^2c - (b^2c -$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*a*b^2*log(d*x)/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4) - 4*a*b^2*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4) - (b^3*c + a^2*b)*log((sqrt(d*x + c) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(c)))/((b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)*sqrt(c)) + 2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b - a)/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c - (b^2*c - a^2)*(d*x + c)))d`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx = -\frac{2ab^3d \log(|\sqrt{dx + cb} + a|)}{b^5c^2 - 2a^2b^3c + a^4b} + \frac{ab^2d \log(-dx)}{b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4}$$

$$- \frac{(b^3cd + a^2bd) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{(b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4)\sqrt{-c}}$$

$$+ \frac{ab^2cd - a^3d - (b^3cd - a^2bd)\sqrt{dx + c}}{(b^2c - a^2)^2 dx}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*a*b^3*d*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^5*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^3*c + a^4*b) + a*b^2*d*log(-d*x)/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4) - (b^3*c*d + a^2*b*d)*arctan(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c))/((b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)*sqrt(-c)) + (a*b^2*c*d - a^3*d - (b^3*c*d - a^2*b*d)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((b^2*c - a^2)^2*d*x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx = \frac{\ln(\sqrt{c + dx} - \sqrt{c}) (4ab^2cd - b\sqrt{c}d(2a^2 + 2cb^2))}{4a^4c - 8a^2b^2c^2 + 4b^4c^3} + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{c + dx} + \sqrt{c}) (4ab^2cd + b\sqrt{c}d(2a^2 + 2cb^2))}{4a^4c - 8a^2b^2c^2 + 4b^4c^3} + \frac{\frac{ad}{b^2c - a^2} - \frac{bd\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^2c - a^2}}{dx} - \frac{2ab^2d \ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{(b^2c - a^2)^2}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))),x)`output $(\log((c + d*x)^{(1/2)} - c^{(1/2)})*(4*a*b^2*c*d - b*c^{(1/2)*d*(2*b^2*c + 2*a^2)})) / (4*a^4*c + 4*b^4*c^3 - 8*a^2*b^2*c^2) + (\log((c + d*x)^{(1/2)} + c^{(1/2)})) * (4*a*b^2*c*d + b*c^{(1/2)*d*(2*b^2*c + 2*a^2)}) / (4*a^4*c + 4*b^4*c^3 - 8*a^2*b^2*c^2) + ((a*d)/(b^2*c - a^2) - (b*d*(c + d*x)^{(1/2)})/(b^2*c - a^2)) / (d*x) - (2*a*b^2*d*\log(a + b*(c + d*x)^{(1/2)})) / (b^2*c - a^2)^2$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{dx + c}a^2bc - 2\sqrt{dx + c}b^3c^2 - \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} - \sqrt{c}) a^2bdx - \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} - \sqrt{c}) b^3cdx + \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} + \sqrt{c}) a^2bdx - \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} + \sqrt{c}) b^3cdx + \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} + \sqrt{c}) a^2bdx - \sqrt{c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} + \sqrt{c}) b^3cdx}{(b^2c - a^2)^2}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b*c - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**3*c**2 - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c
+ d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**2*b*d*x - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*b**3*
c*d*x + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**2*b*d*x + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt
(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*b**3*c*d*x + 2*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a*b**2*c*
d*x + 2*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a*b**2*c*d*x - 4*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b
+ a)*a*b**2*c*d*x - 2*a**3*c - 2*a**3*d*x + 2*a*b**2*c**2 + 2*a*b**2*c*d*x
)/(2*c*x*(a**4 - 2*a**2*b**2*c + b**4*c**2))
```

3.117 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx$

Optimal result	1121
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1122
Rubi [A] (verified)	1122
Maple [A] (verified)	1125
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1126
Sympy [F]	1127
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1127
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1128
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1128
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1129

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} dx = -\frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{2(a^2-b^2c)x^2} - \frac{bd(4abc-(a^2+3b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx})}{4c(a^2-b^2c)^2x} - \frac{b(a^4-6a^2b^2c-3b^4c^2)d^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{4c^{3/2}(a^2-b^2c)^3} + \frac{ab^4d^2\log(x)}{(a^2-b^2c)^3} - \frac{2ab^4d^2\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{(a^2-b^2c)^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)/x^2-1/4*b*d*(4*a*b*c-(3*b^2*c+a^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2/x-1/4*b*(-3*b^4*c^2-6*a^2*b^2*c+a^4)*d^2*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3+a*b^4*d^2*ln(x)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3-2*a*b^4*d^2*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx$$

$$= \frac{b(a^4 - 6a^2b^2c - 3b^4c^2) d^2 x^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + \sqrt{c}((a^2 - b^2c)(2a^3c - 2ab^2c(c - 2dx) + b^3c(2c - 3dx))\sqrt{c}}{4c^{3/2}(-a^2 + b^2c)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])),x]`

output `(b*(a^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c - 3*b^4*c^2)*d^2*x^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]] + Sqrt[c]*((a^2 - b^2*c)*(2*a^3*c - 2*a*b^2*c*(c - 2*d*x) + b^3*c*(2*c - 3*d*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x] - a^2*b*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2*c + d*x)) - 4*a*b^4*c*d^2*x^2*Log[-(d*x)] + 8*a*b^4*c*d^2*x^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(4*c^(3/2)*(-a^2 + b^2*c)^3*x^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 593, 25, 686, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$d^2 \int \frac{1}{d^3 x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$-d^2 \int -\frac{1}{d^3 x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} d(c + dx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1732 \\
& -2d^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^3x^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} d\sqrt{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 593 \\
& -2d^2 \left(\frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{4d^2x^2(a^2-b^2c)} - \frac{b \int -\frac{a-3b\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^2x^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{4(a^2-b^2c)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -2d^2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{a-3b\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^2x^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{4(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{4d^2x^2(a^2-b^2c)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 686 \\
& -2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{4abc-(a^2+3b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{2cdx(a^2-b^2c)} - \frac{\int \frac{a(a^2-5b^2c)+b(a^2+3b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{4(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{4d^2x^2(a^2-b^2c)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\int -\frac{a(a^2-5b^2c)+b(a^2+3b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2c(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{4abc-(a^2+3b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{2cdx(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{4(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{4d^2x^2(a^2-b^2c)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 657 \\
& -2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\int \left(\frac{8ab^4c}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{a^4-6b^2ca^2+8b^3c\sqrt{c+dx}a-3b^4c^2}{(a^2-b^2c)dx} \right) d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2c(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{4abc-(a^2+3b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{2cdx(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{4(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{4d^2x^2(a^2-b^2c)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 2009
\end{aligned}$$

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{a - b\sqrt{c + dx}}{4d^2x^2(a^2 - b^2c)} + \frac{b \left(\frac{4abc - (a^2 + 3b^2c)\sqrt{c + dx}}{2cdx(a^2 - b^2c)} + \frac{-\frac{4ab^3c \log(-dx)}{a^2 - b^2c} + \frac{8ab^3c \log(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{a^2 - b^2c} + \frac{(a^4 - 6a^2b^2c - 3b^4c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(a^2 - b^2c)}}{2c(a^2 - b^2c)} \right)}{4(a^2 - b^2c)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])),x]`

output `-2*d^2*((a - b*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(4*(a^2 - b^2*c)*d^2*x^2) + (b*((4*a*b*c - (a^2 + 3*b^2*c)*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(2*c*(a^2 - b^2*c)*d*x) + (((a^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c - 3*b^4*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]])/(Sqrt[c]*(a^2 - b^2*c)) - (4*a*b^3*c*Log[-(d*x)]/(a^2 - b^2*c) + (8*a*b^3*c*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(a^2 - b^2*c))/(2*c*(a^2 - b^2*c))))/(4*(a^2 - b^2*c))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 593 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(c - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[d/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*n - d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

```
rule 686 Int[((d._) + (e._)*(x_)^(m_))*((f._) + (g._)*(x_))*((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

```
rule 896 Int[((a_) + (b._)*(v_)^(n_))^(p._)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 1732 Int[((a_) + (c._)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p._)*((d_) + (e._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symb
ol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*
n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}
, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
derivativedivides	$2d^2 \left(-\frac{ab^4 \ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{(-b^2c+a^2)^3} - \frac{b(-3b^4c^2+2a^2b^2c+a^4)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{(-\frac{1}{2}ab^4c+\frac{1}{2}a^3b^2)(dx+c)+(\frac{3}{4}a^2b^3c-\frac{1}{8}a^4b-\frac{5}{8}b^5c^2)}{d^2x^2} \right)$
default	$2d^2 \left(-\frac{ab^4 \ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{(-b^2c+a^2)^3} - \frac{b(-3b^4c^2+2a^2b^2c+a^4)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8c} + \frac{(-\frac{1}{2}ab^4c+\frac{1}{2}a^3b^2)(dx+c)+(\frac{3}{4}a^2b^3c-\frac{1}{8}a^4b-\frac{5}{8}b^5c^2)}{d^2x^2} \right)$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*d^2*(-a*b^4/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-1/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*((-1/8*b*(-3*b^4*c^2+2*a^2*b^2*c+a^4)/c*(d*x+c)^(3/2)+(-1/2*a*b^4*c+1/2*a^3*b^2)*(d*x+c)+(3/4*a^2*b^3*c-1/8*a^4*b-5/8*b^5*c^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3/4*a*b^4*c^2-a^3*b^2*c+1/4*a^5)/d^2/x^2+1/8*b/c*(-4*a*b^3*c*ln(-d*x)+(-3*b^4*c^2-6*a^2*b^2*c+a^4)/c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 531, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx$$

$$= \frac{16 ab^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 \log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) - 8 ab^4 c^2 d^2 x^2 \log(x) + 4 ab^4 c^4 - 8 a^3 b^2 c^3 + 4 a^5 c^2 + (3 b^5 c^2 + 6 a^2 b^3 c)}{8 (b^6 c^5 - 3 a^2 b^4 c^4 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^3 - a^6 c^2) x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(16*a*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - 8*a*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2*log(x) + 4*a*b^4*c^4 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^5*c^2 + (3*b^5*c^2 + 6*a^2*b^3*c - a^4*b)*sqrt(c)*d^2*x^2*log((d*x - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x) - 8*(a*b^4*c^3 - a^3*b^2*c^2)*d*x - 2*(2*b^5*c^4 - 4*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 2*a^4*b*c^2 - (3*b^5*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^3*c^2 - a^4*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((b^6*c^5 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^3 - a^6*c^2)*x^2), 1/4*(8*a*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - 4*a*b^4*c^2*d^2*x^2*log(x) + 2*a*b^4*c^4 - 4*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 2*a^5*c^2 + (3*b^5*c^2 + 6*a^2*b^3*c - a^4*b)*sqrt(-c)*d^2*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x + c)) - 4*(a*b^4*c^3 - a^3*b^2*c^2)*d*x - (2*b^5*c^4 - 4*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 2*a^4*b*c^2 - (3*b^5*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^3*c^2 - a^4*b*c)*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((b^6*c^5 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^4 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^3 - a^6*c^2)*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2)),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{8ab^4 \log(dx)}{b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6} - \frac{16ab^4 \log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6} - \frac{(3b^5c^2 + 6a^2b^3c - a^4b) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx + c} + a}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(b^6c^4 - 3a^2b^4c^3 + 3a^4b^2c^2 - a^6c) \sqrt{c}} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*(8*a*b^4*log(d*x)/(b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c - a^6) - 16*a*b^4*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c - a^6) - (3*b^5*c^2 + 6*a^2*b^3*c - a^4*b)*log((sqrt(d*x + c) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(c)))/((b^6*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*c)*sqrt(c)) + 2*(4*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*c - 6*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^3*c - (3*b^3*c + a^2*b)*(d*x + c)^(3/2) + (5*b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*c)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^4*c^5 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^4 + a^4*c^3 + (b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c)*(d*x + c)^2 - 2*(b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^3 + a^4*c^2)*(d*x + c)))d^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 375, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx = \frac{2ab^5d^2 \log(|\sqrt{dx + cb} + a|)}{b^7c^3 - 3a^2b^5c^2 + 3a^4b^3c - a^6b}$$

$$- \frac{ab^4d^2 \log(dx)}{b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6} + \frac{(3b^5c^2d^2 + 6a^2b^3cd^2 - a^4bd^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{4(b^6c^4 - 3a^2b^4c^3 + 3a^4b^2c^2 - a^6c)\sqrt{-c}}$$

$$+ \frac{6ab^4c^3d^2 - 8a^3b^2c^2d^2 + 2a^5cd^2 + (3b^5c^2d^2 - 2a^2b^3cd^2 - a^4bd^2)(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4(ab^4c^2d^2 - a^3b^2cd^2)(dx + c)}{4(b^2c - a^2)^3cd^2x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*a*b^5*d^2*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^7*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^5*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^3*c - a^6*b) - a*b^4*d^2*log(d*x)/(b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c - a^6) + 1/4*(3*b^5*c^2*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 - a^4*b*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c))/((b^6*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*c)*sqrt(-c)) + 1/4*(6*a*b^4*c^3*d^2 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 2*a^5*c*d^2 + (3*b^5*c^2*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^3*c*d^2 - a^4*b*d^2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2) - 4*(a*b^4*c^2*d^2 - a^3*b^2*c*d^2)*(d*x + c) - (5*b^5*c^3*d^2 - 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 + a^4*b*c*d^2)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((b^2*c - a^2)^3*c*d^2*x^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1094, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.36

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))),x)`

output

```
(log((b^5*d^4*(3*b^2*c + a^2)^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/(16*c^2*(b^2*c - a^2)^4)
- (a*b^4*d^4*(15*b^4*c^2 - a^4 + 2*a^2*b^2*c))/(16*c^2*(b^2*c - a^2)^4) -
(b*d^2*(c^3)^(1/2)*((b^2*d^2*(3*b^2*c - a^2))/(4*c*(b^2*c - a^2)) + (b^2*d
^2*(c^3)^(1/2)*(a^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2) + 4*a*b*c + 3*b^2*c*(c + d*x)^(1/2))*
(3*b^4*c^2 - a^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c + 8*a*b^3*(c^3)^(1/2)))/(4*c^3*(b^2*c - a^2)
^3) - (a*b^3*d^2*(9*b^2*c - a^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/(2*c*(b^2*c - a^2)^2))*
(3*b^4*c^2 - a^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c + 8*a*b^3*(c^3)^(1/2)))/(8*c^3*(b^2*c - a^2)
^3))*
(8*a*b^4*c^3*d^2 - a^4*b*d^2*(c^3)^(1/2) + 3*b^5*c^2*d^2*(c^3)^(1/2)
+ 6*a^2*b^3*c*d^2*(c^3)^(1/2)))/(8*(a^6*c^3 - b^6*c^6 - 3*a^4*b^2*c^4 + 3*
a^2*b^4*c^5)) - ((a^3*d^2 - 3*a*b^2*c*d^2)/(2*(a^4 + b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c
)) - ((a^2*b*d^2 + 3*b^3*c*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(4*c*(a^4 + b^4*c^2 - 2*a
^2*b^2*c)) + (b*d^2*(5*b^2*c - a^2)*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/(4*(a^4 + b^4*c^2 - 2
*a^2*b^2*c)) + (a*b^2*d^2*(c + d*x))/(a^4 + b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c))/((c +
d*x)^2 - 2*c*(c + d*x) + c^2) + (log((b^5*d^4*(3*b^2*c + a^2)^2*(c + d*x)^(
1/2))/(16*c^2*(b^2*c - a^2)^4) - (a*b^4*d^4*(15*b^4*c^2 - a^4 + 2*a^2*b^2
*c))/(16*c^2*(b^2*c - a^2)^4) - (b*d^2*(c^3)^(1/2)*((b^2*d^2*(3*b^2*c - a^
2))/(4*c*(b^2*c - a^2)) + (b^2*d^2*(c^3)^(1/2)*(a^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2) + 4*a*
b*c + 3*b^2*c*(c + d*x)^(1/2))*(a^4 - 3*b^4*c^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + 8*a*b^3*(c
^3)^(1/2)))/(4*c^3*(b^2*c - a^2)^3) - (a*b^3*d^2*(9*b^2*c - a^2)*(c + d*x)
^(1/2))/(2*c*(b^2*c - a^2)^2))*(a^4 - 3*b^4*c^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + 8*a*b^3...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{dx + c}a^4b^2c^2 + 2\sqrt{dx + c}a^4bcdx - 8\sqrt{dx + c}a^2b^3c^3 + 4\sqrt{dx + c}a^2b^3c^2dx + 4\sqrt{dx + c}b^5c^4 - 6\sqrt{dx + c}}{...}$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
(4*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b*c**2 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b*c*d*x - 8*sqrt(c + d
*x)*a**2*b**3*c**3 + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d*x + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*
b**5*c**4 - 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**5*c**3*d*x + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sq
rt(c))*a**4*b*d**2*x**2 - 6*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**2*b**3
*c*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*b**5*c**2*d**2*x**2
- sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**4*b*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c)*log(sq
rt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**2*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)
+ sqrt(c))*b**5*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 8*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a*b**4*c*
*2*d**2*x**2 + 8*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 16*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 4*a**5*c**2 + 8*a**3*b**2*
c**3 - 8*a**3*b**2*c**2*d*x - 4*a**3*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*b**4*c**4 + 8*
a*b**4*c**3*d*x + 4*a*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2)/(8*c**2*x**2*(a**6 - 3*a**4*b**
2*c + 3*a**2*b**4*c**2 - b**6*c**3))
```

3.118 $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$

Optimal result	1131
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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{(5a^4 - 9a^2b^2c + 3b^4c^2)x}{b^6d^3} - \frac{12a(a^2 - b^2c)^2\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^7d^4}$$

$$- \frac{4a(2a^2 - 3b^2c)(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3b^5d^4} + \frac{3(a^2 - b^2c)(c+dx)^2}{2b^4d^4}$$

$$- \frac{4a(c+dx)^{5/2}}{5b^3d^4} + \frac{(c+dx)^3}{3b^2d^4} + \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2c)^3}{b^8d^4(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}$$

$$+ \frac{2(a^2 - b^2c)^2(7a^2 - b^2c)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^8d^4}$$

output

```
(3*b^4*c^2-9*a^2*b^2*c+5*a^4)*x/b^6/d^3-12*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/
b^7/d^4-4/3*a*(-3*b^2*c+2*a^2)*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/b^5/d^4+3/2*(-b^2*c+a^2)*(d*x
+c)^2/b^4/d^4-4/5*a*(d*x+c)^(5/2)/b^3/d^4+1/3*(d*x+c)^3/b^2/d^4+2*a*(-b^2*
c+a^2)^3/b^8/d^4/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+2*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*(-b^2*c+7*a^2)*ln(a
b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^8/d^4
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 283, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{60a^7 - 360a^6b\sqrt{c + dx} - 30a^5b^2(13c + 7dx) + 10a^4b^3\sqrt{c + dx}(79c + 7dx) - 3a^2b^5\sqrt{c + dx}(163c^2 + 36cdx - 7d^2x^2) + 5a^3b^4(119c^2 + 76cdx - 7d^2x^2) + 5b^7\sqrt{c + dx}(11c^3 + 6c^2dx - 3cd^2x^2 + 2d^3x^3) - ab^6(269c^3 + 162c^2dx - 33cd^2x^2 + 14d^3x^3) + 60(a^2 - b^2c)^2(7a^2 - b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})\text{Log}[a + b\sqrt{c + dx}]}{(30b^8d^4(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}))}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(60*a^7 - 360*a^6*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] - 30*a^5*b^2*(13*c + 7*d*x) + 10*a^4*b^3*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(79*c + 7*d*x) - 3*a^2*b^5*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(163*c^2 + 36*c*d*x - 7*d^2*x^2) + 5*a^3*b^4*(119*c^2 + 76*c*d*x - 7*d^2*x^2) + 5*b^7*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(11*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*x - 3*c*d^2*x^2 + 2*d^3*x^3) - a*b^6*(269*c^3 + 162*c^2*d*x - 33*c*d^2*x^2 + 14*d^3*x^3) + 60*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*(7*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/(30*b^8*d^4*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\int \frac{d^3x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d(c + dx)$$

$$\frac{\quad}{d^4}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{d^3 x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{d^3 x^3 \sqrt{c+dx}}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{522} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^3}{b^7(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} + \frac{6a(a^2-b^2c)^2}{b^7} - \frac{(c+dx)^{5/2}}{b^2} + \frac{2a(c+dx)^2}{b^3} + \frac{3(b^2c-a^2)(c+dx)^{3/2}}{b^4} + \frac{2a(2a^2-3b^2c)(c+dx)}{b^5} - \frac{(5a^4-9b^2ca^2+9b^4c^2)}{b^6} \right)}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^3}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{(7a^2-b^2c)(a^2-b^2c)^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^8} + \frac{6a(a^2-b^2c)^2 \sqrt{c+dx}}{b^7} + \frac{2a(2a^2-3b^2c)(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3b^5} - \frac{3(a^2-b^2c)(c+dx)}{4b^4} \right)}{d^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(-2*((6*a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])/b^7 - ((5*a^4 - 9*a^2*b^2*c + 3*b^4*c^2)*(c + d*x))/(2*b^6) + (2*a*(2*a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^5) - (3*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(c + d*x)^2)/(4*b^4) + (2*a*(c + d*x)^(5/2))/(5*b^3) - (c + d*x)^3/(6*b^2) - (a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^3)/(b^8*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])) - ((a^2 - b^2*c)^2*(7*a^2 - b^2*c)*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]])/b^8))/d^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

```
rule 896 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 1732 Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(dx+c)^3 b^5}{6} + \frac{2a(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4}{5} + \frac{3b^5 c(dx+c)^2}{4} - \frac{3a^2 b^3 (dx+c)^2}{4} - 2a b^4 c(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3b^5 c^2 (dx+c)}{2} + \frac{4a^3 b^2 (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{9a^2 b^3 c(dx+c)}{2} \right)}{b^7}$
default	$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(dx+c)^3 b^5}{6} + \frac{2a(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4}{5} + \frac{3b^5 c(dx+c)^2}{4} - \frac{3a^2 b^3 (dx+c)^2}{4} - 2a b^4 c(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3b^5 c^2 (dx+c)}{2} + \frac{4a^3 b^2 (dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{9a^2 b^3 c(dx+c)}{2} \right)}{b^7}$

```
input int(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d^4*(-1/b^7*(-1/6*(d*x+c)^3*b^5+2/5*a*(d*x+c)^(5/2)*b^4+3/4*b^5*c*(d*x+c)^2-3/4*a^2*b^3*(d*x+c)^2-2*a*b^4*c*(d*x+c)^(3/2)-3/2*b^5*c^2*(d*x+c)+4/3*a^3*b^2*(d*x+c)^(3/2)+9/2*a^2*b^3*c*(d*x+c)+6*a*c^2*b^4*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-5/2*a^4*b*(d*x+c)-12*a^3*c*b^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+6*a^5*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+1/b^8*(-b^6*c^3+9*a^2*b^4*c^2-15*a^4*b^2*c+7*a^6)*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+a*(-b^6*c^3+3*a^2*b^4*c^2-3*a^4*b^2*c+a^6)/b^8/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{10 b^8 d^4 x^4 + 55 b^8 c^4 - 220 a^2 b^6 c^3 + 195 a^4 b^4 c^2 + 30 a^6 b^2 c - 60 a^8 - 5 (b^8 c - 7 a^2 b^6) d^3 x^3 + 15 (b^8 c^2 - 8 a^2 b^6) d^2 x^2 + 5 (17 b^8 c^3 - 87 a^2 b^6 c^2 + 96 a^4 b^4 c - 30 a^6 b^2) d x - 60 (b^8 c^4 - 10 a^2 b^6 c^3 + 24 a^4 b^4 c^2 - 22 a^6 b^2 c + 7 a^8 + (b^8 c^3 - 9 a^2 b^6 c^2 + 15 a^4 b^4 c - 7 a^6 b^2) d x) \log(\sqrt{d x + c} b + a) - 4 (6 a b^7 d^3 x^3 + 81 a b^7 c^3 - 271 a^3 b^5 c^2 + 295 a^5 b^3 c - 105 a^7 b - 2 (6 a b^7 c - 7 a^3 b^5) d^2 x^2 + 2 (24 a b^7 c^2 - 61 a^3 b^5 c + 35 a^5 b^3) d x) \sqrt{d x + c}}{(b^{10} d^5 x + (b^{10} c - a^2 b^8) d^4)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/30*(10*b^8*d^4*x^4 + 55*b^8*c^4 - 220*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 195*a^4*b^4*c^2 + 30
*a^6*b^2*c - 60*a^8 - 5*(b^8*c - 7*a^2*b^6)*d^3*x^3 + 15*(b^8*c^2 - 8*a^2*
b^6*c + 7*a^4*b^4)*d^2*x^2 + 5*(17*b^8*c^3 - 87*a^2*b^6*c^2 + 96*a^4*b^4*c
- 30*a^6*b^2)*d*x - 60*(b^8*c^4 - 10*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 24*a^4*b^4*c^2 - 22*a^
6*b^2*c + 7*a^8 + (b^8*c^3 - 9*a^2*b^6*c^2 + 15*a^4*b^4*c - 7*a^6*b^2)*d*x
)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - 4*(6*a*b^7*d^3*x^3 + 81*a*b^7*c^3 - 271*a^3*b
^5*c^2 + 295*a^5*b^3*c - 105*a^7*b - 2*(6*a*b^7*c - 7*a^3*b^5)*d^2*x^2 + 2
*(24*a*b^7*c^2 - 61*a^3*b^5*c + 35*a^5*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^10*d^5*
x + (b^10*c - a^2*b^8)*d^4)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \left(-\frac{2a(c+dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b^3} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^3 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{b(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{b^7} + \frac{(c+dx)^3}{6b^2} + \frac{(3a^2-3b^2c)(c+dx)^2}{4b^4} + \frac{(-4a^3+6ab^2c)(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^5} + \frac{(c+dx)(5a^4-3b^4)}{2b^6} \right)}{d^4} \\ \frac{x^4}{4(a+b\sqrt{c})^2} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-2*a*(c + d*x)**(5/2)/(5*b**3) - a*(a**2 - b**2*c)**3*Piec
ewise((sqrt(c + d*x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(b*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))), True))/
b**7 + (c + d*x)**3/(6*b**2) + (3*a**2 - 3*b**2*c)*(c + d*x)**2/(4*b**4) +
(-4*a**3 + 6*a*b**2*c)*(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(3*b**5) + (c + d*x)*(5*a**4 - 9*
a**2*b**2*c + 3*b**4*c**2)/(2*b**6) + (a**2 - b**2*c)**2*(7*a**2 - b**2*c)
*Piecewise((sqrt(c + d*x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/b, True)
)/b**7 + sqrt(c + d*x)*(-6*a**5 + 12*a**3*b**2*c - 6*a*b**4*c**2)/b**7)/d*
**4, Ne(d, 0)), (x**4/(4*(a + b*sqrt(c))**2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \frac{60(ab^6c^3 - 3a^3b^4c^2 + 3a^5b^2c - a^7)}{\sqrt{dx+cb^9+ab^8}} - \frac{10(dx+c)^3b^5 - 24(dx+c)^{\frac{5}{2}}ab^4 - 45(b^5c - a^2b^3)(dx+c)^2 + 40(3ab^4c - 2a^3b^2)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 30(3b^5c^2 - 9a^2b^3c + 5a^4b)}{b^7} + 30d^4$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/30*(60*(a*b^6*c^3 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*c - a^7)/(sqrt(d*x + c)*b
^9 + a*b^8) - (10*(d*x + c)^3*b^5 - 24*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*a*b^4 - 45*(b^5*c -
a^2*b^3)*(d*x + c)^2 + 40*(3*a*b^4*c - 2*a^3*b^2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2) + 30*(3
*b^5*c^2 - 9*a^2*b^3*c + 5*a^4*b)*(d*x + c) - 360*(a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*c
+ a^5)*sqrt(d*x + c))/b^7 + 60*(b^6*c^3 - 9*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 15*a^4*b^2*c -
7*a^6)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^8)/d^4
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 324, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = -\frac{2(b^6c^3 - 9a^2b^4c^2 + 15a^4b^2c - 7a^6) \log(|\sqrt{dx + cb} + a|)}{b^8d^4} - \frac{2(ab^6c^3 - 3a^3b^4c^2 + 3a^5b^2c - a^7)}{(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)b^8d^4} + \frac{10(dx + c)^3b^{10}d^{20} - 45(dx + c)^2b^{10}cd^{20} + 90(dx + c)b^{10}c^2d^{20} - 24(dx + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}ab^9d^{20} + 120(dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}ab^7d^{20}}{b^7d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2*(b^6*c^3 - 9*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 15*a^4*b^2*c - 7*a^6)*\log(\text{abs}(\text{sqrt}(d*x + c)* \\ & b + a))/(b^8*d^4) - 2*(a*b^6*c^3 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*c - a^7)/((\text{sq} \\ & \text{rt}(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^8*d^4) + 1/30*(10*(d*x + c)^3*b^10*d^20 - 45*(d*x + c) \\ &)^2*b^10*c*d^20 + 90*(d*x + c)*b^10*c^2*d^20 - 24*(d*x + c)^{(5/2)}*a*b^9*d^ \\ & 20 + 120*(d*x + c)^{(3/2)}*a*b^9*c*d^20 - 360*\text{sqrt}(d*x + c)*a*b^9*c^2*d^20 + \\ & 45*(d*x + c)^2*a^2*b^8*d^20 - 270*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^8*c*d^20 - 80*(d*x + c) \\ & ^{(3/2)}*a^3*b^7*d^20 + 720*\text{sqrt}(d*x + c)*a^3*b^7*c*d^20 + 150*(d*x + c)*a^4 \\ & *b^6*d^20 - 360*\text{sqrt}(d*x + c)*a^5*b^5*d^20)/(b^12*d^24) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = & \left(\frac{4a^3}{3b^5d^4} + \frac{2a\left(\frac{6c}{b^2d^4} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4d^4}\right)}{3b} \right) (c + dx)^{3/2} \\
& - \left(\frac{3c}{2b^2d^4} - \frac{3a^2}{2b^4d^4} \right) (c + dx)^2 \\
& - \left(\frac{2a\left(\frac{a^2\left(\frac{6c}{b^2d^4} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4d^4}\right)}{b^2} - \frac{2a\left(\frac{4a^3}{b^5d^4} + \frac{2a\left(\frac{6c}{b^2d^4} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4d^4}\right)}{b}\right)}{b} + \frac{6c^2}{b^2d^4}\right)}{b} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{a^2\left(\frac{4a^3}{b^5d^4} + \frac{2a\left(\frac{6c}{b^2d^4} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4d^4}\right)}{b}\right)}{b^2} \right) \sqrt{c + dx} \\
& + \frac{(c + dx)^3}{3b^2d^4} + \frac{2(a^7 - 3a^5b^2c + 3a^3b^4c^2 - ab^6c^3)}{b(b^8d^4\sqrt{c + dx} + ab^7d^4)} \\
& + dx \left(\frac{a^2\left(\frac{6c}{b^2d^4} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4d^4}\right)}{2b^2} - \frac{a\left(\frac{4a^3}{b^5d^4} + \frac{2a\left(\frac{6c}{b^2d^4} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4d^4}\right)}{b}\right)}{b} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{3c^2}{b^2d^4} \right) \\
& + \frac{\ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})(14a^6 - 30a^4b^2c + 18a^2b^4c^2 - 2b^6c^3)}{b^8d^4} \\
& - \frac{4a(c + dx)^{5/2}}{5b^3d^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{4a^3}{3b^5d^4} + \frac{2a((6c)/(b^2d^4) - (6a^2)/(b^4d^4))}{(3b)} \right) * \\ & (c + dx)^{3/2} - \left(\frac{3c}{2b^2d^4} - \frac{3a^2}{2b^4d^4} \right) * (c + dx)^2 - \\ & \left(\frac{2a((a^2((6c)/(b^2d^4) - (6a^2)/(b^4d^4)))}{b^2} - \frac{2a((4a^3)/(b^5d^4) + (2a((6c)/(b^2d^4) - (6a^2)/(b^4d^4)))}{b})}{b} + \frac{6c^2}{b^2d^4} \right) / b + \\ & \left(\frac{a^2((4a^3)/(b^5d^4) + (2a((6c)/(b^2d^4) - (6a^2)/(b^4d^4)))}{b})}{b^2} \right) * (c + dx)^{1/2} + (c + dx)^3 / (3b^2d^4) + \frac{2(a^7 - 3a^5b^2c - a^6b^2c^3 + 3a^3b^4c^2)}{(b(b^8d^4(c + dx)^{1/2} + ab^7d^4))} + \\ & dx * \left(\frac{a^2((6c)/(b^2d^4) - (6a^2)/(b^4d^4))}{(2b^2)} - \frac{a((4a^3)/(b^5d^4) + (2a((6c)/(b^2d^4) - (6a^2)/(b^4d^4)))}{b})}{b} + \frac{3c^2}{b^2d^4} \right) + \\ & \left(\log(a + b(c + dx)^{1/2}) * (14a^6 - 2b^6c^3 - 30a^4b^2c + 18a^2b^4c^2) \right) / (b^8d^4) - \frac{4a(c + dx)^{5/2}}{(5b^3d^4)} \end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{420\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) a^6 b - 60\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) b^7 c^3 + 540\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) b^5 c^2 + 180\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) b^4 c^2 + 180\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) b^3 c^2 + 180\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) b^2 c^2 + 180\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) b c^2 + 180\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) c^2}{(5b^3d^4)}$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output

```
(420*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**6*b - 900*sqrt(c + d*x)*log
(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**4*b**3*c + 540*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b
+ a)*a**2*b**5*c**2 - 60*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**7*c**3
- 420*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**6*b + 970*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b**3*c + 70*sqrt(c + d
*x)*a**4*b**3*d*x - 669*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**5*c**2 - 108*sqrt(c + d*x)*a
**2*b**5*c*d*x + 21*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**5*d**2*x**2 + 115*sqrt(c + d*x)*
b**7*c**3 + 30*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**7*c**2*d*x - 15*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**7*c*d**2*
x**2 + 10*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**7*d**3*x**3 + 420*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**7
- 900*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**5*b**2*c + 540*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)
*a**3*b**4*c**2 - 60*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a*b**6*c**3 - 210*a**5*b**2*
c - 210*a**5*b**2*d*x + 415*a**3*b**4*c**2 + 380*a**3*b**4*c*d*x - 35*a**3
*b**4*d**2*x**2 - 209*a*b**6*c**3 - 162*a*b**6*c**2*d*x + 33*a*b**6*c*d**2
*x**2 - 14*a*b**6*d**3*x**3)/(30*b**8*d**4*(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a))
```

3.119 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{(3a^2 - 2b^2c)x}{b^4d^2} - \frac{8a(a^2 - b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^5d^3} - \frac{4a(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3b^3d^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{2b^2d^3} + \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2c)^2}{b^6d^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{2(5a^4 - 6a^2b^2c + b^4c^2)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^6d^3}$$

output

```
(-2*b^2*c+3*a^2)*x/b^4/d^2-8*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)/b^5/d^3-4/3*a*(d*x+c)^(3/2)/b^3/d^3+1/2*(d*x+c)^2/b^2/d^3+2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2/b^6/d^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+2*(b^4*c^2-6*a^2*b^2*c+5*a^4)*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^6/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12a^5 - 48a^4b\sqrt{c + dx} - 6a^3b^2(9c + 5dx) + 2a^2b^3\sqrt{c + dx}(29c + 5dx) + ab^4(43c^2 + 26cdx - 5d^2x^2) + 3b^5\sqrt{c + dx}(-3c^2 - 2c dx + d^2x^2) + 12(5a^4 - 6a^2b^2c + b^4c^2)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})\text{Log}[a + b\sqrt{c + dx}]}{6b^6d^3(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(12*a^5 - 48*a^4*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] - 6*a^3*b^2*(9*c + 5*d*x) + 2*a^2*b^3*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(29*c + 5*d*x) + a*b^4*(43*c^2 + 26*c*d*x - 5*d^2*x^2) + 3*b^5*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(-3*c^2 - 2*c*d*x + d^2*x^2) + 12*(5*a^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + b^4*c^2)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(6*b^6*d^3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\int \frac{d^2x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d(c + dx)$$

$$\frac{d^3}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1732$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{d^2x^2\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^3}$$

↓ 522

$$\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^2}{b^5(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} - \frac{4a(a^2-b^2c)}{b^5} + \frac{(c+dx)^{3/2}}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^3} - \frac{(2b^2c-3a^2)\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^4} + \frac{5a^4-6b^2ca^2+b^4c^2}{b^5(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \right) d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2 \left(\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^2}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{4a(a^2-b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^5} + \frac{(3a^2-2b^2c)(c+dx)}{2b^4} + \frac{(5a^4-6a^2b^2c+b^4c^2)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^6} - \frac{2a(c+dx)^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{4b^2} \right)}{d^3}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(2*((-4*a*(a^2 - b^2*c)*Sqrt[c + d*x])/b^5 + ((3*a^2 - 2*b^2*c)*(c + d*x))/(2*b^4) - (2*a*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(3*b^3) + (c + d*x)^2/(4*b^2) + (a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2)/(b^6*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + ((5*a^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + b^4*c^2)*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/b^6))/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(dx+c)^2 b^3}{4} + \frac{2a(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2}{3} + b^3 c(dx+c) - \frac{3a^2 b(dx+c)}{2} - 4ac b^2 \sqrt{dx+c} + 4a^3 \sqrt{dx+c} \right)}{b^5} + \frac{2a(b^4 c^2 - 2a^2 b^2 c + a^4)}{b^6 (a+b\sqrt{dx+c})} + \frac{2(b^4 c^2 - 6a^2 c^2)}{d^3}$
default	$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{(dx+c)^2 b^3}{4} + \frac{2a(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2}{3} + b^3 c(dx+c) - \frac{3a^2 b(dx+c)}{2} - 4ac b^2 \sqrt{dx+c} + 4a^3 \sqrt{dx+c} \right)}{b^5} + \frac{2a(b^4 c^2 - 2a^2 b^2 c + a^4)}{b^6 (a+b\sqrt{dx+c})} + \frac{2(b^4 c^2 - 6a^2 c^2)}{d^3}$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d^3*(-1/b^5*(-1/4*(d*x+c)^2*b^3+2/3*a*(d*x+c)^(3/2)*b^2+b^3*c*(d*x+c)-3/2*a^2*b*(d*x+c)-4*a*c*b^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+4*a^3*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+a*(b^4*c^2-2*a^2*b^2*c+a^4)/b^6/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+1/b^6*(b^4*c^2-6*a^2*b^2*c+5*a^4)*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \frac{3b^6 d^3 x^3 - 9b^6 c^3 + 15a^2 b^4 c^2 + 6a^4 b^2 c - 12a^6 - 3(b^6 c - 5a^2 b^4) d^2 x^2 - 3(5b^6 c^2 - 14a^2 b^4 c + 6a^4 b^2) dx - \dots}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(3*b^6*d^3*x^3 - 9*b^6*c^3 + 15*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 6*a^4*b^2*c - 12*a^6 - 3
*(b^6*c - 5*a^2*b^4)*d^2*x^2 - 3*(5*b^6*c^2 - 14*a^2*b^4*c + 6*a^4*b^2)*d*
x + 12*(b^6*c^3 - 7*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 11*a^4*b^2*c - 5*a^6 + (b^6*c^2 - 6*a^2*
b^4*c + 5*a^4*b^2)*d*x)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - 4*(2*a*b^5*d^2*x^2 - 13
*a*b^5*c^2 + 28*a^3*b^3*c - 15*a^5*b - 2*(4*a*b^5*c - 5*a^3*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt
(d*x + c))/(b^8*d^4*x + (b^8*c - a^2*b^6)*d^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2a(c+dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^3} - \frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^2 \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{b(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{b^5} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{4b^2} + \frac{(3a^2-2b^2c)(c+dx)}{2b^4} + \frac{(a^2-b^2c)(5a^2-b^2c)}{b^5} \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a} \\ \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b} \end{array} \right) \\ \frac{x^3}{3(a+b\sqrt{c})^2} \end{array} \right. \frac{d^3}{d^3}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*(-2*a*(c + d*x)**(3/2)/(3*b**3) - a*(a**2 - b**2*c)**2*Piecewis
e((sqrt(c + d*x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(b*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))), True))/
b**5 + (c + d*x)**2/(4*b**2) + (3*a**2 - 2*b**2*c)*(c + d*x)/(2*b**4) + (a
**2 - b**2*c)*(5*a**2 - b**2*c)*Piecewise((sqrt(c + d*x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (lo
g(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/b, True))/b**5 + (-4*a**3 + 4*a*b**2*c)*sqrt(c + d*
x)/b**5)/d**3, Ne(d, 0)), (x**3/(3*(a + b*sqrt(c))**2), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{12(ab^4c^2 - 2a^3b^2c + a^5)}{\sqrt{dx+cb^7+ab^6}} + \frac{3(dx+c)^2b^3 - 8(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}ab^2 - 6(2b^3c - 3a^2b)(dx+c) + 48(ab^2c - a^3)\sqrt{dx+c}}{b^5} + \frac{12(b^4c^2 - 6a^2b^2c + 5a^4)\log(\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^6}}{6d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(12*(a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^5)/(sqrt(d*x + c)*b^7 + a*b^6) + (3*(d*x + c)^2*b^3 - 8*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b^2 - 6*(2*b^3*c - 3*a^2*b)*(d*x + c) + 48*(a*b^2*c - a^3)*sqrt(d*x + c))/b^5 + 12*(b^4*c^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + 5*a^4)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^6)/d^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{12(b^4c^2 - 6a^2b^2c + 5a^4)\log(|\sqrt{dx+cb+a}|)}{b^6d} + \frac{12(ab^4c^2 - 2a^3b^2c + a^5)}{(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})b^6d} + \frac{3(dx+c)^2b^6d^3 - 12(dx+c)b^6cd^3 - 8(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}ab^5d^3 + 48\sqrt{dx+cb^5c}}{b^8d^4}}{6d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(12*(b^4*c^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + 5*a^4)*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^6*d) + 12*(a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^5)/((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^6*d) + (3*(d*x + c)^2*b^6*d^3 - 12*(d*x + c)*b^6*c*d^3 - 8*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b^5*d^3 + 48*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b^5*c*d^3 + 18*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^4*d^3 - 48*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^3*b^3*d^3)/(b^8*d^4))/d^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \left(\frac{4a^3}{b^5 d^3} + \frac{2a \left(\frac{4c}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4 d^3} \right)}{b} \right) \sqrt{c + dx} + \frac{2(a^5 - 2a^3 b^2 c + a b^4 c^2)}{b (b^6 d^3 \sqrt{c + dx} + a b^5 d^3)} + \frac{(c + dx)^2}{2b^2 d^3} - dx \left(\frac{2c}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{3a^2}{b^4 d^3} \right) - \frac{4a(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3b^3 d^3} + \frac{\ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) (10a^4 - 12a^2 b^2 c + 2b^4 c^2)}{b^6 d^3}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2,x)`output
$$\left(\frac{4a^3}{b^5 d^3} + \frac{2a \left(\frac{4c}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4 d^3} \right)}{b} \right) \sqrt{c + dx} + \frac{2(a^5 - 2a^3 b^2 c + a b^4 c^2)}{b (b^6 d^3 \sqrt{c + dx} + a b^5 d^3)} + \frac{(c + dx)^2}{2b^2 d^3} - dx \left(\frac{2c}{b^2 d^3} - \frac{3a^2}{b^4 d^3} \right) - \frac{4a(c + dx)^{3/2}}{3b^3 d^3} + \frac{\ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) (10a^4 - 12a^2 b^2 c + 2b^4 c^2)}{b^6 d^3}$$
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \frac{60\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) a^4 b - 72\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a) a^2 b^3 c + 12\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c} b + a)}{b^6 d^3}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output

```
(60*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**4*b - 72*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(s
qrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**2*b**3*c + 12*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a
)*b**5*c**2 - 60*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b + 82*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c + 10*
sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x - 21*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**5*c**2 - 6*sqrt(c + d*x)
*b**5*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**5*d**2*x**2 + 60*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)
*a**5 - 72*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**3*b**2*c + 12*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b +
a)*a*b**4*c**2 - 30*a**3*b**2*c - 30*a**3*b**2*d*x + 31*a*b**4*c**2 + 26*
a*b**4*c*d*x - 5*a*b**4*d**2*x**2)/(6*b**6*d**3*(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a))
```

3.120 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$

Optimal result	1149
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1149
Rubi [A] (verified)	1150
Maple [A] (verified)	1152
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1152
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1153
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1153
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1154
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1154
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1155

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{x}{b^2d} - \frac{4a\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^3d^2} + \frac{2a(a^2-b^2c)}{b^4d^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{2(3a^2-b^2c)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^4d^2}$$

output

$x/b^2/d-4*a*(d*x+c)^{(1/2)}/b^3/d^2+2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)/b^4/d^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2}))+2*(-b^2*c+3*a^2)*\ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^{(1/2}))/b^4/d^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{2a^3-2ab^2c-4a^2b\sqrt{c+dx}-3ab^2(c+dx)+b^3(c+dx)^{3/2}}{b^4d^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{2(-3a^2+b^2c)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^4d^2}$$

input

`Integrate[x/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(2a^3 - 2ab^2c - 4a^2b\sqrt{c+dx} - 3ab^2(c+dx) + b^3(c+dx)^{3/2})/(b^4d^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})) - (2(-3a^2 + b^2c)\text{Log}[a+b\sqrt{c+dx}])/(b^4d^2)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{dx}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{\int -\frac{dx}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d(c+dx)}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\ & -\frac{2 \int -\frac{dx\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{522} \\ & -\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{2a}{b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^2} + \frac{b^2c-3a^2}{b^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{a^3-ab^2c}{b^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} \right) d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & -\frac{2 \left(-\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{(3a^2-b^2c)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^4} + \frac{2a\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^3} - \frac{c+dx}{2b^2} \right)}{d^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2,x]`

output `(-2*((2*a*Sqrt[c + d*x])/b^3 - (c + d*x)/(2*b^2) - (a*(a^2 - b^2*c))/(b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])) - ((3*a^2 - b^2*c)*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/b^4))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b(dx+c)}{2}+2a\sqrt{dx+c}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{2(-b^2c+3a^2)\ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{d^2} + \frac{2a(-b^2c+a^2)}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}$	87
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b(dx+c)}{2}+2a\sqrt{dx+c}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{2(-b^2c+3a^2)\ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{d^2} + \frac{2a(-b^2c+a^2)}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}$	87

input `int(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d^2*(-1/b^3*(-1/2*b*(d*x+c)+2*a*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+1/b^4*(-b^2*c+3*a^2)*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+a*(-b^2*c+a^2)/b^4/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^4 d^2 x^2 + b^4 c^2 + a^2 b^2 c - 2 a^4 + (2 b^4 c - a^2 b^2) dx - 2 (b^4 c^2 - 4 a^2 b^2 c + 3 a^4 + (b^4 c - 3 a^2 b^2) dx) \log(\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^6 d^3 x + (b^6 c - a^2 b^4) d^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b^4*d^2*x^2 + b^4*c^2 + a^2*b^2*c - 2*a^4 + (2*b^4*c - a^2*b^2)*d*x - 2*(b^4*c^2 - 4*a^2*b^2*c + 3*a^4 + (b^4*c - 3*a^2*b^2)*d*x)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)) + b + a) - 2*(2*a*b^3*d*x + 3*a*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b)*sqrt(d*x + c)/(b^6*d^3*x + (b^6*c - a^2*b^4)*d^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{a(a^2 - b^2c) \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{b(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) - \frac{2a\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^3} + \frac{c+dx}{2b^2} + \frac{(3a^2 - b^2c) \left(\begin{array}{l} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)}{b^3}}{d^2} \\ \frac{x^2}{2(a+b\sqrt{c})^2} \end{array} \right.$$

for $d \neq 0$
otherwise

input `integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((2*(-a*(a**2 - b**2*c)*Piecewise((sqrt(c + d*x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(b*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x)))), True))/b**3 - 2*a*sqrt(c + d*x)/b**3 + (c + d*x)/(2*b**2) + (3*a**2 - b**2*c)*Piecewise((sqrt(c + d*x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/b, True))/b**3)/d**2, Ne(d, 0)), (x**2/(2*(a + b*sqrt(c))**2), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{2(ab^2c - a^3)}{\sqrt{dx+cb^5+ab^4}} - \frac{(dx+c)b-4\sqrt{dx+ca}}{b^3} + \frac{2(b^2c-3a^2)\log(\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}{b^4}}{d^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(2*(a*b^2*c - a^3)/(sqrt(d*x + c)*b^5 + a*b^4) - ((d*x + c)*b - 4*sqrt(d*x + c)*a)/b^3 + 2*(b^2*c - 3*a^2)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^4)/d^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{2(b^2c - 3a^2) \log(|\sqrt{dx+cb+a}|)}{b^4d} - \frac{(dx+c)b^2d - 4\sqrt{dx+cb+d}}{b^4d^2} + \frac{2(ab^2c - a^3)}{(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})b^4d}}{d}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-(2*(b^2*c - 3*a^2)*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^4*d) - ((d*x + c)*b^2
*d - 4*sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b*d)/(b^4*d^2) + 2*(a*b^2*c - a^3)/((sqrt(d*x + c)*
b + a)*b^4*d))/d
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \frac{x}{b^2d} + \frac{2(a^3 - ab^2c)}{b(b^4d^2\sqrt{c + dx} + ab^3d^2)} - \frac{\ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})(2b^2c - 6a^2)}{b^4d^2} - \frac{4a\sqrt{c + dx}}{b^3d^2}$$

input `int(x/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output

```
x/(b^2*d) + (2*(a^3 - a*b^2*c))/(b*(b^4*d^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2) + a*b^3*d^2))
- (log(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))*(2*b^2*c - 6*a^2))/(b^4*d^2) - (4*a*(c + d*x)
^(1/2))/(b^3*d^2)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a) a^2b - 2\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a) b^3c - 6\sqrt{dx + c} a^2b + 3\sqrt{dx + c} b^3c + b^4d^2 (\sqrt{dx + c}b + a)}{b^4d^2 (\sqrt{dx + c}b + a)}$$

input `int(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output

```
(6*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**2*b - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**3*c - 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**3*c + sqrt(c + d*x)*b**3*d*x + 6*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**3 - 2*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a*b**2*c - 3*a*b**2*c - 3*a*b**2*d*x)/(b**4*d**2*(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a))
```


$$3.121 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1156
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1156
Rubi [A] (verified)	1157
Maple [A] (verified)	1158
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1159
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1159
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1160
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1160
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1160
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1161

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{2a}{b^2d(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{2\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2d}$$

output `2*a/b^2/d/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+2*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/b^2/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{a}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} + \log(bd(a+b\sqrt{c+dx}))\right)}{b^2d}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(-2), x]`

output `(2*(a/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]) + Log[b*d*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])))/(b^2*d)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$, Rules used = {239, 774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{239} \\
 \frac{\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{774} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{49} \\
 \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{1}{b(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{a}{b(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} \right) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{2 \left(\frac{a}{b^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b^2} \right)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(-2), x]
```

output

```
(2*(a/(b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/b^2))/d
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1]
] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && Lin
earQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{b^2} + \frac{2a}{b^2(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}}{d}$
default	$\frac{a^2}{(-b^2 dx - b^2 c + a^2)b^2 d} + \frac{c}{(-b^2 dx - b^2 c + a^2)d} + b^2 d \left(\frac{\ln(b^2 dx + b^2 c - a^2)}{b^4 d^2} - \frac{-b^2 c + a^2}{b^4 d^2 (b^2 dx + b^2 c - a^2)} \right) + \frac{a}{b^2 d (a + b\sqrt{dx+c})}$

input `int(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*(1/b^2*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+a/b^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{dx + c}ab - a^2 + (b^2dx + b^2c - a^2)\log(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a))}{b^4d^2x + (b^4c - a^2b^2)d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b - a^2 + (b^2*d*x + b^2*c - a^2)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^4*d^2*x + (b^4*c - a^2*b^2)*d)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{a^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge (b = 0 \vee d = 0) \\ \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{c})^2} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{2a \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{ab^2d + b^3d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2a}{ab^2d + b^3d\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{c+dx} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{c+dx}\right)}{ab^2d + b^3d\sqrt{c+dx}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((x/a**2, Eq(b, 0) & (Eq(b, 0) | Eq(d, 0))), (x/(a + b*sqrt(c))**2, Eq(d, 0)), (2*a*log(a/b + sqrt(c + d*x))/(a*b**2*d + b**3*d*sqrt(c + d*x)) + 2*a/(a*b**2*d + b**3*d*sqrt(c + d*x)) + 2*b*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(a/b + sqrt(c + d*x))/(a*b**2*d + b**3*d*sqrt(c + d*x)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{dx+cb^3+ab^2}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})}{b^2} \right)}{d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*(a/(sqrt(d*x + c)*b^3 + a*b^2) + log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/b^2)/d`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(|\sqrt{dx + cb} + a|)}{b^2 d} + \frac{2a}{(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)b^2 d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^2*d) + 2*a/((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^2*d)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \frac{2 \ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2 d} + \frac{2a}{b^2 (ad + bd\sqrt{c + dx})}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2,x)`output `(2*log(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)))/(b^2*d) + (2*a)/(b^2*(a*d + b*d*(c + d*x)^(1/2)))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{dx + c} \log(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a) b - 2\sqrt{dx + c}b + 2 \log(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a) a}{b^2 d (\sqrt{dx + c}b + a)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)`output `(2*(sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b - sqrt(c + d*x)*b + log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a))/(b**2*d*(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a))`

3.122 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$

Optimal result	1162
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1162
Rubi [A] (verified)	1163
Maple [A] (verified)	1165
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1166
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1166
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1167
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1167
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1168
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1168

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{2a}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{4ab\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a^2-b^2c)^2} + \frac{(a^2+b^2c)\log(x)}{(a^2-b^2c)^2} - \frac{2(a^2+b^2c)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{(a^2-b^2c)^2}$$

```
output 2*a/(-b^2*c+a^2)/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+4*a*b*c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c
^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2+(b^2*c+a^2)*ln(x)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2-2*(b^2*c+a^2)*ln(a
+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{\frac{2a(a^2-b^2c)}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} + 4ab\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) + (a^2+b^2c)\log(-dx) - 2(a^2+b^2c)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{(a^2-b^2c)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output
$$\frac{((2*a*(a^2 - b^2*c))/(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]) + 4*a*b*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]] + (a^2 + b^2*c)*Log[-(d*x)] - 2*(a^2 + b^2*c)*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(a^2 - b^2*c)^2$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 594, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \int \frac{1}{dx (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & - \int -\frac{1}{dx (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\ & -2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{dx (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d\sqrt{c + dx} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{594} \\ & -2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{bc - a\sqrt{c + dx}}{dx (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{a^2 - b^2c} - \frac{a}{(a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2 \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{bc-a\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{a}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{657} \\
& -2 \left(-\frac{\int \left(-\frac{b(a^2+b^2c)}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{2abc-(a^2+b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a^2-b^2c)dx} \right) d\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{a}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -2 \left(-\frac{\frac{2ab\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{a^2-b^2c} + \frac{(a^2+b^2c)\log(-dx)}{2(a^2-b^2c)} - \frac{(a^2+b^2c)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{a^2-b^2c}}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{a}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `-2*(-(a/((a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]))) - ((2*a*b*Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]])/(a^2 - b^2*c) + ((a^2 + b^2*c)*Log[-(d*x)])/(2*(a^2 - b^2*c)) - ((a^2 + b^2*c)*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(a^2 - b^2*c))/(a^2 - b^2*c))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 594 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-c)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))], x] + Simp[1/((n + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(a*d*(n + 1) + b*c*(n + 2*p + 3)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && LtQ[n, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

```
rule 657 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(n_.))/((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

```
rule 896 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 1732 Int[((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a}{(-b^2c+a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})} - \frac{2(b^2c+a^2)\ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{(-b^2c+a^2)^2} + \frac{-(-b^2c-a^2)\ln(-dx)+4ab\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(-b^2c+a^2)^2}$	118
default	$\frac{2a}{(-b^2c+a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})} - \frac{2(b^2c+a^2)\ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{(-b^2c+a^2)^2} + \frac{-(-b^2c-a^2)\ln(-dx)+4ab\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(-b^2c+a^2)^2}$	118

```
input int(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*a/(-b^2*c+a^2)/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-2*(b^2*c+a^2)*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2+2/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*(-1/2*(-b^2*c-a^2)*ln(-d*x)+2*a*b*c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[2a^2b^2c - 2a^4 + 2(ab^3dx + ab^3c - a^3b)\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{dx+2\sqrt{dx+c}\sqrt{c+2c}}{x}\right) - 2(b^4c^2 - a^4 + (b^4c + a^2b^2)dx) \log\left(\frac{2a^2b^2c - 2a^4 + 2(ab^3dx + ab^3c - a^3b)\sqrt{c}}{b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6 + (b^6c^2 - 2a^2b^4c + a^4b^2)dx}\right) \right]}{b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6 + (b^6c^2 - 2a^2b^4c + a^4b^2)dx}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(2*a^2*b^2*c - 2*a^4 + 2*(a*b^3*d*x + a*b^3*c - a^3*b)*sqrt(c)*log((d*x + 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x) - 2*(b^4*c^2 - a^4 + (b^4*c + a^2*b^2)*d*x)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + (b^4*c^2 - a^4 + (b^4*c + a^2*b^2)*d*x)*log(x) - 2*(a*b^3*c - a^3*b)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c - a^6 + (b^6*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^4*c + a^4*b^2)*d*x), (2*a^2*b^2*c - 2*a^4 - 4*(a*b^3*d*x + a*b^3*c - a^3*b)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x + c)) - 2*(b^4*c^2 - a^4 + (b^4*c + a^2*b^2)*d*x)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + (b^4*c^2 - a^4 + (b^4*c + a^2*b^2)*d*x)*log(x) - 2*(a*b^3*c - a^3*b)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c - a^6 + (b^6*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^4*c + a^4*b^2)*d*x)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2ab \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{b(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{a^2 - b^2c} - \frac{2b(a^2 + b^2c) \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{(a^2 - b^2c)^2} - \frac{2 \cdot \left(\frac{2abc \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c}} + \left(-\frac{a^2}{2}\right) \right)}{(a^2 - b^2c)^2} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b\sqrt{c})^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-2*a*b*Piecewise((sqrt(c + d*x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(b*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))), True))/(a**2 - b**2*c) - 2*b*(a**2 + b**2*c)*Piecewise((sqrt(c + d*x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/b, True))/(a**2 - b**2*c)**2 - 2*(2*a*b*c*atan(sqrt(c + d*x)/sqrt(-c))/sqrt(-c) + (-a**2/2 - b**2*c/2)*log(-d*x))/(a**2 - b**2*c)**2, Ne(d, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b*sqrt(c))*2, True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = -\frac{2ab\sqrt{c} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}-\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{dx+c}+\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4} + \frac{(b^2c + a^2) \log(dx)}{b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4} - \frac{2(b^2c + a^2) \log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4} - \frac{2a}{ab^2c - a^3 + (b^3c - a^2b)\sqrt{dx + c}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-2*a*b*sqrt(c)*log((sqrt(d*x + c) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(c)))/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4) + (b^2*c + a^2)*log(d*x)/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4) - 2*(b^2*c + a^2)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4) - 2*a/(a*b^2*c - a^3 + (b^3*c - a^2*b)*sqrt(d*x + c))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = -\frac{4abc \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{(b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4)\sqrt{-c}} + \frac{(b^2c + a^2) \log(-dx)}{b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4} - \frac{2(b^3c + a^2b) \log(|\sqrt{dx + cb} + a|)}{b^5c^2 - 2a^2b^3c + a^4b} - \frac{2(ab^2c - a^3)}{(b^2c - a^2)^2(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4*a*b*c*arctan(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c))/((b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)*sqrt(-c)) + (b^2*c + a^2)*log(-d*x)/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4) - 2*(b^3*c + a^2*b)*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^5*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^3*c + a^4*b) - 2*(a*b^2*c - a^3)/((b^2*c - a^2)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{\ln(\sqrt{c+dx} - \sqrt{c})}{(a+b\sqrt{c})^2} + \ln(a+b\sqrt{c+dx}) \left(\frac{2}{b^2c-a^2} - \frac{4b^2c}{(b^2c-a^2)^2} \right) + \frac{\ln(\sqrt{c+dx} + \sqrt{c})}{(a-b\sqrt{c})^2} - \frac{2a}{(b^2c-a^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2),x)`

output `log((c + d*x)^(1/2) - c^(1/2))/(a + b*c^(1/2))^2 + log(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))*2/(b^2*c - a^2) - (4*b^2*c)/(b^2*c - a^2)^2 + log((c + d*x)^(1/2) + c^(1/2))/(a - b*c^(1/2))^2 - (2*a)/((b^2*c - a^2)*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx+c}\log(\sqrt{dx+c}-\sqrt{c})ab^2 + 2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx+c}\log(\sqrt{dx+c}+\sqrt{c})ab^2 + \sqrt{dx+c}\log(\sqrt{dx+c})}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a*b**2 + 2*sqrt(c)
)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a*b**2 + sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**2*b + sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*b**3*c + sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**2*b + sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*b**3*c - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**2*b - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**3*c - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**3*c - 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**2*b + log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**3 + log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a*b**2*c + log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**3 + log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a*b**2*c - 2*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**3 - 2*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a*b**2*c)/(sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c + sqrt(c + d*x)*b**5*c**2 + a**5 - 2*a**3*b**2*c + a*b**4*c**2)
```

3.123 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{2ab^2d}{(a^2-b^2c)^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{a^2+b^2c-2ab\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a^2-b^2c)^2x} + \frac{2ab(a^2+3b^2c) \operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(a^2-b^2c)^3} + \frac{b^2(3a^2+b^2c) d \log(x)}{(a^2-b^2c)^3} - \frac{2b^2(3a^2+b^2c) d \log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{(a^2-b^2c)^3}$$

output `2*a*b^2*d/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-(a^2+b^2*c-2*a*b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2/x+2*a*b*(3*b^2*c+a^2)*d*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3+b^2*(b^2*c+3*a^2)*d*ln(x)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3-2*b^2*(b^2*c+3*a^2)*d*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(a^2 - b^2c)(-a^3 + a^2b\sqrt{c+dx} - b^3c\sqrt{c+dx} + ab^2(c+4dx))}{x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{2ab(a^2+3b^2c)d\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + b^2(3a^2 + b^2c) d \log(-dx) - 2b^2}{(a^2 - b^2c)^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `(((a^2 - b^2*c)*(-a^3 + a^2*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] - b^3*c*Sqrt[c + d*x] + a*b^2*(c + 4*d*x)))/(x*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + (2*a*b*(a^2 + 3*b^2*c)*d*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]]/Sqrt[c] + b^2*(3*a^2 + b^2*c)*d*Log[-(d*x)] - 2*b^2*(3*a^2 + b^2*c)*d*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(a^2 - b^2*c)^3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 593, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$d \int \frac{1}{d^2 x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{1732}$$

$$2d \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2 x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d\sqrt{c + dx}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 593 \\
& 2d \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{2(a-b\sqrt{c+dx})}{dx(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2(a^2-b^2c)} - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{2dx(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& 2d \left(\frac{b \int -\frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{2dx(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \right) \\
& \downarrow 657 \\
& 2d \left(\frac{b \int \left(-\frac{(3a^2+b^2c)b^2}{(a^2-b^2c)^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{2ab^2}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} - \frac{a(a^2+3b^2c)-b(3a^2+b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{(a^2-b^2c)^2 dx} \right) d\sqrt{c+dx}}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{2dx(a^2-b^2c)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& 2d \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{a(a^2+3b^2c)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(a^2-b^2c)^2} + \frac{2ab}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{b(3a^2+b^2c)\log(-dx)}{2(a^2-b^2c)^2} - \frac{b(3a^2+b^2c)\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{(a^2-b^2c)^2} \right)}{a^2-b^2c} - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{2dx(a^2-b^2c)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `2*d*(-1/2*(a - b*Sqrt[c + d*x])/((a^2 - b^2*c)*d*x*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + (b*((2*a*b)/((a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + (a*(a^2 + 3*b^2*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]])/(Sqrt[c]*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2) + (b*(3*a^2 + b^2*c)*Log[-(d*x)]/(2*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2) - (b*(3*a^2 + b^2*c)*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(a^2 - b^2*c)^2))/(a^2 - b^2*c)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 593 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(c - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[d/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*n - d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`
- rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegerQ[n]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
derivativedivides	$2d \left(\frac{ab^2}{(-b^2c+a^2)^2(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})} - \frac{b^2(b^2c+3a^2)\ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{(-b^2c+a^2)^3} + \frac{-\frac{(ab^3c-a^3b)\sqrt{dx+c}-\frac{b^4c^2}{2}+\frac{a^4}{2}}{dx}+b}{(-b^2c+a^2)^3} \right)$
default	$2d \left(\frac{ab^2}{(-b^2c+a^2)^2(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})} - \frac{b^2(b^2c+3a^2)\ln(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})}{(-b^2c+a^2)^3} + \frac{-\frac{(ab^3c-a^3b)\sqrt{dx+c}-\frac{b^4c^2}{2}+\frac{a^4}{2}}{dx}+b}{(-b^2c+a^2)^3} \right)$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*d*(a*b^2/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-b^2*(b^2*c+3*a^2)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))+1/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*(-((a*b^3*c-a^3*b)*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-1/2*b^4*c^2+1/2*a^4)/d/x+b*(-1/2*(-b^3*c-3*a^2*b)*ln(-d*x)+(3*a*b^2*c+a^3)/c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 421 vs. 2(189) = 378.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 851, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.36

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-(b^6*c^4 - a^2*b^4*c^3 - a^4*b^2*c^2 + a^6*c + (b^6*c^3 + 2*a^2*b^4*c^2
- 3*a^4*b^2*c)*d*x - ((3*a*b^5*c + a^3*b^3)*d^2*x^2 + (3*a*b^5*c^2 - 2*a^3
*b^3*c - a^5*b)*d*x)*sqrt(c)*log((d*x - 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x)
- 2*((b^6*c^2 + 3*a^2*b^4*c)*d^2*x^2 + (b^6*c^3 + 2*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 3*a^4*b^
2*c)*d*x)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + ((b^6*c^2 + 3*a^2*b^4*c)*d^2*x^2 + (b
^6*c^3 + 2*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c)*d*x)*log(x) - 2*(a*b^5*c^3 - 2*a^3*b
^3*c^2 + a^5*b*c + 2*(a*b^5*c^2 - a^3*b^3*c)*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((b^8*c^4
- 3*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^4*c^2 - a^6*b^2*c)*d*x^2 + (b^8*c^5 - 4*a^2*b^6
*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2 + a^8*c)*x), -(b^6*c^4 - a^2*b^4*c^3
- a^4*b^2*c^2 + a^6*c + (b^6*c^3 + 2*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c)*d*x - 2*((
3*a*b^5*c + a^3*b^3)*d^2*x^2 + (3*a*b^5*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^3*c - a^5*b)*d*x)*sq
rt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d*x + c)) - 2*((b^6*c^2 + 3*a^2*b^4*c)*d^2*x^2
+ (b^6*c^3 + 2*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c)*d*x)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) +
((b^6*c^2 + 3*a^2*b^4*c)*d^2*x^2 + (b^6*c^3 + 2*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 3*a^4*b^2*c
)*d*x)*log(x) - 2*(a*b^5*c^3 - 2*a^3*b^3*c^2 + a^5*b*c + 2*(a*b^5*c^2 - a^
3*b^3*c)*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((b^8*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^4*c^2 - a
^6*b^2*c)*d*x^2 + (b^8*c^5 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2
+ a^8*c)*x)]

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx =$$

$$-d \left(\frac{(b^4c + 3a^2b^2) \log(dx)}{b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6} - \frac{2(b^4c + 3a^2b^2) \log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6} - \frac{(3ab^3c + a^3b) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{dx+c}}\right)}{(b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6)} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-d*((b^4*c + 3*a^2*b^2)*\log(d*x)/(b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c - a^6) - 2*(b^4*c + 3*a^2*b^2)*\log(\sqrt{d*x + c}*b + a)/(b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c - a^6) - (3*a*b^3*c + a^3*b)*\log((\sqrt{d*x + c} - \sqrt{c})/(\sqrt{d*x + c} + \sqrt{c}))/((b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c - a^6)*\sqrt{c}) + (4*(d*x + c)*a*b^2 - 3*a*b^2*c - a^3 - (b^3*c - a^2*b)*\sqrt{d*x + c})/(a*b^4*c^3 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^2 + a^5*c - (b^5*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^3*c + a^4*b)*(d*x + c)^(3/2) - (a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^5)*(d*x + c) + (b^5*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a^4*b*c)*\sqrt{d*x + c}))$$
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(b^4cd + 3a^2b^2d) \log(-dx)}{b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6} + \frac{2(b^5cd + 3a^2b^3d) \log(|-\sqrt{dx + cb} - a|)}{b^7c^3 - 3a^2b^5c^2 + 3a^4b^3c - a^6b}$$

$$+ \frac{2(3ab^3cd + a^3bd) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{(b^6c^3 - 3a^2b^4c^2 + 3a^4b^2c - a^6)\sqrt{-c}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{dx + cb^3cd - 4(dx + c)ab^2d + 3ab^2cd - \sqrt{dx + ca^2bd + a^3d}}{(b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4)\left((dx + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b - \sqrt{dx + c}bc + (dx + c)a - ac\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-(b^4*c*d + 3*a^2*b^2*d)*log(-d*x)/(b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c
- a^6) + 2*(b^5*c*d + 3*a^2*b^3*d)*log(abs(-sqrt(d*x + c)*b - a))/(b^7*c^3
- 3*a^2*b^5*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^3*c - a^6*b) + 2*(3*a*b^3*c*d + a^3*b*d)*arctan
(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c))/((b^6*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^2*c - a^6)*sq
rt(-c)) - (sqrt(d*x + c)*b^3*c*d - 4*(d*x + c)*a*b^2*d + 3*a*b^2*c*d - sqr
t(d*x + c)*a^2*b*d + a^3*d)/((b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)*((d*x + c)^(3/2
))*b - sqrt(d*x + c)*b*c + (d*x + c)*a - a*c))

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx &= \frac{bd \ln(\sqrt{c + dx} + \sqrt{c})}{a^3 \sqrt{c} - b^3 c^2 + 3ab^2 c^{3/2} - 3a^2 bc} \\
&- \frac{\frac{ad(a^2 + 3cb^2)}{(b^2 c - a^2)^2} + \frac{bd\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^2 c - a^2} - \frac{4ab^2 d(c+dx)}{a^4 - 2a^2 b^2 c + b^4 c^2}}{b(c + dx)^{3/2} - ac + a(c + dx) - bc\sqrt{c + dx}} \\
&- \frac{bd \ln(\sqrt{c + dx} - \sqrt{c})}{a^3 \sqrt{c} + b^3 c^2 + 3ab^2 c^{3/2} + 3a^2 bc} \\
&- \ln(a + b\sqrt{c + dx}) \left(\frac{6b^2 d}{(b^2 c - a^2)^2} - \frac{8b^4 cd}{(b^2 c - a^2)^3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2), x)
```

output

```

(b*d*log((c + d*x)^(1/2) + c^(1/2)))/(a^3*c^(1/2) - b^3*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^(3
/2) - 3*a^2*b*c) - ((a*d*(3*b^2*c + a^2))/(b^2*c - a^2)^2 + (b*d*(c + d*x)
^(1/2))/(b^2*c - a^2) - (4*a*b^2*d*(c + d*x))/(a^4 + b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c
))/((b*(c + d*x)^(3/2) - a*c + a*(c + d*x) - b*c*(c + d*x)^(1/2)) - (b*d*lo
g((c + d*x)^(1/2) - c^(1/2)))/(a^3*c^(1/2) + b^3*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c^(3/2) + 3
*a^2*b*c) - log(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))*((6*b^2*d)/(b^2*c - a^2)^2 - (8*b^4
*c*d)/(b^2*c - a^2)^3)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 696, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**3*b**2*d*x - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a*b**4*c*d*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**3*b**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a*b**4*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**2*b**3*c*d*x + sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*b**5*c**2*d*x + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**2*b**3*c*d*x + sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*b**5*c**2*d*x - 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**2*b**3*c*d*x - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**5*c**2*d*x + sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b*c - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c**2 - 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c*d*x + sqrt(c + d*x)*b**5*c**3 + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**5*c**2*d*x - sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**4*b*d*x - 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**2*b**3*c*d*x + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**4*b*d*x + 3*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**2*b**3*c*d*x + 3*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**3*b**2*c*d*x + log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a*b**4*c**2*d*x + 3*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**3*b**2*c*d*x + log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a*b**4*c**2*d*x - 6*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**3*b**2*c*d*x - 2*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a*b**4*c**2*d*x - a**5*c + 2*a**3*b**2*c**2 - a*b**4*c**3)/(c*x*(sqrt(c + d*x)*a**6*b - 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b**3*c + 3*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**5*c**2 - sqrt(c + d*x)*b**7*c**3 + a**7 - 3*a**5*b**2*c + 3*a**3*b**4*c**...
```

3.124 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx$

Optimal result	1179
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1180
Rubi [A] (verified)	1180
Maple [A] (verified)	1184
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1184
Sympy [F]	1185
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1186
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1187
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1187
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1188

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 299

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} dx = \frac{ab^2(a^2+11b^2c)d^2}{2c(a^2-b^2c)^3(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{a^2+b^2c-2ab\sqrt{c+dx}}{2(a^2-b^2c)^2x^2} - \frac{bd(5abc-(a^2+2b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx})}{2c(a^2-b^2c)^2x(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{ab(a^4-10a^2b^2c-15b^4c^2)d^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}(a^2-b^2c)^4} + \frac{b^4(5a^2+b^2c)d^2\log(x)}{(a^2-b^2c)^4} - \frac{2b^4(5a^2+b^2c)d^2\log(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})}{(a^2-b^2c)^4}$$

output

```
1/2*a*b^2*(11*b^2*c+a^2)*d^2/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-1/2*(a^2+b^2*c-2*a*b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2/x^2-1/2*b*d*(5*a*b*c-(2*b^2*c+a^2)*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-1/2*a*b*(-15*b^4*c^2-10*a^2*b^2*c+a^4)*d^2*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^4+b^4*(b^2*c+5*a^2)*d^2*ln(x)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^4-2*b^4*(b^2*c+5*a^2)*d^2*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(-b^2*c+a^2)^4
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{a^5 c - b^5 c^2 (c - 2dx) \sqrt{c + dx} + a^2 b^3 c (2c - dx) \sqrt{c + dx} - a^4 b (c + dx)^{3/2} + ab^4 c (c^2 - 3cdx - 11d^2 x^2)}{c(-a^2 + b^2 c)^3 x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{(-a^5 b + 10a^3 b^3 c + 15ab^5 c^2) d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{c^{3/2} (a^2 - b^2 c)^4} + \frac{2b^4 (5a^2 + b^2 c) d^2 \log(-dx)}{(a^2 - b^2 c)^4}$$

$$\left. - \frac{4b^4 (5a^2 + b^2 c) d^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})}{(a^2 - b^2 c)^4} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `((a^5*c - b^5*c^2*(c - 2*d*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x] + a^2*b^3*c*(2*c - d*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x] - a^4*b*(c + d*x)^(3/2) + a*b^4*c*(c^2 - 3*c*d*x - 11*d^2*x^2) - a^3*b^2*(2*c^2 - 3*c*d*x + d^2*x^2))/(c*(-a^2 + b^2*c)^3*x^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + (((-a^5*b) + 10*a^3*b^3*c + 15*a*b^5*c^2)*d^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]])/(c^(3/2)*(a^2 - b^2*c)^4) + (2*b^4*(5*a^2 + b^2*c)*d^2*Log[-(d*x)])/(a^2 - b^2*c)^4 - (4*b^4*(5*a^2 + b^2*c)*d^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(a^2 - b^2*c)^4)/2`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 593, 27, 686, 25, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 896 \\
& d^2 \int \frac{1}{d^3 x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d(c + dx) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -d^2 \int -\frac{1}{d^3 x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d(c + dx) \\
& \downarrow 1732 \\
& -2d^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^3 x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d\sqrt{c + dx} \\
& \downarrow 593 \\
& -2d^2 \left(\frac{a - b\sqrt{c + dx}}{4d^2 x^2 (a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} - \frac{b \int -\frac{2(a - 2b\sqrt{c + dx})}{d^2 x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{4(a^2 - b^2c)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -2d^2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{a - 2b\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2 x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{2(a^2 - b^2c)} + \frac{a - b\sqrt{c + dx}}{4d^2 x^2 (a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} \right) \\
& \downarrow 686 \\
& -2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{3abc - (a^2 + 2b^2c)\sqrt{c + dx}}{2cdx(a^2 - b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} - \frac{\int \frac{a(a^2 - 7b^2c) + 2b(a^2 + 2b^2c)\sqrt{c + dx}}{dx(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{2c(a^2 - b^2c)} \right)}{2(a^2 - b^2c)} + \frac{a - b\sqrt{c + dx}}{4d^2 x^2 (a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\int -\frac{a(a^2 - 7b^2c) + 2b(a^2 + 2b^2c)\sqrt{c + dx}}{dx(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{2c(a^2 - b^2c)} + \frac{3abc - (a^2 + 2b^2c)\sqrt{c + dx}}{2cdx(a^2 - b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} \right)}{2(a^2 - b^2c)} + \frac{a - b\sqrt{c + dx}}{4d^2 x^2 (a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})} \right) \\
& \downarrow 657
\end{aligned}$$

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{\int \left(\frac{a(a^2+11b^2c)b^2}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^2} - \frac{4c(5a^2+b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}b^3+a(a^4-10b^2ca^2-15b^4c^2)}{(a^2-b^2c)^2 dx} + \frac{4c(cb^6+5a^2b^4)}{(a^2-b^2c)^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \right) d\sqrt{c+dx}}{2c(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{3abc-(a^2+2b^2c)}{2cdx(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} \right)}{2(a^2-b^2c)} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx}}{4d^2x^2(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{b \left(\frac{3abc-(a^2+2b^2c)\sqrt{c+dx}}{2cdx(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} + \frac{-\frac{ab(a^2+11b^2c)}{(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})} - \frac{2b^3c(5a^2+b^2c)\log(-dx)}{(a^2-b^2c)^2} + \frac{4b^4c}{(a^2-b^2c)^2} \right)}{2(a^2-b^2c)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^2),x]`

output `-2*d^2*((a - b*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(4*(a^2 - b^2*c)*d^2*x^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + (b*((3*a*b*c - (a^2 + 2*b^2*c)*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(2*c*(a^2 - b^2*c)*d*x*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])) + (-((a*b*(a^2 + 11*b^2*c))/((a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]))) + (a*(a^4 - 10*a^2*b^2*c - 15*b^4*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*x]/Sqrt[c]])/(Sqrt[c]*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2) - (2*b^3*c*(5*a^2 + b^2*c)*Log[-(d*x)])/(a^2 - b^2*c)^2 + (4*b^3*c*(5*a^2 + b^2*c)*Log[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(a^2 - b^2*c)^2)/(2*c*(a^2 - b^2*c)))/(2*(a^2 - b^2*c))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 593 $\text{Int}[(x_*)*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow$
 $\text{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(c - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 +$
 $a*d^2)), x] - \text{Simp}[d/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*$
 $x^2)^{(p + 1)}*(c*n - d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x]$
 $\&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$

rule 657 $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((f_*) + (g_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})/((a_*) + (c_*)*($
 $x_*)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^$
 $2)), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[n]$

rule 686 $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((f_*) + (g_*)*(x_*)*((a_*) + (c_*)*(x_*)^2)^{(p$
 $_*)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-d + e*x)^{(m + 1)}*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +$
 $a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)})/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)), x] + \text{Simp}[$
 $1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Sim}$
 $p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f$
 $+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}$
 $[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[m] \parallel \text{IntegerQ}[p] \parallel \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*p])$

rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(v_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}*(x_*)^{(m_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coeff}$
 $\text{icient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m + 1)} \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Si}$
 $\text{mplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /;$ $\text{NeQ}[c, 0] /;$
 $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1732 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (c_*)*(x_*)^{(n2_*)})^{(p_*)}*((d_*) + (e_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(q_*)}, x_Symb$
 $ol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{g = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[g \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(g - 1)}*(d + e*x^{(g*$
 $n))^{q*(a + c*x^{(2*g*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/g)}], x]] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p, q\}$
 $, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$ $\text{SumQ}[u]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$2d^2 \left(\frac{b^4 a}{(-b^2 c + a^2)^3 (a + b\sqrt{dx+c})} - \frac{b^4 (b^2 c + 5a^2) \ln(a + b\sqrt{dx+c})}{(-b^2 c + a^2)^4} - \frac{-\frac{ab(-7b^4 c^2 + 6a^2 b^2 c + a^4)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c} + (-\frac{1}{2} b^6 c^2 - \dots}{(-b^2 c + a^2)^4} \right)$
default	$2d^2 \left(\frac{b^4 a}{(-b^2 c + a^2)^3 (a + b\sqrt{dx+c})} - \frac{b^4 (b^2 c + 5a^2) \ln(a + b\sqrt{dx+c})}{(-b^2 c + a^2)^4} - \frac{-\frac{ab(-7b^4 c^2 + 6a^2 b^2 c + a^4)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4c} + (-\frac{1}{2} b^6 c^2 - \dots}{(-b^2 c + a^2)^4} \right)$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*d^2*(b^4/(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*a/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-b^4*(b^2*c+5*a^2)/(-b^2*c+a^2)^4*ln(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-1/(-b^2*c+a^2)^4*((-1/4*a*b*(-7*b^4*c^2+6*a^2*b^2*c+a^4)/c*(d*x+c)^(3/2)+(-1/2*b^6*c^2-a^2*c*b^4+3/2*a^4*b^2)*(d*x+c)+(-9/4*a*b^5*c^2+5/2*a^3*b^3*c-1/4*a^5*b)*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+3/4*b^6*c^3+3/4*a^2*b^4*c^2-7/4*a^4*b^2*c+1/4*a^6)/d^2/x^2+1/4*b/c*(-1/2*(4*b^5*c^2+20*a^2*b^3*c)*ln(-d*x)+(-15*a*b^4*c^2-10*a^3*b^2*c+a^5)/c^(1/2)*arctanh((d*x+c)^(1/2)/c^(1/2))))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 619 vs. 2(283) = 566.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1249, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

[-1/4*(2*b^8*c^6 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^5 + 4*a^6*b^2*c^3 - 2*a^8*c^2 - 4*(b^8*c^4
+ 4*a^2*b^6*c^3 - 5*a^4*b^4*c^2)*d^2*x^2 - 2*(b^8*c^5 + 3*a^2*b^6*c^4 - 9*
a^4*b^4*c^3 + 5*a^6*b^2*c^2)*d*x - ((15*a*b^7*c^2 + 10*a^3*b^5*c - a^5*b^3)
)*d^3*x^3 + (15*a*b^7*c^3 - 5*a^3*b^5*c^2 - 11*a^5*b^3*c + a^7*b)*d^2*x^2)
*sqrt(c)*log((d*x + 2*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(c) + 2*c)/x) + 8*((b^8*c^3 + 5*a^
2*b^6*c^2)*d^3*x^3 + (b^8*c^4 + 4*a^2*b^6*c^3 - 5*a^4*b^4*c^2)*d^2*x^2)*lo
g(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - 4*((b^8*c^3 + 5*a^2*b^6*c^2)*d^3*x^3 + (b^8*c^4 +
4*a^2*b^6*c^3 - 5*a^4*b^4*c^2)*d^2*x^2)*log(x) - 2*(2*a*b^7*c^5 - 6*a^3*b
^5*c^4 + 6*a^5*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^7*b*c^2 - (11*a*b^7*c^3 - 10*a^3*b^5*c^2 - a^
5*b^3*c)*d^2*x^2 - (5*a*b^7*c^4 - 9*a^3*b^5*c^3 + 3*a^5*b^3*c^2 + a^7*b*c)
*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))/((b^10*c^6 - 4*a^2*b^8*c^5 + 6*a^4*b^6*c^4 - 4*a^6*b^
4*c^3 + a^8*b^2*c^2)*d*x^3 + (b^10*c^7 - 5*a^2*b^8*c^6 + 10*a^4*b^6*c^5 -
10*a^6*b^4*c^4 + 5*a^8*b^2*c^3 - a^10*c^2)*x^2), -1/2*(b^8*c^6 - 2*a^2*b^6
*c^5 + 2*a^6*b^2*c^3 - a^8*c^2 - 2*(b^8*c^4 + 4*a^2*b^6*c^3 - 5*a^4*b^4*c^
2)*d^2*x^2 - (b^8*c^5 + 3*a^2*b^6*c^4 - 9*a^4*b^4*c^3 + 5*a^6*b^2*c^2)*d*x
+ ((15*a*b^7*c^2 + 10*a^3*b^5*c - a^5*b^3)*d^3*x^3 + (15*a*b^7*c^3 - 5*a^
3*b^5*c^2 - 11*a^5*b^3*c + a^7*b)*d^2*x^2)*sqrt(-c)*arctan(sqrt(-c)/sqrt(d
*x + c)) + 4*((b^8*c^3 + 5*a^2*b^6*c^2)*d^3*x^3 + (b^8*c^4 + 4*a^2*b^6*c^3
- 5*a^4*b^4*c^2)*d^2*x^2)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - 2*((b^8*c^3 + 5*a^2*
b^6*c^2)*d^3*x^3 + (b^8*c^4 + 4*a^2*b^6*c^3 - 5*a^4*b^4*c^2)*d^2*x^2)*1...

```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**3*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**2), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 659 vs. $2(283) = 566$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 659, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} d^2 \left(\frac{4(b^6c + 5a^2b^4) \log(dx)}{b^8c^4 - 4a^2b^6c^3 + 6a^4b^4c^2 - 4a^6b^2c + a^8} - \frac{8(b^6c + 5a^2b^4) \log(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)}{b^8c^4 - 4a^2b^6c^3 + 6a^4b^4c^2 - 4a^6b^2c + a^8} - \frac{(15ab^5c^2)}{(b^8c^5 - 4a^2b^6c^4 + 6a^4b^4c^3 - 4a^6b^2c^2 + a^8)} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*d^2*(4*(b^6*c + 5*a^2*b^4)*log(d*x)/(b^8*c^4 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^2 - 4*a^6*b^2*c + a^8) - 8*(b^6*c + 5*a^2*b^4)*log(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^8*c^4 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^2 - 4*a^6*b^2*c + a^8) - (15*a*b^5*c^2 + 10*a^3*b^3*c - a^5*b)*log((sqrt(d*x + c) - sqrt(c))/(sqrt(d*x + c) + sqrt(c)))/((b^8*c^5 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2 + a^8*c)*sqrt(c)) - 2*(7*a*b^4*c^3 + 6*a^3*b^2*c^2 - a^5*c + (11*a*b^4*c + a^3*b^2)*(d*x + c)^2 - (2*b^5*c^2 - a^2*b^3*c - a^4*b)*(d*x + c)^(3/2) - (19*a*b^4*c^2 + 5*a^3*b^2*c)*(d*x + c) + 3*(b^5*c^3 - a^2*b^3*c^2)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(a*b^6*c^6 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^5 + 3*a^5*b^2*c^4 - a^7*c^3 + (b^7*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^5*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^3*c^2 - a^6*b*c)*(d*x + c)^(5/2) + (a*b^6*c^4 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^5*b^2*c^2 - a^7*c)*(d*x + c)^2 - 2*(b^7*c^5 - 3*a^2*b^5*c^4 + 3*a^4*b^3*c^3 - a^6*b*c^2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2) - 2*(a*b^6*c^5 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^4 + 3*a^5*b^2*c^3 - a^7*c^2)*(d*x + c) + (b^7*c^6 - 3*a^2*b^5*c^5 + 3*a^4*b^3*c^4 - a^6*b*c^3)*sqrt(d*x + c)))
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^6 c d^2 + 5 a^2 b^4 d^2) \log(-dx)}{b^8 c^4 - 4 a^2 b^6 c^3 + 6 a^4 b^4 c^2 - 4 a^6 b^2 c + a^8} - \frac{2 (b^7 c d^2 + 5 a^2 b^5 d^2) \log(|\sqrt{dx + cb} + a|)}{b^9 c^4 - 4 a^2 b^7 c^3 + 6 a^4 b^5 c^2 - 4 a^6 b^3 c + a^8 b}$$

$$- \frac{(15 a b^5 c^2 d^2 + 10 a^3 b^3 c d^2 - a^5 b d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx+c}}{\sqrt{-c}}\right)}{2 (b^8 c^5 - 4 a^2 b^6 c^4 + 6 a^4 b^4 c^3 - 4 a^6 b^2 c^2 + a^8 c) \sqrt{-c}}$$

$$- \frac{7 a b^6 c^4 d^2 - a^3 b^4 c^3 d^2 - 7 a^5 b^2 c^2 d^2 + a^7 c d^2 + (11 a b^6 c^2 d^2 - 10 a^3 b^4 c d^2 - a^5 b^2 d^2)(dx + c)^2 - (2 b^7 c^3 d^2 - 2 (b^2 c$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output

```
(b^6*c*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^4*d^2)*log(-d*x)/(b^8*c^4 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^2 - 4*a^6*b^2*c + a^8) - 2*(b^7*c*d^2 + 5*a^2*b^5*d^2)*log(abs(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^9*c^4 - 4*a^2*b^7*c^3 + 6*a^4*b^5*c^2 - 4*a^6*b^3*c + a^8*b) - 1/2*(15*a*b^5*c^2*d^2 + 10*a^3*b^3*c*d^2 - a^5*b*d^2)*arctan(sqrt(d*x + c)/sqrt(-c))/((b^8*c^5 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^3 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^2 + a^8*c)*sqrt(-c)) - 1/2*(7*a*b^6*c^4*d^2 - a^3*b^4*c^3*d^2 - 7*a^5*b^2*c^2*d^2 + a^7*c*d^2 + (11*a*b^6*c^2*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^4*c*d^2 - a^5*b^2*d^2)*(d*x + c)^2 - (2*b^7*c^3*d^2 - 3*a^2*b^5*c^2*d^2 + a^6*b*d^2)*(d*x + c)^(3/2) - (19*a*b^6*c^3*d^2 - 14*a^3*b^4*c^2*d^2 - 5*a^5*b^2*c*d^2)*(d*x + c) + 3*(b^7*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^2*b^5*c^3*d^2 + a^4*b^3*c^2*d^2)*sqrt(d*x + c))/(b^2*c - a^2)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*c*d^2*x^2)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1441, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^2),x)`

output

```

(((5*a^3*b^2*d^2 + 19*a*b^4*c*d^2)*(c + d*x))/(2*(b^2*c - a^2)*(a^4 + b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c)) + ((a^3*b^2*d^2 + 11*a*b^4*c*d^2)*(c + d*x)^2)/(2*c*(a^6 - b^6*c^3 - 3*a^4*b^2*c + 3*a^2*b^4*c^2)) - (a*(7*b^4*c^2*d^2 - a^4*d^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c*d^2))/(2*(b^2*c - a^2)*(a^4 + b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c)) + (b*(a^2*d^2 + 2*b^2*c*d^2)*(c + d*x)^(3/2))/(2*c*(a^4 + b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c)) - (3*b^3*c*d^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/(2*(a^4 + b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c)))/(a*(c + d*x)^2 + b*(c + d*x)^(5/2) + a*c^2 - 2*a*c*(c + d*x) - 2*b*c*(c + d*x)^(3/2) + b*c^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2)) + log(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))*((10*b^4*d^2)/(b^2*c - a^2)^3 - (12*b^6*c*d^2)/(b^2*c - a^2)^4) + (log((a*b^4*d^4*(a^6 - 44*b^6*c^3 + 2*a^4*b^2*c - 103*a^2*b^4*c^2)))/(4*c^2*(b^2*c - a^2)^6) - (b*d^2*((b^2*d^2*(a^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2) + 4*a*b*c + 3*b^2*c*(c + d*x)^(1/2)))*(a^5*(c^3)^(1/2) + 4*b^5*c^4 + 20*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 10*a^3*b^2*c*(c^3)^(1/2) - 15*a*b^4*c^2*(c^3)^(1/2)))/(2*c^3*(b^2*c - a^2)^4) - (b^3*d^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2)*(6*b^4*c^2 - a^4 + 19*a^2*b^2*c))/(c*(b^2*c - a^2)^3) + (a*b^2*d^2*(7*b^2*c - a^2))/(2*c*(b^2*c - a^2)^2)*(a^5*(c^3)^(1/2) + 4*b^5*c^4 + 20*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 10*a^3*b^2*c*(c^3)^(1/2) - 15*a*b^4*c^2*(c^3)^(1/2)))/(4*c^3*(b^2*c - a^2)^4) + (a^2*b^5*d^4*(11*b^2*c + a^2)^2*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/(4*c^2*(b^2*c - a^2)^6)*(4*b^6*c^4*d^2 + 20*a^2*b^4*c^3*d^2 + a^5*b*d^2*(c^3)^(1/2) - 10*a^3*b^3*c*d^2*(c^3)^(1/2) - 15*a*b^5*c^2*d^2*(c^3)^(1/2)))/(4*(a^8*c^3 + b^8*c^7 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^4*c^5 - 4*a^2*b^6*c^6)) + (10...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1103, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2,x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**5*b**2*d**2*x**2 -
10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**3*b**4*c*d**2*x**
2 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a*b**6*c**2*d**2
*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**5*b**2*d**2*
x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**3*b**4*c*d
**2*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a*b**6*c*
**2*d**2*x**2 + 20*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**2*b**5*c**
2*d**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*b**7*c**3*d**2*
x**2 + 20*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**2*b**5*c**2*d**2*x
**2 + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*b**7*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 4
0*sqrt(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**2*b**5*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt
(c + d*x)*log(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**7*c**3*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a
**6*b*c**2 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**6*b*c*d*x - 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b**3*c**3
- 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**5*c**4
- 6*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**5*c**3*d*x - 20*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**5*c**2*d**
2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**7*c**5 + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**7*c**4*d*x + 22*sq
rt(c + d*x)*b**7*c**3*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**
6*b*d**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**4*b**3*c*d**2*x
**2 - 15*sqrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) - sqrt(c))*a**2*b**5*c**2*d**2*x**2 - s
qrt(c)*log(sqrt(c + d*x) + sqrt(c))*a**6*b*d**2*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c)*log(s...
```

3.125 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$

Optimal result	1190
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1191
Rubi [A] (verified)	1191
Maple [A] (verified)	1193
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1194
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1195
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1195
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1196
Mupad [F(-1)]	1197
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1198

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 326

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = & -\frac{4a(a^2 - b^2c)^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2}}{3b^8d^4} \\
 & + \frac{4(a^2 - b^2c)^2 (7a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{5/2}}{5b^8d^4} \\
 & - \frac{12a(7a^2 - 3b^2c) (a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{7/2}}{7b^8d^4} \\
 & + \frac{4(35a^4 - 30a^2b^2c + 3b^4c^2) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{9/2}}{9b^8d^4} \\
 & - \frac{20a(7a^2 - 3b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{11/2}}{11b^8d^4} \\
 & + \frac{12(7a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{13/2}}{13b^8d^4} \\
 & - \frac{28a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{15/2}}{15b^8d^4} + \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{17/2}}{17b^8d^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -4/3*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^8/d^4+4/5*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2 \\
& *(-b^2*c+7*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^8/d^4-12/7*a*(-3*b^2*c+7*a^2)* \\
& (-b^2*c+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^8/d^4+4/9*(3*b^4*c^2-30*a^2*b^2*c \\
& +35*a^4)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^8/d^4-20/11*a*(-3*b^2*c+7*a^2)*(a+b*(\\
& d*x+c)^(1/2))^(11/2)/b^8/d^4+12/13*(-b^2*c+7*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(13/ \\
& 2)/b^8/d^4-28/15*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(15/2)/b^8/d^4+4/17*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1 \\
& /2))^(17/2)/b^8/d^4
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
& = \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2} (-14336a^7 + 3840a^5b^2(10c - 7dx) + 21504a^6b\sqrt{c + dx} - 640a^4b^3(104c - 49dx)\sqrt{c + dx})}{765765b^8d^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input

Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (4*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(-14336*a^7 + 3840*a^5*b^2*(10*c - 7*d*x) + \\
& 21504*a^6*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] - 640*a^4*b^3*(104*c - 49*d*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x] - \\
& 48*a^3*b^4*(616*c^2 - 1080*c*d*x + 735*d^2*x^2) + 24*a^2*b^5*Sqrt[c + d*x] \\
& *(2960*c^2 - 2716*c*d*x + 1617*d^2*x^2) + 6*a*b^6*(320*c^3 - 3936*c^2*d*x \\
& + 5754*c*d^2*x^2 - 7007*d^3*x^3) - 231*b^7*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(128*c^3 - 160*c^2 \\
& *d*x + 180*c*d^2*x^2 - 195*d^3*x^3))/(765765*b^8*d^4)
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 896 \\
& \frac{\int d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& - \frac{\int -d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1732 \\
& - \frac{2 \int -d^3 x^3 \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow 522 \\
& 2 \int \left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{15/2}}{b^7} + \frac{7a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{13/2}}{b^7} + \frac{3(b^2c-7a^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{11/2}}{b^7} - \frac{5(3ab^2c-7a^3)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{9/2}}{b^7} + \frac{(-35a^4+30b^2c)}{b^7} \right) dx \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& 2 \left(-\frac{6(7a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{13/2}}{13b^8} + \frac{10a(7a^2-3b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{11/2}}{11b^8} + \frac{6a(7a^2-3b^2c)(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{7b^8} - \frac{2(a^2-b^2c)^2(7a^2-3b^2c)}{7b^8} \right) dx
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*((2*a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(3/2))/(3*b^8) - (2*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*(7*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(5/2))/(5*b^8) + (6*a*(7*a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(7/2))/(7*b^8) - (2*(35*a^4 - 30*a^2*b^2*c + 3*b^4*c^2)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(9/2))/(9*b^8) + (10*a*(7*a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(11/2))/(11*b^8) - (6*(7*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(13/2))/(13*b^8) + (14*a*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(15/2))/(15*b^8) - (2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(17/2))/(17*b^8))/d^4`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
derivativedivides	$4 \left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{7a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{(3b^2c-21a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{(8(-b^2c+a^2)a+2a(-2b^2c+6a^2))+(-3b^2c+15a^2)}{11} \right)$
default	$4 \left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{7a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{(3b^2c-21a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{(8(-b^2c+a^2)a+2a(-2b^2c+6a^2))+(-3b^2c+15a^2)}{11} \right)$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-4/d^4/b^8*(-1/17*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(17/2)+7/15*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(15/2)+1/13*(3*b^2*c-21*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(13/2)+1/11*(8*(-b^2*c+a^2)*a+2*a*(-2*b^2*c+6*a^2)+(-3*b^2*c+15*a^2)*a)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(11/2)+1/9*(-(-b^2*c+a^2)*(-2*b^2*c+6*a^2)-8*a^2*(-b^2*c+a^2)-(-b^2*c+a^2)^2+(-8*(-b^2*c+a^2)*a-2*a*(-2*b^2*c+6*a^2))*a)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(9/2)+1/7*(6*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*a+((-b^2*c+a^2)*(-2*b^2*c+6*a^2)+8*a^2*(-b^2*c+a^2)+(-b^2*c+a^2)^2)*a)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)+1/5*(-(-b^2*c+a^2)^3-6*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)+1/3*(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(45045 b^8 d^4 x^4 - 29568 b^8 c^4 + 72960 a^2 b^6 c^3 - 96128 a^4 b^4 c^2 + 59904 a^6 b^2 c - 14336 a^8 + 231(15 b^8 c - 14 a^2 b^6) d^3 x^3 - 28(165 b^8 c^2 - 291 a^2 b^6 c + 140 a^4 b^4) d^2 x^2 + 32(231 b^8 c^3 - 555 a^2 b^6 c^2 + 520 a^4 b^4 c - 168 a^6 b^2) d x + (3003 a b^7 d^3 x^3 - 27648 a b^7 c^3 + 41472 a^3 b^5 c^2 - 28160 a^5 b^3 c + 7168 a^7 b - 3528(2 a b^7 c - a^3 b^5) d^2 x^2 + 32(417 a b^7 c^2 - 417 a^3 b^5 c + 140 a^5 b^3) d x) \sqrt{d x + c} \sqrt{\sqrt{d x + c} b + a}}{b^8 d^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
4/765765*(45045*b^8*d^4*x^4 - 29568*b^8*c^4 + 72960*a^2*b^6*c^3 - 96128*a^4*b^4*c^2 + 59904*a^6*b^2*c - 14336*a^8 + 231*(15*b^8*c - 14*a^2*b^6)*d^3*x^3 - 28*(165*b^8*c^2 - 291*a^2*b^6*c + 140*a^4*b^4)*d^2*x^2 + 32*(231*b^8*c^3 - 555*a^2*b^6*c^2 + 520*a^4*b^4*c - 168*a^6*b^2)*d*x + (3003*a*b^7*d^3*x^3 - 27648*a*b^7*c^3 + 41472*a^3*b^5*c^2 - 28160*a^5*b^3*c + 7168*a^7*b - 3528*(2*a*b^7*c - a^3*b^5)*d^2*x^2 + 32*(417*a*b^7*c^2 - 417*a^3*b^5*c + 140*a^5*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^8*d^4)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{7a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{15}}{15b^6} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{17}}{17b^6} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{13} \cdot (21a^2 - 3b^2c)}{13b^6} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{11} \cdot (-35a^3 + 15ab^2c)}{11b^6} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^9 \cdot (35a^4 - 30a^2b^2c + 3b^4c^2)}{9b^6} \right)}{8} \right)}{x^4 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*Piecewise((2*(-7*a*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(15/2))/(15*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(17/2))/(17*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(13/2)*(21*a**2 - 3*b**2*c)/(13*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(11/2)*(-35*a**3 + 15*a*b**2*c)/(11*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(9/2)*(35*a**4 - 30*a**2*b**2*c + 3*b**4*c**2)/(9*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(7/2)*(-21*a**5 + 30*a**3*b**2*c - 9*a*b**4*c**2)/(7*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(5/2)*(7*a**6 - 15*a**4*b**2*c + 9*a**2*b**4*c**2 - b**6*c**3)/(5*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(3/2)*(-a**7 + 3*a**5*b**2*c - 3*a**3*b**4*c**2 + a*b**6*c**3)/(3*b**6))/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*d**4*x**4/8, True))/d**4, Ne(d, 0)), (x**4*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c))/4, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(45045 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{17}{2}} - 357357 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{15}{2}} a - 176715 (b^2c - 7a^2) (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{13}{2}} + 348 \right)}{4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
4/765765*(45045*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(17/2) - 357357*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(15/2)*a - 176715*(b^2*c - 7*a^2)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(13/2) + 348075*(3*a*b^2*c - 7*a^3)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(11/2) + 85085*(3*b^4*c^2 - 30*a^2*b^2*c + 35*a^4)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2) - 328185*(3*a*b^4*c^2 - 10*a^3*b^2*c + 7*a^5)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2) - 153153*(b^6*c^3 - 9*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 15*a^4*b^2*c - 7*a^6)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2) + 255255*(a*b^6*c^3 - 3*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*c - a^7)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2))/(b^8*d^4)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 915 vs. $2(279) = 558$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 915, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

-4/765765*(17*(15015*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*b^6*c^3 - 45045*sqrt(sqrt
(d*x + c)*b + a)*a*b^6*c^3 - 19305*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*b^4*c^2 + 8
1081*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a*b^4*c^2 - 135135*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(
3/2)*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 135135*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 12285*(
sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(11/2)*b^2*c - 75075*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2)*a*b^
2*c + 193050*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*a^2*b^2*c - 270270*(sqrt(d*x + c)
*b + a)^(5/2)*a^3*b^2*c + 225225*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^4*b^2*c - 1
35135*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^5*b^2*c - 3003*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(15
/2) + 24255*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(13/2)*a - 85995*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(
11/2)*a^2 + 175175*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2)*a^3 - 225225*(sqrt(d*x + c)
*b + a)^(7/2)*a^4 + 189189*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a^5 - 105105*(sqrt(
d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^6 + 45045*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^7)*a/(b^7*d^
3) + (153153*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*b^6*c^3 - 510510*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b
+ a)^(3/2)*a*b^6*c^3 + 765765*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^2*b^6*c^3 - 255
255*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2)*b^4*c^2 + 1312740*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7
/2)*a*b^4*c^2 - 2756754*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 3063060*
(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^3*b^4*c^2 - 2297295*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a
)*a^4*b^4*c^2 + 176715*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(13/2)*b^2*c - 1253070*(sqrt(
d*x + c)*b + a)^(11/2)*a*b^2*c + 3828825*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2)*a^2*b
^2*c - 6563700*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*a^3*b^2*c + 6891885*(sqrt(d*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + c}b + a}(-28160\sqrt{dx + c}a^5b^3c + 41472\sqrt{dx + c}a^3b^5c^2 - 27648\sqrt{dx + c}ab^7c^3 - 5376a^6b^2dx}{(765765b^8d^4)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*(7168*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**7*b - 28160*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*b**3*c + 4480*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*b**3*d*x + 41472*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c**2 - 13344*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c*d*x + 3528*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*d**2*x**2 - 27648*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**3 + 13344*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**2*d*x - 7056*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c*d**2*x**2 + 3003*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*d**3*x**3 - 14336*a**8 + 59904*a**6*b**2*c - 5376*a**6*b**2*d*x - 96128*a**4*b**4*c**2 + 16640*a**4*b**4*c*d*x - 3920*a**4*b**4*d**2*x**2 + 72960*a**2*b**6*c**3 - 17760*a**2*b**6*c**2*d*x + 8148*a**2*b**6*c*d**2*x**2 - 3234*a**2*b**6*d**3*x**3 - 29568*b**8*c**4 + 7392*b**8*c**3*d*x - 4620*b**8*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 3465*b**8*c*d**3*x**3 + 45045*b**8*d**4*x**4))/(765765*b**8*d**4)`

3.126 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$

Optimal result	1199
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1200
Rubi [A] (verified)	1200
Maple [A] (verified)	1202
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1202
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1203
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1204
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1204
Mupad [F(-1)]	1205
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1205

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = -\frac{4a(a^2 - b^2c)^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2}}{3b^6d^3} + \frac{4(5a^4 - 6a^2b^2c + b^4c^2) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{5/2}}{5b^6d^3} - \frac{8a(5a^2 - 3b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{7/2}}{7b^6d^3} + \frac{8(5a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{9/2}}{9b^6d^3} - \frac{20a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{11/2}}{11b^6d^3} + \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{13/2}}{13b^6d^3}$$

output

```
-4/3*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^6/d^3+4/5*(b^4*c^2-6*a^2
*b^2*c+5*a^4)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^6/d^3-8/7*a*(-3*b^2*c+5*a^2)*(a+
b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^6/d^3+8/9*(-b^2*c+5*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(9/2
)/b^6/d^3-20/11*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(11/2)/b^6/d^3+4/13*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/
2))^(13/2)/b^6/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2} (-1280a^5 + 32a^3b^2(68c - 75dx) + 1920a^4b\sqrt{c + dx} + 16a^2b^3\sqrt{c + dx}(-254c + 175dx) + 77b^5\sqrt{c + dx}(32c^2 - 40c*d*x + 45d^2*x^2) - 6a*b^4*(96c^2 - 380c*d*x + 525d^2*x^2))}{45045b^6d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(4*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(3/2)*(-1280*a^5 + 32*a^3*b^2*(68*c - 75*d*x) + 1920*a^4*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] + 16*a^2*b^3*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(-254*c + 175*d*x) + 77*b^5*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(32*c^2 - 40*c*d*x + 45*d^2*x^2) - 6*a*b^4*(96*c^2 - 380*c*d*x + 525*d^2*x^2)))/(45045*b^6*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1732$$

$$\frac{2 \int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow 522$$

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{11/2}}{b^5} - \frac{5a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{9/2}}{b^5} - \frac{2(b^2c-5a^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{b^5} - \frac{2(5a^3-3ab^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{b^5} + \frac{(5a^4-6b^2ca^2+b^4c^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{b^5} \right) \frac{dx}{d^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{4(5a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{9/2}}{9b^6} - \frac{4a(5a^2-3b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{7b^6} - \frac{2a(a^2-b^2c)^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{3b^6} + \frac{2(5a^4-6a^2b^2c+b^4c^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{5b^6} \right) \frac{dx}{d^3}$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output $(2*((-2*a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(3/2)})/(3*b^6) + (2*(5*a^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + b^4*c^2)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)})/(5*b^6) - (4*a*(5*a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(7/2)})/(7*b^6) + (4*(5*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(9/2)})/(9*b^6) - (10*a*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(11/2)})/(11*b^6) + (2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(13/2)})/(13*b^6)))/d^3$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

output

```
4/45045*(3465*b^6*d^3*x^3 + 2464*b^6*c^3 - 4640*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 4096*a^4*b^2*c - 1280*a^6 + 35*(11*b^6*c - 10*a^2*b^4)*d^2*x^2 - 8*(77*b^6*c^2 - 127*a^2*b^4*c + 60*a^4*b^2)*d*x + (315*a*b^5*d^2*x^2 + 1888*a*b^5*c^2 - 1888*a^3*b^3*c + 640*a^5*b - 400*(2*a*b^5*c - a^3*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^6*d^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 241, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{5a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{11}}{11b^4} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{13}}{13b^4} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^9 \cdot (10a^2 - 2b^2c)}{9b^4} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^7 \cdot (-10a^3 + 6ab^2c)}{7b^4} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^5 \cdot (5a^4 - 6a^2b^2c + b^4c^2)}{5b^4} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{ad^3}x^3}{6} \right)}{d^3} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}{3}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*Piecewise((2*(-5*a*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(11/2))/(11*b**4) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(13/2))/(13*b**4) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(9/2)*(10*a**2 - 2*b**2*c)/(9*b**4) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(7/2)*(-10*a**3 + 6*a*b**2*c)/(7*b**4) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(5/2)*(5*a**4 - 6*a**2*b**2*c + b**4*c**2)/(5*b**4) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(3/2)*(-a**5 + 2*a**3*b**2*c - a*b**4*c**2)/(3*b**4))/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*d**3*x**3/6, True))/d**3, Ne(d, 0)), (x**3*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c))/3, True))
```


Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(3465 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{13}{2}} - 20475 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{11}{2}} a - 10010 (b^2c - 5a^2) (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 12870 (3a^2b^2c - 5a^3) (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 9009 (b^4c^2 - 6a^2b^2c + 5a^4) (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15015 (ab^4c^2 - 2a^3b^2c + a^5) (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{b^6 d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/45045*(3465*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(13/2) - 20475*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(11/2)*a - 10010*(b^2*c - 5*a^2)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2) + 12870*(3*a*b^2*c - 5*a^3)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2) + 9009*(b^4*c^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + 5*a^4)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2) - 15015*(a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^5)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2))/(b^6*d^3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 549 vs. 2(188) = 376.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 549, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(13 \left(1155 (\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{3}{2}} b^4 c^2 - 3465 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a} a b^4 c^2} - 990 (\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{7}{2}} b^2 c + 4158 (\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{5}{2}} a b^2 c - 6930 (\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 b^2 c + 6930 a^3 b^2 c \right) \right)}{b^6 d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

4/45045*(13*(1155*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*b^4*c^2 - 3465*sqrt(sqrt(d*x
+ c)*b + a)*a*b^4*c^2 - 990*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*b^2*c + 4158*(sqr
t(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a*b^2*c - 6930*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2
*c + 6930*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^3*b^2*c + 315*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(
11/2) - 1925*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2)*a + 4950*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(
7/2)*a^2 - 6930*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 5775*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b +
a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 3465*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^5)*a/(b^5*d^2) + (9009*(sq
rt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*b^4*c^2 - 30030*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a*b^4
*c^2 + 45045*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 10010*(sqrt(d*x + c)*
b + a)^(9/2)*b^2*c + 51480*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*a*b^2*c - 108108*(s
qrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b^2*c + 120120*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a
^3*b^2*c - 90090*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^4*b^2*c + 3465*(sqrt(d*x + c)
*b + a)^(13/2) - 24570*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(11/2)*a + 75075*(sqrt(d*x +
c)*b + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 128700*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 135135*(sqr
t(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 90090*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 4504
5*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^6)/(b^5*d^2))/(b*d)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + c}b + a} (640\sqrt{dx + c}a^5b - 1888\sqrt{dx + c}a^3b^3c + 400\sqrt{dx + c}a^3b^3dx + 1888\sqrt{dx + c}ab^5c^2 -$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*(640*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*b - 1888*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*c + 400*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*d*x + 1888*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*c**2 - 800*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*c*d*x + 315*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*d**2*x**2 - 1280*a**6 + 4096*a**4*b**2*c - 480*a**4*b**2*d*x - 4640*a**2*b**4*c**2 + 1016*a**2*b**4*c*d*x - 350*a**2*b**4*d**2*x**2 + 2464*b**6*c**3 - 616*b**6*c**2*d*x + 385*b**6*c*d**2*x**2 + 3465*b**6*d**3*x**3))/(45045*b**6*d**3)`

3.127 $\int x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx$

Optimal result	1207
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1207
Rubi [A] (verified)	1208
Maple [A] (verified)	1210
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1210
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1211
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1211
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1212
Mupad [F(-1)]	1212
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1213

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = -\frac{4a(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{3b^4d^2} + \frac{4(3a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{5b^4d^2} - \frac{12a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{7b^4d^2} + \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{9/2}}{9b^4d^2}$$

output

$$-4/3*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^4/d^2+4/5*(-b^2*c+3*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^4/d^2-12/7*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^4/d^2+4/9*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^4/d^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} dx = \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}(-16a^3+6ab^2(2c-5dx)+24a^2b\sqrt{c+dx}+7b^3\sqrt{c+dx}(-4c+5dx))}{315b^4d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output $(4*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(3/2)}*(-16*a^3 + 6*a*b^2*(2*c - 5*d*x) + 24*a^2*b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x] + 7*b^3*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(-4*c + 5*d*x)))/(315*b^4*d^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int dx \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int -dx \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & - \frac{2 \int -dx \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{522} \\
 & - \frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{b^3} + \frac{3a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{b^3} + \frac{(b^2c-3a^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{b^3} + \frac{(a^3-ab^2c)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{2 \left(-\frac{2(3a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{5b^4} + \frac{2a(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{3b^4} - \frac{2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{9/2}}{9b^4} + \frac{6a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{7b^4} \right)}{d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*((2*a*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(3/2))/(3*b^4) - (2*(3*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(5/2))/(5*b^4) + (6*a*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(7/2))/(7*b^4) - (2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(9/2))/(9*b^4)))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$4 \frac{\left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{3a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(b^2c-3a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(-b^2c+a^2)a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right)}{d^2b^4}$	93
default	$4 \frac{\left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{3a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{(b^2c-3a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(-b^2c+a^2)a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right)}{d^2b^4}$	93

input `int(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-4/d^2/b^4*(-1/9*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(9/2)+3/7*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)+1/5*(b^2*c-3*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)+1/3*(-b^2*c+a^2)*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2))$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(35b^4d^2x^2 - 28b^4c^2 + 36a^2b^2c - 16a^4 + (7b^4c - 6a^2b^2)dx + (5ab^3dx - 16ab^3c + 8a^3b)\sqrt{dx+c})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{315b^4d^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$4/315*(35*b^4*d^2*x^2 - 28*b^4*c^2 + 36*a^2*b^2*c - 16*a^4 + (7*b^4*c - 6*a^2*b^2)*d*x + (5*a*b^3*d*x - 16*a*b^3*c + 8*a^3*b)*sqrt(d*x + c))*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^4*d^2)$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} 2 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b^2} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9b^2} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (3a^2 - b^2c)}{5b^2} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{3}{2}} (-a^3 + ab^2c)}{3b^2} \right)}{b^2} \right) & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{a} \left(-\frac{c(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{4} \right)}{d^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0$$

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}{2} \quad \text{otherwise}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*Piecewise((2*(-3*a*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(7/2))/(7*b**2) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(9/2)/(9*b**2) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(5/2)*(3*a**2 - b**2*c)/(5*b**2) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(3/2)*(-a**3 + a*b**2*c)/(3*b**2))/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(-c*(c + d*x)/2 + (c + d*x)**2/4), True))/d**2, Ne(d, 0)), (x**2*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c))/2, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(35 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 135 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a - 63 (b^2c - 3a^2) (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 105 (ab^2c - a^3) (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{315 b^4 d^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `4/315*(35*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2) - 135*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*a - 63*(b^2*c - 3*a^2)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2) + 105*(a*b^2*c - a^3)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2))/(b^4*d^2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 279 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{4 \left(\frac{3 \left(35 (\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 c - 105 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a} a b^2 c - 15 (\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{7}{2}} + 63 (\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{5}{2}} a - 105 (\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 + 105 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a} a a} \right)}{b^3 d} \right)}{4}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-4/315*(3*(35*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c - 105*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a*b^2*c - 15*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2) + 63*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a - 105*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^2 + 105*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^3)*a/(b^3*d) + (63*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*b^2*c - 210*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a*b^2*c + 315*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^2*b^2*c - 35*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2) + 180*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*a - 378*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a^2 + 420*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^3 - 315*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^4)/(b^3*d))/(b*d)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \int x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + c}b + a} (8\sqrt{dx + c}a^3b - 16\sqrt{dx + c}ab^3c + 5\sqrt{dx + c}ab^3dx - 16a^4 + 36a^2b^2c - 6a^2b^2dx - 28b^4c^2 + 7b^4c^2dx + 35b^4d^2x^2)}{315b^4d^2}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*(8*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b - 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**3*c + 5*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**3*d*x - 16*a**4 + 36*a**2*b**2*c - 6*a**2*b**2*d*x - 28*b**4*c**2 + 7*b**4*c*d*x + 35*b**4*d**2*x**2))/(315*b**4*d**2)`

3.128 $\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx$

Optimal result	1214
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1214
Rubi [A] (verified)	1215
Maple [A] (verified)	1216
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1217
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1217
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1218
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1218
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1219
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1219

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = -\frac{4a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2}}{3b^2d} + \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{5/2}}{5b^2d}$$

output

```
-4/3*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^2/d+4/5*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^2/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}(-2a^2 + ab\sqrt{c + dx} + 3b^2(c + dx))}{15b^2d}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(4*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]*(-2*a^2 + a*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] + 3*b^2*(c + d*x)))/(15*b^2*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {239, 774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx \\
 \downarrow 239 \\
 \frac{\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow 774 \\
 \frac{2 \int \sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2}}{b} - \frac{a\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b} \right) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{2 \left(\frac{2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2}}{3b^2} \right)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*((-2*a*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(3/2))/(3*b^2) + (2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(5/2))/(5*b^2)))/d`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^2d}$	41
default	$\frac{\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^2d}$	41

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/d/b^2*(1/5*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)-1/3*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{4(3b^2dx + 3b^2c + \sqrt{dx + cab} - 2a^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a}}{15b^2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `4/15*(3*b^2*d*x + 3*b^2*c + sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b - 2*a^2)*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^2*d)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \right)}{b^2} \right) & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx)}{2} \right)}{d} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0$$

$$x\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c}} \quad \text{otherwise}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*Piecewise((2*(-a*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(3/2)/3 + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(5/2)/5)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (sqrt(a)*(c + d*x)/2, True))/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{4 \left(\frac{3(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b^2} - \frac{5(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{3}{2}}a}{b^2} \right)}{15d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/15*(3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)/b^2 - 5*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a/b^2)/d`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. 2(44) = 88.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{4 \left(\frac{5 \left((\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+aa}} \right) a}{b} + \frac{3(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+aa}^2}}{b} \right)}{15bd}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/15*(5*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a)*a/b + (3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2) - 10*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^2)/b)/(b*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{5/2}}{5b^2d} - \frac{4a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2}}{3b^2d}$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(5/2))/(5*b^2*d) - (4*a*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(3/2))/(3*b^2*d)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + c}b + a}(\sqrt{dx + c}ab - 2a^2 + 3b^2c + 3b^2dx)}{15b^2d}$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*(sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b - 2*a**2 + 3*b**2*c + 3*b**2*d*x))/(15*b**2*d)`

3.129 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1220
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1220
Rubi [A] (verified)	1221
Maple [A] (verified)	1224
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1224
Sympy [F]	1225
Maxima [F]	1226
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1226
Mupad [F(-1)]	1227
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1227

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x} dx = 4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} - 2\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right) - 2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)$$

output

```
4*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*(a-b*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))-2*(a+b*c^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x} dx = 4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} - 2\sqrt{-a-b\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right) - 2\sqrt{-a+b\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x,x]`

output `4*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]] - 2*Sqrt[-a - b*Sqrt[c]]*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a - b*Sqrt[c]]] - 2*Sqrt[-a + b*Sqrt[c]]*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a + b*Sqrt[c]]]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 561, 27, 1602, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{dx} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & - \int -\frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{dx} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1732 \\
 & -2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{dx} d\sqrt{c + dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 561 \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{(a - c - dx)(c + dx)}{b \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c + dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2}{b^2} - c \right)}{b} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{(a - c - dx)(c + dx)}{\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c + dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c + dx)^2}{b^2} - c} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1602 \\
& \frac{4 \left(b^2 \left(- \int - \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - c \right) - a(c+dx)}{b^2 \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c \right)} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) - b^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} \right)}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{4 \left(b^2 \int \frac{a^2 - (c+dx)a - b^2c}{b^2 \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c \right)} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} - b^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} \right)}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{4 \left(\int \frac{a^2 - (c+dx)a - b^2c}{\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} - b^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} \right)}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 1480 \\
& \frac{4 \left(-\frac{1}{2}(a - b\sqrt{c}) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c+dx}{b^2} - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c}}{b^2}} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} - \frac{1}{2}(a + b\sqrt{c}) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c+dx}{b^2} - \frac{a+b\sqrt{c}}{b^2}} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} + b^2 \left(-\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} \right) \right)}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{4 \left(\frac{1}{2}b^2 \sqrt{a - b\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}} \right) + \frac{1}{2}b^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}} \right) - b^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}} \right)}{b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x,x]`

output `(-4*(-(b^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]) + (b^2*Sqrt[a - b*Sqrt[c]]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a - b*Sqrt[c]]])/2 + (b^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c]]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c]]])/2))/b^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 561 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k/d Subst[Int[x^(k*(n + 1) - 1)*(-c/d + x^k/d)^m*Simp[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^k/d^2) + b*(x^(2*k)/d^2), x]^p, x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`
- rule 1602 `Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 4*p + 3))), x] - Simp[f^2/(c*(m + 4*p + 3)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p*Simp[a*e*(m - 1) + (b*e*(m + 2*p + 1) - c*d*(m + 4*p + 3))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] | IntegerQ[m])`

rule 1732

```
Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))
]^(q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^(p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}
, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$4\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{dx + c}} - \frac{2(-b^2c - a\sqrt{b^2c}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c}-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c}-a}} - \frac{2(b^2c - a\sqrt{b^2c}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c}-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2c}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c}-a}}$	1
default	$4\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{dx + c}} - \frac{2(-b^2c - a\sqrt{b^2c}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c}-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c}-a}} - \frac{2(b^2c - a\sqrt{b^2c}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c}-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b^2c}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c}-a}}$	1

input

```
int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
4*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*(-b^2*c-a*(b^2*c)^(1/2))/(b^2*c)^(1/2)/(-
(b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)*arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-
(b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2))-2*(b^2*c-a*(b^2*c)^(1/2))/(b^2*c)^(1/2)/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)*arctan
((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs. 2(88) = 176.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x} dx = -\sqrt{a + \sqrt{b^2c}} \log \left(2 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} + 2 \sqrt{a + \sqrt{b^2c}} \right) \\ + \sqrt{a + \sqrt{b^2c}} \log \left(2 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} - 2 \sqrt{a + \sqrt{b^2c}} \right) \\ - \sqrt{a - \sqrt{b^2c}} \log \left(2 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} + 2 \sqrt{a - \sqrt{b^2c}} \right) \\ + \sqrt{a - \sqrt{b^2c}} \log \left(2 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} - 2 \sqrt{a - \sqrt{b^2c}} \right) \\ + 4 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-sqrt(a + sqrt(b^2*c))*log(2*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + 2*sqrt(a + sqrt(b^2*c))) + sqrt(a + sqrt(b^2*c))*log(2*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - 2*sqrt(a + sqrt(b^2*c))) - sqrt(a - sqrt(b^2*c))*log(2*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) + 2*sqrt(a - sqrt(b^2*c))) + sqrt(a - sqrt(b^2*c))*log(2*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a) - 2*sqrt(a - sqrt(b^2*c))) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/x, x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(2 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + ab} - \frac{(b^3c - a^2b)\sqrt{b\sqrt{c} - a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a}}{\sqrt{-a + \sqrt{b^2c}}}\right)}{b^2c - a^2} - \frac{(b^3c - a^2b)\sqrt{-b\sqrt{c} - a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a}}{\sqrt{-a - \sqrt{b^2c}}}\right)}{b^2c - a^2} \right)}{b}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(2*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b - (b^3*c - a^2*b)*sqrt(b*sqrt(c) - a)*arc
tan(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/sqrt(-a + sqrt(b^2*c)))/(b^2*c - a^2) - (b^3
*c - a^2*b)*sqrt(-b*sqrt(c) - a)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/sqrt(-a
- sqrt(b^2*c)))/(b^2*c - a^2))/b`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x} dx = & -2\sqrt{\sqrt{c}b - a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}b - a}}\right) + 4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} \\ & + \sqrt{\sqrt{c}b + a} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} - \sqrt{\sqrt{c}b + a}\right) \\ & - \sqrt{\sqrt{c}b + a} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} + \sqrt{\sqrt{c}b + a}\right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x)`output `- 2*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))`

3.130 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1228
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1228
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1229
Maple [A] (verified)	1232
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1232
Sympy [F]	1233
Maxima [F]	1234
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1234
Mupad [F(-1)]	1235
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1235

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x} + \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}\sqrt{c}}$$

output

$$-(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x+1/2*b*d*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/c^(1/2)-1/2*b*d*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(1/2)/c^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x} + \frac{bd \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a-b\sqrt{c}}\sqrt{c}} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a+b\sqrt{c}}\sqrt{c}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x^2,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/x + (b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a - b*Sqrt[c]]])/(Sqrt[-a - b*Sqrt[c]]*Sqrt[c]) - (b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a + b*Sqrt[c]]])/(Sqrt[-a + b*Sqrt[c]]*Sqrt[c]))/2`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 561, 25, 27, 1598, 27, 1406, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & d \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{d^2 x^2} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & 2d \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx} \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{d^2 x^2} d\sqrt{c + dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{561} \\
 & \frac{4d \int -\frac{(a-c-dx)(c+dx)}{b\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{4d \int \frac{(a-c-dx)(c+dx)}{b\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d \int \frac{(a-c-dx)(c+dx)}{\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1598} \\
 & \frac{4d \left(\frac{b^2 \int -\frac{\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c}{8c} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^2} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} \right)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{4d \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} - \frac{1}{4} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1406} \\
 & \frac{4d \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} - \frac{1}{4} b^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{c+dx}{b^2} - \frac{a+b\sqrt{c}}{b^2}} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{2b\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{c+dx}{b^2} - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c}}{b^2}} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{2b\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{4d \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} - \frac{1}{4} b^2 \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}} \right) \right)}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x^2,x]`

output `(-4*d*((b^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(4*(a^2/b^2 - c - (2*a*(c + d*x))/b^2 + (c + d*x)^2/b^2)) - (b^2*((b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a - b*Sqrt[c]])]/(2*Sqrt[a - b*Sqrt[c]]*Sqrt[c]) - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c]])]/(2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c]]*Sqrt[c])))/4))/b^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 561 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_.)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{k} = \text{Denominator}[\text{n}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{k}/\text{d} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{k}*(\text{n} + 1) - 1)*(-\text{c}/\text{d} + \text{x}^{\text{k}/\text{d}})^m*\text{Simp}[(\text{b}*c^2 + \text{a}*d^2)/d^2 - 2*\text{b}*c*(\text{x}^{\text{k}/\text{d}}/d^2) + \text{b}*(\text{x}^{(2*\text{k})}/d^2), \text{x}]^p, \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{(1/\text{k})}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{n}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$
- rule 896 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(v_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}*(x_)^{(m_.)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{c} = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 0], \text{d} = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{1}/\text{d}^{(\text{m} + 1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(\text{x} - \text{c})^m*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^n)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{v}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; NeQ}[\text{c}, 0]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[\text{v}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$
- rule 1406 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2 + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{c}/\text{q} \quad \text{Int}[\text{1}/(\text{b}/2 - \text{q}/2 + \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{c}/\text{q} \quad \text{Int}[\text{1}/(\text{b}/2 + \text{q}/2 + \text{c}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c]$
- rule 1598 $\text{Int}[(\text{f}_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*((\text{d}_) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_)^2)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2 + (\text{c}_.)*(x_)^4)^{(p_.)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{f}*(\text{f}*x)^{(m - 1)}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)^{(p + 1)}*((\text{b}*d - 2*\text{a}*e - (\text{b}*e - 2*\text{c}*d)*x^2)/(2*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{f}^2/(2*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{f}*x)^{(m - 2)}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2 + \text{c}*x^4)^{(p + 1)}*\text{Simp}[(\text{m} - 1)*(b*d - 2*a*e) - (4*p + 4 + m + 1)*(b*e - 2*c*d)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}^2 - 4*\text{a}*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ \|\ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}])$

rule 1732

```
Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))
]^(p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
derivativedivides	$4db^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{4((a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^2 - 2a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) - b^2c + a^2)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c-a}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b^2c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c-a}}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b^2c}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}} \right)$
default	$4db^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{4((a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^2 - 2a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) - b^2c + a^2)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c-a}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b^2c}\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c-a}}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b^2c}\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}} \right)$

input

```
int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
4*d*b^2*(-1/4*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2-2*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-b^2*c+a^2)+1/8/(b^2*c)^(1/2)/(-(b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)*arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-(b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2))-1/8/(b^2*c)^(1/2)/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)*arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1003 vs. 2(101) = 202.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1003, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.32

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*(x*sqrt(-(a*b^2*d^2 + sqrt(b^6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c))
*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))*log(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^4*d
^3 + (b^4*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c))*(a*b^2*c
^2 - a^3*c))*sqrt(-(a*b^2*d^2 + sqrt(b^6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a
^4*c))*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))) - x*sqrt(-(a*b^2*d^2 + sqrt(b
^6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c))*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))/(b^2*c^2 - a
^2*c))*log(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^4*d^3 - (b^4*c*d^2 - sqrt(b^6*d^4/(b
^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c))*(a*b^2*c^2 - a^3*c))*sqrt(-(a*b^2*d^2 + s
qrt(b^6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c))*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))/(b^2*c^2
- a^2*c))) + x*sqrt(-(a*b^2*d^2 - sqrt(b^6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 +
a^4*c))*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))*log(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b +
a)*b^4*d^3 + (b^4*c*d^2 + sqrt(b^6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c))*
(a*b^2*c^2 - a^3*c))*sqrt(-(a*b^2*d^2 - sqrt(b^6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*
c^2 + a^4*c))*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))) - x*sqrt(-(a*b^2*d^2
- sqrt(b^6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c))*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))/(b^2*
c^2 - a^2*c))*log(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^4*d^3 - (b^4*c*d^2 + sqrt(b^
6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c))*(a*b^2*c^2 - a^3*c))*sqrt(-(a*b^2
*d^2 - sqrt(b^6*d^4/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c))*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))/
(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c))) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/x
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**2, x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))/x**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/x^2, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. 2(101) = 202.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb}+ab^3}}{b^2c - (\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^2 + 2(\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)a - a^2} - \frac{(\sqrt{b\sqrt{c}-ab^3}\sqrt{c|b|} + \sqrt{b\sqrt{c}-ab^3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb}+a}}{\sqrt{-a+\sqrt{b^2c}}}\right)}{(b^2c^{\frac{3}{2}} - a^2\sqrt{c})|b|} - \frac{(\sqrt{-b\sqrt{c}-ab^3}\sqrt{c|b|} - \sqrt{-b\sqrt{c}-ab^3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb}+a}}{\sqrt{-a+\sqrt{b^2c}}}\right)}{(b^2c^{\frac{3}{2}} - a^2\sqrt{c})|b|} \right)}{2b}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^3/(b^2*c - (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2 + 2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a - a^2) - (sqrt(b*sqrt(c) - a)*b^3*sqrt(c)*abs(b) + sqrt(b*sqrt(c) - a)*a*b^3)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/sqrt(-a + sqrt(b^2*c)))/((b^2*c^(3/2) - a^2*sqrt(c))*abs(b)) - (sqrt(-b*sqrt(c) - a)*b^3*sqrt(c)*abs(b) - sqrt(-b*sqrt(c) - a)*a*b^3)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/sqrt(-a - sqrt(b^2*c)))/((b^2*c^(3/2) - a^2*sqrt(c))*abs(b))*d/b`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{cb} - a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cb}-a}}\right) abdx + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{cb} - a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cb}-a}}\right) b^2cdx - 4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}} a^2c}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*a*b*d*x + 2*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*b**2*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**2*c + 4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**2*c**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a*b*d*x - sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a*b*d*x - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*b**2*c*d*x + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*b**2*c*d*x)/(4*c*x*(a**2 - b**2*c))`

3.131 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1236
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1237
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1237
Maple [B] (verified)	1241
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1241
Sympy [F(-1)]	1242
Maxima [F]	1243
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1243
Mupad [F(-1)]	1244
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1245

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{2x^2} + \frac{bd(bc-a\sqrt{c+dx})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8c(a^2-b^2c)x} - \frac{b(2a-3b\sqrt{c})d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{16(a-b\sqrt{c})^{3/2}c^{3/2}} + \frac{b(2a+3b\sqrt{c})d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{16(a+b\sqrt{c})^{3/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2+1/8*b*d*(b*c-a*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)/x-1/16*b*(2*a-3*b*c^(1/2))*d^2*arctanh((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(3/2)/c^(3/2)+1/16*b*(2*a+3*b*c^(1/2))*d^2*arctanh((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(3/2)/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(4a^2c+abd\sqrt{c+dx}-b^2c(4c+dx))}{(a^2-b^2c)x^2} + \frac{b(2a+3b\sqrt{c})d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{(-a-b\sqrt{c})^{3/2}} + \frac{b(-2a+3b\sqrt{c})d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{(-a+b\sqrt{c})^{3/2}}}{16c^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x^3,x]`output `((-2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]*(4*a^2*c + a*b*d*x*Sqrt[c + d*x] - b^2*c*(4*c + d*x)))/((a^2 - b^2*c)*x^2) + (b*(2*a + 3*b*Sqrt[c])*d^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a - b*Sqrt[c]]])/(-a - b*Sqrt[c])^(3/2) + (b*(-2*a + 3*b*Sqrt[c])*d^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a + b*Sqrt[c]]])/(-a + b*Sqrt[c])^(3/2))/(16*c^(3/2))`**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 561, 27, 1598, 27, 1405, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$d^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{d^3 x^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-d^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{d^3 x^3} d(c + dx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 1732 \\
& -2d^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{d^3x^3} d\sqrt{c+dx} \\
& \downarrow 561 \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int \frac{(a-c-dx)(c+dx)}{b\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^3} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{4d^2 \int \frac{(a-c-dx)(c+dx)}{\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^3} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 1598 \\
& \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \int -\frac{2c}{\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{16c} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} \right)}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} - \frac{1}{8} b^2 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 1405 \\
& \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} - \frac{1}{8} b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(a^2 - a(c+dx) + b^2c)}{4c(a^2 - b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} - \frac{b^4 \int \frac{2(a^2 + (c+dx)a - 3b^2c)}{b^4\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8c(a^2 - b^2c)} \right) \right)}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} - \frac{1}{8} b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(a^2 - a(c+dx) + b^2c)}{4c(a^2 - b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2 + (c+dx)a - 3b^2c}{b^2\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4c(a^2 - b^2c)} \right) \right)}{b^2} \\
& \downarrow 1480
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8 \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c \right)^2} - \frac{1}{8} b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(a^2 - a(c+dx) + b^2c)}{4c(a^2 - b^2c) \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c \right)} - \frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2a^2}{b\sqrt{c}} + a + 3b\sqrt{c} \right) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c+dx}{b^2} - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c}}{b^2}} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} \right)}{b^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8 \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c \right)^2} - \frac{1}{8} b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(a^2 - a(c+dx) + b^2c)}{4c(a^2 - b^2c) \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c \right)} - \frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{2a^2}{b\sqrt{c}} + a + 3b\sqrt{c} \right) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{b^2}$$

```
input Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/x^3,x]
```

```
output (-4*d^2*((b^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(8*(a^2/b^2 - c - (2*a*(c + d*x))/b^2 + (c + d*x)^2/b^2)^2) - (b^2*((Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]*(a^2 + b^2*c - a*(c + d*x)))/(4*c*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(a^2/b^2 - c - (2*a*(c + d*x))/b^2 + (c + d*x)^2/b^2)) - (-1/2*(b^2*(a - (2*a^2)/(b*Sqrt[c]) + 3*b*Sqrt[c])*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a - b*Sqrt[c]])/Sqrt[a - b*Sqrt[c]] - (b^2*(a + (2*a^2)/(b*Sqrt[c]) - 3*b*Sqrt[c])*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c]])/(4*c*(a^2 - b^2*c)))))/8))/b^2
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 561 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k/d Subst[Int[x^(k*(n + 1) - 1)*(-c/d + x^k/d)^m*Simp[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^k/d^2) + b*(x^(2*k)/d^2), x]^p, x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1405 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(b^2 - 2*a*c + b*c*x^2)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(b^2 - 2*a*c + 2*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c) + b*c*(4*p + 7)*x^2)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 1598 `Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)*((b*d - 2*a*e - (b*e - 2*c*d)*x^2)/(2*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] - Simp[f^2/(2*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)*Simp[(m - 1)*(b*d - 2*a*e) - (4*p + 4 + m + 1)*(b*e - 2*c*d)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 371 vs. 2(174) = 348.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
derivativedivides	$-4d^2b^4 \left(\frac{\frac{a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32b^2c(-b^2c+a^2)} - \frac{(b^2c+3a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32b^2c(-b^2c+a^2)} + \frac{a(b^2c+3a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{32b^2c(-b^2c+a^2)} - \frac{(-3b^2c+a^2)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{32b^2c}}{((a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^2 - 2a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) - b^2c+a^2)^2} + \dots \right)$
default	$-4d^2b^4 \left(\frac{\frac{a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32b^2c(-b^2c+a^2)} - \frac{(b^2c+3a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{32b^2c(-b^2c+a^2)} + \frac{a(b^2c+3a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{32b^2c(-b^2c+a^2)} - \frac{(-3b^2c+a^2)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{32b^2c}}{((a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^2 - 2a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c}) - b^2c+a^2)^2} + \dots \right)$

```
input int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -4*d^2*b^4*((1/32*a/b^2/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)-1/32*(b^2*c+3*a^2)/b^2/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)+1/32*a*(b^2*c+3*a^2)/b^2/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)-1/32*(-3*b^2*c+a^2)/b^2*c*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2))/((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^2-2*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))-b^2*c+a^2)^2+1/32/b^2/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)*(1/2*(3*b^2*c+a*(b^2*c)^(1/2)-2*a^2)/(b^2*c)^(1/2))/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)*arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2))+1/2*(-3*b^2*c+a*(b^2*c)^(1/2)+2*a^2)/(b^2*c)^(1/2)/((-b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)*arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/((-b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2856 vs. 2(175) = 350.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2856, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{1}{32} \left((b^2c^2 - a^2c) x^2 \sqrt{-((15ab^6c^2 - 15a^3b^4c + 4a^5b^2)d^4 + (b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^5 + 3a^4b^2c^4 - a^6c^3) \sqrt{(81b^{14}c^2 - 90a^2b^{12}c + 25a^4b^{10})d^8 / (b^{12}c^9 - 6a^2b^{10}c^8 + 15a^4b^8c^7 - 20a^6b^6c^6 + 15a^8b^4c^5 - 6a^{10}b^2c^4 + a^{12}c^3)})} \right) / (b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^5 + 3a^4b^2c^4 - a^6c^3) \log((81b^{10}c^2 - 81a^2b^8c + 20a^4b^6) \sqrt{(\sqrt{dx+c}b+a)d^6 + ((27b^{10}c^4 - 24a^2b^8c^3 + 5a^4b^6c^2)d^4 - 2(2ab^8c^7 - 7a^3b^6c^6 + 9a^5b^4c^5 - 5a^7b^2c^4 + a^9c^3) \sqrt{(81b^{14}c^2 - 90a^2b^{12}c + 25a^4b^{10})d^8 / (b^{12}c^9 - 6a^2b^{10}c^8 + 15a^4b^8c^7 - 20a^6b^6c^6 + 15a^8b^4c^5 - 6a^{10}b^2c^4 + a^{12}c^3)})} \sqrt{-((15ab^6c^2 - 15a^3b^4c + 4a^5b^2)d^4 + (b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^5 + 3a^4b^2c^4 - a^6c^3) \sqrt{(81b^{14}c^2 - 90a^2b^{12}c + 25a^4b^{10})d^8 / (b^{12}c^9 - 6a^2b^{10}c^8 + 15a^4b^8c^7 - 20a^6b^6c^6 + 15a^8b^4c^5 - 6a^{10}b^2c^4 + a^{12}c^3)})} / (b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^5 + 3a^4b^2c^4 - a^6c^3)) - (b^2c^2 - a^2c) x^2 \sqrt{-((15ab^6c^2 - 15a^3b^4c + 4a^5b^2)d^4 + (b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^5 + 3a^4b^2c^4 - a^6c^3) \sqrt{(81b^{14}c^2 - 90a^2b^{12}c + 25a^4b^{10})d^8 / (b^{12}c^9 - 6a^2b^{10}c^8 + 15a^4b^8c^7 - 20a^6b^6c^6 + 15a^8b^4c^5 - 6a^{10}b^2c^4 + a^{12}c^3)})} / (b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^5 + 3a^4b^2c^4 - a^6c^3) \log((81b^{10}c^2 - 81a^2b^8c + 20a^4b^6) \sqrt{(\sqrt{dx+c}b+a)d^6 - ((27b^{10}c^4 - 24a^2b^8c^3 + 5a^4b^6c^2)d^4 - 2(2ab^8c^7 - 7a^3b^6c^6 + 9a^5b^4c^5 - 5a^7b^2c^4 + a^9c^3) \sqrt{(81b^{14}c^2 - 90a^2b^{12}c + 25a^4b^{10})d^8 / (b^{12}c^9 - 6a^2b^{10}c^8 + 15a^4b^8c^7 - 20a^6b^6c^6 + 15a^8b^4c^5 - 6a^{10}b^2c^4 + a^{12}c^3)})} \sqrt{-((15ab^6c^2 - 15a^3b^4c + 4a^5b^2)d^4 + (b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^5 + 3a^4b^2c^4 - a^6c^3) \sqrt{(81b^{14}c^2 - 90a^2b^{12}c + 25a^4b^{10})d^8 / (b^{12}c^9 - 6a^2b^{10}c^8 + 15a^4b^8c^7 - 20a^6b^6c^6 + 15a^8b^4c^5 - 6a^{10}b^2c^4 + a^{12}c^3)})} / (b^6c^6 - 3a^2b^4c^5 + 3a^4b^2c^4 - a^6c^3))$$

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/x^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 895 vs. $2(175) = 350$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 895, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/16*(((b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*c)^2*a*b^3*sqrt(c)*d^3 - (3*b^7*c^3 - 4*a^2*b^5*c^
2 + a^4*b^3*c)*d^3*abs(b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*c) + (3*a*b^9*c^(9/2) - 8*a^3*b^7*c
^(7/2) + 7*a^5*b^5*c^(5/2) - 2*a^7*b^3*c^(3/2))*d^3)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(d*x
+ c)*b + a)/sqrt(-(a*b^2*c^2 - a^3*c + sqrt((a*b^2*c^2 - a^3*c)^2 + (b^4*c
^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c)*(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c)))/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c)))/((b^5*
c^(9/2) - a*b^4*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^3*c^(7/2) + 2*a^3*b^2*c^3 + a^4*b*c^(5/2) -
a^5*c^2)*sqrt(-b*sqrt(c) - a)*abs(b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*c)) + ((b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*
c)^2*a*b^3*d^3 + (3*b^7*c^(5/2) - 4*a^2*b^5*c^(3/2) + a^4*b^3*sqrt(c))*d^3
*abs(b^3*c^2 - a^2*b*c) + (3*a*b^9*c^4 - 8*a^3*b^7*c^3 + 7*a^5*b^5*c^2 - 2
*a^7*b^3*c)*d^3)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/sqrt(-(a*b^2*c^2 - a^3*c
- sqrt((a*b^2*c^2 - a^3*c)^2 + (b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c)*(b^2*c^2
- a^2*c)))/(b^2*c^2 - a^2*c)))/((b^5*c^4 + a*b^4*c^(7/2) - 2*a^2*b^3*c^3
- 2*a^3*b^2*c^(5/2) + a^4*b*c^2 + a^5*c^(3/2))*sqrt(b*sqrt(c) - a)*abs(b^3
*c^2 - a^2*b*c)) - 2*(3*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*b^7*c^2*d^3 + (sqrt(d*x
+ c)*b + a)^(5/2)*b^5*c*d^3 - (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a*b^5*c*d^3 - 4*
sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^2*b^5*c*d^3 - (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*a*b^
3*d^3 + 3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a^2*b^3*d^3 - 3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a
)^(3/2)*a^3*b^3*d^3 + sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^4*b^3*d^3)/((b^2*c^2 - a
^2*c)*(b^2*c - (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2 + 2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a - a^2)^
2))/(b*d)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 719, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*a**3*b*d**2*x**2 + 8*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*a*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 6*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**3*b*c*d*x + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a*b**3*c**2*d*x - 16*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**4*c**2 + 32*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**2*b**2*c**3 + 4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x - 16*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**4*c**4 - 4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**4*c**3*d*x - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a**3*b*d**2*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a**3*b*d**2*x**2 - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - 3*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 + 3*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqr...
```

3.132 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$

Optimal result	1246
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1247
Rubi [A] (verified)	1247
Maple [A] (verified)	1249
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1250
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1251
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1251
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1252
Mupad [F(-1)]	1253
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1253

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 324

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{4a(a^2 - b^2c)^3 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^8d^4} + \frac{4(a^2 - b^2c)^2 (7a^2 - b^2c) (a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{3b^8d^4} - \frac{12a(7a^2 - 3b^2c) (a^2 - b^2c) (a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{5b^8d^4} + \frac{4(35a^4 - 30a^2b^2c + 3b^4c^2) (a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{7b^8d^4} - \frac{20a(7a^2 - 3b^2c) (a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{9/2}}{9b^8d^4} + \frac{12(7a^2 - b^2c) (a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{11/2}}{11b^8d^4} - \frac{28a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{13/2}}{13b^8d^4} + \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{15/2}}{15b^8d^4}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -4*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^8/d^4+4/3*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2* \\
& (-b^2*c+7*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^8/d^4-12/5*a*(-3*b^2*c+7*a^2)*(- \\
& b^2*c+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^8/d^4+4/7*(3*b^4*c^2-30*a^2*b^2*c+3 \\
& 5*a^4)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^8/d^4-20/9*a*(-3*b^2*c+7*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x \\
& +c)^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^8/d^4+12/11*(-b^2*c+7*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(11/2)/b \\
& ^8/d^4-28/13*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(13/2)/b^8/d^4+4/15*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)) \\
& ^{(15/2)}/b^8/d^4
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx \\
& = \frac{4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(-14336a^7+768a^5b^2(58c-7dx)+7168a^6b\sqrt{c+dx}-640a^4b^3(32c-7dx)\sqrt{c+dx}+}
\end{aligned}$$

input

Integrate[x^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (4*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]]*(-14336*a^7 + 768*a^5*b^2*(58*c - 7*d*x) + 71 \\
& 68*a^6*b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x] - 640*a^4*b^3*(32*c - 7*d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x] + 24*a^2 \\
& *b^5*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(784*c^2 - 356*c*d*x + 147*d^2*x^2) - 16*a^3*b^4*(2936* \\
& c^2 - 680*c*d*x + 245*d^2*x^2) + 6*a*b^6*(2880*c^3 - 928*c^2*d*x + 658*c*d \\
& ^2*x^2 - 539*d^3*x^3) - 39*b^7*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]*(128*c^3 - 96*c^2*d*x + 84*c* \\
& d^2*x^2 - 77*d^3*x^3))/(45045*b^8*d^4)
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
& \int \frac{d^3 x^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} d(c+dx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& - \frac{\int -\frac{d^3 x^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} d(c+dx)}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
& - \frac{2 \int -\frac{d^3 x^3 \sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} d\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{522} \\
& - \frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{13/2}}{b^7} + \frac{7a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{11/2}}{b^7} + \frac{3(b^2c-7a^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{9/2}}{b^7} - \frac{5(3ab^2c-7a^3)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{b^7} + \frac{(-35a^4+30b^2ca^2)}{3} \right)}{d^4} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{2 \left(-\frac{6(7a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{11/2}}{11b^8} + \frac{10a(7a^2-3b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{9/2}}{9b^8} + \frac{6a(7a^2-3b^2c)(a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{5b^8} - \frac{2(a^2-b^2c)^2(7a^2-b^2c)}{3} \right)}{d^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned}
& (-2*((2*a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]])/b^8 - (2*(a^2 - b^2*c) \\
&)^2*(7*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(3/2)})/(3*b^8) + (6*a*(7*a^2 - 3 \\
& *b^2*c)*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(5/2)})/(5*b^8) - (2*(35*a^4 - \\
& 30*a^2*b^2*c + 3*b^4*c^2)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(7/2)})/(7*b^8) + (10*a*(7* \\
& a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(9/2)})/(9*b^8) - (6*(7*a^2 - b^2*c)*(\\
& a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(11/2)})/(11*b^8) + (14*a*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(13/2)} \\
&)/(13*b^8) - (2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(15/2)})/(15*b^8))/d^4
\end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
derivativedivides	$4 \left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{7a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{(3b^2c-21a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{(8(-b^2c+a^2)a+2a(-2b^2c+6a^2))+(-3b^2c+15a^2)}{9} \right)$
default	$4 \left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15} + \frac{7a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{(3b^2c-21a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{(8(-b^2c+a^2)a+2a(-2b^2c+6a^2))+(-3b^2c+15a^2)}{9} \right)$

input `int(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-4/d^4/b^8*(-1/15*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(15/2)+7/13*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(13/2)+1/11*(3*b^2*c-21*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(11/2)+1/9*(8*(-b^2*c+a^2)*a+2*a*(-2*b^2*c+6*a^2)+(-3*b^2*c+15*a^2)*a)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(9/2)+1/7*(-(-b^2*c+a^2)*(-2*b^2*c+6*a^2)-8*a^2*(-b^2*c+a^2)-(-b^2*c+a^2)^2+(-8*(-b^2*c+a^2)*a-2*a*(-2*b^2*c+6*a^2))*a)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)+1/5*(6*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*a+((-b^2*c+a^2)*(-2*b^2*c+6*a^2)+8*a^2*(-b^2*c+a^2)+(-b^2*c+a^2)^2)*a)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)+1/3*(-(-b^2*c+a^2)^3-6*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)+(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{4(3234ab^6d^3x^3 - 17280ab^6c^3 + 46976a^3b^4c^2 - 44544a^5b^2c + 14336a^7 - 28(141ab^6c - 140a^3b^4)d^2x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-4/45045*(3234*a*b^6*d^3*x^3 - 17280*a*b^6*c^3 + 46976*a^3*b^4*c^2 - 44544*a^5*b^2*c + 14336*a^7 - 28*(141*a*b^6*c - 140*a^3*b^4)*d^2*x^2 + 64*(87*a*b^6*c^2 - 170*a^3*b^4*c + 84*a^5*b^2)*d*x - (3003*b^7*d^3*x^3 - 4992*b^7*c^3 + 18816*a^2*b^5*c^2 - 20480*a^4*b^3*c + 7168*a^6*b - 252*(13*b^7*c - 14*a^2*b^5)*d^2*x^2 + 32*(117*b^7*c^2 - 267*a^2*b^5*c + 140*a^4*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c)*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^8*d^4)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 357, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \left(\left(-\frac{7a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{13}}{13b^6} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{15}}{15b^6} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{11}}{11b^6} \cdot (21a^2-3b^2c) + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^9}{9b^6} \cdot (-35a^3+15ab^2c) + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^7}{7b^6} \cdot (35a^4-30a^2b^2c) \right) \right. \\ \left. \frac{d^4 x^4}{8\sqrt{a}} \right. \\ \left. \frac{x^4}{4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}} \right\}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2), x)`output `Piecewise((2*Piecewise((2*(-7*a*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(13/2)/(13*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(15/2)/(15*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(11/2)*(21*a**2 - 3*b**2*c)/(11*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(9/2)*(-35*a**3 + 15*a*b**2*c)/(9*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(7/2)*(35*a**4 - 30*a**2*b**2*c + 3*b**4*c**2)/(7*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(5/2)*(-21*a**5 + 30*a**3*b**2*c - 9*a*b**4*c**2)/(5*b**6) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(3/2)*(7*a**6 - 15*a**4*b**2*c + 9*a**2*b**4*c**2 - b**6*c**3)/(3*b**6) + sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))*(-a**7 + 3*a**5*b**2*c - 3*a**3*b**4*c**2 + a*b**6*c**3)/b**6)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (d**4*x**4/(8*sqrt(a)), True))/d**4, Ne(d, 0)), (x**4/(4*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c))), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(3003 (\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^{\frac{15}{2}} - 24255 (\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^{\frac{13}{2}} a - 12285 (b^2c-7a^2) (\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} + 25025 (\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a^2 - 12285 (b^2c-7a^2) (\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 25025 (\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a - 12285 (b^2c-7a^2) (\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 25025 (\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^{\frac{1}{2}} a^2 \right)}{4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
4/45045*(3003*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(15/2) - 24255*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(
13/2)*a - 12285*(b^2*c - 7*a^2)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(11/2) + 25025*(3*a*
b^2*c - 7*a^3)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2) + 6435*(3*b^4*c^2 - 30*a^2*b^2*
c + 35*a^4)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2) - 27027*(3*a*b^4*c^2 - 10*a^3*b^2*
c + 7*a^5)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2) - 15015*(b^6*c^3 - 9*a^2*b^4*c^2 +
15*a^4*b^2*c - 7*a^6)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2) + 45045*(a*b^6*c^3 - 3*a
^3*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^5*b^2*c - a^7)*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^8*d^4)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \frac{4 \left(15015 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^6 c^3 - 45045 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + aab^6 c^3} - 19305 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^4 c^2 + 81081 \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-4/45045*(15015*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*b^6*c^3 - 45045*sqrt(sqrt(d*x
+ c)*b + a)*a*b^6*c^3 - 19305*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*b^4*c^2 + 81081*
(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a*b^4*c^2 - 135135*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)
*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 135135*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^3*b^4*c^2 + 12285*(sqrt(
d*x + c)*b + a)^(11/2)*b^2*c - 75075*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2)*a*b^2*c +
193050*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*a^2*b^2*c - 270270*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b +
a)^(5/2)*a^3*b^2*c + 225225*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^4*b^2*c - 135135
*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^5*b^2*c - 3003*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(15/2) +
24255*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(13/2)*a - 85995*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(11/2)
*a^2 + 175175*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2)*a^3 - 225225*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b +
a)^(7/2)*a^4 + 189189*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a^5 - 105105*(sqrt(d*x +
c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^6 + 45045*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^7)/(b^8*d^4)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^3/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + c}b + a} (7168\sqrt{dx + c}a^6b - 20480\sqrt{dx + c}a^4b^3c + 4480\sqrt{dx + c}a^4b^3dx + 18816\sqrt{dx + c}a^2b^5$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*(7168*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**6*b - 20480*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b**3*c + 4480*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b**3*d*x + 18816*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**5*c**2 - 8544*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**5*c*d*x + 3528*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**5*d**2*x**2 - 4992*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**7*c**3 + 3744*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**7*c**2*d*x - 3276*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**7*c*d**2*x**2 + 3003*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**7*d**3*x**3 - 14336*a**7 + 44544*a**5*b**2*c - 5376*a**5*b**2*d*x - 46976*a**3*b**4*c**2 + 10880*a**3*b**4*c*d*x - 3920*a**3*b**4*d**2*x**2 + 17280*a**3*b**4*c**3 - 5568*a*b**6*c**2*d*x + 3948*a*b**6*c*d**2*x**2 - 3234*a*b**6*d**3*x**3))/(45045*b**8*d**4)`

3.133 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$

Optimal result	1254
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1255
Rubi [A] (verified)	1255
Maple [A] (verified)	1257
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1257
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1258
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1259
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1259
Mupad F(-1)	1260
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1260

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{4a(a^2 - b^2c)^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^6d^3} + \frac{4(5a^4 - 6a^2b^2c + b^4c^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{3b^6d^3} - \frac{8a(5a^2 - 3b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{5b^6d^3} + \frac{8(5a^2 - b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{7b^6d^3} - \frac{20a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{9/2}}{9b^6d^3} + \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{11/2}}{11b^6d^3}$$

output

```
-4*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^6/d^3+4/3*(b^4*c^2-6*a^2*b^2*c+5*a^4)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^6/d^3-8/5*a*(-3*b^2*c+5*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^6/d^3+8/7*(-b^2*c+5*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^6/d^3-20/9*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^6/d^3+4/11*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(11/2)/b^6/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}(-1280a^5 + 96a^3b^2(28c - 5dx) + 640a^4b\sqrt{c + dx} - 16a^2b^3(74c - 25dx)\sqrt{c + dx} + 15b^5\sqrt{c + dx})(32c^2 - 24c*dx + 21d^2*x^2) - 2a*b^4*(736c^2 - 244c*dx + 175d^2*x^2))}{3465b^6d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(4*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]*(-1280*a^5 + 96*a^3*b^2*(28*c - 5*d*x) + 640*a^4*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] - 16*a^2*b^3*(74*c - 25*d*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x] + 15*b^5*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(32*c^2 - 24*c*d*x + 21*d^2*x^2) - 2*a*b^4*(736*c^2 - 244*c*d*x + 175*d^2*x^2)))/(3465*b^6*d^3)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$\int \frac{\frac{d^2 x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} d(c + dx)}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{1732}$$

$$2 \int \frac{\frac{d^2 x^2 \sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{522}$$

$$2 \int \left(\frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{9/2}}{b^5} - \frac{5a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{b^5} - \frac{2(b^2c-5a^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{b^5} - \frac{2(5a^3-3ab^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{b^5} + \frac{(5a^4-6b^2ca^2+b^4c^2)\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^5} \right) dx^3$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(\frac{4(5a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{7b^6} - \frac{4a(5a^2-3b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{5b^6} - \frac{2a(a^2-b^2c)^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^6} + \frac{2(5a^4-6a^2b^2c+b^4c^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{3b^6} \right) dx^3$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*((-2*a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/b^6 + (2*(5*a^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + b^4*c^2)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(3/2))/(3*b^6) - (4*a*(5*a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(5/2))/(5*b^6) + (4*(5*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(7/2))/(7*b^6) - (10*a*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(9/2))/(9*b^6) + (2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(11/2))/(11*b^6)))/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{20a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{4(2b^2c-10a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{4(4(-b^2c+a^2)a+a(-2b^2c+6a^2))(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4}{d^3b^6}$
default	$\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{20a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{4(2b^2c-10a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{4(4(-b^2c+a^2)a+a(-2b^2c+6a^2))(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4}{d^3b^6}$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 4/d^3/b^6*(1/11*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(11/2)-5/9*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(9/2)
-1/7*(2*b^2*c-10*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)-1/5*(4*(-b^2*c+a^2)*a+a*(-
2*b^2*c+6*a^2))*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)-1/3*(-(-b^2*c+a^2)^2-4*a^2*(-b^2
*c+a^2))*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)-(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1
/2))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{4(350ab^4d^2x^2 + 1472ab^4c^2 - 2688a^3b^2c + 1280a^5 - 8(61ab^4c - 60a^3b^2))dx - (315b^5d^2x^2 + 480b^5c)}{3465b^6d^3}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-4/3465*(350*a*b^4*d^2*x^2 + 1472*a*b^4*c^2 - 2688*a^3*b^2*c + 1280*a^5 -
8*(61*a*b^4*c - 60*a^3*b^2)*d*x - (315*b^5*d^2*x^2 + 480*b^5*c^2 - 1184*a^
2*b^3*c + 640*a^4*b - 40*(9*b^5*c - 10*a^2*b^3)*d*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))*sqrt(s
qrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/(b^6*d^3)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(2 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{5a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9b^4} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11b^4} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{7}{2}} \cdot (10a^2 - 2b^2c)}{7b^4} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (-10a^3 + 6ab^2c)}{5b^4} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (5a^4 - 6a^2b^2c + b^4c^2)}{3b^4} \right)}{b^2} + \frac{d^3 x^3}{6\sqrt{a}} \right)}{d^3} + \frac{x^3}{3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*Piecewise((2*(-5*a*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(9/2))/(9*b**4) + (a
+ b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(11/2)/(11*b**4) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(7/2)*(10*a
**2 - 2*b**2*c)/(7*b**4) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(5/2)*(-10*a**3 + 6*a*b*
*2*c)/(5*b**4) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(3/2)*(5*a**4 - 6*a**2*b**2*c + b*
*4*c**2)/(3*b**4) + sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))*(-a**5 + 2*a**3*b**2*c - a*b
**4*c**2)/b**4)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), (d**3*x**3/(6*sqrt(a)), True))/d**3, Ne(d
, 0)), (x**3/(3*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c))), True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(315 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 1925 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a - 990 (b^2c - 5a^2) (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 1386 (3ab^2c - \dots \right)}{b^6 d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
4/3465*(315*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(11/2) - 1925*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2)
)*a - 990*(b^2*c - 5*a^2)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2) + 1386*(3*a*b^2*c -
5*a^3)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2) + 1155*(b^4*c^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + 5*a^4)*
(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2) - 3465*(a*b^4*c^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*c + a^5)*sqrt(sq
rt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^6*d^3)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(1155 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^4 c^2 - 3465 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} a b^4 c^2 - 990 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^2 c + 4158 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a b^2 c - 6930 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 b^2 c + 6930 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} a^3 b^2 c + 315 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 1925 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a + 4950 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^2 - 6930 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^3 + 5775 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4 - 3465 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} a^5 \right)}{b^6 d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
4/3465*(1155*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*b^4*c^2 - 3465*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)
)*b + a)*a*b^4*c^2 - 990*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*b^2*c + 4158*(sqrt(d*x
+ c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a*b^2*c - 6930*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^2*c +
6930*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^3*b^2*c + 315*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(11/2)
) - 1925*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(9/2)*a + 4950*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2)*
a^2 - 6930*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 5775*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3
/2)*a^4 - 3465*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^5)/(b^6*d^3)
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^2/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} (640\sqrt{dx + ca^4b} - 1184\sqrt{dx + ca^2b^3c} + 400\sqrt{dx + ca^2b^3}dx + 480\sqrt{dx + cb^5c^2} - 360\sqrt{dx + cb^5c} + 315\sqrt{dx + cb^5}x^2 - 1280a^5 + 2688a^3b^2c - 480a^3b^2dx - 1472ab^4c^2 + 488ab^4cdx - 350ab^4d^2x^2)}{(3465b^6d^3)}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*(640*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**4*b - 1184*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*c + 400*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b**3*d*x + 480*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**5*c**2 - 360*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**5*c*d*x + 315*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**5*d**2*x**2 - 1280*a**5 + 2688*a**3*b**2*c - 480*a**3*b**2*d*x - 1472*a*b**4*c**2 + 488*a*b**4*c*d*x - 350*a*b**4*d**2*x**2))/(3465*b**6*d**3)`

3.134 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$

Optimal result	1261
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1261
Rubi [A] (verified)	1262
Maple [A] (verified)	1264
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1264
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1265
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1265
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1266
Mupad [F(-1)]	1266
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1266

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{4a(a^2 - b^2c) \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b^4d^2} + \frac{4(3a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2}}{3b^4d^2} - \frac{12a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{5/2}}{5b^4d^2} + \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{7/2}}{7b^4d^2}$$

output

```
-4*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^4/d^2+4/3*(-b^2*c+3*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^4/d^2-12/5*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^4/d^2+4/7*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^4/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(-48a^3+2ab^2(26c-9dx)+24a^2b\sqrt{c+dx}+5b^3\sqrt{c+dx}(-4c+3dx))}{105b^4d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(4*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]*(-48*a^3 + 2*a*b^2*(26*c - 9*d*x) + 24*a^2*b*Sqrt[c + d*x] + 5*b^3*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(-4*c + 3*d*x)))/(105*b^4*d^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} \frac{d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & - \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} \frac{d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1732 \\
 & - \frac{2 \int - \frac{dx\sqrt{c+dx}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 522 \\
 & - \frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{b^3} + \frac{3a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{b^3} + \frac{(b^2c-3a^2)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^3} + \frac{a^3-ab^2c}{b^3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} \right) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & - \frac{2 \left(-\frac{2(3a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{2a(a^2-b^2c)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^4} - \frac{2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{7/2}}{7b^4} + \frac{6a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{5/2}}{5b^4} \right)}{d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(-2*((2*a*(a^2 - b^2*c)*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/b^4 - (2*(3*a^2 - b^2*c)*
(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(3/2))/(3*b^4) + (6*a*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(5/2))
/(5*b^4) - (2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(7/2))/(7*b^4)))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_.
, x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symb
ol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*
n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}
, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$4 \frac{\left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{3a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(b^2c-3a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + (-b^2c+a^2)a\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}} \right)}{d^2b^4}$	92
default	$4 \frac{\left(-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{3a(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{(b^2c-3a^2)(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + (-b^2c+a^2)a\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}} \right)}{d^2b^4}$	92

input `int(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{-4/d^2/b^4*(-1/7*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7/2)+3/5*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5/2)+1/3*(b^2*c-3*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)+(-b^2*c+a^2)*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)}$$
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{4(18ab^2dx - 52ab^2c + 48a^3 - (15b^3dx - 20b^3c + 24a^2b)\sqrt{dx+c})\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+c}b+a}}{105b^4d^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{-4/105*(18*a*b^2*d*x - 52*a*b^2*c + 48*a^3 - (15*b^3*d*x - 20*b^3*c + 24*a^2*b)*\sqrt{d*x + c})*\sqrt{(\sqrt{d*x + c}*b + a)}}{b^4*d^2}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} 2 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b^2} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b^2} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot (3a^2 - b^2c)}{3b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(-a^3 + ab^2c)}{b^2} \right)}{b^2} \right) & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{-\frac{c(c+dx)}{2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{4}}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \text{for } d \neq 0$$

$$\frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}} \quad \text{otherwise}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`output `Piecewise((2*Piecewise((2*(-3*a*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(5/2)/(5*b**2) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(7/2)/(7*b**2) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(3/2)*(3*a**2 - b**2*c)/(3*b**2) + sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))*(-a**3 + a*b**2*c)/b**2)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), ((-c*(c + d*x)/2 + (c + d*x)**2/4)/sqrt(a), True))/d**2, Ne(d, 0)), (x**2/(2*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c))), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left(15 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 63 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a - 35 (b^2c - 3a^2) (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105 (ab^2c - a^3) \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} \right)}{105 b^4 d^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `4/105*(15*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2) - 63*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a - 35*(b^2*c - 3*a^2)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2) + 105*(a*b^2*c - a^3)*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))/(b^4*d^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \frac{4 \left(35 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 c - 105 \sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} ab^2 c - 15 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 63 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a \right)}{105 b^4 d^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-4/105*(35*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*b^2*c - 105*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a*b^2*c - 15*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(7/2) + 63*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(5/2)*a - 105*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)*a^2 + 105*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a^3)/(b^4*d^2)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `int(x/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + a} (24\sqrt{dx + c} a^2 b - 20\sqrt{dx + c} b^3 c + 15\sqrt{dx + c} b^3 dx - 48a^3 + 52a b^2 c - 18a b^2 dx)}{105b^4 d^2}$$

input `int(x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*(24*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**2*b - 20*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**3*c + 15*sqrt(c + d*x)*b**3*d*x - 48*a**3 + 52*a*b**2*c - 18*a*b**2*d*x))/(105*b**4*d**2)`

$$3.135 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$$

Optimal result	1268
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1268
Rubi [A] (verified)	1269
Maple [A] (verified)	1270
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1271
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1271
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1272
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1272
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1272
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1273

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{4a\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^2d} + \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{3b^2d}$$

output

```
-4*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^2/d+4/3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^2/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{4(-2a+b\sqrt{c+dx})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{3b^2d}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]
```

output

```
(4*(-2*a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/(3*b^2*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {239, 774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx \\
 \downarrow 239 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} d(c + dx)}{d} \\
 \downarrow 774 \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b} - \frac{a}{b\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} \right) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{2 \left(\frac{2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{2a\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b^2} \right)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]],x]`

output `(2*((-2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/b^2 + (2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(3/2))/(3*b^2)))/d`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 4a\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{b^2d}$	41
default	$\frac{\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 4a\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{b^2d}$	41

input `int(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/d/b^2*(1/3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)-a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}(\sqrt{dx+cb}-2a)}}{3b^2d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `4/3*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b - 2*a)/(b^2*d)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2 \left(-a\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{3/2}}{3} \right)}{b^2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{c+dx}{2\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*Piecewise((2*(-a*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x)) + (a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**(3/2)/3)/b**2, Ne(b, 0)), ((c + d*x)/(2*sqrt(a)), True))/d, Ne(d, 0)), (x/sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c)), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \frac{4 \left(\frac{(\sqrt{dx+cb+a})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+aa}}}{b^2} \right)}{3d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `4/3*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2)/b^2 - 3*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a/b^2)/d`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \frac{4 \left((\sqrt{dx + cb + a})^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb + aa}} \right)}{3b^2d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `4/3*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*a)/(b^2*d)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3/2}}{3b^2d} - \frac{4a\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b^2d}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output $(4*(a + b*(c + d*x)^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)})/(3*b^2*d) - (4*a*(a + b*(c + d*x)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})/(b^2*d)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + c}b + a}(\sqrt{dx + c}b - 2a)}{3b^2d}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output $(4*\text{sqrt}(\text{sqrt}(c + d*x)*b + a)*(\text{sqrt}(c + d*x)*b - 2*a))/(3*b**2*d)$

3.136 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$

Optimal result	1274
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1274
Rubi [A] (verified)	1275
Maple [A] (verified)	1277
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1278
Sympy [F]	1279
Maxima [F]	1280
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1280
Mupad [F(-1)]	1281
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1281

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}$$

output

`-2*arctanh((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*arctanh((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a-b\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a+b\sqrt{c}}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]),x]`

output

```
(2*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a - b*Sqrt[c]]])/Sqrt[-a - b*Sqr
t[c]] + (2*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a + b*Sqrt[c]]])/Sqrt[-a
+ b*Sqrt[c]]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 561, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{dx\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int -\frac{1}{dx\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} d(c+dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & -2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{dx\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} d\sqrt{c+dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{561} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{a-c-dx}{b\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{4 \int \frac{a-c-dx}{\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1480}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{c+dx}{b^2} - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c}}{b^2}} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{c+dx}{b^2} - \frac{a+b\sqrt{c}}{b^2}} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{b^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{4 \left(\frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}} \right)}{b^2}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `(-4*((b^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a - b*Sqrt[c]]])/(2*Sqrt[a - b*Sqrt[c]]) + (b^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c]]])/(2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c]])))/b^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 561 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k/d Subst[Int[x^(k*(n + 1) - 1)*(-c/d + x^k/d)^m*Simp[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^k/d^2) + b*(x^(2*k)/d^2), x]^p, x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 896

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

rule 1732

```
Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c-a}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c-a}}} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}}$	92
default	$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c-a}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\sqrt{b^2c-a}}} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}}$	92

input

```
int(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/(-(b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)*arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-(b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2))+2/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)*arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 743 vs. $2(73) = 146$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 743, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.66

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx \\
 &= \sqrt{-\frac{(b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}+a}{b^2c-a^2}} \log \left(4 \left((b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}-a \right) \sqrt{-\frac{(b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}}{b^2c-a^2}} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb}+a} \right) \\
 & - \sqrt{-\frac{(b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}+a}{b^2c-a^2}} \log \left(-4 \left((b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}-a \right) \sqrt{-\frac{(b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}}{b^2c-a^2}} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb}+a} \right) \\
 & - \sqrt{\frac{(b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}-a}{b^2c-a^2}} \log \left(4 \left((b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}+a \right) \sqrt{\frac{(b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}}{b^2c-a^2}} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb}+a} \right) \\
 & + \sqrt{\frac{(b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}-a}{b^2c-a^2}} \log \left(-4 \left((b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}+a \right) \sqrt{\frac{(b^2c-a^2)\sqrt{\frac{b^2c}{b^4c^2-2a^2b^2c+a^4}}}{b^2c-a^2}} \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. + 4\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb}+a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(-((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) + a)/(b^2*c - a^2))*log(4*((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) - a)*sqrt(-((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) + a)/(b^2*c - a^2)) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)) - sqrt(-((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) + a)/(b^2*c - a^2))*log(-4*((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) - a)*sqrt(-((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) + a)/(b^2*c - a^2)) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)) - sqrt(((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) - a)/(b^2*c - a^2))*log(4*((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) + a)*sqrt(((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) - a)/(b^2*c - a^2)) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)) + sqrt(((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) - a)/(b^2*c - a^2))*log(-4*((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) + a)*sqrt(((b^2*c - a^2)*sqrt(b^2*c/(b^4*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*c + a^4)) - a)/(b^2*c - a^2)) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a))`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+ax}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*x), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{(b^2\sqrt{c}|b|+ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}}{\sqrt{-a+\sqrt{b^2c}}}\right)}{(b\sqrt{c+a})\sqrt{b\sqrt{c-a}}} + \frac{(b^2\sqrt{c}|b|-ab^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}}{\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{b^2c}}}\right)}{(b\sqrt{c-a})\sqrt{-b\sqrt{c-a}}} \right)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*((b^2*sqrt(c)*abs(b) + a*b^2)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/sqrt(-a + sqrt(b^2*c)))/((b*sqrt(c) + a)*sqrt(b*sqrt(c) - a)) + (b^2*sqrt(c)*abs(b) - a*b^2)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/sqrt(-a - sqrt(b^2*c)))/((b*sqrt(c) - a)*sqrt(-b*sqrt(c) - a))/b^2`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}b-a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cb-a}}}\right)b - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{c}b-a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{cb-a}}}\right)a - \sqrt{c}\sqrt{\sqrt{c}b+a}\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}\right)}{1}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*b - 2*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*a - sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*b + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*b + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a)/(a**2 - b**2*c)`

3.137 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$

Optimal result	1282
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1282
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1283
Maple [B] (verified)	1286
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1287
Sympy [F]	1288
Maxima [F]	1288
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1288
Mupad [F(-1)]	1289
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1289

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{(a-b\sqrt{c+dx}) \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{(a^2-b^2c)x} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2(a-b\sqrt{c})^{3/2} \sqrt{c}} + \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2(a+b\sqrt{c})^{3/2} \sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
-(a-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b^2*c+a^2)/x-1/2*b*d*arctanh((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(3/2)/c^(1/2)+1/2*b*d*arctanh((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(3/2)/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{2(a-b\sqrt{c+dx}) \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{(a^2-b^2c)x} + \frac{bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{(-a-b\sqrt{c})^{3/2} \sqrt{c}} - \frac{bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{(-a+b\sqrt{c})^{3/2} \sqrt{c}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]),x]`

output `((-2*(a - b*Sqrt[c + d*x])*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]])/((a^2 - b^2*c)*x) + (b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a - b*Sqrt[c]]])/((-a - b*Sqrt[c])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]) - (b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a + b*Sqrt[c]]])/((-a + b*Sqrt[c])^(3/2)*Sqrt[c]))/2`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 561, 25, 27, 1492, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & d \int \frac{1}{d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} d(c + dx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & 2d \int \frac{\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} d\sqrt{c + dx} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{561} \\
 & \frac{4d \int -\frac{a-c-dx}{b\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{4d \int \frac{a-c-dx}{b\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4d \int \frac{a-c-dx}{\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1492} \\
 & \frac{4d \left(\frac{b^2(2a-c-dx)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} - \frac{b^4 \int -\frac{2c(2a-c-dx)}{b^2\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{4d \left(\frac{b^2 \int \frac{2a-c-dx}{\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{b^2(2a-c-dx)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} \right)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1480} \\
 & \frac{4d \left(\frac{b^2 \left(-\frac{\left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{c}}+b\right) \int \frac{c+dx - \frac{a-b\sqrt{c}}{b^2} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{2b} - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{a}{b\sqrt{c}}\right) \int \frac{c+dx - \frac{a+b\sqrt{c}}{b^2} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^2} \right)}{4(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{b^2(2a-c-dx)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} \right)}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{4d \left(\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \left(1 - \frac{a}{b\sqrt{c}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}} + \frac{b \left(\frac{a}{\sqrt{c}}+b\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{4(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{b^2(2a-c-dx)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} \right)}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*sqrt[a + b*sqrt[c + d*x]]),x]`

output
$$\frac{(-4*d*((b^2*(2*a - c - d*x)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]])/(4*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(a^2/b^2 - c - (2*a*(c + d*x))/b^2 + (c + d*x)^2/b^2)) + (b^2*((b*(b + a/\text{Sqrt}[c])* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[a - b*\text{Sqrt}[c]])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a - b*\text{Sqrt}[c]]) + (b^2*(1 - a/(b*\text{Sqrt}[c]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]]/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c]])/(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c]))))/(4*(a^2 - b^2*c)))/b^2$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25
$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27
$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 221
$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 561
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k/d \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k*(n+1)-1)}*(-c/d + x^k/d)^m * \text{Simp}[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^k/d^2) + b*(x^{(2*k)}/d^2), x]^p, \text{x}], \text{x}, (c + d*x)^{(1/k)}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, p\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 896
$$\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(v_)^{(n_)}^{(p_)}*(x_)^{(m_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, \text{x}, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m+1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, v], \text{x}] /; \text{NeQ}[c, 0]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 1480
$$\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]$$

rule 1492

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[x*(a*b*e - d*(b^2 - 2*a*c) - c*(b*d - 2*a*e)*x^2)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c)) Int[Simp[(2*p + 3)*d*b^2 - a*b*e - 2*a*c*d*(4*p + 5) + (4*p + 7)*(d*b - 2*a*e)*c*x^2, x]*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1732

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^p_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
:= With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 258 vs. 2(125) = 250.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
derivativedivides	$4db^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2c} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{(4\sqrt{b^2c-4a})(b\sqrt{dx+c}+\sqrt{b^2c})} + \frac{2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}\right)}{(4\sqrt{b^2c-4a})\sqrt{b^2c-a}} \right)}{4b^2c} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2c} \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{(-4\sqrt{b^2c-4a})(-b\sqrt{dx+c}+\sqrt{b^2c})} \right)}{4b^2c} \right)$
default	$4db^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{b^2c} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{(4\sqrt{b^2c-4a})(b\sqrt{dx+c}+\sqrt{b^2c})} + \frac{2\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}\right)}{(4\sqrt{b^2c-4a})\sqrt{b^2c-a}} \right)}{4b^2c} + \frac{\sqrt{b^2c} \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{(-4\sqrt{b^2c-4a})(-b\sqrt{dx+c}+\sqrt{b^2c})} \right)}{4b^2c} \right)$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
4*d*b^2*(-1/4*(b^2*c)^(1/2)/b^2/c*(2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(4*(b^2*c)^(1/2)-4*a)/(b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+(b^2*c)^(1/2))+2/(4*(b^2*c)^(1/2)-4*a)/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)*arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)))+1/4*(b^2*c)^(1/2)/b^2/c*(-2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-4*(b^2*c)^(1/2)-4*a)/(-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+(b^2*c)^(1/2))+2/(-4*(b^2*c)^(1/2)-4*a)/(-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)*arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2))))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2493 vs. $2(127) = 254$.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2493, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/4*((b^2*c - a^2)*x*sqrt(-((3*a*b^4*c + a^3*b^2)*d^2 + (b^6*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*c)*sqrt((b^10*c^2 + 6*a^2*b^8*c + 9*a^4*b^6)*d^4/(b^12*c^7 - 6*a^2*b^10*c^6 + 15*a^4*b^8*c^5 - 20*a^6*b^6*c^4 + 15*a^8*b^4*c^3 - 6*a^10*b^2*c^2 + a^12*c)))/(b^6*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*c))*log((b^6*c + 3*a^2*b^4)*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*d^3 + (2*(a*b^6*c^2 + 3*a^3*b^4*c)*d^2 - (b^8*c^5 - 2*a^2*b^6*c^4 + 2*a^6*b^2*c^2 - a^8*c)*sqrt((b^10*c^2 + 6*a^2*b^8*c + 9*a^4*b^6)*d^4/(b^12*c^7 - 6*a^2*b^10*c^6 + 15*a^4*b^8*c^5 - 20*a^6*b^6*c^4 + 15*a^8*b^4*c^3 - 6*a^10*b^2*c^2 + a^12*c)))*sqrt(-((3*a*b^4*c + a^3*b^2)*d^2 + (b^6*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*c)*sqrt((b^10*c^2 + 6*a^2*b^8*c + 9*a^4*b^6)*d^4/(b^12*c^7 - 6*a^2*b^10*c^6 + 15*a^4*b^8*c^5 - 20*a^6*b^6*c^4 + 15*a^8*b^4*c^3 - 6*a^10*b^2*c^2 + a^12*c)))/(b^6*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*c)) - (b^2*c - a^2)*x*sqrt(-((3*a*b^4*c + a^3*b^2)*d^2 + (b^6*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*c)*sqrt((b^10*c^2 + 6*a^2*b^8*c + 9*a^4*b^6)*d^4/(b^12*c^7 - 6*a^2*b^10*c^6 + 15*a^4*b^8*c^5 - 20*a^6*b^6*c^4 + 15*a^8*b^4*c^3 - 6*a^10*b^2*c^2 + a^12*c)))/(b^6*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*c))*log((b^6*c + 3*a^2*b^4)*sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*d^3 - (2*(a*b^6*c^2 + 3*a^3*b^4*c)*d^2 - (b^8*c^5 - 2*a^2*b^6*c^4 + 2*a^6*b^2*c^2 - a^8*c)*sqrt((b^10*c^2 + 6*a^2*b^8*c + 9*a^4*b^6)*d^4/(b^12*c^7 - 6*a^2*b^10*c^6 + 15*a^4*b^8*c^5 - 20*a^6*b^6*c^4 + 15*a^8*b^4*c^3 - 6*a^10*b^...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb} + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*x^2), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 637 vs. $2(127) = 254$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 637, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= d \left(\frac{\left((b^3c - a^2b)^2 \sqrt{b\sqrt{c} - ab^4c} - 2(ab^6c^{\frac{3}{2}} - a^3b^4\sqrt{c}) \sqrt{b\sqrt{c} - a} - b^3c + a^2b \right) + (a^2b^8c^2 - 2a^4b^6c + a^6b^4) \sqrt{b\sqrt{c} - a}}{(b^6c^{\frac{7}{2}} - 3a^2b^4c^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3a^4b^2c^{\frac{3}{2}} - a^6\sqrt{c}) - b^3c + a^2b} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{ab^2c - a^3} + \sqrt{(ab^2c - a^3)^2 - (ab^2c - a^3)^2}}{\sqrt{ab^2c - a^3} + \sqrt{(ab^2c - a^3)^2 - (ab^2c - a^3)^2}} \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}d\left(\frac{(b^3c - a^2b)^2\sqrt{b\sqrt{c} - a}b^4c - 2(a^2b^6c^{3/2} - a^3b^4\sqrt{c})\sqrt{b\sqrt{c} - a}\operatorname{abs}(-b^3c + a^2b) + (a^2b^8c^2 - 2a^4b^6c + a^6b^4)\sqrt{b\sqrt{c} - a}\arctan(\sqrt{\sqrt{d*x + c}b + a})/\sqrt{-(a^2b^2c - a^3 + \sqrt{(a^2b^2c - a^3)^2 + (b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4)(b^2c - a^2)})}}{(b^2c - a^2)}\right) / \left(\frac{(b^6c^{7/2} - 3a^2b^4c^{5/2} + 3a^4b^2c^{3/2} - a^6\sqrt{c})\operatorname{abs}(-b^3c + a^2b) - ((b^3c - a^2b)^2\sqrt{-b\sqrt{c} - a}b^4c + 2(a^2b^6c^{3/2} - a^3b^4\sqrt{c})\sqrt{-b\sqrt{c} - a}\operatorname{abs}(-b^3c + a^2b) + (a^2b^8c^2 - 2a^4b^6c + a^6b^4)\sqrt{-b\sqrt{c} - a}\arctan(\sqrt{\sqrt{d*x + c}b + a})/\sqrt{-(a^2b^2c - a^3 - \sqrt{(a^2b^2c - a^3)^2 + (b^4c^2 - 2a^2b^2c + a^4)(b^2c - a^2)})}}{(b^2c - a^2)}\right) / \left(\frac{(b^6c^{7/2} - 3a^2b^4c^{5/2} + 3a^4b^2c^{3/2} - a^6\sqrt{c})\operatorname{abs}(-b^3c + a^2b) + 2((\sqrt{d*x + c}b + a)^{3/2}b^4 - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{d*x + c}b + a}a^2b^4)/((b^2c - (\sqrt{d*x + c}b + a)^2 + 2(\sqrt{d*x + c}b + a)a - a^2)(b^2c - a^2))}{b^2}\right)$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{c}b - a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}b - a}}\right) a^2 b dx - 2\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\sqrt{c}b - a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}b - a}}\right) b^3 c dx - 4\sqrt{\sqrt{c}b - a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx+cb+a}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{c}b - a}}\right) a^2 b dx}{1}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*a**2*b*d*x - 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*b**3*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*a*b**2*c*d*x + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**2*b*c - 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**3*c**2 - 4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**3*c + 4*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a*b**2*c**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a**2*b*d*x - sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*b**3*c*d*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a**2*b*d*x + sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*b**3*c*d*x + 2*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a*b**2*c*d*x - 2*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a*b**2*c*d*x/(4*c*x*(a**4 - 2*a**2*b**2*c + b**4*c**2))`

3.138 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx$

Optimal result	1291
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1292
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1292
Maple [A] (verified)	1296
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1297
Sympy [F(-1)]	1297
Maxima [F]	1298
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1298
Mupad [F(-1)]	1299
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1300

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 269

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} dx = -\frac{(a-b\sqrt{c+dx})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{2(a^2-b^2c)x^2} - \frac{bd\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(6abc-a^2\sqrt{c+dx}-5b^2c\sqrt{c+dx})}{8c(a^2-b^2c)^2x} + \frac{b(2a-5b\sqrt{c})d^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{16(a-b\sqrt{c})^{5/2}c^{3/2}} - \frac{b(2a+5b\sqrt{c})d^2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{16(a+b\sqrt{c})^{5/2}c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b^2*c+a^2)/x^2-1/8*b*d*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(6*a*b*c-a^2*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-5*b^2*c*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)^2/x+1/16*b*(2*a-5*b*c^(1/2))*d^2*arctanh((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2))^(5/2)/c^(3/2)-1/16*b*(2*a+5*b*c^(1/2))*d^2*arctanh((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2))^(5/2)/c^(3/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(4a^3c+b^3c(4c-5dx)\sqrt{c+dx}-a^2b\sqrt{c+dx}(4c+dx)+2ab^2c(-2c+3dx))}{(a^2-b^2c)^2x^2} + \frac{b(2a+5b\sqrt{c})d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{(-a-b\sqrt{c})^{5/2}} + \frac{b(-2a+5b\sqrt{c})d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{-a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{(-a+b\sqrt{c})^{5/2}}}{16c^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]),x]
```

output

```
((-2*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]*(4*a^3*c + b^3*c*(4*c - 5*d*x)*Sqrt[c + d*x] - a^2*b*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(4*c + d*x) + 2*a*b^2*c*(-2*c + 3*d*x)))/((a^2 - b^2*c)^2*x^2) + (b*(2*a + 5*b*Sqrt[c])*d^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a - b*Sqrt[c]]])/(-a - b*Sqrt[c])^(5/2) + (b*(-2*a + 5*b*Sqrt[c])*d^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x]]/Sqrt[-a + b*Sqrt[c]]])/(-a + b*Sqrt[c])^(5/2))/(16*c^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 561, 27, 1492, 27, 1492, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$d^2 \int \frac{1}{d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} d(c + dx)$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$-d^2 \int -\frac{1}{d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} d(c + dx)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1732 \\
 & -2d^2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}}{d^3 x^3 \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}} d\sqrt{c+dx} \\
 & \downarrow 561 \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \int \frac{a-c-dx}{b\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^3} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \int \frac{a-c-dx}{\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^3} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{b^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1492 \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2(2a-c-dx)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} - \frac{b^4 \int -\frac{2c(6a-5(c+dx))}{b^2\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{16c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{b^2} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \int \frac{6a-5(c+dx)}{\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{b^2(2a-c-dx)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)^2} \right)}{b^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1492 \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(a(a^2+11b^2c) - (a^2+5b^2c)(c+dx))}{4c(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} - \frac{b^4 \int \frac{2(a(a^2-13b^2c) + (a^2+5b^2c)(c+dx))}{b^4\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{8(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{b^2(2a-c-dx)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} \right)}{b^2} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(a(a^2+11b^2c) - (a^2+5b^2c)(c+dx))}{4c(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} - \frac{b^4 \int \frac{2(a(a^2-13b^2c) + (a^2+5b^2c)(c+dx))}{b^4\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{8(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{b^2(2a-c-dx)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} - \frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2} + \frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2} - c\right)} \right)}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(a(a^2+11b^2c)-(a^2+5b^2c)(c+dx))}{4c(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}-\frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2}+\frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2}-c\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{a(a^2-13b^2c)+(a^2+5b^2c)(c+dx)}{b^2-\frac{2(c+dx)a}{b^2}+\frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2}-c} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{4c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{8(a^2-b^2c)} + \frac{b^2(2a-c-dx)\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{8(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}-\frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2}+\frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2}-c\right)} \right)$$

1480

$$4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(a(a^2+11b^2c)-(a^2+5b^2c)(c+dx))}{4c(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}-\frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2}+\frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2}-c\right)} - \frac{(a-b\sqrt{c})^2(2a+5b\sqrt{c}) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c+dx}{b^2}-\frac{a+b\sqrt{c}}{b^2}} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{2b\sqrt{c}} - \frac{(2a-5b\sqrt{c})(a+b\sqrt{c})^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{c+dx}{b^2}-\frac{a-b\sqrt{c}}{b^2}} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{2b\sqrt{c}}}{4c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{8(a^2-b^2c)} \right)$$

221

$$4d^2 \left(\frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}(a(a^2+11b^2c)-(a^2+5b^2c)(c+dx))}{4c(a^2-b^2c)\left(\frac{a^2}{b^2}-\frac{2a(c+dx)}{b^2}+\frac{(c+dx)^2}{b^2}-c\right)} - \frac{b(2a-5b\sqrt{c})(a+b\sqrt{c})^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a-b\sqrt{c}}} - \frac{b(a-b\sqrt{c})^2(2a+5b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{c}}}}{4c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{8(a^2-b^2c)} \right)$$

input

Int [1/(x^3*sqrt[a + b*sqrt[c + d*x]]),x]

output

$$\frac{(-4*d^2*((b^2*(2*a - c - d*x)*\sqrt{a + b*\sqrt{c + d*x}})/(8*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(a^2/b^2 - c - (2*a*(c + d*x))/b^2 + (c + d*x)^2/b^2)^2) + (b^2*((\sqrt{a + b*\sqrt{c + d*x}})*(a*(a^2 + 11*b^2*c) - (a^2 + 5*b^2*c)*(c + d*x)))/(4*c*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(a^2/b^2 - c - (2*a*(c + d*x))/b^2 + (c + d*x)^2/b^2)) - ((b*(2*a - 5*b*\sqrt{c})*(a + b*\sqrt{c})^2*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b*\sqrt{c + d*x}}]/\sqrt{a - b*\sqrt{c}}])/(2*\sqrt{a - b*\sqrt{c}}*\sqrt{c}) - (b*(a - b*\sqrt{c})^2*(2*a + 5*b*\sqrt{c})*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b*\sqrt{c + d*x}}]/\sqrt{a + b*\sqrt{c}}])/(2*\sqrt{a + b*\sqrt{c}}*\sqrt{c}))/((4*c*(a^2 - b^2*c))))/b^2$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 561

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_ + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k/d \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k*(n + 1) - 1)}*(-c/d + x^k/d)^m*\text{Simp}[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^k/d^2) + b*(x^{(2*k)}/d^2), x]^p, \text{x}], \text{x}, (c + d*x)^{(1/k)}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, p\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 896

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(v_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*(x_)^{(m_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, \text{x}, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m + 1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, v], \text{x}] \text{ ; NeQ}[c, 0]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 1480

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] :
> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(
b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2
+ q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]
&& NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]
```

rule 1492

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symb
ol] := Simp[x*(a*b*e - d*(b^2 - 2*a*c) - c*(b*d - 2*a*e)*x^2)*((a + b*x^2 +
c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b^2 - 4*a*c))), x] + Simp[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b^2
- 4*a*c)) Int[Simp[(2*p + 3)*d*b^2 - a*b*e - 2*a*c*d*(4*p + 5) + (4*p +
7)*(d*b - 2*a*e)*c*x^2, x]*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] &&
LtQ[p, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p]
```

rule 1732

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symb
ol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*
n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}
, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
derivativedivides	$-4d^2b^4 \left(-\frac{\frac{(-5\sqrt{b^2c+2a})(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4(b^2c-2a\sqrt{b^2c+a^2})} + \frac{(-7\sqrt{b^2c+2a})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{-4\sqrt{b^2c+4a}}}{(-b\sqrt{dx+c}-\sqrt{b^2c})^2} - \frac{(5\sqrt{b^2c-2a}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}\right)}{4(-b^2c+2a\sqrt{b^2c-a^2})\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}} \right) + \dots$
default	$-4d^2b^4 \left(-\frac{\frac{(-5\sqrt{b^2c+2a})(a+b\sqrt{dx+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4(b^2c-2a\sqrt{b^2c+a^2})} + \frac{(-7\sqrt{b^2c+2a})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{-4\sqrt{b^2c+4a}}}{(-b\sqrt{dx+c}-\sqrt{b^2c})^2} - \frac{(5\sqrt{b^2c-2a}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{dx+c}}}{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}\right)}{4(-b^2c+2a\sqrt{b^2c-a^2})\sqrt{\sqrt{b^2c-a}}} \right) + \dots$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -4*d^2*b^4*(-1/16/b^2/c/(b^2*c)^(1/2))*((-1/4*(-5*(b^2*c)^(1/2)+2*a)/(b^2*c \\ & -2*a*(b^2*c)^(1/2)+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)+1/4*(-7*(b^2*c)^(1/2)+2* \\ & a)/(-b^2*c)^(1/2)+a)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)-(b^2*c) \\ & ^{(1/2)})^2-1/4*(5*(b^2*c)^(1/2)-2*a)/(-b^2*c+2*a*(b^2*c)^(1/2)-a^2)/((b^2*c) \\ & ^{(1/2)}-a)^(1/2)*\arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/((b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)) \\ &)+1/16/b^2/c/(b^2*c)^(1/2))*((-1/4*(5*(b^2*c)^(1/2)+2*a)/(b^2*c+2*a*(b^2*c) \\ & ^{(1/2)}+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3/2)+1/4*(7*(b^2*c)^(1/2)+2*a)/((b^2*c)^(\\ & 1/2)+a)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2))/(-b*(d*x+c)^(1/2)+(b^2*c)^(1/2))^2-1/4* \\ & (5*(b^2*c)^(1/2)+2*a)/(b^2*c+2*a*(b^2*c)^(1/2)+a^2)/(-b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2) \\ &)*\arctan((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-b^2*c)^(1/2)-a)^(1/2)) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4390 vs. $2(217) = 434$.

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4390, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.32

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{dx + cb + ax^3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*x^3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1303 vs. $2(217) = 434$.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1303, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/16*(((b^5*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a^4*b*c)^2*(5*b^6*c + a^2*b^4)*d^3 - (13
*a*b^10*c^(7/2) - 27*a^3*b^8*c^(5/2) + 15*a^5*b^6*c^(3/2) - a^7*b^4*sqrt(c
))*d^3*abs(b^5*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a^4*b*c) + 2*(4*a^2*b^14*c^6 - 17*a^4
*b^12*c^5 + 28*a^6*b^10*c^4 - 22*a^8*b^8*c^3 + 8*a^10*b^6*c^2 - a^12*b^4*c
)*d^3)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/sqrt(-(a*b^4*c^3 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^2 +
a^5*c + sqrt((a*b^4*c^3 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^2 + a^5*c)^2 + (b^6*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^4
*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*c)*(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c)))/(b^4*c^3
- 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c)))/((b^9*c^6 - a*b^8*c^(11/2) - 4*a^2*b^7*c^5 + 4
*a^3*b^6*c^(9/2) + 6*a^4*b^5*c^4 - 6*a^5*b^4*c^(7/2) - 4*a^6*b^3*c^3 + 4*a
^7*b^2*c^(5/2) + a^8*b*c^2 - a^9*c^(3/2))*sqrt(-b*sqrt(c) - a)*abs(b^5*c^3
- 2*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a^4*b*c)) + ((b^5*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a^4*b*c)^2*(5*b
^6*c + a^2*b^4)*d^3 + (13*a*b^10*c^(7/2) - 27*a^3*b^8*c^(5/2) + 15*a^5*b^6
*c^(3/2) - a^7*b^4*sqrt(c))*d^3*abs(b^5*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a^4*b*c) + 2
*(4*a^2*b^14*c^6 - 17*a^4*b^12*c^5 + 28*a^6*b^10*c^4 - 22*a^8*b^8*c^3 + 8*
a^10*b^6*c^2 - a^12*b^4*c)*d^3)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)/sqrt(-(a*
b^4*c^3 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^2 + a^5*c - sqrt((a*b^4*c^3 - 2*a^3*b^2*c^2 + a^5*c)
^2 + (b^6*c^4 - 3*a^2*b^4*c^3 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2 - a^6*c)*(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^
2*c^2 + a^4*c)))/(b^4*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a^4*c)))/((b^9*c^6 + a*b^8*c^(
11/2) - 4*a^2*b^7*c^5 - 4*a^3*b^6*c^(9/2) + 6*a^4*b^5*c^4 + 6*a^5*b^4*c^(7
/2) - 4*a^6*b^3*c^3 - 4*a^7*b^2*c^(5/2) + a^8*b*c^2 + a^9*c^(3/2))*sqrt...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^3*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^3*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(1/2)), x)
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 987, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)
*b - a))*a**4*b*d**2*x**2 - 18*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(
c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*a**2*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 10*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*b**5
*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqr
t(sqrt(c)*b - a))*a**3*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - 26*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a)*atan(sqrt
(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)/sqrt(sqrt(c)*b - a))*a*b**4*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 16*sqrt
(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**4*b*c**2 + 4*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqr
t(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**4*b*c*d*x - 32*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a
)*a**2*b**3*c**3 + 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**2*b**3*c
**2*d*x + 16*sqrt(c + d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**5*c**4 - 20*sqrt(c
+ d*x)*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*b**5*c**3*d*x - 16*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b +
a)*a**5*c**2 + 32*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**3*b**2*c**3 - 24*sqrt(sqrt
(c + d*x)*b + a)*a**3*b**2*c**2*d*x - 16*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a*b**4*
c**4 + 24*sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)*a*b**4*c**3*d*x + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(
c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a**4*b*d**2
*x**2 - 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt
(sqrt(c)*b + a))*a**2*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 5*sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log
(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) - sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a))*b**5*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 2*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(sqrt(c)*b + a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a) + sqrt(sqrt(c...
```

3.139 $\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$

Optimal result	1301
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1302
Rubi [A] (verified)	1303
Maple [F]	1305
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1305
Sympy [F]	1306
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1307
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1307
Mupad [F(-1)]	1308
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1309

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 350

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = & -\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2c)^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p}}{b^8 d^4 (1 + p)} \\
 & + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2c)^2 (7a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{2+p}}{b^8 d^4 (2 + p)} \\
 & - \frac{6a(7a^2 - 3b^2c) (a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3+p}}{b^8 d^4 (3 + p)} \\
 & + \frac{2(35a^4 - 30a^2 b^2 c + 3b^4 c^2) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{4+p}}{b^8 d^4 (4 + p)} \\
 & - \frac{10a(7a^2 - 3b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{5+p}}{b^8 d^4 (5 + p)} \\
 & + \frac{6(7a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{6+p}}{b^8 d^4 (6 + p)} \\
 & - \frac{14a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{7+p}}{b^8 d^4 (7 + p)} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{8+p}}{b^8 d^4 (8 + p)}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^8/d^4/(p+1)+2*(-b^2*c+a^2)
^2*(-b^2*c+7*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^8/d^4/(2+p)-6*a*(-3*b^2*c+7*
a^2)*(-b^2*c+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^8/d^4/(3+p)+2*(3*b^4*c^2-30*
a^2*b^2*c+35*a^4)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^8/d^4/(4+p)-10*a*(-3*b^2*c+7
*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5+p)/b^8/d^4/(5+p)+6*(-b^2*c+7*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c
)^(1/2))^(6+p)/b^8/d^4/(6+p)-14*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(7+p)/b^8/d^4/(7+p)+
2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(8+p)/b^8/d^4/(8+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int x^3 \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p} (5040a^7 - 5040a^6b(1 + p)\sqrt{c + dx} + 360a^5b^2(6c(-7 + p + p^2) + 7d(2 + 3p + p^2))}{(b^8d^4(1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)(4 + p)(5 + p)(6 + p)(7 + p)(8 + p))}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^p,x]
```

output

```
(-2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(1 + p)*(5040*a^7 - 5040*a^6*b*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c +
d*x] + 360*a^5*b^2*(6*c*(-7 + p + p^2) + 7*d*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x) - 120*a^4*
b^3*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2*c*(-63 - 5*p + 2*p^2) + 7*d*(6 + 5*p + p^2)*x
) + 6*a^3*b^4*(8*c^2*(315 - 124*p - 139*p^2 - 14*p^3 + p^4) + 40*c*d*(-42
- 61*p - 16*p^2 + 4*p^3 + p^4)*x + 35*d^2*(24 + 50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p
^4)*x^2) - 6*a^2*b^5*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(-24*c^2*(-105 - 24*p + 5*p^2 +
p^3) + 4*c*d*(-420 - 386*p - 94*p^2 - p^3 + p^4)*x + 7*d^2*(120 + 154*p +
71*p^2 + 14*p^3 + p^4)*x^2) - b^7*(105 + 176*p + 86*p^2 + 16*p^3 + p^4)*S
qrt[c + d*x]*(-48*c^3 + 24*c^2*d*(2 + p)*x - 6*c*d^2*(8 + 6*p + p^2)*x^2 +
d^3*(48 + 44*p + 12*p^2 + p^3)*x^3) + a*b^6*(48*c^3*(-105 + 103*p + 138*p
^2 + 38*p^3 + 3*p^4) - 24*c^2*d*(-210 - 283*p - 21*p^2 + 74*p^3 + 24*p^4 +
2*p^5)*x + 6*c*d^2*(-840 - 1726*p - 1151*p^2 - 265*p^3 + 10*p^4 + 11*p^5
+ p^6)*x^2 + 7*d^3*(720 + 1764*p + 1624*p^2 + 735*p^3 + 175*p^4 + 21*p^5 +
p^6)*x^3))/(b^8*d^4*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p)*(5 + p)*(6 + p)*(7 +
p)*(8 + p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & \frac{\int d^3 x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p d(c + dx)}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & - \frac{\int -d^3 x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p d(c + dx)}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1732 \\
 & - \frac{2 \int -d^3 x^3 \sqrt{c + dx} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 522 \\
 & - \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{a(a^2 - b^2c)^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{b^7} + \frac{(b^2c - 7a^2)(b^2c - a^2)^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+1}}{b^7} + \frac{3(7a^5 - 10b^2ca^3 + 3b^4c^2a)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+2}}{b^7} + \frac{(-35a^4 + 30b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+3}}{b^7} \right) dx}{d^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & - \frac{2 \left(\frac{a(a^2 - b^2c)^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+1}}{b^8(p+1)} - \frac{(a^2 - b^2c)^2 (7a^2 - b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+2}}{b^8(p+2)} + \frac{3a(7a^2 - 3b^2c)(a^2 - b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+3}}{b^8(p+3)} + \frac{5a(7a^2 - 3b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+4}}{b^8(p+4)} \right)}{d^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^p,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*((a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^3*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(1 + p)})/(b^8*(1 + p)) - ((a \\ & ^2 - b^2*c)^2*(7*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(2 + p)})/(b^8*(2 + p)) \\ & + (3*a*(7*a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(3 + p)})/(b^8*(3 + p)) - ((35*a^4 - 30*a^2*b^2*c + 3*b^4*c^2)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(4 \\ & + p)})/(b^8*(4 + p)) + (5*a*(7*a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(5 + p \\ &)})/(b^8*(5 + p)) - (3*(7*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(6 + p)})/(b^8* \\ & (6 + p)) + (7*a*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(7 + p)})/(b^8*(7 + p)) - (a + b*\text{Sqrt} \\ & [c + d*x])^{(8 + p)})/(b^8*(8 + p))))/d^4 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 522

$$\text{Int}[\text{((e_)*(x_))}^{(m_)} * \text{((c_)} + \text{(d_)*(x_))}^{(n_)} * \text{((a_)} + \text{(b_)*(x_)}^2)^{(p_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(\text{e}*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{;/; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 896

$$\text{Int}[\text{((a_)} + \text{(b_)*(v_)}^{(n_)})^{(p_)} * \text{(x_)}^{(m_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[\text{v}, \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m + 1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(\text{x} - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{v}], \text{x}] \text{;/; NeQ}[c, 0]] \text{;/; FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[\text{v}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 1732

$$\text{Int}[\text{((a_)} + \text{(c_)*(x_)}^{(n2_)})^{(p_)} * \text{((d_)} + \text{(e_)*(x_)}^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{With}[\{g = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[g \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(g - 1)}*(d + e*x^{(g*n)})^q*(a + c*x^{(2*g*n)})^p, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^{(1/g)}], \text{x}]] \text{;/; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p, q\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[\text{u}_, \text{x_Symbol}] \text{:>} \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[\text{u}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{;/; SumQ}[\text{u}]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + b\sqrt{dx + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1416 vs. $2(335) = 670$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1416, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.05

$$\int x^3 \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-2*(5040*b^8*c^4 - 20160*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 30240*a^4*b^4*c^2 - 20160*a^6*b^2*c
+ 5040*a^8 + 48*(b^8*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^6*c^3 + a^4*b^4*c^2)*p^4 - (b^8*d^4*p^
7 + 28*b^8*d^4*p^6 + 322*b^8*d^4*p^5 + 1960*b^8*d^4*p^4 + 6769*b^8*d^4*p^3
+ 13132*b^8*d^4*p^2 + 13068*b^8*d^4*p + 5040*b^8*d^4)*x^4 + 384*(2*b^8*c^
4 + 7*a^2*b^6*c^3 - 3*a^4*b^4*c^2)*p^3 - (b^8*c*d^3*p^7 + (22*b^8*c - 7*a^
2*b^6)*d^3*p^6 + 5*(38*b^8*c - 21*a^2*b^6)*d^3*p^5 + 5*(164*b^8*c - 119*a^
2*b^6)*d^3*p^4 + (1849*b^8*c - 1575*a^2*b^6)*d^3*p^3 + 2*(1019*b^8*c - 959
*a^2*b^6)*d^3*p^2 + 840*(b^8*c - a^2*b^6)*d^3*p)*x^3 + 48*(86*b^8*c^4 + 81
*a^2*b^6*c^3 - 124*a^4*b^4*c^2 + 45*a^6*b^2*c)*p^2 + 6*(18*b^8*c^2*d^2*p^5
+ (b^8*c^2 + a^2*b^6*c)*d^2*p^6 + (118*b^8*c^2 - 95*a^2*b^6*c + 35*a^4*b^
4)*d^2*p^4 + 6*(58*b^8*c^2 - 80*a^2*b^6*c + 35*a^4*b^4)*d^2*p^3 + (457*b^8
*c^2 - 806*a^2*b^6*c + 385*a^4*b^4)*d^2*p^2 + 210*(b^8*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^6*c +
a^4*b^4)*d^2*p)*x^2 + 192*(44*b^8*c^4 - 71*a^2*b^6*c^3 + 54*a^4*b^4*c^2 -
15*a^6*b^2*c)*p - 24*((b^8*c^3 + 3*a^2*b^6*c^2)*d*p^5 + 2*(8*b^8*c^3 + 9*
a^2*b^6*c^2 - 5*a^4*b^4*c)*d*p^4 + (86*b^8*c^3 - 57*a^2*b^6*c^2 + 15*a^4*b
^4*c)*d*p^3 + (176*b^8*c^3 - 387*a^2*b^6*c^2 + 340*a^4*b^4*c - 105*a^6*b^2
)*d*p^2 + 105*(b^8*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^6*c^2 + 3*a^4*b^4*c - a^6*b^2)*d*p)*x + (
192*(a*b^7*c^3 + a^3*b^5*c^2)*p^4 + 96*(27*a*b^7*c^3 + 2*a^3*b^5*c^2 - 5*a
^5*b^3*c)*p^3 - (a*b^7*d^3*p^7 + 21*a*b^7*d^3*p^6 + 175*a*b^7*d^3*p^5 + 73
5*a*b^7*d^3*p^4 + 1624*a*b^7*d^3*p^3 + 1764*a*b^7*d^3*p^2 + 720*a*b^7*d...

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**p,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**p, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 728 vs. $2(335) = 670$.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 728, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-2*(((d*x + c)*b^2*(p + 1) + sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b*p - a^2)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b +
a)^p*c^3/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^2) - 3*((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*(d*x + c)^2*
b^4 + (p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b^3 - 3*(p^2 + p)*(d*x + c)*a^
2*b^2 + 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^3*b*p - 6*a^4)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*c^2/((p^4
+ 10*p^3 + 35*p^2 + 50*p + 24)*b^4) + 3*((p^5 + 15*p^4 + 85*p^3 + 225*p^2
+ 274*p + 120)*(d*x + c)^3*b^6 + (p^5 + 10*p^4 + 35*p^3 + 50*p^2 + 24*p)*
(d*x + c)^(5/2)*a*b^5 - 5*(p^4 + 6*p^3 + 11*p^2 + 6*p)*(d*x + c)^2*a^2*b^4
+ 20*(p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a^3*b^3 - 60*(p^2 + p)*(d*x + c)
*a^4*b^2 + 120*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^5*b*p - 120*a^6)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*c/
((p^6 + 21*p^5 + 175*p^4 + 735*p^3 + 1624*p^2 + 1764*p + 720)*b^6) - ((p^7
+ 28*p^6 + 322*p^5 + 1960*p^4 + 6769*p^3 + 13132*p^2 + 13068*p + 5040)*(d
*x + c)^4*b^8 + (p^7 + 21*p^6 + 175*p^5 + 735*p^4 + 1624*p^3 + 1764*p^2 +
720*p)*(d*x + c)^(7/2)*a*b^7 - 7*(p^6 + 15*p^5 + 85*p^4 + 225*p^3 + 274*p^
2 + 120*p)*(d*x + c)^3*a^2*b^6 + 42*(p^5 + 10*p^4 + 35*p^3 + 50*p^2 + 24*p)
*(d*x + c)^(5/2)*a^3*b^5 - 210*(p^4 + 6*p^3 + 11*p^2 + 6*p)*(d*x + c)^2*a
^4*b^4 + 840*(p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a^5*b^3 - 2520*(p^2 + p)*
(d*x + c)*a^6*b^2 + 5040*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^7*b*p - 5040*a^8)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*
b + a)^p/((p^8 + 36*p^7 + 546*p^6 + 4536*p^5 + 22449*p^4 + 67284*p^3 + 118
124*p^2 + 109584*p + 40320)*b^8))/d^4
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 5699 vs. $2(335) = 670$.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5699, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.28

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^6*c^3*p^7 - (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^6*c^3*p^7 + 34*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^6*c^3*p^6 - 35*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^6*c^3*p^6 - 3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^4*c^2*p^7 + 9*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^4*c^2*p^7 - 9*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^2*b^4*c^2*p^7 + 3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^3*b^4*c^2*p^7 + 478*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^6*c^3*p^5 - 511*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^6*c^3*p^5 - 96*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^4*c^2*p^6 + 297*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^4*c^2*p^6 - 306*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^2*b^4*c^2*p^6 + 105*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^3*b^4*c^2*p^6 + 3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^6*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^2*c*p^7 - 15*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^5*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^2*c*p^7 + 30*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^2*b^2*c*p^7 - 30*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^3*b^2*c*p^7 + 15*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^4*b^2*c*p^7 - 3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^5*b^2*c*p^7 + 3580*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^6*c^3*p^4 - 4025*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^6*c^3*p^4 - 1254*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \int x^3 \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1909, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.45

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output

```
(2*(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)**p*(5040*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**7*b*p + 480*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*b**3*c*p**3 - 2880*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*b**3*c*p**2 - 18480*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*b**3*c*p + 840*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*b**3*d*p**3*x + 2520*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*b**3*d*p**2*x + 1680*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*b**3*d*p*x - 192*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c**2*p**4 - 192*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c**2*p**3 + 9408*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c**2*p**2 + 24528*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c**2*p + 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c*d*p**5*x - 240*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c*d*p**4*x - 3240*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c*d*p**3*x - 7680*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c*d*p**2*x - 4704*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*c*d*p*x + 42*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*d**2*p**5*x**2 + 420*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*d**2*p**4*x**2 + 1470*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*d**2*p**3*x**2 + 2100*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*d**2*p**2*x**2 + 1008*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**5*d**2*p*x**2 - 192*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**3*p**4 - 2592*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**3*p**3 - 10752*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**3*p**2 - 13392*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**3*p + 72*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**2*d*p**5*x + 1008*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**2*d*p**4*x + 4608*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**2*d*p**3*x + 7848*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**2*d*p**2*x + 4176*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c**2*d*p*x - 12*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c*d**2*p**6*x**2 - 198*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c*d**2*p**5*x**2 - 1200*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c*d**2*p**4*x**2 - 3330*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c*d**2*p**3*x**2 - 4188*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*c*d**2*p**2*x**2 - 1872*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**7*...
```

3.140 $\int x^2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$

Optimal result	1310
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1311
Rubi [A] (verified)	1311
Maple [F]	1313
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1313
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1314
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1315
Mupad [F(-1)]	1316
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1317

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 242

$$\int x^2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = -\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2c)^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p}}{b^6d^3(1 + p)} + \frac{2(5a^4 - 6a^2b^2c + b^4c^2) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{2+p}}{b^6d^3(2 + p)} - \frac{4a(5a^2 - 3b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3+p}}{b^6d^3(3 + p)} + \frac{4(5a^2 - b^2c) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{4+p}}{b^6d^3(4 + p)} - \frac{10a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{5+p}}{b^6d^3(5 + p)} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{6+p}}{b^6d^3(6 + p)}$$

output

```
-2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^6/d^3/(p+1)+2*(b^4*c^2-6*a^2*b^2*c+5*a^4)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^6/d^3/(2+p)-4*a*(-3*b^2*c+5*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^6/d^3/(3+p)+4*(-b^2*c+5*a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^6/d^3/(4+p)-10*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(5+p)/b^6/d^3/(5+p)+2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(6+p)/b^6/d^3/(6+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p} (120a^5 - 120a^4b(1 + p)\sqrt{c + dx} + 12a^3b^2(4c(-5 + p + p^2) + 5d(2 + 3p + p^2)x) - 4a^2b^3(1 + p)\sqrt{c + dx}(2c(-30 - 4p + p^2) + 5d(6 + 5p + p^2)x) - b^5(15 + 23p + 9p^2 + p^3)\sqrt{c + dx}(8c^2 - 4cd(2 + p)x + d^2(8 + 6p + p^2)x^2) + ab^4(-8c^2(-15 + 10p + 12p^2 + 2p^3) + 4cd(-30 - 43p - 10p^2 + 4p^3 + p^4)x + 5d^2(24 + 50p + 35p^2 + 10p^3 + p^4)x^2))}{b^6d^3(1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)(4 + p)(5 + p)(6 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^p,x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(1 + p)*(120*a^5 - 120*a^4*b*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d*x] + 12*a^3*b^2*(4*c*(-5 + p + p^2) + 5*d*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x) - 4*a^2*b^3*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(2*c*(-30 - 4*p + p^2) + 5*d*(6 + 5*p + p^2)*x) - b^5*(15 + 23*p + 9*p^2 + p^3)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(8*c^2 - 4*c*d*(2 + p)*x + d^2*(8 + 6*p + p^2)*x^2) + a*b^4*(-8*c^2*(-15 + 10*p + 12*p^2 + 2*p^3) + 4*c*d*(-30 - 43*p - 10*p^2 + 4*p^3 + p^4)*x + 5*d^2*(24 + 50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4)*x^2))/ (b^6*d^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p)*(5 + p)*(6 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{\int d^2 x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p d(c + dx)}{d^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\ & \frac{2 \int d^2 x^2 \sqrt{c + dx} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^3} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 522

$$2 \int \left(-\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^p}{b^5} + \frac{(5a^4-6b^2ca^2+b^4c^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+1}}{b^5} - \frac{2(5a^3-3ab^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+2}}{b^5} - \frac{2(b^2c-5a^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+3}}{b^5} \right) dx^3$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(-\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^2(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+1}}{b^6(p+1)} - \frac{2a(5a^2-3b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+3}}{b^6(p+3)} + \frac{2(5a^2-b^2c)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+4}}{b^6(p+4)} + \frac{(5a^4-6a^2b^2c+b^4c^2)(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+5}}{b^6(p+2)} \right) dx^3$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^p,x]`

output
$$\frac{(2*((-(a*(a^2 - b^2*c))^2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(1 + p)})/(b^6*(1 + p)))) + ((5*a^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + b^4*c^2)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(2 + p)})/(b^6*(2 + p)) - (2*a*(5*a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(3 + p)})/(b^6*(3 + p)) + (2*(5*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(4 + p)})/(b^6*(4 + p)) - (5*a*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(5 + p)})/(b^6*(5 + p)) + (a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x])^{(6 + p)}/(b^6*(6 + p)))/d^3$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{dx + c})^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 712 vs. 2(230) = 460.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 712, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2 (120 b^6 c^3 - 360 a^2 b^4 c^2 + 360 a^4 b^2 c - 120 a^6 + 8 (b^6 c^3 + 3 a^2 b^4 c^2) p^3 + (b^6 d^3 p^5 + 15 b^6 d^3 p^4 + 85 b^6 d^3 p^3 +$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

2*(120*b^6*c^3 - 360*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 360*a^4*b^2*c - 120*a^6 + 8*(b^6*c^3 +
3*a^2*b^4*c^2)*p^3 + (b^6*d^3*p^5 + 15*b^6*d^3*p^4 + 85*b^6*d^3*p^3 + 225*
b^6*d^3*p^2 + 274*b^6*d^3*p + 120*b^6*d^3)*x^3 + 24*(3*b^6*c^3 + 3*a^2*b^4
*c^2 - 2*a^4*b^2*c)*p^2 + (b^6*c*d^2*p^5 + (11*b^6*c - 5*a^2*b^4)*d^2*p^4
+ (41*b^6*c - 30*a^2*b^4)*d^2*p^3 + (61*b^6*c - 55*a^2*b^4)*d^2*p^2 + 30*(
b^6*c - a^2*b^4)*d^2*p)*x^2 + 8*(23*b^6*c^3 - 24*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 9*a^4*b^2*c
)*p - 4*((b^6*c^2 + a^2*b^4*c)*d*p^4 + 3*(3*b^6*c^2 - a^2*b^4*c)*d*p^3 + (
23*b^6*c^2 - 34*a^2*b^4*c + 15*a^4*b^2)*d*p^2 + 15*(b^6*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^4*c
+ a^4*b^2)*d*p)*x + (8*(3*a*b^5*c^2 + a^3*b^3*c)*p^3 + 24*(7*a*b^5*c^2 - 3
*a^3*b^3*c)*p^2 + (a*b^5*d^2*p^5 + 10*a*b^5*d^2*p^4 + 35*a*b^5*d^2*p^3 + 5
0*a*b^5*d^2*p^2 + 24*a*b^5*d^2*p)*x^2 + 8*(33*a*b^5*c^2 - 40*a^3*b^3*c + 1
5*a^5*b)*p - 4*(2*a*b^5*c*d*p^4 + 5*(3*a*b^5*c - a^3*b^3)*d*p^3 + (31*a*b^
5*c - 15*a^3*b^3)*d*p^2 + 2*(9*a*b^5*c - 5*a^3*b^3)*d*p)*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))
*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p/(b^6*d^3*p^6 + 21*b^6*d^3*p^5 + 175*b^6*d^3*p^4 +
735*b^6*d^3*p^3 + 1624*b^6*d^3*p^2 + 1764*b^6*d^3*p + 720*b^6*d^3)

```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**p,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**p, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{((dx+c)b^2(p+1)+\sqrt{dx+cb}p-a^2)(\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^p c^2}{(p^2+3p+2)b^2} - \frac{2 \left((p^3+6p^2+11p+6)(dx+c)^2 b^4 + (p^3+3p^2+2p)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} ab^3 - 3(p^2+p)(dx+c)a^2 \right)}{(p^4+10p^3+35p^2+50p+24)b^4} \right)}{1}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

2*(((d*x + c)*b^2*(p + 1) + sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b*p - a^2)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b +
a)^p*c^2/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^2) - 2*((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*(d*x + c)^2*b
^4 + (p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b^3 - 3*(p^2 + p)*(d*x + c)*a^2
*b^2 + 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^3*b*p - 6*a^4)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*c/((p^4 +
10*p^3 + 35*p^2 + 50*p + 24)*b^4) + ((p^5 + 15*p^4 + 85*p^3 + 225*p^2 + 27
4*p + 120)*(d*x + c)^3*b^6 + (p^5 + 10*p^4 + 35*p^3 + 50*p^2 + 24*p)*(d*x
+ c)^(5/2)*a*b^5 - 5*(p^4 + 6*p^3 + 11*p^2 + 6*p)*(d*x + c)^2*a^2*b^4 + 20
*(p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a^3*b^3 - 60*(p^2 + p)*(d*x + c)*a^4*
b^2 + 120*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^5*b*p - 120*a^6)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p/((p^6 +
21*p^5 + 175*p^4 + 735*p^3 + 1624*p^2 + 1764*p + 720)*b^6))/d^3

```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2490 vs. $2(230) = 460$.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2490, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.29

$$\int x^2 \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")
```


output

```

2*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^4*c^2*p^5 - (sqrt(d*x
+ c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^4*c^2*p^5 + 19*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b +
a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^4*c^2*p^4 - 20*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt
(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^4*c^2*p^4 - 2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c
)*b + a)^p*b^2*c*p^5 + 6*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a
*b^2*c*p^5 - 6*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^2*b^2*c*p
^5 + 2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^3*b^2*c*p^5 + 137*(
sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^4*c^2*p^3 - 155*(sqrt(d*x
+ c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^4*c^2*p^3 - 34*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b +
a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^2*c*p^4 + 108*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*(sqr
t(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^2*c*p^4 - 114*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x +
c)*b + a)^p*a^2*b^2*c*p^4 + 40*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)
^p*a^3*b^2*c*p^4 + (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^6*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*p^5 - 5
*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^5*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*p^5 + 10*(sqrt(d*x + c)
*b + a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^2*p^5 - 10*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*(sq
rt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^3*p^5 + 5*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b
+ a)^p*a^4*p^5 - (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^5*p^5 + 4
61*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^4*c^2*p^2 - 580*(sqrt
(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^4*c^2*p^2 - 214*(sqrt(d*x + c
)*b + a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^2*c*p^3 + 726*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^p, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 865, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a)^p (-360a^2b^4c^2 + 8b^6c^3p^3 + 72b^6c^3p^2 + 184b^6c^3p - 120a^6 + 8\sqrt{dx + c}a^3b^3cp^3 - 72\sqrt{dx + c}a^3b^3cp^2 + 120a^6 - 8\sqrt{dx + c}a^3b^3cp^3 + 72\sqrt{dx + c}a^3b^3cp^2 - 184b^6c^3p + 8b^6c^3p^2 - 8b^6c^3p^3)}{2(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a)^p}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output

```
(2*(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)**p*(120*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**5*b*p + 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*
a**3*b**3*c*p**3 - 72*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*c*p**2 - 320*sqrt(c + d*x)*a
**3*b**3*c*p + 20*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*d*p**3*x + 60*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3
*b**3*d*p**2*x + 40*sqrt(c + d*x)*a**3*b**3*d*p*x + 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**
5*c**2*p**3 + 168*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*c**2*p**2 + 264*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**
5*c**2*p - 8*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*c*d*p**4*x - 60*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*c*d
*p**3*x - 124*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*c*d*p**2*x - 72*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*c*
d*p*x + sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*d**2*p**5*x**2 + 10*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*d**2
*p**4*x**2 + 35*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*d**2*p**3*x**2 + 50*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b
**5*d**2*p**2*x**2 + 24*sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b**5*d**2*p*x**2 - 120*a**6 - 48*a
**4*b**2*c*p**2 + 72*a**4*b**2*c*p + 360*a**4*b**2*c - 60*a**4*b**2*d*p**2
*x - 60*a**4*b**2*d*p*x + 24*a**2*b**4*c**2*p**3 + 72*a**2*b**4*c**2*p**2
- 192*a**2*b**4*c**2*p - 360*a**2*b**4*c**2 - 4*a**2*b**4*c*d*p**4*x + 12*
a**2*b**4*c*d*p**3*x + 136*a**2*b**4*c*d*p**2*x + 120*a**2*b**4*c*d*p*x -
5*a**2*b**4*d**2*p**4*x**2 - 30*a**2*b**4*d**2*p**3*x**2 - 55*a**2*b**4*d
**2*p**2*x**2 - 30*a**2*b**4*d**2*p*x**2 + 8*b**6*c**3*p**3 + 72*b**6*c**3*
p**2 + 184*b**6*c**3*p + 120*b**6*c**3 - 4*b**6*c**2*d*p**4*x - 36*b**6*c
**2*d*p**3*x - 92*b**6*c**2*d*p**2*x - 60*b**6*c**2*d*p*x + b**6*c*d**2*p
**5*x**2 + 11*b**6*c*d**2*p**4*x**2 + 41*b**6*c*d**2*p**3*x**2 + 61*b**6*c*d
**2*p**2*x**2 + 30*b**6*c*d**2*p*x**2 + b**6*d**3*p**5*x**3 + 15*b**6*d...
```

3.141 $\int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$

Optimal result	1318
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1318
Rubi [A] (verified)	1319
Maple [F]	1321
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1321
Sympy [F]	1322
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1322
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1323
Mupad [F(-1)]	1324
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1324

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = -\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p}}{b^4d^2(1 + p)} + \frac{2(3a^2 - b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{2+p}}{b^4d^2(2 + p)} - \frac{6a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{3+p}}{b^4d^2(3 + p)} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{4+p}}{b^4d^2(4 + p)}$$

output

```
-2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^4/d^2/(p+1)+2*(-b^2*c+3*a^2)
*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^4/d^2/(2+p)-6*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^4
/d^2/(3+p)+2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^4/d^2/(4+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p} (6a^3 - 6a^2b(1 + p)\sqrt{c + dx} - b^3(3 + 4p + p^2)\sqrt{c + dx}(-2c + d(2 + p)x) + ab^2(3 + 4p + p^2))}{b^4d^2(1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)(4 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^p,x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(1 + p)*(6*a^3 - 6*a^2*b*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d*x] - b^3*(3 + 4*p + p^2)*Sqrt[c + d*x]*(-2*c + d*(2 + p)*x) + a*b^2*(2*c*(-3 + p + p^2) + 3*d*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x))/(b^4*d^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & \frac{\int dx(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{\int -dx(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p d(c + dx)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1732 \\
 & -\frac{2 \int -dx\sqrt{c + dx}(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 522 \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \left(\frac{(a^3 - ab^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{b^3} + \frac{(b^2c - 3a^2)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+2}}{b^3} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+3}}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \frac{\left(\frac{a(a^2 - b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+1}}{b^4(p+1)} - \frac{(3a^2 - b^2c)(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+2}}{b^4(p+2)} + \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+3}}{b^4(p+3)} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+4}}{b^4(p+4)} \right)}{d^2}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^p,x]`

output `(-2*((a*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(1 + p))/(b^4*(1 + p)) - ((3*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(2 + p))/(b^4*(2 + p)) + (3*a*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(3 + p))/(b^4*(3 + p)) - (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(4 + p)/(b^4*(4 + p))))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x \left(a + b\sqrt{dx + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 294 vs. 2(137) = 274.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^p dx =$$

$$\frac{2(6b^4c^2 - 12a^2b^2c + 6a^4 + 2(b^4c^2 + a^2b^2c)p^2 - (b^4d^2p^3 + 6b^4d^2p^2 + 11b^4d^2p + 6b^4d^2)x^2 + 4(2b^4c^2$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*(6*b^4*c^2 - 12*a^2*b^2*c + 6*a^4 + 2*(b^4*c^2 + a^2*b^2*c)*p^2 - (b^4*d^2*p^3 + 6*b^4*d^2*p^2 + 11*b^4*d^2*p + 6*b^4*d^2)*x^2 + 4*(2*b^4*c^2 - a^2*b^2*c)*p - (b^4*c*d*p^3 + (4*b^4*c - 3*a^2*b^2)*d*p^2 + 3*(b^4*c - a^2*b^2)*d*p)*x + (4*a*b^3*c*p^2 + 2*(5*a*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b)*p - (a*b^3*d*p^3 + 3*a*b^3*d*p^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*p)*x)*sqrt(d*x + c))*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p/(b^4*d^2*p^4 + 10*b^4*d^2*p^3 + 35*b^4*d^2*p^2 + 50*b^4*d^2*p + 24*b^4*d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**p, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx =$$

$$2 \left(\frac{((dx+c)b^2(p+1)+\sqrt{dx+cb}p-a^2)(\sqrt{dx+cb}+a)^p c}{(p^2+3p+2)b^2} - \frac{(p^3+6p^2+11p+6)(dx+c)^2 b^4 + (p^3+3p^2+2p)(dx+c)^{\frac{3}{2}} ab^3 - 3(p^2+p)(dx+c)a^2 b^2}{(p^4+10p^3+35p^2+50p+24)b^4} \right) \frac{1}{d^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2*(((d*x + c)*b^2*(p + 1) + sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b*p - a^2)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*c/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^2) - ((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*(d*x + c)^2*b^4 + (p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*(d*x + c)^(3/2)*a*b^3 - 3*(p^2 + p)*(d*x + c)*a^2*b^2 + 6*sqrt(d*x + c)*a^3*b*p - 6*a^4)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p/((p^4 + 10*p^3 + 35*p^2 + 50*p + 24)*b^4))/d^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 806 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 806, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.56

$$\int x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx} \right)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^2*c*p^3 - (sqrt(d*x
+ c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^2*c*p^3 + 8*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^
2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^2*c*p^2 - 9*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x +
c)*b + a)^p*a*b^2*c*p^2 - (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*
p^3 + 3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*p^3 - 3*(sqrt(d*
x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^2*p^3 + (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(s
qrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^3*p^3 + 19*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*
b + a)^p*b^2*c*p - 26*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^2*
c*p - 6*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*p^2 + 21*(sqrt(d*x
+ c)*b + a)^3*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*p^2 - 24*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*
(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^2*p^2 + 9*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b
+ a)^p*a^3*p^2 + 12*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*b^2*c
- 24*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*b^2*c - 11*(sqrt(d*x
+ c)*b + a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*p + 42*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*(sqr
t(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*p - 57*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)
^p*a^2*p + 26*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^3*p - 6*(sqr
t(d*x + c)*b + a)^4*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p + 24*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^3*(
sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a - 36*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)
^p*a^2 + 24*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a^3)/((b^2*p^4
+ 10*b^2*p^3 + 35*b^2*p^2 + 50*b^2*p + 24*b^2)*b^2*d^2)
```


3.142 $\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$

Optimal result	1325
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1325
Rubi [A] (verified)	1326
Maple [F]	1327
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1327
Sympy [F]	1328
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1328
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1329
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1329
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1330

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = -\frac{2a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p}}{b^2d(1+p)} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{2+p}}{b^2d(2+p)}$$

output

```
-2*a*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^2/d/(p+1)+2*(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^2/d/(2+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p} (-a + b(1+p)\sqrt{c + dx})}{b^2d(1+p)(2+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^p,x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(1 + p)*(-a + b*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d*x]))/(b^2*d*(1 + p)*(2 + p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$, Rules used = {239, 774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx \\
 \downarrow 239 \\
 \int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p d(c + dx) \\
 \downarrow 774 \\
 \frac{2 \int \sqrt{c + dx} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{b} \right) d\sqrt{c + dx}}{d} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{2 \left(\frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+2}}{b^2(p+2)} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{p+1}}{b^2(p+1)} \right)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^p,x]`

output `(2*(-((a*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(1 + p))/(b^2*(1 + p))) + (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(2 + p)/(b^2*(2 + p))))/d`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 239 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/Coefficient[v, x, 1] Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && NeQ[v, x]`
- rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{dx + c})^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx \\ &= \frac{2(b^2cp + \sqrt{dx + c}abp + b^2c - a^2 + (b^2dp + b^2d)x)(\sqrt{dx + c} + a)^p}{b^2dp^2 + 3b^2dp + 2b^2d} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(b^2*c*p + sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b*p + b^2*c - a^2 + (b^2*d*p + b^2*d)*x)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p/(b^2*d*p^2 + 3*b^2*d*p + 2*b^2*d)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**p, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \frac{2((dx + c)b^2(p + 1) + \sqrt{dx + c}cbp - a^2)(\sqrt{dx + c}cb + a)^p}{(p^2 + 3p + 2)b^2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*((d*x + c)*b^2*(p + 1) + sqrt(d*x + c)*a*b*p - a^2)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^2*d)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. $2(58) = 116$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \frac{2 \left((\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^2 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^p p - (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a) (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^p a p + (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^2 (\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^p \right)}{(p^2 + 3p + 2)b^2 d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*p - (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a*p + (sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p - 2*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)*(sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p*a)/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^2*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2a \ln(a+b\sqrt{c+dx}) - 2b\sqrt{c+dx}}{b^2 d} & \text{if } p = -1 \\ \frac{2 \left(\ln(a+b\sqrt{c+dx}) + \frac{a}{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}} \right)}{b^2 d} & \text{if } p = -2 \\ \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+2}}{b^2 d(2p+4)} - \frac{4a(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+1}}{b^2 d(2p+2)} & \text{if } p \neq -1 \wedge p \neq -2 \end{cases}$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `piecewise(p == -1, -(2*a*log(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)) - 2*b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))/(b^2*d), p == -2, (2*(log(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2)) + a/(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))))/(b^2*d), p ~= -1 & p ~= -2, (4*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(p + 2))/(b^2*d*(2*p + 4)) - (4*a*(a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^(p + 1))/(b^2*d*(2*p + 2)))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p dx$$

$$= \frac{2(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a)^p (\sqrt{dx + c}abp - a^2 + b^2cp + b^2c + b^2dpx + b^2dx)}{b^2d(p^2 + 3p + 2)}$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p,x)`output `(2*(sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)**p*(sqrt(c + d*x)*a*b*p - a**2 + b**2*c*p + b**2*c + b**2*d*p*x + b**2*d*x))/(b**2*d*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))`

3.143 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^p}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1331
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1332
Rubi [A] (verified)	1332
Maple [F]	1334
Fricas [F]	1334
Sympy [F]	1335
Maxima [F]	1335
Giac [F]	1335
Mupad [F(-1)]	1336
Reduce [F]	1336

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}{a - b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a - b\sqrt{c})(1 + p)} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}{a + b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a + b\sqrt{c})(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2)))/(a-b*c^(1/2))/(p+1)-(a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2)))/(a+b*c^(1/2))/(p+1)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx = \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^{1+p} \left((a + b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}{a - b\sqrt{c}} \right) + (a - b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + dx}}{a + b\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{(a - b\sqrt{c})(a + b\sqrt{c})(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^p/x,x]`

output `-(((a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(1 + p)*((a + b*Sqrt[c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])]) + (a - b*Sqrt[c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])])))/(a - b*Sqrt[c])*(a + b*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {896, 25, 1732, 615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{dx} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & - \int - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{dx} d(c + dx) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+dx}(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^p}{dx} d\sqrt{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{615} \\
& -2 \int \left(\frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^p}{2(-c+\sqrt{c-dx})} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^p}{2(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{c+dx})} \right) d\sqrt{c+dx} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -2 \left(\frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}{a-b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(p+1)(a-b\sqrt{c})} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx})^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+dx}}{a+b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(p+1)(a+b\sqrt{c})} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^p/x,x]`

output `-2*(((a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])])/(2*(a - b*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p)) + ((a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])])/(2*(a + b*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 615 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732

```
Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
  :=> With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))
    ]^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x]
  && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{dx + c})^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`output `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)**(1/2))**p/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sqrt(c + d*x))**p/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{dx + cb} + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(d*x + c)*b + a)^p/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`output `int((a + b*(c + d*x)^(1/2))^p/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{dx + c}b + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(d*x+c)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x)*b + a)**p/x,x)`

3.144 $\int \frac{x^{10}}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1337
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1338
Rubi [A] (verified)	1339
Maple [C] (verified)	1340
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1341
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1342
Maxima [F]	1343
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1343
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1344
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1346

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 219

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx = 4x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{95+81\sqrt{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-2x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{3})}}\right) - \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2(-1393+985\sqrt{2})}} - \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{95+81\sqrt{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})+2x}}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{3})}}\right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2(1393+985\sqrt{2})}} + \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{-95+81\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})x}}{\sqrt{3+x^2}}\right)$$

output

$$4x - \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{16}(95 + 81 \cdot 3^{1/2})^{1/2} \arctan\left(\frac{(-2 + 2 \cdot 3^{1/2})^{1/2} - 2x}{(2 + 2 \cdot 3^{1/2})^{1/2}}\right) - \frac{1}{8} \arctan\left(\frac{(2^{1/2} - 1)^{1/2} x}{(-2786 + 1970 \cdot 2^{1/2})^{1/2}}\right) - \frac{1}{16}(95 + 81 \cdot 3^{1/2})^{1/2} \arctan\left(\frac{(-2 + 2 \cdot 3^{1/2})^{1/2} + 2x}{(2 + 2 \cdot 3^{1/2})^{1/2}}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(1 + 2^{1/2})^{1/2} x}{(2786 + 1970 \cdot 2^{1/2})^{1/2}}\right) + \frac{1}{16}(-95 + 81 \cdot 3^{1/2})^{1/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(-2 + 2 \cdot 3^{1/2})^{1/2} x}{(3^{1/2} + x^2)}\right)$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = 4x - \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{(-i + 11\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2 - 2i\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{(i + 11\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2 + 2i\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{(41 + 29\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{2})} + \frac{(-41 + 29\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}(-1 + \sqrt{2})}$$

input

Integrate[x^10/(4 - (1 + x^2)^4), x]

output

$$4x - \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{((-1 + 11\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{ArcTan}[x/\sqrt{1 - I\sqrt{2}}])}{(8\sqrt{2} - (2I)\sqrt{2})} - \frac{((1 + 11\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{ArcTan}[x/\sqrt{1 + I\sqrt{2}}])}{(8\sqrt{2} + (2I)\sqrt{2})} - \frac{((41 + 29\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{ArcTan}[x/\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}}])}{(8\sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{2}))} + \frac{((-41 + 29\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[x/\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{2}}])}{(8\sqrt{2}(-1 + \sqrt{2}))}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{4 - (x^2 + 1)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2460}$$

$$\int \left(-x^2 + \frac{12 - 29x^2}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)} + \frac{-11x^2 - 12}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 + 3)} + 4 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{16} \sqrt{95 + 81\sqrt{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{3} - 1)} - 2x}{\sqrt{2(1 + \sqrt{3})}} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} (1393 + 985\sqrt{2})} \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}}} \right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{95 + 81\sqrt{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{2x + \sqrt{2(\sqrt{3} - 1)}}{\sqrt{2(1 + \sqrt{3})}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} (985\sqrt{2} - 1393)} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1}} \right) - \frac{x^3}{3} -$$

$$\frac{1}{32} \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} - 95} \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2(\sqrt{3} - 1)}x + \sqrt{3} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{32} \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} - 95} \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2(\sqrt{3} - 1)}x + \sqrt{3} \right) + 4x$$

input `Int[x^10/(4 - (1 + x^2)^4),x]`

output

$$4x - x^3/3 + (\text{Sqrt}[95 + 81\text{Sqrt}[3]]\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2*(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])]) - 2x]/\text{Sqrt}[2*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])])]/16 - (\text{Sqrt}[(1393 + 985\text{Sqrt}[2])/2]\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[2]])]/8 - (\text{Sqrt}[95 + 81\text{Sqrt}[3]]\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[2*(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])]) + 2x]/\text{Sqrt}[2*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])])]/16 + (\text{Sqrt}[(-1393 + 985\text{Sqrt}[2])/2]\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[2]])]/8 - (\text{Sqrt}[-95 + 81\text{Sqrt}[3]]\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[3] - \text{Sqrt}[2*(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])]])/8 - (\text{Sqrt}[-95 + 81\text{Sqrt}[3]]\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[3] + \text{Sqrt}[2*(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])]])/32 + (\text{Sqrt}[-95 + 81\text{Sqrt}[3]]\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[3] - \text{Sqrt}[2*(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])]])/32 + (\text{Sqrt}[-95 + 81\text{Sqrt}[3]]\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[3] + \text{Sqrt}[2*(-1 + \text{Sqrt}[3])]])/32$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 2460

$$\text{Int}[(u_.)(Px_)^{\wedge}(p_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}[\{Qx = \text{Factor}[Px /. x \text{ -> Sqrt}[x]]\}, \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[u*(Qx /. x \text{ -> } x^2)^{\wedge}p, x], x] \text{ /; !SumQ}[\text{NonfreeFactors}[Qx, x]] \text{ /; PolyQ}[Px, x^2] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{Expon}[Px, x], 2] \ \&\& \ \text{!BinomialQ}[Px, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!TrinomialQ}[Px, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{RationalFunctionQ}[u, x]$$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

method	result
risch	$-\frac{x^3}{3} + 4x + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4+380Z^2+19683)} R \ln(-14R^3-1249R+5913x) \right)}{16} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4+5572Z^2+19683)} R \ln(-14R^3-1249R+5913x) \right)}{16}$
default	$-\frac{x^3}{3} + 4x - \frac{(7\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}})\ln(x^2-x\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}+\sqrt{3})}{64} - \frac{\left(16\sqrt{3}+\frac{(7\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}})\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{2}\right)}{16\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}}$

input

$$\text{int}(x^{10}/(4-(x^2+1)^4), x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

```
-1/3*x^3+4*x+1/16*sum(_R*ln(-14*_R^3-1249*_R+5913*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4+380*_Z^2+19683))+1/16*sum(_R*ln(34*_R^3+47321*_R+985*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4+5572*_Z^2-1))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3}x^3$$

$$+ \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} + 95} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{146} \left(8\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} - 95}(\sqrt{3} - 1) - 22x \right) \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} + 95} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} + 95} \arctan \left(-\frac{1}{146} \left(8\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} - 95}(\sqrt{3} - 1) - 22x \right) \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} + 95} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{985}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{1393}{2}} \arctan \left(\left(41\sqrt{2}x - 58x \right) \sqrt{\frac{985}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{1393}{2}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} - 95} \log \left(73x^2 + (7\sqrt{3}x + x) \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} - 95} + 73\sqrt{3} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} - 95} \log \left(73x^2 - (7\sqrt{3}x + x) \sqrt{81\sqrt{3} - 95} + 73\sqrt{3} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{985}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1393}{2}} \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{985}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1393}{2}} (17\sqrt{2} + 24) + x \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{985}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1393}{2}} \log \left(-\sqrt{\frac{985}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1393}{2}} (17\sqrt{2} + 24) + x \right) + 4x$$

input

```
integrate(x^10/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/3*x^3 + 1/16*sqrt(81*sqrt(3) + 95)*arctan(1/146*(8*sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(81*sqrt(3) - 95)*(sqrt(3) - 1) - 22*x)*sqrt(81*sqrt(3) + 95)) - 1/16*sqrt(81*sqrt(3) + 95)*arctan(-1/146*(8*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(81*sqrt(3) - 95)*(sqrt(3) - 1) - 22*x)*sqrt(81*sqrt(3) + 95)) + 1/8*sqrt(985/2*sqrt(2) + 1393/2)*arctan((41*sqrt(2)*x - 58*x)*sqrt(985/2*sqrt(2) + 1393/2)) + 1/32*sqrt(81*sqrt(3) - 95)*log(73*x^2 + (7*sqrt(3)*x + x)*sqrt(81*sqrt(3) - 95) + 73*sqrt(3)) - 1/32*sqrt(81*sqrt(3) - 95)*log(73*x^2 - (7*sqrt(3)*x + x)*sqrt(81*sqrt(3) - 95) + 73*sqrt(3)) + 1/16*sqrt(985/2*sqrt(2) - 1393/2)*log(sqrt(985/2*sqrt(2) - 1393/2)*(17*sqrt(2) + 24) + x) - 1/16*sqrt(985/2*sqrt(2) - 1393/2)*log(-sqrt(985/2*sqrt(2) - 1393/2)*(17*sqrt(2) + 24) + x) + 4*x
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{x^3}{3} + 4x$$

$$-\text{RootSum}\left(262144t^4 + 97280t^2 + 19683, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{672644552569389056t^7}{355901897526345} - \frac{1303034319856467}{1186339658421}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$-\text{RootSum}\left(262144t^4 + 1426432t^2 - 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{672644552569389056t^7}{355901897526345} - \frac{130303431985646796}{118633965842115}\right)\right)\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x**10/(4-(x**2+1)**4), x)
```

output

```
-x**3/3 + 4*x - RootSum(262144*_t**4 + 97280*_t**2 + 19683, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-672644552569389056*_t**7/355901897526345 - 130303431985646796*_t**5/118633965842115 - 1405067195890829312*_t**3/355901897526345 - 273568734602968628*_t/355901897526345 + x))) - RootSum(262144*_t**4 + 1426432*_t**2 - 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-672644552569389056*_t**7/355901897526345 - 130303431985646796*_t**5/118633965842115 - 1405067195890829312*_t**3/355901897526345 - 273568734602968628*_t/355901897526345 + x)))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{x^{10}}{(x^2 + 1)^4 - 4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^10/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*x^3 + 4*x - 1/4*integrate((29*x^2 - 12)/(x^4 + 2*x^2 - 1), x) - 1/4*integrate((11*x^2 + 12)/(x^4 + 2*x^2 + 3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 619 vs. $2(156) = 312$.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 619, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{x^{10}}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^10/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/3*x^3 + 1/10368*sqrt(2)*(11*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 19
8*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 198*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3
) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 11*3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 432*3^(
1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 432*3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*ar
ctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x + 3^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) +
1/2)) + 1/10368*sqrt(2)*(11*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 198*
3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 198*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3)
+ 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 11*3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 432*3^(1
/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 432*3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*arct
an(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x - 3^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1
/2)) + 1/20736*sqrt(2)*(198*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3)
+ 18) - 11*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 11*3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3)
+ 18)^(3/2) - 198*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) - 432*3^(1/4
)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) + 432*3^(1/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^
2 + 2*3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) + sqrt(3)) - 1/20736*sqrt(2)*(198
*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 11*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*
(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 11*3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 198*3^(3/4)*
sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) - 432*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) +
18) + 432*3^(1/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^2 - 2*3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*s
qrt(3) + 1/2) + sqrt(3)) - 1/16*sqrt(1970*sqrt(2) + 2786)*arctan(x/sqrt...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^{10}}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx \\
&= 4x - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-190-\sqrt{2}146i}16637138i}{370131024+\sqrt{2}28616730i} - \frac{2056994\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-190-\sqrt{2}146i}}{370131024+\sqrt{2}28616730i}\right)\sqrt{-190-\sqrt{2}146i} \operatorname{li}}{16} \\
&+ \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-190+\sqrt{2}146i}16637138i}{-370131024+\sqrt{2}28616730i} + \frac{2056994\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-190+\sqrt{2}146i}}{-370131024+\sqrt{2}28616730i}\right)\sqrt{-190+\sqrt{2}146i} \operatorname{li}}{16} - \frac{x^3}{3} \\
&- \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-1970\sqrt{2}-2786}1594003830i}{128691674310\sqrt{2}+181998367260} + \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-1970\sqrt{2}-2786}1092026160i}{128691674310\sqrt{2}+181998367260}\right)\sqrt{-1970\sqrt{2}-2786} \operatorname{li}}{16} \\
&+ \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{1970\sqrt{2}-2786}1594003830i}{128691674310\sqrt{2}-181998367260} - \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{1970\sqrt{2}-2786}1092026160i}{128691674310\sqrt{2}-181998367260}\right)\sqrt{1970\sqrt{2}-2786} \operatorname{li}}{16}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(-x^10/((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4), x)
```

output

```
4*x - (atan((x*(- 2^(1/2)*146i - 190)^(1/2)*16637138i)/(2^(1/2)*28616730i
+ 370131024) - (2056994*2^(1/2)*x*(- 2^(1/2)*146i - 190)^(1/2))/(2^(1/2)*2
8616730i + 370131024))*(- 2^(1/2)*146i - 190)^(1/2)*1i)/16 + (atan((x*(2^(
1/2)*146i - 190)^(1/2)*16637138i)/(2^(1/2)*28616730i - 370131024) + (20569
94*2^(1/2)*x*(2^(1/2)*146i - 190)^(1/2))/(2^(1/2)*28616730i - 370131024))*
(2^(1/2)*146i - 190)^(1/2)*1i)/16 - x^3/3 - (atan((x*(- 1970*2^(1/2) - 278
6)^(1/2)*1594003830i)/(128691674310*2^(1/2) + 181998367260) + (2^(1/2)*x*(
- 1970*2^(1/2) - 2786)^(1/2)*1092026160i)/(128691674310*2^(1/2) + 18199836
7260))*(- 1970*2^(1/2) - 2786)^(1/2)*1i)/16 + (atan((x*(1970*2^(1/2) - 278
6)^(1/2)*1594003830i)/(128691674310*2^(1/2) - 181998367260) - (2^(1/2)*x*(
1970*2^(1/2) - 2786)^(1/2)*1092026160i)/(128691674310*2^(1/2) - 1819983672
60))*(1970*2^(1/2) - 2786)^(1/2)*1i)/16
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^{10}}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = & \frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1}\sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1}\sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2+2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2+2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{17\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 1}\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}}\right)}{16} - \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 1} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}}\right)}{2} \\
& - \frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1}\sqrt{6} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& + \frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1}\sqrt{6} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1}\sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1}\sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& - \frac{17\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1}\sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{32} \\
& + \frac{17\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1}\sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{32} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{4} \\
& - \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{4} - \frac{x^3}{3} + 4x
\end{aligned}$$

input

int(x^10/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x)

output

```
(42*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt
(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) + 6*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) -
1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 42*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqr
t(6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) -
6*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(
sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 204*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2)
+ 1)) - 288*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) - 21*sqrt(sqrt(3)
- 1)*sqrt(6)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) + 21*sq
rt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(6)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2)
+ 3*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3)
+ x**2) - 3*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + s
qrt(3) + x**2) - 102*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) +
x) + 102*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) + 144*sqrt(s
qrt(2) - 1)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) - 144*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(sqrt
(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) - 64*x**3 + 768*x)/192
```


$$3.145 \quad \int \frac{x^8}{4 - (1+x^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1348
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1349
Rubi [A] (verified)	1350
Maple [C] (verified)	1351
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1352
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1353
Maxima [F]	1354
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1354
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1355
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1357

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 212

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^8}{4 - (1+x^2)^4} dx = & -x - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-43 + 27\sqrt{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1 + \sqrt{3})} - 2x}{\sqrt{2(1 + \sqrt{3})}} \right) \\ & + \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2(-239 + 169\sqrt{2})}} \\ & + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-43 + 27\sqrt{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1 + \sqrt{3})} + 2x}{\sqrt{2(1 + \sqrt{3})}} \right) \\ & + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2(239 + 169\sqrt{2})}} \\ & - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{43 + 27\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1 + \sqrt{3})}x}{\sqrt{3 + x^2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

output

$$-x-1/16*(-43+27*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\arctan(((-2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-2*x)/(2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})+1/8*\arctan((2^{(1/2)}-1)^{(1/2)}*x)/(-478+338*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+1/16*(-43+27*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\arctan(((-2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+2*x)/(2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})+1/8*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*x)/(478+338*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-1/16*(43+27*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((-2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*x/(3^{(1/2)}+x^2))$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^8}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = -x + \frac{(7i + 4\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2} - 2i\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(-7i + 4\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2} + 2i\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(17 + 12\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{2})} - \frac{(-17 + 12\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}(-1 + \sqrt{2})}$$

input

Integrate[x^8/(4 - (1 + x^2)^4),x]

output

$$-x + ((7*I + 4*Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[2]]])/(8*Sqrt[2 - (2*I)*Sqrt[2]]) + ((-7*I + 4*Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[2]]])/(8*Sqrt[2 + (2*I)*Sqrt[2]]) + ((17 + 12*Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]])/(8*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]) - ((-17 + 12*Sqrt[2])*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]]])/(8*Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{4 - (x^2 + 1)^4} dx$$

↓ 2460

$$\int \left(\frac{4x^2 - 3}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 + 3)} + \frac{12x^2 - 5}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)} - 1 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{1}{16}\sqrt{27\sqrt{3} - 43} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{3} - 1)} - 2x}{\sqrt{2(1 + \sqrt{3})}}\right) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(239 + 169\sqrt{2})} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}}}\right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{16}\sqrt{27\sqrt{3} - 43} \arctan\left(\frac{2x + \sqrt{2(\sqrt{3} - 1)}}{\sqrt{2(1 + \sqrt{3})}}\right) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(169\sqrt{2} - 239)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1}}\right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{32}\sqrt{43 + 27\sqrt{3}} \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2(\sqrt{3} - 1)}x + \sqrt{3}\right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{32}\sqrt{43 + 27\sqrt{3}} \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2(\sqrt{3} - 1)}x + \sqrt{3}\right) - x$$

input `Int[x^8/(4 - (1 + x^2)^4),x]`

output `-x - (Sqrt[-43 + 27*Sqrt[3]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3]]) - 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[3])]])/16 + (Sqrt[(239 + 169*Sqrt[2])/2]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]])]/8 + (Sqrt[-43 + 27*Sqrt[3]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3]]) + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[3])]])/16 + (Sqrt[(-239 + 169*Sqrt[2])/2]*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]])]/8 + (Sqrt[43 + 27*Sqrt[3]]*Log[Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]*x + x^2])/32 - (Sqrt[43 + 27*Sqrt[3]]*Log[Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]*x + x^2])/32`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 2460 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]},
Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Q
x, x]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] &&
!TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result
risch	$-x + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4-172Z^2+2187)} \frac{-R \ln(10R^3-241R+351x)}{16} \right)}{16} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4+956Z^2-1)} \frac{-R \ln(10R^3-241R+351x)}{16} \right)}{16}$
default	$-x - \frac{\left(-5\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{3}-7\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \right) \ln\left(x^2-x\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}+\sqrt{3}\right)}{64} - \frac{\left(4\sqrt{3} + \frac{\left(-5\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{3}-7\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \right) \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{2} \right) \text{arctan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{16\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}}$

```
input int(x^8/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -x+1/16*sum(_R*ln(10*_R^3-241*_R+351*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4-172*_Z^2+2187))+1
/16*sum(_R*ln(14*_R^3+3363*_R+169*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4+956*_Z^2-1))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^8}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx \\
&= \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} - 43} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{26} \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} + 43} \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} - 43} (\sqrt{3} - 1) \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{13} (\sqrt{3}x + 4x) \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} - 43} \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} - 43} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{26} \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} + 43} \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} - 43} (\sqrt{3} - 1) \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{13} (\sqrt{3}x + 4x) \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} - 43} \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{169}{2} \sqrt{2} + \frac{239}{2}} \arctan \left((17\sqrt{2}x - 24x) \sqrt{\frac{169}{2} \sqrt{2} + \frac{239}{2}} \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} + 43} \log \left(13x^2 + (5\sqrt{3}x - 7x) \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} + 43} + 13\sqrt{3} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} + 43} \log \left(13x^2 - (5\sqrt{3}x - 7x) \sqrt{27\sqrt{3} + 43} + 13\sqrt{3} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{169}{2} \sqrt{2} - \frac{239}{2}} \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{169}{2} \sqrt{2} - \frac{239}{2}} (7\sqrt{2} + 10) + x \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{169}{2} \sqrt{2} - \frac{239}{2}} \log \left(-\sqrt{\frac{169}{2} \sqrt{2} - \frac{239}{2}} (7\sqrt{2} + 10) + x \right) - x
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/16*sqrt(27*sqrt(3) - 43)*arctan(1/26*sqrt(27*sqrt(3) + 43)*sqrt(27*sqrt(
3) - 43)*(sqrt(3) - 1) + 1/13*(sqrt(3)*x + 4*x)*sqrt(27*sqrt(3) - 43)) - 1
/16*sqrt(27*sqrt(3) - 43)*arctan(1/26*sqrt(27*sqrt(3) + 43)*sqrt(27*sqrt(3
) - 43)*(sqrt(3) - 1) - 1/13*(sqrt(3)*x + 4*x)*sqrt(27*sqrt(3) - 43)) + 1/
8*sqrt(169/2*sqrt(2) + 239/2)*arctan((17*sqrt(2)*x - 24*x)*sqrt(169/2*sqrt
(2) + 239/2)) - 1/32*sqrt(27*sqrt(3) + 43)*log(13*x^2 + (5*sqrt(3)*x - 7*x
)*sqrt(27*sqrt(3) + 43) + 13*sqrt(3)) + 1/32*sqrt(27*sqrt(3) + 43)*log(13*
x^2 - (5*sqrt(3)*x - 7*x)*sqrt(27*sqrt(3) + 43) + 13*sqrt(3)) + 1/16*sqrt(
169/2*sqrt(2) - 239/2)*log(sqrt(169/2*sqrt(2) - 239/2)*(7*sqrt(2) + 10) +
x) - 1/16*sqrt(169/2*sqrt(2) - 239/2)*log(-sqrt(169/2*sqrt(2) - 239/2)*(7*
sqrt(2) + 10) + x) - x

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{x^8}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = -x$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\text{RootSum}\left(262144t^4 - 44032t^2 + 2187, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{3573552913580032t^7}{84748676571} - \frac{2745951176359936t^5}{84748676571} - \frac{174117810636800t^3}{28249558857} - \frac{26985428064460t}{84748676571} + x\right)\right) \\
& -\text{RootSum}\left(262144t^4 + 244736t^2 - 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{3573552913580032t^7}{84748676571} - \frac{2745951176359936t^5}{84748676571} + \frac{174117810636800t^3}{28249558857} - \frac{26985428064460t}{84748676571} + x\right)\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x**8/(4-(x**2+1)**4),x)
```

output

```

-x - RootSum(262144*_t**4 - 44032*_t**2 + 2187, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-3573552
913580032*_t**7/84748676571 - 2745951176359936*_t**5/84748676571 + 1741178
10636800*_t**3/28249558857 - 26985428064460*_t/84748676571 + x))) - RootSu
m(262144*_t**4 + 244736*_t**2 - 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-3573552913580032*_t*
*7/84748676571 - 2745951176359936*_t**5/84748676571 + 174117810636800*_t**
3/28249558857 - 26985428064460*_t/84748676571 + x)))

```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^8}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{x^8}{(x^2 + 1)^4 - 4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^8/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-x + 1/4*integrate((12*x^2 - 5)/(x^4 + 2*x^2 - 1), x) + 1/4*integrate((4*x^2 - 3)/(x^4 + 2*x^2 + 3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 612 vs. $2(151) = 302$.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int \frac{x^8}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/2592*sqrt(2)*(3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(
2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 18*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*s
qrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 27*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6
*sqrt(3) + 18) + 27*3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x +
3^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) - 1/2592*sqrt(
2)*(3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sq
rt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 18*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)
- 3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 27*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18
) + 27*3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x - 3^(1/4)*sqrt
(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) - 1/5184*sqrt(2)*(18*3^(3/4
)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6*sqrt(3
) + 18)^(3/2) - 3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3)
+ 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 27*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 27*3^(1/
4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^2 + 2*3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) +
sqrt(3)) + 1/5184*sqrt(2)*(18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3
) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3) + 1
8)^(3/2) - 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 27*3^(1/4)*sqrt
(2)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 27*3^(1/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^2 - 2*3
^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) + sqrt(3)) + 1/16*sqrt(338*sqrt(2) + 478
)*arctan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + 1/32*sqrt(338*sqrt(2) - 478)*log(abs(x ...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^8}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx \\
&= -x + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-338\sqrt{2}-478}10562838i}{342765462\sqrt{2}+484704168} + \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-338\sqrt{2}-478}6799884i}{342765462\sqrt{2}+484704168}\right)\sqrt{-338\sqrt{2}-478}1i}{16} \\
&\quad - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{338\sqrt{2}-478}10562838i}{342765462\sqrt{2}-484704168} - \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{338\sqrt{2}-478}6799884i}{342765462\sqrt{2}-484704168}\right)\sqrt{338\sqrt{2}-478}1i}{16} \\
&\quad - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{86-\sqrt{2}26i}95758i}{-2437188+\sqrt{2}284622i} + \frac{119366\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{86-\sqrt{2}26i}}{-2437188+\sqrt{2}284622i}\right)\sqrt{86-\sqrt{2}26i}1i}{16} \\
&\quad + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{86+\sqrt{2}26i}95758i}{2437188+\sqrt{2}284622i} - \frac{119366\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{86+\sqrt{2}26i}}{2437188+\sqrt{2}284622i}\right)\sqrt{86+\sqrt{2}26i}1i}{16}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(-x^8/((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4), x)
```


output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\operatorname{atan}((x*(-338*2^{1/2}-478)^{1/2}*10562838i)/(342765462*2^{1/2}+484704168) \\
& + (2^{1/2}*x*(-338*2^{1/2}-478)^{1/2}*6799884i)/(342765462*2^{1/2} \\
&) + 484704168))*(-338*2^{1/2}-478)^{1/2}*1i)/16 - x - (\operatorname{atan}((x*(338*2^{1/2} \\
& - 478)^{1/2}*10562838i)/(342765462*2^{1/2}-484704168) - (2^{1/2}*x* \\
& (338*2^{1/2}-478)^{1/2}*6799884i)/(342765462*2^{1/2}-484704168))*(338* \\
& 2^{1/2}-478)^{1/2}*1i)/16 - (\operatorname{atan}((x*(86-2^{1/2}*26i)^{1/2}*95758i)/(2 \\
& ^{1/2}*284622i-2437188) + (119366*2^{1/2}*x*(86-2^{1/2}*26i)^{1/2}))/2 \\
& ^{1/2}*284622i-2437188))*(86-2^{1/2}*26i)^{1/2}*1i)/16 + (\operatorname{atan}((x*(2^{1/2} \\
& *26i+86)^{1/2}*95758i)/(2^{1/2}*284622i+2437188) - (119366*2^{1/2} \\
& *x*(2^{1/2}*26i+86)^{1/2}))/2^{1/2}*284622i+2437188))*(2^{1/2}*26i+86)^{1/2} \\
& *1i)/16
\end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 346, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^8}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = & -\frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{6}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& +\frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& +\frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{6}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2+2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& -\frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2+2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& +\frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}}\right)}{16} +\frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}}\right)}{8} \\
& +\frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{6}\log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2}x+\sqrt{3}+x^2\right)}{64} \\
& -\frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{6}\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2}x+\sqrt{3}+x^2\right)}{64} \\
& +\frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2}\log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2}x+\sqrt{3}+x^2\right)}{64} \\
& -\frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2}x+\sqrt{3}+x^2\right)}{64} \\
& +\frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}\log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}+x\right)}{32} \\
& -\frac{7\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\sqrt{2}\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}+x\right)}{32} \\
& -\frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}+x\right)}{16} \\
& +\frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}+x\right)}{16} - x
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^8/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x)
```

output

```
( - 10*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) + 14*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) + 10*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 14*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) + 28*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + 40*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + 5*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(6)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) - 5*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(6)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) + 7*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) - 7*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) + 14*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) - 14*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) - 20*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) + 20*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) - 64*x)/64
```

$$3.146 \quad \int \frac{x^6}{4 - (1+x^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1359
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1360
Rubi [A] (verified)	1360
Maple [C] (verified)	1362
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1362
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1364
Maxima [F]	1364
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1365
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1366
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1367

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 209

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^6}{4 - (1+x^2)^4} dx = & -\frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-1+9\sqrt{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})} - 2x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{3})}} \right) \\ & - \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2(-41+29\sqrt{2})}} \\ & + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-1+9\sqrt{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})} + 2x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{3})}} \right) \\ & + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2(41+29\sqrt{2})}} \\ & + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{1+9\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}x}{\sqrt{3+x^2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

output

$$-1/16*(-1+9*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\arctan(((-2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-2*x)/(2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})-1/8*\arctan((2^{(1/2)}-1)^{(1/2)}*x)/(-82+58*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+1/16*(-1+9*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\arctan(((-2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+2*x)/(2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})+1/8*\arctanh((1+2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*x)/(82+58*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+1/16*(1+9*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\arctanh((-2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*x/(3^{(1/2)}+x^2))$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(-5i+\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{(5i+\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{(7+5\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{(-7+5\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}}}}{8\sqrt{2}}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^6/(4 - (1 + x^2)^4), x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-5*I + \text{Sqrt}[2])*ArcTan[x/\text{Sqrt}[1 - I*\text{Sqrt}[2]]])/\text{Sqrt}[1 - I*\text{Sqrt}[2]] + ((5*I + \text{Sqrt}[2])*ArcTan[x/\text{Sqrt}[1 + I*\text{Sqrt}[2]]])/\text{Sqrt}[1 + I*\text{Sqrt}[2]] - ((7 + 5*\text{Sqrt}[2])*ArcTan[x/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[2]]])/\text{Sqrt}[1 + \text{Sqrt}[2]] + ((-7 + 5*\text{Sqrt}[2])*ArcTanh[x/\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[2]]])/\text{Sqrt}[-1 + \text{Sqrt}[2]]}{(8*\text{Sqrt}[2])}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 - (x^2 + 1)^4} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(\frac{2 - 5x^2}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)} + \frac{x^2 + 6}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 + 3)} \right) dx \\
 & \downarrow \text{2460} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{1}{16}\sqrt{9\sqrt{3}-1} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)-2x}{\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{3})}\right) - \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(41+29\sqrt{2})} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{9\sqrt{3}-1} \arctan\left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)}{\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{3})}\right) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(29\sqrt{2}-41)} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}}\right) - \\
 & \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{1+9\sqrt{3}} \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)x + \sqrt{3}\right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{1+9\sqrt{3}} \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)x + \sqrt{3}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^6/(4 - (1 + x^2)^4),x]`

output

```

-1/16*(Sqrt[-1 + 9*Sqrt[3]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3]]) - 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(
1 + Sqrt[3])]]) - (Sqrt[(41 + 29*Sqrt[2])/2]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]])/
8 + (Sqrt[-1 + 9*Sqrt[3]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3]]) + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(1
+ Sqrt[3])]])/16 + (Sqrt[(-41 + 29*Sqrt[2])/2]*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]
]])/8 - (Sqrt[1 + 9*Sqrt[3]]*Log[Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]*x + x^2
])/32 + (Sqrt[1 + 9*Sqrt[3]]*Log[Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]*x + x^2
])/32

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 2460

```
Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]},
Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Q
x, x]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] &&
!TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(4_Z^4-4_Z^2+243)} _R \ln(2_R^3+43_R+99x) \right)}{16} + \frac{\left(\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(4_Z^4+164_Z^2-1)} _R \ln(6_R^3+239_R+29x) \right)}{16}$
default	$-\frac{(\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{3}+5\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}})\ln(x^2-x\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}+\sqrt{3})}{64} - \frac{\left(-8\sqrt{3}+\frac{(\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{3}+5\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}})\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{2}\right)\arctan\left(\frac{2x-\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{16\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}}$

input `int(x^6/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*sum(_R*ln(2*_R^3+43*_R+99*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4-4*_Z^2+243))+1/16*sum(_R*ln(6*_R^3+239*_R+29*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4+164*_Z^2-1))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 299 vs. 2(148) = 296.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} - 1} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{22} \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} - 1} (\sqrt{3} - 1) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{11} (2\sqrt{3}x - x) \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} - 1} \right) \\ - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} - 1} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{22} \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} - 1} (\sqrt{3} - 1) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{11} (2\sqrt{3}x - x) \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} - 1} \right) \\ + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{29}{2} \sqrt{2} + \frac{41}{2}} \arctan \left((7\sqrt{2}x - 10x) \sqrt{\frac{29}{2} \sqrt{2} + \frac{41}{2}} \right) \\ - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} + 1} \log \left(11x^2 + (\sqrt{3}x - 5x) \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} + 1} + 11\sqrt{3} \right) \\ + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} + 1} \log \left(11x^2 - (\sqrt{3}x - 5x) \sqrt{9\sqrt{3} + 1} + 11\sqrt{3} \right) \\ + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{29}{2} \sqrt{2} - \frac{41}{2}} \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{29}{2} \sqrt{2} - \frac{41}{2}} (3\sqrt{2} + 4) + x \right) \\ - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{29}{2} \sqrt{2} - \frac{41}{2}} \log \left(-\sqrt{\frac{29}{2} \sqrt{2} - \frac{41}{2}} (3\sqrt{2} + 4) + x \right)$$

input `integrate(x^6/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/16*sqrt(9*sqrt(3) - 1)*arctan(1/22*sqrt(9*sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(9*sqrt(3) -
1)*(sqrt(3) - 1) + 1/11*(2*sqrt(3)*x - x)*sqrt(9*sqrt(3) - 1)) - 1/16*sqrt
(9*sqrt(3) - 1)*arctan(1/22*sqrt(9*sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(9*sqrt(3) - 1)*(sqrt(
3) - 1) - 1/11*(2*sqrt(3)*x - x)*sqrt(9*sqrt(3) - 1)) + 1/8*sqrt(29/2*sqrt
(2) + 41/2)*arctan((7*sqrt(2)*x - 10*x)*sqrt(29/2*sqrt(2) + 41/2)) - 1/32*
sqrt(9*sqrt(3) + 1)*log(11*x^2 + (sqrt(3)*x - 5*x)*sqrt(9*sqrt(3) + 1) + 1
1*sqrt(3)) + 1/32*sqrt(9*sqrt(3) + 1)*log(11*x^2 - (sqrt(3)*x - 5*x)*sqrt(
9*sqrt(3) + 1) + 11*sqrt(3)) + 1/16*sqrt(29/2*sqrt(2) - 41/2)*log(sqrt(29/
2*sqrt(2) - 41/2)*(3*sqrt(2) + 4) + x) - 1/16*sqrt(29/2*sqrt(2) - 41/2)*lo
g(-sqrt(29/2*sqrt(2) - 41/2)*(3*sqrt(2) + 4) + x)
```


Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx =$$

$$-\text{RootSum}\left(262144t^4 - 1024t^2 + 243, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{130739341361152t^7}{155496231} - \frac{20444980707328t^5}{155496231} - \frac{17400141824t^3}{51832077} - 20505938212\frac{t}{155496231} + x\right)\right) - \text{RootSum}\left(262144t^4 + 41984t^2 - 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{130739341361152t^7}{155496231} - \frac{20444980707328t^5}{155496231} - \frac{17400141824t^3}{51832077} - 20505938212\frac{t}{155496231} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

input `integrate(x**6/(4-(x**2+1)**4),x)`output `-RootSum(262144*_t**4 - 1024*_t**2 + 243, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-130739341361152*_t**7/155496231 - 20444980707328*_t**5/155496231 - 17400141824*_t**3/51832077 - 20505938212*_t/155496231 + x))) - RootSum(262144*_t**4 + 41984*_t**2 - 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-130739341361152*_t**7/155496231 - 20444980707328*_t**5/155496231 - 17400141824*_t**3/51832077 - 20505938212*_t/155496231 + x)))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{x^6}{(x^2 + 1)^4 - 4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate(x^6/((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 609 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/10368*sqrt(2)*(3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt
(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 18*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*
sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 216*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt
(6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 216*3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(
x + 3^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) - 1/10368*s
qrt(2)*(3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6
*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 18*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) +
18) - 3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 216*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3)
+ 18) - 216*3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x - 3^(1/4)
)*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) - 1/20736*sqrt(2)*(18
*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6
*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*
sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) - 216*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) +
216*3^(1/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^2 + 2*3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3)
+ 1/2) + sqrt(3)) + 1/20736*sqrt(2)*(18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt
(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 3^(3/4)*(6*s
qrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) - 216*3
^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) + 216*3^(1/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*l
og(x^2 - 2*3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) + sqrt(3)) - 1/16*sqrt(58*sq
rt(2) + 82)*arctan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + 1/32*sqrt(58*sqrt(2) - 82)*lo...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}22i}4202i}{63624+\sqrt{2}9966i} + \frac{5522\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}22i}}{63624+\sqrt{2}9966i}\right)\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}22i}1i}{16}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}22i}4202i}{-63624+\sqrt{2}9966i} - \frac{5522\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}22i}}{-63624+\sqrt{2}9966i}\right)\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}22i}1i}{16}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-58\sqrt{2}-82}54462i}{638754\sqrt{2}+905148} + \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-58\sqrt{2}-82}25752i}{638754\sqrt{2}+905148}\right)\sqrt{-58\sqrt{2}-82}1i}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{58\sqrt{2}-82}54462i}{638754\sqrt{2}-905148} - \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{58\sqrt{2}-82}25752i}{638754\sqrt{2}-905148}\right)\sqrt{58\sqrt{2}-82}1i}{16}$$

input `int(-x^6/((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4),x)`

output

```
(atan((x*(2 - 2^(1/2)*22i)^(1/2)*4202i)/(2^(1/2)*9966i + 63624) + (5522*2^(1/2)*x*(2 - 2^(1/2)*22i)^(1/2))/(2^(1/2)*9966i + 63624))*(2 - 2^(1/2)*22i)^(1/2)*1i)/16 - (atan((x*(2^(1/2)*22i + 2)^(1/2)*4202i)/(2^(1/2)*9966i - 63624) - (5522*2^(1/2)*x*(2^(1/2)*22i + 2)^(1/2))/(2^(1/2)*9966i - 63624))*(2^(1/2)*22i + 2)^(1/2)*1i)/16 - (atan((x*(- 58*2^(1/2) - 82)^(1/2)*54462i)/(638754*2^(1/2) + 905148) + (2^(1/2)*x*(- 58*2^(1/2) - 82)^(1/2)*25752i)/(638754*2^(1/2) + 905148))*(- 58*2^(1/2) - 82)^(1/2)*1i)/16 + (atan((x*(58*2^(1/2) - 82)^(1/2)*54462i)/(638754*2^(1/2) - 905148) - (2^(1/2)*x*(58*2^(1/2) - 82)^(1/2)*25752i)/(638754*2^(1/2) - 905148))*(58*2^(1/2) - 82)^(1/2)*1i)/16
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^6}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = & \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2+2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& + \frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2+2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 1} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}}\right)}{16} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 1} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}}\right)}{4} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{6} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{6} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& - \frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& + \frac{5\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& - \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{32} \\
& + \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{32} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{8} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{8}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^6/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(
sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 10*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) -
1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt
(6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) +
10*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(
sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 12*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2)
+ 1)) - 16*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)
*sqrt(6)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) + sqrt(sqrt(
3) - 1)*sqrt(6)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) - 5*sqrt
(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2)
+ 5*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) +
x**2) - 6*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) + 6*sqr
t(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) + 8*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*lo
g( - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) - 8*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) +
x))/64
```

$$3.147 \quad \int \frac{x^4}{4 - (1+x^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1369
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1370
Rubi [A] (verified)	1370
Maple [C] (verified)	1372
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1373
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1374
Maxima [F]	1374
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1375
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1376
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1377

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 209

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^4}{4 - (1+x^2)^4} dx = & \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{5 + 3\sqrt{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1 + \sqrt{3}) - 2x}}{\sqrt{2(1 + \sqrt{3})}} \right) \\ & + \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{-1 + \sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2(-7 + 5\sqrt{2})}} \\ & - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{5 + 3\sqrt{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1 + \sqrt{3}) + 2x}}{\sqrt{2(1 + \sqrt{3})}} \right) \\ & + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2(7 + 5\sqrt{2})}} \\ & + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-5 + 3\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1 + \sqrt{3})x}}{\sqrt{3 + x^2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/16*(5+3*3^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan((-2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*x)/(2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/8*arctan((2^(1/2)-1)^(1/2)*x)/(-14+10*2^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/16*(5+3*3^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan((-2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*x)/(2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/8*arctanh((1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)*x)/(14+10*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/16*(-5+3*3^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh((-2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)*x/(3^(1/2)+x^2))
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{(i-2\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{2}}}\right) - (i+2\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{2}}}\right) + (3+2\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right) - (-3+2\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(4 - (1 + x^2)^4),x]
```

output

```
((I - 2*Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[2]]])/Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[2]] - ((I + 2*Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[2]]])/Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[2]] + ((3 + 2*Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]])/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]] - ((-3 + 2*Sqrt[2])*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]]])/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]]/(8*Sqrt[2])
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 - (x^2 + 1)^4} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(\frac{-2x^2 - 3}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 + 3)} + \frac{2x^2 - 1}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)} \right) dx \\
 & \downarrow \text{2460} \\
 & \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{5 + 3\sqrt{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} - 1) - 2x}{\sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{3})} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(7 + 5\sqrt{2})} \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}}} \right) - \\
 & \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{5 + 3\sqrt{3}} \arctan \left(\frac{2x + \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} - 1)}{\sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{3})} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(5\sqrt{2} - 7)} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1}} \right) - \\
 & \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} - 5} \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} - 1)x + \sqrt{3} \right) + \\
 & \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} - 5} \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} - 1)x + \sqrt{3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/(4 - (1 + x^2)^4),x]`

output `(Sqrt[5 + 3*Sqrt[3]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3]]) - 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[3])]])/16 + (Sqrt[(7 + 5*Sqrt[2])/2]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]])/8 - (Sqrt[5 + 3*Sqrt[3]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3]]) + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[3])]])/16 + (Sqrt[(-7 + 5*Sqrt[2])/2]*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]]])/8 - (Sqrt[-5 + 3*Sqrt[3]]*Log[Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3]])*x + x^2])/32 + (Sqrt[-5 + 3*Sqrt[3]]*Log[Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3]])*x + x^2])/32`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2460 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Qx, x]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] && !TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4+20Z^2+27)} -R \ln(-2R^3-7R+3x) \right)}{16} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4+28Z^2-1)} -R \ln(2R^3+17R+5x) \right)}{16}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \right) \ln\left(x^2 - x \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{3} \right)}{64} - \frac{\left(4\sqrt{3} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \right) \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{2} \right) \arctan\left(\frac{2x - \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{16\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}}$

input `int(x^4/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*sum(_R*ln(-2*_R^3-7*_R+3*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4+20*_Z^2+27))+1/16*sum(_R*ln(2*_R^3+17*_R+5*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4+28*_Z^2-1))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^4}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx \\
&= \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} + 5} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(2\sqrt{3}x + \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} - 5}(\sqrt{3} - 1) - 4x \right) \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} + 5} \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} + 5} \arctan \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(2\sqrt{3}x - \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} - 5}(\sqrt{3} - 1) - 4x \right) \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} + 5} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{7}{2}} \arctan \left(\left(3\sqrt{2}x - 4x \right) \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{7}{2}} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} - 5} \log \left(x^2 + (\sqrt{3}x + x) \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} - 5} + \sqrt{3} \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} - 5} \log \left(x^2 - (\sqrt{3}x + x) \sqrt{3\sqrt{3} - 5} + \sqrt{3} \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{7}{2}} \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{7}{2}}(\sqrt{2} + 2) + x \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{7}{2}} \log \left(-\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{7}{2}}(\sqrt{2} + 2) + x \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*sqrt(3*sqrt(3) + 5)*arctan(1/2*(2*sqrt(3)*x + sqrt(3*sqrt(3) - 5)*(sqrt(3) - 1) - 4*x)*sqrt(3*sqrt(3) + 5)) - 1/16*sqrt(3*sqrt(3) + 5)*arctan(-1/2*(2*sqrt(3)*x - sqrt(3*sqrt(3) - 5)*(sqrt(3) - 1) - 4*x)*sqrt(3*sqrt(3) + 5)) + 1/8*sqrt(5/2*sqrt(2) + 7/2)*arctan((3*sqrt(2)*x - 4*x)*sqrt(5/2*sqrt(2) + 7/2)) + 1/32*sqrt(3*sqrt(3) - 5)*log(x^2 + (sqrt(3)*x + x)*sqrt(3*sqrt(3) - 5) + sqrt(3)) - 1/32*sqrt(3*sqrt(3) - 5)*log(x^2 - (sqrt(3)*x + x)*sqrt(3*sqrt(3) - 5) + sqrt(3)) + 1/16*sqrt(5/2*sqrt(2) - 7/2)*log(sqrt(5/2*sqrt(2) - 7/2)*(sqrt(2) + 2) + x) - 1/16*sqrt(5/2*sqrt(2) - 7/2)*log(-sqrt(5/2*sqrt(2) - 7/2)*(sqrt(2) + 2) + x)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx =$$

$$-\text{RootSum}\left(262144t^4 + 5120t^2 + 27, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{38117834752t^7}{1095} - \frac{565182464t^5}{365} - \frac{19511296t^3}{1095} - \frac{57076t}{1095} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

$$-\text{RootSum}\left(262144t^4 + 7168t^2 - 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{38117834752t^7}{1095} - \frac{565182464t^5}{365} - \frac{19511296t^3}{1095} - \frac{57076t}{1095} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

input `integrate(x**4/(4-(x**2+1)**4),x)`output `-RootSum(262144*_t**4 + 5120*_t**2 + 27, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-38117834752*_t**7/1095 - 565182464*_t**5/365 - 19511296*_t**3/1095 - 57076*_t/1095 + x)) - RootSum(262144*_t**4 + 7168*_t**2 - 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-38117834752*_t**7/1095 - 565182464*_t**5/365 - 19511296*_t**3/1095 - 57076*_t/1095 + x)))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{x^4}{(x^2 + 1)^4 - 4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate(x^4/((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 609 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 609, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/5184*sqrt(2)*(3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)
)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 18*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sq
rt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 54*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*
sqrt(3) + 18) - 54*3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x +
3^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) + 1/5184*sqrt(2)
)*(3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt
(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 18*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) -
3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 54*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)
- 54*3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x - 3^(1/4)*sqrt(
-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) + 1/10368*sqrt(2)*(18*3^(3/4)
)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6*sqrt(3)
) + 18)^(3/2) - 3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3)
+ 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) - 54*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) + 54*3^(1/
4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^2 + 2*3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) +
sqrt(3)) - 1/10368*sqrt(2)*(18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3)
+ 18) - 3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3) +
18)^(3/2) - 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) - 54*3^(1/4)*sq
rt(2)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) + 54*3^(1/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^2 - 2*
3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) + sqrt(3)) + 1/16*sqrt(10*sqrt(2) + 14)
*arctan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + 1/32*sqrt(10*sqrt(2) - 14)*log(abs(x + s...
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-10-\sqrt{2}2i}26i}{-84+\sqrt{2}66i} + \frac{10\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-10-\sqrt{2}2i}}{-84+\sqrt{2}66i}\right) \sqrt{-10-\sqrt{2}2i} i i}{16} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{-10\sqrt{2}-14}270i}{570\sqrt{2}+720} - \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-10\sqrt{2}-14}60i}{570\sqrt{2}+720}\right) \sqrt{-10\sqrt{2}-14} i i}{16} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{10\sqrt{2}-14}270i}{570\sqrt{2}-720} + \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{10\sqrt{2}-14}60i}{570\sqrt{2}-720}\right) \sqrt{10\sqrt{2}-14} i i}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{20x\sqrt{-5+\sqrt{2}1i}}{84+\sqrt{2}66i} - \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-5+\sqrt{2}1i}26i}{84+\sqrt{2}66i}\right) \sqrt{-5+\sqrt{2}1i} i i}{16}$$

input `int(-x^4/((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4),x)`

output

```
(atan((x*(- 2^(1/2)*2i - 10)^(1/2)*26i)/(2^(1/2)*66i - 84) + (10*2^(1/2)*x
*(- 2^(1/2)*2i - 10)^(1/2))/(2^(1/2)*66i - 84))*(- 2^(1/2)*2i - 10)^(1/2)*
1i)/16 + (atan((x*(- 10*2^(1/2) - 14)^(1/2)*270i)/(570*2^(1/2) + 720) - (2
^(1/2)*x*(- 10*2^(1/2) - 14)^(1/2)*60i)/(570*2^(1/2) + 720))*(- 10*2^(1/2)
- 14)^(1/2)*1i)/16 - (atan((x*(10*2^(1/2) - 14)^(1/2)*270i)/(570*2^(1/2)
- 720) + (2^(1/2)*x*(10*2^(1/2) - 14)^(1/2)*60i)/(570*2^(1/2) - 720))*(10*
2^(1/2) - 14)^(1/2)*1i)/16 + (2^(1/2)*atan((20*x*(2^(1/2)*1i - 5)^(1/2))/(
2^(1/2)*66i + 84) - (2^(1/2)*x*(2^(1/2)*1i - 5)^(1/2)*26i)/(2^(1/2)*66i +
84))*(2^(1/2)*1i - 5)^(1/2)*1i)/16
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{x^4}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = & \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2+2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2+2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 1} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}}\right)}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 1} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}}\right)}{8} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{6} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{6} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{16} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{16}
\end{aligned}$$

input

int(x^4/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x)

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(
sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) -
1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(
6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 2
*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sq
rt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1
)) + 8*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqr
t(6)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) + sqrt(sqrt(3) -
1)*sqrt(6)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) + sqrt(sqrt(
3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) - sqr
t(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) +
2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(2)
) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) - 4*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log( - sqr
t(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x))/64
```

3.148 $\int \frac{x^2}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1379
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1380
Rubi [A] (verified)	1380
Maple [C] (verified)	1382
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1382
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1383
Maxima [F]	1383
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1384
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1385
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1385

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(-1+\sqrt{3})-2x}{\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{3})}\right) - \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2}(-1+\sqrt{2})} + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(-1+\sqrt{3})+2x}{\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{3})}\right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(-1+\sqrt{3})x}{\sqrt{3+x^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}(-1+\sqrt{3})}$$

output

```
-1/16*(3^(1/2)-1)^(1/2)*arctan(((2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*x)/(2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2))-1/8*arctan((2^(1/2)-1)^(1/2)*x)/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/16*(3^(1/2)-1)^(1/2)*arctan(((2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*x)/(2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/8*arctanh((1+2^(1/2))^(1/2)*x)/(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/8*arctanh((-2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)*x/(3^(1/2)+x^2))/(-2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{(i+\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{(-i+\sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{2}}} - \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right) + \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(4 - (1 + x^2)^4),x]`

output `((I + Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[2]]])/Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[2]] + ((-I + Sqrt[2])*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[2]]])/Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[2]] - Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]] + Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]]*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]]]/(8*Sqrt[2])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 - (x^2 + 1)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2460}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 + 3)} - \frac{x^2}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{16}\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{3}-1)}-2x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{3})}}\right) - \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{2})}\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right) + \\
& \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\arctan\left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{2(\sqrt{3}-1)}}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{3})}}\right) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{2}-1)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}}\right) + \\
& \frac{\log\left(x^2-\sqrt{2(\sqrt{3}-1)}x+\sqrt{3}\right)}{16\sqrt{2(\sqrt{3}-1)}} - \frac{\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{2(\sqrt{3}-1)}x+\sqrt{3}\right)}{16\sqrt{2(\sqrt{3}-1)}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(4 - (1 + x^2)^4), x]`

output `-1/16*(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[3]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])] - 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[3])]]) - (Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[2])/2]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]])/8 + (Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[3]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])] + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[3])]])/16 + (Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[2])/2]*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]]])/8 + Log[Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]*x + x^2]/(16*Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]) - Log[Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]*x + x^2]/(16*Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2460 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Qx, x]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] && !TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4+4Z^2-1)} R \ln(2R^3+R+x) \right)}{16} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4-4Z^2+3)} R \ln(2R^3-R+x) \right)}{16}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3}) \left(-\frac{\ln(x^2-x\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{3}})}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2x-\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}(1+\sqrt{3}) \left(\frac{\ln(x^2+x\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}})}{2} \right)}{32}$

input `int(x^2/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*sum(_R*ln(2*_R^3+_R+x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4+4*_Z^2-1))+1/16*sum(_R*ln(2*_R^3-_R+x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4-4*_Z^2+3))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx = \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1} (\sqrt{3}-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + x\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1} (\sqrt{3}-1)^{\frac{3}{2}} - x\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \arctan\left(\left(\sqrt{2}x - 2x\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2}}\right) - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1} \log\left(x^2 + (\sqrt{3}x - x)\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1+\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1} \log\left(x^2 - (\sqrt{3}x - x)\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1+\sqrt{3}}\right) + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}} \log\left(x + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}}\right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}} \log\left(x - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*(sqrt(3) - 1)^(3/2) + x*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)) - 1/16*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*(sqrt(3) - 1)^(3/2) - x*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)) + 1/8*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) + 1/2)*arctan((sqrt(2)*x - 2*x)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) + 1/2)) - 1/32*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*log(x^2 + (sqrt(3)*x - x)*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1) + sqrt(3)) + 1/32*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*log(x^2 - (sqrt(3)*x - x)*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1) + sqrt(3)) + 1/16*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2)*log(x + sqrt(2)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2)) - 1/16*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2)*log(x - sqrt(2)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2))`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx =$$

$$- \text{RootSum}(262144t^4 - 1024t^2 + 3, (t \mapsto t \log(-536870912t^7 - 1048576t^5 - 2048t^3 - 20t + x)))$$

$$- \text{RootSum}(262144t^4 + 1024t^2 - 1, (t \mapsto t \log(-536870912t^7 - 1048576t^5 - 2048t^3 - 20t + x)))$$

input `integrate(x**2/(4-(x**2+1)**4),x)`

output `-RootSum(262144*_t**4 - 1024*_t**2 + 3, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-536870912*_t**7 - 1048576*_t**5 - 2048*_t**3 - 20*_t + x))) - RootSum(262144*_t**4 + 1024*_t**2 - 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-536870912*_t**7 - 1048576*_t**5 - 2048*_t**3 - 20*_t + x)))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{x^2}{(x^2 + 1)^4 - 4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(x^2/((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 485 vs. $2(144) = 288$.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 485, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/10368*sqrt(2)*(3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 18*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x + 3^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) - 1/10368*sqrt(2)*(3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) + 18*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x - 3^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) - 1/20736*sqrt(2)*(18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3))*log(x^2 + 2*3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) + sqrt(3)) + 1/20736*sqrt(2)*(18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3))*log(x^2 - 2*3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) + sqrt(3)) - 1/16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2) + 2)*arctan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + 1/32*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2) - 2)*log(abs(x + sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1))) - 1/32*sqrt(2)*sqrt(2) - 2)*log(abs(x - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}2i} + \sqrt{2}x\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}2i}}{3}\right) \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}2i} \operatorname{li}}{16} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}1i} - \sqrt{2}x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}1i}}{3}\right) \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}1i} \operatorname{li}}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{6x\sqrt{2-2\sqrt{2}}}{6\sqrt{2-12}}\right) \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1} \operatorname{li}}{16} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{-\sqrt{2}-16i}}{6\sqrt{2+12}}\right) \sqrt{-\sqrt{2}-1} \operatorname{li}}{16}$$

input `int(-x^2/((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4),x)`output `(atan((x*(2 - 2^(1/2)*2i)^(1/2)*1i)/3 + (2^(1/2)*x*(2 - 2^(1/2)*2i)^(1/2))/6)*(2 - 2^(1/2)*2i)^(1/2)*1i)/16 - (2^(1/2)*atan((x*(2^(1/2)*1i + 1)^(1/2))/3 - (2^(1/2)*x*(2^(1/2)*1i + 1)^(1/2)*1i)/3)*(2^(1/2)*1i + 1)^(1/2)*1i)/16 + (2^(1/2)*atan((6*x*(2 - 2*2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(6*2^(1/2) - 12))*(2^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*1i)/16 - (2^(1/2)*atan((2^(1/2)*x*(- 2^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*6i)/(6*2^(1/2) + 12))*(- 2^(1/2) - 1)^(1/2)*1i)/16`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(-2\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right) + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right) + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)}{16}$$

input `int(x^2/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(2)*(- 2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(3)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) -
2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3)
) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*s
qrt(3)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)))
- 2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3)
) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 4*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + sqrt(sq
rt(3) - 1)*sqrt(3)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) -
sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2
) + sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2)
- sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) - 2
*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log
(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x))/64
```

3.149 $\int \frac{1}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1387
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1388
Rubi [A] (verified)	1388
Maple [C] (verified)	1390
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1391
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1392
Maxima [F]	1392
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1393
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1394
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1396

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{1}{4-(1+x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} (-1+\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(-1+\sqrt{3})-2x}{\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{3})}\right) + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{2})} + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} (-1+\sqrt{3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(-1+\sqrt{3})+2x}{\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{3})}\right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}(-1+\sqrt{2})} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(-1+\sqrt{3})x}{\sqrt{3+x^2}}\right)}{8\sqrt{6}(-1+\sqrt{3})}$$

output

```
-1/48*(-3+3*3^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*x)/(2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/8*arctan(x/(1+2^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/48*(-3+3*3^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*x)/(2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/8*arctanh(x/(2^(1/2)-1)^(1/2))/(-2+2*2^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/8*arctanh((-2+2*3^(1/2))^(1/2)*x/(3^(1/2)+x^2))/(-6+6*3^(1/2))^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-i\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{2}}}\right) + i\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{2}}}\right) + \sqrt{3(-1+\sqrt{2})} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right) + \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{6}}$$

input `Integrate[(4 - (1 + x^2)^4)^(-1),x]`

output `((-I)*Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[2]]] + I*Sqrt[1 - I*Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + I*Sqrt[2]]] + Sqrt[3*(-1 + Sqrt[2])] * ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]] + Sqrt[3*(1 + Sqrt[2])] * ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]]]) / (8*Sqrt[6])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{4 - (x^2 + 1)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2460}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 + 3)} - \frac{1}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{16}\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}(\sqrt{3}-1)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)-2x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{3})}}\right) + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}} + \\
& \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}(\sqrt{3}-1)} \arctan\left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{3})}}\right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}} - \\
& \frac{\log\left(x^2-\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)x+\sqrt{3}\right)}{16\sqrt{6}(\sqrt{3}-1)} + \frac{\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3}-1)x+\sqrt{3}\right)}{16\sqrt{6}(\sqrt{3}-1)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(4 - (1 + x^2)^4)^(-1),x]`

output `-1/16*(Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[3])/3]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])] - 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[3])]]) + ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[2]]]/(8*Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[2])]) + (Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[3])/3]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])] + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[3])]])/16 + ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[2]]]/(8*Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[2])]) - Log[Sqrt[3] - Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]*x + x^2]/(16*Sqrt[6*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]) + Log[Sqrt[3] + Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]*x + x^2]/(16*Sqrt[6*(-1 + Sqrt[3])])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2460 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Qx, x]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] && !TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.30

method	result
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(4_Z^4-4_Z^2-1)} _R \ln(-2_R^3+3_R+x) \right)}{16} + \frac{\left(\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(12_Z^4-4_Z^2+1)} _R \ln(6_R^3+_R+x) \right)}{16}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{3} + 3 \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \right) \ln\left(x^2 - x \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}+3} \right)}{192} - \frac{\left(-4\sqrt{3} + \frac{\left(\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{3} + 3 \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \right) \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{2} \right) \arctan\left(\frac{2x - \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}} \right)}{48\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}}$

input `int(1/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*sum(_R*ln(-2*_R^3+3*_R+x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4-4*_Z^2-1))+1/16*sum(_R*ln(6*_R^3+_R+x),_R=RootOf(12*_Z^4-4*_Z^2+1))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = & \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{3}} \arctan \left(\sqrt{3}x \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{3}} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{3}{2} (\sqrt{3} - 1) \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{3}} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{3}} \arctan \left(-\sqrt{3}x \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{3}} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{3}{2} (\sqrt{3} - 1) \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{3}} \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}} \arctan \left(\sqrt{2}x \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{3}} \log \left(x^2 + (\sqrt{3}x - 3x) \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{3}} + \sqrt{3} \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{3}} \log \left(x^2 - (\sqrt{3}x - 3x) \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{3}} + \sqrt{3} \right) \\
& - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \log \left((\sqrt{2} - 2) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2}} + x \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2}} \log \left(-(\sqrt{2} - 2) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2}} + x \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x,algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/16*sqrt(1/3*sqrt(3) - 1/3)*arctan(sqrt(3)*x*sqrt(1/3*sqrt(3) - 1/3) + 3/
2*(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(1/3*sqrt(3) + 1/3)*sqrt(1/3*sqrt(3) - 1/3)) - 1/16*sq
rt(1/3*sqrt(3) - 1/3)*arctan(-sqrt(3)*x*sqrt(1/3*sqrt(3) - 1/3) + 3/2*(sq
rt(3) - 1)*sqrt(1/3*sqrt(3) + 1/3)*sqrt(1/3*sqrt(3) - 1/3)) + 1/8*sqrt(1/2*
sqrt(2) - 1/2)*arctan(sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) - 1/2)) - 1/32*sqrt(1/3*s
qrt(3) + 1/3)*log(x^2 + (sqrt(3)*x - 3*x)*sqrt(1/3*sqrt(3) + 1/3) + sqrt(3)
)) + 1/32*sqrt(1/3*sqrt(3) + 1/3)*log(x^2 - (sqrt(3)*x - 3*x)*sqrt(1/3*sq
rt(3) + 1/3) + sqrt(3)) - 1/16*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) + 1/2)*log((sqrt(2) - 2)*sq
rt(1/2*sqrt(2) + 1/2) + x) + 1/16*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) + 1/2)*log(-(sqrt(2) -
2)*sqrt(1/2*sqrt(2) + 1/2) + x)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{1}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx =$$

$$- \text{RootSum}(262144t^4 - 1024t^2 - 1, (t \mapsto t \log(4831838208t^7 - 22020096t^5 + 2048t^3 - 36t + x)))$$

$$- \text{RootSum}(786432t^4 - 1024t^2 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(4831838208t^7 - 22020096t^5 + 2048t^3 - 36t + x)))$$

input

```
integrate(1/(4-(x**2+1)**4),x)
```

output

```
-RootSum(262144*_t**4 - 1024*_t**2 - 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(4831838208*_t**7
- 22020096*_t**5 + 2048*_t**3 - 36*_t + x))) - RootSum(786432*_t**4 - 102
4*_t**2 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(4831838208*_t**7 - 22020096*_t**5 + 2048*_t
**3 - 36*_t + x)))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^4 - 4} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `-integrate(1/((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 317 vs. $2(148) = 296$.

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{288} \sqrt{2} \left(3^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{6\sqrt{3} + 18} + 3^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-6\sqrt{3} + 18} \right) \arctan \left(\frac{3^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(x + 3^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)}{3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{288} \sqrt{2} \left(3^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{6\sqrt{3} + 18} + 3^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-6\sqrt{3} + 18} \right) \arctan \left(\frac{3^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(x - 3^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)}{3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{576} \sqrt{2} \left(3^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-6\sqrt{3} + 18} - 3^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{6\sqrt{3} + 18} \right) \log \left(x^2 + 2 \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{2}} \right.$$

$$\left. + \sqrt{3} \right) - \frac{1}{576} \sqrt{2} \left(3^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-6\sqrt{3} + 18} - 3^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{6\sqrt{3} + 18} \right) \log \left(x^2 - 2 \right.$$

$$\left. \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{6}\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{3} \right) + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2}} - 2 \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 1}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2} + 2} \log \left(\left| x + \sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \right| \right) - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2\sqrt{2} + 2} \log \left(\left| x - \sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \right| \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/288*sqrt(2)*(3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18) + 3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt
(3) + 18))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x + 3^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(
1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) + 1/288*sqrt(2)*(3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)
+ 3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x - 3^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/6
*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) + 1/576*sqrt(2)*(3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)
*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(1/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^2 + 2*3^(1/4)
*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) + sqrt(3)) - 1/576*sqrt(2)*(3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sq
rt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(1/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^2 - 2*3^(1/4)*x*
sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) + sqrt(3)) + 1/16*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) - 2)*arctan(x/sq
rt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + 1/32*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2)*log(abs(x + sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1))
) - 1/32*sqrt(2*sqrt(2) + 2)*log(abs(x - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)))

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{6-\sqrt{2}6i}10i}{81\left(-\frac{4}{27}+\frac{\sqrt{2}10i}{27}\right)} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{6-\sqrt{2}6i}}{81\left(-\frac{4}{27}+\frac{\sqrt{2}10i}{27}\right)}\right)\sqrt{6-\sqrt{2}6i}1i}{48}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}8i}}{6\sqrt{2-8}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}6i}}{6\sqrt{2-8}}\right)\sqrt{1-\sqrt{2}1i}}{16}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{6}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}1i}10i}{81\left(\frac{4}{27}+\frac{\sqrt{2}10i}{27}\right)} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6}x\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}1i}}{81\left(\frac{4}{27}+\frac{\sqrt{2}10i}{27}\right)}\right)\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}1i}1i}{48}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+18i}}{6\sqrt{2+8}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+16i}}{6\sqrt{2+8}}\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}1i}{16}$$

input

```
int(-1/((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\operatorname{atan}((x*(6 - 2^{(1/2)}*6i)^{(1/2)}*10i)/(81*((2^{(1/2)}*10i)/27 - 4/27))) - (2*2^{(1/2)}*x*(6 - 2^{(1/2)}*6i)^{(1/2)})/(81*((2^{(1/2)}*10i)/27 - 4/27))) * (6 - 2^{(1/2)}*6i)^{(1/2)}*1i)/48 - (2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{atan}((x*(1 - 2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*8i)/(6*2^{(1/2)} - 8)) - (2^{(1/2)}*x*(1 - 2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*6i)/(6*2^{(1/2)} - 8)) * (1 - 2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*1i)/16 - (6^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{atan}((6^{(1/2)}*x*(2^{(1/2)}*1i + 1)^{(1/2)}*10i)/(81*((2^{(1/2)}*10i)/27 + 4/27))) + (2*2^{(1/2)}*6^{(1/2)}*x*(2^{(1/2)}*1i + 1)^{(1/2)})/(81*((2^{(1/2)}*10i)/27 + 4/27))) * (2^{(1/2)}*1i + 1)^{(1/2)}*1i)/48 - (2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{atan}((x*(2^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)}*8i)/(6*2^{(1/2)} + 8)) + (2^{(1/2)}*x*(2^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)}*6i)/(6*2^{(1/2)} + 8)) * (2^{(1/2)} + 1)^{(1/2)}*1i)/16
\end{aligned}$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{4 - (1 + x^2)^4} dx = & \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{96} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2+2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{96} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2+2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 1} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}}\right)}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 1} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}+1}}\right)}{8} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{6} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{192} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{6} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{192} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 1} \sqrt{2} x + \sqrt{3} + x^2\right)}{64} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{32} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{32} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \log\left(-\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{16} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1} + x\right)}{16}
\end{aligned}$$

input

int(1/(4-(x^2+1)^4), x)

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(
sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 6*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) -
1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(
6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) + 6
*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sq
rt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))) - 12*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) +
1)) + 24*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*s
qrt(6)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) + sqrt(sqrt(3)
- 1)*sqrt(6)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) - 3*sqrt(s
qrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2) +
3*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x
**2) - 6*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) + 6*sqrt(
sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) - 12*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log
( - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x) + 12*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) +
x))/192
```

3.150 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(4-(1+x^2)^4)} dx$

Optimal result	1398
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1399
Rubi [A] (verified)	1400
Maple [C] (verified)	1401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1401
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1402
Maxima [F]	1403
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1403
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1404
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1405

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 228

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(4-(1+x^2)^4)} dx = -\frac{1}{3x} + \frac{1}{48} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}(5+3\sqrt{3})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}-2x}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{3})}}\right) - \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2(7+5\sqrt{2})}} - \frac{1}{48} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}(5+3\sqrt{3})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})+2x}}{\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{3})}}\right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}x})}{8\sqrt{2(-7+5\sqrt{2})}} - \frac{1}{48} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}(-5+3\sqrt{3})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{3})}x}{\sqrt{3+x^2}}\right)$$

output

$$-1/3/x+1/144*(15+9*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\arctan(((-2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-2*x)/(2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})-1/8*\arctan((2^{(1/2)}-1)^{(1/2)}*x)/(14+10*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-1/144*(15+9*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\arctan(((-2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+2*x)/(2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})+1/8*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*x)/(-14+10*2^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}-1/144*(-15+9*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((-2+2*3^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*x)/(3^{(1/2)}+x^2)$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(4-(1+x^2)^4)} dx = -\frac{1}{3x} - \frac{(-i + \sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-i\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{24\sqrt{2-2i\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{(i + \sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+i\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{24\sqrt{2+2i\sqrt{2}}} - \frac{(-1 + \sqrt{2}) \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2(1+\sqrt{2})}} + \frac{(1 + \sqrt{2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{-1+\sqrt{2}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{2(-1+\sqrt{2})}}$$

input

Integrate[1/(x^2*(4 - (1 + x^2)^4)),x]

output

$$-1/3*1/x - ((-I + \operatorname{Sqrt}[2])*ArcTan[x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]]])/(24*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2 - (2*I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]]) - ((I + \operatorname{Sqrt}[2])*ArcTan[x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]]])/(24*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2 + (2*I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2]]) - ((-1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[2])*ArcTan[x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[2]]])/(8*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2*(1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[2])]) + ((1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[2])*ArcTanh[x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[2]]])/(8*\operatorname{Sqrt}[2*(-1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[2])])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 - (x^2 + 1)^4)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2460}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{3x^2} + \frac{-x^2 - 2}{4(x^4 + 2x^2 - 1)} + \frac{-x^2 - 2}{12(x^4 + 2x^2 + 3)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{1}{48} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} (5 + 3\sqrt{3})} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} - 1) - 2x}{\sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{3})} \right) - \frac{(\sqrt{2} - 1)^{3/2} \arctan \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{2}}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2}} -$$

$$\frac{1}{48} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} (5 + 3\sqrt{3})} \arctan \left(\frac{2x + \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} - 1)}{\sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{3})} \right) + \frac{(1 + \sqrt{2})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{2} - 1}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2}} +$$

$$\frac{1}{96} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} (3\sqrt{3} - 5)} \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} - 1)x + \sqrt{3} \right) -$$

$$\frac{1}{96} \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} (3\sqrt{3} - 5)} \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} - 1)x + \sqrt{3} \right) - \frac{1}{3x}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(4 - (1 + x^2)^4)),x]`

output

```
-1/3*1/x + (Sqrt[(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])/3]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3]]) - 2*x)/
Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[3])]])/48 - ((-1 + Sqrt[2])^(3/2)*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[
2]]])/(8*Sqrt[2]) - (Sqrt[(5 + 3*Sqrt[3])/3]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])
] + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(1 + Sqrt[3])]])/48 + ((1 + Sqrt[2])^(3/2)*ArcTanh[x/Sqrt[
-1 + Sqrt[2]]])/(8*Sqrt[2]) + (Sqrt[(-5 + 3*Sqrt[3])/3]*Log[Sqrt[3] - Sqrt
[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]*x + x^2])/96 - (Sqrt[(-5 + 3*Sqrt[3])/3]*Log[Sqrt[3] +
Sqrt[2*(-1 + Sqrt[3])]*x + x^2])/96
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 2460 Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]},
Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Q
x, x]]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] &&
!TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1}{3x} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(12Z^4+20Z^2+9)} -R \ln(6R^3+R+3x) \right)}{48} + \frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4-28Z^2-1)} -R \ln(6R^3-41R+5x) \right)}{16}$
default	$-\frac{\left(\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{3}-3\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \right) \ln\left(x^2-x\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}+\sqrt{3} \right)}{576} - \frac{\left(8\sqrt{3}+\frac{\left(\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}\sqrt{3}-3\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}} \right) \sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{2} \right) \arctan\left(\frac{2x-\sqrt{-2+2\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{144\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}}$

```
input int(1/x^2/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3/x+1/48*sum(_R*ln(6*_R^3+_R+3*x),_R=RootOf(12*_Z^4+20*_Z^2+9))+1/16*sum
m(_R*ln(6*_R^3-41*_R+5*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4-28*_Z^2-1))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(4-(1+x^2)^4)} dx =$$

$$\frac{2x\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+\frac{5}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(4\sqrt{3}x+3(\sqrt{3}-1)\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-\frac{5}{3}-6x}\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+\frac{5}{3}}\right) - 2x\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+\frac{5}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(4\sqrt{3}x+3(\sqrt{3}-1)\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-\frac{5}{3}-6x}\right)\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+\frac{5}{3}}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/96*(2*x*\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 5/3}*\arctan(1/2*(4*\sqrt{3}*x + 3*(\sqrt{3} - 1)*\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 5/3} - 6*x)*\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 5/3}) - 2*x*\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 5/3}*\arctan(-1/2*(4*\sqrt{3}*x - 3*(\sqrt{3} - 1)*\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 5/3} - 6*x)*\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 5/3}) + 12*x*\sqrt{5/2*\sqrt{2} - 7/2}*\arctan((\sqrt{2}*x + 2*x)*\sqrt{5/2*\sqrt{2} - 7/2}) + x*\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 5/3}*\log(x^2 + (\sqrt{3}*x + 3*x)*\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 5/3} + \sqrt{3}) - x*\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 5/3}*\log(x^2 - (\sqrt{3}*x + 3*x)*\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - 5/3} + \sqrt{3}) - 6*x*\sqrt{5/2*\sqrt{2} + 7/2}*\log((3*\sqrt{2} - 4)*\sqrt{5/2*\sqrt{2} + 7/2} + x) + 6*x*\sqrt{5/2*\sqrt{2} + 7/2}*\log(-(3*\sqrt{2} - 4)*\sqrt{5/2*\sqrt{2} + 7/2} + x) + 32)/x \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(4 - (1 + x^2)^4)} dx =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -\text{RootSum}\left(262144t^4 - 7168t^2 - 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{25642565369856t^7}{365} + \frac{689041309696t^5}{365} + \frac{427501568t^3}{365} + 94132t\right)\right) \right. \\ & -\text{RootSum}\left(7077888t^4 + 5120t^2 + 1, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{25642565369856t^7}{365} + \frac{689041309696t^5}{365} + \frac{427501568t^3}{365} + 94132t\right)\right) \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{1}{3x} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(4-(x**2+1)**4),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -\text{RootSum}(262144*_t**4 - 7168*_t**2 - 1, \text{Lambda}(_t, _t*\log(-25642565369856*_t**7/365 + 689041309696*_t**5/365 + 427501568*_t**3/365 + 94132*_t/365 + x))) - \text{RootSum}(7077888*_t**4 + 5120*_t**2 + 1, \text{Lambda}(_t, _t*\log(-25642565369856*_t**7/365 + 689041309696*_t**5/365 + 427501568*_t**3/365 + 94132*_t/365 + x))) - 1/(3*x) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 - (1 + x^2)^4)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3/x - 1/12*integrate((x^2 + 2)/(x^4 + 2*x^2 + 3), x) - 1/4*integrate((x^2 + 2)/(x^4 + 2*x^2 - 1), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 610 vs. $2(153) = 306$.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 610, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 - (1 + x^2)^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/31104*sqrt(2)*(3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(
2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) - 18*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*s
qrt(3) + 18) + 3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 72*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6
*sqrt(3) + 18) + 72*3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x +
3^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) + 1/31104*sqrt
(2)*(3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqr
t(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) - 18*3^(3/4)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)
+ 3^(3/4)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) - 72*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 1
8) + 72*3^(1/4)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18))*arctan(1/3*3^(3/4)*(x - 3^(1/4)*sqr
t(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)) + 1/62208*sqrt(2)*(18*3^(3
/4)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6*sqrt
(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(
3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) - 72*3^(1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 72*3^(
1/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^2 + 2*3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2)
+ sqrt(3)) - 1/62208*sqrt(2)*(18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(3) + 3)*sqrt(-6*sqr
t(3) + 18) - 3^(3/4)*sqrt(2)*(-6*sqrt(3) + 18)^(3/2) + 3^(3/4)*(6*sqrt(3)
+ 18)^(3/2) + 18*3^(3/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18)*(sqrt(3) - 3) - 72*3^(1/4)*s
qrt(2)*sqrt(-6*sqrt(3) + 18) - 72*3^(1/4)*sqrt(6*sqrt(3) + 18))*log(x^2 -
2*3^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/6*sqrt(3) + 1/2) + sqrt(3)) - 1/16*sqrt(10*sqrt(2) - 1
4)*arctan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)) + 1/32*sqrt(10*sqrt(2) + 14)*log(abs(x +...

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 - (1 + x^2)^4)} dx \\
&= \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x \sqrt{14-10\sqrt{2}} 11710i}{9 \left(\frac{28270\sqrt{2}}{9} - \frac{39980}{9}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{2} x \sqrt{14-10\sqrt{2}} 920i}{\frac{28270\sqrt{2}}{9} - \frac{39980}{9}}\right) \sqrt{14-10\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{li}}{16} \\
&\quad - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x \sqrt{10\sqrt{2}+14} 11710i}{9 \left(\frac{28270\sqrt{2}}{9} + \frac{39980}{9}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{2} x \sqrt{10\sqrt{2}+14} 920i}{\frac{28270\sqrt{2}}{9} + \frac{39980}{9}}\right) \sqrt{10\sqrt{2}+14} \operatorname{li}}{16} \\
&\quad - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x \sqrt{-30-\sqrt{2}} 6i 398i}{177147 \left(-\frac{184}{59049} + \frac{\sqrt{2} 1378i}{59049}\right)} - \frac{490 \sqrt{2} x \sqrt{-30-\sqrt{2}} 6i}{177147 \left(-\frac{184}{59049} + \frac{\sqrt{2} 1378i}{59049}\right)}\right) \sqrt{-30-\sqrt{2}} 6i \operatorname{li}}{144} - \frac{1}{3x} \\
&\quad + \frac{\sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6} x \sqrt{-5+\sqrt{2}} 1i 398i}{177147 \left(\frac{184}{59049} + \frac{\sqrt{2} 1378i}{59049}\right)} + \frac{490 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{6} x \sqrt{-5+\sqrt{2}} 1i}{177147 \left(\frac{184}{59049} + \frac{\sqrt{2} 1378i}{59049}\right)}\right) \sqrt{-5+\sqrt{2}} 1i \operatorname{li}}{144}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(-1/(x^2*((x^2 + 1)^4 - 4)),x)`

output `(atan((x*(14 - 10*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*11710i)/(9*((28270*2^(1/2))/9 - 39980/9)) - (2^(1/2)*x*(14 - 10*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*920i)/((28270*2^(1/2))/9 - 39980/9)) * (14 - 10*2^(1/2))^(1/2)*1i)/16 - (atan((x*(10*2^(1/2) + 14)^(1/2)*11710i)/(9*((28270*2^(1/2))/9 + 39980/9)) + (2^(1/2)*x*(10*2^(1/2) + 14)^(1/2)*920i)/((28270*2^(1/2))/9 + 39980/9))*(10*2^(1/2) + 14)^(1/2)*1i)/16 - (atan((x*(- 2^(1/2)*6i - 30)^(1/2)*398i)/(177147*((2^(1/2)*1378i)/59049 - 184/59049)) - (490*2^(1/2)*x*(- 2^(1/2)*6i - 30)^(1/2))/(177147*((2^(1/2)*1378i)/59049 - 184/59049)))*(- 2^(1/2)*6i - 30)^(1/2)*1i)/144 - 1/(3*x) + (6^(1/2)*atan((6^(1/2)*x*(2^(1/2)*1i - 5)^(1/2)*398i)/(177147*((2^(1/2)*1378i)/59049 + 184/59049)) + (490*2^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*x*(2^(1/2)*1i - 5)^(1/2))/(177147*((2^(1/2)*1378i)/59049 + 184/59049)))*(2^(1/2)*1i - 5)^(1/2)*1i)/144`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 - (1 + x^2)^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right) x + 6\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right) x - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + 1} \sqrt{6} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}+1}\sqrt{2}}\right) x}{1}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(4-(x^2+1)^4),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(
sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)))*x + 6*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3)
- 1)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)))*x - 2*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*s
qrt(6)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2))
)*x - 6*sqrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(s
qrt(sqrt(3) + 1)*sqrt(2)))*x - 108*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*sqrt(2)*atan(x/sqrt(s
qrt(2) + 1))*x + 144*sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1)*atan(x/sqrt(sqrt(2) + 1))*x - sqrt(
sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(6)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2)*
x + sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(6)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(3) +
x**2)*x + 3*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*x +
sqrt(3) + x**2)*x - 3*sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(3) - 1)*sqr
t(2)*x + sqrt(3) + x**2)*x - 54*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(sqrt
(2) - 1) + x)*x + 54*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x)*
x - 72*sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1)*log( - sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x)*x + 72*sqrt(sqrt(2)
- 1)*log(sqrt(sqrt(2) - 1) + x)*x - 192)/(576*x)
```

3.151 $\int \frac{x^6}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1407
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1408
Rubi [A] (verified)	1408
Maple [C] (verified)	1410
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1411
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1412
Maxima [F]	1413
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1413
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1414
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1415

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 182

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{16}\sqrt{-41+25\sqrt{5}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})-2x}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) + \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{-41+25\sqrt{5}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})+2x}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) + \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{8\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(1+\sqrt{2}x)}{8\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{41+25\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{5+x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
-1/16*(-41+25*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*x)/(4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/16*(-41+25*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*x)/(4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))-1/16*arctan(-1+x*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)-1/16*arctan(1+x*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)-1/16*(41+25*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh((-4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*x/(5^(1/2)+x^2))
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{1}{16} \left((1 + 7i)\sqrt{2 - i} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2 - i}}\right) \right. \\ \left. + (1 - 7i)\sqrt{2 + i} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2 + i}}\right) \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{2} \left(\arctan(1 - \sqrt{2}x) - \arctan(1 + \sqrt{2}x) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^6/(4 + (1 + x^2)^4),x]`

output `((1 + 7*I)*Sqrt[2 - I]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[2 - I]] + (1 - 7*I)*Sqrt[2 + I]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[2 + I]] + Sqrt[2]*(ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[2]*x] - ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[2]*x])/16`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{(x^2 + 1)^4 + 4} dx \\ \downarrow 2460 \\ \int \left(\frac{-x^2 - 1}{8(x^4 + 1)} + \frac{9x^2 + 5}{8(x^4 + 4x^2 + 5)} \right) dx \\ \downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{16}\sqrt{25\sqrt{5}-41}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}-2x}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right)+ \\
& \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{25\sqrt{5}-41}\arctan\left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right)+\frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{8\sqrt{2}}-\frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}x+1)}{8\sqrt{2}}+ \\
& \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{41+25\sqrt{5}}\log\left(x^2-\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}x+\sqrt{5}\right)- \\
& \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{41+25\sqrt{5}}\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}x+\sqrt{5}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^6/(4 + (1 + x^2)^4),x]`

output `-1/16*(Sqrt[-41 + 25*Sqrt[5]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])] - 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[5])]]) + (Sqrt[-41 + 25*Sqrt[5]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])] + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[5])]])/16 + ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[2]*x]/(8*Sqrt[2]) - ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[2]*x]/(8*Sqrt[2]) + (Sqrt[41 + 25*Sqrt[5]]*Log[Sqrt[5] - Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])]*x + x^2])/32 - (Sqrt[41 + 25*Sqrt[5]]*Log[Sqrt[5] + Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])]*x + x^2])/32`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2460 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Qx, x]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] && !TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.37

method	result
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4-164Z^2+3125)} -R \ln(14R^3-249R+950x) \right)}{16} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{16} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{16}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64}$

input `int(x^6/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*sum(_R*ln(14*_R^3-249*_R+950*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4-164*_Z^2+3125))-1/16*2^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*x*2^(1/2))-1/16*2^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*x^3*2^(1/2)+1/2*x*2^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^6}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{16} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} - 41} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{38} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} + 41} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} - 41} (\sqrt{5} - 2)\right) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{38} (\sqrt{5}x - 9x) \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} - 41} \\
&+ \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} - 41} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{38} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} + 41} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} - 41} (\sqrt{5} - 2)\right) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{38} (\sqrt{5}x - 9x) \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} - 41} \\
&- \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}(x^3 + x)\right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}x\right) \\
&- \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} + 41} \log\left(38x^2 + (7\sqrt{5}x - 13x) \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} + 41} + 38\sqrt{5}\right) \\
&+ \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} + 41} \log\left(38x^2 - (7\sqrt{5}x - 13x) \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} + 41} + 38\sqrt{5}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/16*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) - 41)*arctan(1/38*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) + 41)*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) - 41)*(sqrt(5) - 2) + 1/38*(sqrt(5)*x - 9*x)*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) - 41)) + 1/16*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) - 41)*arctan(1/38*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) + 41)*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) - 41)*(sqrt(5) - 2) - 1/38*(sqrt(5)*x - 9*x)*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) - 41)) - 1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(x^3 + x)) - 1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*x) - 1/32*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) + 41)*log(38*x^2 + (7*sqrt(5)*x - 13*x)*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) + 41) + 38*sqrt(5)) + 1/32*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) + 41)*log(38*x^2 - (7*sqrt(5)*x - 13*x)*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) + 41) + 38*sqrt(5))`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1187 vs. $2(155) = 310$.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1187, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.52

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**6/(4+(x**2+1)**4),x)`

output

```
sqrt(2)*(-2*atan(sqrt(2)*x/2) - 2*atan(sqrt(2)*x**3/2 + sqrt(2)*x/2))/32 +
sqrt(41/1024 + 25*sqrt(5)/1024)*log(x**2 + x*(-14*sqrt(5)*sqrt(41 + 25*sqrt(5)))/19 - 268*sqrt(41 + 25*sqrt(5))/475 + 21*sqrt(2)*sqrt(41 + 25*sqrt(5)))*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)/950 - 631257*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)/451250 - 4823*sqrt(10)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)/9025 + 56025287/451250 + 1044793*sqrt(5)/18050 - sqrt(41/1024 + 25*sqrt(5)/1024)*log(x**2 + x*(-21*sqrt(2)*sqrt(41 + 25*sqrt(5)))*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)/950 + 268*sqrt(41 + 25*sqrt(5))/475 + 14*sqrt(5)*sqrt(41 + 25*sqrt(5))/19) - 631257*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)/451250 - 4823*sqrt(10)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)/9025 + 56025287/451250 + 1044793*sqrt(5)/18050 + 2*sqrt(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)/512 + 41/1024 + 75*sqrt(5)/1024)*atan(1900*x/(38*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403) + 41 + 75*sqrt(5))) + 7*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403) + 41 + 75*sqrt(5))) - 700*sqrt(5)*sqrt(41 + 25*sqrt(5))/(38*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403) + 41 + 75*sqrt(5))) + 7*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403) + 41 + 75*sqrt(5))) - 536*sqrt(41 + 25*sqrt(5))/(38*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403) + 41 + 75*sqrt(5))) + 7*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403) + 41 + 75*sqrt(5))) + 21*sqrt(2)*sqrt(41 + 25*sqrt(5))*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403)/(38*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1025*sqrt(5) + 2403) + 41 + 75*sqrt(5))) + 4...
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{(x^2 + 1)^4 + 4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2))) - 1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2))) + 1/8*integrate((9*x^2 + 5)/(x^4 + 4*x^2 + 5), x)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^6}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = & -\frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (2x + \sqrt{2}) \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (2x - \sqrt{2}) \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{625 \sqrt{5} + 1199} \arctan \left(\frac{5^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(x + 5^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{625 \sqrt{5} + 1199} \arctan \left(\frac{5^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(x - 5^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{625 \sqrt{5} - 1199} \log \left(x^2 + 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{5} \right) \\ & - \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{625 \sqrt{5} - 1199} \log \left(x^2 - 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{5} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2))) - 1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/
2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2))) - 1/80*sqrt(625*sqrt(5) + 1199)*arctan(1/5*5^(3
/4)*(x + 5^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) - 1/80
*sqrt(625*sqrt(5) + 1199)*arctan(1/5*5^(3/4)*(x - 5^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5)
) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) + 1/160*sqrt(625*sqrt(5) - 1199)*log(x^
2 + 2*5^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2) + sqrt(5)) - 1/160*sqrt(625*sqrt(
5) - 1199)*log(x^2 - 2*5^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2) + sqrt(5))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1287, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.07

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^6/((x^2 + 1)^4 + 4),x)
```

output

```
- (2^(1/2)*(2*atan((2^(1/2)*x)/2 + (2^(1/2)*x^3)/2) + 2*atan((2^(1/2)*x)/2
)))/32 - atan(((62968*x + (((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(
1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2)) - 671088640)*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))) - 64225280)*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))) - 768000)*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2)))*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))*i + (62968*x + (((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2)) - 671088640)*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))) + 64225280)*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))) + 768000)*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2)))*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))*i)/((62968*x + (((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2)) - 671088640)*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))) + 64225280)*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))) + 768000)*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2)))*((41/1024 - (25*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) - ((25*5^(1/2))/1024 + 41/1024)^(1/2))*i)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x^6}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \left(4 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) - 4 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) - 14 \sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2} \sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2} \sqrt{2}} \right) + 26 \sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}}} \right) \right)$$

input

```
int(x^6/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(2)*(4*atan((sqrt(2) - 2*x)/sqrt(2)) - 4*atan((sqrt(2) + 2*x)/sqrt(2)) - 14*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(5)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) + 26*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) + 14*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(5)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) - 26*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) + 7*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(5)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2) - 7*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(5)*log(sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2) + 13*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2) - 13*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2)))/64
```

$$3.152 \quad \int \frac{x^4}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1416
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1417
Rubi [A] (verified)	1417
Maple [C] (verified)	1419
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1419
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1420
Maxima [F]	1421
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1422
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1422
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1423

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 167

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^4}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx = & -\frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-11+5\sqrt{5}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})-2x}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) \\ & + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-11+5\sqrt{5}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})+2x}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) \\ & - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{1+x^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{11+5\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{5+x^2}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/16*(-11+5*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*x)/(4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/16*(-11+5*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*x)/(4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))-1/16*arctanh(2^(1/2)*x/(x^2+1))*2^(1/2)+1/16*(11+5*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh((-4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*x/(5^(1/2)+x^2))
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{1}{32} \left((2 - 6i)\sqrt{2 - i} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2 - i}}\right) \right. \\ \left. + (2 + 6i)\sqrt{2 + i} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2 + i}}\right) \right. \\ \left. + \sqrt{2} \left(\log(-1 + \sqrt{2}x - x^2) - \log(1 + \sqrt{2}x + x^2) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4/(4 + (1 + x^2)^4),x]`

output `((2 - 6*I)*Sqrt[2 - I]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[2 - I]] + (2 + 6*I)*Sqrt[2 + I]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[2 + I]] + Sqrt[2]*(Log[-1 + Sqrt[2]*x - x^2] - Log[1 + Sqrt[2]*x + x^2]))/32`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(x^2 + 1)^4 + 4} dx \\ \downarrow 2460 \\ \int \left(\frac{5 - x^2}{8(x^4 + 4x^2 + 5)} + \frac{x^2 - 1}{8(x^4 + 1)} \right) dx \\ \downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{16}\sqrt{5\sqrt{5}-11}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}-2x}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right)+ \\
& \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{5\sqrt{5}-11}\arctan\left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right)+\frac{\log(x^2-\sqrt{2}x+1)}{16\sqrt{2}}-\frac{\log(x^2+\sqrt{2}x+1)}{16\sqrt{2}}- \\
& \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{11+5\sqrt{5}}\log\left(x^2-\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}x+\sqrt{5}\right)+ \\
& \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{11+5\sqrt{5}}\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}x+\sqrt{5}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/(4 + (1 + x^2)^4),x]`

output `-1/16*(Sqrt[-11 + 5*Sqrt[5]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5]]) - 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[5])]]) + (Sqrt[-11 + 5*Sqrt[5]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5]]) + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[5])]])/16 + Log[1 - Sqrt[2]*x + x^2]/(16*Sqrt[2]) - Log[1 + Sqrt[2]*x + x^2]/(16*Sqrt[2]) - (Sqrt[11 + 5*Sqrt[5]]*Log[Sqrt[5] - Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5]])*x + x^2])/32 + (Sqrt[11 + 5*Sqrt[5]]*Log[Sqrt[5] + Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5]])*x + x^2])/32`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2460 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Qx, x]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] && !TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

method	result
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4-44Z^2+125)} -R \ln(6R^3-31R+10x) \right)}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \ln(x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1)}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \ln(x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1)}{32}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64}$

input `int(x^4/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*sum(_R*ln(6*_R^3-31*_R+10*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4-44*_Z^2+125))+1/32*2^(1/2)*ln(x^2-x*2^(1/2)+1)-1/32*2^(1/2)*ln(x^2+x*2^(1/2)+1)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx = \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5}-11} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5}+11} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5}-11} (\sqrt{5}-2)\right) + \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{5}x+x) \sqrt{5\sqrt{5}-11} - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5}-11} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5}+11} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5}-11} (\sqrt{5}-2)\right) - \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{5}x+x) \sqrt{5\sqrt{5}-11} - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5}+11} \log\left(2x^2+(3\sqrt{5}x-7x)\sqrt{5\sqrt{5}+11}+2\sqrt{5}\right) + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5}+11} \log\left(2x^2-(3\sqrt{5}x-7x)\sqrt{5\sqrt{5}+11}+2\sqrt{5}\right) + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\frac{x^4+4x^2-2\sqrt{2}(x^3+x)+1}{x^4+1}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^4/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) - 11)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) + 11)*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) - 11)*(sqrt(5) - 2) + 1/2*(sqrt(5)*x + x)*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) - 11)) - 1/16*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) - 11)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) + 11)*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) - 11)*(sqrt(5) - 2) - 1/2*(sqrt(5)*x + x)*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) - 11)) - 1/32*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) + 11)*log(2*x^2 + (3*sqrt(5)*x - 7*x)*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) + 11) + 2*sqrt(5)) + 1/32*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) + 11)*log(2*x^2 - (3*sqrt(5)*x - 7*x)*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) + 11) + 2*sqrt(5)) + 1/32*sqrt(2)*log((x^4 + 4*x^2 - 2*sqrt(2)*(x^3 + x) + 1)/(x^4 + 1))`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1182 vs. $2(141) = 282$.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1182, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.08

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**4/(4+(x**2+1)**4),x)`

output

```

sqrt(2)*log(x**2 - sqrt(2)*x + 1)/32 - sqrt(2)*log(x**2 + sqrt(2)*x + 1)/3
2 + sqrt(11/1024 + 5*sqrt(5)/1024)*log(x**2 + x*(-6*sqrt(5)*sqrt(11 + 5*sq
rt(5)) - 32*sqrt(11 + 5*sqrt(5))/5 + 9*sqrt(2)*sqrt(11 + 5*sqrt(5))*sqrt(5
5*sqrt(5) + 123)/10) - 5497*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123)/50 - 243*sqrt(1
0)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123)/5 + 121217/50 + 10853*sqrt(5)/10) - sqrt(11/1024
+ 5*sqrt(5)/1024)*log(x**2 + x*(-9*sqrt(2)*sqrt(11 + 5*sqrt(5))*sqrt(55*s
qrt(5) + 123)/10 + 32*sqrt(11 + 5*sqrt(5))/5 + 6*sqrt(5)*sqrt(11 + 5*sqrt(
5))) - 5497*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123)/50 - 243*sqrt(10)*sqrt(55*sqrt(
5) + 123)/5 + 121217/50 + 10853*sqrt(5)/10) + 2*sqrt(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt
(5) + 123)/512 + 11/1024 + 15*sqrt(5)/1024)*atan(20*x/(2*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*s
qrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123) + 11 + 15*sqrt(5)) + 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123
)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123) + 11 + 15*sqrt(5))) - 60*sqrt(5)*
sqrt(11 + 5*sqrt(5))/(2*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123) + 11 + 15*s
qrt(5)) + 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5)
+ 123) + 11 + 15*sqrt(5))) - 64*sqrt(11 + 5*sqrt(5))/(2*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*s
qrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123) + 11 + 15*sqrt(5)) + 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123
)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123) + 11 + 15*sqrt(5))) + 9*sqrt(2)*s
qrt(11 + 5*sqrt(5))*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123)/(2*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt
(5) + 123) + 11 + 15*sqrt(5)) + 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123)*sqrt(-2*s
qrt(2)*sqrt(55*sqrt(5) + 123) + 11 + 15*sqrt(5))) + 2*sqrt(-sqrt(2)*sq...

```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(x^2 + 1)^4 + 4} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^4/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/32*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x + 1) + 1/32*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x
+ 1) - 1/8*integrate((x^2 - 5)/(x^4 + 4*x^2 + 5), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{125\sqrt{5} + 29} \arctan \left(\frac{5^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(x + 5^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right) + \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{125\sqrt{5} + 29} \arctan \left(\frac{5^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(x - 5^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right) - \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{125\sqrt{5} - 29} \log \left(x^2 + 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{5} \right) + \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{125\sqrt{5} - 29} \log \left(x^2 - 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{5} \right) - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x + 1 \right) + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x + 1 \right)$$

input `integrate(x^4/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/80*sqrt(125*sqrt(5) + 29)*arctan(1/5*5^(3/4)*(x + 5^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) + 1/80*sqrt(125*sqrt(5) + 29)*arctan(1/5*5^(3/4)*(x - 5^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) - 1/160*sqrt(125*sqrt(5) - 29)*log(x^2 + 2*5^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2) + sqrt(5)) + 1/160*sqrt(125*sqrt(5) - 29)*log(x^2 - 2*5^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2) + sqrt(5)) - 1/32*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x + 1) + 1/32*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x + 1)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1222, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.32

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^4/((x^2 + 1)^4 + 4),x)`

output

```
atan(((2472*x - ((1474560*x - ((111149056*x - (2147483648*x*((11/1024 - (5
*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/1024)^(1/2)) - 335544320)*
(11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/1024)^(1/2)))*)
((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/1024)^(1/2))
- 10485760)*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/1
024)^(1/2)))*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/
1024)^(1/2)) - 70400)*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1
024 + 11/1024)^(1/2)))*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/
1024 + 11/1024)^(1/2))*1i + (2472*x - ((1474560*x - ((111149056*x - (21474
83648*x*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/1024)
^(1/2)) + 335544320)*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/10
24 + 11/1024)^(1/2)))*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1
024 + 11/1024)^(1/2)) + 10485760)*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((
5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/1024)^(1/2)))*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + (
(5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/1024)^(1/2)) + 70400)*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(
1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/1024)^(1/2)))*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)
^(1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/1024)^(1/2))*1i)/((2472*x - ((1474560*x -
((111149056*x - (2147483648*x*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(1/2) + ((5*5^
(1/2))/1024 + 11/1024)^(1/2)) + 335544320)*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/1024)^(
1/2) + ((5*5^(1/2))/1024 + 11/1024)^(1/2)))*((11/1024 - (5*5^(1/2))/102...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x^4}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(6\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2}\sqrt{5} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 14\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 6\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2}\sqrt{5} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}}\right) \right)}{2}$$

input

```
int(x^4/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(2)*(6*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(5)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) - 14*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) - 6*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(5)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) + 14*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) - 3*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(5)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2) + 3*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(5)*log(sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2) - 7*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*log(-sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2) + 7*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2) + 2*log(-sqrt(2)*x + x**2 + 1) - 2*log(sqrt(2)*x + x**2 + 1)))/64
```

3.153 $\int \frac{x^2}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1425
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1426
Rubi [A] (verified)	1426
Maple [C] (verified)	1427
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1428
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1429
Maxima [F]	1430
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1431
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1432
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1433

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx = \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{5}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})}-2x}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{-1+\sqrt{5}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})}+2x}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) - \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{8\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\arctan(1+\sqrt{2}x)}{8\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{1+\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{5+x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
1/16*(5^(1/2)-1)^(1/2)*arctan((-4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*x)/(4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)
-1/16*(5^(1/2)-1)^(1/2)*arctan((-4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*x)/(4+2*5^(1/2))
^(1/2))+1/16*arctan(-1+x*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)+1/16*arctan(1+x*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)
-1/16*(5^(1/2)+1)^(1/2)*arctanh((-4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*x/(5^(1/2)+x^2))
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{1}{16} \left((-1 + i)\sqrt{2 - i} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2 - i}}\right) - (1 + i)\sqrt{2 + i} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2 + i}}\right) + \sqrt{2} \left(-\arctan(1 - \sqrt{2}x) + \arctan(1 + \sqrt{2}x) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(4 + (1 + x^2)^4),x]`

output `((-1 + I)*Sqrt[2 - I]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[2 - I]] - (1 + I)*Sqrt[2 + I]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[2 + I]] + Sqrt[2]*(-ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[2]*x] + ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[2]*x]))/16`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(x^2 + 1)^4 + 4} dx$$

↓ 2460

$$\int \left(\frac{-x^2 - 5}{8(x^4 + 4x^2 + 5)} + \frac{x^2 + 1}{8(x^4 + 1)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}-2x}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1} \arctan\left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) - \\ & \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{8\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}x+1)}{8\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{1+\sqrt{5}} \log\left(x^2 - \sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}x + \sqrt{5}\right) - \\ & \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{1+\sqrt{5}} \log\left(x^2 + \sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}x + \sqrt{5}\right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(4 + (1 + x^2)^4), x]`

output `(Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[5]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])] - 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[5])]])/16 - (Sqrt[-1 + Sqrt[5]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])] + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[5])]])/16 - ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[2]*x]/(8*Sqrt[2]) + ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[2]*x]/(8*Sqrt[2]) + (Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[5]]*Log[Sqrt[5] - Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])]*x + x^2])/32 - (Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[5]]*Log[Sqrt[5] + Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])]*x + x^2])/32`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2460 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Qx, x]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] && !TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(4Z^4-4Z^2+5)} -R \ln(-2R^3 - R + 2x) \right)}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{2} + x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{16}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64}$

input `int(x^2/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*sum(_R*ln(-2*_R^3-_R+2*x),_R=RootOf(4*_Z^4-4*_Z^2+5))+1/16*2^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*x*2^(1/2))+1/16*2^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*x^3*2^(1/2)+1/2*x*2^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 1} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 1} (\sqrt{5} - 2)\right) + \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{5}x - x) \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 1} + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 1} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 1} \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 1} (\sqrt{5} - 2)\right) - \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{5}x - x) \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 1} + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}(x^3 + x)\right) + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}x\right) + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 1} \log\left(2x^2 + (\sqrt{5}x - 3x) \sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 1} + 2\sqrt{5}\right) - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 1} \log\left(2x^2 - (\sqrt{5}x - 3x) \sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 1} + 2\sqrt{5}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/16*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)*(sqrt(5) - 2) + 1/2*(sqrt(5)*x - x)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)) + 1/16*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)*(sqrt(5) - 2) - 1/2*(sqrt(5)*x - x)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)) + 1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(x^3 + x)) + 1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*x) + 1/32*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 1)*log(2*x^2 + (sqrt(5)*x - 3*x)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 1) + 2*sqrt(5)) - 1/32*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 1)*log(2*x^2 - (sqrt(5)*x - 3*x)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 1) + 2*sqrt(5))
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 879 vs. $2(150) = 300$.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(4+(x**2+1)**4),x)
```

output

```

sqrt(2)*(2*atan(sqrt(2)*x/2) + 2*atan(sqrt(2)*x**3/2 + sqrt(2)*x/2))/32 -
sqrt(1/1024 + sqrt(5)/1024)*log(x**2 + x*(-2*sqrt(5)*sqrt(1 + sqrt(5)) + 3
*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1 + sqrt(5))*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3)/2) - 17*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5)
+ 3)/2 - sqrt(10)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3) + 27/2 + 21*sqrt(5)/2) + sqrt(1/1024 +
sqrt(5)/1024)*log(x**2 + x*(-3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1 + sqrt(5))*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3
)/2 + 2*sqrt(5)*sqrt(1 + sqrt(5)))) - 17*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3)/2 - sqrt
(10)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3) + 27/2 + 21*sqrt(5)/2) - 2*sqrt(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(
5) + 3)/512 + 1/1024 + 3*sqrt(5)/1024)*atan(4*x/(2*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sq
rt(5) + 3) + 1 + 3*sqrt(5)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sq
rt(sqrt(5) + 3) + 1 + 3*sqrt(5))) - 4*sqrt(5)*sqrt(1 + sqrt(5))/(2*sqrt(-2
*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3) + 1 + 3*sqrt(5)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3)*sq
rt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3) + 1 + 3*sqrt(5))) + 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1 + sqr
t(5))*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3)/(2*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3) + 1 + 3*sqrt(
5)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3) + 1 + 3*
sqrt(5)))) - 2*sqrt(-sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3)/512 + 1/1024 + 3*sqrt(5)/10
24)*atan(4*x/(2*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3) + 1 + 3*sqrt(5)) + sqrt(
2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3) + 1 + 3*sqrt(5))) -
3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(1 + sqrt(5))*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3)/(2*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt
(5) + 3) + 1 + 3*sqrt(5)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 3)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(2)*sq
rt(sqrt(5) + 3) + 1 + 3*sqrt(5))) + 4*sqrt(5)*sqrt(1 + sqrt(5))/(2*sqrt(...

```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(x^2 + 1)^4 + 4} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2))) + 1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2
*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2))) - 1/8*integrate((x^2 + 5)/(x^4 + 4*x^2 + 5), x)

```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (2x + \sqrt{2}) \right) + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (2x - \sqrt{2}) \right) - \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} - 41} \arctan \left(\frac{5^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(x + 5^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right) - \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} - 41} \arctan \left(\frac{5^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(x - 5^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right) + \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} + 41} \log \left(x^2 + 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{5} \right) - \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{25\sqrt{5} + 41} \log \left(x^2 - 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2))) + 1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2))) - 1/80*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) - 41)*arctan(1/5*5^(3/4)*(x + 5^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) - 1/80*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) - 41)*arctan(1/5*5^(3/4)*(x - 5^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) + 1/160*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) + 41)*log(x^2 + 2*5^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2) + sqrt(5)) - 1/160*sqrt(25*sqrt(5) + 41)*log(x^2 - 2*5^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2) + sqrt(5))
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x^3}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}x}{2} \right) + 2 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{2} \right) \right)}{32}$$

$$- \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{128 \sqrt{5} x \sqrt{\frac{1}{1024} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024}}}{10240 \sqrt{\frac{1}{1024} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024} + \frac{1}{1024}} - 20} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{128 \sqrt{5} x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024} + \frac{1}{1024}}}{10240 \sqrt{\frac{1}{1024} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024} + \frac{1}{1024}} - 20} \left(2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{1024} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024}} \right.$$

$$\left. - 2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024} + \frac{1}{1024}} \right)$$

$$+ \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{128 \sqrt{5} x \sqrt{\frac{1}{1024} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024}}}{10240 \sqrt{\frac{1}{1024} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024} + \frac{1}{1024}} + 20} \right)$$

$$- \frac{128 \sqrt{5} x \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024} + \frac{1}{1024}}}{10240 \sqrt{\frac{1}{1024} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024} + \frac{1}{1024}} + 20} \left(2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{1024} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024}} \right.$$

$$\left. + 2 \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{1024} + \frac{1}{1024}} \right)$$

input `int(x^2/((x^2 + 1)^4 + 4),x)`

output

```
(2^(1/2)*(2*atan((2^(1/2)*x)/2 + (2^(1/2)*x^3)/2) + 2*atan((2^(1/2)*x)/2))
)/32 - atanh((128*5^(1/2)*x*(1/1024 - 5^(1/2)/1024)^(1/2))/(10240*(1/1024
- 5^(1/2)/1024)^(1/2)*(5^(1/2)/1024 + 1/1024)^(1/2) - 20) + (128*5^(1/2)*x
*(5^(1/2)/1024 + 1/1024)^(1/2))/(10240*(1/1024 - 5^(1/2)/1024)^(1/2)*(5^(1
/2)/1024 + 1/1024)^(1/2) - 20))*(2*(1/1024 - 5^(1/2)/1024)^(1/2) - 2*(5^(1
/2)/1024 + 1/1024)^(1/2)) + atanh((128*5^(1/2)*x*(1/1024 - 5^(1/2)/1024)^(
1/2))/(10240*(1/1024 - 5^(1/2)/1024)^(1/2)*(5^(1/2)/1024 + 1/1024)^(1/2) +
20) - (128*5^(1/2)*x*(5^(1/2)/1024 + 1/1024)^(1/2))/(10240*(1/1024 - 5^(1
/2)/1024)^(1/2)*(5^(1/2)/1024 + 1/1024)^(1/2) + 20))*(2*(1/1024 - 5^(1/2)/
1024)^(1/2) + 2*(5^(1/2)/1024 + 1/1024)^(1/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{x^2}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{2} \left(-4 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + 4 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}} \right) + 6\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}} \right) \right)$$

input

```
int(x^2/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(2)*(- 4*atan((sqrt(2) - 2*x)/sqrt(2)) + 4*atan((sqrt(2) + 2*x)/sqrt(2)) - 2*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(5)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) + 6*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) - 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) + 2*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(5)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) - 6*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*atan((sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2) + 2*x)/(sqrt(sqrt(5) + 2)*sqrt(2))) + sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(5)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2) - sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(5)*log(sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2) + 3*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*log(- sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2) - 3*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*log(sqrt(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(5) + x**2)))/64
```

3.154 $\int \frac{1}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1434
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1435
Rubi [A] (verified)	1435
Maple [C] (verified)	1437
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1437
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1438
Maxima [F]	1438
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1440
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1440

Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{1}{4+(1+x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(1+\sqrt{5})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})-2x}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(1+\sqrt{5})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})+2x}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{1+x^2}\right)}{8\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-1+\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{5+x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
-1/80*(5+5*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*x)/(4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/80*(5+5*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*x)/(4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))+1/16*arctanh(2^(1/2)*x/(x^2+1))*2^(1/2)+1/80*(-5+5*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh((-4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*x/(5^(1/2)+x^2))
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{1}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \frac{1}{160} \left((6 - 2i)\sqrt{2 - i} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2 - i}}\right) + (6 + 2i)\sqrt{2 + i} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2 + i}}\right) + 5\sqrt{2} \left(-\log(-1 + \sqrt{2}x - x^2) + \log(1 + \sqrt{2}x + x^2) \right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(4 + (1 + x^2)^4)^(-1),x]`

output `((6 - 2*I)*Sqrt[2 - I]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[2 - I]] + (6 + 2*I)*Sqrt[2 + I]*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[2 + I]] + 5*Sqrt[2]*(-Log[-1 + Sqrt[2]*x - x^2] + Log[1 + Sqrt[2]*x + x^2]))/160`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^4 + 4} dx$$

↓ 2460

$$\int \left(\frac{1 - x^2}{8(x^4 + 1)} + \frac{x^2 + 3}{8(x^4 + 4x^2 + 5)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{16}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(1+\sqrt{5})}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}-2x}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right)+ \\
& \frac{1}{16}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(1+\sqrt{5})}\arctan\left(\frac{2x+\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right)-\frac{\log(x^2-\sqrt{2}x+1)}{16\sqrt{2}}+ \\
& \frac{\log(x^2+\sqrt{2}x+1)}{16\sqrt{2}}-\frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(\sqrt{5}-1)}\log\left(x^2-\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}x+\sqrt{5}\right)+ \\
& \frac{1}{32}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(\sqrt{5}-1)}\log\left(x^2+\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}x+\sqrt{5}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(4 + (1 + x^2)^4)^(-1),x]`

output `-1/16*(Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[5])/5]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5]]) - 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[5])]]) + (Sqrt[(1 + Sqrt[5])/5]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5]]) + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[5])]])/16 - Log[1 - Sqrt[2]*x + x^2]/(16*Sqrt[2]) + Log[1 + Sqrt[2]*x + x^2]/(16*Sqrt[2]) - (Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[5])/5]*Log[Sqrt[5] - Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5]])*x + x^2])/32 + (Sqrt[(-1 + Sqrt[5])/5]*Log[Sqrt[5] + Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5]])*x + x^2])/32`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2460 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Qx, x]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] && !TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

method	result
risch	$\frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(20_Z^4+4_Z^2+1)} -R \ln(10_R^3+7_R+2x) \right)}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \ln(x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1)}{32} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \ln(x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1)}{32}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64}$

input `int(1/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*sum(_R*ln(10*_R^3+7*_R+2*x),_R=RootOf(20*_Z^4+4*_Z^2+1))+1/32*2^(1/2)*ln(x^2+x*2^(1/2)+1)-1/32*2^(1/2)*ln(x^2-x*2^(1/2)+1)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{5}} \arctan \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(3 \sqrt{5} x + 5 (\sqrt{5} - 2) \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5} - 5x} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{5}} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{5}} \arctan \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(3 \sqrt{5} x - 5 (\sqrt{5} - 2) \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5} - 5x} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{5}} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5}} \log \left(2x^2 + (\sqrt{5}x - 5x) \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5} + 2\sqrt{5}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5}} \log \left(2x^2 - (\sqrt{5}x - 5x) \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} \sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{5} + 2\sqrt{5}} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \log \left(\frac{x^4 + 4x^2 + 2\sqrt{2}(x^3 + x) + 1}{x^4 + 1} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/16*sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/5)*arctan(1/2*(3*sqrt(5)*x + 5*(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) - 1/5) - 5*x)*sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/5)) - 1/16*sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/5)*arctan(-1/2*(3*sqrt(5)*x - 5*(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) - 1/5) - 5*x)*sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/5)) - 1/32*sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) - 1/5)*log(2*x^2 + (sqrt(5)*x - 5*x)*sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) - 1/5) + 2*sqrt(5)) + 1/32*sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) - 1/5)*log(2*x^2 - (sqrt(5)*x - 5*x)*sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) - 1/5) + 2*sqrt(5)) + 1/32*sqrt(2)*log((x^4 + 4*x^2 + 2*sqrt(2)*(x^3 + x) + 1)/(x^4 + 1))`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

$$\int \frac{1}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\sqrt{2} \log(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x + 1)}{32} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \log(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x + 1)}{32} + \text{RootSum}(1310720t^4 + 1024t^2 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log(20480t^3 + 56t + x)))$$

input `integrate(1/(4+(x**2+1)**4),x)`

output `-sqrt(2)*log(x**2 - sqrt(2)*x + 1)/32 + sqrt(2)*log(x**2 + sqrt(2)*x + 1)/32 + RootSum(1310720*_t**4 + 1024*_t**2 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(20480*_t**3 + 56*_t + x)))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^4 + 4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/32*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x + 1) - 1/32*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x + 1) + 1/8*integrate((x^2 + 3)/(x^4 + 4*x^2 + 5), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = -\frac{1}{80} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5} - 11} \arctan \left(\frac{5^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(x + 5^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right) - \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5} - 11} \arctan \left(\frac{5^{\frac{3}{4}} \left(x - 5^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} \right)}{5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}} \right) - \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5} + 11} \log \left(x^2 + 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{5} \right) + \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{5\sqrt{5} + 11} \log \left(x^2 - 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}} x \sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{5} \right) + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2}x + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2} \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2}x + 1 \right)$$

input

```
integrate(1/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/80*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) - 11)*arctan(1/5*5^(3/4)*(x + 5^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) - 1/80*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) - 11)*arctan(1/5*5^(3/4)*(x - 5^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) - 1/160*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) + 11)*log(x^2 + 2*5^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2) + sqrt(5)) + 1/160*sqrt(5*sqrt(5) + 11)*log(x^2 - 2*5^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2) + sqrt(5)) + 1/32*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 + sqrt(2)*x + 1) - 1/32*sqrt(2)*log(x^2 - sqrt(2)*x + 1)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1069, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.18

$$\int \frac{1}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((x^2 + 1)^4 + 4),x)
```

output

```
atan(((((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2))*
8*x + ((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2))*
(2097152*x - (2147483648*x*((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120
- 1/5120)^(1/2)) - 67108864))*((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5
120 - 1/5120)^(1/2)))*((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1
/5120)^(1/2))^3 - 256))*i + ((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5
120 - 1/5120)^(1/2))*8*x + ((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/51
20 - 1/5120)^(1/2))*((2097152*x - (2147483648*x*((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)
^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2)) + 67108864))*((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5
120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2)))*((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1
/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2))^3 + 256))*i)/(((((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5
120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2))*8*x + ((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/51
20)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2))*((2097152*x - (2147483648*x*((-
5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2)) - 67108864)
*((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2)))*((- 5
^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2))^3 - 256)) - ((
- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2))*8*x + ((-
5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2))*((2097152*x
- (2147483648*x*((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120
)^(1/2)) + 67108864))*((- 5^(1/2)/5120 - 1/5120)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/5120 - ...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{4 + (1 + x^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 10\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2-2x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2} \sqrt{5} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}}\right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (\sqrt{2}*(2*\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2}*\sqrt{5}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\sqrt{2} - 2*x)/(\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2}*\sqrt{2})) - 10*\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\sqrt{2} - 2*x)/(\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2}*\sqrt{2})) - 2*\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2}*\sqrt{5}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\sqrt{2} + 2*x)/(\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2}*\sqrt{2})) + \\ & 10*\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2}*\operatorname{atan}(\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\sqrt{2} + 2*x)/(\sqrt{\sqrt{5} + 2}*\sqrt{2})) - \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\sqrt{5}*\log(-\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\sqrt{2}*x + \sqrt{5} + x**2) + \sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\sqrt{5}*\log(\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\sqrt{2}*x + \sqrt{5} + x**2) - 5*\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\log(-\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\sqrt{2}*x + \sqrt{5} + x**2) + 5*\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\log(\sqrt{\sqrt{5} - 2}*\sqrt{2}*x + \sqrt{5} + x**2) - 10*\log(-\sqrt{2}*x + x**2 + 1) + 10*\log(\sqrt{2}*x + x**2 + 1))/320 \end{aligned}$$

3.155 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(4+(1+x^2)^4)} dx$

Optimal result	1442
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1443
Rubi [A] (verified)	1443
Maple [C] (verified)	1445
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1445
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1446
Maxima [F]	1446
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1447
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1448
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1448

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(4+(1+x^2)^4)} dx = -\frac{1}{5x} + \frac{1}{80}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(11+5\sqrt{5})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})-2x}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) - \frac{1}{80}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(11+5\sqrt{5})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})+2x}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}}\right) + \frac{\arctan(1-\sqrt{2}x)}{8\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(1+\sqrt{2}x)}{8\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{80}\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(-11+5\sqrt{5})} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2(-2+\sqrt{5})}x}{\sqrt{5+x^2}}\right)$$

output

```
-1/5/x+1/400*(55+25*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*x)/(4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))-1/400*(55+25*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(((4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*x)/(4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))-1/16*arctan(-1+x*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)-1/16*arctan(1+x*2^(1/2))*2^(1/2)-1/400*(-55+25*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctanh((-4+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*x/(5^(1/2)+x^2))
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 + (1 + x^2)^4)} dx = \frac{80 + (7 + i)\sqrt{2 - i}x \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2 - i}}\right) + (7 - i)\sqrt{2 + i}x \arctan\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2 + i}}\right) - 25\sqrt{2}x \arctan(1 - \sqrt{2}x) + 25\sqrt{2}x \arctan(1 + \sqrt{2}x)}{400x}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(4 + (1 + x^2)^4)),x]`

output

```
-1/400*(80 + (7 + I)*Sqrt[2 - I]*x*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[2 - I]] + (7 - I)*Sqrt[2 + I]*x*ArcTan[x/Sqrt[2 + I]] - 25*Sqrt[2]*x*ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[2]*x] + 25*Sqrt[2]*x*ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[2]*x])/x
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {2460, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 ((x^2 + 1)^4 + 4)} dx$$

↓ 2460

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{5x^2} + \frac{-3x^2 - 7}{40(x^4 + 4x^2 + 5)} + \frac{-x^2 - 1}{8(x^4 + 1)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} (11 + 5\sqrt{5})} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)} - 2x}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}} \right) - \\ & \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} (11 + 5\sqrt{5})} \arctan \left(\frac{2x + \sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}}{\sqrt{2(2+\sqrt{5})}} \right) + \frac{\arctan(1 - \sqrt{2}x)}{8\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}x + 1)}{8\sqrt{2}} + \\ & \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} (5\sqrt{5} - 11)} \log \left(x^2 - \sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}x + \sqrt{5} \right) - \\ & \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{\frac{1}{5} (5\sqrt{5} - 11)} \log \left(x^2 + \sqrt{2(\sqrt{5}-2)}x + \sqrt{5} \right) - \frac{1}{5x} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(4 + (1 + x^2)^4)),x]`

output `-1/5*1/x + (Sqrt[(11 + 5*Sqrt[5])/5]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])] - 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[5])]])/80 - (Sqrt[(11 + 5*Sqrt[5])/5]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])] + 2*x)/Sqrt[2*(2 + Sqrt[5])]])/80 + ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[2]*x]/(8*Sqrt[2]) - ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[2]*x]/(8*Sqrt[2]) + (Sqrt[(-11 + 5*Sqrt[5])/5]*Log[Sqrt[5] - Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])]*x + x^2])/160 - (Sqrt[(-11 + 5*Sqrt[5])/5]*Log[Sqrt[5] + Sqrt[2*(-2 + Sqrt[5])]*x + x^2])/160`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2460 `Int[(u_.)*(Px_)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = Factor[Px /. x -> Sqrt[x]]}, Int[ExpandIntegrand[u*(Qx /. x -> x^2)^p, x], x] /; !SumQ[NonfreeFactors[Qx, x]] /; PolyQ[Px, x^2] && GtQ[Expon[Px, x], 2] && !BinomialQ[Px, x] && !TrinomialQ[Px, x] && ILtQ[p, 0] && RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

method	result
risch	$-\frac{1}{5x} + \frac{\left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(20_Z^4+44_Z^2+25)} -R \ln(10_R^3-3_R+10x) \right)}{80} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{16} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{x\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{16}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\ln\left(\frac{x^2-x\sqrt{2}+1}{x^2+x\sqrt{2}+1}\right) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}+1) + 2 \arctan(x\sqrt{2}-1) \right)}{64}$

input `int(1/x^2/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/5/x+1/80*sum(_R*ln(10*_R^3-3*_R+10*x),_R=RootOf(20*_Z^4+44*_Z^2+25))-1/16*2^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*x*2^(1/2))-1/16*2^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*x^3*2^(1/2)+1/2*x*2^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 + (1 + x^2)^4)} dx =$$

$$\frac{10 \sqrt{2} x \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}(x^3 + x)\right) + 10 \sqrt{2} x \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} x\right) + 2 x \sqrt{\sqrt{5} + \frac{11}{5}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(7 \sqrt{5} x + 5 (\sqrt{5}\right)\right)}{2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/160*(10*sqrt(2)*x*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(x^3 + x)) + 10*sqrt(2)*x*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*x) + 2*x*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 11/5)*arctan(1/2*(7*sqrt(5)*x + 5*(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 11/5) - 15*x)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 11/5)) - 2*x*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 11/5)*arctan(-1/2*(7*sqrt(5)*x - 5*(sqrt(5) - 2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 11/5) - 15*x)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 11/5)) + x*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 11/5)*log(2*x^2 + (sqrt(5)*x + 5*x)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 11/5) + 2*sqrt(5)) - x*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 11/5)*log(2*x^2 - (sqrt(5)*x + 5*x)*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 11/5) + 2*sqrt(5)) + 32)/x
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 + (1 + x^2)^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(-2 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x}{2} \right) - 2 \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x^3}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}x}{2} \right) \right)}{32}$$

$$+ \operatorname{RootSum} (32768000t^4 + 11264t^2 + 1, (t \mapsto t \log (512000t^3 - 24t + x))) - \frac{1}{5x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**2/(4+(x**2+1)**4),x)
```

output

```
sqrt(2)*(-2*atan(sqrt(2)*x/2) - 2*atan(sqrt(2)*x**3/2 + sqrt(2)*x/2))/32 + RootSum(32768000*_t**4 + 11264*_t**2 + 1, Lambda(_t, _t*log(512000*_t**3 - 24*_t + x))) - 1/(5*x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 + (1 + x^2)^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{((x^2 + 1)^4 + 4)x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2))) - 1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/
2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2))) - 1/5/x - 1/40*integrate((3*x^2 + 7)/(x^4 + 4*x
^2 + 5), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(4+(1+x^2)^4)} dx = -\frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}(2x + \sqrt{2})\right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}(2x - \sqrt{2})\right) + \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1} \arctan\left(\frac{5^{\frac{3}{4}}\left(x + 5^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}}\right) + \frac{1}{80} \sqrt{\sqrt{5}-1} \arctan\left(\frac{5^{\frac{3}{4}}\left(x - 5^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}}}\right) + \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{\sqrt{5}+1} \log\left(x^2 + 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{5}\right) - \frac{1}{160} \sqrt{\sqrt{5}+1} \log\left(x^2 - 2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}}x\sqrt{-\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{5}\right) - \frac{1}{5x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(2*x + sqrt(2))) - 1/16*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/
2*sqrt(2)*(2*x - sqrt(2))) + 1/80*sqrt(sqrt(5) - 1)*arctan(1/5*5^(3/4)*(x
+ 5^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2))/sqrt(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) + 1/80*sqrt(s
qrt(5) - 1)*arctan(1/5*5^(3/4)*(x - 5^(1/4)*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2))/sqrt
(1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2)) + 1/160*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 1)*log(x^2 + 2*5^(1/4)*x*sqrt(-
1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2) + sqrt(5)) - 1/160*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 1)*log(x^2 - 2*5^(1/
4)*x*sqrt(-1/5*sqrt(5) + 1/2) + sqrt(5)) - 1/5/x
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1457, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.25

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 + (1 + x^2)^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*((x^2 + 1)^4 + 4)),x)`

output

```
atan((((8*x)/25 + (((16384*x)/25 - ((98566144*x)/25 + (2147483648*x*((- 5
^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)) - 402
653184/5)*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/12800
0)^(1/2)))*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/1280
00)^(1/2)) - 4456448/25)*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/2
5600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)))*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/
25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)) + 1024/25)*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)
+ (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)))*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)
+ (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2))*1i + ((8*x)/25 + (((16384*x)/25 - ((
98566144*x)/25 + (2147483648*x*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^
(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)) + 402653184/5)*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/1280
00)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)))*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128
000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)) + 4456448/25)*((- 5^(1/2)/
25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)))*((- 5^(1/2)
/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)) - 1024/25)*
((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)))
*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2))
*1i)/((((8*x)/25 + (((16384*x)/25 - ((98566144*x)/25 + (2147483648*x*((- 5
^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2)) - 402
653184/5)*((- 5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/128000)^(1/2) + (5^(1/2)/25600 - 11/12...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (4 + (1 + x^2)^4)} dx$$

$$= \frac{100\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) x - 100\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) x + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{10} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}}\right) x + 10\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}}{1}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(4+(x^2+1)^4),x)`

output $(100\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}(\frac{\sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{2}})x - 100\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}(\frac{\sqrt{2}+2x}{\sqrt{2}})x + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{10}\operatorname{atan}(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}})x + 10\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}-2x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}})x - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{10}\operatorname{atan}(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}+2x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}})x - 10\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}+2x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+2}\sqrt{2}})x - \sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{10}\log(-\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{5} + x^2)x + \sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{10}\log(\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{5} + x^2)x + 5\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}\log(-\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{5} + x^2)x - 5\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}\log(\sqrt{\sqrt{5}-2}\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{5} + x^2)x - 320)/(1600x)$

3.156
$$\int \frac{x^4}{a-b(c+dx^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1451
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1452
Rubi [B] (verified)	1453
Maple [C] (verified)	1456
Fricas [F(-1)]	1456
Sympy [F(-1)]	1457
Maxima [F]	1457
Giac [F(-1)]	1457
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1458
Reduce [F]	1458

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 636

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^4}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx \\
&= \frac{(\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc})^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{4a^{3/4}b^{5/8}d^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{\left(2\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} - \sqrt{2}} \sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}d^{5/2}} \\
&- \frac{\left(2\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} + \sqrt{2}} \sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}d^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{(\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{4a^{3/4}b^{5/8}d^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{\left(2\sqrt[4]{bc} - \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} + \sqrt[4]{b}dx^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ab}^{5/8}\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}d^{5/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/4*(a^(1/4)+b^(1/4)*c)^(3/2)*arctan(b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x/(a^(1/4)+b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/b^(5/8)/d^(5/2)+1/8*(2*b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/b^(5/8)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)-1/8*(2*b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/b^(5/8)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))/d^(5/2)+1/4*(a^(1/4)-b^(1/4)*c)^(3/2)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x/(a^(1/4)-b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/b^(5/8)/d^(5/2)+1/8*(2*b^(1/4)*c-(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*arctanh(2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*(-b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/((a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2)+b^(1/4)*d*x^2))^2^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/b^(5/8)/(-b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^2^(1/2)/d^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \frac{\text{RootSum}\left[a - bc^4 - 4bc^3d\#1^2 - 6bc^2d^2\#1^4 - 4bcd^3\#1^6 - bd^4\#1^8 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)\#1^3}{c^3 + 3c^2d\#1^2 + 3cd^2\#1^4 + d^3\#1^6} \&\right]}{8bd}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4),x]
```

output

```
-1/8*RootSum[a - b*c^4 - 4*b*c^3*d*#1^2 - 6*b*c^2*d^2*#1^4 - 4*b*c*d^3*#1^6 - b*d^4*#1^8 & , (Log[x - #1]*#1^3)/(c^3 + 3*c^2*d*#1^2 + 3*c*d^2*#1^4 + d^3*#1^6) & ]/(b*d)
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2285 vs. $2(636) = 1272$.

Time = 7.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2285, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.59, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {7291, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{7291}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{c^2}{d^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} - \frac{2c(c + dx^2)}{d^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} + \frac{(c + dx^2)^2}{d^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)c^2}{4a^{3/4}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{ad}^{5/2}}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}}\right)c^2}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}ad^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)c^2}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}ad^{5/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)c^2}{4a^{3/4}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bcd}^{5/2}}} - \\
 & \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[4]{bd}x^2-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\right)c^2}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}}ad^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[4]{bd}x^2+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\right)c^2}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}}ad^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)c}{2\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{ad}^{5/2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}}\right)c}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}ad^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)c}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}ad^{5/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)c}{2\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bcd}^{5/2}}} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\log\left(\sqrt[4]{bd}x^2-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\right)c}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}ad^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\log\left(\sqrt[4]{bd}x^2+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\right)c}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}ad^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{ab}^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{ad}^{5/2}}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}b^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}ad^{5/2}} - \\
 & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}b^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}ad^{5/2}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{ab}^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bcd}^{5/2}}} + \\
 & \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[4]{bd}x^2-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt[4]{ab}^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}}ad^{5/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4),x]`

output

```
ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[a^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]]/(4*a^(1/4)*b^(5/8)*S
qrt[a^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]*d^(5/2)) + (c*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[a^(
1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8)*Sqrt[a^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]*d^(5/2))
+ (c^2*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[a^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]])/(4*a^(3/4)*b
^(1/8)*Sqrt[a^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]*d^(5/2)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sq
rt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]] - Sqrt[2]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + S
qrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]]/(4*Sqrt[2]*b^(5/8)*Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2
]*Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*d^(5/2)) - (c^2*ArcTan[(Sq
rt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]] - Sqrt[2]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x
)/Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]]/(4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*b^(1/
8)*Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]*Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2
]]*d^(5/2)) + (c*Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*ArcTan[(Sqr
t[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]] - Sqrt[2]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)
/Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]]/(2*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*b^(3/8
)*Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]*d^(5/2)) - ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[
Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]] + Sqrt[2]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt
[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]]/(4*Sqrt[2]*b^(5/8)*Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]*S
qrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*d^(5/2)) + (c^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[
-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]] + Sqrt[2]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/S
qrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]]/(4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[a]*b^(1/...
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7291 `Int[(v_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(u_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[Polyno
mialInSubst[v, u, x]/(a + b*x^n), x] /. x -> u, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && I
GtQ[n, 0] && PolynomialInQ[v, u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6bc^2d^2Z^4+4bc^3dZ^2+bc^4-a)} \frac{-R^4 \ln(x-R)}{-d^3R^7-3cd^2R^5-3c^2dR^3-c^3R}}{8db}$	107
risch	$\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6bc^2d^2Z^4+4bc^3dZ^2+bc^4-a)} \frac{-R^4 \ln(x-R)}{-d^3R^7-3cd^2R^5-3c^2dR^3-c^3R}}{8db}$	107

input `int(x^4/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/d/b*sum(_R^4/(-_R^7*d^3-3*_R^5*c*d^2-3*_R^3*c^2*d-_R*c^3)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b*d^4+4*_Z^6*b*c*d^3+6*_Z^4*b*c^2*d^2+4*_Z^2*b*c^3*d+b*c^4-a))`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4/(a-b*(d*x**2+c)**4),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{x^4}{(dx^2 + c)^4 b - a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate(x^4/((d*x^2 + c)^4*b - a), x)`**Giac [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Timed out`

output `int(x^4/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x)`

3.157
$$\int \frac{x^2}{a-b(c+dx^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1461
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1462
Rubi [B] (verified)	1462
Maple [C] (verified)	1465
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1465
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1466
Maxima [F]	1466
Giac [F]	1466
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1467
Reduce [F]	1468

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 550

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{4a^{3/4}b^{3/8}d^{3/2}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} - \sqrt{2}} \sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}d^{3/2}}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} + \sqrt{2}} \sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}d^{3/2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{4a^{3/4}b^{3/8}d^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} + \sqrt[4]{b}dx^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{ab}^{3/8}\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}d^{3/2}}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a^(1/4)+b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x/(a^(1/4)+b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/b^(3/8)/d^(3/2)-1/8*arctan(((b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/8)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(3/2)+1/8*arctan(((b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/8)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(3/2)+1/4*(a^(1/4)-b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x/(a^(1/4)-b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/b^(3/8)/d^(3/2)-1/8*arctanh(2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*(-b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/((a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2)+b^(1/4)*d*x^2))/a^(1/2)/b^(3/8)/(-b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \frac{\text{RootSum}\left[a - bc^4 - 4bc^3d\#1^2 - 6bc^2d^2\#1^4 - 4bcd^3\#1^6 - bd^4\#1^8 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)\#1}{c^3 + 3c^2d\#1^2 + 3cd^2\#1^4 + d^3\#1^6} \&\right]}{8bd}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4),x]`

output `-1/8*RootSum[a - b*c^4 - 4*b*c^3*d*#1^2 - 6*b*c^2*d^2*#1^4 - 4*b*c*d^3*#1^6 - b*d^4*#1^8 & , (Log[x - #1]*#1)/(c^3 + 3*c^2*d*#1^2 + 3*c*d^2*#1^4 + d^3*#1^6) &]/(b*d)`

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1527 vs. 2(550) = 1100.

Time = 4.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1527, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$, Rules used = {7291, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7291$$

$$\int \left(\frac{c + dx^2}{d(a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} - \frac{c}{d(a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{c \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{a}}} \right)}{4a^{3/4} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{ad}^{3/2}}} - \frac{\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{a}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{ab}^{3/8} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{ad}^{3/2}}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{ab}^{3/8} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{ad}^{3/2}}}} + \\
& \frac{c \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{ad}^{3/2}}}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{ab}^{3/8} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{ad}^{3/2}}}} - \\
& \frac{c \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{ad}^{3/2}}}} - \frac{c \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \right)}{4a^{3/4} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bcd}^{3/2}}} + \\
& \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{ab}^{3/8} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bcd}^{3/2}}} + \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \log \left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{ab}^{3/8} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{ad}^{3/2}}}} + \\
& \frac{c \log \left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bcd}^{3/2}}} - \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \log \left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{ab}^{3/8} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{ad}^{3/2}}}} + \\
& \frac{c \log \left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bcd}^{3/2}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/4*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{1/8}*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c]]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{3/8}) \\
 & *\text{Sqrt}[a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c]*d^{3/2}) - (c*\text{ArcTan}[(b^{1/8}*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[\\
 & a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c]]/(4*a^{3/4}*b^{1/8}*\text{Sqrt}[a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c]*d^{3/2} \\
 &)) + (c*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(b^{1/4}*c) + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]] - \text{Sqrt}[2] \\
 & *b^{1/8}*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[b^{1/4}*c + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]])/(4*\text{Sqr} \\
 & \text{t}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{1/8}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{1/4}*c + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqr} \\
 & \text{t}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]]*d^{3/2}) - (\text{Sqrt}[b^{1/4}*c + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c \\
 & ^2]]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(b^{1/4}*c) + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]] - \text{Sqrt}[2]*b^{ \\
 & 1/8}*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[b^{1/4}*c + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]])/(4*\text{Sqrt}[2] \\
 &]*\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{3/8}*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]*d^{3/2}) - (c*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[- \\
 & (b^{1/4}*c) + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*b^{1/8}*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqr} \\
 & \text{t}[b^{1/4}*c + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]])/(4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{1/8}*\text{S} \\
 & \text{qrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]*\text{Sqrt}[b^{1/4}*c + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]]*d \\
 & ^{3/2}) + (\text{Sqrt}[b^{1/4}*c + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[-(b^{ \\
 & 1/4}*c) + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]] + \text{Sqrt}[2]*b^{1/8}*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[\\
 & b^{1/4}*c + \text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]])/(4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{3/8}*\text{Sqrt} \\
 & [\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^2]*d^{3/2}) + \text{ArcTanh}[(b^{1/8}*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a^{1/4} \\
 & - b^{1/4}*c]]/(4*\text{Sqrt}[a]*b^{3/8}*\text{Sqrt}[a^{1/4} - b^{1/4}*c]*d^{3/2}) - (c \\
 & *\text{ArcTanh}[(b^{1/8}*\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[a^{1/4} - b^{1/4}*c]]/(4*a^{3/4}*b^{1/8} \\
 &)*\text{Sqrt}[a^{1/4} - b^{1/4}*c]*d^{3/2}) + (c*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{Sqrt}[a] + \text{Sqrt}[b]*c^...
 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7291 `Int[(v_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(u_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[PolynomialInSubst[v, u, x]/(a + b*x^n), x] /. x -> u, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IntegerQ[n, 0] && PolynomialInQ[v, u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6bc^2d^2Z^4+4bc^3dZ^2+bc^4-a)} \frac{R^2 \ln(x-R)}{-d^3R^7-3cd^2R^5-3c^2dR^3-c^3R}}{8db}$	107
risch	$\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6bc^2d^2Z^4+4bc^3dZ^2+bc^4-a)} \frac{R^2 \ln(x-R)}{-d^3R^7-3cd^2R^5-3c^2dR^3-c^3R}}{8db}$	107

input `int(x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/d/b*sum(_R^2/(-_R^7*d^3-3*_R^5*c*d^2-3*_R^3*c^2*d-_R*c^3)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b*d^4+4*_Z^6*b*c*d^3+6*_Z^4*b*c^2*d^2+4*_Z^2*b*c^3*d+b*c^4-a))`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 73.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103351, normalized size of antiderivative = 187.91

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx =$$

$$- \text{RootSum} \left(16777216t^8 a^6 b^3 d^{12} - 8192t^4 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 + 256t^2 a^2 bcd^3 - a + bc^4, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(x + \frac{-4194304}{\dots} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a-b*(d*x**2+c)**4),x)`output `-RootSum(16777216*_t**8*a**6*b**3*d**12 - 8192*_t**4*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**6 + 256*_t**2*a**2*b*c*d**3 - a + b*c**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-4194304*_t**7*a**5*b**3*c**2*d**10 - 32768*_t**5*a**4*b**2*c*d**7 - 512*_t**3*a**3*b*d**4 + 1024*_t**3*a**2*b**2*c**4*d**4 - 40*_t*a*b*c**3*d)/(a + 4*b*c**4)))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{x^2}{(dx^2 + c)^4 b - a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate(x^2/((d*x^2 + c)^4*b - a), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{x^2}{(dx^2 + c)^4 b - a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-x^2/((d*x^2 + c)^4*b - a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 646, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \sum_{k=1}^8 \ln \left(-ab^5 d^{20} + b^6 c^4 d^{20} - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 - 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 - a, z, k) b^7 c^6 d^{22} x^8 + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 - 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 - a, z, k)^2 a^2 b^6 c d^{23} 128 - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 - 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 - a, z, k)^2 a b^7 c^5 d^{23} 128 - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 - 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 - a, z, k)^5 a^4 b^7 d^{28} x 32768 - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 - 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 - a, z, k)^7 a^5 b^8 c d^{31} x 2097152 + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 - 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 - a, z, k)^3 a^2 b^7 c^3 d^{25} x 1024 + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 - 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 - a, z, k)^5 a^3 b^8 c^4 d^{28} x 32768 - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 - 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 - a, z, k) a b^6 c^2 d^{22} x 24 \right) \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 - 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 - a, z, k)$$

input `int(x^2/(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4), x)`

output

```

symsum(log(b^6*c^4*d^20 - a*b^5*d^20 - 8*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 -
8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 - a, z, k))*b^7*c^6*
d^22*x + 128*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 - 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 2
56*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 - a, z, k)^2*a^2*b^6*c*d^23 - 128*root(16777216
*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 - 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4
- a, z, k)^2*a*b^7*c^5*d^23 - 32768*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 - 8192
*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 - a, z, k)^5*a^4*b^7*d^
28*x - 2097152*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 - 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 +
256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 - a, z, k)^7*a^5*b^8*c*d^31*x + 1024*root(167
77216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 - 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 +
b*c^4 - a, z, k)^3*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^25*x + 32768*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z
^8 - 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 - a, z, k)^5*a
^3*b^8*c^4*d^28*x - 24*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 - 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d
^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 - a, z, k)*a*b^6*c^2*d^22*x)*root(167
77216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 - 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 +
b*c^4 - a, z, k), k, 1, 8)

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{a - b(dx^2 + c)^4} dx$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x)
```

output

```
int(x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x)
```

3.158
$$\int \frac{1}{a-b(c+dx^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1470
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1471
Rubi [A] (verified)	1472
Maple [C] (verified)	1478
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1478
Sympy [F(-1)]	1479
Maxima [F]	1479
Giac [F]	1479
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1480
Reduce [F]	1481

Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 607

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{1}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{4a^{3/4}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{d}} \\
& - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} - \sqrt{2}}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}\sqrt{d}} \\
& + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} + \sqrt{2}}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}\sqrt{d}} \\
& + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{4a^{3/4}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{d}} \\
& + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} + \sqrt[4]{b}dx^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}\sqrt{d}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/4*arctan(b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x/(a^(1/4)+b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/b^(1/8)/(a
^(1/4)+b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)-1/8*arctan(((b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c
^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c
^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/b^(1/8)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2)/(b^(1
/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+1/8*arctan(((b^(1/4)*c+(
a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a
^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/b^(1/8)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)
*c^2)^(1/2)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+1/4*arct
anh(b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x/(a^(1/4)-b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/b^(1/8)/(a^(1/4)-
b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+1/8*arctanh(2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*(-b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+
b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/((a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2)+b^(1/4)*d
*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/b^(1/8)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2)/(-b^(1/4)*c+(a
^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \frac{\text{RootSum}\left[a - bc^4 - 4bc^3d\#1^2 - 6bc^2d^2\#1^4 - 4bcd^3\#1^6 - bd^4\#1^8 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)}{c^3\#1 + 3c^2d\#1^3 + 3cd^2\#1^5 + d^3\#1^7} \&\right]}{8bd}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4)^(-1),x]
```

output

```
-1/8*RootSum[a - b*c^4 - 4*b*c^3*d*#1^2 - 6*b*c^2*d^2*#1^4 - 4*b*c*d^3*#1^
6 - b*d^4*#1^8 & , Log[x - #1]/(c^3*#1 + 3*c^2*d*#1^3 + 3*c*d^2*#1^5 + d^3
*#1^7) & ]/(b*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 831, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.812$, Rules used = {7289, 27, 1406, 218, 221, 1407, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7289} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}}{-\sqrt{bd^2x^4 - 2\sqrt{bcdx^2} - \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bd^2x^4 + 2\sqrt{bcdx^2} + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{-\sqrt{bd^2x^4 - 2\sqrt{bcdx^2} - \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bd^2x^4 + 2\sqrt{bcdx^2} + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1406} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bd^2x^4 + 2\sqrt{bcdx^2} + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{bd} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc} \right)^{d - \sqrt{bd^2x^2}}} dx}{2\sqrt[4]{a}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bd} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt{bd^2x^2} - \sqrt[4]{b} \left(\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{a} \right)^d dx}{2\sqrt[4]{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[4]{bd} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc} \right)^{d - \sqrt{bd^2x^2}}} dx}{2\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bd^2x^4 + 2\sqrt{bcdx^2} + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bd^2x^4 + 2\sqrt{bcdx^2} + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} dx}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1407}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}}+\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[4]{bd}}\right)}dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\left(x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}}+\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[4]{bd}}\right)}dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}} +$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}+\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}+\sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}$$

27

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}}+\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[4]{bd}}}dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bd}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{x^2+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}}+\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[4]{bd}}}dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bd}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}} +$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}+\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}+\sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}$$

1142

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{d}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt{2}} \int \frac{1}{x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}}+\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[4]{bd}}}dx - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}\right)}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\left(x^2-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}}+\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[4]{bd}}\right)}dx +$$

25

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{d}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} + \sqrt[4]{bd}}} dx}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}} - \sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}\right) \int \frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} + \sqrt[4]{bd}}} dx}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}\left(\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} + \sqrt[4]{bd}\right)} +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bcd}}}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

27

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{d}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} + \sqrt[4]{bd}}} dx}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}} - \sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} + \sqrt[4]{bd}}} dx}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}} \int \frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} + \sqrt[4]{bd}}} dx}{\sqrt{2}} +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bcd}}}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

1083

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{d}} +$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}} - \sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} + \sqrt[4]{bd}}} dx}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}} \int \frac{1}{\left(2x - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}x}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} + \sqrt[4]{bd}}\right)^2 - \frac{c + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}}{d}} dx}{\sqrt{2}} +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bcd}}}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

217

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}\sqrt{d}}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}\sqrt{d}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}\left(2x - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} + \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}x}{x^2 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}x + \frac{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}} dx$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}\sqrt{d}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}d}} + \frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

1103

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{d}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}\sqrt{d}}} +$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}\sqrt{d}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}\left(2x - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} \log\left(\sqrt[4]{bd}x^2 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}\sqrt{d}}x + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}\right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}\sqrt{d}}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}d}}$$

input `Int[(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4)^(-1),x]`

output

```
(ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[a^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]]/(2*a^(1/4)*b^(1/8)*
Sqrt[a^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]*Sqrt[d]) + ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[a^(1
/4) - b^(1/4)*c]]/(2*a^(1/4)*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[a^(1/4) - b^(1/4)*c]*Sqrt[d]))/(
2*Sqrt[a]) + (((b^(1/8)*Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*S
qrt[d]*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*(-(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[a]
+ Sqrt[b]*c^2]]))/(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d])) + 2*x))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sq
rt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]])))/Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]
] - (b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*Log[Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2] - Sqrt[2]*b^(1/8)*Sqr
t[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*Sqrt[d]*x + b^(1/4)*d*x^2)]/
2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]*Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt
[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*d) + ((b^(1/8)*Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] +
Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*((Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c)
+ Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]))/(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]) + 2*x))/(Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[b
^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]])))/Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] +
Sqrt[b]*c^2]] + (b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*Log[Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2] + Sqrt[2
]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*Sqrt[d]*x + b^(
1/4)*d*x^2)]/2)/(2*Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]*Sqrt[-(b^(1
/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*d))/(2*Sqrt[a])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 217

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 218

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2c \cdot x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_))/((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x_))/((a_ + (b_ \cdot x_) + (c_ \cdot x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2c \cdot d - b \cdot e)/(2c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2c \cdot x)/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$
- rule 1406 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2 + (c_ \cdot x_)^4)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[c/q \ \text{Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[c/q \ \text{Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c \cdot x^2), x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c]$
- rule 1407 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2 + (c_ \cdot x_)^4)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[a/c, 2]\}, \text{With}\{r = \text{Rt}[2q - b/c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2c \cdot q \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(r - x)/(q - r \cdot x + x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2c \cdot q \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(r + x)/(q + r \cdot x + x^2), x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c]$
- rule 7289 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot v_)^{(n_)})^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(a \cdot n) \ \text{Sum}[\text{Int}[\text{Together}[1/(1 - v^2/((-1)^{(4 \cdot (k/n)) \cdot \text{Rt}[-a/b, n/2])])], x], \{k, 1, n/2\}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n/2, 1]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6b^2c^2d^2Z^4+4bc^3dZ^2+bc^4-a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-d^3R^7-3cd^2R^5-3c^2dR^3-c^3R}}{8db}$	104
risch	$\frac{\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6b^2c^2d^2Z^4+4bc^3dZ^2+bc^4-a)} \frac{\ln(x-R)}{-d^3R^7-3cd^2R^5-3c^2dR^3-c^3R}}{8db}$	104

input `int(1/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/d/b*sum(1/(-R^7*d^3-3*R^5*c*d^2-3*R^3*c^2*d-R*c^3)*ln(x-R),R=RootOf(Z^8*b*d^4+4*Z^6*b*c*d^3+6*Z^4*b*c^2*d^2+4*Z^2*b*c^3*d+b*c^4-a))`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475271, normalized size of antiderivative = 782.98

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a-b*(d*x**2+c)**4),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(dx^2 + c)^4 b - a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-integrate(1/((d*x^2 + c)^4*b - a), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(dx^2 + c)^4 b - a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(-1/((d*x^2 + c)^4*b - a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \sum_{k=1}^8 \ln \left(-\text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^4 z^8 - 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 \right. \\ \left. + 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 - 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) b^7 d^{28} \left(x \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^4 z^8 - 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 + 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 - 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) a^8 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^4 z^8 - 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 + 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 - 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) \right)^5 \right. \\ \left. - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^4 z^8 - 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 + 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 - 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) \right)^4 \\ \left. + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^4 z^8 - 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 + 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 - 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) \right)^6 \\ - 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 + 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 - 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k)$$

input `int(1/(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4),x)`output `symsum(log(-8*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 - 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 + 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 - 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k))*b^7*d^28*(x + 8*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 - 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 + 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 - 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k))*a + 32768*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 - 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 + 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 - 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k)^5*a^4*b*c^2*d^2 - 4096*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 - 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 + 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 - 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k)^4*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*x + 262144*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 - 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 + 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 - 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k)^6*a^5*b*c*d^3*x))*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 - 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 + 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 - 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k), k, 1, 8)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a - b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{a - b(dx^2 + c)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x)`

output `int(1/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x)`

$$3.159 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^2(a-b(c+dx^2)^4)} dx$$

Optimal result	1483
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1484
Rubi [B] (verified)	1485
Maple [C] (verified)	1488
Fricas [F(-1)]	1488
Sympy [F(-1)]	1489
Maxima [F]	1489
Giac [F]	1489
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1490
Reduce [F]	1490

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 752

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{a} (\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bc^2}) x} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{a} (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}) x} - \frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{4a^{3/4} (\sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{bc})^{3/2}} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \left(2\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}\right) \sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} - \sqrt{2}} \sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \left(2\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}\right) \sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} + \sqrt{2}} \sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2})^{3/2} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}} \\
&+ \frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{4a^{3/4} (\sqrt[4]{a} - \sqrt[4]{bc})^{3/2}} \\
&- \frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \left(2\sqrt[4]{bc} - \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}\right) \sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}} + \sqrt[4]{b} dx^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} (\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2})^{3/2} \sqrt{-\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bc^2}}}}
\end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/2/a^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c^2)/x-1/2/a^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)/x-1/4*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x/(a^(1/4)+b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/(a^(1/4)+b^(1/4)*c)^(3/2)+1/8*b^(1/8)*(2*b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*arctan(((b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(3/2)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/8*b^(1/8)*(2*b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*arctan(((b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(3/2)/(b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/4*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*arctanh(b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x/(a^(1/4)-b^(1/4)*c)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/(a^(1/4)-b^(1/4)*c)^(3/2)-1/8*b^(1/8)*(2*b^(1/4)*c-(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*b^(1/8)*(-b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/((a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2)+b^(1/4)*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(3/2)/(-b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.23

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \frac{8 + x \text{RootSum} \left[a - bc^4 - 4bc^3d\#1^2 - 6bc^2d^2\#1^4 - 4bcd^3\#1^6 - bd^4\#1^8 \&, \frac{4c^3 \log(x-\#1)+6c^2d \log(x-\#1)}{c^3\#1+3c^2} \right]}{8ax - 8bc^4x}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4)),x]
```

output

```
-((8 + x*RootSum[a - b*c^4 - 4*b*c^3*d*#1^2 - 6*b*c^2*d^2*#1^4 - 4*b*c*d^3*#1^6 - b*d^4*#1^8 & , (4*c^3*Log[x - #1] + 6*c^2*d*Log[x - #1]*#1^2 + 4*c*d^2*Log[x - #1]*#1^4 + d^3*Log[x - #1]*#1^6)/(c^3*#1 + 3*c^2*d*#1^3 + 3*c*d^2*#1^5 + d^3*#1^7) & ])/(8*a*x - 8*b*c^4*x))
```

Rubi [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3288 vs. $2(752) = 1504$.

Time = 10.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3288, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.37, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.100$,

Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx$$

↓ 7293

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^2 (a - bc^4)} + \frac{bd(4c^3 + 6c^2 dx^2 + 4cd^2 x^4 + d^3 x^6)}{(a - bc^4) \left(a \left(1 - \frac{bc^4}{a} \right) - 4bc^3 dx^2 - 6bc^2 d^2 x^4 - 4bcd^3 x^6 - bd^4 x^8 \right)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)c^3}{4a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}(a-bc^4)} - \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}}\right)c^3}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}(a-bc^4)\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}} + \\
& \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}}\right)c^3}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}(a-bc^4)\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}} + \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)c^3}{4a^{3/4}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}(a-bc^4)} - \\
& \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d}\log\left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\right)c^3}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}(a-bc^4)\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}} + \\
& \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d}\log\left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\right)c^3}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}(a-bc^4)\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}} - \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)c^2}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}(a-bc^4)} - \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}}\right)c^2}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}(a-bc^4)} + \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}}\right)c^2}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}(a-bc^4)} + \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{d}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)c^2}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}(a-bc^4)} + \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{d}\log\left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\right)c^2}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}(a-bc^4)} - \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{d}\log\left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}\right)c^2}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}(a-bc^4)} + \\
& \frac{b^{3/8}\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}}\right)c}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt[4]{a}}(a-bc^4)} + \frac{b^{3/8}\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}}\right)c}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}(a-bc^4)\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{a}}}}} -
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{1}{((a - b*c^4)*x)} - \frac{b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*\text{ArcTan}[b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c}]}{(4*\sqrt{a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c})*(a - b*c^4)} + \frac{b^{3/8}*c*\sqrt{d}*\text{ArcTan}[b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c}]}{(4*a^{1/4})*\sqrt{a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c}*(a - b*c^4)} - \frac{b^{5/8}*c^2*\sqrt{d}*\text{ArcTan}[b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c}]}{(4*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c})*(a - b*c^4)} \\
 & + \frac{b^{7/8}*c^3*\sqrt{d}*\text{ArcTan}[b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c}]}{(4*a^{3/4}*\sqrt{a^{1/4} + b^{1/4}*c})*(a - b*c^4)} + \frac{b^{3/8}*c*\sqrt{d}*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{-(b^{1/4}*c)} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2})]}{\sqrt{2}*b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}]} - \frac{\sqrt{2}*b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}]}{(4*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2})*(a - b*c^4)*\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}} - \frac{b^{7/8}*c^3*\sqrt{d}*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{-(b^{1/4}*c)} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2})]}{\sqrt{2}*b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}]} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{2}*b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}]}{(4*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2})*(a - b*c^4)*\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}} + \frac{b^{1/8}*\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}*\sqrt{d}*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{-(b^{1/4}*c)} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2})]}{\sqrt{2}*b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}]} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{2}*b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}]}{(4*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2})*(a - b*c^4)} - \frac{b^{5/8}*c^2*\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}*\sqrt{d}*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{-(b^{1/4}*c)} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2})]}{\sqrt{2}*b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}*b^{1/8}*\sqrt{d}*x/\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}}{\sqrt{b^{1/4}*c + \sqrt{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}*c^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6b^2c^2d^2Z^4+4bc^3dZ^2+bc^4-a)} \left(\frac{(-R^6d^3-4R^4cd^2-6R^2c^2d-4c^3)\ln(x-R)}{-d^3R^7-3cd^2R^5-3c^2dR^3-c^3R} \right)}{8(-bc^4+a)}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{(-bc^4+a)x} + \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((-a^6b^3c^{12}+3a^7b^2c^8-3a^8bc^4+a^9)Z^8+(-24a^5b^2c^7d-40a^6bc^3d)Z^6+(2a^3b^2c^6d^2-42a^4bc^2d^2)Z^4} \right)$

input `int(1/x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8/(-b*c^4+a)*sum((-R^6*d^3-4*R^4*c*d^2-6*R^2*c^2*d-4*c^3)/(-R^7*d^3-3*R^5*c*d^2-3*R^3*c^2*d-R*c^3)*ln(x-R),R=RootOf(_Z^8*b*d^4+4*_Z^6*b*c*d^3+6*_Z^4*b*c^2*d^2+4*_Z^2*b*c^3*d+b*c^4-a))-1/(-b*c^4+a)/x`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a-b*(d*x**2+c)**4),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{((dx^2 + c)^4 b - a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b*d*integrate((d^3*x^6 + 4*c*d^2*x^4 + 6*c^2*d*x^2 + 4*c^3)/(b*d^4*x^8 + 4*b*c*d^3*x^6 + 6*b*c^2*d^2*x^4 + 4*b*c^3*d*x^2 + b*c^4 - a), x)/(b*c^4 - a) + 1/((b*c^4 - a)*x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{((dx^2 + c)^4 b - a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`output `sage0*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2353, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.13

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a - b*(c + d*x^2)^4)),x)`

output

```

symsum(log(-root(50331648*a^7*b^2*c^8*z^8 - 16777216*a^6*b^3*c^12*z^8 - 50
331648*a^8*b*c^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^9*z^8 - 6291456*a^5*b^2*c^7*d*z^6 - 1048
5760*a^6*b*c^3*d*z^6 - 172032*a^4*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^2*z^4
- 768*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 - b*d^4, z, k)*(root(50331648*a^7*b^2*c^8*z^8 - 167
77216*a^6*b^3*c^12*z^8 - 50331648*a^8*b*c^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^9*z^8 - 62914
56*a^5*b^2*c^7*d*z^6 - 10485760*a^6*b*c^3*d*z^6 - 172032*a^4*b*c^2*d^2*z^4
+ 8192*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^2*z^4 - 768*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 - b*d^4, z, k)*(root(503
31648*a^7*b^2*c^8*z^8 - 16777216*a^6*b^3*c^12*z^8 - 50331648*a^8*b*c^4*z^8
+ 16777216*a^9*z^8 - 6291456*a^5*b^2*c^7*d*z^6 - 10485760*a^6*b*c^3*d*z^6
- 172032*a^4*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^2*z^4 - 768*a^2*b*c*d^3*z
^2 - b*d^4, z, k)*(x*(1024*a^13*b^9*c^3*d^33 - 11264*a^12*b^10*c^7*d^33 +
56320*a^11*b^11*c^11*d^33 - 168960*a^10*b^12*c^15*d^33 + 337920*a^9*b^13*c
^19*d^33 - 473088*a^8*b^14*c^23*d^33 + 473088*a^7*b^15*c^27*d^33 - 337920*
a^6*b^16*c^31*d^33 + 168960*a^5*b^17*c^35*d^33 - 56320*a^4*b^18*c^39*d^33
+ 11264*a^3*b^19*c^43*d^33 - 1024*a^2*b^20*c^47*d^33) + root(50331648*a^7*
b^2*c^8*z^8 - 16777216*a^6*b^3*c^12*z^8 - 50331648*a^8*b*c^4*z^8 + 1677721
6*a^9*z^8 - 6291456*a^5*b^2*c^7*d*z^6 - 10485760*a^6*b*c^3*d*z^6 - 172032*
a^4*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^2*z^4 - 768*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 - b*d^4
, z, k)*(root(50331648*a^7*b^2*c^8*z^8 - 16777216*a^6*b^3*c^12*z^8 - 50331
648*a^8*b*c^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^9*z^8 - 6291456*a^5*b^2*c^7*d*z^6 - 1048...

```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a - b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a - b(dx^2 + c)^4)} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a-b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x)`

$$3.160 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{a+b(c+dx^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1492
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1493
Rubi [A] (verified)	1494
Maple [C] (verified)	1497
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1497
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1498
Maxima [F]	1498
Giac [F]	1498
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1499
Reduce [F]	1500

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 1845

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b(c+dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```

1/8*(2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+2*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)
)*c^2)/(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((2^(
1/2)*a^(1/4)-2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2
)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)+2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a^(1/2
)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/b^(3/8)/(2^(
1/2)*a^(1/4)+2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2
)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(3/2)-1/8*(2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+2*a^(1/4)*b
^(1/4)*c+2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^2)/(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c
^2)^(1/2))*arctan(((2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)-2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4
))*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4
)+2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))/a
^(3/4)/b^(3/8)/(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)+2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)
)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)+1/8*(2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*c-(a^(1
/2)*2^(1/2)+2*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^2)/(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1
/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*arctan(b^(1/8)*(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)+2*b^(1/4
))*c-2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))/d^(1/2)
)*x/((a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2)+b^(1/4)*d*x^2))/
a^(3/4)/b^(3/8)/(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)+2*b^(1/4)*c-2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b
^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))/d^(3/2)+1/8*(2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*c+(a^(1/2)*
2^(1/2)-2*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^2)/(a^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*a^(1/...

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\text{RootSum}\left[a + bc^4 + 4bc^3d\#1^2 + 6bc^2d^2\#1^4 + 4bcd^3\#1^6 + bd^4\#1^8 \&, \frac{\log(x - \#1)\#1}{c^3 + 3c^2d\#1^2 + 3cd^2\#1^4 + d^3\#1^6} \& \right]}{8bd}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/(a + b*(c + d*x^2)^4), x]
```

output

```

RootSum[a + b*c^4 + 4*b*c^3*d*#1^2 + 6*b*c^2*d^2*#1^4 + 4*b*c*d^3*#1^6 + b
*d^4*#1^8 & , (Log[x - #1]*#1)/(c^3 + 3*c^2*d*#1^2 + 3*c*d^2*#1^4 + d^3*#1
^6) & ]/(8*b*d)

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 6.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1631, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {7291, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx$$

↓ 7291

$$\int \left(\frac{c + dx^2}{d(a + b(c + dx^2)^4)} - \frac{c}{d(a + b(c + dx^2)^4)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{c \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a}}} \right)}{4(-a)^{3/4} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a} d^{3/2}}} + \frac{\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{-ab^{3/8}} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a} d^{3/2}}} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-ab^{3/8}} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a} d^{3/2}}}} - \\
 & \frac{c \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-a} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a} d^{3/2}}}}} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-ab^{3/8}} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a} d^{3/2}}}} + \\
 & \frac{c \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-a} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a} d^{3/2}}}}} + \frac{c \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \right)}{4(-a)^{3/4} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc} d^{3/2}}} - \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \right)}{4\sqrt{-ab^{3/8}} \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc} d^{3/2}}} - \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} \log \left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-ab^{3/8}} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a} d^{3/2}}}} - \\
 & \frac{c \log \left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-a} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} d^{3/2}}}} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} \log \left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-ab^{3/8}} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a} d^{3/2}}}} + \\
 & \frac{c \log \left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} \sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} \right)}{8\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-a} \sqrt[8]{b} \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} d^{3/2}}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*(c + d*x^2)^4),x]`

output `ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[(-a)^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]]/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(3/8)*Sqrt[(-a)^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]*d^(3/2)) + (c*ArcTan[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[(-a)^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]])/(4*(-a)^(3/4)*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[(-a)^(1/4) + b^(1/4)*c]*d^(3/2)) - (c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]] - Sqrt[2]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]])/(4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2])*Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*d^(3/2)) + (Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]] - Sqrt[2]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]])/(4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-a]*b^(3/8)*Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2])*d^(3/2)) + (c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]] + Sqrt[2]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]])/(4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-a]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2])*Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*d^(3/2)) - (Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(b^(1/4)*c) + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]] + Sqrt[2]*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[b^(1/4)*c + Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2]])/(4*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[-a]*b^(3/8)*Sqrt[Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c^2])*d^(3/2)) - ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[(-a)^(1/4) - b^(1/4)*c]]/(4*Sqrt[-a]*b^(3/8)*Sqrt[(-a)^(1/4) - b^(1/4)*c])*d^(3/2)) + (c*ArcTanh[(b^(1/8)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[(-a)^(1/4) - b^(1/4)*c]])/(4*(-a)^(3/4)*b^(1/8)*Sqrt[(-a)^(1/4) - b^(1/4)*c])*d^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7291 `Int[(v_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(u_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[PolynomialInSubst[v, u, x]/(a + b*x^n), x] /. x -> u, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IntegerQ[n, 0] && PolynomialInQ[v, u, x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6bc^2d^2Z^4+4bc^3dZ^2+bc^4+a)} \frac{-R^2 \ln(x-R)}{d^3R^7+3cd^2R^5+3c^2dR^3+c^3R}}{8db}$	103
risch	$\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6bc^2d^2Z^4+4bc^3dZ^2+bc^4+a)} \frac{-R^2 \ln(x-R)}{d^3R^7+3cd^2R^5+3c^2dR^3+c^3R}}{8db}$	103

input `int(x^2/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/d/b*sum(_R^2/(_R^7*d^3+3*_R^5*c*d^2+3*_R^3*c^2*d+_R*c^3)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b*d^4+4*_Z^6*b*c*d^3+6*_Z^4*b*c^2*d^2+4*_Z^2*b*c^3*d+b*c^4+a))`

Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 115.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109156, normalized size of antiderivative = 59.16

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Too large to include`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(16777216t^8 a^6 b^3 d^{12} + 8192t^4 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 + 256t^2 a^2 bcd^3 + a + bc^4, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(x + \frac{-4194304t^7 c}{\dots} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*(d*x**2+c)**4),x)`output `RootSum(16777216*_t**8*a**6*b**3*d**12 + 8192*_t**4*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**6 + 256*_t**2*a**2*b*c*d**3 + a + b*c**4, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-4194304*_t**7*a**5*b**3*c**2*d**10 + 32768*_t**5*a**4*b**2*c*d**7 - 512*_t**3*a**3*b*d**4 - 1024*_t**3*a**2*b**2*c**4*d**4 - 40*_t*a*b*c**3*d)/(a - 4*b*c**4))))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(dx^2 + c)^4 b + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(x^2/((d*x^2 + c)^4*b + a), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(dx^2 + c)^4 b + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^2/((d*x^2 + c)^4*b + a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 629, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \sum_{k=1}^8 \ln \left(-ab^5 d^{20} - b^6 c^4 d^{20} - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 + 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 + a, z, k) b^7 c^6 d^{22} x^8 - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 + 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 + a, z, k)^2 a^2 b^6 c d^{23} 128 - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 + 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 + a, z, k)^2 a b^7 c^5 d^{23} 128 - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 + 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 + a, z, k)^5 a^4 b^7 d^{28} x 32768 + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 + 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 + a, z, k)^7 a^5 b^8 c d^{31} x 2097152 + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 + 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 + a, z, k)^3 a^2 b^7 c^3 d^{25} x 1024 - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 + 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 + a, z, k)^5 a^3 b^8 c^4 d^{28} x 32768 + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 + 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 + a, z, k) a b^6 c^2 d^{22} x 24 \right) \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^3 d^{12} z^8 + 8192 a^3 b^2 c^2 d^6 z^4 + 256 a^2 b c d^3 z^2 + b c^4 + a, z, k)$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*(c + d*x^2)^4),x)`

output

```

symsum(log(2097152*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 + a, z, k)^7*a^5*b^8*c*d^31*x - b^6*c^4*d^20 - 8*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 + a, z, k)*b^7*c^6*d^22*x - 128*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 + a, z, k)^2*a^2*b^6*c*d^23 - 128*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 + a, z, k)^2*a*b^7*c^5*d^23 - 32768*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 + a, z, k)^5*a^4*b^7*d^28*x - a*b^5*d^20 + 1024*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 + a, z, k)^3*a^2*b^7*c^3*d^25*x - 32768*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 + a, z, k)^5*a^3*b^8*c^4*d^28*x + 24*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 + a, z, k)*a*b^6*c^2*d^22*x)*root(16777216*a^6*b^3*d^12*z^8 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6*z^4 + 256*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*c^4 + a, z, k), k, 1, 8)

```


Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{bd^4x^8 + 4bcd^3x^6 + 6b^2c^2d^2x^4 + 4b^3c^3dx^2 + b^4c^4 + a} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x)`

output `int(x**2/(a + b*c**4 + 4*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c*d**3*x**6 + b*d**4*x**8),x)`

$$\mathbf{3.161} \quad \int \frac{1}{a+b(c+dx^2)^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1501
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1502
Rubi [A] (verified)	1503
Maple [C] (verified)	1510
Fricas [F(-1)]	1510
Sympy [F(-1)]	1511
Maxima [F]	1511
Giac [F]	1511
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1512
Reduce [F]	1513

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 1693

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b(c+dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 885, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.867$, Rules used = {7289, 27, 1406, 218, 221, 1407, 27, 1142, 25, 27, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7289} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{-\sqrt{bd^2x^4 - 2\sqrt{bcd}x^2 - \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bd^2x^4 + 2\sqrt{bcd}x^2 + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt{bd^2x^4 - 2\sqrt{bcd}x^2 - \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} dx}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{-a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bd^2x^4 + 2\sqrt{bcd}x^2 + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1406} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bd^2x^4 + 2\sqrt{bcd}x^2 + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} dx}{2a} + \\
 & \sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{bd} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc} \right) d - \sqrt{bd^2x^2}} dx}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bd} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt{bd^2x^2} - \sqrt[4]{b} \left(\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a} \right) d} dx}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{bd} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc} \right) d - \sqrt{bd^2x^2}} dx}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a} \sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} + \sqrt[4]{bc}}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bd^2x^4 + 2\sqrt{bcd}x^2 + \sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} dx}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bd^2x^4+2\sqrt{bcd}x^2+\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}}} dx}{2a} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}+\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}+\sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1407 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\left(x^2-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\left(x^2+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}}\right)} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}} \right)}{2a} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}+\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}+\sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}-\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{x^2-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}}} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bd}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}{x^2+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}+\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}}} dx}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bd}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc^2}}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}} \right)}{2a} + \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}+\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}+\sqrt[4]{bc}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a}-\sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1142
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}\sqrt{d}}} \right) +$$

$$\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{2a}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} \sqrt[4]{bd}} dx} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} \left(x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}\right)} \right)$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bcd}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}$$

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$$\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{d}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}\sqrt{d}}} \right) +$$

$$\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{2a}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} \sqrt[4]{bd}} dx} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}\right)}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}} \left(x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}x} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}\right)} \right)$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bcd}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}$$

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$$\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}+\sqrt[4]{-a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}+\sqrt[4]{-a}}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}\sqrt{d}} \right) +$$

$$\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}{x^2-\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}\frac{dx}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}{x^2-\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}\frac{dx}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}{x^2-\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}\frac{dx}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \dots \right)$$

2a

↓ 1083

$$\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}+\sqrt[4]{-a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}+\sqrt[4]{-a}}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}\sqrt{d}} \right) +$$

$$\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}{x^2-\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}\frac{dx}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}}{\sqrt{2}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}} \int \frac{1}{\left(2x-\frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt{bc^2+\sqrt{-a}}-\sqrt[4]{b_c}}}{\sqrt[8]{b\sqrt{d}}}\right)^2} - \frac{2}{d}\sqrt[4]{b} \dots \right)$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{b}b_c + \sqrt[4]{-a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{b}b_c + \sqrt[4]{-a}}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c}} \right)}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{b}b_c + \sqrt[4]{-a}}}\right)} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c} \sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{x^2 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c} + \frac{\sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}d}} dx}{\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt[4]{b}b_c + \sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}} + \frac{2a}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c}}}$$

2a

1103

$$\frac{\sqrt{-a} \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{b}b_c + \sqrt[4]{-a}}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{b}b_c + \sqrt[4]{-a}}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c}}\right)}{2\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c}} \right)}{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{b}b_c + \sqrt[4]{-a}}}\right)} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{d} \log\left(\sqrt[4]{b}dx^2 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}\sqrt{\sqrt{b_c^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{b}b_c}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*(c + d*x^2)^4)^(-1), x]
```


output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{b^{1/8} \sqrt{d} x}{\sqrt{-a}^{1/4} + b^{1/4} c}\right]}{2(-a)^{1/4} b^{1/8} \sqrt{-a}^{1/4} + b^{1/4} c} \sqrt{d} + \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{b^{1/8} \sqrt{d} x}{\sqrt{-a}^{1/4} - b^{1/4} c}\right]}{2(-a)^{1/4} b^{1/8} \sqrt{-a}^{1/4} - b^{1/4} c} \sqrt{d} \right) / (2a) \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{-a} \left((b^{1/8} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{-b^{1/4} c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2}) \sqrt{d} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{b^{1/8} \sqrt{d} \left(-(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-b^{1/4} c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2}) \right)}{b^{1/8} \sqrt{d}} \right] + 2x \right)}{\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b^{1/4} c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2} \right) \sqrt{b^{1/4} c + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2}} - (b^{1/8} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2} - \sqrt{2} b^{1/8} \sqrt{-b^{1/4} c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2}\right] \sqrt{d} x + b^{1/4} d x^2 \right) / 2} \\ & / (2 \sqrt{2} b^{1/4} \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2} \sqrt{-b^{1/4} c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2}} d) + \left(b^{1/8} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{-b^{1/4} c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2} \right) \sqrt{d} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{b^{1/8} \sqrt{d} \left((\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-b^{1/4} c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2}) \right)}{b^{1/8} \sqrt{d}} \right] + 2x \right) / \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b^{1/4} c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2} \right) \sqrt{b^{1/4} c + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2}} \\ & + (b^{1/8} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2} + \sqrt{2} b^{1/8} \sqrt{-b^{1/4} c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2}\right] \sqrt{d} x + b^{1/4} d x^2) / 2 / (2 \sqrt{2} b^{1/4} \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2} \sqrt{-b^{1/4} c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b} c^2}} d) \right) / (2a) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\operatorname{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Identity}[-1] \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217

$$\operatorname{Int}[\left((a_*) + (b_*)(x)^2 \right)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[\left(-(\operatorname{Rt}[-a, 2] \operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1} \right) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Rt}[-b, 2] (x/\operatorname{Rt}[-a, 2])}{\operatorname{Rt}[-a, 2]} \right], x \right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\operatorname{LtQ}[a, 0] \mid \mid \operatorname{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 218

$$\operatorname{Int}[\left((a_*) + (b_*)(x)^2 \right)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}\left[\frac{\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]}{a} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{x/\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]}{\operatorname{Rt}[a/b, 2]} \right], x \right] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b]$$

- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 1083 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2c \cdot x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\}$
- rule 1103 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)/(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$
- rule 1142 $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x)/(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2c \cdot d - b \cdot e)/(2c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2c \cdot x)/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, x\}$
- rule 1406 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2 + (c_ \cdot x)^4)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[c/q \ \text{Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[c/q \ \text{Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c \cdot x^2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c]$
- rule 1407 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2 + (c_ \cdot x)^4)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Rt}[a/c, 2]\}, \text{With}\{r = \text{Rt}[2q - b/c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2c \cdot q \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(r - x)/(q - r \cdot x + x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2c \cdot q \cdot r) \ \text{Int}[(r + x)/(q + r \cdot x + x^2), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b^2 - 4a \cdot c]$
- rule 7289 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot v)^{n_})^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/(a \cdot n) \ \text{Sum}[\text{Int}[\text{Together}[1/(1 - v^2/((-1)^{(4 \cdot (k/n)) \cdot \text{Rt}[-a/b, n/2])])], x], \{k, 1, n/2\}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n/2, 1]$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6b^2c^2d^2Z^4+4b^3c^3dZ^2+bc^4+a)} \ln(x-R)}{8db \cdot d^3R^7+3cd^2R^5+3c^2dR^3+c^3R}$	100
risch	$\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(bd^4Z^8+4bcd^3Z^6+6b^2c^2d^2Z^4+4b^3c^3dZ^2+bc^4+a)} \ln(x-R)}{8db \cdot d^3R^7+3cd^2R^5+3c^2dR^3+c^3R}$	100

```
input int(1/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/8/d/b*sum(1/(_R^7*d^3+3*_R^5*c*d^2+3*_R^3*c^2*d+_R*c^3)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^8*b*d^4+4*_Z^6*b*c*d^3+6*_Z^4*b*c^2*d^2+4*_Z^2*b*c^3*d+b*c^4+a))
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Timed out
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x**2+c)**4),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx^2 + c)^4 b + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((d*x^2 + c)^4*b + a), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx^2 + c)^4 b + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((d*x^2 + c)^4*b + a), x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.26

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \sum_{k=1}^8 \ln \left(-\text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^4 z^8 + 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 - 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 + 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) b^7 d^{28} \left(x + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^4 z^8 + 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 - 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 + 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) a^8 - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^4 z^8 + 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 - 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 + 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) a^8 + \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^4 z^8 + 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 - 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 + 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) a^4 - \text{root}(16777216 a^6 b^2 c^4 d^4 z^8 + 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 - 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 + 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) a^6 + 16777216 a^7 b d^4 z^8 - 1048576 a^5 b c d^3 z^6 + 8192 a^3 b c^2 d^2 z^4 + 1, z, k) \right)$$

input `int(1/(a + b*(c + d*x^2)^4),x)`output `symsum(log(-8*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 - 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 + 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k))*b^7*d^28*(x + 8*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 - 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 + 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k))*a - 32768*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 - 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 + 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k)^5*a^4*b*c^2*d^2 + 4096*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 - 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 + 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k)^4*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*x - 262144*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 - 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 + 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k)^6*a^5*b*c*d^3*x))*root(16777216*a^6*b^2*c^4*d^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^7*b*d^4*z^8 - 1048576*a^5*b*c*d^3*z^6 + 8192*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 1, z, k), k, 1, 8)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b(c + dx^2)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{bd^4x^8 + 4bcd^3x^6 + 6b^2c^2d^2x^4 + 4b^3c^3dx^2 + b^4c^4 + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*c**4 + 4*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c*d**3*x**6 + b*d**4*x**8),x)`

$$3.162 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a+b(c+dx^2)^4)} dx$$

Optimal result	1514
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1515
Rubi [A] (verified)	1516
Maple [C] (verified)	1519
Fricas [F(-1)]	1519
Sympy [F(-1)]	1520
Maxima [F]	1520
Giac [F]	1520
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1521
Reduce [F]	1521

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 2262

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a+b(c+dx^2)^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

output

```
-1/4*(2*a^(1/4)-2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*c)/a^(3/4)/(a^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)
)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)/x-1/4*(2*a^(1/4)+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*c)/a^(3/4)/(a^(1/2)+2^(1
/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)/x+1/8*(2*a^(1/4)/b^(1/4)+2^(1/2)*c+(a^(
1/2)*2^(1/2)+4*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^2)/b^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)+2^(
1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*arctan(((2^(1/2)*a^(1/
4)-2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1
/2)-2*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)+2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a
^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/b^(1/8)/(a^(1/2)/b^(1/
2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c/b^(1/4)+c^2)/(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)+2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a^(1/2)+
2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/8*(2*a^(1/4)/b^(1/4)
+2^(1/2)*c+(a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+4*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+2^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*c^2)/b^(1/
4)/(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*d^(1/2)*arctan((
(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)-2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)
)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*b^(1/8)*d^(1/2)*x)/(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)+2*b^(1/4)*c+2*(a
^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))/a^(3/4)/b^(1/8)
/(a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*c/b^(1/4)+c^2)/(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)+2*b^(1/4)
)*c+2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/8*(2*
a^(1/4)/b^(1/4)+2^(1/2)*c-(a^(1/2)*2^(1/2)+4*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+2^(1/2)*b^(
1/2)*c^2)/b^(1/4)/(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*c+b^(1/2)*c^2)^(1/2))*d
^(1/2)*arctan(b^(1/8)*(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)+2*b^(1/4)*c-2*(a^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a...
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \frac{8 + x \text{RootSum}\left[a + bc^4 + 4bc^3d\#1^2 + 6bc^2d^2\#1^4 + 4bcd^3\#1^6 + bd^4\#1^8 \&, \frac{4c^3 \log(x - \#1) + 6c^2 d \log(x - \#1)}{c^3 \#1 + 3c^2} \right]}{8ax + 8bc^4x}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x^2)^4)),x]
```


output

```

-((8 + x*RootSum[a + b*c^4 + 4*b*c^3*d*#1^2 + 6*b*c^2*d^2*#1^4 + 4*b*c*d^3
*#1^6 + b*d^4*#1^8 & , (4*c^3*Log[x - #1] + 6*c^2*d*Log[x - #1]*#1^2 + 4*c
*d^2*Log[x - #1]*#1^4 + d^3*Log[x - #1]*#1^6)/(c^3*#1 + 3*c^2*d*#1^3 + 3*c
*d^2*#1^5 + d^3*#1^7) & ])/(8*a*x + 8*b*c^4*x))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 12.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3451, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7293$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x^2 (a + bc^4)} + \frac{bd(-4c^3 - 6c^2 dx^2 - 4cd^2 x^4 - d^3 x^6)}{(a + bc^4) \left(a \left(\frac{bc^4}{a} + 1 \right) + 4bc^3 dx^2 + 6bc^2 d^2 x^4 + 4bcd^3 x^6 + bd^4 x^8 \right)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a}}}\right) c^3}{4(-a)^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a}}(bc^4 + a)} - \\
& \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}}\right) c^3}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}(bc^4 + a)\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}} + \\
& \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}}\right) c^3}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}(bc^4 + a)\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}} + \\
& \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right) c^3}{4(-a)^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}(bc^4 + a)} - \\
& \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d} \log\left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}\right) c^3}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}(bc^4 + a)\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}} + \\
& \frac{b^{7/8}\sqrt{d} \log\left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}\right) c^3}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}(bc^4 + a)\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}} - \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a}}}\right) c^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{-a}}(bc^4 + a)} - \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}}\right) c^2}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}(bc^4 + a)} + \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}}\right) c^2}{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}(bc^4 + a)} + \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}}\right) c^2}{4\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{-a} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}(bc^4 + a)} + \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{d} \log\left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}\right) c^2}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}(bc^4 + a)} - \\
& \frac{b^{5/8}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{d} \log\left(\sqrt[4]{bdx^2} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[8]{b}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}} - \sqrt[4]{bc}}\sqrt{dx} + \sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}}\right) c^2}{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bc^2 + \sqrt{-a}}}(bc^4 + a)}
\end{aligned}$$

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.07

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(b d^4 Z^8 + 4 b c d^3 Z^6 + 6 b^2 c^2 d^2 Z^4 + 4 b^3 c^3 d Z^2 + b^4 c^4 + a)} \left(\frac{(-R^6 d^3 + 4 R^4 c d^2 + 6 R^2 c^2 d + 4 c^3) \ln(x - R)}{d^3 R^7 + 3 c d^2 R^5 + 3 c^2 d R^3 + c^3 R} \right)}{8(b c^4 + a)} - \frac{1}{(b c^4 + a)x}$
risch	$-\frac{1}{(b c^4 + a)x} + \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((a^6 b^3 c^{12} + 3 a^7 b^2 c^8 + 3 a^8 b c^4 + a^9) Z^8 + (-24 a^5 b^2 c^7 d + 40 a^6 b c^3 d) Z^6 + (2 a^3 b^2 c^6 d^2 + 42 a^4 b c^2 d^2) Z^4 + 12 a^5 b c^2 d^2) Z^2 + a^6} \right) \frac{1}{(b c^4 + a)x}$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8/(b*c^4+a)*sum((R^6*d^3+4*R^4*c*d^2+6*R^2*c^2*d+4*c^3)/(R^7*d^3+3*R^5*c*d^2+3*R^3*c^2*d+R*c^3)*ln(x-R),R=RootOf(Z^8*b*d^4+4*Z^6*b*c*d^3+6*Z^4*b*c^2*d^2+4*Z^2*b*c^3*d+b*c^4+a))-1/(b*c^4+a)/x`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*(d*x**2+c)**4),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{((dx^2 + c)^4 b + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b*d*integrate((d^3*x^6 + 4*c*d^2*x^4 + 6*c^2*d*x^2 + 4*c^3)/(b*d^4*x^8 + 4*b*c*d^3*x^6 + 6*b*c^2*d^2*x^4 + 4*b*c^3*d*x^2 + b*c^4 + a), x)/(b*c^4 + a) - 1/((b*c^4 + a)*x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \int \frac{1}{((dx^2 + c)^4 b + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x, algorithm="giac")`output `sage0*x`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*(c + d*x^2)^4)),x)`

output

```
symsum(log(root(50331648*a^7*b^2*c^8*z^8 + 16777216*a^6*b^3*c^12*z^8 + 50331648*a^8*b*c^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^9*z^8 - 6291456*a^5*b^2*c^7*d*z^6 + 10485760*a^6*b*c^3*d*z^6 + 172032*a^4*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^2*z^4 + 768*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*d^4, z, k)*(root(50331648*a^7*b^2*c^8*z^8 + 16777216*a^6*b^3*c^12*z^8 + 50331648*a^8*b*c^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^9*z^8 - 6291456*a^5*b^2*c^7*d*z^6 + 10485760*a^6*b*c^3*d*z^6 + 172032*a^4*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^2*z^4 + 768*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*d^4, z, k)*(256*a*b^2*0*c^47*d^33 - root(50331648*a^7*b^2*c^8*z^8 + 16777216*a^6*b^3*c^12*z^8 + 50331648*a^8*b*c^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^9*z^8 - 6291456*a^5*b^2*c^7*d*z^6 + 10485760*a^6*b*c^3*d*z^6 + 172032*a^4*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^2*z^4 + 768*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*d^4, z, k)*(x*(1024*a^13*b^9*c^3*d^33 + 11264*a^12*b^10*c^7*d^33 + 56320*a^11*b^11*c^11*d^33 + 168960*a^10*b^12*c^15*d^33 + 337920*a^9*b^13*c^19*d^33 + 473088*a^8*b^14*c^23*d^33 + 473088*a^7*b^15*c^27*d^33 + 337920*a^6*b^16*c^31*d^33 + 168960*a^5*b^17*c^35*d^33 + 56320*a^4*b^18*c^39*d^33 + 11264*a^3*b^19*c^43*d^33 + 1024*a^2*b^20*c^47*d^33) - root(50331648*a^7*b^2*c^8*z^8 + 16777216*a^6*b^3*c^12*z^8 + 50331648*a^8*b*c^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^9*z^8 - 6291456*a^5*b^2*c^7*d*z^6 + 10485760*a^6*b*c^3*d*z^6 + 172032*a^4*b*c^2*d^2*z^4 + 8192*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^2*z^4 + 768*a^2*b*c*d^3*z^2 + b*d^4, z, k)*(root(50331648*a^7*b^2*c^8*z^8 + 16777216*a^6*b^3*c^12*z^8 + 50331648*a^8*b*c^4*z^8 + 16777216*a^9*z^8 - 6291456*a^...
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b(c + dx^2)^4)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*(d*x^2+c)^4),x)`

output

```
( - int(x**6/(a**2 + 2*a*b*c**4 + 4*a*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4
+ 4*a*b*c*d**3*x**6 + a*b*d**4*x**8 + b**2*c**8 + 4*b**2*c**7*d*x**2 + 6*
b**2*c**6*d**2*x**4 + 4*b**2*c**5*d**3*x**6 + b**2*c**4*d**4*x**8),x)*a*b*
d**4*x - int(x**6/(a**2 + 2*a*b*c**4 + 4*a*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*a*b*c**2*d**2
*x**4 + 4*a*b*c*d**3*x**6 + a*b*d**4*x**8 + b**2*c**8 + 4*b**2*c**7*d*x**2
+ 6*b**2*c**6*d**2*x**4 + 4*b**2*c**5*d**3*x**6 + b**2*c**4*d**4*x**8),x)
*b**2*c**4*d**4*x - 4*int(x**4/(a**2 + 2*a*b*c**4 + 4*a*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*
a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*a*b*c*d**3*x**6 + a*b*d**4*x**8 + b**2*c**8 + 4*b**
2*c**7*d*x**2 + 6*b**2*c**6*d**2*x**4 + 4*b**2*c**5*d**3*x**6 + b**2*c**4*
d**4*x**8),x)*a*b*c*d**3*x - 4*int(x**4/(a**2 + 2*a*b*c**4 + 4*a*b*c**3*d*
x**2 + 6*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*a*b*c*d**3*x**6 + a*b*d**4*x**8 + b**2*c**
8 + 4*b**2*c**7*d*x**2 + 6*b**2*c**6*d**2*x**4 + 4*b**2*c**5*d**3*x**6 + b
**2*c**4*d**4*x**8),x)*b**2*c**5*d**3*x - 6*int(x**2/(a**2 + 2*a*b*c**4 +
4*a*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*a*b*c*d**3*x**6 + a*b*d**4*x*
*8 + b**2*c**8 + 4*b**2*c**7*d*x**2 + 6*b**2*c**6*d**2*x**4 + 4*b**2*c**5*
d**3*x**6 + b**2*c**4*d**4*x**8),x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x - 6*int(x**2/(a**2 + 2
*a*b*c**4 + 4*a*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*a*b*c*d**3*x**6 +
a*b*d**4*x**8 + b**2*c**8 + 4*b**2*c**7*d*x**2 + 6*b**2*c**6*d**2*x**4 +
4*b**2*c**5*d**3*x**6 + b**2*c**4*d**4*x**8),x)*b**2*c**6*d**2*x - 4*int(1
/(a**2 + 2*a*b*c**4 + 4*a*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*a*b*...
```

3.163 $\int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1523
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1524
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1524
Maple [A] (verified)	1528
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1528
Sympy [F]	1529
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1529
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1530
Mupad [F(-1)]	1531
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1531

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 181

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = -\frac{(b^2 + 4abc - 8a^2c^2)(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{16a^2d^3} + \frac{(b - 12ac)(c + dx^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{24ad^3} + \frac{(c + dx^2)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{6d^3} + \frac{b(b^2 + 4abc + 8a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{5/2}d^3}$$

output

```
-1/16*(-8*a^2*c^2+4*a*b*c+b^2)*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^3+1/24*(-12*a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a/d^3+1/6*(d*x^2+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d^3+1/16*b*(8*a^2*c^2+4*a*b*c+b^2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^3
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$\sqrt{a}(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}(-3b^2 + 2ab(-5c + dx^2) + 8a^2(c^2 - cdx^2 + d^2x^4)) + 3b(b^2 + 4abc + 8a^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c + dx^2)}{\sqrt{b+ac+adx^2}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}(-3b^2 + 2ab(-5c + dx^2) + 8a^2(c^2 - cdx^2 + d^2x^4)) + 3b(b^2 + 4abc + 8a^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c + dx^2)}{\sqrt{b+ac+adx^2}}\right)}{48a^{5/2}d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(-3*b^2 + 2*a*b*(-5*c + d*x^2) + 8*a^2*(c^2 - c*d*x^2 + d^2*x^4)) + 3*b*(b^2 + 4*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/(48*a^(5/2)*d^3)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 27, 366, 27, 360, 25, 298, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2057$$

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2053$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int x^4 \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} dx^2$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 2052 \\
 -bd \int \frac{x^4(-cx^4 + b + ac)^2}{d^4(a-x^4)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{b \int \frac{x^4(-cx^4 + b + ac)^2}{(a-x^4)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{d^3} \\
 \downarrow 366 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{b^2x^6}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3x^4(2ac^2x^4 + b^2 - 2(b+ac)^2)}{(a-x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{6a} \right)}{d^3} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{b^2x^6}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{x^4(2ac^2x^4 + b^2 - 2(b+ac)^2)}{(a-x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{2a} \right)}{d^3} \\
 \downarrow 360 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{b^2x^6}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{-\frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{b(b+4ac) - 8ac^2x^4}{(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} - \frac{b(4ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2}}{2a} \right)}{d^3} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{b^2x^6}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{b(b+4ac) - 8ac^2x^4}{(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} - \frac{b(4ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2}}{2a} \right)}{d^3} \\
 \downarrow 298 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{b^2x^6}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2) \int \frac{1}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} + \frac{(-8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2a(a-x^4)} \right) - \frac{b(4ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2}}{2a} \right)}{d^3}
 \end{array}$$

219

$$b \frac{\frac{b^2 x^6}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(-8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2a(a-x^4)} + \frac{(8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a}}{d^3} - \frac{b(4ac+b) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2}$$

```
input Int[x^5*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]
```

```
output -((b*((b^2*x^6)/(6*a*(a - x^4)^3) - (-1/4*(b*(b + 4*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(a - x^4)^2 + ((b^2 + 4*a*b*c - 8*a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(2*a*(a - x^4)) + ((b^2 + 4*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)))/4)/(2*a)))/d^3)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 219 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 298 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[1/2 + p, 0])$

rule 360 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot b^{m/2 + 1} \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot b^{m/2 + 1} \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1) \cdot x^2 \cdot \text{Together}[(b^{m/2} \cdot x^{m-2} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2) - (-a)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) / (a + b \cdot x^2)] - (-a)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d), x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m/2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0])$

rule 366 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)^2) \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot e \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)^2 \cdot (m+1) + 2 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot (p+1) + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot d^2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot (((e_ \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_})) / ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{p_})) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[q \cdot e \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{q \cdot (p+1) - 1} \cdot (((-a) \cdot e + c \cdot x^q)^m / (b \cdot e - d \cdot x^q)^{m+2}), x], x, (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x) / (c + d \cdot x)))^{1/q}], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 2053 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot (((e_ \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{n_})) / ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{n_})) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1) \cdot (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x) / (c + d \cdot x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{n_})) / ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{n_})) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot ((b + a \cdot c + a \cdot d \cdot x^n) / (c + d \cdot x^n))^p, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x\}$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8a^2d^2x^4 - 8a^2cdx^2 + 2abd^2x^2 + 8a^2c^2 - 10abc - 3b^2)(dx^2 + c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{48d^3a^2} + \frac{b(8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2) \ln\left(\frac{acd + \frac{1}{2}bd + ad^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ac^2 + b^2}\right)}{32d^2a^2}$
default	$\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}(dx^2 + c) \left(-48\sqrt{ad^2} \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2ad^2x^2c + bd^2x^2 + ac^2 + bc} a^2cdx^2 + 24 \ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2 + 2acd + 2\sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2ad^2x^2c + bd^2x^2 + ac^2}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right) \right)$

input `int(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{48d^3} (8a^2d^2x^4 - 8a^2cdx^2 + 2abd^2x^2 + 8a^2c^2 - 10abc - 3b^2) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}} + \frac{1}{32d^2} b(8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2) \ln\left(\frac{acd + \frac{1}{2}bd + ad^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ac^2 + b^2}\right)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 423, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^2bc^2 + 4ab^2c + b^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c + ab)dx^2 + 8abc + b^2 + 4(2ad^2x^4 + (4ac^2 + b^2)dx^2 + c^2)\right)}{96a^3d^3} - 2(8a^3d^3x^6 + 2a^2bd^2x^4 + 8a^3c^2x^2 + 8a^2cd^2x^2 + 8a^2c^2x^2 + 8a^2cd^2x^2 + 8a^2cd^2x^2) \sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{(2adx^2 + 2ac + b)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2(a^2dx^2 + a^2c + ab)}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/192*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 4*a*b^2*c + b^3)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 4*(8*a^3*d^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^3*c^3 - 10*a^2*b*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c - (8*a^2*b*c + 3*a*b^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^3*d^3), -1/96*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 4*a*b^2*c + b^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b) - 2*(8*a^3*d^3*x^6 + 2*a^2*b*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^3*c^3 - 10*a^2*b*c^2 - 3*a*b^2*c - (8*a^2*b*c + 3*a*b^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^3*d^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int x^5 \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \frac{3(8a^2bc^2 - 4ab^2c - b^3) \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 8(6a^3bc^2 - ab^3) \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3(8a^4bc^2 + 4a^3b^2c + a^2b^3) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{48 \left(a^5d^3 - \frac{3(adx^2+ac+b)a^4d^3}{dx^2+c} + \frac{3(adx^2+ac+b)^2a^3d^3}{(dx^2+c)^2} - \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)^3a^2d^3}{(dx^2+c)^3}\right)} - \frac{(8a^2c^2 + 4abc + b^2)b \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}\right)}{32a^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/48*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c - b^3)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) \\ & ^{(5/2)} - 8*(6*a^3*b*c^2 - a*b^3)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^{(3/2)} + \\ & 3*(8*a^4*b*c^2 + 4*a^3*b^2*c + a^2*b^3)*\text{sqrt}((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + \\ & c)))/(a^5*d^3 - 3*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*a^4*d^3/(d*x^2 + c) + 3*(a*d*x^2 + \\ & a*c + b)^2*a^3*d^3/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^3*a^2*d^3/(d*x^2 + \\ & c)^3) - 1/32*(8*a^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c + b^2)*b*\log(-(\text{sqrt}(a) - \text{sqrt}((a*d*x^2 + \\ & a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(\text{sqrt}(a) + \text{sqrt}((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))) \\ & / (a^{(5/2)}*d^3) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx \\ & = \frac{1}{96} \left(2 \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \left(2x^2 \left(\frac{4x^2}{d} - \frac{4a^2cd^3 - abd^3}{a^2d^5} \right) + \frac{8a^2c^2d^2 - 10abcd^2 - 3b^2}{a^2d^5} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + c \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/96*(2*\text{sqrt}(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*(2*x^2*(4*x^ \\ & 2/d - (4*a^2*c*d^3 - a*b*d^3)/(a^2*d^5)) + (8*a^2*c^2*d^2 - 10*a*b*c*d^2 - \\ & 3*b^2*d^2)/(a^2*d^5)) - 3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 4*a*b^2*c + b^3)*\log(\text{abs}(2*a*c*d \\ & + 2*(\text{sqrt}(a*d^2)*x^2 - \text{sqrt}(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b \\ & *c))*\text{sqrt}(a)*\text{abs}(d) + b*d))/(a^{(5/2)}*d^2*\text{abs}(d)))*\text{sgn}(d*x^2 + c) \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} a^3 c^2 - 8\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} a^3 cd x^2 + 8\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} a^3}{1}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**2 - 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c*d*x**2 + 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*d**2*x**4 - 10*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c + 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2 + 24*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**2*b*c**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b**2*c + 3*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**3)/(48*a**3*d**3)`

3.164 $\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1532
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1532
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1533
Maple [A] (verified)	1536
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1536
Sympy [F]	1537
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1537
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1538
Mupad [F(-1)]	1538
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1539

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \frac{(b - 4ac)(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{8ad^2} + \frac{(c + dx^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{4d^2} - \frac{b(b + 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d^2}$$

output

```
1/8*(-4*a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a/d^2+1/4*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d^2-1/8*b*(4*a*c+b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \frac{(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} (b - 2ac + 2adx^2)}{8ad^2} - \frac{b(b + 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{3/2}d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output
$$\frac{((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(b - 2*a*c + 2*a*d*x^2) - (b*(b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]]/Sqrt[a])}{(8*a*d^2) - (b*(b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]]/Sqrt[a])}{(8*a^{(3/2)*d^2})}$$

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 360, 298, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int x^2 \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\ & -bd \int -\frac{x^4(-cx^4 + b + ac)}{d^3(a - x^4)^3} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & bd \int \frac{x^4(-cx^4 + b + ac)}{d^3(a - x^4)^3} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{b \int \frac{x^4(-cx^4 + b + ac)}{(a - x^4)^3} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{d^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 360 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{b \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{b-4cx^4}{(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \right)}{d^2} \\
 \downarrow 298 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{(4ac+b) \int \frac{1}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2a} - \frac{(b-4ac) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2a(a-x^4)} \right) + \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{(4ac+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{2a^{3/2}} - \frac{(b-4ac) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2a(a-x^4)} \right) + \frac{b \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `(b*((b*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(4*(a - x^4)^2) + (-1/2*((b - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(a*(a - x^4)) - ((b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)))/4)/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 298 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[1/2 + p, 0])$

rule 360 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot b^{m/2 + 1} \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot b^{m/2 + 1} \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1) \cdot x^2 \cdot \text{Together}[(b^{m/2} \cdot x^{m-2} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2) - (-a)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) / (a + b \cdot x^2)] - (-a)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d), x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m/2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0])$

rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot (((e_) \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_))) / ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)))^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[q \cdot e \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{q \cdot (p+1) - 1} \cdot (((-a) \cdot e + c \cdot x^q)^m / (b \cdot e - d \cdot x^q)^{m+2}), x], x, (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x) / (c + d \cdot x)))^{1/q}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 2053 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot (((e_) \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_})) / ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)} \cdot (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x) / (c + d \cdot x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_) \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot) / ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot ((b + a \cdot c + a \cdot d \cdot x^n) / (c + d \cdot x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2ad^2x^2+2ac-b)(dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8d^2a} - \frac{b(4ac+b)\ln\left(\frac{acd+\frac{1}{2}bd+a^2d^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}}+\sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+a^2d^2x^4}\right)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{16da\sqrt{ad^2}(adx^2+ac+b)}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)\left(-4\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+a^2c^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}adx^2+4\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+a^2c^2+bc}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)\right)}{8d^2a}$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/8/d^2*(-2*a*d*x^2+2*a*c-b)*(d*x^2+c)/a*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2) - 1/16*b/d*(4*a*c+b)/a*\ln((a*c*d+1/2*b*d+a*d^2*x^2)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(4abc + b^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c + ab)dx^2 + 8abc + b^2 - 4(2ad^2x^4 + (4ac + b)dx^2 + 2a^2c^2)\right)}{32a^2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*((4*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c
+ a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 - 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^
2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 4*(2*a^2*d^2*x^4
+ a*b*d*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(
a^2*d^2), 1/16*((4*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b
)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b
) + 2*(2*a^2*d^2*x^4 + a*b*d*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c
+ b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 218 vs. 2(103) = 206.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = -\frac{(4abc - b^2) \left(\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - (4a^2bc + ab^2) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{8 \left(a^3d^2 - \frac{2(adx^2 + ac + b)a^2d^2}{dx^2 + c} + \frac{(adx^2 + ac + b)^2ad^2}{(dx^2 + c)^2} \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{(4ac + b)b \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}} \right)}{16a^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/8*((4*a*b*c - b^2)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) - (4*a^2*b*c
+ a*b^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^3*d^2 - 2*(a*d*x^2 + a
*c + b)*a^2*d^2/(d*x^2 + c) + (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2*a*d^2/(d*x^2 + c)^2) +
1/16*(4*a*c + b)*b*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))
/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))/(a^(3/2)*d^2)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \left(2 \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \left(\frac{2x^2}{d} - \frac{2acd - bd}{ad^3} \right) + \frac{(4abc + b^2) \log \left(\left| 2acd + 2 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \right) \right. \right.}{+ c) \right.$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/16*(2*sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*(2*x^2/d - (
2*a*c*d - b*d)/(a*d^3)) + (4*a*b*c + b^2)*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)
*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(
d) + b*d))/(a^(3/2)*d*abs(d))*sgn(d*x^2 + c)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2c + 2\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2dx^2 + \sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}ab -}{8a^2}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c + 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*d*x**2 + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b + 4*sqrt(a)*log(- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b*c + sqrt(a)*log(- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**2)/(8*a**2*d**2)`

3.165 $\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1540
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1540
Rubi [A] (verified)	1541
Maple [B] (verified)	1543
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1543
Sympy [F]	1544
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1544
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1545
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1545
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1546

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx = \frac{(c+dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{2d} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad}}$$

output

```
1/2*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d+1/2*b*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/
a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx = \frac{(c+dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx^2)}{c+dx^2}}}{2d} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx^2)}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x^2))/(c + d*x^2])/(2*d) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqr
t[(b + a*(c + d*x^2))/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2024, 773, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2024} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} d(dx^2 + c)}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & - \frac{\int (dx^2 + c)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} d \frac{1}{dx^2 + c}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{dx^2 + c}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}}} d \frac{1}{dx^2 + c} - (c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{1}{b(dx^2 + c)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} - (c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & - \frac{(c + dx^2) \left(-\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} \right) - \frac{\text{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `-1/2*(-((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]) - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]]/Sqrt[a]))/Sqrt[a]/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2024 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && PolyQ[Qr, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{(dx^2+c)a+b}{dx^2+c}} (dx^2+c) \left(b \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a(dx^2+c)^2+b(dx^2+c)} \sqrt{a+2(dx^2+c)a+b}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) + 2\sqrt{a(dx^2+c)^2+b(dx^2+c)} \sqrt{a} \right)}{4d\sqrt{(dx^2+c)((dx^2+c)a+b)} \sqrt{a}}$
risch	$\frac{(dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2d} + \frac{b \ln \left(\frac{acd+\frac{1}{2}bd+a d^2x^2}{\sqrt{a d^2}} + \sqrt{a c^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+a d^2x^4} \right) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}}{4\sqrt{a d^2} (ad x^2+ac+b)}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} (dx^2+c) \left(b \ln \left(\frac{2a d^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{a d^2x^4+2ad x^2c+bd x^2+a c^2+bc} \sqrt{a d^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{a d^2}} \right) + 2\sqrt{a d^2x^4+2ad x^2c+bd x^2+a c^2+bc} \sqrt{a} \right)}{4\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(ad x^2+ac+b)} \sqrt{a d^2} d}$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1/4/d*((dx^2+c)a+b)/(dx^2+c))^{1/2}*(dx^2+c)*(b*\ln(1/2*(2*(a*(dx^2+c)^2+b*(dx^2+c))^{1/2}*a^{1/2}+2*(dx^2+c)*a+b)/a^{1/2}))+2*(a*(dx^2+c)^2+b*(dx^2+c))^{1/2}*a^{1/2}}{(dx^2+c)*((dx^2+c)*a+b))^{1/2}/a^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.87

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{ab} \log \left(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c + ab)dx^2 + 8abc + b^2 + 4(2ad^2x^4 + (4ac + b)dx^2 + 2ac^2 + bc) \right)}{8ad} - \frac{\sqrt{-ab} \arctan \left(\frac{(2adx^2+2ac+b)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2(a^2dx^2+a^2c+ab)} \right) - 2(adx^2 + ac)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{4ad} \right]$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(sqrt(a)*b*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 4*(a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a*d), -1/4*(sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b)) - 2*(a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a*d)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int x \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = -\frac{b \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2 \left(ad - \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)d}{dx^2+c} \right)} - \frac{b \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} \right)}{4 \sqrt{ad}}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/2*b*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/(a*d - (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*d/
(d*x^2 + c)) - 1/4*b*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))
)/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))/(sqrt(a)*d)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 123 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{b \log \left(\left| 2acd + 2 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \right) \sqrt{a}|d| + bd \right| \right)}{\sqrt{a}|d|} - \frac{2\sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}}{2\sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}} \right) + c)$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/4*(b*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^
2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d))/(sqrt(a)*abs(d)) - 2*sq
rt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)/d)*sgn(d*x^2 + c)
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b(dx^2+c)+a(dx^2+c)^2}{(dx^2+c)^2}} (dx^2 + c) \left(\frac{b \ln \left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + a(dx^2+c) + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{b(dx^2+c)+a(dx^2+c)^2}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{b(dx^2+c)+a(dx^2+c)^2}} + 2 \right)}{4d}$$

input

```
int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
((b*(c + d*x^2) + a*(c + d*x^2)^2)/(c + d*x^2)^2)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^2)*((b*log((b/2 + a*(c + d*x^2) + a^(1/2)*(b*(c + d*x^2) + a*(c + d*x^2)^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)))/(a^(1/2)*(b*(c + d*x^2) + a*(c + d*x^2)^2)^(1/2)) + 2))/(4*d)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} a + \sqrt{a} \log(-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} - \sqrt{dx^2 + c} a) b}{2ad}$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a + sqrt(a)*log(- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b)/(2*a*d)
```

3.166 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1547
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1547
Rubi [A] (verified)	1548
Maple [B] (verified)	1550
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1551
Sympy [F]	1552
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1552
Giac [F(-2)]	1553
Mupad [F(-1)]	1553
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1553

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx = \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{b+ac} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}}$$

output `a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))-((a*c+b)^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(1/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-b-ac} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}} \right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x,x]`

output

```

-((Sqrt[-b - a*c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/S
qrt[-b - a*c]]/Sqrt[c]) + Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d
*x^2)])/Sqrt[a]]

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 383, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{x^2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
 & -bd \int -\frac{x^4}{d(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & bd \int \frac{x^4}{d(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & b \int \frac{x^4}{(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{383}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left(\frac{a \int \frac{1}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{b} - \frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& b \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{b} - \frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& b \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{ac+b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{b\sqrt{c}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x,x]`

output `b*((Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/b - (Sqrt[b + a*c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(b*Sqrt[c]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 383 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)*(e^2/(b*c - a*d)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + Simp[c*(e^2/(b*c - a*d)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LeQ[2, m, 3]`

rule 2052 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*(p + 1) - 1)*(((a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)), x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 234 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+ac+b}{d^2x^2+c}} (dx^2+c) \left(\ln \left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+a^2c^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) acd - \sqrt{ac^2+bc} \ln \left(\frac{2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+2a^2c^2+2\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(ad^2x^2+ac+b)}} \right) c\sqrt{ad^2}}{2\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(ad^2x^2+ac+b)}} \right)$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c} \right)^{1/2} (d x^2 + c) \left(\ln \left(\frac{1}{2} (2 a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d + 2 (a d^2 x^4 + 2 a c d x^2 + b d x^2 + a c^2 + b c))^{1/2} (a d^2)^{1/2} + b d \right) / (a d^2)^{1/2} \right) a c d - (a c^2 + b c)^{1/2} \ln \left(\frac{2 a d x^2 c + b d x^2 + 2 a c^2 + 2 (a c^2 + b c)^{1/2} (a d^2 x^4 + 2 a c d x^2 + b d x^2 + a c^2 + b c)^{1/2} + 2 b c}{x^2} \right) (a d^2)^{1/2} / \left((d x^2 + c) (a d x^2 + a c + b) \right)^{1/2} / c / (a d^2)^{1/2}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 177 vs. $2(64) = 128$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 927, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 1/4*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^4 + 2*b*c^3 + (4*a*c^3 + 3*b*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))/x^4), -1/2*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b)) + 1/4*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^4 + 2*b*c^3 + (4*a*c^3 + 3*b*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))/x^4), 1/2*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c))/(a^2*c^2 + (a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)) + 1/4*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))), -1/2*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b)) + 1/2*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))/x, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 159 vs. $2(64) = 128$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx = \frac{(ac + b) \log \left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{(ac+b)c}} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{a} \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(a*c + b)*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/sqrt((a*c + b)*c) - 1/2*sqrt(a)*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b} \log(\sqrt{ac + b} \sqrt{ad x^2 + ac + bc} - \sqrt{c} \sqrt{dx^2 + c} ac - \sqrt{c} \sqrt{dx^2 + c} cb) - \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b} \log(x) +}{c}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt
(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b) - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c
+ b)*log(x) + sqrt(a)*log( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d
*x**2)*a)*c)/c
```

3.167 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1555
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1555
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1556
Maple [B] (verified)	1558
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1558
Sympy [F]	1560
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1560
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1561
Mupad [F(-1)]	1561
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1562

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{2cx^2} + \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{b+ac}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c/x^2+1/2*b*d*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{2cx^2} - \frac{bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{2c^{3/2} \sqrt{-b-ac}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^3,x]
```


output

```
-1/2*((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(c*x^2) - (b*d*Ar
cTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2))]/Sqrt[-b - a*c]]/(2*c
^(3/2)*Sqrt[-b - a*c])
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 252, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{x^4} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
 & -bd \int \frac{x^4}{(-cx^4 + b + ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & -bd \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2c(ac + b - cx^4)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-bd \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2c(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^3,x]`

output `-(b*d*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(2*c*(b + a*c - c*x^4)) - ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]]/(2*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c]))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 252 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^2*((m - 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 2052 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*(p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x))^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2cx^2} + \frac{db \ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+ad^2x^4}}{x^2}\right)}{4c\sqrt{ac^2+bc}(adx^2+ac+b)} \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} \sqrt{(dx^2+c)}$
default	$-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c) \left(-2ad^2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}x^4\sqrt{ac^2+bc} - \ln\left(\frac{2adx^2c+bdx^2+2ac^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}}{x^2}\right)\right)$

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2/c*(d*x^2+c)/x^2*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/4/c*d*b/(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/x^2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.92

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd}x^2 \log\left(\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 8abc + b^2)d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^4 + 16abc^3 + 8b^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c^3 + 3abc^2 + b^2c)dx^2 + 4((2ac+b)d^2x^4 + 2ac^3 + (4ac^2 + 3b^2c)d^2x^2 + 2b^2c^2)}{x^4}\right)}{8(ac^3 + bc^2)x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bcd}x^2 \arctan\left(\frac{((2ac+b)dx^2 + 2ac^2 + 2bc)\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2(a^2c^3 + 2abc^2 + (a^2c^2 + abc)dx^2 + b^2c)}\right) + 2(ac^3 + (ac^2 + bc)dx^2 + bc^2)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{4(ac^3 + bc^2)x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*b*d*x^2*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 + 4*((2*a*c + b)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^3 + (4*a*c^2 + 3*b*c)*d*x^2 + 2*b*c^2))*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/x^4 - 4*(a*c^3 + (a*c^2 + b*c)*d*x^2 + b*c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a*c^3 + b*c^2)*x^2), -1/4*(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*b*d*x^2*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*d*x^2 + b^2*c)) + 2*(a*c^3 + (a*c^2 + b*c)*d*x^2 + b*c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a*c^3 + b*c^2)*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))/x**3, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. $2(72) = 144$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bd\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2\left(ac^2 + bc - \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)c^2}{dx^2+c}\right)} - \frac{bd \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{(ac+b)cc}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*b*d*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/(a*c^2 + b*c - (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*c^2/(d*x^2 + c)) - 1/4*b*d*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/(sqrt((a*c + b)*c)*c)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 281 vs. $2(72) = 144$.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx =$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{bd \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}} + \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2|d| + 2\left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}\right)}{\left(ac^2 - \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}\right) + c\right)} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2*(b*d*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*c + (2*a^(3/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a*c*d + 2*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*b*d)/((a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2 + b*c)*c))*sgn(d*x^2 + c)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x^3, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} ac^2 - \sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} bc + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b} \log(\sqrt{ac + b} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b})}{2c^2 x^2 (ac + b)}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `(- sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c**2 - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b*d*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*b*d*x**2)/(2*c**2*x**2*(a*c + b))`

3.168 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1563
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1564
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1564
Maple [A] (verified)	1567
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1568
Sympy [F]	1568
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1569
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1569
Mupad [F(-1)]	1570
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1571

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \frac{(5b + 4ac)d(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{8c^2(b + ac)x^2} - \frac{(c + dx^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2x^4} - \frac{b(3b + 4ac)d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}(b + ac)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/8*(4*a*c+5*b)*d*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^2/(a*c+b)/x^2-1/4*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^2/x^4-1/8*b*(4*a*c+3*b)*d^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(a*c+b)^(3/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{(c+dx^2)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}(b(2c-3dx^2)+2ac(c-dx^2))}{8c^2(b+ac)x^4} - \frac{b(3b+4ac)d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{8c^{5/2}(-b-ac)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^5,x]`

output `-1/8*((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(b*(2*c - 3*d*x^2) + 2*a*c*(c - d*x^2)))/(c^2*(b + a*c)*x^4) - (b*(3*b + 4*a*c)*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[-b - a*c])]/(8*c^(5/2)*(-b - a*c)^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 360, 25, 298, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{x^6} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
 & -bd \int -\frac{dx^4(a-x^4)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & bd \int \frac{dx^4(a-x^4)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & bd^2 \int \frac{x^4(a-x^4)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{360} \\
 & bd^2 \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{4cx^4+b}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{4c^2} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & bd^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{4cx^4+b}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{4c^2} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
 & bd^2 \left(\frac{(4ac+5b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{(4ac+3b) \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & bd^2 \left(\frac{(4ac+5b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{(4ac+3b)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(ac+b)^{3/2}} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^5,x]`

output `b*d^2*(-1/4*(b*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(c^2*(b + a*c - c*x^4)^2) + (((5*b + 4*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(2*(b + a*c)*(b + a*c - c*x^4)) - ((3*b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(2*Sqrt[c]*(b + a*c)^(3/2)))/(4*c^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 298 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])`

rule 360 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)]/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])`

```
rule 2052 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*(p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 2053 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))^p, x], x, x^n], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2057 Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Int[u*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(dx^2+c)(-2adx^2c-3bdx^2+2ac^2+2bc)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8c^2x^4(ac+b)} - \frac{d^2b(4ac+3b)\ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2}}{x^2}\right)}{16c^2(ac+b)\sqrt{ac^2+bc}(ad^2x^2+ac+b)}$
default	$-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)\left(12a^2d^3\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}x^6c(ac^2+bc)^{\frac{3}{2}}+4\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+2ac^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+ac+b}}{x^2}\right)\right)$

```
input int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8*(d*x^2+c)*(-2*a*c*d*x^2-3*b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*b*c)/c^2/x^4/(a*c+b)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/16*d^2*b*(4*a*c+3*b)/c^2/(a*c+b)/(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/x^2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 577, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.85

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{(4abc + 3b^2)\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^2}x^4 \log\left(\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 8abc + b^2)d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^4 + 16abc^3 + 8b^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c^3 + 3abc^2 + b^2c)dx^2 - 4((2ac+b)d^2x^2 - 4ac^2 - b^2)}{x^4}\right)}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/32*((4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^4*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a*c + b)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^3 + (4*a*c^2 + 3*b*c)*d*x^2 + 2*b*c^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/x^4) - 4*(2*a^2*c^5 - (2*a^2*c^3 + 5*a*b*c^2 + 3*b^2*c)*d^2*x^4 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 - (a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^3)*x^4), 1/16*((4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^2*x^4*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*d*x^2 + b^2*c)) - 2*(2*a^2*c^5 - (2*a^2*c^3 + 5*a*b*c^2 + 3*b^2*c)*d^2*x^4 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 - (a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^3)*x^4)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))/x**5, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 322 vs. 2(130) = 260.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \frac{(4abc + 3b^2)d^2 \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}\right)}{16(ac^3 + bc^2)\sqrt{(ac+b)c}} - \frac{(4abc^2 + 5b^2c)d^2\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - (4a^2bc^2 + 7ab^2c + 3b^3)d^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8\left(a^3c^5 + 3a^2bc^4 + 3ab^2c^3 + b^3c^2 + \frac{(ac^5+bc^4)(adx^2+ac+b)^2}{(dx^2+c)^2} - \frac{2(a^2c^5+2abc^4+b^2c^3)(adx^2+ac+b)}{dx^2+c}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/16*(4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*d^2*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/((a*c^3 + b*c^2)*sqrt((a*c + b)*c)) - 1/8*((4*a*b*c^2 + 5*b^2*c)*d^2*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) - (4*a^2*b*c^2 + 7*a*b^2*c + 3*b^3)*d^2*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^3*c^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^2 + (a*c^5 + b*c^4)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - 2*(a^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^3)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 713 vs. 2(130) = 260.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 713, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.75

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{(4abcd^2 + 3b^2d^2) \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}}\right)}{(ac^3 + bc^2)\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}} + \frac{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}c^5d|d| + 16\left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^2} + c\right)}{\dots} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*((4*a*b*c*d^2 + 3*b^2*d^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c))/((a*c^3 + b*c^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)) + (8*a^(7/2)*c^5*d*abs(d) + 16*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^3*c^4*d^2 + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*a^(5/2)*c^3*d*abs(d) + 24*a^(5/2)*b*c^4*d*abs(d) + 36*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d*abs(d) + 24*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^3*d*abs(d) - 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*a*b*c*d^2 + 25*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 8*sqrt(a)*b^3*c^2*d*abs(d) - 3*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*b^2*d^2 + 5*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*b^3*c*d^2)/((a*c^3 + b*c^2)*(a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2 + b*c)^2))*sgn(d*x^2 + c)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x^5, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2c^4 + 2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2c^3dx^2 - 4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}}{\dots}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output `(- 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**4 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**3*d*x**2 - 4*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b*c**3 + 5*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b*c**2*d*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**2*c**2 + 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*b*c*d**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b**2*d**2*x**4 - 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a*b*c*d**2*x**4 - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*b**2*d**2*x**4)/(8*c**3*x**4*(a**2*c**2 + 2*a*b*c + b**2))`

3.169 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1572
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1573
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1573
Maple [A] (verified)	1577
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1577
Sympy [F]	1578
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1579
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1579
Mupad [F(-1)]	1580
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1581

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 226

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{(11b^2 + 20abc + 8a^2c^2) d^2 (c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{16c^3(b + ac)^2x^2} + \frac{(13b + 12ac)d(c + dx^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{24c^3(b + ac)x^4} - \frac{(c + dx^2)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{6c^3x^6} + \frac{b(5b^2 + 12abc + 8a^2c^2) d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{16c^{7/2}(b + ac)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/16*(8*a^2*c^2+20*a*b*c+11*b^2)*d^2*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^3/(
(a*c+b)^2/x^2+1/24*(12*a*c+13*b)*d*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^3/(
a*c+b)/x^4-1/6*(d*x^2+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^3/x^6+1/16*b*(8*a^2*c^2
+12*a*b*c+5*b^2)*d^3*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/
c^(7/2)/(a*c+b)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx =$$

$$\frac{(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} (8a^2c^2(c^2 - cdx^2 + d^2x^4) + 2abc(8c^2 - 9cdx^2 + 13d^2x^4) + b^2(8c^2 - 10cdx^2 + 15d^2x^4))}{48c^3(b + ac)^2x^6}$$

$$- \frac{b(5b^2 + 12abc + 8a^2c^2) d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{16c^{7/2}(-b - ac)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^7,x]`output `-1/48*((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(8*a^2*c^2*(c^2 - c*d*x^2 + d^2*x^4) + 2*a*b*c*(8*c^2 - 9*c*d*x^2 + 13*d^2*x^4) + b^2*(8*c^2 - 10*c*d*x^2 + 15*d^2*x^4)))/(c^3*(b + a*c)^2*x^6) - (b*(5*b^2 + 12*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*d^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(16*c^(7/2)*(-b - a*c)^(5/2))`**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 27, 366, 27, 360, 27, 298, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2057}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2053 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{x^8} dx^2 \\
& \downarrow 2052 \\
& -bd \int \frac{d^2x^4(a-x^4)^2}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -bd^3 \int \frac{x^4(a-x^4)^2}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \downarrow 366 \\
& -bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2x^6}{6c^2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{3x^4(2c(b+ac)x^4+b^2-2a^2c^2)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{6c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2x^6}{6c^2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{x^4(2c(b+ac)x^4+b^2-2a^2c^2)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 360 \\
& -bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2x^6}{6c^2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{b(4ac+3b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c(ac+b-cx^4)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{c(8c(b+ac)x^4+b(3b+4ac))}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{4c^2}}{2c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& -bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2x^6}{6c^2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{b(4ac+3b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c(ac+b-cx^4)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{8c(b+ac)x^4+b(3b+4ac)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{4c}}{2c^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
& \downarrow 298
\end{aligned}$$

$$-bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2 x^6}{6c^2(ac+b)(ac+bx^4)^3} - \frac{b(4ac+3b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c(ac+bx^4)^2} - \frac{(8a^2c^2+20abc+11b^2)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)(ac+bx^4)} - \frac{(8a^2c^2+12abc+5b^2) \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac}}{2(ac+b)} \right) \frac{1}{2c^2(ac+b)}$$

↓ 221

$$-bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2 x^6}{6c^2(ac+b)(ac+bx^4)^3} - \frac{b(4ac+3b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c(ac+bx^4)^2} - \frac{(8a^2c^2+20abc+11b^2)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)(ac+bx^4)} - \frac{(8a^2c^2+12abc+5b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{c}(ac+b)^{3/2}}\right)}{4c} \right) \frac{1}{2c^2(ac+b)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^7,x]`

output `-(b*d^3*((b^2*x^6)/(6*c^2*(b + a*c)*(b + a*c - c*x^4)^3) - ((b*(3*b + 4*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(4*c*(b + a*c - c*x^4)^2) - (((1*b^2 + 20*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(2*(b + a*c)*(b + a*c - c*x^4)) - ((5*b^2 + 12*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[b + a*c])]/(2*Sqrt[c]*(b + a*c)^(3/2)))/(4*c))/(2*c^2*(b + a*c))))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 298 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[1/2 + p, 0])$

rule 360 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot b^{m/2 + 1} \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot b^{m/2 + 1} \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1) \cdot x^2 \cdot \text{Together}[(b^{m/2} \cdot x^{m-2} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2) - (-a)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) / (a + b \cdot x^2)] - (-a)^{m/2 - 1} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d), x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m/2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0])$

rule 366 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot x_)^{m_} \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{p_}) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)^2) \cdot (e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot e \cdot (p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^{m+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)^2 \cdot (m+1) + 2 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot (p+1) + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot d^2 \cdot (p+1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot (((e_ \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{p_})) / ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{p_})) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[q \cdot e \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{q \cdot (p+1) - 1} \cdot (((-a) \cdot e + c \cdot x^q)^m / (b \cdot e - d \cdot x^q)^{m+2}), x], x, (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x) / (c + d \cdot x)))^{1/q}], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 2053 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot (((e_ \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{n_})) / ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{n_})) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1) \cdot (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x) / (c + d \cdot x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot x^2)^{n_})) / ((c_ + (d_ \cdot x^2)^{n_})) \cdot x_{\text{Symbol}})] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot ((b + a \cdot c + a \cdot d \cdot x^n) / (c + d \cdot x^n))^p, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/192*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^3*x^6*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 + 4*((2*a*c + b)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^3 + (4*a*c^2 + 3*b*c)*d*x^2 + 2*b*c^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/x^4) - 4*(8*a^3*c^7 + (8*a^3*c^4 + 34*a^2*b*c^3 + 41*a*b^2*c^2 + 15*b^3*c)*d^3*x^6 + 24*a^2*b*c^6 + 24*a*b^2*c^5 + 8*b^3*c^4 + (8*a^2*b*c^4 + 13*a*b^2*c^3 + 5*b^3*c^2)*d^2*x^4 - 2*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^3*c^7 + 3*a^2*b*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^5 + b^3*c^4)*x^6), -1/96*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^3*x^6*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*d*x^2 + b^2*c)) + 2*(8*a^3*c^7 + (8*a^3*c^4 + 34*a^2*b*c^3 + 41*a*b^2*c^2 + 15*b^3*c)*d^3*x^6 + 24*a^2*b*c^6 + 24*a*b^2*c^5 + 8*b^3*c^4 + (8*a^2*b*c^4 + 13*a*b^2*c^3 + 5*b^3*c^2)*d^2*x^4 - 2*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^3*c^7 + 3*a^2*b*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^5 + b^3*c^4)*x^6)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2)/x**7,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))/x**7, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 557 vs. $2(202) = 404$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{(8a^2bc^2 + 12ab^2c + 5b^3)d^3 \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}\right)}{32(a^2c^5 + 2abc^4 + b^2c^3)\sqrt{(ac+b)c}}$$

$$-\frac{3(8a^2bc^4 + 20ab^2c^3 + 11b^3c^2)d^3\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 8(6a^3bc^4 + 18a^2b^2c^3 + 17ab^3c^2 + 5b^4c)d^3\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)}{48\left(a^5c^8 + 5a^4bc^7 + 10a^3b^2c^6 + 10a^2b^3c^5 + 5ab^4c^4 + b^5c^3 - \frac{(a^2c^8 + 2abc^7 + b^2c^6)(adx^2+ac+b)^3}{(dx^2+c)^3} + \frac{3(a^3c^8 + 3a^2b^2c^6 + 3a^2b^2c^6 + 3a^2b^2c^6)}{(dx^2+c)^3}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/32*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*d^3*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c +
b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 +
c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/((a^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^3)*sqrt((a*c + b)*
c)) - 1/48*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^4 + 20*a*b^2*c^3 + 11*b^3*c^2)*d^3*((a*d*x^2 + a*
c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(5/2) - 8*(6*a^3*b*c^4 + 18*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 17*a*b^3*c^2
+ 5*b^4*c)*d^3*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) + 3*(8*a^4*b*c^4 +
28*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 37*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 22*a*b^4*c + 5*b^5)*d^3*sqrt((a*d*x^2 +
a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^5*c^8 + 5*a^4*b*c^7 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^6 + 10*a^2*b
^3*c^5 + 5*a*b^4*c^4 + b^5*c^3 - (a^2*c^8 + 2*a*b*c^7 + b^2*c^6)*(a*d*x^2
+ a*c + b)^3/(d*x^2 + c)^3 + 3*(a^3*c^8 + 3*a^2*b*c^7 + 3*a*b^2*c^6 + b^3*
c^5)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - 3*(a^4*c^8 + 4*a^3*b*c^7 + 6*a^
2*b^2*c^6 + 4*a*b^3*c^5 + b^4*c^4)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1414 vs. $2(202) = 404$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1414, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/48*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + 12*a*b^2*c*d^3 + 5*b^3*d^3)*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c))/((a^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^3)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)) + (64*a^(11/2)*c^8*d^2*abs(d) + 192*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^5*c^7*d^3 + 192*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*a^(9/2)*c^6*d^2*abs(d) + 304*a^(9/2)*b*c^7*d^2*abs(d) + 64*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*a^4*c^5*d^3 + 744*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^4*b*c^6*d^3 + 528*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*a^(7/2)*b*c^5*d^2*abs(d) + 576*a^(7/2)*b^2*c^6*d^2*abs(d) + 64*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*a^3*b*c^4*d^3 + 1116*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^3 + 480*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*a^(5/2)*b^2*c^4*d^2*abs(d) + 544*a^(5/2)*b^3*c^5*d^2*abs(d) + 24*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^5*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 - 96*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^3 + 801*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3 + 144*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d...`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x^7,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x^7, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 691, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3c^6} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3c^5}dx^2 - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3c^4}dx^4 + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3c^3}dx^6 - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3c^2}dx^8 + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3c}dx^{10} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{12} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{14} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{16} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{18} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{20} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{22} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{24} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{26} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{28} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{30} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{32} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{34} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{36} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{38} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{40} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{42} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{44} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{46} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{48} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{50} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{52} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{54} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{56} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{58} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{60} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{62} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{64} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{66} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{68} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{70} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{72} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{74} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{76} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{78} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{80} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{82} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{84} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{86} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{88} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{90} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{92} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{94} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{96} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{98} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}dx^{100}}{48c^4x^6(a^3c^3 + 3a^2bc^2 + 3ab^2c + b^3)}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^7,x)`

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**6 + 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**5*d*x**2 - 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 24*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**5 + 26*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**4*d*x**2 - 34*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 24*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**4 + 28*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**3*d*x**2 - 41*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**3*c**3 + 10*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**3*c**2*d*x**2 - 15*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**3*c*d**2*x**4 + 24*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*x**6 + 36*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**6 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b**3*d**3*x**6 - 24*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*x**6 - 36*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a*b**2*c*d**3*x**6 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*b**3*d**3*x**6)/(48*c**4*x**6*(a**3*c**3 + 3*a**2*b*c**2 + 3*a*b**2*c + b**3))
```

3.170 $\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1582
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1583
Rubi [A] (verified)	1583
Maple [B] (verified)	1588
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1589
Sympy [F]	1589
Maxima [F]	1590
Giac [F]	1590
Mupad [F(-1)]	1590
Reduce [F]	1591

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 328

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = -\frac{(2b^2 + 7abc - 3a^2c^2)x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{15a^2d^2} + \frac{(b - 3ac)x(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{15ad^2} + \frac{x^3(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{5d} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(2b^2 + 7abc - 3a^2c^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{15a^2d^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} - \frac{c^{3/2}(b - 3ac) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{15ad^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```
-1/15*(-3*a^2*c^2+7*a*b*c+2*b^2)*x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^2+1/15*(-3*a*c+b)*x*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a/d^2+1/5*x^3*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d+1/15*c^(1/2)*(-3*a^2*c^2+7*a*b*c+2*b^2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a^2/d^(5/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/15*c^(3/2)*(-3*a*c+b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a/d^(5/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(a \sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} x (c + dx^2) (b^2 - 2ab(c - 2dx^2) - 3a^2(c^2 - d^2x^4)) + i(2b^3 + 9ab^2c + 4a^2bc^2 - 3a^3c^3) \right)}{15a^2c^2(d/c)^{5/2} (b + a(c + dx^2))}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(a*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(c + d*x^2)*(b^2 - 2*a*b*(c - 2*d*x^2) - 3*a^2*(c^2 - d^2*x^4)) + I*(2*b^3 + 9*a*b^2*c + 4*a^2*b*c^2 - 3*a^3*c^3)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] - (2*I)*b*(b^2 + 4*a*b*c + 3*a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)))/(15*a^2*c^2*(d/c)^(5/2)*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 380, 444, 25, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2057}$$

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{x^4\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

380

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5d} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2(3c(b+ac)-(b-3ac)dx^2)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5d} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

444

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5d} - \frac{\int -\frac{d((2b^2+7acb-3a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b-3ac)(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3ad^2} - \frac{x(b-3ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

25

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5d} - \frac{\int \frac{d((2b^2+7acb-3a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b-3ac)(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3ad^2} - \frac{x(b-3ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5d} - \frac{\int \frac{(2b^2+7acb-3a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b-3ac)(b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3ad} - \frac{x(b-3ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

406

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5d} - \frac{d(-3a^2c^2+7abc+2b^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + c(b-3ac)(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3ad}}{5d}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

320

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5d} - \frac{d(-3a^2c^2+7abc+2b^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2}(b-3ac) \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}}\right), \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}}}{3ad}}{5d} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}$$

↓ 388

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5d} - \frac{d(-3a^2c^2+7abc+2b^2) \left(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2}(b-3ac) \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}}}{3ad}}{5d} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}$$

↓ 313

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5d} - \frac{d(-3a^2c^2+7abc+2b^2) \left(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}}}{3ad}}{5d} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}$$

input `Int[x^4*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*((x^3*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(5*d) - (-1/3*((b - 3*a*c)*x*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d) + ((2*b^2 + 7*a*b*c - 3*a^2*c^2)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^(3/2)*(b - 3*a*c)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])/(3*a*d))/(5*d))/Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 313

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]
```

rule 320

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

rule 380

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 1) + (a*d*(m - 1) - 2*q*(b*c - a*d))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 444 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q
.)*((e) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^
(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/
(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)
^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(
m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p,
q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)
^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 664 vs. 2(303) = 606.

Time = 9.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
default	$-\left(-3\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}a^2d^3x^7-3\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}a^2cd^2x^5-4\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}abd^2x^5+3\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}a^2c^2dx^3-2\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}abcdx^3-3\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}}\sqrt{dx^2+c}\right)$
risch	$-\frac{x(-3ad^2x^2+3ac-b)(dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{15d^2a} + \left(\frac{2d(3a^2c^2-7abc-2b^2)(ac^2+bc)\sqrt{1+\frac{adx^2}{ac+b}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2d}{c}}\left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}},\sqrt{-1+\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+a^2c^2+b^2}}\right)$

```
input int(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(-3*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*d^3*x^7-3*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c*d^2*x^5-4*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*d^2*x^5+3*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d*x^3-2*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c*d*x^3-3*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a^2*c^3+3*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c^3*x-(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*d*x^3-9*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*b*c^2+7*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*b*c^2+2*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c^2*x-((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b^2*c+2*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b^2*c-(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*c*x*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d^2/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/a/((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx =$$

$$(3a^2c^3 - 7abc^2 - 2b^2c)\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - (3a^2c^3 - 7abc^2 - 2b^2c + (3a^2c^2 + 2ab$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*((3*a^2*c^3 - 7*a*b*c^2 - 2*b^2*c)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (3*a^2*c^3 - 7*a*b*c^2 - 2*b^2*c + (3*a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c - b^2)*d)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (3*a^2*d^3*x^6 + a*b*d^2*x^4 + 3*a^2*c^3 - 7*a*b*c^2 - 2*(3*a*b*c + b^2)*d*x^2 - 2*b^2*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d^3*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int x^4 \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))*x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))*x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}acx + 3\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}adx^3 + \sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}bx + \dots}{15ad^2}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c*x + 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*d*x**3 + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*x + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a**2*c**2*d - 7*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a*b*c*d - 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*b**2*d + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a**2*c**3 + 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a*b*c**2 - int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*b**2*c)/(15*a*d**2)`

3.171 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1592
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1593
Rubi [A] (verified)	1593
Maple [A] (verified)	1597
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1597
Sympy [F]	1598
Maxima [F]	1598
Giac [F]	1598
Mupad [F(-1)]	1599
Reduce [F]	1599

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \frac{(b - ac)x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{3ad} + \frac{x(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{3d} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(b - ac) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3ad^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} - \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3d^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-a*c+b)*x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a/d+1/3*x*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d-1/3*c^(1/2)*(-a*c+b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a/d^(3/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*c^(3/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arc tan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(a \sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} x (c + dx^2) (b + a(c + dx^2)) + i(-b^2 + a^2 c^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}} E\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} x\right)\right) \right)}{3ad \sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} (b + a(c + dx^2))}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(a*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(c + d*x^2)*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)) + I*(-b^2 + a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] + I*b*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)))/(3*a*d*Sqrt[d/c]*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 380, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2057$$

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2058$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{380} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3d} - \frac{\int \frac{c(b+ac)-(b-ac)dx^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{406} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3d} - \frac{c(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - d(b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{320} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3d} - \frac{\frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right) - d(b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{388} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3d} - \frac{\frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right) - d(b-ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2}}{(dx^2+ac)}}{dx} \right)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}}{3d} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{313}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3d} - \frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} - d(b-ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+ad^2x^2}}{ad^{3/2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

```
input Int[x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*((x*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(3*d) - ((b - a*c)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)))/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))]))/(3*d))/Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 313 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]
```

```
rule 320 Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```


rule 380

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*
(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 1) + (a*d*(m - 1) - 2
*q*(b*c - a*d))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p,
q, x]
```

rule 388

```
Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

rule 406

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a d^2 x^5 + 2\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} acd x^3 + \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} bd x^3 - \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right) a c^2 + \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a c^2\right)}{3d\sqrt{a d^2 x^4 + 2ad x^2 c}}$
risch	$\frac{x(d x^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{ad x^2+ac+b}{d x^2+c}}}{3d} - \frac{\left(\frac{a c^2\sqrt{1+\frac{ad x^2}{ac+b}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2 d}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{2acd+bd}{dca}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{a d^2 x^4+2ad x^2 c+bd x^2+a c^2+bc}}\right) + \frac{bc\sqrt{1+\frac{ad x^2}{ac+b}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2 d}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{-\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{a d^2 x^4+2ad x^2 c+bd x^2+a c^2+bc}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{a d^2 x^4+2ad x^2 c+bd x^2+a c^2+bc}}$

```
input int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*((-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*d^2*x^5+2*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*c*d*x^3+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*d*x^3-((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*c^2+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*c^2*x-2*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b*c+((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b*c+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*c*x*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ac^2 - bc)\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - (ac^2 - bc + (ac + b)d)\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right)}{3ad^2x}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*((a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (
a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a*c^2 - b*c + (a*c + b)*d)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*ellipti
c_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) + (a*d^2*x^4 + b*d*x^2 - a*c^2
+ b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a*d^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))*x^2, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} x^2 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + bx} - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + bx^2}}{a d^2 x^4 + 2acd x^2 + bd x^2 + a c^2 + bc} dx \right) acd + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + bx^2}}{a d^2 x^4 + 2acd x^2 + bd x^2 + a c^2 + bc} dx \right) bd}{3d}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x - int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a*c*d + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*b*d - int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a*c**2 - int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*b*c)/(3*d)`

3.172 $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	1600
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1601
Rubi [A] (verified)	1601
Maple [A] (verified)	1604
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1604
Sympy [F]	1605
Maxima [F]	1605
Giac [F]	1605
Mupad [F(-1)]	1606
Reduce [F]	1606

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```
x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{c+dx^2}{c}} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}}x\right) \middle| \frac{ac}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(c + d*x^2)/c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[-(d/c)]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)])/(Sqrt[-(d/c)]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 324, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}} dx}{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{324} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left((ac + b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + ad \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 320 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}\left(ad\int\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}dx+\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right),\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 388 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}\left(ad\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}}-\frac{c\int\frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}}dx}{ad}\right)+\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right),\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 313 \\ \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}\left(ad\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}}-\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\middle|\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}\right)+\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right),\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(a*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])))/Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 313 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c]$

rule 320 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$

rule 324 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[b \text{ Int}[x^2/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 388 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])), x] - \text{Simp}[c/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^{3/2}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n))^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n))^q*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n)^r)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a + b*x^n)^{p*q}*(c + d*x^n)^{p*r})] \text{ Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{p*q}*(c + d*x^n)^{p*r}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r\}, x]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\left(ac \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right) + \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right) b \right) \sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}} \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}} (dx^2+c) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}}$	199

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(a*c*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))+EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2))*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 x \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - (ac^2 + (ac+b)d) \sqrt{ax} \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - (acdx^2}{acdx}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(a^(3/2)*c^2*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a*c^2 + (a*c + b)*d)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a*c*d*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b/(c + d*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}}{dx^2 + c} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(c + d*x**2),x)`

3.173 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1607
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1608
Rubi [A] (verified)	1608
Maple [A] (verified)	1612
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1612
Sympy [F]	1613
Maxima [F]	1613
Giac [F]	1614
Mupad [F(-1)]	1614
Reduce [F]	1614

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} + \frac{a\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{(b+ac)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```
-(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x-d^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+a*c^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/(a*c+b)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(-\frac{1}{x} - \frac{dx}{c} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{ad\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{c}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{b+ac}}x\right)\left|1+\frac{b}{ac}\right.\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{b+ac}}(b+a(c+dx^2))} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^2,x]`

output `Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(-x^(-1) - (d*x)/c + (a*d*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((a*d)/(b + a*c))]*x], 1 + b/(a*c)])/(Sqrt[-((a*d)/(b + a*c))]*(b + a*(c + d*x^2))))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 328, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 377, 27, 324, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx \\ \downarrow 2057 \\ \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx \\ \downarrow 2058$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{x^2 \sqrt{dx^2+c}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{377} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ad\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{ad \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{324} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{ad \left(c \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + d \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{320} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{ad \left(d \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right), \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{388} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{ad \left(d \left(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right), \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

313

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \left(\frac{ad \left(\frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}} \right) + d \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}} \right)}{c} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(-((Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(c*x)) + (a*d*(d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c))]/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/(b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2)])) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/((b + a*c)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/(b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2)]))) /c))/Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 320 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]

rule 324 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[b \text{ Int}[x^2/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a]

rule 377 $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^m*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^p*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e^{m+1}))], x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*e^{2*(m+1)}) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{q-1}*\text{Simp}[b*c*(m+1) + 2*(b*c*(p+1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m+1) + 2*b*(p+q+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]

rule 388 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])), x] - \text{Simp}[c/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^{3/2}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n))^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n))^q*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n)^r, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^{p*q}*(c + d*x^n)^{p*r})] \text{ Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{p*q}*(c + d*x^n)^{p*r}, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a d^2 x^4 - adc \sqrt{\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{ac+b}} \sqrt{\frac{d x^2 + c}{c}} x \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right) + 2 \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} acd x^2 + \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} bd x^2 + \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a d^2 x^4 + 2ad x^2 c + bd x^2 + a c^2 + bc} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} xc \sqrt{(d x^2 + c)(ad x^2 + ac + b)}}$
risch	$-\frac{(d x^2 + c) \sqrt{\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{cx} + \frac{ad \left(\frac{c \sqrt{1 + \frac{ad x^2}{ac+b}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2 d}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{-1 + \frac{2acd + bd}{dca}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} \sqrt{a d^2 x^4 + 2ad x^2 c + bd x^2 + a c^2 + bc}} - \frac{2d(a c^2 + bc) \sqrt{1 + \frac{ad x^2}{ac+b}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2 d}{c}} \left(\operatorname{Ellip}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}}\right)}{c}$

```
input int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*d^2*x^4-a*d*c*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*x*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))+*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*c*d*x^2+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*d*x^2+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*c^2+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*c*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/x/c/((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}} E(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}) - (ad^2 + (ac + b)d) \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} x \sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}} F(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac})}{(ac^2 + bc)x}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(a*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*d^2*x*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a*d^2 + (a*c + b)*d)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((a*c + b)*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/((a*c^2 + b*c)*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2)/x**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))/x**2, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))/x^2, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}}{dx^4 + cx^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(c*x**2 + d*x**4),x)`

3.174 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1615
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1616
Rubi [A] (verified)	1616
Maple [B] (verified)	1622
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1622
Sympy [F]	1623
Maxima [F]	1623
Giac [F]	1624
Mupad [F(-1)]	1624
Reduce [F]	1624

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 273

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \frac{(2b + ac)d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{3c(b + ac)x} - \frac{(c + dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{3cx^3} + \frac{(2b + ac)d^{3/2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3c^{3/2}(b + ac)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} - \frac{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3\sqrt{c}(b + ac)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```
1/3*(a*c+2*b)*d*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c/(a*c+b)/x-1/3*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c/x^3+1/3*(a*c+2*b)*d^(3/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(a*c+b)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*a*d^(3/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a*c+b)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 307, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} (c + dx^2) (b^2(c - 2dx^2) + a^2c(c^2 - d^2x^4) + 2ab(c^2 - cdx^2 - d^2x^4)) - i(2b^2 + 3abc + \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(Sqrt[d/c]*(c + d*x^2)*(b^2*(c - 2*d*x^2) + a^2*c*(c^2 - d^2*x^4) + 2*a*b*(c^2 - c*d*x^2 - d^2*x^4)) - I*(2*b^2 + 3*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*d^2*x^3*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] + (2*I)*b*(b + a*c)*d^2*x^3*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]))/(c^2*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[d/c]*x^3*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 394, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 377, 25, 27, 445, 25, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{x^4 \sqrt{dx^2+c}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{377} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\int -\frac{d(ax^2+2b+ac)}{x^2 \sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(-\int \frac{d(ax^2+2b+ac)}{x^2 \sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(-\frac{d \int \frac{adx^2+2b+ac}{x^2 \sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{445} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(-\frac{d \left(\frac{\int -\frac{ad(2b+ac)dx^2+c(b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+2b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(- \frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{ad((2b+ac)dx^2+c(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+2b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(- \frac{d \left(\frac{ad \int \frac{(2b+ac)dx^2+c(b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+2b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 406

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(- \frac{d \left(\frac{ad \left(c(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + d(ac+2b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+2b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 320

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(- \frac{d \left(\frac{ad \left(d(ac+2b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right), \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+2b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3c} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

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$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} - \frac{d \left(\frac{ad \left(d(ac+2b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{c(ac+b)} \right)}{3c} = \sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}$$

313

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} - \frac{d \left(\frac{ad \left(\frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} + d(ac+2b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \right)}{ad^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right) \right)}{c(ac+b)} \right)}{3c} = \sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^4,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(-1/3*(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(c*x^3) - (d*(-(((2*b + a*c)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(c*(b + a*c)*x)) + (a*d*((2*b + a*c)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]))/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])))/(c*(b + a*c)))/(3*c))/Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 313

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]
```

rule 320

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

rule 377

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e^(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m + 1) + 2*b*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 567 vs. 2(252) = 504.

Time = 9.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 568, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(dx^2+c)(-ad^2c-2bdx^2+ac^2+bc)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{3c^2x^3(ac+b)} - \frac{ad^2}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}} \left(\frac{ac^2\sqrt{1+\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2d}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{2acd+bd}{dca}}\right) + bc\sqrt{\dots}}{\dots} \right)$
default	$-\frac{\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}a^2cd^3x^6-2\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}abd^3x^6+\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right)a^2c^2d^2x^3-\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}a^2c^2d^2\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*(d*x^2+c)*(-a*c*d*x^2-2*b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)/c^2/x^3/(a*c+b)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*a*d^2/c^2/(a*c+b)*(a*c^2/(-a*d/(a*c+b)))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))+b*c/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-2*d*(a*c+2*b)*(a*c^2+b*c)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(2*a*c*d+2*b*d)*(EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2)))*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \frac{(a^2c + 2ab)\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}d^3x^3\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}}E(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}) - ((a^2c + 2ab)d^3 + (a^2c^2 + 2abc + b^2))}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*((a^2*c + 2*a*b)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*d^3*x^3*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)
*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((a^2*c + 2
*a*b)*d^3 + (a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x^3*sqrt((
a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*
c)) - ((a^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c + 2*b^2)*d^2*x^4 - a^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^3 - b^2*c^2
+ (a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/((a^2*c
^4 + 2*a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*x^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))/x^4, x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*d + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*
sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a**2*c**3 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + a**2*c*d*
*2*x**4 + 2*a*b*c**2 + 3*a*b*c*d*x**2 + a*b*d**2*x**4 + b**2*c + b**2*d*x*
*2),x)*a**3*c*d**3*x + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2
)/(a**2*c**3 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + a**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*c**2 + 3*a*b*
c*d*x**2 + a*b*d**2*x**4 + b**2*c + b**2*d*x**2),x)*a**2*b*d**3*x + int((s
qrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a**2*c**3*x**4 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*
x**6 + a**2*c*d**2*x**8 + 2*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 3*a*b*c*d*x**6 + a*b*d**2*x**8
+ b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**6),x)*a**3*c**4*x + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqr
t(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a**2*c**3*x**4 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*x**6 + a**2*c*d**2*
x**8 + 2*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 3*a*b*c*d*x**6 + a*b*d**2*x**8 + b**2*c*x**4 + b*
*2*d*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c**3*x + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2
+ b))/(a**2*c**3*x**4 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*x**6 + a**2*c*d**2*x**8 + 2*a*b*c**2
*x**4 + 3*a*b*c*d*x**6 + a*b*d**2*x**8 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**6),x)*a*b
**2*c**2*x + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a**2*c**3*x*
*4 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*x**6 + a**2*c*d**2*x**8 + 2*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 3*a*b*c*d*x
**6 + a*b*d**2*x**8 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**6),x)*b**3*c*x)/(c*x*(a*c +
b))
```

3.175 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1626
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1627
Rubi [A] (verified)	1628
Maple [B] (verified)	1636
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1637
Sympy [F]	1637
Maxima [F]	1638
Giac [F]	1638
Mupad [F(-1)]	1638
Reduce [F]	1639

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 357

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{(8b^2 + 13abc + 3a^2c^2) d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{15c^2(b+ac)^2x} - \frac{(c+dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{5cx^5} + \frac{(4b+3ac)d(c+dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{15c^2(b+ac)x^3} - \frac{(8b^2 + 13abc + 3a^2c^2) d^{5/2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{15c^{5/2}(b+ac)^2 \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} + \frac{a(4b+3ac)d^{5/2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{15c^{3/2}(b+ac)^2 \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```
-1/15*(3*a^2*c^2+13*a*b*c+8*b^2)*d^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^2/(a*c+b)^2/x
-1/5*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c/x^5+1/15*(3*a*c+4*b)*d*(d*x^2+c)*(a
+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^2/(a*c+b)/x^3-1/15*(3*a^2*c^2+13*a*b*c+8*b^2)*d^(5/2
)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(
a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(a*c+b)^2/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/
2)+1/15*a*(3*a*c+4*b)*d^(5/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan
(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(a*c+b)^2/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b
)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} (c + dx^2) (b^3(3c^2 - 4cdx^2 + 8d^2x^4) + 3a^3c^2(c^3 + d^3x^6) + ab^2(9c^3 - 8c^2dx^2 + 17cd^2x^4) + a^2b^2c^2) \right)}{c^3(b + ac)^2 \sqrt{d/c}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^6,x]
```

output

```
-1/15*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(Sqrt[d/c]*(c + d*x^2)*(b^3*(
3*c^2 - 4*c*d*x^2 + 8*d^2*x^4) + 3*a^3*c^2*(c^3 + d^3*x^6) + a*b^2*(9*c^3
- 8*c^2*d*x^2 + 17*c*d^2*x^4 + 8*d^3*x^6) + a^2*b*c*(9*c^3 - 4*c^2*d*x^2 +
9*c*d^2*x^4 + 13*d^3*x^6)) + I*(8*b^3 + 21*a*b^2*c + 16*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a^3
*c^3)*d^3*x^5*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*Elli
pticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] - I*b*(8*b^2 + 17*a*b*c + 9
*a^2*c^2)*d^3*x^5*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*
EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]))/(c^3*(b + a*c)^2*Sqrt
[d/c]*x^5*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 377, 25, 27, 445, 27, 445, 25, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{x^6 \sqrt{dx^2+c}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{377} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\int -\frac{d(3adx^2+4b+3ac)}{x^4 \sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5cx^5} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(-\int \frac{d(3adx^2+4b+3ac)}{x^4 \sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5cx^5} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(-\frac{d \int \frac{3adx^2+4b+3ac}{x^4 \sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5cx^5} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{d(8b^2+13acb+3a^2c^2+a(4b+3ac)dx^2)}{x^2 \sqrt{dx^2+c\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}} dx}{3c(ac+b)} - \frac{(3ac+4b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3(ac+b)} \right)}{5c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5cx^5} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{8b^2+13acb+3a^2c^2+a(4b+3ac)dx^2}{x^2 \sqrt{dx^2+c\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}} dx}{3c(ac+b)} - \frac{(3ac+4b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3(ac+b)} \right)}{5c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5cx^5} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 445

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{ad((8b^2+13acb+3a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b+ac)(4b+3ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3c(ac+b)} - \frac{(3ac+4b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3(ac+b)} \right)}{5c} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5cx^5} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(d \left(\frac{\int \frac{ad((8b^2+13acb+3a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b+ac)(4b+3ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)}}{3c(ac+b)} \right) - \frac{(3ac+4b)}{5c} \right)$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(d \left(\frac{\int \frac{ad \int \frac{(8b^2+13acb+3a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b+ac)(4b+3ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)}}{3c(ac+b)} \right) - \frac{(3ac+4b)\sqrt{c}}{3c} \right)$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 406

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(d \left(\frac{\int \frac{ad(d(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + c(ac+b)(3ac+4b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx)}{c(ac+b)}}{3c(ac+b)} \right) - \frac{(3a^2c^2+)}{5c} \right)$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 320

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2}(3ac+4b) \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+a}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

$$\frac{d(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2)}{c(ac+b)}$$

$$\frac{d}{3c(ac+b)}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{5c}$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{5c} + \frac{d \left(\frac{ad \left(d(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2}(3ac+4b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}} \right)}{c(ac+b)} \right)}{3c(ac+b)}$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

$$\frac{ad \left(d(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2}(3ac+4b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{3c(ac+b)}$$

$\sqrt{ac + a}$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/x^6,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]/(c + d*x^2))*(-1/5*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(c*x^5) - (d*(-1/3*((4*b + 3*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(c*(b + a*c)*x^3) - (d*(-(((8*b^2 + 13*a*b*c + 3*a^2*c^2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(c*(b + a*c)*x)) + (a*d*((8*b^2 + 13*a*b*c + 3*a^2*c^2)*d*((x*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]) - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]], b/(b + a*c)]))/(a*d^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^(3/2)*(4*b + 3*a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])))/(c*(b + a*c)))/(3*c*(b + a*c)))/(5*c))/\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2] \end{aligned}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 313

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]$$

rule 320

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$$

rule 377 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e*(
m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m + 1)
+ 2*b*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b
*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m
, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f._)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g._)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
._)*((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r
), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 775 vs. 2(332) = 664.

Time = 13.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 776, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(dx^2+c)(3a^2c^2d^2x^4+13abc d^2x^4-3a^2c^3dx^2+8b^2d^2x^4-7abc^2x^2d+3a^2c^4-4b^2cx^2d+6abc^3+3b^2c^2)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{15c^3x^5(ac+b)^2} + \frac{d^3a}{-}$
default	$-\left(3\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}a^3c^2d^4x^8+13\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}a^2bcd^4x^8-3\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}},\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right)a^3c^3d^3x^5+3\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\right)$

```
input int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/15*(d*x^2+c)*(3*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^4+13*a*b*c*d^2*x^4-3*a^2*c^3*d*x^2+8*b^2*d^2*x^4-7*a*b*c^2*d*x^2+3*a^2*c^4-4*b^2*c*d*x^2+6*a*b*c^3+3*b^2*c^2)/c^3/x^5/(a*c+b)^2*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/15*d^3*a/(a*c+b)^2/c^3*(-2*d*(3*a^2*c^2+13*a*b*c+8*b^2)*(a*c^2+b*c)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(2*a*c*d+2*b*d)*(EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2)))+3*a^2*c^3/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))+4*b^2*c/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))+7*a*b*c^2/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 411, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{(3a^3c^2 + 13a^2bc + 8ab^2)\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}d^4x^5\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}}E(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}) - ((3a^3c^2 + 13a^2bc + 8ab^2)$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*((3*a^3*c^2 + 13*a^2*b*c + 8*a*b^2)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*d^4*x^5*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((3*a^3*c^2 + 13*a^2*b*c + 8*a*b^2)*d^4 + (3*a^3*c^3 + 10*a^2*b*c^2 + 11*a*b^2*c + 4*b^3)*d^3)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x^5*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((3*a^3*c^3 + 16*a^2*b*c^2 + 21*a*b^2*c + 8*b^3)*d^3*x^6 + 3*a^3*c^6 + 9*a^2*b*c^5 + 9*a*b^2*c^4 + 2*(3*a^2*b*c^3 + 5*a*b^2*c^2 + 2*b^3*c)*d^2*x^4 + 3*b^3*c^3 - (a^2*b*c^4 + 2*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^3*c^6 + 3*a^2*b*c^5 + 3*a*b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*x^5)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))/x**6, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))/x^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))/x^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x^6,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)/x^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}}{dx^8 + cx^6} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/x^6,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(c*x**6 + d*x**8),x)`

$$3.176 \quad \int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal result	1640
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1641
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1641
Maple [A] (verified)	1645
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1646
Sympy [F]	1647
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1647
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1648
Mupad [F(-1)]	1648
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1649

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 207

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx &= -\frac{bc^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{d^3} \\ &+ \frac{(b^2 - 20abc + 8a^2c^2)(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{16ad^3} + \frac{(7b - 12ac)(c + dx^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{24d^3} \\ &+ \frac{a(c + dx^2)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{6d^3} - \frac{b(b^2 + 12abc - 24a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{3/2}d^3} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-b*c^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d^3+1/16*(8*a^2*c^2-20*a*b*c+b^2)*(d*x^2+c)*(
a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a/d^3+1/24*(-12*a*c+7*b)*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(
1/2)/d^3+1/6*a*(d*x^2+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d^3-1/16*b*(-24*a^2*c^2+
12*a*b*c+b^2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} (3b^2(c + dx^2) - 2ab(47c^2 + 16cdx^2 - 7d^2x^4) + 8a^2(c^3 + d^3x^6)) - 3b(b^2 + 12ab^2c - 24a^2c^2) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right]}{48a^{3/2}d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(3*b^2*(c + d*x^2) - 2*a*b*(47*c^2 + 16*c*d*x^2 - 7*d^2*x^4) + 8*a^2*(c^3 + d^3*x^6)) - 3*b*(b^2 + 12*a*b*c - 24*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/(48*a^(3/2)*d^3)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 27, 366, 360, 1471, 27, 299, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2057}$$

$$\int x^5 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2053}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int x^4 \left(\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx^2$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 2052 \\
 -bd \int \frac{x^8(-cx^4 + b + ac)^2}{d^4(a-x^4)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{b \int \frac{x^8(-cx^4 + b + ac)^2}{(a-x^4)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{d^3} \\
 \downarrow 366 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{b^2 x^{10}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{x^8(6ac^2x^4 + 5b^2 - 6(b+ac)^2)}{(a-x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{6a} \right)}{d^3} \\
 \downarrow 360 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{b^2 x^{10}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{-24ac^2x^8 + 4b(b+12ac)x^4 + ab(b+12ac)}{(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} - \frac{ab(12ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2}}{6a} \right)}{d^3} \\
 \downarrow 1471 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{b^2 x^{10}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(-24a^2c^2 + 60abc + 5b^2)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(a-x^4)} - \frac{\int \frac{3a(-16ac^2x^4 + b^2 - 8a^2c^2 + 12abc)}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{2a} \right) - \frac{ab(12ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2}}{6a} \right)}{d^3} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{b \left(\frac{b^2 x^{10}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(-24a^2c^2 + 60abc + 5b^2)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(a-x^4)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{-16ac^2x^4 + b^2 - 8a^2c^2 + 12abc}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{2} \right) - \frac{ab(12ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2}}{6a} \right)}{d^3} \\
 \downarrow 299
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{b \left(\frac{b^2 x^{10}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(-24a^2c^2 + 60abc + 5b^2) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(a-x^4)} - \frac{3}{2} \left((-24a^2c^2 + 12abc + b^2) \int \frac{1}{a-x^4} dx \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} + 16ac^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \right) \right)}{6a} \right)}{d^3}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{b \left(\frac{b^2 x^{10}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{(-24a^2c^2 + 60abc + 5b^2) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(a-x^4)} - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{(-24a^2c^2 + 12abc + b^2) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} + 16ac^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \right) \right)}{6a} \right)}{d^3}$$

input `Int[x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`

output `-((b*((b^2*x^10)/(6*a*(a - x^4)^3) - (-1/4*(a*b*(b + 12*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(a - x^4)^2 + (((5*b^2 + 60*a*b*c - 24*a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(2*(a - x^4)) - (3*(16*a*c^2*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)] + ((b^2 + 12*a*b*c - 24*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a]))/2)/4)/(6*a)))/d^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 299 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1}) / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2 \cdot p + 3, 0]$

rule 360 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)} \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)^{(m/2 - 1)} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1}) / (2 \cdot b^{(m/2 + 1)} \cdot (p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot b^{(m/2 + 1)} \cdot (p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[2 \cdot b \cdot (p + 1) \cdot x^2 \cdot \text{Together}[(b^{(m/2)} \cdot x^{(m - 2)} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2) - (-a)^{(m/2 - 1)} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) / (a + b \cdot x^2)] - (-a)^{(m/2 - 1)} \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d), x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m/2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0])$

rule 366 $\text{Int}[(e_ \cdot)(x_)^{(m_)} \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(p_)} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^2, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b \cdot c - a \cdot d)^2 \cdot (e \cdot x)^{(m + 1)} \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1}) / (2 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot e \cdot (p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot (p + 1)) \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{(p + 1)} \cdot \text{Simp}[(b \cdot c - a \cdot d)^2 \cdot (m + 1) + 2 \cdot b^2 \cdot c^2 \cdot (p + 1) + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot d^2 \cdot (p + 1) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1]$

rule 1471 $\text{Int}[(d_) + (e_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{(q_)} \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2 + (c_ \cdot)(x_)^4)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{Qx = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(a + b \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4)^p, d + e \cdot x^2, x], R = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[(a + b \cdot x^2 + c \cdot x^4)^p, d + e \cdot x^2, x], x, 0]\}, \text{Simp}[(-R) \cdot x \cdot ((d + e \cdot x^2)^{(q + 1}) / (2 \cdot d \cdot (q + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot d \cdot (q + 1)) \text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x^2)^{(q + 1)} \cdot \text{ExpandToSum}[2 \cdot d \cdot (q + 1) \cdot Qx + R \cdot (2 \cdot q + 3), x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c \cdot d^2 - b \cdot d \cdot e + a \cdot e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[q, -1]$

rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)} \cdot (((e_ \cdot)(a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)) / ((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[q \cdot e \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q \cdot (p + 1) - 1)} \cdot (((-a) \cdot e + c \cdot x^q)^m / (b \cdot e - d \cdot x^q)^{(m + 2))}, x], x, (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x) / (c + d \cdot x)))^{(1/q)}], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 2053

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))
)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(
(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p},
x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^p, x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8a^2d^2x^4 - 8a^2cdx^2 + 14abd^2x^2 + 8a^2c^2 - 46abc + 3b^2)(dx^2 + c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{48ad^3} + b \left(\frac{(24a^2c^2 - 12abc - b^2) \ln\left(\frac{acd + \frac{1}{2}bd + ad^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ac^2 + b^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/48/a/d^3*(8*a^2*d^2*x^4-8*a^2*c*d*x^2+14*a*b*d*x^2+8*a^2*c^2-46*a*b*c+3*
b^2)*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/16*b/a/d^2*(1/2*(24*a^2
*c^2-12*a*b*c-b^2)*ln((a*c*d+1/2*b*d+a*d^2*x^2)/(a*d^2))^(1/2)+(a*c^2+b*c+(
2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)-16*a*c^2*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/
d/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2))*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2
+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(24a^2bc^2 - 12ab^2c - b^3)\sqrt{a} \log(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c + ab)dx^2 + 8abc + b^2)}{96a^2d^3} - \frac{3(24a^2bc^2 - 12ab^2c - b^3)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{(2adx^2 + 2ac + b)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2(a^2dx^2 + a^2c + ab)}\right) - 2(8a^3d^3x^6 + 14a^2bd^2x^4 + 8a^3c^3)}{96a^2d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/192*(3*(24*a^2*b*c^2 - 12*a*b^2*c - b^3)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 4*(8*a^3*d^3*x^6 + 14*a^2*b*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^3*c^3 - 94*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c - (32*a^2*b*c - 3*a*b^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d^3), -1/96*(3*(24*a^2*b*c^2 - 12*a*b^2*c - b^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b) - 2*(8*a^3*d^3*x^6 + 14*a^2*b*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^3*c^3 - 94*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c - (32*a^2*b*c - 3*a*b^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^5 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**5*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 368, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{bc^2 \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{d^3} - \frac{3(8a^2bc^2 - 20ab^2c + b^3) \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c} \right)^{5/2} - 8(6a^3bc^2 - 12a^2b^2c - ab^3) \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2} + 3(8a^4bc^2 - 12a^3b^2)}{48 \left(a^4d^3 - \frac{3(adx^2+ac+b)a^3d^3}{dx^2+c} + \frac{3(adx^2+ac+b)^2a^2d^3}{(dx^2+c)^2} - \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)^3ad^3}{(dx^2+c)^3} \right)} - \frac{(24a^2c^2 - 12abc - b^2)b \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} \right)}{32a^{3/2}d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*c^2*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/d^3 - 1/48*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 - 20*a*b^2*c + b^3)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(5/2) - 8*(6*a^3*b*c^2 - 12*a^2*b^2*c - a*b^3)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) + 3*(8*a^4*b*c^2 - 12*a^3*b^2*c - a^2*b^3)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^4*d^3 - 3*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*a^3*d^3/(d*x^2 + c) + 3*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2*a^2*d^3/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^3*a*d^3/(d*x^2 + c)^3) - 1/32*(24*a^2*c^2 - 12*a*b*c - b^2)*b*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))/(a^(3/2)*d^3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 517 vs. $2(187) = 374$.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 517, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{48} \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \left(2 \left(\frac{4ax^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)}{d} - \frac{4a^3cd^6 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)}{a} \right) \right. \\ \left. (24a^2bc^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c) - 12ab^2c \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c) - b^3 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)) \log \left(\left| 2a^2c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \right) \right| \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/48*sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*(2*(4*a*x^2*sgn(d*x^2 + c)/d - (4*a^3*c*d^6*sgn(d*x^2 + c) - 7*a^2*b*d^6*sgn(d*x^2 + c))/(a^2*d^8))*x^2 + (8*a^3*c^2*d^5*sgn(d*x^2 + c) - 46*a^2*b*c*d^5*sgn(d*x^2 + c) + 3*a*b^2*d^5*sgn(d*x^2 + c))/(a^2*d^8)) - 1/96*(24*a^2*b*c^2*sgn(d*x^2 + c) - 12*a*b^2*c*sgn(d*x^2 + c) - b^3*sgn(d*x^2 + c))*log(abs(2*a^2*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^(3/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*a*c*d + a*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*b*d))/(a^(3/2)*d^2*abs(d))`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^3c^3 + 8\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^3d^3x^6 - 94\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output `(8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**3 + 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*d**3*x**6 - 94*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**2 - 32*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c*d*x**2 + 14*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*d**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c + 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*d*x**2 + 72*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**2*b*c**3 + 72*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 - 36*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b**2*c**2 - 36*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**3*c - 3*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**3*d*x**2)/(48*a**2*d**3*(c + d*x**2))`

3.177 $\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1650
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1651
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1651
Maple [A] (verified)	1655
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1655
Sympy [F]	1656
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1656
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1657
Mupad [F(-1)]	1658
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1658

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{d^2} + \frac{(5b - 4ac)(c + dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{8d^2}$$

$$+ \frac{a(c + dx^2)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{4d^2} + \frac{3b(b - 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8\sqrt{a}d^2}$$

output

```
b*c*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d^2+1/8*(-4*a*c+5*b)*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d^2+1/4*a*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d^2+3/8*b*(-4*a*c+b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} (13bc - 2ac^2 + 5bdx^2 + 2ad^2x^4)}{8d^2} - \frac{3b(-b + 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{8\sqrt{ad^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`output `(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(13*b*c - 2*a*c^2 + 5*b*d*x^2 + 2*a*d^2*x^4))/(8*d^2) - (3*b*(-b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/(8*Sqrt[a]*d^2)`**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 360, 25, 1471, 27, 299, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int x^3 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int x^2 \left(\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2052 \\
 & -bd \int -\frac{x^8(-cx^4+b+ac)}{d^3(a-x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & bd \int \frac{x^8(-cx^4+b+ac)}{d^3(a-x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{x^8(-cx^4+b+ac)}{(a-x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 360 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{-4cx^8+4bx^4+ab}{(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} + \frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{-4cx^8+4bx^4+ab}{(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1471 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{\int \frac{a(-8cx^4+3b-4ac)}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2a} - \frac{(5b-4ac)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(a-x^4)} \right) + \frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{-8cx^4+3b-4ac}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} - \frac{(5b-4ac)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(a-x^4)} \right) + \frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 299 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(3(b-4ac) \int \frac{1}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} + 8c\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \right) - \frac{(5b-4ac)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(a-x^4)} \right) + \frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3(b-4ac) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} + 8c \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \right) - \frac{(5b-4ac) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(a-x^4)} \right) + \frac{ab \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`

output `(b*((a*b*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(4*(a - x^4)^2) + (-1/2*((5*b - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(a - x^4) + (8*c*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)] + (3*(b - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/2)/4))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 360

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p
+ 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Expan
dToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2
- 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] &
& (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])
```

rule 1471

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2
, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x
, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q
+ 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3),
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^
2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2052

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*
(p + 1) - 1)*(((a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)), x], x, (e*((a + b*
x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p]
&& IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 2053

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))
)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(
(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p},
x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2ad^2x^2+2ac-5b)(dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8d^2} - b \left(\frac{(12ac-3b)\ln\left(\frac{acd+\frac{1}{2}bd+ad^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}}+\sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+ad^2x^4}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} - \frac{8c}{d\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ac+bd}} \right)$
default	$\frac{\left(4\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+a^2c^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}ad^2x^4-12\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+a^2c^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)\right)abc d^2x^2+3l}{8d(adx^2+ac+b)}$

```
input int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8/d^2*(-2*a*d*x^2+2*a*c-5*b)*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
-1/8*b/d*(1/2*(12*a*c-3*b)*ln((a*c*d+1/2*b*d+a*d^2*x^2)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)-8*c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/d/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2))*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3(4abc - b^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c + ab)dx^2 + 8abc + b^2 - 4(2ad^2x^4\right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/32*(3*(4*a*b*c - b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 - 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 4*(2*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 5*a*b*d*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 + 13*a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a*d^2), 1/16*(3*(4*a*b*c - b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b)) + 2*(2*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 5*a*b*d*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 + 13*a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a*d^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**3*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{d^2} + \frac{3(4ac-b)b \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} \right)}{16\sqrt{ad}^2}$$

$$- \frac{(4abc - 5b^2) \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2} - (4a^2bc - 3ab^2) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8 \left(a^2d^2 - \frac{2(adx^2+ac+b)ad^2}{dx^2+c} + \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)^2d^2}{(dx^2+c)^2} \right)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b*c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/d^2 + 3/16*(4*a*c - b)*b*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))/(sqrt(a)*d^2) - 1/8*((4*a*b*c - 5*b^2)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) - (4*a^2*b*c - 3*a*b^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d^2 - 2*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*a*d^2/(d*x^2 + c) + (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2*d^2/(d*x^2 + c)^2)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 475 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \left(\frac{2ax^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)}{d} - \frac{2a^2cd^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c) - 5ad^4}{ad^4} \right) + \frac{(4abcs \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c) - b^2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)) \log \left(\left| 2a^2c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \right) \right| \right)}{\dots} + \frac{(4abcd^2|d| \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c) - b^2d^2|d| \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)) \log(96)}{8\sqrt{ad^5}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/8*sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*(2*a*x^2*sgn(d*x^2 + c)/d - (2*a^2*c*d^2*sgn(d*x^2 + c) - 5*a*b*d^2*sgn(d*x^2 + c))/(a*d^4)) + 1/16*(4*a*b*c*sgn(d*x^2 + c) - b^2*sgn(d*x^2 + c))*log(abs(2*a^2*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^(3/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*a*c*d + a*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*b*d))/(sqrt(a)*d*abs(d)) + 1/8*(4*a*b*c*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x^2 + c) - b^2*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x^2 + c))*log(96)/(sqrt(a)*d^5)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2c^2 + 2\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2d^2x^4 + 13\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2d^2x^4 + 13\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2d^2x^4 + 13\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2d^2x^4}{13\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2d^2x^4 + 13\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2d^2x^4 + 13\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2d^2x^4 + 13\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2d^2x^4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**2 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*d**2*x**4 + 13*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b*c + 5*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b*d*x**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b*c**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b*c*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(a)*log(- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**2*c - 3*sqrt(a)*log(- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**2*d*x**2)/(8*a*d**2*(c + d*x**2))`

3.178 $\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1659
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1659
Rubi [A] (verified)	1660
Maple [B] (verified)	1662
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1663
Sympy [F]	1663
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1664
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1664
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1665
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1665

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{d} + \frac{a(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{2d} + \frac{3\sqrt{ab} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2d}$$

output `-b*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d+1/2*a*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d+3/2*a^(1/2)*b*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}(-2b + a(c+dx^2)) + 3\sqrt{ab} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(-2*b + a*(c + d*x^2)) + 3*Sqrt[a]*
b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/(2*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {2024, 773, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2024} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2} d(dx^2 + c)}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & \frac{\int (dx^2 + c)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2} d\frac{1}{dx^2+c}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{2}b \int (dx^2 + c) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}} d\frac{1}{dx^2+c} - (c + dx^2) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left(a \int \frac{dx^2+c}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} d\frac{1}{dx^2+c} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \right) - (c + dx^2) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{b(dx^2+c)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \right) - (c + dx^2) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{2}b \left(2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) - (c + dx^2) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}}{2d}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(-((c + d*x^2)*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)) + (3*b*(2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]]))/2)/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 773 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2024 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && PolyQ[Qr, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 186 vs. 2(79) = 158.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{(dx^2+c)a+b}{dx^2+c}} \left(6a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a(dx^2+c)^2+b(dx^2+c)} (dx^2+c)^2 + 3 \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{a(dx^2+c)^2+b(dx^2+c)} \sqrt{a} + 2(dx^2+c)a+b}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) ab(dx^2+c) \right)}{4d(dx^2+c) \sqrt{(dx^2+c)((dx^2+c)a+b)} \sqrt{a}}$
risch	$\frac{(dx^2+c)a \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2d} + b \left(\frac{3a \ln \left(\frac{acd + \frac{1}{2}bd + ad^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+ad^2x^4} \right)}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} - \frac{2(adx^2+ac+b)}{d\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+a^2}} \right)$
default	$\frac{\left(3 \ln \left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+a^2} \sqrt{ad^2} + bd}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) ab d^2 x^2 + 2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+a^2} \sqrt{ad^2} + bc \sqrt{ad^2} \right)}{2ad^2x^2+2ac+2b}$

```
input int(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/d*(((d*x^2+c)*a+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*(6*a^(3/2)*(a*(d*x^2+c)^2+b*(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)^2+3*ln(1/2*(2*(a*(d*x^2+c)^2+b*(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*(d*x^2+c)*a+b)/a^(1/2))*a*b*(d*x^2+c)^2-4*(a*(d*x^2+c)^2+b*(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)*a^(1/2))/(d*x^2+c)/((d*x^2+c)*((d*x^2+c)*a+b))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \left[\frac{3\sqrt{ab} \log \left(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c + ab)dx^2 + 8abc + b^2 + 4(2ad^2x^4 + (4ac + b^2)dx^2 + c^2) \right)}{8d} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3\sqrt{-ab} \arctan \left(\frac{(2adx^2 + 2ac + b)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2(a^2dx^2 + a^2c + ab)} \right) - 2(adx^2 + ac - 2b)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{4d} \right]$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(3*sqrt(a)*b*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c))*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + 4*(a*d*x^2 + a*c - 2*b)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/d, -1/4*(3*sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b)) - 2*(a*d*x^2 + a*c - 2*b)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/d]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{ab\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2 \left(ad - \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)d}{dx^2+c} \right)} - \frac{3\sqrt{ab} \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} \right)}{4d} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{d}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a*b*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/(a*d - (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*
d/(d*x^2 + c)) - 3/4*sqrt(a)*b*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d
*x^2 + c)))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))/d - b*sqrt(
(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/d`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 381 vs. 2(79) = 158.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{ab}|d| \log(24) \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)}{2d^2} - \frac{\sqrt{ab} \log \left(\left| 2a^2c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \right) a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2|d \right| + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^4} \right) \right)}{2d} + \frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)}{2d}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2*sqrt(a)*b*abs(d)*log(24)*sgn(d*x^2 + c)/d^2 - 1/4*sqrt(a)*b*log(abs(2
*a^2*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 +
a*c^2 + b*c))*a^(3/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 +
2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*a*c*d + a*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)
*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*sqrt(a)*ab
s(d) + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2
+ b*c))*sqrt(a)*b*c*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*
x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*b*d))*sgn(d*x^2 + c)/abs(d) + 1/2*sqrt(a*d
^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*a*sgn(d*x^2 + c)/d
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2} (dx^2 + c) {}_2F_1 \left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{a(dx^2+c)}{b} \right)}{d \left(\frac{a(dx^2+c)}{b} + 1 \right)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
-((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)*(c + d*x^2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -1/2], 1/2, -(a*(
c + d*x^2))/b))/(d*((a*(c + d*x^2))/b + 1)^(3/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} ac + \sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} adx^2 - 2\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} adx^2}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x**2 + b)*a*d*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b
+ 3*sqrt(a)*log( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*
b*c + 3*sqrt(a)*log( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c + d*x**2)
*a)*b*d*x**2)/(2*d*(c + d*x**2))
```

3.179
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1667
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1668
Rubi [A] (verified)	1668
Maple [B] (verified)	1671
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1672
Sympy [F]	1673
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1674
Giac [F(-2)]	1674
Mupad [F(-1)]	1675
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1675

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{c} + a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{(b + ac)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{c^{3/2}}$$

output
$$b*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c+a^(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))- (a*c+b)^(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{c} - \frac{(-b-ac)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{-b-ac}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{b+ac}\right)}{c^{3/2}} + a^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/c - ((-b - a*c)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[-b - a*c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(b + a*c))]/c^(3/2) + a^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 381, 397, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
& -bd \int -\frac{x^8}{d(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& bd \int \frac{x^8}{d(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& b \int \frac{x^8}{(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{381} \\
& b \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{a(b+ac)-(b+2ac)x^4}{(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{c} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
& b \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{c} - \frac{(ac+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{c} - \frac{a^2c \int \frac{1}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& b \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{c} - \frac{(ac+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{c} - \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& b \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{c} - \frac{(ac+b)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}} - \frac{a^{3/2} \operatorname{carctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `b*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/c - (-((a^(3/2)*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/b) + ((b + a*c)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(b*Sqrt[c]))/c)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 381 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e^3*(e*x)^(m - 3)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^4/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 4)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*c*(m - 3) + (a*d*(m + 2*q - 1) + b*c*(m + 2*p - 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[m, 3] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 397 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 2052 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*(p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 651 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 652, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.39

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+a^2c^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)\right)a^2c^2d^2x^2-\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\ln\left(\frac{2adx^2c+bdx^2+2ac^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+a^2c^2+bc}}{x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/2*(ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^2-(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x^2*c+b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x^2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*c*d*x^2+ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*c^3*d-(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x^2*c+b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x^2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b*d*x^2-(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x^2*c+b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x^2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*c^2-(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x^2*c+b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x^2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b*c+2*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*b*c*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)/c^2/((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 214 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1073, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.52

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(a^(3/2)*c*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 +
8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a
)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + (a*c + b)*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log
(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2
+ 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^4 +
2*a*c^4 + 2*b*c^3 + (4*a*c^3 + 3*b*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d
*x^2 + c))*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))/x^4) + 4*b*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 +
c)))/c, -1/4*(2*sqrt(-a)*a*c*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*
sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b)) - (a*c +
b)*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4
+ 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2
*a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^4 + 2*b*c^3 + (4*a*c^3 + 3*b*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqr
t((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))/x^4) - 4*b*sqrt((a*d
*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/c, 1/4*(a^(3/2)*c*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*
c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c +
b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) +
2*(a*c + b)*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 +
2*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)/(a^2*c^2 +
(a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)) + 4*b*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x
^2 + c)))/c, -1/2*(sqrt(-a)*a*c*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)/x, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 201 vs. $2(84) = 168$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2} a^{3/2} \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}\right) + \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{c} + \frac{(a^2c^2 + 2abc + b^2) \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{(ac+b)cc}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a^(3/2)*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))) + b*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/c + 1/2*(a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/(sqrt((a*c + b)*c)*c)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 427, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+bc} + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+b}\log(\sqrt{ac+b}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+bc} - \sqrt{c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+bc})}{x}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log
(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c -
sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*c**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c +
b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sq
rt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*c*d*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqr
t(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c +
d*x**2)*b)*b*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x*
*2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b*d
*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a*c**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)
*a*c*d*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*b*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log
(x)*b*d*x**2 + sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt(c +
d*x**2)*a)*a*c**3 + sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) - sqrt
(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*c**2*d*x**2)/(c**2*(c + d*x**2))
```


3.180
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1676
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1676
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1677
Maple [B] (verified)	1679
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1680
Sympy [F]	1681
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1681
Giac [F]	1682
Mupad [F(-1)]	1682
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1682

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bd\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{c^2} - \frac{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{3b\sqrt{b+ac} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}}$$

output `-b*d*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^2-1/2*(a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^2/x^2+3/2*b*(a*c+b)^(1/2)*d*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}(ac(c+dx^2)+b(c+3dx^2))}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{3b\sqrt{-b-ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(a*c*(c + d*x^2) + b*(c + 3*d*x^2)))/(c^2*x^2) + (3*b*Sqrt[-b - a*c]*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])]/Sqrt[-b - a*c])/(2*c^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 252, 262, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
 & -bd \int \frac{x^8}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & -bd \left(\frac{x^6}{2c(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^4}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -bd \left(\frac{x^6}{2c(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} dx \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \right)}{2c} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -bd \left(\frac{x^6}{2c(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{ac+b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{c^{3/2}} - \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \right)}{2c} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `-(b*d*(x^6/(2*c*(b + a*c - c*x^4)) - (3*(-(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/c) + (Sqrt[b + a*c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])]/Sqrt[b + a*c])/c^(3/2)))/(2*c))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 252 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*b*(p+1))), x] - Simp[c^2*((m-1)/(2*b*(p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p+1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

```
rule 262 Int[((c.)*(x.))^(m.)*((a.) + (b.)*(x.)^2)^(p.), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]
```

```
rule 2052 Int[(x.)^(m.)*(((e.)*((a.) + (b.)*(x.)))/((c.) + (d.)*(x.))^(p.), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*(p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 2053 Int[(x.)^(m.)*(((e.)*((a.) + (b.)*(x.)^(n.)))/((c.) + (d.)*(x.)^(n.))^(p.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2057 Int[(u.)*((a.) + (b.)/((c.) + (d.)*(x.)^(n.))^(p.), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

method	result
risch	$\frac{(ac+b)(dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{db \left(\frac{(3ac+3b) \ln \left(\frac{2ac^2+2bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+ad^2x^4}}{x^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}} \right)}{2c^2(adx^2+ac+b)} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{ad^2}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2c^2x^2} \left(-2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}ad^3x^6 - 3 \ln \left(\frac{2ad^2c+bdx^2+2ac^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}}{x^2} \right) \right)$

```
input int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*c+b)/c^2*(d*x^2+c)/x^2*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/2/c^2*d
*b*(-1/2*(3*a*c+3*b)/(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2
+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/x^2)+2
*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2))*((a*d*x^
2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b
)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{3bdx^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}} \log\left(\frac{(8a^2c^2+8abc+b^2)d^2x^4+8a^2c^4+16abc^3+8b^2c^2+8(2a^2c^3+3abc^2+b^2c)dx^2+4((2ac+b)dx^2+2ac^2+2bc)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}\sqrt{-\frac{ac+b}{c}}}{x^4}\right)}{4c^2x^2} + 2((ac+3b)dx^2+ac^2+bc)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(3*b*d*x^2*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4
+ 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*
d*x^2 + 4*((2*a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^4 + 2*b*c^3 + (4*a*c^3 + 3*b*c^
2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))/x^4 -
4*((a*c + 3*b)*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))
)/(c^2*x^2), -1/4*(3*b*d*x^2*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x
^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b
)/c)/(a^2*c^2 + (a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)) + 2*((a*c + 3*b)*d*x
^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(c^2*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(abc + b^2)d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2\left(ac^3 + bc^2 - \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)c^3}{dx^2+c}\right)} - \frac{bd\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{c^2} - \frac{3(abc + b^2)d \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}\right)}{4\sqrt{(ac+b)cc^2}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(a*b*c + b^2)*d*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/(a*c^3 + b*c^2 - (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*c^3/(d*x^2 + c)) - b*d*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/c^2 - 3/4*(a*b*c + b^2)*d*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/(sqrt((a*c + b)*c)*c^2)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba}c^3 - \sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba}c^2dx^2 - \sqrt{dx^2+c}}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c**3 - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c**2*d*x**2 - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*c**2 - 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*c*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b*c*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b*d**2*x**4 - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*b*c*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*b*d**2*x**4)/(2*c**3*x**2*(c + d*x**2))
```


3.181 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	1684
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1685
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1685
Maple [A] (verified)	1689
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1689
Sympy [F]	1690
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1691
Giac [F]	1691
Mupad [F(-1)]	1692
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1692

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{bd^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{c^3} + \frac{(9b + 4ac)d(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{8c^3x^2} - \frac{(b + ac)(c + dx^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^3x^4} - \frac{3b(5b + 4ac)d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}\sqrt{b + ac}}$$

output

```
b*d^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^3+1/8*(4*a*c+9*b)*d*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^3/x^2-1/4*(a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^3/x^4-3/8*b*(4*a*c+5*b)*d^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}(-2bc^2 - 2ac^3 + 5bcdx^2 + 15bd^2x^4 + 2acd^2x^4)}{8c^3x^4} + \frac{3b(5b + 4ac)d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{8c^{7/2}\sqrt{-b-ac}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^5,x]`output `(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(-2*b*c^2 - 2*a*c^3 + 5*b*c*d*x^2 + 15*b*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d^2*x^4))/(8*c^3*x^4) + (3*b*(5*b + 4*a*c)*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(8*c^(7/2)*Sqrt[-b - a*c])`**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 360, 1471, 27, 299, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
& -bd \int -\frac{dx^8(a-x^4)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& bd \int \frac{dx^8(a-x^4)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& bd^2 \int \frac{x^8(a-x^4)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{360} \\
& bd^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{4c^2x^8+4bcx^4+b(b+ac)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{4c^3} - \frac{b(ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^3(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1471} \\
& bd^2 \left(\frac{\frac{(4ac+9b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{\int \frac{(b+ac)(8cx^4+7b+4ac)}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2(ac+b)}}{4c^3} - \frac{b(ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^3(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& bd^2 \left(\frac{\frac{(4ac+9b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{8cx^4+7b+4ac}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{4c^3} - \frac{b(ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^3(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{299} \\
& bd^2 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(8\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} - 3(4ac+5b) \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \right) + \frac{(4ac+9b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b-cx^4)}}{4c^3} - \frac{b(ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^3(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221}
\end{aligned}$$

$$bd^2 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(8 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} - \frac{3(4ac+5b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac+b}} \right) + \frac{(4ac+9b) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b-cx^4)}}{4c^3} - \frac{b(ac+b) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^3 (ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^5,x]`

output `b*d^2*(-1/4*(b*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(c^3*(b + a*c - c*x^4)^2) + (((9*b + 4*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(2*(b + a*c - c*x^4)) + (8*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)] - (3*(5*b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[b + a*c]))/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c]))/2)/(4*c^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 360

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p
+ 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*Expan
dToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*x^2*Together[(b^(m/2)*x^(m - 2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2
- 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(a + b*x^2)] - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d), x], x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && IGtQ[m/2, 0] &
& (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])
```

rule 1471

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2
, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x
, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q
+ 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3),
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^
2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

rule 2052

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*
(p + 1) - 1)*(((a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)), x], x, (e*((a + b*
x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p]
&& IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 2053

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))
)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(
(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p},
x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(dx^2+c)(-2ad^2x^2-7bdx^2+2ac^2+2bc)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8c^3x^4} + \frac{d^2b}{2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}} \left(-\frac{(12ac+15b)\ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2ac^2+2bc)x^2}}{x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8*(d*x^2+c)*(-2*a*c*d*x^2-7*b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*b*c)/c^3/x^4*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/8/c^3*d^2*b*(-1/2*(12*a*c+15*b)/(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/x^2)+8*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2))*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 557, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \left[\frac{3(4abc + 5b^2)\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^2}x^4 \log\left(\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 8abc + b^2)d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^4 + 16abc^3 + 8b^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c^3 + 3abc^2 + b^2c)}{(8a^2c^2 + 8abc + b^2)d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^4 + 16abc^3 + 8b^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c^3 + 3abc^2 + b^2c)}\right)}{(8a^2c^2 + 8abc + b^2)d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^4 + 16abc^3 + 8b^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c^3 + 3abc^2 + b^2c)} \right]$$

```
input integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/32*(3*(4*a*b*c + 5*b^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^4*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a*c + b)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^3 + (4*a*c^2 + 3*b*c)*d*x^2 + 2*b*c^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/x^4) - 4*(2*a^2*c^5 - (2*a^2*c^3 + 17*a*b*c^2 + 15*b^2*c)*d^2*x^4 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 - 5*(a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a*c^5 + b*c^4)*x^4), 1/16*(3*(4*a*b*c + 5*b^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^2*x^4*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*d*x^2 + b^2*c)) - 2*(2*a^2*c^5 - (2*a^2*c^3 + 17*a*b*c^2 + 15*b^2*c)*d^2*x^4 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 - 5*(a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a*c^5 + b*c^4)*x^4)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2)/x**5,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)/x**5, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 313 vs. $2(151) = 302$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 313, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{bd^2 \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{c^3} + \frac{3(4abc + 5b^2)d^2 \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}\right)}{16\sqrt{(ac+b)cc^3}} - \frac{(4abc^2 + 9b^2c)d^2\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2} - (4a^2bc^2 + 11ab^2c + 7b^3)d^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8\left(a^2c^5 + 2abc^4 + b^2c^3 + \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)^2c^5}{(dx^2+c)^2} - \frac{2(ac^5+bc^4)(adx^2+ac+b)}{dx^2+c}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*d^2*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/c^3 + 3/16*(4*a*b*c + 5*b^2)*d^2*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/(sqrt((a*c + b)*c)*c^3) - 1/8*((4*a*b*c^2 + 9*b^2*c)*d^2*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) - (4*a^2*b*c^2 + 11*a*b^2*c + 7*b^3)*d^2*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^3 + (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2*c^5/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - 2*(a*c^5 + b*c^4)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^5,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^5, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 640, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.70

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2c^5 + 2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2c^3d^2x^4 - 4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2c^2d^2x^3 - 4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2cd^2x^2 - 4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2cdx - 4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2c - 4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2}{x^5}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^5,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**5 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x
**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 4*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqr
t(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b*c**4 + 5*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 +
b)*a*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 17*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b*c**2
*d**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**2*c**3 + 5*sqr
t(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c + d*x*
**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*l
og(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c
- sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c +
b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)
*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*b*c*d**3*x**6 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c +
b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)
)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c
+ b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x*
**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b**2*d**3*x**6 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c
+ b)*log(x)*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a*b*c*d*
**3*x**6 - 15*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 - 15*sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a*c + b)*log(x)*b**2*d**3*x**6)/(8*c**4*x**4*(a*c**2 + a*c*d*x**2 + b*c
+ b*d*x**2))
```

3.182
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

Optimal result	1694
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1695
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1695
Maple [A] (verified)	1699
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1700
Sympy [F]	1701
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1701
Giac [F]	1702
Mupad [F(-1)]	1703
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1703

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{bd^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{c^4} - \frac{(29b^2 + 36abc + 8a^2c^2) d^2 (c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{16c^4 (b + ac)x^2} + \frac{(19b + 12ac)d(c + dx^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{24c^4 x^4} - \frac{(b + ac)(c + dx^2)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{6c^4 x^6} + \frac{b(35b^2 + 60abc + 24a^2c^2) d^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{16c^{9/2} (b + ac)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-b*d^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^4-1/16*(8*a^2*c^2+36*a*b*c+29*b^2)*d^2*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^4/(a*c+b)/x^2+1/24*(12*a*c+19*b)*d*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^4/x^4-1/6*(a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^4/x^6+1/16*b*(24*a^2*c^2+60*a*b*c+35*b^2)*d^3*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(9/2)/(a*c+b)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}(8a^2c^2(c^3+d^3x^6)+2abc(8c^3-7c^2dx^2+16cd^2x^4+55d^3x^6))+b^2(8c^3-14c^2dx^2+35cd^2x^4+105d^3x^6)}{(b+ac)x^6} + \frac{48c^{9/2}}{48c^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^7,x]`

output `(-((Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(8*a^2*c^2*(c^3 + d^3*x^6) + 2*a*b*c*(8*c^3 - 7*c^2*d*x^2 + 16*c*d^2*x^4 + 55*d^3*x^6) + b^2*(8*c^3 - 14*c^2*d*x^2 + 35*c*d^2*x^4 + 105*d^3*x^6)))/((b + a*c)*x^6)) + (3*b*(35*b^2 + 60*a*b*c + 24*a^2*c^2)*d^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(-b - a*c)^(3/2))/(48*c^(9/2))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 27, 366, 360, 25, 1471, 27, 299, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^8} dx^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2052 \\
 & -bd \int \frac{d^2 x^8 (a - x^4)^2}{(-cx^4 + b + ac)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & -bd^3 \int \frac{x^8 (a - x^4)^2}{(-cx^4 + b + ac)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\
 & \downarrow 366 \\
 & -bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2 x^{10}}{6c^2(ac + b)(ac + b - cx^4)^3} - \frac{\int \frac{x^8(6c(b+ac)x^4 + 5b^2 - 6a^2c^2)}{(-cx^4 + b + ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{6c^2(ac + b)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 360 \\
 & -bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2 x^{10}}{6c^2(ac + b)(ac + b - cx^4)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{24c^3(b+ac)x^8 + 4bc^2(11b+12ac)x^4 + bc(b+ac)(11b+12ac)}{(-cx^4 + b + ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{4c^3} + \frac{b(ac+b)(12ac+11b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2(ac+b-cx^4)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & -bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2 x^{10}}{6c^2(ac + b)(ac + b - cx^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{b(ac+b)(12ac+11b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{24c^3(b+ac)x^8 + 4bc^2(11b+12ac)x^4 + bc(b+ac)(11b+12ac)}{(-cx^4 + b + ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{4c^3}}{6c^2(ac + b)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 1471 \\
 & -bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2 x^{10}}{6c^2(ac + b)(ac + b - cx^4)^3} - \frac{\frac{b(ac+b)(12ac+11b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} - \frac{c(24a^2c^2 + 108abc + 79b^2)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{\int \frac{3c(b+ac)(16c(b+ac) - c^2)}{(-cx^4 + b + ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{4c^3}}{6c^2(ac + b)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2x^{10}}{6c^2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)^3} - \frac{b(ac+b)(12ac+11b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} - \frac{c(24a^2c^2+108abc+79b^2)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{3}{2}c \int \frac{16c(b+ac)x^4+1}{-cx^4} \right) / 4c^3$$

299

$$-bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2x^{10}}{6c^2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)^3} - \frac{b(ac+b)(12ac+11b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} - \frac{c(24a^2c^2+108abc+79b^2)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{3}{2}c \left(\frac{24a^2c^2+60abc}{-cx^4} \right) \right) / 6c^2(ac+b)$$

221

$$-bd^3 \left(\frac{b^2x^{10}}{6c^2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)^3} - \frac{b(ac+b)(12ac+11b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} - \frac{c(24a^2c^2+108abc+79b^2)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{3}{2}c \left(\frac{24a^2c^2+60abc}{-cx^4} \right) \right) / 6c^2(ac+b)$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^7,x]`

output `-(b*d^3*((b^2*x^10)/(6*c^2*(b + a*c)*(b + a*c - c*x^4)^3) - ((b*(b + a*c)*(11*b + 12*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(4*c^2*(b + a*c - c*x^4)^2) - ((c*(79*b^2 + 108*a*b*c + 24*a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(2*(b + a*c - c*x^4)) - (3*c*(-16*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)] + ((35*b^2 + 60*a*b*c + 24*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c])))/2)/(4*c^3))/(6*c^2*(b + a*c)))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 299 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}*x*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1}/(\text{b}*(2*\text{p} + 3))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d - \text{b}*c*(2*\text{p} + 3))/(\text{b}*(2*\text{p} + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*\text{p} + 3, 0]$
- rule 360 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_)^{\text{m}_}*(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{a})^{\text{m}/2 - 1}*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*x*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1}/(2*\text{b}^{\text{m}/2 + 1}*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{b}^{\text{m}/2 + 1}*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*\text{b}*(\text{p} + 1)*x^2*\text{Together}[(\text{b}^{\text{m}/2}*x^{\text{m} - 2}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2) - (-\text{a})^{\text{m}/2 - 1}*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d))/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)] - (-\text{a})^{\text{m}/2 - 1}*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d), \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{m}/2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 1, 0])$
- rule 366 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.)*(\text{x}_)^{\text{m}_}*(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}*(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(\text{x}_)^2)^2, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)^2*(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m} + 1}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1}/(2*\text{a}*b^2*\text{e}*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{a}*b^2*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m}}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1}*\text{Simp}[(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)^2*(\text{m} + 1) + 2*\text{b}^2*c^2*(\text{p} + 1) + 2*\text{a}*b*d^2*(\text{p} + 1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$

```
rule 1471 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2 + (c_)*(x_)^4)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2
, x], R = Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p, d + e*x^2, x], x
, 0]}, Simp[(-R)*x*((d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)/(2*d*(q + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*d*(q
+ 1)) Int[(d + e*x^2)^(q + 1)*ExpandToSum[2*d*(q + 1)*Qx + R*(2*q + 3),
x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^
2 - b*d*e + a*e^2, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[q, -1]
```

```
rule 2052 Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(p_), x_S
ymbol] := With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*
(p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)], x], x, (e*((a + b*
x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p]
&& IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 2053 Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(
(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p},
x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2057 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(dx^2+c)(8a^2c^2d^2x^4+62abc d^2x^4-8a^2c^3dx^2+57b^2d^2x^4-30abc^2x^2d+8a^2c^4-22b^2cx^2d+16abc^3+8b^2c^2)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{48c^4x^6(ac+b)}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```

-1/48*(d*x^2+c)*(8*a^2*c^2*d^2*x^4+62*a*b*c*d^2*x^4-8*a^2*c^3*d*x^2+57*b^2
*d^2*x^4-30*a*b*c^2*d*x^2+8*a^2*c^4-22*b^2*c*d*x^2+16*a*b*c^3+8*b^2*c^2)/c
^4/x^6/(a*c+b)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/16*d^3*b/c^4/(a*c+b)*(-
1/2*(24*a^2*c^2+60*a*b*c+35*b^2)/(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b*c+(2*a*
c*d+b*d)*x^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(
1/2))/x^2)+16*(a*c+b)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2
+b*c)^(1/2))*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))
^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 733, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \left[\frac{3(24a^2bc^2 + 60ab^2c + 35b^3)\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^3}x^6 \log\left(\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 8abc + b^2)d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^4 + 16abc^3 + 6b^2c^2}{(8a^2c^2 + 8abc + b^2)d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^4 + 16abc^3 + 6b^2c^2}\right)}{3(24a^2bc^2 + 60ab^2c + 35b^3)\sqrt{-ac^2 - bcd^3}x^6 \arctan\left(\frac{((2ac+b)dx^2 + 2ac^2 + 2bc)\sqrt{-ac^2 - bcd^3}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2(a^2c^3 + 2abc^2 + (a^2c^2 + abc)dx^2 + b^2c)}\right)} + 2(8a^3 + 6a^2b + 3ab^2 + 3b^3)\sqrt{-ac^2 - bcd^3}x^6 \right]$$

input

```

integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")

```

output

```
[1/192*(3*(24*a^2*b*c^2 + 60*a*b^2*c + 35*b^3)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^3*x^6*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 + 4*((2*a*c + b)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^3 + (4*a*c^2 + 3*b*c)*d*x^2 + 2*b*c^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/x^4) - 4*(8*a^3*c^7 + (8*a^3*c^4 + 118*a^2*b*c^3 + 215*a*b^2*c^2 + 105*b^3*c)*d^3*x^6 + 24*a^2*b*c^6 + 24*a*b^2*c^5 + 8*b^3*c^4 + (32*a^2*b*c^4 + 67*a*b^2*c^3 + 35*b^3*c^2)*d^2*x^4 - 14*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^2*c^7 + 2*a*b*c^6 + b^2*c^5)*x^6), -1/96*(3*(24*a^2*b*c^2 + 60*a*b^2*c + 35*b^3)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^3*x^6*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*d*x^2 + b^2*c)) + 2*(8*a^3*c^7 + (8*a^3*c^4 + 118*a^2*b*c^3 + 215*a*b^2*c^2 + 105*b^3*c)*d^3*x^6 + 24*a^2*b*c^6 + 24*a*b^2*c^5 + 8*b^3*c^4 + (32*a^2*b*c^4 + 67*a*b^2*c^3 + 35*b^3*c^2)*d^2*x^4 - 14*(a^2*b*c^5 + 2*a*b^2*c^4 + b^3*c^3)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^2*c^7 + 2*a*b*c^6 + b^2*c^5)*x^6)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2)/x**7, x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)/x**7, x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 534 vs. $2(224) = 448$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 534, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx =$$

$$\frac{(24 a^2 b c^2 + 60 a b^2 c + 35 b^3) d^3 \log\left(\frac{c \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}} - \sqrt{(a c + b) c}}{c \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}} + \sqrt{(a c + b) c}}\right) - b d^3 \sqrt{\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}}}{32 (a c^5 + b c^4) \sqrt{(a c + b) c} c^4} -$$

$$\frac{3 (8 a^2 b c^4 + 36 a b^2 c^3 + 29 b^3 c^2) d^3 \left(\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}\right)^{5/2} - 8 (6 a^3 b c^4 + 30 a^2 b^2 c^3 + 41 a b^3 c^2 + 17 b^4 c) d^3 \left(\frac{a d x^2 + a c + b}{d x^2 + c}\right)}{48 \left(a^4 c^8 + 4 a^3 b c^7 + 6 a^2 b^2 c^6 + 4 a b^3 c^5 + b^4 c^4 - \frac{(a c^8 + b c^7)(a d x^2 + a c + b)^3}{(d x^2 + c)^3} + \frac{3(a^2 c^8 + 2 a b c^7 + b^2 c^6)}{(d x^2 + c)^3}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-1/32*(24*a^2*b*c^2 + 60*a*b^2*c + 35*b^3)*d^3*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/((a*c^5 + b*c^4)*sqrt((a*c + b)*c)) - b*d^3*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/c^4 - 1/48*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^4 + 36*a*b^2*c^3 + 29*b^3*c^2)*d^3*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(5/2) - 8*(6*a^3*b*c^4 + 30*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 41*a*b^3*c^2 + 17*b^4*c)*d^3*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) + 3*(8*a^4*b*c^4 + 44*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 83*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 66*a*b^4*c + 19*b^5)*d^3*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^4*c^8 + 4*a^3*b*c^7 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^6 + 4*a*b^3*c^5 + b^4*c^4 - (a*c^8 + b*c^7)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^3/(d*x^2 + c)^3 + 3*(a^2*c^8 + 2*a*b*c^7 + b^2*c^6)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - 3*(a^3*c^8 + 3*a^2*b*c^7 + 3*a*b^2*c^6 + b^3*c^5)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^7,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^7, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1063, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.25

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^7} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^7,x)`

output

```
( - 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**7 - 8*sqrt(c + d*x
**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**4*d**3*x**6 - 24*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sq
rt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**6 + 14*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x*
*2 + b)*a**2*b*c**5*d*x**2 - 32*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*
a**2*b*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 118*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2
*b*c**3*d**3*x**6 - 24*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c*
*5 + 28*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**4*d*x**2 - 67*
sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 215*sqrt
(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**6 - 8*sqrt(c + d
*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**3*c**4 + 14*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c +
a*d*x**2 + b)*b**3*c**3*d*x**2 - 35*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2
+ b)*b**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 105*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b
**3*c*d**3*x**6 + 72*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*
d*x**2 + b)*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)
*a**2*b*c**3*d**3*x**6 + 72*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a
*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x
**2)*b)*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**8 + 180*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b
)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt
(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**6 + 180*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt
(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c + s...
```

$$3.183 \quad \int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal result	1705
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1706
Rubi [A] (verified)	1707
Maple [B] (verified)	1712
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1713
Sympy [F]	1714
Maxima [F]	1714
Giac [F]	1715
Mupad [F(-1)]	1715
Reduce [F]	1715

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 357

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{(b^2 - 14abc + a^2c^2) x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{5ad^2} \\ &+ \frac{(7b - ac)x(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{5d^2} \\ &+ \frac{6ax^3(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{5d} - \frac{x^3(b + ac + adx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{d} \\ &- \frac{\sqrt{c}(b^2 - 14abc + a^2c^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{5ad^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} \\ &- \frac{c^{3/2}(7b - ac) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{5d^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/5*(a^2*c^2-14*a*b*c+b^2)*x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a/d^2+1/5*(-a*c+7*b)*x*
(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d^2+6/5*a*x^3*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1
/2)/d-x^3*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d-1/5*c^(1/2)*(a^2*c^2-14*
a*b*c+b^2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(
1/2), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a/d^(5/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1
/2)-1/5*c^(3/2)*(-a*c+7*b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^
(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/d^(5/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*
x^2+c))^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(a\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} x \left(-a^2(c-dx^2)(c+dx^2)^2 + b^2(7c+2dx^2) + 3ab(2c^2+3cdx^2+d^2x^4) \right) - I(b^3-13ab^2c-13a^2b*c^2+a^3*c^3) \sqrt{(b+ac+adx^2)/(b+ac)} \right)}{(5a^2c^2(d/c)^{5/2}(b+a(c+dx^2)))}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```

(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(a*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(-(a^2*(c - d*x^2)*(
c + d*x^2)^2) + b^2*(7*c + 2*d*x^2) + 3*a*b*(2*c^2 + 3*c*d*x^2 + d^2*x^4))
- I*(b^3 - 13*a*b^2*c - 13*a^2*b*c^2 + a^3*c^3)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/
(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b
+ a*c)] + I*b*(b^2 - 6*a*b*c - 7*a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a
c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)
))/(5*a^2*c^2*(d/c)^(5/2)*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 369, 27, 443, 27, 444, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int x^4 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} \int \frac{x^4 (adx^2 + b + ac)^{3/2}}{(dx^2 + c)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{369} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3x^2 \sqrt{adx^2 + b + ac} (2adx^2 + b + ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2 + c}} dx}{d} - \frac{x^3 (ac + adx^2 + b)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{adx^2 + b + ac} (2adx^2 + b + ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2 + c}} dx}{d} - \frac{x^3 (ac + adx^2 + b)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{443} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{dx^2 (a(7b - ac)dx^2 + (5b - ac)(b + ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + b + ac}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2}{5} ax^3 \sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \right)}{d} - \frac{x^3 (ac + adx^2 + b)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c + dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{x^2(a(7b-ac)dx^2+(5b-ac)(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{2}{5} ax^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \right)}{d} - \frac{x^3(ac+adx^2+b)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)$$

↓ 444

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{x(7b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3d} - \frac{\int \frac{ad(c(7b-ac)(b+ac)-(b^2-14acb+a^2c^2)dx^2)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3ad^2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} ax^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{x(7b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3d} - \frac{\int \frac{c(7b-ac)(b+ac)-(b^2-14acb+a^2c^2)dx^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3d} \right) + \frac{2}{5} ax^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 406

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{x(7b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3d} - \frac{c(7b-ac)(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - d(a^2c^2-14abc+b^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3d} \right) \right)}{d} \right)$$

↓ 320

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{x(7b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3d} - \frac{c^{3/2}(7b-ac)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right) - d(a^2c^2 - 14abc + b^2)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right) \right) \frac{1}{3d} - \frac{1}{d}$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 388

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{x(7b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3d} - \frac{c^{3/2}(7b-ac)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right) - d(a^2c^2 - 14abc + b^2)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right) \right) \frac{1}{3d} - \frac{1}{d}$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 313

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} \left(\frac{3}{5} \left(\frac{x(7b - ac)\sqrt{c + dx^2}\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}}{3d} - \frac{c^{3/2}(7b - ac)\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b + ac}\right) - d(a^2c^2 - 14abc + b^2)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac + adx^2 + b)}{(ac + b)(c + dx^2)}}} \right) - d \right) \sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}$$

```
input Int[x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(-((x^3*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)^(3/2))/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) + (3*((2*a*x^3*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/5 + (((7*b - a*c)*x*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]))/(3*d) - ((b^2 - 14*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]))/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^(3/2)*(7*b - a*c)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])))/(3*d))/5))/d)/Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 313 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(3/2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]$

rule 320 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$

rule 369 $\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(e*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*b*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2/(2*b*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(m-1) + d*(m+2*q-1)*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 388 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])), x] - \text{Simp}[c/b \ \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^{(3/2)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$

rule 406 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + \text{Simp}[f \ \text{Int}[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q\}, x]$

rule 443 $\text{Int}[(g_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*(g*x)^{(m+1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*g*(m+2*(p+q+1)+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+2*(p+q+1)+1)) \ \text{Int}[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*((b*e - a*f)*(m+1) + b*e*2*(p+q+1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*e*d*2*(p+q+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ !(EqQ[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{SimplerQ}[e + f*x^2, c + d*x^2])$

rule 444

```
Int[((g_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))]*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1061 vs. $2(330) = 660$.

Time = 17.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1062, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1062
default	Expression too large to display	1101

input

```
int(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/5/d^2*x*(-a*d*x^2+a*c-2*b)*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+
1/5/d^2*(a^2*c^3/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2
*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*
d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-2*d*(a^2*c^2-9*a*b*c+b^2)
*(a*c^2+b*c)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(
1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(2*a*c*d+2*b*d)*(Ell
ipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-EllipticE(x*
(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2)))-7*b^2*c/(-a*d/(a*c+b
))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*
x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d
+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-a*b*c^2/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)
*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*Ellip
ticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))+5*b^2*c^2*((a*
d^2*x^2+a*c*d+b*d)/c/b*x/d/((x^2+c/d)*(a*d^2*x^2+a*c*d+b*d))^(1/2)+(1/c-(a
*c*d+b*d)/c/b/d)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2
*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*
d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))+2*a*d/b/c*(a*c^2+b*c)/(-a
*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4
+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(2*a*c*d+2*b*d)*(EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(
a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b)...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$(a^2c^3 - 14abc^2 + b^2c)\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - (a^2c^3 - 14abc^2 + b^2c + (a^2c^2 - 6abc - 7b^2))$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/5*((a^2*c^3 - 14*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsi
n(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a^2*c^3 - 14*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c + (a^2*c
^2 - 6*a*b*c - 7*b^2)*d)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)
/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a^2*d^3*x^6 + 2*a*b*d^2*x^4 + a^2*c^3 - 14*a*b*c^
2 - (7*a*b*c - b^2)*d*x^2 + b^2*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/
(a*d^3*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^4 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**4*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**4*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} x^4 dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)*x^4, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)*x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```

(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*d**2*x**5 - 3*sqrt(c + d*x
**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b*c*x + 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*
x**2 + b)*a*b*d*x**3 - 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**2*x
- 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**
2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*
x**4),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 - 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 +
b)*x**4)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**
2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**2 + 4*int((sqrt(c + d
*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**
2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b**2*c*d*
*2 + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*
c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d*
**2*x**4),x)*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2
+ b))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2
+ 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c**4 + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqr
t(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**
3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 6*in
t((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 +
3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*
b**2*c**3 + 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**3 + ...

```

3.184 $\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1717
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1718
Rubi [A] (verified)	1718
Maple [B] (verified)	1722
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1723
Sympy [F]	1724
Maxima [F]	1724
Giac [F]	1724
Mupad [F(-1)]	1725
Reduce [F]	1725

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 291

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(7b-ac)x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{3d} + \frac{4ax(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{3d}$$

$$- \frac{x(b+ac+adx^2)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{d} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(7b-ac)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^2}}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\middle|\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c}(3b-ac)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right),\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3d^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```
1/3*(-a*c+7*b)*x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d+4/3*a*x*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))
^(1/2)/d-x*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d-1/3*c^(1/2)*(-a*c+7*b)*
(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*
c+b))^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/3*c^(1/
2)*(-a*c+3*b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/
2)),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/d^(3/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} x \left(-3b^2 - 2ab(c + dx^2) + a^2(c + dx^2)^2 \right) + i(-7b^2 - 6abc + a^2c^2) \sqrt{\frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(Sqrt[d/c]*x*(-3*b^2 - 2*a*b*(c + d*x^2) + a^2*(c + d*x^2)^2) + I*(-7*b^2 - 6*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] + (4*I)*b*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]))/ (3*d*Sqrt[d/c]*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 369, 403, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int x^2 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{x^2(adx^2+b+ac)^{3/2}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

↓ 369

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}(4adx^2+b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}} dx}{d} - \frac{x(ac+adx^2+b)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

↓ 403

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{d(a(7b-ac)dx^2+(3b-ac)(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3d} + \frac{4}{3}ax\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} - \frac{x(ac+adx^2+b)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{a(7b-ac)dx^2+(3b-ac)(b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{4}{3}ax\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} - \frac{x(ac+adx^2+b)^{3/2}}{d\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

↓ 406

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left((3b-ac)(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + ad(7b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right) + \frac{4}{3}ax\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

↓ 320

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(ad(7b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c(3b-ac)}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right) + \frac{4}{3}ax\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

↓ 388

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(ad(7b-ac)\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}}-\frac{c\int\frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}}dx}{ad}\right)+\frac{\sqrt{c}(3b-ac)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right),\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}\right)+\frac{4}{3}\right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

313

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\left(\frac{1}{3}\left(ad(7b-ac)\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}}-\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\middle|\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}\right)+\frac{\sqrt{c}(3b-ac)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right),\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}\right)+\frac{4}{3}\right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(-((x*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)^(3/2))/(d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])) + ((4*a*x*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/3 + (a*(7*b - a*c)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)))/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (Sqrt[c]*(3*b - a*c)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))]))/3)/d)/Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 313 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]$
- rule 320 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$
- rule 369 $\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_)^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(e*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*b*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[e^2/(2*b*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(m-1) + d*(m+2*q-1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 388 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])), x] - \text{Simp}[c/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^{3/2}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$
- rule 403 $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_)*((e_) + (f_*)(x_)^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p+q+1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(2*(p+q+1) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p+q+1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p+q+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[2*(p+q+1) + 1, 0]$

rule 406

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Simp[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q}, x]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 819 vs. $2(268) = 536$.

Time = 14.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 820, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

method	result
default	$\left(\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a^2 d^2 x^5 + 2 \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a^2 c d x^3 + \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a b \right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/3*(((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*d^2*x^5+2*
((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c*d*x^3+((d*x^2
+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*d*x^3-((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*
x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*Elli
pticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a^2*c^2-3*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a
*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*d*x^3+((d*x^2+c
)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*x-5*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*
x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*Elli
pticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*b*c+7*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*
x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*Elli
pticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*b*c+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^
2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c*x+3*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))
^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a
*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b^2-3*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^
2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c*x-3*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b
*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*x)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^
2+c))^(1/2)/d/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b
))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(a^2c^3 - 7abc^2)\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - (a^2c^3 - 7abc^2 + (a^2c^2 - 2abc - 3b^2)d)\sqrt{a}x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}\operatorname{elliptic}_f\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right), \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) + (a^2c^2d^2x^4 + 4a^2b^2c^2d^2x^2 - a^2c^3 + 7a^2b^2c^2)\sqrt{a}x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}\operatorname{elliptic}_e\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right), \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right)}{(a^2c^3 - 7abc^2 + (a^2c^2 - 2abc - 3b^2)d)\sqrt{a}x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}\operatorname{elliptic}_f\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right), \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) + (a^2c^2d^2x^4 + 4a^2b^2c^2d^2x^2 - a^2c^3 + 7a^2b^2c^2)\sqrt{a}x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}\operatorname{elliptic}_e\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right), \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/3*((a^2*c^3 - 7*a*b*c^2)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/
d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a^2*c^3 - 7*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c - 3*b^
2)*d)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c
)) + (a^2*c*d^2*x^4 + 4*a*b*c*d*x^2 - a^2*c^3 + 7*a*b*c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 +
a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a*c*d^2*x)

```


Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)*x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```

(2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c*d*x**3 + 3*sqrt(c + d*
x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b*c*x + 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d
*x**2 + b)*b**2*x + 5*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)
/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*
c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 + 5*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt
(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a
*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**2 -
3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*
d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x*
**4),x)*a*b**2*c*d**2 - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x*
**4)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2
*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*s
qrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d
**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c**4 - 3*int((sq
rt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c
*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a**2*b*
c**3*d*x**2 - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**3 +
3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 +
b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b**2*c**3 - 6*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2
+ b))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**...

```

3.185 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	1727
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1728
Rubi [A] (verified)	1728
Maple [B] (verified)	1732
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1732
Sympy [F]	1733
Maxima [F]	1733
Giac [F]	1734
Mupad [F(-1)]	1734
Reduce [F]	1734

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = ax \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} + \frac{(b-ac) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} E \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} + \frac{a \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right), \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```
a*x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+(-a*c+b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+a*c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/d^(1/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(b \sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} x (b + a(c + dx^2)) + i(b^2 - a^2c^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} x\right)\right) \right)}{d(b + a(c + dx^2))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[d/c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(b*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)) + I*(b^2 - a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] - I*b*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)])/(d*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.471$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 315, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2057$$

$$\int \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2058$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{(adx^2+b+ac)^{3/2}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{ad(c(b+ac)-(b-ac)dx^2)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{cd} + \frac{bx\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{c\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{a \int \frac{c(b+ac)-(b-ac)dx^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c} + \frac{bx\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{c\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{406} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{a \left(c(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - d(b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{c} + \frac{bx\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{c\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{320} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right), \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)} - d(b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{c} + \frac{bx\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{c\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{388} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right), \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)} - d(b-ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) \right)}{c} + \frac{bx\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{c\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}
 \end{aligned}$$

313

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{a \left(\frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} - d(b-ac) \left(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)}{ad^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{c} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*((b*x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2)]/(c*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) + (a*(-((b - a*c)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2)]/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])))/c)/Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ }((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*d - c*b]*x*(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}*((c + d*x^2)^{q - 1}/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{p + 1}*(c + d*x^2)^{q - 2}*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 320 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$

rule 388 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])), x] - \text{Simp}[c/b \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^{3/2}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$

rule 406 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{p_ }((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^2)^{q_ }((e_) + (f_ \cdot)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + \text{Simp}[f \text{Int}[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q\}, x]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (b_ \cdot)/(c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{p_ }, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{q_ }((c_) + (d_ \cdot)(x_)^{n_}))^{r_ }], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/(a + b*x^n)^{p*q}*(c + d*x^n)^{p*r}], \text{Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{p*q}*(c + d*x^n)^{p*r}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r\}, x]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 514 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 5.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 515, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

method	result
default	$\left(\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right) a^2c^2 + \sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc} \sqrt{-\frac{c}{a}} \right)$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & \left((dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b) \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{dx^2+c}{c} \right)^{1/2} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \left(\frac{ac+b}{ac}\right)^{1/2}\right) a^2c^2 \\ & + (ad^2x^4+2adcx^2+bdx^2+ac^2+bc)^{1/2} \left(-\frac{ad}{ac+b} \right)^{1/2} a^2b^2 \\ & dx^3 + 2 \left((dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b) \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{dx^2+c}{c} \right)^{1/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \left(\frac{ac+b}{ac}\right)^{1/2}\right) \\ & a^2b^2c - \left((dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b) \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{dx^2+c}{c} \right)^{1/2} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \left(\frac{ac+b}{ac}\right)^{1/2}\right) a^2 \\ & b^2c + (ad^2x^4+2adcx^2+bdx^2+ac^2+bc)^{1/2} \left(-\frac{ad}{ac+b} \right)^{1/2} a^2 \\ & b^2cx + (ad^2x^4+2adcx^2+bdx^2+ac^2+bc)^{1/2} \left(-\frac{ad}{ac+b} \right)^{1/2} \\ & (b^2x) \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c} \right)^{1/2} / (ad^2x^4+2adcx^2+bdx^2+ \\ & ac^2+bc)^{1/2} / \left(-\frac{ad}{ac+b} \right)^{1/2} / c / (adx^2+ac+b) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{(ac^2 - bc)\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - (ac^2 - bc + (ac+b)d)\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right)}{cdx}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-((a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a*c^2 - b*c + (a*c + b)*d)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(c*d*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} acx + \sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} bx - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{ad^3x^6 + 3acd^2x^4 + bd^2} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c*x + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a
*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*x - int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x*
*4)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2
*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*d**2 - int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3
*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*d**3*x**2)/(c*(c + d*x
**2))
```

3.186 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1736
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1737
Rubi [A] (verified)	1737
Maple [B] (verified)	1743
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1744
Sympy [F]	1744
Maxima [F]	1744
Giac [F]	1745
Mupad [F(-1)]	1745
Reduce [F]	1745

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{cx} - \frac{(2b + ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{cx} - \frac{(2b + ac)\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} + \frac{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```
b*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c/x-(a*c+2*b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c/x-(a*c+2*b)*
d^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2)
), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/c^(3/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+a
*d^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)), (
b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} \left(2ab(c+dx^2)^2 + a^2c(c+dx^2)^2 + b^2(c+2dx^2) \right) + i(2b^2 + 3abc + a^2c^2) dx \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}} \right)}{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} x (b + a(c + dx^2))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(Sqrt[d/c]*(2*a*b*(c + d*x^2)^2 + a^2*c*(c + d*x^2)^2 + b^2*(c + 2*d*x^2)) + I*(2*b^2 + 3*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*d*x*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] - (2*I)*b*(b + a*c)*d*x*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]))/(c^2*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 370, 25, 27, 445, 25, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx \xrightarrow{2057} \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2058 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{(adx^2+b+ac)^{3/2}}{x^2(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \downarrow 370 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{(b+ac)d(adx^2+2b+ac)}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{cd} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(b+ac)d(adx^2+2b+ac)}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{cd} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{adx^2+2b+ac}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \downarrow 445 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{(ac+b) \left(-\frac{\int -\frac{ad((2b+ac)dx^2+c(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+2b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{c} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{(ac+b) \left(\frac{\int \frac{ad((2b+ac)dx^2+c(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+2b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{c} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\left((ac+b) \left(\frac{ad \int \frac{(2b+ac)dx^2+c(b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+2b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right) + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 406

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\left((ac+b) \left(\frac{ad \left(c(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + d(ac+2b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right) - \frac{(ac+2b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{c} \right)}$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 320

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\left((ac+b) \left(\frac{ad \left(d(ac+2b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right) - \frac{(ac+2b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{c} \right)}$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 388

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{(ac+b) \left(ad \left(d(ac+2b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{c(ac+b)} \right)}{c}$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}$$

313

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{(ac+b) \left(ad \left(\frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} + d(ac+2b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right) \right)}{c(ac+b)} \right)}{c}$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*((b*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + \\ & a*d*x^2)]/(c*x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]) + ((b + a*c)*(-((2*b + a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2] \\ & *\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]))/(c*(b + a*c)*x)) + (a*d*((2*b + a*c)*d*((x*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2)]/(a*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]) - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d* \\ & x^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[\\ & c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^(3 \\ & /2)*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]], b/(b + \\ & a*c)]/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c \\ & + d*x^2))]))/(c*(b + a*c)))/c)/\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2] \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ \text{!Ma} \\ \text{tchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$$

rule 313

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp} \\ [(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c \\ + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ} \\ [\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]$$

rule 320

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{S} \\ \text{imp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c \\ + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] \text{ /; } \text{Fre} \\ \text{eQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$$

rule 370

$$\text{Int}[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_ \\), x_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[(-b*c - a*d)*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + \\ d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(a*b*e*2*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(a*b*2*(p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(e*x) \\ ^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*\text{Simp}[c*(b*c*2*(p + 1) + (b*c - a \\ *d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c*2*(p + 1) + (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], \\ x], x] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \\ \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$$

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 872 vs. 2(222) = 444.

Time = 14.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 873, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}a^2cd^2x^4+\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}abd^2x^4-\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}}\right)}{(ac+b)(dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}$
risch	$+\frac{d\left(\frac{a^2c^2\sqrt{1+\frac{adx^2}{ac+b}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2d}{c}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}},\sqrt{-1+\frac{2acd+bd}{dca}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}}-2dab(ac^2+bc)\sqrt{1+\frac{adx^2}{ac+b}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2d}{c}}\right)}{c^2x}$

```
input int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -(((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c*d^2*x^4+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*d^2*x^4-((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a^2*c^2*d*x+(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*d^2*x^4+2*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d*x^2+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*b*c*d*x-2*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*b*c*d*x+3*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c*d*x^2+(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c*d*x^2+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c^3+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*d*x^2+(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*d*x^2+2*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c^2+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*c*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/x/c^2/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{(a^2c + 2ab)\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}d^2x\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}}E(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}) - ((a^2c + 2ab)d^2 + ($$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((a^2*c + 2*a*b)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*d^2*x*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((a^2*c + 2*a*b)*d^2 + (a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*d)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c + 2*b^2)*d*x^2 + b^2*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a*c^3 + b*c^2)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba}c^2 - 2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+bbc} - \sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{a}}{2c^2}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)
)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*c - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)
*b*d*x**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**3 +
3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 +
b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c*d**3*x + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2
+ b)*x**4)/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c
**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*d**4*x**3 - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**
2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 +
a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*b*c**3*d*x - 3*in
t((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 +
3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*a*
b*c**2*d**2*x**3 - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c*
**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x*
*2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*b**2*c**2*d*x - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*
d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**3 + 3*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 + b
*c**2 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4),x)*b**2*c*d**2*x**3)/(2*c**2*x*(c + d*
x**2))
```

3.187 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1747
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1748
Rubi [A] (verified)	1748
Maple [B] (verified)	1754
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1755
Sympy [F]	1756
Maxima [F]	1756
Giac [F]	1757
Mupad [F(-1)]	1757
Reduce [F]	1757

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 298

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{cx^3} + \frac{(8b + ac)d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{3c^2x} - \frac{(4b + ac)(c + dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{3c^2x^3} + \frac{(8b + ac)d^{3/2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3c^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}} - \frac{a(4b + ac)d^{3/2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3c^{3/2}(b + ac)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```
b*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c/x^3+1/3*(a*c+8*b)*d*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^2/x-
1/3*(a*c+4*b)*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^2/x^3+1/3*(a*c+8*b)*d^(3/2)
*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2), (b/(
a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*a*(
a*c+4*b)*d^(3/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(
1/2)), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(a*c+b)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^
2+c))^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 352, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(-b^2c^2 - 2abc^3 - a^2c^4 + 4b^2cdx^2 + 3abc^2dx^2 - a^2c^3dx^2 + 8b^2d^2x^4 + 13a^2cd^2x^4 + a^2c^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2b^2cd^2x^4 + 8a^2b^2d^2x^4 + 13a^2b^2cd^2x^4 + a^2c^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2b^2d^2x^4 + a^2c^2d^2x^4 + I*c*(8*b^2 + 9*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*d*sqrt[d/c]*x^3*sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] - I*b*c*(8*b + 5*a*c)*d*sqrt[d/c]*x^3*sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]\right)}{3*c^3*x^3*(b + a*(c + d*x^2))}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^4,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(-(b^2*c^2) - 2*a*b*c^3 - a^2*c^4 +
4*b^2*c*d*x^2 + 3*a*b*c^2*d*x^2 - a^2*c^3*d*x^2 + 8*b^2*d^2*x^4 + 13*a*b*
c*d^2*x^4 + a^2*c^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a*b*d^3*x^6 + a^2*c*d^3*x^6 + I*c*(8*b^2 +
9*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*d*Sqrt[d/c]*x^3*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sq
rt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] - I*b
*c*(8*b + 5*a*c)*d*Sqrt[d/c]*x^3*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[
1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]))/(3*c^3
*x^3*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 370, 25, 27, 445, 27, 445, 25, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 2058 \\
\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{(adx^2+b+ac)^{3/2}}{x^4(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
\downarrow 370 \\
\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(a(3b+ac)dx^2+(b+ac)(4b+ac))}{x^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{cd} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{d(a(3b+ac)dx^2+(b+ac)(4b+ac))}{x^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{cd} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{a(3b+ac)dx^2+(b+ac)(4b+ac)}{x^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
\downarrow 445 \\
\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(b+ac)d(a(4b+ac)dx^2+(b+ac)(8b+ac))}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+4b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(-\frac{d \int \frac{a(4b+ac)dx^2+(b+ac)(8b+ac)}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3c} - \frac{(ac+4b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
\downarrow 445
\end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int -\frac{a(b+ac)d((8b+ac)dx^2+c(4b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx} \right)}{3c} - \frac{(ac+4b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^3} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{\int \frac{a(b+ac)d((8b+ac)dx^2+c(4b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx} \right)}{3c} - \frac{(ac+4b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^3} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{ad \int \frac{(8b+ac)dx^2+c(4b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c} - \frac{(ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx} \right)}{3c} - \frac{(ac+4b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 406

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{ad \left(c(ac+4b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + d(ac+8b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{c} - \frac{(ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx} \right)}{3c} - \frac{(ac+4b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$$

↓ 320

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{ad \left(d(ac+8b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2}(ac+4b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}} \right)}{c} - (ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2} \right) \frac{3c}{c}$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 388

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{ad \left(d(ac+8b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2}(ac+4b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}} \right)}{c} - (ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2} \right) \frac{3c}{c}$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 313

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}} = \frac{d \left(\frac{ad \left(\frac{c^{3/2}(ac+4b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} + d(ac+8b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{c} \right)}{3c} = \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b}}{c}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*((b*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(c*x^3*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) + (-1/3*((4*b + a*c)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(c*x^3) - (d*(-(((8*b + a*c)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(c*x)) + (a*d*((8*b + a*c)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c))]/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^(3/2)*(4*b + a*c)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(b + a*c)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])))/c)/(3*c))/c)/Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 313 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]/((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{3/2}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/(\text{c}*Rt[\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)/(\text{a}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)))))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*x], 1 - \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*\text{d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}]$
- rule 320 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/(\text{a}*Rt[\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)/(\text{a}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)))))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*x], 1 - \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*\text{d}))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!SimplerSqrtQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}, \text{d}/\text{c}]$
- rule 370 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.)*(x_)^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_.)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_.)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*(\text{e}*x)^{(\text{m} + 1)}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}/(\text{a}*b*\text{e}*2*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{a}*b*2*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m}}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 2)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{b}*c*2*(\text{p} + 1) + (\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*(\text{m} + 1)) + \text{d}*(\text{b}*c*2*(\text{p} + 1) + (\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*(\text{m} + 2*(\text{q} - 1) + 1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 388 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/(\text{b}*Rt[\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2])), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{c}/\text{b} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{3/2}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{!SimplerSqrtQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}, \text{d}/\text{c}]$
- rule 406 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_.)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_.)*((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(x_)^2)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e} \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{f} \quad \text{Int}[x^2*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}]$

rule 445

```
Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1036 vs. $2(275) = 550$.

Time = 17.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1037, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.48

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1037
risch	Expression too large to display	1122

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

-1/3*(-((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c*d^3*x^
6-5*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*d^3*x^6+((d
*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/
c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a^2*c^2*d^2
*x^3-3*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2
)*a*b*d^3*x^6-((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c
^2*d^2*x^4-4*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(
1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1
/2))*a*b*c*d^2*x^3+8*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a
*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)
/a/c)^(1/2))*a*b*c*d^2*x^3-10*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c
+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c*d^2*x^4-3*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)
*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c*d^2*x^4+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*
d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c^3*d*x^2-5*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(
a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*d^2*x^4-3*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)
*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*d^2*x^4-3*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a
*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c^2*d*x^2+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a
*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c^4-4*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1
/2)*b^2*c*d*x^2+2*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a
*b*c^3+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*c^2)*...

```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{(a^2c + 8ab)\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}d^3x^3\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - ((a^2c + 8ab)d^3 + (a^2c^2 + 5abc + 4b^2)d^3)}{d^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```


output

```
-1/3*((a^2*c + 8*a*b)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*d^3*x^3*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)
*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((a^2*c + 8
*a*b)*d^3 + (a^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*c + 4*b^2)*d^2)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x^3*sqrt
((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(
a*c)) - ((a^2*c^2 + 9*a*b*c + 8*b^2)*d^2*x^4 - a^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^3 - b^2*c
^2 + 4*(a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/((a
*c^4 + b*c^3)*x^3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2)/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)/x**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)/x^4, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^4,x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(
a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b - 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))
/(3*a**3*c**5*x**2 + 9*a**3*c**4*d*x**4 + 9*a**3*c**3*d**2*x**6 + 3*a**3*c
**2*d**3*x**8 + 8*a**2*b*c**4*x**2 + 21*a**2*b*c**3*d*x**4 + 18*a**2*b*c**
2*d**2*x**6 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**8 + 7*a*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 16*a*b**2*c**2*d
*x**4 + 11*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**3*x**8 + 2*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 4*
b**3*c*d*x**4 + 2*b**3*d**2*x**6),x)*a**3*b*c**4*d*x**3 - 12*int((sqrt(c +
d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(3*a**3*c**5*x**2 + 9*a**3*c**4*d*x**4
+ 9*a**3*c**3*d**2*x**6 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**3*x**8 + 8*a**2*b*c**4*x**2 + 21*
a**2*b*c**3*d*x**4 + 18*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**6 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**8 + 7*a
*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 16*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**4 + 11*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2
*d**3*x**8 + 2*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 4*b**3*c*d*x**4 + 2*b**3*d**2*x**6),x)*a**
3*b*c**3*d**2*x**5 - 32*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(3
*a**3*c**5*x**2 + 9*a**3*c**4*d*x**4 + 9*a**3*c**3*d**2*x**6 + 3*a**3*c**2
*d**3*x**8 + 8*a**2*b*c**4*x**2 + 21*a**2*b*c**3*d*x**4 + 18*a**2*b*c**2*d
**2*x**6 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**8 + 7*a*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 16*a*b**2*c**2*d*x
**4 + 11*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**6 + 2*a*b**2*d**3*x**8 + 2*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 4*b**
3*c*d*x**4 + 2*b**3*d**2*x**6),x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d*x**3 - 32*int((sqrt(c +
d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(3*a**3*c**5*x**2 + 9*a**3*c**4*d*x**4
+ 9*a**3*c**3*d**2*x**6 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**3*x**8 + 8*a**2*b*c**4*x**2 + ...
```

3.188 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1759
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1760
Rubi [A] (verified)	1761
Maple [B] (verified)	1770
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1771
Sympy [F]	1771
Maxima [F]	1772
Giac [F]	1772
Mupad [F(-1)]	1772
Reduce [F]	1773

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 378

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{cx^5} - \frac{(16b^2 + 16abc + a^2c^2) d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{5c^3(b+ac)x}$$

$$- \frac{(6b+ac)(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{5c^2x^5} + \frac{(8b+ac)d(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{5c^3x^3}$$

$$- \frac{(16b^2 + 16abc + a^2c^2) d^{5/2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{5c^{7/2}(b+ac)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

$$+ \frac{a(8b+ac)d^{5/2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{5c^{5/2}(b+ac)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}}$$

output

```

b*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c/x^5-1/5*(a^2*c^2+16*a*b*c+16*b^2)*d^2*(a+b/(d*x^
2+c))^(1/2)/c^3/(a*c+b)/x-1/5*(a*c+6*b)*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^
2/x^5+1/5*(a*c+8*b)*d*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c^3/x^3-1/5*(a^2*c^2
+16*a*b*c+16*b^2)*d^(5/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2
)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(7/2)/(a*c+b)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/
(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/5*a*(a*c+8*b)*d^(5/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*Inv
erseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(5/2)/(a*c+b)/
(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 472, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx =$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(b^3c^3 + 3ab^2c^4 + 3a^2bc^5 + a^3c^6 - 2b^3c^2dx^2 - 3ab^2c^3dx^2 + a^3c^5dx^2 + 8b^3cd^2x^4 + 13ab^2c^2d^2x^4 \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^6,x]
```

output

```

-1/5*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^4 + 3*a^2
*b*c^5 + a^3*c^6 - 2*b^3*c^2*d*x^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^3*d*x^2 + a^3*c^5*d*x^2 + 8
*b^3*c*d^2*x^4 + 13*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*x^4 + 5*a^2*b*c^3*d^2*x^4 + 16*b^3*d^3*x
^6 + 40*a*b^2*c*d^3*x^6 + 24*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*x^6 + a^3*c^3*d^3*x^6 + 16*a*b^
2*d^4*x^8 + 16*a^2*b*c*d^4*x^8 + a^3*c^2*d^4*x^8 + I*c*(16*b^3 + 32*a*b^2*
c + 17*a^2*b*c^2 + a^3*c^3)*d^2*Sqrt[d/c]*x^5*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b
+ a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a
*c)] - (8*I)*b*c*(2*b^2 + 3*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*d^2*Sqrt[d/c]*x^5*Sqrt[(b + a
*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]
*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]))/(c^4*(b + a*c)*x^5*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 521, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.762$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 370, 25, 27, 445, 27, 445, 27, 445, 25, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \int \frac{(adx^2+b+ac)^{3/2}}{x^6(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{370} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^5\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(a(5b+ac)dx^2+(b+ac)(6b+ac))}{x^6\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{cd} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{d(a(5b+ac)dx^2+(b+ac)(6b+ac))}{x^6\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{cd} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^5\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{a(5b+ac)dx^2+(b+ac)(6b+ac)}{x^6\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^5\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3(b+ac)d(a(6b+ac)dx^2+(b+ac)(8b+ac))}{x^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5c(ac+b)} - \frac{(ac+6b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5cx^5} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^5\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \left(\frac{3d \int \frac{a(6b+ac)dx^2+(b+ac)(8b+ac)}{x^4\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5c} - \frac{(ac+6b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5cx^5} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^5\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)$$

↓ 445

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \left(\frac{3d \left(\int \frac{(b+ac)d(16b^2+16acb+a^2c^2+a(8b+ac)dx^2)}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{(ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} \right)}{5c} - \frac{(ac+6b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5cx^5} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \left(\frac{3d \left(\int \frac{d(16b^2+16acb+a^2c^2+a(8b+ac)dx^2)}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{(ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3cx^3} \right)}{5c} - \frac{(ac+6b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5cx^5} + \frac{b\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx^5\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)$$

↓ 445

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} = \frac{3d \left(\int \frac{ad((16b^2+16acb+a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b+ac)(8b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3c} - \frac{(ac+8b)\sqrt{c}}{5c} - \frac{c}{c}$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 25

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} = \frac{3d \left(\int \frac{ad((16b^2+16acb+a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b+ac)(8b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3c} - \frac{(ac+8b)\sqrt{c}}{5c} - \frac{c}{c}$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 27

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{3d \left(d \left(\frac{ad \int \frac{(16b^2+16acb+a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b+ac)(8b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - \frac{(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right) \right)}{3c} - \frac{(ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{5c} \right)}{c}$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 406

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \left(\frac{3d \left(d \left(\frac{ad \left(d(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + c(ac+b)(ac+8b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right) \right) \right)}{3c} - \frac{(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5c} \right)}{c}$$

$\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}$

↓ 320

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

$$\frac{ad \left(d(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2}(ac+8b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}} \right)}{c(ac+b)}$$

$$\frac{3d}{3c}$$

$$\frac{5c}{c}$$

$$\sqrt{ac+adx^2}$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\dots} dx = \frac{ad \left(d(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2}(ac+8b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{\sqrt{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{c(ac+b)} \right)}{3d} + \frac{\dots}{3c} + \frac{\dots}{5c}$$

$\sqrt{ac+a}$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

$$\frac{ad \left(d(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\middle|\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2}(ac+8b)\sqrt{ac+ad}}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{3d} + \frac{c^{3/2}(ac+8b)\sqrt{ac+ad}}{3c}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^6,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*((b*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + \\ & a*d*x^2)]/(c*x^5*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]) + (-1/5*((6*b + a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2)]/(c*x^5) - (3*d*(-1/3*((8*b + a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2)]/(c*x^3) - (d*(-(((16*b^2 + 16*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*\text{Sqrt} \\ & [c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2)]/(c*(b + a*c)*x)) + (a*d*((16*b^2 + 16 \\ & *a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*d*((x*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2)]/(a*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]) - (\\ & \text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]], b/(\\ & b + a*c)]))/(a*d^(3/2)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))]/((b + a \\ & *c)*(c + d*x^2)))) + (c^(3/2)*(8*b + a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*\text{Ellipti} \\ & \text{cF}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqr} \\ & \text{t}[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))]))/(c*(b + a*c)))/(3*c \\ &))/(5*c))/c)/\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2] \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!Ma} \\ \text{tchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]]$$

rule 313

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{Simp} \\ [(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c \\ + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{FreeQ} \\ [{a, b, c, d}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]$$

rule 320

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \text{ :> } \text{S} \\ \text{imp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c \\ + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], \text{x}] \text{ /; } \text{Fre} \\ \text{eQ}[\{a, b, c, d}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{!SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$$

rule 370

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(a*b*e*2*(p + 1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(a*b*2*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*2*(p + 1) + (b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) + d*(b*c*2*(p + 1) + (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 388

```
Int[(x._)^2/(Sqrt[(a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2]*Sqrt[(c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2]), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

rule 406

```
Int[((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Simp[p*f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q}, x]
```

rule 445

```
Int[((g._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2)^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^2)^(q._)*((e._) + (f._)*(x._)^2), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x]
+ Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c + a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u._)*((a._) + (b._)/((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._)))^(p._), x_Symbol]
:> Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._)))^(q._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(r._), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^(p/(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1165 vs. $2(351) = 702$.

Time = 18.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1166, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1166
default	Expression too large to display	1666

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/5*(d*x^2+c)*(a^2*c^2*d^2*x^4+11*a*b*c*d^2*x^4-a^2*c^3*d*x^2+11*b^2*d^2*
x^4-4*a*b*c^2*d*x^2+a^2*c^4-3*b^2*c*d*x^2+2*a*b*c^3+b^2*c^2)/c^4/x^5/(a*c+
b)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/5/c^4*d^3/(a*c+b)*(a^3*c^3/(-a*d/(a
*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*
c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a
*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-2*a*d*(a^2*c^2+11*a*b*c+11*b^2)*(a*c^2+b*c)/(-a*d/
(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*
a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(2*a*c*d+2*b*d)*(EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c
+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2
),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2)))+4*a^2*b*c^2/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d
*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c
^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1
/2))+3*c*a*b^2/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d
)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/
(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-5*b^2*c*(a*c+b)*((a*d^2*x^2
+a*c*d+b*d)/c/b*x/d/((x^2+c/d)*(a*d^2*x^2+a*c*d+b*d))^(1/2)+(1/c-(a*c*d+b*
d)/c/b/d)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1
/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+
b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))+2*a*d/b/c*(a*c^2+b*c)/(-a*d/(a*c
+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a...
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 393, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{(a^3c^2 + 16a^2bc + 16ab^2)\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}d^4x^5\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - ((a^3c^2 + 16a^2bc + 16ab^2)d^4 + (a^3c^3 + 10a^2b^2c^2 + 17ab^2c + 8b^3)d^3)\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}x^5\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - ((a^3c^3 + 17a^2b^2c^2 + 32ab^2c + 16b^3)d^3x^6 + a^3c^6 + 3a^2b^2c^5 + 3ab^2c^4 + (7a^2b^2c^3 + 15ab^2c^2 + 8b^3c)d^2x^4 + b^3c^3 - 2(ab^2c^4 + 2ab^2c^3 + b^3c^2)d^2x^2)\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2 + ac + b}{d^2x^2 + c}}}{(a^2c^6 + 2ab^2c^5 + b^2c^4)x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*((a^3*c^2 + 16*a^2*b*c + 16*a*b^2)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*d^4*x^5*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((a^3*c^2 + 16*a^2*b*c + 16*a*b^2)*d^4 + (a^3*c^3 + 10*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 17*a*b^2*c + 8*b^3)*d^3)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x^5*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((a^3*c^3 + 17*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 32*a*b^2*c + 16*b^3)*d^3*x^6 + a^3*c^6 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^5 + 3*a*b^2*c^4 + (7*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 15*a*b^2*c^2 + 8*b^3*c)*d^2*x^4 + b^3*c^3 - 2*(a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^2)*d^2*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^2*c^6 + 2*a*b^2*c^5 + b^2*c^4)*x^5)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)/x**6, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)/x^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)/x^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^6,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)/x^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2)/x^6,x)`

output

```
( - 5*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**3 - 13*sqrt(c + d*
x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**2 + 10*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*d**2*x**4 - 11*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2
+ b)*a*b**2*c - 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**3 + 50*int
((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(5*a**3*c**5 + 15*a**3*c
**4*d*x**2 + 15*a**3*c**3*d**2*x**4 + 5*a**3*c**2*d**3*x**6 + 13*a**2*b*c*
**4 + 34*a**2*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 29*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 8*a**2*b*c*d**3*x*
**6 + 11*a*b**2*c**3 + 25*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 17*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 3*a*
b**2*d**3*x**6 + 3*b**3*c**2 + 6*b**3*c*d*x**2 + 3*b**3*d**2*x**4),x)*a**5
*b*c**3*d**4*x**5 + 50*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2
)/(5*a**3*c**5 + 15*a**3*c**4*d*x**2 + 15*a**3*c**3*d**2*x**4 + 5*a**3*c**
2*d**3*x**6 + 13*a**2*b*c**4 + 34*a**2*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 29*a**2*b*c**2*d**2
*x**4 + 8*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**6 + 11*a*b**2*c**3 + 25*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 17
*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*d**3*x**6 + 3*b**3*c**2 + 6*b**3*c*d*x**2 +
3*b**3*d**2*x**4),x)*a**5*b*c**2*d**5*x**7 + 80*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqr
t(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(5*a**3*c**5 + 15*a**3*c**4*d*x**2 + 15*a**3*c
**3*d**2*x**4 + 5*a**3*c**2*d**3*x**6 + 13*a**2*b*c**4 + 34*a**2*b*c**3*d*
x**2 + 29*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 8*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**6 + 11*a*b**2*c**3 +
25*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 17*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 3*a*b**2*d**3*x**6 + 3*b**
3*c**2 + 6*b**3*c*d*x**2 + 3*b**3*d**2*x**4),x)*a**4*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**...
```

$$3.189 \quad \int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3-4x^2)}} dx$$

Optimal result	1774
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1774
Rubi [A] (verified)	1775
Maple [B] (verified)	1776
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1777
Sympy [F]	1777
Maxima [F]	1778
Giac [F]	1778
Mupad [F(-1)]	1778
Reduce [F]	1779

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3-4x^2)}} dx = \frac{E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| \frac{15}{8}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

output `1/2*EllipticE(2/3*x*3^(1/2),1/4*30^(1/2))*2^(1/2)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. 2(19) = 38.

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3-4x^2)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} \sqrt{3-4x^2} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| \frac{15}{8}\right)}{\sqrt{4-10x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[5/4 - 7/(4*(3 - 4*x^2))], x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[(2 - 5*x^2)/(3 - 4*x^2)]*Sqrt[3 - 4*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(2*x)/Sqrt
[3]], 15/8])/Sqrt[4 - 10*x^2]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {2057, 2050, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3 - 4x^2)}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{2 - 5x^2}{3 - 4x^2}} dx$$

↓ 2050

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2 - 5x^2}}{\sqrt{3 - 4x^2}} dx$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \mid \frac{15}{8}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[5/4 - 7/(4*(3 - 4*x^2))],x]
```

output

```
EllipticE[ArcSin[(2*x)/Sqrt[3]], 15/8]/Sqrt[2]
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 327 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a]/(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 2050 $\text{Int}[(u_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((a*e + b*e*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^p), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[b*d*e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[c - a*(d/b), 0]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}))^{(p_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{5x^2-2}{4x^2-3}} (4x^2-3) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{-10x^2+4} \sqrt{-12x^2+9} \left(7 \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{10}}{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{30}}{15}\right) - 15 \text{EllipticE}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{10}}{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{30}}{15}\right) \right)}{120 \sqrt{(4x^2-3)(5x^2-2)} \sqrt{20x^4-23x^2+6}}$
elliptic	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{5x^2-2}{4x^2-3}} \sqrt{(4x^2-3)(5x^2-2)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{10} \sqrt{-10x^2+4} \sqrt{-12x^2+9} \text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{10}}{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{30}}{15}\right)}{15 \sqrt{20x^4-23x^2+6}} + \frac{\sqrt{10} \sqrt{-10x^2+4} \sqrt{-12x^2+9} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{10}}{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{30}}{15}\right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{20x^4-23x^2+6}} \right)}{5x^2-2}$

input $\text{int}(1/2*(5-28/(-16*x^2+12))^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output
$$\frac{1/120*((5*x^2-2)/(4*x^2-3))^{(1/2)}*(4*x^2-3)*10^{(1/2)}*(-10*x^2+4)^{(1/2)}*(-12*x^2+9)^{(1/2)}*(7*\text{EllipticF}(1/2*x*10^{(1/2)}, 2/15*30^{(1/2)})-15*\text{EllipticE}(1/2*x*10^{(1/2)}, 2/15*30^{(1/2)}))}{((4*x^2-3)*(5*x^2-2))^{(1/2)}/(20*x^4-23*x^2+6)^{(1/2)}}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3-4x^2)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{45\sqrt{5}\sqrt{3}x E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2x}\right) \mid \frac{8}{15}\right) - 13\sqrt{5}\sqrt{3}x F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2x}\right) \mid \frac{8}{15}\right) + 60(4x^2 - 3)\sqrt{\frac{5x^2-2}{4x^2-3}}}{240x}$$

input `integrate(1/2*(5-28/(-16*x^2+12))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/240*(45*sqrt(5)*sqrt(3)*x*elliptic_e(arcsin(1/2*sqrt(3)/x), 8/15) - 13*sqrt(5)*sqrt(3)*x*elliptic_f(arcsin(1/2*sqrt(3)/x), 8/15) + 60*(4*x^2 - 3)*sqrt((5*x^2 - 2)/(4*x^2 - 3)))/x`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3-4x^2)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{5 - \frac{28}{12-16x^2}}}{2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/2*(5-28/(-16*x**2+12))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(5 - 28/(12 - 16*x**2))/2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3-4x^2)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{7}{4x^2-3} + 5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/2*(5-28/(-16*x^2+12))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*integrate(sqrt(7/(4*x^2 - 3) + 5), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3-4x^2)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{7}{4x^2-3} + 5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/2*(5-28/(-16*x^2+12))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/2*sqrt(7/(4*x^2 - 3) + 5), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3-4x^2)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{28}{16x^2-12} + 5}}{2} dx$$

input `int((28/(16*x^2 - 12) + 5)^(1/2)/2,x)`

output `int((28/(16*x^2 - 12) + 5)^(1/2)/2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \frac{7}{4(3-4x^2)}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{4x^2-3}\sqrt{5x^2-2}}{4x^2-3} dx$$

input `int(1/2*(5-28/(-16*x^2+12))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(4*x**2 - 3)*sqrt(5*x**2 - 2))/(4*x**2 - 3),x)`

$$3.190 \quad \int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1780
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1780
Rubi [A] (verified)	1781
Maple [B] (verified)	1782
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1782
Sympy [F]	1783
Maxima [F]	1783
Giac [F]	1783
Mupad [F(-1)]	1784
Reduce [F]	1784

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx = \frac{E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| \frac{15}{8}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

output `1/2*EllipticE(2/3*x*3^(1/2),1/4*30^(1/2))*2^(1/2)`

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. 2(19) = 38.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} \sqrt{3-4x^2} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \middle| \frac{15}{8}\right)}{\sqrt{4-10x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[(2 - 5*x^2)/(3 - 4*x^2)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(2 - 5*x^2)/(3 - 4*x^2)]*Sqrt[3 - 4*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcSin[(2*x)/Sqrt[3]], 15/8])/Sqrt[4 - 10*x^2]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$, Rules used = {2050, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx$$

↓ 2050

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{2-5x^2}}{\sqrt{3-4x^2}} dx$$

↓ 327

$$\frac{E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) \mid \frac{15}{8}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[(2 - 5*x^2)/(3 - 4*x^2)],x]`

output `EllipticE[ArcSin[(2*x)/Sqrt[3]], 15/8]/Sqrt[2]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2050 `Int[(u_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((a*e + b*e*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && GtQ[b*d*e, 0] && GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{5x^2-2}{4x^2-3}} (4x^2-3) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{-10x^2+4} \sqrt{-12x^2+9} \left(7 \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{10}}{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{30}}{15}\right) - 15 \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{10}}{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{30}}{15}\right) \right)}{120 \sqrt{(4x^2-3)(5x^2-2)} \sqrt{20x^4-23x^2+6}}$
elliptic	$\sqrt{\frac{5x^2-2}{4x^2-3}} \sqrt{(4x^2-3)(5x^2-2)} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{10} \sqrt{-10x^2+4} \sqrt{-12x^2+9} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{10}}{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{30}}{15}\right)}{15 \sqrt{20x^4-23x^2+6}} + \frac{\sqrt{10} \sqrt{-10x^2+4} \sqrt{-12x^2+9} \left(\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{x\sqrt{10}}{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{30}}{15}\right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{20x^4-23x^2+6}} \right) \frac{1}{5x^2-2}$

input `int(((−5*x^2+2)/(−4*x^2+3))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1/120 * ((5*x^2-2)/(4*x^2-3))^(1/2) * (4*x^2-3) * 10^(1/2) * (-10*x^2+4)^(1/2) * (-12*x^2+9)^(1/2) * (7*EllipticF(1/2*x*10^(1/2), 2/15*30^(1/2)) - 15*EllipticE(1/2*x*10^(1/2), 2/15*30^(1/2)))}{((4*x^2-3)*(5*x^2-2))^(1/2) / (20*x^4-23*x^2+6)^(1/2)}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs. $2(17) = 34$.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.89

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{45 \sqrt{5} \sqrt{3} x E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2x}\right) \mid \frac{8}{15}\right) - 13 \sqrt{5} \sqrt{3} x F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2x}\right) \mid \frac{8}{15}\right) + 60 (4x^2 - 3) \sqrt{\frac{5x^2-2}{4x^2-3}}}{240 x}$$

input `integrate(((−5*x^2+2)/(−4*x^2+3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1/240 * (45 * \sqrt{5} * \sqrt{3} * x * \operatorname{elliptic_e}(\arcsin(1/2 * \sqrt{3}/x), 8/15) - 13 * \sqrt{5} * \sqrt{3} * x * \operatorname{elliptic_f}(\arcsin(1/2 * \sqrt{3}/x), 8/15) + 60 * (4 * x^2 - 3) * \sqrt{(5 * x^2 - 2) / (4 * x^2 - 3)})}{x}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(((−5*x**2+2)/(−4*x**2+3))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((2 - 5*x**2)/(3 - 4*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{5x^2-2}{4x^2-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(((−5*x^2+2)/(−4*x^2+3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt((5*x^2 - 2)/(4*x^2 - 3)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{5x^2-2}{4x^2-3}} dx$$

input `integrate(((−5*x^2+2)/(−4*x^2+3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt((5*x^2 - 2)/(4*x^2 - 3)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\frac{5x^2-2}{4x^2-3}} dx$$

input `int(((5*x^2 - 2)/(4*x^2 - 3))^(1/2), x)`output `int(((5*x^2 - 2)/(4*x^2 - 3))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{\frac{2-5x^2}{3-4x^2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{4x^2-3}\sqrt{5x^2-2}}{4x^2-3} dx$$

input `int((-5*x^2+2)/(-4*x^2+3))^(1/2), x)`output `int((sqrt(4*x**2 - 3)*sqrt(5*x**2 - 2))/(4*x**2 - 3), x)`

3.191 $\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1785
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1786
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1786
Maple [A] (verified)	1790
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1790
Sympy [F]	1791
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1791
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1792
Mupad [F(-1)]	1793
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1793

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{(5b^2 + 12abc + 8a^2c^2)(c + dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{16a^3d^3} - \frac{(5b + 12ac)(c + dx^2)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{24a^2d^3} + \frac{(c + dx^2)^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{6ad^3} - \frac{b(5b^2 + 12abc + 8a^2c^2)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{7/2}d^3}$$

output

```
1/16*(8*a^2*c^2+12*a*b*c+5*b^2)*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d^3-1/24*(12*a*c+5*b)*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^3+1/6*(d*x^2+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a/d^3-1/16*b*(8*a^2*c^2+12*a*b*c+5*b^2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a}(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} (15b^2 + 2ab(13c - 5dx^2) + 8a^2(c^2 - cdx^2 + d^2x^4)) - 3b(5b^2 + 12abc + 8a^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{48a^{7/2}d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(15*b^2 + 2*a*b*(13*c - 5*d*x^2) + 8*a^2*(c^2 - c*d*x^2 + d^2*x^4)) - 3*b*(5*b^2 + 12*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/(48*a^(7/2)*d^3)`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 27, 315, 25, 298, 215, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
 & -bd \int \frac{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2}{d^4(a-x^4)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2}{(a-x^4)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{b(ac+b-cx^4)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{\int -\frac{(b+ac)(5b+6ac)-3c(b+2ac)x^4}{(a-x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{6a} \right)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{(b+ac)(5b+6ac)-3c(b+2ac)x^4}{(a-x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{6a} + \frac{b(ac+b-cx^4)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} \right)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{3(8a^2c^2+12abc+5b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{6a} + \frac{b(8ac+5b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a(a-x^4)^2} + \frac{b(ac+b-cx^4)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} \right)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{3(8a^2c^2+12abc+5b^2) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2a(a-x^4)} \right)}{6a} + \frac{b(8ac+5b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a(a-x^4)^2} + \frac{b(ac+b-cx^4)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} \right)}{d^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 219

$$b \frac{\left(\frac{3(8a^2c^2 + 12abc + 5b^2)}{4a} \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2a(a-x^4)}\right) + \frac{b(8ac+5b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a(a-x^4)^2} + \frac{b(ac+b-cx^4)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} \right)}{d^3}$$

input `Int[x^5/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `-((b*((b*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(b + a*c - c*x^4))/(6*a*(a - x^4)^3) + ((b*(5*b + 8*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(4*a*(a - x^4)^2) + (3*(5*b^2 + 12*a*b*c + 8*a^2*c^2)*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(2*a*(a - x^4)) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]]/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)))))/(4*a))/(6*a))/d^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 298 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b \cdot c - a \cdot d)) \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[1/2 + p, 0])$

rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x_)^2)^{p_} \cdot ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^2)^{q_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - c \cdot b) \cdot x \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot ((c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-1} / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1 / (2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^2)^{q-2} \cdot \text{Simp}[c \cdot (a \cdot d - c \cdot b \cdot (2 \cdot p + 3)) + d \cdot (a \cdot d \cdot (2 \cdot (q-1) + 1) - b \cdot c \cdot (2 \cdot (p+q) + 1)) \cdot x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$

rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot (((e_) \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot x_))) / ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)))^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[q \cdot e \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{q \cdot (p+1) - 1} \cdot (((-a) \cdot e + c \cdot x^q)^m / (b \cdot e - d \cdot x^q)^{m+2}), x], x, (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x) / (c + d \cdot x)))^{1/q}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 2053 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{m_} \cdot (((e_) \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot x_)^{n_})) / ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^{n_}))^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[m+1]/n) - 1} \cdot (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x) / (c + d \cdot x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[m+1]/n]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_) \cdot ((a_) + (b_ \cdot x_) / ((c_) + (d_ \cdot x_)^{n_}))^{p_}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot ((b + a \cdot c + a \cdot d \cdot x^n) / (c + d \cdot x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8a^2d^2x^4 - 8a^2cdx^2 - 10abd^2x^2 + 8a^2c^2 + 26abc + 15b^2)(adx^2 + ac + b)}{48d^3a^3\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}} - \frac{b(8a^2c^2 + 12abc + 5b^2)\ln\left(\frac{acd + \frac{1}{2}bd + ad^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ac^2 + bc + 2b^2}\right)}{32d^2a^3\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}$
default	$\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}(dx^2 + c)\left(-48\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2adx^2c + bd^2x^2 + ac^2 + bc}a^2cdx^2 - 36\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2adx^2c + bd^2x^2 + ac^2 + bc}abd^2x^2\right)$

```
input int(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/48/d^3*(8*a^2*d^2*x^4-8*a^2*c*d*x^2-10*a*b*d*x^2+8*a^2*c^2+26*a*b*c+15*b^2)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a^3/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/32*b/d^2*(8*a^2*c^2+12*a*b*c+5*b^2)/a^3*ln((a*c*d+1/2*b*d+a*d^2*x^2)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(d*x^2+c)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3(8a^2bc^2 + 12ab^2c + 5b^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c + ab)dx^2 + 8abc + b^2 - 4(2ad^2x^4 + (2ad^2c + b^2)dx^2 + b^2)\right)}{\dots}$$

```
input integrate(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/192*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 - 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 4*(8*a^3*d^3*x^6 - 10*a^2*b*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^3*c^3 + 26*a^2*b*c^2 + 15*a*b^2*c + (16*a^2*b*c + 15*a*b^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^4*d^3), 1/96*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b)) + 2*(8*a^3*d^3*x^6 - 10*a^2*b*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^3*c^3 + 26*a^2*b*c^2 + 15*a*b^2*c + (16*a^2*b*c + 15*a*b^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^4*d^3)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**5/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**5/sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx =$$

$$\frac{3(8a^2bc^2 + 12ab^2c + 5b^3)\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 8(6a^3bc^2 + 12a^2b^2c + 5ab^3)\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3(8a^4bc^2 + 2(8a^2c^2 + 12abc + 5b^2)b \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}\right)}{48\left(a^6d^3 - \frac{3(adx^2+ac+b)a^5d^3}{dx^2+c} + \frac{3(adx^2+ac+b)^2a^4d^3}{(dx^2+c)^2} - \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)^3a^3d^3}{(dx^2+c)^3}\right)} + \frac{32a^{\frac{7}{2}}d^3}{32a^{\frac{7}{2}}d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/48*(3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^{5/2} - 8*(6*a^3*b*c^2 + 12*a^2*b^2*c + 5*a*b^3)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^{3/2} + 3*(8*a^4*b*c^2 + 20*a^3*b^2*c + 11*a^2*b^3)*\sqrt{(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)})/(a^6*d^3 - 3*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*a^5*d^3/(d*x^2 + c) + 3*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2*a^4*d^3/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^3*a^3*d^3/(d*x^2 + c)^3) + 1/32*(8*a^2*c^2 + 12*a*b*c + 5*b^2)*b*\log(-(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)})/(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)}))/a^{7/2}*d^3)$$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \left(2x^2 \left(\frac{4x^2}{ad} - \frac{4a^2cd^3 + 5abd^3}{a^3d^5} \right) + \frac{8a^2c^2d^2 + 26abcd^2 + 15b^2d^2}{a^3d^5} \right) + \frac{3(8a^2bc^2 + 12abd^2)}{96 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$1/96*(2*\sqrt{a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c}*(2*x^2*(4*x^2/(a*d) - (4*a^2*c*d^3 + 5*a*b*d^3)/(a^3*d^5)) + (8*a^2*c^2*d^2 + 26*a*b*c*d^2 + 15*b^2*d^2)/(a^3*d^5)) + 3*(8*a^2*b*c^2 + 12*a*b^2*c + 5*b^3)*\log(\operatorname{abs}(2*a*c*d + 2*(\sqrt{a*d^2}*x^2 - \sqrt{a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c}))*\sqrt{a}*\operatorname{abs}(d) + b*d))/a^{7/2}*d^2*\operatorname{abs}(d))/\operatorname{sgn}(d*x^2 + c)$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^5/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3c^2} - 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3cdx^2} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3}}{1}$$

input `int(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**2 - 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c*d*x**2 + 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*d**2*x**4 + 26*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c - 10*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*d*x**2 + 15*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2 + 24*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**2*b*c**2 + 36*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b**2*c + 15*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**3)/(48*a**4*d**3)`

3.192 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1794
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1795
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1795
Maple [A] (verified)	1798
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1799
Sympy [F]	1800
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1800
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1801
Mupad [F(-1)]	1801
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1802

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{(3b + 4ac)(c + dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{8a^2d^2} + \frac{(c + dx^2)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{4ad^2} + \frac{b(3b + 4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}d^2}$$

output

```
-1/8*(4*a*c+3*b)*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^2+1/4*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a/d^2+1/8*b*(4*a*c+3*b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a}(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}(-3b - 2ac + 2adx^2) + b(3b + 4ac) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`output `(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(-3*b - 2*a*c + 2*a*d*x^2) + b*(3*b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[a]]/(8*a^(5/2)*d^2)`**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 298, 215, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2057}$$

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2053}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}} dx^2$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 2052 \\
-bd \int -\frac{-cx^4 + b + ac}{d^3 (a - x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\
\downarrow 25 \\
bd \int \frac{-cx^4 + b + ac}{d^3 (a - x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{b \int \frac{-cx^4 + b + ac}{(a - x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{d^2} \\
\downarrow 298 \\
\frac{b \left(\frac{(4ac+3b) \int \frac{1}{(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{4a} + \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2} \\
\downarrow 215 \\
\frac{b \left(\frac{(4ac+3b) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2a(a-x^4)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2} \\
\downarrow 219 \\
\frac{b \left(\frac{(4ac+3b) \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{2a^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2a(a-x^4)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2}
\end{array}$$

input `Int [x^3/Sqrt [a + b/(c + d*x^2)], x]`

output

$$\frac{(b((b\sqrt{b+ax+adx^2})/(c+dx^2)))/(4a(a-x^4)^2) + ((3b+4ac)(\sqrt{(b+ax+adx^2)/(c+dx^2)})/(2a(a-x^4)) + \text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{(b+ax+adx^2)/(c+dx^2)}/\sqrt{a}]/(2a^{3/2})))/(4a))/d^2$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 215

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)((a + b x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2a(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2p+3)/(2a(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, b], x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[4p] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[6p])$$

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, b], x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 298

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)(x_)^2)^{(p_)}*((c_ + (d_)(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b x^2)^{(p+1)})/(2a*b*(p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p+3))/(2a*b*(p+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b x^2)^{(p+1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, b, c, d, p], x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[1/2 + p, 0])$$

rule 2052

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((e_)((a_ + (b_)(x_))) / ((c_ + (d_)(x_)))^{(p_)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[q*e*(b*c - a*d) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(p+1)-1)}*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^{(m+2)}], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^{(1/q)}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m], x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

```
rule 2053 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))]^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2057 Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2ad^2x^2+2ac+3b)(adx^2+ac+b)}{8d^2a^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} + \frac{b(4ac+3b)\ln\left(\frac{acd+\frac{1}{2}bd+ad^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+ad^2x^4}\right)\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}}{16da^2\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)\left(-4\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2}adx^2-4\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right)\right)}{16da^2\sqrt{ad^2}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)}$

```
input int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8/d^2*(-2*a*d*x^2+2*a*c+3*b)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a^2/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/16*b/d*(4*a*c+3*b)/a^2*ln((a*c*d+1/2*b*d+a*d^2*x^2)/(a*d^2))^(1/2)+(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(d*x^2+c)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(4abc + 3b^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c + ab)dx^2 + 8abc + b^2 + 4(2ad^2x^4 + (4ac + b)dx^2 + 2a^2c^2 + b^2)\right)}{32a^3d^2} + \frac{(4abc + 3b^2)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{(2adx^2 + 2ac + b)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2(a^2dx^2 + a^2c + ab)}\right) - 2(2a^2d^2x^4 - 3abdx^2 - 2a^2c^2 - 3abc)\sqrt{-a}}{16a^3d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/32*((4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 4*(2*a^2*d^2*x^4 - 3*a*b*d*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^3*d^2), -1/16*((4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b) - 2*(2*a^2*d^2*x^4 - 3*a*b*d*x^2 - 2*a^2*c^2 - 3*a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^3*d^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**3/sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 223 vs. $2(108) = 216$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{(4abc + 3b^2)\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - (4a^2bc + 5ab^2)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8\left(a^4d^2 - \frac{2(adx^2+ac+b)a^3d^2}{dx^2+c} + \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)^2a^2d^2}{(dx^2+c)^2}\right)} - \frac{(4ac + 3b)b \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}\right)}{16a^{\frac{5}{2}}d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*((4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) - (4*a^2*b*c + 5*a*b^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^4*d^2 - 2*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*a^3*d^2/(d*x^2 + c) + (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2*a^2*d^2/(d*x^2 + c)^2) - 1/16*(4*a*c + 3*b)*b*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))/(a^(5/2)*d^2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \left(\frac{2x^2}{ad} - \frac{2acd+3bd}{a^2d^3} \right) - \frac{(4abc+3b^2) \log\left(|2acd+2(\sqrt{ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}})\right)}{a^{5/2}d|d}}{16 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/16*(2*sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*(2*x^2/(a*d) - (2*a*c*d + 3*b*d)/(a^2*d^3)) - (4*a*b*c + 3*b^2)*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d))/(a^(5/2)*d*abs(d)))/sgn(d*x^2 + c)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2c + 2\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}a^2dx^2 - 3\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}ab}{8a^3d}$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c + 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b + 4*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b*c + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**2)/(8*a**3*d**2)`

3.193 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1803
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1803
Rubi [A] (verified)	1804
Maple [B] (verified)	1806
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1806
Sympy [F]	1807
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1807
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1808
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1808
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1809

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{2ad} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d}$$

output `1/2*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a/d-1/2*b*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx^2)}{c+dx^2}}}{2ad} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx^2)}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)], x]`


```
output ((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x^2))/(c + d*x^2)]/(2*a*d) - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*(c + d*x^2))/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(3/2)*d)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2024, 773, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2024} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} d(dx^2 + c)}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(dx^2+c)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} d \frac{1}{dx^2+c}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{dx^2+c}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} d \frac{1}{dx^2+c} - \frac{(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{a}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{b(dx^2+c)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}} - \frac{(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{a}}{2d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{a}}{2d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `-1/2*(-((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/a) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2024 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && PolyQ[Qr, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{(dx^2+c)a+b}{dx^2+c}} (dx^2+c) \left(2\sqrt{(dx^2+c)((dx^2+c)a+b)} \sqrt{a-b} \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{(dx^2+c)((dx^2+c)a+b)} \sqrt{a+2(dx^2+c)a+b}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) \right)}{4d\sqrt{(dx^2+c)((dx^2+c)a+b)} a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
risch	$\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{2da\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} - \frac{\ln \left(\frac{acd+\frac{1}{2}bd+a d^2 x^2}{\sqrt{a} d^2} + \sqrt{a c^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+a d^2 x^4} \right) b\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}}{4a\sqrt{a} d^2 \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} (dx^2+c)}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} (dx^2+c) \left(-\ln \left(\frac{2a d^2 x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{a} d^2 x^4+2ad x^2 c+bd x^2+a c^2+bc}{2\sqrt{a} d^2} \sqrt{a d^2+bd} \right) \right) bd+2\sqrt{a} d^2 x^4+2ad x^2 c+bd}{4\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} ad\sqrt{a} d^2}$

input `int(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/d*(((d*x^2+c)*a+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)*(2*((d*x^2+c)*((d*x^2+c)*a+b))^(1/2)*a^(1/2)-b*ln(1/2*(2*((d*x^2+c)*((d*x^2+c)*a+b))^(1/2)*a^(1/2)+2*(d*x^2+c)*a+b)/a^(1/2)))/((d*x^2+c)*((d*x^2+c)*a+b))^(1/2)/a^(3/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{ab} \log \left(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c + ab)dx^2 + 8abc + b^2 - 4(2ad^2x^4 + (4ac + b)dx^2 + 2ac^2 + bc) \right)}{8a^2d} \right]$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(sqrt(a)*b*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 +
8*a*b*c + b^2 - 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a
)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 4*(a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2
+ a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d), 1/4*(sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 +
2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^
2*c + a*b)) + 2*(a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^
2*d)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x/sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2\left(a^2d - \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)ad}{dx^2+c}\right)} + \frac{b \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}d}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*b*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/(a^2*d - (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*
a*d/(d*x^2 + c)) + 1/4*b*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 +
c)))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))/(a^(3/2)*d)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. $2(60) = 120$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{b \log\left(2acd + 2\left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}}\right)\sqrt{a}|d| + bd\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}|d|} + \frac{2\sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}}{ad}}{4 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(b*log(abs(2*a*c*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*sqrt(a)*abs(d) + b*d))/(a^(3/2)*abs(d)) + 2*sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)/(a*d))/sgn(d*x^2 + c)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a(dx^2+c)}{b} + 1} (dx^2 + c) \left(\frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b+a(dx^2+c)}}{2a(dx^2+c)} + \frac{b^{3/2} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx^2+c} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) 3i}{2a^{3/2}(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} \right)}{3d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}$$

input `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)`

output `((((a*(c + d*x^2))/b + 1)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^2)*((b^(3/2)*asin((a^(1/2)*(c + d*x^2)^(1/2)*li)/b^(1/2))*3i)/(2*a^(3/2)*(c + d*x^2)^(3/2)) + (3*b^(1/2)*(b + a*(c + d*x^2))^(1/2))/(2*a*(c + d*x^2))))/(3*d*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} a + \sqrt{a} \log(-\sqrt{a} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} + \sqrt{dx^2 + c} a) b}{2a^2 d}$$

input `int(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a + sqrt(a)*log(- sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b)/(2*a**2*d)`

3.194 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1810
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1810
Rubi [A] (verified)	1811
Maple [B] (verified)	1813
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1814
Sympy [F]	1815
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1816
Giac [F(-2)]	1816
Mupad [F(-1)]	1817
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1817

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b+ac}}$$

output

`arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)-c^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/(a*c+b)^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b-ac}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2))]/Sqrt[-b -
a*c]])/Sqrt[-b - a*c] + ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt
[a]]/Sqrt[a]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 303, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}} dx^2$$

↓ 2052

$$-bd \int -\frac{1}{d(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}$$

↓ 25

$$bd \int \frac{1}{d(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}$$

↓ 27

$$b \int \frac{1}{(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}$$

↓ 303

$$\begin{aligned}
& b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{b} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{b\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]),x]`

output `b*(ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*b) - (Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(b*Sqrt[b + a*c])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^2)^{-1}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 303 $\text{Int}[1/((a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^2) \cdot ((c_ + (d_ \cdot (x_)^2))), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x^2), x], x] - \text{Simp}[d/(b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{ Int}[1/(c + d \cdot x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0]$

rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_ \cdot (((e_ \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_))/(c_ + (d_ \cdot (x_))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[q \cdot e \cdot (b \cdot c - a \cdot d) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q \cdot (p + 1) - 1) \cdot ((-a) \cdot e + c \cdot x^q)^m / (b \cdot e - d \cdot x^q)^{(m + 2)}), x], x, (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x)/(c + d \cdot x))^{(1/q)}], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 2053 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_ \cdot (((e_ \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^{(n_)})/(c_ + (d_ \cdot (x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[m + 1]/n - 1) \cdot (e \cdot ((a + b \cdot x)/(c + d \cdot x))^{(p_)}, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 1]/n]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_ \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot (x_)^{(n_)})/(c_ + (d_ \cdot (x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot ((b + a \cdot c + a \cdot d \cdot x^n)/(c + d \cdot x^n))^{(p_)}, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 311 vs. $2(64) = 128$.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 312, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

method	result
default	$\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} (dx^2+c) \left(\ln \left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^2+ac+b}dx^2+bdx^2+ac^2+bc\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) acd + \ln \left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^2+ac+b}dx^2+bdx^2+ac^2+bc\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) \right) / (2\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(ad^2x^2+ac+b)})$

input $\text{int}(1/x/(a+b/(d \cdot x^2+c))^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/2*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)*(ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*c*d+ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b*d-(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x^2*c+b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x^2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2))/((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. $2(64) = 128$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 972, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.15

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(a*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a^2*c^4 + 4*a*b*c^3 + 2*b^2*c^2 + (4*a^2*c^3 + 7*a*b*c^2 + 3*b^2*c)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))/x^4) + sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/a, 1/4*(a*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a^2*c^4 + 4*a*b*c^3 + 2*b^2*c^2 + (4*a^2*c^3 + 7*a*b*c^2 + 3*b^2*c)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))/x^4) - 2*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b))/a, 1/4*(2*a*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b)))/(a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)) + sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/a, 1/2*(a*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b)))/(a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)) - ...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Integral(1/(x*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 155 vs. $2(64) = 128$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{c \log \left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{(ac+b)c}} - \frac{\log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*c*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/sqrt((a*c + b)*c) - 1/2*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/sqrt(a)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b} \log(\sqrt{ac + b} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} c - \sqrt{c} \sqrt{dx^2 + c} ac - \sqrt{c} \sqrt{dx^2 + c} b) a - \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b} \log(x)}{a(ac + b)}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*c + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b)/(a*(a*c + b))`

3.195 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1818
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1818
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1819
Maple [B] (verified)	1821
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1821
Sympy [F]	1822
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1822
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1823
Mupad [F(-1)]	1824
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1824

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(b + ac)x^2} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(b + ac)^{3/2}}$$

output `-1/2*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)/x^2-1/2*b*d*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{(b + ac)x^2} - \frac{bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}(-b - ac)^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]),x]`

output

$$\frac{-(((c + d*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(b + a*c)*x^2) - (b*d*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]]/\text{Sqrt}[-b - a*c])}{(\text{Sqrt}[c]*(-b - a*c)^{(3/2)})/2}$$
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 215, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}} dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\ & -bd \int \frac{1}{(cx^4 - b - ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\ & -bd \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{cx^4-b-ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2(ac+b)} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \end{aligned}$$

$$-bd \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}(ac+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]),x]`

output `-(b*d*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(2*(b + a*c)*(b + a*c - c*x^4))) + ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]]/(2*Sqrt[c]*(b + a*c)^(3/2)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 2052 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*(p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 196 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

method	result
risch	$-\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{2(ac+b)x^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} - \frac{bd \ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+ad^2x^4}}{x^2}\right)\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}}{4(ac+b)\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)}$
default	$-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)\left(-2ad^2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}x^4\sqrt{ac^2+bc}+\ln\left(\frac{2adx^2c+bdx^2+2ac^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2a}}{x^2}\right)\right)$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2/(a*c+b)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/x^2/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/4*b*d
/(a*c+b)/(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+2*(a*c^2+b*
c)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/x^2)/((a*d*x^2+a*c
+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(d*x^2+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 197 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 451, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{\sqrt{ac^2 + bc} dx^2 \log\left(\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 8abc + b^2)d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^4 + 16abc^3 + 8b^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c^3 + 3abc^2 + b^2c)dx^2 - 4((2ac+b)d^2x^4 + 2ac^3 + (4ac^2 + 2a^2c^2 + 2abc + b^2c))}{x^4}\right)}{8(a^2c^3 + 2abc^2 + b^2c)x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*b*d*x^2*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a*c + b)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^3 + (4*a*c^2 + 3*b*c)*d*x^2 + 2*b*c^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/x^4) - 4*(a*c^3 + (a*c^2 + b*c)*d*x^2 + b*c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*x^2), 1/4*(sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*b*d*x^2*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*d*x^2 + b^2*c)) - 2*(a*c^3 + (a*c^2 + b*c)*d*x^2 + b*c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*x^2)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs. $2(76) = 152$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{bd \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{2 \left(a^2c^2 + 2abc + b^2 - \frac{(adx^2+ac+b)(ac^2+bc)}{dx^2+c} \right)} + \frac{bd \log \left(\frac{c \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}} \right)}{4 \sqrt{(ac+b)c(ac+b)}}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$-1/2*b*d*\sqrt{(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/(a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2 - (a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*(a*c^2 + b*c)/(d*x^2 + c)) + 1/4*b*d*\log((c*\sqrt{(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)} - \sqrt{(a*c + b)*c})/(c*\sqrt{(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)} + \sqrt{(a*c + b)*c}))/(\sqrt{(a*c + b)*c}*(a*c + b))$$

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 292 vs. $2(76) = 152$.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$\frac{bd \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}(ac+b)} - \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2|d|+2(\sqrt{ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}})acd+2\sqrt{abc}|d|+(\sqrt{ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}})^2}{(ac^2 - (\sqrt{ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}})^2 + bc)^2} +$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\frac{1}{2}*(b*d*\arctan(-(\sqrt{a*d^2}*x^2 - \sqrt{a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c}))/\sqrt{-a*c^2 - b*c}))/(\sqrt{-a*c^2 - b*c}*(a*c + b)) - (2*a^{(3/2)}*c^2*abs(d) + 2*(\sqrt{a*d^2}*x^2 - \sqrt{a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c}))*a*c*d + 2*\sqrt{a}*b*c*abs(d) + (\sqrt{a*d^2}*x^2 - \sqrt{a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c}))*b*d)/((a*c^2 - (\sqrt{a*d^2}*x^2 - \sqrt{a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c})^2 + b*c)*(a*c + b))/\operatorname{sgn}(d*x^2 + c)$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} ac^2 - \sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b} bc + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac + b} \log(\sqrt{ac + b} \sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b})}{2cx^2(a^2c^2 + 2abc + b^2)}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`output `(- sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c**2 - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b*d*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*b*d*x**2)/(2*c*x**2*(a**2*c**2 + 2*a*b*c + b**2))`

3.196 $\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1825
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1826
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1826
Maple [A] (verified)	1829
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1830
Sympy [F]	1831
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1831
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1832
Mupad [F(-1)]	1833
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1833

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{(b + 4ac)d(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{8c(b + ac)^2 x^2} - \frac{(c + dx^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c(b + ac)x^4} + \frac{b(b + 4ac)d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}(b + ac)^{5/2}}$$

output

$1/8*(4*a*c+b)*d*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c/(a*c+b)^2/x^2-1/4*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/c/(a*c+b)/x^4+1/8*b*(4*a*c+b)*d^2*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/(a*c+b)^(5/2)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} (2ac(c-dx^2) + b(2c+dx^2))}{8c(b+ac)^2 x^4} - \frac{b(b+4ac)d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{8c^{3/2}(-b-ac)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^5*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]),x]`output `-1/8*((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(2*a*c*(c - d*x^2) + b*(2*c + d*x^2)))/(c*(b + a*c)^2*x^4) - (b*(b + 4*a*c)*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(8*c^(3/2)*(-b - a*c)^(5/2))`**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 298, 215, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
& -bd \int -\frac{d(a-x^4)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& bd \int \frac{d(a-x^4)}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& bd^2 \int \frac{a-x^4}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
& bd^2 \left(\frac{(4ac+b) \int \frac{1}{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{4c(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
& bd^2 \left(\frac{(4ac+b) \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{2(ac+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)} \right)}{4c(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& bd^2 \left(\frac{(4ac+b) \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(ac+b)^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)} \right)}{4c(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4c(ac+b)(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^5*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]),x]`

output $b*d^2*(-1/4*(b*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(c*(b + a*c)*(b + a*c - c*x^4)^2) + ((b + 4*a*c)*(\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(2*(b + a*c)*(b + a*c - c*x^4)) + \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c]]/(2*\text{Sqrt}[c]*(b + a*c)^{(3/2)})))/(4*c*(b + a*c)))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(\text{Gx}_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$

rule 215 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*(p + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[4*p] \text{ || IntegerQ}[6*p])$

rule 221 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(-1)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 298 $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(- (b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \text{ || ILtQ}[1/2 + p, 0])$

rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(p_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[q*e*(b*c - a*d) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^{(m + 2)}], \text{x}], \text{x}, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^{(1/q)}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[p] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 2053

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))]^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(ad^2x^2+ac+b)(-2ad^2x^2+bdx^2+2ac^2+2bc)}{8(ac+b)^2x^4c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} + \frac{(4ac+b)bd^2\ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+ad^2}}{x^2}\right)}{16(ac+b)^2c\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)}$
default	$-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)\left(12a^2d^3\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2+ac^2+bc}x^6c(a^2+bc)\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-4\ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+bdx^2+2ac^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2x^2+ac+b}}{x^2}\right)$

input

```
int(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*(-2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*b*c)/(a*c+b)^2/x^4/c/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/16*(4*a*c+b)*b*d^2/(a*c+b)^2/c/(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/x^2)/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(d*x^2+c)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 268 vs. $2(133) = 266$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 593, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(4abc + b^2)\sqrt{ac^2 + bcd^2}x^4 \log\left(\frac{(8a^2c^2 + 8abc + b^2)d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^4 + 16abc^3 + 8b^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c^3 + 3abc^2 + b^2c)dx^2 + 4((2ac+b)d^2x^4 + (2ac+b)d^2x^4 + (2ac+b)d^2x^4 + (2ac+b)d^2x^4)}{x^4}\right) + (4abc + b^2)\sqrt{-ac^2 - bcd^2}x^4 \arctan\left(\frac{((2ac+b)dx^2 + 2ac^2 + 2bc)\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2(a^2c^3 + 2abc^2 + (a^2c^2 + abc)dx^2 + b^2c)}\right) + 2(2a^2c^5 - (2a^2c^3 + b^2c^2)x^4)}{16(a^3c^5 + 3a^2bc^4 + 3ab^2c^3 + b^3c^2)x^4}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/32*((4*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*d^2*x^4*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 + 4*((2*a*c + b)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^3 + (4*a*c^2 + 3*b*c^2)*d*x^2 + 2*b*c^2)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/x^4) - 4*(2*a^2*c^5 - (2*a^2*c^3 + a*b*c^2 - b^2*c)*d^2*x^4 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 + 3*(a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^3*c^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^2)*x^4), -1/16*((4*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*d^2*x^4*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*d*x^2 + b^2*c)) + 2*(2*a^2*c^5 - (2*a^2*c^3 + a*b*c^2 - b^2*c)*d^2*x^4 + 4*a*b*c^4 + 2*b^2*c^3 + 3*(a*b*c^3 + b^2*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^3*c^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^2)*x^4)]`

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**5/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**5*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))), x)`

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 359 vs. $2(133) = 266$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{(4abc + b^2)d^2 \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}\right)}{16(a^2c^3 + 2abc^2 + b^2c)\sqrt{(ac+b)c}} - \frac{(4abc^2 + b^2c)d^2\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - (4a^2bc^2 + 3ab^2c - b^3)d^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{8\left(a^4c^5 + 4a^3bc^4 + 6a^2b^2c^3 + 4ab^3c^2 + b^4c + \frac{(a^2c^5+2abc^4+b^2c^3)(adx^2+ac+b)^2}{(dx^2+c)^2} - \frac{2(a^3c^5+3a^2bc^4+3ab^2c^3+b^3c^2)(ad}{dx^2+c}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/16*(4*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/(a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*sqrt((a*c + b)*c) - 1/8*((4*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d^2*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) - (4*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c - b^3)*d^2*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^4*c^5 + 4*a^3*b*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^2 + b^4*c + (a^2*c^5 + 2*a*b*c^4 + b^2*c^3)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - 2*(a^3*c^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^2)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 778 vs. $2(133) = 266$.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 778, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{(4abcd^2 + b^2d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{-\sqrt{ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}}}{\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}}\right)}{(a^2c^3 + 2abc^2 + b^2c)\sqrt{-ac^2 - bc}} - \frac{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}c^5d|d| + 16\left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc}}\right)a^3c^4d}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*((4*a*b*c*d^2 + b^2*d^2)*arctan(-(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 +
2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))/sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c))/((a^2*c^3 + 2*a*
b*c^2 + b^2*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)) - (8*a^(7/2)*c^5*d*abs(d) + 16*(sqrt(a*
d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^3*c^4*
d^2 + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2
+ b*c))^2*a^(5/2)*c^3*d*abs(d) + 16*a^(5/2)*b*c^4*d*abs(d) + 28*(sqrt(a*d^
2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^2*b*c^3*
d^2 + 16*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2
+ b*c))^2*a^(3/2)*b*c^2*d*abs(d) + 8*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^3*d*abs(d) + 4*(sqrt(a
*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*a*b*c
*d^2 + 13*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^
2 + b*c))*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 8*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^
2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*sqrt(a)*b^2*c*d*abs(d) + (sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 -
sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*b^2*d^2 + (sqrt(a
*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*b^3*c*d
^2)/((a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*(a*c^2 - (sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*
x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2 + b*c)^2))/sgn(d*x^2 + c)
```


3.197 $\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1834
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1835
Rubi [A] (verified)	1836
Maple [A] (verified)	1840
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1841
Sympy [F]	1841
Maxima [F]	1842
Giac [F]	1842
Mupad [F(-1)]	1842
Reduce [F]	1843

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 403

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{(4b + 3ac)x(b + ac + adx^2)}{15a^2d^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{x^3(b + ac + adx^2)}{5ad\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{(8b^2 + 13abc + 3a^2c^2)x(b + ac + adx^2)}{15a^3d^2(c + dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{c}(8b^2 + 13abc + 3a^2c^2)(b + ac + adx^2)E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{15a^3d^{5/2}(c + dx^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{3/2}(4b + 3ac)(b + ac + adx^2)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{15a^2d^{5/2}(c + dx^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

output

```
-1/15*(3*a*c+4*b)*x*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a^2/d^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/5*x^3*
(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a/d/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/15*(3*a^2*c^2+13*a*b*c+8*b^2)*
x*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a^3/d^2/(d*x^2+c)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/15*c^(1/2)*(3*
a^2*c^2+13*a*b*c+8*b^2)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x
^2/c)^(1/2), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a^3/d^(5/2)/(d*x^2+c)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a
*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/15*c^(3/2)*(3*a*c+4*b)*(a*d
*x^2+a*c+b)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a
^2/d^(5/2)/(d*x^2+c)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x
^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(a\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}x(c+dx^2)(4b^2+ab(7c+dx^2)+3a^2(c^2-d^2x^4)) + i(8b^3+21ab^2c+16a^2bc^2+3a^3) \right)}{...}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]
```

output

```
-1/15*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(a*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(c + d*x^2)*(4
*b^2 + a*b*(7*c + d*x^2) + 3*a^2*(c^2 - d^2*x^4)) + I*(8*b^3 + 21*a*b^2*c
+ 16*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a^3*c^3)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (
d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] - I*b*(8*b^2
+ 17*a*b*c + 9*a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x
^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]))/(a^3*c^2*(d/c)^(
5/2)*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 380, 444, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{dx^2+c}}{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{380} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5ad} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2 ((4b+3ac)dx^2+3c(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5ad} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{444} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5ad} - \frac{\frac{x(3ac+4b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{\int \frac{d((8b^2+13acb+3a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b+ac)(4b+3ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3ad^2}}{5ad} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5ad} - \frac{x(3ac+4b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(8b^2+13acb+3a^2c^2) dx^2 + c(b+ac)(4b+3ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5ad} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 406

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5ad} - \frac{x(3ac+4b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{d(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + c(ac+b)(3ac+4b)}{5ad} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 320

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5ad} - \frac{x(3ac+4b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{d(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2}(3ac+4b)}{3ad}}{5ad} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 388

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5ad} - \frac{x(3ac+4b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{d(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2) \left(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2}(3ac+4b)}{3ad}}{5ad} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 313

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5ad} - \frac{x(3ac+4b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{d(3a^2c^2+13abc+8b^2)}{5ad} \left(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} E(\arctan(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}}))}{ad^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

```
input Int[x^4/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]
```

```
output (Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*((x^3*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(5*a*d) - (((4*b + 3*a*c)*x*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(3*a*d) - ((8*b^2 + 13*a*b*c + 3*a^2*c^2)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]))/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/(b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2)])) + (c^(3/2)*(4*b + 3*a*c)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/(b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2)])))/(3*a*d))/(5*a*d))/(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

```
rule 313 Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]
```

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(
c + d*x^2))])))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 380 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
, x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*
(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 1) + (a*d*(m - 1) - 2
q(b*c - a*d))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p,
q, x]`

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 444 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/
(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)
^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(
m + 2*(p + q) + 1)))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p,
q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 664, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(-3\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a^2 d^3 x^7 - 3\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a^2 c d^2 x^5 + \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} ab d^2 x^5 + 3\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a^2 c^2 d x^3 + 8\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} abcd x^3 - 3\sqrt{\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{ac+b}} \sqrt{\frac{d x^2}{c}}\right)}{\dots}$
risch	$-\frac{x(-3ad x^2 + 3ac + 4b)(ad x^2 + ac + b)}{15d^2 a^2 \sqrt{\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{d x^2 + c}}} + \left(-\frac{2d(3a^2 c^2 + 13abc + 8b^2)(a c^2 + bc) \sqrt{1 + \frac{ad x^2}{ac+b}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2 d}{c}} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{-1 + \frac{2acd + b^2}{dca}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} \sqrt{a d^2 x^4 + 2ad x^2 c + bd x^2 + a c^2 + bc} (2acd + \dots)}\right)$

input

```
int(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/15*(-3*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*d^3*x^7-3*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c*d^2*x^5+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*d^2*x^5+3*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c^2*d*x^3+8*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c*d*x^3-3*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a^2*c^3+3*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a^2*c^3*x+4*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*d*x^3+6*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*b*c^2-13*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*b*c^2+7*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c^2*x+4*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b^2*c-8*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b^2*c+4*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b^2*c*x*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^2/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(3a^2c^3 + 13abc^2 + 8b^2c)\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - (3a^2c^3 + 13abc^2 + 8b^2c + (3a^2c^2 + 7$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/15*((3*a^2*c^3 + 13*a*b*c^2 + 8*b^2*c)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (3*a^2*c^3 + 13*a*b*c^2 + 8*b^2*c + (3*a^2*c^2 + 7*a*b*c + 4*b^2)*d)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (3*a^2*d^3*x^6 - 4*a*b*d^2*x^4 + 3*a^2*c^3 + 13*a*b*c^2 + (9*a*b*c + 8*b^2)*d*x^2 + 8*b^2*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^3*d^3*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^4/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}acx + 3\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}adx^3 - 4\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}bx}{15}$$

input `int(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c*x + 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*d*x**3 - 4*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*x + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a**2*c**2*d + 13*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a*b*c*d + 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*b**2*d + 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a**2*c**3 + 7*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a*b*c**2 + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*b**2*c)/(15*a**2*d**2)`

3.198 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1844
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1845
Rubi [A] (verified)	1845
Maple [A] (verified)	1849
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1849
Sympy [F]	1850
Maxima [F]	1850
Giac [F]	1851
Mupad [F(-1)]	1851
Reduce [F]	1851

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 322

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{x(b + ac + adx^2)}{3ad\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{(2b + ac)x(b + ac + adx^2)}{3a^2d(c + dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(2b + ac)(b + ac + adx^2) E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3a^2d^{3/2}(c + dx^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{c^{3/2}(b + ac + adx^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3ad^{3/2}(c + dx^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

output

```
1/3*x*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a/d/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*(a*c+2*b)*x*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a^2/d/(d*x^2+c)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/3*c^(1/2)*(a*c+2*b)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a^2/d^(3/2)/(d*x^2+c)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*c^(3/2)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a/d^(3/2)/(d*x^2+c)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(a\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}x(c+dx^2)(b+a(c+dx^2)) + i(2b^2 + 3abc + a^2c^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}x\right)\right) \right)}{3a^2d\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}(b+a(c+dx^2))}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(a*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(c + d*x^2)*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)) + I*(2*b^2 + 3*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]) - (2*I)*b*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)))/(3*a^2*d*Sqrt[d/c]*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 380, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2057$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{dx^2 + c}}{\sqrt{adx^2 + b + ac}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}}}$$

380

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(2b+ac)dx^2+c(b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3ad} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

406

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{c(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + d(ac+2b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

320

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{d(ac+2b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}}{3ad} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

388

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{d(ac+2b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}}{3ad} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

313

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right) + d(ac+2b)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*((x*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(3*a*d) - ((2*b + a*c)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/(b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2)])) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/(b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2)]))/(3*a*d)))/(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 380

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*
(m + 2*(p + q) + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(b*(m + 2*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m
- 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[a*c*(m - 1) + (a*d*(m - 1) - 2
*q*(b*c - a*d))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c
- a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p,
q, x]
```

rule 388

```
Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

rule 406

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 6.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 409, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a d^2 x^5 + 2\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} acd x^3 + \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} bd x^3 - \sqrt{\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{ac+b}} \sqrt{\frac{d x^2 + c}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right) a c^2 + \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a c^2\right)}{3d\sqrt{a d^2 x^4 + 2ad x^2 c}}$
risch	$\frac{x(ad x^2 + ac + b)}{3da\sqrt{\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{d x^2 + c}}} - \frac{\left(\frac{a c^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{ad x^2}{ac+b}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2 d}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{-1 + \frac{2acd + bd}{dca}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} \sqrt{a d^2 x^4 + 2ad x^2 c + bd x^2 + a c^2 + bc}} + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 + \frac{ad x^2}{ac+b}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2 d}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} \sqrt{a d^2 x^4 + 2ad x^2 c + bd x^2 + a c^2 + bc}}\right)}{3da\sqrt{\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{d x^2 + c}}}$

input

```
int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*((-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*d^2*x^5+2*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*c*d*x^3+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*d*x^3-((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2))*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*c^2+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*c^2*x+((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b*c-2*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b*c+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*c*x*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/d/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/a/((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(ac^2 + 2bc)\sqrt{ax} \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - (ac^2 + 2bc + (ac+b)d)\sqrt{ax} \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right)}{3a^2d^2x}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/3*((a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x),
(a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a*c^2 + 2*b*c + (a*c + b)*d)*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*ell
iptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) + (a*d^2*x^4 - 2*b*d*x^2 -
a*c^2 - 2*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d^2*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2/sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^2/sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c)), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+bx} - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+bx^2}}{a^2d^2x^4+2acd^2x^2+bd^2x^2+a^2c^2+bc} dx\right)acd - 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+bx^2}}{ad^2x^4+2acd^2x^2+bd^2x^2+a^2c^2+bc} dx\right)b}{3ad}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x - int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a*c*d - 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*b*d - int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*a*c**2 - int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2 + 2*a*c*d*x**2 + a*d**2*x**4 + b*c + b*d*x**2),x)*b*c)/(3*a*d)
```

3.199 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1853
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1854
Rubi [A] (verified)	1854
Maple [A] (verified)	1857
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1857
Sympy [F]	1858
Maxima [F]	1858
Giac [F]	1858
Mupad [F(-1)]	1859
Reduce [F]	1859

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{b+ac} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right) \middle| -\frac{b}{ac}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}{c(b+ac+adx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{b+ac} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right), -\frac{b}{ac}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}{c(b+ac+adx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

```
output x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-(a*c+b)^(1/2)*EllipticE(a^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/(a*c+b)^(1/2)/(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-b/a/c)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/((a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)/c/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+(a*c+b)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(a^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/(a*c+b)^(1/2)),(-b/a/c)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/((a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)/c/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 9.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{b+ac}}x\right) \middle| 1 + \frac{b}{ac}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{b+ac}} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[-((a*d)/(b + a*c))]*x], 1 + b/(a*c)])/(Sqrt[-((a*d)/(b + a*c))]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 324, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{324} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\left(c\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}dx+d\int\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}dx\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

↓ 320

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\left(d\int\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}dx+\frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right),\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

↓ 388

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\left(d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}}-\frac{c\int\frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}}dx}{ad}\right)+\frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right),\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

↓ 313

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\left(\frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right),\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}+d\left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}}-\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\middle|\frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)],x]`

output `(Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*(d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/((b + a*c)*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])))/(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 313 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c]$

rule 320 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))])))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$

rule 324 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[b \text{ Int}[x^2/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a]$

rule 388 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])), x] - \text{Simp}[c/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^{3/2}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n))^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n))^q*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^n)^r)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a + b*x^n)^{p*q}*(c + d*x^n)^{p*r})] \text{ Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{p*q}*(c + d*x^n)^{p*r}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r\}, x]$

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}}c(dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bd^2x^2+a^2c^2+bc}\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}}$	164

input `int(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*
((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*c*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/
(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/
(d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{acx}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - \sqrt{a}(c+d)x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - (dx^2+c)\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+a}{dx^2+c}}}{adx}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(sqrt(a)*c*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c))
- sqrt(a)*(c + d)*x*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)
/(a*c)) - (d*x^2 + c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a*d*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b/(c + d*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2 + c}\sqrt{adx^2 + ac + b}}{adx^2 + ac + b} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b),x)`

3.200 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1860
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1861
Rubi [A] (verified)	1861
Maple [A] (verified)	1865
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1866
Sympy [F]	1866
Maxima [F]	1867
Giac [F]	1867
Mupad [F(-1)]	1867
Reduce [F]	1868

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 231

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right) \middle| -\frac{b}{ac}\right)}{\sqrt{b+ac}\sqrt{\frac{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}{c(b+ac+adx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{b+ac}\sqrt{d}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right), -\frac{b}{ac}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{\frac{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}{c(b+ac+adx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

output `-1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-a^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*EllipticE(a^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/(a*c+b)^(1/2)/(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-b/a/c)^(1/2))/(a*c+b)^(1/2)/((a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)/c/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+a^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(a^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/(a*c+b)^(1/2)),(-b/a/c)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c/((a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)/c/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 12.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{(b+ac)x} + \frac{d \sqrt{\frac{c+dx^2}{c}} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}}x\right) \middle| \frac{ac}{b+ac}\right)}{(b+ac) \sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]),x]`

output `-(((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/((b + a*c)*x)) + (d*Sqrt[(c + d*x^2)/c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[-(d/c)]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)])/((b + a*c)*Sqrt[-(d/c)]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 377, 27, 324, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

↓ 2058

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{x^2 \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{377} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{d\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}} dx}{ac+b} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}} dx}{ac+b} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{324} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{d \left((ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + ad \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{ac+b} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{320} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{d \left(ad \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right), \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{ac+b} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{388}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{d \left(ad \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac} dx}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{ac+b} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

313

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{d \left(ad \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{ac+b} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*(-((Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/((b + a*c)*x)) + (d*(a*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]))/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])))/(b + a*c))/(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 313 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]$
- rule 320 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$
- rule 324 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] + \text{Simp}[b \text{ Int}[x^2/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a]$
- rule 377 $\text{Int}[(e_*)(x_)^m*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^p*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^q, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(e*x)^{m+1}*(a + b*x^2)^{p+1}*(c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e^{m+1}), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*e^{2*(m+1)}) \text{ Int}[(e*x)^{m+2}*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^{q-1}*\text{Simp}[b*c*(m+1) + 2*(b*c*(p+1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m+1) + 2*b*(p+q+1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 388 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])), x] - \text{Simp}[c/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^{3/2}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$

```
rule 2057 Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

```
rule 2058 Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 9.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

method	result
default	$-\frac{\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a d^2 x^4 - adc \sqrt{\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{ac+b}} \sqrt{\frac{d x^2 + c}{c}} x \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right) + 2 \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} a c d x^2 - \sqrt{\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{ac+b}} \sqrt{\frac{d x^2 + c}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{a d^2 x^4 + 2 a d x^2 c + b d x^2 + a c^2 + b c} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} x (ac + b)}$
risch	$-\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{(ac + b)x \sqrt{\frac{ad x^2 + ac + b}{d x^2 + c}}} + d \left(\frac{b \sqrt{1 + \frac{ad x^2}{ac+b}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2 d}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{-1 + \frac{2acd + bd}{dca}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} \sqrt{a d^2 x^4 + 2 a d x^2 c + b d x^2 + a c^2 + b c}} + \frac{ac \sqrt{1 + \frac{ad x^2}{ac+b}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2 d}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{-1 + \frac{2acd + bd}{dca}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} \sqrt{a d^2 x^4 + 2 a d x^2 c + b d x^2 + a c^2 + b c}} \right)$

```
input int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -((-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*d^2*x^4-a*d*c*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d
*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*x*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))+2
*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*c*d*x^2-((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)
/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b*d*x+(-a*
d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*d*x^2+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*c^2+(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b
*c)*(d*x^2+c)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d
*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/x/(a*c+b)/((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a
*c+b))^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 c \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}} E(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}) - (a^2 cd^2 + (a^2 c^2 + 2abc + b^2)d) \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} x \sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}}}{(a^3 c^3 + 2a^2 bc^2 + ab^2 c)x}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a^2*c*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*d^2*x*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a^2*c*d^2 + (a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*d)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a^2*c^3 + a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/((a^3*c^3 + 2*a^2*b*c^2 + a*b^2*c)*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}}{adx^4+acx^2+bx^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a*c*x**2 + a*d*x**4 + b*x**2),x)`

3.201 $\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1869
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1870
Rubi [A] (verified)	1870
Maple [A] (verified)	1876
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1876
Sympy [F]	1877
Maxima [F]	1877
Giac [F]	1878
Mupad [F(-1)]	1878
Reduce [F]	1878

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 336

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = -\frac{b + ac + adx^2}{3(b + ac)x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{(b - ac)d(b + ac + adx^2)}{3(b + ac)^2 x (c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{(b - ac)d^{3/2}(b + ac + adx^2) E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3\sqrt{c}(b + ac)^2 (c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{a\sqrt{cd}^{3/2}(b + ac + adx^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3(b + ac)^2 (c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*(-a*c+b)*d*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)^2/x/(d*x^2+c)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*(-a*c+b)*d^(3/2)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^2/(d*x^2+c)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*a*c^(1/2)*d^(3/2)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/(a*c+b)^2/(d*x^2+c)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} (c + dx^2) (b^2(c + dx^2) + a^2c(c^2 - d^2x^4) + ab(2c^2 + cdx^2 + d^2x^4)) + i(b^2 - a^2c^2) \right)}{3(b^2(c + dx^2) + a^2c(c^2 - d^2x^4) + a^2b(2c^2 + cdx^2 + d^2x^4))}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]),x]`

output `-1/3*(Sqrt[d/c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(Sqrt[d/c]*(c + d*x^2)*(b^2*(c + d*x^2) + a^2*c*(c^2 - d^2*x^4) + a*b*(2*c^2 + c*d*x^2 + d^2*x^4)) + I*(b^2 - a^2*c^2)*d^2*x^3*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] - I*b*(b + a*c)*d^2*x^3*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]))/((b + a*c)^2*d*x^3*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 377, 27, 445, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx \xrightarrow{2057} \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{x^4\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

377

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{d(-adx^2+b-ac)}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3(ac+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3x^3(ac+b)} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{d \int \frac{-adx^2+b-ac}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3(ac+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3x^3(ac+b)} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

445

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{d \left(-\frac{\int \frac{ad(c(b+ac)-(b-ac)dx^2)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3x^3(ac+b)} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

27

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{d \left(-\frac{ad \int \frac{c(b+ac)-(b-ac)dx^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3x^3(ac+b)} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

406

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{d \left(-\frac{ad \left(c(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx - d(b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} - \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{3x} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 320

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{d \left(\frac{ad \left(\frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right), \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} - d(b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 388

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(d \frac{\left(\frac{ad \left(\frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right) - d(b-ac) \left(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{cx(a+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

313

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(d \frac{\left(\frac{ad \left(\frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right) - d(b-ac) \left(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{cx(a+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*(-1/3*(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/
(b + a*c)*x^3) + (d*(-(((b - a*c)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])
/(c*(b + a*c)*x)) - (a*d*(-((b - a*c)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*
Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt
[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c))]/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c
+ a*d*x^2))]/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2)))))) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2
]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d
*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))]/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2)))))/(c*(b + a*c
)))/(3*(b + a*c)))/(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)
])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 313

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c
+ d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]
```

rule 320

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c
+ d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

rule 377

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e*(
m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m + 1)
+ 2*b*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b
*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m
, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 10.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 567, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(ad^2x^2+ac+b)(-ad^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc)}{3(ac+b)^2x^3c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}-\frac{d^2a\left(\frac{ac^2\sqrt{1+\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2d}{c}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}},\sqrt{-1+\frac{2acd+bd}{dca}}\right)+bc\sqrt{1+\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{\frac{ad}{ac+b}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}}$
default	$-\frac{\left(-\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}a^2cd^3x^6+\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}abd^3x^6+\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}\operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}},\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right)a^2c^2d^2x^3-\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}a^2c^2d^2x^3\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}}$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-\frac{1}{3}\frac{(ad^2x^2+ac+b)(-ad^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc)}{(ac+b)^2x^3c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}-\frac{d^2a\left(\frac{ac^2\sqrt{1+\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2d}{c}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}},\sqrt{-1+\frac{2acd+bd}{dca}}\right)+bc\sqrt{1+\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{\frac{ad}{ac+b}}}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \frac{(a^2c - ab)\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}d^3x^3\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - ((a^2c - ab)d^3 + (a^2c^2 + 2abc + b^2)d^2)}{3(a^3c^4)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*((a^2*c - a*b)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*d^3*x^3*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((a^2*c - a*b)*d^3 + (a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x^3*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((a^2*c^2 - b^2)*d^2*x^4 - a^2*c^4 - 2*a*b*c^3 - b^2*c^2 - 2*(a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/((a^3*c^4 + 3*a^2*b*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + b^3*c)*x^3)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))*x^4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))*x^4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{ad x^2 + ac + b} d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{ad x^2+ac+b} x^2}{a^2 c d^2 x^4 + ab d^2 x^4 + 2a^2 c^2 d x^2 + 3abcd x^2 + a^2 c^3 + b^2 d x^2 + 2ab c^2 + b^2 c} dx \right) a^2 c d^3 x + \left(\int \right)$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*d + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a**2*c**3 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + a**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*c**2 + 3*a*b*c*d*x**2 + a*b*d**2*x**4 + b**2*c + b**2*d*x**2),x)*a**2*c*d**3*x + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**2)/(a**2*c**3 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + a**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*c**2 + 3*a*b*c*d*x**2 + a*b*d**2*x**4 + b**2*c + b**2*d*x**2),x)*a*b*d**3*x + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a**2*c**3*x**4 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*x**6 + a**2*c*d**2*x**8 + 2*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 3*a*b*c*d*x**6 + a*b*d**2*x**8 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**6),x)*a**2*c**4*x + 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a**2*c**3*x**4 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*x**6 + a**2*c*d**2*x**8 + 2*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 3*a*b*c*d*x**6 + a*b*d**2*x**8 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**6),x)*a*b*c**3*x + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a**2*c**3*x**4 + 2*a**2*c**2*d*x**6 + a**2*c*d**2*x**8 + 2*a*b*c**2*x**4 + 3*a*b*c*d*x**6 + a*b*d**2*x**8 + b**2*c*x**4 + b**2*d*x**6),x)*b**2*c**2*x)/(c*x*(a*c + b))
```

3.202 $\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1880
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1881
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1881
Maple [A] (verified)	1885
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1886
Sympy [F]	1886
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1887
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1887
Mupad [F(-1)]	1888
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1888

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b(b+ac)^2}{a^4 d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{(19b^2 + 28abc + 8a^2c^2)(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{16a^4 d^3} - \frac{(11b + 12ac)(c+dx^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{24a^3 d^3} + \frac{(c+dx^2)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{6a^2 d^3} - \frac{b(35b^2 + 60abc + 24a^2c^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{16a^{9/2} d^3}$$

output

```
b*(a*c+b)^2/a^4/d^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/16*(8*a^2*c^2+28*a*b*c+19*b^2)
*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^4/d^3-1/24*(12*a*c+11*b)*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a
+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d^3+1/6*(d*x^2+c)^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^3-
1/16*b*(24*a^2*c^2+60*a*b*c+35*b^2)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
/a^(9/2)/d^3
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a(c+dx^2)} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} (105b^3+5ab^2(43c+7dx^2)+2a^2b(59c^2+16cdx^2-7d^2x^4)+8a^3(c^3+d^3x^6))}{b+a(c+dx^2)} - \frac{3b(35b^2}{48a^{9/2}d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`output `((Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(105*b^3 + 5*a*b^2*(43*c + 7*d*x^2) + 2*a^2*b*(59*c^2 + 16*c*d*x^2 - 7*d^2*x^4) + 8*a^3*(c^3 + d^3*x^6)))/(b + a*(c + d*x^2)) - 3*b*(35*b^2 + 60*a*b*c + 24*a^2*c^2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]]/(48*a^(9/2)*d^3)`**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 27, 365, 298, 215, 215, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^4}{\left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
 & -bd \int \frac{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2}{d^4x^4(a-x^4)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{(-cx^4+b+ac)^2}{x^4(a-x^4)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{365} \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{ac^2x^4+(b+ac)(7b+5ac)}{(a-x^4)^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{a} - \frac{(ac+b)^2}{ax^2(a-x^4)^3} \right)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{298} \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{(24a^2c^2+60abc+35b^2) \int \frac{1}{(a-x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{6a} + \frac{(6a^2c^2+12abc+7b^2) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{(ac+b)^2}{ax^2(a-x^4)^3} \right)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{(24a^2c^2+60abc+35b^2) \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{6a} + \frac{(6a^2c^2+12abc+7b^2) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{6a(a-x^4)^3} - \frac{(ac+b)^2}{ax^2(a-x^4)^3} \right)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{
 \begin{aligned}
 & (24a^2c^2 + 60abc + 35b^2) \left(\frac{
 \int \frac{1}{a-x^4} dx \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{4a(a-x^4)^2} \\
 & + \frac{(6a^2c^2 + 12abc + 7b^2) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{6a(a-x^4)^3}
 \end{aligned}
 }{
 \begin{aligned}
 & a \\
 & - \frac{(ac+b)^2}{ax^2(a-x^4)^3}
 \end{aligned}
 } \right)$$

d^3

↓ 219

$$\left(\frac{
 \begin{aligned}
 & (24a^2c^2 + 60abc + 35b^2) \left(\frac{
 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) + \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2a^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{2a(a-x^4)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{4a(a-x^4)^2} \\
 & + \frac{(6a^2c^2 + 12abc + 7b^2) \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{6a(a-x^4)^3}
 \end{aligned}
 }{
 \begin{aligned}
 & a \\
 & - \frac{(ac+b)^2}{ax^2(a-x^4)^3}
 \end{aligned}
 } \right)$$

d^3

input

```
Int[x^5/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]
```


output

```

-((b*(-((b + a*c)^2/(a*x^2*(a - x^4)^3)) + (((7*b^2 + 12*a*b*c + 6*a^2*c^2)
)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/(6*a*(a - x^4)^3) + ((35*b^2 + 60
*a*b*c + 24*a^2*c^2)*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(4*a*(a - x^4)
^2) + (3*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/(2*a*(a - x^4)) + ArcTanh[
Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2))))/(4*a)))/(6*a
)/a))/d^3)

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```

Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]

```

rule 215

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)
/(2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)
), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6
*p])

```

rule 219

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

```

rule 298

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-
b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(
2*p + 3))/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/2 + p, 0])

```

rule 365

```

Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^2, x
_Symbol] := Simp[c^2*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x]
- Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*Simp[2*b*c^2*(p
+ 1) + c*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(m + 1) - a*d^2*(m + 1)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1]

```

```
rule 2052 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*(p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 2053 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2057 Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol]
:> Int[u*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
risch	$\frac{(8a^2d^2x^4 - 8a^2cdx^2 - 22abd^2x^2 + 8a^2c^2 + 62abc + 57b^2)(adx^2 + ac + b)}{48d^3a^4\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}} - \frac{b \left((24a^2c^2 + 60abc + 35b^2) \ln\left(\frac{acd + \frac{1}{2}bd + ad^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ac^2 + bc + d^2x^2}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/48/d^3*(8*a^2*d^2*x^4-8*a^2*c*d*x^2-22*a*b*d*x^2+8*a^2*c^2+62*a*b*c+57*b^2)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a^4/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/16*b/a^4/d^2*(1/2*(24*a^2*c^2+60*a*b*c+35*b^2)*ln((a*c*d+1/2*b*d+a*d^2*x^2)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)-16*(a^2*c^2+2*a*b*c+b^2)*(d*x^2+c)/d/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2))/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(d*x^2+c)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 675, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(24a^3bc^3 + 84a^2b^2c^2 + 95ab^3c + 35b^4 + (24a^3bc^2 + 60a^2b^2c + 35ab^3)dx^2)\sqrt{a}}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/192*(3*(24*a^3*b*c^3 + 84*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 95*a*b^3*c + 35*b^4 + (24*a^3*b*c^2 + 60*a^2*b^2*c + 35*a*b^3)*d*x^2)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 - 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 4*(8*a^4*d^4*x^8 + 2*(4*a^4*c - 7*a^3*b)*d^3*x^6 + 8*a^4*c^4 + 118*a^3*b*c^3 + (18*a^3*b*c + 35*a^2*b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 215*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 105*a*b^3*c + (8*a^4*c^3 + 150*a^3*b*c^2 + 250*a^2*b^2*c + 105*a*b^3)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^6*d^4*x^2 + (a^6*c + a^5*b)*d^3), 1/96*(3*(24*a^3*b*c^3 + 84*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 95*a*b^3*c + 35*b^4 + (24*a^3*b*c^2 + 60*a^2*b^2*c + 35*a*b^3)*d*x^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b)) + 2*(8*a^4*d^4*x^8 + 2*(4*a^4*c - 7*a^3*b)*d^3*x^6 + 8*a^4*c^4 + 118*a^3*b*c^3 + (18*a^3*b*c + 35*a^2*b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 215*a^2*b^2*c^2 + 105*a*b^3*c + (8*a^4*c^3 + 150*a^3*b*c^2 + 250*a^2*b^2*c + 105*a*b^3)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^6*d^4*x^2 + (a^6*c + a^5*b)*d^3)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 389, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{48 a^5 b c^2 + 96 a^4 b^2 c + 48 a^3 b^3 - \frac{3(24 a^2 b c^2 + 60 a b^2 c + 35 b^3)(adx^2+ac+b)^3}{(dx^2+c)^3} + \frac{8(24 a^3 b c^2 + 60 a^2 b^2 c + 35 a b^3)(adx^2+ac+b)^3}{(dx^2+c)^3}}{48 \left(a^7 d^3 \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - 3 a^6 d^3 \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3 a^5 d^3 \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)} + \frac{(24 a^2 c^2 + 60 a b c + 35 b^2) b \log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} \right)}{32 a^{\frac{9}{2}} d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/48*(48*a^5*b*c^2 + 96*a^4*b^2*c + 48*a^3*b^3 - 3*(24*a^2*b*c^2 + 60*a*b^2*c + 35*b^3)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^3/(d*x^2 + c)^3 + 8*(24*a^3*b*c^2 + 60*a^2*b^2*c + 35*a*b^3)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - 3*(56*a^4*b*c^2 + 132*a^3*b^2*c + 77*a^2*b^3)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/(a^7*d^3*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - 3*a^6*d^3*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) + 3*a^5*d^3*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(5/2) - a^4*d^3*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(7/2)) + 1/32*(24*a^2*c^2 + 60*a*b*c + 35*b^2)*b*log(-sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^(9/2)*d^3)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 663 vs. 2(200) = 400.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 663, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/48*sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*(2*x^2*(4*x^2/(
a^2*d*sgn(d*x^2 + c)) - (4*a^11*c*d^6*sgn(d*x^2 + c) + 11*a^10*b*d^6*sgn(d
*x^2 + c)))/(a^13*d^8)) + (8*a^11*c^2*d^5*sgn(d*x^2 + c) + 62*a^10*b*c*d^5*
sgn(d*x^2 + c) + 57*a^9*b^2*d^5*sgn(d*x^2 + c))/(a^13*d^8)) + 1/96*(24*a^2
*b*c^2 + 60*a*b^2*c + 35*b^3)*log(abs(2*a^3*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - s
qrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^(5/2)*c^2*abs(d) +
6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c
))^2*a^2*c*d + 5*a^2*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c
*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*a^(3/2)*abs(d) + 10*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 -
sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^(3/2)*b*c*abs(d)
+ 5*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*
c))^2*a*b*d + 4*a*b^2*c*d + 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*
x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b^2*abs(d) + b^3*d))/(a^(9/2)*d^2*ab
s(d)*sgn(d*x^2 + c)) + 1/96*(24*a^(13/2)*b*c^2*d^3*abs(d)*sgn(d*x^2 + c) +
60*a^(11/2)*b^2*c*d^3*abs(d)*sgn(d*x^2 + c) + 35*a^(9/2)*b^3*d^3*abs(d)*s
gn(d*x^2 + c))*log(abs(a))/(a^9*d^7)

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^5/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^5/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 538, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^4c^3} + 8\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^4d^3x^6} + 118\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
(8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**4*c**3 + 8*sqrt(c + d*x**2)
)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**4*d**3*x**6 + 118*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*b*c**2 + 32*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)
*a**3*b*c*d*x**2 - 14*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*b*d**
2*x**4 + 215*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**2*c + 35*sq
rt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b**2*d*x**2 + 105*sqrt(c + d*
x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**3 + 72*sqrt(a)*log( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**3*b*c**3 + 72*sqrt(a)*log( - sqr
t(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**3*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 2
52*sqrt(a)*log( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a
**2*b**2*c**2 + 180*sqrt(a)*log( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt
(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**2*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 285*sqrt(a)*log( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c +
a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b**3*c + 105*sqrt(a)*log( - sqrt(a)
*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b**3*d*x**2 + 105*sqrt(a
)*log( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**4)/(48*
a**5*d**3*(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))
```

3.203
$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1890
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1891
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1891
Maple [A] (verified)	1895
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1896
Sympy [F]	1897
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1897
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1898
Mupad [F(-1)]	1899
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1899

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b(b+ac)}{a^3d^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{(7b+4ac)(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{8a^3d^2} + \frac{(c+dx^2)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a^2d^2} + \frac{3b(5b+4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}d^2}$$

output

```
-b*(a*c+b)/a^3/d^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/8*(4*a*c+7*b)*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d^2+1/4*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d^2+3/8*b*(4*a*c+5*b)*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}(15b^2+ab(17c+5dx^2)+2a^2(c^2-d^2x^4))}{b+a(c+dx^2)} + 3b(5b+4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(-((Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(15*b^2 + a*
b*(17*c + 5*d*x^2) + 2*a^2*(c^2 - d^2*x^4)))/(b + a*(c + d*x^2))) + 3*b*(5
*b + 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]])/(8*a^(
7/2)*d^2)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 361, 25, 27, 361, 25, 359, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2057}$$

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2053}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2}{\left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2052 \\
 & -bd \int -\frac{-cx^4 + b + ac}{d^3 x^4 (a - x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & bd \int \frac{-cx^4 + b + ac}{d^3 x^4 (a - x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{-cx^4 + b + ac}{x^4 (a - x^4)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 361 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a^2(a-x^4)^2} - \frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{3bx^4+4a(b+ac)}{a^2x^4(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{3bx^4+4a(b+ac)}{a^2x^4(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} + \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a^2(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{\int \frac{3bx^4+4a(b+ac)}{x^4(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{4a^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a^2(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 361 \\
 & \frac{b \left(\frac{(4ac+7b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2a(a-x^4)} - \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{(\frac{7b}{a}+4c)x^4+8(b+ac)}{x^4(a-x^4)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} + \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4a^2(a-x^4)^2} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))* \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 359 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_)*(x_)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p}_})*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m} + 1}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1}/(\text{a}*e^{\text{m} + 1})), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(\text{a}*d*(\text{m} + 1) - \text{b}*c*(\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 3))/(\text{a}*e^{2*(\text{m} + 1)}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m} + 2}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 361 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p}_})*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{a})^{\text{m}/2 - 1}*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*x*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1}/(2*\text{b}^{\text{m}/2 + 1}*(\text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{b}^{\text{m}/2 + 1}*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[x^{\text{m}}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p} + 1}* \text{ExpandToSum}[2*\text{b}*(\text{p} + 1)*\text{Together}[(\text{b}^{\text{m}/2}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2) - (-\text{a})^{\text{m}/2 - 1}*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d)*x^{-(\text{m} + 2)})/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)] - ((-\text{a})^{\text{m}/2 - 1}*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d))/x^{\text{m}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{m}/2, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}] \ || \ \text{EqQ}[\text{m} + 2*\text{p} + 1, 0])$
- rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{e}_)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)))/((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_))^{\text{p}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Denominator}[\text{p}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{q}*e*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{\text{q}*(\text{p} + 1) - 1}*((-\text{a})*e + \text{c}*x^{\text{q}})^{\text{m}}/(\text{b}*e - \text{d}*x^{\text{q}})^{\text{m} + 2}), \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{e}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x)/(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)))^{1/\text{q}}, \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$

rule 2053

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))
)^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(
(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p},
x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^p_, x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-2ad^2x^2+2ac+7b)(adx^2+ac+b)}{8d^2a^3\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} + b \left(\frac{(12ac+15b) \ln\left(\frac{acd+\frac{1}{2}bd+a^2d^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+a^2d^2x^4}\right)}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} - \frac{8(ac+b)(dx^2+c)}{d\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2+c+b}} \right) - \frac{8a^3d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)}{8a^3d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)}$
default	$-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c) \left(-4\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2a^2d^2x^4-12} \ln\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}}\right) \right)$

input

```
int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8/d^2*(-2*a*d*x^2+2*a*c+7*b)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a^3/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^
2+c))^(1/2)+1/8*b/a^3/d*(1/2*(12*a*c+15*b)*ln((a*c*d+1/2*b*d+a*d^2*x^2)/(a
*d^2)^(1/2)+(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/(a*d^2)^(1/2)-8
*(a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)/d/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2))/((a*
d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(d*x^2+c)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 541, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.49

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3(4a^2bc^2 + 9ab^2c + (4a^2bc + 5ab^2)dx^2 + 5b^3)\sqrt{a} \log\left(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2d^2x^2 + a^2c + b^2)\sqrt{a}\right) + 3(4a^2bc^2 + 9ab^2c + (4a^2bc + 5ab^2)dx^2 + 5b^3)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{(2adx^2 + 2ac + b)\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + ac + b}{dx^2 + c}}}{2(a^2dx^2 + a^2c + ab)}\right) - 2(2a^3d^3x^6 + (2a^3c^2 + 22a^2b^2c + 15ab^3)d^2x^4 - 2a^3c^3 - 17a^2b^2c^2 - 15a^2b^2c - (2a^3c^2 + 22a^2b^2c + 15ab^3)d^2x^2 + 5b^3)\sqrt{a}}{16(a^5d^3x^2 + (a^5c + a^4b)d^2)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*(3*(4*a^2*b*c^2 + 9*a*b^2*c + (4*a^2*b*c + 5*a*b^2)*d*x^2 + 5*b^3)*
sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c +
b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a
*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) + 4*(2*a^3*d^3*x^6 + (2*a^3*c - 5*a^2*b)*d
^2*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^3 - 17*a^2*b*c^2 - 15*a*b^2*c - (2*a^3*c^2 + 22*a^2*b*c +
15*a*b^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^5*d^3*x^2 + (a
^5*c + a^4*b)*d^2), -1/16*(3*(4*a^2*b*c^2 + 9*a*b^2*c + (4*a^2*b*c + 5*a*b
^2)*d*x^2 + 5*b^3)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqrt(-a)*sq
rt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b)) - 2*(2*a^3*
d^3*x^6 + (2*a^3*c - 5*a^2*b)*d^2*x^4 - 2*a^3*c^3 - 17*a^2*b*c^2 - 15*a*b^
2*c - (2*a^3*c^2 + 22*a^2*b*c + 15*a*b^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/
(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^5*d^3*x^2 + (a^5*c + a^4*b)*d^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**3/((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{8a^3bc + 8a^2b^2 + \frac{3(adx^2+ac+b)^2(4abc+5b^2)}{(dx^2+c)^2} - \frac{5(4a^2bc+5ab^2)(adx^2+ac+b)}{dx^2+c}}{8\left(a^5d^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - 2a^4d^2\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^3d^2\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{3(4ac+5b)b \log\left(-\frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}\right)}{16a^{\frac{7}{2}}d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/8*(8*a^3*b*c + 8*a^2*b^2 + 3*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2*(4*a*b*c + 5*b^2)/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - 5*(4*a^2*b*c + 5*a*b^2)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))/(a^5*d^2*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - 2*a^4*d^2*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) + a^3*d^2*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(5/2)) - 3/16*(4*a*c + 5*b)*b*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))/(a^(7/2)*d^2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 552 vs. $2(137) = 274$.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 552, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \left(\frac{2x^2}{a^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)} - \frac{2a^6cd^2 + 7a^5bd^2}{a^8d^4 \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c)} \right) \\ - \frac{(4abc + 5b^2) \log \left(\left| 2a^3c^3d + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \right) a^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2|d \right| + 6 \left(\sqrt{ad^2x^2} - \sqrt{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + bdx^2 + ac^2 + bc} \right) \right)}{16a^7d^5} \\ - \frac{\left(4a^{\frac{9}{2}}bcd^2|d| \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c) + 5a^{\frac{7}{2}}b^2d^2|d| \operatorname{sgn}(dx^2 + c) \right) \log(|a|)}{16a^7d^5}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/8*sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)*(2*x^2/(a^2*d*sgn(d*x^2 + c)) - (2*a^6*c*d^2 + 7*a^5*b*d^2)/(a^8*d^4*sgn(d*x^2 + c))) - 1/16*(4*a*b*c + 5*b^2)*log(abs(2*a^3*c^3*d + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^(5/2)*c^2*abs(d) + 6*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*a^2*c*d + 5*a^2*b*c^2*d + 2*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^3*a^(3/2)*abs(d) + 10*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*a^(3/2)*b*c*abs(d) + 5*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))^2*a*b*d + 4*a*b^2*c*d + 4*(sqrt(a*d^2)*x^2 - sqrt(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + b*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c))*sqrt(a)*b^2*abs(d) + b^3*d))/(a^(7/2)*d*abs(d)*sgn(d*x^2 + c)) - 1/16*(4*a^(9/2)*b*c*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x^2 + c) + 5*a^(7/2)*b^2*d^2*abs(d)*sgn(d*x^2 + c))*log(abs(a))/(a^7*d^5)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3c^2} + 2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^3d^2x^4} - 17\sqrt{dx^2+c}}{\dots}$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`output `(- 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**2 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*d**2*x**4 - 17*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c - 5*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*d*x**2 - 15*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**2*b*c**2 + 12*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**2*b*c*d*x**2 + 27*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b**2*c + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b**2*d*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**3)/(8*a**4*d**2*(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))`

3.204 $\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1900
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1900
Rubi [A] (verified)	1901
Maple [B] (verified)	1903
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1904
Sympy [F]	1905
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1905
Giac [F(-2)]	1905
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1906
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1906

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b}{a^2 d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}} + \frac{(c + dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{2a^2 d} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{5/2} d}$$

output

```
b/a^2/d/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/2*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d-3/2*b*arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(c + dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx^2)}{c+dx^2}} (3b + a(c + dx^2))}{2a^2 d (b + a(c + dx^2))} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+a(c+dx^2)}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{5/2} d}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\frac{((c + dx^2)\sqrt{(b + a(c + dx^2))/(c + dx^2)}(3b + a(c + dx^2)))/(2a^2d(b + a(c + dx^2))) - (3b\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{(b + a(c + dx^2))/(c + dx^2)}]/\sqrt{a}]}{(2a^{5/2}d)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {2024, 773, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2024} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} d(dx^2 + c) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\ & \int \frac{(dx^2+c)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{dx^2+c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\ & \frac{3b \int \frac{dx^2+c}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{dx^2+c}}{2a} - \frac{c+dx^2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\ & \frac{3b \left(\frac{\int \frac{dx^2+c}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}} d\frac{1}{dx^2+c}}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx^2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{3b \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{b(dx^2+c)^2 - \frac{a}{b}} dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx^2}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 \hline
 2d \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{3b \left(\frac{2}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} - \frac{c+dx^2}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 \hline
 2d
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(-((c + d*x^2)/(a*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)])) - (3*b*(2/(a*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)])) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^2)]/sqrt[a]]/a^(3/2)))/(2*a))/d`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 73 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 773 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^
2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2024 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[P
q, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[
Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D
[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] &
& PolyQ[Qr, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 216 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

method	result
risch	$\frac{ad^2x^2+ac+b}{2da^2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+ac+b}{d^2x^2+c}}} - b \left(\frac{3 \ln \left(\frac{acd + \frac{1}{2}bd + ad^2x^2}{\sqrt{ad^2}} + \sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+ad^2x^4} \right)}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} - \frac{2(dx^2+c)}{d\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}} \right) - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+ac+b}{d^2x^2+c}}(dx^2+c)}{2a^2\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+ac+b}{d^2x^2+c}}(dx^2+c)}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{(dx^2+c)^{a+b}}{d^2x^2+c}}(dx^2+c) \left(-6\sqrt{(dx^2+c)((dx^2+c)a+b)} a^{\frac{5}{2}}(dx^2+c)^2 + 3 \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{(dx^2+c)((dx^2+c)a+b)}\sqrt{a+2(dx^2+c)}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$
default	$\sqrt{\frac{ad^2x^2+ac+b}{d^2x^2+c}}(dx^2+c) \left(-3 \ln \left(\frac{2ad^2x^2+2acd+2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ad^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{ad^2}} \right) \right) ab d^2 x^2 + 2\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}$

input `int(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1/2/d/a^2*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^{1/2}-1/2*b/a^2*(3/2*\ln((a*c*d+1/2*b*d+a*d^2*x^2)/(a*d^2)^{1/2}+(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^{1/2}))/((a*d^2)^{1/2})-2*(d*x^2+c)/d/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^{1/2}}{((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^{1/2}*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^{1/2}/(d*x^2+c)}$$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs. $2(83) = 166$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(abdx^2 + abc + b^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(8a^2d^2x^4 + 8a^2c^2 + 8(2a^2c + ab)dx^2 + 8abc + b^2 - \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\left[\frac{1}{8} * (3 * (a * b * d * x^2 + a * b * c + b^2) * \sqrt{a} * \log(8 * a^2 * d^2 * x^4 + 8 * a^2 * c^2 + 8 * (2 * a^2 * c + a * b) * d * x^2 + 8 * a * b * c + b^2 - 4 * (2 * a * d^2 * x^4 + (4 * a * c + b) * d * x^2 + 2 * a * c^2 + b * c) * \sqrt{a} * \sqrt{(a * d * x^2 + a * c + b) / (d * x^2 + c)})) + 4 * (a^2 * d^2 * x^4 + a^2 * c^2 + (2 * a^2 * c + 3 * a * b) * d * x^2 + 3 * a * b * c) * \sqrt{(a * d * x^2 + a * c + b) / (d * x^2 + c)} / (a^4 * d^2 * x^2 + (a^4 * c + a^3 * b) * d), \frac{1}{4} * (3 * (a * b * d * x^2 + a * b * c + b^2) * \sqrt{-a} * \arctan(1/2 * (2 * a * d * x^2 + 2 * a * c + b) * \sqrt{-a} * \sqrt{(a * d * x^2 + a * c + b) / (d * x^2 + c)} / (a^2 * d * x^2 + a^2 * c + a * b)) + 2 * (a^2 * d^2 * x^4 + a^2 * c^2 + (2 * a^2 * c + 3 * a * b) * d * x^2 + 3 * a * b * c) * \sqrt{(a * d * x^2 + a * c + b) / (d * x^2 + c)} / (a^4 * d^2 * x^2 + (a^4 * c + a^3 * b) * d) \right]$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2ab - \frac{3(adx^2+ac+b)b}{dx^2+c}}{2\left(a^3d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - a^2d\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}\right)} + \frac{3b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}d}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*a*b - 3*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*b/(d*x^2 + c))/(a^3*d*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - a^2*d*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)) + 3/4*b*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))/(a^(5/2)*d)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const
index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{a(dx^2+c)}{b} + 1\right)^{3/2} (dx^2 + c) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}; \frac{7}{2}; -\frac{a(dx^2+c)}{b}\right)}{5d\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
((a*(c + d*x^2))/b + 1)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^2)*hypergeom([3/2, 5/2], 7/2, -(a*(
c + d*x^2))/b))/(5*d*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^2c} + \sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^2}dx^2 + 3\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(
a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 +
b)*a*b + 3*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x
**2)*a)*a*b*c + 3*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c
+ d*x**2)*a)*a*b*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(-sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 +
b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**2)/(2*a**3*d*(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))
```

3.205 $\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1907
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1908
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1908
Maple [B] (verified)	1911
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1912
Sympy [F]	1913
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1914
Giac [F(-2)]	1914
Mupad [F(-1)]	1915
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1915

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b}{a(b+ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{c^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{(b+ac)^{3/2}}$$

output `-b/a/(a*c+b)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+arctanh((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)-c^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(3/2))`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b}{a(b+ac)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{c^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{(-b-ac)^{3/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x]`

output `-(b/(a*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2])) - (c^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[-b - a*c])/(-b - a*c)^(3/2) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[a]]/a^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 382, 397, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2}} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
& -bd \int -\frac{1}{dx^4 (a-x^4) (-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& bd \int \frac{1}{dx^4 (a-x^4) (-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& b \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a-x^4) (-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{382} \\
& b \left(\frac{\int \frac{-cx^4+b+2ac}{(a-x^4)(-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{1}{ax^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{397} \\
& b \left(\frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{b} - \frac{ac^2 \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{b} - \frac{1}{ax^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
& b \left(\frac{(ac+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{ac^2 \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}}}{b} - \frac{1}{ax^2(ac+b)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& b \left(\frac{(ac+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{ac^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{b\sqrt{ac+b}} - \frac{1}{ax^2(ac+b)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x]`

output `b*(-(1/(a*(b + a*c)*x^2)) + (((b + a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]]/Sqrt[a])/(Sqrt[a]*b) - (a*c^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]]/Sqrt[b + a*c])/(b*Sqrt[b + a*c]))/(a*(b + a*c)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 382 `Int[((e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*c*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[(b*c + a*d)*(m + 3) + 2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) + b*d*(m + 2*p + 2*q + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 397 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2)/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x]`

rule 2052 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*(p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1014 vs. $2(92) = 184$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1015, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1015

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

-1/2*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)/a*(-ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2
*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d
)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^3*c^2*d^2*x^2+(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d
*x^2*c+b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+
a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x^2)*a^2*c*d*x^2-2*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d+2*(
a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(
1/2))*a^2*b*c*d^2*x^2-ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^
2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^3*c^3*d-ln(
1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)
*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*b^2*d^2*x^2+(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c)
^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x^2*c+b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*
c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x^2)*a^2*c^2-3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2
+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b
*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b*c^2*d+(a*d^2)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*d*x
^2*c+b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*
c^2+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/x^2)*a*b*c-3*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^
4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a
*b^2*c*d+2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*b*c-ln(1/2*(2
*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^
2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b^3*d+2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 294 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1477, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.43

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*((a^2*c^2 + (a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(8*a^2*d^
2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c + a*b)*d*x^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2 + 4*(2*a*d^2*x
^4 + (4*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(
d*x^2 + c))) + (a^3*c*d*x^2 + a^3*c^2 + a^2*b*c)*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(((8
*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8
*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c + b^2)*d^
2*x^4 + 2*a^2*c^4 + 4*a*b*c^3 + 2*b^2*c^2 + (4*a^2*c^3 + 7*a*b*c^2 + 3*b^2
*c)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))/x^4) -
4*(a*b*d*x^2 + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^4*c^2 + 2
*a^3*b*c + a^2*b^2 + (a^4*c + a^3*b)*d*x^2), -1/4*(2*(a^2*c^2 + (a^2*c + a
*b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d*x^2 + 2*a*c + b)*sqr
t(-a)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*d*x^2 + a^2*c + a*b)) - (
a^3*c*d*x^2 + a^3*c^2 + a^2*b*c)*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b
*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*
a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a^2*c^
4 + 4*a*b*c^3 + 2*b^2*c^2 + (4*a^2*c^3 + 7*a*b*c^2 + 3*b^2*c)*d*x^2)*sqrt(
(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))/x^4) + 4*(a*b*d*x^2 +
a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^4*c^2 + 2*a^3*b*c + a^2*b
^2 + (a^4*c + a^3*b)*d*x^2), 1/4*(2*(a^3*c*d*x^2 + a^3*c^2 + a^2*b*c)*sqrt
(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt((a...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 201 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c^2 \log \left(\frac{c \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}} \right)}{2 \sqrt{(ac+b)c} (ac+b)} - \frac{b}{(a^2c+ab) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} - \frac{\log \left(-\frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} \right)}{2 a^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*c^2*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/(sqrt((a*c + b)*c)*(a*c + b)) - b/((a^2*c + a*b)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))) - 1/2*log(-(sqrt(a) - sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(sqrt(a) + sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))))/a^(3/2)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 627, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.70

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba^2bc} - \sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+ba}b^2 + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+ba}}{2\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+ba}}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*
sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*
sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c
+ d*x**2)*b)*a**3*c**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**
2)*b)*a**3*c*d*x**2 + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a
*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b
)*a**2*b*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a**3*c**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b
)*log(x)*a**3*c*d*x**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a**2*b*c + sqrt(a)*l
og(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**3*c**3 + sqrt
(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a**3*c**2*d
*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*
a)*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c +
d*x**2)*a)*a**2*b*c*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 +
b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b**2*c + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**
2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*a*b**2*d*x**2 + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x**2 + b) + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a)*b**3)/(a**2*(a**3*c**3 + a**3*c**2*d
*x**2 + 3*a**2*b*c**2 + 2*a**2*b*c*d*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*c + a*b**2*d*x**2 + b
**3))
```

3.206 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1917
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1918
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1918
Maple [B] (verified)	1921
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1921
Sympy [F]	1922
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1922
Giac [F]	1923
Mupad [F(-1)]	1923
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1924

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{bd}{(b+ac)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{c(c+dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(b+ac)^2 x^2} - \frac{3b\sqrt{cd} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{2(b+ac)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
b*d/(a*c+b)^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/2*c*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/
(a*c+b)^2/x^2-3/2*b*c^(1/2)*d*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b
)^(1/2))/(a*c+b)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(c+dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} (b(c-2dx^2) + ac(c+dx^2))}{2(b+ac)^2 x^2 (b+a(c+dx^2))} + \frac{3b\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{2(-b-ac)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/2*((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(b*(c - 2*d*x^2) + a*c*(c + d*x^2)))/((b + a*c)^2*x^2*(b + a*(c + d*x^2))) + (3*b*Sqrt[c]*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(2*(-b - a*c)^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 253, 264, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2}} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
& -bd \int \frac{1}{x^4 (-cx^4 + b + ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{253} \\
& -bd \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^4 (-cx^4 + b + ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{2(ac + b)} + \frac{1}{2x^2(ac + b)(ac + b - cx^4)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{264} \\
& -bd \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{c \int \frac{1}{-cx^4 + b + ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c}}}{ac + b} - \frac{1}{x^2(ac + b)} \right)}{2(ac + b)} + \frac{1}{2x^2(ac + b)(ac + b - cx^4)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
& -bd \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac + b}} \right)}{(ac + b)^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{x^2(ac + b)} \right)}{2(ac + b)} + \frac{1}{2x^2(ac + b)(ac + b - cx^4)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x]`

output `-(b*d*(1/(2*(b + a*c)*x^2*(b + a*c - c*x^4)) + (3*(-(1/((b + a*c)*x^2)) + (Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(b + a*c)^(3/2)))/(2*(b + a*c))))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 253 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(2*a*c*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m + 2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 264 $\text{Int}[(c_)*(x_)]^{(m_)}*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1})/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[b*(m + 2*p + 3)/(a*c^2*(m + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m + 2)}*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)]^{(m_)}*(((e_)*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)))/((c_ + (d_)*(x_)))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[q*e*(b*c - a*d) \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(p + 1) - 1)}*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^{(m + 2)}], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^{(1/q)}, x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 2053 $\text{Int}[(x_)]^{(m_)}*(((e_)*((a_ + (b_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}))/((c_ + (d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x))]^p, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_)*((a_ + (b_)/((c_ + (d_)*(x_)]^{(n_)}))^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]^p, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 244, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
risch	$-\frac{c(adx^2+ac+b)}{2(ac+b)^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} + \frac{db \left(-\frac{3c \ln \left(\frac{2ae^2+2bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+ad^2x^4}}{x^2} \right)}{2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}} + \frac{2dx^2}{\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2+c}} \right)}{2(ac+b)^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}(dx^2+c)}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/(a*c+b)^2*c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/x^2/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/2*d*b/(a*c+b)^2*(-3/2*c/(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/x^2)+2*(d*x^2+c)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(d*x^2+c)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \left[\frac{3(abd^2x^4 + (abc + b^2)dx^2)\sqrt{\frac{c}{ac+b}} \log \left(\frac{(8a^2c^2+8abc+b^2)d^2x^4+8a^2c^4+16abc^3+8b^2c^2+8(2ad^2x^2+ac+b)\sqrt{ac^2+bc}}{(8a^2c^2+8abc+b^2)d^2x^4+8a^2c^4+16abc^3+8b^2c^2+8(2ad^2x^2+ac+b)\sqrt{ac^2+bc}} \right)}{\dots} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(3*(a*b*d^2*x^4 + (a*b*c + b^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 - 4*((2*a^2*c^2 + 3*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a^2*c^4 + 4*a*b*c^3 + 2*b^2*c^2 + (4*a^2*c^3 + 7*a*b*c^2 + 3*b^2*c)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))/x^4) - 4*((a*c - 2*b)*d^2*x^4 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 - b*c)*d*x^2 + b*c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*c + a*b^2)*d*x^4 + (a^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c + b^3)*x^2), 1/4*(3*(a*b*d^2*x^4 + (a*b*c + b^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b)))/(a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b*c)) - 2*((a*c - 2*b)*d^2*x^4 + a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 - b*c)*d*x^2 + b*c^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*c + a*b^2)*d*x^4 + (a^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c + b^3)*x^2)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**3/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**3*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 247 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3bcd \log \left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}} \right)}{4(a^2c^2 + 2abc + b^2)\sqrt{(ac+b)c}} + \frac{\frac{3(adx^2+ac+b)bcd}{dx^2+c} - 2(abc + b^2)d}{2 \left((a^2c^3 + 2abc^2 + b^2c) \left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2} - (a^3c^3 + 3a^2bc^2 + 3ab^2c + b^3) \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} \right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/4*b*c*d*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c)) / (c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c))) / ((a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt((a*c + b)*c)) + 1/2*(3*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*b*c*d / (d*x^2 + c) - 2*(a*b*c + b^2)*d) / ((a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) - (a^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c + b^3)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 519, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2c^3 - \sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2c^2dx^2 - 2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2c^2dx^2 - 2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+b}a^2c^2dx^2}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**3 - sqrt(c + d*x**2)
*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c +
a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b*c**2 + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b*c*
d*x**2 - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**2*c + 2*sqrt(c + d*x
**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**2*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sq
rt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sq
rt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(
a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(
c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*b*d**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*
c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)
*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b**2*d*x**2 - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a*b*c*d*
x**2 - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a*b*d**2*x**4 - 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c +
b)*log(x)*b**2*d*x**2)/(2*x**2*(a**4*c**4 + a**4*c**3*d*x**2 + 4*a**3*b*c
**3 + 3*a**3*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**2 + 3*a**2*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 4*a
*b**3*c + a*b**3*d*x**2 + b**4))
```

3.207 $\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1925
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1926
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1926
Maple [A] (verified)	1930
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1930
Sympy [F]	1931
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1932
Giac [F]	1932
Mupad [F(-1)]	1933
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1933

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{abd^2}{(b+ac)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{(3b-4ac)d(c+dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{8(b+ac)^3 x^2} - \frac{(c+dx^2)^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(b+ac)^2 x^4} - \frac{3b(b-4ac)d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}(b+ac)^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-a*b*d^2/(a*c+b)^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/8*(-4*a*c+3*b)*d*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^3/x^2-1/4*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^2/x^4-3/8*b*(-4*a*c+b)*d^2*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(c+dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} (b^2(2c+5dx^2) + 2a^2c(c^2-d^2x^4) + ab(4c^2+5cdx^2+13d^2x^4))}{8(b+ac)^3x^4(b+a(c+dx^2))} -$$

$$\frac{3b(b-4ac)d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{8\sqrt{c}(-b-ac)^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
-1/8*((c + d*x^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(b^2*(2*c + 5*d*x^2) + 2*a^2*c*(c^2 - d^2*x^4) + a*b*(4*c^2 + 5*c*d*x^2 + 13*d^2*x^4)))/((b + a*c)^3*x^4*(b + a*(c + d*x^2))) - (3*b*(b - 4*a*c)*d^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(8*Sqrt[c]*(-b - a*c)^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 361, 25, 361, 25, 359, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^6 \left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c} \right)^{3/2}} dx^2 \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
& -bd \int -\frac{d(a-x^4)}{x^4(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& bd \int \frac{d(a-x^4)}{x^4(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& bd^2 \int \frac{a-x^4}{x^4(-cx^4+b+ac)^3} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{361} \\
& bd^2 \left(-\frac{1}{4} \int -\frac{\frac{4a}{b+ac} - \frac{3bx^4}{(b+ac)^2}}{x^4(-cx^4+b+ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(ac+b)^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& bd^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{\frac{4a}{b+ac} - \frac{3bx^4}{(b+ac)^2}}{x^4(-cx^4+b+ac)^2} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(ac+b)^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{361} \\
& bd^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\frac{8a}{(b+ac)^2} - \frac{(3b-4ac)x^4}{(b+ac)^3}}{x^4(-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} - \frac{(3b-4ac)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)^3(ac+b-cx^4)} \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(ac+b)^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& bd^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\frac{8a}{(b+ac)^2} - \frac{(3b-4ac)x^4}{(b+ac)^3}}{x^4(-cx^4+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} - \frac{(3b-4ac)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)^3(ac+b-cx^4)} \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{4(ac+b)^2(ac+b-cx^4)^2} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 359 \\
 & bd^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{3(b-4ac) \int \frac{1}{-cx^4+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}} - \frac{8a}{x^2(ac+b)^3} \right) - \frac{(3b-4ac)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)^3(ac+b-cx^4)} \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{a}}{4(ac+b)^2} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & bd^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{3(b-4ac)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right) - \frac{8a}{x^2(ac+b)^3}}{\sqrt{c}(ac+b)^{7/2}} - \frac{(3b-4ac)\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}{2(ac+b)^3(ac+b-cx^4)} \right) - \frac{b\sqrt{a}}{4(ac+b)^2} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x]`

output `b*d^2*(-1/4*(b*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/((b + a*c)^2*(b + a*c - c*x^4)^2) + (-1/2*((3*b - 4*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/((b + a*c)^3*(b + a*c - c*x^4)) + ((-8*a)/((b + a*c)^3*x^2) - (3*(b - 4*a*c)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]/Sqrt[b + a*c]])/(Sqrt[c]*(b + a*c)^(7/2))))/2)/4)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 359

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] +
Simp[(a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + 2*p + 3))/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*
(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
&& LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[p, -1]
```

rule 361

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :
> Simp[(-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p
+ 1))), x] + Simp[1/(2*b^(m/2 + 1)*(p + 1)) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*E
xpandToSum[2*b*(p + 1)*Together[(b^(m/2)*(c + d*x^2) - (-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c
- a*d)*x^(-m + 2))/(a + b*x^2)] - ((-a)^(m/2 - 1)*(b*c - a*d))/x^m, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && ILtQ[m/
2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || EqQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0])
```

rule 2052

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(p_), x_S
ymbol] :> With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*(
p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)], x], x, (e*((a + b*
x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p]
&& IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 2053

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)
))^p, x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(
(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p},
x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(ad^2x^2+ac+b)(-2adx^2c+5bdx^2+2ac^2+2bc)}{8(ac+b)^3x^4\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}}$ $-\frac{d^2b}{2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}} \left(\frac{(12ac-3b)\ln\left(\frac{2ac^2+2bc+(2acd+bd)x^2+2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}\sqrt{ac^2+bc+(2acd+bd)x^2}}{x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{ac^2+bc}} \right)$ $+ 8(ac+b)^3\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*(-2*a*c*d*x^2+5*b*d*x^2+2*a*c^2+2*b*c)/(a*c+b)^3/x^4/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/8*d^2*b/(a*c+b)^3*(-1/2*(12*a*c-3*b)/(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*ln((2*a*c^2+2*b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+2*(a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*c^2+b*c+(2*a*c*d+b*d)*x^2+a*d^2*x^4)^(1/2))/x^2)+8*a*(d*x^2+c)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2))/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(d*x^2+c)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 452 vs. 2(160) = 320.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 961, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.34

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/32*(3*((4*a^2*b*c - a*b^2)*d^3*x^6 + (4*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c - b^3)*d^2*x^4)*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*log(((8*a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c + b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 8*a^2*c^4 + 16*a*b*c^3 + 8*b^2*c^2 + 8*(2*a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + b^2*c)*d*x^2 + 4*((2*a*c + b)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c^3 + (4*a*c^2 + 3*b*c)*d*x^2 + 2*b*c^2))*sqrt(a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/x^4) + 4*((2*a^3*c^3 - 11*a^2*b*c^2 - 13*a*b^2*c)*d^3*x^6 - 2*a^3*c^6 - 6*a^2*b*c^5 - 6*a*b^2*c^4 + (2*a^3*c^4 - 16*a^2*b*c^3 - 23*a*b^2*c^2 - 5*b^3*c)*d^2*x^4 - 2*b^3*c^3 - (2*a^3*c^5 + 11*a^2*b*c^4 + 16*a*b^2*c^3 + 7*b^3*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^5*c^5 + 4*a^4*b*c^4 + 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a*b^4*c)*d*x^6 + (a^5*c^6 + 5*a^4*b*c^5 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5*c)*x^4), -1/16*(3*((4*a^2*b*c - a*b^2)*d^3*x^6 + (4*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c - b^3)*d^2*x^4)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*arctan(1/2*((2*a*c + b)*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^2 + 2*b*c)*sqrt(-a*c^2 - b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2 + (a^2*c^2 + a*b*c)*d*x^2 + b^2*c)) - 2*((2*a^3*c^3 - 11*a^2*b*c^2 - 13*a*b^2*c)*d^3*x^6 - 2*a^3*c^6 - 6*a^2*b*c^5 - 6*a*b^2*c^4 + (2*a^3*c^4 - 16*a^2*b*c^3 - 23*a*b^2*c^2 - 5*b^3*c)*d^2*x^4 - 2*b^3*c^3 - (2*a^3*c^5 + 11*a^2*b*c^4 + 16*a*b^2*c^3 + 7*b^3*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^5*c^5 + 4*a^4*b*c^4 + 6*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^2*b^3*c^2 + a*b^4*c)*d*x^6 + (a^5*c^6 + 5*a^4*b*c^5 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5*c)*x^4)]
```

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x**5/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x**5*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)), x)
```


Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 450 vs. $2(160) = 320$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{3(4abc - b^2)d^2 \log\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} - \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}} + \sqrt{(ac+b)c}}\right)}{16(a^3c^3 + 3a^2bc^2 + 3ab^2c + b^3)\sqrt{(ac+b)c}}$$

$$-\frac{8(a^3bc^2 + 2a^2b^2c + ab^3)d^2 + \frac{3(4abc^2 - b^2c)(adx^2+ac+b)^2 d^2}{(dx^2+c)^2} - 5}{8\left((a^3c^5 + 3a^2bc^4 + 3ab^2c^3 + b^3c^2)\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{5/2} - 2(a^4c^5 + 4a^3bc^4 + 6a^2b^2c^3 + 4ab^3c^2 + b^4c)\left(\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}\right)\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-3/16*(4*a*b*c - b^2)*d^2*log((c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) - sqrt((a*c + b)*c))/(c*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)) + sqrt((a*c + b)*c)))/((a^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c + b^3)*sqrt((a*c + b)*c)) - 1/8*(8*(a^3*b*c^2 + 2*a^2*b^2*c + a*b^3)*d^2 + 3*(4*a*b*c^2 - b^2*c)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)^2*d^2/(d*x^2 + c)^2 - 5*(4*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c - b^3)*(a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)*d^2/(d*x^2 + c))/((a^3*c^5 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^3 + b^3*c^2)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(5/2) - 2*(a^4*c^5 + 4*a^3*b*c^4 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 4*a*b^3*c^2 + b^4*c)*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2) + (a^5*c^5 + 5*a^4*b*c^4 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^3 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^2 + 5*a*b^4*c + b^5)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `undef`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 896, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.98

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**5 + 2*sqrt(c + d*x
**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**3*c**3*d**2*x**4 - 6*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqr
t(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a**2*b*c**4 - 5*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2
+ b)*a**2*b*c**3*d*x**2 - 11*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*
**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 6*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c
**3 - 10*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 - 13
*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 - 2*sqrt(c +
d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b**3*c**2 - 5*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c
+ a*d*x**2 + b)*b**3*c*d*x**2 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a*c + b)
*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(
c + d*x**2)*b)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqrt(a
*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqrt(c
)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**6 - 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(sqr
t(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c - sqr
t(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(
sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c -
sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*a*b**2*d**3*x**6 + 3*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log
(sqrt(a*c + b)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*a*c -
sqrt(c)*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*b)*b**3*d**2*x**4 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log
(x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*c + b)*log(x)*a**2*b*c*d...
```

3.208
$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1935
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1936
Rubi [A] (verified)	1937
Maple [B] (verified)	1943
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1944
Sympy [F]	1944
Maxima [F]	1945
Giac [F]	1945
Mupad [F(-1)]	1945
Reduce [F]	1946

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 434

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = & -\frac{x^3(c+dx^2)}{ad\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{(8b+ac)x(b+ac+adx^2)}{5a^3d^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} \\ & + \frac{6x^3(b+ac+adx^2)}{5a^2d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{(16b^2+16abc+a^2c^2)x(b+ac+adx^2)}{5a^4d^2(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{c}(16b^2+16abc+a^2c^2)(b+ac+adx^2)E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{5a^4d^{5/2}(c+dx^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} \\ & + \frac{c^{3/2}(8b+ac)(b+ac+adx^2)\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{5a^3d^{5/2}(c+dx^2)\sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-x^3*(d*x^2+c)/a/d/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/5*(a*c+8*b)*x*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a
^3/d^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+6/5*x^3*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a^2/d/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))
^(1/2)+1/5*(a^2*c^2+16*a*b*c+16*b^2)*x*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a^4/d^2/(d*x^2+c)/(
a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/5*c^(1/2)*(a^2*c^2+16*a*b*c+16*b^2)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a^4/d^(5
/2)/(d*x^2+c)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(
1/2)+1/5*c^(3/2)*(a*c+8*b)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)
*x/c^(1/2)), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a^3/d^(5/2)/(d*x^2+c)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a
*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(a\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}x(c+dx^2)(8b^2+ab(9c+2dx^2)+a^2(c^2-d^2x^4)) + i(16b^3+32ab^2c+17a^2bc^2+a^3c^3) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
-1/5*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(a*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(c + d*x^2)*(8*
b^2 + a*b*(9*c + 2*d*x^2) + a^2*(c^2 - d^2*x^4)) + I*(16*b^3 + 32*a*b^2*c
+ 17*a^2*b*c^2 + a^3*c^3)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*
x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] - (8*I)*b*(2*b^
2 + 3*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2
)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)))/(a^4*c^2*(d/c)^(
5/2)*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 369, 27, 443, 25, 27, 444, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{x^4}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \int \frac{x^4(dx^2+c)^{3/2}}{(adx^2+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{369} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{3x^2 \sqrt{dx^2+c}(2dx^2+c)}{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{ad} - \frac{x^3(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{dx^2+c}(2dx^2+c)}{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{ad} - \frac{x^3(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{443}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{dx^2((8b+ac)dx^2+c(6b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5ad} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5a} \right)}{ad} - \frac{x^3(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

25

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2x^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5a} - \frac{\int \frac{dx^2((8b+ac)dx^2+c(6b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5ad} \right)}{ad} - \frac{x^3(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

27

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2x^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5a} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2((8b+ac)dx^2+c(6b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5a} \right)}{ad} - \frac{x^3(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

444

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2x^3\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5a} - \frac{\frac{x(ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{\int \frac{d((16b^2+16acb+a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b+ac)(8b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5a}}{3ad^2} \right)}{ad} - \frac{x^3(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

27

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5a} - \frac{x(ac+8b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{\int \frac{(16b^2+16acb+a^2c^2)dx^2+c(b+ac)(8b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{5a} \right)}{ad} - \frac{x^3(c+dx^2)}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 406

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5a} - \frac{x(ac+8b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{d(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + c(ac+b)(ac+8b)}{5a} \right)}{ad} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 320

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{2x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5a} - \frac{x(ac+8b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{d(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2}(ac+8b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{3ad}}{5a} \right)}{ad} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 388

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5a} - \frac{x(ac+8b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{d(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2) \left(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac} dx}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} \right)}{5a} \right) + \frac{\dots}{3ad}$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

313

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{2x^3 \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{5a} - \frac{x(ac+8b) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3ad} - \frac{d(a^2c^2+16abc+16b^2) \left(\frac{x \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad \sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} E \left(\arctan \left(\frac{c}{ac} \right) \right)}{ad^{3/2} \sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{5a} \right) + \frac{\dots}{3ad}$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

input `Int[x^4/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*(-(x^3*(c + d*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(a*d*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])) + (3*((2*x^3*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(5*a) - (((8*b + a*c)*x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(3*a*d) - ((16*b^2 + 16*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*d*((x*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]) - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))]) + (c^{(3/2)}*(8*b + a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])/(3*a*d)/(5*a)))/(a*d)))/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 369 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(e*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[e^2/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(m - 1) + d*(m + 2*q - 1)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 443 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q
)*((e) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[f*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*g*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(m + 2*
(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*((
b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1) + f*2*q*(b
*c - a*d) + b*e*d*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f
, g, m, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && !(EqQ[q, 1] && SimplerQ[e + f*x^2, c + d*x^
2])`

rule 444 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q
)*((e) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[f*g*(g*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(
p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[g^2/
(b*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(g*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)
^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m - 1) + (a*f*d*(m + 2*q + 1) + b*(f*c*(m + 2*p + 1) - e*d*(
m + 2*(p + q + 1) + 1)))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p,
q}, x] && GtQ[m, 1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 878 vs. $2(407) = 814$.

Time = 18.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 879, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

method	result
risch	$-\frac{x(-adx^2+ac+3b)(adx^2+ac+b)}{5a^3d^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{d^2x^2+c}}} + \frac{\left((a^3c^3+4a^2bc^2-2cab^2-5b^3)\sqrt{1+\frac{adx^2}{ac+b}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2d}{c}}\text{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}},\sqrt{-1+\frac{2acd+bd}{dca}}\right) - 2d\right)}{a\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5/a^3/d^2*x*(-a*d*x^2+a*c+3*b)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/5/a^3/d^2*((a^3*c^3+4*a^2*b*c^2-2*a*b^2*c-5*b^3)/a/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-2*d*(a^2*c^2+11*a*b*c+11*b^2)*(a*c^2+b*c)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(2*a*c*d+2*b*d)*(EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2)))+5*b^2*(a^2*c^2+2*a*b*c+b^2)/a*(-a*d^2*x^2+a*c*d)/(a*c+b)/b*x/d/((x^2+(a*c+b)/a/d)*(a*d^2*x^2+a*c*d))^(1/2)+(1/(a*c+b)+a*c/(a*c+b)/b)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-2*a/b*d/(a*c+b)*(a*c^2+b*c)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*(1+1/c*x^2*d)^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(2*a*c*d+2*b*d)*(EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))-EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-1+(2*a*c*d+b*d)/d/c/a)^(1/2))))/((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(d*x^2+c)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 436, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\left((a^3c^3 + 16a^2bc^2 + 16ab^2c)dx^3 + (a^3c^4 + 17a^2bc^3 + 32ab^2c^2 + 16b^3c)x\right)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right)$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/5*(((a^3*c^3 + 16*a^2*b*c^2 + 16*a*b^2*c)*d*x^3 + (a^3*c^4 + 17*a^2*b*c^3 + 32*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*b^3*c)*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (((a^3*c^2 + 9*a^2*b*c + 8*a*b^2)*d^2 + (a^3*c^3 + 16*a^2*b*c^2 + 16*a*b^2*c)*d)*x^3 + (a^3*c^4 + 17*a^2*b*c^3 + 32*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*b^3*c + (a^3*c^3 + 10*a^2*b*c^2 + 17*a*b^2*c + 8*b^3)*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (a^3*d^4*x^8 + (a^3*c - 2*a^2*b)*d^3*x^6 + a^3*c^4 + (5*a^2*b*c + 8*a*b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 17*a^2*b*c^3 + 32*a*b^2*c^2 + 16*b^3*c + (a^3*c^3 + 24*a^2*b*c^2 + 40*a*b^2*c + 16*b^3)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^5*d^4*x^3 + (a^5*c + a^4*b)*d^3*x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Integral(x**4/((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^4/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*d**2*x**5 + 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)
)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*c*x - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2
+ b)*b*d*x**3 + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*
*2*c**3 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*d**3*x**6 + 2*a*b
*c**2 + 4*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**4 + b**2*c + b**2*d*x**2),x)*a**2*b
*c**2*d**2 + 4*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**2*
c**3 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*d**3*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*
*2 + 4*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**4 + b**2*c + b**2*d*x**2),x)*a**2*b*c*
d**3*x**2 + 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**2*
c**3 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*d**3*x**6 + 2*a*b*c*
*2 + 4*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**4 + b**2*c + b**2*d*x**2),x)*a*b**2*c*
d**2 + 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**2*c**3 +
3*a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*d**3*x**6 + 2*a*b*c**2 + 4
*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**4 + b**2*c + b**2*d*x**2),x)*a*b**2*d**3*x**
2 + 8*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**2*c**3 + 3*
a**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*d**3*x**6 + 2*a*b*c**2 + 4*a*
b*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**4 + b**2*c + b**2*d*x**2),x)*b**3*d**2 - 3*int(
(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(a**2*c**3 + 3*a**2*c**2*d*x**
2 + 3*a**2*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*d**3*x**6 + 2*a*b*c**2 + 4*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*
a*b*d**2*x**4 + b**2*c + b**2*d*x**2),x)*a**2*b*c**4 - 3*int((sqrt(c + ...
```

3.209 $\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1947
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1948
Rubi [A] (verified)	1948
Maple [B] (verified)	1953
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1954
Sympy [F]	1954
Maxima [F]	1955
Giac [F]	1955
Mupad [F(-1)]	1955
Reduce [F]	1956

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 284

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{x(c+dx^2)}{ad\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{(8b+ac)x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{3a^3d}$$

$$+ \frac{4x(c+dx^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{3a^2d} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(8b+ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \mid \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3a^3d^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)}{b+ac}}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{c}(4b+ac)\sqrt{\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)}{b+ac}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3a^2d^{3/2}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

output

```
-x*(d*x^2+c)/a/d/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*(a*c+8*b)*x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^3/d+4/3*x*(d*x^2+c)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d+1/3*c^(1/2)*(a*c+8*b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a^3/d^(3/2)/(c*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))/(a*c+b))^(1/2)-1/3*c^(1/2)*(a*c+4*b)*(c*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a^2/d^(3/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(a\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}x(c+dx^2)(4b+a(c+dx^2)) + i(8b^2+9abc+a^2c^2)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(a*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(c + d*x^2)*(4*b + a
*(c + d*x^2)) + I*(8*b^2 + 9*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b
+ a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a
*c)] - I*b*(8*b + 5*a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x
^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)))/(3*a^3*d*Sqrt[
d/c]*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 369, 403, 25, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2058

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \int \frac{x^2(dx^2+c)^{3/2}}{(adx^2+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{369} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}(4dx^2+c)}{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{ad} - \frac{x(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{403} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{\int -\frac{d((8b+ac)dx^2+c(4b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3ad} + \frac{4x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3a} - \frac{x(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{\frac{4x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3a} - \int \frac{d((8b+ac)dx^2+c(4b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{ad} - \frac{x(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{\frac{4x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3a} - \int \frac{(8b+ac)dx^2+c(4b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{ad} - \frac{x(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{406} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{\frac{4x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3a} - \frac{c(ac+4b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + d(ac+8b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{ad} - \frac{x(c+dx^2)^{3/2}}{ad\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{320}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{d(ac+8b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2}(ac+4b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}{\frac{4x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3a} - \frac{ad}{3a}} \right) - \dots$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

388

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{d(ac+8b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2}(ac+4b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}{\frac{4x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3a} - \frac{ad}{3a}} \right) - \dots$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

313

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{\frac{c^{3/2}(ac+4b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}(ac+b)\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}} + d(ac+8b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2}} \right)}{\frac{4x\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3a} - \frac{ad}{3a}} \right) - \dots$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

input

```
Int[x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*(-(x*(c + d*x^2)^{(3/2)})/(a*d*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])) + ((4*x*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(3*a) - ((8*b + a*c)*d*(x*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]) - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^{(3/2)}*(4*b + a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\text{Sqrt}[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/((b + a*c)*\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))]))/(3*a))/(a*d))/(\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]) \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 313

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(3/2)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c]$$

rule 320

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d/c] \&\& \text{PosQ}[b/a] \&\& \text{!SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$$

rule 369

$$\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^{(q_)}}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e*(e*x)^{(m-1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^2)^q/(2*b*(p+1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[e^2/(2*b*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m-2)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^2)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(m-1) + d*(m+2*q-1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, \text{x}]$$

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 403 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(b*(2*(p +
q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(2*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*2*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) +
f*2*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*2*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[2*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 666 vs. $2(261) = 522$.

Time = 14.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 667, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

method	result
default	$\left(\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} ad^2x^5 + 2\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} acd x^3 + \sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} bdx \right)$
risch	$\frac{x(adx^2+ac+b)}{3da^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{dx^2+c}}} - \left(\frac{(a^2c^2+abc-3b^2)\sqrt{1+\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2d}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{2acd+bd}{dca}}\right) - 2d(ac+5b)(ac^2+bc)\sqrt{1+\frac{ad}{ac+b}}}{a\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc}} \right)$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*(((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*d^2*x^5+2*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*c*d*x^3+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*d*x^3-((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*c^2+3*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*d*x^3+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*a*c^2*x+4*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b*c-8*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b*c+((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*c*x+3*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*c*x*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a^2/d/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left((a^2c^2 + 8abc)dx^3 + (a^2c^3 + 9abc^2 + 8b^2c)x\right)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - \left(\left(a^2c^2 + 8abc\right)dx^3 + \left(a^2c^3 + 9abc^2 + 8b^2c\right)x\right)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) + \left(a^2c^2 + 5abc + 4b^2\right)dx^2 + \left(a^2c^3 + 9abc^2 + 8b^2c\right)x\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) + \left(a^2d^3x^6 + \left(a^2c - 4ab\right)d^2x^4 - a^2c^3 - 9abc^2 - \left(a^2c^2 + 13abc + 8b^2\right)dx^2 - 8b^2c\right)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right)}{\left(a^4d^3x^3 + \left(a^4c + a^3b\right)d^2x\right)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(((a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c)*d*x^3 + (a^2*c^3 + 9*a*b*c^2 + 8*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((a^2*c + 4*a*b)*d^2 + (a^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c)*d)*x^3 + (a^2*c^3 + 9*a*b*c^2 + 8*b^2*c + (a^2*c^2 + 5*a*b*c + 4*b^2)*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) + (a^2*d^3*x^6 + (a^2*c - 4*a*b)*d^2*x^4 - a^2*c^3 - 9*a*b*c^2 - (a^2*c^2 + 13*a*b*c + 8*b^2)*d*x^2 - 8*b^2*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(a^4*d^3*x^3 + (a^4*c + a^3*b)*d^2*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c*d*x**3 - 3*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*c*x + 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*d*x**3 - 5*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**3*c**4 + 3*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 + a**3*c*d**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 + 7*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*b*d**3*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 + 5*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**4 + b**3*c + b**3*d*x**2),x)*a**3*b*c**3*d**2 - 5*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**3*c**4 + 3*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 + a**3*c*d**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 + 7*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*b*d**3*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 + 5*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**4 + b**3*c + b**3*d*x**2),x)*a**3*b*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 18*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**3*c**4 + 3*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 + a**3*c*d**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 + 7*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*b*d**3*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 + 5*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**4 + b**3*c + b**3*d*x**2),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**2 - 13*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**3*c**4 + 3*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 + a**3*c*d**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 + 7*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*b*d**3*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 + 5*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**4 + b**3*c + b**3*d*x**2),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**3*x**2 - 21*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x...
```

3.210
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1957
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1958
Rubi [A] (verified)	1958
Maple [B] (verified)	1962
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1962
Sympy [F]	1963
Maxima [F]	1963
Giac [F]	1964
Mupad [F(-1)]	1964
Reduce [F]	1964

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{(2b + ac)E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right) \middle| -\frac{b}{ac}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{b + ac}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}{c(b+ac+adx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{b + ac}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right), -\frac{b}{ac}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\frac{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}{c(b+ac+adx^2)}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

output

```
x/a/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-(a*c+2*b)*EllipticE(a^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/(a*c+b)^(1/2)/(1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^(1/2),(-b/a/c)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2)/d^(1/2)/((a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)/c/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+(a*c+b)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(a^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/(a*c+b)^(1/2)),(-b/a/c)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^(1/2)/((a*c+b)*(d*x^2+c)/c/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{i\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(-iab\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}x(c+dx^2) + (2b^2 + 3abc + a^2c^2) \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}} E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}x\right) \middle| \frac{ac}{b+ac}\right)\right)}{a^2(b+ac)\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}(b+a(c+dx^2))}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
((-I)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*((-I)*a*b*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(c + d*x^2) + (2*b^2 + 3*a*b*c + a^2*c^2)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] - 2*b*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)))/(a^2*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[d/c]*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 339, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.471$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 315, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2057$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \int \frac{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}}{(adx^2+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{315} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{d((2b+ac)dx^2+c(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{ad(ac+b)} - \frac{bx\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{\int \frac{(2b+ac)dx^2+c(b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{bx\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{406} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{c(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + d(ac+2b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{bx\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{320} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(\frac{d(ac+2b) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{bx\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \downarrow \text{388}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{d(ac+2b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{bx\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 313

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{\frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} + d(ac+2b) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}}} \right)}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{bx\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{a(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*(-(b*x*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])/(a*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])) + ((2*b + a*c)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])/(a*(b + a*c)))/(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 313 $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]/((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{3/2}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c]$
- rule 315 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]^{(p_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}((c + d*x^2)^{(q - 1)}/(2*a*b*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*b*(p + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}(c + d*x^2)^{(q - 2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(a*d - c*b*(2*p + 3)) + d*(a*d*(2*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(2*(p + q) + 1))*x^2, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, 2, p, q, x]$
- rule 320 $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(a*\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$
- rule 388 $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])), x] - \text{Simp}[c/b \text{ Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^{3/2}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[d/c] \ \&\& \ !\text{SimplerSqrtQ}[b/a, d/c]$
- rule 406 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2]^{(p_*)}((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^2)^{(q_*)}((e_*) + (f_*)(x_)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[e \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + \text{Simp}[f \text{ Int}[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p, q\}, x]$
- rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_*)*((a_*) + (b_*)/((c_*) + (d_*)(x_)^n))]^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x]$

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 466 vs. $2(221) = 442$.

Time = 6.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 467, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

method	result
default	$\left(\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)} \sqrt{\frac{adx^2+ac+b}{ac+b}} \sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}, \sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right) ac^2 - \sqrt{ad^2x^4+2adx^2c+bdx^2+ac^2+bc} \sqrt{-\frac{a}{ac}} \right)$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*a*c^2-(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*d*x^3+2*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b*c-((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2),((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2))*b*c-(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*b*c*x/a*((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2)/(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)/(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\left((a^2c^2 + 2abc)dx^3 + (a^2c^3 + 3abc^2 + 2b^2c)x\right)\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}\right) - \left(\left(a^2c + ab\right)d^2 + \left(a^2c^2\right.\right.$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(((a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c)*d*x^3 + (a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + 2*b^2*c)*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (((a^2*c + a*b)*d^2 + (a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c)*d)*x^3 + (a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + 2*b^2*c + (a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(-c/d)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-c/d)/x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - ((a^2*c + a*b)*d^2*x^4 + a^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2 + 2*(a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*d*x^2 + 2*b^2*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^4*c + a^3*b)*d^2*x^3 + (a^4*c^2 + 2*a^3*b*c + a^2*b^2)*d*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b/(c + d*x**2))**(-3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+ac+bcx} + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{a}}{a^3cd^3x^6+a^2bd^3x^6+3a^3c^2d^2x^4+5a^2bcd^2x^4+3a^3c^3dx^2+2ab^2d^2}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c*x + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**3*c**4 + 3*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 + a**3*c*d**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 + 7*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*b*d**3*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 + 5*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**4 + b**3*c + b**3*d*x**2),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**3*c**4 + 3*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 + a**3*c*d**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 + 7*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*b*d**3*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 + 5*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**4 + b**3*c + b**3*d*x**2),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**3*c**4 + 3*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 + a**3*c*d**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 + 7*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*b*d**3*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 + 5*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**4 + b**3*c + b**3*d*x**2),x)*a*b**2*c*d**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**3*c**4 + 3*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 + a**3*c*d**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 + 7*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 5*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*b*d**3*x**6 + 3*a*b**2*c**2 + 5*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*d**2*x**4 + b**3*c + b**3*d*x**2),x)*a*b**2*d**3*x**2 + int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**3*c**4 + 3*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**4 + a**3*c*d**3*x**6 + 3*a**2*b*c**3 + 7*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 5*a**2*b*c...
```

3.211 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1966
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1967
Rubi [A] (verified)	1967
Maple [B] (verified)	1972
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1973
Sympy [F]	1974
Maxima [F]	1974
Giac [F]	1974
Mupad [F(-1)]	1975
Reduce [F]	1975

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 251

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b}{a(b+ac)x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{c(b-ac)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}{a(b+ac)^2x}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{c}(-b+ac)\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{a(b+ac)^2\sqrt{\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)}{b+ac}}}$$

$$+ \frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{(b+ac)^2\sqrt{\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)}{b+ac}}}$$

output

```
-b/a/(a*c+b)/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+c*(-a*c+b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/a/(a*c+b)^2/x-c^(1/2)*(a*c-b)*d^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/a/(a*c+b)^2/(c*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)))/(a*c+b)^(1/2)+c^(3/2)*d^(1/2)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2),(b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/(a*c+b)^2/(c*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)))/(a*c+b))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(a\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}(c+dx^2)(b(c-dx^2)+ac(c+dx^2)) + i(-b^2+a^2c^2) dx \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{b+ac}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^2}{c}} E\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}x\right)\right) \right)}{a(b+ac)^2 \sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}x(b+a)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
-((Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(a*Sqrt[d/c]*(c + d*x^2)*(b*(c - d*x^2) + a*c*(c + d*x^2)) + I*(-b^2 + a^2*c^2)*d*x*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)] + I*b*(b + a*c)*d*x*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]))/(a*(b + a*c)^2*Sqrt[d/c]*x*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 370, 27, 445, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2057}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 2058 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \int \frac{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}}{x^2(adx^2+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \downarrow 370 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{cd(-adx^2+b-ac)}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{ad(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(-\frac{c \int \frac{-adx^2+b-ac}{x^2\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \downarrow 445 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(-\frac{c \left(\frac{\int \frac{ad(c(b+ac)-(b-ac)dx^2)}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(-\frac{c \left(\frac{ad \int \frac{c(b+ac)-(b-ac)dx^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \downarrow 406
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(- \frac{c \left(\frac{ad \left(c(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}} dx - d(b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}} dx \right)}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{ax(ac-}{a(ac+b)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 320

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(- \frac{c \left(\frac{ad \left(\frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right), \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} - d(b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}} dx \right)}{c(ac+b)} - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{cx(ac+b)} \right)}{a(ac+b)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 388

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{c}{c(ac+b)} \left(ad \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} - d(b-ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac} dx}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} \right) \right) - \frac{(b-ac)\sqrt{c+ac}}{cx} \right) \right) \frac{1}{a(ac+b)}$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

313

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(\frac{c}{c(ac+b)} \left(ad \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} - d(b-ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right) \right) \right) \frac{1}{a(ac+b)}$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

input `Int [1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)), x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*(-(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])/(a*(b + a*c)*x*Sqrt[b + a*
c + a*d*x^2])) - (c*(-(((b - a*c)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])
/(c*(b + a*c)*x)) - (a*d*(-((b - a*c)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2])/(a*d*
Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[(Sqrt
[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c))]/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c
+ a*d*x^2))]/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2)))))) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2
]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)]/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d
*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))]/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2)))))/(c*(b + a*c
)))/(a*(b + a*c)))/(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)
])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 313

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c
+ d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]
```

rule 320

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c
+ d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

rule 370

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c +
d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(a*b*e*2*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*2*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)
^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*2*(p + 1) + (b*c - a
*d)*(m + 1) + d*(b*c*2*(p + 1) + (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
&& GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```


rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)*((e_) + (f_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 445 `Int[((g_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_
)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 685 vs. $2(238) = 476$.

Time = 18.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 686, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

method	result
default	$\left(-\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}ac d^2 x^4 + a c^2 d \sqrt{\frac{ad x^2+ac+b}{ac+b}}\sqrt{\frac{dx^2+c}{c}}\text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}},\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{ac}}\right)x\sqrt{(dx^2+c)(adx^2+ac+b)}\right)$
risch	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-\left((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * \left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * a*c*d^2*x^4+a*c^2 \right. \\ & *d*\left((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * \left((d*x^2+c)/c \right)^{1/2} * \text{EllipticE}\left(x*\left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2}, \left((a*c+b)/a/c \right)^{1/2} \right) * x * \left((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} + \left(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c \right)^{1/2} * \left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * b*d^2*x^4 \\ & - \text{EllipticE}\left(x*\left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2}, \left((a*c+b)/a/c \right)^{1/2} \right) * \left((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * \left((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * \left((d*x^2+c)/c \right)^{1/2} * b*c*d*x \\ & x-2*\left((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * \left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * a*c^2*d*x^2+2*\left((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * \left((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * \left((d*x^2+c)/c \right)^{1/2} * \text{EllipticF}\left(x*\left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2}, \left((a*c+b)/a/c \right)^{1/2} \right) * b*c*d*x- \\ & \left((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * \left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * b*c*d*x^2+\left(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c \right)^{1/2} * \left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * b*c*d*x^2-\left((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * \left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * a*c^3-\left((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * \left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} * b*c^2 * \left((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c) \right)^{1/2} / \left(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c \right)^{1/2} / \left(-a*d/(a*c+b) \right)^{1/2} / x / \left(a*c+b \right)^2 / \left(a*d*x^2+a*c+b \right) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 432, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\left((a^3c - a^2b)d^3x^3 + (a^3c^2 - ab^2)d^2x \right) \sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} \sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}} E\left(\arcsin \left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}} x \right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac} \right)}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & \left((a^3*c - a^2*b)*d^3*x^3 + (a^3*c^2 - a*b^2)*d^2*x \right) * \text{sqrt}\left(-a*d/(a*c + b) \right) * \\ & \text{sqrt}\left((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2 \right) * \text{elliptic_e}\left(\arcsin\left(\text{sqrt}\left(-a*d/(a*c + b) \right) * x \right), (a*c + b)/(a*c) \right) - \\ & \left((a^3*c - a^2*b)*d^3 + (a^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*c + a*b^2)*d^2 \right) * x^3 + \left((a^3*c^2 - a*b^2)*d^2 + (a^3*c^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^2 + 3*a*b^2*c + b^3)*d \right) * x \\ & * \text{sqrt}\left(-a*d/(a*c + b) \right) * \text{sqrt}\left((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2 \right) * \text{elliptic_f}\left(\arcsin\left(\text{sqrt}\left(-a*d/(a*c + b) \right) * x \right), (a*c + b)/(a*c) \right) - \\ & \left(a^3*c^4 + (a^3*c^2 - a*b^2)*d^2*x^4 + 2*a^2*b*c^3 + a*b^2*c^2 + 2*(a^3*c^3 + a^2*b*c^2)*d*x^2 \right) * \text{sqrt}\left((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c) \right) / \left((a^5*c^3 + 3*a^4*b*c^2 + 3*a^3*b^2*c + a^2*b^3)*d*x^3 + (a^5*c^4 + 4*a^4*b*c^3 + 6*a^3*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*b^3*c + a*b^4)*x \right) \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*a*c**2 - 2*sqrt(c + d*x**2)
)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*b*c + sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)
*b*d*x**2 - int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**4*c**
5 + 3*a**4*c**4*d*x**2 + 3*a**4*c**3*d**2*x**4 + a**4*c**2*d**3*x**6 + 4*a
**3*b*c**4 + 10*a**3*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 8*a**3*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*a**3*b*c*
d**3*x**6 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**3 + 12*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*d*
**2*x**4 + a**2*b**2*d**3*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*c**2 + 6*a*b**3*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b*
**3*d**2*x**4 + b**4*c + b**4*d*x**2),x)*a**4*b*c**3*d**3*x - int((sqrt(c +
d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**4*c**5 + 3*a**4*c**4*d*x**2 +
3*a**4*c**3*d**2*x**4 + a**4*c**2*d**3*x**6 + 4*a**3*b*c**4 + 10*a**3*b*c*
**3*d*x**2 + 8*a**3*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*a**3*b*c*d**3*x**6 + 6*a**2*b**2*c
**3 + 12*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*b**2*d**3*
x**6 + 4*a*b**3*c**2 + 6*a*b**3*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b**3*d**2*x**4 + b**4*c + b
**4*d*x**2),x)*a**4*b*c**2*d**4*x**3 - 3*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c +
a*d*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a**4*c**5 + 3*a**4*c**4*d*x**2 + 3*a**4*c**3*d**2*x**
4 + a**4*c**2*d**3*x**6 + 4*a**3*b*c**4 + 10*a**3*b*c**3*d*x**2 + 8*a**3*b
*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 2*a**3*b*c*d**3*x**6 + 6*a**2*b**2*c**3 + 12*a**2*b**2*c
**2*d*x**2 + 7*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**4 + a**2*b**2*d**3*x**6 + 4*a*b**3*c**2
+ 6*a*b**3*c*d*x**2 + 2*a*b**3*d**2*x**4 + b**4*c + b**4*d*x**2),x)*a**3*
b**2*c**2*d**3*x - 2*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*x**...
```

3.212 $\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1977
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1978
Rubi [A] (verified)	1979
Maple [B] (verified)	1985
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1986
Sympy [F]	1986
Maxima [F]	1987
Giac [F]	1987
Mupad [F(-1)]	1987
Reduce [F]	1988

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 392

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{b}{a(b+ac)x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{(3b-ac)(b+ac+adx^2)}{3a(b+ac)^2 x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{c(7b-ac)d(b+ac+adx^2)}{3(b+ac)^3 x (c+dx^2) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}(7b-ac)d^{3/2}(b+ac+adx^2) E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3(b+ac)^3 (c+dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{c}(3b-ac)d^{3/2}(b+ac+adx^2) \text{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{3(b+ac)^3 (c+dx^2) \sqrt{\frac{c(b+ac+adx^2)}{(b+ac)(c+dx^2)}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}}}$$

output

```
-b/a/(a*c+b)/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/3*(-a*c+3*b)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/a/(a
*c+b)^2/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*c*(-a*c+7*b)*d*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+
b)^3/x/(d*x^2+c)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)-1/3*c^(1/2)*(-a*c+7*b)*d^(3/2)*(a*d
*x^2+a*c+b)*EllipticE(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)/(1+d*x^2/c)^(1/2), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2
))/ (a*c+b)^3/(d*x^2+c)/(c*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d
*x^2+c))^(1/2)+1/3*c^(1/2)*(-a*c+3*b)*d^(3/2)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b)*InverseJacob
iAM(arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2)), (b/(a*c+b))^(1/2))/ (a*c+b)^3/(d*x^2+c)/(c*(a
*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b)/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^2}{c+dx^2}} \left(\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}(c+dx^2)(b^2(c+4dx^2)+a^2c(c^2-d^2x^4)+ab(2c^2+4cdx^2+7d^2x^4))+i(7b^2+6abc - \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)]*(Sqrt[d/c]*(c + d*x^2)*(b^2*(c
+ 4*d*x^2) + a^2*c*(c^2 - d^2*x^4) + a*b*(2*c^2 + 4*c*d*x^2 + 7*d^2*x^4))
+ I*(7*b^2 + 6*a*b*c - a^2*c^2)*d^2*x^3*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c
)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^2)/c]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]
- (4*I)*b*(b + a*c)*d^2*x^3*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (
d*x^2)/c]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[d/c]*x], (a*c)/(b + a*c)]))/((b + a*c)^
3*Sqrt[d/c]*x^3*(b + a*(c + d*x^2)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 470, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 370, 27, 445, 27, 445, 25, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \int \frac{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}}{x^4(adx^2+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{370} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{d((2b-ac)dx^2+c(3b-ac))}{x^4 \sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{ad(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax^3(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{(2b-ac)dx^2+c(3b-ac)}{x^4 \sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax^3(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{445} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \left(-\frac{\int \frac{acd((3b-ac)dx^2+c(7b-ac))}{x^2 \sqrt{dx^2+c} \sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx}{3c(ac+b)} - \frac{(3b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3x^3(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax^3(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right)}{\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ \sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} & \left(-\frac{ad \int \frac{(3b-ac)dx^2 + c(7b-ac)}{x^2 \sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + b + ac}} dx}{3(ac+b)} - \frac{(3b-ac) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3x^3(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax^3(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right) \\ & \hline & \sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 445 \\ \sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} & \left(-\frac{ad \left(\int \frac{cd(a(7b-ac)dx^2 + (3b-ac)(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + b + ac}} dx - \frac{(7b-ac) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} - \frac{(3b-ac) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3x^3(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax^3(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right) \\ & \hline & \sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 25 \\ \sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} & \left(-\frac{ad \left(\int \frac{cd(a(7b-ac)dx^2 + (3b-ac)(b+ac))}{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + b + ac}} dx - \frac{(7b-ac) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} - \frac{(3b-ac) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3x^3(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax^3(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right) \\ & \hline & \sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 27 \\ \sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} & \left(-\frac{ad \left(\int \frac{a(7b-ac)dx^2 + (3b-ac)(b+ac)}{\sqrt{dx^2 + c} \sqrt{adx^2 + b + ac}} dx - \frac{(7b-ac) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} - \frac{(3b-ac) \sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{3x^3(ac+b)} - \frac{b\sqrt{c+dx^2}}{ax^3(ac+b)\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}} \right) \\ & \hline & \sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 406 \\ & \sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(- \frac{ad \left(\frac{d \left((3b-ac)(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + ad(7b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx \right)}{ac+b} - \frac{(7b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} \right)}{a(ac+b)}$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 320

$$\sqrt{ac + adx^2 + b} \left(- \frac{ad \left(\frac{d \left(ad(7b-ac) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{dx^2+c}\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{c(3b-ac)}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left(\arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right), \frac{b}{b+ac} \right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{ac+b} - \frac{(7b-ac)\sqrt{c+dx^2}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{x(ac+b)} \right)}{3(ac+b)} \right)}{a(ac+b)}$$

$$\sqrt{c + dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

↓ 388

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad} \left(\frac{d \left(ad(7b-ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^2+b+ac}}{(dx^2+c)^{3/2}} dx}{ad} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c(3b-ac)}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{ac+b} - \frac{3(ac+b)}{a(ac+b)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

313

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad} \left(\frac{d \left(ad(7b-ac) \left(\frac{x\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b}}{ad\sqrt{c+dx^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \middle| \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{ad^{3/2}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{c(3b-ac)}\sqrt{ac+adx^2+b} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right), \frac{b}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{c(ac+adx^2+b)}{(ac+b)(c+dx^2)}}} \right)}{ac+b} - \frac{3(ac+b)}{a(ac+b)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{c+dx^2} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*(-(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])/(a*(b + a*c)*x^3*Sqrt[b +
a*c + a*d*x^2])) - (-1/3*((3*b - a*c)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x
^2])/((b + a*c)*x^3) - (a*d*(-((7*b - a*c)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[b + a*c +
a*d*x^2])/((b + a*c)*x)) + (d*(a*(7*b - a*c)*d*((x*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2
])/ (a*d*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticE[ArcT
an[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/(a*d^(3/2)*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*
(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^2))])) + (Sqrt[c]*(3*b - a*c)*Sqr
t[b + a*c + a*d*x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]], b/(b + a*c)])/
(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(c*(b + a*c + a*d*x^2))/((b + a*c)*(c + d*x^
2))])))/(b + a*c))/((3*(b + a*c)))/(a*(b + a*c)))/(Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[(
b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2)])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 313

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] :> Sim
p[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c
+ d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]
```

rule 320

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] :> S
imp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(
c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

rule 370

```
Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c +
d*x^2)^(q - 1)/(a*b*e*2*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*b*2*(p + 1)) Int[(e*x)
^m*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*2*(p + 1) + (b*c - a
*d)*(m + 1)) + d*(b*c*2*(p + 1) + (b*c - a*d)*(m + 2*(q - 1) + 1))*x^2, x],
x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1]
&& GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]
```

rule 388

```
Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

rule 406

```
Int[((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q._)*((e_) + (f._)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]
```

rule 445

```
Int[((g._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
.)*((e_) + (f._)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r._))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r)^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1079 vs. $2(369) = 738$.

Time = 18.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1080, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	1080
risch	Expression too large to display	1142

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -1/3 * (-((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * a^2*c*d^3*x^6 + 4*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * a*b*d^3*x^6 + ((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * ((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * ((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2) * \text{EllipticE}(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2), ((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2)) * a^2*c^2*d^2*x^3 + 3*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * a*b*d^3*x^6 - ((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * a^2*c^2*d^2*x^4 + 5*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * ((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * ((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2) * \text{EllipticF}(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2), ((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2)) * a*b*c*d^2*x^3 - 7*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * ((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * ((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2) * \text{EllipticE}(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2), ((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2)) * a*b*c*d^2*x^3 + 8*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * a*b*c*d^2*x^4 - 3*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * ((a*d*x^2+a*c+b)/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * ((d*x^2+c)/c)^(1/2) * \text{EllipticF}(x*(-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2), ((a*c+b)/a/c)^(1/2)) * b^2*d^2*x^3 + 3*(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+b*d*x^2+a*c^2+b*c)^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * a*b*c*d^2*x^4 + ((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * a^2*c^3*d*x^2 + 4*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * b^2*d^2*x^4 + 6*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * a*b*c^2*d*x^2 + ((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * a^2*c^4 + 5*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * b^2*c*d*x^2 + 2*((d*x^2+c)*(a*d*x^2+a*c+b))^(1/2) * (-a*d/(a*c+b))^(1/2) * a*...
 \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 601, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{((a^4c^2 - 7a^3bc)d^4x^5 + (a^4c^3 - 6a^3bc^2 - 7a^2b^2c)d^3x^3)\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}}E(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac}) - ((a^4c^2 - 7a^3bc)d^4x^5 + (a^4c^3 - 6a^3bc^2 - 7a^2b^2c)d^3x^3)\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}\sqrt{\frac{ac^2+bc}{d^2}}F(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{ad}{ac+b}}x\right) \mid \frac{ac+b}{ac})}{(a^4c^2 - 7a^3bc)d^4x^5 + (a^4c^3 - 6a^3bc^2 - 7a^2b^2c)d^3x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/3*(((a^4*c^2 - 7*a^3*b*c)*d^4*x^5 + (a^4*c^3 - 6*a^3*b*c^2 - 7*a^2*b^2*c)*d^3*x^3)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) - (((a^4*c^2 - 7*a^3*b*c)*d^4 + (a^4*c^3 - a^3*b*c^2 - 5*a^2*b^2*c - 3*a*b^3)*d^3)*x^5 + ((a^4*c^3 - 6*a^3*b*c^2 - 7*a^2*b^2*c)*d^3 + (a^4*c^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c - 3*b^4)*d^2)*x^3)*sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*sqrt((a*c^2 + b*c)/d^2)*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-a*d/(a*c + b))*x), (a*c + b)/(a*c)) + (a^4*c^6 - (a^4*c^3 - 6*a^3*b*c^2 - 7*a^2*b^2*c)*d^3*x^6 + 3*a^3*b*c^5 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^4 + a*b^3*c^3 - (a^4*c^4 - 10*a^3*b*c^3 - 15*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b^3*c)*d^2*x^4 + (a^4*c^5 + 7*a^3*b*c^4 + 11*a^2*b^2*c^3 + 5*a*b^3*c^2)*d*x^2)*sqrt((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c)))/((a^6*c^5 + 4*a^5*b*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^2*c^3 + 4*a^3*b^3*c^2 + a^2*b^4*c)*d*x^5 + (a^6*c^6 + 5*a^5*b*c^5 + 10*a^4*b^2*c^4 + 10*a^3*b^3*c^3 + 5*a^2*b^4*c^2 + a*b^5*c)*x^3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)*x^4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^(3/2)*x^4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)*c + 12*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)
*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(3*a**4*c**5*x**2 + 9*a**4*c**4*d*x**4 + 9*a**4
*c**3*d**2*x**6 + 3*a**4*c**2*d**3*x**8 + 10*a**3*b*c**4*x**2 + 24*a**3*b*
c**3*d*x**4 + 18*a**3*b*c**2*d**2*x**6 + 4*a**3*b*c*d**3*x**8 + 12*a**2*b*
**2*c**3*x**2 + 22*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x**4 + 11*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**6 + a**2*
b**2*d**3*x**8 + 6*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 8*a*b**3*c*d*x**4 + 2*a*b**3*d**2*x*
**6 + b**4*c*x**2 + b**4*d*x**4),x)*a**3*b*c**4*d*x**3 + 12*int((sqrt(c + d
*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(3*a**4*c**5*x**2 + 9*a**4*c**4*d*x**4 +
9*a**4*c**3*d**2*x**6 + 3*a**4*c**2*d**3*x**8 + 10*a**3*b*c**4*x**2 + 24*a
**3*b*c**3*d*x**4 + 18*a**3*b*c**2*d**2*x**6 + 4*a**3*b*c*d**3*x**8 + 12*a
**2*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 22*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x**4 + 11*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**6 +
a**2*b**2*d**3*x**8 + 6*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 8*a*b**3*c*d*x**4 + 2*a*b**3*d
**2*x**6 + b**4*c*x**2 + b**4*d*x**4),x)*a**3*b*c**3*d**2*x**5 + 28*int((s
qrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(3*a**4*c**5*x**2 + 9*a**4*c**4*
d*x**4 + 9*a**4*c**3*d**2*x**6 + 3*a**4*c**2*d**3*x**8 + 10*a**3*b*c**4*x*
**2 + 24*a**3*b*c**3*d*x**4 + 18*a**3*b*c**2*d**2*x**6 + 4*a**3*b*c*d**3*x*
**8 + 12*a**2*b**2*c**3*x**2 + 22*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x**4 + 11*a**2*b**2*c*d*
**2*x**6 + a**2*b**2*d**3*x**8 + 6*a*b**3*c**2*x**2 + 8*a*b**3*c*d*x**4 + 2
*a*b**3*d**2*x**6 + b**4*c*x**2 + b**4*d*x**4),x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d*x**3 +
16*int((sqrt(c + d*x**2)*sqrt(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b))/(3*a**4*c**5*x**2 + ...
```

$$3.213 \quad \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

Optimal result	1989
Mathematica [F]	1989
Rubi [F]	1990
Maple [F]	1991
Fricas [F]	1991
Sympy [F]	1991
Maxima [F]	1992
Giac [F(-2)]	1992
Mupad [F(-1)]	1992
Reduce [F]	1993

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 104

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx \\ &= \frac{(c+dx^2)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{1+p}}{4ad^2} \\ &+ \frac{b(b+2ac-bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^2)} \right)}{4a^3d^2(1+p)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/4*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(p+1)/a/d^2+1/4*b*(2*a*c-b*p+b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d*x^2+c))/a^3/d^2/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x]
```

output `Integrate[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2057}$$

$$\int x^3 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2053}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int x^2 \left(\frac{adx^2 + b + ac}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx^2$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^3*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^3 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p x^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p*x^3, x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{-1,[
0,1,1,0]%%} / %%{1,[0,0,0,1]%%} Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(adx^2 + ac + b)^p x^3}{(dx^2 + c)^p} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

output `int(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)**p*x**3)/(c + d*x**2)**p,x)`

$$3.214 \quad \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

Optimal result	1994
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1994
Rubi [A] (verified)	1995
Maple [F]	1996
Fricas [F]	1996
Sympy [F]	1997
Maxima [F]	1997
Giac [F]	1997
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1998
Reduce [F]	1998

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx = -\frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^2)} \right)}{2a^2 d(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d*x^2+c))/a^2/d/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{(c+dx^2) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{a(c+dx^2)}{b} \right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{a(c+dx^2)}{b} \right)}{2d(-1+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x]
```

output

$$-1/2*((c + d*x^2)*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -((a*(c + d*x^2))/b)]/(d*(-1 + p)*(1 + (a*(c + d*x^2))/b))^p$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$, Rules used = {2024, 773, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2024} \\ & \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c} \right)^p d(dx^2 + c)}{2d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\ & - \frac{\int (dx^2 + c)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c} \right)^p d \frac{1}{dx^2+c}}{2d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\ & \frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a(dx^2+c)} + 1 \right)}{2a^2 d(p+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p, x]$$

output

$$-1/2*(b*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*(c + d*x^2))])/(a^2*d*(1 + p))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 773 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2024 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] & PolyQ[Qr, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

output `int(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int x \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p*x, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c} \right)^p (dx^2 + c) {}_2F_1\left(1 - p, -p; 2 - p; -\frac{a(dx^2+c)}{b}\right)}{2d \left(\frac{a(dx^2+c)}{b} + 1 \right)^p (p - 1)}$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x)`output `-((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p*(c + d*x^2)*hypergeom([1 - p, -p], 2 - p, -(a*(c + d*x^2))/b))/(2*d*((a*(c + d*x^2))/b + 1)^p*(p - 1))`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(adx^2 + ac + b)^p x}{(dx^2 + c)^p} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`output `int(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)**p*x)/(c + d*x**2)**p,x)`

3.215
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1999
Mathematica [F]	1999
Rubi [F]	2000
Maple [F]	2001
Fricas [F]	2001
Sympy [F]	2001
Maxima [F]	2002
Giac [F]	2002
Mupad [F(-1)]	2002
Reduce [F]	2003

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 118

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = -\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{2(b+ac)(1+p)} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^2)}\right)}{2a(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*c*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], c*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))/(a*c+b))/(a*c+b)/(p+1)+1/2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(d*x^2+c))/a/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x,x]
```

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx^2$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**p/x,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**p/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(adx^2 + ac + b)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^p x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)**p/((c + d*x**2)**p*x),x)`

3.216 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2004
Mathematica [F]	2004
Rubi [F]	2005
Maple [F]	2006
Fricas [F]	2006
Sympy [F(-1)]	2006
Maxima [F]	2007
Giac [F]	2007
Mupad [F(-1)]	2007
Reduce [F]	2008

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bd\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{2(b+ac)^2(1+p)}$$

output
$$-1/2*b*d*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^{(p+1)}*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], c*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))/(a*c+b))/(a*c+b)^2/(p+1)$$

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^3, x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^3, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2053

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^4} dx^2$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**p/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(adx^2 + ac + b)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^p x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)**p/((c + d*x**2)**p*x**3),x)`

3.217 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	2009
Mathematica [F]	2010
Rubi [F]	2010
Maple [F]	2011
Fricas [F]	2011
Sympy [F(-1)]	2012
Maxima [F]	2012
Giac [F]	2012
Mupad [F(-1)]	2013
Reduce [F]	2013

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(c + dx^2)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{1+p}}{4c(b + ac)x^4}$$

$$+ \frac{bd^2(b + 2ac + bp) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{4c(b + ac)^3(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-1/4*(d*x^2+c)^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(p+1)/c/(a*c+b)/x^4+1/4*b*d^2*(2*a*c+b*p+b)*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], c*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))/(a*c+b))/c/(a*c+b)^3/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^5, x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^5, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^2+b+ac}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^6} dx^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^5, x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))]^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^5,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^5,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^5, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**p/x**5,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^5, x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^5, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^5,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^5, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(adx^2 + ac + b)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^p x^5} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^5,x)`output `int((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)**p/((c + d*x**2)**p*x**5),x)`

3.218 $\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2014
Mathematica [F]	2014
Rubi [A] (verified)	2015
Maple [F]	2016
Fricas [F]	2017
Sympy [F]	2017
Maxima [F]	2017
Giac [F]	2018
Mupad [F(-1)]	2018
Reduce [F]	2018

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left(1 + \frac{dx^2}{c} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx^2}{b+ac} \right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{dx^2}{c}, -\frac{adx^2}{b+ac} \right)$$

output `1/3*x^3*(1+d*x^2/c)^p*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p*AppellF1(3/2,p,-p,5/2,-d*x^2/c,-a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))/((1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^p)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 395, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int x^2 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & (c + dx^2)^p (ac + adx^2 + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \int x^2 (dx^2 + c)^{-p} (adx^2 + b + ac)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^p (ac + adx^2 + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \int x^2 (adx^2 + b + ac)^p \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^2}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int x^2 \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{adx^2}{b + ac} + 1 \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{394} \\
 & \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^2}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, p, -p, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{dx^2}{c}, -\frac{adx^2}{b + ac} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x]`

output `(x^3*((b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2))^p*(1 + (d*x^2)/c)^p*AppellF1[3/2, p, -p, 5/2, -((d*x^2)/c), -((a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c))])/(3*(1 + (a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c))^p)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 394

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2
, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (Int
egerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 395

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^
FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m,
1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r._)]^(p._), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^2 \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)/(c + d*x**2))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p*x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(ad x^2 + ac + b)^p x^2}{(d x^2 + c)^p} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

output `int(((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(c + d*x**2)**p,x)`

$$3.219 \quad \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

Optimal result	2019
Mathematica [F]	2019
Rubi [A] (verified)	2020
Maple [F]	2021
Fricas [F]	2022
Sympy [F]	2022
Maxima [F]	2022
Giac [F]	2023
Mupad [F(-1)]	2023
Reduce [F]	2023

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx = x \left(1 + \frac{dx^2}{c} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx^2}{b+ac} \right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{dx^2}{c}, -\frac{adx^2}{b+ac} \right)$$

output `x*(1+d*x^2/c)^p*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p*AppellF1(1/2,p,-p,3/2,-d*x^2/c,-a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))/((1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^p)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 334, 334, 333}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & (c + dx^2)^p (ac + adx^2 + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \int (dx^2 + c)^{-p} (adx^2 + b + ac)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^p (ac + adx^2 + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \int (adx^2 + b + ac)^p \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{334} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^2}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{adx^2}{b + ac} + 1 \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{333} \\
 & x \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^2}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, p, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{dx^2}{c}, -\frac{adx^2}{b + ac} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x]`

output `(x*((b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2))^p*(1 + (d*x^2)/c)^p*AppellF1[1/2, p, -p, 3/2, -((d*x^2)/c), -((a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c))])/(1 + (a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c))^p`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 333 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/2, -p, -q, 3/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a,`
`0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 334 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp`
`p[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[`
`(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] &&`
`NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*`
`((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(`
`r_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +`
`b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*`
`r), x], x] /;` `FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

output `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b/(c + d*x**2))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(adx^2 + ac + b)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^p} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

output `int((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)**p/(c + d*x**2)**p,x)`

3.220 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2024
Mathematica [F]	2024
Rubi [A] (verified)	2025
Maple [F]	2026
Fricas [F]	2027
Sympy [F(-1)]	2027
Maxima [F]	2027
Giac [F]	2028
Mupad [F(-1)]	2028
Reduce [F]	2028

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\left(1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx^2}{b+ac}\right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{dx^2}{c}, -\frac{adx^2}{b+ac}\right)}{x}$$

output

```
-(1+d*x^2/c)^p*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p*AppellF1(-1/2,p,-p,1/2,-d*x^2/c,-a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))/x/((1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^2,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^2, x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 395, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & (c+dx^2)^p (ac+adx^2+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p \int \frac{(dx^2+c)^{-p} (adx^2+b+ac)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^2}{c}+1\right)^p (ac+adx^2+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p \int \frac{(adx^2+b+ac)^p \left(\frac{dx^2}{c}+1\right)^{-p}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^2}{c}+1\right)^p \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{adx^2}{ac+b}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{dx^2}{c}+1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{adx^2}{b+ac}+1\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{394} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{dx^2}{c}+1\right)^p \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{adx^2}{ac+b}+1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, p, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{dx^2}{c}, -\frac{adx^2}{b+ac}\right)}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-((((b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2))^p*(1 + (d*x^2)/c)^p*AppellF1[-1/2, p,
-p, 1/2, -((d*x^2)/c), -((a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c))])/(x*(1 + (a*d*x^2)/(b + a*
c))^p))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2
, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (Int
egerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 395

```
Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^
FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m,
1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_.))^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^2,x)
```

output `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**p/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(adx^2 + ac + b)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^p x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)**p/((c + d*x**2)**p*x**2),x)`

3.221 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2029
Mathematica [F]	2029
Rubi [A] (verified)	2030
Maple [F]	2031
Fricas [F]	2032
Sympy [F(-1)]	2032
Maxima [F]	2032
Giac [F]	2033
Mupad [F(-1)]	2033
Reduce [F]	2033

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\left(1 + \frac{dx^2}{c}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx^2}{b+ac}\right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, p, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{dx^2}{c}, -\frac{adx^2}{b+ac}\right)}{3x^3}$$

output

$$-1/3*(1+d*x^2/c)^p*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p*\text{AppellF1}(-3/2,p,-p,-1/2,-d*x^2/c,-a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))/x^3/((1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^p)$$

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^4, x]`

output

`Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^4, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 395, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & (c+dx^2)^p (ac+adx^2+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p \int \frac{(dx^2+c)^{-p} (adx^2+b+ac)^p}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^2}{c}+1\right)^p (ac+adx^2+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p \int \frac{(adx^2+b+ac)^p \left(\frac{dx^2}{c}+1\right)^{-p}}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^2}{c}+1\right)^p \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{adx^2}{ac+b}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{dx^2}{c}+1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{adx^2}{b+ac}+1\right)^p}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{394} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{dx^2}{c}+1\right)^p \left(\frac{ac+adx^2+b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{adx^2}{ac+b}+1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, p, -p, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{dx^2}{c}, -\frac{adx^2}{b+ac}\right)}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*(((b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2))^p*(1 + (d*x^2)/c)^p*AppellF1[-3/2,
p, -p, -1/2, -((d*x^2)/c), -((a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c))])/(x^3*(1 + (a*d*x^2)/(
b + a*c))^p)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 394

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2
, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (Int
egerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 395

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_
), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^
FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m,
1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^4,x)
```

output `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c))**p/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2+c}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(adx^2 + ac + b)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^p x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)**p/((c + d*x**2)**p*x**4),x)`

3.222 $\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2034
Mathematica [F]	2034
Rubi [A] (verified)	2035
Maple [F]	2036
Fricas [F]	2037
Sympy [F(-1)]	2037
Maxima [F]	2037
Giac [F]	2038
Mupad [F(-1)]	2038
Reduce [F]	2038

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m} \left(1 + \frac{dx^2}{c} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx^2}{b+ac} \right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)^p \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1+m}{2}, p, -p, \frac{3+m}{2}, -\frac{dx^2}{c}, -\frac{adx^2}{b+ac} \right)}{e(1+m)}$$

output

```
(e*x)^(1+m)*(1+d*x^2/c)^p*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p*AppellF1(1/2+1/2*m,p,-p,3/2+1/2*m,-d*x^2/c,-a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))/e/(1+m)/((1+a*d*x^2/(a*c+b))^p)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p, x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 395, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2057 \\
 & \int (ex)^m \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2058 \\
 & (c + dx^2)^p (ac + adx^2 + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \int (ex)^m (dx^2 + c)^{-p} (adx^2 + b + ac)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 395 \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^p (ac + adx^2 + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \int (ex)^m (adx^2 + b + ac)^p \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 395 \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^2}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int (ex)^m \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{adx^2}{b + ac} + 1 \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 394 \\
 & \frac{(ex)^{m+1} \left(\frac{dx^2}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^2 + b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^2}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{m+1}{2}, p, -p, \frac{m+3}{2}, -\frac{dx^2}{c}, -\frac{adx^2}{b+ac} \right)}{e(m+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^(1 + m)*((b + a*c + a*d*x^2)/(c + d*x^2))^p*(1 + (d*x^2)/c)^p*AppellF1[(1 + m)/2, p, -p, (3 + m)/2, -((d*x^2)/c), -((a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c))]/(e*(1 + m)*(1 + (a*d*x^2)/(b + a*c))^p)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)`
`), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2`
`, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,`
`d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (Int`
`egerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^2)^(p._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^2)^(q_)`
`), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^`
`FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ`
`[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m,`
`1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*`
`((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q._)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(`
`r._)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +`
`b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*`
`r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^m*((a*d*x^2 + a*c + b)/(d*x^2 + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b/(d*x**2+c))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(a + b/(d*x^2 + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^2 + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x^2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^2} \right)^p dx = e^m \left(\int \frac{x^m (ad x^2 + ac + b)^p}{(dx^2 + c)^p} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(d*x^2+c))^p,x)`

output `e**m*int((x**m*(a*c + a*d*x**2 + b)**p)/(c + d*x**2)**p,x)`

$$3.223 \quad \int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	2039
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2039
Rubi [A] (verified)	2040
Maple [A] (verified)	2041
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2041
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2042
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2042
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2042
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2043
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2043

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{bx^2}{2d^2} + \frac{ax^6}{6} - \frac{bc^2}{2d^3(c+dx^2)} - \frac{bc \log(c+dx^2)}{d^3}$$

output $1/2*b*x^2/d^2+1/6*a*x^6-1/2*b*c^2/d^3/(d*x^2+c)-b*c*\ln(d*x^2+c)/d^3$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{6} \left(ax^6 + \frac{3b \left(dx^2 - \frac{c^2}{c+dx^2} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{6bc \log(c+dx^2)}{d^3} \right)$$

input $\text{Integrate}[x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]$

output $(a*x^6 + (3*b*(d*x^2 - c^2/(c + d*x^2)))/d^3 - (6*b*c*\text{Log}[c + d*x^2])/d^3)/6$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2010

$$\int \left(ax^5 + \frac{bc^2x}{d^2(c + dx^2)^2} - \frac{2bcx}{d^2(c + dx^2)} + \frac{bx}{d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{ax^6}{6} - \frac{bc^2}{2d^3(c + dx^2)} - \frac{bc \log(c + dx^2)}{d^3} + \frac{bx^2}{2d^2}$$

input `Int[x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(b*x^2)/(2*d^2) + (a*x^6)/6 - (b*c^2)/(2*d^3*(c + d*x^2)) - (b*c*Log[c + d*x^2])/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_ + (b_.)*(v_)) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{bx^2}{2d^2} + \frac{ax^6}{6} - \frac{bc^2}{2d^3(dx^2+c)} - \frac{bc \ln(dx^2+c)}{d^3}$	50
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{6}ax^6d^2 + \frac{1}{2}bx^2}{d^2} - \frac{bc \left(\frac{c}{d(dx^2+c)} + \frac{2 \ln(dx^2+c)}{d} \right)}{2d^2}$	57
norman	$\frac{\frac{acx^6}{6} + \frac{adx^8}{6} + \frac{bx^4}{2d} - \frac{c^2b}{d^3}}{dx^2+c} - \frac{bc \ln(dx^2+c)}{d^3}$	60
parallelrisch	$-\frac{-ad^4x^8 - acx^6d^3 - 3bd^2x^4 + 6 \ln(dx^2+c)x^2bcd + 6 \ln(dx^2+c)bc^2 + 6bc^2}{6d^3(dx^2+c)}$	80

input `int(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*b*x^2/d^2+1/6*a*x^6-1/2*b*c^2/d^3/(d*x^2+c)-b*c*ln(d*x^2+c)/d^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{ad^4x^8 + acd^3x^6 + 3bd^2x^4 + 3bcdx^2 - 3bc^2 - 6(bcdx^2 + bc^2) \log(dx^2 + c)}{6(d^4x^2 + cd^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(a*d^4*x^8 + a*c*d^3*x^6 + 3*b*d^2*x^4 + 3*b*c*d*x^2 - 3*b*c^2 - 6*(b*c*d*x^2 + b*c^2)*log(d*x^2 + c))/(d^4*x^2 + c*d^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^6}{6} - \frac{bc^2}{2cd^3 + 2d^4x^2} - \frac{bc \log(c + dx^2)}{d^3} + \frac{bx^2}{2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x**5*(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`output `a*x**6/6 - b*c**2/(2*c*d**3 + 2*d**4*x**2) - b*c*log(c + d*x**2)/d**3 + b*x**2/(2*d**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = -\frac{bc^2}{2(d^4x^2 + cd^3)} - \frac{bc \log(dx^2 + c)}{d^3} + \frac{ad^2x^6 + 3bx^2}{6d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*b*c^2/(d^4*x^2 + c*d^3) - b*c*log(d*x^2 + c)/d^3 + 1/6*(a*d^2*x^6 + 3*b*x^2)/d^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = -\frac{bc \log(|dx^2 + c|)}{d^3} + \frac{2bcdx^2 + bc^2}{2(dx^2 + c)d^3} + \frac{ad^6x^6 + 3bd^4x^2}{6d^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-b*c*log(abs(d*x^2 + c))/d^3 + 1/2*(2*b*c*d*x^2 + b*c^2)/((d*x^2 + c)*d^3) + 1/6*(a*d^6*x^6 + 3*b*d^4*x^2)/d^6`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = x^2 \left(\frac{ac^2 + b}{2d^2} - \frac{ac^2}{2d^2} \right) + \frac{ax^6}{6} - \frac{bc^2}{2d(d^3x^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{bc \ln(dx^2 + c)}{d^3}$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`output `x^2*((b + a*c^2)/(2*d^2) - (a*c^2)/(2*d^2)) + (a*x^6)/6 - (b*c^2)/(2*d*(c*d^2 + d^3*x^2)) - (b*c*log(c + d*x^2))/d^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{-6 \log(dx^2 + c) bc^2 - 6 \log(dx^2 + c) bcdx^2 + acd^3x^6 + ad^4x^8 + 6bcdx^2 + 3bd^2x^4}{6d^3(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int(x^5*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)`output `(- 6*log(c + d*x**2)*b*c**2 - 6*log(c + d*x**2)*b*c*d*x**2 + a*c*d**3*x**6 + a*d**4*x**8 + 6*b*c*d*x**2 + 3*b*d**2*x**4)/(6*d**3*(c + d*x**2))`

$$3.224 \quad \int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	2044
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2044
Rubi [A] (verified)	2045
Maple [A] (verified)	2046
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2046
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2047
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2047
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2047
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2048
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2048

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bc}{2d^2(c+dx^2)} + \frac{b \log(c+dx^2)}{2d^2}$$

output `1/4*a*x^4+1/2*b*c/d^2/(d*x^2+c)+1/2*b*ln(d*x^2+c)/d^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(ax^4 + \frac{2bc}{d^2(c+dx^2)} + \frac{2b \log(c+dx^2)}{d^2} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(a*x^4 + (2*b*c)/(d^2*(c + d*x^2)) + (2*b*Log[c + d*x^2])/d^2)/4`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2010

$$\int \left(ax^3 + \frac{bx}{d(c + dx^2)} - \frac{bcx}{d(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bc}{2d^2(c + dx^2)} + \frac{b \log(c + dx^2)}{2d^2}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(a*x^4)/4 + (b*c)/(2*d^2*(c + d*x^2)) + (b*Log[c + d*x^2])/(2*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_ + (b_.)*(v_)) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{b\left(\frac{c}{d^2(dx^2+c)} + \frac{\ln(dx^2+c)}{d^2}\right)}{2}$	38
risch	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bc}{2d^2(dx^2+c)} + \frac{b \ln(dx^2+c)}{2d^2}$	38
norman	$\frac{\frac{acx^4}{4} + \frac{adx^6}{4} + \frac{bc}{2d^2}}{dx^2+c} + \frac{b \ln(dx^2+c)}{2d^2}$	48
paralelrisch	$\frac{ad^3x^6 + acd^2x^4 + 2 \ln(dx^2+c)x^2bd + 2 \ln(dx^2+c)bc + 2bc}{4d^2(dx^2+c)}$	64

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a*x^4+1/2*b*(c/d^2/(d*x^2+c)+1/d^2*ln(d*x^2+c))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ad^3x^6 + acd^2x^4 + 2bc + 2(bdx^2 + bc) \log(dx^2 + c)}{4(d^3x^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(a*d^3*x^6 + a*c*d^2*x^4 + 2*b*c + 2*(b*d*x^2 + b*c)*log(d*x^2 + c))/(d^3*x^2 + c*d^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bc}{2cd^2 + 2d^3x^2} + \frac{b \log(c + dx^2)}{2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`output `a*x**4/4 + b*c/(2*c*d**2 + 2*d**3*x**2) + b*log(c + d*x**2)/(2*d**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{4} ax^4 + \frac{bc}{2(d^3x^2 + cd^2)} + \frac{b \log(dx^2 + c)}{2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*a*x^4 + 1/2*b*c/(d^3*x^2 + c*d^2) + 1/2*b*log(d*x^2 + c)/d^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{4} ax^4 + \frac{b \log(|dx^2 + c|)}{2d^2} + \frac{bc}{2(dx^2 + c)d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*a*x^4 + 1/2*b*log(abs(d*x^2 + c))/d^2 + 1/2*b*c/((d*x^2 + c)*d^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{b \ln(dx^2 + c)}{2d^2} + \frac{bc}{2d^2(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`output `(a*x^4)/4 + (b*log(c + d*x^2))/(2*d^2) + (b*c)/(2*d^2*(c + d*x^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(dx^2 + c) bc + 2 \log(dx^2 + c) bdx^2 + acd^2x^4 + ad^3x^6 - 2bdx^2}{4d^2(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)`output `(2*log(c + d*x**2)*b*c + 2*log(c + d*x**2)*b*d*x**2 + a*c*d**2*x**4 + a*d**3*x**6 - 2*b*d*x**2)/(4*d**2*(c + d*x**2))`

$$3.225 \quad \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	2049
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2049
Rubi [A] (verified)	2050
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2051
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2051
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2052
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2052
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2052
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2053
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2053

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} - \frac{b}{2d(c+dx^2)}$$

output `1/2*a*x^2-1/2*b/d/(d*x^2+c)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = -\frac{b}{2d(c+dx^2)} + \frac{a(c+dx^2)}{2d}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `-1/2*b/(d*(c + d*x^2)) + (a*(c + d*x^2))/(2*d)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2010

$$\int \left(ax + \frac{bx}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{ax^2}{2} - \frac{b}{2d(c + dx^2)}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(a*x^2)/2 - b/(2*d*(c + d*x^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_ + (b_.)*(v_)) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ax^2}{2} - \frac{b}{2d(dx^2+c)}$	23
risch	$\frac{ax^2}{2} - \frac{b}{2d(dx^2+c)}$	23
derivativedivides	$\frac{(dx^2+c)a - \frac{b}{dx^2+c}}{2d}$	28
gospers	$-\frac{-ad^2x^4+ac^2+b}{2(dx^2+c)d}$	31
norman	$\frac{\frac{adx^4}{2} - \frac{ac^2+b}{2d}}{dx^2+c}$	31
parallelrisch	$\frac{ad^2x^4-ac^2-b}{2d(dx^2+c)}$	33
orering	$-\frac{(-ad^2x^4+ac^2+b)(dx^2+c)\left(a+\frac{b}{(dx^2+c)^2}\right)}{2d(ad^2x^4+2ad^2x^2c+ac^2+b)}$	67

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*a*x^2-1/2*b/d/(d*x^2+c)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ad^2x^4 + acdx^2 - b}{2(d^2x^2 + cd)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(a*d^2*x^4 + a*c*d*x^2 - b)/(d^2*x^2 + c*d)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} - \frac{b}{2cd + 2d^2x^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`output `a*x**2/2 - b/(2*c*d + 2*d**2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} ax^2 - \frac{b}{2(d^2x^2 + cd)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a*x^2 - 1/2*b/(d^2*x^2 + c*d)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} ax^2 - \frac{b}{2(dx^2 + c)d}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*a*x^2 - 1/2*b/((d*x^2 + c)*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} - \frac{b}{2d(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`output `(a*x^2)/2 - b/(2*d*(c + d*x^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{x^2(acdx^2 + ac^2 + b)}{2c(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)`output `(x**2*(a*c**2 + a*c*d*x**2 + b))/(2*c*(c + d*x**2))`

3.226
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	2054
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2054
Rubi [A] (verified)	2055
Maple [A] (verified)	2056
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2056
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2057
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2057
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2057
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2058
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2058

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx = \frac{b}{2c(c+dx^2)} + \frac{(b+ac^2)\log(x)}{c^2} - \frac{b\log(c+dx^2)}{2c^2}$$

output `1/2*b/c/(d*x^2+c)+(a*c^2+b)*ln(x)/c^2-1/2*b*ln(d*x^2+c)/c^2`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx = \frac{b}{2c^2 + 2cdx^2} + \left(a + \frac{b}{c^2}\right)\log(x) - \frac{b\log(c+dx^2)}{2c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x,x]`

output `b/(2*c^2 + 2*c*d*x^2) + (a + b/c^2)*Log[x] - (b*Log[c + d*x^2])/(2*c^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 2010

$$\int \left(\frac{ac^2 + b}{c^2 x} - \frac{bdx}{c^2(c+dx^2)} - \frac{bdx}{c(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\log(x)(ac^2 + b)}{c^2} - \frac{b \log(c + dx^2)}{2c^2} + \frac{b}{2c(c + dx^2)}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x,x]`

output `b/(2*c*(c + d*x^2)) + ((b + a*c^2)*Log[x])/c^2 - (b*Log[c + d*x^2])/(2*c^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_ + (b_.)*(v_)) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{b}{2c(dx^2+c)} + \ln(x)a + \frac{\ln(x)b}{c^2} - \frac{b\ln(dx^2+c)}{2c^2}$	42
norman	$-\frac{dbx^2}{2c^2(dx^2+c)} + \frac{(ac^2+b)\ln(x)}{c^2} - \frac{b\ln(dx^2+c)}{2c^2}$	48
default	$-\frac{db\left(-\frac{c}{d(dx^2+c)} + \frac{\ln(dx^2+c)}{d}\right)}{2c^2} + \frac{(ac^2+b)\ln(x)}{c^2}$	50
parallelrisch	$\frac{2\ln(x)x^2ac^2d+2\ln(x)x^2bd+2ac^3\ln(x)-\ln(dx^2+c)x^2bd-bdx^2+2bc\ln(x)-\ln(dx^2+c)bc}{2c^2(dx^2+c)}$	85

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*b/c/(d*x^2+c)+ln(x)*a+ln(x)/c^2*b-1/2*b*ln(d*x^2+c)/c^2`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx = \frac{bc - (bdx^2 + bc) \log(dx^2 + c) + 2(ac^3 + (ac^2 + b)dx^2 + bc) \log(x)}{2(c^2dx^2 + c^3)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*c - (b*d*x^2 + b*c)*log(d*x^2 + c) + 2*(a*c^3 + (a*c^2 + b)*d*x^2 + b*c)*log(x))/(c^2*d*x^2 + c^3)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx = \frac{b}{2c^2 + 2cdx^2} - \frac{b \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x^2\right)}{2c^2} + \frac{(ac^2 + b) \log(x)}{c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2)/x,x)`output `b/(2*c**2 + 2*c*d*x**2) - b*log(c/d + x**2)/(2*c**2) + (a*c**2 + b)*log(x)/c**2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx = \frac{b}{2(cd x^2 + c^2)} - \frac{b \log(dx^2 + c)}{2c^2} + \frac{(ac^2 + b) \log(x^2)}{2c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*b/(c*d*x^2 + c^2) - 1/2*b*log(d*x^2 + c)/c^2 + 1/2*(a*c^2 + b)*log(x^2)/c^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx = \frac{(ac^2 + b) \log(x^2)}{2c^2} - \frac{b \log(|dx^2 + c|)}{2c^2} + \frac{bdx^2 + 2bc}{2(dx^2 + c)c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(a*c^2 + b)*log(x^2)/c^2 - 1/2*b*log(abs(d*x^2 + c))/c^2 + 1/2*(b*d*x^2 + 2*b*c)/((d*x^2 + c)*c^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx = \frac{b}{2c(dx^2+c)} + \frac{\ln(x)(ac^2+b)}{c^2} - \frac{b \ln(dx^2+c)}{2c^2}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x,x)`output `b/(2*c*(c + d*x^2)) + (log(x)*(b + a*c^2))/c^2 - (b*log(c + d*x^2))/(2*c^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\log(dx^2+c)bc - \log(dx^2+c)bdx^2 + 2\log(x)ac^3 + 2\log(x)ac^2dx^2 + 2\log(x)bc + 2\log(x)bdx^2 - bdx^2}{2c^2(dx^2+c)}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x,x)`output `(- log(c + d*x**2)*b*c - log(c + d*x**2)*b*d*x**2 + 2*log(x)*a*c**3 + 2*log(x)*a*c**2*d*x**2 + 2*log(x)*b*c + 2*log(x)*b*d*x**2 - b*d*x**2)/(2*c**2*(c + d*x**2))`

3.227
$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2059
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2059
Rubi [A] (verified)	2060
Maple [A] (verified)	2061
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2061
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2062
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2062
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2062
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2063
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2063

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{b + ac^2}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{bd}{2c^2(c + dx^2)} - \frac{2bd \log(x)}{c^3} + \frac{bd \log(c + dx^2)}{c^3}$$

output `-1/2*(a*c^2+b)/c^2/x^2-1/2*b*d/c^2/(d*x^2+c)-2*b*d*ln(x)/c^3+b*d*ln(d*x^2+c)/c^3`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{c(b+ac^2)}{x^2} + \frac{bcd}{c+dx^2} + \frac{4bd \log(x) - 2bd \log(c + dx^2)}{2c^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((c*(b + a*c^2))/x^2 + (b*c*d)/(c + d*x^2) + 4*b*d*Log[x] - 2*b*d*Log[c + d*x^2])/c^3`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 2010

$$\int \left(\frac{ac^2 + b}{c^2x^3} + \frac{2bd^2x}{c^3(c+dx^2)} - \frac{2bd}{c^3x} + \frac{bd^2x}{c^2(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{ac^2 + b}{2c^2x^2} + \frac{bd \log(c+dx^2)}{c^3} - \frac{2bd \log(x)}{c^3} - \frac{bd}{2c^2(c+dx^2)}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(b + a*c^2)/(c^2*x^2) - (b*d)/(2*c^2*(c + d*x^2)) - (2*b*d*Log[x])/c^3 + (b*d*Log[c + d*x^2])/c^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_ + (b_.)*(v_)) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d^2 b \left(-\frac{c}{d(dx^2+c)} + \frac{2 \ln(dx^2+c)}{d} \right)}{2c^3} - \frac{ac^2+b}{2c^2x^2} - \frac{2bd \ln(x)}{c^3}$	64
norman	$-\frac{ac^2+b}{2c} + \frac{d(ac^2d+2bd)x^4}{2c^3} + \frac{bd \ln(dx^2+c)}{c^3} - \frac{2bd \ln(x)}{c^3}$	71
risch	$\frac{-(ac^2+2b)dx^2 - \frac{ac^2+b}{2c}}{(dx^2+c)x^2} - \frac{2bd \ln(x)}{c^3} + \frac{db \ln(-dx^2-c)}{c^3}$	72
paralelrisch	$-\frac{-ac^2d^2x^4 + 4 \ln(x)x^4bd^2 - 2 \ln(dx^2+c)x^4bd^2 - 2bd^2x^4 + 4 \ln(x)x^2bcd - 2 \ln(dx^2+c)x^2bcd + ac^4 + bc^2}{2c^3x^2(dx^2+c)}$	104

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/c^3*d^2*b*(-c/d/(d*x^2+c)+2/d*ln(d*x^2+c))-1/2*(a*c^2+b)/c^2/x^2-2*b*d*ln(x)/c^3`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{ac^4 + (ac^3 + 2bc)dx^2 + bc^2 - 2(bd^2x^4 + bcdx^2) \log(dx^2 + c) + 4(bd^2x^4 + bcdx^2) \log(x)}{2(c^3dx^4 + c^4x^2)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(a*c^4 + (a*c^3 + 2*b*c)*d*x^2 + b*c^2 - 2*(b*d^2*x^4 + b*c*d*x^2)*log(d*x^2 + c) + 4*(b*d^2*x^4 + b*c*d*x^2)*log(x))/(c^3*d*x^4 + c^4*x^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{2bd \log(x)}{c^3} + \frac{bd \log\left(\frac{c}{d} + x^2\right)}{c^3} + \frac{-ac^3 - bc + x^2(-ac^2d - 2bd)}{2c^3x^2 + 2c^2dx^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2)/x**3,x)`output `-2*b*d*log(x)/c**3 + b*d*log(c/d + x**2)/c**3 + (-a*c**3 - b*c + x**2*(-a*c**2*d - 2*b*d))/(2*c**3*x**2 + 2*c**2*d*x**4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{ac^3 + (ac^2 + 2b)dx^2 + bc}{2(c^2dx^4 + c^3x^2)} + \frac{bd \log(dx^2 + c)}{c^3} - \frac{bd \log(x^2)}{c^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(a*c^3 + (a*c^2 + 2*b)*d*x^2 + b*c)/(c^2*d*x^4 + c^3*x^2) + b*d*log(d*x^2 + c)/c^3 - b*d*log(x^2)/c^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{bd \log(x^2)}{c^3} + \frac{bd \log(|dx^2 + c|)}{c^3} - \frac{ac^2dx^2 + ac^3 + 2bdx^2 + bc}{2(dx^4 + cx^2)c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-b*d*log(x^2)/c^3 + b*d*log(abs(d*x^2 + c))/c^3 - 1/2*(a*c^2*d*x^2 + a*c^3 + 2*b*d*x^2 + b*c)/((d*x^4 + c*x^2)*c^2)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{bd \ln(dx^2 + c)}{c^3} - \frac{\frac{ac^2+b}{2c} + \frac{dx^2(ac^2+2b)}{2c^2}}{dx^4 + cx^2} - \frac{2bd \ln(x)}{c^3}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x^3,x)`output `(b*d*log(c + d*x^2))/c^3 - ((b + a*c^2)/(2*c) + (d*x^2*(2*b + a*c^2))/(2*c^2))/(c*x^2 + d*x^4) - (2*b*d*log(x))/c^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \log(dx^2 + c) bcdx^2 + 2 \log(dx^2 + c) b d^2 x^4 - 4 \log(x) bcdx^2 - 4 \log(x) b d^2 x^4 - a c^4 + a c^2 d^2 x^4 - b c^2}{2c^3 x^2 (dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^3,x)`output `(2*log(c + d*x**2)*b*c*d*x**2 + 2*log(c + d*x**2)*b*d**2*x**4 - 4*log(x)*b*c*d*x**2 - 4*log(x)*b*d**2*x**4 - a*c**4 + a*c**2*d**2*x**4 - b*c**2 + 2*b*d**2*x**4)/(2*c**3*x**2*(c + d*x**2))`

$$3.228 \quad \int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	2064
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2064
Rubi [A] (verified)	2065
Maple [A] (verified)	2066
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2066
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2067
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2067
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2068
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2068
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2069

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = -\frac{2bcx}{d^3} + \frac{bx^3}{3d^2} + \frac{ax^7}{7} - \frac{bc^2x}{2d^3(c+dx^2)} + \frac{5bc^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2d^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-2*b*c*x/d^3+1/3*b*x^3/d^2+1/7*a*x^7-1/2*b*c^2*x/d^3/(d*x^2+c)+5/2*b*c^(3/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2))/d^(7/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = -\frac{2bcx}{d^3} + \frac{bx^3}{3d^2} + \frac{ax^7}{7} - \frac{bc^2x}{2d^3(c+dx^2)} + \frac{5bc^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2d^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^6*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*b*c*x)/d^3 + (b*x^3)/(3*d^2) + (a*x^7)/7 - (b*c^2*x)/(2*d^3*(c + d*x^2)) + (5*b*c^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*d^(7/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2010

$$\int \left(ax^6 - \frac{bc^3}{d^3(c + dx^2)^2} + \frac{3bc^2}{d^3(c + dx^2)} - \frac{2bc}{d^3} + \frac{bx^2}{d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{ax^7}{7} + \frac{5bc^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2d^{7/2}} - \frac{bc^2x}{2d^3(c + dx^2)} - \frac{2bcx}{d^3} + \frac{bx^3}{3d^2}$$

input `Int[x^6*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(-2*b*c*x)/d^3 + (b*x^3)/(3*d^2) + (a*x^7)/7 - (b*c^2*x)/(2*d^3*(c + d*x^2)) + (5*b*c^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*d^(7/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_) + (b_.)*(v_) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{7}a d^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{3}b d x^3 - 2c b x}{d^3} + \frac{c^2 b \left(-\frac{x}{2(dx^2+c)} + \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{d^3}$	65
risch	$\frac{a x^7}{7} + \frac{b x^3}{3d^2} - \frac{2bcx}{d^3} - \frac{b c^2 x}{2d^3(dx^2+c)} + \frac{5\sqrt{-cd} bc \ln(-\sqrt{-cd}x+c)}{4d^4} - \frac{5\sqrt{-cd} bc \ln(\sqrt{-cd}x+c)}{4d^4}$	93

input `int(x^6*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{d^3} \left(\frac{1}{7} a d^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{3} b d x^3 - 2 c b x \right) + \frac{c^2}{d^3} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{x}{dx^2+c} + \frac{5}{2} \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{\sqrt{cd}} \right)$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{12 ad^4 x^9 + 12 acd^3 x^7 + 28 bd^2 x^5 - 140 bcdx^3 - 210 bc^2 x + 105 (bcdx^2 + bc^2) \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} \log\left(\frac{dx^2 + 2dx\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} - c}{dx^2 + c}\right)}{84 (d^4 x^2 + cd^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\left[\frac{1}{84} \left(12 a d^4 x^9 + 12 a c d^3 x^7 + 28 b d^2 x^5 - 140 b c d x^3 - 210 b c^2 x + 105 (b c d x^2 + b c^2) \sqrt{-c/d} \log\left(\frac{d x^2 + 2 d x \sqrt{-c/d} - c}{d x^2 + c}\right) \right) / (d^4 x^2 + c d^3), \frac{1}{42} \left(6 a d^4 x^9 + 6 a c d^3 x^7 + 14 b d^2 x^5 - 70 b c d x^3 - 105 b c^2 x + 105 (b c d x^2 + b c^2) \sqrt{c/d} \arctan\left(\frac{d x \sqrt{c/d}}{c}\right) \right) / (d^4 x^2 + c d^3) \right]$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^7}{7} - \frac{bc^2x}{2cd^3 + 2d^4x^2} - \frac{2bcx}{d^3} + b \left(-\frac{5\sqrt{-\frac{c^3}{d^7}} \log \left(x - \frac{d^3\sqrt{-\frac{c^3}{d^7}}}{c} \right)}{4} + \frac{5\sqrt{-\frac{c^3}{d^7}} \log \left(x + \frac{d^3\sqrt{-\frac{c^3}{d^7}}}{c} \right)}{4} \right) + \frac{bx^3}{3d^2}$$

input `integrate(x**6*(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`output `a*x**7/7 - b*c**2*x/(2*c*d**3 + 2*d**4*x**2) - 2*b*c*x/d**3 + b*(-5*sqrt(-c**3/d**7)*log(x - d**3*sqrt(-c**3/d**7)/c)/4 + 5*sqrt(-c**3/d**7)*log(x + d**3*sqrt(-c**3/d**7)/c)/4) + b*x**3/(3*d**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = -\frac{bc^2x}{2(d^4x^2 + cd^3)} + \frac{5bc^2 \arctan \left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{2\sqrt{cd}d^3} + \frac{3ad^3x^7 + 7bdx^3 - 42bcx}{21d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*b*c^2*x/(d^4*x^2 + c*d^3) + 5/2*b*c^2*arctan(d*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*d^3) + 1/21*(3*a*d^3*x^7 + 7*b*d*x^3 - 42*b*c*x)/d^3`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{5bc^2 \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}dd^3} - \frac{bc^2x}{2(dx^2 + c)d^3} + \frac{3ad^{14}x^7 + 7bd^{12}x^3 - 42bcd^{11}x}{21d^{14}}$$

input `integrate(x^6*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/2*b*c^2*arctan(d*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*d^3) - 1/2*b*c^2*x/((d*x^2 + c)*d^3) + 1/21*(3*a*d^14*x^7 + 7*b*d^12*x^3 - 42*b*c*d^11*x)/d^14`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = x^3 \left(\frac{ac^2 + b}{3d^2} - \frac{ac^2}{3d^2} \right) + \frac{ax^7}{7} + \frac{5bc^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2d^{7/2}} - \frac{2cx \left(\frac{ac^2 + b}{d^2} - \frac{ac^2}{d^2} \right)}{d} - \frac{bc^2x}{2(d^4x^2 + cd^3)}$$

input `int(x^6*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`

output `x^3*((b + a*c^2)/(3*d^2) - (a*c^2)/(3*d^2)) + (a*x^7)/7 + (5*b*c^(3/2)*atan((d^(1/2)*x)/c^(1/2)))/(2*d^(7/2)) - (2*c*x*((b + a*c^2)/d^2 - (a*c^2)/d^2))/d - (b*c^2*x)/(2*(c*d^3 + d^4*x^2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int x^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{105\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right) b c^2 + 105\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right) b c d x^2 + 6 a c d^4 x^7 + 6 a d^5 x^9 - 105 b c^2 d x - 70 b c d^2}{42 d^4 (d x^2 + c)}$$

input `int(x^6*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)`output `(105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*c**2 + 105*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*c*d*x**2 + 6*a*c*d**4*x**7 + 6*a*d**5*x**9 - 105*b*c**2*d*x - 70*b*c*d**2*x**3 + 14*b*d**3*x**5)/(42*d**4*(c + d*x**2))`

$$3.229 \quad \int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	2070
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2070
Rubi [A] (verified)	2071
Maple [A] (verified)	2072
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2072
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2073
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2073
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2074
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2074
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2074

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{bx}{d^2} + \frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{bcx}{2d^2(c+dx^2)} - \frac{3b\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}}$$

output

```
b*x/d^2+1/5*a*x^5+1/2*b*c*x/d^2/(d*x^2+c)-3/2*b*c^(1/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2))/d^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{bx(2 + \frac{c}{c+dx^2})}{2d^2} - \frac{3b\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

```
(a*x^5)/5 + (b*x*(2 + c/(c + d*x^2)))/(2*d^2) - (3*b*Sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*d^(5/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2010

$$\int \left(ax^4 + \frac{bc^2}{d^2 (c + dx^2)^2} - \frac{2bc}{d^2 (c + dx^2)} + \frac{b}{d^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{ax^5}{5} - \frac{3b\sqrt{c} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}} + \frac{bcx}{2d^2 (c + dx^2)} + \frac{bx}{d^2}$$

input `Int[x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(b*x)/d^2 + (a*x^5)/5 + (b*c*x)/(2*d^2*(c + d*x^2)) - (3*b*Sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*d^(5/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_ + (b_.)*(v_)) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{5}ax^5d^2+bx}{d^2} - \frac{bc\left(-\frac{x}{2(dx^2+c)} + \frac{3\arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{d^2}$	55
risch	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{bx}{d^2} + \frac{bcx}{2d^2(dx^2+c)} + \frac{3\sqrt{-cd}b\ln(-\sqrt{-cd}x-c)}{4d^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{-cd}b\ln(\sqrt{-cd}x-c)}{4d^3}$	82

input `int(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/d^2*(1/5*a*x^5*d^2+b*x)-b*c/d^2*(-1/2*x/(d*x^2+c)+3/2/(c*d)^(1/2)*arctan(d*x/(c*d)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4ad^3x^7 + 4acd^2x^5 + 20bdx^3 + 30bcx + 15(bdx^2 + bc)\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} \log\left(\frac{dx^2 - 2dx\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} - c}{dx^2 + c}\right)}{20(d^3x^2 + cd^2)}, \frac{2ad^3x^7 + 2acd^2x^5}{20(d^3x^2 + cd^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/20*(4*a*d^3*x^7 + 4*a*c*d^2*x^5 + 20*b*d*x^3 + 30*b*c*x + 15*(b*d*x^2 + b*c)*sqrt(-c/d)*log((d*x^2 - 2*d*x*sqrt(-c/d) - c)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(d^3*x^2 + c*d^2), 1/10*(2*a*d^3*x^7 + 2*a*c*d^2*x^5 + 10*b*d*x^3 + 15*b*c*x - 15*(b*d*x^2 + b*c)*sqrt(c/d)*arctan(d*x*sqrt(c/d)/c))/(d^3*x^2 + c*d^2)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{bcx}{2cd^2 + 2d^3x^2} + b \left(\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d^5}} \log(-d^2 \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d^5}} + x)}{4} - \frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d^5}} \log(d^2 \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d^5}} + x)}{4} \right) + \frac{bx}{d^2}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`output `a*x**5/5 + b*c*x/(2*c*d**2 + 2*d**3*x**2) + b*(3*sqrt(-c/d**5)*log(-d**2*sqrt(-c/d**5) + x)/4 - 3*sqrt(-c/d**5)*log(d**2*sqrt(-c/d**5) + x)/4) + b*x/d**2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{bcx}{2(d^3x^2 + cd^2)} - \frac{3bc \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}d^2} + \frac{ad^2x^5 + 5bx}{5d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*b*c*x/(d^3*x^2 + c*d^2) - 3/2*b*c*arctan(d*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*d^2) + 1/5*(a*d^2*x^5 + 5*b*x)/d^2`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = -\frac{3bc \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd}d^2} + \frac{bcx}{2(dx^2 + c)d^2} + \frac{ad^{10}x^5 + 5bd^8x}{5d^{10}}$$

input `integrate(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3/2*b*c*arctan(d*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*d^2) + 1/2*b*c*x/((d*x^2 + c)*d^2) + 1/5*(a*d^10*x^5 + 5*b*d^8*x)/d^10`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + x \left(\frac{ac^2 + b}{d^2} - \frac{ac^2}{d^2} \right) - \frac{3b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2d^{5/2}} + \frac{bcx}{2(d^3x^2 + cd^2)}$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`output `(a*x^5)/5 + x*((b + a*c^2)/d^2 - (a*c^2)/d^2) - (3*b*c^(1/2)*atan((d^(1/2)*x)/c^(1/2)))/(2*d^(5/2)) + (b*c*x)/(2*(c*d^2 + d^3*x^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{-15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right)bc - 15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right)bdx^2 + 2acd^3x^5 + 2ad^4x^7 + 15bcdx + 10bd^2x^3}{10d^3(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int(x^4*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)`

output `(- 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*c - 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*d*x**2 + 2*a*c*d**3*x**5 + 2*a*d**4*x**7 + 15*b*c*d*x + 10*b*d**2*x**3)/(10*d**3*(c + d*x**2))`

$$3.230 \quad \int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	2076
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2076
Rubi [A] (verified)	2077
Maple [A] (verified)	2078
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2078
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2079
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2079
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2080
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2080
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2080

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} - \frac{bx}{2d(c+dx^2)} + \frac{b \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{cd}^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*a*x^3-1/2*b*x/d/(d*x^2+c)+1/2*b*arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/d^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} - \frac{bx}{2d(c+dx^2)} + \frac{b \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{cd}^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

```
(a*x^3)/3 - (b*x)/(2*d*(c + d*x^2)) + (b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*Sqrt[c]*d^(3/2))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2010

$$\int \left(ax^2 + \frac{b}{d(c + dx^2)} - \frac{bc}{d(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd}^{3/2}} - \frac{bx}{2d(c + dx^2)}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `(a*x^3)/3 - (b*x)/(2*d*(c + d*x^2)) + (b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*Sqrt[c]*d^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_) + (b_.)*(v_) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ax^3}{3} + b \left(-\frac{x}{2d(dx^2+c)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2d\sqrt{cd}} \right)$	45
risch	$\frac{ax^3}{3} - \frac{bx}{2d(dx^2+c)} - \frac{b \ln(dx+\sqrt{-cd})}{4\sqrt{-cd}d} + \frac{b \ln(-dx+\sqrt{-cd})}{4\sqrt{-cd}d}$	71

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*a*x^3+b*(-1/2/d*x/(d*x^2+c)+1/2/d/(c*d)^(1/2)*arctan(d*x/(c*d)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.16

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4acd^3x^5 + 4ac^2d^2x^3 - 6bcdx - 3(bdx^2 + bc)\sqrt{-cd} \log\left(\frac{dx^2 - 2\sqrt{-cd}x - c}{dx^2 + c}\right)}{12(cd^3x^2 + c^2d^2)}, \frac{2acd^3x^5 + 2ac^2d^2x^3 - 3bcdx}{6(cd^3x^2 + c^2d^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(4*a*c*d^3*x^5 + 4*a*c^2*d^2*x^3 - 6*b*c*d*x - 3*(b*d*x^2 + b*c)*sqrt(-c*d)*log((d*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-c*d)*x - c)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(c*d^3*x^2 + c^2*d^2), 1/6*(2*a*c*d^3*x^5 + 2*a*c^2*d^2*x^3 - 3*b*c*d*x + 3*(b*d*x^2 + b*c)*sqrt(c*d)*arctan(sqrt(c*d)*x/c))/(c*d^3*x^2 + c^2*d^2)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} - \frac{bx}{2cd + 2d^2x^2} + b \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{cd^3}} \log \left(-cd\sqrt{-\frac{1}{cd^3}} + x \right)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{cd^3}} \log \left(cd\sqrt{-\frac{1}{cd^3}} + x \right)}{4} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`output `a*x**3/3 - b*x/(2*c*d + 2*d**2*x**2) + b*(-sqrt(-1/(c*d**3))*log(-c*d*sqrt(-1/(c*d**3)) + x)/4 + sqrt(-1/(c*d**3))*log(c*d*sqrt(-1/(c*d**3)) + x)/4)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{3} ax^3 - \frac{bx}{2(d^2x^2 + cd)} + \frac{b \arctan \left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}d}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*a*x^3 - 1/2*b*x/(d^2*x^2 + c*d) + 1/2*b*arctan(d*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*d)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{3} ax^3 + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd}d} - \frac{bx}{2(dx^2 + c)d}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*a*x^3 + 1/2*b*arctan(d*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*d) - 1/2*b*x/((d*x^2 + c)*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}d^{3/2}} - \frac{bx}{2d(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`

output `(a*x^3)/3 + (b*atan((d^(1/2)*x)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(1/2)*d^(3/2)) - (b*x)/(2*d*(c + d*x^2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = \frac{3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right) bc + 3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right) bd x^2 + 2a c^2 d^2 x^3 + 2ac d^3 x^5 - 3bcdx}{6c d^2 (dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)`

output `(3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*c + 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*a
tan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*d*x**2 + 2*a*c**2*d**2*x**3 + 2*a*c*d**3*x*
*5 - 3*b*c*d*x)/(6*c*d**2*(c + d*x**2))`

$$3.231 \quad \int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	2082
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2082
Rubi [A] (verified)	2083
Maple [A] (verified)	2083
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2084
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2084
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2085
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2085
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2086
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2086

Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = ax + \frac{bx}{2c(c+dx^2)} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}\sqrt{d}}$$

output `a*x+1/2*b*x/c/(d*x^2+c)+1/2*b*arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx = ax + \frac{bx}{2c(c+dx^2)} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}\sqrt{d}}$$

input `Integrate[a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `a*x + (b*x)/(2*c*(c + d*x^2)) + (b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[d])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{bx}{2c(c + dx^2)}$$

input `Int[a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2,x]`

output `a*x + (b*x)/(2*c*(c + d*x^2)) + (b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*c^(3/2)*Sqrt[d])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
default	$ax + \frac{bx}{2c(dx^2+c)} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2c\sqrt{cd}}$	41
risch	$ax + \frac{bx}{2c(dx^2+c)} - \frac{b \ln(dx+\sqrt{-cd})}{4\sqrt{-cd}c} + \frac{b \ln(-dx+\sqrt{-cd})}{4\sqrt{-cd}c}$	68

input `int(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+1/2*b*x/c/(d*x^2+c)+1/2*b/c/(c*d)^(1/2)*arctan(d*x/(c*d)^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4ac^2d^2x^3 + 2(2ac^3 + bc)dx - (bdx^2 + bc)\sqrt{-cd} \log\left(\frac{dx^2 - 2\sqrt{-cd}x - c}{dx^2 + c}\right)}{4(c^2d^2x^2 + c^3d)}, \frac{2ac^2d^2x^3 + (2ac^3 + bc)dx + (bdx^2 + bc)\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2(c^2d^2x^2 + c^3d)} \right]$$

input `integrate(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*a*c^2*d^2*x^3 + 2*(2*a*c^3 + b*c)*d*x - (b*d*x^2 + b*c)*sqrt(-c*d)*log((d*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-c*d)*x - c)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(c^2*d^2*x^2 + c^3*d), 1/2*(2*a*c^2*d^2*x^3 + (2*a*c^3 + b*c)*d*x + (b*d*x^2 + b*c)*sqrt(c*d)*arctan(sqrt(c*d)*x/c))/(c^2*d^2*x^2 + c^3*d)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 85 vs. 2(42) = 84.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = ax + \frac{bx}{2c^2 + 2cdx^2} + b \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^3d}} \log\left(-c^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^3d}} + x\right)}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^3d}} \log\left(c^2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^3d}} + x\right)}{4} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2,x)`

output $a*x + b*x/(2*c**2 + 2*c*d*x**2) + b*(-sqrt(-1/(c**3*d))*log(-c**2*sqrt(-1/(c**3*d)) + x)/4 + sqrt(-1/(c**3*d))*log(c**2*sqrt(-1/(c**3*d)) + x)/4)$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = ax + \frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{x}{cdx^2 + c^2} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdc}} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $a*x + 1/2*b*(x/(c*d*x^2 + c^2) + \arctan(dx/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*c))$

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = ax + \frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdc}} + \frac{x}{(dx^2 + c)c} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $a*x + 1/2*b*(\arctan(dx/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*c) + x/((d*x^2 + c)*c))$

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx = ax + \frac{b \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{bx}{2c(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2,x)`output `a*x + (b*atan((d^(1/2)*x)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(3/2)*d^(1/2)) + (b*x)/(2*c*(c + d*x^2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right)bc + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right)bdx^2 + 2ac^3dx + 2ac^2d^2x^3 + bc dx}{2c^2d(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2,x)`output `(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*c + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*d*x**2 + 2*a*c**3*d*x + 2*a*c**2*d**2*x**3 + b*c*d*x)/(2*c**2*d*(c + d*x**2))`

3.232 $\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2087
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2087
Rubi [A] (verified)	2088
Maple [A] (verified)	2089
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2089
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2090
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2090
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2091
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2091
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2091

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b + ac^2}{c^2x} - \frac{bdx}{2c^2(c + dx^2)} - \frac{3b\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}}$$

output `-(a*c^2+b)/c^2/x-1/2*b*d*x/c^2/(d*x^2+c)-3/2*b*d^(1/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2))/c^(5/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-b - ac^2}{c^2x} - \frac{bdx}{2c^2(c + dx^2)} - \frac{3b\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x^2,x]`

output `(-b - a*c^2)/(c^2*x) - (b*d*x)/(2*c^2*(c + d*x^2)) - (3*b*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*c^(5/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2010

$$\int \left(\frac{ac^2 + b}{c^2x^2} - \frac{bd}{c^2(c+dx^2)} - \frac{bd}{c(c+dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{ac^2 + b}{c^2x} - \frac{3b\sqrt{d} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}} - \frac{bdx}{2c^2(c+dx^2)}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x^2,x]`

output `-((b + a*c^2)/(c^2*x)) - (b*d*x)/(2*c^2*(c + d*x^2)) - (3*b*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*c^(5/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_ + (b_.)*(v_)) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$\frac{db \left(\frac{x}{2dx^2+2c} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{c^2} - \frac{ac^2+b}{c^2x}$	53
risch	$\frac{-\frac{d(2ac^2+3b)x^2}{2c^2} - \frac{ac^2+b}{c}}{x(dx^2+c)} + \frac{3\sqrt{-cd}b \ln(-dx+\sqrt{-cd})}{4c^3} - \frac{3\sqrt{-cd}b \ln(-dx-\sqrt{-cd})}{4c^3}$	97

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/c^2*d*b*(1/2*x/(d*x^2+c)+3/2/(c*d)^(1/2)*arctan(d*x/(c*d)^(1/2)))-(a*c^2+b)/c^2/x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.75

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{4ac^3 + 2(2ac^2 + 3b)dx^2 - 3(bdx^3 + bcx)\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}} \log\left(\frac{dx^2 - 2cx\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}} - c}{dx^2 + c}\right) + 4bc}{4(c^2dx^3 + c^3x)}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{2ac^3 + (2ac^2 + 3b)dx^2 + 3(bdx^3 + bcx)\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}} \arctan\left(x\sqrt{\frac{d}{c}}\right) + 2bc}{2(c^2dx^3 + c^3x)} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/4*(4*a*c^3 + 2*(2*a*c^2 + 3*b)*d*x^2 - 3*(b*d*x^3 + b*c*x)*sqrt(-d/c)*
log((d*x^2 - 2*c*x*sqrt(-d/c) - c)/(d*x^2 + c)) + 4*b*c)/(c^2*d*x^3 + c^3*x
x), -1/2*(2*a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 + 3*b)*d*x^2 + 3*(b*d*x^3 + b*c*x)*sqrt(d/c)*
arctan(x*sqrt(d/c)) + 2*b*c)/(c^2*d*x^3 + c^3*x)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx = b \left(\frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c^5}} \log\left(-\frac{c^3\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c^5}}}{d} + x\right)}{4} - \frac{3\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c^5}} \log\left(\frac{c^3\sqrt{-\frac{d}{c^5}}}{d} + x\right)}{4} \right) + \frac{-2ac^3 - 2bc + x^2(-2ac^2d - 3bd)}{2c^3x + 2c^2dx^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2)/x**2,x)
```

output

```
b*(3*sqrt(-d/c**5)*log(-c**3*sqrt(-d/c**5)/d + x)/4 - 3*sqrt(-d/c**5)*log(
c**3*sqrt(-d/c**5)/d + x)/4) + (-2*a*c**3 - 2*b*c + x**2*(-2*a*c**2*d - 3*
b*d))/(2*c**3*x + 2*c**2*d*x**3)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3bd \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cdc^2}} - \frac{2ac^3 + (2ac^2 + 3b)dx^2 + 2bc}{2(c^2dx^3 + c^3x)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-3/2*b*d*arctan(d*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*c^2) - 1/2*(2*a*c^3 + (2*a*c^2 +
3*b)*d*x^2 + 2*b*c)/(c^2*d*x^3 + c^3*x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3bd \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd}c^2} - \frac{2ac^2dx^2 + 2ac^3 + 3bdx^2 + 2bc}{2(dx^3 + cx)c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3/2*b*d*arctan(d*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*c^2) - 1/2*(2*a*c^2*d*x^2 + 2*a*c^3 + 3*b*d*x^2 + 2*b*c)/((d*x^3 + c*x)*c^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{ac^2+b}{c} + \frac{x^2(2adc^2+3bd)}{2c^2}}{dx^3 + cx} - \frac{3b\sqrt{d} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x^2,x)`output `- ((b + a*c^2)/c + (x^2*(3*b*d + 2*a*c^2*d))/(2*c^2))/(c*x + d*x^3) - (3*b*d^(1/2)*atan((d^(1/2)*x)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right) bcx - 3\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right) bdx^3 - 2ac^4 - 2ac^3dx^2 - 2bc^2 - 3bcdx^2}{2c^3x(dx^2 + c)}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^2,x)`

output `(- 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*c*x - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*d*x**3 - 2*a*c**4 - 2*a*c**3*d*x**2 - 2*b*c**2 - 3*b*c*d*x**2)/(2*c**3*x*(c + d*x**2))`

3.233 $\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2093
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2093
Rubi [A] (verified)	2094
Maple [A] (verified)	2095
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2095
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2096
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2096
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2097
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2097
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2097

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{b + ac^2}{3c^2x^3} + \frac{2bd}{c^3x} + \frac{bd^2x}{2c^3(c + dx^2)} + \frac{5bd^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{7/2}}$$

output `-1/3*(a*c^2+b)/c^2/x^3+2*b*d/c^3/x+1/2*b*d^2*x/c^3/(d*x^2+c)+5/2*b*d^(3/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*x/c^(1/2))/c^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-2a + \frac{b(-2c^2+10cdx^2+15d^2x^4)}{c^3(c+dx^2)}}{6x^3} + \frac{5bd^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x^4,x]`

output `(-2*a + (b*(-2*c^2 + 10*c*d*x^2 + 15*d^2*x^4))/(c^3*(c + d*x^2)))/(6*x^3) + (5*b*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]])/(2*c^(7/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$, Rules used = {2010, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 2010

$$\int \left(\frac{ac^2 + b}{c^2 x^4} + \frac{2bd^2}{c^3 (c + dx^2)} - \frac{2bd}{c^3 x^2} + \frac{bd^2}{c^2 (c + dx^2)^2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{ac^2 + b}{3c^2 x^3} + \frac{5bd^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{7/2}} + \frac{bd^2 x}{2c^3 (c + dx^2)} + \frac{2bd}{c^3 x}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(b + a*c^2)/(c^2*x^3) + (2*b*d)/(c^3*x) + (b*d^2*x)/(2*c^3*(c + d*x^2)) + (5*b*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[c]]/(2*c^(7/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2010 `Int[(u_)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*u, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, m}, x] && SumQ[u] && !LinearQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (a_ + (b_.)*(v_)) /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
default	$\frac{d^2 b \left(\frac{x}{2d x^2 + 2c} + \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd}} \right)}{c^3} - \frac{a c^2 + b}{3c^2 x^3} + \frac{2bd}{c^3 x}$	64
risch	$\frac{\frac{5d^2 b x^4}{2c^3} - \frac{d(a c^2 - 5b)x^2}{3c^2} - \frac{a c^2 + b}{3c}}{(d x^2 + c)x^3} + \frac{5 \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(c^7 - 2^2 + b^2 d^3)} -R \ln\left(\left(3 - R^2 c^7 + 2b^2 d^3\right)x - b c^4 d - R\right) \right)}{4}$	110

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c^3*d^2*b*(1/2*x/(d*x^2+c)+5/2/(c*d)^(1/2)*arctan(d*x/(c*d)^(1/2)))-1/3*(a*c^2+b)/c^2/x^3+2*b*d/c^3/x`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{30 b d^2 x^4 - 4 a c^4 - 4 (a c^3 - 5 b c) d x^2 - 4 b c^2 + 15 (b d^2 x^5 + b c d x^3) \sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}} \log\left(\frac{d x^2 + 2 c x \sqrt{-\frac{d}{c}} - c}{d x^2 + c}\right)}{12 (c^3 d x^5 + c^4 x^3)}, \frac{15 b d^2 x^4}{12 (c^3 d x^5 + c^4 x^3)} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/12*(30*b*d^2*x^4 - 4*a*c^4 - 4*(a*c^3 - 5*b*c)*d*x^2 - 4*b*c^2 + 15*(b*d^2*x^5 + b*c*d*x^3)*sqrt(-d/c)*log((d*x^2 + 2*c*x*sqrt(-d/c) - c)/(d*x^2 + c)))/(c^3*d*x^5 + c^4*x^3), 1/6*(15*b*d^2*x^4 - 2*a*c^4 - 2*(a*c^3 - 5*b*c)*d*x^2 - 2*b*c^2 + 15*(b*d^2*x^5 + b*c*d*x^3)*sqrt(d/c)*arctan(x*sqrt(d/c)))/(c^3*d*x^5 + c^4*x^3)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx = b \left(-\frac{5\sqrt{-\frac{d^3}{c^7}} \log\left(-\frac{c^4\sqrt{-\frac{d^3}{c^7}}}{d^2} + x\right)}{4} + \frac{5\sqrt{-\frac{d^3}{c^7}} \log\left(\frac{c^4\sqrt{-\frac{d^3}{c^7}}}{d^2} + x\right)}{4} \right) + \frac{-2ac^4 - 2bc^2 + 15bd^2x^4 + x^2(-2ac^3d + 10bcd)}{6c^4x^3 + 6c^3dx^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2)/x**4,x)`output `b*(-5*sqrt(-d**3/c**7)*log(-c**4*sqrt(-d**3/c**7)/d**2 + x)/4 + 5*sqrt(-d**3/c**7)*log(c**4*sqrt(-d**3/c**7)/d**2 + x)/4) + (-2*a*c**4 - 2*b*c**2 + 15*b*d**2*x**4 + x**2*(-2*a*c**3*d + 10*b*c*d))/(6*c**4*x**3 + 6*c**3*d*x**5)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{5bd^2 \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cd}c^3} + \frac{15bd^2x^4 - 2ac^4 - 2(ac^3 - 5bc)dx^2 - 2bc^2}{6(c^3dx^5 + c^4x^3)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `5/2*b*d^2*arctan(d*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*c^3) + 1/6*(15*b*d^2*x^4 - 2*a*c^4 - 2*(a*c^3 - 5*b*c)*d*x^2 - 2*b*c^2)/(c^3*d*x^5 + c^4*x^3)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{5bd^2 \arctan\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{cdc^3}} + \frac{bd^2x}{2(dx^2+c)c^3} - \frac{ac^3 - 6bdx^2 + bc}{3c^3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/2*b*d^2*arctan(d*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*c^3) + 1/2*b*d^2*x/((d*x^2 + c)*c^3) - 1/3*(a*c^3 - 6*b*d*x^2 + b*c)/(c^3*x^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{\frac{dx^2(5b-ac^2)}{3c^2} - \frac{ac^2+b}{3c} + \frac{5bd^2x^4}{2c^3}}{dx^5 + cx^3} + \frac{5bd^{3/2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}x}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2c^{7/2}}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)/x^4,x)`

output `((d*x^2*(5*b - a*c^2))/(3*c^2) - (b + a*c^2)/(3*c) + (5*b*d^2*x^4)/(2*c^3))/((c*x^3 + d*x^5) + (5*b*d^(3/2)*atan((d^(1/2)*x)/c^(1/2)))/(2*c^(7/2)))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right) bcdx^3 + 15\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right) bd^2x^5 - 2ac^5 - 2ac^4dx^2 - 2bc^3 + 10bc^2dx^2 + 1}{6c^4x^3(dx^2+c)}$$

input `int((a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2)/x^4,x)`

output `(15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*c*d*x**3 + 15*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*d**2*x**5 - 2*a*c**5 - 2*a*c**4*d*x**2 - 2*b*c**3 + 10*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 15*b*c*d**2*x**4)/(6*c**4*x**3*(c + d*x**2))`

3.234 $\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2099
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2099
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2100
Maple [A] (verified)	2102
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2103
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2103
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2104
Giac [F(-2)]	2104
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2105
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2106

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = -\frac{(b - ac^2)x^2}{2a^2d^2} - \frac{c(c + dx^2)^2}{2ad^3} + \frac{(c + dx^2)^3}{6ad^3} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(b - ac^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}d^3} + \frac{bc \log\left(b + a(c + dx^2)^2\right)}{2a^2d^3}$$

```
output -1/2*(-a*c^2+b)*x^2/a^2/d^2-1/2*c*(d*x^2+c)^2/a/d^3+1/6*(d*x^2+c)^3/a/d^3+
1/2*b^(1/2)*(-a*c^2+b)*arctan(a^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)/b^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/d^3+1/2*b
*c*ln(b+a*(d*x^2+c)^2)/a^2/d^3
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}dx^2(-3b + ad^2x^4) - 3i\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b} + i\sqrt{ac})^2 \log(-i\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{a}(c + dx^2)) + 3i\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b} - i\sqrt{ac})^2 \log(i\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{a}(c + dx^2))}{12a^{5/2}d^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output $(2\sqrt{a}dx^2(-3b + ad^2x^4) - (3I)\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b} + I\sqrt{a}c)^2\text{Log}[(-I)\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{a}(c + dx^2)] + (3I)\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b} - I\sqrt{a}c)^2\text{Log}[I\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{a}(c + dx^2)])/(12a^{5/2}d^3)$

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 1776, 525, 25, 523, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7283} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(dx^2+c)^2}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2x^4}{a+\frac{b}{x^4}} d(dx^2+c)}{2d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1776} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d^2x^8}{ax^4+b} d(dx^2+c)}{2d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{525} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{x^4(-ac^2+2a(dx^2+c)c+b)}{ax^4+b} d(dx^2+c)}{a} + \frac{x^6}{3a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{x^6}{3a} - \frac{\int \frac{x^4(-ac^2 + 2a(dx^2+c)c+b)}{ax^4+b} d(dx^2+c)}{a}}{2d^3}$$

↓ 523

$$\frac{\frac{x^6}{3a} - \frac{\int \left(-c^2 + 2(dx^2+c)c + \frac{b}{a} - \frac{b(b-ac^2) + 2abc(dx^2+c)}{a(ax^4+b)} \right) d(dx^2+c)}{a}}{2d^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{x^6}{3a} - \frac{\sqrt{b(b-ac^2)} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \left(\frac{b}{a} - c^2\right)(c+dx^2) - \frac{bc \log(ax^4+b)}{a} + cx^4}{2d^3}$$

input `Int[x^5/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]`

output `(x^6/(3*a) - (c*x^4 + (b/a - c^2)*(c + d*x^2) - (Sqrt[b]*(b - a*c^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2))/Sqrt[b]])/a^(3/2) - (b*c*Log[b + a*x^4])/a)/a)/(2*d^3)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 523 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*((c + d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 525 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d^n*(x^(m + n - 1)/(b*(m + n - 1))), x] + Simp[1/b Int[x^m*(ExpandToSum[b*(c + d*x)^n - b*d^n*x^n - a*d^n*x^(n - 2), x]/(a + b*x^2)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && IGtQ[m, -2] && NeQ[m + n - 1, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1776 `Int[((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[((d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p)/x^(2*n*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicFunctionQ[u, x])`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{3}ax^6d^2 - bx^2}{2a^2d^2} + \frac{b \left(\frac{c \ln(ad^2x^4 + 2adx^2c + ac^2 + b)}{d} + \frac{(-ac^2 + b) \arctan\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2 + 2acd}{2d\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{2a^2d^2}$
risch	$\frac{x^6}{6a} - \frac{bx^2}{2a^2d^2} + \frac{\ln\left(\left(a^2bc^2d - \sqrt{-ab(ac^2 - b)^2}acd - dab^2\right)x^2 - \sqrt{-ab(ac^2 - b)^2}ac^2 - \sqrt{-ab(ac^2 - b)^2}b\right)bc}{2a^2d^3} + \frac{\ln\left(\left(a^2bc^2d - \sqrt{-ab(ac^2 - b)^2}acd - dab^2\right)\right)}{2a^2d^3}$

input `int(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/a^2/d^2*(1/3*a*x^6*d^2-b*x^2)+1/2*b/a^2/d^2*(c/d*ln(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+a*c^2+b)+(-a*c^2+b)/d/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d)/d/(a*b)^(1/2)))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ad^3x^6 - 6bdx^2 + 6bc \log(ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b) + 3(ac^2 - b)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 - 2(adx^2 - b)}{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2}\right)}{12a^2d^3}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/12*(2*a*d^3*x^6 - 6*b*d*x^2 + 6*b*c*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b) + 3*(a*c^2 - b)*sqrt(-b/a)*log((a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 - 2*(a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(-b/a) - b)/(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b)))/(a^2*d^3), 1/6*(a*d^3*x^6 - 3*b*d*x^2 + 3*b*c*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b) - 3*(a*c^2 - b)*sqrt(b/a)*arctan((a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(b/a)/b))/(a^2*d^3)]
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \left(\frac{bc}{2a^2d^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^5b}(ac^2 - b)}{4a^5d^3} \right) \log \left(x^2 + \frac{-4a^2d^3 \left(\frac{bc}{2a^2d^3} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^5b}(ac^2 - b)}{4a^5d^3} \right) + ac^3 + bc}{ac^2d - bd} \right)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{bc}{2a^2d^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^5b}(ac^2 - b)}{4a^5d^3} \right) \log \left(x^2 + \frac{-4a^2d^3 \left(\frac{bc}{2a^2d^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^5b}(ac^2 - b)}{4a^5d^3} \right) + ac^3 + bc}{ac^2d - bd} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{x^6}{6a} - \frac{bx^2}{2a^2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x**5/(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & (b*c/(2*a**2*d**3) - \sqrt{-a**5*b}*(a*c**2 - b)/(4*a**5*d**3))*\log(x**2 + \\ & (-4*a**2*d**3*(b*c/(2*a**2*d**3) - \sqrt{-a**5*b}*(a*c**2 - b)/(4*a**5*d**3) \\ &)) + a*c**3 + b*c)/(a*c**2*d - b*d) + (b*c/(2*a**2*d**3) + \sqrt{-a**5*b}* \\ & (a*c**2 - b)/(4*a**5*d**3))*\log(x**2 + (-4*a**2*d**3*(b*c/(2*a**2*d**3) + \\ & \sqrt{-a**5*b}*(a*c**2 - b)/(4*a**5*d**3)) + a*c**3 + b*c)/(a*c**2*d - b*d) \\ &) + x**6/(6*a) - b*x**2/(2*a**2*d**2) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{bc \log(ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b)}{2a^2d^3} + \frac{ad^2x^6 - 3bx^2}{6a^2d^2} - \frac{(abc^2 - b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{ad^2x^2 + acd}{\sqrt{abd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{aba^2d^3}}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/2*b*c*\log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b)/(a^2*d^3) + 1/6*(a*d^2*x^ \\ & 6 - 3*b*x^2)/(a^2*d^2) - 1/2*(a*b*c^2 - b^2)*\arctan((a*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d)/(s \\ & \text{qrt}(a*b)*d))/(\text{sqrt}(a*b)*a^2*d^3) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{%%[1,0]:[1,0,%%{1,[1,1]%%}]%%},[0,1]%%}+%%{%%[1,[0,1
]%%},[0,
```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 633, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{x^6}{6a} - x^2 \left(\frac{ac^2 + b}{2a^2d^2} - \frac{c^2}{2ad^2} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{a^3 d^2 \left(x^2 \left(\frac{2b^{3/2}c^2(b-ac^2)}{a^{3/2}d} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(b-ac^2) \left(\frac{2(2a^2b^2d^3 - 10a^3bc^2d^3)}{a^2d} + 8abc^2d^2 \right)}{ac^2+b} \right) + \sqrt{ac} \left(\frac{2(b^3c - 3ab^2c^3)}{a^2d} + \frac{bc(b-ac^2)^2}{a^2d} - \dots \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right) + \frac{bc \ln(ac^2 + 2acd x^2 + ad^2 x^4 + b)}{2a^2d^3}$$

input

```
int(x^5/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)
```

output

```

x^6/(6*a) - x^2*((b + a*c^2)/(2*a^2*d^2) - c^2/(2*a*d^2)) + (b^(1/2)*atan(
(a^3*d^2*(x^2*((2*b^(3/2)*c^2*(b - a*c^2))/(a^(3/2)*d) + (b^(1/2)*(b - a*
c^2)*((2*(2*a^2*b^2*d^3 - 10*a^3*b*c^2*d^3))/(a^2*d) + 8*a*b*c^2*d^2))/(4*
a^(5/2)*d^3))/(b + a*c^2) + (a^(1/2)*c*((2*(b^3*c - 3*a*b^2*c^3))/(a^2*d)
+ (b*c*(b - a*c^2)^2)/(a^2*d) - (b*c*((2*(2*a^2*b^2*d^3 - 10*a^3*b*c^2*d^3
)))/(a^2*d) + 8*a*b*c^2*d^2))/(2*a^2*d^3)))/(b^(1/2)*(b + a*c^2))) - ((b^(1
/2)*(b - a*c^2)*((4*(4*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 + 4*a^3*b*c^3*d^3))/(a^2*d^2) - (2*b*
c*(4*a^4*b*d^6 + 4*a^5*c^2*d^6))/(a^4*d^5)))/(4*a^(5/2)*d^3) - (b^(3/2)*c*
(b - a*c^2)*(4*a^4*b*d^6 + 4*a^5*c^2*d^6))/(2*a^(13/2)*d^8))/(b + a*c^2) +
(a^(1/2)*c*((b*(b - a*c^2)^2*(4*a^4*b*d^6 + 4*a^5*c^2*d^6))/(4*a^7*d^8) -
(4*(b^3*c^2 + a*b^2*c^4))/(a^2*d^2) + (b*c*((4*(4*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 + 4*a^3*b
*c^3*d^3))/(a^2*d^2) - (2*b*c*(4*a^4*b*d^6 + 4*a^5*c^2*d^6))/(a^4*d^5)))/(
2*a^2*d^3)))/(b^(1/2)*(b + a*c^2)))/(b^3 - 2*a*b^2*c^2 + a^2*b*c^4))*(b -
a*c^2))/(2*a^(5/2)*d^3) + (b*c*log(b + a*c^2 + a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2))/
(2*a^2*d^3)

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 496, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}} + ac\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}} - ac \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}} - ac\sqrt{2-2\sqrt{a}}dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}} + ac\sqrt{2}}\right) ac^2 - 3\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}}}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x^5/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
(3*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*
c)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*
d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))a*c**2 - 3*sq
rt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*at
an((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/
(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))b + 3*sqrt(sqrt(a)
*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*atan((sqrt(d)
)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*s
qrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))a*c**2 - 3*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt
(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqr
t(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(s
qrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))b + 3*log( - sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)
*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*d*x**2)*a*
b*c + 3*log(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(
a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*d*x**2)*a*b*c + a**2*d**3*x**6 - 3*a*b*d*x**2)/(6*a*
*3*d**3)
```


3.235
$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2108
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2108
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2109
Maple [A] (verified)	2111
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2111
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2112
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2113
Giac [F(-2)]	2113
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2113
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2114

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = -\frac{cx^2}{2ad} + \frac{(c + dx^2)^2}{4ad^2} + \frac{\sqrt{bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^2} - \frac{b \log\left(b + a(c + dx^2)^2\right)}{4a^2d^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*c*x^2/a/d+1/4*(d*x^2+c)^2/a/d^2+1/2*b^(1/2)*c*arctan(a^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)/b^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d^2-1/4*b*ln(b+a*(d*x^2+c)^2)/a^2/d^2
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{-ad^2x^4 + \left(b + i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\right) \log\left(\frac{-i\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{d}\right) + \left(b - i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}\right) \log\left(\frac{i\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{d}\right)}{4a^2d^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `-1/4*(-(a*d^2*x^4) + (b + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c)*Log[(-I)*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)]/d + (b - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c)*Log[(I*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)]/d)]/(a^2*d^2)`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 25, 1776, 523, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7283} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(dx^2+c)^2}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{dx^2}{a + \frac{b}{x^4}} d(dx^2 + c)}{2d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{dx^2}{a + \frac{b}{x^4}} d(dx^2 + c)}{2d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1776} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{dx^6}{ax^4+b} d(dx^2 + c)}{2d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{523} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{c}{a} - \frac{dx^2+c}{a} - \frac{bc-b(dx^2+c)}{a(ax^4+b)} \right) d(dx^2 + c)}{2d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{b \log(ax^4+b)}{2a^2} - \frac{c(c+dx^2)}{a} + \frac{x^4}{2a}$$

↓ 2009

input `Int[x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]`

output `(x^4/(2*a) - (c*(c + d*x^2))/a + (Sqrt[b]*c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2))/Sqrt[b]])/a^(3/2) - (b*Log[b + a*x^4])/(2*a^2))/(2*d^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 523 `Int[((x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[x^m*((c + d*x)/(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^p_.*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1776 `Int[((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^p_.*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[((d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p)/x^(2*n*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283

```
Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x
]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x]
, x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1
] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicF
unctionQ[u, x])
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
default	$\frac{x^4}{4a} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\ln(a d^2 x^4 + 2 a d x^2 c + a c^2 + b)}{2 a d^2} - \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{2 a d^2 x^2 + 2 a c d}{d^2 \sqrt{a b}}\right)}{d^2 \sqrt{a b}} \right)}{2 a}$
risch	$\frac{x^4}{4a} + \frac{\ln((\sqrt{-ab}acd+dab)x^2 + \sqrt{-ab}ac^2 + \sqrt{-ab}b)c\sqrt{-ab}}{4a^2d^2} - \frac{\ln((\sqrt{-ab}acd+dab)x^2 + \sqrt{-ab}ac^2 + \sqrt{-ab}b)b}{4a^2d^2} - \frac{\ln((-\sqrt{-ab}ac^2 + \sqrt{-ab}b))}{4a^2d^2}$

input

```
int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4/a*x^4-1/2*b/a*(1/2/a/d^2*ln(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+a*c^2+b)-c/d^2/(a*b)
^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d)/d/(a*b)^(1/2)))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{ad^2x^4 + ac\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + 2(adx^2 + ac)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - b}{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b}\right) - b \log(ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b)}{4a^2d^2}, \dots \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/4*(a*d^2*x^4 + a*c*sqrt(-b/a)*log((a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + 2*
(a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(-b/a) - b)/(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b)) - b
*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b))/(a^2*d^2), 1/4*(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a
*c*sqrt(b/a)*arctan((a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(b/a)/b) - b*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c
*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b))/(a^2*d^2)]
```

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \left(-\frac{b}{4a^2d^2} - \frac{c\sqrt{-a^5b}}{4a^4d^2} \right) \log \left(x^2 + \frac{4a^2d^2 \left(-\frac{b}{4a^2d^2} - \frac{c\sqrt{-a^5b}}{4a^4d^2} \right) + ac^2 + b}{acd} \right) + \left(-\frac{b}{4a^2d^2} + \frac{c\sqrt{-a^5b}}{4a^4d^2} \right) \log \left(x^2 + \frac{4a^2d^2 \left(-\frac{b}{4a^2d^2} + \frac{c\sqrt{-a^5b}}{4a^4d^2} \right) + ac^2 + b}{acd} \right) + \frac{x^4}{4a}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)
```

output

```
(-b/(4*a**2*d**2) - c*sqrt(-a**5*b)/(4*a**4*d**2))*log(x**2 + (4*a**2*d**2
*(-b/(4*a**2*d**2) - c*sqrt(-a**5*b)/(4*a**4*d**2)) + a*c**2 + b)/(a*c*d))
+ (-b/(4*a**2*d**2) + c*sqrt(-a**5*b)/(4*a**4*d**2))*log(x**2 + (4*a**2*d
**2*(-b/(4*a**2*d**2) + c*sqrt(-a**5*b)/(4*a**4*d**2)) + a*c**2 + b)/(a*c
*d)) + x**4/(4*a)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{x^4}{4a} + \frac{bc \arctan\left(\frac{ad^2x^2+acd}{\sqrt{abd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{abad^2}} - \frac{b \log(ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b)}{4a^2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*x^4/a + 1/2*b*c*arctan((a*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d)/(sqrt(a*b)*d))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*d^2) - 1/4*b*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b)/(a^2*d^2)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%[1,0]:[1,0,%%{1,[1,1]%%}]%%},[0,1]%%}+%%{%%{1,[0,1]%%},[0,`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{x^4}{4a} - \frac{b \ln(ac^2 + 2acdx^2 + ad^2x^4 + b)}{4a^2d^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b}c \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{a^{3/2}c^3}{\sqrt{b}(ac^2+b)} + \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}c}{ac^2+b} + \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}dx^2}{ac^2+b} + \frac{a^{3/2}c^2dx^2}{\sqrt{b}(ac^2+b)}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d^2}$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`

output $x^4/(4*a) - (b*\log(b + a*c^2 + a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2))/(4*a^2*d^2) + (b^{1/2}*c*\operatorname{atan}((a^{3/2}*c^3)/(b^{1/2}*(b + a*c^2)) + (a^{1/2}*b^{1/2}*c)/(b + a*c^2) + (a^{1/2}*b^{1/2}*d*x^2)/(b + a*c^2) + (a^{3/2}*c^2*d*x^2)/(b^{1/2}*(b + a*c^2))))/(2*a^{3/2}*d^2)$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}-ac}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}-ac}\sqrt{2-2\sqrt{a}}dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}\sqrt{2}}\right)c - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}}{\dots}$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)`

output $(-2*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}}*\sqrt{a*c**2 + b} + a*c)*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}}*\sqrt{a*c**2 + b} - a*c*\operatorname{atan}((\sqrt{d})*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}}*\sqrt{a*c**2 + b} - a*c)*\sqrt{2} - 2*\sqrt{a}*d*x)/(\sqrt{d})*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}}*\sqrt{a*c**2 + b} + a*c)*\sqrt{2})*c - 2*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}}*\sqrt{a*c**2 + b} + a*c)*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}}*\sqrt{a*c**2 + b} - a*c)*\operatorname{atan}((\sqrt{d})*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}}*\sqrt{a*c**2 + b} - a*c)*\sqrt{2} + 2*\sqrt{a}*d*x)/(\sqrt{d})*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}}*\sqrt{a*c**2 + b} + a*c)*\sqrt{2})*c - \log(-\sqrt{d})*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}}*\sqrt{a*c**2 + b} - a*c)*\sqrt{2}*x + \sqrt{a*c**2 + b} + \sqrt{a}*d*x**2)*b - \log(\sqrt{d})*\sqrt{\sqrt{a}}*\sqrt{a*c**2 + b} - a*c)*\sqrt{2}*x + \sqrt{a*c**2 + b} + \sqrt{a}*d*x**2)*b + a*d**2*x**4)/(4*a**2*d**2)$

$$3.236 \quad \int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2115
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2115
Rubi [A] (verified)	2116
Maple [A] (verified)	2117
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2118
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2118
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2119
Giac [F(-2)]	2119
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2119
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2120

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d}$$

output `1/2*x^2/a-1/2*b^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)/b^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/d`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{c + dx^2}{2ad} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]`

output `(c + d*x^2)/(2*a*d) - (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2))/Sqrt[b]])/(2*a^(3/2)*d)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$, Rules used = {2024, 772, 262, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{2024} \\
 \int \frac{\frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(dx^2+c)^2}} d(dx^2+c)}{2d} \\
 \downarrow \text{772} \\
 \int \frac{\frac{(dx^2+c)^2}{a(dx^2+c)^2+b} d(dx^2+c)}{2d} \\
 \downarrow \text{262} \\
 \frac{\frac{c+dx^2}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a(dx^2+c)^2+b} d(dx^2+c)}{a}}{2d} \\
 \downarrow \text{218} \\
 \frac{\frac{c+dx^2}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{2d}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x]`

output `((c + d*x^2)/a - (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2))/Sqrt[b]])/a^(3/2))/(2*d)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 262 Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]
```

```
rule 772 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

```
rule 2024 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(Pq_)^(n_))^(p_)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && PolyQ[Qr, x]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{dx^2+c}{a} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{a(dx^2+c)}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2d}}{a\sqrt{ab}}$
default	$\frac{x^2}{2a} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{2a d^2 x^2 + 2acd}{2d\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{2ad\sqrt{ab}}$
risch	$\frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{-ab} \ln\left(\left(\sqrt{-ab}acd - dab\right)x^2 + \sqrt{-ab}ac^2 + \sqrt{-ab}b\right)}{4a^2d} - \frac{\sqrt{-ab} \ln\left(\left(-\sqrt{-ab}acd - dab\right)x^2 - \sqrt{-ab}ac^2 - \sqrt{-ab}b\right)}{4a^2d}$

```
input int(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $1/2/d*(1/a*(d*x^2+c)-b/a/(a*b)^(1/2)*\arctan(a*(d*x^2+c)/(a*b)^(1/2)))$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2 dx^2 + \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log \left(\frac{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 - 2(adx^2 + ac)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - b}{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b} \right)}{4ad}, \frac{dx^2 - \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan \left(\frac{(adx^2 + ac)\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}}{b} \right)}{2ad} \right]$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*d*x^2 + sqrt(-b/a)*log((a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 - 2*(a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(-b/a) - b)/(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b)))/(a*d), 1/2*(d*x^2 - sqrt(b/a)*arctan((a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(b/a)/b))/(a*d)]`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a^3}} \log \left(x^2 + \frac{-a\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a^3}} + c}{d} \right)}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a^3}} \log \left(x^2 + \frac{a\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a^3}} + c}{d} \right)}{4} + \frac{x^2}{2a}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`

output `(sqrt(-b/a**3)*log(x**2 + (-a*sqrt(-b/a**3) + c)/d)/4 - sqrt(-b/a**3)*log(x**2 + (a*sqrt(-b/a**3) + c)/d)/4)/d + x**2/(2*a)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{2a} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{ad^2x^2+acd}{\sqrt{abd}}\right)}{2\sqrt{abad}}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*x^2/a - 1/2*b*arctan((a*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d)/(sqrt(a*b)*d))/(sqrt(a*b)*a*d)`**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,0}: [1,0,%%{1, [1,1]%%}]%%, [0,1]%%}+%%{1, [0,1]%%}, [0,`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{x^2}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}c+\sqrt{a}dx^2}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}d}$$

input `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`

output

$$x^2/(2*a) - (b^{(1/2)}*atan((a^{(1/2)}*c + a^{(1/2)}*d*x^2)/b^{(1/2)}))/(2*a^{(3/2)}*d)$$

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}-ac} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}-ac}\sqrt{2-2\sqrt{a}}dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}\sqrt{2}}\right) + \sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}-ac}}{2a^2d}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2), x)$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (\operatorname{sqrt}(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*c**2 + b) - a*c) \\ & * \operatorname{atan}((\operatorname{sqrt}(d)*\operatorname{sqrt}(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(2) - 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*d*x) / (\operatorname{sqrt}(d)*\operatorname{sqrt}(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(2)))) + \operatorname{sqrt}(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)* \\ & \operatorname{sqrt}(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)* \operatorname{atan}((\operatorname{sqrt}(d) \\ & * \operatorname{sqrt}(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(2) + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*d*x) / (\operatorname{sqrt}(d)*\operatorname{sqrt} \\ & (\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*\operatorname{sqrt}(2))) + a*d*x**2)/(2*a**2*d) \end{aligned}$$

3.237
$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$$

Optimal result	2121
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2121
Rubi [A] (verified)	2122
Maple [A] (verified)	2123
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2123
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2124
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2125
Giac [F(-2)]	2125
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2126
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2127

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bc} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}(b+ac^2)} + \frac{c^2 \log(x)}{b+ac^2} + \frac{b \log(b+a(c+dx^2)^2)}{4a(b+ac^2)}$$

output `1/2*b^(1/2)*c*arctan(a^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)/b^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b)+c^2*ln(x)/(a*c^2+b)+1/4*b*ln(b+a*(d*x^2+c)^2)/a/(a*c^2+b)`

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \frac{4ac^2 \log(x) + (b - i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}) \log(-i\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)) + \sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b} + i\sqrt{ac}) \log(i\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{a}(c+dx^2))}{4a(b+ac^2)}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)),x]`

output `(4*a*c^2*Log[x] + (b - I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c)*Log[(-I)*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)] + Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b] + I*Sqrt[a]*c)*Log[I*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)])/(4*a*(b + a*c^2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$$

↓ 7293

$$\int \left(\frac{bdx(2c + dx^2)}{(ac^2 + b)(ac^2 + 2acdx^2 + ad^2x^4 + b)} + \frac{c^2}{x(ac^2 + b)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{bc} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}(ac^2 + b)} + \frac{b \log(ac^2 + 2acdx^2 + ad^2x^4 + b)}{4a(ac^2 + b)} + \frac{c^2 \log(x)}{ac^2 + b}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*c*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2))/Sqrt[b]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*(b + a*c^2)) + (c^2*Log[x])/(b + a*c^2) + (b*Log[b + a*c^2 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*d^2*x^4])/(4*a*(b + a*c^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 7293 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result
default	$\frac{bd \left(\frac{\ln(ad^2x^4 + 2adcx^2 + ac^2 + b)}{2da} + \frac{c \arctan\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2 + 2acd}{2d\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{2ac^2 + 2b} + \frac{c^2 \ln(x)}{ac^2 + b}$
risch	$\frac{c^2 \ln(x)}{ac^2 + b} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((c^2a^3 + a^2b)Z^2 - 2aZ + b)} -R \ln\left(\frac{(-a^3c^2d + 5a^2bd)R^2 + (4a^2c^2d - 9dab)R + 4bd}{(-a^3c^3 - \dots)}\right)}{4}$

```
input int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*b*d/(a*c^2+b)*(1/2/d/a*ln(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+a*c^2+b)+c/d/(a*b)^(1/2)*arctan(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d)/d/(a*b)^(1/2)))+c^2*ln(x)/(a*c^2+b)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$$

$$= \frac{4ac^2 \log(x) + ac\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + 2(adx^2 + ac)\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - b}{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b}\right) + b \log(ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b)}{4(a^2c^2 + ab)},$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*a*c^2*log(x) + a*c*sqrt(-b/a)*log((a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + 2*(a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(-b/a) - b)/(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b)) + b*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b))/(a^2*c^2 + a*b), 1/4*(4*a*c^2*log(x) + 2*a*c*sqrt(b/a)*arctan((a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(b/a)/b) + b*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b))/(a^2*c^2 + a*b)]`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs. $2(76) = 152$.

Time = 48.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \frac{c^2 \log(x)}{ac^2 + b} + \left(\frac{b}{4a(ac^2 + b)} - \frac{c\sqrt{-a^3b}}{4a^2(ac^2 + b)} \right) \log \left(x^2 + \frac{4a^2c^2 \left(\frac{b}{4a(ac^2+b)} - \frac{c\sqrt{-a^3b}}{4a^2(ac^2+b)} \right) + 4ab \left(\frac{b}{4a(ac^2+b)} - \frac{c\sqrt{-a^3b}}{4a^2(ac^2+b)} \right) + ac^2 - b}{acd} \right) + \left(\frac{b}{4a(ac^2 + b)} + \frac{c\sqrt{-a^3b}}{4a^2(ac^2 + b)} \right) \log \left(x^2 + \frac{4a^2c^2 \left(\frac{b}{4a(ac^2+b)} + \frac{c\sqrt{-a^3b}}{4a^2(ac^2+b)} \right) + 4ab \left(\frac{b}{4a(ac^2+b)} + \frac{c\sqrt{-a^3b}}{4a^2(ac^2+b)} \right) + ac^2 - b}{acd} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`

output `c**2*log(x)/(a*c**2 + b) + (b/(4*a*(a*c**2 + b)) - c*sqrt(-a**3*b)/(4*a**2*(a*c**2 + b)))*log(x**2 + (4*a**2*c**2*(b/(4*a*(a*c**2 + b)) - c*sqrt(-a**3*b)/(4*a**2*(a*c**2 + b)))) + 4*a*b*(b/(4*a*(a*c**2 + b)) - c*sqrt(-a**3*b)/(4*a**2*(a*c**2 + b)))/(a*c*d) + (b/(4*a*(a*c**2 + b)) + c*sqrt(-a**3*b)/(4*a**2*(a*c**2 + b)))*log(x**2 + (4*a**2*c**2*(b/(4*a*(a*c**2 + b)) + c*sqrt(-a**3*b)/(4*a**2*(a*c**2 + b)))) + 4*a*b*(b/(4*a*(a*c**2 + b)) + c*sqrt(-a**3*b)/(4*a**2*(a*c**2 + b)))/(a*c*d)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \frac{c^2 \log(x^2)}{2(ac^2 + b)} + \frac{bc \arctan\left(\frac{ad^2x^2+acd}{\sqrt{abd}}\right)}{2(ac^2 + b)\sqrt{ab}} + \frac{b \log(ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b)}{4(a^2c^2 + ab)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*c^2*log(x^2)/(a*c^2 + b) + 1/2*b*c*arctan((a*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d)/(sqrt(a*b)*d))/((a*c^2 + b)*sqrt(a*b)) + 1/4*b*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b)/(a^2*c^2 + a*b)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,0}: [1,0,%%{1, [1,1]%%}]%%, [0,1]%%)+%%{1, [0,1]%%}, [0,`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 11.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2098, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.31

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)),x)`

output

```
(c^2*log(x))/(b + a*c^2) + (4*a*b*log(b + a*c^2 + a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2)
)/(16*a^2*b + 16*a^3*c^2) + (b^(1/2)*c*atan(((x^2*((a*(b + a*c^2)^(3/2))*
(b^(1/2)*c*(4*a^2*b*c*d^7 - (4*a*b*(36*a^3*b*c*d^7 - 16*a^4*c^3*d^7 + (4*a*
b*(16*a^5*c^3*d^7 - 80*a^4*b*c*d^7))/(16*a^2*b + 16*a^3*c^2))))/(16*a^2*b +
16*a^3*c^2)))/(4*(b + a*c^2)^(1/2)*(a*b + a^2*c^2)^(1/2)) - (4*a*b*((b^(1
/2)*c*(36*a^3*b*c*d^7 - 16*a^4*c^3*d^7 + (4*a*b*(16*a^5*c^3*d^7 - 80*a^4*b
*c*d^7))/(16*a^2*b + 16*a^3*c^2)))/(4*(b + a*c^2)^(1/2)*(a*b + a^2*c^2)^(1
/2)) + (a*b^(3/2)*c*(16*a^5*c^3*d^7 - 80*a^4*b*c*d^7))/((b + a*c^2)^(1/2)*
(a*b + a^2*c^2)^(1/2)*(16*a^2*b + 16*a^3*c^2)))/(16*a^2*b + 16*a^3*c^2) +
(b^(3/2)*c^3*(16*a^5*c^3*d^7 - 80*a^4*b*c*d^7))/(64*(b + a*c^2)^(3/2)*(a*
b + a^2*c^2)^(3/2)))*(b^2 + 13*a^2*c^4 - 10*a*b*c^2))/((a*(b + a*c^2))^(5/
2)*(b + a*c^2)*(b^6 + 16*a^6*c^12 - 4*a*b^5*c^2 + 48*a^5*b*c^10 - a^2*b^4*
c^4 + 22*a^3*b^3*c^6 + 51*a^4*b^2*c^8) + b*c^2*(a*(b + a*c^2))^(7/2)*(b^4
+ 9*a^4*c^8 - 5*a*b^3*c^2 + 18*a^3*b*c^6 + 4*a^2*b^2*c^4)) - (4*c*((4*a*b*
(4*a^2*b*c*d^7 - (4*a*b*(36*a^3*b*c*d^7 - 16*a^4*c^3*d^7 + (4*a*b*(16*a^5*
c^3*d^7 - 80*a^4*b*c*d^7))/(16*a^2*b + 16*a^3*c^2)))/(16*a^2*b + 16*a^3*c^
2)))/(16*a^2*b + 16*a^3*c^2) + (b^(1/2)*c*((b^(1/2)*c*(36*a^3*b*c*d^7 - 16
*a^4*c^3*d^7 + (4*a*b*(16*a^5*c^3*d^7 - 80*a^4*b*c*d^7))/(16*a^2*b + 16*a^
3*c^2)))/(4*(b + a*c^2)^(1/2)*(a*b + a^2*c^2)^(1/2)) + (a*b^(3/2)*c*(16*a^
5*c^3*d^7 - 80*a^4*b*c*d^7))/((b + a*c^2)^(1/2)*(a*b + a^2*c^2)^(1/2))*...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}-ac} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}-ac}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{a}dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}\sqrt{2}}\right) c - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}}{1}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) -
a*c)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(
a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*c - 2*sqrt
(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*atan
((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(s
qrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*c + log( - sqrt(d)*s
qrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)
*d*x**2)*b + log(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*x +
sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*d*x**2)*b + 4*log(x)*a*c**2)/(4*a*(a*c**2 + b))
```

3.238
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$$

Optimal result	2128
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2129
Rubi [A] (verified)	2129
Maple [A] (verified)	2130
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2131
Sympy [F(-1)]	2132
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2132
Giac [F(-2)]	2133
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2133
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2134

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 117

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = -\frac{c^2}{2(b+ac^2)x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(b-ac^2)d \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}(b+ac^2)^2} + \frac{2bcd \log(x)}{(b+ac^2)^2} - \frac{bcd \log(b+a(c+dx^2)^2)}{2(b+ac^2)^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*c^2/(a*c^2+b)/x^2+1/2*b^(1/2)*(-a*c^2+b)*d*arctan(a^(1/2)*(d*x^2+c)/b^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(a*c^2+b)^2+2*b*c*d*ln(x)/(a*c^2+b)^2-1/2*b*c*d*ln(b+a*(d*x^2+c)^2)/(a*c^2+b)^2
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{abcd}x^2 \log(x) + i \left(-\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b} - i\sqrt{ac})^2 dx^2 \log(-i\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)) + (\sqrt{b} + i\sqrt{ac}) (2i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bc}^2 - \dots \right)}{4\sqrt{a}(b+ac^2)^2 x^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)),x]`

output `(8*Sqrt[a]*b*c*d*x^2*Log[x] + I*(-(Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b] - I*Sqrt[a]*c)^2*d*x^2*Log[(-I)*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)]) + (Sqrt[b] + I*Sqrt[a]*c)*((2*I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*c^2 + 2*a*c^3 + Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b] + I*Sqrt[a]*c)*d*x^2*Log[I*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2)])))/(4*Sqrt[a]*(b + a*c^2)^2*x^2)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{7293}$$

$$\int \left(\frac{bd^2x(-3ac^2 - 2acdx^2 + b)}{(ac^2 + b)^2(ac^2 + 2acdx^2 + ad^2x^4 + b)} + \frac{2bcd}{x(ac^2 + b)^2} + \frac{c^2}{x^3(ac^2 + b)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{bd}(b - ac^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}(c+dx^2)}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{a}(ac^2 + b)^2} - \frac{bcd \log(ac^2 + 2acdx^2 + ad^2x^4 + b)}{c^2 \cdot 2(ac^2 + b)^2} + \frac{2bcd \log(x)}{(ac^2 + b)^2} - \frac{c^2}{2x^2(ac^2 + b)}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)),x]`

output `-1/2*c^2/((b + a*c^2)*x^2) + (Sqrt[b]*(b - a*c^2)*d*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*(c + d*x^2))/Sqrt[b]])/(2*Sqrt[a]*(b + a*c^2)^2) + (2*b*c*d*Log[x])/(b + a*c^2)^2 - (b*c*d*Log[b + a*c^2 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*d^2*x^4])/(2*(b + a*c^2)^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
default	$-\frac{bd^2 \left(\frac{c \ln(ad^2x^4 + 2adx^2c + ac^2 + b)}{d} + \frac{(ac^2 - b) \arctan\left(\frac{2ad^2x^2 + 2acd}{2d\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{d\sqrt{ab}} \right)}{2(ac^2 + b)^2} - \frac{c^2}{2(ac^2 + b)x^2} + \frac{2bcd \ln(x)}{(ac^2 + b)^2}$
risch	$-\frac{c^2}{2(ac^2 + b)x^2} + \frac{2dbc \ln(x)}{a^2c^4 + 2abc^2 + b^2} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((a^3c^4 + 2a^2bc^2 + ab^2)Z^2 + 4abcdZ + bd^2)} -R \ln\left(\frac{-a^4c^6d + 3a^3bc^4d + 9a^2c^4d^2 + 6a^2cd^3 + 3abc^2d^2 + b^2d^3}{(a^3c^4 + 2a^2bc^2 + ab^2)Z^2 + 4abcdZ + bd^2}\right)}{a^2c^4 + 2abc^2 + b^2}$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-1/2*b*d^2/(a*c^2+b)^2*(c/d*\ln(a*d^2*x^4+2*a*c*d*x^2+a*c^2+b)+(a*c^2-b)/d/(a*b)^(1/2)*\arctan(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^2+2*a*c*d)/d/(a*b)^(1/2)))-1/2*c^2/(a*c^2+b)/x^2+2*b*c*d*\ln(x)/(a*c^2+b)^2$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 296, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{2bcdx^2 \log(ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b) - 8bcdx^2 \log(x) - (ac^2 - b)dx^2 \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 - 2b}{ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b}\right)}{4(a^2c^4 + 2abc^2 + b^2)x^2} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{bcdx^2 \log(ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b) - 4bcdx^2 \log(x) + (ac^2 - b)dx^2 \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\frac{(adx^2 + ac)\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}}{b}\right) + ac^2}{2(a^2c^4 + 2abc^2 + b^2)x^2} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/4*(2*b*c*d*x^2*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b) - 8*b*c*d*x^2*log(x) - (a*c^2 - b)*d*x^2*sqrt(-b/a)*log((a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 - 2*(a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(-b/a) - b)/(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b)) + 2*a*c^4 + 2*b*c^2)/((a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2)*x^2), -1/2*(b*c*d*x^2*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b) - 4*b*c*d*x^2*log(x) + (a*c^2 - b)*d*x^2*sqrt(b/a)*arctan((a*d*x^2 + a*c)*sqrt(b/a)/b) + a*c^4 + b*c^2)/((a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2)*x^2)]
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = -\frac{bcd \log(ad^2x^4 + 2acdx^2 + ac^2 + b)}{2(a^2c^4 + 2abc^2 + b^2)} + \frac{bcd \log(x^2)}{a^2c^4 + 2abc^2 + b^2} - \frac{(abc^2 - b^2)d \arctan\left(\frac{ad^2x^2 + acd}{\sqrt{abd}}\right)}{2(a^2c^4 + 2abc^2 + b^2)\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{c^2}{2(ac^2 + b)x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*b*c*d*log(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b)/(a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2) + b*c*d*log(x^2)/(a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2) - 1/2*(a*b*c^2 - b^2)*d*arctan((a*d^2*x^2 + a*c*d)/(sqrt(a*b)*d))/((a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2 + b^2)*sqrt(a*b)) - 1/2*c^2/((a*c^2 + b)*x^2)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%[1,0]:[1,0,%%{1,[1,1]%%}]%%},[0,1]%%}+%%{%%[1,[0,1]%%]},[0,`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 15.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5179, normalized size of antiderivative = 44.26

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)),x)`

output

```
(2*b*c*d*log(x))/(b^2 + a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2) - c^2/(2*x^2*(b + a*c^2)) - (
b^(1/2)*d*atan((x^2*((b^2 + 13*a^2*c^4 - 34*a*b*c^2)*(a^2*b^3*d^10)/(b^3
+ a^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4) - (b^(1/2)*d*(b - a*c^2)*(b^(1/2)
*d*(b - a*c^2)*((20*a^3*b^4*d^8 + 28*a^6*b*c^6*d^8 + 68*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^8 +
76*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^8)/(b^3 + a^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4) - (8*a*b*c
*d*(80*a^4*b^4*c*d^7 - 16*a^8*c^9*d^7 + 32*a^7*b*c^7*d^7 + 224*a^5*b^3*c^3
*d^7 + 192*a^6*b^2*c^5*d^7)))/((16*a*b^2 + 16*a^3*c^4 + 32*a^2*b*c^2)*(b^3
+ a^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4))))/(4*a^(1/2)*(b^2 + a^2*c^4 + 2*a*
b*c^2)) - (2*a^(1/2)*b^(3/2)*c*d^2*(b - a*c^2)*(80*a^4*b^4*c*d^7 - 16*a^8*
c^9*d^7 + 32*a^7*b*c^7*d^7 + 224*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^7 + 192*a^6*b^2*c^5*d^7))/((
(16*a*b^2 + 16*a^3*c^4 + 32*a^2*b*c^2)*(b^2 + a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^2)*(b^3 +
a^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4))))/(4*a^(1/2)*(b^2 + a^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*
c^2)) - (8*a*b*c*d*((12*a^3*b^3*c*d^9 + 12*a^4*b^2*c^3*d^9)/(b^3 + a^3*c^6
+ 3*a*b^2*c^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4) - (8*a*b*c*d*((20*a^3*b^4*d^8 + 28*a^6*b*c^6
*d^8 + 68*a^4*b^3*c^2*d^8 + 76*a^5*b^2*c^4*d^8)/(b^3 + a^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c
^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4) - (8*a*b*c*d*(80*a^4*b^4*c*d^7 - 16*a^8*c^9*d^7 + 32*a^7
*b*c^7*d^7 + 224*a^5*b^3*c^3*d^7 + 192*a^6*b^2*c^5*d^7)))/((16*a*b^2 + 16*a
^3*c^4 + 32*a^2*b*c^2)*(b^3 + a^3*c^6 + 3*a*b^2*c^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4))))/(16*
a*b^2 + 16*a^3*c^4 + 32*a^2*b*c^2)))/(16*a*b^2 + 16*a^3*c^4 + 32*a^2*b*c^2
) + (b^2*c*d^3*(b - a*c^2)^2*(80*a^4*b^4*c*d^7 - 16*a^8*c^9*d^7 + 32*a^...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a c^2 + b} + a c} \sqrt{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a c^2 + b} - a c} \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a c^2 + b} - a c} \sqrt{2} - 2 \sqrt{a} dx}{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a c^2 + b} + a c} \sqrt{2}} \right) a c^2 d x^2 - \sqrt{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{a c^2 + b}}}{1}$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)
*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*
x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2*d*x**2 -
sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)
*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*
x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*b*d*x**2 + sqrt
(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*atan
((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(s
qrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2*d*x**2 - sqrt
(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*atan
((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(s
qrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*b*d*x**2 - log(-sq
rt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + b) +
sqrt(a)*d*x**2)*a*b*c*d*x**2 - log(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) -
a*c)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*d*x**2)*a*b*c*d*x**2 + 4*log(
x)*a*b*c*d*x**2 - a**2*c**4 - a*b*c**2)/(2*a*x**2*(a**2*c**4 + 2*a*b*c**2
+ b**2))
```

3.239
$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2136
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2137
Rubi [A] (verified)	2138
Maple [C] (verified)	2139
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2140
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2141
Maxima [F]	2141
Giac [F(-2)]	2142
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2142
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2143

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 448

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{2bcx}{a^2d^3} - \frac{bx^3}{3a^2d^2} + \frac{x^7}{7a}$$

$$- \frac{b(b - 3ac^2 - 2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b + ac^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}} - \sqrt{2}^4 \sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{11/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}}d^{7/2}}$$

$$+ \frac{b(b - 3ac^2 - 2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b + ac^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}} + \sqrt{2}^4 \sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{11/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}}d^{7/2}}$$

$$- \frac{b(b - 3ac^2 + 2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{b + ac^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}^4 \sqrt{a}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} + \sqrt{a}dx^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{11/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}}d^{7/2}}$$

output

```

2*b*c*x/a^2/d^3-1/3*b*x^3/a^2/d^2+1/7*x^7/a-1/4*b*(b-3*a*c^2-2*a^(1/2)*c*(
a*c^2+b)^(1/2))*arctan((((-a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)
*d^(1/2)*x)/(a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(11/4)/(a^(1/2)*c
+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(7/2)+1/4*b*(b-3*a*c^2-2*a^(1/2)*c*(a*c^2+b)^(1/
2))*arctan((((-a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*d^(1/2)*x)/
(a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(11/4)/(a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(
1/2))^(1/2)/d^(7/2)-1/4*b*(b-3*a*c^2+2*a^(1/2)*c*(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))*arctanh(
2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*(-a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/((a*c^2+b)^(1
/2)+a^(1/2)*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(11/4)/(-a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(
7/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{2bcx}{a^2d^3} - \frac{bx^3}{3a^2d^2} + \frac{x^7}{7a} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b} + i\sqrt{ac})^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+ac}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}\sqrt{-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+acd^{7/2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b} - i\sqrt{ac})^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+ac}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}\sqrt{i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+acd^{7/2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^6/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

```

(2*b*c*x)/(a^2*d^3) - (b*x^3)/(3*a^2*d^2) + x^7/(7*a) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[b]
+ I*Sqrt[a]*c)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + a*
c]])/(2*a^(5/2)*Sqrt[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + a*c]*d^(7/2)) + (Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt
[b] - I*Sqrt[a]*c)^3*ArcTan[(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + a
*c]])/(2*a^(5/2)*Sqrt[I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + a*c]*d^(7/2))

```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 3.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{b(dx^2(b-3ac^2) - 2c(ac^2+b))}{a^2d^3(ac^2+2acdx^2+ad^2x^4+b)} + \frac{2bc}{a^2d^3} - \frac{bx^2}{a^2d^2} + \frac{x^6}{a} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b(2a^{3/2}c^3 - (b-3ac^2)\sqrt{ac^2+b} + 2\sqrt{abc}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2}^4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{11/4}d^{7/2}\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}} - \\
 & \frac{b(2a^{3/2}c^3 - (b-3ac^2)\sqrt{ac^2+b} + 2\sqrt{abc}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}+\sqrt{2}^4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{11/4}d^{7/2}\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}} + \\
 & \frac{b(2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{ac^2+b} - 3ac^2 + b) \log\left(-\sqrt{2}^4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}} + \sqrt{ac^2+b} + \sqrt{adx^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{11/4}d^{7/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}} - \\
 & \frac{b(2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{ac^2+b} - 3ac^2 + b) \log\left(\sqrt{2}^4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}} + \sqrt{ac^2+b} + \sqrt{adx^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{11/4}d^{7/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}} + \\
 & \frac{2bcx}{a^2d^3} - \frac{bx^3}{3a^2d^2} + \frac{x^7}{7a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

$\text{Int}[x^6/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]$

output

```
(2*b*c*x)/(a^2*d^3) - (b*x^3)/(3*a^2*d^2) + x^7/(7*a) + (b*(2*Sqrt[a]*b*c
+ 2*a^(3/2)*c^3 - (b - 3*a*c^2)*Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c
+ Sqrt[b + a*c^2]) - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b +
a*c^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(11/4)*Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a
*c^2]]*d^(7/2)) - (b*(2*Sqrt[a]*b*c + 2*a^(3/2)*c^3 - (b - 3*a*c^2)*Sqrt[b
+ a*c^2])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]) + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*
Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(11/4)*Sqrt[b
+ a*c^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(7/2)) + (b*(b - 3*a*c^2 + 2*
Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*Log[Sqrt[b + a*c^2] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[-(Sq
rt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*Sqrt[d]*x + Sqrt[a]*d*x^2))/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(11/4
)*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(7/2)) - (b*(b - 3*a*c^2 + 2*Sqrt
[a]*c*Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*Log[Sqrt[b + a*c^2] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a
]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*Sqrt[d]*x + Sqrt[a]*d*x^2))/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(11/4)*Sq
rt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(7/2))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.25

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^7}{7a} - \frac{bx^3}{3a^2d^2} + \frac{2bcx}{a^2d^3} + \frac{b}{4a^3d^4} \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(a d^2 Z^4 + 2acd Z^2 + a c^2 + b)} \frac{(d(-3ac^2+b)R^2 - 2c^3a - 2bc) \ln(x - R)}{d R^3 + c R} \right)$	111
default	Expression too large to display	1742

input

```
int(x^6/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```


output

```
1/7*x^7/a-1/3*b*x^3/a^2/d^2+2*b*c*x/a^2/d^3+1/4/a^3/d^4*b*sum((d*(-3*a*c^2
+b)*_R^2-2*c^3*a-2*b*c)/(_R^3*d+_R*c)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*a*d^2+2*_Z^2
*a*c*d+a*c^2+b))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1444 vs. $2(346) = 692$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1444, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x^6/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/84*(12*a*d^3*x^7 - 21*a^2*d^3*sqrt((a^5*d^7*sqrt(-(25*a^4*b^3*c^8 - 100*
a^3*b^4*c^6 + 110*a^2*b^5*c^4 - 20*a*b^6*c^2 + b^7)/(a^11*d^14)) + a^2*b*c
^5 - 10*a*b^2*c^3 + 5*b^3*c)/(a^5*d^7))*log((5*a^4*b^2*c^8 - 14*a^2*b^4*c^
4 - 8*a*b^5*c^2 + b^6)*x + ((a^9*c^2 - a^8*b)*d^10*sqrt(-(25*a^4*b^3*c^8 -
100*a^3*b^4*c^6 + 110*a^2*b^5*c^4 - 20*a*b^6*c^2 + b^7)/(a^11*d^14)) + 2*
(5*a^5*b^2*c^5 - 10*a^4*b^3*c^3 + a^3*b^4*c)*d^3)*sqrt((a^5*d^7*sqrt(-(25*
a^4*b^3*c^8 - 100*a^3*b^4*c^6 + 110*a^2*b^5*c^4 - 20*a*b^6*c^2 + b^7)/(a^1
1*d^14)) + a^2*b*c^5 - 10*a*b^2*c^3 + 5*b^3*c)/(a^5*d^7))) + 21*a^2*d^3*sq
rt((a^5*d^7*sqrt(-(25*a^4*b^3*c^8 - 100*a^3*b^4*c^6 + 110*a^2*b^5*c^4 - 20
*a*b^6*c^2 + b^7)/(a^11*d^14)) + a^2*b*c^5 - 10*a*b^2*c^3 + 5*b^3*c)/(a^5*
d^7))*log((5*a^4*b^2*c^8 - 14*a^2*b^4*c^4 - 8*a*b^5*c^2 + b^6)*x - ((a^9*c
^2 - a^8*b)*d^10*sqrt(-(25*a^4*b^3*c^8 - 100*a^3*b^4*c^6 + 110*a^2*b^5*c^4
- 20*a*b^6*c^2 + b^7)/(a^11*d^14)) + 2*(5*a^5*b^2*c^5 - 10*a^4*b^3*c^3 +
a^3*b^4*c)*d^3)*sqrt((a^5*d^7*sqrt(-(25*a^4*b^3*c^8 - 100*a^3*b^4*c^6 + 11
0*a^2*b^5*c^4 - 20*a*b^6*c^2 + b^7)/(a^11*d^14)) + a^2*b*c^5 - 10*a*b^2*c^
3 + 5*b^3*c)/(a^5*d^7))) + 21*a^2*d^3*sqrt(-(a^5*d^7*sqrt(-(25*a^4*b^3*c^8
- 100*a^3*b^4*c^6 + 110*a^2*b^5*c^4 - 20*a*b^6*c^2 + b^7)/(a^11*d^14)) -
a^2*b*c^5 + 10*a*b^2*c^3 - 5*b^3*c)/(a^5*d^7))*log((5*a^4*b^2*c^8 - 14*a^2
*b^4*c^4 - 8*a*b^5*c^2 + b^6)*x + ((a^9*c^2 - a^8*b)*d^10*sqrt(-(25*a^4*b^
3*c^8 - 100*a^3*b^4*c^6 + 110*a^2*b^5*c^4 - 20*a*b^6*c^2 + b^7)/(a^11*d...
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(256t^4 a^{11} d^{14} + t^2 (-32a^8 b c^5 d^7 + 320a^7 b^2 c^3 d^7 - 160a^6 b^3 c d^7) + a^5 b^2 c^{10} + 5a^4 b^3 c^8 + 10a^3 b^4 c^6 + \frac{x^7}{7a} + \frac{2bcx}{a^2 d^3} - \frac{bx^3}{3a^2 d^2} \right)$$

input `integrate(x**6/(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`output `RootSum(256*_t**4*a**11*d**14 + _t**2*(-32*a**8*b*c**5*d**7 + 320*a**7*b**2*c**3*d**7 - 160*a**6*b**3*c*d**7) + a**5*b**2*c**10 + 5*a**4*b**3*c**8 + 10*a**3*b**4*c**6 + 10*a**2*b**5*c**4 + 5*a*b**6*c**2 + b**7, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-64*_t**3*a**9*c**2*d**10 + 64*_t**3*a**8*b*d**10 + 4*_t*a**6*b*c**7*d**3 - 84*_t*a**5*b**2*c**5*d**3 + 140*_t*a**4*b**3*c**3*d**3 - 28*_t*a**3*b**4*c*d**3)/(5*a**4*b**2*c**8 - 14*a**2*b**4*c**4 - 8*a*b**5*c**2 + b**6)))) + x**7/(7*a) + 2*b*c*x/(a**2*d**3) - b*x**3/(3*a**2*d**2)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(dx^2+c)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b*integrate((2*a*c^3 + (3*a*c^2 - b)*d*x^2 + 2*b*c)/(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b), x)/(a^2*d^3) + 1/21*(3*a*d^3*x^7 - 7*b*d*x^3 + 42*b*c*x)/(a^2*d^3)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^6/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%{1,0}: [1,0,%%{1, [1,1]%%}}]%%}, [0,1]%%}+%%{1, [0,1]%%}, [0,1]%%}, [0,`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3247, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.25

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^6/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`

output

```
atan((((32*a^6*b^3*c*d^7 + 32*a^7*b^2*c^3*d^7)/(a^5*d^4) - 64*a^4*b*c*d^7
*x*((b^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^2*c^4*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^6*b^3*c + a
^8*b*c^5 - 10*a^7*b^2*c^3 - 10*a*b*c^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^11*d^7))^(
1/2))*((b^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^2*c^4*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^6*b^3*c
+ a^8*b*c^5 - 10*a^7*b^2*c^3 - 10*a*b*c^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^11*d^7)
)^(1/2) - (4*x*(b^5 - 15*a*b^4*c^2 + 15*a^2*b^3*c^4 - a^3*b^2*c^6))/a^2)*
((b^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^2*c^4*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^6*b^3*c + a^8*b
*c^5 - 10*a^7*b^2*c^3 - 10*a*b*c^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^11*d^7))^(1/2)
)*i - (((32*a^6*b^3*c*d^7 + 32*a^7*b^2*c^3*d^7)/(a^5*d^4) + 64*a^4*b*c*d^7
*x*((b^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^2*c^4*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^6*b^3*c + a
^8*b*c^5 - 10*a^7*b^2*c^3 - 10*a*b*c^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^11*d^7))^(
1/2))*((b^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^2*c^4*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^6*b^3*c
+ a^8*b*c^5 - 10*a^7*b^2*c^3 - 10*a*b*c^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^11*d^7)
)^(1/2) + (4*x*(b^5 - 15*a*b^4*c^2 + 15*a^2*b^3*c^4 - a^3*b^2*c^6))/a^2)*
((b^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^2*c^4*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^6*b^3*c + a^8*b
*c^5 - 10*a^7*b^2*c^3 - 10*a*b*c^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^11*d^7))^(1/2)
)*i)/((((32*a^6*b^3*c*d^7 + 32*a^7*b^2*c^3*d^7)/(a^5*d^4) - 64*a^4*b*c*d^7
*x*((b^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^2*c^4*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^6*b^3*c + a
^8*b*c^5 - 10*a^7*b^2*c^3 - 10*a*b*c^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^11*d^7))^(
1/2))*((b^2*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^2*c^4*(-a^11*b^3)^(1/2) + 5*a^6*b^3...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{x^6}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^6/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
(42*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*
atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x
)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2 - 42*sqrt
(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sq
rt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(
d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*b - 42*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sq
rt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a
*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**3 + 126*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt
(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) -
a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c
)*sqrt(2)))*b*c - 42*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b
) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2
) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2))
)*a*c**2 + 42*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)
*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sq
rt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*b + 42*
sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)
*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sq
rt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**3 - 126*sqrt(d)*sqrt(...
```

3.240 $\int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2145
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2146
Rubi [A] (verified)	2147
Maple [C] (verified)	2148
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2149
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2150
Maxima [F]	2150
Giac [F(-2)]	2151
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2151
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2152

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 414

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = -\frac{bx}{a^2d^2} + \frac{x^5}{5a}$$

$$-\frac{b(2\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}}d^{5/2}}$$

$$+\frac{b(2\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}}d^{5/2}}$$

$$-\frac{b(2\sqrt{ac} - \sqrt{b + ac^2}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b + ac^2} + \sqrt{adx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b + ac^2}}d^{5/2}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -b*x/a^2/d^2 + 1/5*x^5/a - 1/4*b*(2*a^{(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)}}*\arctan(((-a^{(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} - 2^{(1/2)*a^{(1/4)*d^{(1/2)*x}})/(a^{(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}})^{(1/2)})^2^{(1/2)}/a^{(9/4)}/(a^{(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/d^{(5/2)} + \\
& 1/4*b*(2*a^{(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)}}*\arctan(((-a^{(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} + 2^{(1/2)*a^{(1/4)*d^{(1/2)*x}})/(a^{(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}})^2^{(1/2)}/a^{(9/4)}/(a^{(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/d^{(5/2)} - 1/4*b*(2*a^{(1/2)*c-(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)}}*\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)*a^{(1/4)*(-a^{(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)*d^{(1/2)*x}}}/((a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)+a^{(1/2)*d*x^2}})^2^{(1/2)}/a^{(9/4)}/(-a^{(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/d^{(5/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx \\
& = \frac{-\frac{10bx}{d^2} + 2ax^5 - \frac{5i\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}+i\sqrt{ac})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+ac}}\right) + 5i\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}-i\sqrt{ac})^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+ac}}\right)}{10a^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((-10*b*x)/d^2 + 2*a*x^5 - ((5*I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*c)^2*\operatorname{ArcTan} \\
& [(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + a*c]])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a] \\
& *\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + a*c]*d^{(5/2)}) + ((5*I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*c)^2*\operatorname{ArcTan} \\
& [(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + a*c]])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[\\
& b] + a*c]*d^{(5/2)}))/ (10*a^2)
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 607, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{b(ac^2 + 2acdx^2 + b)}{a^2d^2(ac^2 + 2acdx^2 + ad^2x^4 + b)} - \frac{b}{a^2d^2} + \frac{x^4}{a} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b(2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{ac^2+b} + ac^2 + b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}d^{5/2}\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}} + \\
 & \frac{b(2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{ac^2+b} + ac^2 + b) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}+\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}d^{5/2}\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}} - \\
 & \frac{b(-2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{ac^2+b} + ac^2 + b) \log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}+\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ad}x^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}d^{5/2}\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}} + \\
 & \frac{b(-2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{ac^2+b} + ac^2 + b) \log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}+\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ad}x^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{9/4}d^{5/2}\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}} - \\
 & \frac{bx}{a^2d^2} + \frac{x^5}{5a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

Int[x^4/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]

output

```

-((b*x)/(a^2*d^2)) + x^5/(5*a) - (b*(b + a*c^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[b + a*c^
2])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d]
*x)/Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(9/4)*Sqrt[b + a*c^2]
*Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(5/2)) + (b*(b + a*c^2 + 2*Sqrt[a]*c*
Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]] + Sqrt[2]*a^
(1/4)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(9/4)*Sq
rt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(5/2)) - (b*(b + a*c^2 -
2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*Log[Sqrt[b + a*c^2] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[-
(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*Sqrt[d]*x + Sqrt[a]*d*x^2))/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(9
/4)*Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(5/2)) + (b*(b
+ a*c^2 - 2*Sqrt[a]*c*Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*Log[Sqrt[b + a*c^2] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/
4)*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*Sqrt[d]*x + Sqrt[a]*d*x^2))/(4*Sqr
t[2]*a^(9/4)*Sqrt[b + a*c^2]*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(5/2))
    
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^5}{5a} - \frac{bx}{a^2d^2} + \frac{b \left(\sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(a d^2 Z^4 + 2acd Z^2 + a c^2 + b)} \frac{(2acd R^2 + a c^2 + b) \ln(x - R)}{d R^3 + c R} \right)}{4a^3 d^3}$	89
default	Expression too large to display	1355

input

```
int(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $1/5*x^5/a-b*x/a^2/d^2+1/4/a^3/d^3*b*sum((*_R^2*a*c*d+a*c^2+b)/(*_R^3*d+_R*c)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*a*d^2+2*_Z^2*a*c*d+a*c^2+b))$

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 962 vs. $2(308) = 616$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 962, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/20*(4*a*d^2*x^5 + 5*a^2*d^2*\sqrt{(a^4*d^5*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)})} + a*b*c^3 - 3*b^2*c)/(a^4*d^5)*\log((3*a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b^3*c^2 - b^4)*x + (a^7*c*d^7*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)}) + (3*a^3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b^3)*d^2)*\sqrt{(a^4*d^5*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)})} + a*b*c^3 - 3*b^2*c)/(a^4*d^5)) - 5*a^2*d^2*\sqrt{(a^4*d^5*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)})} + a*b*c^3 - 3*b^2*c)/(a^4*d^5)*\log((3*a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b^3*c^2 - b^4)*x - (a^7*c*d^7*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)}) + (3*a^3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b^3)*d^2)*\sqrt{(a^4*d^5*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)})} + a*b*c^3 - 3*b^2*c)/(a^4*d^5)) - 5*a^2*d^2*\sqrt{-(a^4*d^5*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)})} - a*b*c^3 + 3*b^2*c)/(a^4*d^5)*\log((3*a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b^3*c^2 - b^4)*x + (a^7*c*d^7*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)}) - (3*a^3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b^3)*d^2)*\sqrt{-(a^4*d^5*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)})} - a*b*c^3 + 3*b^2*c)/(a^4*d^5)) + 5*a^2*d^2*\sqrt{-(a^4*d^5*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)})} - a*b*c^3 + 3*b^2*c)/(a^4*d^5)*\log((3*a^2*b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b^3*c^2 - b^4)*x - (a^7*c*d^7*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)}) - (3*a^3*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b^3)*d^2)*\sqrt{-(a^4*d^5*\sqrt{-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)/(a^9*d^10)})} - a*b*c^3 + 3*b^2*c)/(a^4*d^5)) - 20*b*x)/(a^2*d^2)$

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(256t^4 a^9 d^{10} + t^2 (-32a^6 b c^3 d^5 + 96a^5 b^2 c d^5) + a^3 b^2 c^6 + 3a^2 b^3 c^4 + 3ab^4 c^2 + b^5, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(x + \frac{x^5}{5a} - \frac{bx}{a^2 d^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x**4/(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`output `RootSum(256*_t**4*a**9*d**10 + _t**2*(-32*a**6*b*c**3*d**5 + 96*a**5*b**2*c*d**5) + a**3*b**2*c**6 + 3*a**2*b**3*c**4 + 3*a*b**4*c**2 + b**5, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (64*_t**3*a**7*c*d**7 - 4*_t*a**4*b*c**4*d**2 + 24*_t*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 4*_t*a**2*b**3*d**2)/(3*a**2*b**2*c**4 + 2*a*b**3*c**2 - b**4)))) + x**5/(5*a) - b*x/(a**2*d**2)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(dx^2+c)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b*integrate((2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b)/(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b), x)/(a^2*d^2) + 1/5*(a*d^2*x^5 - 5*b*x)/(a^2*d^2)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
 PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
 unding error%%{%%{1,0}: [1,0,%%{1, [1,1]%%}}]%%}, [0,1]%%}+%%{1, [0,1
]%%}, [0,

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1715, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.14

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^4/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`

output

```

x^5/(5*a) - atan((b^4*d^2*x*((b*c^3)/(16*a^3*d^5) - (3*b^2*c)/(16*a^4*d^5)
+ (b*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^9*d^5) - (3*c^2*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^8*d^
5))^(1/2)*8i)/((6*b^3*c^5)/d - (2*b^5*c)/(a^2*d) + (4*b^4*c^3)/(a*d) + (2*
b^4*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^7*d) - (6*b^2*c^4*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^5*d) - (4*
b^3*c^2*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^6*d)) + (b^3*c^2*d^2*x*((b*c^3)/(16*a^3*d^5)
- (3*b^2*c)/(16*a^4*d^5) + (b*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^9*d^5) - (3*c^2*(-a^
9*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^8*d^5))^(1/2)*24i)/((2*b^5*c)/(a^3*d) - (6*b^3*c^5)/(a
*d) - (4*b^4*c^3)/(a^2*d) - (2*b^4*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^8*d) + (6*b^2*c^4*
(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^6*d) + (4*b^3*c^2*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^7*d) + (b^2*c
*d^2*x*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2)*((b*c^3)/(16*a^3*d^5) - (3*b^2*c)/(16*a^4*d^5) + (
b*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^9*d^5) - (3*c^2*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^8*d^5))^(
1/2)*8i)/((2*a^2*b^5*c)/d - (4*a^3*b^4*c^3)/d - (6*a^4*b^3*c^5)/d - (2*b^
4*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^3*d) + (6*b^2*c^4*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a*d) + (4*b^3*
c^2*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^2*d)) + (b*c^3*d^2*x*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2)*((b*c^3)/(1
6*a^3*d^5) - (3*b^2*c)/(16*a^4*d^5) + (b*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^9*d^5) -
(3*c^2*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*a^8*d^5))^(1/2)*24i)/((4*a^2*b^4*c^3)/d + (6*
a^3*b^3*c^5)/d - (2*a*b^5*c)/d + (2*b^4*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^4*d) - (6*b^2
*c^4*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^2*d) - (4*b^3*c^2*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^3*d)))*((
b*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^5*b^2*c + a^6*b*c^3 - 3*a*c^2*(-a^9*b^3)^(1/2))/
(16*a^9*d^5))^(1/2)*2i - atan((b^4*d^2*x*((b*c^3)/(16*a^3*d^5) - (3*b^2*c)...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 957, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{x^4}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(x^4/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 10*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(
2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*
d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c + 10*sqrt
(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sq
rt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(s
qrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2 - 10*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(
sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*
c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**
2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*b + 10*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(
a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a
*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)
*sqrt(2)))*a*c - 10*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*s
qrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt
(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2 +
10*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt
(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)
*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*b + 5*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2
+ b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt
(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*d*x**2)
*a*c - 5*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*...
```

3.241
$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2154
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2155
Rubi [A] (verified)	2155
Maple [C] (verified)	2157
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2157
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2158
Maxima [F]	2158
Giac [F(-2)]	2159
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2159
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2160

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 342

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{x^3}{3a} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}d^{3/2}} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{dx}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}d^{3/2}} + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} + \sqrt{ad}x^2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}d^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*x^3/a+1/4*b*arctan(((a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)
*d^(1/2)*x)/(a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/(a^(1/2)*c+
(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(3/2)-1/4*b*arctan(((a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(
1/2)+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*d^(1/2)*x)/(a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2))*2^(1/2)
)/a^(7/4)/(a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(3/2)+1/4*b*arctanh(2^(1/2)*
a^(1/4)*(-a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2)*d^(1/2)*x/((a*c^2+b)^(1/2)+a^(1
/2)*d*x^2))*2^(1/2)/a^(7/4)/(-a^(1/2)*c+(a*c^2+b)^(1/2))^(1/2)/d^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ad^{3/2}x^3 + 3i\sqrt{b}\sqrt{-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + ac}\sqrt{dx}}{i\sqrt{b} - \sqrt{ac}}\right) + 3i\sqrt{b}\sqrt{i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + ac}\sqrt{dx}}{i\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{ac}}\right)}{6a^2d^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]`

output `(2*a*d^(3/2)*x^3 + (3*I)*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + a*c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[(-I)*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + a*c]*Sqrt[d]*x)/(I*Sqrt[b] - Sqrt[a]*c)] + (3*I)*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + a*c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b] + a*c]*Sqrt[d]*x)/(I*Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]*c))]/(6*a^2*d^(3/2))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7293$$

$$\int \left(\frac{x^2}{a} - \frac{bx^2}{a(ac^2 + 2acdx^2 + ad^2x^4 + b)} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}d^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}} - \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}d^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}} - \frac{b \log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}+\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{adx^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}d^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}} + \frac{b \log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}+\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{adx^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{7/4}d^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}} + \frac{x^3}{3a}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2), x]`

output `x^3/(3*a) + (b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(3/2)) - (b*ArcTan[(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(3/2)) - (b*Log[Sqrt[b + a*c^2] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*Sqrt[d]*x + Sqrt[a]*d*x^2))/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/4)*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(3/2)) + (b*Log[Sqrt[b + a*c^2] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*Sqrt[d]*x + Sqrt[a]*d*x^2))/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(7/4)*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]*d^(3/2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7293 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^3}{3a} - \frac{b \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a d^2 Z^4 + 2acd Z^2 + a c^2 + b)} \frac{R^2 \ln(x - R)}{d R^3 + c R} \right)}{4a^2 d}$
default	$\frac{x^3}{3a} - \frac{b \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{a^2 c^2 d^2 + ab d^2} - 2acd} (acd + \sqrt{a^2 c^2 d^2 + ab d^2}) \left(\frac{\ln \left(\sqrt{a d^2} x^2 - x \sqrt{2\sqrt{a d^2} (a c^2 + b)} - 2acd + \sqrt{a c^2 + b} \right)}{2\sqrt{a d^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{a d^2} (a c^2 + b)} - 2acd}{\sqrt{a d^2}} \right)}{4ab d^2} \right)}{4ab d^2}$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3/a*x^3-1/4/a^2*b/d*sum(_R^2/(_R^3*d+_R*c)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*a*d^2+2*_Z^2*a*c*d+a*c^2+b))
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4x^3 - 3a \sqrt{\frac{a^3 d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b^3}{a^7 d^6}} + bc}{a^3 d^3}} \log \left(a^5 d^4 \sqrt{\frac{a^3 d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b^3}{a^7 d^6}} + bc}{a^3 d^3}} \sqrt{-\frac{b^3}{a^7 d^6}} + b^2 x \right) + 3a \sqrt{\frac{a^3 d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b^3}{a^7 d^6}} + bc}{a^3 d^3}} \log \left(-a^5 d^4 \sqrt{\frac{a^3 d^3 \sqrt{-\frac{b^3}{a^7 d^6}} + bc}{a^3 d^3}} \sqrt{-\frac{b^3}{a^7 d^6}} + b^2 x \right)}{4a^2 d^2}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/12*(4*x^3 - 3*a*sqrt((a^3*d^3*sqrt(-b^3/(a^7*d^6)) + b*c)/(a^3*d^3))*log
(a^5*d^4*sqrt((a^3*d^3*sqrt(-b^3/(a^7*d^6)) + b*c)/(a^3*d^3))*sqrt(-b^3/(a
^7*d^6)) + b^2*x) + 3*a*sqrt((a^3*d^3*sqrt(-b^3/(a^7*d^6)) + b*c)/(a^3*d^3
))*log(-a^5*d^4*sqrt((a^3*d^3*sqrt(-b^3/(a^7*d^6)) + b*c)/(a^3*d^3))*sqrt(
-b^3/(a^7*d^6)) + b^2*x) + 3*a*sqrt(-(a^3*d^3*sqrt(-b^3/(a^7*d^6)) - b*c)/
(a^3*d^3))*log(a^5*d^4*sqrt(-(a^3*d^3*sqrt(-b^3/(a^7*d^6)) - b*c)/(a^3*d^3
))*sqrt(-b^3/(a^7*d^6)) + b^2*x) - 3*a*sqrt(-(a^3*d^3*sqrt(-b^3/(a^7*d^6))
- b*c)/(a^3*d^3))*log(-a^5*d^4*sqrt(-(a^3*d^3*sqrt(-b^3/(a^7*d^6)) - b*c)
/(a^3*d^3))*sqrt(-b^3/(a^7*d^6)) + b^2*x))/a
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(256t^4 a^7 d^6 - 32t^2 a^4 b c d^3 + a b^2 c^2 + b^3, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(x + \frac{-64t^3 a^5 d^4 + 4ta^2 b c d}{b^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$+ \frac{x^3}{3a}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)
```

output

```
RootSum(256*_t**4*a**7*d**6 - 32*_t**2*a**4*b*c*d**3 + a*b**2*c**2 + b**3,
Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-64*_t**3*a**5*d**4 + 4*_t*a**2*b*c*d)/b**2))) + x
**3/(3*a)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(dx^2+c)^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `1/3*x^3/a - b*integrate(x^2/(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b), x)/a`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%[1,0]:[1,0,%%{1,[1,1]%%}]%%},[0,1]%%}+%%{%%{1,[0,1]%%},[0,

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx \\ &= 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{a^2 \left(x (4b^3 d^4 - 4ab^2 c^2 d^4) + \frac{4bcd^4 x (\sqrt{-a^7 b^3 + a^4 bc})}{a^3} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{-a^7 b^3 + a^4 bc}}{16a^7 d^3}}}{b^4 d^2 + ab^3 c^2 d^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{-a^7 b^3 + a^4 bc}}{16a^7 d^3}} \\ &+ 2 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{a^2 \left(x (4b^3 d^4 - 4ab^2 c^2 d^4) - \frac{4bcd^4 x (\sqrt{-a^7 b^3 - a^4 bc})}{a^3} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-a^7 b^3 - a^4 bc}}{16a^7 d^3}}}{b^4 d^2 + ab^3 c^2 d^2} \right) \sqrt{-\frac{\sqrt{-a^7 b^3 - a^4 bc}}{16a^7 d^3}} \\ &+ \frac{x^3}{3a} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`

output

```
2*atanh((a^2*(x*(4*b^3*d^4 - 4*a*b^2*c^2*d^4) + (4*b*c*d^4*x*(-a^7*b^3)^(1/2) + a^4*b*c))/a^3)*(((a^7*b^3)^(1/2) + a^4*b*c)/(16*a^7*d^3))^(1/2))/(b^4*d^2 + a*b^3*c^2*d^2))*(((a^7*b^3)^(1/2) + a^4*b*c)/(16*a^7*d^3))^(1/2) + 2*atanh((a^2*(x*(4*b^3*d^4 - 4*a*b^2*c^2*d^4) - (4*b*c*d^4*x*(-a^7*b^3)^(1/2) - a^4*b*c))/a^3)*(-((a^7*b^3)^(1/2) - a^4*b*c)/(16*a^7*d^3))^(1/2))/(b^4*d^2 + a*b^3*c^2*d^2))*(-((a^7*b^3)^(1/2) - a^4*b*c)/(16*a^7*d^3))^(1/2) + x^3/(3*a)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 632, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ac^2+b}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}\sqrt{2}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}-ac}\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{a}dx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}\sqrt{2}}\right) - 6\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ac^2+b}+ac}}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*a
tan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)
/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2))) - 6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(
a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)
*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sq
rt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2))) *c - 6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)
)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 +
b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)
+ a*c)*sqrt(2))) + 6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)
*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sq
rt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2))) *c - 3*sq
qrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*log(
- sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + b
) + sqrt(a)*d*x**2) + 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2
+ b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(
2)*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*d*x**2) - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)
*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*log(- sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 +
b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*d*x**2) *c + 3*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)
)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*d*x**2...
```

3.242 $\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2162
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2163
Rubi [A] (verified)	2163
Maple [C] (verified)	2165
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2165
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2166
Maxima [F]	2167
Giac [F(-2)]	2167
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2167
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2168

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 370

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}\sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}\sqrt{d}}$$

$$- \frac{b \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}\sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}\sqrt{d}}$$

$$- \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} + \sqrt{adx^2}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{5/4}\sqrt{b+ac^2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}\sqrt{d}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & x/a + 1/4 * b * \arctan\left(\frac{(-a^{1/2} * c + (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2})^{1/2} - 2^{1/2} * a^{1/4} * d^{1/2} * x}{(a^{1/2} * c + (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2})^{1/2}}\right) * 2^{1/2} / a^{5/4} / (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2} / \\ & (a^{1/2} * c + (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2})^{1/2} / d^{1/2} - 1/4 * b * \arctan\left(\frac{(-a^{1/2} * c + (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2})^{1/2} + 2^{1/2} * a^{1/4} * d^{1/2} * x}{(a^{1/2} * c + (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2})^{1/2}}\right) * 2^{1/2} / a^{5/4} / (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2} / \\ & (a^{1/2} * c + (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2})^{1/2} / d^{1/2} - 1/4 * b * \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{2^{1/2} * a^{1/4} * (-a^{1/2} * c + (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2})^{1/2} * d^{1/2} * x}{(a * c^2 + b)^{1/2} + a^{1/2} * d * x^2}\right) * 2^{1/2} / a^{5/4} / (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2} / (-a^{1/2} * c + (a * c^2 + b)^{1/2})^{1/2} / d^{1/2} \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^2)^2}} dx = \frac{x}{a} + \frac{i\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + ac}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + ac\sqrt{d}}} - \frac{i\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + ac}}\right)}{2a\sqrt{i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b} + ac\sqrt{d}}}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)^(-1), x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & x/a + ((I/2) * \operatorname{Sqrt}[b] * \operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * x) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[(-I) * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[b] \\ & + a * c]]) / (a * \operatorname{Sqrt}[(-I) * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + a * c] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d]) - ((I/2) * \operatorname{Sqrt}[b] * \operatorname{Arc} \\ & \operatorname{Tan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d] * x) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[I * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + a * c]]) / (a * \operatorname{Sqrt}[I * \operatorname{Sqrt}[a] * \\ & \operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + a * c] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[d]) \end{aligned}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$, Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

↓ 7293

$$\int \left(-\frac{\sqrt{b}}{2\sqrt{-a} \left(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b} - \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)} - \frac{\sqrt{b}}{2\sqrt{-a} \left(\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b} + \frac{b}{c+dx^2} \right)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}+ac}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-a^2}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{b}+ac}} + \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt[4]{-a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{-ac}+\sqrt{b}}} \right)}{2(-a)^{5/4}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{\sqrt{-ac}+\sqrt{b}}} + \frac{x}{a}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)^(-1),x]
```

output

```
x/a + (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[((-a)^(1/4)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[-a]*c]])/
(2*(-a)^(5/4)*Sqrt[Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[-a]*c]*Sqrt[d]) + (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[
a]*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b] + a*c]])/(2*Sqrt[-a^2]*Sqrt[Sqrt[-a]*S
qrt[b] + a*c]*Sqrt[d])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

method	result
risch	$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{b \left(\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a d^2 Z^4 + 2acd Z^2 + a c^2 + b)} \frac{\ln(x - R)}{d R^3 + c R} \right)}{4a^2 d}$
default	$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{b \left(\frac{(-\sqrt{a d^2} \sqrt{2\sqrt{a^2 c^2 d^2 + ab d^2} - 2acd} - \sqrt{a d^2} \sqrt{2\sqrt{a^2 c^2 d^2 + ab d^2} - 2acd} \sqrt{a^2 c^2 d^2 + ab d^2}) \ln(\sqrt{a d^2} x^2 - x \sqrt{2\sqrt{a d^2} (a c^2 + b)} - 2acd)}{2\sqrt{a d^2}} \right)}{4a^2 d}$

input `int(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a*x-1/4/a^2*b/d*sum(1/(_R^3*d+_R*c)*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*a*d^2+2*_Z^2*a*c*d+a*c^2+b))`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 903 vs. 2(272) = 544.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 903, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

-1/4*(a*sqrt(((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d*sqrt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 + 2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*
b^2)*d^2)) + b*c)/((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d))*log(b^2*x + (a*b^2 + (a^5*c^3 + a
^4*b*c)*d*sqrt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 + 2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*b^2)*d^2)))*sqrt(((a^3*c
^2 + a^2*b)*d*sqrt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 + 2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*b^2)*d^2)) + b*c)/((
a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d))) - a*sqrt(((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d*sqrt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 +
2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*b^2)*d^2)) + b*c)/((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d))*log(b^2*x - (a*
b^2 + (a^5*c^3 + a^4*b*c)*d*sqrt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 + 2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*b^2)*d
^2)))*sqrt(((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d*sqrt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 + 2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*b^
2)*d^2)) + b*c)/((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d))) + a*sqrt(-((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d*sq
rt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 + 2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*b^2)*d^2)) - b*c)/((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*
d))*log(b^2*x + (a*b^2 - (a^5*c^3 + a^4*b*c)*d*sqrt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 + 2*a^6
*b*c^2 + a^5*b^2)*d^2)))*sqrt(-((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d*sqrt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 +
2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*b^2)*d^2)) - b*c)/((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d))) - a*sqrt(-((a^
3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d*sqrt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 + 2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*b^2)*d^2)) - b*c)
/((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d))*log(b^2*x - (a*b^2 - (a^5*c^3 + a^4*b*c)*d*sqrt(-b
^3/((a^7*c^4 + 2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*b^2)*d^2)))*sqrt(-((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)*d*sq
rt(-b^3/((a^7*c^4 + 2*a^6*b*c^2 + a^5*b^2)*d^2)) - b*c)/((a^3*c^2 + a^2*b)
*d))) - 4*x)/a

```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx$$

$$= \text{RootSum} \left(t^4 \cdot (256a^6c^2d^2 + 256a^5bd^2) - 32t^2a^3bcd + b^2, \left(t \mapsto t \log \left(x + \frac{-64t^3a^5c^3d - 64t^3a^4bcd + 4t^3a^3cd^2}{b^2} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{x}{a}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2), x)
```

output

```

RootSum(_t**4*(256*a**6*c**2*d**2 + 256*a**5*b*d**2) - 32*_t**2*a**3*b*c*d
+ b**2, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (-64*_t**3*a**5*c**3*d - 64*_t**3*a**4*b*c*
d + 4*_t*a**2*b*c**2 - 4*_t*a*b**2)/b**2))) + x/a

```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(dx^2+c)^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*integrate(1/(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b), x)/a + x/a`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,0]:[1,0,%%{1,[1,1]%%}]%%},[0,1]%%}+%%{-%%{1,[0,1]%%},[0,`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1245, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2),x)`

output

```

x/a + 2*atanh((8*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^7*x*((-a^5*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*
b*d)) + (a^3*b*c)/(16*(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)))^(1/2))/((2*a^11*b^3*c^3*d^7)
/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d) + (2*a^7*b^3*d^7*(-a^5*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5
*b*d) + (2*a^10*b^4*c*d^7)/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d) + (2*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^7*(-a^
5*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)) - (8*a*b^2*d^6*x*((-a^5*b^3)^(1/2)/(1
6*(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)) + (a^3*b*c)/(16*(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)))^(1/2))/((
2*a^2*b^2*d^6*(-a^5*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d) + (2*a^5*b^3*c*d^6)/
(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)) + (8*a^4*b*c*d^7*x*((-a^5*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*(a^6*c^2*d
+ a^5*b*d)) + (a^3*b*c)/(16*(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)))^(1/2)*(-a^5*b^3)^(1/2
))/((2*a^11*b^3*c^3*d^7)/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d) + (2*a^7*b^3*d^7*(-a^5*b^3)
^(1/2))/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d) + (2*a^10*b^4*c*d^7)/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d) +
(2*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^7*(-a^5*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)))*(((a^5*b^3)
^(1/2) + a^3*b*c)/(16*(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d))^(1/2) + 2*atanh((8*a*b^2*d^6
*x*((a^3*b*c)/(16*(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)) - (-a^5*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*(a^6*c^2*d
+ a^5*b*d))^(1/2))/((2*a^2*b^2*d^6*(-a^5*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*
d) - (2*a^5*b^3*c*d^6)/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)) + (8*a^7*b^2*c^2*d^7*x*((a^3
*b*c)/(16*(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)) - (-a^5*b^3)^(1/2))/(16*(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b
*d)))^(1/2))/((2*a^11*b^3*c^3*d^7)/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d) - (2*a^7*b^3*d^7*
(-a^5*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d) + (2*a^10*b^4*c*d^7)/(a^6*c^2*d +
a^5*b*d) - (2*a^8*b^2*c^2*d^7*(-a^5*b^3)^(1/2))/(a^6*c^2*d + a^5*b*d)) ...

```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 962, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)
)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d
*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c + 2*sqrt(d)
)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(
sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqr
t(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2 + 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqr
t(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**
2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 +
b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*b + 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c*
*2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*
sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqr
t(2)))*a*c - 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)
)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d
*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2 - 2*sqr
t(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sq
rt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(
sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*b + sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqr
t(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*log( - sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt
(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*x + sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + sqrt(a)*d*x**2)*a*c - s
qrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2)*lo...
```

3.243
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx$$

Optimal result	2170
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2171
Rubi [A] (verified)	2172
Maple [C] (verified)	2173
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2174
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2175
Maxima [F]	2175
Giac [F(-2)]	2176
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2176
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2177

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 444

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = -\frac{c^2}{(b+ac^2)x}$$

$$- \frac{b(2\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}) \sqrt{d} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4} (b+ac^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{b(2\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}) \sqrt{d} \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4} (b+ac^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{b(2\sqrt{ac} - \sqrt{b+ac^2}) \sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}} \sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{b+ac^2} + \sqrt{adx^2}} \right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4} (b+ac^2)^{3/2} \sqrt{-\sqrt{ac} + \sqrt{b+ac^2}}}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -c^2/(a*c^2+b)/x - 1/4*b*(2*a^{(1/2)}*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})*d^{(1/2)}*\arctan(((-a^{(1/2)}*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} - 2^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/2)}*x)/(a^{(1/2)}*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}/a^{(3/4)}/(a*c^2+b)^{(3/2)}/(a^{(1/2)}*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} \\
& + 1/4*b*(2*a^{(1/2)}*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})*d^{(1/2)}*\arctan(((-a^{(1/2)}*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} + 2^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/4)}*d^{(1/2)}*x)/(a^{(1/2)}*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})^2)^{(1/2)}/a^{(3/4)}/(a*c^2+b)^{(3/2)}/(a^{(1/2)}*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} \\
& + 1/4*b*(2*a^{(1/2)}*c-(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})*d^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(2^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/4)}*(-a^{(1/2)}*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*x)/((a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)}+a^{(1/2)}*d*x^2))^2)^{(1/2)}/a^{(3/4)}/(a*c^2+b)^{(3/2)}/(-a^{(1/2)}*c+(a*c^2+b)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx \\
& = \frac{-\frac{2c^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}-i\sqrt{ac})\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+ac}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}(\sqrt{b}+i\sqrt{ac})\sqrt{d}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{i\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}+ac}}}{2(b+ac^2)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((-2*c^2)/x + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] - I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*c)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + a*c]])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(-I)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + a*c]) \\
& + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*c)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d]*x)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + a*c]])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[I*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[b] + a*c]))/(2*(b + a*c^2))
\end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 584, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$, Rules used = {7293, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7293} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{bd(2c+dx^2)}{(ac^2+b)(ac^2+2acd x^2+ad^2 x^4+b)} + \frac{c^2}{x^2(ac^2+b)} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{ac^2+b}+2\sqrt{ac}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ac^2+b)^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}} + \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{d}(\sqrt{ac^2+b}+2\sqrt{ac}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}+\sqrt{2}}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ac^2+b)^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ac}}} - \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{d}(2\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{ac^2+b}) \log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}+\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ad}x^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ac^2+b)^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}} + \\
 & \frac{b\sqrt{d}(2\sqrt{ac}-\sqrt{ac^2+b}) \log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}+\sqrt{ac^2+b}+\sqrt{ad}x^2}\right)}{4\sqrt{2}a^{3/4}(ac^2+b)^{3/2}\sqrt{\sqrt{ac^2+b}-\sqrt{ac}}} - \\
 & \frac{c^2}{x(ac^2+b)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)),x]`

output

```

-(c^2/((b + a*c^2)*x)) - (b*(2*Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*Sqrt[d]*ArcTan
[(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d]*x)/Sqrt[S
qrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(b + a*c^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt[Sq
rt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]) + (b*(2*Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*Sqrt[d]*A
rcTan[(Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[d]*x)/S
qrt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]])/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(b + a*c^2)^(3/2)*Sq
rt[Sqrt[a]*c + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]) - (b*(2*Sqrt[a]*c - Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*Sqrt
[d]*Log[Sqrt[b + a*c^2] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c
^2]]*Sqrt[d]*x + Sqrt[a]*d*x^2)/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(b + a*c^2)^(3/2)*Sqrt
[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]]) + (b*(2*Sqrt[a]*c - Sqrt[b + a*c^2])*Sqr
t[d]*Log[Sqrt[b + a*c^2] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*Sqrt[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*
c^2]]*Sqrt[d]*x + Sqrt[a]*d*x^2)/(4*Sqrt[2]*a^(3/4)*(b + a*c^2)^(3/2)*Sqr
t[-(Sqrt[a]*c) + Sqrt[b + a*c^2]])
    
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 7293

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

method	result
risch	$-\frac{c^2}{(a c^2 + b)x} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}((a^6 c^6 + 3 a^5 b c^4 + 3 a^4 b^2 c^2 + a^3 b^3) Z^4 + (-2 a^3 b c^3 d + 6 a^2 b^2 c d) Z^2 + b^2 d^2)} R \ln\left(\left(-a^7 c^8 + 2 a^6 b c^6 + 1\right)\right)}{\dots}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-c^2/(a*c^2+b)/x+1/4*sum(_R*ln(((a^7*c^8+2*a^6*b*c^6+12*a^5*b^2*c^4+14*a^4*b^3*c^2+5*a^3*b^4)*_R^4+(a^4*b*c^5*d-6*a^3*b^2*c^3*d+25*a^2*b^3*c*d)*_R^2+4*b^3*d^2)*x+(3*a^5*b*c^6+5*a^4*b^2*c^4+a^3*b^3*c^2-a^2*b^4)*_R^3),_R=RootOf((a^6*c^6+3*a^5*b*c^4+3*a^4*b^2*c^2+a^3*b^3)*_Z^4+(-2*a^3*b*c^3*d+6*a^2*b^2*c*d)*_Z^2+b^2*d^2))
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2314 vs. 2(334) = 668.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2314, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx)^2} \right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/4*((a*c^2 + b)*x*sqrt(((a*b*c^3 - 3*b^2*c)*d + (a^4*c^6 + 3*a^3*b*c^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a*b^3)*sqrt(-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)*d^2/(a^9*c^12 + 6*a^8*b*c^10 + 15*a^7*b^2*c^8 + 20*a^6*b^3*c^6 + 15*a^5*b^4*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^5*c^2 + a^3*b^6))))/(a^4*c^6 + 3*a^3*b*c^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a*b^3))
*log((3*a*b^2*c^2 - b^3)*d^2*x + (2*(3*a^2*b^2*c^3 - a*b^3*c)*d + (a^6*c^8 + 2*a^5*b*c^6 - 2*a^3*b^3*c^2 - a^2*b^4)*sqrt(-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)*d^2/(a^9*c^12 + 6*a^8*b*c^10 + 15*a^7*b^2*c^8 + 20*a^6*b^3*c^6 + 15*a^5*b^4*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^5*c^2 + a^3*b^6))))*sqrt(((a*b*c^3 - 3*b^2*c)*d + (a^4*c^6 + 3*a^3*b*c^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a*b^3)*sqrt(-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)*d^2/(a^9*c^12 + 6*a^8*b*c^10 + 15*a^7*b^2*c^8 + 20*a^6*b^3*c^6 + 15*a^5*b^4*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^5*c^2 + a^3*b^6))))/(a^4*c^6 + 3*a^3*b*c^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a*b^3))
- (a*c^2 + b)*x*sqrt(((a*b*c^3 - 3*b^2*c)*d + (a^4*c^6 + 3*a^3*b*c^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a*b^3)*sqrt(-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)*d^2/(a^9*c^12 + 6*a^8*b*c^10 + 15*a^7*b^2*c^8 + 20*a^6*b^3*c^6 + 15*a^5*b^4*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^5*c^2 + a^3*b^6))))/(a^4*c^6 + 3*a^3*b*c^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a*b^3))
*log((3*a*b^2*c^2 - b^3)*d^2*x - (2*(3*a^2*b^2*c^3 - a*b^3*c)*d + (a^6*c^8 + 2*a^5*b*c^6 - 2*a^3*b^3*c^2 - a^2*b^4)*sqrt(-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)*d^2/(a^9*c^12 + 6*a^8*b*c^10 + 15*a^7*b^2*c^8 + 20*a^6*b^3*c^6 + 15*a^5*b^4*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^5*c^2 + a^3*b^6))))*sqrt(((a*b*c^3 - 3*b^2*c)*d + (a^4*c^6 + 3*a^3*b*c^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a*b^3)*sqrt(-(9*a^2*b^3*c^4 - 6*a*b^4*c^2 + b^5)*d^2/(a^9*c^12 + 6*a^8*b*c^10 + 15*a^7*b^2*c^8 + 20*a^6*b^3*c^6 + 15*a^5*b^4*c^4 + 6*a^4*b^5*c^2 + a^3*b^6))))/(a^4*c^6 + 3*a^3*b*c^4 + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2 + a*b^3))
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = -\frac{c^2}{x(ac^2 + b)}$$

$$+ \text{RootSum} \left(t^4 \cdot (256a^6c^6 + 768a^5bc^4 + 768a^4b^2c^2 + 256a^3b^3) + t^2(-32a^3bc^3d + 96a^2b^2cd) + b^2d^2, (t + \dots) \right)$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b/(d*x**2+c)**2),x)`output `-c**2/(x*(a*c**2 + b)) + RootSum(_t**4*(256*a**6*c**6 + 768*a**5*b*c**4 + 768*a**4*b**2*c**2 + 256*a**3*b**3) + _t**2*(-32*a**3*b*c**3*d + 96*a**2*b**2*c*d) + b**2*d**2, Lambda(_t, _t*log(x + (64*_t**3*a**6*c**8 + 128*_t**3*a**5*b*c**6 - 128*_t**3*a**3*b**3*c**2 - 64*_t**3*a**2*b**4 - 4*_t*a**3*b*c**5*d + 40*_t*a**2*b**2*c**3*d - 20*_t*a*b**3*c*d)/(3*a*b**2*c**2*d**2 - b**3*d**2))))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^2+c)^2} \right) x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b*d*integrate((d*x^2 + 2*c)/(a*d^2*x^4 + 2*a*c*d*x^2 + a*c^2 + b), x)/(a*c^2 + b) - c^2/((a*c^2 + b)*x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{%%[1,0]:[1,0,%%{1,[1,1]%%}]%%},[0,1]%%}+%%{%%[1,[0,1]%%]},[0,`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4231, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.53

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^2)^2)),x)`

output

```
atan(((x*(4*a^2*b^6*d^8 + 8*a^3*b^5*c^2*d^8 - 8*a^5*b^3*c^6*d^8 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^8*d^8) + ((b*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*c^2*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*c^3*d)/(16*(a^3*b^3 + a^6*c^6 + 3*a^5*b*c^4 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2)*(x*((b*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*c^2*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*c^3*d)/(16*(a^3*b^3 + a^6*c^6 + 3*a^5*b*c^4 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2)*(64*a^4*b^6*c*d^7 + 64*a^9*b*c^11*d^7 + 320*a^5*b^5*c^3*d^7 + 640*a^6*b^4*c^5*d^7 + 640*a^7*b^3*c^7*d^7 + 320*a^8*b^2*c^9*d^7) + 32*a^3*b^6*c*d^7 + 128*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^7 + 192*a^5*b^4*c^5*d^7 + 128*a^6*b^3*c^7*d^7 + 32*a^7*b^2*c^9*d^7))*((b*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*c^2*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*c^3*d)/(16*(a^3*b^3 + a^6*c^6 + 3*a^5*b*c^4 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2)*i + (x*(4*a^2*b^6*d^8 + 8*a^3*b^5*c^2*d^8 - 8*a^5*b^3*c^6*d^8 - 4*a^6*b^2*c^8*d^8) - ((b*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*c^2*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*c^3*d)/(16*(a^3*b^3 + a^6*c^6 + 3*a^5*b*c^4 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2)*(32*a^3*b^6*c*d^7 - x*((b*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*c^2*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*c^3*d)/(16*(a^3*b^3 + a^6*c^6 + 3*a^5*b*c^4 + 3*a^4*b^2*c^2)))^(1/2)*(64*a^4*b^6*c*d^7 + 64*a^9*b*c^11*d^7 + 320*a^5*b^5*c^3*d^7 + 640*a^6*b^4*c^5*d^7 + 640*a^7*b^3*c^7*d^7 + 320*a^8*b^2*c^9*d^7) + 128*a^4*b^5*c^3*d^7 + 192*a^5*b^4*c^5*d^7 + 128*a^6*b^3*c^7*d^7 + 32*a^7*b^2*c^9*d^7))*((b*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a*c^2*d*(-a^3*b^3)^(1/2) - 3*a^2*b^2*c*d + a^3*b*c^3*d)/(16*(a^3*b^3 + a^6*c...
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1320, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^2)^2} \right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b/(d*x^2+c)^2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*a
tan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)
/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**2*x - 2*sqrt
(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sq
rt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(
d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*b*x - 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*
sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sq
rt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(
a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**3*x - 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sq
rt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) -
a*c)*sqrt(2) - 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*
c)*sqrt(2)))*b*c*x - 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 +
b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt
(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)
))*a*c**2*x + 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*
c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2
*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*b*x
+ 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)*atan((sq
rt(d)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) - a*c)*sqrt(2) + 2*sqrt(a)*d*x)/(sqrt(d)
)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*c**2 + b) + a*c)*sqrt(2)))*a*c**3*x + 2*sqrt(d)*s...
```

3.244 $\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2179
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2180
Rubi [A] (verified)	2180
Maple [F]	2182
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2182
Sympy [F]	2183
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2183
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2184
Mupad [F(-1)]	2185
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2185

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 236

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = -\frac{2c(c^2 - ad^2)^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{3b^3d^6} + \frac{2(5c^4 - 6ac^2d^2 + a^2d^4) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{5/2}}{5b^3d^6} - \frac{4c(5c^2 - 3ad^2) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{7/2}}{7b^3d^6} + \frac{4(5c^2 - ad^2) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{9/2}}{9b^3d^6} - \frac{10c(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{11/2}}{11b^3d^6} + \frac{2(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{13/2}}{13b^3d^6}$$

output

```
-2/3*c*(-a*d^2+c^2)^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^3/d^6+2/5*(a^2*d^4-6*a
*c^2*d^2+5*c^4)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^3/d^6-4/7*c*(-3*a*d^2+5*c^2)
*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^3/d^6+4/9*(-a*d^2+5*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/
2))^(9/2)/b^3/d^6-10/11*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(11/2)/b^3/d^6+2/13*(c+d*(
b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(13/2)/b^3/d^6
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}(-1280c^6 + 32c^4d^2(128a - 15bx^2) + 640c^5d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + 16c^3d^3\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-118a + 25bx^2))}{(45045b^3d^6)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-1280*c^6 + 32*c^4*d^2*(128*a - 15*b*x^2)
+ 640*c^5*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + 16*c^3*d^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-118*a + 25*b*x^
2) - 2*c^2*d^4*(2320*a^2 - 508*a*b*x^2 + 175*b^2*x^4) + c*d^5*Sqrt[a + b*x
^2]*(1888*a^2 - 800*a*b*x^2 + 315*b^2*x^4) + 77*d^6*(32*a^3 - 8*a^2*b*x^2
+ 5*a*b^2*x^4 + 45*b^3*x^6)))/(45045*b^3*d^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7283$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + adx^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int b^2 x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + ad}(bx^2 + a)} dx}{2b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1732$$

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{bx^2 + a}(a - x^4)^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} \sqrt{ad\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{b^3}$$

↓ 522

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{11/2}}{d^5} - \frac{5c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{9/2}}{d^5} - \frac{2(ad^2-5c^2)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{7/2}}{d^5} - \frac{2(5c^3-3acd^2)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{5/2}}{d^5} + \frac{(5c^4-6ad^2c^2+a^2)}{b^3} \right)}{b^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(a^2d^4-6ac^2d^2+5c^4)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{5/2}}{5d^6} + \frac{4(5c^2-ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{9/2}}{9d^6} - \frac{4c(5c^2-3ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{7/2}}{7d^6} - \frac{2c(c^2-ad^2)^2(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{1/2}}{3d^6}$$

input `Int[x^5*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `((-2*c*(c^2 - a*d^2)^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2))/(3*d^6) + (2*(5*c^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(5/2))/(5*d^6) - (4*c*(5*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(7/2))/(7*d^6) + (4*(5*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(9/2))/(9*d^6) - (10*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(11/2))/(11*d^6) + (2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(13/2))/(13*d^6))/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732

```
Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
  :=> With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))
    ^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q},
  x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :=> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 7283

```
Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :=> With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x]
}], Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x],
  x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1]
  /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicFunctionQ[u, x])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(3465b^3d^6x^6 + 2464a^3d^6 - 4640a^2c^2d^4 + 4096ac^4d^2 - 1280c^6 + 35(11ab^2d^6 - 10b^2c^2d^4)x^4 - 8(77a$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3465*b^3*d^6*x^6 + 2464*a^3*d^6 - 4640*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 4096*a*c^4*d^2 - 1280*c^6 + 35*(11*a*b^2*d^6 - 10*b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^4 - 8*(77*a^2*b*d^6 - 127*a*b*c^2*d^4 + 60*b*c^4*d^2)*x^2 + (315*b^2*c*d^5*x^4 + 1888*a^2*c*d^5 - 1888*a*c^3*d^3 + 640*c^5*d - 400*(2*a*b*c*d^5 - b*c^3*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^3*d^6)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**5*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**5*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(3465 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{13}{2}} - 20475 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{11}{2}} c - 10010 (ad^2 - 5c^2) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 12870 (3ac^2d - 5c^3) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 9009 (a^2d^4 - 6ac^2d^2 + 5c^4) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15015 (a^2cd^4 - 2ac^3d^2 + c^5) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)}{b^3 d^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3465*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(13/2) - 20475*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(11/2)*c - 10010*(a*d^2 - 5*c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2) + 12870*(3*a*c*d^2 - 5*c^3)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2) + 9009*(a^2*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2 + 5*c^4)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2) - 15015*(a^2*c*d^4 - 2*a*c^3*d^2 + c^5)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2))/(b^3*d^6)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 855 vs. $2(200) = 400$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 855, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/45045*(13*(1155*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a^2*d^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 3465*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a^2*c*d^4*sgn((sqrt(
b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 990*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*a*d^2*sgn((
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 4158*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*a*c*d
^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 6930*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/
2)*a*c^2*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 6930*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*d + c)*a*c^3*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 315*(sqrt(b*x^
2 + a)*d + c)^(11/2)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 1925*(sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2)*c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 4950*(sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*c^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 6930*(sq
rt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*c^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 5775
*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) -
3465*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))
*c/(b^2*d^5) + (9009*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*a^2*d^4 - 30030*(sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a^2*c*d^4 + 45045*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a^2*c
^2*d^4 - 10010*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2)*a*d^2 + 51480*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a
)*d + c)^(7/2)*a*c*d^2 - 108108*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*a*c^2*d^2 +
120120*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a*c^3*d^2 - 90090*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a
)*d + c)*a*c^4*d^2 + 3465*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(13/2) - 24570*(sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*d + c)^(11/2)*c + 75075*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2)*c^2 - 128...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^5*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 607, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bd x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b} x} (-640\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a} c^5 dx -$$

input `int(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x +
a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*( - 1888*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2))*a**2*c*d**5*x + 800*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**5*x**3 +
1888*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**3*d**3*x - 315*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*b**2*c*d**5*x**5 - 400*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 640*sq
rt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**5*d*x + 2464*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*d**6 - 616*sq
rt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**6*x**2 - 4640*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d**4 + 3
85*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d**6*x**4 + 1016*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d**4
*x**2 + 4096*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**4*d**2 + 3465*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*d**
6*x**6 - 350*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 - 480*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b
*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 1280*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**6 - 2464*sqrt(b)*a**3*d**6*x +
616*sqrt(b)*a**2*b*d**6*x**3 + 4640*sqrt(b)*a**2*c**2*d**4*x - 385*sqrt(b)
*a*b**2*d**6*x**5 - 1016*sqrt(b)*a*b*c**2*d**4*x**3 - 4096*sqrt(b)*a*c**4*
d**2*x - 3465*sqrt(b)*b**3*d**6*x**7 + 350*sqrt(b)*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**5 + 4
80*sqrt(b)*b*c**4*d**2*x**3 + 1280*sqrt(b)*c**6*x + 1888*a**3*c*d**5 + 108
8*a**2*b*c*d**5*x**2 - 1888*a**2*c**3*d**3 - 485*a*b**2*c*d**5*x**4 - 1488
*a*b*c**3*d**3*x**2 + 640*a*c**5*d + 315*b**3*c*d**5*x**6 + 400*b**2*c**3*
d**3*x**4 + 640*b*c**5*d*x**2))/(45045*a*b**3*d**6)
```

3.245 $\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = -\frac{2c(c^2 - ad^2)(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{3b^2d^4} + \frac{2(3c^2 - ad^2)(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{5/2}}{5b^2d^4} - \frac{6c(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{7/2}}{7b^2d^4} + \frac{2(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{9/2}}{9b^2d^4}$$

output
$$-2/3*c*(-a*d^2+c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)}/b^2/d^4+2/5*(-a*d^2+3*c^2)* (c+d*(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})^{(5/2)}/b^2/d^4-6/7*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})^{(7/2)}/b^2 /d^4+2/9*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})^{(9/2)}/b^2/d^4$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}(-16c^4 + 6c^2d^2(6a - bx^2) + 8c^3d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + cd^3\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-16a + 5bx^2) + 7d^4(-4a^2 + 3bx^2))}{315b^2d^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]]*(-16*c^4 + 6*c^2*d^2*(6*a - b*x^2) + 8*c^3*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] + c*d^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]*(-16*a + 5*b*x^2) + 7*d^4*(-4*a^2 + a*b*x^2 + 5*b^2*x^4)))/(315*b^2*d^4)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7283} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int x^2 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+adx^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int bx^2 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+ad}(bx^2+a)}}{2b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int -bx^2 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+ad}(bx^2+a)}}{2b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & -\frac{\int \sqrt{bx^2+a}(a-x^4) \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+ad}\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{522} \\
 & -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{7/2}}{d^3} + \frac{3c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{5/2}}{d^3} + \frac{(ad^2-3c^2)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}}{d^3} + \frac{(c^3-acd^2)\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d^3} \right) d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{2009} \\ -\frac{2(3c^2-ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{5/2}}{5d^4} + \frac{2c(c^2-ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{3/2}}{3d^4} - \frac{2(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{9/2}}{9d^4} + \frac{6c(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{7/2}}{7d^4} \\ b^2 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^3*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `-(((2*c*(c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2))/(3*d^4) - (2*(3*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(5/2))/(5*d^4) + (6*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(7/2))/(7*d^4) - (2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(9/2))/(9*d^4))/b^2`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283

```
Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x
]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x]
, x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1
]] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicF
unctionQ[u, x])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(35b^2d^4x^4 - 28a^2d^4 + 36ac^2d^2 - 16c^4 + (7abd^4 - 6bc^2d^2)x^2 + (5bcd^3x^2 - 16acd^3 + 8c^3d)\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{315b^2d^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/315*(35*b^2*d^4*x^4 - 28*a^2*d^4 + 36*a*c^2*d^2 - 16*c^4 + (7*a*b*d^4 -
6*b*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + (5*b*c*d^3*x^2 - 16*a*c*d^3 + 8*c^3*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))
*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^2*d^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(35 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 135 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} c - 63 (ad^2 - 3c^2) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 105 (acd^2 - c^3) \right)}{315 b^2 d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(35*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2) - 135*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*c - 63*(a*d^2 - 3*c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2) + 105*(a*c*d^2 - c^3)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2))/(b^2*d^4)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 433 vs. 2(117) = 234.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx =$$

$$2 \left(\frac{3 \left(35 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} ad^2 \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd) - 105 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cad} d \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd) - 15 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd) \right)}{315 b^2 d^4} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -2/315*(3*(35*(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)^{(3/2)}*a*d^2*\text{sgn}((\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + \\ & c)*d - c*d) - 105*\sqrt{(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)*a*c*d^2*\text{sgn}((\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}* \\ & d + c)*d - c*d) - 15*(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)^{(7/2)}*\text{sgn}((\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}* \\ & d + c)*d - c*d) + 63*(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)^{(5/2)}*c*\text{sgn}((\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}* \\ & d + c)*d - c*d) - 105*(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)^{(3/2)}*c^2*\text{sgn}((\sqrt{b*x^2 + \\ & a}*d + c)*d - c*d) + 105*\sqrt{(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)*c^3*\text{sgn}((\sqrt{b*x^2 + \\ & a}*d + c)*d - c*d)}*c/(b*d^3) + (63*(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)^{(5/2)}*a*d^2 - \\ & 210*(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)^{(3/2)}*a*c*d^2 + 315*\sqrt{(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + \\ & c)*a*c^2*d^2} - 35*(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)^{(9/2)} + 180*(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + \\ & c)^{(7/2)}*c - 378*(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)^{(5/2)}*c^2 + 420*(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}* \\ & d + c)^{(3/2)}*c^3 - 315*\sqrt{(\sqrt{b*x^2 + a}*d + c)*c^4}/(b*d^3))/b*d \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x^3*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx \\ & = \frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bd x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b} x} (16\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a} ac d^3 x - \dots}{\dots} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x +
a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*(16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*a*c*d**3*x - 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*d**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(b)*sq
rt(a + b*x**2)*c**3*d*x - 28*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d**4 + 7*sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*a*b*d**4*x**2 + 36*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2 + 35*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b
**2*d**4*x**4 - 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
c**4 + 28*sqrt(b)*a**2*d**4*x - 7*sqrt(b)*a*b*d**4*x**3 - 36*sqrt(b)*a*c**
2*d**2*x - 35*sqrt(b)*b**2*d**4*x**5 + 6*sqrt(b)*b*c**2*d**2*x**3 + 16*sq
rt(b)*c**4*x - 16*a**2*c*d**3 - 11*a*b*c*d**3*x**2 + 8*a*c**3*d + 5*b**2*c*
d**3*x**4 + 8*b*c**3*d*x**2))/(315*a*b**2*d**4)
```

3.246 $\int x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}dx$

Optimal result	2194
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2194
Rubi [A] (verified)	2195
Maple [A] (verified)	2196
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2197
Sympy [F]	2197
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2197
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2198
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2198
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2199

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}dx = -\frac{2c(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{3bd^2} + \frac{2(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{5/2}}{5bd^2}$$

```
output -2/3*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b/d^2+2/5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}(-2c^2+cd\sqrt{a+bx^2}+3d^2(a+bx^2))}{15bd^2}$$

```
input Integrate[x*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]
```

```
output (2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-2*c^2 + c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + 3*d^2*(a + b*x^2)))/(15*b*d^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {2024, 774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x \sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{2024} \\
 \int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}(bx^2+a)}{2b} \\
 \downarrow \text{774} \\
 \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}+ad\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b} \\
 \downarrow \text{53} \\
 \int \frac{\left(\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}}{d} - \frac{c\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d}\right) d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b} \\
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{2(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{5/2}}{5d^2} - \frac{2c(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2}}{3d^2} \\
 b
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `((-2*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2))/(3*d^2) + (2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(5/2))/(5*d^2))/b`

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2024 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && PolyQ[Qr, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{bd^2}$	45
default	$\frac{\frac{2(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{2c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{bd^2}$	45

input `int(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b/d^2*(1/5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2)-1/3*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{2(3bd^2x^2 + 3ad^2 + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}cd - 2c^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + c}}{15bd^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/15*(3*b*d^2*x^2 + 3*a*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d - 2*c^2)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b*d^2)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{3(\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{d^2} - \frac{5(\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}c}{d^2} \right)}{15b}$$

input `integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(3*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)/d^2 - 5*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c/d^2)/b`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs. $2(48) = 96$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(\frac{5 \left((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{3}{2}} d - 3 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c}cd} \right) \operatorname{csgn} \left((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d - cd \right)}{d^2} + \frac{3 (\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10 (\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{3}{2}} c + 15 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c}}}{d} \right)}{15bd}$$

input `integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(5*((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*d - 3*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d)*c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d)/d^2 + (3*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2) - 10*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c + 15*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c^2)/d)/(b*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} (bx^2 + a) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2; 3; -\frac{d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c}\right)}{2b \sqrt{\frac{d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c} + 1}}$$

input `int(x*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a + b*x^2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 2], 3, -(d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/c))/(2*b*((d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/c + 1)^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

$$\int x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2+a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bd x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a} + \sqrt{b} x} \left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2+a} c dx + 3\sqrt{\dots} \right)}{15ab}$$

input

```
int(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x +
a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*( - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*c*d*x + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*d**2 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**2 -
2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**2 - 3*sqrt(b)*a*d**2*x - 3*sqrt(b)*b*d**2*x**3 + 2*
sqrt(b)*c**2*x + a*c*d + b*c*d*x**2))/(15*a*b*d**2)
```

3.247 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2200
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2200
Rubi [A] (verified)	2201
Maple [F]	2204
Fricas [F(-1)]	2205
Sympy [F]	2205
Maxima [F]	2205
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2206
Mupad [F(-1)]	2206
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2207

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x} dx = 2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right) - \sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)$$

output

```
2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)-(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))-(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x} dx = 2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}} - \sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right) - \sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x,x]`

output `2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] - Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]] - Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.565$, Rules used = {7282, 896, 25, 1732, 561, 25, 27, 1602, 25, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7282 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{x^2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{bx^2} d(bx^2+a) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{bx^2} d(bx^2+a) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1732 \\
 & - \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{bx^2+a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 561 \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{x^4(c-x^4)}{d\left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2}+\frac{2cx^4}{d^2}+a-\frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{x^4(c-x^4)}{d\left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{x^4(c-x^4)}{-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}} d^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1602 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(d^2 \int -\frac{cx^4 + \left(a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)d^2}{d^2\left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + d^2 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(d^2 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} - d^2 \int -\frac{-cx^4 + c^2 - ad^2}{d^2\left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(d^2 \int \frac{-cx^4 + c^2 - ad^2}{d^2\left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + d^2 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{-cx^4 + c^2 - ad^2}{-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + d^2 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}(c - \sqrt{ad}) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c - \sqrt{ad}}{d^2} - \frac{x^4}{d^2}} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{ad} + c) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c + \sqrt{ad}}{d^2} - \frac{x^4}{d^2}} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + d^2 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}d^2 \sqrt{c - \sqrt{ad}} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}}{\sqrt{c - \sqrt{ad}}} \right) - \frac{1}{2}d^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{ad} + c} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ad} + c}} \right) + d^2 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} \right)}{d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x,x]`

output `(2*(d^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] - (d^2*Sqrt[c - Sqrt[a]*d]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[c - Sqrt[a]*d]]))/2 - (d^2*Sqrt[c + Sqrt[a]*d]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[c + Sqrt[a]*d]])/2))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 561 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k/d Subst[Int[x^(k*(n + 1) - 1)*(-c/d + x^k/d)^m*Simp[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^k/d^2) + b*(x^(2*k)/d^2), x]^p, x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 1602

```
Int[((f._)*(x._))^(m._)*((d._) + (e._)*(x._)^2)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^2 + (c._)*(
x._)^4)^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p +
1)/(c*(m + 4*p + 3))), x] - Simp[f^2/(c*(m + 4*p + 3)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*
(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p*Simp[a*e*(m - 1) + (b*e*(m + 2*p + 1) - c*d*(m + 4*p
+ 3))*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c
, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] |
| IntegerQ[m])
```

rule 1732

```
Int[((a._) + (c._)*(x._)^(n2._))^(p._)*((d._) + (e._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._), x_Symb
ol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*
n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}
, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 7282

```
Int[(u._)/(x._), x_Symbol] :=> With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1
/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (
lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[
u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x)
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 288 vs. $2(94) = 188$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cd} + \frac{(\sqrt{acd^3 \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd) - ad^3|d| + c^2d|d| \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd) - \sqrt{acd^3}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{\sqrt{-c + \sqrt{ad^2}}}\right)}{(\sqrt{ad} + c)\sqrt{\sqrt{ad} - c}|d|}}{d}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(2*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d + (sqrt(a)*c*d^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - a*d^3*abs(d) + c^2*d*abs(d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - sqrt(a)*c*d^3)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-c + sqrt(a*d^2)))/((sqrt(a)*d + c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*abs(d)) + (sqrt(a)*c*d^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + a*d^3*abs(d) - c^2*d*abs(d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - sqrt(a)*c*d^3)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-c - sqrt(a*d^2)))/((sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*abs(d))`
/d

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 392, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}d - c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}d-c}\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a}d+cd^3} - \sqrt{bx^2+a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}d-c}\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a}d+c^2d} - \sqrt{a}\sqrt{\sqrt{a}d-c}\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a}d+cd^3}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}d-c}\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a}d+c}}\right)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}d-c}\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a}d+c}} + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a}d+c} + \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}d+c} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a}d+c} - \sqrt{\sqrt{a}d+c}\right)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{a}d+c} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a}d+c} + \sqrt{\sqrt{a}d+c}\right)}{2}$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output

```
(sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4)) + 4*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c) + sqrt(sqrt(a)*d + c)*log(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c) - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d + c)) - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d + c)*log(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c) + sqrt(sqrt(a)*d + c))/2
```

3.248 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2208
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2208
Rubi [F]	2209
Maple [F]	2210
Fricas [F(-1)]	2210
Sympy [F]	2210
Maxima [F]	2211
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2211
Mupad [F(-1)]	2212
Reduce [F]	2213

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{2x^2} + \frac{bd\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{bd\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2+1/4*b*d*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)-1/4*b*d*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^2} + \frac{bd \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x^3,x]`

output `((-2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/x^2 + (b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]) - (b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]))/4`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{x^3} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1093 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1093, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.54

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*b*((a^(7/2)*c*d^9 - 4*a^(5/2)*c^3*d^7 + 5*a^(3/2)*c^5*d^5 - 2*sqrt(a)
*c^7*d^3 + (a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*a^(3/2)*c*d^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d -
c*d) - (a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*a^(3/2)*c*d^3 - 2*(a^2*c^2*d^5 - a*c^4*d^3)*abs(
a*d^3 - c^2*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - (a^3*d^7 - 4*a^2*c^2
*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) + (a^(5/2)*c^3*d^7 - 2*a^(3/2)*c^5*
d^5 + sqrt(a)*c^7*d^3)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(s
qrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-(a*c*d^2 - c^3 + sqrt((a*c*d^2 - c^3)^2 + (a^2
*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4)*(a*d^2 - c^2))))/(a*d^2 - c^2)))/((a^(7/2)*d^5 -
a^3*c*d^4 - 2*a^(5/2)*c^2*d^3 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^2 + a^(3/2)*c^4*d - a*c^5)*sqr
t(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)) + (a^(7/2)*c*d^9 - 4*a^(5/2)*c^3*d^7
+ 5*a^(3/2)*c^5*d^5 - 2*sqrt(a)*c^7*d^3 + (a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*a^(3/2)*c*d^3
*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - (a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*a^(3/2)*c*d^3 +
2*(a^2*c^2*d^5 - a*c^4*d^3)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)
*d - c*d) + (a^3*d^7 - 4*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) + (
a^(5/2)*c^3*d^7 - 2*a^(3/2)*c^5*d^5 + sqrt(a)*c^7*d^3)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-(a*c*d^2 - c^3
- sqrt((a*c*d^2 - c^3)^2 + (a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4)*(a*d^2 - c^2))))/
(a*d^2 - c^2)))/((a^(7/2)*d^5 + a^3*c*d^4 - 2*a^(5/2)*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^2*c^3*
d^2 + a^(3/2)*c^4*d + a*c^5)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)) - 2*(
sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*d^5 + (sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c*d^3...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(s
qrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a
*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2 +
2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 + 2*
a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a**2*b*c*d**
5*x**2 - 16*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)
)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(
a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(s
qrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d
 + c)*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2
*x**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d
**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a*b*
c**3*d**3*x**2 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt
(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*...
```

3.249 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	2214
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2215
Rubi [F]	2215
Maple [F]	2216
Fricas [F(-1)]	2216
Sympy [F]	2217
Maxima [F]	2217
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2217
Mupad [F(-1)]	2218
Reduce [F]	2219

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{4x^4} + \frac{bd(ad-c\sqrt{a+bx^2})\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{16a(c^2-ad^2)x^2} - \frac{b^2d(2c-3\sqrt{ad})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{32a^{3/2}(c-\sqrt{ad})^{3/2}} + \frac{b^2d(2c+3\sqrt{ad})\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{32a^{3/2}(c+\sqrt{ad})^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^4+1/16*b*d*(a*d-c*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(c+d
*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x^2-1/32*b^2*d*(2*c-3*a^(1/2)*d)*ar
ctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*
d)^(3/2)+1/32*b^2*d*(2*c+3*a^(1/2)*d)*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/
(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{32} \left(\frac{2bcd\sqrt{a + bx^2}\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{a(-c^2 + ad^2)x^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}(-4c^2 + d^2(4a + bx^2))}{(c^2 - ad^2)x^4} + \frac{b^2d(2c + 3\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{a^{3/2}(-c - \sqrt{ad})^{3/2}} + \frac{b^2d(-2c + 3\sqrt{ad}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{a^{3/2}(-c + \sqrt{ad})^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x^5,x]`

output `((2*b*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(a*(-c^2 + a*d^2)*x^2) + (2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-4*c^2 + d^2*(4*a + b*x^2)))/((c^2 - a*d^2)*x^4) + (b^2*d*(2*c + 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]])/(a^(3/2)*(-c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2)) + (b^2*d*(-2*c + 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]])/(a^(3/2)*(-c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2))/32`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}}{x^5} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x^5,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/x**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^5, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2413 vs. $2(185) = 370$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2413, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.31

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/32*(((a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*c^4*d)^2*(5*a*c*d^5 + c^3*d^3)*b^3*sgn
((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 2*(a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*c^4*d)^
2*(2*a*c*d^5 + c^3*d^3)*b^3 - (13*a^(7/2)*c^2*d^9 - 27*a^(5/2)*c^4*d^7 + 1
5*a^(3/2)*c^6*d^5 - sqrt(a)*c^8*d^3)*b^3*abs(a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*c
^4*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - (3*a^(9/2)*d^11 - 23*a^(7/2)*
c^2*d^9 + 39*a^(5/2)*c^4*d^7 - 21*a^(3/2)*c^6*d^5 + 2*sqrt(a)*c^8*d^3)*b^3
*abs(a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*c^4*d) + 2*(4*a^6*c^3*d^13 - 17*a^5*c^5*d
^11 + 28*a^4*c^7*d^9 - 22*a^3*c^9*d^7 + 8*a^2*c^11*d^5 - a*c^13*d^3)*b^3*s
gn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + (3*a^7*c*d^15 - 25*a^6*c^3*d^13 + 74
*a^5*c^5*d^11 - 106*a^4*c^7*d^9 + 79*a^3*c^9*d^7 - 29*a^2*c^11*d^5 + 4*a*c
^13*d^3)*b^3)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-(a^3*c*d^4 - 2*a^2*
c^3*d^2 + a*c^5 + sqrt((a^3*c*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^2 + a*c^5)^2 + (a^4*d^6 -
3*a^3*c^2*d^4 + 3*a^2*c^4*d^2 - a*c^6)*(a^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2 + a*c^4)))
/(a^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2 + a*c^4)))/((a^6*d^9 - a^(11/2)*c*d^8 - 4*a^5*c^
2*d^7 + 4*a^(9/2)*c^3*d^6 + 6*a^4*c^4*d^5 - 6*a^(7/2)*c^5*d^4 - 4*a^3*c^6*
d^3 + 4*a^(5/2)*c^7*d^2 + a^2*c^8*d - a^(3/2)*c^9)*sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*ab
s(a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*c^4*d)) + ((a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*c^4*
d)^2*(5*a*c*d^5 + c^3*d^3)*b^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 2*(a
^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*c^4*d)^2*(2*a*c*d^5 + c^3*d^3)*b^3 + (13*a^(7/2
)*c^2*d^9 - 27*a^(5/2)*c^4*d^7 + 15*a^(3/2)*c^6*d^5 - sqrt(a)*c^8*d^3)*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^5,x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^5, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^5} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^5,x)`

output

```
( - 10140*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*
d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)
*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*
sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a
 + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d +
c)*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x
**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**
4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a**5*b
**2*c*d**12*x**4 + 25246*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)
)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(
sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*
d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d -
c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(
a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d
 + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c
**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 +
2*c**4))*a**4*b**2*c**3*d**10*x**4 - 24936*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*ata
n((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a...
```


3.250 $\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2220
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2221
Rubi [F]	2222
Maple [F]	2222
Fricas [F]	2223
Sympy [F]	2223
Maxima [F]	2223
Giac [F]	2224
Mupad [F(-1)]	2224
Reduce [F]	2224

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 406

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \frac{2\left(5a - \frac{4c^2}{d^2}\right) x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{105b} + \frac{2}{7} x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + \frac{2cx\sqrt{a + bx^2}\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{35bd} - \frac{16\sqrt{ac}(c^2 - 2ad^2) \sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}\right)}{105b^2 d^3 x \sqrt{\frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}}} + \frac{4\sqrt{a}(4c^4 - 9ac^2d^2 + 5a^2d^4) \sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}} \sqrt{\frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}\right)}{105b^2 d^3 x \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}$$

output

```
2/105*(5*a-4*c^2/d^2)*x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b+2/7*x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+
a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2/35*c*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b/d-1
6/105*a^(1/2)*c*(-2*a*d^2+c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)
*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^2/d^3/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(
1/2)+4/105*a^(1/2)*(5*a^2*d^4-9*a*c^2*d^2+4*c^4)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b
*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/
2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^2/d^3/x/(c+d*
(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 33.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 551, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(8bcd^2(c^2 - 2ad^2)x^2 + bd^2x^2(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})(-4c^2 + 3cd\sqrt{a + bx^2} + 5d^2(a + 3bx^2)) \right) - \frac{8ic(c^3 + \sqrt{ac^2d - a^2d^2})}{\dots}}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]
```

output

```
(2*(8*b*c*d^2*(c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*x^2 + b*d^2*x^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*(-4*
c^2 + 3*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + 5*d^2*(a + 3*b*x^2)) - ((8*I)*c*(c^3 + Sqrt[
a]*c^2*d - 2*a*c*d^2 - 2*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2])
)/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqr
t[a + b*x^2])])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c -
Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)
)/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d] + ((2*I)*Sqrt[a]*d*(4*c^3 + Sqrt[a]*c^2*d - 8*a*c*d
^2 - 5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a +
b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])*(c
+ d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[
c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d))/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[
a]*d]))/(105*b^2*d^4*x*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d \sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{d \sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} dx$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d \sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**2,x)`

3.251 $\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2225
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2226
Rubi [F]	2226
Maple [F]	2227
Fricas [F]	2227
Sympy [F]	2228
Maxima [F]	2228
Giac [F]	2228
Mupad [F(-1)]	2229
Reduce [F]	2229

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 300

$$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{3bdx\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}(c^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{3bdx\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}$$

output

```
2/3*x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)-2/3*a^(1/2)*c*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x
^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2)
,2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b/d/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+
a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)+2/3*a^(1/2)*(-a*d^2+c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a
)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1
/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b/d/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)
^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 32.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 454, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2bd^2\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{a}d}x^2(2c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}) - 2ic(c + \sqrt{a}d)\sqrt{\frac{d(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}\sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})}{1}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output

```
(2*b*d^2*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x^2*(2*c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - (2*I)*c*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])] *Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + (2*I)*Sqrt[a]*d*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])] *Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)))/(3*b*d^2*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\int \sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas **[F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + c} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + cd} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c), x)`

3.252 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2230
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2231
Rubi [F]	2231
Maple [F]	2232
Fricas [F]	2232
Sympy [F]	2232
Maxima [F]	2233
Giac [F]	2233
Mupad [F(-1)]	2233
Reduce [F]	2234

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{ad}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```
-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x-a^(1/2)*d*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 31.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + \frac{i\sqrt{\frac{d(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}\sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}\right), \frac{c - \sqrt{ad}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}}}{x}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x^2,x]`

output `(-Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] + (I*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d])/x`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int [Sqrt [c + d*Sqrt [a + b*x^2]]/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^2, x)`

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/x**2,x)`

3.253 $\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2235
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2236
Rubi [F]	2237
Maple [F]	2237
Fricas [F]	2238
Sympy [F]	2238
Maxima [F]	2238
Giac [F]	2239
Mupad [F(-1)]	2239
Reduce [F]	2239

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 357

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^4} dx \\
 &= -\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{3x^3} + \frac{bd(ad-c\sqrt{a+bx^2})\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{6a(c^2-ad^2)x} \\
 &\quad - \frac{bcd\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle| \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{6\sqrt{a}(c^2-ad^2)x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{bd\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{6\sqrt{a}x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3+1/6*b*d*(a*d-c*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x-1/6*b*c*d*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)+1/6*b*d*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 32.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 474, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}(c - \sqrt{ad}) (bdx^2\sqrt{a + bx^2} + 2a(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})) + ibcx^2\sqrt{\frac{d(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+bx^2})}{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}\sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+bx^2})}{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}}{x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/6*(Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(b*d*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + 2*a*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) + I*b*c*x^2*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] - I*Sqrt[a]*b*d*x^2*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d))]/(a*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)*x^3*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{x^4} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x^4,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^4,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^4,x)`

output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^4,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/x**4,x)`

$$3.254 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^6} dx$$

Optimal result	2240
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2241
Rubi [F]	2242
Maple [F]	2243
Fricas [F]	2243
Sympy [F]	2243
Maxima [F]	2244
Giac [F]	2244
Mupad [F(-1)]	2244
Reduce [F]	2245

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 478

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{x^6} dx \\ &= -\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{5x^5} + \frac{bd(ad-c\sqrt{a+bx^2})\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{30a(c^2-ad^2)x^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{b^2d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}(ad(c^2-5ad^2)-4c(c^2-2ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2})}{60a^2(c^2-ad^2)^2x} \\ & \quad + \frac{b^2cd(c^2-2ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{15a^{3/2}(c^2-ad^2)^2x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}} \\ & \quad - \frac{b^2d(4c^2-5ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{60a^{3/2}(c^2-ad^2)x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

-1/5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^5+1/30*b*d*(a*d-c*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(c+d
*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x^3-1/60*b^2*d*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
)^(1/2)*(a*d*(-5*a*d^2+c^2)-4*c*(-2*a*d^2+c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/a^2/(-a*d^
2+c^2)^2/x+1/15*b^2*c*d*(-2*a*d^2+c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/
2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*
(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/(-a*d^2+c^2)^2/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(
1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)-1/60*b^2*d*(-5*a*d^2+4*c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(
(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/
(-a*d^2+c^2)/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12a^2(c^2 - ad^2)^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}) - 2abd(-c^2 + ad^2) x^2 (ad - c\sqrt{a + bx^2}) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}) + b^2 dx^4 (c$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x^6,x]
```

output

```
(-12*a^2*(c^2 - a*d^2)^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - 2*a*b*d*(-c^2 + a*d^2)*
x^2*(a*d - c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + b^2*d*x^4*(c + d*S
qrt[a + b*x^2])*(5*a^2*d^3 + 4*c^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] - a*c*d*(c + 8*d*Sqrt[a
+ b*x^2])) - (b^2*x^4*(4*b*c*d^2*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*(c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*x^2
- (4*I)*c*(c^3 + Sqrt[a]*c^2*d - 2*a*c*d^2 - 2*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqr
t[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*Ellipt
icE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt
[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*d*(4*c^3 + Sqrt[a]*c^2*d - 8*a*c*d^2 -
5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^
2]))]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))]*(c + d*
Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d
*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)))/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d
])/ (60*a^2*(c^2 - a*d^2)^2*x^5*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{x^6} dx$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/x^6,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^6,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^6,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^6, x)`

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/x**6, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/x^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^6,x)`

output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^6,x)`

output `int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/x**6,x)`

$$3.255 \quad \int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal result	2246
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2247
Rubi [A] (verified)	2247
Maple [F]	2249
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2249
Sympy [F]	2250
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2250
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2251
Mupad [F(-1)]	2252
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2252

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 236

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = & -\frac{2c(c^2 - ad^2)^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{5/2}}{5b^3d^6} \\ & + \frac{2(5c^4 - 6ac^2d^2 + a^2d^4) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{7/2}}{7b^3d^6} \\ & - \frac{4c(5c^2 - 3ad^2) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{9/2}}{9b^3d^6} + \frac{4(5c^2 - ad^2) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{11/2}}{11b^3d^6} \\ & - \frac{10c(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{13/2}}{13b^3d^6} + \frac{2(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{15/2}}{15b^3d^6} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-2/5*c*(-a*d^2+c^2)^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^3/d^6+2/7*(a^2*d^4-6*a
*c^2*d^2+5*c^4)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^3/d^6-4/9*c*(-3*a*d^2+5*c^2)
*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^3/d^6+4/11*(-a*d^2+5*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1
/2))^(11/2)/b^3/d^6-10/13*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(13/2)/b^3/d^6+2/15*(c+d
*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(15/2)/b^3/d^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}(-256c^7 + 96c^5d^2(12a - bx^2) + 128c^6d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + 16c^4d^3\sqrt{a + b$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-256*c^7 + 96*c^5*d^2*(12*a - b*x^2) + 128
*c^6*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + 16*c^4*d^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-34*a + 5*b*x^2) + 3*
c^2*d^5*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(320*a^2 - 88*a*b*x^2 + 21*b^2*x^4) - 2*c^3*d^4*(1
088*a^2 - 164*a*b*x^2 + 35*b^2*x^4) + 39*d^7*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(32*a^3 - 24*
a^2*b*x^2 + 21*a*b^2*x^4 + 77*b^3*x^6) + 24*c*d^6*(128*a^3 - 19*a^2*b*x^2
+ 7*a*b^2*x^4 + 154*b^3*x^6)))/(45045*b^3*d^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 222, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7283$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int b^2 x^4 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2} d(bx^2 + a)}{2b^3}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1732 \\
 \frac{\int \sqrt{bx^2+a}(a-x^4)^2(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^3} \\
 \downarrow 522 \\
 \frac{\int \left(\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{13/2}}{d^5} - \frac{5c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{11/2}}{d^5} - \frac{2(ad^2-5c^2)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{9/2}}{d^5} - \frac{2(5c^3-3acd^2)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{7/2}}{d^5} + \frac{(5c^4-6ad^2c^2+ad^4)}{d^5} \right)}{b^3} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{2(a^2d^4-6ac^2d^2+5c^4)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{7/2}}{7d^6} + \frac{4(5c^2-ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{11/2}}{11d^6} - \frac{4c(5c^2-3ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{9/2}}{9d^6} - \frac{2c(c^2-ad^2)^2(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{5/2}}{5d^6}}{b^3}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^5*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & ((-2*c*(c^2 - a*d^2)^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(5/2))/(5*d^6) + (2*(5*c^4 \\ & - 6*a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(7/2))/(7*d^6) - (4*c*(5* \\ & c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(9/2))/(9*d^6) + (4*(5*c^2 - a*d^2) \\ & *(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(11/2))/(11*d^6) - (10*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^ \\ & (13/2))/(13*d^6) + (2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(15/2))/(15*d^6))/b^3 \end{aligned}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)`
`), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x],`
`x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff`
`icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si`
`mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /;`
`FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^(q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))]^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicFunctionQ[u, x])`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(3696 b^3 cd^6 x^6 + 3072 a^3 cd^6 - 2176 a^2 c^3 d^4 + 1152 ac^5 d^2 - 256 c^7 + 14 (12 ab^2 cd^6 - \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/45045*(3696*b^3*c*d^6*x^6 + 3072*a^3*c*d^6 - 2176*a^2*c^3*d^4 + 1152*a*c^5*d^2 - 256*c^7 + 14*(12*a*b^2*c*d^6 - 5*b^2*c^3*d^4)*x^4 - 8*(57*a^2*b*c*d^6 - 41*a*b*c^3*d^4 + 12*b*c^5*d^2)*x^2 + (3003*b^3*d^7*x^6 + 1248*a^3*d^7 + 960*a^2*c^2*d^5 - 544*a*c^4*d^3 + 128*c^6*d + 63*(13*a*b^2*d^7 + b^2*c^2*d^5)*x^4 - 8*(117*a^2*b*d^7 + 33*a*b*c^2*d^5 - 10*b*c^4*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^3*d^6)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**5*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**5*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(3003 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{15}{2}} - 17325 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{13}{2}} c - 8190 (ad^2 - 5c^2) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{11}{2}} + 10010 (3ac^2d - 5c^3) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} + 6435 (a^2d^4 - 6ac^2d^2 + 5c^4) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 9009 (a^2cd^4 - 2ac^3d^2 + c^5) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{b^3 d^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/45045*(3003*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(15/2) - 17325*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(13/2)*c - 8190*(a*d^2 - 5*c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(11/2) + 10010*(3*a*c*d^2 - 5*c^3)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2) + 6435*(a^2*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2 + 5*c^4)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2) - 9009*(a^2*c*d^4 - 2*a*c^3*d^2 + c^5)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2))/(b^3*d^6)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2794 vs. $2(200) = 400$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2794, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.84

$$\int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/45045*(143*(315*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a^2*d^4 - 126*(sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*d + c)^(5/2)*a*d^2 + 420*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a*c*d^2 - 630*sq
rt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*c^2*d^2 + 35*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2) - 1
80*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*c + 378*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*c^2
- 420*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c^3 + 315*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)
*c^4)*a*c/(b^2*d^3) + 13*(1155*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a^2*d^4*sgn((
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 3465*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a^2*c*d
^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 990*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)
)*a*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 4158*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c
)^(5/2)*a*c*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 6930*(sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 6930*sqrt
(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*c^3*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 3
15*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(11/2)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 1
925*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2)*c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) +
4950*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*c^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*
d) - 6930*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*c^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d
- c*d) + 5775*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c
)*d - c*d) - 3465*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)*d - c*d))*a/(b^2*d^3) + 13*(1155*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a^2*d^4
*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 3465*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c...
```


Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^5*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^5*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 770, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bd x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \sqrt{b} x (-256$$

input `int(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*dx + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x +
a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*( - 1248*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*a**3*d**7*x + 936*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**7*x**3 - 9
60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d**5*x - 819*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2
)*a*b**2*d**7*x**5 + 264*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d**5*x**3 + 544
*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**4*d**3*x - 3003*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*
**3*d**7*x**7 - 63*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**5*x**5 - 80*sqrt(b
)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**4*d**3*x**3 - 128*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**6*d*
x + 3072*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*c*d**6 - 456*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*c*d**6
*x**2 - 2176*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*c**3*d**4 + 168*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2
*c*d**6*x**4 + 328*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c**3*d**4*x**2 + 1152*sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*a*c**5*d**2 + 3696*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*c*d**6*x**6 - 70*sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*b**2*c**3*d**4*x**4 - 96*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**5*d**2*x**2 - 256*sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*c**7 - 3072*sqrt(b)*a**3*c*d**6*x + 456*sqrt(b)*a**2*b*c*d**
6*x**3 + 2176*sqrt(b)*a**2*c**3*d**4*x - 168*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*c*d**6*x**5 -
328*sqrt(b)*a*b*c**3*d**4*x**3 - 1152*sqrt(b)*a*c**5*d**2*x - 3696*sqrt(b)
*b**3*c*d**6*x**7 + 70*sqrt(b)*b**2*c**3*d**4*x**5 + 96*sqrt(b)*b*c**5*d**
2*x**3 + 256*sqrt(b)*c**7*x + 1248*a**4*d**7 + 312*a**3*b*d**7*x**2 + 960*
a**3*c**2*d**5 - 117*a**2*b**2*d**7*x**4 + 696*a**2*b*c**2*d**5*x**2 - 544
*a**2*c**4*d**3 + 3822*a*b**3*d**7*x**6 - 201*a*b**2*c**2*d**5*x**4 - 4...
```

3.256 $\int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2254
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2254
Rubi [A] (verified)	2255
Maple [F]	2257
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2257
Sympy [F]	2258
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2258
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2258
Mupad [F(-1)]	2259
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2260

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2c(c^2 - ad^2) \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{5/2}}{5b^2d^4} + \frac{2(3c^2 - ad^2) \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{7/2}}{7b^2d^4} - \frac{2c \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{9/2}}{3b^2d^4} + \frac{2 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{11/2}}{11b^2d^4}$$

output

```
-2/5*c*(-a*d^2+c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^2/d^4+2/7*(-a*d^2+3*c^2)
*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^2/d^4-2/3*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^2
/d^4+2/11*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(11/2)/b^2/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}(-16c^5 + 6c^3d^2(10a - bx^2) + 8c^4d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c^2d^3\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-28$$

1155

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-16*c^5 + 6*c^3*d^2*(10*a - b*x^2) + 8*c^4
*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + c^2*d^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-28*a + 5*b*x^2) - 4*c*d^4*(
31*a^2 - 4*a*b*x^2 - 35*b^2*x^4) + 15*d^5*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-4*a^2 + 3*a*b*
x^2 + 7*b^2*x^4)))/(1155*b^2*d^4)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7283} \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int bx^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2} d(bx^2 + a)}{2b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -\frac{\int -bx^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2} d(bx^2 + a)}{2b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & -\frac{\int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (a - x^4) (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2} d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{522} \\
 & -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{9/2}}{d^3} + \frac{3c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{7/2}}{d^3} + \frac{(ad^2-3c^2)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{5/2}}{d^3} + \frac{(c^3-acd^2)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}}{d^3} \right) d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{2(3c^2-ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{7/2}}{7d^4} + \frac{2c(c^2-ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{5/2}}{5d^4} - \frac{2(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{11/2}}{11d^4} + \frac{2c(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{9/2}}{3d^4}$$

b^2

input `Int[x^3*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2), x]`

output `-(((2*c*(c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(5/2))/(5*d^4) - (2*(3*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(7/2))/(7*d^4) + (2*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(9/2))/(3*d^4) - (2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(11/2))/(11*d^4))/b^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283

```
Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x
]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x]
, x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1
]] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicF
unctionQ[u, x])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(140b^2cd^4x^4 - 124a^2cd^4 + 60ac^3d^2 - 16c^5 + 2(8abcd^4 - 3bc^3d^2)x^2 + (105b^2d^5x^4 - 60a^2d^5 - 28ac^2d^3 + 8c^4d + 5(9ab^2d^5 + b^2cd^3)x^2)\sqrt{bx^2 + a})\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + c}{1155b^2d^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/1155*(140*b^2*c*d^4*x^4 - 124*a^2*c*d^4 + 60*a*c^3*d^2 - 16*c^5 + 2*(8*a
*b*c*d^4 - 3*b*c^3*d^2)*x^2 + (105*b^2*d^5*x^4 - 60*a^2*d^5 - 28*a*c^2*d^3
+ 8*c^4*d + 5*(9*a*b*d^5 + b*c^2*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^2*d^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(105 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 385 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{9}{2}} c - 165 (ad^2 - 3c^2) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 231 (ad^2 - 3c^2) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)}{1155 b^2 d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/1155*(105*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(11/2) - 385*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2)*c - 165*(a*d^2 - 3*c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2) + 231*(a*c*d^2 - c^3)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2))/(b^2*d^4)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1488 vs. 2(117) = 234.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1488, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.55

$$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-2/3465*(231*(15*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a - (3*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)
)^(5/2) - 10*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c + 15*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)*c^2)/d^2)*a*c*d/b + 33*(35*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a*d^2*sgn((sq
rt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 105*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*c*d^2*sg
n((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 15*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*sgn(
(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 63*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*c*sgn(
(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 105*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c^2*s
gn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 105*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c^3*
sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*a/(b*d) + 33*(35*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d
+ c)^(3/2)*a*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 105*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^
2 + a)*d + c)*a*c*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 15*(sqrt(b*x^
2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 63*(sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*d + c)^(5/2)*c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 105*(sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 105*sqrt(sqr
t(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*c^2/(b*d^3)
- 11*(315*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a^2*d^4 - 126*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)
)^(5/2)*a*d^2 + 420*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a*c*d^2 - 630*sqrt(sqrt(
b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*c^2*d^2 + 35*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2) - 180*(sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*c + 378*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*c^2 - 420*(
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c^3 + 315*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c^4)...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)
```


Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bdx^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b}x} (-124$$

input

```
int(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x +
a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*(60*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*a**2*d**5*x - 45*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**5*x**3 + 28*sqrt(b)
*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**2*d**3*x - 105*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d**5*x
**5 - 5*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**2*d**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*c**4*d*x - 124*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*c*d**4 + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b
*c*d**4*x**2 + 60*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**3*d**2 + 140*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2
*c*d**4*x**4 - 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c
**5 + 124*sqrt(b)*a**2*c*d**4*x - 16*sqrt(b)*a*b*c*d**4*x**3 - 60*sqrt(b)*
a*c**3*d**2*x - 140*sqrt(b)*b**2*c*d**4*x**5 + 6*sqrt(b)*b*c**3*d**2*x**3
+ 16*sqrt(b)*c**5*x - 60*a**3*d**5 - 15*a**2*b*d**5*x**2 - 28*a**2*c**2*d*
**3 + 150*a*b**2*d**5*x**4 - 23*a*b*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 8*a*c**4*d + 105*b**3*
d**5*x**6 + 5*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 8*b*c**4*d*x**2))/(1155*a*b**2*d**4)
```

$$3.257 \quad \int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal result	2261
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2261
Rubi [A] (verified)	2262
Maple [A] (verified)	2263
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2264
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2264
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2265
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2265
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2266
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2266

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2c(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{5/2}}{5bd^2} + \frac{2(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{7/2}}{7bd^2}$$

output

```
-2/5*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b/d^2+2/7*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b/d^2
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \left(-2c^3 + c^2 d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + 8cd^2(a + bx^2) + 5d^3(a + bx^2)^{3/2} \right)}{35bd^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2), x]
```

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]]*(-2*c^3 + c^2*d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2] + 8*c*d^2*(a + b*x^2) + 5*d^3*(a + b*x^2)^(3/2)))/(35*b*d^2)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {2024, 774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \left(d\sqrt{a+bx^2} + c \right)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 2024$$

$$\frac{\int \left(c + d\sqrt{bx^2+a} \right)^{3/2} d(bx^2+a)}{2b}$$

$$\downarrow 774$$

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{bx^2+a} \left(c + d\sqrt{bx^2+a} \right)^{3/2} d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{5/2}}{d} - \frac{c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}}{d} \right) d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{7/2}}{7d^2} - \frac{2c(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{5/2}}{5d^2}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{2(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{7/2}}{7d^2} - \frac{2c(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{5/2}}{5d^2}$$

input $\text{Int}[x*(c + d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])^(3/2), x]$

output $((-2*c*(c + d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])^(5/2))/(5*d^2) + (2*(c + d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])^(7/2))/(7*d^2))/b$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2024 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && PolyQ[Qr, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{2c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{bd^2}$	45
default	$\frac{\frac{2(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{2c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}}{bd^2}$	45

input `int(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b/d^2*(1/7*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(7/2)-1/5*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int x(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(8bcd^2x^2 + 8acd^2 - 2c^3 + (5bd^3x^2 + 5ad^3 + c^2d)\sqrt{bx^2 + a})\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{35bd^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/35*(8*b*c*d^2*x^2 + 8*a*c*d^2 - 2*c^3 + (5*b*d^3*x^2 + 5*a*d^3 + c^2*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b*d^2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 223 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int x(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{c^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2}{2} \\ \frac{x^2(\sqrt{ad+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} \\ \frac{c^{\frac{3}{2}}x^2}{2} \\ \frac{16ac\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{35b} + \frac{2ad\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{7b} + \frac{16cx^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{35} + \frac{2dx^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{7} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((c**(3/2)*x**2/2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(d, 0)), (x**2*(sqrt(a)*d + c)**(
3/2)/2, Eq(b, 0)), (c**(3/2)*x**2/2, Eq(d, 0)), (16*a*c*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2))/(35*b) + 2*a*d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/(7
*b) + 16*c*x**2*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/35 + 2*d*x**2*sqrt(a + b*x**2
)*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/7 - 4*c**3*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/(35
*b*d**2) + 2*c**2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))/(35*b*d),
True))
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{5(\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{7/2}}{d^2} - \frac{7(\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{5/2}c}{d^2} \right)}{35b}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/35*(5*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)/d^2 - 7*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)
)*c/d^2)/b
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 552 vs. 2(48) = 96.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 552, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.20

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left(105 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c} d - 7 \left(15 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c} c a - \frac{3(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{5/2} - 10(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{3/2} c}{d^2} \right) \right)}{35b}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```

2/105*(105*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*c*d - 7*(15*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*
d + c)*a - (3*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2) - 10*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(
3/2)*c + 15*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c^2/d^2)*c*d + 35*((sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*d + c)^(3/2)*d - 3*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c*d)*a*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 35*((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*d - 3*sqrt(sqrt(b*
x^2 + a)*d + c)*c*d)*c^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d)/d^2 + 7*(3*(
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2) - 10*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c + 15*sqr
t(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c^2)*c/d - (35*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a*d^
2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 105*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a
*c*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 15*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(
7/2)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 63*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/
2)*c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 105*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3
/2)*c^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 105*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d
+ c)*c^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))/d)/(b*d)

```

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2} (bx^2 + a) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 2; 3; -\frac{d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c}\right)}{2b \left(\frac{d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c} + 1\right)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)*(a + b*x^2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 2], 3, -(d*(
a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/c))/(2*b*((d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/c + 1)^(3/2))
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bd x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b} x} \left(-5\sqrt{\dots} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `int(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output
$$\frac{(2*\sqrt{\sqrt{b}}*\sqrt{a + b*x**2})*d*x + \sqrt{a + b*x**2}*c + \sqrt{b}*c*x + a*d + b*d*x**2)*\sqrt{\sqrt{a + b*x**2} + \sqrt{b}*x}*(- 5*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a + b*x**2})*a*d**3*x - 5*\sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a + b*x**2}*b*d**3*x**3 - \sqrt{b}*\sqrt{a + b*x**2}*c**2*d*x + 8*\sqrt{a + b*x**2})*a*c*d**2 + 8*\sqrt{a + b*x**2}*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*\sqrt{a + b*x**2}*c**3 - 8*\sqrt{b})*a*c*d**2*x - 8*\sqrt{b}*b*c*d**2*x**3 + 2*\sqrt{b}*c**3*x + 5*a**2*d**3 + 10*a*b*d**3*x**2 + a*c**2*d + 5*b**2*d**3*x**4 + b*c**2*d*x**2))/(35*a*b*d**2)$$

3.258 $\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2268
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2269
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2269
Maple [F]	2273
Fricas [F(-1)]	2273
Sympy [F]	2274
Maxima [F]	2274
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2274
Mupad [F(-1)]	2275
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2275

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = 2c\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}} + \frac{2}{3}(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2} - (c-\sqrt{ad})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right) - (c+\sqrt{ad})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)$$

output

```
2*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2/3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)-(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(3/2)*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))-(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(3/2)*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}(4c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})$$

$$+ (-c - \sqrt{ad})^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}}\right)$$

$$+ (-c + \sqrt{ad})^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c + \sqrt{ad}}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x,x]`output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(4*c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/3 + (-c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]] + (-c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2)*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]]`**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.696$, Rules used = {7282, 896, 25, 1732, 561, 25, 27, 1602, 27, 25, 1602, 25, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7282$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{bx^2} d(bx^2 + a) \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{bx^2} d(bx^2 + a) \\
& \quad \downarrow 1732 \\
& - \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{a - x^4} d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 561 \\
& \frac{2 \int -\frac{x^8(c-x^4)}{d(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2})} d\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{x^8(c-x^4)}{d(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2})} d\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2 \int \frac{x^8(c-x^4)}{-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}} d\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1602 \\
& \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{3} d^2 \int -\frac{3x^4 (cx^4 + (a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}) d^2)}{d^2 (-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2})} d\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{d^2 x^6}{3} \right)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{2 \left(\frac{d^2 x^6}{3} - \int -\frac{x^4 (-cx^4 + c^2 - ad^2)}{-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}} d\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} \right)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{2 \left(\int \frac{x^4 (-cx^4 + c^2 - ad^2)}{-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}} d\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} + \frac{d^2 x^6}{3} \right)}{d^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1602
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2 \left(d^2 \int -\frac{(c^2+ad^2)x^4+c\left(a-\frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)d^2}{d^2\left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2}+\frac{2cx^4}{d^2}+a-\frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + cd^2\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}} + \frac{d^2x^6}{3} \right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{2 \left(-d^2 \int -\frac{c(c^2-ad^2)-(c^2+ad^2)x^4}{d^2\left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2}+\frac{2cx^4}{d^2}+a-\frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + cd^2\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}} + \frac{d^2x^6}{3} \right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{2 \left(d^2 \int \frac{c(c^2-ad^2)-(c^2+ad^2)x^4}{d^2\left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2}+\frac{2cx^4}{d^2}+a-\frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + cd^2\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}} + \frac{d^2x^6}{3} \right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{2 \left(\int \frac{c(c^2-ad^2)-(c^2+ad^2)x^4}{-\frac{x^8}{d^2}+\frac{2cx^4}{d^2}+a-\frac{c^2}{d^2}} d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + cd^2\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}} + \frac{d^2x^6}{3} \right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 1480

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}(c-\sqrt{ad})^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{c-\sqrt{ad}}{d^2}-\frac{x^4}{d^2}} d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}} - \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{ad}+c)^2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{c+\sqrt{ad}}{d^2}-\frac{x^4}{d^2}} d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + cd^2\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}} \right)}{d^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}d^2(c-\sqrt{ad})^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}d^2(\sqrt{ad}+c)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ad}+c}}\right) + cd^2\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}} \right)}{d^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `(2*((d^2*x^6)/3 + c*d^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] - (d^2*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[c - Sqrt[a]*d]])/2 - (d^2*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[c + Sqrt[a]*d]])/2))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 561 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k/d Subst[Int[x^(k*(n + 1) - 1)*(-c/d + x^k/d)^m*Simp[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^k/d^2) + b*(x^(2*k)/d^2), x]^p, x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^p_.*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`
- rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`
- rule 1602 `Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(c*(m + 4*p + 3))), x] - Simp[f^2/(c*(m + 4*p + 3)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p*Simp[a*e*(m - 1) + (b*e*(m + 2*p + 1) - c*d*(m + 4*p + 3))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && GtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 4*p + 3, 0] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] | IntegerQ[m])`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^(q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))]^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 7282 `Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x,x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 420 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 420, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{dsgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd) - 6\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cd} \operatorname{dsgn}}{}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/3*(2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*d*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d)
) - 6*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c*d*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d)
+ 12*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c*d - 3*(2*a*c*d^3*abs(d) + 2*sqrt(a)*c^
2*d^3 - (a^(3/2)*d^3 + sqrt(a)*c^2*d)*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d -
c*d) - (a*c*d^3 + c^3*d)*abs(d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arct
an(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-c + sqrt(a*d^2)))/((sqrt(a)*d + c)*sq
rt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*abs(d)) + 3*(2*a*c*d^3*abs(d) - 2*sqrt(a)*c^2*d^3 + (a^(
3/2)*d^3 + sqrt(a)*c^2*d)*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - (a*c*
d^3 + c^3*d)*abs(d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-c - sqrt(a*d^2)))/((sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(-sqrt(a)*
d - c)*abs(d)))/d

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 924, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.33

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x,x)
```


output

```
( - 3*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d -
c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d -
c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt
(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b
*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*
a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2
+ 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 +
2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a*d + 3*sq
rt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2
)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)
*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c
**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(
sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)
*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2
- 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a*c + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x + a*d
+ b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*c - 16*sqrt(b)*sqrt(sqr...
```

3.259 $\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2277
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2277
Rubi [F]	2278
Maple [F]	2279
Fricas [F(-1)]	2279
Sympy [F]	2279
Maxima [F]	2280
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2280
Mupad [F(-1)]	2281
Reduce [F]	2282

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{2x^2} + \frac{3bd\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}} - \frac{3bd\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^2+3/4*b*d*(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)-3/4*b*d*(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2} + 3bd\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}x^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right) - 3bd\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}x^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(2*Sqrt[a]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2) + 3*b*d*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]] - 3*b*d*Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]*x^2*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]])/(Sqrt[a]*x^2)`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2)/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1265 vs. $2(107) = 214$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1265, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.72

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*b*((2*a^(7/2)*c^2*d^9 - 8*a^(5/2)*c^4*d^7 + 10*a^(3/2)*c^6*d^5 - 4*sqrt(a)*c^8*d^3 - 2*(a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*a^(3/2)*c^2*d^3 - (3*a^(5/2)*d^5 - 5*a^(3/2)*c^2*d^3)*(a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 2*(a^3*c*d^7 - 4*a^2*c^3*d^5 + 3*a*c^5*d^3)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 2*(a^3*c*d^7 - 4*a^2*c^3*d^5 + 3*a*c^5*d^3)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) + (a^(7/2)*c^2*d^9 - a^(5/2)*c^4*d^7 - a^(3/2)*c^6*d^5 + sqrt(a)*c^8*d^3)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-(a*c*d^2 - c^3 + sqrt((a*c*d^2 - c^3)^2 + (a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4)*(a*d^2 - c^2)))/(a*d^2 - c^2)))/((a^(7/2)*d^5 - a^3*c*d^4 - 2*a^(5/2)*c^2*d^3 + 2*a^2*c^3*d^2 + a^(3/2)*c^4*d - a*c^5)*sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)) + (2*a^(7/2)*c^2*d^9 - 8*a^(5/2)*c^4*d^7 + 10*a^(3/2)*c^6*d^5 - 4*sqrt(a)*c^8*d^3 - 2*(a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*a^(3/2)*c^2*d^3 - (3*a^(5/2)*d^5 - 5*a^(3/2)*c^2*d^3)*(a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 2*(a^3*c*d^7 - 4*a^2*c^3*d^5 + 3*a*c^5*d^3)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 2*(a^3*c*d^7 - 4*a^2*c^3*d^5 + 3*a*c^5*d^3)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) + (a^(7/2)*c^2*d^9 - a^(5/2)*c^4*d^7 - a^(3/2)*c^6*d^5 + sqrt(a)*c^8*d^3)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-(a*c*d^2 - c^3 - sqrt((a*c*d^2 - c^3)^2 + (a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4)*(a*d^2 - c^2)))/(a*d^2 - c^2)))/((a^(7/2)*d^5 + a^3*c*d^4 - 2*a^(5/2)*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^2 + a^(3/2)*c^4*d - a*c^5)*sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d))

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^3, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 45*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d -
c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d
- c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sq
rt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)
*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2
+ 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 +
2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a**3*b*d*
*7*x**2 + 93*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(
a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt
(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d -
c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
d + c)*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**
2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*
d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a**
2*b*c**2*d**5*x**2 - 60*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x...
```

3.260 $\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result	2283
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2284
Rubi [F]	2284
Maple [F]	2285
Fricas [F(-1)]	2285
Sympy [F]	2285
Maxima [F]	2286
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2286
Mupad [F(-1)]	2287
Reduce [F]	2288

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{3bd\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{16ax^2} - \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{4x^4} - \frac{3b^2\left(\frac{2c}{\sqrt{a}} - d\right) \operatorname{darctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{32a\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}} + \frac{3b^2d\left(\frac{2c}{\sqrt{a}} + d\right) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{32a\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}$$

output

```
-3/16*b*d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/x^2-1/4*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^4-3/32*b^2*(2*c/a^(1/2)-d)*d*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)+3/32*b^2*d*(2*c/a^(1/2)+d)*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \frac{-\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}(3bdx^2\sqrt{a+bx^2}+4a(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}))}{x^4} - \frac{3b^2d(2c+\sqrt{ad})\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}}}{32a^{3/2}} + \dots$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x^5,x]`output `((-2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(3*b*d*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + 4*a*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])))/x^4 - (3*b^2*d*(2*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d] + (3*b^2*d*(2*c - Sqrt[a]*d)*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]])/Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d])/(32*a^(3/2))`**Rubi [F]**

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x^5,x]`output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^5} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^5,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^5,x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2)/x**5,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2)/x**5, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^5, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2664 vs. 2(161) = 322.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2664, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.75

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/32*(((3*a^2*d^7 - 14*a*c^2*d^5 - c^4*d^3)*(a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*
c^4*d)^2*b^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 4*(a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2
*d^3 + a*c^4*d)^2*(2*a*c^2*d^5 + c^4*d^3)*b^3 - (3*a^(9/2)*c*d^11 - 34*a^(
7/2)*c^3*d^9 + 60*a^(5/2)*c^5*d^7 - 30*a^(3/2)*c^7*d^5 + sqrt(a)*c^9*d^3)*
b^3*abs(a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*c^4*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d -
c*d) + 2*(3*a^(9/2)*c*d^11 - 23*a^(7/2)*c^3*d^9 + 39*a^(5/2)*c^5*d^7 - 21
*a^(3/2)*c^7*d^5 + 2*sqrt(a)*c^9*d^3)*b^3*abs(a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*
c^4*d) - 2*(7*a^6*c^4*d^13 - 29*a^5*c^6*d^11 + 46*a^4*c^8*d^9 - 34*a^3*c^1
0*d^7 + 11*a^2*c^12*d^5 - a*c^14*d^3)*b^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d -
c*d) - 2*(3*a^7*c^2*d^15 - 25*a^6*c^4*d^13 + 74*a^5*c^6*d^11 - 106*a^4*c^8
*d^9 + 79*a^3*c^10*d^7 - 29*a^2*c^12*d^5 + 4*a*c^14*d^3)*b^3)*arctan(sqrt(
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-(a^3*c*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^2 + a*c^5 + sqrt((a^
3*c*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^3*d^2 + a*c^5)^2 + (a^4*d^6 - 3*a^3*c^2*d^4 + 3*a^2*c^4*
d^2 - a*c^6)*(a^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2 + a*c^4))))/(a^3*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^2
+ a*c^4)))/((a^6*d^9 - a^(11/2)*c*d^8 - 4*a^5*c^2*d^7 + 4*a^(9/2)*c^3*d^6
+ 6*a^4*c^4*d^5 - 6*a^(7/2)*c^5*d^4 - 4*a^3*c^6*d^3 + 4*a^(5/2)*c^7*d^2 +
a^2*c^8*d - a^(3/2)*c^9)*sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*abs(a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3
+ a*c^4*d)) + ((3*a^2*d^7 - 14*a*c^2*d^5 - c^4*d^3)*(a^3*d^5 - 2*a^2*c^2*d
^3 + a*c^4*d)^2*b^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 4*(a^3*d^5 - 2*
a^2*c^2*d^3 + a*c^4*d)^2*(2*a*c^2*d^5 + c^4*d^3)*b^3 + (3*a^(9/2)*c*d^11...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^5,x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^5, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^5} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^5,x)`

output

```
(7605*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d -
c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d -
c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt
(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*
a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2
+ 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 +
2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a**6*b**2*
d**14*x**4 - 37947*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt
(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sq
rt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a
)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sq
rt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*d + c)*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b
*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2
*a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4
))*a**5*b**2*c**2*d**12*x**4 + 71742*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - ...
```

$$3.261 \quad \int x^2 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal result	2289
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2290
Rubi [F]	2291
Maple [F]	2292
Fricas [F]	2292
Sympy [F]	2292
Maxima [F]	2293
Giac [F]	2293
Mupad [F(-1)]	2293
Reduce [F]	2294

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 455

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \\
 & -\frac{8c(c^2 - 3ad^2)x\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{315bd^2} + \frac{2}{21}cx^3\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \\
 & + \frac{2(c^2 + 7ad^2)x\sqrt{a + bx^2}\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}{105bd} + \frac{2}{9}x^3\left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}\right)^{3/2} \\
 & - \frac{4\sqrt{a}(4c^4 - 15ac^2d^2 - 21a^2d^4)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \mid \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}\right)}{315b^2d^3x\sqrt{\frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}}} \\
 & + \frac{16\sqrt{ac}(c^4 - 4ac^2d^2 + 3a^2d^4)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}\right)}{315b^2d^3x\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-8/315*c*(-3*a*d^2+c^2)*x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b/d^2+2/21*c*x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2/105*(7*a*d^2+c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b/d+2/9*x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)-4/315*a^(1/2)*(-21*a^2*d^4-15*a*c^2*d^2+4*c^4)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^2/d^3/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)+16/315*a^(1/2)*c*(3*a^2*d^4-4*a*c^2*d^2+c^4)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^2/d^3/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 37.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1169, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int x^2 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```

((-4*b*d^2*(8*c^4 - 9*a*c^2*d^2 + 21*a^2*d^4)*x^2)/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] + 2*b*d^2*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(8*c^3 - 6*c^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + c*d^2*(-3*a + 5*b*x^2) + 7*d^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(3*a + 5*b*x^2)) + ((4*I)*(8*c^5 + 8*Sqrt[a]*c^4*d - 9*a*c^3*d^2 - 9*a^(3/2)*c^2*d^3 + 21*a^2*c*d^4 + 21*a^(5/2)*d^5)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d] - ((4*I)*Sqrt[a]*d*(8*c^4 + 2*Sqrt[a]*c^3*d - 9*a*c^2*d^2 + 18*a^(3/2)*c*d^3 + 21*a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d] + (6*c*(8*b*c*d^2*(c^2 - 2*a*d^2)*x^2 + b*d^2*x^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*(-4*c^2 + 3*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + 5*d^2*(a + 3*b*x^2)) - ((8*I)*c*(c^3 + Sqrt[a]*c^2*d - 2*a*c*d^2 - 2*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d] + ((2*I)*Sqrt[a]*d*(4*c^3 + Sqrt[a]*c^2*d - ...

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int x^2 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```


Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d*x^2 + c*x^2)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*(3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a**2*d**3*x + 7*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*b*d**3*x**3 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*c**2*d*x - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c**2*d*x**3 + 245*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**
6)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x
**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4
*x**2),x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**6 - 280*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**6)/(
7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4
- 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**
2),x)*a*b**3*c**3*d**4 + 80*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**6)/(7*a**
3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15
*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)
*b**3*c**5*d**2 + 476*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4
+ 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c
**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a**3*
b**2*c*d**6 - 769*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 1
4*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*
d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a**2*b**2
*c**3*d**4 + 410*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14
*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**...
```

3.262 $\int \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2295
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2296
Rubi [F]	2297
Maple [F]	2297
Fricas [F]	2298
Sympy [F]	2298
Maxima [F]	2298
Giac [F]	2299
Mupad [F(-1)]	2299
Reduce [F]	2299

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 335

$$\int \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2}{5}cx\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + \frac{2}{5}x\left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}(c^2 + 3ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{5bdx\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{ac}(c^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{5bdx\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}}$$

output

```
2/5*c*x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2/5*x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)-2/5*
a^(1/2)*(3*a*d^2+c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*Ellipti
cE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(
1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b/d/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)+2/5*a^(1
/2)*c*(-a*d^2+c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(
1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(
1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b/d/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 950, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.84

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \frac{-2bd^2\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}(2c^2 - 9ad^2)x^2 + 2bd^2\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}x^2(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})(c + 3d\sqrt{a + bx^2})}{(15*b*d^2*\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{a*d}}*x*\sqrt{c + d*\sqrt{a + b*x^2}}) \dots}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*b*d^2*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*(2*c^2 - 9*a*d^2)*x^2 + 2*b*d^2*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*(c + 3*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + (2*I)*(2*c^3 + 2*Sqrt[a]*c^2*d - 9*a*c*d^2 - 9*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + (2*I)*Sqrt[a]*d*(-2*c^2 + 7*Sqrt[a]*c*d + 9*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + 5*c*(2*b*d^2*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x^2*(2*c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - (2*I)*c*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + (2*I)*Sqrt[a]*d*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)))/(15*b*d^2*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]...`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \int (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output

```

(4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d*x + 49*int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*
d + c)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d
**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*
c**4*x**2),x)*a**4*c*d**6 - 105*int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(7*a**3*d
**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*
b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a*
*3*c**3*d**4 + 72*int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*
b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x*
*2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a**2*c**5*d**2 -
16*int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 -
11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4
- 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a*c**7 + 63*int((sqrt(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d*
**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d
**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**6 - 71*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x*
**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 +
7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x
**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**4 + 20*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d
+ c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*...

```

3.263 $\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2301
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2302
Rubi [F]	2302
Maple [F]	2303
Fricas [F]	2303
Sympy [F]	2304
Maxima [F]	2304
Giac [F]	2304
Mupad [F(-1)]	2305
Reduce [F]	2305

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x} - \frac{3\sqrt{ad}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}}$$

output

```
-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x-3*a^(1/2)*d*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 34.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}(c^2 + d^2(a - 2bx^2) + 2cd\sqrt{a + bx^2}) - 3i(c + \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a}})}{c+d\sqrt{a}}}}{x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*(c^2 + d^2*(a - 2*b*x^2) + 2*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))
- (3*I)*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt
[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])
]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/S
qrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d) + (3*I)*(c +
Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])
]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt
[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqr
t[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)]/(Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x*
Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x^2,x]
```

output \$Aborted

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^2,x)

output int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^2,x)

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")

output integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^2, x)

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} d + ca} d^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} d + ca} c^2 + \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx \right) (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^2}{-4\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} d + ca} d^2 + 2\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} d + ca} c^2 + \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx \right) (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^2}$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**2 + 2*sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2 + int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)
/(a**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**4 - a*c**2*x**2 + b**2*d**2*x**6 - b*c**2
*x**4),x)*a**3*c*d**3*x - int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a**2*d**2*x**2
+ 2*a*b*d**2*x**4 - a*c**2*x**2 + b**2*d**2*x**6 - b*c**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c
**3*d*x - int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**2)/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*
x**2 - a*c**2 + b**2*d**2*x**4 - b*c**2*x**2),x)*a*b**2*c*d**3*x + int((sq
rt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**2)/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**2 - a*c**2 + b
**2*d**2*x**4 - b*c**2*x**2),x)*b**2*c**3*d*x + 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sq
rt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**2)/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**2 - a*c**2 + b
**2*d**2*x**4 - b*c**2*x**2),x)*a*b**2*d**4*x - int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt
(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**2)/(a**2*d**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**2 - a*c**2 + b**
2*d**2*x**4 - b*c**2*x**2),x)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x - 3*int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*s
qrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c))/(a**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**4 - a*c**2*x*
*2 + b**2*d**2*x**6 - b*c**2*x**4),x)*a**3*d**4*x + 5*int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)
)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c))/(a**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**4 - a*c**2
*x**2 + b**2*d**2*x**6 - b*c**2*x**4),x)*a**2*c**2*d**2*x - 2*int((sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c))/(a**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**2*x**4
- a*c**2*x**2 + b**2*d**2*x**6 - b*c**2*x**4),x)*a*c**4*x)/(a*d*x)
```

3.264 $\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2307
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2308
Rubi [F]	2308
Maple [F]	2309
Fricas [F]	2309
Sympy [F]	2310
Maxima [F]	2310
Giac [F]	2310
Mupad [F(-1)]	2311
Reduce [F]	2311

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 326

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{bd\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{2ax} - \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{3x^3} - \frac{bd\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}} + \frac{bcd\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```
-1/2*b*d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/x-1/3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^3-1/2*b*d*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)+1/2*b*c*d*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```


Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 35.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 485, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}(2a^2d^2 + 3bcdx^2\sqrt{a + bx^2} + a(2c^2 + 5bd^2x^2 + 4cd\sqrt{a + bx^2}))}{x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(-(Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*(2*a^2*d^2 + 3*b*c*d*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + a*(2*c^2 + 5*b*d^2*x^2 + 4*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))) - (3*I)*b*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)*x^2*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + (3*I)*Sqrt[a]*b*d*x^2*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d))/(6*a*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x^3*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x^4,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^4,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2)/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2)/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^4, x)`output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^4, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^4, x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*d + 3*int(sqrt(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + c)/(9*a**4*d**6*x**2 + 18*a**3*b*d**6*x**4 - 22*a**3*c**2*d*
*4*x**2 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**6 - 35*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 17*a**2*c**4*
d**2*x**2 - 13*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**6 + 21*a*b*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 4*a*c**6*x*
*2 + 4*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**6 - 4*b*c**6*x**4),x)*a**3*b*c*d**6*x**3 - 5*int(
sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(9*a**4*d**6*x**2 + 18*a**3*b*d**6*x**4 - 22*
a**3*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**6 - 35*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 1
7*a**2*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 13*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**6 + 21*a*b*c**4*d**2*x**4 -
4*a*c**6*x**2 + 4*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**6 - 4*b*c**6*x**4),x)*a**2*b*c**3*d**
4*x**3 + 2*int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(9*a**4*d**6*x**2 + 18*a**3*b*
d**6*x**4 - 22*a**3*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**6 - 35*a**2*b*c**
2*d**4*x**4 + 17*a**2*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 13*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**6 + 21*a*b*c
**4*d**2*x**4 - 4*a*c**6*x**2 + 4*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**6 - 4*b*c**6*x**4),x)*
a*b*c**5*d**2*x**3 + 3*int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(9*a**4*d**6 + 18*
a**3*b*d**6*x**2 - 22*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 - 35*a**2*b*c
**2*d**4*x**2 + 17*a**2*c**4*d**2 - 13*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 21*a*b*c**4
*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c**6 + 4*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c**6*x**2),x)*a**2*b**
2*c*d**6*x**3 - 5*int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(9*a**4*d**6 + 18*a**3*
b*d**6*x**2 - 22*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 - 35*a**2*b*c**2*d
**4*x**2 + 17*a**2*c**4*d**2 - 13*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 21*a*b*c**4*d...
```

3.265 $\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	2313
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2314
Rubi [F]	2315
Maple [F]	2315
Fricas [F]	2316
Sympy [F]	2316
Maxima [F]	2316
Giac [F]	2317
Mupad [F(-1)]	2317
Reduce [F]	2317

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 429

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{bd\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{10ax^3} - \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{5x^5} - \frac{b^2d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}(acd - (4c^2 - 3ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2})}{20a^2(c^2 - ad^2)x} + \frac{b^2d(4c^2 - 3ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{20a^{3/2}(c^2 - ad^2)x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}} - \frac{b^2cd\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{5a^{3/2}x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```
-1/10*b*d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/x^3-1/5*(c+d*(b*x^
2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^5-1/20*b^2*d*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(a*c*d-(-3*a*
d^2+4*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/a^2/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x+1/20*b^2*d*(-3*a*d^2+4*c^2)
*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(
1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(3/
2)/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)-1/5*b^2*c*d*
(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2
*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d
))^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 38.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 559, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}(-c + \sqrt{ad})(4a^3d^2 - 4b^2cdx^4\sqrt{a + bx^2} + abdx^2(-bdx^2 + 2c\sqrt{a + bx^2}))}{x^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x^6,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*(-c + Sqrt[a]*d)*(4*a^3*d^2 - 4*b^2*c*d*x^4*Sqrt[a +
b*x^2] + a*b*d*x^2*(-(b*d*x^2) + 2*c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) + a^2*(4*c^2 + 6*b*
d^2*x^2 + 8*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])) - I*b^2*(-4*c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*x^4*Sqrt[(d*(
-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + S
qrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*El
lipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c -
Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[a]*b^2*d*(-4*c + 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*x^4*Sqr
t[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[
a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3
/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]],
(c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)]/(20*a^2*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*(c - Sqrt[
a]*d)*x^5*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)/x^6, x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^6, x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^6, x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^6, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2)/x**6,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2)/x**6, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^6, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/x^6, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^6,x)`

output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^6, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}{x^6} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/x^6,x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*d + 3*int(sqrt(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + c)/(17*a**4*d**6*x**4 + 34*a**3*b*d**6*x**6 - 42*a**3*c**2*d
**4*x**4 + 17*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**8 - 67*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**6 + 33*a**2*c**
4*d**2*x**4 - 25*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**8 + 41*a*b*c**4*d**2*x**6 - 8*a*c**6*x
**4 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**8 - 8*b*c**6*x**6),x)*a**3*b*c*d**6*x**5 - 5*in
t(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(17*a**4*d**6*x**4 + 34*a**3*b*d**6*x**6 -
42*a**3*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 17*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**8 - 67*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**6
+ 33*a**2*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 25*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**8 + 41*a*b*c**4*d**2*x**
*6 - 8*a*c**6*x**4 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**8 - 8*b*c**6*x**6),x)*a**2*b*c**3
*d**4*x**5 + 2*int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(17*a**4*d**6*x**4 + 34*a
**3*b*d**6*x**6 - 42*a**3*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 17*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**8 - 67*a**2
*b*c**2*d**4*x**6 + 33*a**2*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 25*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**8 + 41
*a*b*c**4*d**2*x**6 - 8*a*c**6*x**4 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**8 - 8*b*c**6*x**
6),x)*a*b*c**5*d**2*x**5 + 3*int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(17*a**4*d**
6*x**2 + 34*a**3*b*d**6*x**4 - 42*a**3*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 17*a**2*b**2*d**6*
x**6 - 67*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 33*a**2*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 25*a*b**2*c**2*
d**4*x**6 + 41*a*b*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 8*a*c**6*x**2 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**6
- 8*b*c**6*x**4),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**6*x**5 - 5*int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d
+ c)/(17*a**4*d**6*x**2 + 34*a**3*b*d**6*x**4 - 42*a**3*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 1
7*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**6 - 67*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 33*a**2*c**4*d**2*x**...
```

3.266 $\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2319
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2319
Rubi [A] (verified)	2320
Maple [C] (verified)	2320
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2321
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2321
Maxima [F]	2322
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2322
Mupad [F(-1)]	2323
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2323

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = -\frac{2x^3}{3(1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2})^{3/2}} + \frac{2x}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}}}$$

output `-2/3*x^3/(1+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))^(3/2)+2*x/(1+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \frac{2x(2 + \sqrt{1 - x^2})}{3\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]],x]`

output `(2*x*(2 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]))/(3*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$, Rules used = {2554}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{1-x^2}+1} dx$$

↓ 2554

$$\frac{2x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{1-x^2}+1}} - \frac{2x^3}{3(\sqrt{1-x^2}+1)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]],x]`

output `(-2*x^3)/(3*(1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2])^(3/2)) + (2*x)/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 - x^2]]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2554 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*b^2*d*(x^3/(3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])^(3/2))), x] + Simp[2*a*(x/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2*c, 0]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 3 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result	size
meijerg	$i \left(\frac{32i\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} x^3 \cos\left(\frac{3 \arcsin(x)}{2}\right)}{3} - \frac{8i\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{4}{3}x^4 + \frac{2}{3}x^2 + \frac{2}{3}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3 \arcsin(x)}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{-x^2+1}} \right)$	60

input `int((-x^2+1)^(1/2)+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{8}i\pi^{1/2}*(32/3*i\pi^{1/2}*2^{1/2}*x^3*\cos(3/2*\arcsin(x))-8*i\pi^{1/2})*2^{1/2}*(-4/3*x^4+2/3*x^2+2/3)*\sin(3/2*\arcsin(x))/(-x^2+1)^{1/2}$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \frac{2(x^2 - \sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + 1)\sqrt{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + 1}}{3x}$$

input `integrate((1+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $2/3*(x^2 - \sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + 1)*\sqrt{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + 1}/x$

Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.22

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{\sqrt{2}ix^3\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{12\pi\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{i\sqrt{x^2-1}+1}-12i\pi\sqrt{i\sqrt{x^2-1}+1}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{x^2-1}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{12\pi\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{i\sqrt{x^2-1}+1}-12i\pi\sqrt{i\sqrt{x^2-1}+1}} + \frac{3\sqrt{2}ix\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{12\pi\sqrt{x^2-1}\sqrt{i\sqrt{x^2-1}+1}-12i\pi\sqrt{i\sqrt{x^2-1}+1}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}x^3\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{12\pi\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{1-x^2}+1}+12\pi\sqrt{\sqrt{1-x^2}+1}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{1-x^2}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{12\pi\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{1-x^2}+1}+12\pi\sqrt{\sqrt{1-x^2}+1}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}x\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{12\pi\sqrt{1-x^2}\sqrt{\sqrt{1-x^2}+1}+12\pi\sqrt{\sqrt{1-x^2}+1}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate((1+(-x**2+1)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-sqrt(2)*I*x**3*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(x**2 - 1)*sqrt(I*sqrt(x**2 - 1) + 1) - 12*I*pi*sqrt(I*sqrt(x**2 - 1) + 1)) - 3*sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(x**2 - 1)*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(x**2 - 1)*sqrt(I*sqrt(x**2 - 1) + 1) - 12*I*pi*sqrt(I*sqrt(x**2 - 1) + 1)) + 3*sqrt(2)*I*x*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(x**2 - 1)*sqrt(I*sqrt(x**2 - 1) + 1) - 12*I*pi*sqrt(I*sqrt(x**2 - 1) + 1)), Abs(x**2) > 1), (sqrt(2)*x**3*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(1 - x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(1 - x**2) + 1) + 12*pi*sqrt(sqrt(1 - x**2) + 1)) - 3*sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(1 - x**2)*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(1 - x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(1 - x**2) + 1) + 12*pi*sqrt(sqrt(1 - x**2) + 1)) - 3*sqrt(2)*x*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(1 - x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(1 - x**2) + 1) + 12*pi*sqrt(sqrt(1 - x**2) + 1)), True))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1} + 1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((1+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(sqrt(-x^2 + 1) + 1), x)
```

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \frac{2}{3}(x + 1)\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{3}(x - 1)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}}$$

input

```
integrate((1+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/3*(x + 1)*sqrt(1/2*x + 1/2) + 2/3*(x - 1)*sqrt(-1/2*x + 1/2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{1 - x^2} + 1} dx$$

input `int(((1 - x^2)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2), x)`output `int(((1 - x^2)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx = \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{1-x}x}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}x}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}}{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

input `int((1+(-x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `(2*(sqrt(-x + 1)*x - sqrt(-x + 1) + sqrt(x + 1)*x + sqrt(x + 1)))/(3*sqrt(2))`

3.267 $\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2324
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2324
Rubi [A] (verified)	2325
Maple [C] (verified)	2325
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2326
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2326
Maxima [F]	2327
Giac [F]	2327
Mupad [F(-1)]	2328
Reduce [F]	2328

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = \frac{2x}{3\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}}} + \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}}$$

output `2/3*x/(1+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2/3*x*(1+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = \frac{2x(2 + \sqrt{1 + x^2})}{3\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x^2]],x]`

output `(2*x*(2 + Sqrt[1 + x^2]))/(3*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x^2]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2554}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1} dx$$

↓ 2554

$$\frac{2x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1}} + \frac{2x^3}{3(\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x^2]],x]`

output `(2*x^3)/(3*(1 + Sqrt[1 + x^2])^(3/2)) + (2*x)/Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[1 + x^2]]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2554 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*b^2*d*(x^3/(3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])^(3/2))), x] + Simp[2*a*(x/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2*c, 0]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 3 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{32\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}x^3 \cosh\left(\frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{2}\right) - 8\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\left(-\frac{4}{3}x^4 - \frac{2}{3}x^2 + \frac{2}{3}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}{2}\right)}{3\sqrt{x^2+1}} - \frac{8\sqrt{\pi}}{3}$	55

input `int((1+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8/Pi^(1/2)*(-32/3*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*x^3*cosh(3/2*arcsinh(x))-8*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-4/3*x^4-2/3*x^2+2/3)*sinh(3/2*arcsinh(x)))/(x^2+1)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = \frac{2(x^2 + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} - 1)\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1}}{3x}$$

input `integrate((1+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(x^2 + sqrt(x^2 + 1) - 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x^2 + 1) + 1)/x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 197 vs. 2(36) = 72.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.80

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}x^3\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{12\pi\sqrt{x^2 + 1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1} + 12\pi\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{x^2 + 1}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{12\pi\sqrt{x^2 + 1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1} + 12\pi\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1}} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}x\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{12\pi\sqrt{x^2 + 1}\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1} + 12\pi\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1}}$$

input `integrate((1+(x**2+1)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output

```
-sqrt(2)*x**3*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(x**2 + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x**2
+ 1) + 1) + 12*pi*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + 1)) - 3*sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(x**2 + 1)*g
amma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(x**2 + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + 1) + 12*
pi*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + 1)) - 3*sqrt(2)*x*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*s
qrt(x**2 + 1)*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + 1) + 12*pi*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + 1))
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((1+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(sqrt(x^2 + 1) + 1), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((1+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(sqrt(x^2 + 1) + 1), x)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1} dx$$

input `int(((x^2 + 1)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `int(((x^2 + 1)^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + 1} dx$$

input `int((1+(x^2+1)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 1) + 1),x)`

3.268 $\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	2329
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2329
Rubi [A] (verified)	2330
Maple [C] (verified)	2330
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2331
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2331
Maxima [F]	2332
Giac [F]	2332
Mupad [F(-1)]	2333
Reduce [F]	2333

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx = \frac{10x}{3\sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}}} + \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}}$$

output $10/3*x/(5+(x^2+25)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+2/3*x*(5+(x^2+25)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx = \frac{2x(10 + \sqrt{25 + x^2})}{3\sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[5 + Sqrt[25 + x^2]], x]`

output $(2*x*(10 + Sqrt[25 + x^2]))/(3*Sqrt[5 + Sqrt[25 + x^2]])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$, Rules used = {2554}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5} dx$$

↓ 2554

$$\frac{10x}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5}} + \frac{2x^3}{3(\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[5 + Sqrt[25 + x^2]],x]`

output `(2*x^3)/(3*(5 + Sqrt[25 + x^2])^(3/2)) + (10*x)/Sqrt[5 + Sqrt[25 + x^2]]`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2554 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[2*b^2*d*(x^3/(3*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])^(3/2))), x] + Simp[2*a*(x/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && EqQ[a^2 - b^2*c, 0]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 3 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{5\sqrt{5} \left(-\frac{32\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}x^3 \cosh\left(\frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{5}\right)}{2}\right)}{375} - \frac{8\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{4}{1875}x^4 - \frac{2}{75}x^2 + \frac{2}{3}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{5}\right)}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{25}+1}} \right)}{8\sqrt{\pi}}$	64

input `int((5+(x^2+25)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-5/8*5^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(-32/375*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*x^3*cosh(3/2*arcsinh(1/5*x)))-8*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(-4/1875*x^4-2/75*x^2+2/3)*sinh(3/2*arcsinh(1/5*x))/(1/25*x^2+1)^(1/2)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx = \frac{2(x^2 + 5\sqrt{x^2 + 25} - 25)\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5}}{3x}$$

input `integrate((5+(x^2+25)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(x^2 + 5*sqrt(x^2 + 25) - 25)*sqrt(sqrt(x^2 + 25) + 5)/x`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 197 vs. 2(36) = 72.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.80

$$\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2}x^3\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}{12\pi\sqrt{x^2 + 25}\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5} + 60\pi\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5}} - \frac{15\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{x^2 + 25}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}{12\pi\sqrt{x^2 + 25}\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5} + 60\pi\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5}} - \frac{75\sqrt{2}x\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)}{12\pi\sqrt{x^2 + 25}\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5} + 60\pi\sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5}}$$

input `integrate((5+(x**2+25)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `-sqrt(2)*x**3*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(x**2 + 25)*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 25) + 5) + 60*pi*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 25) + 5)) - 15*sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(x**2 + 25)*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(x**2 + 25)*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 25) + 5) + 60*pi*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 25) + 5)) - 75*sqrt(2)*x*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(12*pi*sqrt(x**2 + 25)*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 25) + 5) + 60*pi*sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 25) + 5))`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5} dx$$

input `integrate((5+(x^2+25)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(x^2 + 25) + 5), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5} dx$$

input `integrate((5+(x^2+25)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(x^2 + 25) + 5), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5} dx$$

input `int(((x^2 + 25)^(1/2) + 5)^(1/2), x)`output `int(((x^2 + 25)^(1/2) + 5)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{5 + \sqrt{25 + x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x^2 + 25} + 5} dx$$

input `int((5+(x^2+25)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(sqrt(x**2 + 25) + 5), x)`

$$3.269 \quad \int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2334
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2334
Rubi [A] (verified)	2335
Maple [F]	2336
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2336
Sympy [F]	2336
Maxima [F]	2337
Giac [F]	2337
Mupad [F(-1)]	2337
Reduce [F]	2338

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2ax}{3\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}}} + \frac{2}{3}x\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}}$$

output

```
2/3*a*x/(a+b*(a^2/b^2+c*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2/3*x*(a+b*(a^2/b^2+c*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} \left(-a^2 + b^2cx^2 + ab\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2} \right)}{3b^2cx}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[a^2/b^2 + c*x^2]],x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{a^2/b^2 + cx^2}})(-a^2 + b^2cx^2 + a b\sqrt{a^2/b^2 + cx^2})}{3b^2cx}$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.040$, Rules used = {2554}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2} + a} dx$$

↓ 2554

$$\frac{2ax}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2} + a}} + \frac{2b^2cx^3}{3\left(b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2} + a\right)^{3/2}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b\text{Sqrt}[a^2/b^2 + c*x^2]], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2b^2cx^3)}{3(a + b\sqrt{a^2/b^2 + cx^2})^{3/2}} + \frac{(2ax)}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{a^2/b^2 + cx^2}}}$$
Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2554

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*\text{Sqrt}[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2*b^2*d*(x^3/(3*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2])^{3/2}))], x] + \text{Simp}[2*a*(x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^2]]), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[a^2 - b^2*c, 0]$$

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(a^2/b^2+c*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*(a^2/b^2+c*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(b^2 cx^2 + ab\sqrt{\frac{b^2 cx^2 + a^2}{b^2} - a^2} \right) \sqrt{b\sqrt{\frac{b^2 cx^2 + a^2}{b^2} + a}}}{3 b^2 cx}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(a^2/b^2+c*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(b^2*c*x^2 + a*b*sqrt((b^2*c*x^2 + a^2)/b^2) - a^2)*sqrt(b*sqrt((b^2*c*x^2 + a^2)/b^2) + a)/(b^2*c*x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(a**2/b**2+c*x**2)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*sqrt(a**2/b**2 + c*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{cx^2 + \frac{a^2}{b^2}}b + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(a^2/b^2+c*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(c*x^2 + a^2/b^2)*b + a), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{cx^2 + \frac{a^2}{b^2}}b + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(a^2/b^2+c*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(sqrt(c*x^2 + a^2/b^2)*b + a), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{cx^2 + \frac{a^2}{b^2}}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c*x^2 + a^2/b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c*x^2 + a^2/b^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{\frac{a^2}{b^2} + cx^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{b^2cx^2 + a^2} + a} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(a^2/b^2+c*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sqrt(a**2 + b**2*c*x**2) + a),x)`

3.270 $\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	2339
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2340
Rubi [A] (verified)	2340
Maple [F]	2342
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2342
Sympy [F]	2343
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2343
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2344
Mupad [F(-1)]	2344
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2345

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = -\frac{2c(c^2 - ad^2)^2 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{b^3 d^6} + \frac{2(5c^4 - 6ac^2 d^2 + a^2 d^4) (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{3b^3 d^6} - \frac{4c(5c^2 - 3ad^2) (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{5/2}}{5b^3 d^6} + \frac{4(5c^2 - ad^2) (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{7/2}}{7b^3 d^6} - \frac{10c(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{9/2}}{9b^3 d^6} + \frac{2(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{11/2}}{11b^3 d^6}$$

output

```
-2*c*(-a*d^2+c^2)^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^3/d^6+2/3*(a^2*d^4-6*a*c^2*d^2+5*c^4)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^3/d^6-4/5*c*(-3*a*d^2+5*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^3/d^6+4/7*(-a*d^2+5*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^3/d^6-10/9*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^3/d^6+2/11*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(11/2)/b^3/d^6
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}(-1280c^5 + 96c^3d^2(28a - 5bx^2) + 640c^4d\sqrt{a + bx^2} - 16c^2d^3(74a - 25bx^2)\sqrt{a + bx^2} - 15d^5\sqrt{a + bx^2}(32a^2 - 24abx^2 + 21b^2x^4) - 2cd^4(736a^2 - 244abx^2 + 175b^2x^4))}{3465b^3d^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^5/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-1280*c^5 + 96*c^3*d^2*(28*a - 5*b*x^2) +
640*c^4*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] - 16*c^2*d^3*(74*a - 25*b*x^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] +
15*d^5*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(32*a^2 - 24*a*b*x^2 + 21*b^2*x^4) - 2*c*d^4*(736*
a^2 - 244*a*b*x^2 + 175*b^2*x^4)))/(3465*b^3*d^6)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7283$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{b^2 x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} d(bx^2 + a)}{2b^3}$$

$$\downarrow 1732$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}(a-x^4)^2}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^3}$$

↓ 522

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{9/2}}{d^5} - \frac{5c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{7/2}}{d^5} - \frac{2(ad^2-5c^2)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{5/2}}{d^5} - \frac{2(5c^3-3acd^2)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}}{d^5} + \frac{(5c^4-6ad^2c^2+a^2c^2)}{d^6} \right)}{b^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2(a^2d^4-6ac^2d^2+5c^4)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{3/2}}{3d^6} + \frac{4(5c^2-ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{7/2}}{7d^6} - \frac{4c(5c^2-3ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{5/2}}{5d^6} - \frac{2c(c^2-ad^2)^2\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}}}{d^6}$$

input `Int[x^5/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]], x]`

output `((-2*c*(c^2 - a*d^2)^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d^6 + (2*(5*c^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2))/(3*d^6) - (4*c*(5*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(5/2))/(5*d^6) + (4*(5*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(7/2))/(7*d^6) - (10*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(9/2))/(9*d^6) + (2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(11/2))/(11*d^6))/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicFunctionQ[u, x])]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \frac{2(350b^2cd^4x^4 + 1472a^2cd^4 - 2688ac^3d^2 + 1280c^5 - 8(61abcd^4 - 60bc^3d^2)x^2 - (315b^2d^5x^4 + 480ad^5))\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} + 3465b^3d^6}{3465b^3d^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2/3465*(350*b^2*c*d^4*x^4 + 1472*a^2*c*d^4 - 2688*a*c^3*d^2 + 1280*c^5 -
8*(61*a*b*c*d^4 - 60*b*c^3*d^2)*x^2 - (315*b^2*d^5*x^4 + 480*a^2*d^5 - 118
4*a*c^2*d^3 + 640*c^4*d - 40*(9*a*b*d^5 - 10*b*c^2*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 +
a))*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^3*d^6)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**5/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**5/sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(315 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{\frac{11}{2}} - 1925 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{\frac{9}{2}} c - 990 (ad^2 - 5c^2) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{\frac{7}{2}} + 1386 (3acd^2 - 5c^3) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1155 (a^2d^4 - 6ac^2d^2 + 5c^4) (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3465 (a^2cd^4 - 2ac^3d^2 + c^5) \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c}} \right)}{b^3d^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/3465*(315*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(11/2) - 1925*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(
9/2)*c - 990*(a*d^2 - 5*c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2) + 1386*(3*a*c*
d^2 - 5*c^3)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2) + 1155*(a^2*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2 +
5*c^4)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2) - 3465*(a^2*c*d^4 - 2*a*c^3*d^2 + c^
5)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c))/(b^3*d^6)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 514 vs. $2(200) = 400$.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 514, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(1155 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 d^4 \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd) - 3465 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c} a^2 c d^4 \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd) \right)}{b^3 d^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3465*(1155*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a^2*d^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 3465*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a^2*c*d^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 990*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*a*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 4158*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*a*c*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 6930*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a*c^2*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 6930*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*c^3*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 315*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(11/2)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 1925*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2)*c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 4950*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*c^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 6930*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*c^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 5775*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 3465*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))/(b^3*d^6)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^5/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bd x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b} x} \left(-1472\sqrt{bx^2 + a} a^2 c d^4 + \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x +
a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*( - 480*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*a**2*d**5*x + 360*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*d**5*x**3 + 1184*
sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**2*d**3*x - 315*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2
*d**5*x**5 - 400*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**2*d**3*x**3 - 640*sqrt(b)*s
qrt(a + b*x**2)*c**4*d*x - 1472*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*c*d**4 + 488*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**4*x**2 + 2688*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**3*d**2 - 350*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*b**2*c*d**4*x**4 - 480*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 1280
*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**5 + 1472*sqrt(b)*a**2*c*d**4*x - 488*sqrt(b)*a*b*c*d*
**4*x**3 - 2688*sqrt(b)*a*c**3*d**2*x + 350*sqrt(b)*b**2*c*d**4*x**5 + 480*
sqrt(b)*b*c**3*d**2*x**3 + 1280*sqrt(b)*c**5*x + 480*a**3*d**5 + 120*a**2*
b*d**5*x**2 - 1184*a**2*c**2*d**3 - 45*a*b**2*d**5*x**4 - 784*a*b*c**2*d**
3*x**2 + 640*a*c**4*d + 315*b**3*d**5*x**6 + 400*b**2*c**2*d**3*x**4 + 640
*b*c**4*d*x**2))/(3465*a*b**3*d**6)
```

3.271 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	2346
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2347
Rubi [A] (verified)	2347
Maple [F]	2349
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2350
Sympy [F]	2350
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2350
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2351
Mupad [F(-1)]	2351
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2352

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = -\frac{2c(c^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{b^2d^4} + \frac{2(3c^2 - ad^2) (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{3b^2d^4} - \frac{6c(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{5/2}}{5b^2d^4} + \frac{2(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{7/2}}{7b^2d^4}$$

output

```
-2*c*(-a*d^2+c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^2/d^4+2/3*(-a*d^2+3*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^2/d^4-6/5*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^2/d^4+2/7*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^2/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}(-48c^3 + 2cd^2(26a - 9bx^2) + 24c^2d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + 5d^3\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-4a + 3bx^2))}{105b^2d^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-48*c^3 + 2*c*d^2*(26*a - 9*b*x^2) + 24*c^2*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + 5*d^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-4*a + 3*b*x^2)))/(105*b^2*d^4)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7283$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{bx^2}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} d(bx^2 + a)}{2b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\int -\frac{bx^2}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}d(bx^2+a)}{2b^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1732 \\
& -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}(a-x^4)}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 522 \\
& -\frac{\int \left(-\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{5/2}}{d^3} + \frac{3c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}}{d^3} + \frac{(ad^2-3c^2)\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d^3} + \frac{c^3-acd^2}{d^3\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} \right) d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& -\frac{\frac{2(3c^2-ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{3/2}}{3d^4} + \frac{2c(c^2-ad^2)\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}}}{d^4} - \frac{2(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{7/2}}{7d^4} + \frac{6c(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{5/2}}{5d^4}}{b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `-(((2*c*(c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d^4 - (2*(3*c^2 - a*d^2)*
(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2))/(3*d^4) + (6*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(5/2))/
(5*d^4) - (2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(7/2))/(7*d^4))/b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicFunctionQ[u, x])`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \frac{2(18bcd^2x^2 - 52acd^2 + 48c^3 - (15bd^3x^2 - 20ad^3 + 24c^2d)\sqrt{bx^2 + a})\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}}{105b^2d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2/105*(18*b*c*d^2*x^2 - 52*a*c*d^2 + 48*c^3 - (15*b*d^3*x^2 - 20*a*d^3 + 24*c^2*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^2*d^4)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x**3/sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \frac{2(15(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 63(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{5}{2}}c - 35(ad^2 - 3c^2)(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105(acd^2 - c^3)\sqrt{bx^2 + ad})}{105b^2d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/105*(15*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2) - 63*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)
*c - 35*(a*d^2 - 3*c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2) + 105*(a*c*d^2 - c^3
)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c))/(b^2*d^4)
```

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 253 vs. 2(117) = 234.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(35 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c) \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} ad^2 \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd) - 105 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cad^2} \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd)}{b^2 d^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-2/105*(35*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)
*d - c*d) - 105*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*c*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d
+ c)*d - c*d) - 15*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)*d - c*d) + 63*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)*d - c*d) - 105*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*
d + c)*d - c*d) + 105*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
*d + c)*d - c*d))/(b^2*d^4)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2+a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2+a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bdx^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a} + \sqrt{b}x} \left(20\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2+a} a d^3 x - 1\right)}{105 a^2 b^2 d^4}$$

input `int(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x + a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*(20*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*d**3*x - 15*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*d**3*x**3 - 24*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**2*d*x + 52*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c*d**2 - 18*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 48*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**3 - 52*sqrt(b)*a*c*d**2*x + 18*sqrt(b)*b*c*d**2*x**3 + 48*sqrt(b)*c**3*x - 20*a**2*d**3 - 5*a*b*d**3*x**2 + 24*a*c**2*d + 15*b**2*d**3*x**4 + 24*b*c**2*d*x**2))/(105*a*b**2*d**4)`

3.272 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	2353
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2353
Rubi [A] (verified)	2354
Maple [A] (verified)	2355
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2356
Sympy [F]	2356
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2356
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2357
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2357
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2358

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = -\frac{2c\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{bd^2} + \frac{2(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{3bd^2}$$

output

$$-2*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b/d^2+2/3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b/d^2$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = \frac{2(-2c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{3bd^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]
```

output

$$(2*(-2*c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/(3*b*d^2)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2024 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && PolyQ[Qr, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{2c\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{bd^2}$	45
default	$\frac{2(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{2c\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{bd^2}$	45

input `int(x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b/d^2*(1/3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)-c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} - 2c)}{3bd^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d - 2*c)/(b*d^2)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x/sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{(\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c}}}{d^2}\right)}{3b}$$

input `integrate(x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)/d^2 - 3*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c/d^2)/b`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \frac{2 \left((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} d - 3 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c} d \right) \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)d - cd)}{3bd^3}$$

input `integrate(x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*d - 3*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d)/(b*d^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \frac{(bx^2 + a) \sqrt{\frac{d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c} + 1} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2; 3; -\frac{d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c}\right)}{2b \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}$$

input `int(x/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `((a + b*x^2)*((d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/c + 1)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 2], 3, -(d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/c))/(2*b*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2))`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bd x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b} x} \left(-\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx - 2\sqrt{b} \right)}{3abd^2}$$

input

```
int(x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x +
a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*( - sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*
x**2)*d*x - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + 2*sqrt(b)*c*x + a*d + b*d*x**2)/(3*a*b
*d**2)
```

3.273 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	2359
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2359
Rubi [A] (verified)	2360
Maple [F]	2362
Fricas [F(-1)]	2363
Sympy [F]	2363
Maxima [F]	2363
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2364
Mupad [F(-1)]	2364
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2365

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = -\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}$$

output

```
-arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)-arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]), x]
```

output

$$\text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]]/\text{Sqrt}[-c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d]]/\text{Sqrt}[-c - \text{Sqrt}[a]*d] + \text{ArcTan}[\text{Sqrt}[c + d\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2]]/\text{Sqrt}[-c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d]]/\text{Sqrt}[-c + \text{Sqrt}[a]*d]$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.391$, Rules used = {7282, 896, 25, 1732, 561, 25, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{7282} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{bx^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} d(bx^2+a) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1}{bx^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} d(bx^2+a) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\ & - \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(a-x^4)\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} d\sqrt{bx^2+a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{561} \\ & \frac{2 \int -\frac{c-x^4}{d\left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \int \frac{c-x^4}{d\left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& 2 \int \frac{c-x^4}{-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}} d\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
& 2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{c-\sqrt{ad}}{d^2} - \frac{x^4}{d^2}} d\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\frac{c+\sqrt{ad}}{d^2} - \frac{x^4}{d^2}} d\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& 2 \left(-\frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ad}+c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{ad}+c}} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \\
& \frac{2 \left(-\frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ad}+c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{ad}+c}} \right)}{d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]),x]`

output `(2*(-1/2*(d^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[c - Sqrt[a]*d]])/Sqrt[c - Sqrt[a]*d] - (d^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[c + Sqrt[a]*d]])/(2*Sqrt[c + Sqrt[a]*d]))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 561 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k/d Subst[Int[x^(k*(n + 1) - 1)*(-c/d + x^k/d)^m*Simp[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^k/d^2) + b*(x^(2*k)/d^2), x]^p, x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1480 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) Int[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && NeQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 7282 `Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad}+cx}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*x), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 227 vs. $2(77) = 154$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{ad^3|d|\operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d-cd)+cd^3\operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d-cd)}) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c}}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad^2}}}\right) + (\sqrt{ad^3|d|\operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d-cd)-cd^3\operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d-cd)})}{(\sqrt{ad+c})\sqrt{\sqrt{ad-c}}} + \frac{(\sqrt{ad^3|d|\operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d-cd)-cd^3\operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d-cd)})}{d^3}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((sqrt(a)*d^3*abs(d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + c*d^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-c + sqrt(a*d^2)))/((sqrt(a)*d + c)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)) + (sqrt(a)*d^3*abs(d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - c*d^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-c - sqrt(a*d^2)))/((sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c))/d^3`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 778, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.70

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
( - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(s
qrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*
c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2 +
2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 + 2*
a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*d - sqrt(sqr
t(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d +
c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**
3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d -
2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)
)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*
c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*c + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d + c)*
log(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c) - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d + c))*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(s
qrt(a)*d + c)*log(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c) + sqrt(sqrt(a)*d + c))*d...
```

3.274 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	2366
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2366
Rubi [F]	2367
Maple [F]	2368
Fricas [F(-1)]	2368
Sympy [F]	2368
Maxima [F]	2369
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2369
Mupad [F(-1)]	2370
Reduce [F]	2371

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = -\frac{(c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2})\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{2(c^2-ad^2)x^2} - \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}(c-\sqrt{ad})^{3/2}} + \frac{bd \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}(c+\sqrt{ad})^{3/2}}$$

output

$$-1/2*(c-d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x^2-1/4*b*d*\operatorname{arctanh}((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(3/2)+1/4*b*d*\operatorname{arctanh}((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(3/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(-\frac{2(c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2})\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{(c^2-ad^2)x^2} + \frac{bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(-c-\sqrt{ad})^{3/2}} - \frac{bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(-c+\sqrt{ad})^{3/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]),x]`

output `((-2*(c - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/((c^2 - a*d^2)*x^2) + (b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]])/(Sqrt[a]*(-c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2)) - (b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]])/(Sqrt[a]*(-c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2)))/4`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*x^3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 798 vs. $2(135) = 270$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 798, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.61

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*b*((a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*a*d^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 2*
(a^(3/2)*c*d^7 - sqrt(a)*c^3*d^5)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*
d + c)*d - c*d) + (a^2*c^2*d^9 - 2*a*c^4*d^7 + c^6*d^5)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 +
a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-(a*c*d^2 - c^
3 + sqrt((a*c*d^2 - c^3)^2 + (a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4)*(a*d^2 - c^2)))
/(a*d^2 - c^2)))/((a^3*d^5 - a^(5/2)*c*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 + 2*a^(3/2)*c^3
*d^2 + a*c^4*d - sqrt(a)*c^5)*sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)) + (
(a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*a*d^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 2*(a^(3/2)*
c*d^7 - sqrt(a)*c^3*d^5)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d
- c*d) + (a^2*c^2*d^9 - 2*a*c^4*d^7 + c^6*d^5)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)
*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-(a*c*d^2 - c^3 - sqrt(
(a*c*d^2 - c^3)^2 + (a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4)*(a*d^2 - c^2)))/(a*d^2 -
c^2)))/((a^3*d^5 + a^(5/2)*c*d^4 - 2*a^2*c^2*d^3 - 2*a^(3/2)*c^3*d^2 + a*
c^4*d + sqrt(a)*c^5)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)) - 2*((sqrt(b*
x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*d^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 2*sqrt(sq
rt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c*d^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))/((a*d^2 -
(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2 + 2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*c - c^2)*(a*d^2 - c
^2)))/d^3

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^3*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^3*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(15*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(s
qrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a
*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2 +
2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 + 2*
a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a**3*b*d**7*
x**2 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d -
c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d
- c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sq
rt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)
*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2
+ 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 +
2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a**2*b*c*
*2*d**5*x**2 - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(
sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*s...
```


3.275 $\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	2372
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2373
Rubi [F]	2373
Maple [F]	2374
Fricas [F]	2374
Sympy [F]	2375
Maxima [F]	2375
Giac [F]	2375
Mupad [F(-1)]	2376
Reduce [F]	2376

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 458

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx \\
 &= -\frac{4c(32c^2 - 33ad^2)x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{315b^2d^4} + \frac{4(8c^2 - 7ad^2)x\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{105b^2d^3} \\
 & \quad - \frac{2x^3(8c - 7d\sqrt{a+bx^2})\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{63bd^2} \\
 & \quad - \frac{8\sqrt{a}(32c^4 - 57ac^2d^2 + 21a^2d^4)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{315b^3d^5x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}} \\
 & \quad + \frac{8\sqrt{ac}(32c^4 - 65ac^2d^2 + 33a^2d^4)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{315b^3d^5x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-4/315*c*(-33*a*d^2+32*c^2)*x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^2/d^4+4/105*(-
7*a*d^2+8*c^2)*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^2/d^3-2/63*
x^3*(8*c-7*d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b/d^2-8/315*a^(1
/2)*(21*a^2*d^4-57*a*c^2*d^2+32*c^4)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a
^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^3/d^5/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)
*d))^(1/2)+8/315*a^(1/2)*c*(33*a^2*d^4-65*a*c^2*d^2+32*c^4)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/
2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)
^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^3/
d^5/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 80.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27114, normalized size of antiderivative = 59.20

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]
```

output

```
Result too large to show
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}} dx$$

input `Int[x^4/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d*x^4 - c*x^4)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 - c^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^4/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

output

```
(2*(- 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a**2*d**2*x + 7*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*b*d**2*x**3 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*c**2*x - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c**2*x**3 - 196*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**6)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a**2*b**3*c*d**5 + 224*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**6)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a*b**3*c**3*d**3 - 64*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**6)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*b**3*c**5*d - 217*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a**3*b**2*c*d**5 + 257*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**3 - 76*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**...
```

3.276 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	2378
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2379
Rubi [F]	2379
Maple [F]	2380
Fricas [F]	2380
Sympy [F]	2381
Maxima [F]	2381
Giac [F]	2381
Mupad [F(-1)]	2382
Reduce [F]	2382

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 336

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2x(4c-3d\sqrt{a+bx^2})\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{15bd^2}$$

$$-\frac{4\sqrt{a}(4c^2-3ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{15b^2d^3x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}}$$

$$+\frac{16\sqrt{ac}(c^2-ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{\sqrt{a}}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{15b^2d^3x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```
-2/15*x*(4*c-3*d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b/d^2-4/15*a
^(1/2)*(-3*a*d^2+4*c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*Ellip
ticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a
^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^2/d^3/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)+16
/15*a^(1/2)*c*(-a*d^2+c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1
/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1
/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^2/d^3/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 64.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 540, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(c - d\sqrt{a + bx^2}) \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \left(2i(-4c^3 - 4\sqrt{ac^2}d + 3acd^2 + 3a^{3/2}d^3) \sqrt{\frac{d(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]
```

output

```
(2*(c - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*((2*I)*(-4*c^3 - 4*
Sqrt[a]*c^2*d + 3*a*c*d^2 + 3*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*
x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c +
d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt
[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a
]*d)] + d*(b*d*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x^2*(4*c^2 - 3*d^2*(a - b*x^2) - c*d*S
qrt[a + b*x^2]) - (2*I)*Sqrt[a]*(-4*c^2 - Sqrt[a]*c*d + 3*a*d^2)*Sqrt[(d*(
-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + S
qrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*El
lipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c -
Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)))]))/(15*b^2*d^4*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x*(c^2 - d
^2*(a + b*x^2)))
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} dx$$

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+a}d+c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d*x^2 - c*x^2)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 - c^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^2/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`

output

```

(2*(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c))*a*d*x - 21*int((sqrt(sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c*
**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c
**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**4 + 26*int((sqrt(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d*
**2*x**4 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d
**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a*b**2*c**3*d**2 - 8*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7
*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x*
**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*b**2*c**5 - 21*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x
**2)/(7*a**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4
*x**4 - 15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**
4*x**2),x)*a**3*b*c*d**4 + 26*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**2)/(7*a
**3*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 -
15*a*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),
x)*a**2*b*c**3*d**2 - 8*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**2)/(7*a**3*d*
**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 15*a*b
*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 4*a*c**4 - 4*b**2*c**2*d**2*x**4 + 4*b*c**4*x**2),x)*a*b
*c**5 + 7*int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**4)/(7*a**3
*d**4 + 14*a**2*b*d**4*x**2 - 11*a**2*c**2*d**2 + 7*a*b**2*d**4*x**4 - ...

```

3.277 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	2384
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2385
Rubi [F]	2385
Maple [F]	2386
Fricas [F]	2386
Sympy [F]	2387
Maxima [F]	2387
Giac [F]	2387
Mupad [F(-1)]	2388
Reduce [F]	2388

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 262

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{bdx\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{bdx\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```
-2*a^(1/2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b/d/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)+2*a^(1/2)*c*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b/d/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 59.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(c - d\sqrt{a + bx^2}) \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \left(-i(c + \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `(2*(c - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*((-I)*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + d*(b*d*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x^2 + I*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]) *Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)))/(b*d^2*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x*(c^2 - d^2*(a + b*x^2)))`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c}} dx$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]],x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d - c)/(b*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 - c^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `int(1/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{bd^2x^2 + ad^2 - c^2} dx \right) c + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{bd^2x^2 + ad^2 - c^2} dx \right) d$$

input `int(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2), x)`output `- int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a*d**2 + b*d**2*x**2 - c**2), x)*c + int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c))/(a*d**2 + b*d**2*x**2 - c**2), x)*d`

3.278 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	2389
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2390
Rubi [F]	2391
Maple [F]	2391
Fricas [F]	2392
Sympy [F]	2392
Maxima [F]	2392
Giac [F]	2393
Mupad [F(-1)]	2393
Reduce [F]	2393

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 189

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2})\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{(c^2-ad^2)x}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{ad}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{(c^2-ad^2)x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}}$$

output

```
-(c-d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x+a^(1/2)*
d*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(
1/2)/a^(1/2))^2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/(-a*
d^2+c^2)/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 58.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1005, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.32

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx =$$

$$-c^2 + ad^2 + c(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}) - i\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}} \sqrt{\frac{d(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} E$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]),x]`

output

```

-((-c^2 + a*d^2 + c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) - I*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*Sqrt[
(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a]
+ Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2
)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (
c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a]
+ Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a +
b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[
I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*
d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + c*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[-((c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c
- Sqrt[a]*d))]*(Sqrt[-((c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c - Sqrt[a]*d))]) - I*Sqrt[
(d*(Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a
+ b*x^2]))/(-c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x
^2])]/(-c + Sqrt[a]*d)]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*Sqrt[(d*(Sqr
t[a] - Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^
2]))/(-c + Sqrt[a]*d)]*EllipticPi[(c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(2*c), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[(c
+ d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]/(-c + Sqrt[a]*d)]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)
) + (I*c*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqr
t[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a
+ b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticPi[(2*c)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d), I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt
[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)]/...

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d - c)/(b*d^2*x^4 + (a*d^2 - c^2)*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{bd^2x^4 + ad^2x^2 - c^2x^2} dx \right) c + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{bd^2x^4 + ad^2x^2 - c^2x^2} dx \right) d$$

input `int(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a*d**2*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4 - c**2*x**2),x)*c + int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c))/(a*d**2*x**2 + b*d**2*x**4 - c**2*x**2),x)*d`

3.279 $\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$

Optimal result	2394
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2395
Rubi [F]	2396
Maple [F]	2396
Fricas [F]	2397
Sympy [F]	2397
Maxima [F]	2397
Giac [F]	2398
Mupad [F(-1)]	2398
Reduce [F]	2398

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 418

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2})\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{3(c^2-ad^2)x^3}$$

$$- \frac{bd\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}(4acd-(c^2+3ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2})}{6a(c^2-ad^2)^2x}$$

$$+ \frac{bd(c^2+3ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{6\sqrt{a}(c^2-ad^2)^2x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}}$$

$$- \frac{bcd\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{6\sqrt{a}(c^2-ad^2)x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(c-d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x^3-1/
6*b*d*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*(4*a*c*d-(3*a*d^2+c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/
a/(-a*d^2+c^2)^2/x+1/6*b*d*(3*a*d^2+c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(
1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2
))*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+c^2)^2/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a
)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)-1/6*b*c*d*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(
1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)
*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x/(
c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 60.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 535, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(c - d\sqrt{a + bx^2}) \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \left(-\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}(c - \sqrt{ad}) (2ac^2 - 2a^2d^2 + abd^2x^2 - bcdx^2\sqrt{a + bx^2}) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^4*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]),x]
```

output

```
-1/6*((c - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-(Sqrt[-c - Sqr
t[a]*d]*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(2*a*c^2 - 2*a^2*d^2 + a*b*d^2*x^2 - b*c*d*x^2*Sqr
t[a + b*x^2])) + I*b*(c^2 + 3*a*d^2)*x^2*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^
2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*
Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-
c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*
d)] - I*Sqrt[a]*b*d*(c + 3*Sqrt[a]*d)*x^2*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x
^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d
*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[
-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]
*d)))]/(a*(-c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2)*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)^2*x^3*(c^2 - d^2*(a + b*x
^2)))
```


Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d - c)/(b*d^2*x^6 + (a*d^2 - c^2)*x^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*x^4), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + cx^4}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*x^4), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} dx = - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{bd^2x^6 + ad^2x^4 - c^2x^4} dx \right) c + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{bd^2x^6 + ad^2x^4 - c^2x^4} dx \right) d$$

input `int(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `- int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a*d**2*x**4 + b*d**2*x**6 - c**2*x**4),x)*c + int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c))/(a*d**2*x**4 + b*d**2*x**6 - c**2*x**4),x)*d`

3.280 $\int \frac{x^5}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2399
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2400
Rubi [A] (verified)	2400
Maple [F]	2402
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2402
Sympy [F]	2403
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2403
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2404
Mupad [F(-1)]	2405
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2405

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 232

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c(c^2-ad^2)^2}{b^3d^6\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} + \frac{2(5c^4-6ac^2d^2+a^2d^4)\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{b^3d^6} - \frac{4c(5c^2-3ad^2)(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{3b^3d^6} + \frac{4(5c^2-ad^2)(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{5/2}}{5b^3d^6} - \frac{10c(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{7/2}}{7b^3d^6} + \frac{2(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{9/2}}{9b^3d^6}$$

output

```
2*c*(-a*d^2+c^2)^2/b^3/d^6/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*(a^2*d^4-6*a*c^2*d^2+5*c^4)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^3/d^6-4/3*c*(-3*a*d^2+5*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^3/d^6+4/5*(-a*d^2+5*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^3/d^6-10/7*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^3/d^6+2/9*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^3/d^6
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(1280c^5 - 2176ac^3d^2 + 832a^2cd^4 - 160bc^3d^2x^2 + 152abcd^4x^2 - 50b^2cd^4x^4) + 315b^3d^6\sqrt{c}}{315b^3d^6\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*(1280*c^5 - 2176*a*c^3*d^2 + 832*a^2*c*d^4 - 160*b*c^3*d^2*x^2 + 152*a*b*c*d^4*x^2 - 50*b^2*c*d^4*x^4) + 2*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(640*c^4*d - 928*a*c^2*d^3 + 224*a^2*d^5 + 80*b*c^2*d^3*x^2 - 56*a*b*d^5*x^2 + 35*b^2*d^5*x^4))/(315*b^3*d^6*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^5}{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 7283 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow 896 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{b^2x^4}{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} d(bx^2 + a)}{2b^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1732 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}(a-x^4)^2}{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^3}$$

↓ 522

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{7/2}}{d^5} - \frac{5c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{5/2}}{d^5} - \frac{2(ad^2-5c^2)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}}{d^5} - \frac{2(5c^3-3acd^2)\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d^5} + \frac{5c^4-6ad^2c^2+a^2d^4}{d^5\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} \right)}{b^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{2(a^2d^4-6ac^2d^2+5c^4)\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{d^6} + \frac{4(5c^2-ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{5/2}}{5d^6} - \frac{4c(5c^2-3ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2}}{3d^6} + \frac{2c(c^2-ad^2)^2}{d^6\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} + \frac{2(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{9/2}}{9d^6}}{b^3}$$

input `Int[x^5/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]`

output `((2*c*(c^2 - a*d^2)^2)/(d^6*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]) + (2*(5*c^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d^6 - (4*c*(5*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2))/(3*d^6) + (4*(5*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(5/2))/(5*d^6) - (10*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(7/2))/(7*d^6) + (2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(9/2))/(9*d^6))/b^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicFunctionQ[u, x])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(35b^3d^6x^6 + 224a^3d^6 - 1760a^2c^2d^4 + 2816ac^4d^2 - 1280c^6 - (21ab^2d^6 - 1$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
2/315*(35*b^3*d^6*x^6 + 224*a^3*d^6 - 1760*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 2816*a*c^4*d^2 -
1280*c^6 - (21*a*b^2*d^6 - 130*b^2*c^2*d^4)*x^4 + 8*(21*a^2*b*d^6 - 125*a*
b*c^2*d^4 + 100*b*c^4*d^2)*x^2 - (85*b^2*c*d^5*x^4 - 608*a^2*c*d^5 + 1248*
a*c^3*d^3 - 640*c^5*d - 16*(13*a*b*c*d^5 - 15*b*c^3*d^3)*x^2)*sqrt(b*x^2 +
a))*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^4*d^8*x^2 + a*b^3*d^8 - b^3*c^2*d^6)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x**5/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**5/(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2), x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{35 (\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{9}{2}} - 225 (\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{7}{2}} c - 126 (ad^2 - 5c^2) (\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{5}{2}} + 210 (3acd^2 - 5c^3) (\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{d^4} \right)}{315 b^3 d^2}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/315*((35*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2) - 225*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/
2)*c - 126*(a*d^2 - 5*c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2) + 210*(3*a*c*d^2
- 5*c^3)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2) + 315*(a^2*d^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2 + 5*c^
4)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c))/d^4 + 315*(a^2*c*d^4 - 2*a*c^3*d^2 + c^5)/
(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d^4))/(b^3*d^2)
```


Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 736 vs. $2(200) = 400$.

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 736, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2/315*(315*(a^2*c*d^4 - 2*a*c^3*d^2 + c^5)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d
+ c)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d)/sqrt(c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)*d - c*d) - c))/(sqrt(c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - c)*b*d^4)
- (315*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a^2*b^8*d^36*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)*d - c*d) - 126*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*a*b^8*d^34*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 420*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*a*b^8*c*d^34*sgn
((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 1260*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*b^8
*c^2*d^34*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 210*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)^(3/2)*a*b^8*c*d^34 - 630*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*b^8*c^2*d^34 + 3
5*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(9/2)*b^8*d^32*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c
*d) - 180*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(7/2)*b^8*c*d^32*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d
+ c)*d - c*d) + 441*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*b^8*c^2*d^32*sgn((sqrt(b
*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 630*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*b^8*c^3*d^32
*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 945*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*b^
8*c^4*d^32*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 45*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)^(7/2)*b^8*c*d^32 + 189*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*b^8*c^2*d^32 - 420
*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*b^8*c^3*d^32 + 630*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)*b^8*c^4*d^32)/(b^9*d^36*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))/(b^2*d^
2)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^5/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 628, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bd x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b} x}}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^5/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x +
a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*( - 608*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*a**2*c*d**5*x - 208*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c*d**5*x**3 + 1
248*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**3*d**3*x + 85*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b
**2*c*d**5*x**5 + 240*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**3*d**3*x**3 - 640*sqrt
(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**5*d*x + 224*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**3*d**6 + 168*sqrt(
a + b*x**2)*a**2*b*d**6*x**2 - 1760*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*c**2*d**4 - 21*sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*a*b**2*d**6*x**4 - 1000*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*b*c**2*d**4*x**
2 + 2816*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**4*d**2 + 35*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**3*d**6*x**6
+ 130*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 800*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**4*
d**2*x**2 - 1280*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**6 - 224*sqrt(b)*a**3*d**6*x - 168*sqr
t(b)*a**2*b*d**6*x**3 + 1760*sqrt(b)*a**2*c**2*d**4*x + 21*sqrt(b)*a*b**2*
d**6*x**5 + 1000*sqrt(b)*a*b*c**2*d**4*x**3 - 2816*sqrt(b)*a*c**4*d**2*x -
35*sqrt(b)*b**3*d**6*x**7 - 130*sqrt(b)*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**5 - 800*sqrt(b)
*b*c**4*d**2*x**3 + 1280*sqrt(b)*c**6*x + 608*a**3*c*d**5 + 816*a**2*b*c*d
**5*x**2 - 1248*a**2*c**3*d**3 + 123*a*b**2*c*d**5*x**4 - 1488*a*b*c**3*d*
**3*x**2 + 640*a*c**5*d - 85*b**3*c*d**5*x**6 - 240*b**2*c**3*d**3*x**4 + 6
40*b*c**5*d*x**2))/(315*a*b**3*d**6*(a*d**2 + b*d**2*x**2 - c**2))
```

3.281 $\int \frac{x^3}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2407
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2407
Rubi [A] (verified)	2408
Maple [F]	2410
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2410
Sympy [F]	2411
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2411
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2411
Mupad [F(-1)]	2412
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2412

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c(c^2-ad^2)}{b^2d^4\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} + \frac{2(3c^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{b^2d^4} - \frac{2c(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}}{b^2d^4} + \frac{2(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{5/2}}{5b^2d^4}$$

output

```
2*c*(-a*d^2+c^2)/b^2/d^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*(-a*d^2+3*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^2/d^4-2*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^2/d^4+2/5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^2/d^4
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{32c^3-24acd^2-4bcd^2x^2+2\sqrt{a+bx^2}(8c^2d+d^3(-4a+bx^2))}{5b^2d^4\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(c+d*Sqrt[a+b*x^2])^(3/2),x]
```

output

$$(32*c^3 - 24*a*c*d^2 - 4*b*c*d^2*x^2 + 2*sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(8*c^2*d + d^3*(-4*a + b*x^2)))/(5*b^2*d^4*sqrt[c + d*sqrt[a + b*x^2]])$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 7283

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2}{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} dx^2$$

↓ 896

$$\frac{\int \frac{bx^2}{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} d(bx^2+a)}{2b^2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{\int -\frac{bx^2}{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} d(bx^2+a)}{2b^2}$$

↓ 1732

$$\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}(a-x^4)}{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^2}$$

↓ 522

$$\frac{\int \left(-\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}}{d^3} + \frac{3c\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}{d^3} + \frac{ad^2-3c^2}{d^3\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} + \frac{c^3-acd^2}{d^3(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} \right) d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b^2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{-\frac{2(3c^2-ad^2)\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{d^4} - \frac{2c(c^2-ad^2)}{d^4\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} - \frac{2(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{5/2}}{5d^4} + \frac{2c(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2}}{d^4}}{b^2} \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^3/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2), x]`

output `-(((-2*c*(c^2 - a*d^2))/(d^4*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]) - (2*(3*c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d^4 + (2*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2))/d^4 - (2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(5/2))/(5*d^4))/b^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283

```
Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x
]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x]
, x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1
] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicF
unctionQ[u, x])
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(b^2d^4x^4 - 4a^2d^4 + 20ac^2d^2 - 16c^4 - (3abd^4 - 10bc^2d^2)x^2 - (3bcd^3x^2 + 8c^3d))\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + 8c^3d}{5(b^3d^6x^2 + ab^2d^6 - b^2c^2d^4)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/5*(b^2*d^4*x^4 - 4*a^2*d^4 + 20*a*c^2*d^2 - 16*c^4 - (3*a*b*d^4 - 10*b*c
^2*d^2)*x^2 - (3*b*c*d^3*x^2 + 8*a*c*d^3 - 8*c^3*d)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a))*sqrt(
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^3*d^6*x^2 + a*b^2*d^6 - b^2*c^2*d^4)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{(\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})^{\frac{3}{2}}c - 5(ad^2 - 3c^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c}}}{d^2} - \frac{5(acd^2 - c^3)}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad} + cd^2}} \right)}{5b^2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*(((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2) - 5*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*c - 5*(a*d^2 - 3*c^2)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c))/d^2 - 5*(a*c*d^2 - c^3)/(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d^2))/(b^2*d^2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs. 2(117) = 234.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{15(acd^2 - c^3) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad} + c} \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d - cd)}{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d - cd) - c}\right)}{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d - cd) - cbd^2} \right) - 15\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad} + cab^4d^{10}} \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d - cd)}{5b^2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(15*(a*c*d^2 - c^3)*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d)/sqrt(c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - c))/(sqrt(c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - c)*b*d^2) - (15*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*a*b^4*d^10*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 3*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(5/2)*b^4*d^8*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 10*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*b^4*c*d^8*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 30*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*b^4*c^2*d^8*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 5*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*b^4*c*d^8 - 15*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*b^4*c^2*d^8)/(b^5*d^10*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))/(b*d^2)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bd x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b} x}}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x +
a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*(8*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*a*c*d**3*x + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*d**3*x**3 - 8*sqrt(b)*sqr
t(a + b*x**2)*c**3*d*x - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a**2*d**4 - 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)
*a*b*d**4*x**2 + 20*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c**2*d**2 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b**2*d
**4*x**4 + 10*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**4
+ 4*sqrt(b)*a**2*d**4*x + 3*sqrt(b)*a*b*d**4*x**3 - 20*sqrt(b)*a*c**2*d**
2*x - sqrt(b)*b**2*d**4*x**5 - 10*sqrt(b)*b*c**2*d**2*x**3 + 16*sqrt(b)*c*
*4*x - 8*a**2*c*d**3 - 11*a*b*c*d**3*x**2 + 8*a*c**3*d - 3*b**2*c*d**3*x**
4 + 8*b*c**3*d*x**2))/(5*a*b**2*d**4*(a*d**2 + b*d**2*x**2 - c**2))
```

$$3.282 \quad \int \frac{x}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2414
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2414
Rubi [A] (verified)	2415
Maple [A] (verified)	2416
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2417
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2417
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2418
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2418
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2419
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2419

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{x}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c}{bd^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{bd^2}$$

output $2*c/b/d^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}+2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)}/b/d^2$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4c+2d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{bd^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[x/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2), x]`

output $(4*c + 2*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(b*d^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {2024, 774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2024} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} d(bx^2+a) \\
 & \quad \frac{2b}{} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} d\sqrt{bx^2+a} \\
 & \quad \frac{b}{} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{1}{d\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}} - \frac{c}{d(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} \right) d\sqrt{bx^2+a} \\
 & \quad \frac{b}{} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{2c}{d^2\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}} + \frac{2\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{d^2}}{b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
((2*c)/(d^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]) + (2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])/d^2)/b
```

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2024 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] && PolyQ[Qr, x]`

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{2c}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}}{bd^2}$	42
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}} + \frac{2c}{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}}}{bd^2}$	42

input `int(x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b/d^2*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+c/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{x}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bd^2x^2 + ad^2 + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}cd - 2c^2)\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^2 + abd^4 - bc^2d^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(b*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d - 2*c^2)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^2*d^4*x^2 + a*b*d^4 - b*c^2*d^2)`

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2}{2c^{3/2}} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge d = 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2(\sqrt{ad+c})^{3/2}} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2c^{3/2}} & \text{for } d = 0 \\ \frac{4c}{bd^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{bd\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((x**2/(2*c**(3/2)), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(d, 0)), (x**2/(2*(sqrt(a)*d + c)**(3/2)), Eq(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*c**(3/2)), Eq(d, 0)), (4*c/(b*d**2*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))) + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)/(b*d*sqrt(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))), True))`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c}}}{d^2} + \frac{c}{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad+cd^2}}} \right)}{b}$$

input `integrate(x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/d^2 + c/(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d^2))/b`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 127 vs. 2(48) = 96.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{x}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = - \frac{2 \left(\frac{c \arctan \left(\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c}} \operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d-cd)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d-cd)-c}} \right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{sgn}((\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c})d-cd)-cb}} - \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2+ad+c}}}{b} \right)}{d^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(c*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d)/sqrt(c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - c))/(sqrt(c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - c)*b) - sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/b/d^2`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2d^2(bx^2 + a) + 4c^2 + 6cd\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{bd^2(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`output `(2*d^2*(a + b*x^2) + 4*c^2 + 6*c*d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/(b*d^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{x}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bd x^2 \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b} x}}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2))*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x + a*d + b*d*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)*(- sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*d**2 + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*d**2*x**2 - 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**2 - sqrt(b)*a*d**2*x - sqrt(b)*b*d**2*x**3 + 2*sqrt(b)*c**2*x + a*c*d + b*c*d*x**2))/(a*b*d**2*(a*d**2 + b*d**2*x**2 - c**2))`

3.283 $\int \frac{1}{x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2420
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2420
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2421
Maple [F]	2424
Fricas [F(-1)]	2424
Sympy [F]	2425
Maxima [F]	2425
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2425
Mupad [F(-1)]	2426
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2427

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c}{(c^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{(c - \sqrt{ad})^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{(c + \sqrt{ad})^{3/2}}$$

output `2*c/(-a*d^2+c^2)/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)-arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(3/2)-arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(3/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2c}{(c^2 - ad^2) \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{(-c - \sqrt{ad})^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{(-c + \sqrt{ad})^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*c)/((c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]) - ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]]/(-c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2) - ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]]/(-c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2)`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.478$, Rules used = {7282, 896, 25, 1732, 561, 25, 27, 1604, 27, 1480, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x \left(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c \right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 7282 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)^{3/2}} dx^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 896 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{bx^2 \left(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)^{3/2}} d(bx^2 + a) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1}{bx^2 \left(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)^{3/2}} d(bx^2 + a) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1732 \\
 & -\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{(a - x^4) \left(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)^{3/2}} d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 561
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{c-x^4}{dx^4 \left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{c-x^4}{dx^4 \left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{c-x^4}{x^4 \left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1604 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{c^2}{d^2} + a\right) d^2 - cx^4}{d^2 \left(-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}} - \frac{c}{x^2 \left(a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{-cx^4 + c^2 + ad^2}{-\frac{x^8}{d^2} + \frac{2cx^4}{d^2} + a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d^2 \left(a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} - \frac{c}{x^2 \left(a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1480 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{-\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{ad}+c) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c-\sqrt{ad}}{d^2} - \frac{x^4}{d^2}} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}} - \frac{1}{2}(c-\sqrt{ad}) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c+\sqrt{ad}}{d^2} - \frac{x^4}{d^2}} d \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}}{d^2 \left(a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} - \frac{c}{x^2 \left(a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} \right)}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\frac{d^2(\sqrt{ad}+c) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}} - \frac{d^2(c-\sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{ad}+c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{ad}+c}}}{d^2 \left(a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} - \frac{c}{x^2 \left(a - \frac{c^2}{d^2}\right)} \right)}{d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(c + d*sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)),x]`

output

$$\frac{(2*(-(c/((a - c^2/d^2)*x^2)) - (-1/2*(d^2*(c + \sqrt{a}*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{c + d*\sqrt{a + b*x^2}}]/\sqrt{c - \sqrt{a}*d}])/\sqrt{c - \sqrt{a}*d} - (d^2*(c - \sqrt{a}*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{c + d*\sqrt{a + b*x^2}}]/\sqrt{c + \sqrt{a}*d}]))/(2*\sqrt{c + \sqrt{a}*d}))/((a - c^2/d^2)*d^2))/d^2$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(F_x), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[F_x, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)(G_x)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 221

$$\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 561

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_))^{(n_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k/d \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k*(n+1)-1)}*(-c/d + x^k/d)^m*\text{Simp}[(b*c^2 + a*d^2)/d^2 - 2*b*c*(x^k/d^2) + b*(x^{(2*k)/d^2}), x]^p, x], x, (c + d*x)^{(1/k)}], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 896

$$\text{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)(v_)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}*(x_)^{(m_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m+1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] \text{ ; NeQ}[c, 0]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 1480

$$\text{Int}[((d_*) + (e_*)(x_)^2)/((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2 + (c_*)(x_)^4), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(e/2 + (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(b/2 - q/2 + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e/2 - (2*c*d - b*e)/(2*q)) \quad \text{Int}[1/(b/2 + q/2 + c*x^2), x], x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]$$

rule 1604

```
Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2 + (c_.)*(x_)^4)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(f*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^(p + 1)/(a*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*f^2*(m + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2 + c*x^4)^p*Simp[a*e*(m + 1) - b*d*(m + 2*p + 3) - c*d*(m + 4*p + 5)*x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*p] && (IntegerQ[p] || IntegerQ[m])
```

rule 1732

```
Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 7282

```
Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output Timed out

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*x), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1095 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1095, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(2*c*d^2*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d)/sqrt(c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - c))/((a*d^2 - c^2)*sqrt(c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - c)) + (sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*a^(5/2)*c*d^8 - 2*sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*a^(3/2)*c^3*d^6 + sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(a)*c^5*d^4 - sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*a^2*d^6*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) - sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*a*c^2*d^4*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*a*c^2*d^4*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) + sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*c^4*d^2*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + (a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*sqrt(-sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(a)*c*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/sqrt(-(a*c*d^2 - c^3 + sqrt((a*c*d^2 - c^3)^2 + (a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4)*(a*d^2 - c^2)))/(a*d^2 - c^2)))/((a^3*d^6 - a^2*c^2*d^4)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) - 2*(a^2*c^2*d^4 - a*c^4*d^2)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) + (a*c^4*d^2 - c^6)*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) - (sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*a^(5/2)*c*d^8 - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*a^(3/2)*c^3*d^6 + sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(a)*c^5*d^4 + sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*a^2*d^6*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) + sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*a*c^2*d^4*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*a*c^2*d^4*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d) - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*c^4*d^2*abs(a*d^3 - c^2*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + (a*d^3 - c^2*d)^2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(a)*c*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)...
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3195, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.67

$$\int \frac{1}{x (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*
sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sq
rt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b
*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x*
**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*c
*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 2
*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 + 2*a
*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a**2*c*d**3 +
2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*
sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)
*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sq
rt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b
*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x*
**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*c
*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2 + 2
*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 + 2*a
*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a*b*c*d**3*x*
*2 - 2*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d -
c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)...
```


3.284 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2428
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2429
Rubi [F]	2429
Maple [F]	2430
Fricas [F(-1)]	2430
Sympy [F]	2430
Maxima [F]	2431
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2431
Mupad [F(-1)]	2432
Reduce [F]	2433

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3bcd^2}{(c^2-ad^2)^2 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} - \frac{c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{2(c^2-ad^2)x^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} - \frac{3bd\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}(c-\sqrt{ad})^{5/2}} + \frac{3bd\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}(c+\sqrt{ad})^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3*b*c*d^2/(-a*d^2+c^2)^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)-1/2*(c-d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)-3/4*b*d*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(5/2)+3/4*b*d*arctanh((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2(-c^3 + acd^2 + 6bcd^2x^2 + d(c^2 - ad^2)\sqrt{a + bx^2})}{(c^2 - ad^2)^2 x^2 \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c-\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(-c-\sqrt{ad})^{5/2}} + \frac{3bd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{\sqrt{-c+\sqrt{ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}(-c+\sqrt{ad})^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)),x]`

output `((2*(-c^3 + a*c*d^2 + 6*b*c*d^2*x^2 + d*(c^2 - a*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/((c^2 - a*d^2)^2*x^2*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]) - (3*b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]])/(Sqrt[a]*(-c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/2)) + (3*b*d*ArcTan[Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]/Sqrt[-c + Sqrt[a]*d]])/(Sqrt[a]*(-c + Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/2)))/4`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{3/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4863 vs. 2(170) = 340.

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4863, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*(8*b*c*d^4*arctan(sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d
+ c)*d - c*d)/sqrt(c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - c))/((a^2*d^4
- 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4)*sqrt(c*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - c)) - (
(a^3*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3 - c^6*d)^2*a^(5/2)*b*c*d^6 - (a^3*d
^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3 - c^6*d)^2*a^(3/2)*b*c^3*d^4*sgn((sqrt(b*
x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - (a^3*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3 - c^6*d)
^2*a^(3/2)*b*c^3*d^4 + (a^3*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3 - c^6*d)^2*(
5*a^(5/2)*c*d^6 - 4*a^(3/2)*c^3*d^4)*b*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d
) - 2*(3*a^5*c^2*d^12 - 5*a^4*c^4*d^10 + 2*a^3*c^6*d^8)*b*abs(a^3*d^7 - 3*
a^2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3 - c^6*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) +
2*(7*a^4*c^4*d^10 - 11*a^3*c^6*d^8 + 4*a^2*c^8*d^6)*b*abs(a^3*d^7 - 3*a^2*
c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3 - c^6*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 2*(5
*a^3*c^6*d^8 - 7*a^2*c^8*d^6 + 2*a*c^10*d^4)*b*abs(a^3*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5
+ 3*a*c^4*d^3 - c^6*d)*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 2*(a^2*c^8*
d^6 - a*c^10*d^4)*b*abs(a^3*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3 - c^6*d)*sgn
((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - (3*a^6*d^14 - 4*a^5*c^2*d^12 + a^4*c^4
*d^10)*b*abs(a^3*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3 - c^6*d) + (5*a^5*c^2*d
^12 - 4*a^4*c^4*d^10 - a^3*c^6*d^8)*b*abs(a^3*d^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^
4*d^3 - c^6*d) - (a^4*c^4*d^10 + 4*a^3*c^6*d^8 - 5*a^2*c^8*d^6)*b*abs(a^3*
d^7 - 3*a^2*c^2*d^5 + 3*a*c^4*d^3 - c^6*d) - (a^3*c^6*d^8 - 4*a^2*c^8*d...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^3*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^3*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)), x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 81*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d -
c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d
- c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sq
rt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a
+ b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a +
b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)
*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d**2*x**2
+ 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**2*d**4 +
2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a**4*b*c*
d**9*x**2 - 81*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt
(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt
(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d
- c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sq
rt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*d**3*x**2 + sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(s
qrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**2*d - 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2
)*d + c)*a*c*d**2 - sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c*d
**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*c**3)/(2*a**
2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 4*a*c**2*d**2 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 2*c**4))*a
**3*b**2*c*d**9*x**4 - 90*sqrt(a)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*atan((sqrt(a + b*x**
2)*sqrt(sqrt(a)*d - c)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*d**3 - sqrt(a + b...
```

3.285
$$\int \frac{x^4}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2434
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2435
Rubi [F]	2436
Maple [F]	2436
Fricas [F]	2437
Sympy [F]	2437
Maxima [F]	2437
Giac [F(-2)]	2438
Mupad [F(-1)]	2438
Reduce [F]	2438

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 448

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2cx^3}{bd^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} + \frac{4(32c^2-5ad^2)x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{35b^2d^4}$$

$$+ \frac{2x^3\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{7bd^2} - \frac{96cx\sqrt{a+bx^2}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{35b^2d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{8\sqrt{ac}(32c^2-29ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{35b^3d^5x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}}$$

$$+ \frac{8\sqrt{a}(32c^4-37ac^2d^2+5a^2d^4)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{35b^3d^5x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```

2*c*x^3/b/d^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+4/35*(-5*a*d^2+32*c^2)*x*(c+d*(b
*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^2/d^4+2/7*x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b/d^2-96/
35*c*x*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^2/d^3+8/35*a^(1/2)*c*
(-29*a*d^2+32*c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(
1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)
*d))^(1/2))/b^3/d^5/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)-8/35*a^
(1/2)*(5*a^2*d^4-37*a*c^2*d^2+32*c^4)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
)/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2
^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^3/d^5/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(
1/2))^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 89.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 646, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(c - d\sqrt{a + bx^2})(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} \left(4ic(-32c^3 - 32\sqrt{ac^2d} + 29acd^2 + 29$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]
```

output

```

(2*(c - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*((4*I)*c*(-32*c^3
- 32*Sqrt[a]*c^2*d + 29*a*c*d^2 + 29*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqr
t[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]
))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-c^2 + d^2*(a + b
*x^2))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]
]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d) + d*(b*d*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x^2*(-6
4*c^4 + 6*c^2*d^2*(7*a - 4*b*x^2) + 80*c^3*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + c*d^3*Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]*(-68*a + 13*b*x^2) + 5*d^4*(2*a^2 + a*b*x^2 - b^2*x^4)) - (4*I)
*Sqrt[a]*(-32*c^3 - 8*Sqrt[a]*c^2*d + 29*a*c*d^2 + 5*a^(3/2)*d^3)*Sqrt[(d*
(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] +
Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-c
^2 + d^2*(a + b*x^2))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*
Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d))))/(35*b^3*d^6*Sqrt[-c
- Sqrt[a]*d]*x*(c^2 - d^2*(a + b*x^2))^2)

```


Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[x^4/(c + d*sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*d^2*x^6 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d*x^4 + (a*d^2 + c^2)*x^4)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^2*d^4*x^4 + a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4 + 2*(a*b*d^4 - b*c^2*d^2)*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Recursive assumption sageVARc>=(-`u`sageVARd) ignoredRecursive assumption sageVARc>=(-`u`sageVARd) ignore dRecurshiv`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^4/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(24*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a**2*c*d**2*x - 12*sqrt(
a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*b*c*d**2*x**3 - 24*sqrt(a + b*x
**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*c**3*x + 16*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt
(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*b*c**3*x**3 + 45*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**
8)/(3*a**4*d**6 + 9*a**3*b*d**6*x**2 - 10*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**
6*x**4 - 24*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 11*a**2*c**4*d**2 + 3*a*b**3*d**6*x**6
- 18*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 19*a*b*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c**6 - 4*b**3*c*
**2*d**4*x**6 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c**6*x**2),x)*a**3*b**4*d**9 +
45*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**8)/(3*a**4*d**6 + 9*a**3*b*d**6*x*
**2 - 10*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 - 24*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**2
+ 11*a**2*c**4*d**2 + 3*a*b**3*d**6*x**6 - 18*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 19*a
*b*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c**6 - 4*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**6 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x*
**4 - 4*b*c**6*x**2),x)*a**2*b**5*d**9*x**2 - 165*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2
)*d + c)*x**8)/(3*a**4*d**6 + 9*a**3*b*d**6*x**2 - 10*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 9*a
**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 - 24*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 11*a**2*c**4*d**2 + 3*a*b*
**3*d**6*x**6 - 18*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 19*a*b*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c**6
- 4*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**6 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c**6*x**2),x)*a**2*
b**4*c**2*d**7 - 120*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**8)/(3*a**4*d**6
+ 9*a**3*b*d**6*x**2 - 10*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 - 24*a**2
*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 11*a**2*c**4*d**2 + 3*a*b**3*d**6*x**6 - 18*a*b**2*...
```

3.286 $\int \frac{x^2}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2440
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2441
Rubi [F]	2441
Maple [F]	2442
Fricas [F]	2442
Sympy [F]	2443
Maxima [F]	2443
Giac [F(-2)]	2443
Mupad [F(-1)]	2444
Reduce [F]	2444

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 337

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2cx}{bd^2\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}{3bd^2}$$

$$+ \frac{16\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{3b^2d^3x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{a}(4c^2-ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{3b^2d^3x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```
2*c*x/b/d^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2/3*x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)/
b/d^2+16/3*a^(1/2)*c*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*Elliptic
E(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1
/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^2/d^3/x/((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)-4/3*a
^(1/2)*(-a*d^2+4*c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d
))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(
a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b^2/d^3/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 62.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 538, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$2(c - d\sqrt{a + bx^2}) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} \left(8ic(c + \sqrt{ad}) \sqrt{\frac{d(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+bx^2})}{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a+bx^2})}{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} \sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]`

output

```
(-2*(c - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*((8*I)*c*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])*(-c^2 + d^2*(a + b*x^2))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + d*(b*d*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x^2*(4*c^2 - 5*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + d^2*(a + b*x^2)) - (2*I)*Sqrt[a]*(4*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]])*(-c^2 + d^2*(a + b*x^2))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)))/(3*b^2*d^4*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*x*(c^2 - d^2*(a + b*x^2))^2)
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[x^2/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{bx^2+ad}+c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*d^2*x^4 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d*x^2 + (a*d^2 + c^2)*x^2)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^2*d^4*x^4 + a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4 + 2*(a*b*d^4 - b*c^2*d^2)*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Recursive assumption sageVARc>=(-`u`sageVARd) ignoredRecursive assumption sageVARc>=(-`u`sageVARd) ignore dRecurshiv`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`output `int(x^2/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*a*c*d*x + 9*int((sqrt(
sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**6)/(3*a**4*d**6 + 9*a**3*b*d**6*x**2 - 10*a**3*
c**2*d**4 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 - 24*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 11*a**2*c**
4*d**2 + 3*a*b**3*d**6*x**6 - 18*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 19*a*b*c**4*d**2*
x**2 - 4*a*c**6 - 4*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**6 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c**6
*x**2),x)*a**3*b**3*d**8 + 9*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**6)/(3*a*
**4*d**6 + 9*a**3*b*d**6*x**2 - 10*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 -
24*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 11*a**2*c**4*d**2 + 3*a*b**3*d**6*x**6 - 18*a*
b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 19*a*b*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c**6 - 4*b**3*c**2*d**4*
x**6 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c**6*x**2),x)*a**2*b**4*d**8*x**2 - 33*
int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**6)/(3*a**4*d**6 + 9*a**3*b*d**6*x**2
- 10*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 9*a**2*b**2*d**6*x**4 - 24*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 1
1*a**2*c**4*d**2 + 3*a*b**3*d**6*x**6 - 18*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 19*a*b*
c**4*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c**6 - 4*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**6 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**4
- 4*b*c**6*x**2),x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**6 - 24*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d
+ c)*x**6)/(3*a**4*d**6 + 9*a**3*b*d**6*x**2 - 10*a**3*c**2*d**4 + 9*a**2*
b**2*d**6*x**4 - 24*a**2*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 11*a**2*c**4*d**2 + 3*a*b**3*d
**6*x**6 - 18*a*b**2*c**2*d**4*x**4 + 19*a*b*c**4*d**2*x**2 - 4*a*c**6 - 4
*b**3*c**2*d**4*x**6 + 8*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**4 - 4*b*c**6*x**2),x)*a*b**4*c*
**2*d**6*x**2 + 40*int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**6)/(3*a**4*d**6 ...
```

3.287
$$\int \frac{1}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2446
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2447
Rubi [F]	2447
Maple [F]	2448
Fricas [F]	2448
Sympy [F]	2448
Maxima [F]	2449
Giac [F(-2)]	2449
Mupad [F(-1)]	2450
Reduce [F]	2450

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 309

$$\int \frac{1}{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2cx}{(c^2-ad^2)\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{bd(c^2-ad^2)x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right), \frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{bdx\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```
2*c*x/(-a*d^2+c^2)/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*a^(1/2)*c*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)
*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1
/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b/d/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x/((
c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)-2*a^(1/2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d
*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^
(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/b/d/x/(c+d*(
b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 60.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2i(c - d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^2 \sqrt{\frac{d(-\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} \sqrt{\frac{d(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{a + bx^2})}{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}} (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^3 (cE(i\sqrt{a + bx^2}/\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}) - cE(i\sqrt{a}/\sqrt{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}))}{bd^2\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}(c - \sqrt{a + bx^2})}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(-3/2), x]`

output

```
((2*I)*(c - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^2*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^3*(c*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] - Sqrt[a]*d*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)))/(b*d^2*Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)*x*(c^2 - d^2*(a + b*x^2))^2)
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{1}{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(-3/2), x]`

output

`$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d + c^2)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^2*d^4*x^4 + a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4 + 2*(a*b*d^4 - b*c^2*d^2)*x^2), x)`

SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(-3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(-3/2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater E
rror: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`output `int(1/(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx &= \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^4 + 2abd^4x^2 - 2bc^2d^2x^2 + a^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2 + c^4} dx \right) ad^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^4 + 2abd^4x^2 - 2bc^2d^2x^2 + a^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2 + c^4} dx \right) c^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}x^2}{b^2d^4x^4 + 2abd^4x^2 - 2bc^2d^2x^2 + a^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2 + c^4} dx \right) bd^2 \\ &- 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^4 + 2abd^4x^2 - 2bc^2d^2x^2 + a^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2 + c^4} dx \right) cd \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 2*a*c**2*d**2 + b**2*d**4*x**4 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + c**4), x)*a*d**2 + int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 2*a*c**2*d**2 + b**2*d**4*x**4 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + c**4), x)*c**2 + int((sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)*x**2)/(a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 2*a*c**2*d**2 + b**2*d**4*x**4 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + c**4), x)*b*d**2 - 2*int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c))/(a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 2*a*c**2*d**2 + b**2*d**4*x**4 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + c**4), x)*c*d`

3.288
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2451
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2452
Rubi [F]	2453
Maple [F]	2453
Fricas [F]	2454
Sympy [F]	2454
Maxima [F]	2454
Giac [F(-2)]	2455
Mupad [F(-1)]	2455
Reduce [F]	2455

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 367

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4bcd^2x}{(c^2-ad^2)^2 \sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} - \frac{c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{(c^2-ad^2)x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} + \frac{4\sqrt{acd}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\mid\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{(c^2-ad^2)^2x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}} - \frac{\sqrt{ad}\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}EllipticF\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{(c^2-ad^2)x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```

4*b*c*d^2*x/(-a*d^2+c^2)^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)-(c-d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
)/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+4*a^(1/2)*c*d*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)
*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(
1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/(-a*d^2+c^2)^2/x/((c
+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)-a^(1/2)*d*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*((c+d*
(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(
1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/(-a*d^2+c^2)/
x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 63.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 529, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$(c - d\sqrt{a + bx^2}) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} \left(-\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}(c - \sqrt{ad}) (c^2 - 2cd\sqrt{a + bx^2} + d^2(a + bx^2)) - 4d \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```

-(((c - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*(-Sqrt[-c - Sqrt
[a]*d]*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(c^2 - 2*c*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + d^2*(a + b*x^2))) -
(4*I)*c*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqr
t[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt
[a + b*x^2]]*(-c^2 + d^2*(a + b*x^2))*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a
]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)] + I*(3
*c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x
^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[c
+ d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-c^2 + d^2*(a + b*x^2))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c
- Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d
)))/((-c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(3/2)*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)^2*x*(c^2 - d^2*(a + b*x^2))^2)
)

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (d\sqrt{a+bx^2} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (d\sqrt{a+bx^2} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{3/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d + c^2)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^2*d^4*x^6 + 2*(a*b*d^4 - b*c^2*d^2)*x^4 + (a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4)*x^2), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{3/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx &= \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^6 + 2abd^4x^4 - 2bc^2d^2x^4 + a^2d^4x^2 - 2ac^2d^2x^2 + c^4x^2} dx \right) ad^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^6 + 2abd^4x^4 - 2bc^2d^2x^4 + a^2d^4x^2 - 2ac^2d^2x^2 + c^4x^2} dx \right) c^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^4 + 2abd^4x^2 - 2bc^2d^2x^2 + a^2d^4 - 2ac^2d^2 + c^4} dx \right) bd^2 \\ &- 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^6 + 2abd^4x^4 - 2bc^2d^2x^4 + a^2d^4x^2 - 2ac^2d^2x^2 + c^4x^2} dx \right) cd \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a**2*d**4*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**4 - 2*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + b**2*d**4*x**6 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + c**4*x**2),x)*a*d**2 + int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a**2*d**4*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**4 - 2*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + b**2*d**4*x**6 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + c**4*x**2),x)*c**2 + int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a**2*d**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**2 - 2*a*c**2*d**2 + b**2*d**4*x**4 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**2 + c**4),x)*b*d**2 - 2*int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c))/(a**2*d**4*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**4 - 2*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + b**2*d**4*x**6 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + c**4*x**2),x)*c*d`

3.289 $\int \frac{1}{x^4 (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2457
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2458
Rubi [F]	2459
Maple [F]	2459
Fricas [F]	2460
Sympy [F]	2460
Maxima [F]	2460
Giac [F(-2)]	2461
Mupad [F(-1)]	2461
Reduce [F]	2461

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 492

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{b^2cd^2(3c^2+29ad^2)x}{6a(c^2-ad^2)^3\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} - \frac{c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{3(c^2-ad^2)x^3\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} - \frac{bd(8acd-(3c^2+5ad^2)\sqrt{a+bx^2})}{6a(c^2-ad^2)^2x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}} + \frac{bcd(3c^2+29ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\middle|\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{6\sqrt{a}(c^2-ad^2)^3x\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}} - \frac{bd(3c^2+5ad^2)\sqrt{-\frac{bx^2}{a}}\sqrt{\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{1-\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{a}}}{\sqrt{2}}\right),\frac{2\sqrt{ad}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{6\sqrt{a}(c^2-ad^2)^2x\sqrt{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}}$$

output

```

1/6*b^2*c*d^2*(29*a*d^2+3*c^2)*x/a/(-a*d^2+c^2)^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
-1/3*(c-d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(-a*d^2+c^2)/x^3/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)
-1/6*b*d*(8*a*c*d-(5*a*d^2+3*c^2)*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/a/(-a*d^2+c^2)^2/x/(c+d
*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/6*b*c*d*(29*a*d^2+3*c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)^(1/2)*(c+d*(
b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/2*(1-(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+c^2)^3/x/((c+d
*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)-1/6*b*d*(5*a*d^2+3*c^2)*(-b*x^2/a)
^(1/2)*((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)*EllipticF(1/2*(1-(b*x^2
+a)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))^(1/2)*2^(1/2),2^(1/2)*(a^(1/2)*d/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2))/
a^(1/2)/(-a*d^2+c^2)^2/x/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(1/2)

```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 64.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 678, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{(c - d\sqrt{a + bx^2})(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2} \left(-\sqrt{-c - \sqrt{ad}}(c - \sqrt{ad}) (-2a^3d^4 + \dots) \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^4*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```

((c - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)*(-(Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a
]*d]*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(-2*a^3*d^4 + 3*b*c^2*d*x^2*(b*d*x^2 - c*Sqrt[a + b*x
^2]) + a^2*d^3*(3*b*d*x^2 + 4*c*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + a*(2*c^4 + 13*b*c^2*d^2
*x^2 + 5*b^2*d^4*x^4 - 4*c^3*d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] - 13*b*c*d^3*x^2*Sqrt[a + b
*x^2]))) - I*b*c*(3*c^2 + 29*a*d^2)*x^2*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2
]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*S
qrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]*(-c^2 + d^2*(a + b*x^2))*Elli
pticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sq
rt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d) + I*Sqrt[a]*b*d*(3*c^2 + 24*Sqrt[a]*c*d + 5*a*d^
2)*x^2*Sqrt[(d*(-Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt
[(d*(Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])]*Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]]*(-c^2 + d^2*(a + b*x^2))*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c - Sqrt[a]
*d]/Sqrt[c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]]], (c - Sqrt[a]*d)/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)))/(6*a*
(-c - Sqrt[a]*d)^(5/2)*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)^3*x^3*(c^2 - d^2*(a + b*x^2))^2)

```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (d\sqrt{a+bx^2} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (d\sqrt{a+bx^2} + c)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int [1/(x^4*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3/2)), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

output `int(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2), x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{3/2} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*d^2*x^2 + a*d^2 - 2*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d + c^2)*sqrt(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)/(b^2*d^4*x^8 + 2*(a*b*d^4 - b*c^2*d^2)*x^6 + (a^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^2*d^2 + c^4)*x^4), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**4*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^{3/2} x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^(3/2)*x^4), x)`

Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:index.cc index_m i_lex_is_greater Error: Bad Argument Value`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^4 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^4*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3/2}} dx &= \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^8 + 2abd^4x^6 - 2bc^2d^2x^6 + a^2d^4x^4 - 2ac^2d^2x^4 + c^4x^4} dx \right) ad^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^8 + 2abd^4x^6 - 2bc^2d^2x^6 + a^2d^4x^4 - 2ac^2d^2x^4 + c^4x^4} dx \right) c^2 \\ &+ \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^6 + 2abd^4x^4 - 2bc^2d^2x^4 + a^2d^4x^2 - 2ac^2d^2x^2 + c^4x^2} dx \right) bd^2 \\ &- 2 \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \sqrt{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c}}{b^2d^4x^8 + 2abd^4x^6 - 2bc^2d^2x^6 + a^2d^4x^4 - 2ac^2d^2x^4 + c^4x^4} dx \right) cd \end{aligned}$$

input `int(1/x^4/(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a**2*d**4*x**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**6 - 2*a*c**2*d**2*x**4 + b**2*d**4*x**8 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**6 + c**4*x**4),x)*a*d**2 + int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a**2*d**4*x**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**6 - 2*a*c**2*d**2*x**4 + b**2*d**4*x**8 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**6 + c**4*x**4),x)*c**2 + int(sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)/(a**2*d**4*x**2 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**4 - 2*a*c**2*d**2*x**2 + b**2*d**4*x**6 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**4 + c**4*x**2),x)*b*d**2 - 2*int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*sqrt(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c))/(a**2*d**4*x**4 + 2*a*b*d**4*x**6 - 2*a*c**2*d**2*x**4 + b**2*d**4*x**8 - 2*b*c**2*d**2*x**6 + c**4*x**4),x)*c*d`

$$3.290 \quad \int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$$

Optimal result	2463
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2464
Rubi [A] (verified)	2464
Maple [F]	2466
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2467
Sympy [F]	2467
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2468
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2468
Mupad [F(-1)]	2469
Reduce [F]	2470

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 252

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = & -\frac{c(c^2 - ad^2)^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{1+p}}{b^3 d^6 (1+p)} \\ & + \frac{(5c^4 - 6ac^2 d^2 + a^2 d^4) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{2+p}}{b^3 d^6 (2+p)} \\ & - \frac{2c(5c^2 - 3ad^2) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3+p}}{b^3 d^6 (3+p)} \\ & + \frac{2(5c^2 - ad^2) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{4+p}}{b^3 d^6 (4+p)} \\ & - \frac{5c(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{5+p}}{b^3 d^6 (5+p)} + \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{6+p}}{b^3 d^6 (6+p)} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-c*(-a*d^2+c^2)^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^3/d^6/(p+1)+(a^2*d^4-6*a*c^2*d^2+5*c^4)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^3/d^6/(2+p)-2*c*(-3*a*d^2+5*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^3/d^6/(3+p)+2*(-a*d^2+5*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^3/d^6/(4+p)-5*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(5+p)/b^3/d^6/(5+p)+(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(6+p)/b^3/d^6/(6+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{1+p} (-120c^5 + 120c^4d(1+p)\sqrt{a + bx^2} - 12c^3d^2(4a(-5 + p + p^2) + 5b(2 + 3p + p^2)x^2))}{(b^3d^6(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)(5+p)(6+p))}$$

input `Integrate[x^5*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]`

output $((c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{(1 + p)}(-120c^5 + 120c^4d(1 + p)\sqrt{a + bx^2} - 12c^3d^2(4a(-5 + p + p^2) + 5b(2 + 3p + p^2)x^2) + 4c^2d^3(1 + p)\sqrt{a + bx^2}(2a(-30 - 4p + p^2) + 5b(6 + 5p + p^2)x^2) + d^5(15 + 23p + 9p^2 + p^3)\sqrt{a + bx^2}(8a^2 - 4ab(2 + p)x^2 + b^2(8 + 6p + p^2)x^4) - cd^4(-8a^2(-15 + 10p + 12p^2 + 2p^3) + 4ab(-30 - 43p - 10p^2 + 4p^3 + p^4)x^2 + 5b^2(24 + 50p + 35p^2 + 10p^3 + p^4)x^4)))/(b^3d^6(1 + p)(2 + p)(3 + p)(4 + p)(5 + p)(6 + p))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{7283}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$\frac{\int b^2 x^4 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p d(bx^2 + a)}{2b^3}$$

↓ 1732

$$\frac{\int \sqrt{bx^2 + a} (a - x^4)^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b^3}$$

↓ 522

$$\frac{\int \left(-\frac{c(c^2 - ad^2)^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{d^5} + \frac{(5c^4 - 6ad^2c^2 + a^2d^4)(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{p+1}}{d^5} - \frac{2(5c^3 - 3acd^2)(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{p+2}}{d^5} - \frac{2(ad^2 - 5c^2)(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{p+3}}{d^5} \right)}{b^3}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{(a^2d^4 - 6ac^2d^2 + 5c^4)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{p+2}}{d^6(p+2)} - \frac{c(c^2 - ad^2)^2 (d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{p+1}}{d^6(p+1)} - \frac{2c(5c^2 - 3ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{p+3}}{d^6(p+3)} + \frac{2(5c^2 - ad^2)(d\sqrt{a+bx^2+c})^{p+4}}{d^6(p+4)}}{b^3}$$

input

`Int[x^5*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]`

output

`((-((c*(c^2 - a*d^2)^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(1 + p))/(d^6*(1 + p))) + ((5*c^4 - 6*a*c^2*d^2 + a^2*d^4)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(2 + p))/(d^6*(2 + p)) - (2*c*(5*c^2 - 3*a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3 + p))/(d^6*(3 + p)) + (2*(5*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(4 + p))/(d^6*(4 + p)) - (5*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(5 + p))/(d^6*(5 + p)) + (c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(6 + p))/(d^6*(6 + p)))/b^3`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicFunctionQ[u, x])`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 740 vs. $2(240) = 480$.

Time = 24.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 740, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(120 a^3 d^6 - 360 a^2 c^2 d^4 + 360 a c^4 d^2 + (b^3 d^6 p^5 + 15 b^3 d^6 p^4 + 85 b^3 d^6 p^3 + 225 b^3 d^6 p^2 + 274 b^3 d^6 p + 120 b^3 d^6)) x^6 - 120 c^6 + (a b^2 d^6 p^5 + (11 a b^2 d^6 - 5 b^2 c^2 d^4) p^4 + (41 a b^2 d^6 - 30 b^2 c^2 d^4) p^3 + (61 a b^2 d^6 - 55 b^2 c^2 d^4) p^2 + 30 (a b^2 d^6 - b^2 c^2 d^4) p) x^4 + 8 (a^3 d^6 + 3 a^2 c^2 d^4) p^3 + 24 (3 a^3 d^6 + 3 a^2 c^2 d^4 - 2 a c^4 d^2) p^2 - 4 ((a^2 b d^6 + a b c^2 d^4) p^4 + 3 (3 a^2 b d^6 - a b c^2 d^4) p^3 + (23 a^2 b d^6 - 34 a b c^2 d^4 + 15 b c^4 d^2) p^2 + 15 (a^2 b d^6 - 2 a b c^2 d^4 + b c^4 d^2) p) x^2 + 8 (23 a^3 d^6 - 24 a^2 c^2 d^4 + 9 a c^4 d^2) p + ((b^2 c d^5 p^5 + 10 b^2 c d^5 p^4 + 35 b^2 c d^5 p^3 + 50 b^2 c d^5 p^2 + 24 b^2 c d^5 p) x^4 + 8 (3 a^2 c d^5 + a c^3 d^3) p^3 + 24 (7 a^2 c d^5 - 3 a c^3 d^3) p^2 - 4 (2 a b c d^5 p^4 + 5 (3 a b c d^5 - b c^3 d^3) p^3 + (31 a b c d^5 - 15 b c^3 d^3) p^2 + 2 (9 a b c d^5 - 5 b c^3 d^3) p) x^2 + 8 (33 a^2 c d^5 - 40 a c^3 d^3 + 15 c^5 d) p) \sqrt{b x^2 + a} (\sqrt{b x^2 + a} d + c)^p / (b^3 d^6 p^6 + 21 b^3 d^6 p^5 + 175 b^3 d^6 p^4 + 735 b^3 d^6 p^3 + 1624 b^3 d^6 p^2 + 1764 b^3 d^6 p + 720 b^3 d^6)$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
(120*a^3*d^6 - 360*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 360*a*c^4*d^2 + (b^3*d^6*p^5 + 15*b^3*d^6*p^4 + 85*b^3*d^6*p^3 + 225*b^3*d^6*p^2 + 274*b^3*d^6*p + 120*b^3*d^6))*x^6 - 120*c^6 + (a*b^2*d^6*p^5 + (11*a*b^2*d^6 - 5*b^2*c^2*d^4)*p^4 + (41*a*b^2*d^6 - 30*b^2*c^2*d^4)*p^3 + (61*a*b^2*d^6 - 55*b^2*c^2*d^4)*p^2 + 30*(a*b^2*d^6 - b^2*c^2*d^4)*p)*x^4 + 8*(a^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4)*p^3 + 24*(3*a^3*d^6 + 3*a^2*c^2*d^4 - 2*a*c^4*d^2)*p^2 - 4*((a^2*b*d^6 + a*b*c^2*d^4)*p^4 + 3*(3*a^2*b*d^6 - a*b*c^2*d^4)*p^3 + (23*a^2*b*d^6 - 34*a*b*c^2*d^4 + 15*b*c^4*d^2)*p^2 + 15*(a^2*b*d^6 - 2*a*b*c^2*d^4 + b*c^4*d^2)*p)*x^2 + 8*(23*a^3*d^6 - 24*a^2*c^2*d^4 + 9*a*c^4*d^2)*p + ((b^2*c*d^5*p^5 + 10*b^2*c*d^5*p^4 + 35*b^2*c*d^5*p^3 + 50*b^2*c*d^5*p^2 + 24*b^2*c*d^5*p)*x^4 + 8*(3*a^2*c*d^5 + a*c^3*d^3)*p^3 + 24*(7*a^2*c*d^5 - 3*a*c^3*d^3)*p^2 - 4*(2*a*b*c*d^5*p^4 + 5*(3*a*b*c*d^5 - b*c^3*d^3)*p^3 + (31*a*b*c*d^5 - 15*b*c^3*d^3)*p^2 + 2*(9*a*b*c*d^5 - 5*b*c^3*d^3)*p)*x^2 + 8*(33*a^2*c*d^5 - 40*a*c^3*d^3 + 15*c^5*d)*p)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/(b^3*d^6*p^6 + 21*b^3*d^6*p^5 + 175*b^3*d^6*p^4 + 735*b^3*d^6*p^3 + 1624*b^3*d^6*p^2 + 1764*b^3*d^6*p + 720*b^3*d^6)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**5*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**5*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**p, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 431, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\left((bx^2+a)d^2(p+1)+\sqrt{bx^2+ad}p-c^2 \right) \left(\sqrt{bx^2+ad}+c \right)^p a^2}{(p^2+3p+2)d^2} - \frac{2 \left((p^3+6p^2+11p+6)(bx^2+a)^2 d^4 + (p^3+3p^2+2p)(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} cd^3 - 3(bx^2+a)(p^2+2p)c^2 d^2 + 6\sqrt{bx^2+a}c^3 d p - 6c^4 \right) \left(\sqrt{bx^2+a}d+c \right)^p a}{(p^4+10p^3+35p^2+50p+24)d^4}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(((b*x^2 + a)*d^2*(p + 1) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d*p - c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a^2/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*d^2) - 2*((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*(b*x^2 + a)^2*d^4 + (p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*c*d^3 - 3*(b*x^2 + a)*(p^2 + p)*c^2*d^2 + 6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c^3*d*p - 6*c^4)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a/((p^4 + 10*p^3 + 35*p^2 + 50*p + 24)*d^4) + ((p^5 + 15*p^4 + 85*p^3 + 225*p^2 + 274*p + 120)*(b*x^2 + a)^3*d^6 + (p^5 + 10*p^4 + 35*p^3 + 50*p^2 + 24*p)*(b*x^2 + a)^(5/2)*c*d^5 - 5*(p^4 + 6*p^3 + 11*p^2 + 6*p)*(b*x^2 + a)^2*c^2*d^4 + 20*(p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*c^3*d^3 - 60*(b*x^2 + a)*(p^2 + p)*c^4*d^2 + 120*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c^5*d*p - 120*c^6)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/((p^6 + 21*p^5 + 175*p^4 + 735*p^3 + 1624*p^2 + 1764*p + 720)*d^6))/b^3`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 4289 vs. 2(240) = 480.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4289, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.02

$$\int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a^2*d^4*p^5*sgn((sqrt
(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - (sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)^p*a^2*c*d^4*p^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 19*(sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a^2*d^4*p^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d
+ c)*d - c*d) - 20*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a^2*
c*d^4*p^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)
^4*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*d^2*p^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d
) + 6*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^3*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*c*d^2*p^5*sgn(
(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 6*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*d + c)^p*a*c^2*d^2*p^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 2*(sqr
t(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*c^3*d^2*p^5*sgn((sqrt(b*x^
2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 137*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d
+ c)^p*a^2*d^4*p^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 155*(sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a^2*c*d^4*p^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d
+ c)*d - c*d) - 34*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^4*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*
d^2*p^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 108*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)
^3*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*c*d^2*p^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c
*d) - 114*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*c^2*d^2*p^
4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 40*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(
b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*c^3*d^2*p^4*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) ...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^5*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^5*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p, x)
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int x^5 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

3.291 $\int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2471
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2472
Rubi [A] (verified)	2472
Maple [F]	2474
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2475
Sympy [F]	2475
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2476
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2476
Mupad [F(-1)]	2477
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2478

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = -\frac{c(c^2 - ad^2) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{1+p}}{b^2 d^4 (1 + p)} + \frac{(3c^2 - ad^2) (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{2+p}}{b^2 d^4 (2 + p)} - \frac{3c(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{3+p}}{b^2 d^4 (3 + p)} + \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{4+p}}{b^2 d^4 (4 + p)}$$

output

```
-c*(-a*d^2+c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^2/d^4/(p+1)+(-a*d^2+3*c^2)*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^2/d^4/(2+p)-3*c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^2/d^4/(3+p)+(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^2/d^4/(4+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{1+p} (-6c^3 + 6c^2d(1+p)\sqrt{a + bx^2} + d^3(3 + 4p + p^2)\sqrt{a + bx^2}(-2a + b(2+p)x^2) - cd^2(-3 + p + p^2) + 3b(2 + 3p + p^2)x^2)}{b^2d^4(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]`

output `((c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(1 + p)*(-6*c^3 + 6*c^2*d*(1 + p)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2] + d^3*(3 + 4*p + p^2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*(-2*a + b*(2 + p)*x^2) - c*d^2*(2*a*(-3 + p + p^2) + 3*b*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^2))/(b^2*d^4*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7283$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx^2$$

$$\downarrow 896$$

$$\frac{\int bx^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p d(bx^2 + a)}{2b^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -bx^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p d(bx^2 + a)}{2b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{bx^2 + a}(a - x^4) (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{522} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(\frac{(c^3 - acd^2)(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{d^3} + \frac{(ad^2 - 3c^2)(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{p+1}}{d^3} + \frac{3c(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{p+2}}{d^3} - \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^{p+3}}{d^3} \right) d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{b^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{\frac{c(c^2 - ad^2)(d\sqrt{a + bx^2 + c})^{p+1}}{d^4(p+1)} - \frac{(3c^2 - ad^2)(d\sqrt{a + bx^2 + c})^{p+2}}{d^4(p+2)} + \frac{3c(d\sqrt{a + bx^2 + c})^{p+3}}{d^4(p+3)} - \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2 + c})^{p+4}}{d^4(p+4)}}{b^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]`

output `-(((c*(c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(1 + p))/(d^4*(1 + p)) - ((3*c^2 - a*d^2)*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(2 + p))/(d^4*(2 + p)) + (3*c*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(3 + p))/(d^4*(3 + p)) - (c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(4 + p)/(d^4*(4 + p)))/b^2)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicFunctionQ[u, x])`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 304 vs. $2(143) = 286$.

Time = 6.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx =$$

$$\frac{(6a^2d^4 - 12ac^2d^2 - (b^2d^4p^3 + 6b^2d^4p^2 + 11b^2d^4p + 6b^2d^4)x^4 + 6c^4 + 2(a^2d^4 + ac^2d^2)p^2 - (abd^4p^3 -$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(6*a^2*d^4 - 12*a*c^2*d^2 - (b^2*d^4*p^3 + 6*b^2*d^4*p^2 + 11*b^2*d^4*p + 6*b^2*d^4)*x^4 + 6*c^4 + 2*(a^2*d^4 + a*c^2*d^2)*p^2 - (a*b*d^4*p^3 + (4*a*b*d^4 - 3*b*c^2*d^2)*p^2 + 3*(a*b*d^4 - b*c^2*d^2)*p)*x^2 + 4*(2*a^2*d^4 - a*c^2*d^2)*p + (4*a*c*d^3*p^2 - (b*c*d^3*p^3 + 3*b*c*d^3*p^2 + 2*b*c*d^3*p)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*c*d^3 - 3*c^3*d)*p)*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/(b^2*d^4*p^4 + 10*b^2*d^4*p^3 + 35*b^2*d^4*p^2 + 50*b^2*d^4*p + 24*b^2*d^4)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = \int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**p, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{\left((bx^2+a)d^2(p+1) + \sqrt{bx^2+ad}cp - c^2 \right) \left(\sqrt{bx^2+ad} + c \right)^p a}{(p^2+3p+2)d^2} - \frac{\left((p^3+6p^2+11p+6)(bx^2+a)^2d^4 + (p^3+3p^2+2p)(bx^2+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}cd^3 - 3(bx^2+a)(p^2+p)c^2d^2 + 6\sqrt{bx^2+a}c^3d^p - 6c^4 \right) \left(\sqrt{bx^2+a}d + c \right)^p}{(p^4+10p^3+35p^2+50p+24)d^4} \frac{1}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(((b*x^2 + a)*d^2*(p + 1) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d*p - c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*d^2) - ((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*(b*x^2 + a)^2*d^4 + (p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*(b*x^2 + a)^(3/2)*c*d^3 - 3*(b*x^2 + a)*(p^2 + p)*c^2*d^2 + 6*sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c^3*d*p - 6*c^4)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/((p^4 + 10*p^3 + 35*p^2 + 50*p + 24)*d^4))/b^2`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1396 vs. 2(143) = 286.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1396, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.25

$$\int x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*d^2*p^3*sgn((sqrt(
b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - (sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d +
c)^p*a*c*d^2*p^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 8*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*d^2*p^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*
d - c*d) - 9*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*c*d^2*p^2
*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - (sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^4*(sqrt(b*
x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*p^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 3*(sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*d + c)^3*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*c*p^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)
*d - c*d) - 3*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*c^2*p^3*
sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + (sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2
+ a)*d + c)^p*c^3*p^3*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 19*(sqrt(b*x
^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*d^2*p*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d
+ c)*d - c*d) - 26*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*c*d
^2*p*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 6*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^4*(s
qrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*p^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 21*(sqr
t(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^3*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*c*p^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)
*d + c)*d - c*d) - 24*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*
c^2*p^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 9*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(
sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*c^3*p^2*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + 12
*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*a*d^2*sgn((sqrt(b*...

```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input

```
int(x^3*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x^3*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p, x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int x^3 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bdx^2)^p (-4\sqrt{bx^2 + a} ac d^3 p^2 - 10\sqrt{bx^2 + a} ac d^3 p + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)
```

output

```
((sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x + a*d +
b*d*x**2)**p*( - 4*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*c*d**3*p**2 - 10*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*a*
c*d**3*p + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*d**3*p**3*x**2 + 3*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*d*
**3*p**2*x**2 + 2*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*b*c*d**3*p*x**2 + 6*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c**
3*d*p - 2*a**2*d**4*p**2 - 8*a**2*d**4*p - 6*a**2*d**4 + a*b*d**4*p**3*x**
2 + 4*a*b*d**4*p**2*x**2 + 3*a*b*d**4*p*x**2 - 2*a*c**2*d**2*p**2 + 4*a*c*
*2*d**2*p + 12*a*c**2*d**2 + b**2*d**4*p**3*x**4 + 6*b**2*d**4*p**2*x**4 +
11*b**2*d**4*p*x**4 + 6*b**2*d**4*x**4 - 3*b*c**2*d**2*p**2*x**2 - 3*b*c*
*2*d**2*p*x**2 - 6*c**4))/((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)**p*b**2*d**4*(p*
*4 + 10*p**3 + 35*p**2 + 50*p + 24))
```

3.292 $\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2479
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2479
Rubi [A] (verified)	2480
Maple [F]	2481
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2482
Sympy [F]	2482
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2482
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2483
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2483
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2484

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = -\frac{c(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{1+p}}{bd^2(1+p)} + \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{2+p}}{bd^2(2+p)}$$

output

```
-c*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b/d^2/(p+1)+(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b/d^2/(2+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{1+p} (-c + d(1+p)\sqrt{a + bx^2})}{bd^2(1+p)(2+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]
```

output

```
((c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(1 + p)*(-c + d*(1 + p)*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]))/(b*d^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$, Rules used = {2024, 774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x (d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^p dx \\
 \downarrow 2024 \\
 \frac{\int (c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^p d(bx^2+a)}{2b} \\
 \downarrow 774 \\
 \frac{\int \sqrt{bx^2+a} (c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^p d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \frac{\int \left(\frac{(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^{p+1}}{d} - \frac{c(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^p}{d} \right) d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{b} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{p+2}}{d^2(p+2)} - \frac{c(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{p+1}}{d^2(p+1)}}{b}
 \end{array}$$

input

 $\text{Int}[x*(c + d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])^p, x]$

output

 $\frac{-((c*(c + d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])^{(1 + p)})/(d^2*(1 + p))) + (c + d*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^2])^{(2 + p)}/(d^2*(2 + p))}{b}$

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 2024 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(Pq_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(Qr_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Expon[Pq, x], r = Expon[Qr, x]}, Simp[Coeff[Qr, x, r]/(q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, Pq], x] /; EqQ[r, q - 1] && EqQ[Coeff[Qr, x, r]*D[Pq, x], q*Coeff[Pq, x, q]*Qr] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && PolyQ[Pq, x] & & PolyQ[Qr, x]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int x(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{(ad^2p + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}cdp + ad^2 + (bd^2p + bd^2)x^2 - c^2)(\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + c)^p}{bd^2p^2 + 3bd^2p + 2bd^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(a*d^2*p + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d*p + a*d^2 + (b*d^2*p + b*d^2)*x^2 - c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/(b*d^2*p^2 + 3*b*d^2*p + 2*b*d^2)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = \int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**p,x)`output `Integral(x*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**p, x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{((bx^2 + a)d^2(p + 1) + \sqrt{bx^2 + a}cdp - c^2)(\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + c)^p}{(p^2 + 3p + 2)bd^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `((b*x^2 + a)*d^2*(p + 1) + sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*c*d*p - c^2)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b*d^2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs. $2(61) = 122$.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^2 (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^p \operatorname{dpsgn}((\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})d - cd) - (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^p}{2b \left(\frac{d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c} + 1 \right)^p}$$

input `integrate(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*d*p*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - (sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*c*d*p*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) + (sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*d*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d) - 2*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*(sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*c*d*sgn((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)*d - c*d))/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b*d^3)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p (bx^2 + a) {}_2F_1\left(2, -p; 3; -\frac{d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c}\right)}{2b \left(\frac{d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c} + 1 \right)^p}$$

input `int(x*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p*(a + b*x^2)*hypergeom([2, -p], 3, -(d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/c))/(2*b*((d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))/c + 1)^p)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(\sqrt{b} \sqrt{bx^2 + a} dx + \sqrt{bx^2 + a} c + \sqrt{b} cx + ad + bdx^2 \right)^p \left(\sqrt{bx^2 + a} cdp + a d^2 p + a d^2 + b d^2 p x^2 + b d^2 a \right)}{\left(\sqrt{bx^2 + a} + \sqrt{b} x \right)^p b d^2 (p^2 + 3p + 2)}$$

input `int(x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`output `((sqrt(b)*sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d*x + sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c + sqrt(b)*c*x + a*d + b*d*x**2)**p*(sqrt(a + b*x**2)*c*d*p + a*d**2*p + a*d**2 + b*d**2*p*x**2 + b*d**2*x**2 - c**2))/((sqrt(a + b*x**2) + sqrt(b)*x)**p*b*d**2*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))`

3.293
$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	2485
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2486
Rubi [A] (verified)	2486
Maple [F]	2488
Fricas [F]	2489
Sympy [F]	2489
Maxima [F]	2489
Giac [F]	2490
Mupad [F(-1)]	2490
Reduce [F]	2490

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x} dx = -\frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c - \sqrt{ad}}\right)}{2(c - \sqrt{ad})(1 + p)} - \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}\right)}{2(c + \sqrt{ad})(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d))/(c-a^(1/2)*d)/(p+1)-1/2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))/(c+a^(1/2)*d)/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x} dx = \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{1+p} \left((c + \sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c - \sqrt{ad}} \right) + (c - \sqrt{ad}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{c - d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}} \right) \right)}{2 (c - \sqrt{ad}) (c + \sqrt{ad}) (1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p/x,x]`

output `-1/2*((c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(1 + p))*((c + Sqrt[a]*d)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + (c - Sqrt[a]*d)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)])/(c - Sqrt[a]*d)*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)*(1 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {7282, 896, 25, 1732, 615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{7282} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{x^2} dx^2 \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{bx^2} d(bx^2 + a) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 25 \\
& -\frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{bx^2} d(bx^2 + a) \\
& \downarrow 1732 \\
& - \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2 + a}(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{a - x^4} d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \\
& \downarrow 615 \\
& - \int \left(\frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{2(-bx^2 - a + \sqrt{a})} - \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{2(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{bx^2 + a})} \right) d\sqrt{bx^2 + a} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c - \sqrt{ad}}\right)}{2(p + 1)(c - \sqrt{ad})} - \\
& \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}\right)}{2(p + 1)(\sqrt{ad} + c)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p/x,x]`

output `-1/2*((c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c - Sqrt[a*d])]/((c - Sqrt[a*d])*(1 + p)) - ((c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c + Sqrt[a*d])])/(2*(c + Sqrt[a*d])*(1 + p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 615 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7282 `Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**p/x,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**p/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)**p/x,x)`

3.294 $\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2491
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2492
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2492
Maple [F]	2495
Fricas [F]	2495
Sympy [F]	2496
Maxima [F]	2496
Giac [F]	2496
Mupad [F(-1)]	2497
Reduce [F]	2497

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{2x^2} + \frac{bd(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1+p, \frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c-\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}(c-\sqrt{ad})} - \frac{bd(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1+p, \frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{4\sqrt{a}(c+\sqrt{ad})}$$

output

```
-1/2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^2+1/4*b*d*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom
([1, p], [p+1], (c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d))/a^(1/2)/(c-a^(1/2)*d)-1
/4*b*d*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], (c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)
)/(c+a^(1/2)*d))/a^(1/2)/(c+a^(1/2)*d)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^{1+p} \left(bd(c + \sqrt{ad})^2 px^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c-\sqrt{ad}} \right) + (-c + \sqrt{ad}) \right)}{4\sqrt{a}(1 + \dots)}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p/x^3,x]`

output `((c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^(1 + p)*(b*d*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)^2*p*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c - Sqrt[a]*d)] + (-c + Sqrt[a]*d)*(2*Sqrt[a]*(c + Sqrt[a]*d)*(1 + p)*(c - d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2]) + b*d*(c - Sqrt[a]*d)*p*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])/(c + Sqrt[a]*d)])))/(4*Sqrt[a]*(1 + p)*(c^2*x - a*d^2*x)^2)`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {7283, 896, 1732, 593, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{7283}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{x^4} dx^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{896}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{b^2 x^4} d(bx^2 + a)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 1732 \\
 & b \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^2+a}(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^p}{(a-x^4)^2} d\sqrt{bx^2+a} \\
 & \downarrow 593 \\
 & b \left(\frac{(c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2})(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{p+1}}{2(a-x^4)(c^2-ad^2)} - \frac{d \int \frac{p(c-d\sqrt{bx^2+a})(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^p}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2(c^2-ad^2)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & b \left(\frac{(c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2})(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{p+1}}{2(a-x^4)(c^2-ad^2)} - \frac{dp \int \frac{(c-d\sqrt{bx^2+a})(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^p}{a-x^4} d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2(c^2-ad^2)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 657 \\
 & b \left(\frac{(c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2})(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{p+1}}{2(a-x^4)(c^2-ad^2)} - \frac{dp \int \left(\frac{(\sqrt{ac}-ad)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^p}{2a(-bx^2-a+\sqrt{a})} + \frac{(\sqrt{ac}+ad)(c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a})^p}{2a(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx^2+a})} \right) d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{2(c^2-ad^2)} \right) \\
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & b \left(\frac{(c-d\sqrt{a+bx^2})(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{p+1}}{2(a-x^4)(c^2-ad^2)} - \frac{dp \left(\frac{(c-\sqrt{ad})(d\sqrt{a+bx^2}+c)^{p+1}}{2\sqrt{a}(p+1)(\sqrt{ad}+c)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{c+d\sqrt{bx^2+a}}{c+\sqrt{ad}} \right) \right)}{2(c^2-ad^2)} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p/x^3,x]`

output $b * ((c - d * \sqrt{a + b * x^2}) * (c + d * \sqrt{a + b * x^2})^{(1 + p)}) / (2 * (c^2 - a * d^2) * (a - x^4)) - (d * p * (-1/2 * ((c + \sqrt{a} * d) * (c + d * \sqrt{a + b * x^2})^{(1 + p)} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c + d * \sqrt{a + b * x^2}) / (c - \sqrt{a} * d)])) / (\sqrt{a} * (c - \sqrt{a} * d) * (1 + p)) + ((c - \sqrt{a} * d) * (c + d * \sqrt{a + b * x^2})^{(1 + p)} * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (c + d * \sqrt{a + b * x^2}) / (c + \sqrt{a} * d)])) / (2 * \sqrt{a} * (c + \sqrt{a} * d) * (1 + p))) / (2 * (c^2 - a * d^2))$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 $\text{Int}[(a_*) * (F x_*) , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F x, x], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F x, (b_*) * (G x_*) / ; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$

rule 593 $\text{Int}[(x_*) * ((c_*) + (d_*) * (x_*)^{(n_*)}) * ((a_*) + (b_*) * (x_*)^2)^{(p_*)} , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c + d * x)^{(n + 1)} * (c - d * x) * ((a + b * x^2)^{(p + 1)} / (2 * (p + 1) * (b * c^2 + a * d^2))) , x] - \text{Simp}[d / (2 * (p + 1) * (b * c^2 + a * d^2)) \text{ Int}[(c + d * x)^n * (a + b * x^2)^{(p + 1)} * (c * n - d * (n + 2 * p + 4) * x), x], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b * c^2 + a * d^2, 0]$

rule 657 $\text{Int}[(d_*) + (e_*) * (x_*)^{(m_*)} * ((f_*) + (g_*) * (x_*)^{(n_*)}) / ((a_*) + (c_*) * (x_*)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(d + e * x)^m * ((f + g * x)^n / (a + c * x^2)), x], x] / ; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[n]$

rule 896 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*) * (v_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)} * (x_*)^{(m_*)} , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, x, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1 / d^{(m + 1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m * (a + b * x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] / ; \text{NeQ}[c, 0]] / ; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 1732 $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (c_*) * (x_*)^{(n2_*)})^{(p_*)} * ((d_*) + (e_*) * (x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(q_*)} , x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{g = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[g \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(g - 1)} * (d + e * x^{(g * n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/g)}], x]] / ; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2 * n] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7283 `Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, m + 1, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], m + 1] /; IntegerQ[m] && NeQ[m, -1] && NonsumQ[u] && (GtQ[m, 0] || !AlgebraicFunctionQ[u, x])`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**p/x**3,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**p/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)`output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)`output `int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)**p/x**3,x)`

3.295 $\int x^4 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2498
Mathematica [F]	2499
Rubi [F]	2499
Maple [F]	2500
Fricas [F]	2500
Sympy [F(-2)]	2500
Maxima [F]	2501
Giac [F]	2501
Mupad [F(-1)]	2501
Reduce [F]	2502

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int x^4 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p$$

$$- \frac{x^5 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(p, -\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{5}{2}, 1 + p, \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c - \sqrt{ad}}, \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}} \right)}{5 \left(1 - \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c - \sqrt{ad}} \right)^{5/2} \left(1 - \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}} \right)^{5/2}}$$

output

```
1/5*x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p-1/5*x^5*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p*AppellF1(p
,-5/2,-5/2,p+1,(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d),(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(
c+a^(1/2)*d)/(1-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d))^(5/2)/(1-(c+d*(b*x^2
+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(5/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x^4*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]`

output `Integrate[x^4*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int x^4 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p dx$$

input `Int[x^4*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int(x^4*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^4*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(x**4*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p x^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^4*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int(x^4*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^4*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int x^4 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int(x^4*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^4*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

3.296 $\int x^2 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2503
Mathematica [F]	2504
Rubi [F]	2504
Maple [F]	2505
Fricas [F]	2505
Sympy [F]	2505
Maxima [F]	2506
Giac [F]	2506
Mupad [F(-1)]	2506
Reduce [F]	2507

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int x^2 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p$$

$$- \frac{x^3 \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(p, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, 1 + p, \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c - \sqrt{ad}}, \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}} \right)}{3 \left(1 - \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c - \sqrt{ad}} \right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}} \right)^{3/2}}$$

output

```
1/3*x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p-1/3*x^3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p*AppellF1(p
,-3/2,-3/2,p+1,(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d),(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(
c+a^(1/2)*d)/(1-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d))^(3/2)/(1-(c+d*(b*x^2
+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]`

output `Integrate[x^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int x^2 (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p dx$$

input `Int[x^2*(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad + c})^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p*x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^2*(c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x^2 (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c)^p x^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)**p*x**2,x)`

3.297 $\int \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2508
Mathematica [F]	2509
Rubi [F]	2509
Maple [F]	2510
Fricas [F]	2510
Sympy [F]	2510
Maxima [F]	2511
Giac [F]	2511
Mupad [F(-1)]	2511
Reduce [F]	2512

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p dx = x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p - \frac{x \left(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2} \right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(p, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + p, \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c - \sqrt{ad}}, \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}} \right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c - \sqrt{ad}}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2}}{c + \sqrt{ad}}}}$$

output

```
x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p-x*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p*AppellF1(p,-1/2,-1/2,p+1,(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d),(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))/(1-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)/(1-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p dx = \int (\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c)^p dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)**p,x)`

3.298 $\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2513
Mathematica [F]	2513
Rubi [F]	2514
Maple [F]	2514
Fricas [F]	2515
Sympy [F]	2515
Maxima [F]	2515
Giac [F]	2516
Mupad [F(-1)]	2516
Reduce [F]	2516

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x} + \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p \sqrt{1-\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c-\sqrt{ad}}} \sqrt{1-\frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(p, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+p, \frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c-\sqrt{ad}}, \frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{x}$$

output

```
-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x+(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p*(1-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))/(c-a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)*(1-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2)))/(c+a^(1/2)*d)^(1/2)*AppellF1(p,1/2,1/2,p+1,(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d),(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))/x
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p/x^2,x]
```

output `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p/x^2, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**p/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**p/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)**p/x**2,x)`

3.299 $\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	2517
Mathematica [F]	2517
Rubi [F]	2518
Maple [F]	2518
Fricas [F]	2519
Sympy [F]	2519
Maxima [F]	2519
Giac [F]	2520
Mupad [F(-1)]	2520
Reduce [F]	2520

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx = -\frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{3x^3} + \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p \left(1 - \frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c-\sqrt{ad}}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)^{3/2} \text{AppellF1}\left(p, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 1+p, \frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c-\sqrt{ad}}, \frac{c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2}}{c+\sqrt{ad}}\right)}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^3+1/3*(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p*(1-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d))^(3/2)*(1-(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))^(3/2)*AppellF1(p,3/2,3/2,p+1,(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c-a^(1/2)*d),(c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))/(c+a^(1/2)*d))/x^3
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(c+d\sqrt{a+bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p/x^4,x]
```

output `Integrate[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p/x^4, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int \frac{(d\sqrt{a + bx^2} + c)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `Int[(c + d*Sqrt[a + b*x^2])^p/x^4,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x**2+a)**(1/2))**p/x**4,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*sqrt(a + b*x**2))**p/x**4, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + ad} + c)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(b*x^2 + a)*d + c)^p/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{bx^2 + a})^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((c + d*(a + b*x^2)^(1/2))^p/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + d\sqrt{a + bx^2})^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{bx^2 + a}d + c)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((c+d*(b*x^2+a)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((sqrt(a + b*x**2)*d + c)**p/x**4,x)`

3.300 $\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x dx$

Optimal result	2521
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2522
Rubi [A] (verified)	2522
Maple [F]	2526
Fricas [F]	2526
Sympy [F]	2527
Maxima [F]	2527
Giac [F]	2527
Mupad [F(-1)]	2528
Reduce [F]	2528

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 262

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x dx$$

$$= -\frac{bdp\left(bc - a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p x}{4c\left(a^2 - b^2c\right)} + \frac{1}{2}\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p x^2$$

$$+ \frac{bd^2\left(a - b\sqrt{c}\left(2 - p\right)\right)\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{a - b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8\left(a - b\sqrt{c}\right)^2 c^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{bd^2\left(a + b\sqrt{c}\left(2 - p\right)\right)\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{a + b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8\left(a + b\sqrt{c}\right)^2 c^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/4*b*d*p*(b*c-a*(c+d/x)^(1/2))*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)+1/2*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x^2+1/8*b*d^2*(a-b*c^(1/2)*(2-p))*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], (a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2)))/(a-b*c^(1/2))^2/c^(3/2)-1/8*b*d^2*(a+b*c^(1/2)*(2-p))*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], (a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2)))/(a+b*c^(1/2))^2/c^(3/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 300, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^{1+p} \left(\frac{2d(-2ab^2c(-1+p) + b^3c(-2+p)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a^2b)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{a^2 - b^2c} x + 4(ac - bc\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}) x^2 + \frac{bd^2p}{8c} (a + b\sqrt{c})^3 \right)}{8c(a^2 - b^2c)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p*x,x]`

output

```
((a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*((2*d*(-2*a*b^2*c*(-1 + p) + b^3*c*(-2 + p)
*Sqrt[c + d/x] + a^2*b*p*Sqrt[c + d/x])*x)/(a^2 - b^2*c) + 4*(a*c - b*c*Sq
rt[c + d/x])*x^2 + (b*d^2*p*((a + b*Sqrt[c])^3*(a + b*Sqrt[c]*(-2 + p))*Hy
pergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a - b*Sqrt[c]]) -
(a - b*Sqrt[c])^3*(a - b*Sqrt[c]*(-2 + p))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 +
p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])]))/(a - b*Sqrt[c])*(a + b*Sqrt[
c])*Sqrt[c]*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(1 + p)))/(8*c*(a^2 - b^2*c))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$, Rules used = {7268, 25, 593, 686, 25, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7268

$$-2d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} x^3}{d^3} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}$$

↓ 25

$$2d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} x^3}{d^3} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}$$

↓ 593

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{b \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}(2-p) + ap\right) x^2}{d^2} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{4(a^2 - b^2c)} - \frac{x^2 \left(a - b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right) \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1}}{4d^2(a^2 - b^2c)} \right)$$

↓ 686

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(-\int \frac{p \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \left(a(a^2 - b^2c(3-2p)) + b(b^2c(2-p) - a^2p)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right) x}{2c(a^2 - b^2c)} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \frac{x \left(2abc(1-p) - \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}(b^2c(2-p) - a^2p)\right) \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1}}{2cd(a^2 - b^2c)}}{4(a^2 - b^2c)} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\int \frac{p \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \left(a(a^2 - b^2c(3-2p)) + b(b^2c(2-p) - a^2p)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right) x}{2c(a^2 - b^2c)} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \frac{x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1} \left(2abc(1-p) - \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}(b^2c(2-p) - a^2p)\right)}{2cd(a^2 - b^2c)}}{4(a^2 - b^2c)} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{p \int - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^p (a(a^2-b^2c(3-2p))+b(b^2c(2-p)-a^2p)\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})x}{d} d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}} - x(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^{p+1} (2abc(1-p)-\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}(b^2c(2-p)-a^2p))}{2c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{4(a^2-b^2c)} \right)$$

↓ 657

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{p \int \left(\frac{(a\sqrt{c}(a^2-b^2c(3-2p))+bc(b^2c(2-p)-a^2p)}{2c(\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})} \right) (a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^p + \frac{(a\sqrt{c}(a^2-b^2c(3-2p))-bc(b^2c(2-p)-a^2p)) (a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^p}{2c(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})} \right) d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{2c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{4(a^2-b^2c)} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{p \left(\frac{(a-b\sqrt{c})^2 (a+b\sqrt{c}(2-p)) (a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{a+b\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}(p+1)(a+b\sqrt{c})} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c})^2 (a-b\sqrt{c}(2-p)) (a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{a+b\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2\sqrt{c}(p+1)(a+b\sqrt{c})} \right)}{2c(a^2-b^2c)} \right)}{4(a^2-b^2c)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p*x,x]`

output

```
-2*d^2*(-1/4*((a - b*Sqrt[c + d/x])*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*x^2)/((a
^2 - b^2*c)*d^2) + (b*(-1/2*((a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*(2*a*b*c*(1 - p
) - (b^2*c*(2 - p) - a^2*p)*Sqrt[c + d/x])*x)/(c*(a^2 - b^2*c)*d) + (p*(-1
/2*((a + b*Sqrt[c])^2*(a - b*Sqrt[c]*(2 - p))*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p
)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])
]))/((a - b*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c]*(1 + p)) + ((a - b*Sqrt[c])^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c]*(
2 - p))*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (
a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])))/(2*(a + b*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c]*(1 + p))
))/((2*c*(a^2 - b^2*c)))/(4*(a^2 - b^2*c)))
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 593

```
Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :=
Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(c - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 +
a*d^2))), x] - Simp[d/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*
x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*n - d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]
```

rule 657

```
Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^
2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]
```

rule 686

```
Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(d + e*x)^(m + 1))*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7268 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfQuotientOfLinears[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x,x)`

output `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x dx = \int \left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^p*x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x dx = \int x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p*x,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*sqrt(c + d/x))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x dx = \int \left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))**p*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)**p*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x dx = \int \left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))**p*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)**p*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x dx = \int x \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p,x)`output `int(x*(a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}b + \sqrt{x}a)^p x}{x^{\frac{p}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x,x)`output `int(((sqrt(c*x + d)*b + sqrt(x)*a)**p*x)/x**(p/2),x)`

3.301 $\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2529
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2530
Rubi [A] (verified)	2530
Maple [F]	2532
Fricas [F]	2533
Sympy [F]	2533
Maxima [F]	2533
Giac [F]	2534
Mupad [F(-1)]	2534
Reduce [F]	2534

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p x$$

$$- \frac{bd \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{a - b\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2(a - b\sqrt{c})\sqrt{c}}$$

$$+ \frac{bd \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{a + b\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2(a + b\sqrt{c})\sqrt{c}}$$

output

```
(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x-1/2*b*d*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], (a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2)))/(a-b*c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)+1/2*b*d*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], (a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2)))/(a+b*c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^{1+p} \left(-b(a + b\sqrt{c})^2 {}_2F_1 \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{a - b\sqrt{c}} \right) + (a - b\sqrt{c}) \left(2\sqrt{c} (a^2 - \dots \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{c} (a^2 - \dots)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p,x]`

output `((a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*(-(b*(a + b*Sqrt[c])^2*d*p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])]) + (a - b*Sqrt[c])*(2*(a + b*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c]*(1 + p)*(a - b*Sqrt[c + d/x])*x + b*(a - b*Sqrt[c])*d*p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])])))/(2*Sqrt[c]*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*(1 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {7268, 593, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7268$$

$$-2d \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} x^2}{d^2} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}$$

$$\downarrow 593$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2d \left(\frac{b \int -\frac{p(a-b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^p}{d} d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{2(a^2-b^2c)} - \frac{x(a-b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^{p+1}}{2d(a^2-b^2c)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& -2d \left(\frac{bp \int -\frac{(a-b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^p}{d} d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{2(a^2-b^2c)} - \frac{x(a-b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^{p+1}}{2d(a^2-b^2c)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 657 \\
& -2d \left(\frac{bp \int \left(\frac{(a\sqrt{c}-bc)(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^p}{2c(\sqrt{c}-\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})} + \frac{(\sqrt{ca}+bc)(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^p}{2c(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})} \right) d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{2(a^2-b^2c)} - \frac{x(a-b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^{p+1}}{2d(a^2-b^2c)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& -2d \left(\frac{bp \left(\frac{(a-b\sqrt{c})(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{a+b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(p+1)(a+b\sqrt{c})} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c})(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}})^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{a-b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(p+1)(a-b\sqrt{c})} \right)}{2(a^2-b^2c)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p,x]`

output `-2*d*(-1/2*((a - b*Sqrt[c + d/x])*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*x)/((a^2 - b^2*c)*d) - (b*p*(-1/2*((a + b*Sqrt[c])*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])]))/((a - b*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c]*(1 + p)) + ((a - b*Sqrt[c])*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])]))/(2*(a + b*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c]*(1 + p)))/(2*(a^2 - b^2*c))`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 593 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(c - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[d/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*n - d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 657 `Int[(((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7268 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfQuotientOfLinears[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sqrt(c + d/x))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}b + \sqrt{x}a)^p}{x^{\frac{p}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c*x + d)*b + sqrt(x)*a)**p/x**(p/2),x)`

3.302
$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	2535
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2536
Rubi [A] (verified)	2536
Maple [F]	2538
Fricas [F]	2538
Sympy [F]	2538
Maxima [F]	2539
Giac [F]	2539
Mupad [F(-1)]	2539
Reduce [F]	2540

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{a-b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a-b\sqrt{c})(1+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{a+b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a+b\sqrt{c})(1+p)}$$

output

```
(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2)))/(a-b*c^(1/2))/(p+1)+(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2)))/(a+b*c^(1/2))/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{1+p} \left((a + b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{a - b\sqrt{c}} \right) + (a - b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a - b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{a + b\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{(a - b\sqrt{c})(a + b\sqrt{c})(1 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*((a + b*Sqrt[c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])] + (a - b*Sqrt[c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a - b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])]))/((a - b*Sqrt[c])*(a + b*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {7268, 25, 615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{7268}$$

$$-2 \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \int -\frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{615} \\
& 2 \int \left(\frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{2\left(\sqrt{c} - \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)} - \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{2\left(\sqrt{c} + \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)} \right) d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& -2 \left(\frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{a-b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(p+1)(a-b\sqrt{c})} - \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{a+b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(p+1)(a+b\sqrt{c})} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x,x]`

output `-2*(-1/2*((a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p)) - ((a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])])/(2*(a + b*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 615 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7268

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfQuotientOfLinears
[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst
t[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^p/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sqrt(c + d/x))**p/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)^p/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)^p/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}b + \sqrt{x}a)^p}{x^{\frac{p}{2}}x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c*x + d)*b + sqrt(x)*a)**p/(x**(p/2)*x),x)`

3.303
$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2541
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2541
Rubi [A] (verified)	2542
Maple [F]	2543
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2544
Sympy [F]	2544
Maxima [F]	2544
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2545
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2545
Reduce [F]	2546

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{2a\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{1+p}}{b^2d(1+p)} - \frac{2\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{2+p}}{b^2d(2+p)}$$

output `2*a*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^2/d/(p+1)-2*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^2/d/(2+p)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{2\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{1+p}\left(a-b(1+p)\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)}{b^2d(1+p)(2+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^2,x]`

output $(2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x])^{(1 + p)}*(a - b*(1 + p)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x]))/(b^2*d*(1 + p)*(2 + p))$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {7247, 774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{7247} \\
 \frac{\int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p d\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{774} \\
 \frac{2 \int \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{53} \\
 \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{b}\right) d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{2 \left(\frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+2}}{b^2(p+2)} - \frac{a\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1}}{b^2(p+1)}\right)}{d}
 \end{array}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x])^p/x^2, x]$

output
$$\frac{(-2*(-((a*(a + b*\sqrt{c + d/x})^{(1 + p)})/(b^2*(1 + p))) + (a + b*\sqrt{c + d/x})^{(2 + p)})/(b^2*(2 + p)))}{d}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}), x_Symbol] \text{ :> Int} \\ [\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, \\ x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}\{m, 0\} \ \&\& \ (\ !\text{IntegerQ}\{n\} \ || \ (\text{EqQ}\{c, 0\} \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}\{7*m + 4*n + 4, 0\}) \\ || \ \text{LtQ}\{9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0\} \ || \ \text{GtQ}\{m + n + 2, 0\})$$

rule 774
$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}\{k = \text{Denominator}\{n\}\}, \\ \text{Simp}\{k \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k - 1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x\} \text{ /; Free} \\ \text{eQ}\{a, b, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}\{n\}$$

rule 2009
$$\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ /; SumQ}[u]$$

rule 7247
$$\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(y_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}], x_Symbol] \text{ :> With}\{q = \text{Derivative} \\ \text{Divides}\{y, u, x\}\}, \text{Simp}\{q \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, y], x\} \text{ /; !Fal} \\ \text{seQ}\{q\} \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p, x\}$$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input
$$\text{int}((a+b*(c+d/x)^{(1/2)})^p/x^2,x)$$

output
$$\text{int}((a+b*(c+d/x)^{(1/2)})^p/x^2,x)$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2\left(abpx\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} + b^2dp + b^2d + (b^2cp + b^2c - a^2)x\right)\left(b\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} + a\right)^p}{(b^2dp^2 + 3b^2dp + 2b^2d)x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2*(a*b*p*x*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + b^2*d*p + b^2*d + (b^2*c*p + b^2*c - a^2)*x)*(b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^p/((b^2*d*p^2 + 3*b^2*d*p + 2*b^2*d)*x)`**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p/x**2,x)`output `Integral((a + b*sqrt(c + d/x))**p/x**2, x)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)^p/x^2, x)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 161 vs. $2(62) = 124$.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{2 \left(\left(b\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} + a\right)^2 \left(b\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} + a\right)^p p - \left(b\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} + a\right) \left(b\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} + a\right)^p ap + \left(b\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} + a\right)^2 \left(b\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} + a\right)^p}{(p^2 + 3p + 2)b^2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*((b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^p*p - (b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)*(b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^p*a*p + (b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^p - 2*(b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)*(b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^p*a)/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^2*d)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) {}_2F_1\left(2, -p; 3; -\frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{a}\right)}{d \left(\frac{b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{a} + 1\right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `-((a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p*(c + d/x)*hypergeom([2, -p], 3, -(b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))/a))/(d*((b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))/a + 1)^p)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}b + \sqrt{x}a)^p}{x^{\frac{p}{2}}x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c*x + d)*b + sqrt(x)*a)**p/(x**(p/2)*x**2),x)`

$$3.304 \quad \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2547
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2548
Rubi [A] (verified)	2548
Maple [F]	2550
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2550
Sympy [F]	2551
Maxima [F]	2551
Giac [F]	2551
Mupad [F(-1)]	2552
Reduce [F]	2552

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{2a(a^2 - b^2c) \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{1+p}}{b^4d^2(1+p)} - \frac{2(3a^2 - b^2c) \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{2+p}}{b^4d^2(2+p)} + \frac{6a \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{3+p}}{b^4d^2(3+p)} - \frac{2 \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{4+p}}{b^4d^2(4+p)}$$

output

```
2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^4/d^2/(p+1)-2*(-b^2*c+3*a^2)*
(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^4/d^2/(2+p)+6*a*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^4/
d^2/(3+p)-2*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^4/d^2/(4+p)
```


Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{1+p} \left(6a^3x - 6a^2b(1+p)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - b^3(3 + 4p + p^2)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}(d(2+p) - 2cx) + ab^2(3d(2+p) - 2cx)\right)}{b^4d^2(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^3,x]`

output `(2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*(6*a^3*x - 6*a^2*b*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d/x]*x - b^3*(3 + 4*p + p^2)*Sqrt[c + d/x]*(d*(2 + p) - 2*c*x) + a*b^2*(3*d*(2 + 3*p + p^2) + 2*c*(-3 + p + p^2)*x)))/(b^4*d^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p)*x)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {7268, 25, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7268$$

$$= \frac{2 \int \frac{d\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{x} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{d\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{x} d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{522} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{(a^3-ab^2c)\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{b^3} + \frac{(b^2c-3a^2)\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1}}{b^3} + \frac{3a\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+2}}{b^3} - \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+3}}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}{d^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1}}{b^4(p+1)} + \frac{(3a^2-b^2c)\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+2}}{b^4(p+2)} - \frac{3a\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+3}}{b^4(p+3)} + \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+4}}{b^4(p+4)} \right)}{d^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^3,x]`

output `(-2*(-((a*(a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p))/(b^4*(1 + p))) + ((3*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(2 + p))/(b^4*(2 + p)) - (3*a*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(3 + p))/(b^4*(3 + p)) + (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(4 + p)/(b^4*(4 + p))))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7268

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfQuotientOfLinears
[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst
t[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)
```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 309 vs. 2(145) = 290.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(b^4d^2p^3 + 6b^4d^2p^2 + 11b^4d^2p + 6b^4d^2 - 2(3b^4c^2 - 6a^2b^2c + 3a^4 + (b^4c^2 + a^2b^2c)p^2 + 2(2b^4c^2 - a\right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-2*(b^4*d^2*p^3 + 6*b^4*d^2*p^2 + 11*b^4*d^2*p + 6*b^4*d^2 - 2*(3*b^4*c^2
- 6*a^2*b^2*c + 3*a^4 + (b^4*c^2 + a^2*b^2*c)*p^2 + 2*(2*b^4*c^2 - a^2*b^2
*c)*p)*x^2 + (b^4*c*d*p^3 + (4*b^4*c - 3*a^2*b^2)*d*p^2 + 3*(b^4*c - a^2*b
^2)*d*p)*x - (2*(2*a*b^3*c*p^2 + (5*a*b^3*c - 3*a^3*b)*p)*x^2 - (a*b^3*d*p
^3 + 3*a*b^3*d*p^2 + 2*a*b^3*d*p)*x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)*(b*sqrt((c*x + d)/
x) + a)^p/((b^4*d^2*p^4 + 10*b^4*d^2*p^3 + 35*b^4*d^2*p^2 + 50*b^4*d^2*p
+ 24*b^4*d^2)*x^2)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p/x**3, x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sqrt(c + d/x))**p/x**3, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3, x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)^p/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3, x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)`output `int((a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}b + \sqrt{x}a)^p}{x^{\frac{p}{2}}x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)`output `int((sqrt(c*x + d)*b + sqrt(x)*a)**p/(x**(p/2)*x**3),x)`

3.305
$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2553
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2554
Rubi [A] (verified)	2554
Maple [F]	2556
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2556
Sympy [F]	2557
Maxima [F]	2557
Giac [F]	2558
Mupad [F(-1)]	2558
Reduce [F]	2558

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 254

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{2a(a^2-b^2c)^2\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{1+p}}{b^6d^3(1+p)} - \frac{2(5a^4-6a^2b^2c+b^4c^2)\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{2+p}}{b^6d^3(2+p)} + \frac{4a(5a^2-3b^2c)\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{3+p}}{b^6d^3(3+p)} - \frac{4(5a^2-b^2c)\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{4+p}}{b^6d^3(4+p)} + \frac{10a\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{5+p}}{b^6d^3(5+p)} - \frac{2\left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{6+p}}{b^6d^3(6+p)}$$

output

```
2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^6/d^3/(p+1)-2*(b^4*c^2-6*a^2*b^2*c+5*a^4)*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^6/d^3/(2+p)+4*a*(-3*b^2*c+5*a^2)*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^6/d^3/(3+p)-4*(-b^2*c+5*a^2)*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^6/d^3/(4+p)+10*a*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(5+p)/b^6/d^3/(5+p)-2*(a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(6+p)/b^6/d^3/(6+p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^{1+p} \left(120a^5x^2 - 120a^4b(1+p)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}x^2 - 4a^2b^3(1+p)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}x(5d(6 + 5p + p^2) + 2c\right)}{d^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^4,x]`

output

```
(2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*(120*a^5*x^2 - 120*a^4*b*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c +
d/x]*x^2 - 4*a^2*b^3*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d/x]*x*(5*d*(6 + 5*p + p^2) + 2*c*(
-30 - 4*p + p^2)*x) + 12*a^3*b^2*x*(5*d*(2 + 3*p + p^2) + 4*c*(-5 + p + p^
2)*x) - b^5*(15 + 23*p + 9*p^2 + p^3)*Sqrt[c + d/x]*(d^2*(8 + 6*p + p^2) -
4*c*d*(2 + p)*x + 8*c^2*x^2) + a*b^4*(5*d^2*(24 + 50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3
+ p^4) + 4*c*d*(-30 - 43*p - 10*p^2 + 4*p^3 + p^4)*x - 8*c^2*(-15 + 10*p +
12*p^2 + 2*p^3)*x^2)))/(b^6*d^3*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p)*(5 + p)*(
6 + p)*x^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 239, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {7268, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7268$$

$$= \frac{2 \int \frac{d^2 \left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{x^2} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d^3}$$

↓ 522

$$2 \int \left(-\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^2 \left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{b^5} + \frac{(5a^4-6b^2ca^2+b^4c^2) \left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1}}{b^5} - \frac{2(5a^3-3ab^2c) \left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+2}}{b^5} - \frac{2(b^2c-5a^2) \left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+3}}{b^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left(-\frac{a(a^2-b^2c)^2 \left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+1}}{b^6(p+1)} - \frac{2a(5a^2-3b^2c) \left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+3}}{b^6(p+3)} + \frac{2(5a^2-b^2c) \left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+4}}{b^6(p+4)} + \frac{(5a^4-6a^2b^2c+b^4c^2) \left(a+b\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\right)^{p+5}}{b^6(p+2)} \right) dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^4,x]`

output `(-2*(-((a*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p))/(b^6*(1 + p))) + ((5*a^4 - 6*a^2*b^2*c + b^4*c^2)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(2 + p))/(b^6*(2 + p)) - (2*a*(5*a^2 - 3*b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(3 + p))/(b^6*(3 + p)) + (2*(5*a^2 - b^2*c)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(4 + p))/(b^6*(4 + p)) - (5*a*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(5 + p))/(b^6*(5 + p)) + (a + b*Sqrt[c + d/x])^(6 + p))/(b^6*(6 + p)))/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 522 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7268 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfQuotientOfLinears[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 726 vs. 2(242) = 484.

Time = 2.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 726, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{2 \left(b^6 d^3 p^5 + 15 b^6 d^3 p^4 + 85 b^6 d^3 p^3 + 225 b^6 d^3 p^2 + 274 b^6 d^3 p + 120 b^6 d^3 + 8 (15 b^6 c^3 - 45 a^2 b^4 c^2 + 45 a^4 c^2 - 15 a^2 b^2 c^2 + 15 a^4 c) \right)}{x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2*(b^6*d^3*p^5 + 15*b^6*d^3*p^4 + 85*b^6*d^3*p^3 + 225*b^6*d^3*p^2 + 274*
b^6*d^3*p + 120*b^6*d^3 + 8*(15*b^6*c^3 - 45*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 45*a^4*b^2*c -
15*a^6 + (b^6*c^3 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^2)*p^3 + 3*(3*b^6*c^3 + 3*a^2*b^4*c^2 - 2*
a^4*b^2*c)*p^2 + (23*b^6*c^3 - 24*a^2*b^4*c^2 + 9*a^4*b^2*c)*p)*x^3 - 4*((
b^6*c^2 + a^2*b^4*c)*d*p^4 + 3*(3*b^6*c^2 - a^2*b^4*c)*d*p^3 + (23*b^6*c^2
- 34*a^2*b^4*c + 15*a^4*b^2)*d*p^2 + 15*(b^6*c^2 - 2*a^2*b^4*c + a^4*b^2)
*d*p)*x^2 + (b^6*c*d^2*p^5 + (11*b^6*c - 5*a^2*b^4)*d^2*p^4 + (41*b^6*c -
30*a^2*b^4)*d^2*p^3 + (61*b^6*c - 55*a^2*b^4)*d^2*p^2 + 30*(b^6*c - a^2*b^
4)*d^2*p)*x + (8*((3*a*b^5*c^2 + a^3*b^3*c)*p^3 + 3*(7*a*b^5*c^2 - 3*a^3*b
^3*c)*p^2 + (33*a*b^5*c^2 - 40*a^3*b^3*c + 15*a^5*b)*p)*x^3 - 4*(2*a*b^5*c
*d*p^4 + 5*(3*a*b^5*c - a^3*b^3)*d*p^3 + (31*a*b^5*c - 15*a^3*b^3)*d*p^2 +
2*(9*a*b^5*c - 5*a^3*b^3)*d*p)*x^2 + (a*b^5*d^2*p^5 + 10*a*b^5*d^2*p^4 +
35*a*b^5*d^2*p^3 + 50*a*b^5*d^2*p^2 + 24*a*b^5*d^2*p)*x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)
)*(b*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a)^p/((b^6*d^3*p^6 + 21*b^6*d^3*p^5 + 175*b^6*d^3
*p^4 + 735*b^6*d^3*p^3 + 1624*b^6*d^3*p^2 + 1764*b^6*d^3*p + 720*b^6*d^3)*
x^3)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Integral((a + b*sqrt(c + d/x))**p/x**4, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)^p/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + a\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(c + d/x) + a)^p/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}b + \sqrt{x}a)^p}{x^{\frac{p}{2}}x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c*x + d)*b + sqrt(x)*a)**p/(x**(p/2)*x**4),x)`

3.306
$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx$$

Optimal result	2559
Mathematica [F]	2560
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2560
Maple [F]	2565
Fricas [F]	2566
Sympy [F]	2566
Maxima [F]	2566
Giac [F]	2567
Mupad [F(-1)]	2567
Reduce [F]	2567

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 386

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx$$

$$= \frac{d \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^{1+p} \left(b(a^2c(4-p) - b^2(2+p)) - 4a^3c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} + 2ab^2(1+p)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right) (d + cx)}{4c(b^2 - a^2c)^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}$$

$$- \frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^{1+p} (d + cx)^2}{2c(b^2 - a^2c)}$$

$$+ \frac{bd^2p(3a\sqrt{c} - b(2+p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)}{b - a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{8(b - a\sqrt{c})^3 c^{3/2}(1+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{bd^2p(3a\sqrt{c} + b(2+p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)}{b + a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{8(b + a\sqrt{c})^3 c^{3/2}(1+p)}$$

output

```

1/4*d*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*(b*(a^2*c*(4-p)-b^2*(2+p))-4*a^3*c*(c+d/x)
^(1/2)+2*a*b^2*(p+1)*(c+d/x)^(1/2))*(c*x+d)/c/(-a^2*c+b^2)^(2/(c+d/x)^(1/2))
-1/2*(a-b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*(c*x+d)^2/c/(-a^2*c+b^2
)+1/8*b*d^2*p*(3*a*c^(1/2)-b*(2+p))*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1
, p+1], [2+p], -c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))/(b-a*c^(1/2)))/(b-a*c^(1/2))^3/c
^(3/2)/(p+1)+1/8*b*d^2*p*(3*a*c^(1/2)+b*(2+p))*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*h
ypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))/(b+a*c^(1/2)))/(b+a*c^
(1/2))^3/c^(3/2)/(p+1)

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p*x,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p*x, x]
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 437, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$, Rules used = {7268, 25, 1894, 1803, 25, 602, 25, 27, 686, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7268

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}} x^3}{d^3} d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& 2d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}} x^3}{d^3} d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1894} \\
& 2d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{\left(\frac{c}{c+\frac{d}{x}} - 1\right)^3 (c+\frac{d}{x})^{5/2}} d\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
& -2d^2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p (c+\frac{d}{x})^{3/2}}{(1-c(c+\frac{d}{x}))^3} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& 2d^2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p (c+\frac{d}{x})^{3/2}}{(1-c(c+\frac{d}{x}))^3} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{602} \\
& -2d^2 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(abp + \frac{4a^2c - b^2(p+2)}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{c(1-c(c+\frac{d}{x}))^2} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}}{4(b^2 - a^2c)} + \frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{4c(b^2 - a^2c) (1-c(c+\frac{d}{x}))^2} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{4c(b^2 - a^2c) \left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(abp + \frac{4a^2c - b^2(p+2)}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{c\left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)^2} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{4c(b^2 - a^2c) \left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(abp + \frac{4a^2c - b^2(p+2)}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{\left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)^2} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}} \right)$$

↓ 686

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{4c(b^2 - a^2c) \left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{bcp \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(a(3a^2c - b^2(2p+1)) - \frac{b(a^2c(4-p) - b^2(p+2))}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{4c(b^2 - a^2c)} \right)$$

↓ 27

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{4c(b^2 - a^2c) \left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)^2} - \frac{bp \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(a(3a^2c - b^2(2p+1)) - \frac{b(a^2c(4-p) - b^2(p+2))}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{4c(b^2 - a^2c)} \right)$$

↓ 657

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{4c(b^2 - a^2c) \left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)^2} - \frac{bp \int \left(\frac{\left(a(3a^2c - b^2(2p+1)) - \frac{b(a^2c(4-p) - b^2(p+2))}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{2\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)} + \frac{\left(\frac{b(a^2c(4-p) - b^2(p+2))}{\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2} \right)}{2(b^2 - a^2c)} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$-2d^2 \left(\frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{4c(b^2 - a^2c) \left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)^2} - \frac{bp \int \left(\frac{\left(a\sqrt{c} + b\right)^2 (3a\sqrt{c} - b(p+2)) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{b - a\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2\sqrt{c}(p+1)(b - a\sqrt{c})} \right)}{2} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p*x,x]
```


output

$$-2*d^2*((a - b/\sqrt{c + d/x})*(a + b/\sqrt{c + d/x})^{(1 + p)})/(4*c*(b^2 - a^2*c)*(1 - c*(c + d/x))^2) - (-1/2*((a + b/\sqrt{c + d/x})^{(1 + p)}*(2*a*(2*a^2*c - b^2*(1 + p)) - (b*(a^2*c*(4 - p) - b^2*(2 + p)))/\sqrt{c + d/x}))/((b^2 - a^2*c)*(1 - c*(c + d/x))) + (b*p*(((b + a*\sqrt{c})^2*(3*a*\sqrt{c} - b*(2 + p))*(a + b/\sqrt{c + d/x})^{(1 + p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, -((\sqrt{c}*(a + b/\sqrt{c + d/x}))/(\sqrt{c} - a*\sqrt{c}))])))/(2*(b - a*\sqrt{c})*\sqrt{c}*(1 + p)) + ((b - a*\sqrt{c})^2*(3*a*\sqrt{c} + b*(2 + p))*(a + b/\sqrt{c + d/x})^{(1 + p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (\sqrt{c}*(a + b/\sqrt{c + d/x}))/(\sqrt{c} + a*\sqrt{c})])/(2*(b + a*\sqrt{c})*\sqrt{c}*(1 + p)))/(2*(b^2 - a^2*c))/(4*c*(b^2 - a^2*c))$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 602

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{Qx} = \text{PolynomialQuotient}[x^m, a + b*x^2, \text{x}], \text{e} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m, a + b*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}, 0], \text{f} = \text{Coeff}[\text{PolynomialRemainder}[x^m, a + b*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[(-(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^{(n + 1)}*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*((a*(\text{d}*e - \text{c}*f) + (b*c*e + a*d*f)*x)/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^{(p + 1)}*\text{ExpandToSum}[2*a*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)*\text{Qx} + \text{e}*(b*c^2*(2*p + 3) + a*d^2*(n + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*f*n + d*(b*c*e + a*d*f)*(n + 2*p + 4)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]$$

rule 657

$$\text{Int}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.)*(x_))^{(m)}*((\text{f}_.) + (\text{g}_.)*(x_))^{(n)}/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(\text{d} + \text{e}*x)^m*((\text{f} + \text{g}*x)^n/(a + \text{c}*x^2)), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, f, g, m\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[n]$$

rule 686

```
Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-d + e*x)^(m + 1)*(f*a*c*e - a*g*c*d + c*(c*d*f +
a*e*g)*x)*((a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2))), x] + Simp[
1/(2*a*c*(p + 1)*(c*d^2 + a*e^2)) Int[(d + e*x)^m*(a + c*x^2)^(p + 1)*Sim
p[f*(c^2*d^2*(2*p + 3) + a*c*e^2*(m + 2*p + 3)) - a*c*d*e*g*m + c*e*(c*d*f
+ a*e*g)*(m + 2*p + 4)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g}, x] && LtQ
[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || IntegerQ[p] || IntegersQ[2*m, 2*p])
```

rule 1803

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q
_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 1894

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))
^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && IntegerQ[p]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

rule 7268

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfQuotientOfLinears
[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst
t[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x*((a*c*x + b*x*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a*d)/(c*x + d))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p*x,x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x*(a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p x dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}a + \sqrt{x}b)^p x}{(cx + d)^{\frac{p}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*x,x)`

output `int(((sqrt(c*x + d)*a + sqrt(x)*b)**p*x)/(c*x + d)**(p/2),x)`

3.307 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2568
Mathematica [F]	2569
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2569
Maple [F]	2572
Fricas [F]	2573
Sympy [F]	2573
Maxima [F]	2573
Giac [F]	2574
Mupad [F(-1)]	2574
Reduce [F]	2574

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p (d + cx)}{c}$$

$$- \frac{bd \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p, 1 + p, -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)}{b - a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2 (b - a\sqrt{c}) c}$$

$$- \frac{bd \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)}{b + a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2 (b + a\sqrt{c}) c}$$

output

```
(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*(c*x+d)/c-1/2*b*d*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], -c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))/(b-a*c^(1/2)))/(b-a*c^(1/2))/c-1/2*b*d*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))/(b+a*c^(1/2)))/(b+a*c^(1/2))/c
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p, x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p, x]
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$, Rules used = {7268, 1894, 1803, 593, 27, 657, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7268

$$-2d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} x^2}{d^2} d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}$$

↓ 1894

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{\left(\frac{c}{c + \frac{d}{x}} - 1\right)^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
& 2d \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{\left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)^2 \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{593} \\
& 2d \left(\frac{b \int \frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}}{2(b^2 - a^2c)} - \frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{2(b^2 - a^2c) \left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
& 2d \left(\frac{bp \int \frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}}{2(b^2 - a^2c)} - \frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{2(b^2 - a^2c) \left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{657} \\
& 2d \left(\frac{bp \int \left(\frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{2\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{2\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} + 1\right)} \right) d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}}{2(b^2 - a^2c)} - \frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{2(b^2 - a^2c) \left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{bp \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{b - a\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(p+1)(b - a\sqrt{c})} + \frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c}}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{b + a\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(p+1)(a\sqrt{c} + b)} \right)}{2d} = \frac{2(b^2 - a^2c)}{2d}$$

input `Int[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p,x]`

output `2*d*(-1/2*((a - b/Sqrt[c + d/x])*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p))/((b^2 - a^2*c)*(1 - c*(c + d/x))) + (b*p*((a + b/Sqrt[c])*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, -((Sqrt[c]*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x]))/(b - a*Sqrt[c]))])/(2*(b - a*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p)) + ((a - b/Sqrt[c])*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (Sqrt[c]*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x]))/(b + a*Sqrt[c]))])/(2*(b + a*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p)))/(2*(b^2 - a^2*c))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 593 `Int[(x_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(c - d*x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2))), x] - Simp[d/(2*(p + 1)*(b*c^2 + a*d^2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*(c*n - d*(n + 2*p + 4)*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && NeQ[b*c^2 + a*d^2, 0]`

rule 657 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(d + e*x)^m*((f + g*x)^n/(a + c*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && IntegersQ[n]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1894 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(mn2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7268 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfQuotientOfLinears[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p),x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p),x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*c*x + b*x*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a*d)/(c*x + d))^p, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Integral((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}a + \sqrt{x}b)^p}{(cx + d)^{\frac{p}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c*x + d)*a + sqrt(x)*b)**p/(c*x + d)**(p/2),x)`

3.308
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	2575
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2576
Rubi [A] (verified)	2577
Maple [F]	2579
Fricas [F]	2579
Sympy [F]	2580
Maxima [F]	2580
Giac [F]	2580
Mupad [F(-1)]	2581
Reduce [F]	2581

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{b - a\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(b - a\sqrt{c})(1 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{b + a\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(b + a\sqrt{c})(1 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{a(1 + p)}$$

output

$$-c^{(1/2)}*(a+b/(c+d/x))^{(p+1)}*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], -c^{(1/2)}*(a+b/(c+d/x))^{(1/2)})/(b-a*c^{(1/2)})/(b-a*c^{(1/2)})/(p+1)+c^{(1/2)}*(a+b/(c+d/x))^{(1/2)}*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], c^{(1/2)}*(a+b/(c+d/x))^{(1/2)})/(b+a*c^{(1/2)})/(b+a*c^{(1/2)})/(p+1)-2*(a+b/(c+d/x))^{(p+1)}*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d/x))^{(1/2)})/a/(p+1)$$
Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{\sqrt{c}\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{b-a\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b-a\sqrt{c}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{\sqrt{c}\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{b+a\sqrt{c}}\right)}{b+a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{1+p}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x,x]`

output

$$-\left(\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{(1 + p)} * \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, -\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} * \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{b - a * \sqrt{c}}\right)}{b - a * \sqrt{c}}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} * \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{b + a * \sqrt{c}}\right)}{b + a * \sqrt{c}}\right)\right)}{b + a * \sqrt{c}}\right) + \left(2 * \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{a * \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right] / a\right) / (1 + p)$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {7268, 25, 1894, 1803, 25, 615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7268} \\
 & -2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & 2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1894} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{\left(\frac{c}{c + \frac{d}{x}} - 1\right) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
 & -2 \int -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{(1 - c(c + \frac{d}{x})) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{(1 - c(c + \frac{d}{x})) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 615$$

$$2 \int \left(\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{c \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{(c(c + \frac{d}{x}) - 1) \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right) d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}$$

\downarrow 2009

$$-2 \left[\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p+1, p+2, -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{b - a\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(p+1)(b - a\sqrt{c})} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hyperg}}{2} \right]$$

input `Int[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x,x]`

output `-2*((Sqrt[c]*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, -((Sqrt[c]*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x]))/(b - a*Sqrt[c]))])/(2*(b - a*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p)) - (Sqrt[c]*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (Sqrt[c]*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x]))/(b + a*Sqrt[c])])/(2*(b + a*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p)) + ((a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*Sqrt[c + d/x])])/(a*(1 + p)))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 615 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1894 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7268 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfQuotientOfLinears[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*c*x + b*x*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a*d)/(c*x + d))^p/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))**p/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}a + \sqrt{x}b)^p}{(cx + d)^{\frac{p}{2}}x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c*x + d)*a + sqrt(x)*b)**p/((c*x + d)**(p/2)*x),x)`

3.309
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2582
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2583
Rubi [A] (verified)	2583
Maple [F]	2585
Fricas [F]	2585
Sympy [F]	2585
Maxima [F]	2586
Giac [F]	2586
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2586
Reduce [F]	2587

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{a^3 d(1 + p)}$$

output `-2*b^2*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([3, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d/x)^(1/2))/a^3/d/(p+1)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= - \frac{2b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{a^3 d (1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^2,x]`

output `(-2*b^2*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*Sqrt[c + d/x])])/(a^3*d*(1 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$, Rules used = {7247, 774, 798, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7247$$

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p d\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)$$

$$\frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p d\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 774$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{2 \int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{798} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}}{d} \\
 \downarrow \text{75} \\
 \frac{2b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(3, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} + 1 \right)}{a^3 d (p+1)}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^2,x]`

output `(-2*b^2*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*Sqrt[c + d/x])])/(a^3*d*(1 + p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 7247

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(y_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Derivative
Divides[y, u, x]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, y], x] /; !FalseQ[q]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral(((a*c*x + b*x*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a*d)/(c*x + d))^p/x^2, x)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p/x**2,x)
```

output `Integral((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))**p/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p/x^2, x)`

Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) {}_2F_1\left(2 - p, -p; 3 - p; -\frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{b}\right)}{d \left(\frac{p}{2} - 1\right) \left(\frac{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{b} + 1\right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `((a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p*(c + d/x)*hypergeom([2 - p, -p], 3 - p, -(a*(c + d/x)^(1/2))/b))/(d*(p/2 - 1)*((a*(c + d/x)^(1/2))/b + 1)^p)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}a + \sqrt{x}b)^p}{(cx + d)^{\frac{p}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c*x + d)*a + sqrt(x)*b)**p/((c*x + d)**(p/2)*x**2),x)`

3.310
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2588
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2589
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2589
Maple [F]	2592
Fricas [F]	2593
Sympy [F(-1)]	2593
Maxima [F]	2593
Giac [F]	2594
Mupad [F(-1)]	2594
Reduce [F]	2594

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 168

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{b(3-p)\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} (c + \frac{d}{x})^{3/2}}{6a^2d^2} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} (c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{2ad^2} + \frac{b^2(12a^2c - b^2(6 - 5p + p^2))\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{6a^5d^2(1 + p)}$$

output

```
1/6*b*(3-p)*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*(c+d/x)^(3/2)/a^2/d^2-1/2*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*(c+d/x)^2/a/d^2+1/6*b^2*(12*a^2*c-b^2*(p^2-5*p+6))*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([3, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d/x)^(1/2))/a^5/d^2/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{2 \left(-\frac{b^2 c \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{a^3(1+p)} + \frac{b^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(5, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{a^5(1+p)} \right)}{d^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(-2*(-((b^2*c*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*Sqrt[c + d/x]])/(a^3*(1 + p))) + (b^4*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[5, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*Sqrt[c + d/x]])/(a^5*(1 + p))))/d^2
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {7268, 25, 1894, 1803, 25, 520, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 7268

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{d \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{x} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d^2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 25 \\ 2 \int \frac{d \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d^2} d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1894 \\ 2 \int \left(\frac{c}{c + \frac{d}{x}} - 1 \right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p (c + \frac{d}{x})^{3/2} d \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\ d^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 1803 \\ 2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p (1 - c(c + \frac{d}{x}))}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^{5/2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \\ d^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 25 \\ 2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p (1 - c(c + \frac{d}{x}))}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^{5/2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \\ d^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 520 \\ 2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p \left(\frac{4ac}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} + b(3-p) \right)}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^{p+1}}{4a(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} \right) \\ d^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 87 \\ 2 \left(\frac{\frac{(12a^2c - b^2(2-p)(3-p)) \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^p}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}}{3a} - \frac{b(3-p) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^{p+1}}{3a(c + \frac{d}{x})^{3/2}}}{4a} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)^{p+1}}{4a(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} \right) \\ d^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 75 \end{array}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{b^2(12a^2c - b^2(2-p)(3-p)) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, p+1, p+2, \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} + 1\right) - \frac{b(3-p) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{3a \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}}}{3a^4(p+1) \cdot 4a} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{4a \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \right) \frac{1}{d^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^3,x]`

output `(-2*((a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p))/(4*a*(c + d/x)^2) + (-1/3*(b*(3 - p)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p))/(a*(c + d/x)^(3/2)) - (b^2*(12*a^2*c - b^2*(2 - p)*(3 - p))*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*Sqrt[c + d/x])])/(3*a^4*(1 + p)))/(4*a))/d^2`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 520 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2)^p, e*x, x], R = Pol
ynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2)^p, e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(
n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*c))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*c)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(c
+ d*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*c)*Qx - d*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q
_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x
)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1894 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(mn2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))
^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x]
/; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 7268 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfQuotientOfLinears
[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst
t[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*c*x + b*x*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a*d)/(c*x + d))^p/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}a + \sqrt{x}b)^p}{(cx + d)^{\frac{p}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c*x + d)*a + sqrt(x)*b)**p/((c*x + d)**(p/2)*x**3), x)`

3.311
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2595
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2596
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2596
Maple [F]	2601
Fricas [F]	2601
Sympy [F(-1)]	2601
Maxima [F]	2602
Giac [F]	2602
Mupad [F(-1)]	2602
Reduce [F]	2603

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 316

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = -\frac{b(3-p)(60a^2c - b^2(20 - 9p + p^2))\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{180a^4d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{(60a^2c - b^2(20 - 9p + p^2))\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{60a^3d^3}$$

$$+ \frac{b(5-p)\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{15a^2d^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{3ad^3}$$

$$- \frac{b^2(360a^4c^2 - b^2(2-p)(3-p)(60a^2c - b^2(20 - 9p + p^2)))\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1, 1+p, \frac{b^2}{b^2 + (c + \frac{d}{x})}\right)}{180a^7d^3(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/180*b*(3-p)*(60*a^2*c-b^2*(p^2-9*p+20))*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*(c+d/x)^(3/2)/a^4/d^3+1/60*(60*a^2*c-b^2*(p^2-9*p+20))*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*(c+d/x)^2/a^3/d^3+1/15*b*(5-p)*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*(c+d/x)^(5/2)/a^2/d^3-1/3*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*(c+d/x)^3/a/d^3-1/180*b^2*(360*a^4*c^2-b^2*(2-p)*(3-p)*(60*a^2*c-b^2*(p^2-9*p+20)))*(a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([3, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d/x)^(1/2))/a^7/d^3/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 4.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{2b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(b + a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}\right) \left(a^4 c^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right) - 2a^2 b^2 c\right)}{a^7 d^3 (1 - \dots)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(-2*b^2*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p*(b + a*Sqrt[c + d/x])*(a^4*c^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*Sqrt[c + d/x])] - 2*a^2*b^2*c*Hypergeometric2F1[5, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*Sqrt[c + d/x])] + b^4*Hypergeometric2F1[7, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*Sqrt[c + d/x])]))/(a^7*d^3*(1 + p)*Sqrt[c + d/x])
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {7268, 1894, 1803, 520, 2124, 25, 520, 87, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7268} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{d^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{x^2} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1894} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{c}{c + \frac{d}{x}} - 1\right)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{5/2} d\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(1 - c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)\right)^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{7/2}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{520} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(-6a\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2} c^2 + \frac{12ac}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} + b(5-p)\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{6a\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} \right)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2124} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(60ca^2 - 30c^2\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)a^2 - b^2(p^2 - 9p + 20)\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{b(5-p)\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{5a\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{5/2}} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{6a\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} \right)}{d^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p (60ca^2 - 30c^2 \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) a^2 - b^2 (p^2 - 9p + 20))}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{5/2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{b(5-p) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{5a \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{5/2}}}{6a} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{6a \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} \right)$$

d^3
↓ 520

$$2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p \left(\frac{120c^2 a^3}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} + b(3-p)(60a^2 c - b^2 (p^2 - 9p + 20))\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{(60a^2 c - b^2 (p^2 - 9p + 20)) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{4a \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{b(5-p) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{5a \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{5/2}}}{6a}$$

d^3

↓ 87

$$2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{(360a^4 c^2 - b^2 (2-p)(3-p)(60a^2 c - b^2 (p^2 - 9p + 20))) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{b(3-p)(60a^2 c - b^2 (p^2 - 9p + 20)) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{3a \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}}}{4a} - \frac{(60a^2 c - b^2 (p^2 - 9p + 20)) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{5a}$$

$6a$

d^3

↓ 75

$$2 \left(\frac{(60a^2c - b^2(p^2 - 9p + 20)) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{4a \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{b(3-p)(60a^2c - b^2(p^2 - 9p + 20)) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^{p+1}}{3a \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2(360a^4c^2 - b^2(2-p)(3-p)(60a^2c - b^2(p^2 - 9p + 20)))}{5a} - \frac{4a}{6a} \right) d^3$$

input `Int[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^p/x^4,x]`

output `(2*(-1/6*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)/(a*(c + d/x)^3) - (-1/5*(b*(5 - p)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p))/(a*(c + d/x)^(5/2))) + (-1/4*((60*a^2*c - b^2*(20 - 9*p + p^2))*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p))/(a*(c + d/x)^2) - (-1/3*(b*(3 - p)*(60*a^2*c - b^2*(20 - 9*p + p^2))*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p))/(a*(c + d/x)^(3/2)) - (b^2*(360*a^4*c^2 - b^2*(2 - p)*(3 - p)*(60*a^2*c - b^2*(20 - 9*p + p^2)))*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d/x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + b/(a*Sqrt[c + d/x])]/(3*a^4*(1 + p)))/(4*a)/(5*a))/(6*a))/d^3`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 520 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[(a + b*x^2)^p, e*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[(a + b*x^2)^p, e*x, x]}, Simp[R*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(e*c))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(e*c)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(e*c)*Qx - d*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1803 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1894 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^(mn2_.))^(p_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m - 2*n*p)*(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, m, n, q}, x] && EqQ[mn2, -2*n] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 2124 `Int[(Px_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := With[{Qx = PolynomialQuotient[Px, a + b*x, x], R = PolynomialRemainder[Px, a + b*x, x]}, Simp[R*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*ExpandToSum[(m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*Qx - d*R*(m + n + 2), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && PolyQ[Px, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[m] || !ILtQ[n, -1])`

rule 7268 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfQuotientOfLinears[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2]])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*c*x + b*x*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + a*d)/(c*x + d))^p/x^4, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)**(1/2))**p/x**4,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p/x^4, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(c + d/x))^p/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{cx + d}a + \sqrt{x}b)^p}{(cx + d)^{\frac{p}{2}} x^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d/x)^(1/2))^p/x^4,x)`

output `int((sqrt(c*x + d)*a + sqrt(x)*b)**p/((c*x + d)**(p/2)*x**4),x)`

3.312 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}} dx$

Optimal result	2604
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2604
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2605
Maple [A] (verified)	2607
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2607
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2608
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2608
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2609
Mupad [F(-1)]	2609
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2610

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}} dx = -48\sqrt{2+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{88}{3}\left(2+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{48}{5}\left(2+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\right)^{5/2} + \frac{8}{7}\left(2+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\right)^{7/2}$$

output

`-48*(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2)+88/3*(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(3/2)-48/5*(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(5/2)+8/7*(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(7/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}} dx = \frac{8}{105}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}\left(-280+76\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\right) + 3\left(-12+5\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}\right)\sqrt{x}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]],x]`

output `(8*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]]*(-280 + 76*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]] + 3*(-12 + 5*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]])*Sqrt[x]))/105`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$, Rules used = {7267, 896, 25, 1732, 522, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}+2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7267} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}+2}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{x}+2}} d(\sqrt{x}+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -2 \int -\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{x}+2}} d(\sqrt{x}+1) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & -4 \int \frac{(1-x)\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+3}} d\sqrt[4]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{522} \\
 & -4 \int \left(-(\sqrt{x}+3)^{5/2} + 6(\sqrt{x}+3)^{3/2} - 11\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+3} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+3}} \right) d\sqrt[4]{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$-4 \left(-\frac{2}{7}(\sqrt{x}+3)^{7/2} + \frac{12}{5}(\sqrt{x}+3)^{5/2} - \frac{22}{3}(\sqrt{x}+3)^{3/2} + 12\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+3} \right)$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]],x]`

output `-4*(12*Sqrt[3 + Sqrt[x]] - (22*(3 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/3 + (12*(3 + Sqrt[x])^(5/2))/5 - (2*(3 + Sqrt[x])^(7/2))/7)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 522 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7267

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfLinear[u, x]}, Si
mp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2])], x
] /; !FalseQ[lst] && SubstForFractionalPowerQ[u, lst[[3]], x]]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-48\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} + \frac{88(2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}})^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{48(2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}})^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{8(2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}})^{7/2}}{7}$	54
default	$-48\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}} + \frac{88(2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}})^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{48(2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}})^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{8(2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}})^{7/2}}{7}$	54

input

```
int(1/(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-48*(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2)+88/3*(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(3/2)-48/5*(2+(
1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(5/2)+8/7*(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(7/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.42

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}} dx = \frac{8}{105} \left((15\sqrt{x} + 76)\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - 36\sqrt{x} - 280 \right) \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
8/105*((15*sqrt(x) + 76)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - 36*sqrt(x) - 280)*sqrt(sqrt(s
qrt(x) + 1) + 2)
```

Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}} dx = \frac{8(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{48(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{88(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 48\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2}$$

input `integrate(1/(2+(1+x**(1/2))**(1/2))**(1/2), x)`output `8*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)**(7/2)/7 - 48*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)**(5/2)/5 + 88*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)**(3/2)/3 - 48*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}} dx = \frac{8}{7} \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2 \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{48}{5} \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{88}{3} \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 48 \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2}$$

input `integrate(1/(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `8/7*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)^(7/2) - 48/5*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)^(5/2) + 88/3*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)^(3/2) - 48*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)`

Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8 \left(15 \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2 \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 126 \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 385 \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 630 \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2} \right)}{105 \operatorname{sgn} \left(4 \left(\sqrt{x} + 1 \right)^2 - 8 \sqrt{x} - 7 \right) \operatorname{sgn} (4x - 3)}$$

input `integrate(1/(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `8/105*(15*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)^(7/2) - 126*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)^(5/2) + 385*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)^(3/2) - 630*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2))/(sgn(4*(sqrt(x) + 1)^2 - 8*sqrt(x) - 7)*sgn(4*x - 3))`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 2} \left(15\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 76\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - 36\sqrt{x} - 280 \right)}{105}$$

input `int(1/(2+(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(8*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 2)*(15*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) + 76*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - 36*sqrt(x) - 280))/105`

3.313 $\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx$

Optimal result	2611
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2611
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2612
Maple [C] (verified)	2614
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2614
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2615
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2616
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2616
Mupad [F(-1)]	2617
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2617

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{64}{5} \left(2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{48}{7} \left(2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}\right)^{7/2} + \frac{8}{9} \left(2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}\right)^{9/2}$$

output `64/5*(2+(4+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(5/2)-48/7*(2+(4+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(7/2)+8/9*(2+(4+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(9/2)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{8}{315} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} \left(-64 \left(2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}\right) + 2 \left(2 + 5\sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}\right) \sqrt{x} + 35x \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[4 + Sqrt[x]]], x]`

output

```
(8*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[4 + Sqrt[x]]]*(-64*(2 + Sqrt[4 + Sqrt[x]]) + 2*(2 + 5*Sqr
t[4 + Sqrt[x]])*Sqrt[x] + 35*x))/315
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$, Rules used = {7267, 896, 25, 1388, 900, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+4}+2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7267} \\
 & 2 \int \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+4}+2\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & 2 \int \sqrt{\sqrt[4]{x}+2\sqrt{x}} d(\sqrt{x}+4) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -2 \int -\sqrt{\sqrt[4]{x}+2\sqrt{x}} d(\sqrt{x}+4) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1388} \\
 & -2 \int (2-\sqrt[4]{x})(\sqrt[4]{x}+2)^{3/2} d(\sqrt{x}+4) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{900} \\
 & -4 \int (-\sqrt{x}-2)(\sqrt{x}+6)^{3/2} \sqrt[4]{x} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & -4 \int \left(-(\sqrt{x}+6)^{7/2} + 6(\sqrt{x}+6)^{5/2} - 8(\sqrt{x}+6)^{3/2} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-4\left(-\frac{2}{9}(\sqrt{x}+6)^{9/2} + \frac{12}{7}(\sqrt{x}+6)^{7/2} - \frac{16}{5}(\sqrt{x}+6)^{5/2}\right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[4 + Sqrt[x]]],x]`

output `-4*((-16*(6 + Sqrt[x])^(5/2))/5 + (12*(6 + Sqrt[x])^(7/2))/7 - (2*(6 + Sqrt[x])^(9/2))/9)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 900 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(a + b*x^(g*n))^p*(c + d*x^(g*n))^q, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1388 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_))^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(d + e*x^n)^(p + q)*(a/d + (c/e)*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a, 0] && GtQ[d, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7267 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2])]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && SubstForFractionalPowerQ[u, lst[[3]], x]`

Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 2.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.27

method	result	size
meijerg	$2x \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, 2\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, 3\right], -\frac{\sqrt{x}}{4}\right)$	17
derivativedivides	$\frac{64(2+\sqrt{4+\sqrt{x}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{48(2+\sqrt{4+\sqrt{x}})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{8(2+\sqrt{4+\sqrt{x}})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	41
default	$\frac{64(2+\sqrt{4+\sqrt{x}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{48(2+\sqrt{4+\sqrt{x}})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{8(2+\sqrt{4+\sqrt{x}})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	41

input `int((2+(4+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*x*hypergeom([-1/4,1/4,2],[1/2,3],-1/4*x^(1/2))`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8}{315} \left(2(5\sqrt{x} - 32)\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} + 35x + 4\sqrt{x} - 128 \right) \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} + 2}$$

input `integrate((2+(4+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `8/315*(2*(5*sqrt(x) - 32)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 35*x + 4*sqrt(x) - 128)*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)`

Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 216 vs. $2(54) = 108$.

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} + 2}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{63\pi} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} + 2}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{315\pi} - \frac{\sqrt{2}x\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} + 2}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{9\pi} + \frac{64\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} + 2}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{315\pi} + \frac{128\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} + 2}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}{315\pi}$$

input `integrate((2+(4+x**(1/2))**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `-2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4)*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(63*pi) - 4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(315*pi) - sqrt(2)*x*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(9*pi) + 64*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4)*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(315*pi) + 128*sqrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)*gamma(-1/4)*gamma(1/4)/(315*pi)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{8}{9} \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4 + 2} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}} - \frac{48}{7} \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4 + 2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{64}{5} \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4 + 2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

input `integrate((2+(4+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `8/9*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(9/2) - 48/7*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(7/2) + 64/5*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(5/2)`

Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 268 vs. 2(40) = 80.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

$$\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{8}{315} \left(\left(35 \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4 + 2} \right)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 360 \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4 + 2} \right)^{\frac{7}{2}} + 1512 \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4 + 2} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 3360 \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4 + 2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 15 \right) \right)$$

input `integrate((2+(4+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
8/315*((35*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(9/2) - 360*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(7/2) + 1512*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(5/2) - 3360*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(3/2) + 5040*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2))*sgn(4*(sqrt(x) + 4)^2 - 32*sqrt(x) - 79) + 18*(5*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(7/2) - 42*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(5/2) + 140*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(3/2) - 280*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2))*sgn(4*(sqrt(x) + 4)^2 - 32*sqrt(x) - 79) - 84*(3*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(5/2) - 20*(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(3/2) + 60*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2))*sgn(4*(sqrt(x) + 4)^2 - 32*sqrt(x) - 79) - 840*((sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)^(3/2) - 6*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2))*sgn(4*(sqrt(x) + 4)^2 - 32*sqrt(x) - 79))*sgn(4*x - 15)
```

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx = \int \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} + 2} dx$$

input

```
int(((x^(1/2) + 4)^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
int(((x^(1/2) + 4)^(1/2) + 2)^(1/2), x)
```

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{4 + \sqrt{x}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{8\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} + 2} \left(10\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} - 64\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 4} + 4\sqrt{x} + 35x - 128 \right)}{315}$$

input

```
int((2+(4+x^(1/2))^(1/2))^(1/2), x)
```

output

```
(8*sqrt(sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 2)*(10*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) - 64*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 4) + 4*sqrt(x) + 35*x - 128))/315
```

3.314 $\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2618
Mathematica [F]	2618
Rubi [A] (verified)	2619
Maple [F]	2620
Fricas [F(-2)]	2621
Sympy [F]	2621
Maxima [F]	2621
Giac [F]	2622
Mupad [F(-1)]	2622
Reduce [F]	2622

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}}}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(1+d*x^n/c)^{(1/2)}*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}(2/n, 1/2, -1/2, (2+n)/n, -d*x^n/c, -a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^{(1/2)}$$

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)], x]
```

output

```
Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)], x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int x \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} \int \frac{x \sqrt{adx^n + b + ac}}{\sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx}{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} \int \frac{x \sqrt{adx^n + b + ac}}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} \int \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{b + ac} + 1}}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)],x]
```


output $(x^2 \sqrt{(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)} \sqrt{1 + (d*x^n)/c} \text{AppellF1}[2/n, 1/2, -1/2, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]) / (2 \sqrt{1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m ((a + b \cdot x^n)^p ((c + d \cdot x^n)^q), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p c^q ((e \cdot x)^{m+1} / (e \cdot (m+1))) \text{AppellF1}[(m+1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m+1)/n, (-b) \cdot (x^n/a), (-d) \cdot (x^n/c)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x \&\& \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, n - 1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \mid \mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0]) \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[q] \mid \mid \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 1013 $\text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m ((a + b \cdot x^n)^p ((c + d \cdot x^n)^q), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p \text{IntPart}[p] ((a + b \cdot x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b \cdot (x^n/a)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \text{Int}[(e \cdot x)^m (1 + b \cdot (x^n/a))^p (c + d \cdot x^n)^q, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x \&\& \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, n - 1] \&\& !(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \mid \mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^n) / ((c + d \cdot x^n)^p)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u \cdot ((b + a \cdot c + a \cdot d \cdot x^n) / (c + d \cdot x^n))^p, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x$

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u \cdot (e \cdot x)^m ((a + b \cdot x^n)^p ((c + d \cdot x^n)^q), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^q (c + d \cdot x^n)^r]^p / ((a + b \cdot x^n)^{p \cdot q} (c + d \cdot x^n)^{p \cdot r})] \text{Int}[u \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p \cdot q} (c + d \cdot x^n)^{p \cdot r}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r\}, x$

Maple [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + d x^n}} dx$$

input $\text{int}(x \cdot (a + b / (c + d \cdot x^n))^{1/2}, x)$

output `int(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int x \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n a d + a c + b} x}{x^n d + c} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*x)/(x**n*d + c),x)`

3.315 $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	2623
Mathematica [F]	2623
Rubi [A] (verified)	2624
Maple [F]	2625
Fricas [F(-2)]	2626
Sympy [F]	2626
Maxima [F]	2626
Giac [F]	2627
Mupad [F(-1)]	2627
Reduce [F]	2627

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}}}$$

output

```
x*(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,1/2,-1/2,1+1/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)],x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)], x]
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 937, 937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^n + b + ac}}{\sqrt{dx^n + c}} dx}{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^n + b + ac}}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{b + ac} + 1}}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\
 & \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b + ac}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)], x]`

output $(x\sqrt{(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)}*\sqrt{1 + (d*x^n)/c}*AppellF1[n^{(-1)}, 1/2, -1/2, 1 + n^{(-1)}, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/\sqrt{1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)})$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936 $Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

rule 937 $Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])

rule 2057 $Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]

rule 2058 $Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]

Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input $int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)$

output $int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)$

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b/(c + d*x**n)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n a d + a c + b}}{x^n d + c} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**n*d + c),x)`

3.316
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	2628
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2628
Rubi [A] (verified)	2629
Maple [B] (verified)	2631
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2632
Sympy [F]	2633
Maxima [F]	2633
Giac [F]	2634
Mupad [F(-1)]	2634
Reduce [F]	2634

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n} - \frac{2\sqrt{b + ac} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{\sqrt{b + ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{cn}}$$

output

```
2*a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/n-2*(a*c+b)^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/n
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x} dx = \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-b-ac} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{c}} + \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]/x,x]
```

output

```
(2*(-((Sqrt[-b - a*c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)
])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/Sqrt[c]) + Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c
+ d*x^n)]/Sqrt[a]]))/n
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 383, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 2057 \\
 \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 2053 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-n} \sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2052 \\
 \frac{2bd \int -\frac{x^{2n}}{d(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{2bd \int \frac{x^{2n}}{d(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \frac{2b \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 383
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2b \left(\frac{a \int \frac{1}{a-x^{2n}} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} - \frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{-cx^{2n}+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} \right)}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & \frac{2b \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{b} - \frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{-cx^{2n}+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} \right)}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2b \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{b} - \frac{\sqrt{ac+b} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{b\sqrt{c}} \right)}{n}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]/x,x]`

output `(2*b*((Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]]/Sqrt[a]))/b - (Sqrt[b + a*c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]]/Sqrt[b + a*c]))/(b*Sqrt[c]))/n`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 383 $\text{Int}[(e_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^2), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a)*(e^2/(b*c - a*d)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m-2)}/(a + b*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[c*(e^2/(b*c - a*d)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^{(m-2)}/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[2, m, 3]$

rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2))/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^2))^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[q*e*(b*c - a*d) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(q*(p+1)-1)*(((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^{(m+2))}], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^{(1/q)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m\}, x\} \&\& \text{FractionQ}[p] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

rule 2053 $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}))/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}))^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p}], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)/(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}))^{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x\}$

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 589 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 590, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^n ad+ac+b}{c+dx^n}} (c+dx^n) \left(-2\sqrt{ad^2} \ln\left(\left(2x^n acd+2a^2c^2+bx^nd+2\sqrt{(ac+b)c} \sqrt{x^{2n}a d^2+2x^nacd+a^2c^2+bx^nd+bc+2bc}\right)\right)}{\dots}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^n ad+ac+b}{c+dx^n}} (c+dx^n) \left(-2\sqrt{ad^2} \ln\left(\left(2x^n acd+2a^2c^2+bx^nd+2\sqrt{(ac+b)c} \sqrt{x^{2n}a d^2+2x^nacd+a^2c^2+bx^nd+bc+2bc}\right)\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{2n} \frac{(x^n a^2 + a^2 c + b^2) / (c + d x^n)^{1/2} (c + d x^n) (-2(a d^2)^{1/2} \ln((2 x^n a^2 c + 2 a^2 c^2 + b^2 x^n d + 2((a c + b) c)^{1/2} (x^n)^2 a d^2 + 2 x^n a^2 c d + a^2 c^2 + b^2 x^n d + b^2 c)^{1/2} + 2 b^2 c) / (x^n)^{1/2} a^2 c^2 + 2((a c + b) c)^{1/2} \ln(1/2(2 a d^2 x^n + 2 a^2 c d + 2((x^n)^2 a d^2 + 2 x^n a^2 c d + a^2 c^2 + b^2 x^n d + b^2 c)^{1/2} (a d^2)^{1/2} + b d) / (a d^2)^{1/2}) a^2 c d - 2(a d^2)^{1/2} \ln((2 x^n a^2 c d + 2 a^2 c^2 + b^2 x^n d + 2((a c + b) c)^{1/2} (x^n)^2 a d^2 + 2 x^n a^2 c d + a^2 c^2 + b^2 x^n d + b^2 c)^{1/2} + 2 b^2 c) / (x^n)^{1/2} b^2 c + ((a c + b) c)^{1/2} \ln(1/2(2 a d^2 x^n + 2 a^2 c d + 2((x^n)^2 a d^2 + 2 x^n a^2 c d + a^2 c^2 + b^2 x^n d + b^2 c)^{1/2} (a d^2)^{1/2} + b d) / (a d^2)^{1/2}) b^2 d - ((a c + b) c)^{1/2} \ln(1/2(2 a d^2 x^n + 2 a^2 c d + 2((c + d x^n) (x^n a^2 + a^2 c + b))^{1/2} (a d^2)^{1/2} + b d) / (a d^2)^{1/2}) b^2 d + 2((x^n)^2 a d^2 + 2 x^n a^2 c d + a^2 c^2 + b^2 x^n d + b^2 c)^{1/2} (a d^2)^{1/2} ((a c + b) c)^{1/2} - 2(a d^2)^{1/2} ((c + d x^n) (x^n a^2 + a^2 c + b))^{1/2} ((a c + b) c)^{1/2} / ((c + d x^n) (x^n a^2 + a^2 c + b))^{1/2} / c / (a d^2)^{1/2} / ((a c + b) c)^{1/2}}$$

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 581, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a} \log \left(2 a dx^n + 2 a c + 2 (\sqrt{a} dx^n + \sqrt{a c}) \sqrt{\frac{a dx^n + a c + b}{dx^n + c}} + b \right) + \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{c}} \log \left(-\frac{2 a c^2 + (2 a c + b) dx^n + 2 b c - 2 \left(c dx^n \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{c}} + c^2 \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{c}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a dx^n + a c + b}{dx^n + c}}}{x^n} \right)}{n} - \frac{2 \sqrt{-a} \arctan \left(\frac{(\sqrt{-a} dx^n + \sqrt{-a c}) \sqrt{\frac{a dx^n + a c + b}{dx^n + c}}}{a dx^n + a c + b} \right) - \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{c}} \log \left(-\frac{2 a c^2 + (2 a c + b) dx^n + 2 b c - 2 \left(c dx^n \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{c}} + c^2 \sqrt{\frac{a c + b}{c}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{a dx^n + a c + b}{dx^n + c}}}{x^n} \right)}{n}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[(sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x^n + 2*a*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*d*x^n + sqrt(a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)) + b) + sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x^n + 2*b*c - 2*(c*d*x^n*sqrt((a*c + b)/c) + c^2*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/x^n))/n, -(2*sqrt(-a)*arctan((sqrt(-a)*d*x^n + sqrt(-a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(a*d*x^n + a*c + b)) - sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x^n + 2*b*c - 2*(c*d*x^n*sqrt((a*c + b)/c) + c^2*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/x^n))/n, (2*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(c*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)/(a*c + b)) + sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x^n + 2*a*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*d*x^n + sqrt(a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)) + b))/n, 2*(sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(c*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)/(a*c + b)) - sqrt(-a)*arctan((sqrt(-a)*d*x^n + sqrt(-a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(a*d*x^n + a*c + b))/n]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(1/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))/x, x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}}}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))/x, x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n a d + a c + b}}{x^n d x + c x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**n*d*x + c*x),x)`

3.317 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2635
Mathematica [F]	2635
Rubi [A] (verified)	2636
Maple [F]	2637
Fricas [F(-2)]	2638
Sympy [F]	2638
Maxima [F]	2638
Giac [F]	2639
Mupad [F(-1)]	2639
Reduce [F]	2639

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}}}$$

output

```
-(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/n,1/2,-1/2,-(1-n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/x/(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]/x^2,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]/x^2, x]
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}}{x^2 \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1}}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{x \sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]/x^2,x]
```

output

```

-((Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[-n^(-1), 1/2, -1/2, -((1 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))])/(x*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)])

```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```

Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])

```

rule 1013

```

Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])

```

rule 2057

```

Int[(u._)*((a._) + (b._)/((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._)))^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]

```

rule 2058

```

Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(r._))^(p._), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]

```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^2,x)
```

output `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))/x**2, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n a d + a c + b}}{x^n d x^2 + c x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**n*d*x**2 + c*x**2),x)`

3.318 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2640
Mathematica [F]	2640
Rubi [A] (verified)	2641
Maple [F]	2642
Fricas [F(-2)]	2643
Sympy [F(-1)]	2643
Maxima [F]	2643
Giac [F]	2644
Mupad [F(-1)]	2644
Reduce [F]	2644

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}}}$$

output `-1/2*(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)*AppellF1(-2/n,1/2,-1/2,-(2-n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/x^2/(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]/x^3,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]/x^3, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}}{x^3 \sqrt{dx^n+c}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{\sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1}}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[-
2/n, 1/2, -1/2, -((2 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(x^2*
Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m
+ 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n
- 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_
))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^
n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] &
& NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^3,x)
```

output `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n a d + a c + b}}{x^n d x^3 + c x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**n*d*x**3 + c*x**3),x)`

3.319 $\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2645
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2645
Rubi [A] (verified)	2646
Maple [F]	2648
Fricas [F(-2)]	2648
Sympy [F(-1)]	2649
Maxima [F]	2649
Giac [F]	2649
Mupad [F(-1)]	2650
Reduce [F]	2650

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b+ac)x^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2c \sqrt{1+\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}}}$$

output

$$1/2*(a*c+b)*x^2*(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)*\operatorname{AppellF1}(2/n, 3/2, -3/2, (2+n)/n, -d*x^n/c, -a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/c/(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 12.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}} \left(4b + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{b+ac}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^n}{c}} ((b+ac)(2+n)(b(-4+n)+acn) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{a}{b}\right))}{(2+n)(b+a(c+dx^n))} \right)}{2cn}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*(4*b + (Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*((b + a*c)*(2 + n)*(b*(-4 + n) + a*c*n)*AppellF1[2/n, 1/2, 1/2, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] + 2*a*d*(-4*b + a*c*n)*x^n*AppellF1[(2 + n)/n, 1/2, 1/2, 2*(1 + n^(-1)), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]))/(2 + n)*(b + a*(c + d*x^n)))/(2*c*n)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2057 \\
 & \int x \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2058 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c + dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} \int \frac{x(adx^n + b + ac)^{3/2}}{(dx^n + c)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1013 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}} \int \frac{x(adx^n + b + ac)^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{c\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1013
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(ac + b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{x\left(\frac{adx^n}{b+ac} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b} + 1}}$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{x^2(ac + b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2),x]`

output `((b + a*c)*x^2*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[2/n, 3/2, -3/2, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(2*c*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(3/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`output `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

output

```

(4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*a**2*c*x**2 + 4*sqrt(x**n*d +
c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*a*b*x**2 - 8*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d +
c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*x)/(8*x**(3*n)*a**2*c*d**3 - x**(3*n)*a*b*d**
3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2*d**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*
d**2*n + 20*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2 - x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*n + 4*x**(2*n)*b**2*d
**2 + 24*x**n*a**2*c**3*d - 3*x**n*a*b*c**2*d*n + 28*x**n*a*b*c**2*d - 2*x
**n*b**2*c*d*n + 8*x**n*b**2*c*d + 8*a**2*c**4 - a*b*c**3*n + 12*a*b*c**3
- b**2*c**2*n + 4*b**2*c**2),x)*a**3*b*c*d**3*n - 32*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sq
rt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*x)/(8*x**(3*n)*a**2*c*d**3 - x**(3
*n)*a*b*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2*d**2 - 3*x**(
2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*n + 20*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2 - x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*n + 4*x**(
2*n)*b**2*d**2 + 24*x**n*a**2*c**3*d - 3*x**n*a*b*c**2*d*n + 28*x**n*a*b*c
**2*d - 2*x**n*b**2*c*d*n + 8*x**n*b**2*c*d + 8*a**2*c**4 - a*b*c**3*n + 1
2*a*b*c**3 - b**2*c**2*n + 4*b**2*c**2),x)*a**3*b*c*d**3 + x**n*int((x**(2
*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*x)/(8*x**(3*n)*a**2*c*d**3 -
x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2*d**2 -
3*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*n + 20*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2 - x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*n +
4*x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2 + 24*x**n*a**2*c**3*d - 3*x**n*a*b*c**2*d*n + 28*x**n
*a*b*c**2*d - 2*x**n*b**2*c*d*n + 8*x**n*b**2*c*d + 8*a**2*c**4 - a*b*c**3
*n + 12*a*b*c**3 - b**2*c**2*n + 4*b**2*c**2),x)*a**2*b**2*d**3*n**2 - ...

```


3.320 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	2652
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2652
Rubi [A] (verified)	2653
Maple [F]	2655
Fricas [F(-2)]	2655
Sympy [F(-1)]	2656
Maxima [F]	2656
Giac [F]	2656
Mupad [F(-1)]	2657
Reduce [F]	2657

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{(b + ac)x\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{c\sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}}}$$

output

```
(a*c+b)*x*(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,3/2,-3/2,1+1/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/c/(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 983 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 983, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.03

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(2*b*x*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]/(c*n) + (x*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a
*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*(4*b^2*c*(b + a*c)*(1 + n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/
2, 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] + 4*a*b*c^2*(b + a*c)
*(1 + n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n
)/(b + a*c))] - 2*b^2*c*(b + a*c)*n*(1 + n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1
+ n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] - 4*a*b*c^2*(b + a*c)*n*(
1 + n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/
(b + a*c))] - 2*a^2*c^3*(b + a*c)*n*(1 + n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1
+ n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] - 2*a*b*d*x^n*Sqrt[(b + a
*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2
, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]*(a*c*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[
1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 3/2, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] -
(b + a*c)*(-(d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 3/2, 1/2, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/
c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]) + 2*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 +
n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))])) + a^2*c*d*n*x^n*Sqrt[(b +
a*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 1/
2, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]*(a*c*d*n*x^n*AppellF1
[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 3/2, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] -
(b + a*c)*(-(d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 3/2, 1/2, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)
/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]) + 2*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, ...
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 937, 937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

↓ 2058

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}}{(dx^n+c)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{c\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
& \frac{(ac+b) \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1\right)^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\
& \frac{x(ac+b) \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2),x]`

output `((b + a*c)*x*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[n^(-1), 3/2, -3/2, 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(c*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(3/2),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^{3/2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

3.321 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2659
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2659
Rubi [A] (verified)	2660
Maple [B] (verified)	2663
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2664
Sympy [F]	2665
Maxima [F]	2666
Giac [F]	2666
Mupad [F(-1)]	2666
Reduce [F]	2667

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{cn} + \frac{2a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n} - \frac{2(b+ac)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{c^{3/2}n}$$

output

```
2*b*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/c/n+2*a^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/n-2*(a*c+b)^(3/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/n
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2\left(b\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}} + (-b-ac)^{3/2}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right) + a^{3/2}c^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{c^{3/2}n}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `(2*(b*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)] + (-b - a*c)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n]])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]] + a^(3/2)*c^(3/2)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]/Sqrt[a]])/(c^(3/2)*n)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 381, 397, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 2057 \\
 \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 2053 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n} \left(\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2052 \\
 \frac{2bd \int -\frac{x^{4n}}{d(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{2bd \int \frac{x^{4n}}{d(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 27
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{2b \int \frac{x^{4n}}{(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{381} \\
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{a(b+ac)-(b+2ac)x^{2n}}{(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{c} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{397} \\
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{c} - \frac{(ac+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{-cx^{2n}+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} - \frac{a^2 c \int \frac{1}{a-x^{2n}} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{219} \\
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{c} - \frac{(ac+b)^2 \int \frac{1}{-cx^{2n}+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} - \frac{a^{3/2} c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{221} \\
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{c} - \frac{(ac+b)^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{b\sqrt{c}} - \frac{a^{3/2} c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b} \right)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x,x]
```

output

```
(2*b*(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]/c - (-((a^(3/2))*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt
[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]/Sqrt[a]])/b) + ((b + a*c)^(3/2)*ArcTanh[
(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]/Sqrt[b + a*c]))/(b*Sqrt[c]
))/c)/n
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 381 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_)*(x_)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)^{\text{p}_})*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2)^{\text{q}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e}^3*(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m}-3}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}+1}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}+1}/(\text{b}*d*(\text{m} + 2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{e}^4/(\text{b}*d*(\text{m} + 2*(\text{p} + \text{q}) + 1)) \text{Int}[(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m}-4}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}*\text{Simp}[\text{a}*c*(\text{m}-3) + (\text{a}*d*(\text{m} + 2*\text{q} - 1) + \text{b}*c*(\text{m} + 2*\text{p} - 1))*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 3] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_)*(x_)^2)/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)^2)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_)^2)), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f)/(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{d}*e - \text{c}*f)/(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{\text{m}_})*((\text{e}_)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_)*(x_)))/((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_)*(x_))^{\text{p}_}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Denominator}[\text{p}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{q}*e*(\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{\text{q}}*(\text{p} + 1) - 1)*((-\text{a})*e + \text{c}*x^{\text{q}})^{\text{m}}/(\text{b}*e - \text{d}*x^{\text{q}})^{\text{m} + 2}), \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{e}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x)/(\text{c} + \text{d}*x)))^{(1/\text{q})}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$

rule 2053

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))
)^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(
(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p},
x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^p_, x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2924 vs. $2(95) = 190$.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2925, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	2925
default	Expression too large to display	2925

input

```
int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/2/n*(-4*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*x^n*a*c*d+2*a*c^2+b*x^n*d+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)
)*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/(x^n))*a*b*c^
2*d^2*(x^n)^2+2*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a
*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2
)*a^2*c^4*d+ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2
+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^
2*d^3*(x^n)^2-ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1
/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^2*d^3*(x^n)^2-4*
(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*x^n*a*c*d+2*a*c^2+b*x^n*d+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2))*((x^n)^2
*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/(x^n))*a*b*c^4+2*(a*d^2
)^(1/2)*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1
/2)*a*c^3-6*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1
/2)*a*c^3+ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b
*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^2*
c^2*d-12*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1/2)
*a*c^2*d*x^n-ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1/
2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*b^2*c^2*d+2*(a*d^2
)^(1/2)*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/
2)*b*c^2-2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1/
2)*b*c^2-6*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^...
    
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 723, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.40

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}}c \log\left(2 adx^n + 2ac + 2(\sqrt{ad}x^n + \sqrt{ac})\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+ac+b}{dx^n+c}} + b\right) + (ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}} \log\left(\frac{cdx^n\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}}+c^2}{x^n}\right)}{cn}$$

$$2\sqrt{-aac} \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{-ad}x^n+\sqrt{-ac})\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+ac+b}{dx^n+c}}}{adx^n+ac+b}\right) - (ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}} \log\left(-\frac{2ac^2+(2ac+b)dx^n+2bc-2}{x^n}\left(\frac{cdx^n\sqrt{\frac{ac+b}{c}}+c^2}{x^n}\right)\right)}{cn}$$

$$2\left(\sqrt{-aac} \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{-ad}x^n+\sqrt{-ac})\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+ac+b}{dx^n+c}}}{adx^n+ac+b}\right) - (ac+b)\sqrt{-\frac{ac+b}{c}} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+ac+b}{dx^n+c}}\sqrt{-\frac{ac+b}{c}}}{ac+b}\right) - b\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+ac+b}{c}}\right)}{cn}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[(a^(3/2)*c*log(2*a*d*x^n + 2*a*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*d*x^n + sqrt(a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)) + b) + (a*c + b)*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x^n + 2*b*c - 2*(c*d*x^n*sqrt((a*c + b)/c) + c^2*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/x^n) + 2*b*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(c*n), -(2*sqrt(-a)*a*c*arctan((sqrt(-a)*d*x^n + sqrt(-a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(a*d*x^n + a*c + b)) - (a*c + b)*sqrt((a*c + b)/c)*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x^n + 2*b*c - 2*(c*d*x^n*sqrt((a*c + b)/c) + c^2*sqrt((a*c + b)/c))*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/x^n) - 2*b*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(c*n), (a^(3/2)*c*log(2*a*d*x^n + 2*a*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*d*x^n + sqrt(a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)) + b) + 2*(a*c + b)*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(c*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)/(a*c + b)) + 2*b*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(c*n), -2*(sqrt(-a)*a*c*arctan((sqrt(-a)*d*x^n + sqrt(-a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(a*d*x^n + a*c + b)) - (a*c + b)*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)*arctan(c*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))*sqrt(-(a*c + b)/c)/(a*c + b)) - b*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(c*n)]`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))**(3/2)/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nad+ac+b}a^2c - 4\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nad+ac+b}ab + x^n \left(\int \frac{1}{x^{3n}ad^3x+}$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `(- 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*a**2*c - 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*a*b + x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*c*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a*c**2*d*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + a*c**3*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b*d**3*n + x**n*int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*c*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a*c**2*d*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + a*c**3*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d*n + 2*x**n*int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*c*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a*c**2*d*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + a*c**3*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a*b**2*c*d*n + x**n*int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*c*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a*c**2*d*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + a*c**3*x + b*c**2*x),x)*b**3*d*n + int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*c*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a*c**2*d*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + a*c**3*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n + int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*c*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a*c**2*d*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + a*c**3*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b*c**3*n + 2*int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*c*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a*c**2*d*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + a*c**3*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a*b**2*c**2*n + ...`

3.322 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2668
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2668
Rubi [A] (verified)	2669
Maple [F]	2671
Fricas [F(-2)]	2671
Sympy [F(-1)]	2671
Maxima [F]	2672
Giac [F]	2672
Mupad [F(-1)]	2672
Reduce [F]	2673

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{(b+ac)\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^n}{c}}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{cx\sqrt{1+\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}}}$$

output

$-(a*c+b)*(1+d*x^n/c)^{(1/2)}*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}(-1/n, 3/2, -3/2, -(1-n)/n, -d*x^n/c, -a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/c/x/(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^{(1/2)}$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}} \left(2b + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{b+ac}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^n}{c}} \left(-((b+ac)(-1+n)(acn+b(2+n)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) - (b+ac)(-1+n)(acn+b(2+n)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)\right)}{(-1+n)(b+a(c+dx^n))}\right)}{cnx}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^2, x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*(2*b + (Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*(-(b + a*c)*(-1 + n)*(a*c*n + b*(2 + n))*AppellF1[-n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, (-1 + n)/n, -(d*x^n)/c, -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]) + a*d*(2*b + a*c*n)*x^n*AppellF1[(-1 + n)/n, 1/2, 1/2, 2 - n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]))/((-1 + n)*(b + a*(c + d*x^n))))/(c*n*x)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{c+dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}}{x^2(dx^n+c)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b}}$$

↓ 1013

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}}{x^2\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{c\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b}}$$

↓ 1013

$$\frac{(ac+b) \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1\right)^{3/2}}{x^2\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1}}$$

$$\frac{(ac + b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{cx\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `-(((b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[-n^(-1), 3/2, -3/2, -((1 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))])/(c*x*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*a**2*c - 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)
)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*a*b + 4*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sq
rt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(4*x**(3*n)*a**2*c*d**3*x**2 + x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*n*
x**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*x**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 3*x**
(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*n*x**2 + 10*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*
n*x**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 12*x**n*a**2*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*x**n*a*b
*c**2*d*n*x**2 + 14*x**n*a*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 2*x**n*b**2*c*d*n*x**2 + 4*x**n
*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 4*a**2*c**4*x**2 + a*b*c**3*n*x**2 + 6*a*b*c**3*x**2 + b*
*2*c**2*n*x**2 + 2*b**2*c**2*x**2),x)*a**3*b*c*d**3*n*x - 8*x**n*int((x**
(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(4*x**(3*n)*a**2*c*d**3*x*
*2 + x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*n*x**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*x**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*a**
2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*n*x**2 + 10*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x
**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*n*x**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 12*x**n*a**2
*c**3*d*x**2 + 3*x**n*a*b*c**2*d*n*x**2 + 14*x**n*a*b*c**2*d*x**2 + 2*x**n
*b**2*c*d*n*x**2 + 4*x**n*b**2*c*d*x**2 + 4*a**2*c**4*x**2 + a*b*c**3*n*x*
*2 + 6*a*b*c**3*x**2 + b**2*c**2*n*x**2 + 2*b**2*c**2*x**2),x)*a**3*b*c*d*
*3*x + x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(4*x*
*(3*n)*a**2*c*d**3*x**2 + x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*n*x**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*x
**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2*d**2*x**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*n*x**2 + 10*
x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*n*x**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*...
```

3.323 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2674
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2674
Rubi [A] (verified)	2675
Maple [F]	2677
Fricas [F(-2)]	2677
Sympy [F(-1)]	2677
Maxima [F]	2678
Giac [F]	2678
Mupad [F(-1)]	2678
Reduce [F]	2679

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{(b+ac)\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^n}{c}}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2cx^2\sqrt{1+\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}}}$$

output

$$-1/2*(a*c+b)*(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)*\operatorname{AppellF1}(-2/n, 3/2, -3/2, -(2-n)/n, -d*x^n/c, -a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/c/x^2/(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)$$

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 2.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}} \left(4b + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{b+ac}} \sqrt{1+\frac{dx^n}{c}} \left(-((b+ac)(-2+n)(acn+b(4+n)) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)\right)}{(-2+n)(b+a(c+dx^n))}\right)}{2cnx^2}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}\left[\left(a + \frac{b}{c + d*x^n}\right)^{(3/2)}/x^3, x\right]$$

output

```
(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*(4*b + (Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*(-(b + a*c)*(-2 + n)*(a*c*n + b*(4 + n))*AppellF1[-2/n, 1/2, 1/2, (-2 + n)/n, -(d*x^n)/c, -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]) + 2*a*d*(4*b + a*c*n)*x^n*AppellF1[(-2 + n)/n, 1/2, 1/2, 2 - 2/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]))/((-2 + n)*(b + a*(c + d*x^n))))/(2*c*n*x^2)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{c+dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}}{x^3(dx^n+c)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}}{x^3\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{c\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{(ac+b) \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1\right)^{3/2}}{x^3\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(ac + b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2cx^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*((b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[-2/n, 3/2, -3/2, -((2 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(c*x^2*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*a**2*c - 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)
)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*a*b + 8*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sq
r
t(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(8*x**(3*n)*a**2*c*d**3*x**3 + x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*n*
x**3 + 4*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*x**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2*d**2*x**3 + 3*x**
(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*n*x**3 + 20*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x**3 + x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*
n*x**3 + 4*x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*x**3 + 24*x**n*a**2*c**3*d*x**3 + 3*x**n*a*b
*c**2*d*n*x**3 + 28*x**n*a*b*c**2*d*x**3 + 2*x**n*b**2*c*d*n*x**3 + 8*x**n
*b**2*c*d*x**3 + 8*a**2*c**4*x**3 + a*b*c**3*n*x**3 + 12*a*b*c**3*x**3 + b
**2*c**2*n*x**3 + 4*b**2*c**2*x**3),x)*a**3*b*c*d**3*n*x**2 - 32*x**n*int(
(x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(8*x**(3*n)*a**2*c*d
*3*x**3 + x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*n*x**3 + 4*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*x**3 + 24*x**(2*n)
)*a**2*c**2*d**2*x**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*n*x**3 + 20*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d
**2*x**3 + x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*n*x**3 + 4*x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*x**3 + 24*x**n
*a**2*c**3*d*x**3 + 3*x**n*a*b*c**2*d*n*x**3 + 28*x**n*a*b*c**2*d*x**3 + 2
*x**n*b**2*c*d*n*x**3 + 8*x**n*b**2*c*d*x**3 + 8*a**2*c**4*x**3 + a*b*c**3
*n*x**3 + 12*a*b*c**3*x**3 + b**2*c**2*n*x**3 + 4*b**2*c**2*x**3),x)*a**3*
b*c*d**3*x**2 + x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c +
b))/(8*x**(3*n)*a**2*c*d**3*x**3 + x**(3*n)*a*b*d**3*n*x**3 + 4*x**(3*n)*a
*b*d**3*x**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*a**2*c**2*d**2*x**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*n*x
**3 + 20*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d**2*x**3 + x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*n*x**3 + 4*x**(2...
```

3.324
$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$$

Optimal result	2680
Mathematica [F]	2680
Rubi [A] (verified)	2681
Maple [F]	2682
Fricas [F(-2)]	2683
Sympy [F]	2683
Maxima [F]	2683
Giac [F]	2684
Mupad [F(-1)]	2684
Reduce [F]	2684

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}$$

output

$1/2*x^2*(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{AppellF1}(2/n,-1/2,1/2,(2+n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/(1+d*x^n/c)^{(1/2)/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^{(1/2)}}$

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$$

input

`Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)], x]`

output

`Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)], x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b} \int \frac{x\sqrt{dx^n+c}}{\sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}}{\sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b} + 1} \int \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}}{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{b+ac} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
 & \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)],x]`

output

```
(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*AppellF1[2/n, -1/2, 1/2, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(2*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)
```

output `int(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^nd + c} \sqrt{x^nad + ac + b} x}{x^nad + ac + b} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*x)/(x**n*a*d + a*c + b),x)`

3.325 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$

Optimal result	2685
Mathematica [F]	2685
Rubi [A] (verified)	2686
Maple [F]	2687
Fricas [F(-2)]	2688
Sympy [F]	2688
Maxima [F]	2688
Giac [F]	2689
Mupad [F(-1)]	2689
Reduce [F]	2689

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}$$

output `x*(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,-1/2,1/2,1+1/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)], x]`

output `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)], x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 937, 937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}{\sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}}{\sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b} + 1} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1}}{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{b+ac} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\
 & \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)],x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*AppellF1[n^(-1), -1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), -
((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n
)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 937

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b/(c + d*x**n)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c)), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c)), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n a d + a c + b}}{x^n a d + a c + b} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**n*a*d + a*c + b),x)`

3.326 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$

Optimal result	2690
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2690
Rubi [A] (verified)	2691
Maple [B] (verified)	2693
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2694
Sympy [F]	2695
Maxima [F]	2695
Giac [F]	2696
Mupad [F(-1)]	2696
Reduce [F]	2696

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}} - \frac{2\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{b+ac}n}$$

output

```
2*arctanh((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/n-2*c^(1/2)*arctanh(c^(1/2)/(2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)^(1/2))/(a*c+b)^(1/2)/n
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{\sqrt{-b-ac}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]),x]
```

output

```
(2*((Sqrt[c]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))]/Sqrt[-
b - a*c])/Sqrt[-b - a*c] + ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]/
Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a]))/n
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 303, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\
 & \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}} dx^n \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2052} \\
 & \frac{2bd \int -\frac{1}{d(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2bd \int \frac{1}{d(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{303}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{a-x^{2n}} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{-cx^{2n}+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{219} \\
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{c \int \frac{1}{-cx^{2n}+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{221} \\
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}}\right)}{b\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]),x]`

output `(2*b*(ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*b) - (Sqrt[c]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)])]/Sqrt[b + a*c]))/(b*Sqrt[b + a*c])/n`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 303 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^2), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

rule 2052 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Denominator[p]}, Simp[q*e*(b*c - a*d) Subst[Int[x^(q*(p + 1) - 1)*((-a)*e + c*x^q)^m/(b*e - d*x^q)^(m + 2)], x], x, (e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m}, x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 594 vs. 2(71) = 142.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 595, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^n ad+ac+b}{c+dx^n}} (c+dx^n) \left(-2\sqrt{(ac+b)c} \ln \left(\frac{2a d^2 x^n+2acd+2\sqrt{x^{2n} a d^2+2x^n acd+a c^2+b x^n d+bc} \sqrt{a d^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{a} d^2} \right) acd+2\sqrt{a} d^2 \right)}{c+dx^n}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{x^n ad+ac+b}{c+dx^n}} (c+dx^n) \left(-2\sqrt{(ac+b)c} \ln \left(\frac{2a d^2 x^n+2acd+2\sqrt{x^{2n} a d^2+2x^n acd+a c^2+b x^n d+bc} \sqrt{a d^2+bd}}{2\sqrt{a} d^2} \right) acd+2\sqrt{a} d^2 \right)}{c+dx^n}$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/2/n*((x^n*a*d+a*c+b)/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)*(-2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a*c*d+2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*x^n*a*c*d+2*a*c^2+b*x^n*d+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/(x^n))*a*c^2-((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b*d+2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*x^n*a*c*d+2*a*c^2+b*x^n*d+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/(x^n))*b*c-((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*b*d+2*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)-2*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2))/((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1/2)/(a*c+b)/(a*d^2)^(1/2)/((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 599, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[a\sqrt{\frac{c}{ac+b}} \log \left(-\frac{2ac^2+(2ac+b)dx^n+2bc-2((ac+b)dx^n\sqrt{\frac{c}{ac+b}}+(ac^2+bc)\sqrt{\frac{c}{ac+b}})\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+ac+b}{dx^n+c}}}{x^n} \right) + \sqrt{a} \log \left(2adx^n + 2ac \right) \right]}{an}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[(a*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x^n + 2*b*c - 2*((a*c + b)*d*x^n*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)) + (a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))))*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/x^n) + sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x^n + 2*a*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*d*x^n + sqrt(a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)) + b)/(a*n), (2*a*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))) + sqrt(a)*log(2*a*d*x^n + 2*a*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*d*x^n + sqrt(a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)) + b)/(a*n), (a*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x^n + 2*b*c - 2*((a*c + b)*d*x^n*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)) + (a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(c/(a*c + b))))*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/x^n) - 2*sqrt(-a)*arctan((sqrt(-a)*d*x^n + sqrt(-a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(a*d*x^n + a*c + b))/(a*n), 2*(a*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))*arctan(sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b))) - sqrt(-a)*arctan((sqrt(-a)*d*x^n + sqrt(-a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(a*d*x^n + a*c + b)))/(a*n)]
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(1/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}} x} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))*x), x)
```

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^nd + c}\sqrt{x^nad + ac + b}}{x^nadx + acx + bx} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**n*a*d*x + a*c*x + b*x),x)`

3.327 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$

Optimal result	2697
Mathematica [F]	2697
Rubi [A] (verified)	2698
Maple [F]	2699
Fricas [F(-2)]	2700
Sympy [F]	2700
Maxima [F]	2700
Giac [F]	2701
Mupad [F(-1)]	2701
Reduce [F]	2701

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}$$

output `-(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/n,-1/2,1/2,-(1-n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/x/(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}{x^2 \sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{c+dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}}{x^2 \sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{x \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]),x]`

output $-\left(\sqrt{1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)}\right)*\text{AppellF1}[-n^{(-1)}, -1/2, 1/2, -((1 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(x*\sqrt{(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)})*\sqrt{1 + (d*x^n)/c}$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 $\text{Int}[(e_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(q_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^{(m+1)}/(e*(m+1)))*\text{AppellF1}[(m+1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m+1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x$ && $\text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$ && $\text{NeQ}[m, -1]$ && $\text{NeQ}[m, n - 1]$ && $(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$ && $(\text{IntegerQ}[q] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[c, 0])$

rule 1013 $\text{Int}[(e_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(q_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*\text{IntPart}[p]*((a + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^{\text{FracPart}[p]})) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x$ && $\text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$ && $\text{NeQ}[m, -1]$ && $\text{NeQ}[m, n - 1]$ && $!(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \mid\mid \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 2057 $\text{Int}[(u_*)*((a_*) + (b_*)/((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}))^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x$

rule 2058 $\text{Int}[(u_*)*((e_*)*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(q_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(r_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Simp}[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r)})] \text{Int}[u*(a + b*x^n)^{(p*q)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(p*r)}, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r\}, x$

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input $\text{int}(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^{(1/2)}, x)$

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n a d + a c + b}}{x^n a d x^2 + a c x^2 + b x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**n*a*d*x**2 + a*c*x**2 + b*x**2),x)`

3.328 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$

Optimal result	2703
Mathematica [F]	2703
Rubi [A] (verified)	2704
Maple [F]	2705
Fricas [F(-2)]	2706
Sympy [F]	2706
Maxima [F]	2706
Giac [F]	2707
Mupad [F(-1)]	2707
Reduce [F]	2707

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}}$$

output `-1/2*(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*AppellF1(-2/n,-1/2,1/2,-(2-n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/x^2/(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]), x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}{x^3 \sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{c+dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}}{x^3 \sqrt{adx^n+b+ac}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b/(c + d*x^n)]),x]`

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*AppellF1[-2/n, -1/2, 1/2, -((2 - n)/n),
, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(x^2*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c
+ d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c])
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)
```

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*sqrt((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/(d*x^n + c))*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(1/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n d + c} \sqrt{x^n a d + a c + b}}{x^n a d x^3 + a c x^3 + b x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**n*a*d*x**3 + a*c*x**3 + b*x**3),x)`

3.329
$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	2709
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2709
Rubi [A] (verified)	2710
Maple [F]	2712
Fricas [F(-2)]	2712
Sympy [F]	2713
Maxima [F]	2713
Giac [F]	2713
Mupad [F(-1)]	2714
Reduce [F]	2714

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2(b+ac) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

output

```
1/2*c*x^2*(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*AppellF1(2/n,-3/2,3/2,(2+n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/(a*c+b)/(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs. 2(107) = 214.

Time = 11.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}} \left(-4b(c+dx^n) + \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{b+ac}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} (c(2+n)(4b+acn) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right))\right)}{2a(b+ac)n(b+a(c+dx^n))^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(x^2*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*(-4*b*(c + d*x^n) + (Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*(c*(2 + n)*(4*b + a*c*n)*AppellF1[2/n, 1/2, 1/2, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] + 2*d*(a*c*n + b*(4 + n))*x^n*AppellF1[(2 + n)/n, 1/2, 1/2, 2*(1 + n^(-1)), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]))/(2 + n))/(2*a*(b + a*c)*n*(b + a*(c + d*x^n)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2058

$$\frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b} \int \frac{x(dx^n+c)^{3/2}}{(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

↓ 1013

$$\frac{c\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b} \int \frac{x\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}}{(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

↓ 1013

$$\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1} \int \frac{x\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{(ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{cx^2\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2(ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2),x]`

output `(c*x^2*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*AppellF1[2/n, -3/2, 3/2, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(2*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x/((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))**(3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2), x)`output `int(x/(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2), x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*c*x**2 + 8*x**n*int((x**(2*n)
*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*x)/(8*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3 + x*
*(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*d**2
+ 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n + 28*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b
**2*d**2*n + 8*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2 + 24*x**n*a**3*c**3*d + 3*x**n*a**2*b*
c**2*d*n + 44*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d + 4*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*n + 24*x**n*a*b**2*c*
d + x**n*b**3*d*n + 4*x**n*b**3*d + 8*a**3*c**4 + a**2*b*c**3*n + 20*a**2*
b*c**3 + 2*a*b**2*c**2*n + 16*a*b**2*c**2 + b**3*c*n + 4*b**3*c),x)*a**2*b
*c*d**3*n + 32*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b
)*x)/(8*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3 + x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*
d**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*d**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n + 28*x**(2*
n)*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*n + 8*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2 + 24*
x**n*a**3*c**3*d + 3*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*n + 44*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d + 4*x**n
*a*b**2*c*d*n + 24*x**n*a*b**2*c*d + x**n*b**3*d*n + 4*x**n*b**3*d + 8*a**
3*c**4 + a**2*b*c**3*n + 20*a**2*b*c**3 + 2*a*b**2*c**2*n + 16*a*b**2*c**2
+ b**3*c*n + 4*b**3*c),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3 + x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d
+ c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*x)/(8*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3 + x**(3*n)*a**2*b
*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*d**2 + 3*x**(2*n)
*a**2*b*c*d**2*n + 28*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*n +
8*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2 + 24*x**n*a**3*c**3*d + 3*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*n + ...
```


3.330 $\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2716
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2716
Rubi [A] (verified)	2717
Maple [F]	2719
Fricas [F(-2)]	2720
Sympy [F]	2720
Maxima [F]	2720
Giac [F]	2721
Mupad [F(-1)]	2721
Reduce [F]	2721

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{cx \sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{(b+ac) \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

output

```
c*x*(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,-3/2,3/2,1+1/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/(a*c+b)/(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 784 vs. 2(98) = 196.

Time = 3.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 784, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(-3/2), x]
```

output

```
(-2*b*x*(c + d*x^n)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]/(a*(b + a*c)*n*
(b + a*(c + d*x^n))) + (x*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*(2*b*d*x^n
*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[1 + n^(-
1), 1/2, 1/2, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] + b*d*n*x^
n*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[1 + n^(-
1), 1/2, 1/2, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] + a*c*d*n
*x^n*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*AppellF1[1 +
n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] + (4*b
*c^2*(b + a*c)*(1 + n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/
c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))])/(-a*c*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 3/2,
2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] + (b + a*c)*(-(d*n*x^n
*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 3/2, 1/2, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b +
a*c))] + 2*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)
, -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))])) + (2*a*c^3*(b + a*c)*n*(1 + n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-
1), 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))])/(-a*c*d*
n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 3/2, 2 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)
/(b + a*c))] + (b + a*c)*(-(d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 3/2, 1/2, 2 + n^
(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))] + 2*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1)
, 1/2, 1/2, 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))])))))/(a*(b +
a*c)*n*(1 + n)*(b + a*(c + d*x^n)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 937, 937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2057

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 2058

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b} \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{3/2}}{(adx^n + b + ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
& \frac{c\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b} \int \frac{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{(adx^n + b + ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
& \frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1} \int \frac{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{adx^n}{b + ac} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{(ac + b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\
& \frac{cx\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b + ac}\right)}{(ac + b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))(-3/2),x]`

output `(c*x*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*AppellF1[n(-1), -3/2, 3/2, 1 + n(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/((b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c])`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b/(c + d*x**n))**(-3/2), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*c*x + 4*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(4*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3 + x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*n + 2*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3 + 12*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*d**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n + 14*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*n + 4*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2 + 12*x**n*a**3*c**3*d + 3*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*n + 22*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d + 4*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*n + 12*x**n*a*b**2*c*d + x**n*b**3*d*n + 2*x**n*b**3*d + 4*a**3*c**4 + a**2*b*c**3*n + 10*a**2*b*c**3 + 2*a*b**2*c**2*n + 8*a*b**2*c**2 + b**3*c*n + 2*b**3*c),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*n + 8*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(4*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3 + x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*n + 2*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3 + 12*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*d**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n + 14*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*n + 4*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2 + 12*x**n*a**3*c**3*d + 3*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*n + 22*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d + 4*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*n + 12*x**n*a*b**2*c*d + x**n*b**3*d*n + 2*x**n*b**3*d + 4*a**3*c**4 + a**2*b*c**3*n + 10*a**2*b*c**3 + 2*a*b**2*c**2*n + 8*a*b**2*c**2 + b**3*c*n + 2*b**3*c),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3 + x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(4*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3 + x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*n + 2*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3 + 12*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*d**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n + 14*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*n + 4*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2 + 12*x**n*a**3*c**3*d + 3*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*n + 22*x**n*a**...
```

3.331 $\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2723
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2723
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2724
Maple [B] (verified)	2727
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2728
Sympy [F]	2729
Maxima [F]	2730
Giac [F]	2730
Mupad [F(-1)]	2730
Reduce [F]	2731

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2b}{a(b+ac)n\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}} + \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}n} - \frac{2c^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{b+ac}}\right)}{(b+ac)^{3/2}n}$$

output

$-2*b/a/(a*c+b)/n/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^{(1/2)}+2*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}/n-2*c^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/2)}*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^{(1/2)}/(a*c+b)^{(1/2)})/(a*c+b)^{(3/2)}/n$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(-\frac{b}{a(b+ac)\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}}} - \frac{c^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{-b-ac}}\right)}{(-b-ac)^{3/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(-(b/(a*(b + a*c)*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)])) - (c^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)])/Sqrt[-b - a*c]])/(-b - a*c)^(3/2) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]/Sqrt[a]]/a^(3/2))/n`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {2057, 2053, 2052, 25, 27, 382, 397, 219, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 \int \frac{1}{x \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n} \right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{2053} \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\left(\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c} \right)^{3/2}} dx^n \\
 \downarrow \text{2052} \\
 \frac{2bd \int -\frac{x^{-2n}}{d(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{25} \\
 \frac{2bd \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{d(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d \sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{2b \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{382} \\
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{\int \frac{-cx^{2n}+b+2ac}{(a-x^{2n})(-cx^{2n}+b+ac)} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{a(ac+b)} - \frac{x^{-n}}{a(ac+b)} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{397} \\
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{(ac+b) \int \frac{1}{a-x^{2n}} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} - \frac{ac^2 \int \frac{1}{-cx^{2n}+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} - \frac{x^{-n}}{a(ac+b)} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{219} \\
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{(ac+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{ac^2 \int \frac{1}{-cx^{2n}+b+ac} d\sqrt{\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}}}{b} - \frac{x^{-n}}{a(ac+b)} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{221} \\
 \frac{2b \left(\frac{(ac+b) \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{ab}} - \frac{ac^{3/2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}{\sqrt{ac+b}} \right)}{b\sqrt{ac+b}} - \frac{x^{-n}}{a(ac+b)} \right)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*b*(-(1/(a*(b + a*c)*x^n)) + ((b + a*c)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*b) - (a*c^(3/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)])/Sqrt[b + a*c]]/(b*Sqrt[b + a*c]))/(a*(b + a*c)))/n
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 219 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]))*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 221 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]/\text{a})*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}]$
- rule 382 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.)*(x_)^m * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^p * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^q], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{e}*x)^{m+1} * (\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{p+1} * ((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{q+1} / (\text{a}*e^{m+1}))], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[1/(\text{a}*e^{2*(m+1)}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*x)^{m+2} * (\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^p * (\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^q * \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*c + \text{a}*d)*(m+3) + 2*(\text{b}*c*p + \text{a}*d*q) + \text{b}*d*(m+2*p+2*q+5)*x^2], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{m}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 397 $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(x_)^2] / ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2) * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{b}*e - \text{a}*f) / (\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{d}*e - \text{c}*f) / (\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}\}, \text{x}]$
- rule 2052 $\text{Int}[(x_)^m * (((\text{e}_.)*((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_))) / ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)))^p], \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Denominator}[\text{p}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{q}*e * (\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{q}*(\text{p}+1)-1)} * (((-\text{a})*e + \text{c}*x^q)^m / (\text{b}*e - \text{d}*x^q)^{(m+2}))], \text{x}], \text{x}, (\text{e} * ((\text{a} + \text{b}*x) / (\text{c} + \text{d}*x)))^{(1/\text{q})}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{p}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$

rule 2053

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))
)^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(
(a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p},
x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^p_, x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3398 vs. $2(102) = 204$.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3399, normalized size of antiderivative = 28.32

method	result	size
derivativedivides	Expression too large to display	3399
default	Expression too large to display	3399

input

```
int(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/2/n*((x^n*a*d+a*c+b)/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)/a*(-8*ln((2*x^n*a*c*d+2*
a*c^2+b*x^n*d+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d
+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/(x^n))*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*c^3*d*x^n+((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*
ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c
)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^3*b*c*d^3*(x^n)^2+3*((a*c+b)*c
)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(a
*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^3*b*c*d^3*(x^n)^2-2*ln((2*x^n*a*c*d+2*a*
c^2+b*x^n*d+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b
*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/(x^n))*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*(x^n)^2+10*((a*c+b)*c)
^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(a*
d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1/2))*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*x^n+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((x^n
)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^3*c*d^2*(x
^n)^2-6*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a
^3*c*d^2*(x^n)^2+6*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*ln(1/2*(2*a*d^2*x^n+2*a*c*d+2*((x^n)^
2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)+b*d)/(a*d^2)^(1
/2))*a^3*b*c^2*d^2*x^n-8*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((c+d*x^n)*(x^n*a*d+a*c+b))^(1/
2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a*b^2*d*x^n+4*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*
d+a*c^2+b*x^n*d+b*c)^(1/2)*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^3*c^2*d*x^n-4*ln((2*x^n*a*c*d+2
*a*c^2+b*x^n*d+2*((a*c+b)*c)^(1/2)*((x^n)^2*a*d^2+2*x^n*a*c*d+a*c^2+b*x^n*
d+b*c)^(1/2)+2*b*c)/(x^n))*(a*d^2)^(1/2)*a^2*b^2*c^2*d*x^n-12*((a*c+b)*...

```

Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 271 vs. $2(102) = 204$.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1187, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.89

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[(((a^2*c + a*b)*sqrt(a)*d*x^n + (a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(a))*log(2*
a*d*x^n + 2*a*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*d*x^n + sqrt(a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(
d*x^n + c)) + b) + (a^3*c*d*x^n*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)) + (a^3*c^2 + a^2*b*c)*sq
rt(c/(a*c + b)))*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x^n + 2*b*c - 2*((a*c + b)*
d*x^n*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)) + (a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))*sqrt((a*d*x^n +
a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/x^n) - 2*(a*b*d*x^n + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c +
b)/(d*x^n + c)))/((a^4*c + a^3*b)*d*n*x^n + (a^4*c^2 + 2*a^3*b*c + a^2*b^
2)*n), (2*(a^3*c*d*x^n*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b)) + (a^3*c^2 + a^2*b*c)*sqrt(-c/(a
*c + b)))*arctan(sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))*sqrt(-c/(a*c + b)))
+ ((a^2*c + a*b)*sqrt(a)*d*x^n + (a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(a))*log(2
*a*d*x^n + 2*a*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*d*x^n + sqrt(a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/
(d*x^n + c)) + b) - 2*(a*b*d*x^n + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n
+ c)))/((a^4*c + a^3*b)*d*n*x^n + (a^4*c^2 + 2*a^3*b*c + a^2*b^2)*n), -(2*
((a^2*c + a*b)*sqrt(-a)*d*x^n + (a^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + b^2)*sqrt(-a))*arctan
((sqrt(-a)*d*x^n + sqrt(-a)*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/(a*d*
x^n + a*c + b)) - (a^3*c*d*x^n*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)) + (a^3*c^2 + a^2*b*c)*sq
rt(c/(a*c + b)))*log(-(2*a*c^2 + (2*a*c + b)*d*x^n + 2*b*c - 2*((a*c + b)*d
*x^n*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)) + (a*c^2 + b*c)*sqrt(c/(a*c + b)))*sqrt((a*d*x^n +
a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c)))/x^n) + 2*(a*b*d*x^n + a*b*c)*sqrt((a*d*x^n + a*c +
b)/(d*x^n + c)))/((a^4*c + a^3*b)*d*n*x^n + (a^4*c^2 + 2*a^3*b*c + a^2*...
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/(x*((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))**(3/2)), x)
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)*x), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nad+ac+bc} + x^n \left(\int \frac{x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nd+c}\sqrt{x^nad+ac+bc}}{x^{3n}a^2d^3x+3x^{2n}a^2cd^2x+2x^{2n}abd^2x+3x^na^2c^2dx+4x^nabc} \right)}{x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*c + x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x
**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a**2*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*
**2*c*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a**2*c**2*d*x + 4*x**n*a*b*c*
d*x + x**n*b**2*d*x + a**2*c**3*x + 2*a*b*c**2*x + b**2*c*x),x)*a*b*d**3*n
+ x**n*int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a**2*d**
3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*c*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a**2*c**2*
d*x + 4*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*d*x + a**2*c**3*x + 2*a*b*c**2*x + b**2
*c*x),x)*a*b*c**2*d*n + int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c
+ b))/(x**(3*n)*a**2*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*c*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d
**2*x + 3*x**n*a**2*c**2*d*x + 4*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*d*x + a**2*c**
3*x + 2*a*b*c**2*x + b**2*c*x),x)*a*b*c*d**2*n + int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d
+ c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a**2*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*c*
d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a**2*c**2*d*x + 4*x**n*a*b*c*d*x +
x**n*b**2*d*x + a**2*c**3*x + 2*a*b*c**2*x + b**2*c*x),x)*b**2*d**2*n + i
nt((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a**2*d**3*x + 3*x
**(2*n)*a**2*c*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a**2*c**2*d*x + 4*x
**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*d*x + a**2*c**3*x + 2*a*b*c**2*x + b**2*c*x),x)*
a*b*c**3*n + int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(x**(3*n)*a**
2*d**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*c*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + 3*x**n*a**2*
c**2*d*x + 4*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + x**n*b**2*d*x + a**2*c**3*x + 2*a*b*c**2*...
```


3.332 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	2732
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	2732
Rubi [A] (verified)	2733
Maple [F]	2735
Fricas [F(-2)]	2735
Sympy [F]	2736
Maxima [F]	2736
Giac [F]	2736
Mupad [F(-1)]	2737
Reduce [F]	2737

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{(b+ac)x\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

output

```
-c*(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*AppellF1(-1/n,-3/2,3/2,-(1-n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/(a*c+b)/x/(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 237 vs. 2(108) = 216.

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}} \left(-2b + \frac{2b^2}{b+ac+adx^n} + \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{b+ac}}\sqrt{1+\frac{dx^n}{c}}(-c(-1+n)(-2b+acn) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, \dots\right)}{a^2(b+ac)n}\right)}{a^2(b+ac)n}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*(-2*b + (2*b^2)/(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)
+ (a*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*(-c*(-1 + n)
)*(-2*b + a*c*n)*AppellF1[-n^(-1), 1/2, 1/2, (-1 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((
a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]) + d*(b*(-2 + n) + a*c*n)*x^n*AppellF1[(-1 + n)/n, 1/
2, 1/2, 2 - n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]))/((-1 + n)*(b +
a*(c + d*x^n))))/(a^2*(b + a*c)*n*x)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n} \right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b} \int \frac{(dx^n+c)^{3/2}}{x^2(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c+dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{ac+adx^n+b} \int \frac{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}}{x^2(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1} \int \frac{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}}{x^2\left(\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{(ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{x(ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)),x]`

output `-((c*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*AppellF1[-n^(-1), -3/2, 3/2, -((1 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))])/((b + a*c)*x*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e._)*(x._))^(m._)*((a._) + (b._)*(x._)^(n._))^(p._)*((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._))^(q._), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u._)*((a._) + (b._)/((c._) + (d._)*(x._)^(n._)))^(p._), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_.)*((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*c - 4*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(4*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3*x**2 - x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*n*x**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*x**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*x**2 + 14*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*n*x**2 + 4*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 12*x**n*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 - 3*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*n*x**2 + 22*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 - 4*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*n*x**2 + 12*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 - x**n*b**3*d*n*x**2 + 2*x**n*b**3*d*x**2 + 4*a**3*c**4*x**2 - a**2*b*c**3*n*x**2 + 10*a**2*b*c**3*x**2 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*n*x**2 + 8*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 - b**3*c*n*x**2 + 2*b**3*c*x**2),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*n*x + 8*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(4*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3*x**2 - x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*n*x**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*x**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*a**3*c**2*d**2*x**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*x**2 + 14*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*n*x**2 + 4*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*x**2 + 12*x**n*a**3*c**3*d*x**2 - 3*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*n*x**2 + 22*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*x**2 - 4*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*n*x**2 + 12*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 - x**n*b**3*d*n*x**2 + 2*x**n*b**3*d*x**2 + 4*a**3*c**4*x**2 - a**2*b*c**3*n*x**2 + 10*a**2*b*c**3*x**2 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*n*x**2 + 8*a*b**2*c**2*x**2 - b**3*c*n*x**2 + 2*b**3*c*x**2),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x + x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(4*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3*x**2 - x**(3*n)*a**2*b...
```

3.333 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$

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Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 110

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{c\sqrt{1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2(b+ac)x^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

output

```
-1/2*c*(1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^(1/2)*AppellF1(-2/n,-3/2,3/2,-(2-n)/n,-d*x^n/c,
-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/(a*c+b)/x^2/(1+d*x^n/c)^(1/2)/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(1/2)
```

Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 229 vs. 2(110) = 220.

Time = 2.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{c+dx^n}} \left(-4b(c+dx^n) + \sqrt{\frac{b+ac+adx^n}{b+ac}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}} (-c(-2+n)(-4b+acn) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \dots\right)\right)}{2a(b+ac)nx^2(b+a)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)),x]
```


output

```
(Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*(-4*b*(c + d*x^n) + (Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c]*(-(c*(-2 + n)*(-4*b + a*c*n)*AppellF1[-2/n, 1/2, 1/2, (-2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]) + 2*d*(b*(-4 + n) + a*c*n)*x^n*AppellF1[(-2 + n)/n, 1/2, 1/2, 2 - 2/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]))/(-2 + n))/(2*a*(b + a*c)*n*x^2*(b + a*(c + d*x^n)))
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n} \right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b} \int \frac{(dx^n+c)^{3/2}}{x^3(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{c + dx^n} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \frac{c\sqrt{ac + adx^n + b} \int \frac{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}}{x^3(adx^n+b+ac)^{3/2}} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1} \sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1} \int \frac{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{3/2}}{x^3\left(\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{(ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

↓ 1012

$$\frac{c\sqrt{\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2x^2(ac+b)\sqrt{\frac{dx^n}{c}+1}\sqrt{\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/2*(c*Sqrt[1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c)]*AppellF1[-2/n, -3/2, 3/2, -((2 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/((b + a*c)*x^2*Sqrt[(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)]*Sqrt[1 + (d*x^n)/c])`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 1013 `Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058

```
Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**3*((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))**(3/2)), x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^{3/2} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)*c - 8*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*s
qrt(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(8*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3*x**3 - x
**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*n*x**3 + 4*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*x**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*a**
3*c**2*d**2*x**3 - 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*x**3 + 28*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*
d**2*x**3 - 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*n*x**3 + 8*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*x**3 +
24*x**n*a**3*c**3*d*x**3 - 3*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*n*x**3 + 44*x**n*a**2*b*c*
**2*d*x**3 - 4*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*n*x**3 + 24*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*x**3 - x**n*b**3
*d*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b**3*d*x**3 + 8*a**3*c**4*x**3 - a**2*b*c**3*n*x**3 + 2
0*a**2*b*c**3*x**3 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*n*x**3 + 16*a*b**2*c**2*x**3 - b**3*c*n
*x**3 + 4*b**3*c*x**3),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*n*x**2 + 32*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqr
t(x**n*d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(8*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3*x**3 - x**
(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*n*x**3 + 4*x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**3*x**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*a**3*
c**2*d**2*x**3 - 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n*x**3 + 28*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d*
**2*x**3 - 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*n*x**3 + 8*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*x**3 + 24
*x**n*a**3*c**3*d*x**3 - 3*x**n*a**2*b*c**2*d*n*x**3 + 44*x**n*a**2*b*c**2
*d*x**3 - 4*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*n*x**3 + 24*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*x**3 - x**n*b**3*d
*n*x**3 + 4*x**n*b**3*d*x**3 + 8*a**3*c**4*x**3 - a**2*b*c**3*n*x**3 + 20*
a**2*b*c**3*x**3 - 2*a*b**2*c**2*n*x**3 + 16*a*b**2*c**2*x**3 - b**3*c*n*x
**3 + 4*b**3*c*x**3),x)*a**2*b*c*d**3*x**2 + x**n*int((x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*
d + c)*sqrt(x**n*a*d + a*c + b))/(8*x**(3*n)*a**3*c*d**3*x**3 - x**(3*n)...
```

3.334 $\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2746
Mathematica [F]	2746
Rubi [A] (verified)	2747
Maple [F]	2748
Fricas [F]	2749
Sympy [F(-1)]	2749
Maxima [F]	2749
Giac [F]	2750
Mupad [F(-1)]	2750
Reduce [F]	2750

Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac} \right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(\frac{2}{n}, p, -p, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac} \right)$$

output $1/2*x^2*(1+d*x^n/c)^p*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p*\operatorname{AppellF1}(2/n,p,-p,(2+n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/((1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^p)$

Mathematica [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2057 \\
 & \int x \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2058 \\
 & (c + dx^n)^p (ac + adx^n + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \int x (dx^n + c)^{-p} (adx^n + b + ac)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1013 \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^p (ac + adx^n + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \int x (adx^n + b + ac)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1013 \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int x \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{adx^n}{b + ac} + 1 \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1012 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} x^2 \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{2}{n}, p, -p, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `(x^2*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^p*AppellF1[2/n, p, -p, (2 + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(2*(1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))^p)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)
```

output

```
int(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x*((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p*x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p*x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int(x*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int x \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(x^n ad + ac + b)^p x}{(x^n d + c)^p} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int(((x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p*x)/(x**n*d + c)**p,x)`

3.335 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2751
Mathematica [F]	2751
Rubi [A] (verified)	2752
Maple [F]	2753
Fricas [F]	2754
Sympy [F(-1)]	2754
Maxima [F]	2754
Giac [F]	2755
Mupad [F(-1)]	2755
Reduce [F]	2755

Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx = x \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, p, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)$$

output `x*(1+d*x^n/c)^p*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p*AppellF1(1/n,p,-p,1+1/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/((1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^p)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 937, 937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & (c + dx^n)^p (ac + adx^n + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \int (dx^n + c)^{-p} (adx^n + b + ac)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^p (ac + adx^n + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \int (adx^n + b + ac)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{adx^n}{b + ac} + 1 \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\
 & x \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{n}, p, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b + ac} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `(x*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), p, -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))^p`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 2058 `Int[(u_)*((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(
r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a +
b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*
r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(x^n ad + ac + b)^p}{(x^n d + c)^p} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p/(x**n*d + c)**p,x)`

3.336
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	2756
Mathematica [F]	2757
Rubi [F]	2757
Maple [F]	2758
Fricas [F]	2758
Sympy [F]	2759
Maxima [F]	2759
Giac [F]	2759
Mupad [F(-1)]	2760
Reduce [F]	2760

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx = -\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{(b+ac)n(1+p)} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{an(1+p)}$$

output `-c*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], c*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))/(a*c+b)))/(a*c+b)/n/(p+1)+(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d*x^n))/a/n/(p+1)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\ & \frac{\int x^{-n} \left(\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}\right)^p dx^n}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*(((e_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))]^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_.)*((a_) + (b_.)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p/x,x)`

output `Integral(((a*c + a*d*x**n + b)/(c + d*x**n))**p/x, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p/x, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p/x, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x,x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(x^n ad + ac + b)^p}{(x^n d + c)^p x} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x,x)`output `int((x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p/((x**n*d + c)**p*x),x)`

3.337 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2761
Mathematica [F]	2761
Rubi [A] (verified)	2762
Maple [F]	2763
Fricas [F]	2764
Sympy [F(-1)]	2764
Maxima [F]	2764
Giac [F]	2765
Mupad [F(-1)]	2765
Reduce [F]	2765

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, p, -p, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{x}$$

output `-(1+d*x^n/c)^p*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p*AppellF1(-1/n,p,-p,-(1-n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/x/((1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^p)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x^2, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & (c+dx^n)^p (ac+adx^n+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \int \frac{(dx^n+c)^{-p} (adx^n+b+ac)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^p (ac+adx^n+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \int \frac{(adx^n+b+ac)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{-p}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^p \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \left(\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1\right)^p}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^p \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \left(\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{n}, p, -p, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x^2,x]`

output `-((((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^p*AppellF1[-n^(-1), p, -p, -((1 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))])/(x*(1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^2,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^2,x)
```


Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p/x^2, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p/x**2,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p/x^2, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x^2, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(x^n ad + ac + b)^p}{(x^n d + c)^p x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p/((x**n*d + c)**p*x**2),x)`

3.338 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2766
Mathematica [F]	2766
Rubi [A] (verified)	2767
Maple [F]	2768
Fricas [F]	2769
Sympy [F(-1)]	2769
Maxima [F]	2769
Giac [F]	2770
Mupad [F(-1)]	2770
Reduce [F]	2770

Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, p, -p, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/2*(1+d*x^n/c)^p*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p*AppellF1(-2/n,p,-p,-(2-n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/x^2/((1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^p)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x^3,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x^3, x]`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & (c+dx^n)^p (ac+adx^n+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \int \frac{(dx^n+c)^{-p} (adx^n+b+ac)^p}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^p (ac+adx^n+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \int \frac{(adx^n+b+ac)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{-p}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^p \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \left(\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}+1\right)^p}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
 & \frac{\left(\frac{dx^n}{c}+1\right)^p \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \left(\frac{adx^n}{ac+b}+1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{2}{n}, p, -p, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^p*AppellF1[-2/n, p, -p, -((2 - n)/n), -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))])/(x^2*(1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))^p)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^3,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p/x^3, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p/x**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p/x^3, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x^3, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(x^n ad + ac + b)^p}{(x^n d + c)^p x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/x^3,x)`

output `int((x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p/((x**n*d + c)**p*x**3),x)`

3.339 $\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2771
Mathematica [F]	2771
Rubi [A] (verified)	2772
Maple [F]	2773
Fricas [F]	2774
Sympy [F(-1)]	2774
Maxima [F]	2774
Giac [F]	2775
Mupad [F(-1)]	2775
Reduce [F]	2775

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx = \frac{(ex)^{1+m} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)^{-p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, p, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac}\right)}{e(1+m)}$$

output

$$(e*x)^{(1+m)}*(1+d*x^n/c)^p*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p*\text{AppellF1}((1+m)/n,p,-p,(1+m+n)/n,-d*x^n/c,-a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))/e/(1+m)/((1+a*d*x^n/(a*c+b))^p)$$

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]$$

output

$$\text{Integrate}[(e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x]$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$, Rules used = {2057, 2058, 1013, 1013, 1012}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int (ex)^m \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2058} \\
 & (c + dx^n)^p (ac + adx^n + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \int (ex)^m (dx^n + c)^{-p} (adx^n + b + ac)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^p (ac + adx^n + b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \int (ex)^m (adx^n + b + ac)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1013} \\
 & \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int (ex)^m \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{adx^n}{b + ac} + 1 \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1012} \\
 & \frac{(ex)^{m+1} \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1 \right)^p \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p \left(\frac{adx^n}{ac + b} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{m+1}{n}, p, -p, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}, -\frac{adx^n}{b+ac} \right)}{e(m+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^(1 + m)*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^p*AppellF1[(1 + m)/n, p, -p, (1 + m + n)/n, -((d*x^n)/c), -((a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))]/(e*(1 + m)*(1 + (a*d*x^n)/(b + a*c))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1012

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/n, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

rule 1013

```
Int[((e._)*(x_))^(m._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, n - 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 2057

```
Int[(u._)*((a_) + (b._)/((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

rule 2058

```
Int[(u._)*((e._)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_)^(n_))^(r_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(e*(a + b*x^n)^q*(c + d*x^n)^r]^p/((a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r))] Int[u*(a + b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c + d*x^n)^(p*r), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p, q, r}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^m*((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**m*(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^m*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^m*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^m*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = e^m \left(\int \frac{x^m (x^n ad + ac + b)^p}{(x^n d + c)^p} dx \right)$$

input `int((e*x)^m*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `e**m*int((x**m*(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p)/(x**n*d + c)**p,x)`

3.340 $\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2 \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2776
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2777
Rubi [A] (verified)	2777
Maple [F]	2780
Fricas [F]	2780
Sympy [F(-1)]	2780
Maxima [F]	2781
Giac [F]	2781
Mupad [F(-1)]	2781
Reduce [F]	2782

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 311

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{c(2+p)x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{1+p}}{bd^3en(1+p)(3+2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{3n}(a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{1+p}}{bd^2en(3+2p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2^p(a - bc^2(3+2p))x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bdx^n}}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)^{-1-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{1+p}}{\sqrt{-ab^3/2d^3en(1+p)(3+2p)}} \text{ Hypergeometric}$$

output

```
-c*(2+p)*(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*c^2+2*b*c*d*x^n+b*d^2*x^(2*n))^(p+1)/b/d^3/e/n/(
p+1)/(3+2*p)/(x^(3*n))+ (e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*c^2+2*b*c*d*x^n+b*d^2*x^(2*n))^(p+
1)/b/d^2/e/n/(3+2*p)/(x^(2*n))+2^p*(a-b*c^2*(3+2*p))*(e*x)^(3*n)*(((a)^(1
/2)-b^(1/2)*c-b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1-p)*(a+b*c^2+2*b*c*d*x^n+b*d^2
*x^(2*n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([-p, p+1], [2+p], 1/2*((a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c+b^(1/2
)*d*x^n)/(-a)^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/d^3/e/n/(p+1)/(3+2*p)/(x^(3*n))
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^{3n} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-abd^2} - bd(c+dx^n)}{-bcd + \sqrt{-abd^2}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-abd^2} + bd(c+dx^n)}{bcd + \sqrt{-abd^2}} \right)^{-p} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(3, -p, -p, 4, -\frac{bd^2 x^n}{bcd + \sqrt{-abd^2}} \right)}{3en}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
((e*x)^(3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p*AppellF1[3, -p, -p, 4, -((b*d^2*x^n)/(b*c*d + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)]))], (b*d^2*x^n)/(-(b*c*d) + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)])))/(3*e*n*((Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)] - b*d*(c + d*x^n))/(-(b*c*d) + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)]))^p*((Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)] + b*d*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c*d + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)]))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.280$, Rules used = {2086, 1694, 1693, 1166, 25, 1160, 1096}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 2086$$

$$\int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1694$$

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \int x^{3n-1} (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \int x^{2n} (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx^n}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1166} \\
 & \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \left(\frac{\int -((2bcd(p+2)x^n + bc^2 + a)(2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p) dx^n}{bd^2(2p+3)} + \frac{x^n (a+bc^2+2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{p+1}}{bd^2(2p+3)} \right)}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \left(\frac{x^n (a+bc^2+2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{p+1}}{bd^2(2p+3)} - \frac{\int (2bcd(p+2)x^n + bc^2 + a)(2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx^n}{bd^2(2p+3)} \right)}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1160} \\
 & \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \left(\frac{x^n (a+bc^2+2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{p+1}}{bd^2(2p+3)} - \frac{(a-bc^2(2p+3)) \int (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx^n + \frac{c(p+2)(a+bc^2+2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{p+1}}{d(p+1)}}{bd^2(2p+3)} \right)}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1096} \\
 & \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \left(\frac{x^n (a+bc^2+2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{p+1}}{bd^2(2p+3)} - \frac{c(p+2)(a+bc^2+2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{p+1}}{d(p+1)} - \frac{2^p (a-bc^2(2p+3)) \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{bdx^n}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)^{-p-1} (a+bc^2+2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{p+1}}{bd^2(2p+3)} \right)}{en}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^(3*n)*((x^n*(a + b*c^2 + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*d^2*x^(2*n))^(1 + p))/(b*d^2*(3 + 2*p)) - ((c*(2 + p)*(a + b*c^2 + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*d^2*x^(2*n))^(1 + p))/(d*(1 + p)) - (2^p*(a - b*c^2*(3 + 2*p))*((Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)/Sqrt[-a])^(-1 - p)*(a + b*c^2 + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*d^2*x^(2*n))^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)/(2*Sqrt[-a])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*d*(1 + p)))/(b*d^2*(3 + 2*p)))/(e*n*x^(3*n))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 1096 $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_) + (\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_)^2]^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{q} = \text{Rt}[\text{b}^2 - 4 * \text{a} * \text{c}, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(-(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1}) / (\text{q} * (\text{p} + 1) * ((\text{q} - \text{b} - 2 * \text{c} * \text{x}) / (2 * \text{q}))^{\text{p} + 1})] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-\text{p}, \text{p} + 1, \text{p} + 2, (\text{b} + \text{q} + 2 * \text{c} * \text{x}) / (2 * \text{q})], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[4 * \text{p}] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[3 * \text{p}]$
- rule 1160 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_)] * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_) + (\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1} / (2 * \text{c} * (\text{p} + 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[(2 * \text{c} * \text{d} - \text{b} * \text{e}) / (2 * \text{c}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{p}, -1]$
- rule 1166 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_.) + (\text{e}_.) * (\text{x}_)]^{\text{m}_} * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_) + (\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e} * (\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x})^{\text{m} - 1} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p} + 1}) / (\text{c} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 1)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1 / (\text{c} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{d} + \text{e} * \text{x})^{\text{m} - 2} * \text{Simp}[\text{c} * \text{d}^2 * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 1) - \text{e} * (\text{a} * \text{e} * (\text{m} - 1) + \text{b} * \text{d} * (\text{p} + 1)) + \text{e} * (2 * \text{c} * \text{d} - \text{b} * \text{e}) * (\text{m} + \text{p}) * \text{x}], \text{x}] * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{If}[\text{RationalQ}[\text{m}], \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 1], \text{SumSimplerQ}[\text{m}, -2]] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 1, 0] \&\& \text{IntQuadraticQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$
- rule 1693 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_)]^{\text{m}_} * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_)^{\text{n}2_}) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_)^{\text{n}_})^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1 / \text{n} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{Simplify}[(\text{m} + 1) / \text{n}] - 1} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x} + \text{c} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^{\text{n}}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{n}2, 2 * \text{n}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(\text{m} + 1) / \text{n}]]$
- rule 1694 $\text{Int}[(\text{d}_.) * (\text{x}_)]^{\text{m}_} * ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{c}_.) * (\text{x}_)^{\text{n}2_}) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_)^{\text{n}_})^{\text{p}_}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d}^{\text{IntPart}[\text{m}] * ((\text{d} * \text{x})^{\text{FracPart}[\text{m}] / \text{x}^{\text{FracPart}[\text{m}]})} \quad \text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{m} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^{\text{n}} + \text{c} * \text{x}^{2 * \text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{EqQ}[\text{n}2, 2 * \text{n}] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(\text{m} + 1) / \text{n}]]$

rule 2086

```
Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,
x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{d, m, p}, x] && TrinomialQ[u, x] && !TrinomialMatchQ[u,
x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{3n-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*c^2 + a)^p*(e*x)^(3*n - 1), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**2)**p,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(3*n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(3*n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

output

```
(e**(3*n)*(2*x**(3*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*b**
2*c*d**3*p**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**
p*b**2*c*d**3*p + x**(3*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**
p*b**2*c*d**3 + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**
p*b**2*c**2*d**2*p**2 + x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c
**2)**p*b**2*c**2*d**2*p + 2*x**n*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*
c**2)**p*a*b*c*d*p**2 + 2*x**n*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**
2)**p*a*b*c*d*p - 2*x**n*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*
b**2*c**3*d*p - (x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*a**2*p -
(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*a**2 - (x**(2*n)*b*d**2 +
2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*a*b*c**2*p + (x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*
d + a + b*c**2)**p*b**2*c**4 + 8*int((x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b
*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p)/(4*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*p**2*x + 8*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*p*x +
3*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 8*x**n*b*c*d*p**2*x + 16*x**n*b*c*d*p*x + 6*x**n*b*
c*d*x + 4*a*p**2*x + 8*a*p*x + 3*a*x + 4*b*c**2*p**2*x + 8*b*c**2*p*x + 3*
b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b*d**2*n*p**4 + 24*int((x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x*
**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p)/(4*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*p**2*x + 8*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*p
*x + 3*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 8*x**n*b*c*d*p**2*x + 16*x**n*b*c*d*p*x + 6*x**
n*b*c*d*x + 4*a*p**2*x + 8*a*p*x + 3*a*x + 4*b*c**2*p**2*x + 8*b*c**2*p*x
+ 3*b*c**2*x),x)*a**2*b*d**2*n*p**3 + 22*int((x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2...
```

3.341 $\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2 \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2783
Mathematica [C] (verified)	2784
Rubi [A] (verified)	2784
Maple [F]	2786
Fricas [F]	2786
Sympy [F(-1)]	2787
Maxima [F]	2787
Giac [F]	2787
Mupad [F(-1)]	2788
Reduce [F]	2788

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{1+p}}{2bd^2en(1 + p)} + \frac{2^p cx^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bd}x^n}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)^{-1-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-p, 1 + p, \sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bd^2en}(1 + p) \right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bd^2en}(1 + p)}$$

output

```
1/2*(e*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*c^2+2*b*c*d*x^n+b*d^2*x^(2*n))^(p+1)/b/d^2/e/n/(p+1)/
(x^(2*n))+2^p*c*(e*x)^(2*n)*(((a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c-b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/(-a)^(1/
2))^(1-p)*(a+b*c^2+2*b*c*d*x^n+b*d^2*x^(2*n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([-p, p+1], [
2+p], 1/2*((a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c+b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/(-a)^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/
2)/d^2/e/n/(p+1)/(x^(2*n))
```

Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 6 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^{2n} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-abd^2} - bd(c+dx^n)}{-bcd + \sqrt{-abd^2}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-abd^2} + bd(c+dx^n)}{bcd + \sqrt{-abd^2}} \right)^{-p} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p \text{AppellF1} \left(2, -p, -p, 3, -\frac{bd^2x^n}{bcd + \sqrt{-abd^2}} \right)}{2en}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
((e*x)^(2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p*AppellF1[2, -p, -p, 3, -((b*d^2*x^n)/(b*c*d + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)])), (b*d^2*x^n)/(-(b*c*d) + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)])])/(2*e*n*((Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)] - b*d*(c + d*x^n))/(-(b*c*d) + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)]))^p*((Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)] + b*d*(c + d*x^n))/(b*c*d + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)]))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {2086, 1694, 1693, 1160, 1096}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 2086$$

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1694$$

$$\frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \int x^{2n-1} (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \int x^n (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx^n}{en} \\
 \downarrow 1160 \\
 \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \left(\frac{(a+bc^2+2bcdx^n+bd^2x^{2n})^{p+1}}{2bd^2(p+1)} - \frac{c \int (2bcdx^n+bd^2x^{2n}+bc^2+a)^p dx^n}{d} \right)}{en} \\
 \downarrow 1096 \\
 \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \left(\frac{c^{2p}(a+bc^2+2bcdx^n+bd^2x^{2n})^{p+1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bdx^n}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)^{-p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-p, p+1, p+2, \frac{\sqrt{bdx^n}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{-a}}{2\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{bd^2}(p+1)} + \frac{(a+bc^2)}{d} \right)}{en}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^(2*n)*((a + b*c^2 + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*d^2*x^(2*n))^(1 + p)/(2*b*d^2*(1 + p)) + (2^p*c*((Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)/Sqrt[-a])^(-1 - p))*(a + b*c^2 + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*d^2*x^(2*n))^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)/(2*Sqrt[-a])])/(Sqrt[-a]*Sqrt[b]*d^2*(1 + p)))/(e*n*x^(2*n))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1096 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-(a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(q*(p + 1)*((q - b - 2*c*x)/(2*q))^(p + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, p + 1, p + 2, (b + q + 2*c*x)/(2*q)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[4*p] && !IntegerQ[3*p]`

rule 1160 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*c*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 1693

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p,
x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[
Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 1694

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[d^IntPart[m]*((d*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2086

```
Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{d, m, p}, x] && TrinomialQ[u, x] && !TrinomialMatchQ[u, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*c^2 + a)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2b + a)^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2b + a)^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`output `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2n} \left(2x^{2n} (x^{2n} b d^2 + 2x^n b c d + a + b c^2)^p b d^2 p + x^{2n} (x^{2n} b d^2 + 2x^n b c d + a + b c^2)^p b d^2 + 2x^n (x^{2n} b d^2 + 2x^n b c d + a + b c^2)^p b c d p + (x^{2n} b d^2 + 2x^n b c d + a + b c^2)^p b c^2 p \right)}{(2x^{2n} b d^2 + 2x^n b c d + a + b c^2)^{p+1}}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`output `(e**(2*n)*(2*x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*b*d**2*p + x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*b*c*d*p - (x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*a - (x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*b*c**2 + 8*int((x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 4*x**n*b*c*d*p*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + 2*a*p*x + a*x + 2*b*c**2*p*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a*b*d**2*n*p**3 + 12*int((x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 4*x**n*b*c*d*p*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + 2*a*p*x + a*x + 2*b*c**2*p*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a*b*d**2*n*p**2 + 4*int((x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 4*x**n*b*c*d*p*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + 2*a*p*x + a*x + 2*b*c**2*p*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a*b*d**2*n*p))/(2*b*d**2*e**n*(2*p**2 + 3*p + 1))`

3.342 $\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2 \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2789
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2789
Rubi [A] (verified)	2790
Maple [F]	2791
Fricas [F]	2792
Sympy [F(-1)]	2792
Maxima [F]	2792
Giac [F]	2793
Mupad [F(-1)]	2793
Reduce [F]	2793

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \frac{2^p x^{-n} (ex)^n \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{bdx^n}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)^{-1-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{b(c + dx^n)^2}{a} \right)}{\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{bd} e n (1 + p)}$$

output

```
-2^p*(e*x)^n*((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c-b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/(-a)^(1/2))^(1-p)*(a+b
*c^2+2*b*c*d*x^n+b*d^2*x^(2*n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([-p, p+1], [2+p], 1/2*((-a)^(
1/2)+b^(1/2)*c+b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/(-a)^(1/2))/(-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/d/e/n/(p+1)/
(x^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \frac{x^{1-n} (ex)^{-1+n} (c + dx^n) (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c + dx^n)^2}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b(c + dx^n)^2}{a} \right)}{dn}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `(x^(1 - n)*(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(c + d*x^n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -p, 3/2, -((b*(c + d*x^n)^2)/a)]/(d*n*(1 + (b*(c + d*x^n)^2)/a)^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {2086, 1694, 1690, 1096}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2086 \\
 & \int (ex)^{n-1} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1694 \\
 & \frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n \int x^{n-1} (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1690 \\
 & \frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n \int (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx^n}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1096 \\
 & \frac{2^p x^{-n} (ex)^n \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{bc} - \sqrt{bd} x^n}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)^{-p-1} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-p, p+1, p+2, \frac{\sqrt{bc}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{bde} n (p+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output $-\left((2^p(e^x)^n \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a} - \sqrt{b}c - \sqrt{b}dx^n}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)^{-1-p} (a + b^2c^2 + 2b^2cdx^n + b^2d^2x^{2n})^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{\sqrt{-a} + \sqrt{b}c + \sqrt{b}dx^n}{2\sqrt{-a}}]) / (\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{b} d e^n (1 + p) x^n)\right)$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1096 $\text{Int}[(a + b(x) + c(x)^2)^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[b^2 - 4ac, 2]\}, \text{Simp}[(-a + bx + cx^2)^{p+1} / (q(p+1)((q-b-2cx)/(2q))^{p+1})] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, p+1, p+2, (b+q+2cx)/(2q)], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[4p] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[3p]$

rule 1690 $\text{Int}[(x)^m((a) + (c)(x)^{n2}) + (b)(x)^n]^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + bx + cx^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2n] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[\text{Simplify}[m - n + 1], 0]$

rule 1694 $\text{Int}[(d)(x)^m((a) + (c)(x)^{n2}) + (b)(x)^n]^p, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d^{\text{IntPart}[m]}((dx)^{\text{FracPart}[m]} / x^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) \text{Int}[x^m(a + bx^n + cx^{2n})^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 2086 $\text{Int}[(u)^p((d)(x))^m, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(dx)^m \text{ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p, x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}[\{d, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{TrinomialQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{TrinomialMatchQ}[u, x]$

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

input $\text{int}((e^x)^{-1+n} * (a + b * (c + d * x^n)^2)^p, x)$

output $\text{int}((e^x)^{-1+n} * (a + b * (c + d * x^n)^2)^p, x)$

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*c^2 + a)^p*(e*x)^(n - 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(n - 1), x)`

output

```
(e**n*(x**n*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*b*c*d + (x**(
2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*a + (x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*
b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*b*c**2 - 4*int((x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*
b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 4*x**
n*b*c*d*p*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + 2*a*p*x + a*x + 2*b*c**2*p*x + b*c**2*x),x)
*a*b*d**2*n*p**2 - 2*int((x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b
*c**2)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b*d**2*p*x + x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 4*x**n*b*c*d*p*x +
2*x**n*b*c*d*x + 2*a*p*x + a*x + 2*b*c**2*p*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a*b*d**2*n*p
))/ (b*c*d*e*n*(2*p + 1))
```

3.343 $\int \frac{(a+b(c+dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx$

Optimal result	2795
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2795
Rubi [A] (verified)	2796
Maple [F]	2798
Fricas [F]	2798
Sympy [F(-1)]	2798
Maxima [F]	2799
Giac [F]	2799
Mupad [F(-1)]	2799
Reduce [F]	2800

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 195

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bd}x^n)}{\sqrt{bd}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{bd}x^n)}{\sqrt{bd}}\right)^{-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1-2p, \left(\frac{-a}{(1/2)b^{(1/2)}-c}\right)/d/(x^n), -\left(\frac{-a}{(1/2)b^{(1/2)}+c}\right)/d/(x^n)\right)/e/n/p/\left(-\left(\frac{-a}{(1/2)b^{(1/2)}-c}-b^{(1/2)}*c-b^{(1/2)}*d*x^n\right)/b^{(1/2)}/d/(x^n)\right)^p/\left(\left(\frac{-a}{(1/2)+b^{(1/2)}*c+b^{(1/2)}*d*x^n\right)/b^{(1/2)}/d/(x^n)\right)^p}{2enp}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b*c^2+2*b*c*d*x^n+b*d^2*x^(2*n))^p*AppellF1(-2*p,-p,-p,1-2*p,((-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)-c)/d/(x^n),-((-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)+c)/d/(x^n))/e/n/p/((-((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c-b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/b^(1/2)/d/(x^n))^p)/(((a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c+b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/b^(1/2)/d/(x^n))^p
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx = \frac{\left(\frac{x^{-n}(-\sqrt{-abd^2}+bd(c+dx^n))}{bd^2}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-abd^2}+bd(c+dx^n))}{bd^2}\right)^{-p} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, 1 - \dots\right)}{2enp}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x),x]`

output `((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, -((b*c*d + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)])/(b*d^2*x^n)), (-b*c*d + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)])/(b*d^2*x^n)]/(2*e^n*p*((-Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)] + b*d*(c + d*x^n))/(b*d^2*x^n))^p*((Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)] + b*d*(c + d*x^n))/(b*d^2*x^n))^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.227$, Rules used = {27, 2086, 1693, 1178, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{(b(dx^n+c)^2+a)^p}{ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2086 \\
 & \int \frac{(2bcdx^n+bd^2x^{2n}+bc^2+a)^p}{ex} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1693 \\
 & \int \frac{x^{-n}(2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx^n}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1178 \\
 & (x^{-n})^{2p} \left(-\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bdx^n})}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{bdx^n})}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p \int (x^{-n})^{-2p-1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 150
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bd}x^n)}{\sqrt{bd}}\right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{bd}x^n)}{\sqrt{bd}}\right)^{-p} (a+bc^2+2bcdx^n+bd^2x^{2n})^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-2p, -p, -p, -p, -p, -p, -p, -p\right)}{2enp}$$

input `Int[(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x), x]`

output `((a + b*c^2 + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*d^2*x^(2*n))^p*AppellF1[-2*p, -p, -p, 1 - 2*p, (Sqrt[-a]/Sqrt[b] - c)/(d*x^n), -((Sqrt[-a]/Sqrt[b] + c)/(d*x^n))]/(2*e*n*p*(-((Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)/(Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)))^p*((Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)/(Sqrt[b]*d*x^n))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 150 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m+1)/(b*(m+1)))*AppellF1[m+1, -n, -p, m+2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 1178 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-1/(d + e*x))^(2*p))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(e*((b - q + 2*c*x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p*(e*((b + q + 2*c*x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p) Subst[Int[x^(-m - 2*(p + 1))*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b - q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b + q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p, x], x, 1/(d + e*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2086

```
Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,
x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{d, m, p}, x] && TrinomialQ[u, x] && !TrinomialMatchQ[u,
x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*c^2 + a)^p/(e*x), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(c+d*x**n)**2)**p/e/x,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p/x, x)/e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p/(e*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x), x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^{2n} b d^2 + 2x^n bcd + a + b c^2)^p + \left(\int \frac{(x^{2n} b d^2 + 2x^n bcd + a + b c^2)^p}{x^{2n} b d^2 x + 2x^n bcdx + ax + b c^2 x} dx \right) a n p + \left(\int \frac{(x^{2n} b d^2 + 2x^n bcd + a + b c^2)^p}{x^{2n} b d^2 x + 2x^n bcdx + ax + b c^2 x} dx \right) b c^2}{enp}$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x)`

output `((x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p + int((x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p/(x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + a*x + b*c**2*x),x)*a*n*p + int((x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p/(x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + a*x + b*c**2*x),x)*b*c**2*n*p - int((x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p)/(x**(2*n)*b*d**2*x + 2*x**n*b*c*d*x + a*x + b*c**2*x),x)*b*d**2*n*p)/(e*n*p)`

3.344 $\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2 \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2801
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2801
Rubi [A] (verified)	2802
Maple [F]	2804
Fricas [F]	2804
Sympy [F(-1)]	2805
Maxima [F]	2805
Giac [F]	2805
Mupad [F(-1)]	2806
Reduce [F]	2806

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 208

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \frac{(ex)^{-n} \left(-\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bd}x^n)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{bd}x^n)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p \text{AppellF1}}{en(1 - 2p)}$$

output

```
-(a+b*c^2+2*b*c*d*x^n+b*d^2*x^(2*n))^p*AppellF1(1-2*p,-p,-p,2-2*p,((-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)-c)/d/(x^n),-((-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)+c)/d/(x^n))/e/n/(1-2*p)/((e*x)^n)/(((a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c-b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/b^(1/2)/d/(x^n))^p/((((a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c+b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/b^(1/2)/d/(x^n))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \frac{(ex)^{-n} \left(1 + \frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + \frac{ax^{-n}}{\sqrt{-abd^2}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-abd^2}+bd(c+dx^n))}{bd^2} \right)^{-p} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p \text{AppellF1} \left(1 - 2p, -p, -p, -p \right)}{en(-1 + 2p)}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output $((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p \text{AppellF1}[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, -((b*c*d + \text{Sqrt}[-(a*b*d^2)])/(b*d^2*x^n)), -(b*c*d) + \text{Sqrt}[-(a*b*d^2)]/(b*d^2*x^n)]/(e*n*(-1 + 2*p)*(e*x)^n*(1 + c/(d*x^n) + a/(\text{Sqrt}[-(a*b*d^2)]*x^n))^p*((\text{Sqrt}[-(a*b*d^2)] + b*d*(c + d*x^n))/(b*d^2*x^n))^p)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {2086, 1694, 1693, 1178, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 2086$$

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 1694$$

$$\frac{x^n (ex)^{-n} \int x^{-n-1} (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 1693$$

$$\frac{x^n (ex)^{-n} \int x^{-2n} (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx^n}{en}$$

$$\downarrow 1178$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{-n} (x^{-n})^{2p-1} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bdx^n})}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{bdx^n})}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p \int (x$$

$$\downarrow 150$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{-n} \left(-\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bdx^n})}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{bdx^n})}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(1 - \frac{en(1-2p)}{en(1-2p)} \right)}{en(1-2p)}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `-(((a + b*c^2 + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*d^2*x^(2*n))^p*AppellF1[1 - 2*p, -p, -p, 2 - 2*p, (Sqrt[-a]/Sqrt[b] - c)/(d*x^n), -((Sqrt[-a]/Sqrt[b] + c)/(d*x^n))])/(e*n*(1 - 2*p)*(e*x)^n*(-((Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)/(Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)))^p*((Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)/(Sqrt[b]*d*x^n))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 1178 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-1/(d + e*x))^(2*p))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(e*((b - q + 2*c*x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p*(e*((b + q + 2*c*x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p)) Subst[Int[x^(-m - 2*(p + 1))*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b - q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b + q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p, x], x, 1/(d + e*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1694

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[d^IntPart[m]*((d*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(
a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2086

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,
x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{d, m, p}, x] && TrinomialQ[u, x] && !TrinomialMatchQ[u,
x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*c^2 + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{(ex)^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x)^(n + 1), x)`output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x)^(n + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

output

```
( - x**n*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*d - 2*(x**(2*n)*
b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*c*p + 2*(x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b
*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p*c + 4*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a +
b*c**2)**p/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x - x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c
**2*d**2*p*x - x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x - 2*x**n*a*b
*c*d*x + 2*x**n*b**2*c**3*d*p*x - 2*x**n*b**2*c**3*d*x + a**2*p*x - a**2*x
+ 2*a*b*c**2*p*x - 2*a*b*c**2*x + b**2*c**4*p*x - b**2*c**4*x),x)*a*b*c**
2*d*n*p**3 - 8*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p/(
x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x - x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*p*x
- x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x - 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + 2*x
**n*b**2*c**3*d*p*x - 2*x**n*b**2*c**3*d*x + a**2*p*x - a**2*x + 2*a*b*c**2
*p*x - 2*a*b*c**2*x + b**2*c**4*p*x - b**2*c**4*x),x)*a*b*c**2*d*n*p**2 +
4*x**n*int((x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p/(x**(2*n)*a*b*
d**2*p*x - x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*p*x - x**(2*n)*b
**2*c**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x - 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + 2*x**n*b**2*c**3
*d*p*x - 2*x**n*b**2*c**3*d*x + a**2*p*x - a**2*x + 2*a*b*c**2*p*x - 2*a*b*
c**2*x + b**2*c**4*p*x - b**2*c**4*x),x)*a*b*c**2*d*n*p + 4*x**n*int((x**(
2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x - x**(2
*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*p*x - x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x +
2*x**n*a*b*c*d*p*x - 2*x**n*a*b*c*d*x + 2*x**n*b**2*c**3*d*p*x - 2*x**...
```

3.345 $\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^2 \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2808
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2808
Rubi [A] (verified)	2809
Maple [F]	2811
Fricas [F]	2811
Sympy [F(-1)]	2812
Maxima [F]	2812
Giac [F]	2812
Mupad [F(-1)]	2813
Reduce [F]	2813

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \frac{(ex)^{-2n} \left(-\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bd}x^n)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{bd}x^n)}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p \text{AppellF1}}{2en(1-p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b*c^2+2*b*c*d*x^n+b*d^2*x^(2*n))^p*AppellF1(2-2*p,-p,-p,3-2*p,((-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)-c)/d/(x^n),-((-a)^(1/2)/b^(1/2)+c)/d/(x^n))/e/n/(1-p)/((e*x)^(2*n))/((-((-a)^(1/2)-b^(1/2)*c-b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/b^(1/2)/d/(x^n))^p/((((-a)^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*c+b^(1/2)*d*x^n)/b^(1/2)/d/(x^n))^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \frac{(ex)^{-2n} \left(1 + \frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + \frac{ax^{-n}}{\sqrt{-abd^2}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-abd^2}+bd(c+dx^n))}{bd^2} \right)^{-p} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p \text{AppellF1} \left(2 - 2p, -p, -p, -1 + p, \frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + \frac{ax^{-n}}{\sqrt{-abd^2}} \right)}{2en(-1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, -((b*c*d + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)])/(b*d^2*x^n)), -(b*c*d) + Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)]/(b*d^2*x^n)]/(2*e*n*(-1 + p)*(e*x)^(2*n)*(1 + c/(d*x^n) + a/(Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)]*x^n))^p*((Sqrt[-(a*b*d^2)] + b*d*(c + d*x^n))/(b*d^2*x^n))^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {2086, 1694, 1693, 1178, 150}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2086} \\
 & \int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1694} \\
 & \frac{x^{2n}(ex)^{-2n} \int x^{-2n-1} (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1693} \\
 & \frac{x^{2n}(ex)^{-2n} \int x^{-3n} (2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n} + bc^2 + a)^p dx^n}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1178} \\
 & \frac{x^{2n}(ex)^{-2n} (x^{-n})^{2p} \left(-\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bdx^n})}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{bdx^n})}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p \int}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{150}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{(ex)^{-2n} \left(-\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bdx^n})}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} \left(\frac{x^{-n}(\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{bdx^n})}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)^{-p} (a + bc^2 + 2bcdx^n + bd^2x^{2n})^p \operatorname{AppellF1} \left(2 - 2n, 1 - p, 1 - p, 1 - p, \frac{\sqrt{-a}-\sqrt{bc}-\sqrt{bdx^n}}{\sqrt{bd}}, \frac{\sqrt{-a}+\sqrt{bc}+\sqrt{bdx^n}}{\sqrt{bd}} \right)}{2en(1-p)}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `-1/2*((a + b*c^2 + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*d^2*x^(2*n))^p*AppellF1[2 - 2*p, -p, -p, 3 - 2*p, (Sqrt[-a]/Sqrt[b] - c)/(d*x^n), -((Sqrt[-a]/Sqrt[b] + c)/(d*x^n))])/ (e*n*(1 - p)*(e*x)^(2*n)*(-(Sqrt[-a] - Sqrt[b]*c - Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)/(Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)))^p*((Sqrt[-a] + Sqrt[b]*c + Sqrt[b]*d*x^n)/(Sqrt[b]*d*x^n))^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 150 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[c^n*e^p*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c), (-f)*(x/e)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[c, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[e, 0])`

rule 1178 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Simp[(-(1/(d + e*x))^(2*p))*((a + b*x + c*x^2)^p/(e*(e*((b - q + 2*c*x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p*(e*((b + q + 2*c*x)/(2*c*(d + e*x))))^p)) Subst[Int[x^(-m - 2*(p + 1))*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b - q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p*Simp[1 - (d - e*((b + q)/(2*c)))*x, x]^p, x], x, 1/(d + e*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0]`

rule 1693 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1694

```
Int[((d_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x
_Symbol] := Simp[d^IntPart[m]*((d*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(
a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[
n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2086

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Int[(d*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,
x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{d, m, p}, x] && TrinomialQ[u, x] && !TrinomialMatchQ[u,
x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*b*c*d*x^n + b*c^2 + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^2 b + a)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^2*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p}{(ex)^{2n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1), x)`output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^2)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^2)^p, x)`

output

```
( - (x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p + 2*x**(2*n)*int((x**
(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p/(x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x - 2*x**
(3*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(3*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*p*x - 2*x**(3*n)*b**2*c**2*d**
2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*p*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*c**3
*d*p*x - 4*x**(2*n)*b**2*c**3*d*x + x**n*a**2*p*x - 2*x**n*a**2*x + 2*x**n
*a*b*c**2*p*x - 4*x**n*a*b*c**2*x + x**n*b**2*c**4*p*x - 2*x**n*b**2*c**4*
x),x)*a*b*c*d*n*p**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*int((x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a
+ b*c**2)**p/(x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x - 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(3*n)*b**
2*c**2*d**2*p*x - 2*x**(3*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*p*x - 4
*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*c**3*d*p*x - 4*x**(2*n)*b**2*c**3*d*
x + x**n*a**2*p*x - 2*x**n*a**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c**2*p*x - 4*x**n*a*b*c**2*
x + x**n*b**2*c**4*p*x - 2*x**n*b**2*c**4*x),x)*a*b*c*d*n*p + 2*x**(2*n)*i
nt((x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p/(x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x
- 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x**(3*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*p*x - 2*x**(3*n)*b**2*c
**2*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*p*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d*x + 2*x**(2*n)*b*
**2*c**3*d*p*x - 4*x**(2*n)*b**2*c**3*d*x + x**n*a**2*p*x - 2*x**n*a**2*x +
2*x**n*a*b*c**2*p*x - 4*x**n*a*b*c**2*x + x**n*b**2*c**4*p*x - 2*x**n*b**
2*c**4*x),x)*b**2*c**3*d*n*p**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*int((x**(2*n)*b*d**2 + 2*x**n
*b*c*d + a + b*c**2)**p/(x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*p*x - 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2*x + x
**(3*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*p*x - 2*x**(3*n)*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*a...
```

3.346 $\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	2815
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2815
Rubi [A] (verified)	2816
Maple [F]	2818
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2818
Sympy [F]	2818
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2819
Giac [F]	2819
Mupad [F(-1)]	2819
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2820

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{(a + bc)^2 x^{-3n} (ex)^{3n} (a + bc + bdx^n)^{1+p}}{b^3 d^3 e n (1 + p)} - \frac{2(a + bc) x^{-3n} (ex)^{3n} (a + bc + bdx^n)^{2+p}}{b^3 d^3 e n (2 + p)} + \frac{x^{-3n} (ex)^{3n} (a + bc + bdx^n)^{3+p}}{b^3 d^3 e n (3 + p)}$$

output

```
(b*c+a)^2*(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^(p+1)/b^3/d^3/e/n/(p+1)/(x^(3*n))-2*(b*c+a)*(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^(2+p)/b^3/d^3/e/n/(2+p)/(x^(3*n))+(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^(3+p)/b^3/d^3/e/n/(3+p)/(x^(3*n))
```

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 395 vs. 2(149) = 298.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 395, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x^{-3n} (ex)^{3n} \left(1 + \frac{bdx^n}{a+bc}\right)^{-p} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p \left(2a^3 \left(-1 + \left(\frac{a+bc+bdx^n}{a+bc}\right)^p\right) - 2a^2 b \left(dpx^n \left(\frac{a+bc+bdx^n}{a+bc}\right)^p - 3c \left(-1 + \frac{bdx^n}{a+bc}\right)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output
$$\frac{\begin{aligned} & ((e*x)^{(3*n)}*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p*(2*a^3*(-1 + ((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p) - 2*a^2*b*(d*p*x^n*((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p - 3*c*(-1 + ((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p)) + a*b^2*(-4*c*d*p*x^n*((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p + d^2*p*(1 + p)*x^{(2*n)}*((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p + 6*c^2*(-1 + ((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p)) + b^3*(-2*c^2*d*p*x^n*((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p + c*d^2*p*(1 + p)*x^{(2*n)}*((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p + d^3*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^{(3*n)}*((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p + 2*c^3*(-1 + ((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p)) \end{aligned}}{(b^3*d^3*e^n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*x^{(3*n)}*(1 + (b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p)}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {2073, 800, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2073} \\ & \int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{800} \\ & \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \int x^{3n-1}(bdx^n + a + bc)^p dx}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \int x^{2n}(bdx^n + a + bc)^p dx^n}{en} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \int \left(\frac{(a+bc)^2(bdx^n+a+bc)^p}{b^2d^2} - \frac{2(a+bc)(bdx^n+a+bc)^{p+1}}{b^2d^2} + \frac{(bdx^n+a+bc)^{p+2}}{b^2d^2} \right) dx^n}{en} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \left(\frac{(a+bc)^2(a+bc+bdx^n)^{p+1}}{b^3d^3(p+1)} - \frac{2(a+bc)(a+bc+bdx^n)^{p+2}}{b^3d^3(p+2)} + \frac{(a+bc+bdx^n)^{p+3}}{b^3d^3(p+3)} \right)}{en}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^(3*n)*(((a + b*c)^2*(a + b*c + b*d*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b^3*d^3*(1 + p)) - (2*(a + b*c)*(a + b*c + b*d*x^n)^(2 + p))/(b^3*d^3*(2 + p)) + (a + b*c + b*d*x^n)^(3 + p)/(b^3*d^3*(3 + p))))/(e*n*x^(3*n))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 800 `Int[((c_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^Int Part[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2073 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((c_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{c, m, p}, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !BinomialMatchQ[u, x]`

output `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{3n}(x^n bd + a + bc)^p (x^{3n} b^3 d^3 p^2 + 3x^{3n} b^3 d^3 p + 2x^{3n} b^3 d^3 + x^{2n} a b^2 d^2 p^2 + x^{2n} a b^2 d^2 p + x^{2n} b^3 c d^2 p^2 + x^{2n} b^3 c d^2 p + x^{2n} b^3 c d^2 p^2 + x^{2n} b^3 c d^2 p)}{b^3 d^3 e^n (p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `(e**(3*n)*(x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p*(x**(3*n)*b**3*d**3*p**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*d**3*p + 2*x**(3*n)*b**3*d**3 + x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*p**2 + x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**2*p + x**(2*n)*b**3*c*d**2*p**2 + x**(2*n)*b**3*c*d**2*p - 2*x**n*a**2*b*d*p - 4*x**n*a*b**2*c*d*p - 2*x**n*b**3*c**2*d*p + 2*a**3 + 6*a**2*b*c + 6*a*b**2*c**2 + 2*b**3*c**3))/(b**3*d**3*e*n*(p**3 + 6*p**2 + 11*p + 6))`

3.347 $\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	2821
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2821
Rubi [A] (verified)	2822
Maple [F]	2824
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2824
Sympy [F]	2824
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2825
Giac [F]	2825
Mupad [F(-1)]	2825
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2826

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = -\frac{(a + bc)x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} (a + bc + bdx^n)^{1+p}}{b^2d^2en(1 + p)} + \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} (a + bc + bdx^n)^{2+p}}{b^2d^2en(2 + p)}$$

output

$$-(b*c+a)*(e*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^(p+1)/b^2/d^2/e/n/(p+1)/(x^(2*n))+(e*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^(2+p)/b^2/d^2/e/n/(2+p)/(x^(2*n))$$

Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 249 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 249, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \left(1 + \frac{bdx^n}{a+bc}\right)^{-p} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p \left(-a^2 \left(-1 + \left(\frac{a+bc+bdx^n}{a+bc}\right)^p\right) + ab(dpx^n \left(\frac{a+bc+bdx^n}{a+bc}\right)^p - 2c(-1 + \dots)\right)}{b^2d^2en(1 + p)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(e*x)^{-1 + 2*n}*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x]$$

output

$$\frac{((e*x)^{(2*n)}*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p*(-(a^2*(-1 + ((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p)) + a*b*(d*p*x^n*((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p - 2*c*(-1 + ((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p)) - b^2*(-(c*d*p*x^n*((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p) - d^2*(1 + p)*x^{(2*n)}*((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p + c^2*(-1 + ((a + b*c + b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p)))/(b^2*d^2*e*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^{(2*n)}*(1 + (b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c))^p}$$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$, Rules used = {2073, 800, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2073} \\ & \int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{800} \\ & \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \int x^{2n-1}(bdx^n + a + bc)^p dx}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \int x^n(bdx^n + a + bc)^p dx^n}{en} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \int \left(\frac{(-a-bc)(bdx^n+a+bc)^p}{bd} + \frac{(bdx^n+a+bc)^{p+1}}{bd} \right) dx^n}{en} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \left(\frac{(a+bc+bdx^n)^{p+2}}{b^2d^2(p+2)} - \frac{(a+bc)(a+bc+bdx^n)^{p+1}}{b^2d^2(p+1)} \right)}{en} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^(2*n)*(-(((a + b*c)*(a + b*c + b*d*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b^2*d^2*(1 + p))) + (a + b*c + b*d*x^n)^(2 + p)/(b^2*d^2*(2 + p))))/(e*n*x^(2*n))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 800 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^Int Part[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 2073 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{c, m, p}, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !BinomialMatchQ[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{((b^2c + ab)de^{2n-1}px^n + (b^2d^2p + b^2d^2)e^{2n-1}x^{2n} - (b^2c^2 + 2abc + a^2)e^{2n-1})(bdx^n + bc + a)^p}{b^2d^2np^2 + 3b^2d^2np + 2b^2d^2n}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((b^2*c + a*b)*d*e^(2*n - 1)*p*x^n + (b^2*d^2*p + b^2*d^2)*e^(2*n - 1)*x^(2*n) - (b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c + a^2)*e^(2*n - 1))*(b*d*x^n + b*c + a)^p/(b^2*d^2*n*p^2 + 3*b^2*d^2*n*p + 2*b^2*d^2*n)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n))**p,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**(2*n - 1)*(a + b*c + b*d*x**n)**p, x)`

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2 d^2 e^{2n} (p+1) x^{2n} - b^2 c^2 e^{2n} - 2 abce^{2n} - a^2 e^{2n} + (b^2 cde^{2n} p + abde^{2n} p) x^n) (bdx^n + bc + a)^p}{(p^2 + 3p + 2) b^2 d^2 e^{2n}}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b^2*d^2*e^(2*n)*(p + 1)*x^(2*n) - b^2*c^2*e^(2*n) - 2*a*b*c*e^(2*n) - a^2*e^(2*n) + (b^2*c*d*e^(2*n)*p + a*b*d*e^(2*n)*p)*x^n)*(b*d*x^n + b*c + a)^p/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^2*d^2*e^n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)b + a)^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x)`output `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{2n} (x^n b d + a + b c)^p (x^{2n} b^2 d^2 p + x^{2n} b^2 d^2 + x^n a b d p + x^n b^2 c d p - a^2 - 2 a b c - b^2 c^2)}{b^2 d^2 e n (p^2 + 3 p + 2)}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`output `(e**(2*n)*(x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p*(x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2*p + x**(2*n)*b**2*d**2 + x**n*a*b*d*p + x**n*b**2*c*d*p - a**2 - 2*a*b*c - b**2*c**2))/(b**2*d**2*e*n*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))`

3.348 $\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	2827
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2827
Rubi [A] (verified)	2828
Maple [F]	2829
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2829
Sympy [F]	2829
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2830
Giac [F]	2830
Mupad [F(-1)]	2830
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2831

Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (a + bc + bdx^n)^{1+p}}{bden(1+p)}$$

output

```
(e*x)^n*(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^(p+1)/b/d/e/n/(p+1)/(x^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x^{1-n}(ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^{1+p}}{bdn(1+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x]
```

output

```
(x^(1 - n)*(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^(1 + p))/(b*d*n*(1 + p))
```


Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {2073, 800, 793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 2073$$

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 800$$

$$\frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n \int x^{n-1}(bdx^n + a + bc)^p dx}{e}$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (a + bc + bdx^n)^{p+1}}{bden(p+1)}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^n*(a + b*c + b*d*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*d*e*n*(1 + p)*x^n)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 800 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2073

```
Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,
x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{c, m, p}, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !BinomialMatchQ[u, x
]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)
```

Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{(bde^{n-1}x^n + (bc + a)e^{n-1})(bdx^n + bc + a)^p}{bdnp + bdn}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(b*d*e^(n - 1)*x^n + (b*c + a)*e^(n - 1))*(b*d*x^n + b*c + a)^p/(b*d*n*p +
b*d*n)
```

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n))**p,x)
```

output

```
Integral((e*x)**(n - 1)*(a + b*c + b*d*x**n)**p, x)
```

Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{(bde^n x^n + bce^n + ae^n)(bdx^n + bc + a)^p}{bden(p + 1)}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*d*e^n*x^n + b*c*e^n + a*e^n)*(b*d*x^n + b*c + a)^p/(b*d*e*n*(p + 1))`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)b + a)^p (ex)^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{e^n (x^n bd + a + bc)^p (x^n bd + a + bc)}{bden (p + 1)}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `(e**n*(x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p*(x**n*b*d + a + b*c))/(b*d*e*n*(p + 1))`

3.349 $\int \frac{(a+b(c+dx^n))^p}{ex} dx$

Optimal result	2832
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2832
Rubi [A] (verified)	2833
Maple [F]	2834
Fricas [F]	2835
Sympy [F]	2835
Maxima [F]	2835
Giac [F]	2836
Mupad [F(-1)]	2836
Reduce [F]	2836

Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx = -\frac{(a + bc + bdx^n)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bdx^n}{a+bc}\right)}{(a + bc)en(1 + p)}$$

output

$-(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^{(p+1)}*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*d*x^n/(b*c+a))/(b*c+a)/e/n/(p+1)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx = -\frac{(a + bc + bdx^n)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bdx^n}{a+bc}\right)}{(a + bc)en(1 + p)}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x), x]$

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a + b*c + b*d*x^n)^{(1 + p)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c)]}{(a + b*c)*e^{n*(1 + p)}}\right)$$
Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {27, 2073, 798, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b(dx^n + c))^p}{ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2073} \\ & \int \frac{(bdx^n + a + bc)^p}{ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \int \frac{x^{-n}(bdx^n + a + bc)^p dx^n}{en} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\ & -\frac{(a + bc + bdx^n)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{bdx^n}{a + bc} + 1\right)}{en(p + 1)(a + bc)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x), x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a + b*c + b*d*x^n)^{(1 + p)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c)]}{(a + b*c)*e^{n*(1 + p)}}\right)$$

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 75 `Int[((b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2073 `Int[(u_)^{(p_)}*((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] := Int[(c*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{c, m, p}, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !BinomialMatchQ[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*d*x^n + b*c + a)^p/(e*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(a+bc+bdx^n)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x**n))**p/e/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*c + b*d*x**n)**p/x, x)/e`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p/x, x)/e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p/(e*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{ex} dx = \frac{(x^n bd + a + bc)^p + \left(\int \frac{(x^n bd + a + bc)^p}{x^n bd x + ax + bcx} dx \right) anp + \left(\int \frac{(x^n bd + a + bc)^p}{x^n bd x + ax + bcx} dx \right) bcnp}{enp}$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x)`

output `((x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p + int((x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p/(x**n*b*d*x + a*x + b*c*x),x)*a*n*p + int((x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p/(x**n*b*d*x + a*x + b*c*x),x)*b*c*n*p)/(e*n*p)`

3.350 $\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	2837
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2837
Rubi [A] (verified)	2838
Maple [F]	2839
Fricas [F]	2840
Sympy [F]	2840
Maxima [F]	2840
Giac [F]	2841
Mupad [F(-1)]	2841
Reduce [F]	2841

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{bdx^n (ex)^{-n} (a + bc + bdx^n)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bdx^n}{a+bc} \right)}{(a + bc)^2 en(1 + p)}$$

output `b*d*x^n*(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*d*x^n/(b*c+a))/(b*c+a)^2/e/n/(p+1)/((e*x)^n)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{x(ex)^{-1-n} \left(1 + \frac{(a+bc)x^{-n}}{bd} \right)^{-p} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1 - p, -p, 2 - p, \frac{(-a-bc)x^{-n}}{bd} \right)}{n(-1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output $(x*(e*x)^{-1-n}*(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1-p, -p, 2-p, (-a-b*c)/(b*d*x^n)])/(n*(-1+p)*(1+(a+b*c)/(b*d*x^n))^p)$

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {2073, 800, 798, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2073 \\ & \int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 800 \\ & \frac{x^n (ex)^{-n} \int x^{-n-1} (bdx^n + a + bc)^p dx}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{x^n (ex)^{-n} \int x^{-2n} (bdx^n + a + bc)^p dx^n}{en} \\ & \quad \downarrow 75 \\ & \frac{bdx^n (ex)^{-n} (a + bc + bdx^n)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, p+1, p+2, \frac{bdx^n}{a+bc} + 1\right)}{en(p+1)(a+bc)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[(e*x)^{-1-n}*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x]$

output $(b*d*x^n*(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^{(1+p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, 1+p, 2+p, 1+(b*d*x^n)/(a+b*c)])/((a+b*c)^2*e*n*(1+p)*(e*x)^n)$

Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 800 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 2073 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{c, m, p}, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !BinomialMatchQ[u, x]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)b + a)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*d*x^n + b*c + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n))**p,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**(-n - 1)*(a + b*c + b*d*x**n)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)b + a)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)b + a)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{(ex)^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x)^(n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x)^(n + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \frac{-(x^n b d + a + b c)^p + x^n \left(\int \frac{(x^n b d + a + b c)^p}{x^n b d x + a x + b c x} dx \right) b d n p}{x^n e^n e n}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `(- (x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p + x**n*int((x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p/(x**n*b*d*x + a*x + b*c*x),x)*b*d*n*p)/(x**n*e**n*e*n)`

3.351 $\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$

Optimal result	2842
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2842
Rubi [A] (verified)	2843
Maple [F]	2844
Fricas [F]	2845
Sympy [F]	2845
Maxima [F]	2845
Giac [F]	2846
Mupad [F(-1)]	2846
Reduce [F]	2846

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{b^2 d^2 x^{2n} (ex)^{-2n} (a + bc + bdx^n)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{bdx^n}{a+bc}\right)}{(a + bc)^3 e n (1 + p)}$$

output

```
-b^2*d^2*x^(2*n)*(a+b*c+b*d*x^n)^(p+1)*hypergeom([3, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*d*x^n/(b*c+a))/(b*c+a)^3/e/n/(p+1)/((e*x)^(2*n))
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(1 + \frac{(a+bc)x^{-n}}{bd}\right)^{-p} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 - p, -p, 3 - p, \frac{(-a-bc)x^{-n}}{bd}\right)}{n(-2 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x]
```

output

```
(x*(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*c + b*d*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, (-a - b*c)/(b*d*x^n)]/(n*(-2 + p)*(1 + (a + b*c)/(b*d*x^n))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$, Rules used = {2073, 800, 798, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2073} \\
 & \int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{800} \\
 & \frac{x^{2n}(ex)^{-2n} \int x^{-2n-1} (bdx^n + a + bc)^p dx}{e} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \frac{x^{2n}(ex)^{-2n} \int x^{-3n} (bdx^n + a + bc)^p dx^n}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{75} \\
 & \frac{b^2 d^2 x^{2n} (ex)^{-2n} (a + bc + bdx^n)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, p+1, p+2, \frac{bdx^n}{a+bc} + 1\right)}{en(p+1)(a+bc)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p,x]
```

output

```
-((b^2*d^2*x^(2*n)*(a + b*c + b*d*x^n)^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*d*x^n)/(a + b*c)])/((a + b*c)^3*e*n*(1 + p)*(e*x)^(2*n)))
```


Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^(m))*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 800 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 2073 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(c*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{c, m, p}, x] && BinomialQ[u, x] && !BinomialMatchQ[u, x]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)b + a)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*d*x^n + b*c + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + bc + bdx^n)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n))**p,x)`

output `Integral((e*x)**(-2*n - 1)*(a + b*c + b*d*x**n)**p, x)`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)b + a)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)b + a)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n))^p}{(ex)^{2n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n))^p dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^n(x^nbd + a + bc)^p bdp - (x^nbd + a + bc)^p a - (x^nbd + a + bc)^p bc + x^{2n} \left(\int \frac{(x^nbd + a + bc)^p}{x^n abdx + x^n b^2 cdx + a^2 x + 2abcx + b^2 c} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output

```
( - x**n*(x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p*b*d*p - (x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p*a - (x**n
*b*d + a + b*c)**p*b*c + x**(2*n)*int((x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p/(x**n*a*b*d*
x + x**n*b**2*c*d*x + a**2*x + 2*a*b*c*x + b**2*c**2*x),x)*a*b**2*d**2*n*p
**2 - x**(2*n)*int((x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**p/(x**n*a*b*d*x + x**n*b**2*c*d*x
+ a**2*x + 2*a*b*c*x + b**2*c**2*x),x)*a*b**2*d**2*n*p + x**(2*n)*int((x*
*n*b*d + a + b*c)**p/(x**n*a*b*d*x + x**n*b**2*c*d*x + a**2*x + 2*a*b*c*x
+ b**2*c**2*x),x)*b**3*c*d**2*n*p**2 - x**(2*n)*int((x**n*b*d + a + b*c)**
p/(x**n*a*b*d*x + x**n*b**2*c*d*x + a**2*x + 2*a*b*c*x + b**2*c**2*x),x)*b
**3*c*d**2*n*p)/(2*x**(2*n)*e**(2*n)*e*n*(a + b*c))
```

3.352 $\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2848
Mathematica [F]	2849
Rubi [F]	2849
Maple [F]	2850
Fricas [F]	2850
Sympy [F(-1)]	2851
Maxima [F]	2851
Giac [F]	2851
Mupad [F(-1)]	2852
Reduce [F]	2852

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{(6ac + b(2 - p))x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c + dx^n)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p}}{6a^2d^3en}$$

$$+ \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c + dx^n)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p}}{3ad^3en}$$

$$- \frac{b(6a^2c^2 + b(6ac + b(2 - p))(1 - p))x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1\right)}{6a^4d^3en(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-1/6*(6*a*c+b*(2-p))*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)^2*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)/a^2/d^3
/e/n/(x^(3*n))+1/3*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)^3*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)/a/d^3/e/n
/(x^(3*n))-1/6*b*(6*a^2*c^2+b*(6*a*c+b*(2-p))*(1-p))*(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b/(c+d
*x^n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d*x^n))/a^4/d^3/e/n/(p+1)/(
x^(3*n))
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2054} \\ & x^{1-3n}(cx)^{3n-1} \int x^{3n-1} \left(\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c} \right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\ & \frac{x^{1-3n}(cx)^{3n-1} \int x^{2n} \left(\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c} \right)^p dx^n}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2054 `Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(c*x)^m/x^m Int[x^m*(e*((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x)`output `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \frac{e^{3n} \left(\int \frac{x^{3n}(x^n ad+ac+b)^p}{(x^n d+c)^p x} dx \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`output `(e**(3*n)*int((x**(3*n)*(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**p*x),x))/e`

3.353 $\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2853
Mathematica [F]	2853
Rubi [F]	2854
Maple [F]	2855
Fricas [F]	2855
Sympy [F(-1)]	2855
Maxima [F]	2856
Giac [F]	2856
Mupad [F(-1)]	2856
Reduce [F]	2857

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx = \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} (c+dx^n)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p}}{2ad^2en} + \frac{b(b+2ac-bp)x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{2a^3d^2en(1+p)}$$

output

```
1/2*(e*x)^(2*n)*(c+d*x^n)^2*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)/a/d^2/e/n/(x^(2*n))+1/2*
b*(2*a*c-b*p+b)*(e*x)^(2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p]
, 1+b/a/(c+d*x^n))/a^3/d^2/e/n/(p+1)/(x^(2*n))
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2054} \\
 & x^{1-2n} (cx)^{2n-1} \int x^{2n-1} \left(\frac{adx^n + b + ac}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\
 & \frac{x^{1-2n} (cx)^{2n-1} \int x^n \left(\frac{adx^n + b + ac}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx^n}{n}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2054 `Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(c*x)^m/x^m Int[x^m*(e*((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \frac{e^{2n} \left(\int \frac{x^{2n} (x^n ad+ac+b)^p}{(x^n d+c)^p x} dx \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `(e**(2*n)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**p*x),x))/e`

3.354 $\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2858
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2858
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2859
Maple [F]	2861
Fricas [F]	2861
Sympy [F(-1)]	2862
Maxima [F]	2862
Giac [F]	2862
Mupad [F(-1)]	2863
Reduce [F]	2863

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx = -\frac{bx^{-n}(ex)^n \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{a^2 d n (1+p)}$$

output

```
-b*(e*x)^n*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1],[2+p],1+b/a/(c+d*x^n))
/a^2/d/e/n/(p+1)/(x^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n}\right)^p dx = \frac{x^{1-n}(ex)^{-1+n} (c + dx^n) \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{a(c+dx^n)}{b}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-p, -p, 2-p, -\frac{a(c+dx^n)}{b}\right)}{dn(-1+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x]
```

output

$-\left(x^{(1-n)}(e^x)^{-1+n}(c+dx^n)(a+b/(c+dx^n))^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1-p, -p, 2-p, -((a(c+dx^n))/b)]/(d^{n(-1+p)}(1+(a(c+dx^n))/b))^p\right)$

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$, Rules used = {2057, 2054, 2053, 7270, 80, 79}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2054} \\
 & x^{1-n}(cx)^{n-1} \int x^{n-1} \left(\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\
 & \frac{x^{1-n}(cx)^{n-1} \int \left(\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c} \right)^p dx^n}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7270} \\
 & \frac{x^{1-n}(cx)^{n-1} (c+dx^n)^p (ac+adx^n+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p \int (dx^n+c)^{-p} (adx^n+b+ac)^p dx^n}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{80} \\
 & \frac{x^{1-n}(cx)^{n-1} \left(-\frac{a(c+dx^n)}{b} \right)^p (ac+adx^n+b)^{-p} \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p \int (adx^n+b+ac)^p \left(-\frac{adx^n}{b} - \frac{ac}{b} \right)^{-p} dx^n}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{79}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x^{1-n}(cx)^{n-1}(ac + adx^n + b) \left(-\frac{a(c+dx^n)}{b}\right)^p \left(\frac{ac+adx^n+b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(p, p+1, p+2, \frac{adx^n+b+ac}{b}\right)}{adn(p+1)}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `(x^(1 - n)*(c*x)^(-1 + n)*(-(a*(c + d*x^n))/b))^p*(b + a*c + a*d*x^n)*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[p, 1 + p, 2 + p, (b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/b]/(a*d*n*(1 + p))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 79 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(b/(b*c - a*d))^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c - a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[b/(b*c - a*d), 0] && (RationalQ[m] || !(RationalQ[n] && GtQ[-d/(b*c - a*d), 0]))`

rule 80 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/((b/(b*c - a*d))^IntPart[n]*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c - a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d))], x]^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && (RationalQ[m] || !SimplerQ[n + 1, m + 1])`

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*((a + b*x)/(c + d*x)))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2054 `Int[((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(c*x)^m/x^m Int[x^m*(e*((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

rule 7270 `Int[(u_)*((a_)*(v_)^(m_)*(w_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a*v^m*w^n)^FracPart[p]/(v^(m*FracPart[p])*w^(n*FracPart[p])) Int[u*v^(m*p)*w^(n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && !FreeQ[v, x] && !FreeQ[w, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^(n - 1)*((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x)`output `int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \frac{e^n \left(\int \frac{x^n (x^n ad + ac + b)^p}{(x^n d + c)^p x} dx \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`output `(e**n*int((x**n*(x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**p*x),x))/e`

3.355
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

Optimal result	.....	2864
Mathematica [F]	.....	2865
Rubi [F]	.....	2865
Maple [F]	.....	2866
Fricas [F]	.....	2866
Sympy [F]	.....	2867
Maxima [F]	.....	2867
Giac [F]	.....	2867
Mupad [F(-1)]	.....	2868
Reduce [F]	.....	2868

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{(b+ac)en(1+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{aen(1+p)}$$

output

```
-c*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], c*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))/(a*c+b
))/ (a*c+b)/e/n/(p+1)+(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/
(c+d*x^n))/a/e/n/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/x, x]/e`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\ & \int \frac{\left(\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\ & \int \frac{x^{-n} \left(\frac{adx^n+b+ac}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{en} dx^n \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p/(e*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac}{c+dx^n} + \frac{adx^n}{c+dx^n} + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p/e/x,x)`

output `Integral((a*c/(c + d*x**n) + a*d*x**n/(c + d*x**n) + b/(c + d*x**n))**p/x, x)/e`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p/x, x)/e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n+c}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p/(e*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x),x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(x^n ad+ac+b)^p}{(x^n d+c)^p x} dx}{e}$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p/e/x,x)`output `int((x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p/((x**n*d + c)**p*x),x)/e`

3.356 $\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2869
Mathematica [F]	2869
Rubi [F]	2870
Maple [F]	2871
Fricas [F]	2871
Sympy [F(-1)]	2871
Maxima [F]	2872
Giac [F]	2872
Mupad [F(-1)]	2872
Reduce [F]	2873

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{bdx^n (ex)^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{(b+ac)^2 en(1+p)}$$

output `-b*d*x^n*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], c*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))/(a*c+b))/(a*c+b)^2/e/n/(p+1)/((e*x)^n)`

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2054} \\
 & x^{n+1}(cx)^{-n-1} \int x^{-n-1} \left(\frac{adx^n + b + ac}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\
 & \frac{x^{n+1}(cx)^{-n-1} \int x^{-2n} \left(\frac{adx^n + b + ac}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx^n}{n}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2054 `Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(c*x)^m/x^m Int[x^m*(e*((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((e*x)^(-n - 1)*((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p}{(ex)^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x)^(n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x)^(n + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \frac{\int \frac{(x^n ad + ac + b)^p dx}{x^n (x^n d + c)^p x}}{e^n e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**p*x),x)/(e**n*e)`

3.357 $\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2874
Mathematica [F]	2874
Rubi [F]	2875
Maple [F]	2876
Fricas [F]	2876
Sympy [F(-1)]	2876
Maxima [F]	2877
Giac [F]	2877
Mupad [F(-1)]	2877
Reduce [F]	2878

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx = -\frac{(ex)^{-2n} (c+dx^n)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p}}{2c(b+ac)en}$$

$$+ \frac{bd^2(b+2ac+bp)x^{2n}(ex)^{-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)}{b+ac}\right)}{2c(b+ac)^3en(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(c+d*x^n)^2*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)/c/(a*c+b)/e/n/((e*x)^(2*n))+1/2*b*d
^2*(2*a*c+b*p+b)*x^(2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], c*
(a+b/(c+d*x^n))/(a*c+b))/c/(a*c+b)^3/e/n/(p+1)/((e*x)^(2*n))
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p, x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (ex)^{-2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2057} \\
 & \int (ex)^{-2n-1} \left(\frac{ac + adx^n + b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2054} \\
 & x^{2n+1}(cx)^{-2n-1} \int x^{-2n-1} \left(\frac{adx^n + b + ac}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2053} \\
 & \frac{x^{2n+1}(cx)^{-2n-1} \int x^{-3n} \left(\frac{adx^n + b + ac}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx^n}{n}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2053 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(e*(a + b*x)/(c + d*x))^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2054 `Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*(((e_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)))/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Simp[(c*x)^m/x^m Int[x^m*(e*((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2057 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[u*
((b + a*c + a*d*x^n)/(c + d*x^n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^(-2*n - 1)*((a*d*x^n + a*c + b)/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-2*n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{dx^n + c} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-2*n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n} \right)^p}{(ex)^{2n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n))^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \frac{\int \frac{(x^n ad + ac + b)^p}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^p} dx}{e^{2n} e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n))^p,x)`

output `int((x**n*a*d + a*c + b)**p/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**p*x),x)/(e**(2*n)*e)`

3.358 $\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2879
Mathematica [F]	2880
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2880
Maple [F]	2884
Fricas [F]	2884
Sympy [F(-1)]	2884
Maxima [F]	2885
Giac [F]	2885
Mupad [F(-1)]	2885
Reduce [F]	2886

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (c+dx^n)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^{1+p}}{3ad^3en} + \frac{(3ac^2 - b(1 - 2p)) x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (c+dx^n) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b/a}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)}{3ad^3en} + \frac{bcx^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)}{a^2d^3en(1+p)}$$

```
output 1/3*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)^3*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^(p+1)/a/d^3/e/n/(x^(3*n))+1/3*(3*a*c^2-b*(1-2*p))*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)/a/d^3/e/n/(x^(3*n))/((1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p)+b*c*(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)/a^2/d^3/e/n/(p+1)/(x^(3*n))
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.440$, Rules used = {7273, 2089, 1804, 1802, 1291, 25, 27, 1269, 1118, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7273

$$(c+dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c+dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int (ex)^{3n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (a(dx^n + c)^2 + b)^p dx$$

↓ 2089

$$(c+dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c+dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int (ex)^{3n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx$$

↓ 1804

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (c+dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c+dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int x^{3n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx}{e}$$

↓ 1802

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\int x^{2n}(dx^n+c)^{-2p}(2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+ac^2+b)^p dx}{en}$$

↓ 1291

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{\int -d^2(dx^n+c)^{-2p}(6acdx^n+3ac^2+b-2bp)(2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+ac^2+b)^p dx}{3ad^4}\right)}{en}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{(c+dx^n)^{1-2p}(ac^2+2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+b)^{p+1}}{3ad^3}-\frac{\int d^2(dx^n+c)^{-2p}(2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+ac^2+b)^p dx}{3ad^3}\right)}{en}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{(c+dx^n)^{1-2p}(ac^2+2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+b)^{p+1}}{3ad^3}-\frac{\int (dx^n+c)^{-2p}(2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+ac^2+b)^p dx}{3ad^3}\right)}{en}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{(c+dx^n)^{1-2p}(ac^2+2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+b)^{p+1}}{3ad^3}-\frac{6ac\int(dx^n+c)^{-2p}(2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+ac^2+b)^p dx}{3ad^3}\right)}{en}$$

↓ 1118

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{(c+dx^n)^{1-2p}(ac^2+2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+b)^{p+1}}{3ad^3}-\frac{(-3ac^2-2bp+1)\int(dx^n+c)^{-2p}(2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+ac^2+b)^p dx}{3ad^3}\right)}{en}$$

↓ 279

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{(c+dx^n)^{1-2p}(ac^2+2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+b)^{p+1}}{3ad^3}-\frac{(-3ac^2-2bp+1)\int(dx^n+c)^{-2p}(2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+ac^2+b)^p dx}{3ad^3}\right)}{en}$$

↓ 278

$$x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{(c+dx^n)^{1-2p}(ac^2+2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+b)^{p+1}}{3ad^3}-\frac{(-3ac^2-2bp+...)}{...}\right)$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^(3*n)*(c + d*x^n)^(2*p)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p*(((c + d*x^n)^(1 - 2*p)*(b + a*c^2 + 2*a*c*d*x^n + a*d^2*x^(2*n))^(1 + p))/(3*a*d^3) - (((b - 3*a*c^2 - 2*b*p)*(c + d*x^n)^(1 - 2*p)*(b + a*x^(2*n))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 - 2*p)/2, -p, (3 - 2*p)/2, -((a*x^(2*n))/b)])/(d*(1 - 2*p)*(1 + (a*x^(2*n))/b)^p) + (3*a*c*(c + d*x^n)^(2 - 2*p)*(b + a*x^(2*n))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -((a*x^(2*n))/b)])/(d*(1 - p)*(1 + (a*x^(2*n))/b)^p))/(3*a*d^2)))/(e*n*x^(3*n)*(b + a*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 278 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1118 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/e \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m\{(a-b^2/(4c)+(c*x^2)/e^2\}^p, x], x, d+e*x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1269 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(f_)+(g_)(x_)\}^{(n_)}\{(a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g/e \text{ Int}[(d+e*x)^{(m+1)}(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f-d*g)/e \text{ Int}[(d+e*x)^m(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 1291 $\text{Int}[\{(d_)+(e_)(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(f_)+(g_)(x_)\}^{(n_)}\{(a_)+(b_)(x_)+(c_)(x_)^2\}^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[g^n(d+e*x)^{(m+n-1)}\{(a+b*x+c*x^2)^{(p+1)}/(c*e^{(n-1)}(m+n+2*p+1))\}, x] + \text{Simp}[1/(c*e^n(m+n+2*p+1)) \text{ Int}[(d+e*x)^m(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p \text{ ExpandToSum}[c*e^n(m+n+2*p+1)(f+g*x)^n - c*g^n(m+n+2*p+1)(d+e*x)^n - g^n(d+e*x)^{(n-2)}(b*d*e*(p+1) + a*e^2(m+n-1) - c*d^2(m+n+2*p+1) - e*(2*c*d - b*e)*(m+n+p)*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+2*p+1, 0]$

rule 1802 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}\{(a_)+(c_)(x_)^{(n2_)}+(b_)(x_)^{(n_)}\}^{(p_)}\{(d_)+(e_)(x_)^{(n_)}\}^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]-1)}(d+e*x)^q(a+b*x+c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 1804 $\text{Int}[\{(f_)(x_)\}^{(m_)}\{(a_)+(c_)(x_)^{(n2_)}+(b_)(x_)^{(n_)}\}^{(p_)}\{(d_)+(e_)(x_)^{(n_)}\}^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f^{\text{IntPart}[m]}(f*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/x^{\text{FracPart}[m]} \text{ Int}[x^m(d+e*x^n)^q(a+b*x^n+c*x^{(2*n)})^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 2089 $\text{Int}[(u_)^{(p_)}\{(f_)(x_)\}^{(m_)}(z_)^{(q_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(f*x)^m \text{ ExpandToSum}[z, x]^q \text{ ExpandToSum}[u, x]^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{f, m, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{BinomialQ}[z, x] \ \&\& \ \text{TrinomialQ}[u, x] \ \&\& \ !(\text{BinomialMatchQ}[z, x] \ \&\& \ \text{TrinomialMatchQ}[u, x])$

rule 7273

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*v^n)^FracPart[p]/(v^(n*FracPart[p]))*(b + a/v^n)^FracPart[p]) Int[u*v^(n*p)*(b + a/v^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && BinomialQ[v, x] && !LinearQ[v, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*((a*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*d*x^n + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2))^p, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n)**2)**p,x)
```

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c)^2)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c)^2)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{e^{3n} \left(\int \frac{x^{3n} (x^{2n} a d^2 + 2x^n a c d + a c^2 + b)^p}{(x^{2n} d^2 + 2x^n c d + c^2)^p x} dx \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

output `(e**(3*n)*int((x**(3*n)*(x**(2*n)*a*d**2 + 2*x**n*a*c*d + a*c**2 + b)**p)/((x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2)**p*x),x))/e`

3.359 $\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2887
Mathematica [F]	2888
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2888
Maple [F]	2891
Fricas [F]	2891
Sympy [F(-1)]	2892
Maxima [F]	2892
Giac [F]	2892
Mupad [F(-1)]	2893
Reduce [F]	2893

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{cx^{-2n}(ex)^{2n}(c+dx^n) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)}{d^2en} - \frac{bx^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)}{2a^2d^2en(1+p)}$$

```
output -c*(e*x)^(2*n)*(c+d*x^n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)/d^2/e/n/(x^(2*n))/((1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p)-1/2*b*(e*x)^(2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)/a^2/d^2/e/n/(p+1)/(x^(2*n))
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.320$, Rules used = {7273, 2089, 1804, 1802, 1269, 1118, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7273

$$(c+dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c+dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int (ex)^{2n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (a(dx^n + c)^2 + b)^p dx$$

↓ 2089

$$(c+dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c+dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int (ex)^{2n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx$$

↓ 1804

$$\frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} (c+dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c+dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int x^{2n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx}{e}$$

↓ 1802

$$\frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\int x^n(dx^n+c)^{-2p}(2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+ac^2+b)^p dx}{en}$$

↓ 1269

$$\frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{\int(dx^n+c)^{1-2p}(2acdx^n+ad^2x^{2n}+ac^2+b)^p dx^n}{d}-\frac{c\int(dx^n+c)^{-2p}(ax^{2n}+c)^p dx^n}{d^2}\right)}{en}$$

↓ 1118

$$\frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{\int(dx^n+c)^{1-2p}(ax^{2n}+b)^p d(dx^n+c)}{d^2}-\frac{c\int(dx^n+c)^{-2p}(ax^{2n}+c)^p dx^n}{d^2}\right)}{en}$$

↓ 279

$$\frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{(ax^{2n}+b)^p\left(\frac{ax^{2n}}{b}+1\right)^{-p}\int(dx^n+c)^{1-2p}\left(\frac{ax^{2n}}{b}+1\right)^p d(dx^n+c)}{d^2}\right)}{en}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n}(c+dx^n)^{2p}\left(a+\frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p\left(a(c+dx^n)^2+b\right)^{-p}\left(\frac{(ax^{2n}+b)^p\left(\frac{ax^{2n}}{b}+1\right)^{-p}(c+dx^n)^{2-2p}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1-\frac{2p}{2}, -p, 2-p, -\frac{(ax^{2n}+b)}{b}\right)}{2d^2(1-p)}\right)}{en}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^(2*n)*(c + d*x^n)^(2*p)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p*(-((c*(c + d*x^n)^(1 - 2*p)*(b + a*x^(2*n)))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 - 2*p)/2, -p, (3 - 2*p)/2, -(a*x^(2*n))/b])/(d^2*(1 - 2*p)*(1 + (a*x^(2*n))/b)^p)) + ((c + d*x^n)^(2 - 2*p)*(b + a*x^(2*n)))^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -(a*x^(2*n))/b])/(2*d^2*(1 - p)*(1 + (a*x^(2*n))/b)^p))/(e*n*x^(2*n)*(b + a*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p)`

Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 278 $\text{Int}[\text{((c_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)}^{\text{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[a^p * ((c*x)^{(m+1)} / (c*(m+1))) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}\{p, 0\} \ \&\& \ (\text{ILtQ}\{p, 0\} \ || \ \text{GtQ}\{a, 0\})$

rule 279 $\text{Int}[\text{((c_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)}^{\text{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} * ((a + b*x^2)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b*(x^2/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^m * (1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}\{p, 0\} \ \&\& \ !(\text{ILtQ}\{p, 0\} \ || \ \text{GtQ}\{a, 0\})$

rule 1118 $\text{Int}[\text{((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)}^{\text{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[1/e \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^m * (a - b^2/(4*c) + (c*x^2)/e^2)^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1269 $\text{Int}[\text{((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))} * \text{((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)}^{\text{(p_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[g/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^{(m+1)} * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] + \text{Simp}[(e*f - d*g)/e \ \text{Int}[(d + e*x)^m * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}\{m, 0\}$

rule 1802 $\text{Int}[(x_)^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n_.)}})}^{\text{(p_.)}* \text{((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n_.)}})^{\text{(q_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]} * (d + e*x)^q * (a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n^2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 1804 $\text{Int}[\text{((f_.)*(x_))}^{\text{(m_.)}* \text{((a_.) + (c_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n2_.)} + (b_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n_.)}})}^{\text{(p_.)}* \text{((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^{\text{(n_.)}})^{\text{(q_.)}, x_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[f^{\text{IntPart}[m]} * ((f*x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]} / x^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) \ \text{Int}[x^m * (d + e*x^n)^q * (a + b*x^n + c*x^{(2*n)})^p, x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n^2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$

rule 2089

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*((f_)*(x_)^(m_)*(z_)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*ExpandToSum[z, x]^q*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{f, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[z, x] && TrinomialQ[u, x] && !(BinomialMatchQ[z, x] && TrinomialMatchQ[u, x])
```

rule 7273

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*v^n)^FracPart[p]/(v^(n*FracPart[p])*(b + a/v^n)^FracPart[p]) Int[u*v^(n*p)*(b + a/v^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && BinomialQ[v, x] && !LinearQ[v, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*((a*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*d*x^n + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2))^p, x)
```


Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c)^2)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c)^2)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{e^{2n} \left(\int \frac{x^{2n} (x^{2n} a d^2 + 2x^n a c d + a c^2 + b)^p}{(x^{2n} d^2 + 2x^n c d + c^2)^p x} dx \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

output `(e**(2*n)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*a*d**2 + 2*x**n*a*c*d + a*c**2 + b)**p)/((x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2)**p*x),x))/e`

3.360 $\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2894
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2894
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2895
Maple [F]	2897
Fricas [F]	2898
Sympy [F(-1)]	2898
Maxima [F]	2898
Giac [F]	2899
Mupad [F(-1)]	2899
Reduce [F]	2899

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (c+dx^n) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)}{den}$$

output

```
(e*x)^n*(c+d*x^n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p*hypergeom([-1/2, -p], [1/2], -b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)/d/e/n/(x^n)/((1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{1-n}(ex)^{-1+n} (c+dx^n) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)}{dn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]
```

output

```
(x^(1 - n)*(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(c + d*x^n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -p, 1/2, -(b/(a*(c + d*x^n)^2))]/(d*n*(1 + b/(a*(c + d*x^n)^2))^p)
```

Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$, Rules used = {7273, 2089, 1804, 1798, 1118, 279, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7273

$$(c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int (ex)^{n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (a(dx^n + c)^2 + b)^p dx$$

↓ 2089

$$(c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int (ex)^{n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx$$

↓ 1804

$$\frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int x^{n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx}{e}$$

↓ 1798

$$\frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx^n}{en}$$

↓ 1118

$$\frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p \left(a(c + dx^n)^2 + b\right)^{-p} \int (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (ax^{2n} + b)^p d(dx^n + c)}{den}$$

↓ 279

$$\frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (ax^{2n} + b)^p \left(\frac{ax^{2n}}{b} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p \left(a(c + dx^n)^2 + b\right)^{-p} \int (dx^n + c)^{-2p} \left(\frac{ax^{2n}}{b} + 1\right)}{den}$$

↓ 278

$$\frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (c + dx^n) (ax^{2n} + b)^p \left(\frac{ax^{2n}}{b} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}(1 - 2p), -p, \frac{1}{2}(3 - 2p), -\frac{ax^{2n}}{b}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)}{den(1 - 2p)}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `((e*x)^n*(c + d*x^n)*(b + a*x^(2*n))^p*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 - 2*p)/2, -p, (3 - 2*p)/2, -(a*x^(2*n))/b])/(d*e*n*(1 - 2*p)*x^n*(1 + (a*x^(2*n))/b)^p*(b + a*(c + d*x^n)^2)^p)`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/2, (m + 1)/2 + 1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 279 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 1118 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/e Subst[Int[x^m*(a - b^2/(4*c) + (c*x^2)/e^2)^p, x], x, d + e*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((d_) + (
e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[(d + e*x)^q*(a + b
*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] &&
EqQ[n2, 2*n] && EqQ[Simplify[m - n + 1], 0]
```

rule 1804

```
Int[((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((
d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^IntPart[m]*((f*x)^FracPar
t[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(d + e*x^n)^q*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[
Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2089

```
Int[(u_)^(p_)*((f_)*(x_))^(m_)*(z_)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*Expa
ndToSum[z, x]^q*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{f, m, p, q}, x] && Binomi
alQ[z, x] && TrinomialQ[u, x] && !(BinomialMatchQ[z, x] && TrinomialMatchQ
[u, x])
```

rule 7273

```
Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*v^n)^Fra
cPart[p]/(v^(n*FracPart[p]))*(b + a/v^n)^FracPart[p]) Int[u*v^(n*p)*(b + a
/v^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && Bi
nomialQ[v, x] && !LinearQ[v, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((e*x)^(n - 1)*((a*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*d*x^n + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2))^p, x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n)**2)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c)^2)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(n-1)*(a+b/(d*x^n+c)^2)^p,x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(n-1)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(n-1)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{e^n \left(\int \frac{x^n (x^{2n} a d^2 + 2x^n a c d + a c^2 + b)^p}{(x^{2n} d^2 + 2x^n c d + c^2)^p} dx \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

output `(e**n*int((x**n*(x**(2*n))*a*d**2 + 2*x**n*a*c*d + a*c**2 + b)**p)/((x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2)**p*x),x))/e`

3.361
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

Optimal result	2900
Mathematica [F]	2901
Rubi [F]	2901
Maple [F]	2903
Fricas [F]	2903
Sympy [F]	2903
Maxima [F]	2904
Giac [F]	2904
Mupad [F(-1)]	2904
Reduce [F]	2905

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 230

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

$$= -\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 1, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2}, \frac{c^2}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)}{en(c+dx^n)}$$

$$- \frac{c^2\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c^2\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)}{b+ac^2}\right)}{2(b+ac^2)en(1+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2}\right)}{2aen(1+p)}$$

output

```
-c*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p*AppellF1(1/2,1,-p,3/2,c^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,-b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)/e/n/(c+d*x^n)/((1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p)-1/2*c^2*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1],[2+p],c^2*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)/(a*c^2+b))/(a*c^2+b)/e/n/(p+1)+1/2*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1],[2+p],1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)/a/e/n/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/x, x]/e`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 7273 \\ & \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int \frac{(dx^n+c)^{-2p} (a(dx^n+c)^2+b)^p}{x} dx}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2089 \\ & \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int \frac{(dx^n+c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p}{x} dx}{e} \\ & \quad \downarrow 1802 \\ & \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int x^{-n} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx^n}{en} \end{aligned}$$

↓ 1292

$$\frac{(c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p \left(a(c + dx^n)^2 + b\right)^{-p} \int x^{-n} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acd x^n + ad^2 x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx^n}{en}$$

input `Int[(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 1292 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(m_))*((f_) + (g_)*(x_)^(n_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 1802 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^(n2_)) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)^(p_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2089 `Int[(u_)^(p_)*((f_)*(x_)^(m_)*(z_)^(q_)), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*ExpandToSum[z, x]^q*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{f, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[z, x] && TrinomialQ[u, x] && !(BinomialMatchQ[z, x] && TrinomialMatchQ[u, x])`

rule 7273 `Int[(u_)*((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*v^n)^FracPart[p]/(v^(n*FracPart[p]))*(b + a/v^n)^FracPart[p] Int[u*v^(n*p)*(b + a/v^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && BinomialQ[v, x] && !LinearQ[v, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*d*x^n + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2))^p/(e*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(\frac{ac^2}{c^2+2cdx^n+d^2x^{2n}} + \frac{2acd x^n}{c^2+2cdx^n+d^2x^{2n}} + \frac{ad^2x^{2n}}{c^2+2cdx^n+d^2x^{2n}} + \frac{b}{c^2+2cdx^n+d^2x^{2n}}\right)^p}{e} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n)**2)**p/e/x,x)`

output `Integral((a*c**2/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x**n + d**2*x**(2*n)) + 2*a*c*d*x**n/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x**n + d**2*x**(2*n)) + a*d**2*x**(2*n)/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x**n + d**2*x**(2*n)) + b/(c**2 + 2*c*d*x**n + d**2*x**(2*n)))**p/x, x)/e`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c)^2)^p/x, x)/e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/(d*x^n + c)^2)^p/(e*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x), x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(x^{2n}ad^2+2x^ncd+ac^2+b)^p}{(x^{2n}d^2+2x^ncd+c^2)^p x} dx}{e}$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p/e/x,x)`

output `int((x**(2*n)*a*d**2 + 2*x**n*a*c*d + a*c**2 + b)**p/((x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2)**p*x),x)/e`

3.362 $\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2906
Mathematica [F]	2907
Rubi [F]	2907
Maple [F]	2909
Fricas [F]	2909
Sympy [F(-1)]	2909
Maxima [F]	2910
Giac [F]	2910
Mupad [F(-1)]	2910
Reduce [F]	2911

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 296

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx =$$

$$\frac{dx^n (ex)^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2}, \frac{c^2}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)}{en(c+dx^n)}$$

$$\frac{c^2 dx^n (ex)^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, -\frac{b}{a(c+dx^n)^2}, \frac{c^2}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)}{3en(c+dx^n)^3}$$

$$\frac{bcdx^n (ex)^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{c^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)}{b+ac^2} \right)}{(b+ac^2)^2 en(1+p)}$$

output

```
-d*x^n*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p*AppellF1(1/2,2,-p,3/2,c^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,-b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)/e/n/((e*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)/((1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p)-1/3*c^2*d*x^n*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p*AppellF1(3/2,2,-p,5/2,c^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,-b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)/e/n/((e*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3/((1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p)-b*c*d*x^n*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^(p+1)*hypergeom([2, p+1],[2+p],c^2*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)/(a*c^2+b))/(a*c^2+b)^2/e/n/(p+1)/((e*x^n)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7273

$$(c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int (ex)^{-n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (a(dx^n + c)^2 + b)^p dx$$

↓ 2089

$$(c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int (ex)^{-n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx$$

↓ 1804

$$\frac{x^n (ex)^{-n} (c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int x^{-n-1} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx}{e}$$

↓ 1802

$$\frac{x^n (ex)^{-n} (c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int x^{-2n} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx}{en}$$

↓ 1292

$$\frac{x^n (ex)^{-n} (c + dx^n)^{2p} \left(a + \frac{b}{c+dx^n}\right)^p (a(c + dx^n)^2 + b)^{-p} \int x^{-2n} (dx^n + c)^{-2p} (2acdx^n + ad^2x^{2n} + ac^2 + b)^p dx}{en}$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 1292 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Unintegrable[(d + e*x)^m*(f + g*x)^n*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, m, n, p}, x]`

rule 1802 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + b*x + c*x^2)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 1804 `Int[((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f^IntPart[m]*(f*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m] Int[x^m*(d + e*x^n)^q*(a + b*x^n + c*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p, q}, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2089 `Int[(u_)^(p_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*(z_)^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(f*x)^m*ExpandToSum[z, x]^q*ExpandToSum[u, x]^p, x] /; FreeQ[{f, m, p, q}, x] && BinomialQ[z, x] && TrinomialQ[u, x] && !(BinomialMatchQ[z, x] && TrinomialMatchQ[u, x])`

rule 7273

```
Int[(u_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*v^n)^FracPart[p]/(v^(n*FracPart[p]))*(b + a/v^n)^FracPart[p]) Int[u*v^(n*p)*(b + a/v^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p] && ILtQ[n, 0] && BinomialQ[v, x] && !LinearQ[v, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)
```

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n + c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((e*x)^(-n - 1)*((a*d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*c*d*x^n + a*c^2 + b)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2))^p, x)
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c + dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((e*x)**(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n)**2)**p,x)
```

output Timed out

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c)^2)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{(dx^n+c)^2} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-n - 1)*(a + b/(d*x^n + c)^2)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p}{(ex)^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x)^(n + 1), x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n)^2)^p/(e*x)^(n + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} \right)^p dx = \frac{\int \frac{(x^{2n} a d^2 + 2x^n a c d + a c^2 + b)^p}{x^n (x^{2n} d^2 + 2x^n c d + c^2)^p x} dx}{e^n e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^2)^p,x)`

output `int((x**(2*n)*a*d**2 + 2*x**n*a*c*d + a*c**2 + b)**p/(x**n*(x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2)**p*x),x)/(e**n*e)`

3.363 $\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2912
Mathematica [F]	2913
Rubi [F]	2913
Maple [F]	2914
Fricas [F(-2)]	2914
Sympy [F(-1)]	2914
Maxima [F]	2915
Giac [F]	2915
Mupad [F(-1)]	2915
Reduce [F]	2916

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 319

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = -\frac{2ax^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^{1+p}}{3b^2d^3en(1+p)(2+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (c + dx^n)^{3/2} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^{1+p}}{3bd^3en(2+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (c + dx^n) \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{2}{3}, -p, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{a} \right)}{d^3en}$$

$$- \frac{cx^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (c + dx^n)^2 \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{4}{3}, -p, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)}{a} \right)}{d^3en}$$

output

```
-2/3*a*(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^(p+1)/b^2/d^3/e/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(x^(3*n))
+2/3*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^(p+1)/b/d^3/e/n/(2+p)/(x^(3*n))
+c^2*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p*hypergeom([2/3, -p], [5/3], -b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)/a)/d^3/e/n/(x^(3*n))/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)/a)^p)
-c*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)^2*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p*hypergeom([4/3, -p], [7/3], -b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)/a)/d^3/e/n/(x^(3*n))/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(3/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int \left((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b + a \right)^p (ex)^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(3*n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int \left((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b + a \right)^p (ex)^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(3*n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \frac{e^{3n} \left(\int \frac{x^{3n} (x^n \sqrt{x^n d + c} b d + \sqrt{x^n d + c} b c + a)^p dx}{x} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `(e**(3*n)*int((x**(3*n)*(x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*d + sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*c + a)**p)/x,x))/e`

3.364 $\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2917
Mathematica [F]	2918
Rubi [F]	2918
Maple [F]	2919
Fricas [F(-2)]	2919
Sympy [F(-1)]	2919
Maxima [F]	2920
Giac [F]	2920
Mupad [F(-1)]	2920
Reduce [F]	2921

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx =$$

$$\frac{cx^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} (c + dx^n) \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{2}{3}, -p, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}{a} \right)}{d^2 en} + \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} (c + dx^n)^2 \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{4}{3}, -p, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}{a} \right)}{2d^2 en}$$

output

```
-c*(e*x)^(2*n)*(c+d*x^n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p*hypergeom([2/3, -p], [5/3], -b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)/a)/d^2/e/n/(x^(2*n))/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)/a)^p)+1/2*(e*x)^(2*n)*(c+d*x^n)^2*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p*hypergeom([4/3, -p], [7/3], -b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)/a)/d^2/e/n/(x^(2*n))/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(3/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int \left((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b + a \right)^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int \left((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b + a \right)^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \frac{e^{2n} \left(\int \frac{x^{2n} (x^n \sqrt{x^n d + c} b d + \sqrt{x^n d + c} b c + a)^p dx}{x} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `(e**(2*n)*int((x**(2*n)*(x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*d + sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*c + a)**p)/x,x))/e`

3.365 $\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2922
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2922
Rubi [F]	2923
Maple [F]	2923
Fricas [F(-2)]	2924
Sympy [F(-1)]	2924
Maxima [F]	2924
Giac [F]	2925
Mupad [F(-1)]	2925
Reduce [F]	2925

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (c + dx^n) \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{2}{3}, -p, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}{a} \right)}{den}$$

output

```
(e*x)^n*(c+d*x^n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p*hypergeom([2/3, -p], [5/3], -b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)/a)/d/e/n/(x^n)/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \frac{x^{1-n}(ex)^{-1+n} (c + dx^n) \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(\frac{2}{3}, -p, \frac{5}{3}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}}{a} \right)}{dn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x]
```

output

```
(x^(1 - n)*(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(c + d*x^n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p*Hypergeo
metric2F1[2/3, -p, 5/3, -((b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))/a)]/(d*n*(1 + (b*(c + d*x
^n)^(3/2))/a)^p)
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

input

```
Int[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x]
```

output

```
$Aborted
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299

```
Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]
```

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}})^p dx$$

input

```
int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)
```

output

```
int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)
```


Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(3/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b + a)^p (ex)^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b + a)^p (ex)^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \frac{e^n \left(\int \frac{x^n (x^n \sqrt{x^n d + c} b d + \sqrt{x^n d + c} b c + a)^p dx}{x} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `(e**n*int((x**n*(x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*d + sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*c + a)**p)/x,x))/e`

$$3.366 \quad \int \frac{\left(a+b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

Optimal result	2926
Mathematica [N/A]	2926
Rubi [N/A]	2927
Maple [N/A]	2929
Fricas [F(-2)]	2929
Sympy [F(-1)]	2930
Maxima [N/A]	2930
Giac [N/A]	2930
Mupad [N/A]	2931
Reduce [N/A]	2931

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \frac{d\text{Int}\left(\frac{\left(a+b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p}{dx}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `d*Defer(Int)((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/d/x,x)/e`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\left(a+b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a+b(c+dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/(e*x), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/x, x]/e`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {27, 7282, 896, 25, 7267, 7276, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p}{ex} dx \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \int \frac{(b(dx^n+c)^{3/2}+a)^p}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 7282 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-n} (b(dx^n + c)^{3/2} + a)^p dx^n}{en} \\
 \downarrow 896 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n} (b(dx^n+c)^{3/2}+a)^p}{d} d(dx^n + c)}{en} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 \frac{\int -\frac{x^{-n} (b(dx^n+c)^{3/2}+a)^p}{d} d(dx^n + c)}{en} \\
 \downarrow 7267 \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^n+c} (bx^{3n}+a)^p}{c-x^{2n}} d\sqrt{dx^n + c}}{en} \\
 \downarrow 7276 \\
 \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{(bx^{3n}+a)^p}{2(-dx^n-c+\sqrt{c})} - \frac{(bx^{3n}+a)^p}{2(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^n+c})} \right) d\sqrt{dx^n + c}}{en} \\
 \downarrow 2009
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2\left(\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(bx^{3n}+a)^p}{-dx^n-c+\sqrt{c}} d\sqrt{dx^n+c} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(bx^{3n}+a)^p}{\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^n+c}} d\sqrt{dx^n+c}\right)}{en}$$

input `Int[(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/(e*x),x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7267 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{lst = SubstForFractionalPowerOfLinear[u, x]}, Simp[lst[[2]]*lst[[4]] Subst[Int[lst[[1]], x], x, lst[[3]]^(1/lst[[2])], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && SubstForFractionalPowerQ[u, lst[[3]], x]`

rule 7276 `Int[(u_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[{v = RationalFunctionExpand[u/(a + b*x^n), x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7282

```
Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1
/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (
lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[
u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]
```

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/e/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/e/x,x)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel
```

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p}{ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(3/2))**p/e/x,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p/x, x)/e`**Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p/(e*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/(e*x), x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/(e*x), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(x^n \sqrt{x^n d + c} b d + \sqrt{x^n d + c} b c + a)^p}{x e} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/e/x,x)`

output `int((x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*d + sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*c + a)**p/x,x)/e`

$$3.367 \quad \int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx$$

Optimal result	2932
Mathematica [N/A]	2932
Rubi [N/A]	2933
Maple [N/A]	2933
Fricas [F(-2)]	2934
Sympy [F(-1)]	2934
Maxima [N/A]	2934
Giac [N/A]	2935
Mupad [N/A]	2935
Reduce [N/A]	2936

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \frac{d^2 x^n (ex)^{-n} \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{x^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p}{d^2}, x \right)}{e}$$

output

```
d^2*x^n*Defer(Int)(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/d^2,x)/e/((e*x)^n)
```

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p, x]
```

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}})^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(3/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int \left((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b + a \right)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int \left((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}} b + a \right)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p}{(ex)^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/(e*x)^(n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/(e*x)^(n + 1), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \frac{\int \frac{(x^n \sqrt{x^n d + c} b d + \sqrt{x^n d + c} b c + a)^p}{x^n x} dx}{e^n e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`output `int((x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*d + sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*c + a)**p/(x**n*x),x)/
(e**n*e)`

3.368 $\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2937
Mathematica [N/A]	2937
Rubi [N/A]	2938
Maple [N/A]	2938
Fricas [F(-2)]	2939
Sympy [F(-1)]	2939
Maxima [N/A]	2939
Giac [N/A]	2940
Mupad [N/A]	2940
Reduce [N/A]	2941

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \frac{d^3 x^{2n} (ex)^{-2n} \operatorname{Int} \left(\frac{x^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p}{d^3}, x \right)}{e}$$

output `d^3*x^(2*n)*Defer(Int)(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/d^3,x)/e/((e*x)^(2*n))`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}})^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(3/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int \left((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b + a \right)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^{\frac{3}{2}}b + a)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^(3/2)*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2})^p}{(ex)^{2n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(3/2))^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b(c + dx^n)^{3/2} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{(x^n \sqrt{x^n d + c} b d + \sqrt{x^n d + c} b c + a)^p}{\frac{x^{2n} x}{e^{2n} e}} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2))^p,x)`

output `int((x**n*sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*d + sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b*c + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*x),x)/(e**(2*n)*e)`

3.369 $\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$

Optimal result	2942
Mathematica [F]	2943
Rubi [F]	2943
Maple [F]	2944
Fricas [F(-2)]	2944
Sympy [F(-1)]	2944
Maxima [F]	2945
Giac [F]	2945
Mupad [F(-1)]	2945
Reduce [F]	2946

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 362

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2c)^2 x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{1+p}}{b^6 d^3 e n(1 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2(5a^4 - 6a^2 b^2 c + b^4 c^2) x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{2+p}}{b^6 d^3 e n(2 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{4a(5a^2 - 3b^2 c) x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{3+p}}{b^6 d^3 e n(3 + p)}$$

$$+ \frac{4(5a^2 - b^2 c) x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{4+p}}{b^6 d^3 e n(4 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{10a x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{5+p}}{b^6 d^3 e n(5 + p)} + \frac{2x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{6+p}}{b^6 d^3 e n(6 + p)}$$

output

```
-2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)^2*(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^6/d^3/e/n/(p
+1)/(x^(3*n))+2*(b^4*c^2-6*a^2*b^2*c+5*a^4)*(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/
2))^(2+p)/b^6/d^3/e/n/(2+p)/(x^(3*n))-4*a*(-3*b^2*c+5*a^2)*(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+
b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^6/d^3/e/n/(3+p)/(x^(3*n))+4*(-b^2*c+5*a^2)*(e*x
)^(3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^6/d^3/e/n/(4+p)/(x^(3*n))-10*a*(e*x
)^(3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(5+p)/b^6/d^3/e/n/(5+p)/(x^(3*n))+2*(e*x)^(3*
n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(6+p)/b^6/d^3/e/n/(6+p)/(x^(3*n))
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} (\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} (\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \frac{e^{3n} \left(\int \frac{x^{3n} (\sqrt{x^n d + c} b + a)^p dx}{x} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `(e**(3*n)*int((x**(3*n)*(sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b + a)**p)/x,x))/e`

3.370 $\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$

Optimal result	2947
Mathematica [F]	2948
Rubi [F]	2948
Maple [F]	2949
Fricas [F(-2)]	2949
Sympy [F(-1)]	2949
Maxima [F]	2950
Giac [F]	2950
Mupad [F(-1)]	2950
Reduce [F]	2951

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 225

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = -\frac{2a(a^2 - b^2c) x^{-2n} (ex)^{2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{1+p}}{b^4 d^2 e n (1 + p)} + \frac{2(3a^2 - b^2c) x^{-2n} (ex)^{2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{2+p}}{b^4 d^2 e n (2 + p)} - \frac{6ax^{-2n} (ex)^{2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{3+p}}{b^4 d^2 e n (3 + p)} + \frac{2x^{-2n} (ex)^{2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{4+p}}{b^4 d^2 e n (4 + p)}$$

output

```
-2*a*(-b^2*c+a^2)*(e*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^4/d^2/e/n/(p+1)
)/(x^(2*n))+2*(-b^2*c+3*a^2)*(e*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^4/d
^2/e/n/(2+p)/(x^(2*n))-6*a*(e*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^4/d^2
/e/n/(3+p)/(x^(2*n))+2*(e*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^4/d^2/e/n
/(4+p)/(x^(2*n))
```


Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \frac{e^{2n} \left(\int \frac{x^{2n} (\sqrt{x^n d + c} b + a)^p dx}{x} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `(e**(2*n)*int((x**(2*n)*(sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b + a)**p)/x,x))/e`

3.371 $\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$

Optimal result	2952
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2952
Rubi [F]	2953
Maple [F]	2953
Fricas [F(-2)]	2954
Sympy [F(-1)]	2954
Maxima [F]	2954
Giac [F]	2955
Mupad [F(-1)]	2955
Reduce [F]	2955

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = -\frac{2ax^{-n}(ex)^n (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{1+p}}{b^2den(1 + p)} + \frac{2x^{-n}(ex)^n (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{2+p}}{b^2den(2 + p)}$$

output

$-2*a*(e*x)^n*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)})^{(p+1)}/b^2/d/e/n/(p+1)/(x^n)+2*(e*x)^n*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2)})^{(2+p)}/b^2/d/e/n/(2+p)/(x^n)$

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \frac{2x^{-n}(ex)^n (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{1+p} (-a + b(1 + p)\sqrt{c + dx^n})}{b^2den(1 + p)(2 + p)}$$

input

`Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output $(2*(e*x)^n*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])^{(1 + p)}*(-a + b*(1 + p)*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])/(b^2*d*e*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*x^n)$

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(n - 1)*(sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (\sqrt{dx^n + cb + a})^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(n - 1)*(sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \frac{e^n \left(\int \frac{x^n (\sqrt{x^n d + c b + a})^p dx}{x} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `(e**n*int((x**n*(sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b + a)**p)/x,x))/e`

3.372 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n})^p}{ex} dx$

Optimal result	2956
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2957
Rubi [A] (verified)	2957
Maple [F]	2959
Fricas [F(-2)]	2960
Sympy [F]	2960
Maxima [F]	2960
Giac [F]	2961
Mupad [F(-1)]	2961
Reduce [F]	2961

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx$$

$$= -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{a-b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a - b\sqrt{c}) en(1 + p)}$$

$$- \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{a+b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(a + b\sqrt{c}) en(1 + p)}$$

```
output -(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2)))/(a-b*c^(1/2))/e/n/(p+1)-(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], (a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2)))/(a+b*c^(1/2))/e/n/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx = \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{1+p} \left((a + b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{a-b\sqrt{c}} \right) + (a - b\sqrt{c}) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a-b\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{a+b\sqrt{c}} \right) \right)}{(a - b\sqrt{c}) (a + b\sqrt{c}) en(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p/(e*x), x]`

output `-(((a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^(1 + p)*((a + b*Sqrt[c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])]) + (a - b*Sqrt[c])*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])]))/(e*(a - b*Sqrt[c])*(a + b*Sqrt[c])*e*n*(1 + p))`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.292$, Rules used = {27, 7282, 896, 25, 1732, 615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{dx^n + c})^p}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{7282} \\ & \int \frac{x^{-n} (a + b\sqrt{dx^n + c})^p}{en} dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{-n}(a+b\sqrt{dx^n+c})^p}{d} d(dx^n+c) \\
 & \quad \text{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int \frac{x^{-n}(a+b\sqrt{dx^n+c})^p}{d} d(dx^n+c) \\
 & \quad \text{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1732} \\
 & - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{dx^n+c}(a+b\sqrt{dx^n+c})^p}{c-x^{2n}} d\sqrt{dx^n+c}}{\text{en}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{615} \\
 & - \frac{2 \int \left(\frac{(a+b\sqrt{dx^n+c})^p}{2(-dx^n-c+\sqrt{c})} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{dx^n+c})^p}{2(\sqrt{c}+\sqrt{dx^n+c})} \right) d\sqrt{dx^n+c}}{\text{en}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{2 \left(\frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n})^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,p+1,p+2,\frac{a+b\sqrt{dx^n+c}}{a-b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(p+1)(a-b\sqrt{c})} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n})^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1,p+1,p+2,\frac{a+b\sqrt{dx^n+c}}{a+b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(p+1)(a+b\sqrt{c})} \right)}{\text{en}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p/(e*x), x]
```

output

```
(-2*(((a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])])/(2*(a - b*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p)) + ((a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])])/(2*(a + b*Sqrt[c])*(1 + p))))/(e*n)
```

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 615 `Int[((e_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_),
x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x]
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coeff
icient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[Si
mplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0]] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 1732 `Int[((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^(n2_.))^(p_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symb
ol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(d + e*x^(g*
n))^q*(a + c*x^(2*g*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/g)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, p, q]
, x] && EqQ[n2, 2*n] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7282 `Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1
/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (
lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0]] /; NonsumQ[
u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n})^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p/e/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*sqrt(c + d*x**n))**p/x, x)/e`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p/x, x)/e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p/(e*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x), x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{x^n d + c b + a})^p}{e} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b + a)**p/x,x)/e`

3.373 $\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$

Optimal result	2962
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2963
Rubi [F]	2963
Maple [F]	2964
Fricas [F(-2)]	2964
Sympy [F(-1)]	2964
Maxima [F]	2965
Giac [F]	2965
Mupad [F(-1)]	2965
Reduce [F]	2966

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{(ex)^{-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{en}$$

$$+ \frac{bdx^n (ex)^{-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{a-b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(a - b\sqrt{c})\sqrt{c}en}$$

$$- \frac{bdx^n (ex)^{-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{a+b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{2(a + b\sqrt{c})\sqrt{c}en}$$

output

```
-(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/n/((e*x)^n)+1/2*b*d*x^n*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p
*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], (a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2)))/(a-b*c^(1/2))
/c^(1/2)/e/n/((e*x)^n)-1/2*b*d*x^n*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p
], [p+1], (a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2)))/(a+b*c^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/e/n/((e
*x)^n)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(ex)^{-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^{1+p} \left(b(a + b\sqrt{c})^2 dx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1 + p, 2 + p, \frac{a+b\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{a-b\sqrt{c}} \right) - (a - b\sqrt{c}) \right)}{2\sqrt{c}}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `((a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^(1 + p)*(b*(a + b*Sqrt[c])^2*d*p*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(a - b*Sqrt[c])] - (a - b*Sqrt[c])*(2*(a + b*Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c]*(1 + p)*(a - b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]) + b*(a - b*Sqrt[c])*d*p*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, (a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(a + b*Sqrt[c])])))/(2*Sqrt[c]*(a^2 - b^2*c)^2*e*n*(1 + p)*(e*x)^n)`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 7299$$

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} (\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-n - 1)*(sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} (\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-n - 1)*(sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{(ex)^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x)^(n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x)^(n + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \frac{\int \frac{(\sqrt{x^n d + c} b + a)^p dx}{x^n x}}{e^n e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b + a)**p/(x**n*x),x)/(e**n*e)`

3.374 $\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$

Optimal result	2967
Mathematica [F]	2968
Rubi [F]	2968
Maple [F]	2969
Fricas [F(-2)]	2969
Sympy [F(-1)]	2969
Maxima [F]	2970
Giac [F]	2970
Mupad [F(-1)]	2970
Reduce [F]	2971

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 323

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{(ex)^{-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{2en} + \frac{bdpx^n (ex)^{-2n} (bc - a\sqrt{c + dx^n}) (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{4c(a^2 - b^2c)en}$$

$$- \frac{bd^2(a - b\sqrt{c}(2 - p)) x^{2n} (ex)^{-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n}}{a - b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8(a - b\sqrt{c})^2 c^{3/2} en}$$

$$+ \frac{bd^2(a + b\sqrt{c}(2 - p)) x^{2n} (ex)^{-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n}}{a + b\sqrt{c}}\right)}{8(a + b\sqrt{c})^2 c^{3/2} en}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/n/((e*x)^(2*n))+1/4*b*d*p*x^n*(b*c-a*(c+d*x
^n)^(1/2))*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/c/(-b^2*c+a^2)/e/n/((e*x)^(2*n))-1/8*b*
d^2*(a-b*c^(1/2)*(2-p))*x^(2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p], [
p+1], (a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(a-b*c^(1/2)))/(a-b*c^(1/2))^2/c^(3/2)/e/n/((e*
x)^(2*n))+1/8*b*d^2*(a+b*c^(1/2)*(2-p))*x^(2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p*hy
pergeom([1, p], [p+1], (a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(a+b*c^(1/2)))/(a+b*c^(1/2))^2/
c^(3/2)/e/n/((e*x)^(2*n))
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{-2n-1} (\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-2*n - 1)*(sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int (ex)^{-2n-1} (\sqrt{dx^n + cb} + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-2*n - 1)*(sqrt(d*x^n + c)*b + a)^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p}{(ex)^{2n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b\sqrt{c + dx^n})^p dx = \int \frac{(\sqrt{x^n d + c b + a})^p}{x^{2n} e} dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*x),x)/(e**(2*n)*e)`

$$3.375 \quad \int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

Optimal result	2972
Mathematica [F]	2973
Rubi [F]	2973
Maple [F]	2974
Fricas [F(-2)]	2974
Sympy [F(-1)]	2974
Maxima [F]	2975
Giac [F]	2975
Mupad [F(-1)]	2975
Reduce [F]	2976

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 406

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx \\ &= \frac{b(3-p)(60a^2c - b^2(20 - 9p + p^2))x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p}}{180a^4d^3en} \\ & \quad - \frac{(60a^2c - b^2(20 - 9p + p^2))x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p}}{60a^3d^3en} \\ & \quad - \frac{b(5-p)x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{5/2} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p}}{15a^2d^3en} \\ & \quad + \frac{x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n}(c+dx^n)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p}}{3ad^3en} \\ & \quad + \frac{b^2(360a^4c^2 - b^2(2-p)(3-p)(60a^2c - b^2(20 - 9p + p^2)))x^{-3n}(ex)^{3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p}}{180a^7d^3en(1+p)} \text{Hypergeomet} \end{aligned}$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/180*b*(3-p)*(60*a^2*c-b^2*(p^2-9*p+20))*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)*(a+b \\ & / (c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)/a^4/d^3/e/n/(x^(3*n))-1/60*(60*a^2*c-b^2*(p^2-9*p+ \\ & 20))*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)^2*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)/a^3/d^3/e/n/(x^(3 \\ & *n))-1/15*b*(5-p)*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)^(5/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)/ \\ & a^2/d^3/e/n/(x^(3*n))+1/3*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)^3*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p \\ & +1)/a/d^3/e/n/(x^(3*n))+1/180*b^2*(360*a^4*c^2-b^2*(2-p)*(3-p)*(60*a^2*c-b \\ & ^2*(p^2-9*p+20))*(e*x)^(3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([3, p+ \\ & 1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/a^7/d^3/e/n/(p+1)/(x^(3*n)) \end{aligned}$$
Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input

`Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output

`Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p, x]`
Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{7299} \\ & \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output

`$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{3n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(3*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \frac{e^{3n} \left(\int \frac{x^{3n} (\sqrt{x^n d + c} a + b)^p}{(x^n d + c)^{\frac{p}{2}} x} dx \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `(e**(3*n)*int((x**(3*n)*(sqrt(x**n*d + c)*a + b)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**(p/2)*x),x))/e`

3.376 $\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2977
Mathematica [F]	2978
Rubi [F]	2978
Maple [F]	2979
Fricas [F(-2)]	2979
Sympy [F(-1)]	2979
Maxima [F]	2980
Giac [F]	2980
Mupad [F(-1)]	2980
Reduce [F]	2981

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = -\frac{b(3-p)x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n}(c+dx^n)^{3/2} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p}}{6a^2d^2en} + \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n}(c+dx^n)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p}}{2ad^2en} - \frac{b^2(12a^2c - b^2(6 - 5p + p^2))x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)}{6a^5d^2en(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/6*b*(3-p)*(e*x)^(2*n)*(c+d*x^n)^(3/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)/a^2/d
^2/e/n/(x^(2*n))+1/2*(e*x)^(2*n)*(c+d*x^n)^2*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)/a
/d^2/e/n/(x^(2*n))-1/6*b^2*(12*a^2*c-b^2*(p^2-5*p+6))*(e*x)^(2*n)*(a+b/(c+
d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([3, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/a^5/d^
2/e/n/(p+1)/(x^(2*n))
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(2*n - 1)*(a + b/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p, x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \frac{e^{2n} \left(\int \frac{x^{2n} (\sqrt{x^n d + c} a + b)^p}{(x^n d + c)^{\frac{p}{2}} x} dx \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `(e**(2*n)*int((x**(2*n)*(sqrt(x**n*d + c)*a + b)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**(p/2)*x),x))/e`

$$3.377 \quad \int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

Optimal result	2982
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2982
Rubi [F]	2983
Maple [F]	2983
Fricas [F(-2)]	2984
Sympy [F(-1)]	2984
Maxima [F]	2984
Giac [F]	2985
Mupad [F(-1)]	2985
Reduce [F]	2985

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \frac{2b^2x^{-n}(ex)^n \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(3, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)}{a^3den(1+p)}$$

output `2*b^2*(e*x)^n*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([3, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/a^3/d/e/n/(p+1)/(x^n)`

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \frac{2x^{-n}(ex)^n (c+dx^n) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p \left(1 + \frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(2-p, -p, 3-p, -\frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b} \right)}{den(-2+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/Sqrt[c+d*x^n])^p,x]`

output $(-2*(e*x)^n*(c + d*x^n)*(a + b/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])^p*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2 - p, -p, 3 - p, -(a*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])/b])/ (d*e*n*(-2 + p)*x^n*(1 + (a*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])/b)^p)$

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input $\text{Int}[(e*x)^{-1 + n}*(a + b/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])^p, x]$

output $\$Aborted$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 $\text{Int}[u_, x_] \text{ :> CannotIntegrate}[u, x]$

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input $\text{int}((e*x)^{-1+n}*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2}))^p, x)$

output $\text{int}((e*x)^{-1+n}*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^{(1/2}))^p, x)$

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c + dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n + c}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(n-1)*(a+b/sqrt(d*x^n+c))^p,x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(n-1)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(n-1)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \frac{e^n \left(\int \frac{x^n (\sqrt{x^n d+c} a+b)^p dx}{(x^n d+c)^{\frac{p}{2}} x} \right)}{e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `(e**n*int((x**n*(sqrt(x**n*d+c)*a+b)**p)/((x**n*d+c)**(p/2)*x),x))/e`

3.378 $\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx$

Optimal result	2986
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2987
Rubi [A] (verified)	2987
Maple [F]	2990
Fricas [F(-2)]	2990
Sympy [F(-1)]	2991
Maxima [F]	2991
Giac [F]	2991
Mupad [F(-1)]	2992
Reduce [F]	2992

Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 240

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c}\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{\sqrt{c}\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{b-a\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(b-a\sqrt{c})en(1+p)}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{c}\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{\sqrt{c}\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{b+a\sqrt{c}}\right)}{(b+a\sqrt{c})en(1+p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{b}{a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)}{aen(1+p)}$$

output

```
c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], -c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(b-a*c^(1/2)))/(b-a*c^(1/2))/e/n/(p+1)-c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(b+a*c^(1/2)))/(b+a*c^(1/2))/e/n/(p+1)+2*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b/a/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/a/e/n/(p+1)
```

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(\left(1 + \frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1 - p, \frac{\left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b+a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right) + \right.}{\left. \left(1 + \frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1 - p, \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c}}\right)\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b+a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right) - 2\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{\left(a\sqrt{c+dx^n}\right)}{b}\right]\right)}{\left(e^n p \left(1 + \frac{a\sqrt{c+dx^n}}{b}\right)\right)^p}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p/(e*x), x]`

output `((a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p*((1 + (a*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/b)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -p, 1 - p, ((a - b/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(b + a*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]]) + (1 + (a*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/b)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -p, 1 - p, ((a + b/Sqrt[c])*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/(b + a*Sqrt[c + d*x^n]]) - 2*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, -p, 1 - p, -((a*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/b)]))/(e^n*p*(1 + (a*Sqrt[c + d*x^n])/b)^p)`

Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {27, 7282, 896, 25, 1776, 1803, 25, 615, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}\right)^p}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 7282$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int x^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p dx^n}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{896} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p}{d} d(dx^n+c)}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{x^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p}{d} d(dx^n+c)}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1776} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p}{cx^{-n}-1} d(dx^n+c)}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1803} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{x^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p}{1-cx^{2n}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{x^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p}{1-cx^{2n}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{615} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \left(x^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p - \frac{c \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}(cx^{2n}-1)} \right) d\frac{1}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}}{en} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)}{b-a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2(p+1)(b-a\sqrt{c})} - \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p+1, p+2, \frac{\sqrt{c}}{b-a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2(p+1)(a\sqrt{c}+b)} \right) \\
 & \hspace{20em} en
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p/(e*x), x]
```

output

$$\frac{(2*((\text{Sqrt}[c]*(a + b/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])^{(1+p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+p, 2+p, -((\text{Sqrt}[c]*(a + b/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n]))/(b - a*\text{Sqrt}[c]))]))/(2*(b - a*\text{Sqrt}[c])*(1+p)) - (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(a + b/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])^{(1+p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+p, 2+p, (\text{Sqrt}[c]*(a + b/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n]))/(b + a*\text{Sqrt}[c])])/(2*(b + a*\text{Sqrt}[c])*(1+p)) + ((a + b/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])^{(1+p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + b/(a*\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x^n])])/(a*(1+p)))}{e^n}$$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 615

$$\text{Int}[(e_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^{(n_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{(p_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(e*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n*(a + b*x^2)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[p, 0]$$

rule 896

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_)*(v_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*(x_)^{(m_)}, \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{c = \text{Coefficient}[v, \text{x}, 0], d = \text{Coefficient}[v, \text{x}, 1]\}, \text{Simp}[1/d^{(m+1)} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{SimplifyIntegrand}[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}, v], \text{x}] \text{ ; NeQ}[c, 0]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LinearQ}[v, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[m]$$

rule 1776

$$\text{Int}[(a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{(mn2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_ + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[(d + e*x^n)^q*(c + a*x^{(2*n)})^p/x^{(2*n*p)}, \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, n, q\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[mn2, -2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 1803

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_ + (c_)*(x_)^{(n2_)})^{(p_)}*((d_ + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}), \text{x_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1)*(d + e*x)^q*(a + c*x^2)^p, \text{x}], \text{x}, x^n], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e, m, n, p, q\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n2, 2*n] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]]$$

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 7282 `Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x)`

output `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_alg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p/e/x,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p/x, x)/e`

Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p/(e*x), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x), x)`output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}}\right)^p}{ex} dx = \frac{\int \frac{(\sqrt{x^n d+c} a+b)^p}{(x^n d+c)^{\frac{p}{2}} x} dx}{e}$$

input `int((a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/e/x,x)`output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*a + b)**p/((x**n*d + c)**(p/2)*x), x)/e`

3.379 $\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2993
Mathematica [F]	2994
Rubi [F]	2994
Maple [F]	2995
Fricas [F(-2)]	2995
Sympy [F(-1)]	2995
Maxima [F]	2996
Giac [F]	2996
Mupad [F(-1)]	2996
Reduce [F]	2997

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 241

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{dx^n (ex)^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p}{cen \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx^n} \right)}$$

$$+ \frac{bdx^n (ex)^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p, 1 + p, -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)}{b - a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2 (b - a\sqrt{c}) cen}$$

$$+ \frac{bdx^n (ex)^{-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, p, 1 + p, \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)}{b + a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{2 (b + a\sqrt{c}) cen}$$

output

```
-d*x^n*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/c/e/n/((e*x)^n)/(1-c/(c+d*x^n))+1/2*b*d*x^n
*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], -c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1
/2))/(b-a*c^(1/2)))/(b-a*c^(1/2))/c/e/n/((e*x)^n)+1/2*b*d*x^n*(a+b/(c+d*x^
n)^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([1, p], [p+1], c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(b+a*c^(1
/2)))/(b+a*c^(1/2))/c/e/n/((e*x)^n)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-n - 1)*(a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-n - 1)*(a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p}{(ex)^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x)^(n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x)^(n + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \frac{\int \frac{(\sqrt{x^n d+c} a+b)^p}{x^n (x^n d+c)^{\frac{p}{2}} x} dx}{e^n e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*a + b)**p/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(p/2)*x),x)/(e**n*e)`

3.380 $\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$

Optimal result	2998
Mathematica [F]	2999
Rubi [F]	2999
Maple [F]	3000
Fricas [F(-2)]	3000
Sympy [F(-1)]	3001
Maxima [F]	3001
Giac [F]	3001
Mupad [F(-1)]	3002
Reduce [F]	3002

Optimal result

Integrand size = 27, antiderivative size = 483

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \frac{d^2 x^{2n} (ex)^{-2n} \left(a - \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right) \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p}}{2c(b^2 - a^2c) en \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx^n} \right)^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 x^{2n} (ex)^{-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p} (b(a^2c(4-p) - b^2(2+p)) - 4a^3c\sqrt{c+dx^n} + 2ab^2(1+p)\sqrt{c+dx^n})}{4c(b^2 - a^2c)^2 en\sqrt{c+dx^n} \left(1 - \frac{c}{c+dx^n} \right)}$$

$$\frac{bd^2p(3a\sqrt{c} - b(2+p)) x^{2n} (ex)^{-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+p, 2+p, -\frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)}{b-a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{8(b-a\sqrt{c})^3 c^{3/2} en(1+p)}$$

$$\frac{bd^2p(3a\sqrt{c} + b(2+p)) x^{2n} (ex)^{-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^{1+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left(1, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{\sqrt{c} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)}{b+a\sqrt{c}} \right)}{8(b+a\sqrt{c})^3 c^{3/2} en(1+p)}$$

output

```

1/2*d^2*x^(2*n)*(a-b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)/c/(-a^2*
c+b^2)/e/n/((e*x)^(2*n))/(1-c/(c+d*x^n))^2-1/4*d^2*x^(2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(
1/2))^(p+1)*(b*(a^2*c*(4-p)-b^2*(2+p))-4*a^3*c*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)+2*a*b^2*(p
+1)*(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/c/(-a^2*c+b^2)^2/e/n/((e*x)^(2*n))/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2)/(1
-c/(c+d*x^n))-1/8*b*d^2*p*(3*a*c^(1/2)-b*(2+p))*x^(2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/
2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], -c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(b-a*c^(
1/2)))/(b-a*c^(1/2))^3/c^(3/2)/e/n/(p+1)/((e*x)^(2*n))-1/8*b*d^2*p*(3*a*c^(
1/2)+b*(2+p))*x^(2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p
], c^(1/2)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))/(b+a*c^(1/2)))/(b+a*c^(1/2))^3/c^(3/2)/e/n
/(p+1)/((e*x)^(2*n))

```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]
```

output

```
Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p, x]
```

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{-2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{-2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input

```
Int[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b/Sqrt[c + d*x^n])^p,x]
```

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x)`

Fricas **[F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: do_a
lg_rde: unimplemented kernel`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x**n)**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-2*n - 1)*(a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-2n-1} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{dx^n+c}} \right)^p dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((e*x)^(-2*n - 1)*(a + b/sqrt(d*x^n + c))^p, x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p}{(ex)^{2n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1), x)`

output `int((a + b/(c + d*x^n)^(1/2))^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt{c+dx^n}} \right)^p dx = \frac{\int \frac{(\sqrt{x^n d + c} + b)^p}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{p}{2}} x} dx}{e^{2n} e}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b/(c+d*x^n)^(1/2))^p, x)`

output `int((sqrt(x**n*d + c)*a + b)**p/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(p/2)*x), x)/(e**(2*n)*e)`

3.381 $\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$

Optimal result	3003
Mathematica [F]	3004
Rubi [F]	3004
Maple [F]	3005
Fricas [F]	3005
Sympy [F(-1)]	3005
Maxima [F]	3006
Giac [F]	3006
Mupad [F(-1)]	3006
Reduce [F]	3007

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 294

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{c^2 x^{-3n} (ex)^{3n} (c + dx^n) (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, \frac{1}{q}, 1 + \frac{1}{q}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)}{d^3 en} - \frac{c x^{-3n} (ex)^{3n} (c + dx^n)^2 (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, \frac{2}{q}, \frac{2+q}{q}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)}{d^3 en} + \frac{x^{-3n} (ex)^{3n} (c + dx^n)^3 (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, \frac{3}{q}, \frac{3+q}{q}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)}{3d^3 en}$$

output

```
c^2*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/q], [1+1/q],
-b*(c+d*x^n)^q/a)/d^3/e/n/(x^(3*n))/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^q/a)^p)-c*(e*x)^(3*n)*
(c+d*x^n)^2*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p*hypergeom([-p, 2/q], [(2+q)/q], -b*(c+d*x^n)
^q/a)/d^3/e/n/(x^(3*n))/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^q/a)^p)+1/3*(e*x)^(3*n)*(c+d*x^n)^
3*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p*hypergeom([-p, 3/q], [(3+q)/q], -b*(c+d*x^n)^q/a)/d^3/
e/n/(x^(3*n))/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^q/a)^p)
```


Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{3n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(3*n - 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**q)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(3*n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(3*n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p (ex)^{3n-1} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p*(e*x)^(3*n - 1), x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p*(e*x)^(3*n - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+3n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

output

```
(e**(3*n)*(x**(3*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*d**3*p**2*q**2 + 3*x**(3*n)
*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*d**3*p*q + 2*x**(3*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)*
*p*d**3 + x**(2*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*c*d**2*p**2*q**2 + x**(2*n)*
((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*c*d**2*p*q - 2*x**n*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*
c**2*d*p*q + 2*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*c**3 + int((x**(3*n)*((x**n*d +
c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**3*q**3*x + 6*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2
*q**2*x + 11*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 6*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p**3*q**3
*x + 6*a*p**2*q**2*x + 11*a*p*q*x + 6*a*x),x)*a*d**3*n*p**6*q**6 + 9*int((
x**(3*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**3*q**3*x + 6*(x
**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 11*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 6*(x**n*d + c)*
*q*b*x + a*p**3*q**3*x + 6*a*p**2*q**2*x + 11*a*p*q*x + 6*a*x),x)*a*d**3*n
*p**5*q**5 + 31*int((x**(3*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q
*b*p**3*q**3*x + 6*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 11*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*
q*x + 6*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p**3*q**3*x + 6*a*p**2*q**2*x + 11*a*p*q*x
+ 6*a*x),x)*a*d**3*n*p**4*q**4 + 51*int((x**(3*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)
**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**3*q**3*x + 6*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 11
*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 6*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p**3*q**3*x + 6*a*p**
2*q**2*x + 11*a*p*q*x + 6*a*x),x)*a*d**3*n*p**3*q**3 + 40*int((x**(3*n)*((
x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**3*q**3*x + 6*(x**n*d + c)*
*q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 11*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 6*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + ...
```

3.382 $\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$

Optimal result	3008
Mathematica [F]	3009
Rubi [F]	3009
Maple [F]	3010
Fricas [F]	3010
Sympy [F(-1)]	3010
Maxima [F]	3011
Giac [F]	3011
Mupad [F(-1)]	3011
Reduce [F]	3012

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx =$$

$$\frac{cx^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} (c + dx^n) (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, \frac{1}{q}, 1 + \frac{1}{q}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)}{d^2en} + \frac{x^{-2n}(ex)^{2n} (c + dx^n)^2 (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, \frac{2}{q}, \frac{2+q}{q}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)}{2d^2en}$$

output

```
-c*(e*x)^(2*n)*(c+d*x^n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/q], [1+1/q], -
b*(c+d*x^n)^q/a)/d^2/e/n/(x^(2*n))/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^q/a)^p)+1/2*(e*x)^(2*n)
*(c+d*x^n)^2*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p*hypergeom([-p, 2/q], [(2+q)/q], -b*(c+d*x^n)
)^q/a)/d^2/e/n/(x^(2*n))/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^q/a)^p)
```

Mathematica [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p, x]`

Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**q)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p (ex)^{2n-1} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p*(e*x)^(2*n - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

output

```
(e**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*d**2*p*q + x**(2*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*d**2 + x**n*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*c*d*p*q - ((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*c**2 + int((x**(2*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 3*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 2*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p**2*q**2*x + 3*a*p*q*x + 2*a*x),x)*a*d**2*n*p**4*q**4 + 4*int((x**(2*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 3*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 2*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p**2*q**2*x + 3*a*p*q*x + 2*a*x),x)*a*d**2*n*p**3*q**3 + 5*int((x**(2*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 3*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 2*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p**2*q**2*x + 3*a*p*q*x + 2*a*x),x)*a*d**2*n*p**2*q**2 + 2*int((x**(2*n)*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 3*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 2*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p**2*q**2*x + 3*a*p*q*x + 2*a*x),x)*a*d**2*n*p*q - int((x**n*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 3*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 2*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p**2*q**2*x + 3*a*p*q*x + 2*a*x),x)*a*c*d*n*p**3*q**3 - 3*int((x**n*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 3*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 2*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p**2*q**2*x + 3*a*p*q*x + 2*a*x),x)*a*c*d*n*p**2*q**2 - 2*int((x**n*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p**2*q**2*x + 3*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + 2*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p**2*q**2*x + 3*a*p*q*x + 2*a*x),x)*a*c*d*n*p*q)/(d**2*e*n*(p**2...
```

3.383 $\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$

Optimal result	3013
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3013
Rubi [F]	3014
Maple [F]	3014
Fricas [F]	3015
Sympy [F(-1)]	3015
Maxima [F]	3015
Giac [F]	3016
Mupad [F(-1)]	3016
Reduce [F]	3016

Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{-n}(ex)^n (c + dx^n) (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, \frac{1}{q}, 1 + \frac{1}{q}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)}{den}$$

output (e*x)^n*(c+d*x^n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/q], [1+1/q], -b*(c+d*x^n)^q/a)/d/e/n/(x^n)/((1+b*(c+d*x^n)^q/a)^p)

Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{1-n}(ex)^{-1+n} (c + dx^n) (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p \left(1 + \frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, \frac{1}{q}, 1 + \frac{1}{q}, -\frac{b(c+dx^n)^q}{a}\right)}{dn}$$

input Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p,x]

output

$$(x^{(1-n)}(e^x)^{(-1+n)}(c+dx^n)(a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, q^{(-1)}, 1+q^{(-1)}, -((b(c+dx^n)^q)/a)])/(d^n(1+(b(c+dx^n)^q)/a)^p)$$
Rubi [F]

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(e^x)^{(-1+n)}(a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p, x]$$

output

\$Aborted

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299

$$\text{Int}[u_, x_] :> \text{CannotIntegrate}[u, x]$$
Maple [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input

$$\text{int}((e^x)^{(-1+n)}(a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p, x)$$

output

$$\text{int}((e^x)^{(-1+n)}(a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p, x)$$

Fricas [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(n - 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**q)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(n - 1), x)`

Giac [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(n - 1), x)`

Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p (ex)^{n-1} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p*(e*x)^(n - 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p*(e*x)^(n - 1), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int (ex)^{-1+n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{e^n \left(x^n ((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p d + ((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p c + \left(\int \frac{x^n ((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p}{(x^n d + c)^q b p q x + (x^n d + c)^q b x + a p q x + a x} dx \right) a d n p^2 q^2 + \left(\int \right)}{\text{den}(pq + 1)}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

output

```
(e**n*(x**n*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*d + ((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*c +
int((x**n*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + (x**n*d +
c)**q*b*x + a*p*q*x + a*x),x)*a*d*n*p**2*q**2 + int((x**n*((x**n*d + c)**
q*b + a)**p)/((x**n*d + c)**q*b*p*q*x + (x**n*d + c)**q*b*x + a*p*q*x + a*
x),x)*a*d*n*p*q))/(d*e*n*(p*q + 1))
```

$$3.384 \quad \int \frac{(a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx$$

Optimal result	3018
Mathematica [N/A]	3018
Rubi [N/A]	3019
Maple [N/A]	3020
Fricas [N/A]	3021
Sympy [N/A]	3021
Maxima [N/A]	3021
Giac [N/A]	3022
Mupad [N/A]	3022
Reduce [N/A]	3023

Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx = \frac{d\text{Int}\left(\frac{(a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p}{dx}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `d*Defer(Int)((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p/d/x,x)/e`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p/(e*x),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p/x, x]/e`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {27, 7282, 896, 25, 7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 \int \frac{(b(dx^n+c)^q+a)^p}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 7282 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n}(b(dx^n + c)^q + a)^p dx^n}{en} \\
 \downarrow 896 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n}(b(dx^n+c)^q+a)^p d(dx^n + c)}{en} \\
 \downarrow 25 \\
 - \int \frac{x^{-n}(b(dx^n+c)^q+a)^p d(dx^n + c)}{en} \\
 \downarrow 7299 \\
 - \int \frac{x^{-n}(b(dx^n+c)^q+a)^p d(dx^n + c)}{en}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p/(e*x), x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 896 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := With[{c = Coefficient[v, x, 0], d = Coefficient[v, x, 1]}, Simp[1/d^(m + 1) Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(x - c)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x], x, v], x] /; NeQ[c, 0] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && LinearQ[v, x] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 7282 `Int[(u_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := With[{lst = PowerVariableExpn[u, 0, x]}, Simp[1/lst[[2]] Subst[Int[NormalizeIntegrand[Simplify[lst[[1]]/x], x], x], x, (lst[[3]]*x)^lst[[2]]], x] /; !FalseQ[lst] && NeQ[lst[[2]], 0] /; NonsumQ[u] && !RationalFunctionQ[u, x]`

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] := CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p/e/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p/e/x,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p/e/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p/(e*x), x)`

Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(a+b(c+dx^n)^q)^p}{e} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x**n)**q)**p/e/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*(c + d*x**n)**q)**p/x, x)/e`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p/e/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p/x, x)/e`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p}{ex} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p/e/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p/(e*x), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{e x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p/(e*x), x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p/(e*x), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{ex} dx$$

$$= \frac{((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p + \left(\int \frac{((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p}{x^n (x^n d + c)^q b dx + (x^n d + c)^q b c x + x^n a dx + a c x} dx \right) a c n p q + \left(\int \frac{(x^n d + c)^q ((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p}{x^n (x^n d + c)^q b dx + (x^n d + c)^q b c x + x^n a dx + a c x} dx \right) e n p q}{e n p q}$$

input `int((a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p/e/x,x)`output `((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p + int(((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*d*x + (x**n*d + c)**q*b*c*x + x**n*a*d*x + a*c*x),x)*a*c*n*p*q + int(((x**n*d + c)**q*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*d*x + (x**n*d + c)**q*b*c*x + x**n*a*d*x + a*c*x),x)*b*c*n*p*q + int((x**n*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*d*x + (x**n*d + c)**q*b*c*x + x**n*a*d*x + a*c*x),x)*a*d*n*p*q)/(e*n*p*q)`

3.385 $\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$

Optimal result	3024
Mathematica [N/A]	3024
Rubi [N/A]	3025
Maple [N/A]	3025
Fricas [N/A]	3026
Sympy [F(-1)]	3026
Maxima [N/A]	3026
Giac [N/A]	3027
Mupad [N/A]	3027
Reduce [N/A]	3028

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \frac{d^2 x^n (ex)^{-n} \text{Int}\left(\frac{x^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{d^2}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `d^2*x^n*Defer(Int)(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p/d^2,x)/e/((e*x)^n)`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{-n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**q)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-n - 1), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{(ex)^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p/(e*x)^(n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p/(e*x)^(n + 1), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.56

$$\int (ex)^{-1-n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{-((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p + x^n \left(\int \frac{(x^n d + c)^q ((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p}{x^n (x^n d + c)^q b dx + (x^n d + c)^q b c x + x^n a dx + a c x} dx \right) b d n p q}{x^n e^n e n}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`output `(- ((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p + x**n*int(((x**n*d + c)**q*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*d*x + (x**n*d + c)**q*b*c*x + x**n*a*d*x + a*c*x),x)*b*d*n*p*q)/(x**n*e**n*e*n)`

3.386 $\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$

Optimal result	3029
Mathematica [N/A]	3029
Rubi [N/A]	3030
Maple [N/A]	3030
Fricas [N/A]	3031
Sympy [F(-1)]	3031
Maxima [N/A]	3031
Giac [N/A]	3032
Mupad [N/A]	3032
Reduce [N/A]	3033

Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \frac{d^3 x^{2n} (ex)^{-2n} \text{Int}\left(\frac{x^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{d^3}, x\right)}{e}$$

output `d^3*x^(2*n)*Defer(Int)(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p/d^3,x)/e/((e*x)^(2*n))`

Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p,x]`

output `Integrate[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p, x]`

Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {7299}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

↓ 7299

$$\int (ex)^{-2n-1} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `Int[(e*x)^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p,x]`

output `$Aborted`

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 7299 `Int[u_, x_] :> CannotIntegrate[u, x]`

Maple [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

output `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)`

Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((e*x)**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x**n)**q)**p,x)`

output `Timed out`

Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)`

Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int ((dx^n + c)^q b + a)^p (ex)^{-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(((d*x^n + c)^q*b + a)^p*(e*x)^(-2*n - 1), x)`

Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 9.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p}{(ex)^{2n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*(c + d*x^n)^q)^p/(e*x)^(2*n + 1), x)`

Reduce [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 397, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.88

$$\int (ex)^{-1-2n} (a + b(c + dx^n)^q)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^n((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p dpq - ((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p c - x^{2n} \left(\int \frac{((x^n d + c)^q b + a)^p}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^q b dx + x^n (x^n d + c)^q b c x + x^{2n} a dx + x^n a c x} dx \right) a}{1}$$

input `int((e*x)^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*(c+d*x^n)^q)^p,x)`

output

```
( - x**n*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*d*p*q - ((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p*c -
x**(2*n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*d*x +
x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*c*x + x**(2*n)*a*d*x + x**n*a*c*x),x)*a*c*d*n*p*q
- x**(2*n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*d*x + (x
**n*d + c)**q*b*c*x + x**n*a*d*x + a*c*x),x)*a*d**2*n*p*q + x**(2*n)*int((
(x**n*d + c)**q*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*b*d*x +
(x**n*d + c)**q*b*c*x + x**n*a*d*x + a*c*x),x)*b*d**2*n*p**2*q**2 - x**(2*
n)*int(((x**n*d + c)**q*((x**n*d + c)**q*b + a)**p)/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**q*
b*d*x + (x**n*d + c)**q*b*c*x + x**n*a*d*x + a*c*x),x)*b*d**2*n*p*q)/(2*x*
*(2*n)*e**(2*n)*c*e*n)
```

CHAPTER 4

APPENDIX

4.1	Listing of Grading functions	3034
4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	3052

4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```



```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```
Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 5]],
If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 6]],
If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 7]],
If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 8]],
9]]]]]]]]]]]]

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
MemberQ[{
Exp, Log,
Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
}, func]

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
MemberQ[{
Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
FresnelS, FresnelC,
ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
}, func]

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]
```

Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022  add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result   := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal  := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc;
```

Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```



```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```


4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file